

## Mount barker Wildlife Gardening



### LOCAL • ATTRACTIVE • WILDLIFE FRIENDLY

### Mount Barker Wildlife Gardens - Local Indigenous Plants



### PLANT NAME DESCRIPTION

#### Acacia acinacea

Gold Dust Wattle

### Small shrub to 2.5m. Abundant yellow flowers in late winter/spring.

**Uses**: Background shrub in mixed plantings, wind-break or low screen.

• Bird and butterfly attracting

#### Acacia myrtifolia

#### Myrtle Wattle

### Small shrub to 2.5m. Abundant yellow flowers in winter/spring.

**Uses**: Suitable for areas of low maintenance, roadside verges, road batters and wide median strips as a barrier, wind-break or erosion control.

- Requires well-drained soils
- Bird and insect attracting
- Fast growing

#### Acacia retinodes

aes sina

Wirilda

#### Small tree, 5-8 metres.

- Attracts birds, native butterflies and insects
- Domed canopy
- Full sun or part shade

Acaena novae zelandiae

#### A small prostrate perennial

**Uses**: May be used as a ground cover or lawn subsitute. It grows in freely draining soils such as silty and sandy loams on sites which receive a high amount of sunlight. Establishes readily on disturbed sites.





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#### Uses: Ornamental tufting perennial for mixed landscapes, borders or verges.

- Food source and habitat for small birds
- Food source for butterflies and lizards
- Caterpillar Food for native butterfly species
- 1-2m tall, 1m spread
- Full sun

#### Banksia ornata

#### Yellow flowers in autumn and winter. Spreading bushy habit.

- Attracts nectar feeding and seed feeding birds
- 1-2m tall 1-2m spread
- Full sun or part shade

#### Banksia marginata

### Hardy and versatile native that can grow to 8m.

grown in the shade. Flowers throughout the year produces

Scarlet Bottlebrush

Attracts native birds and insects for food and habitat. It is a hardy, fast growing and long-lived species that favours a sunny or partly shady position and may become spindly if copious amounts of nectar. Attracts nectar feeding wildlife such as honeyeaters, pygmy-possums and bees. Seeds are eaten by cockatoos, particularly the Yellow-tailed Black Cockatoo.

#### Large shrub to 3m x 3m Scarlet bottlebrush flowers.

Uses: In verges, median streets, parks and reserves. Planted singly as a colourful background in mixed plantings or en-mass as a barrier or informal hedge.

- · Prune after flowering for dense habit
- Requires well-drained soils
- · Attracts nectar eating birds and insects

#### Callistemon sieberi

#### Attractive easy to grow plant

Uses: Could be used in a shrubbery, as a screen or informal hedge. A medium sized scrub to 2.5m. Fast growing with soft foliage and a showy flower display

- Attracts nectar feeding birds
- · Will tolerate drought and light frosts.





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#### Callitris gracilis

Southern Cypress Pine

#### Wind-break or screen.

**Uses**: Can be used a wind-break or screen in parks and along roadsides. Tolerant of coastal locations. Can be grown as a stand alone specimen or grouped as an eye catching landscape feature.

• Bird attracting for food source and habitat.

Calocephalus citreus

Lemon Beauty-heads

#### A dwarf perennial herb.

Uses: for mixed native landscapes, rockeries and borders.

- Attracts native butterflies
- Requires good drainage
- Dies back in winter.
- Yellow flowers in Spring and Summer

Calytrix tetragona Common Fringe Myrtle

#### A hardy shrub for the small garden

Usually reaching 1m or more. To obtain a bushy plant, watering and light prunings will avoid bare wood.

- White or pink flowers in October to December.
- Attractive to bees.





### Carex tereticaulis

#### Rush Sedge

#### Ornamental tussock grass for damp locations.

- Butterfly attracting
- Caterpillar food.
- 0.8-1m high. Up to 1m spread
- Tolerant of full shade to full sun
- Brown flower clusters in Autumn and Spring

#### Chloris truncata

Windmill Grass

#### An ornamental fast growing perennial grass.

**Uses**: Good in rockeries or mixed gardens. Food source for native birds

- 0.3 0.5m high
- Up to 0.5m spread
- Full sun, part shade
- Flowers in spring and summer

















#### Chrysocephalum apiculatum

**Common Everlasting** 

#### Spreading herb to 30cm. Golden everlasting flowers. Hardy.

Uses: Perennial herb for mixed native landscapes, parks and reserves. Suitable for mass planting or informal drifts, spreads by suckering.

- · Profuse flowering, Requires well-drained soils
- · Attracts native butterflies and insects
- Caterpillar food plant

Non-vigorous climber to 4m

**Uses**: Great for growing along fences or up trees. Flowers in winter and produces seed heads in spring. The seed heads have fluffy white and silvery 'beards'. Grows in full sun to part shade and does best in well-drained soils.

- Provides nesting sites for native birds
- Attracts bees and butterflies.



#### Twining ground cover

- 0.1 0.2m in height with a spread up to 0.6m
- Full sun.

Correa reflexa

#### Native fuschia

Flowering ornamental shrub

Uses: as understorey or low informal screen or hedge. • •

- Prolific flowering
- Attracts nectar eating native birds
- 0.5-1m high. 0.8-1m spread
- · Pink flowers in Autumn and Winter

Cullen australasicum

Native Scurf Pea

#### Medium sized ground layer plant to 0.5m attractive purple pea flowers over winter to spring. Butterfly attracting.

**Uses**: A fast growing perennial for native landscaping, parks and reserves in rocky sites.

• Important food source for the larvae of migratory Swallowtail butterflies





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#### Attractive grass with leaves that give off a strong lemon or citron odour when crushed.

Uses: Great for using in rockery plantings. Drought resistant but has a healthier appearance with a little extra water.

- · Cream flowers all year round
- Drought resistant but will look healthier with extra water
- 0.3-0.8m high. Up to 0.5m spread.

#### Cyperus vaginatus

Stiff Flat-sedge

#### **Ornamental sedge**

Uses: For ponds, wetlands and watercourses

- Food source for native birds and frogs
- 0.3-1m high. 0.5m spread

#### Dampiera rosemarinifolia

**Rosemary Dampiera** 

#### Ground cover

Uses: suitable under trees, in raised beds and embankments. Aids weed suppression and soil control.

- 0.2-0.5m high. Up to 2m spread
- White, blue, mauve or pink flowers in Summer and Winter

Daviesia leptophylla

#### Feature plant

Uses: can be used as a screen, barrier or informal hedge. Suitable for areas of low traffic due to prickly branches. Bird and insect attracting, bird habitat

- 1-2.5m high. 1-2m spread
- Pea flower in Spring.

#### Daviesia ulicifolia

Gorse bitter-pea

#### Feature plant

**Uses:** can be used as a screen, barrier or informal hedge. Suitable for areas of low traffic due to prickly branches.

- Bird and insect attracting
- Bird habitat
- 1-2m high. 1m spread
- Pea flower in Spring, Winter





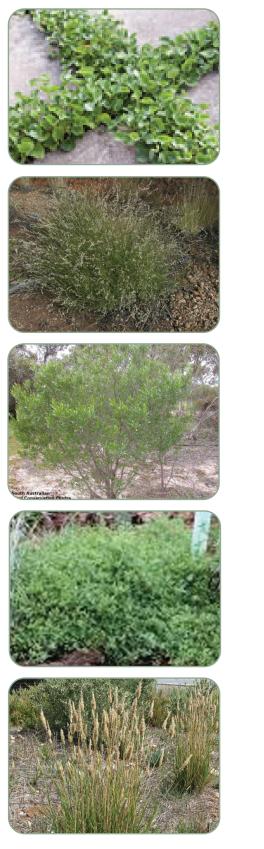
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#### Dichondra repens

Kidney weed

#### Ground Cover

Uses: Attractive and useful ground cover or lawn substitute.

- Vigorous grower if watered regularly
- Prefers full sun but will grow in up to 80% shade.



#### Tufted perennial grass to 1m high.

Flowers from April to July. Prefers sand, clay, loam, granite rocks.

#### Dodonaea viscosa ssp spatulata

Sticky Hop Bush

#### Fast growing medium shrub to 2-3m with showy flowers and seed capsules. Hardy in most soils. Full sun to shade.

**Uses**: A fast growing ornamental foliage plant. Suitable for parks, reserves and wider roadside plantings, effective wind-break in dry areas.

- Responds to pruning
- Decorative coloured fruits

#### Einadia nutans

**Climbing Saltbush** 

#### Climber

**Uses**: Hardy climber and/or groundcover for mixed native landscapes.

- Attracts native birds and butterflies
- Food and habitat for native birds and butterflies
- Native caterpillar food source
- Flowers in Spring and Winter

#### Enneapogon nigricans

Black-heads, bottlewashers This grass, also known as bottle washers or blackheads, forms tall, dense tussocks to a maximum of 20cm across. Distinctive lance-shaped seedheads appear in late spring and summer. Leaves are smooth and a bright, light green. Prefers sunny position. The plants will die down in late summer before re-shooting when the rains return.





















**Ruby Saltbush** 

#### Hardy contrasting small prostrate ground cover to 0.5m with edible berries.

Uses: Extremely hardy low shrub or ground cover for areas of neglect. Produces yellow, to dark red fruits eaten by native birds, lizards and small native mammals. Berries change colour as they mature which creates additional ornamental interest.

· Requires well-drained soils. Responds to pruning

#### **Eucalyptus** fasciculosa

Pink Gum

Pink Gum typically grows to 10-15 metres with a single main trunk. It has smooth, off-white to slaty blue bark that is shed in flakes. Flowers most months between March and December and the flowers are white



Ficinia nodosa

Knobby Club Rush

#### Eutaxia microphylla Ground Cover

Small-leaved Mallee-pea

Uses: A ground cover for small areas of low traffic due to mature prickly growth. Hardy over extended dry periods and tolerant of a wide range of soils.

- Attracts native butterflies
- caterpillar food plant
- Responds well to hard pruning
- 0.2-0.3m high. 0.5-1.5m spread
- Red pea flowers in Spring

#### Rush to 1m. Very hardy accent plant. Does well in riparian areas and sand dunes. Good for erosion control.

Uses: Planted singly or in groups for mixed landscapes as a feature, or mass planted, in borders or verges.

- Extremely hardy
- Tolerant of calcareous soils
- Fast growing

#### Hardy groundcover or low shrub.

Pruning encourages bushier growth. Requires good drainage. Yellow flowers early spring to late summer.

- Attracts native butterflies and insects
- caterpillar plant food.







**Clasping Goodenia** 



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### Goodenia ovata

Hop Goodenia

Goodenia

pinnatifida

Cutleaf Goodenia

#### Fast growing shrub to 2m. Yellow flowers all year. Riparian areas and floodplain soils.

**Uses**: Highly ornamental for more open locations, wider verges, median strips, parks and reserves. Planted singly as a colourful background in mixed plantings or en-mass as a barrier or informal hedge.

- Can become straggly, responds to pruning
- Attracts native butterflies and insects
- Caterpillar food plant

#### Small herbaceous plant that grows to 40cm tall.

Leaves may die off over summer if it is hot and dry. Bright yellow flowers form from October to November and March to May.

#### Goodenia varia

Sticky Goodenia

#### An ornamental plant

**Uses**: Can be used singly as a colourful foreground amongst mixed natives. Suited to acidic and calcareous soils.

- Responds well to pruning
- Attracts native butterflies and insects
- Caterpillar plant food.
- Flowers all year round.

Grevillea lavandulacea

Lavender Grevillea

#### Hardy ornamental foliage plant

- Responds to pruning
- Grows 1-1.5m tall
- Flowers in spring and winter.
- Tolerates drought and heavy frost
- Attracts native birds and insects

#### Hakea carinata

Hakea carinata

#### Medium to large ornamental shrub

Uses: can be used for screening.

- Bird attracting and habitat source
- 1.5-3m high. 1-2.5m spread. Full sun
- Red flowers in Winter and Spring





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#### Hakea mitchellii

#### Medium shrub to 1-4m tall

Uses: suitable as an informal hedge, screen or barrier in low traffic areas due to its prickly foliage. Requires well-drained soils.

- Lizard refuge
- Flowers in clusters in spring and summer.



Wrinkled Hakea

#### Wide spreading shrub (0.7-2m high) with stiff, straight needle-shaped leaves.

Flowers profusely with densely clustered cream or white fragrant flowers from August to October.

- Prefers Sun to part shade
- Attractive to butterflies, bees and birds.

## Hardenbergia

#### Climber or small shrub to 2-3m. Mauve flowers in winter. Hardy.

Uses: A vigorous small shrub or climber, plant singly in mixed beds, wider verges and roundabouts, mass plants an effective ground or fence cover.

- Responds to hard pruning to improve shape and form
- Can be trained to climb
- Attracts native butterflies
- caterpillar food source

#### Small ornamental shrub with clusters of white flowers in winter, spring and summer.

Uses: Popular as a cut or dried flower. Useful as a rockery plant, background shrub or container plant.

- 1m high, 1m spread
- Full sun

#### Juncus pallidus

#### Good perennial hardy rush

Prefers low-lying moisture retentive sites but tolerates extended dry periods

- Valuable for bird and wildlife habitat
- · Flowers in autumn and Summer
- 05-2.3m high. 0.3-1m spread





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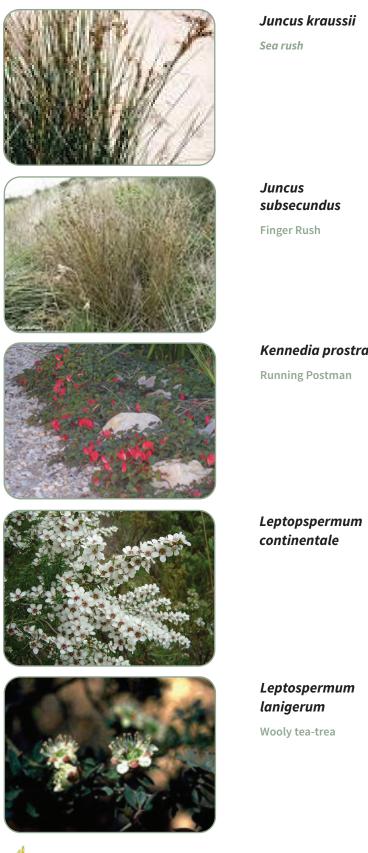












#### Good perennial rush for riparian zones, developed areas, biofiltration systems or raingardens.

- 0.6-1m high, 0.5-1.5m spread
- Full sun
- Tolerates drought and moderate frost

#### Perennial rush

Uses: suitable for moist and wet soils along watercourses and wetlands. Tolerant of periods of inundation, provides attractive foliage in large clumps.

- · Valuable for waterbird and wildlife habitat
- Tolerates some dryness once plants are established

#### Kennedia prostrata

#### Groundcover with 2m spread. Red pea flowers in winter.

Uses: Ornamental creeper in amongst mixed natives on slight slopes and embankments. Suitable for open landscapes, parks and reserves.

- Requires well-drained soils
- · Can die back to woody rootstock and reshoot when times are favourable
- Attracts native butterflies 
  Caterpillar food source

#### Fast growing ground cover with fragrant flowers that attract nectar eating birds and butterflies.

- Dense copses are excellent refuges for native birds, small mammals and lizards
- Slightly prickly
- 0.5-1m high, 2-3m spread
- Full sun, part shade, frost hardy

#### A small tree or medium shrub with grey-green leaves and white flowers in summer.

- · Hairy capsules produced as fruit
- Very hardy
- 3m high. 1-3m spread





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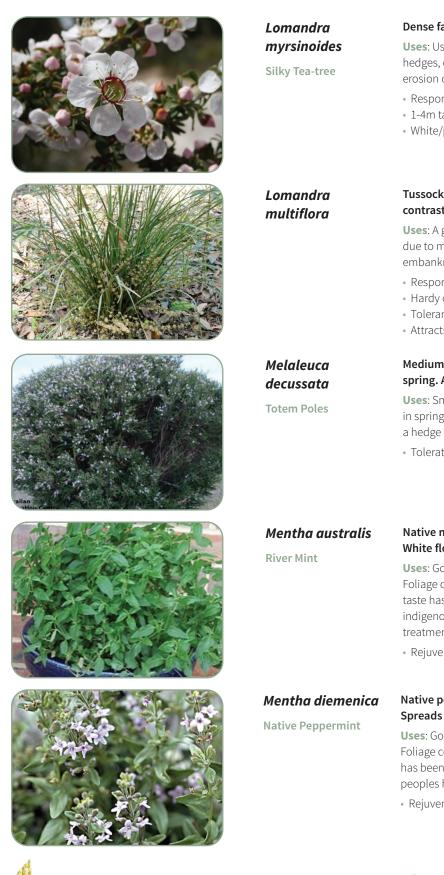












#### Dense fast growing shrub.

Uses: Useful for poorly drained sites. Good for habitat, hedges, ornamental plantings, wind protection and erosion control.

- Responds well to pruning
- 1-4m tall
- White/pink flowers in spring.

#### Tussock forming hardy mat-rush with stiff foliage and contrasting colours.

Uses: A ground cover for small areas of low traffic due to mature prickly growth. Suitable for soil control on embankments and raised beds where there is some shade.

- Responds well to hard pruning
- · Hardy over extended dry periods
- Tolerant of a wide range of soils
- · Attracts native butterflies · Caterpillar food plant

#### Medium shrub to 2m with mauve flowers in winter to spring. Adaptable to most soils.

**Uses**: Small Melaleuca with lovely mauve-purple flowers in spring and summer. Can be clipped and maintained as a hedge or grown as a screen.

• Tolerates most well drained soils

#### Native mint ideal for wet areas, gardens and pots. White flowers in summer. 0.5m tall.

Uses: Good plant for growing in containers. Foliage contains a strongly aromatic oil. It's peppermint taste has been used as a garnish for food and drinks, and indigenous peoples have used a boiled extract for the treatment of colds.

Rejuvenate plants by heavy pruning

#### Native peppermint with spreading habit to 20cm high. Spreads as groundcover via stolons. Higher rainfall sites.

Uses: Good plant for growing in containers. Foliage contains a strongly aromatic oil. It's peppermint taste has been used as a garnish for food and drinks, and indigenous peoples have used a boiled extract for the treatment of colds.

Rejuvenate plants by heavy pruning





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#### Microlaena stipoides

Microseris

lanceolate Native Yam Daisy

Weeping Rice-grass

#### Slender perennial grass.

Uses: Good for mixed plantings and understorey plantings. Good alternative to exotic grasses in amenity plantings.

- Attracts native butterflies
- caterpillar plant food
- 0.1-0.7m high. 0.2-1m spread





### Pelargonium australe

## Low perennial herb growing to 50cm high.

Solitary yellow flowers on a long stalk.

Austral Storks-bill

#### Attractive perennial herb.

Uses: for landscaping and understorey planting. Responds well to pruning. Requires well-drained soil.

- Butterfly attracting
- 0.3-0.7m high. 0.5-1.5m spread
- Full sun or part shade
- Pink flowers in Spring, Autumn.

### Poa labillardieri

Tussock Grass

Pomaderris

paniculosa

coast pomaderris

#### Tussock grass to 0.5m with green foliage and attractive seed heads.

Uses: An ornamental tufting perennial for mixed native landscapes, borders, and wider verges. Mass plant for effect.

- Rejuvenate by shearing to just above ground level during late winter, early spring
- Attracts native butterflies
- Larval food source
- Food source and habitat for small birds and lizards

#### Medium drought tollerant shrub.

Good for screening, and attracting birds. Insect pollinated. Pink flowers appear in spring. Flowers are relatively small but their abundance gives a pinkish tinge to the tips of each plant. The leaves are dark green, with a woolly bronze on the underside.



















#### Pultenaea daphnoides

Large-leaved Bush-pea

#### Medium shrub with hardy foliage and striking flowers.

**Uses**: Plant singly for contrasted or grouped as an informal hedge.

- Requires well-drained soils and responds well to pruning
- Attracts nectar eating birds and insects
- 1-3m high. 1-2 spread
- Red/yellow flowers in Spring

#### Rytidosperma caespitosum

Wallaby Grass

### Tussock grass to 30cm. Attractive white tops. Suits most soils.

**Uses**: A tussock grass for native landscapes, parks and reserves. For rockeries, borders, fill-ins or planted en-mass.

- Thrives in poor soils and areas of neglect
- Seed source for native birds
- Caterpillar food
- Plant for native butterfly species

#### Scaevola albida

Fan-flower

#### Ornamental ground cover.

**Uses**: for foreground or undershrub planting in semi-shaded areas. Requires well-drained soils. Responds well to pruning.

- Attracts native butterflies and caterpillar food plant
- 0.1m high. 0.3-1m spread.



#### Multibranced yellow-flowering herb to knee height.

**Uses**: Short-lived coloniser ideal for cottage gardens and will self sow.

- Attracts bees, butterflies and other beneficial insects
- Flowers in spring
- Responds to pruning



Paper Flower

#### A low-spreading shrub with a soft, furry appearance

it usually grows to a height of 80cm with a spread of around 160 cm. Paper Flower begins flowering in late October and continues on until January. During this period small sprays of pinkish-coloured flowers cover the branches. These attractive cup-shaped blooms, with striking brown anthers are 10-15mm across. This Thomasia is suited to most reasonably well-drained soils and requires little attention once plants are established. Plants grow equally well in full sun or in a semishaded area.





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### Viola betonificifolia

Mountain Violet, Showy Violet

Small perennial herb to ankle high grows as single plants. Critically endangered in the Mount Lofty Ranges. Previously thought to be extinct in SA but was recently discovered in Mt Bold Reservoir.

- Showy mauve flowers in Winter
- Butterfly attracting and food plant
- Shade/part sun.

Vittadinia australasica

#### A hardy perennial self-seeding herb

Uses: Good for borders, verges or understorey plantings.

- Requires well-drained soils
- · Pink/purple flowers in autumn and winter

#### Vittadinia blackii

Western New **Holland Daisy** 

#### A hardy perennial self-seeding low shrub

Uses: Good for borders, understorey or drifts.

- Requires well drained soils
- Purple flowers in Autumn and Winter
- 0.2-0.3m high. 0.4-0.5m spread
- Full sun

Vittadinia cuneata

New Holland Daisv

#### Small herb to 30cm tall. Blue flowers and attractive seed heads ideal cottage garden plant.

Uses: A hardy perennial self seeding herb for borders, verges and roundabouts mass planted as an understorey or in drifts in native landscapes.

· Requires well-drained soils

#### Wahlenbergia sp

Blue-bell

#### Low groundcover with bule flowers in Spring and Summer.

Uses: Ideal in mass displays, pots and mixed beds.

- Butterfly attracting
- 0.4-0.9m high. 0.3-0.4m spread

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#### Xanthorrhoea quadrangulata

Grass Tree

#### A striking specimen plant in native landscaping

very slow growing. Regenerates after fire.

- Attracts nectar eating birds and butterflies
- Food source for Black Cockatoos

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