

# Intel<sup>®</sup> Solid-State Drive DC S3700 Series

### **Product Specification**

- Capacity: 2.5-inch: 100GB, 200GB, 400GB, 800GB
   1.8-inch: 200GB, 400GB
- Components:
  - Intel® 25nm NAND Flash Memory
  - High Endurance Technology (HET) Multi-Level Cell (MLC)
- Form Factors: 2.5-inch and 1.8-inch
- Read and Write IOPS<sup>1,2</sup> (Full LBA Range, IOMeter\* Queue Depth 32)
  - Random 4KB3 Reads: Up to 75,000 IOPS
  - Random 4KB Writes: Up to 36,000 IOPS
  - Random 8KB<sup>3</sup> Reads: Up to 47,500 IOPS
  - Random 8KB Writes: Up to 20,000 IOPS
- Bandwidth Performance<sup>1</sup>
  - Sustained Sequential Read: Up to 500 MB/s<sup>4</sup>
  - Sustained Sequential Write: Up to 460 MB/s
- Endurance: 10 drive writes per day<sup>5</sup> for 5 years
- Latency (average sequential)
  - Read: 50 μs (TYP)
  - Write: 65 μs (TYP)
- Quality of Service<sup>6,8</sup>
  - Read/Write: 500 μs (99.9%)
- Performance Consistency<sup>7,8</sup>

Read/Write: Up to 90%/90% (99.9%)

- AES 256-bit Encryption
- Altitude (simulated)
  - Operating: -1,000 to 10,000 ft
  - Operating<sup>9</sup>: 10,000 to 15,000 ft
  - Non-operating: -1,000 to 40,000 ft
- Product Ecological Compliance
  - RoHS\*
- Compliance
  - SATA Revision 3.0; compatible with SATA 6Gb/s, 3Gb/s and 1.5Gb/s interface rates
  - ATA/ATAPI command Set 2 (ACS-2); includes SCT (Smart Command Transport) and device statistics log support
  - Enhanced SMART ATA feature set
  - Native Command Queuing (NCQ) command set
  - Data set management Trim command

- Power Management
  - 2.5-inch: 5V or 12V SATA Supply Rail<sup>10</sup>
  - 1.8-inch: 3.3V SATA Supply Rail
  - SATA Interface Power Management
  - OS-aware hot plug/removal
  - Enhanced power-loss data protection
- Power<sup>1</sup>
  - Active: Up to 6 W (TYP)
  - Idle: 650 mW
- Weight:
  - 2.5" 200, 400, 800GB: 73.6 grams ± 2 grams
  - 2.5" 100GB: 70 grams ± 2 grams
  - 1.8" 200, 400GB: 38 grams ± 2 grams
- Temperature
  - Operating: 0° C to 70° C
  - Non-Operating<sup>12</sup>: -55° C to 95° C
  - Temperature monitoring and logging
  - Thermal throttling
- Shock (operating and non-operating):
  - 1,000 G/0.5 msec
- Vibration
  - Operating: 2.17 GRMS (5-700 Hz)
  - Non-operating: 3.13 GRMS (5-800 Hz)
- Reliability
  - Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate (UBER):
    - 1 sector per 10<sup>^17</sup> bits read
  - Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF):2 million hours
  - End-to-End data-path protection
- Certifications and Declarations
  - UL\*, CE\*, C-Tick\*, BSMI\*, KCC\*, Microsoft\* WHCK\*, VCCI\*, SATA-IO\*
- Compatibility
  - Windows\* 7 and Windows\* 8
  - Windows\* Server 2012
  - Windows\* Server 2008 Enterprise 32/64bit SP2
  - Windows\* Server 2008 R2 SP1
  - Windows\* Server 2003 Enterprise R2 64bit SP2
  - Red Hat\* Enterprise Linux\* 5.5, 5.6, 6.1, 6.3
  - SUSE\* Linux\* Enterprise Server 10, 11 SP1
  - CentOS\* 64bit 5.7, 6.3
  - Intel® SSD Toolbox with Intel® SSD Optimizer

- 1. Performance values vary by capacity and form factor
- Performance specifications apply to both compressible and incompressible data
- 4KB = 4,096 bytes; 8KB = 8,192 bytes.
- 4. MB/s = 1,000,000 bytes/second
- Based on JESD218 standard. For 200GB 1.8 inches drive, it is 9.8 drives write per day.
- 6. Based on Random 4KB QD=1 workload, measured as the time taken for 99.9 percentile of commands to finish the round-trip from host to drive and back to host
- Based on Random 4KB QD=32 workload, measured as the (IOPS in the 99.9<sup>th</sup> percentile slowest 1-second interval)/(average IOPS during the test)
   Measurement taken once the workload has reached steady state but including all background activities required for normal operation and data reliability
- Extended operation at a higher altitude might impact reliability.
- 10. Defaults to 12V, if both 12V and 5V are present
- 11. Based on 5V supply; refer to Table 7 for more details
- 12. Please contact your Intel representative for details on the non-operating temperature range



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# **Revision History**

Date	Revision	Description
October 2012	001	Initial release
November 2012	002	Updated Power On to Ready specification for 800 GB capacity
February 2013	003	Updated: OS Compatibility; Certifications and Declarations; Power Pin Signal Definitions; SMART Attributes descriptions
March 2013	004	Edited for clarity
April 2013	005	Updated Device Identify Table; SMART Attribute Definition. Endurance spec for 1.8-inch 200 GB drive, voltage spec
June 2013	006	Added X,Y, Z dimension in section 3.0
March 2014	007	Page 1: Compliance, Changed from ATA8-ACS2 to ATA9-ACS2 Table 14: Changed Endurance Rating Value Table 18: Changed SMART Attribute E9h, PW and Threshold values to 1. Section 5.4.1.1: Added User Notes and changed step 6 in Use Case 2. Appendix A: Changes to Words 59-62, 80, 81, 89, 90, 129-159, 176-205 and 255.
April 2014	008	Page 1: Compliance, Changed from ATA9-ACS2 to ATA/ATAPI Command Set - 2 (ACS-2) Table 9: Added footnotes Table 10: Footnote corrections Table 11: Title correction Appendix A: Changed Default Value of Word 105 from 0004h to 0006h
September 2014	009	Page 1: Altitude spec change with added footnote (note 9). Table 14: Updated footnote for Reliability table Table 18: Updated SMART attribute B8h description and changed threshold values
January 2015	010	In Section 5.6, added clarification to word 106 of Identify Device Command and SCT command process to change the reported value.

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# **Terms and Acronyms**

Term	Definition
ATA	Advanced Technology Attachment
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAS	Device Activity Signal
DMA	Direct Memory Access
ECC	Error Correction Code
EXT	Extended
FPDMA	First Party Direct Memory Access
GB	Gigabyte  Note: The total usable capacity of the SSD may be less than the total physical capacity because a small portion of the capacity is used for NAND flash management and maintenance purposes.
Gb	Gigabit
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
HET	High Endurance Technology
KB	Kilobyte
I/O	Input/Output
IOPS	Input/Output Operations Per Second
ISO	International Standards Organization
LBA	Logical Block Address
МВ	Megabyte (1,000,000 bytes)
MLC	Multi-level Cell
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failures
NCQ	Native Command Queuing
NOP	No Operation
РВ	Petabyte
PBW	Peta Bytes Written
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PIO	Programmed Input/Output
RDT	Reliability Demonstration Test
RMS	Root Mean Square
SATA	Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
SCT	SMART Command Transport
	Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology
SMART	An open standard for developing hard drives and software systems that automatically monitors the health of a drive and reports potential problems.
SSD	Solid-State Drive
ТВ	Terabyte
ТВ	Tera Bytes Written
TYP	Typical
UBER	Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate



## 1.0 Overview

This document describes the specifications and capabilities of the Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series.

The Intel SSD DC S3700 Series delivers leading performance and Quality of Service combined with world-class reliability and endurance for Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA)-based computers in four capacities: 100GB, 200GB, 400GB and 800GB.

By combining 25nm Intel $^\circ$  NAND Flash Memory technology with SATA 6Gb/s interface support, the Intel SSD DC S3700 Series delivers sequential read speeds of up to 500 MB/s and sequential write speeds of up to 460 MB/s. Intel SSD DC S3700 Series delivers Quality of Service of 500  $\mu$ s for random 4KB reads and writes measured at a queue depth of 1 (see Table 6).

The Intel SSD DC S3700 Series also includes High Endurance Technology (HET), which combines NAND silicon enhancements and SSD NAND management techniques to extend the write endurance of an SSD, leading to lifetime endurance levels of 10 drive writes per day for 5 years.

The industry-standard 2.5-inch form factor enables interchangeability with existing hard disk drives (HDDs) and native SATA HDD drop-in replacement with the enhanced performance, reliability, ruggedness, and power savings offered by an SSD.

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series offers these key features:

- High Endurance Technology (HET)
- High I/O and throughput performance
- Consistent I/O latency
- Enhanced power-loss data protection
- End-to-End data-path protection
- Thermal throttling
- Temperature Sensor
- Inrush current management
- Low power
- · High reliability
- Enhanced ruggedness
- Temperature monitor and logging
- Power loss protection capacitor self-test

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# 2.0 Product Specifications

### 2.1 Capacity

Table 1: User Addressable Sectors

Intel <sup>°</sup> SSD DC S3700 Series	Unformatted Capacity (Total User Addressable Sectors in LBA Mode)
100GB	195,371,568
200GB	390,721,968
400GB	781,422,768
800GB	1,562,824,368

#### Notes:

1GB = 1,000,000,000 bytes; 1 sector = 512 bytes.

 $LBA\ count\ shown\ represents\ total\ user\ storage\ capacity\ and\ will\ remain\ the\ same\ throughout\ the\ life\ of\ the\ drive.$ 

The total usable capacity of the SSD may be less than the total physical capacity because a small portion of the capacity is used for NAND flash management and maintenance purposes.

### 2.2 Performance

Table 2: Random Read/Write Input/Output Operations Per Second (IOPS)

Constitution 1	11-24	Intel SSD DC S3700 Series					
Specification <sup>1</sup>	Unit	100 GB	200 GB (2.5"/1.8")	400 GB (2.5"/1.8")	800 GB		
Random 4KB Read (up to) <sup>2</sup>	IOPS	75,000	75,000 / 75,000	75,000 / 75,000	75,000		
Random 4KB Write (up to)	IOPS	19,000	32,000 / 29,000	36,000 / 36,000	36,000		
Random 8KB Read (up to) <sup>3</sup>	IOPS	47,500	47,500 / 47,500	47,500 / 47,500	47,500		
Random 8KB Write (up to)	IOPS	9,500	16,500 / 14,500	19,500 / 19,500	20,000		

#### Notes:

- 1. Performance measured using IOMeter\* with Queue Depth 32. Measurements are performed on a full Logical Block Address (LBA) span of the
- 2. 4KB = 4,096 bytes
- 3. 8KB = 8,192 bytes



Table 3: Random Read/Write IOPS Consistency

Consideration 1		Intel SSD DC S3700 Series					
Specification <sup>1</sup>	Unit	100 GB 200 G	200 GB (2.5"/1.8")	400 GB (2.5"/1.8")	800 GB		
Random 4KB Read (up to) <sup>2</sup>	%	90	90	90	90		
Random 4KB Write (up to)	%	85	90	90	90		
Random 8KB Read (up to) <sup>3</sup>	%	90	90	90	90		
Random 8KB Write (up to)	%	85	90	90	90		

- 1. Performance consistency measured using IOMeter\* based on Random 4KB QD=32 workload, measured as the percentile slowest 1-second interval)/(average IOPS during the test). Measurements are performed on a full Logical Block Address (LBA) span of the drive once the workload has reached steady state but including all background activities required for normal operation and data reliability.
- 2. 4KB = 4,096 bytes
- 3. 8KB = 8,192 bytes

Table 4: Sequential Read and Write Bandwidth

Specification	Unit	Intel <sup>®</sup> SSD DC S3700 Series			
Specification		100GB	200GB	400GB	800GB
Sequential Read (SATA 6Gb/s) <sup>1</sup>	MB/s	500	500	500	500
Sequential Write (SATA 6Gb/s) <sup>1</sup>	MB/s	200	365	460	460

#### Notes

Table 5: Latency

Consideration	Intel SSD DC S3700 Series			
Specification	100, 200 and 400GB	800 GB		
Latency <sup>1</sup> (TYP)				
Read	50 μs	50 μs		
Write	65 μs	65 μs		
Power On to Ready <sup>2</sup>	2.0 s	3.0 s		

#### Notes:

- 1. Device measured using IOMeter. Latency measured using 4 KB (4,096 bytes) transfer size with Queue Depth equal to 1 on a sequential workload.
- 2. Power On To Ready time assumes proper shutdown. Time varies if shutdown is not preceded by STANDBY IMMEDIATE command.

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<sup>1.</sup> Performance measured using IOMeter\* with 128KB (131,072 bytes) of transfer size with Queue Depth 32.



Table 6: Quality of Service

		Intel SSD DC S3700 Series				
Specification	Unit	Queue Depth=1		Queue Depth=32		
·		100GB	200/400/800 GB	100GB	200/400/800 GB	
Quality of Service <sup>1,2</sup> (99.9%)						
Reads	ms	0.5	0.5	1	1	
Writes	ms	0.5	0.5	15	10	
Quality of Service <sup>1,2</sup> (99.9999%)						
Reads	ms	10	5	10	5	
Writes	ms	10	5	20	20	

- Device measured using IOMeter. Quality of Service measured using 4 KB (4,096 bytes) transfer size on a random workload on a full Logical Block Address (LBA) span of the drive once the workload has reached steady state but including all background activities required for normal operation and data reliability.
- 2. Based on Random 4KB QD=1, 32 workloads, measured as the time taken for 99.9(or 99.9999) percentile of commands to finish the round-trip from host to drive and back to host.

### 2.3 Electrical Characteristics

Table 7: Operating Voltage for 2.5-inch Form Factor

	Intel® SSDDC S3700 Series
Electrical Characteristics	100, 200, 400 and 800GB
5 V Operating Characteristics:	
Operating Voltage range	5 V (±5%)
Rise time (Max/Min)	1 s / 1 ms
Fall time (Min) <sup>2</sup>	1 ms
Noise level	500 mV pp 10 Hz – 100 KHz
	50 mV pp 100 KHz – 20 MHz
Min Off time <sup>3</sup>	500 ms
Inrush Current (Typical Peak) 1	1.0 A, < 1 s
12 V Operating Characteristics:	
Operating Voltage range	12 V (±10%)
Rise time (Max/Min)	1 s / 1 ms
Fall time (Min) <sup>2</sup>	1 ms
Noise level	1000 mV pp 10 Hz – 100 KHz
	100 mV pp 100 KHz – 20 MHz
Min Off time <sup>3</sup>	500 ms
Inrush Current (Typical Peak) 1	1.0 A, < 1 s

#### Notes:

- 1. Measured from initial device power supply application
- 2. Fall time needs to be equal or better than minimum in order to guarantee full functionality of enhanced power loss management
- 3. The drive needs to be powered off for at least 500msec before powering on

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Table 8: Power Consumption for 2.5-inch Form Factor (5V Supply)

Specification	Unit	Intel SSD DC S3700 Series			
Specification	Onic	100GB	200GB	400GB	800GB
Active Write - RMS Average <sup>1</sup>	W	2.8	4.2	5.2	5.8
Active Write - RMS Burst <sup>2</sup>	W	3.1	4.6	7.7	8.2
Idle	W	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6

- 1. The workload equates 128KB (131,072 bytes) Queue Depth equal to 32 sequential writes. Root Mean Squared (RMS) average power is measured using scope trigger over a 100 ms sample period
- 2. The workload equates 128KB (131,072 bytes) Queue Depth equal to 32 sequential writes. Root Mean Squared (RMS) burst power is measured using scope trigger over a 500 μs sample period

Table 9: Power Consumption for 2.5-inch Form Factor (12V Supply)

Consideration	Unit	Intel SSD DC S3700 Series			
Specification	Unit	100GB	200GB	400GB	800GB
Active Write - RMS Average <sup>1</sup>	W	2.9	4.4	5.4	6.0
Active Write - RMS Burst <sup>2</sup>	W	3.3	4.8	7.6	8.2
Idle	W	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8

#### Notes:

- 1. The workload equates 128KB (131,072 bytes) Queue Depth equal to 32 sequential writes. Root Mean Squared (RMS) average power is measured using scope trigger over a 100 ms sample period
- 2. The workload equates 128KB (131,072 bytes) Queue Depth equal to 32 sequential writes. Root Mean Squared (RMS) burst power is measured using scope trigger over a 500 μs sample period

Table 10: Operating Voltage for 1.8-inch Form Factor

	Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series
Electrical Characteristics	200 and 400GB
Operating Voltage for 3.3 V (±5%)	
Min	3.13 V
Max	3.47 V
Rise time (Max/Min)	1 s / 1 ms
Fall time (Min) <sup>2</sup>	1 ms
Noise level	300 mV pp 10 Hz – 100 KHz
	500 mV pp 100 KHz – 20 MHz
Min Off time <sup>3</sup>	500 ms
Inrush Current (Typical Peak) 1	1.2 A, < 1 s

#### Notes:

- 1. Measured from initial device power supply application
- 2. Fall time needs to be equal or better than minimum in order to guarantee full functionality of enhanced power loss management
- 3. The drive needs to be powered off for at least 500msec before powering on

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**Table 11: Power Consumption for 1.8-inch Form Factor** 

1	11.2	Intel SSD DC S3700 Series				
Specification <sup>1</sup>	Unit	200GB	400GB			
Active Write - RMS Average @ 3.3V	W	4.3	5.3			
Active Write - RMS Burst @ 3.3V	W	4.7	7.9			
Idle @ 3.3V	W	0.6	0.6			

### 2.4 Environmental Conditions

Table 12: Temperature, Shock, Vibration

Temperature	Range
Case Temperature	
Operating	0 – 70 °C
Non-operating <sup>1</sup>	-55 − 95 °C
Temperature Gradient <sup>2</sup>	
Operating	30 °C/hr (Typical)
Non-operating	30 °C/hr (Typical)
Humidity	
Operating	5 – 95 %
Non-operating	5 – 95 %
Shock and Vibration	Range
Shock <sup>3</sup>	
Operating	1,000 G (Max) at 0.5 msec
Non-operating	1,000 G (Max) at 0.5 msec
Vibration⁴	
Operating	2.17 G <sub>RMS</sub> (5-700 Hz) Max
Non-operating	3.13 G <sub>RMS</sub> (5-800 Hz) Max

#### Notes:

- 1. Please contact your Intel representative for details on the non-operating temperature range.
- 2. Temperature gradient measured without condensation.
- 3. Shock specifications assume the SSD is mounted securely with the input vibration applied to the drive-mounting screws. Stimulus may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis. Shock specification is measured using Root Mean Squared (RMS) value.
- 4. Vibration specifications assume the SSD is mounted securely with the input vibration applied to the drive-mounting screws. Stimulus may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis. Vibration specification is measured using RMS value.

<sup>1.</sup> The workload equates 128KB (131,072 bytes) Queue Depth equal to 32 sequential writes. Root Mean Squared (RMS) power is measured using scope trigger over a 100 ms sample period.



# 2.5 **Product Regulatory Compliance**

Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series meets or exceeds the regulatory or certification requirements in the following table:

**Table 13: Product Regulatory Compliance Specifications** 

Title	Description	Region For Which Conformity Declared
TITLE 47-Telecommunications CHAPTER 1— FEDERAL COMMUNMICATIONS COMMISSION PART 15 — RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES ICES-003, Issue 4 Interference-Causing Equipment Standard Digital Apparatus	FCC Part 15B Class B  CA/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22:02. This is CISPR 22:1997 with Canadian Modifications	USA Canada
IEC 55024 Information Technology Equipment — Immunity characteristics— Limits and methods of measurement CISPR24:2010	EN-55024: 1998 and its amendments	European Union
IEC 55022 Information Technology Equipment — Radio disturbance Characteristics— Limits and methods of measurement CISPR24:2008 (Modified)	EN-55022: 2006 and its amendments	European Union
EN-60950-1 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Information Technology Equipment — Safety — Part 1: General Requirements	USA/Canada
UL/CSA EN-60950-1 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Information Technology Equipment — Safety — Part 1: General Requirements	USA/Canada

# 2.6 Reliability

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series meets or exceeds SSD endurance and data retention requirements as specified in the JESD218 standard. Reliability specifications are listed in the following table:

Table 14: Reliability Specifications

Parameter	Value		
Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate (UBER)			
Uncorrectable bit error rate will not exceed one sector in the specified number of bits read. In the unlikely event of a non-recoverable read error, the SSD will report it as a read failure to the host; the sector in error is considered corrupt and is not returned to the host.	< 1 sector per 10 <sup>17</sup> bits read		
Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)			
Mean Time Between Failures is estimated based on Telcordia* methodology and demonstrated through Reliability Demonstration Test (RDT).	2 million hours		

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Parameter	Value				
Power On/Off Cycles					
Power On/Off Cycles is defined as power being removed from the SSD, and then restored. Most host systems remove power from the SSD when entering suspend and hibernate as well as on a system shutdown.	24 per day				
Insertion Cycles	50 on SATA cable				
SATA/power cable insertion/removal cycles.	500 on backplane				
Data Retention	3 months power-off retention once SSD				
The time period for retaining data in the NAND at maximum rated endurance.	reaches rated write endurance at 40 °C				
Endurance Rating	100GB: 1.83 PBW 200GB: 3.65 PBW				
While running JESD218 standard <sup>1</sup> and based on JESD219 workload.	400GB: 7.30 PBW 800GB: 14.60 PBW				

## 2.7 Temperature Sensor

The Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series has an internal temperature sensor with an accuracy of +/-2C over a range of -20C to +80C which can be monitored using two SMART attributes: Airflow Temperature (BEh) and Device Internal Temperature (C2h).

For more information on supported SMART attributes, see Table 19 "SMART Attributes" on page 20.

# 2.8 Power Loss Capacitor Test

The Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports testing of the power loss capacitor, which can be monitored using the following SMART attribute: (175, AFh).

### 2.9 Hot Plug Support

Hot Plug insertion and removal is supported in the presence of a proper connector and appropriate operating system (OS), as described in the SATA 3.0 specification.

This product supports asynchronous signal recovery and issues an unsolicited COMINIT when first mated with a powered connector to guarantee reliable detection by a host system without hardware device detection.

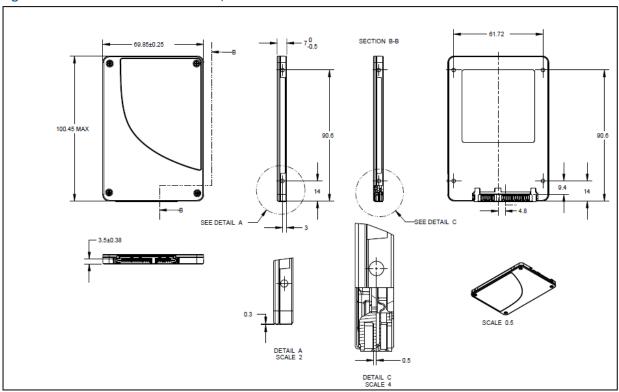
<sup>1</sup> Refer to JESD218 standard table 1 for UBER, FFR and other Enterprise SSD endurance verification requirements. UBER design and majority of life target is 1E-17. Endurance verification acceptance criterion based on establishing <1E-16 at 60 confidence.



# 3.0 Mechanical Information

Figures 1 and 2 show the physical package information for the Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series in the 2.5- and 1.8-inch form factors. All dimensions are in millimeters.

Figure 1. Intel SSD DC S3700 Series, 2.5-inch Form Factor Dimensions

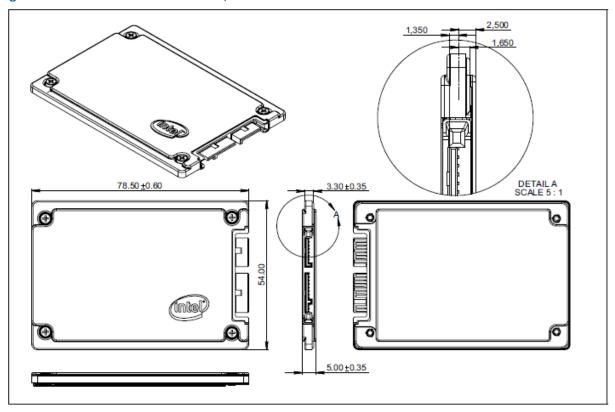


X – Length *	Y - Width	Z - Height
100.45 Max	69.85 +/- 0.25	7.0 +0/-0.5

<sup>\* -</sup> does not include 0.3 connector protrusion



Figure 2: Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series, 1.8-inch Form Factor Dimensions



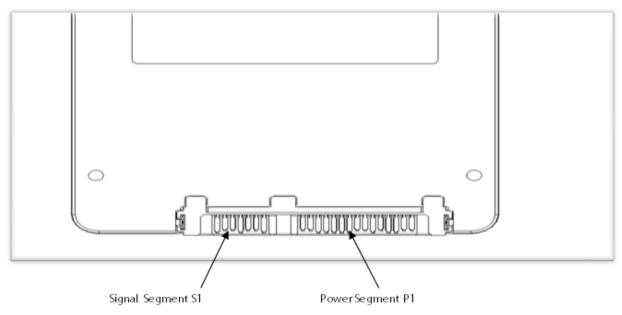
X - Length	Y - Width	Z - Height
78.50 +/- 0.60	54.0 +/- 0.25	5.0 +/- 0.35



# 4.0 Pin and Signal Descriptions

### 4.1 2.5-inch Form Factor Pin Locations

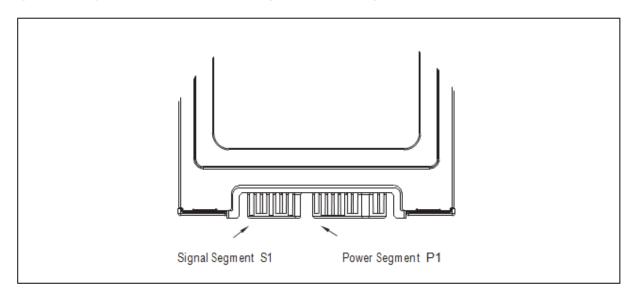
Figure 3: Layout of 2.5-inch Form Factor Signal and Power Segment Pins



Note: 2.5-inch connector supports built in latching capability.

### 4.2 1.8-inch Form Factor Pin Locations

Figure 4: Layout of 1.8-inch Form Factor Signal and Power Segment Pins





# 4.3 Connector Pin Signal Definitions

Table 15: Serial ATA Connector Pin Signal Definitions—2.5- and 1.8-inch Form Factors

Pin	Function	Definition			
S1	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> mate			
S2	A+	Differential circulation A			
S3	A-	Differential signal pair A			
S4	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> mate			
S5	B-	Differential circulation D			
S6	B+	Differential signal pair B			
S7	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> mate			

Note: Key and spacing separate signal and power segments.

## 4.4 Power Pin Signal Definitions

Table 16: Serial ATA Power Pin Definitions—2.5-inch Form Factors

Pin <sup>1</sup>	Function	Definition	Mating Order
P1 <sup>2</sup>	Not connected	(3.3 V Power)	
P2²	Not connected	(3.3 V Power)	
P3²	Not connected	(3.3 V Power; pre-charge)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P4 <sup>3,4</sup>	Ground	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P5 <sup>3</sup>	Ground	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P6 <sup>3</sup>	Ground	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P7 <sup>3,5</sup>	V <sub>5</sub>	5 V Power	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P8 <sup>3,5</sup>	$V_5$	5 V Power	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P9 <sup>3,5</sup>	V <sub>5</sub>	5 V Power	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P10 <sup>3</sup>	Ground	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P11 <sup>6</sup>	DAS/DSS	Device Activity Signal/Disable Staggered Spin-up	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P12 <sup>3,4</sup>	Ground	Ground	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P13 <sup>7</sup>	V <sub>12</sub>	12 V Power	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P14 <sup>7</sup>	V <sub>12</sub>	12 V Power	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P15 <sup>7</sup>	V <sub>12</sub>	12 V Power	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate

#### Notes:

- 1. All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27 mm (0.050-inch) pitch.
- 2. Pins P1, P2 and P3 are connected together, although they are not connected internally to the device. The host may put 3.3 V on these pins.
- 3. The mating sequence is:
  - ground pins P4-P6, P10, P12 and the 5V power pin P7
  - signal pins and the rest of the 5V power pins P8-P9
- 4. Ground connectors P4 and P12 may contact before the other 1st mate pins in both the power and signal connectors to discharge ESD in a suitably configured backplane connector.
- 5. Power pins P7, P8, and P9 are internally connected to one another within the device.
- 6. The host may ground P11 if it is not used for Device Activity Signal (DAS).
- 7. Pins P13, P14 and P15 are internally connected to one another within the device. The host may put 12 V on these pins.



Table 17: Serial ATA Power Pin Definitions—1.8-inch Form Factors

Pin	Function	Definition	Mating Order <sup>1</sup>
P1 <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>33</sub>	3.3 V Power	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P2 <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>33</sub>	3.3 V Power, per-charge	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P3 <sup>3</sup>	Ground		1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P4 <sup>3</sup>	Ground		1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P5 <sup>4</sup>	V <sub>5</sub>	5 V Power; not connected.	1 <sup>st</sup> Mate
P6⁴	V <sub>5</sub>	5 V Power; not connected.	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P7 <sup>5</sup>	DAS/DSS	Device Activity Signal/Disable Staggered Spin-up	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
Key	Key	NC	NC
P8 <sup>6</sup>	Optional	Manufacturing Test Pin	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate
P9 <sup>6</sup>	Optional	Manufacturing Test Pin	2 <sup>nd</sup> Mate

- 1. All mate sequences assume zero angular offset between connectors.
- 2. P1 and P2 are internally connected to one another within the device.
- 3. Ground connectors P3 and P4 may contact before the other 1st mate pins in both the power and signal connectors to discharge ESD in a suitably configure backplane connector.
- 4. Pins P5 and P6 are not connected internally to the device but there is an option to connect through a zero ohm stuffing resistor. The host may put 5V on these pins.
- 5. The host may ground P7 if it is not used for Device Activity Signal (DAS).
- 6. P8 and P9 should not be connected by the host.

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# **5.0** Supported Command Sets

Intel<sup>®</sup> SSD DC S3700 Series supports all mandatory ATA (Advanced Technology Attachment) commands defined in the ATA8-ACS specification described in this section.

### 5.1 ATA General Feature Command Set

The Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the ATA General Feature command set (non- PACKET), which consists of:

- EXECUTE DEVICE DIAGNOSTIC
- SET FEATURES
- IDENTIFY DEVICE

**Note:** See Appendix A, "IDENTIFY DEVICE Command Data" on page 30 for details on the sector data returned after issuing an IDENTIFY DEVICE command.

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series also supports the following optional commands:

- READ DMA
- WRITE DMA
- READ SECTOR(S)
- READ VERIFY SECTOR(S)
- READ MULTIPLE
- SEEK
- SET FEATURES
- WRITE SECTOR(S)
- SET MULTIPLE MODE1
- WRITE MULTIPLE
- FLUSH CACHE
- READ BUFFFER
- WRITE BUFFER
- NOP
- DOWNLOAD MICROCODE
- WRITE UNCORRECTABLE EXT

### 5.2 Power Management Command Set

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the Power Management command set, which consists of:

- CHECK POWER MODE
- IDLE
- IDLE IMMEDIATE
- SLEEP
- STANDBY
- STANDBY IMMEDIATE

<sup>1.</sup> The only multiple supported will be multiple 1



### 5.3 Security Mode Feature Set

- SECURITY SET PASSWORD
- SECURITY UNLOCK
- SECURITY ERASE PREPARE
- SECURITY ERASE UNIT
- SECURITY FREEZE LOCK
- SECURITY DISABLE PASSWORD

### 5.4 SMART Command Set

Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series supports the SMART command set, which consists of:

- SMART READ DATA
- SMART READ ATTRIBUTE THRESHOLDS
- SMART ENABLE/DISABLE ATTRIBUTE AUTOSAVE
- SMART SAVE ATTRIBUTE VALUES
- SMART EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE
- SMART READ LOG SECTOR
- SMART WRITE LOG SECTOR
- SMART ENABLE OPERATIONS
- SMART DISABLE OPERATIONS
- SMART RETURN STATUS
- SMART ENABLE/DISABLE AUTOMATIC OFFLINE

### **5.4.1 SMART Attributes**

The following table lists the SMART attributes supported by the Intel SSD DC S3700 Series and the corresponding status flags and threshold settings.

Table 18: SMART Attributes

ID Attribute	Assiltan	Status Flags						
	SP	EC	ER	PE	ос	PW	Threshold	
05h	Re-allocated Sector Count  Raw value: shows the number of retired blocks since leaving the factory (grown defect count).  Normalized value: beginning at 100, shows the percent remaining of allowable grown defect count.		1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
09h	Power-On Hours Count  Raw value: reports power-on time, cumulative over the life of the SSD, integer number in hour time units.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
0Ch	Power Cycle Count  Raw value: reports the cumulative number of power cycle events over the life of the device.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
AAh	Available Reserved Space (See Attribute E8)	1	1	0	0	1	1	10



	Attribute		Status Flags					
ID			EC	ER	PE	ос	PW	Threshold
ABh	Program Fail Count  Raw value: shows total count of program fails.  Normalized value: beginning at 100, shows the percent remaining of allowable program fails.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
ACh	Erase Fail Count  Raw value: shows total count of erase fails.  Normalized value: beginning at 100, shows the percent remaining of allowable erase fails.							0 (none)
AEh	Unexpected Power Loss Also known as "Power-off Retract Count" per magnetic-drive terminology.  Raw value: reports number of unclean shutdowns, cu-					0	0 (none)	
AFh	Power Loss Protection Failure Last test result as microseconds to discharge cap, saturates at max value. Also logs minutes since last test and lifetime number of tests.  Raw value: Bytes 0-1: Last test result as microseconds to discharge cap, saturates at max value. Test result expected in range 25 <= result <= 5000000, lower indicates specific error code. Bytes 2-3: Minutes since last test, saturates at max value. Bytes 4-5: Lifetime number of tests, not incremented on power cycle, saturates at max value. Normalized value: set to 1 on test failure or 11 if the capacitor has been tested in an excessive temperature condition, otherwise 100.			0	0	1	1	10
B7h	SATA Downshift Count  Raw value: reports number of times SATA interface selected lower signaling rate due to error.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
B8h	End-to-End Error Detection Count  Raw value: reports number of LBA tag mismatches in end-to-end data protection path.  Normalized value: always 100.					90		
BBh	Normalized value: always 100.  Uncorrectable Error Count  Raw value: shows the number of errors that could not be recovered using Error Correction Code (ECC). Normalized value: always 100.					0 (none)		



		Status Flags						
ID	Attribute		EC	ER	PE	ос	PW	Threshold
BEh	Temperature - Airflow Temperature (Case)  Raw value: reports SSD case temperature statistics.  Bytes 0-1: Current case temperature, Celsius Byte 2: Recent min case temperature, Celsius Byte 3: Recent max case temperature, Celsius Bytes 4-5: Over temperature counter. Number of times sampled temperature exceeds drive max operating temperature specification.  Normalized value: 100 – case temperature in C degrees	1	0	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
COh	Power-Off Retract Count (Unsafe Shutdown Count)  Raw value: reports the cumulative number of unsafe (unclean) shutdown events over the life of the device. An unsafe shutdown occurs whenever the device is powered off without STANDBYIMMEDIATE being the last command.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
C2h	Temperature - Device Internal Temperature  Raw value: Reports internal temperature of the SSD in degrees Celsius. Temperature reading is the value direct from the printed circuit board (PCB) sensor without offset.  Normalized value: 150 – device temperature in C degrees, 100 if device temperature less than 50.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
C5h	Pending Sector Count  Raw value: number of current unrecoverable read errors that will be re-allocated on next write.  Normalized value: always 100.	0	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
C7h	CRC Error Count  Raw value: shows total number of encountered SATA interface cyclic redundancy check (CRC) errors.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E1h	Host Writes  Raw value: reports total number of sectors written by the host system. The raw value is increased by 1 for every 65,536 sectors (32MB) written by the host.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E2h	Timed Workload Media Wear  Raw value: measures the wear seen by the SSD (since reset of the workload timer, attribute E4h), as a percentage of the maximum rated cycles. Divide the raw value by 1024 to derive the percentage with 3 decimal points.  Normalized value: always 100.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)



		Status Flags						
ID	Attribute	SP	EC	ER	PE	ос	PW	Threshold
E3h	Timed Workload Host Read/Write Ratio  Raw value: shows the percentage of I/O operations that are read operations (since reset of the workload timer, attribute E4h). Reported as integer percentage from 0 to 100.  Normalized value: always 100.					0	0 (none)	
E4h	Timed Workload Timer  Raw value: measures the elapsed time (number of minutes since starting this workload timer).  Normalized value: always 100.					0 (none)		
E8h	Available Reserved Space  Raw value: reports number of reserve blocks remaining.  Normalized value: begins at 100, which corresponds to 100 percent availability of the reserved space. The threshold value for this attribute is 10 percent availability.	reserve blocks remaining. 100 , which corresponds 1 1 0 0 1 1 the reserved space. The				10		
E9h	Media Wearout Indicator Raw value: always 0. Normalized value: reports the number of cycles the NAND media has undergone. Declines linearly from 100 to 1 as the average erase cycle count increases from 0 to the maximum rated cycles. Once the normalized value reaches 1, the number will not decrease, although it is likely that significant additional wear can be put on the device.	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
EAh	Thermal Throttle Status  Raw value: reports Percent Throttle Status and Count of  events  Byte 0: Throttle status reported as integer percentage.  Bytes 1-4: Throttling event count. Number of times thermal throttle has activated. Preserved over power cycles.  Byte 5: Reserved.  Normalized value: always 100.		1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
F1h	Total LBAs Written  Raw value: reports the total number of sectors written by the host system. The raw value is increased by 1 for every 65,536 sectors (32MB) written by the host.  Normalized value: always 100.		0	0 (none)				
F2h	Total LBAs Read  Raw value: reports the total number of sectors read by the host system. The raw value is increased by 1 for every 65,536 sectors (32MB) read by the host.  Normalized value: always 100.		0	0 (none)				



Table 19: SMART Attribute Status Flags

Status Flag	Description	Description Value = 0	
SP	Self-preserving attribute	Not a self-preserving attribute	Self-preserving attribute
EC	Event count attribute	Not an event count attribute	Event count attribute
ER	Error rate attribute	Not an error rate attribute	Error rate attribute
PE	Performance attribute	Not a performance attribute	Performance attribute
OC	Online collection attribute	Collected only during offline activity	Collected during both offline and online activity
PW	Pre-fail warranty attribute	Advisory	Pre-fail

#### 5.4.1.1 Timed Workload Endurance Indicators

#### Timed Workload Media Wear Indicator — ID E2h

This attribute tracks the drive wear seen by the device during the last wear timer loop, as a percentage of the maximum rated cycles. The raw value tracks the percentage up to 3 decimal points. This value should be divided by 1024 to get the percentage.

For example: if the raw value is 4450, the percentage is 4450/1024 = 4.345%. The raw value is held at FFFFh until the wear timer (attribute E4h) reaches 60 (minutes) after a SMART EXECUTE OFFLINE IMMEDIATE (B0h/D4h) subcommand 40h to the SSD. The normalized value is always set to 100 and should be ignored.

### Timed Workload Host Reads Percentage — ID E3h

This attribute shows the percentage of I/O operations that are read operations during the last workload timer loop. The raw value tracks this percentage and is held at FFFFh until the workload timer (attribute E4h) reaches 60 (minutes). The normalized value is always set to 100 and should be ignored.

#### Workload Timer — ID E4h

This attribute is used to measure the time elapsed during the current workload. The attribute is reset when a SMART EXECUTE OFFLINE IMMEDIATE (D4h) subcommand 40h is issued to the drive. The raw value tracks the time in minutes and has a maximum value of  $2^{^{32}} = 4,294,967,296$  minutes (8,171 years). The normalized value is always set to 100 and should be ignored.

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#### **User Notes**

- Sending a SMART EXECUTE OFFLINE IMMEDIATE (B0h/D4h) subcommand 40h to the SSD resets and starts all three attributes (Media Wear Indicator, Attribute E2h, Host Reads Percentage, Attribute E3h, and the Workload timer, Attribute E4h) to FFFFh.
- The Attribute raw values are held at FFFFh until the Workload timer (Attribute E4h) reaches a
  total of 60 (minutes) of power on time. After 60 minutes, the Timed Workload data is made
  available.
- After the Workload timer (E4h) reaches 60 (minutes), the Timed Workload data is saved every
  minute so only 59 seconds of data is lost if power is removed without receiving ATA STANDBY
  IMMEDIATE. Accumulated data is not reset due to power loss.
- Upon power up, the attributes hold a snapshot of their last saved values for 59 seconds and live data is available after 60 seconds, once the initial one hour interval is completed.

#### **Example Use Cases**

The Timed Workload Endurance attributes described in this section are intended to be used to measure the amount of media wear that the drive is subjected to during a timed workload.

Ideally, the system that the drive is being used in should be capable of issuing SMART commands. Otherwise, provisions have been provided to allow the media wear attributes to be persistent so the drive can be moved to a SMART capable system to read out the drive wear attribute values.

### Use Case 1 – With a System Capable of SMART Commands

- 1. On a SMART capable system issue the SMART EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE (D4h) sub-command 40h to reset the drive wear attributes.
- 2. Run the workload to be evaluated for at least 60 minutes. Otherwise the drive wear attributes will not be available.
- 3. Read out the drive wear attributes with the SMART READ DATA (D0h) command.

### Use Case 2 - With a System Not Capable of SMART Commands

- 1. On a SMART capable system, issue the SMART EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE (D4h) sub-command 40h to reset the drive wear attributes.
- Move the drive to the system where the workload will be measured (and not capable of SMART commands).
- 3. Run the workload to be evaluated for at least 60 minutes. Otherwise the drive wear attributes will not be available.
- 4. Do a clean system power down by issuing the ATA STANDBY IMMEDIATE command prior to shutting down the system. This will store all the drive wear SMART attributes to persistent memory within the drive.
- 5. Move the drive to a SMART capable system.
- 6. Read out the drive wear attributes with the SMART READ DATA (D0h) command within 59 seconds after power-up.



### **Example Calculation of Drive Wear**

The following is an example of how the drive wear attributes can be used to evaluate the impact of a given workload. The Host Writes SMART attribute (E1h) can also be used to calculate the amount of data written by the host during the workload by reading this attribute before and after running the workload. This example assumes that the steps shown in "Example Use Cases" on page 18 were followed to obtain the following attribute values:

- Timed Workload Media Wear (E2h) has a raw value of 16. Therefore, the percentage wear = 16/1024 = 0.016%.
- Timed Workload Host Read/Write Ratio (E3h) has a normalized value of 80, indicating that 80% of operations were reads.
- Workload Timer (E4h) has a raw value of 500. Therefore the workload ran for 500 minutes.
- Host Writes Count (E1h) had a raw value of 100,000 prior to running the workload and a value of 130,000 at the end of the workload. Therefore, the number of sectors written by the host during the workload was 30,000 \* 65,535 = 1,966,050,000 sectors or 1,966,050,000 \* 512/1,000,000,000 = 1,007 GB.

The following conclusions can be made for this example case:

The workload took 500 minutes to complete with 80% reads and 20% writes. A total of 1,007 GB of data was written to the device, which increased the media wear in the drive by 0.016%. At this point in time, this workload is causing a wear rate of 0.016% for every 500 minutes, or 0.00192%/hour.

### 5.4.2 SMART Logs

Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series implements the following Log Addresses: 00h, 02h, 03h, 06h, and 07h.

Intel DC S3700 Series implements host vendor specific logs (addresses 80h-9Fh) as read and write scratchpads, where the default value is zero (0). Intel SSD DC S3700 Series does not write any specific values to these logs unless directed by the host through the appropriate commands.

Intel DC S3700 Series also implements a device vendor specific log at address A9h as a read-only log area with a default value of zero (0).

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### 5.5 Device Statistics

In addition to the SMART attribute structure, statistics pertaining to the operation and health of the Intel SSD DC S3700 Series can be reported to the host on request through the Device Statistics log as defined in the ATA specification.

The Device Statistics log is a read-only GPL/SMART log located at read log address 0x04 and is accessible using READ LOG EXT, READ LOG DMA EXT or SMART READ LOG commands.

The following table lists the Device Statistics supported by the Intel SSD DC S3700 Series.

Table 20: Device Statistics Log

Page	Offset	Description	Equivalent SMART attribute (if applicable)
0x00		List of Supported Pages	
	0x08	Power Cycle Count	0Ch
	0x10	Power-On Hours	09h
	0x18	Logical Sectors Written	E1h
0x01 – General Statistics	0x20	Num Write Commands – incremented by one for every host write	
	0x28	Logical Sectors Read	F2h
	0x30	Num Read Commands – incremented by one for every host read	
	0x08	Num Reported Uncorrectable Errors	BBh
0x04 – General Error Statistics	0x10	Num Resets Between Command Acceptance and Completion	
	0x00	Device Statistics Information Header	
	0x08	Current Temperature	
	0x10	Average Short Term Temperature	
	0x18	Average Long Term Temperature	
	0x20	Highest Temperature	
	0x28	Lowest Temperature	
0x05 – Temperature Statistics	0x30	Highest Average Short Term Temperature	
oxos remperature statistics	0x38	Lowest Average Short Term Temperature	
	0x40	Highest Average Long Term Temperature	
	0x48	Lowest Average Long Term Temperature	
	0x50	Time in Over-Temperature	
	0x58	Specified Maximum Operating Temperature	
	0x60	Time in Under-Temperature	
	0x68	Specified Minimum Operating Temperature	
	0x08	Number of Hardware Resets	
0x06 – Transport Statistics	0x10	Number of ASR Events	
	0x18	Number of Interface CRC Errors	
0x07 – Solid State Device Statistics	0x08	Percentage Used Endurance Indicator	E9h Note: This device statistic counts from 1 to 150



### 5.6 SMART Command Transport (SCT)

With SMART Command Transport (SCT), a host can send commands and data to an SSD and receive status and data from an SSD using standard write/read commands to manipulate two SMART Logs:

- Log Address E0h ("SCT Command/Status") used to send commands and retrieve status
- Log Address E1h ("SCT Data Transfer") used to transport data

Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series supports the following standard SCT actions:

- Write Same Intel DC S3700 Series implements this action code as described in the ATA specification.
- Error Recovery Control Intel DC S3700 Series accepts this action code, and will store and return error-recovery time limit values.
- Feature Control Intel DC S3700 Series supports feature code 0001h (write cache) feature code 0002h (write cache reordering), and feature code 0003h (time interval for temperature logging). It also supports D000h(Power Safe Write Cache capacitor test interval), (D001h(read/write power governor mode), D002h(read/write thermal governor mode), D003h(read power governor burst power), D004h(read power governor average power).
- Data table command Intel DC S3700 Series supports data table command as specified in ATA8-ACS2. This will read out temperature logging information in table ID 0002h.
- Read Status Support Intel DC S3700 Series supports read status log.
- SCT command 0xD801with State=0, Option=1, ID Word 106 can be used to change from 0x6003 to 0x4000 (4KB physical sector size to 512B physical sector size support change).

### 5.7 Data Set Management Command Set

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the Data Set Management command set Trim attribute, which consists of:

- DATA SET MANAGEMENT

### 5.8 Host Protected Area Command Set

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the Host Protected Area command set, which consists of:

- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS
- SET MAX ADDRESS
- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS EXT
- SET MAX ADDRESS EXT

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series also supports the following optional commands:

- SET MAX SET PASSWORD
- SET MAX LOCK
- SET MAX FREEZE LOCK
- SET MAX UNLOCK

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### 5.9 48-Bit Address Command Set

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the 48-bit Address command set, which consists of:

- FLUSH CACHE EXT
- READ DMA EXT
- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS EXT
- READ SECTOR(S) EXT
- READ VERIFY SECTOR(S) EXT
- SET MAX ADDRESS EXT
- WRITE DMA EXT
- WRITE MULTIPLE EXT
- WRITE SECTOR(S) EXT
- WRITE MULTIPLE FUA EXT
- WRITE DMA FUA EXT

## 5.10 General Purpose Log Command Set

Intel® SSD DC S3700 Series supports the General Purpose Log command set, which consists of:

- READ LOG EXT
- WRITE LOG EXT

### 5.11 Native Command Queuing

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the Native Command Queuing (NCQ) command set, which includes:

- READ FPDMA QUEUED
- WRITE FPDMA QUEUED

Note: With a maximum Queue Depth set to 32.

## **5.12** Software Settings Preservation

Intel SSD DC S3700 Series supports the SET FEATURES parameter to enable/disable the preservation of software settings.



# 6.0 Certifications and Declarations

The following table describes the Device Certifications supported by the Intel SSD DC S3700 Series.

**Table 21: Device Certifications and Declarations** 

Certification	Description		
CE Compliant Low Voltage DIRECTIVE 2006/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF Of 12 December 2006, and EMC Directive 2004/108/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT OF THE COUNCIL of 15 December 2004.			
Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Bi-National Component Recognition; UL 60950-1, 2007-03-27 (Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1: General Requirer CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, 2nd Edition, 2007-03 (Information Technology Equipment 1: General Requirements)			
C-Tick Compliant  Compliance with the Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 and Electromatic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Australian Communication Au			
BSMI Compliant	Compliance to the Taiwan EMC standard CNS 13438: Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance Characteristics - limits and methods of measurement, as amended on June 1, 2006, is harmonized with CISPR 22: 2005.04.		
ксс	Compliance with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Control Regulation and meets the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Research Laboratory (RRL) Ministry of Information and Communication Republic of Korea.		
VCCI	Voluntary Control Council for Interface to cope with disturbance problems caused by personal computers or facsimile.		
RoHS Compliant	Restriction of Hazardous Substance Directive		
WEEE	Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment		

Product Specification January 2015 30 328171-010US



# 7.0 References

The following table identifies the standards information referenced in this document.

**Table 22: Standards References** 

Date	Title	Location		
July 2012	Solid-State Drive (SSD) Requirements and Endurance Test Method (JESD219)	http://www.jedec.org/standards-documents/ results/jesd219		
Sept 2010	Solid-State Drive (SSD) Requirements and Endurance Test Method (JESD218)	http://www.jedec.org/standards-documents/docs/jesd218/		
Dec 2008	VCCI	http://www.vcci.jp/vcci_e/		
June 2009	RoHS	http://qdms.intel.com/ Click Search MDDS Database and search for material description datasheet		
August 2009	ACS-2-ATA/ATAPI Command Set 2 Specification	http://www.t13.org/		
June 2009	Serial ATA Revision 3.0	http://www.sata-io.org/		
May 2006	SFF-8223, 2.5-inch Drive w/Serial Attachment Connector	http://www.sffcommittee.org/		
May 2005	SFF-8201, 2.5-inch drive form factor	http://www.sffcommittee.org/		
1995 1996 1995 1995 1997 1994	International Electrotechnical Commission EN 61000 4-2 (Electrostatic discharge immunity test) 4-3 (Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test) 4-4 (Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test) 4-5 (Surge immunity test) 4-6 (Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields) 4-11 (Voltage Variations, voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests)	http://www.iec.ch/		
1995	ENV 50204 (Radiated electromagnetic field from digital radio telephones)	http://www.dbicorporation.com/radimmun.h tm/		



# **Appendix A: IDENTIFY DEVICE Command Data**

Table 23: Returned Sector Data

Table 23:	Returned Sec	LIUI Dala	
Word	F = Fixed V = Variable X = Both	Default Value	Description
0	Х	0040h	General configuration bit-significant information
1	Х	3FFFh	Obsolete - Number of logical cylinders (16,383)
2	V	C837h	Specific configuration
3	Х	0010h	Obsolete - Number of logical heads (16)
4-5	Х	0h	Retired
6	Х	003Fh	Obsolete - Number of logical sectors per logical track (63)
7-8	V	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CompactFlash* Association (CFA)
9	Х	0h	Retired
10-19	F	varies	Serial number (20 ASCII characters)
20-21	Х	0h	Retired
22	Х	0h	Obsolete
23-26	F	varies	Firmware revision (8 ASCII characters)
27-46	F	varies	Model number (Intel <sup>®</sup> Solid-State Drive)
47	F	8001h	7:0—Maximum number of sectors transferred per interrupt on multiple commands
48	F	4000h	Trusted Computing Feature Set
49	F	2F00h	Capabilities
50	F	4000h	Capabilities
51-52	Х	0h	Obsolete
53	F	0007h	Words 88 and 70:64 valid
54	Х	3FFFh	Obsolete - Number of logical cylinders (16,383)
55	Х	0010h	Obsolete - Number of logical heads (16)
56	Х	003Fh	Obsolete - Number of logical sectors per logical track (63)
57-58	Х	FC1000FBh	Obsolete
59	F	BF01	Number of sectors transferred per interrupt on multiple commands
60-61	٧	100GB: 0BA52230h 200GB: 0FFFFFFFh 400GB: 0FFFFFFFh 800GB: 0FFFFFFFh	Total number of user-addressable sector
62	Х	0h	Obsolete
63	Х	0007h	Multi-word DMA modes supported/selected
64	F	0003h	PIO modes supported
65	F	0078h	Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word
66	F	0078h	Manufacturer's recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time
67	F	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time without flow control
68	F	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time with IORDY flow control
69	F	4030h	Additional Supported
70	F	0000h	Reserved
71-74	F	0h	Reserved for IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE command
75	F	001Fh	Queue depth
76	F	850Eh	Serial ATA capabilities



	F = Fixed				
Word	V = Variable X = Both	Default Value	Description		
77	F	0006h	Reserved for future Serial ATA definition		
78	F	0040h	Serial ATA features supported		
79	V	0040h	Serial ATA features enabled		
80	F	03FCh	Major version number		
81	F	0110h	Minor version number		
82	F	746Bh	Command set supported		
83	F	7501h	Command sets supported		
84	F	6163h	Command set/feature supported extension		
85	V	7469h	Command set/feature enabled		
86	V	B401h	Command set/feature enabled		
87	V	6163h	Command set/feature default		
88	V	407Fh	Ultra DMA Modes		
89	F	0002h	Time required for security erase unit completion		
90	F	0002h	Time required for enhanced security erase completion		
91	V	0h	Current advanced power management value		
92	V	0FFFEh	Master Password Revision Code		
93	Х	Oh	Hardware reset result: the contents of bits (12:0) of this word shall change only during the execution of a hardware reset		
94	V	0h	Vendor's recommended and actual acoustic management value		
95	F	0h	Stream minimum request size		
96	V	0h	Streaming transfer time - DMA		
97	V	0h	Streaming access latency - DMA and PIO		
98-99	F	0h	Streaming performance granularity		
		100GB: 0BA52230h			
100-103	V	200GB: 1749F1B0h	Maximum user LBA for 48-bit address feature set		
100 103	v	400GB: 2E9390B0h	Maximum user LBA for 40-bit address reature set		
		800GB: 5D26CEB0h			
104	V	0h	Streaming transfer time - PIO		
105	V	0006h	Maximum number of 512-byte blocks of LBA Range Entries per DATA SET MANAGEMENT command		
106	F	6003h	Default Physical sector size / logical sector size. Can be changed to 0004h to reflect 512Bytes/Sector.		
107	F	0h	Inter-seek delay for ISO-7779 acoustic testing in microseconds		
108-111	F	varies	Unique ID		
112-115	F	0h	Reserved for world wide name extension to 128 bits		
116	V	0h	Reserved for technical report		
117-118	F	0h	Words per logical sector		
119	F	405Ch	Supported settings		
120	F	401Ch	Command set/feature enabled/supported		
121-126	F	0h	Reserved		
127	Χ	0h	Removable Media Status Notification feature set support		
128	V	0021h	Security status		
129	V	1Ch	Vendor-specific		
130-139	Х	0h	Vendor-specific		
140-149	Х	0h	Disable Logical Error Field		



Word	F = Fixed V = Variable X = Both	Default Value	Description
150-159	Х	0h	Vendor-specific
160	Х	0h	CompactFlash Association (CFA) power mode 1
161-167	Х	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
168	Х	3h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
169	Х	0001h	Data set management Trim attribute support
170-175	F	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
176-205	Х	Varies	Current media serial number
206	Х	003Dh	SCT Command Transport
207-208	F	0000h	Reserved
209	Х	4000h	Alignment of logical blocks within a physical block
210-211	V	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 3 (DWord)
212-213	F	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 2 (DWord)
214	Х	0000h	NV Cache Capabilities
215-216	V	0000h	NV Cache Size in Logical Blocks (DWord)
217	F	0001h	Nominal media rotation rate
218	V	0000h	Reserved
219	F	0000h	NV Cache Options
220	V	0000h	Write-Read-Verify feature set
221	Х	0000h	Reserved
222	F	101Fh	Transport major version number
223	F	0000h	Transport minor version number
224-229	F	0000h	Reserved
230-233	Х	0000h	Extended Number of User Addressable Sectors (QWord)
234	F	0001h	Minimum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
235	F	FFFFh	Maximum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
236-254	Х	0000h	Reserved
255	V	Varies	Integrity word

**F = Fixed**. The content of the word is fixed and does not change. For removable media devices, these values may change when media is removed or changed.

V = Variable. The state of at least one bit in a word is variable and may change depending on the state of the device or the commands executed by the device.

 $<sup>\</sup>mathbf{X}$  =  $\mathbf{F}$  or  $\mathbf{V}\!.$  The content of the word may be fixed or variable.