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Crystal Data: Cubic. Point Group:  $4/m \ \overline{3} \ 2/m$ . As small grains forming aggregates, to several hundred  $\mu$ m.

**Physical Properties:** Hardness = n.d. VHN = 260 (100 g load). D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 6.69 Ferromagnetic.

Optical Properties: Opaque. Color: Pale gray. Luster: Metallic. R: (400) — , (420) — , (440) 50.4, (460) 51.4, (480) 50.9, (500) 52.6, (520) 53.0, (540) 55.3, (560) 56.5, (580) 56.9, (600) 57.9, (620) 58.3, (640) 59.0, (660) 60.0, (680) 60.7, (700) 60.8

Cell Data: Space Group: Pm3m. a = 2.859(5) Z = 1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Efim area, Russia.

2.02(100), 1.16(100), 1.43(80), 1.01(70), 1.28(50), 2.87(20), 1.656(10)

Chemistry:

- (1) Efim area, Russia; by electron microprobe, corresponding to  $Fe_3Cr_{1-x}$ , with x=0.6.
- (2)  $Fe_3Cr_{0.4}$ .

Occurrence: In quartz veins within brecciated amphibolites and schist.

**Association:** Iron, copper, bismuth, gold, ferchromide, graphite, cohenite, halite, sylvite, marialite, quartz.

**Distribution:** From a gold occurrence in the Efim area, Kumak ore field, 110 km east of Orsk, Southern Ural Mountains, Russia [TL].

Name: For the chemical composition, CHROMium and FERrum, iron.

Type Material: A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia.

References: (1) Novgorodova, M.I., A.I. Gorshkov, N.V. Trubkin, A.I. Tsepin, and M.T. Dmitrieva (1986) New natural intermetallic compounds of iron and chromium – chromferide and ferchromide. Zap. Vses. Mineral. Obshch., 115, 355–360 (in Russian). (2) (1988) Amer. Mineral., 73, 190 (abs. ref. 1).