

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.



DONE at the City of Washington this tenth day of April in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and ninety-first.

By the President:

*Acting Secretary of State.*

### Proclamation 3780

#### DISCOVER AMERICA PLANNING WEEK

By the President of the United States of America

April 15, 1967

#### A Proclamation

The discovery of America began many centuries ago, but it is not yet ended. It is a continuing experience. Each year, more and more Americans—and friends from other lands—are discovering anew our Nation's bountiful store of natural and cultural treasure.

America is blessed with a wealth of scenic beauty of widely varied kinds. It is rich in historical, cultural, educational, and technological attractions. It is abundant in recreational opportunities and facilities. Its people are hospitable.

As the summer of 1967 approaches, more travelers than ever before are preparing for that experience of discovery. It is estimated that 140 million United States citizens will journey this year to some part of our broad and diverse Nation for pleasure. In addition, some 9 million visitors from other lands will come here to share the enjoyments which our country offers.

This travel is good for America and its people. In economic terms, it will bring into circulation an estimated \$26 billion. Even more important are the memorable contributions which travel makes to the health, happiness and mutual understanding of all people.

It is appropriate that a period of time be set aside in which attention can be focused on the benefits which travel in the United States will bring to the Nation, its citizens and its visitors.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the period of April 16–22, 1967, to be DISCOVER AMERICA PLANNING WEEK throughout the Nation.

In the interest of making 1967 a better travel year than ever for the United States, I urge all individuals, businesses, industries, and civic and other organizations to give the observance their fullest cooperation and support. This can be done by encouraging Americans and the

citizens of other lands to discover and enjoy the scenic, historical, recreational, cultural, educational and industrial attractions of the United States, its territories, and possessions, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.



DONE at the City of Washington this fifteenth day of April in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and ninety-first.

By the President:

*Dean Rusk*  
Secretary of State.

### Proclamation 3781

#### RUSH-BAGOT AGREEMENT DAYS

By the President of the United States of America  
A Proclamation

April 27, 1967

The Rush-Bagot Agreement, signed on April 28–29, 1817, provided for naval disarmament between Canada and the United States along the Great Lakes and Lake Champlain.

It is the oldest arms limitation treaty existing in the world today. For that reason alone it deserves wide recognition.

The Rush-Bagot Agreement—expressed in an exchange of notes between Richard Rush, Acting Secretary of State, and Sir Charles Bagot, British Minister to the United States—was one of the most significant steps in the development of peaceful relations between the United States and Canada. The unfortified boundary between our two countries is a symbol to the rest of the world of the harmony and understanding which can be achieved by two sovereign governments.

The celebration of this event in the United States and Canada coincides with the opening of the 1967 Universal and International Exhibition—known as EXPO 67—in Montreal. The theme of the Exhibition, “Man and His World,” has a close relationship to the spirit of peace and good will embodied in the Rush-Bagot Agreement.

In recognition of the significance of this agreement signed 150 years ago, the Congress by a joint resolution approved April 27, 1967, has requested the President to issue a proclamation designating April 28–29, 1967, as Rush-Bagot Agreement Days.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate April 28–29, 1967, as Rush-Bagot Agreement Days; and I invite the Governors of the several States, the chief officials of local governments, and the people of the United States to observe these days with appropriate ceremonies and activities.