**Crystal Data**: Monoclinic. *Point Group*: 2/m. In euhedral crystals, to 30  $\mu$ m, tabular and prismatic, with well-developed prisms and pinacoids, perhaps with fluted terminations; may be hollow tubular, capped at one end, and curved; commonly granular, or as coatings.

**Physical Properties**: *Cleavage*: {010}, perfect; {001}, {100}, very good; {0kl}, {h0l}, and {hk0}, good (synthetic). *Fracture*: Splintery, hackly, conchoidal (synthetic). Hardness = 2-3 (synthetic). VHN = 65-75 D(meas.) = 7.0(1) (synthetic). D(calc.) = 7.130 (synthetic).

**Optical Properties**: Opaque to translucent. *Color*: Bright yellow-orange to dull orange; on exposure to light immediately darkens through yellow-brown to black; pale gray with yellowish tint in reflected light, with abundant canary-yellow internal reflections. *Streak*: Yellow-orange, blackening on exposure to light. *Luster*: Nearly adamantine (synthetic). *Optical Class*: Biaxial (+).  $\alpha = > 2.0$   $\beta = > 2.0$   $\gamma = > 2.0$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = ~35^{\circ}$  *Pleochroism*: Bright orange, orange with a rosy tint, or orange with a green tint.

**Cell Data**: Space Group: C2/m (synthetic). a = 16.827(4) b = 9.117(1) c = 13.165(5) $\beta = 130.17(2)^{\circ}$  Z = 8

**X-ray Powder Pattern**: McDermitt mine, Nevada, USA. 2.64 (100), 2.71 (44), 3.90 (41), 2.58 (29), 2.53 (28), 2.281 (26), 2.96 (24)

Chemistry:		(1)	(2)
	Hg	73.4	72.66
	Cl	3.6	4.28
	Br	0.0	
	Ι	14.8	15.32
	S	8.2	7.74
	Total	100.0	100.00

(1) McDermitt mine, Nevada, USA; by electron microprobe, average of ten analyses; corresponds to  $Hg_3S_{2.10}Cl_{0.82}I_{0.96}$ . (2)  $Hg_3S_2CII$ .

**Occurrence**: In tuffaceous rhyolitic lake-bed sediments, formed as a reaction product between halide-bearing hydrothermal solutions and cinnabar or corderoite.

Association: Cinnabar, corderoite, quartz, gypsum.

Distribution: In the McDermitt mercury mine, Opalite district, Humboldt Co., Nevada, USA.

**Name**: Honors Arthur Sears *Radtke* (1936-2004), American mineralogist and geochemist, U.S. Geological Survey, Palo Alto, California, USA.

**Type Material**: Mackay School of Mines, University of Nevada, Reno, Nevada; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 168450.

**References:** (1) McCormack, J.K., F.W. Dickson, and M.P. Leshendok (1991) Radtkeite, Hg<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>CII, a new mineral from the McDermitt mercury deposit, Humboldt County, Nevada. Amer. Mineral., 76, 1715-1721. (2) Pervukhina, N.V., V.I. Vasil'ev, D.Yu. Naumov, S.V. Borisov, and S.A. Magarill (2004) The crystal structure of synthetic radtkeite, Hg<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>CII. Can. Mineral., 42, 87-94. (3) (2004) Amer. Mineral., 89(12), 1833 (abs. ref. 2).