

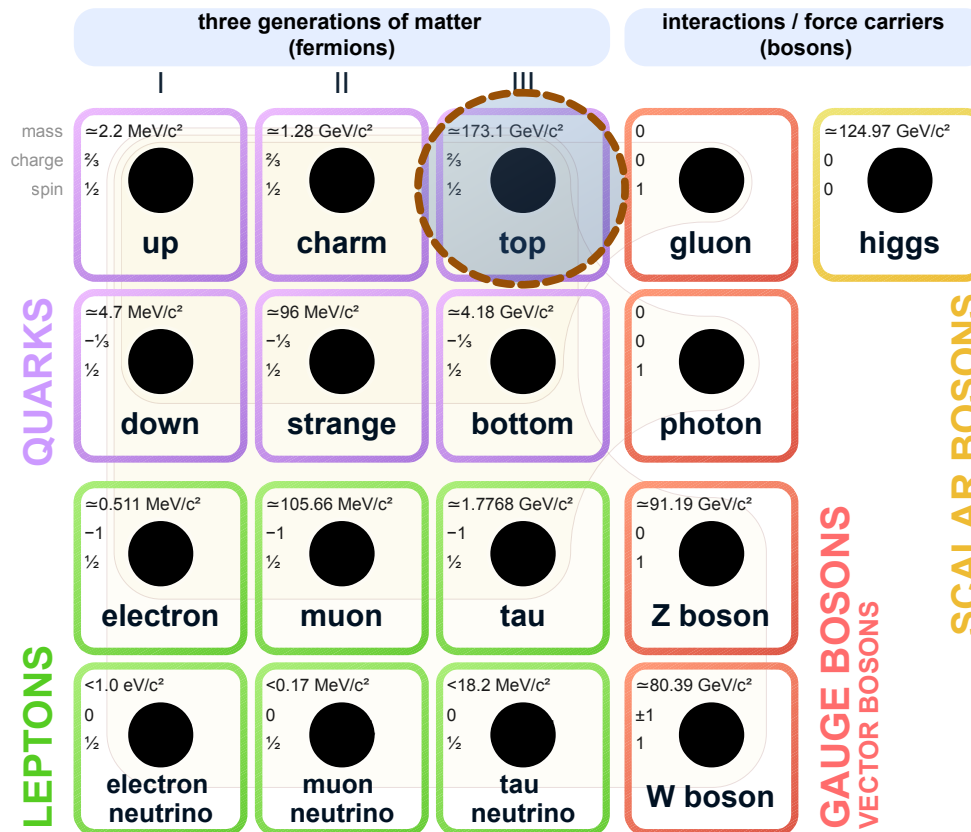
Highlights of top-quark physics at ATLAS

Roman Lysák
Institute of Physics, Prague

on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

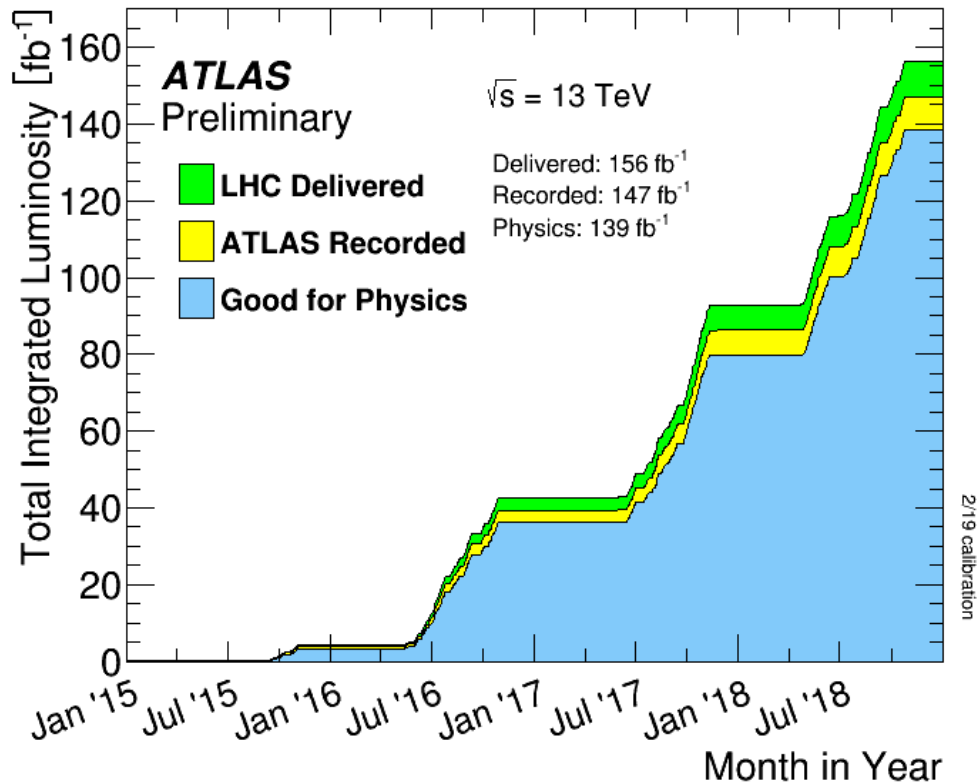
Top quark

Standard Model of Elementary Particles



- Property which makes top quark special: **a large mass**
 - Probing Standard Model (SM) at large energy scales
 - Unique role in potential extensions of SM
 - Important background in many searches for physics beyond SM

Top quark physics at LHC

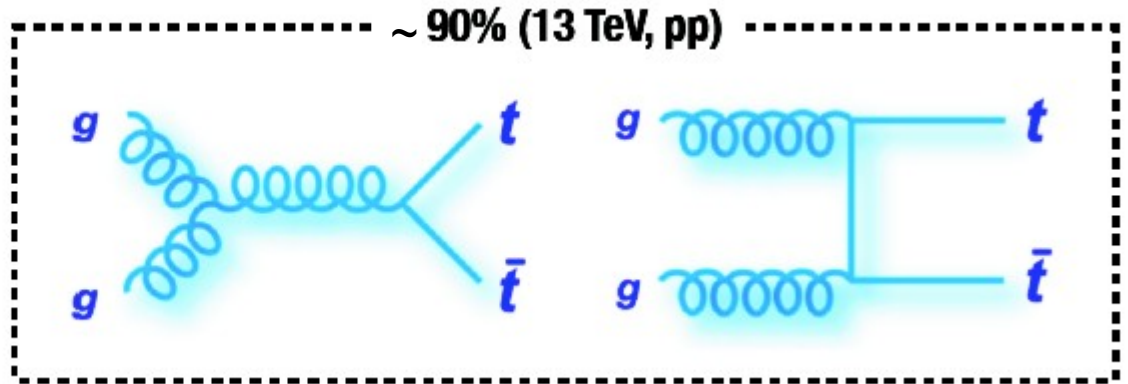
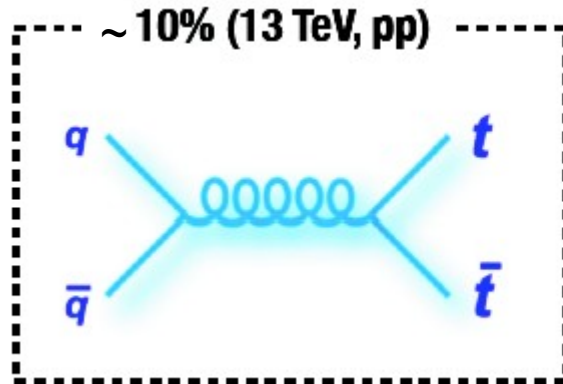


- ATLAS/CMS: ~ 120 millions of top-quark pair events predicted per experiment
 - **precise measurement** of production and properties (also differentially)
 - **searches** for rare production and new phenomena

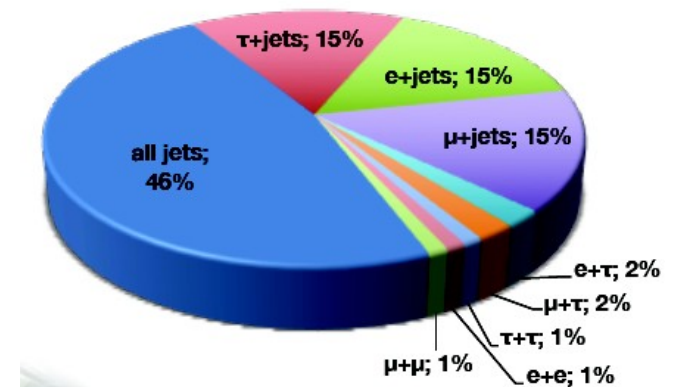
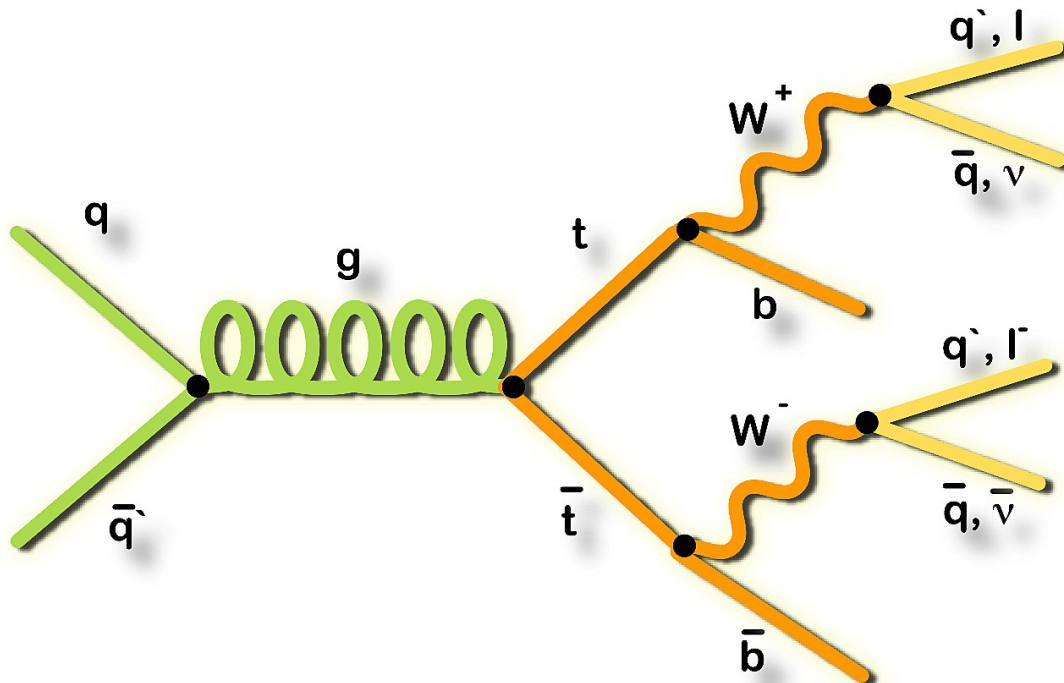
How often top quarks are produced?

Top-quark pair production

- Dominant production in pairs via strong interaction:



- Decay chain determined by W boson decays:



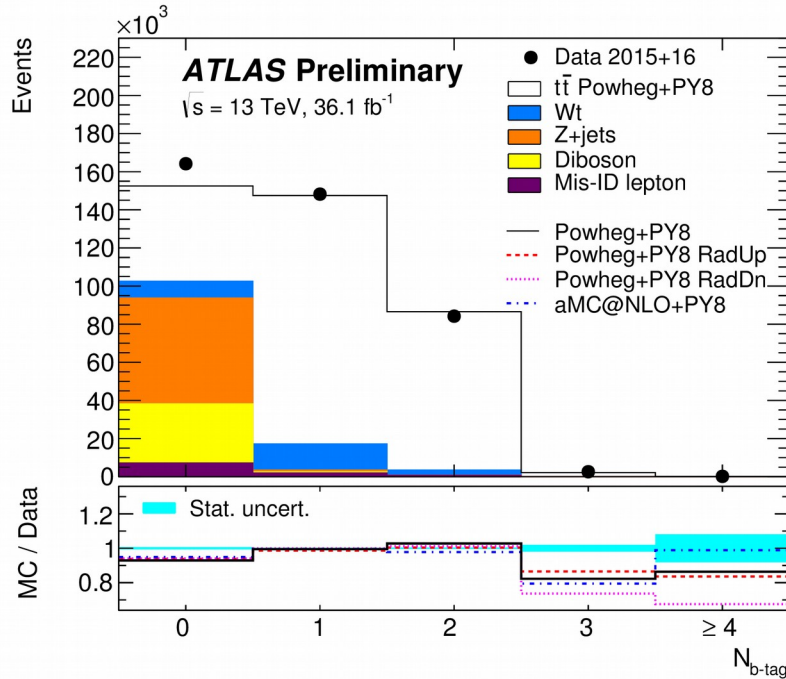
Inclusive top-quark pair cross-section

ATLAS-CONF-2019-041
ATLAS-CONF-2019-044

- Precise test of QCD at large energy scale

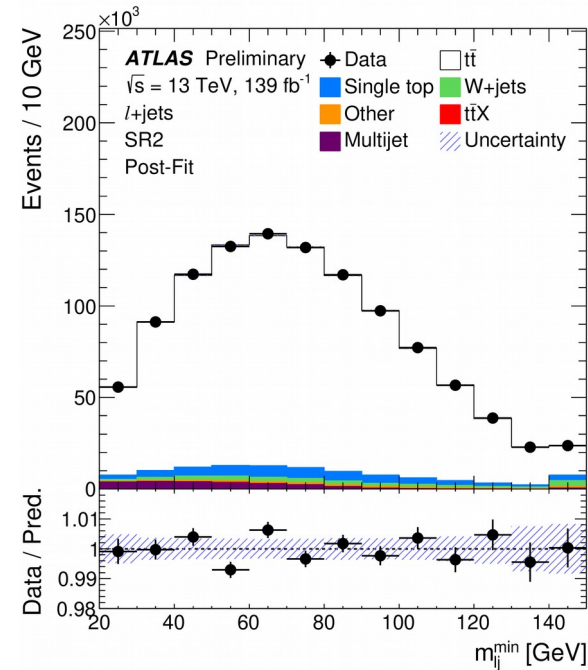
Dilepton channel:

- counting events with b-jets
- analyse 2015 and 2016 data separately



lepton+jets channel:

- fit to various distributions with small sensitivity to $t\bar{t}$ modelling



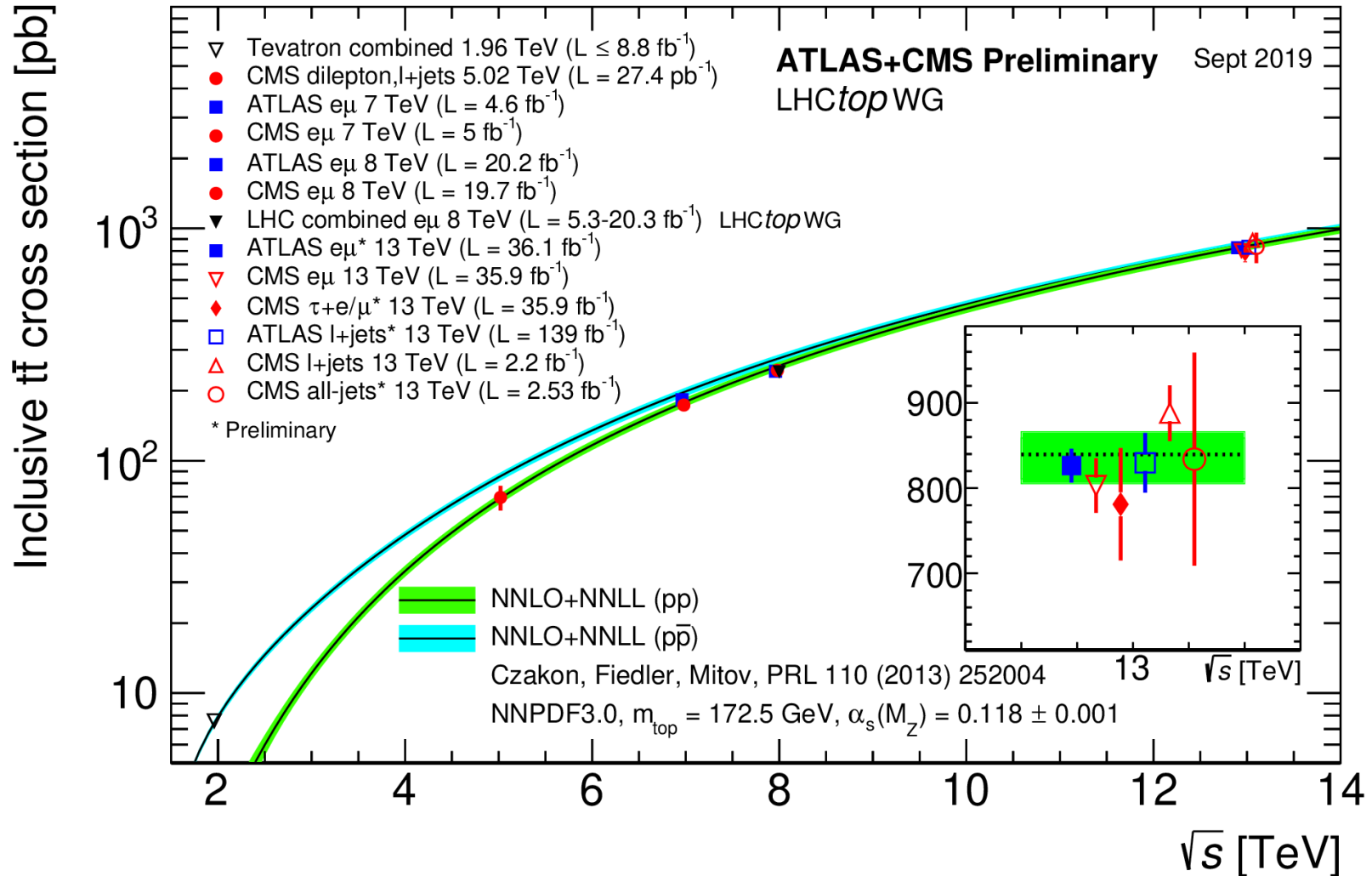
$$\sigma(dil) = 826.4 \pm 3.6 (stat.) \pm 11.5 (syst.) \pm 15.7 (lumi.) \pm 1.9 (beam) pb \quad 2.4\%$$

$$\sigma(l+jets) = 830.4 \pm 0.4 (stat.) \begin{matrix} +38.2 \\ -37.0 \end{matrix} (syst.) pb \quad 4.6\%$$

Theory prediction:

$$\sigma(NNLO+NNLL) = 832 \begin{matrix} +20 \\ -29 \end{matrix} (scale) \pm 35 (PDF + \alpha_s) pb \quad \begin{matrix} +4.8\% \\ -5.5\% \end{matrix}$$

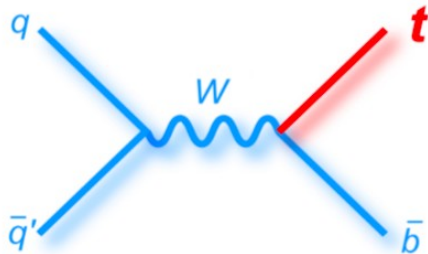
Summary of top-quark pair cross-section



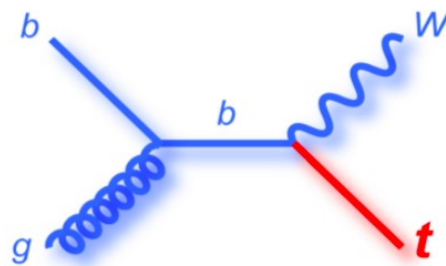
Single-top quark production

- production via electro-weak interaction:

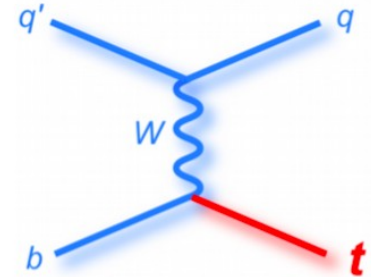
t-channel (~75% at LHC)



tW (~20% at LHC)



s-channel (~5% at LHC)



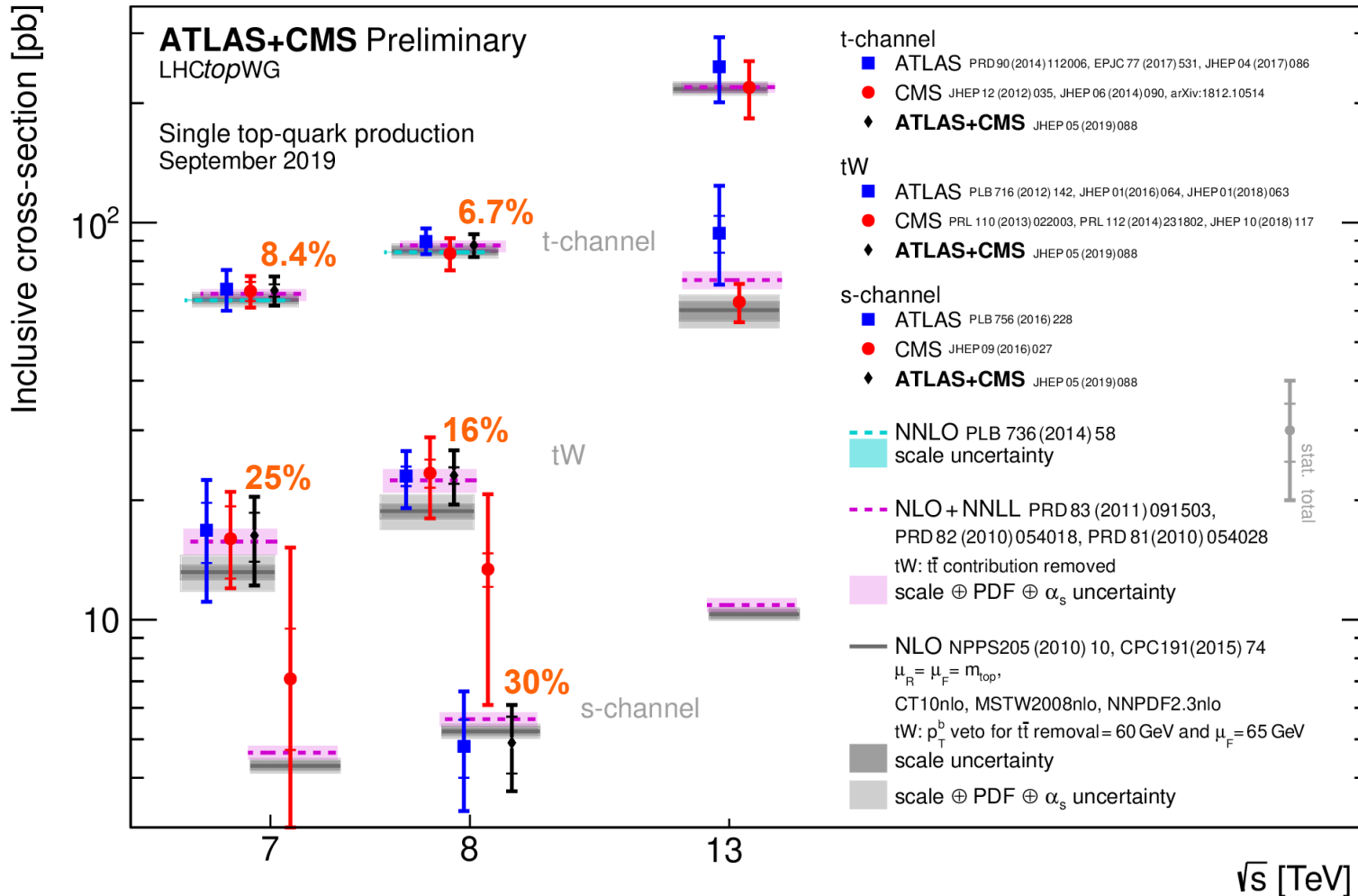
- Motivation to measure:

- SM single-top quark cross-section directly depends on element of CKM matrix $|V_{tb}|$
- Sensitivity to new physics mechanisms could be different compared to top pair production

Summary of single-top cross-sections

JHEP 05 (2019) 088

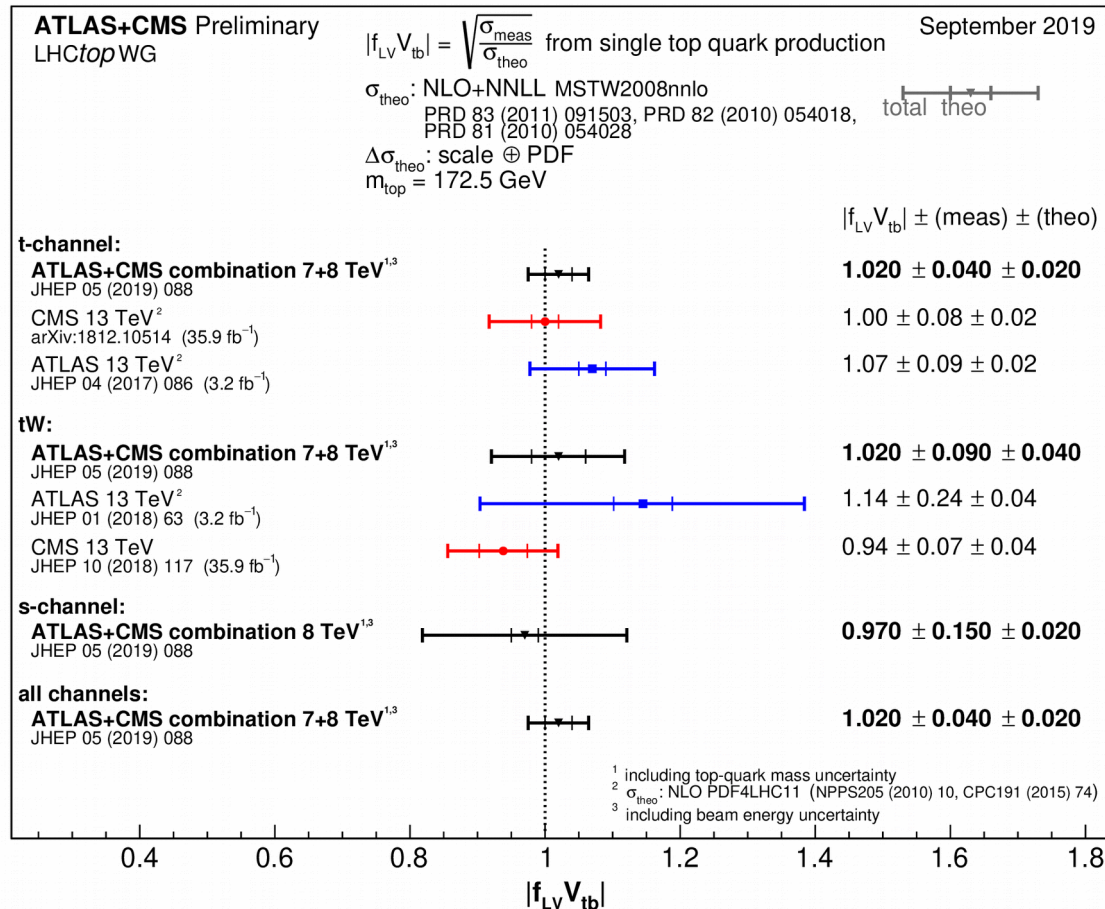
- Combination of ATLAS+CMS for each production channel at both Run 1 center-of-mass energies (7 and 8 TeV)
 - Uncertainties larger than theory prediction uncertainties (4-8%)



s-channel challenging, still not observed at LHC (only evidence at ATLAS)

Measurement of CKM matrix element V_{tb}

- single-top quark cross-section depends quadratically on $|V_{tb}| \rightarrow |f_{LV}V_{tb}| = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{\text{meas.}}}{\sigma_{\text{theo.}} (V_{tb}=1)}}$
- It is a direct measurement



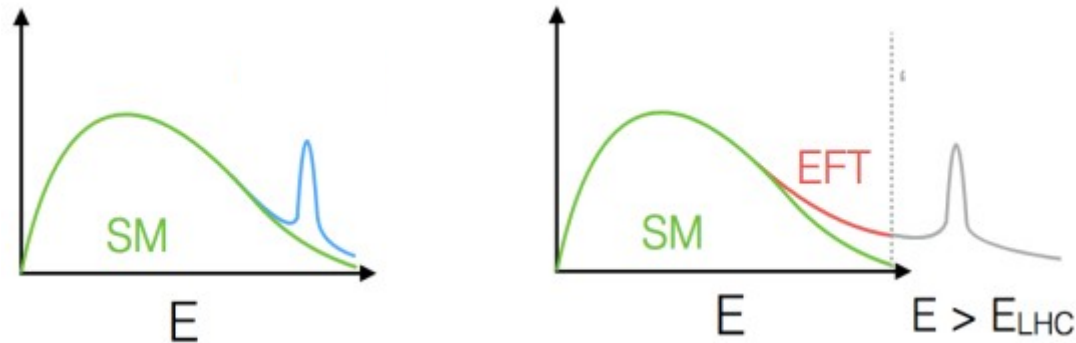
f_{LV} : form factor
parametrising possible
anomalous couplings

In SM: $f_{LV} = 1.0$

SM: $V_{tb} \simeq 1.0$

3.7%

What is kinematics of top quarks?

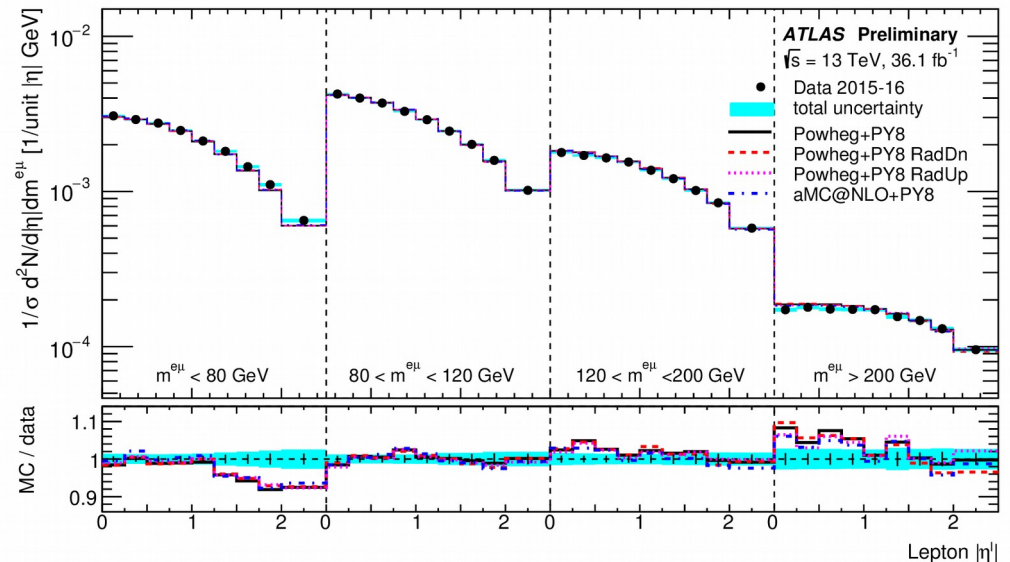
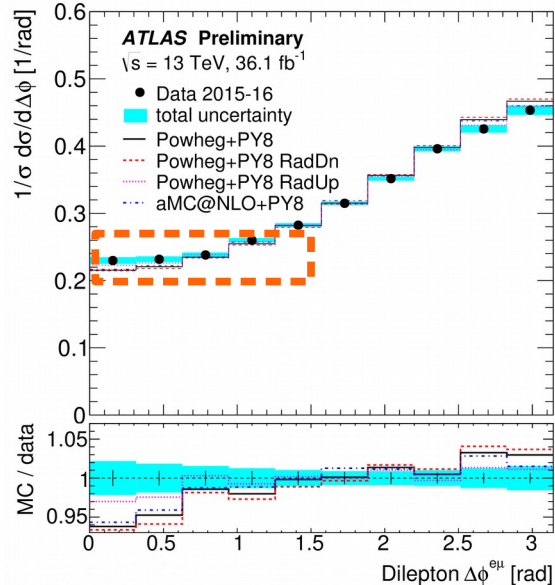
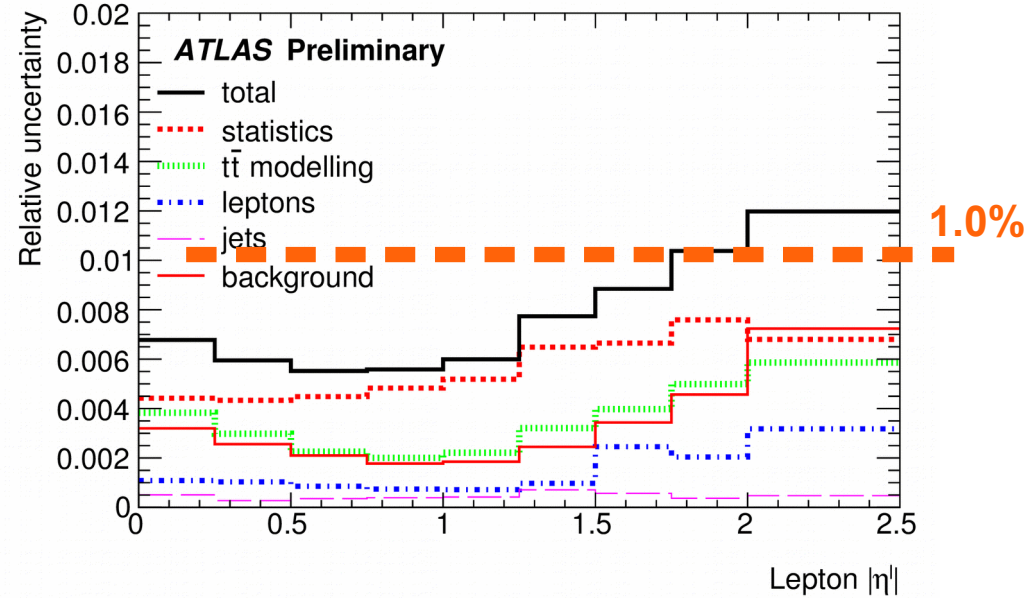
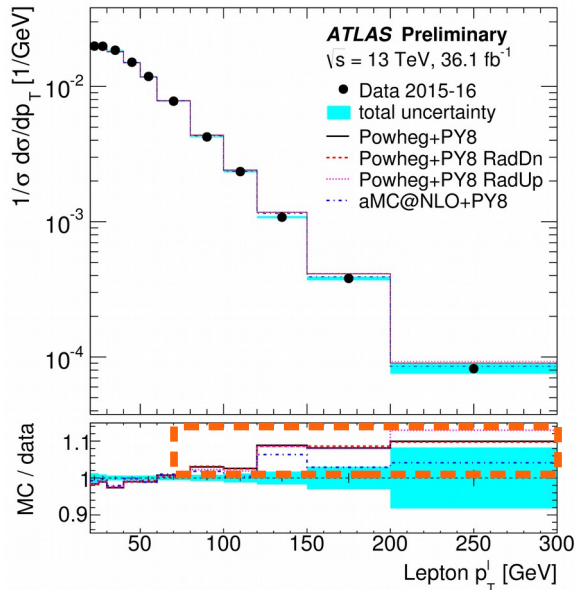


- Measuring dependence of cross-section on kinematic variables
 - Is more detailed test of SM compared to inclusive cross-section
 - Can reveal new physics in some region while not visibly changing inclusive cross-section
 - Helps to improve the simulation of $t\bar{t}$ production: MC generators tuning, PDF
 - Allows to measure SM parameters (top mass, α_s) and effective field theory couplings

Differential cross-sections in dilepton channel

ATLAS-CONF-2019-041

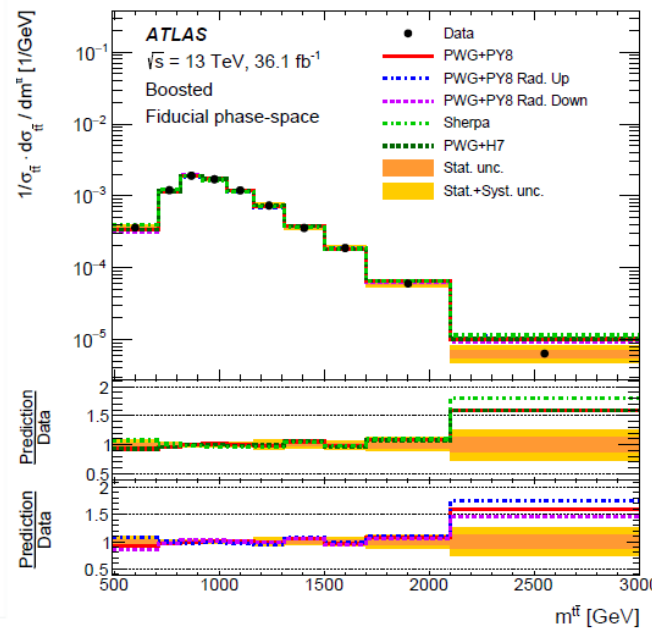
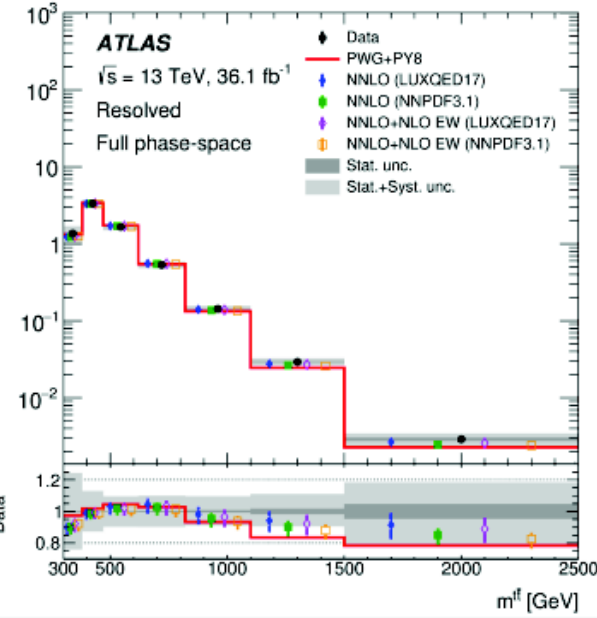
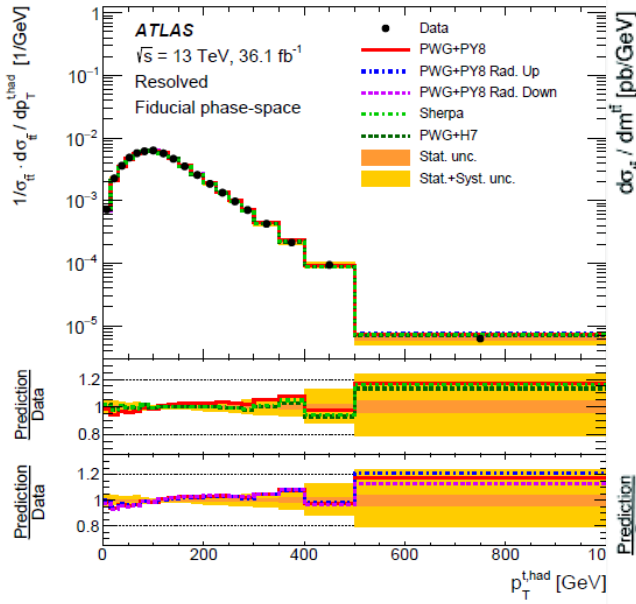
- Measured precisely various lepton variables (p_T , $|\eta|$) and their 2D combinations



Differential cross-sections in l+jets channel

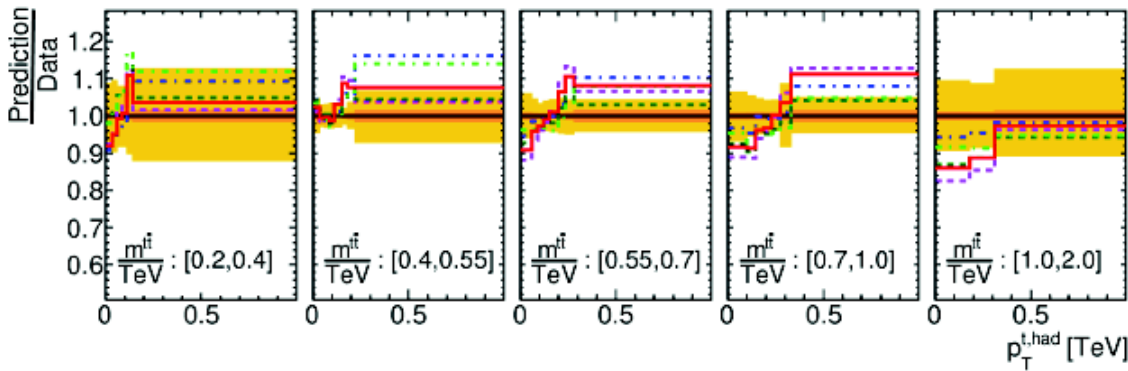
arXiv:1908.07305

- Measured lots of top and tbar kinematics in resolved and boosted topologies



ATLAS
 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 Resolved
 Fiducial phase-space
 Normalised cross-section

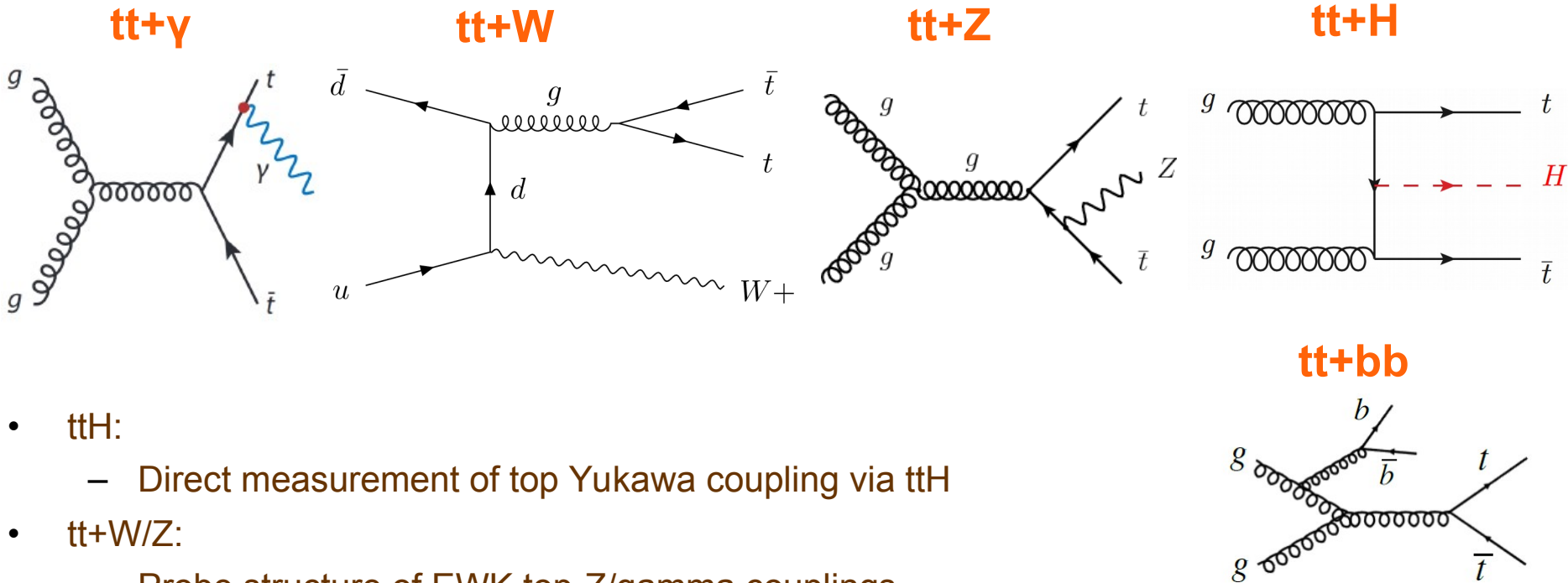
Legend:
 - - - PWG+PY8
 - - - Stat Only
 - - - PWG+PY8 Rad. Up
 - - - PWG+PY8 Rad. Down
 - - - PWG+H7
 - - - Sherpa
 - - - Stat.+Syst. unc.
 - - - Data



- Parton level: agreement improved for NNLO prediction comparing to NLO+PS
- Particle level:
 - 1D mostly o.k., not 2D
 - In boosted regime: normalization discrepancy

Special production of top quarks?

Top quark production with electro-weak bosons and jets

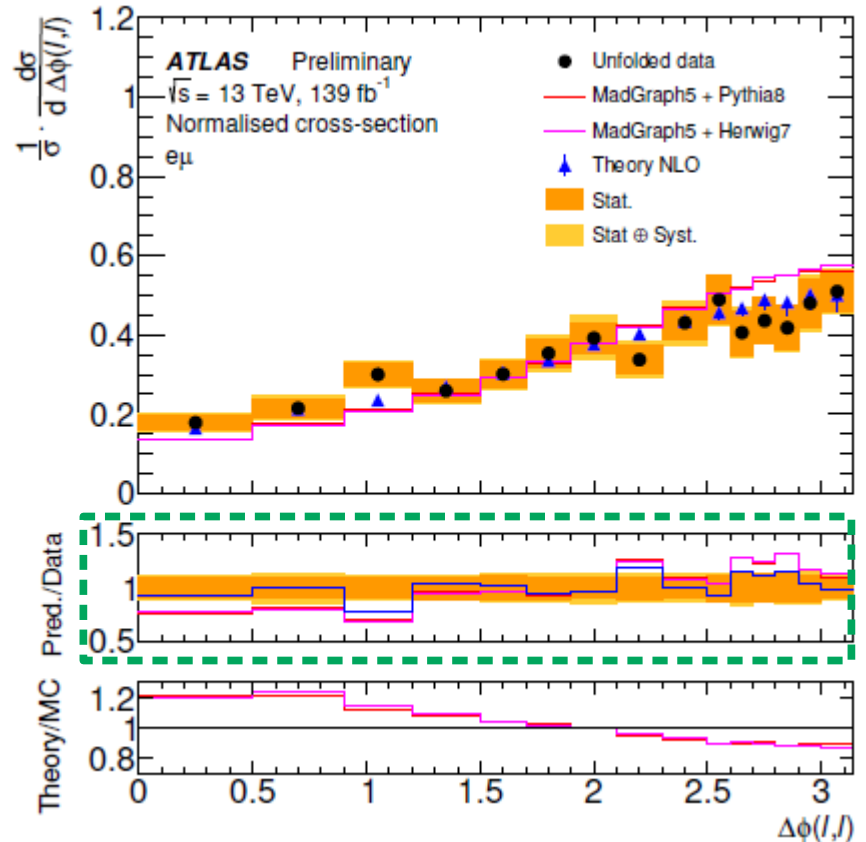
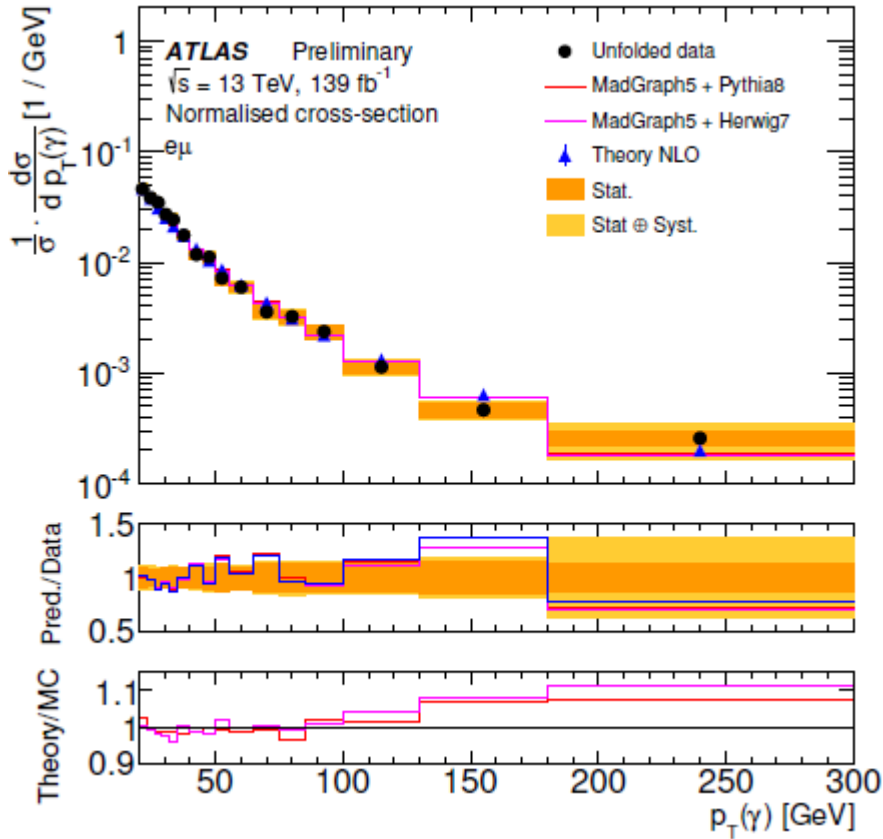


- **ttH:**
 - Direct measurement of top Yukawa coupling via ttH
- **tt+W/Z:**
 - Probe structure of EWK top-Z/gamma couplings
 - Important background for ttH and BSM searches
- **tt+bb** important background for ttH

ttbar + photon

ATLAS-CONF-2019-042

- Probes top-photon coupling, enhanced charge asymmetry
- Measuring inclusive and differential cross-sections



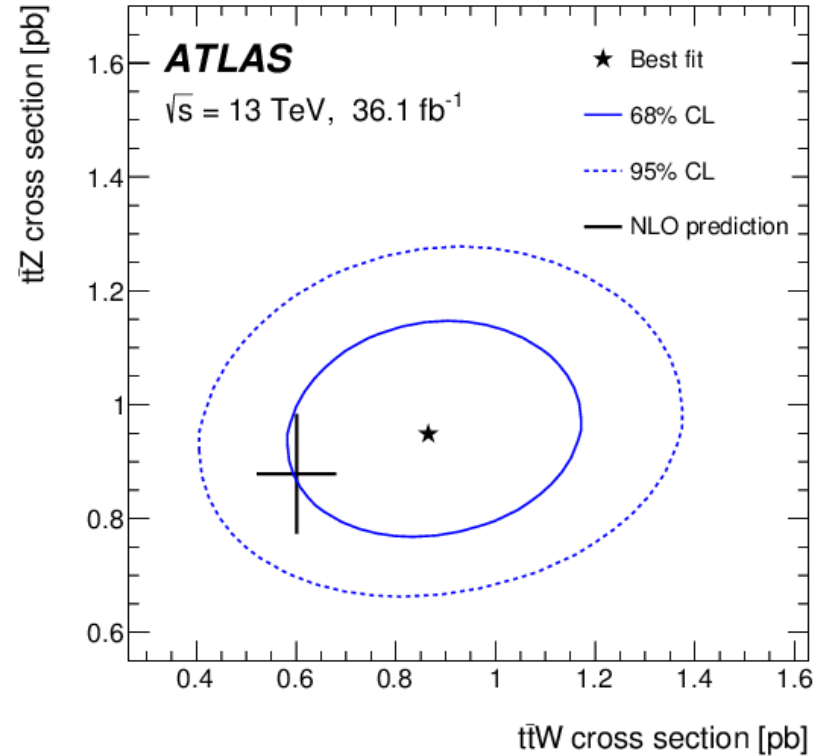
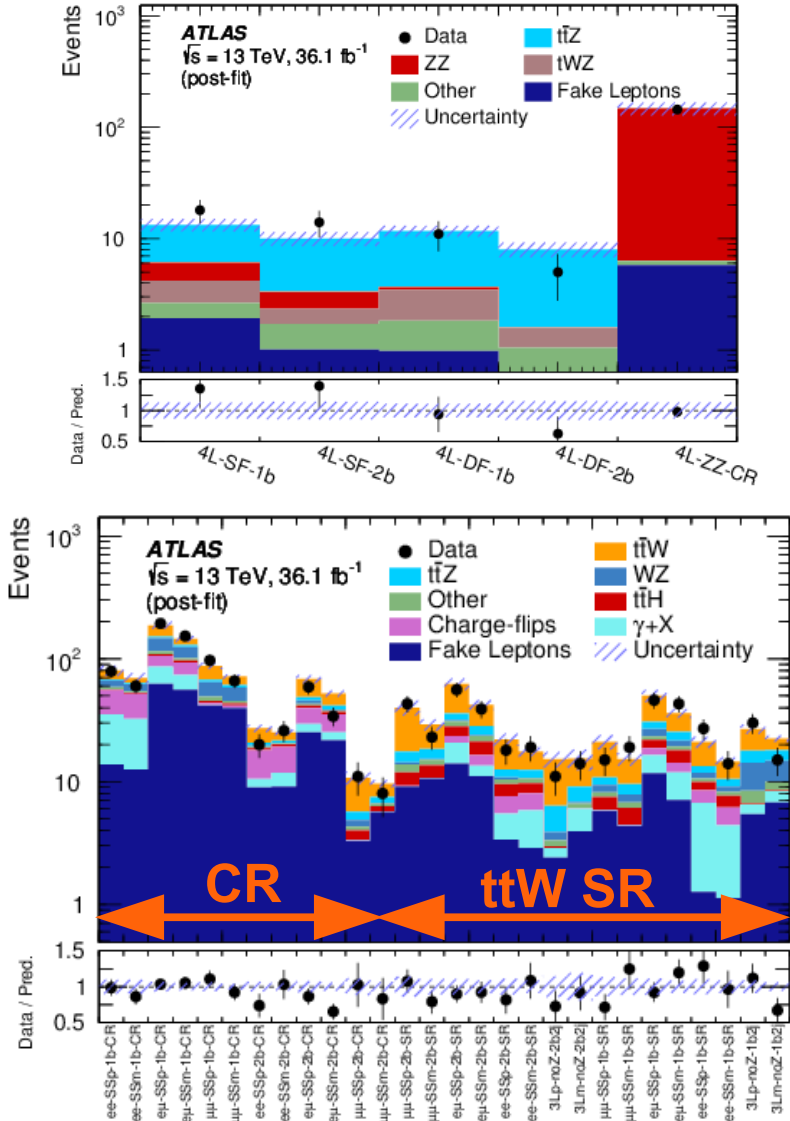
$$\sigma(tt + \text{gamma}) = 44.2 \pm 0.9 (\text{stat.}) \begin{matrix} +2.6 \\ -2.4 \end{matrix} (\text{syst.}) \text{ pb} \quad 6\%$$

$$\text{theory: } \sigma(NLO) = 39.50 \begin{matrix} +0.56 \\ -2.18 \end{matrix} (\text{scale}) \begin{matrix} +1.04 \\ -1.18 \end{matrix} \text{ pb} \quad \begin{matrix} +3\% \\ -6\% \end{matrix}$$

ttbar + W/Z

Phys. Rev. D 99 (2019) 072009

- Very sensitive to new physics
- Simultaneous fit of ttW and ttZ cross-section



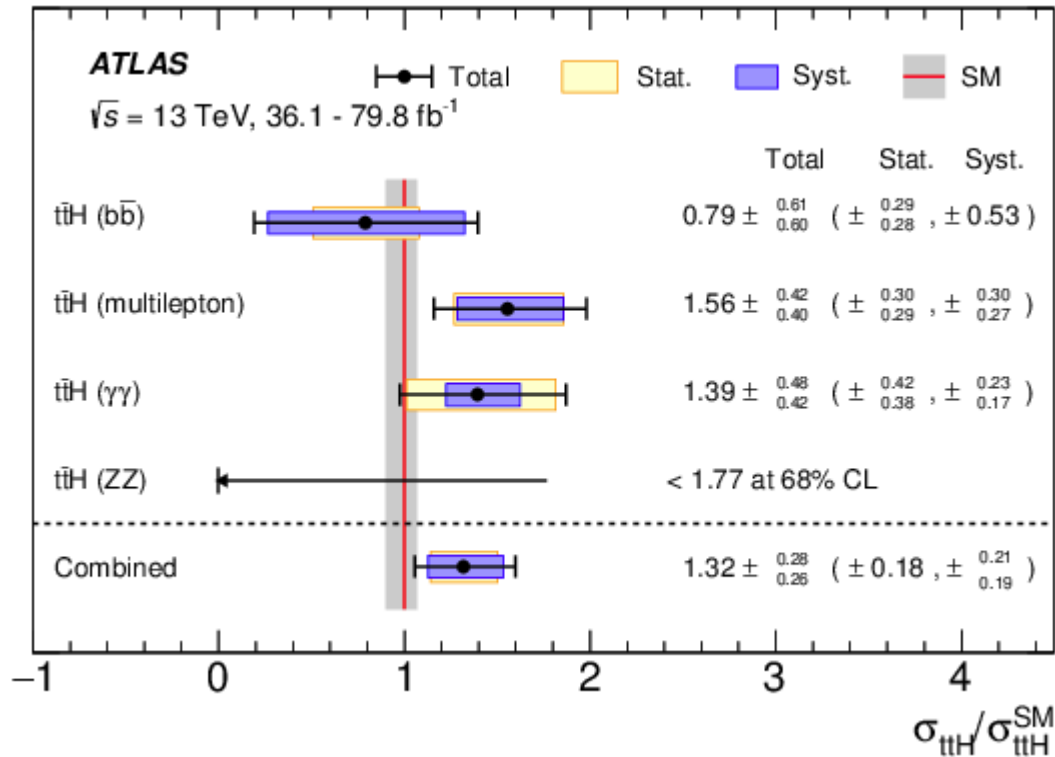
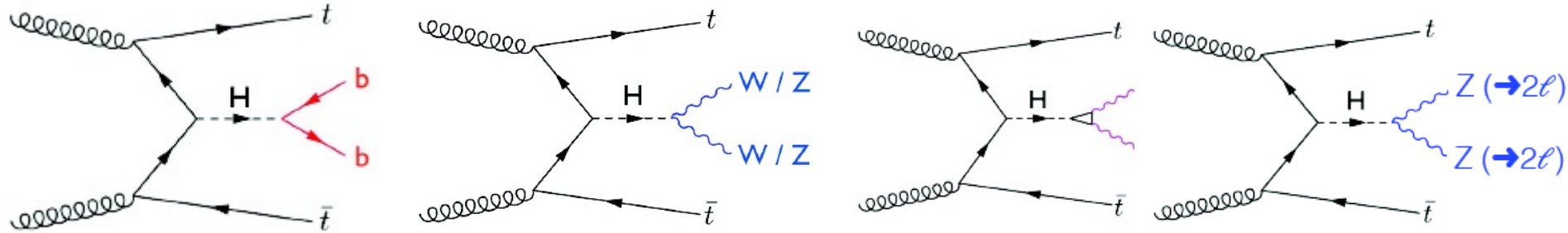
$$\sigma(ttZ) = 0.95 \pm 0.08 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.10 (\text{syst.}) \text{ pb } 13\%$$

$$\sigma(ttW) = 0.87 \pm 0.13 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.14 (\text{syst.}) \text{ pb } 22\%$$

$$\text{theory: } \sigma_{ttZ}^{NLO} = 0.88^{+0.09}_{-0.11} \text{ pb}, \sigma_{ttW}^{NLO} = 0.6^{+0.08}_{-0.07} \text{ pb } 13\%$$

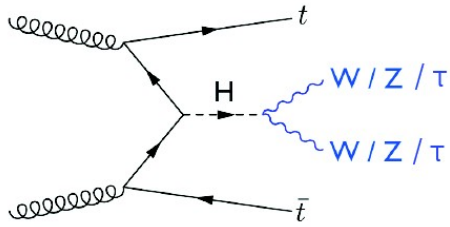
ttbar + H

Phys. Lett. B 784 (2018) 173

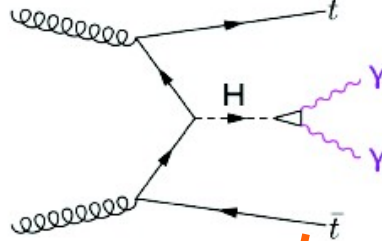


Observation (6.3σ) of $t\bar{t}H$ in combination of all channels last year

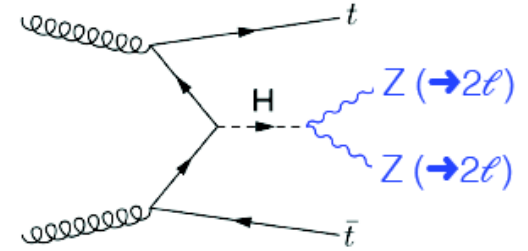
ttbar+H



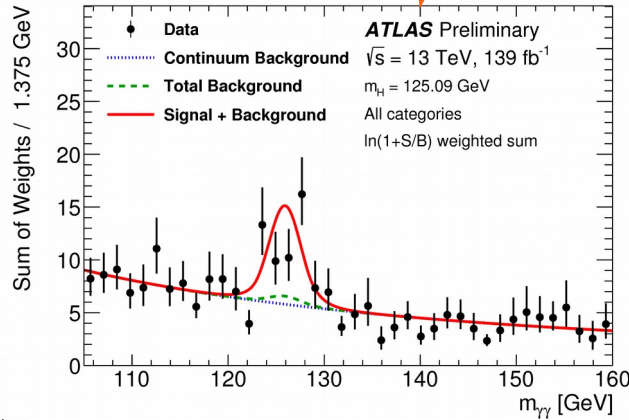
Observed/Expected significance:
 1.8σ (3.1σ)



4.9σ (4.2σ)

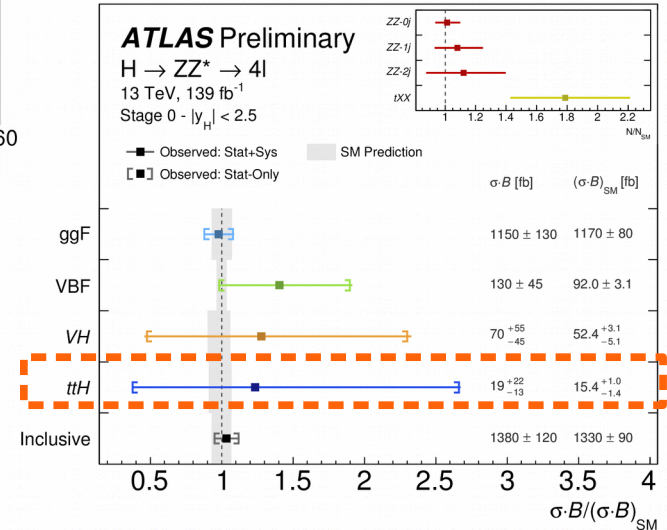
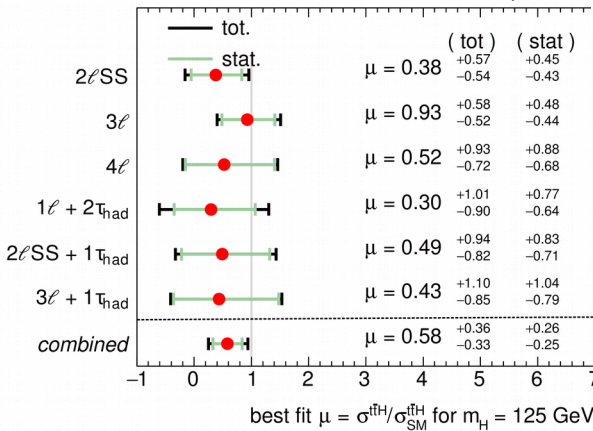


$\sim 1.3\sigma$

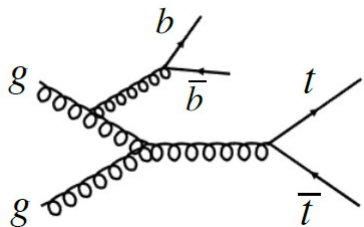


Observation of ttH
 in $ttH \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$!

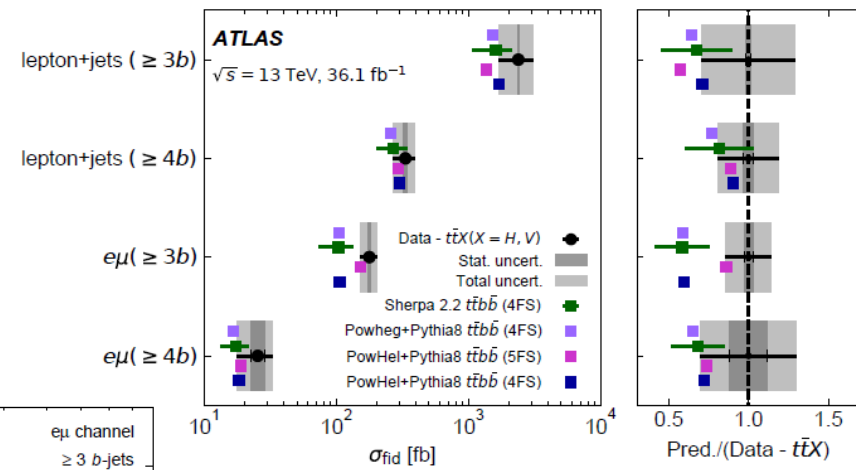
ATLAS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, 79.9 fb^{-1}



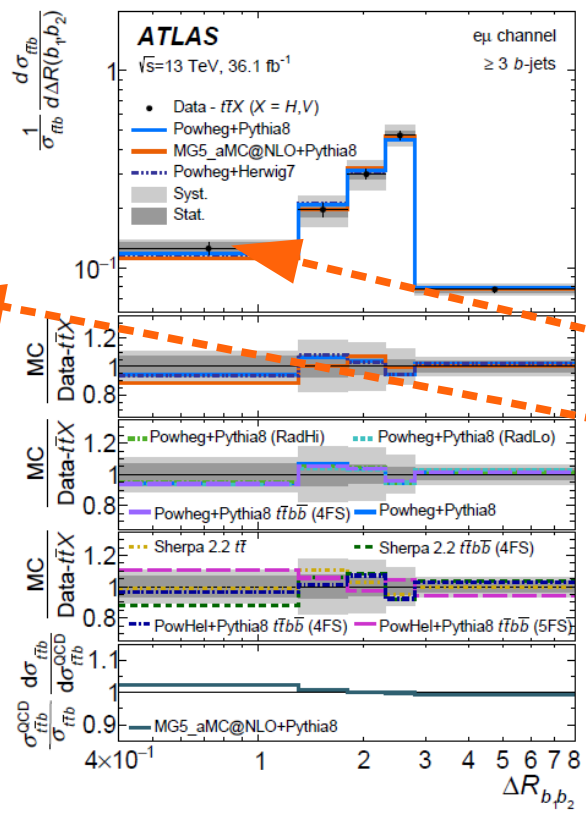
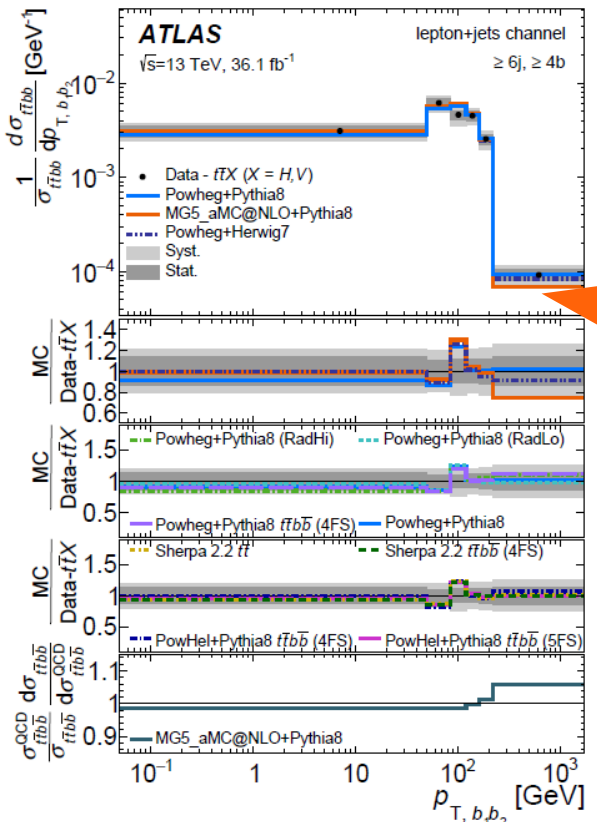
ttbar + bbbar



- Large uncertainties in theory (NLO) predictions (25-30%)
- Important background for ttH and many searches

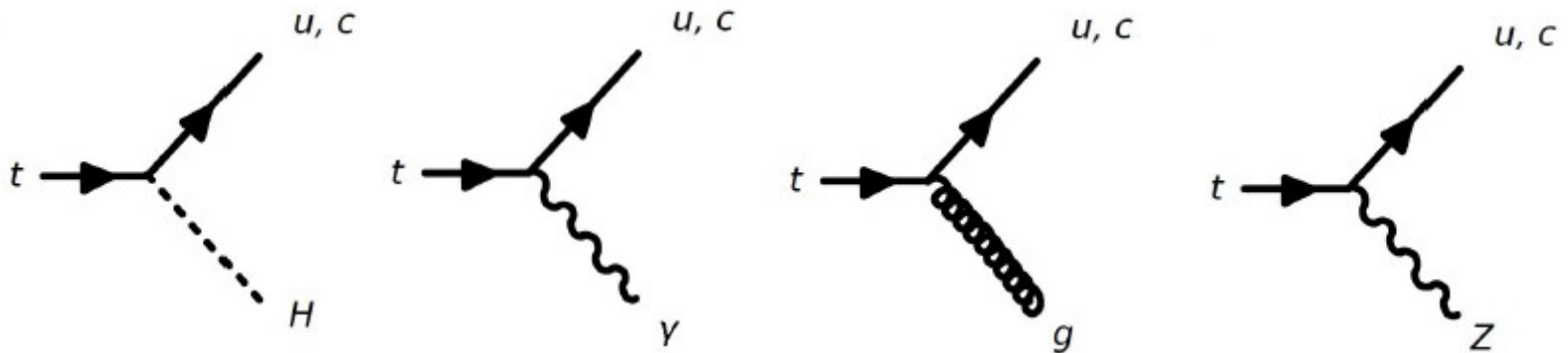


Inclusive measurements higher than various predictions



Testing b-jets from gluon splitting and from top quark production

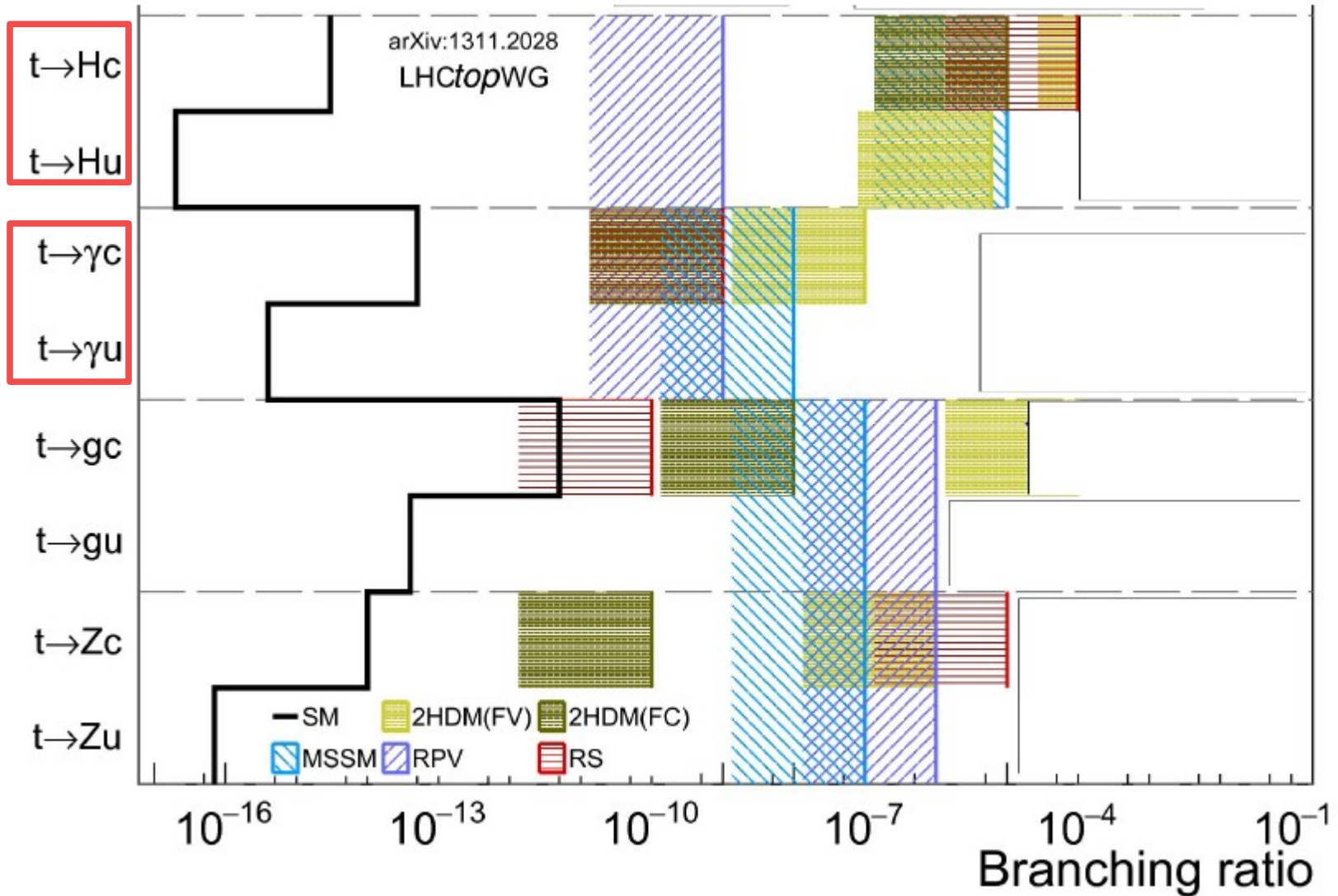
Special decay of top quark?



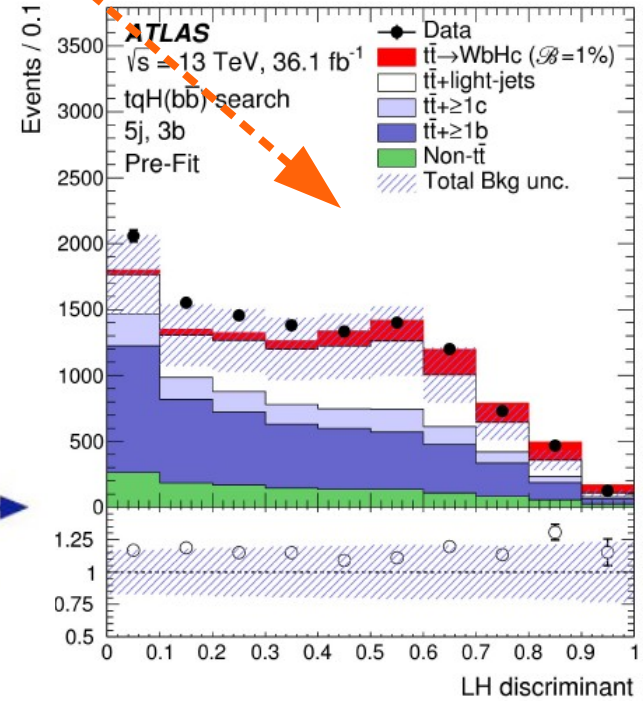
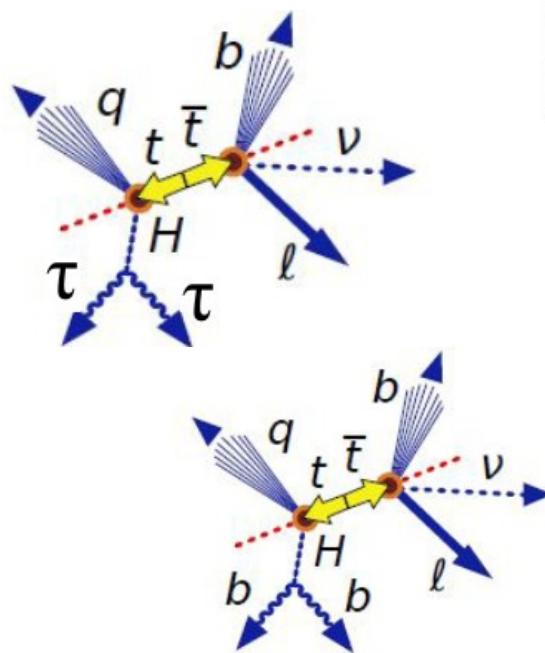
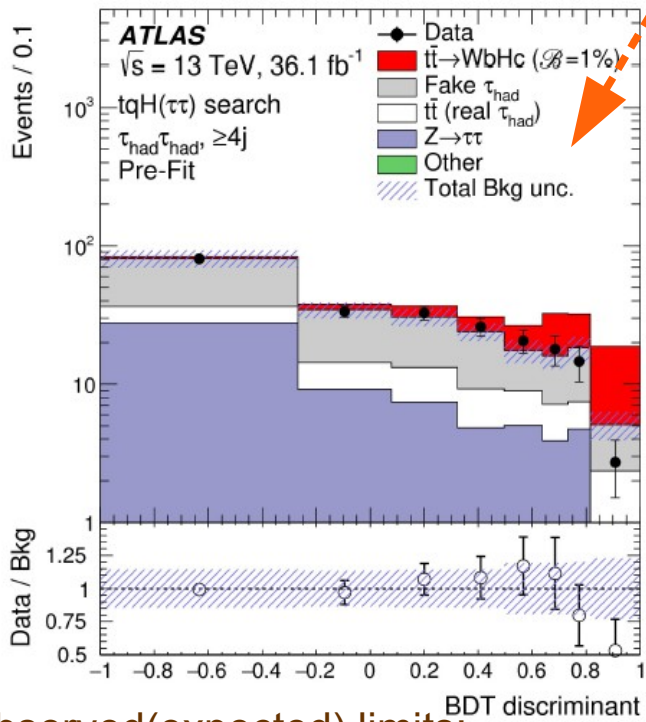
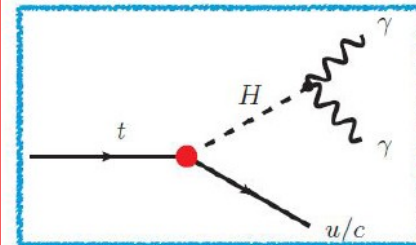
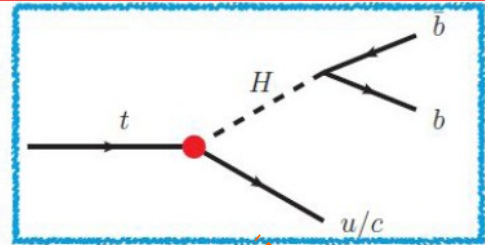
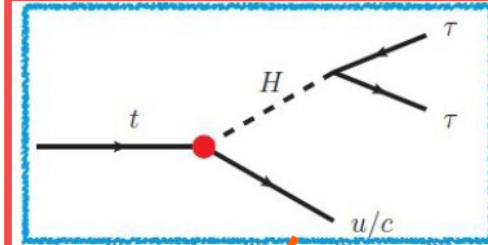
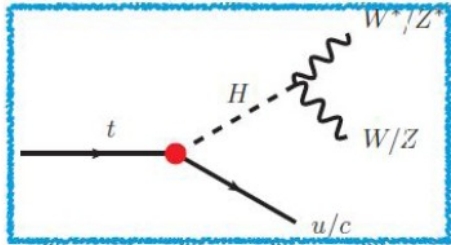
→ top quark searches for flavor-changing neutral currents

Flavor Changing Neutral Currents (FCNC)

- FCNC extremely rare in Standard Model
 - Significantly enhanced in various SM extensions



tqH vertex



observed(expected) limits:

$$BR(t \rightarrow Hu) < 1.7(2.0) \times 10^{-3}$$

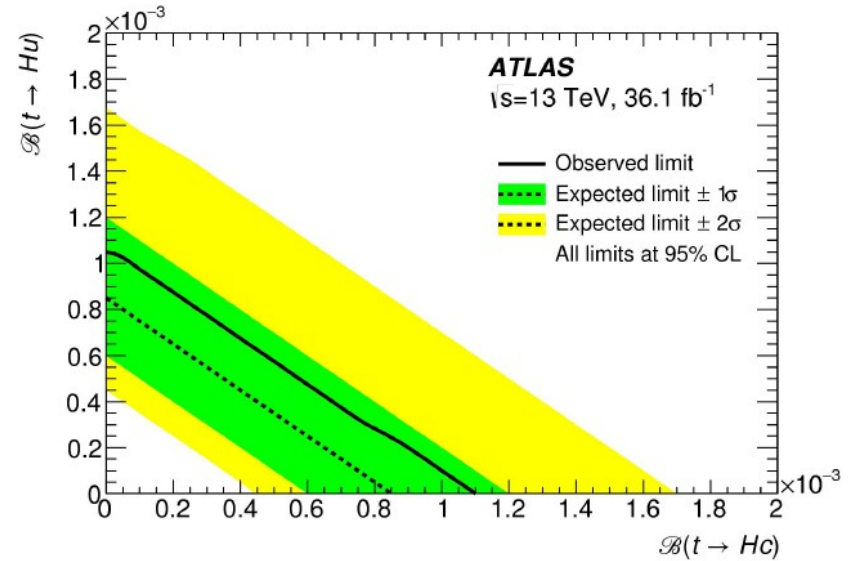
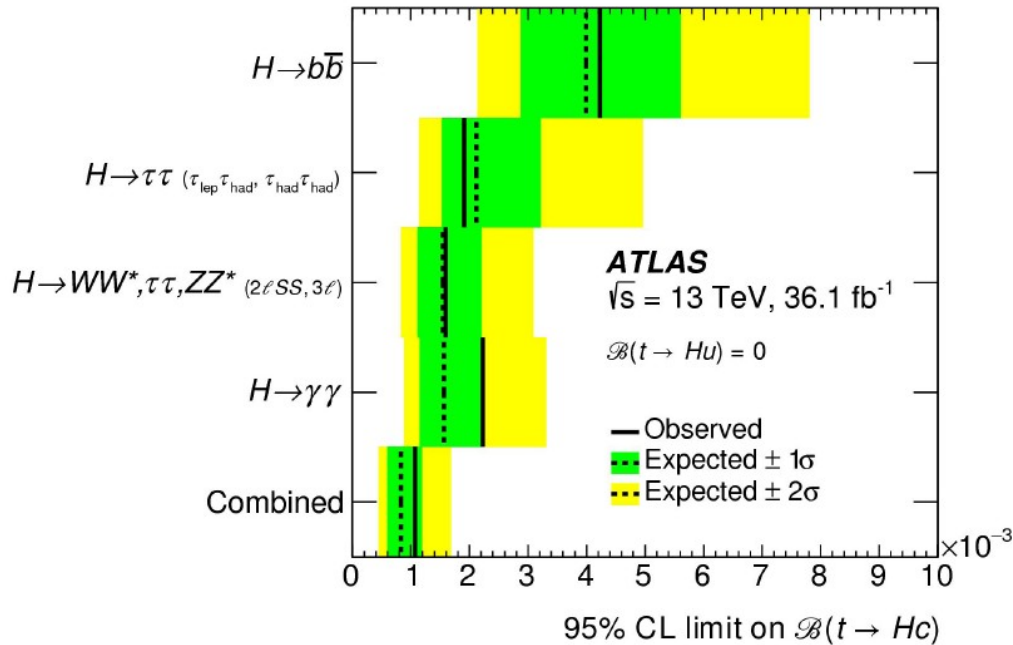
$$BR(t \rightarrow Hc) < 1.9(2.1) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow Hu) < 5.2(4.9) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow Hc) < 4.2(4.0) \times 10^{-3}$$

Combination of tqH FCNC searches

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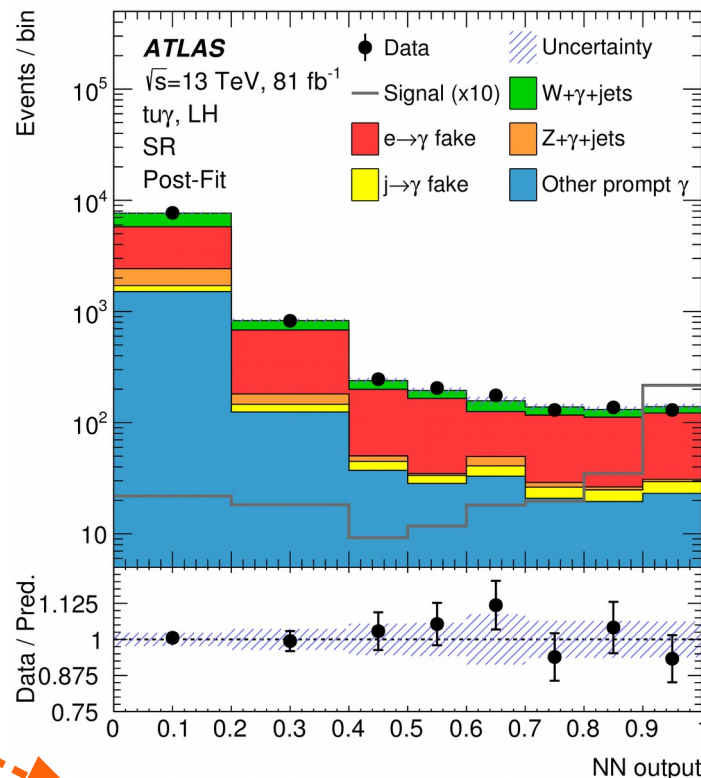
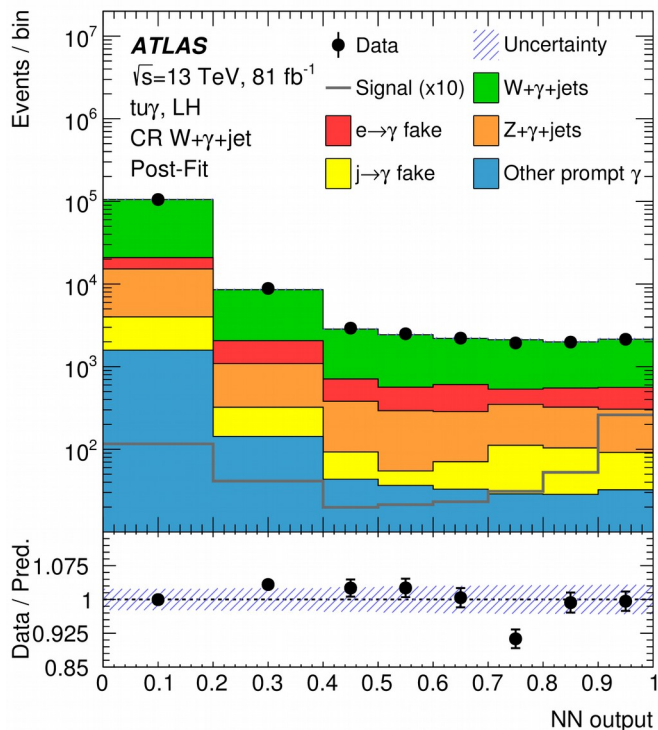
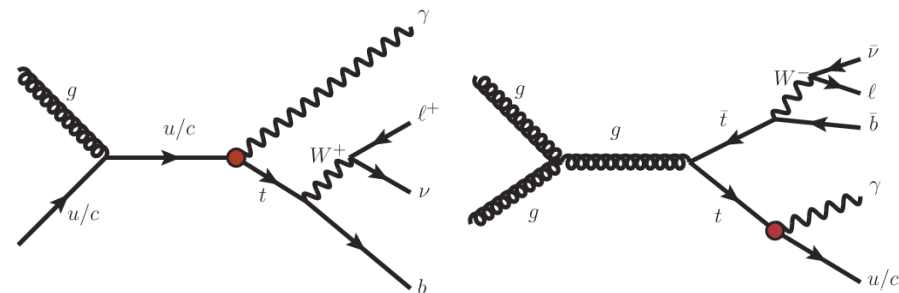
$$BR(t \rightarrow Hu) < 1.2 (0.83) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow Hc) < 1.1 (0.83) \times 10^{-3}$$

tqγ vertex

arXiv:1908.08461

- Both production and decay modes considered
- Simultaneous fit of signal and W/Z+gamma+jets

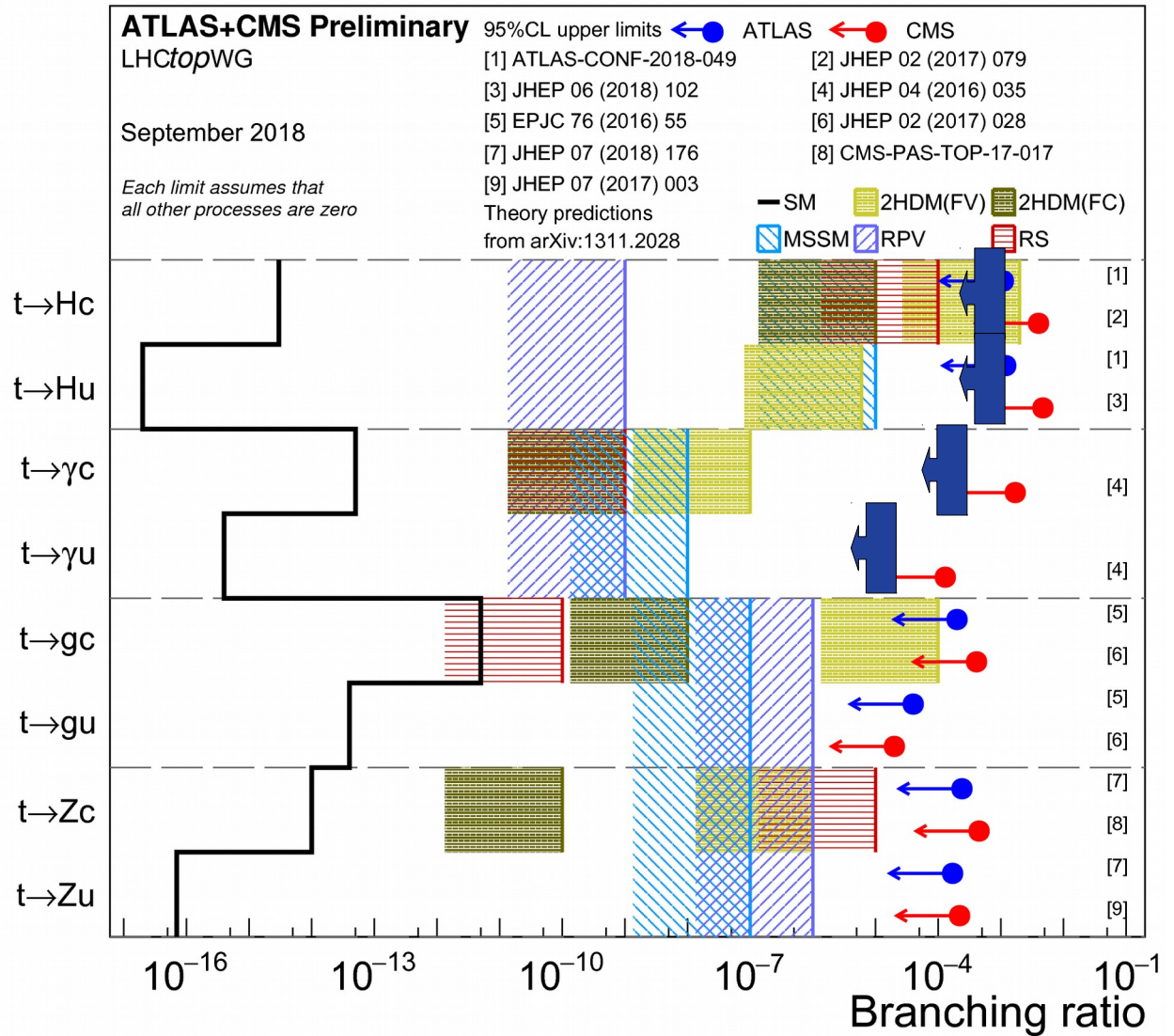


Observable	Vertex	Coupling	Obs.	Exp.
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow q\gamma) [10^{-5}]$	$tu\gamma$	LH	2.8	$4.0^{+1.6}_{-1.1}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow q\gamma) [10^{-5}]$	$tu\gamma$	RH	6.1	$5.9^{+2.4}_{-1.6}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow q\gamma) [10^{-5}]$	$tc\gamma$	LH	22	27^{+11}_{-7}
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow q\gamma) [10^{-5}]$	$tc\gamma$	RH	18	28^{+12}_{-8}

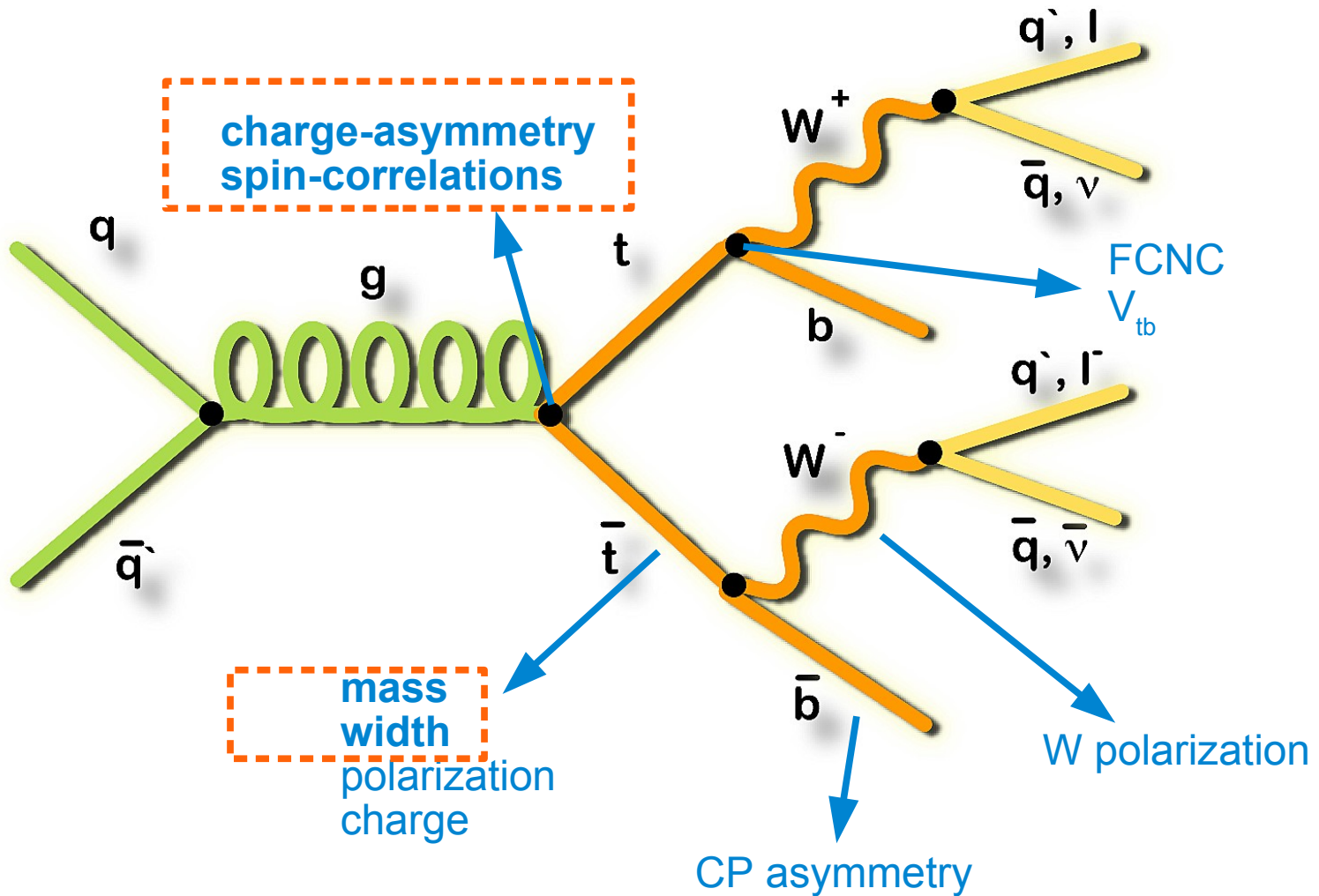
95% C.L. limits on branching ratios

Top quark FCNC summary plot

ATLAS results shown in this talk:

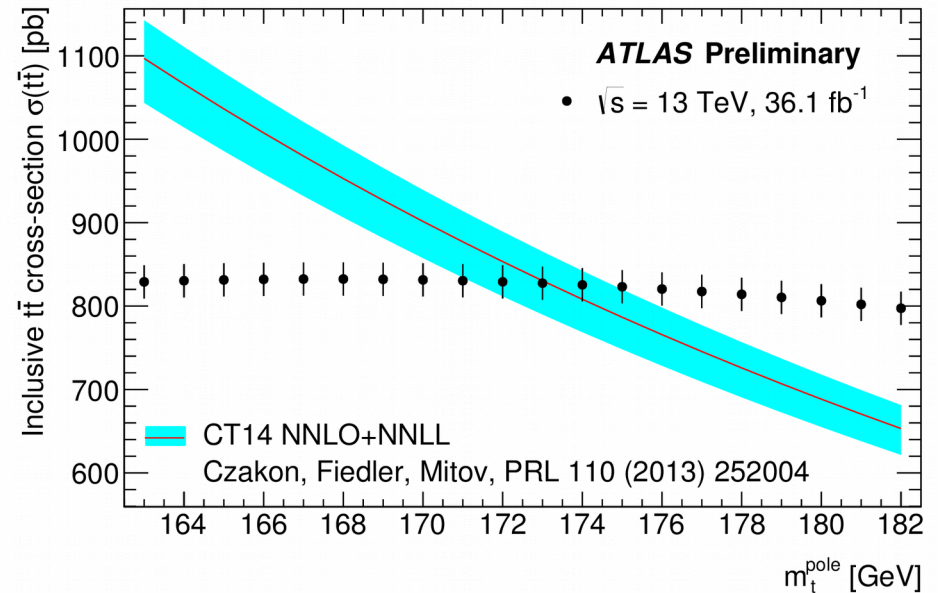
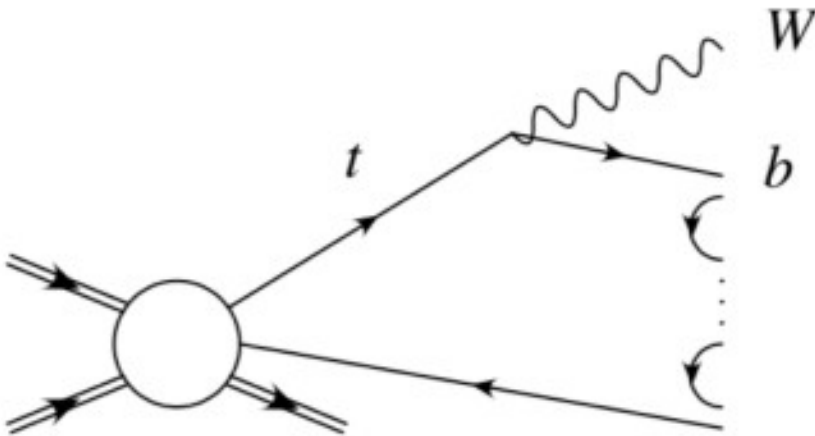


Top quark properties



Top quark mass

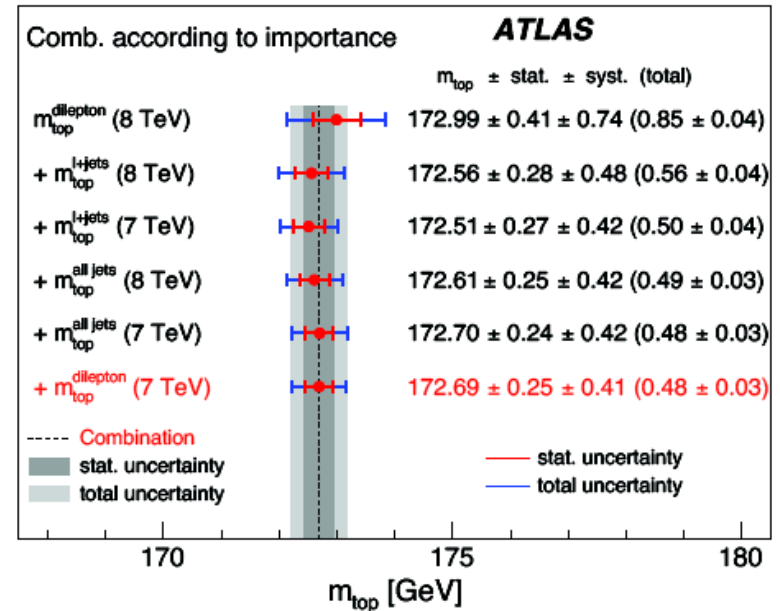
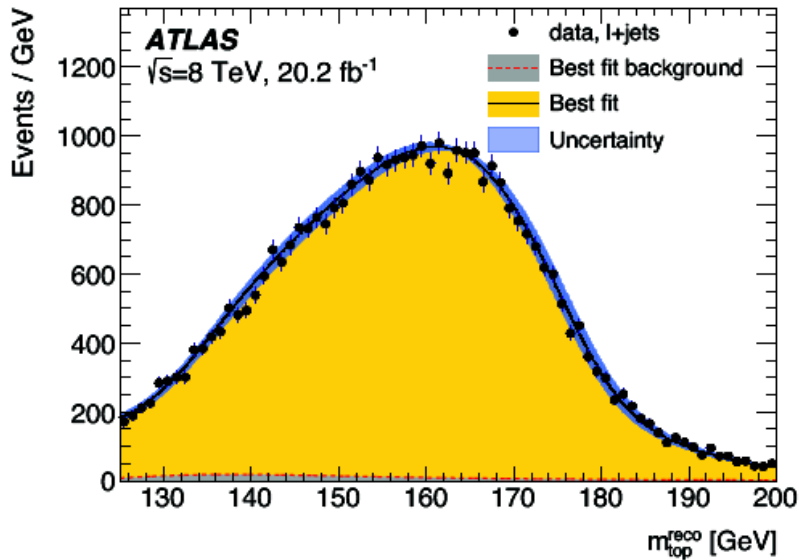
- Free parameter in SM, most of the top quark predictions depend on it
- Top quark not a free particle → what do we actually measure?
 - Direct measurements: using decay products of top quark
→ mass parameter in MC → does it corresponds to pole mass?
 - Indirect measurements: using cross-section dependence on mass
→ top pole mass



m_{top} in $l+jets$ channel and combination

EPJC 79 (2019) 290

- Template 3D (m_{top}^{reco} , m_W^{reco} , R_{bq}^{reco}) method with in situ jet and b-jet calibration
- Combined with the rest of 7 and 8 TeV measurements



$$\sigma(l+jets) = 172.08 \pm 0.39 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.82 (\text{syst.}) \text{ GeV} = 172.08 \pm 0.91 \text{ GeV} (\pm 0.53 \%)$$

$$\sigma(7+8 \text{ TeV}) = 172.69 \pm 0.25 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.41 (\text{syst.}) \text{ GeV} = 172.69 \pm 0.48 \text{ GeV} (\pm 0.28 \%)$$

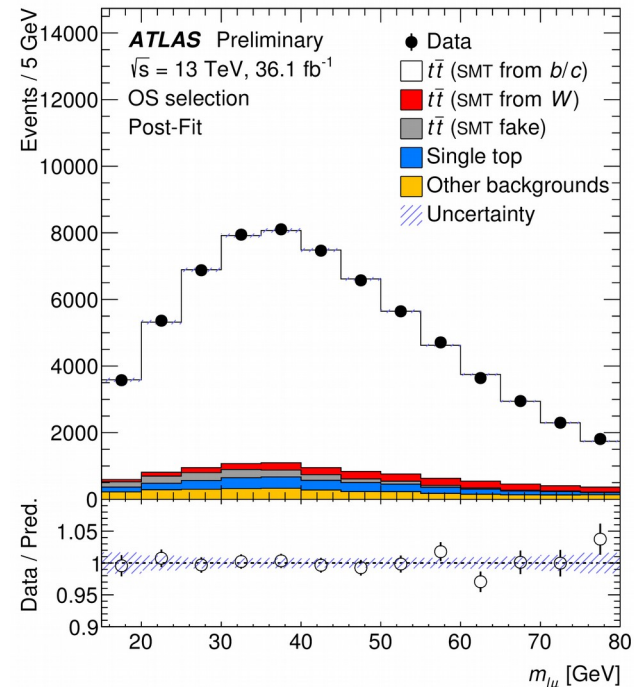
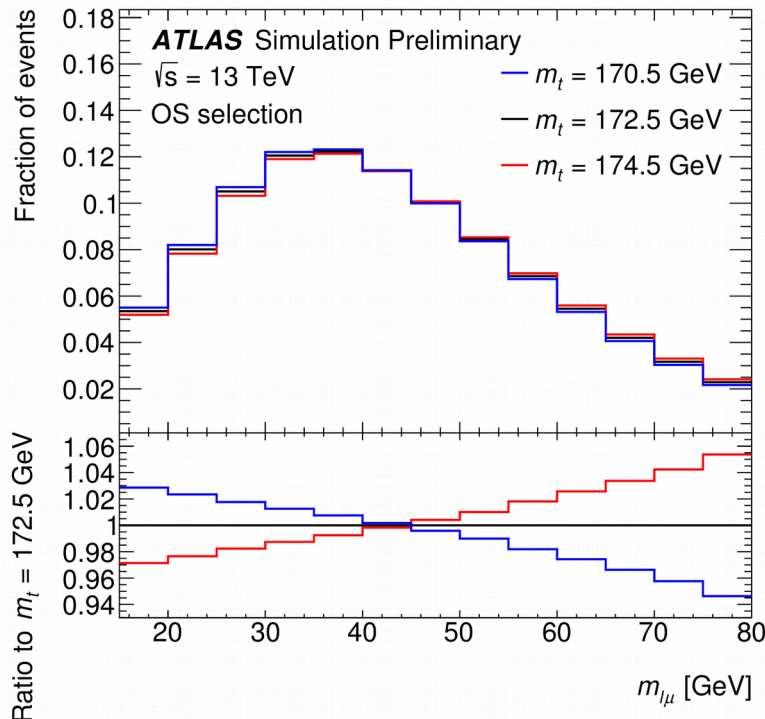
- Dominant uncertainties in combination:

JES	0.22 GeV
b-tagging	0.17 GeV
bJES	0.17 GeV

m_{top} in lepton+jets channel with soft muon

ATLAS-CONF-2019-046

- Motivation: use method where uncertainty in jet calibration not dominant
- Template method using invariant mass of lepton and soft muon (from b-decay)

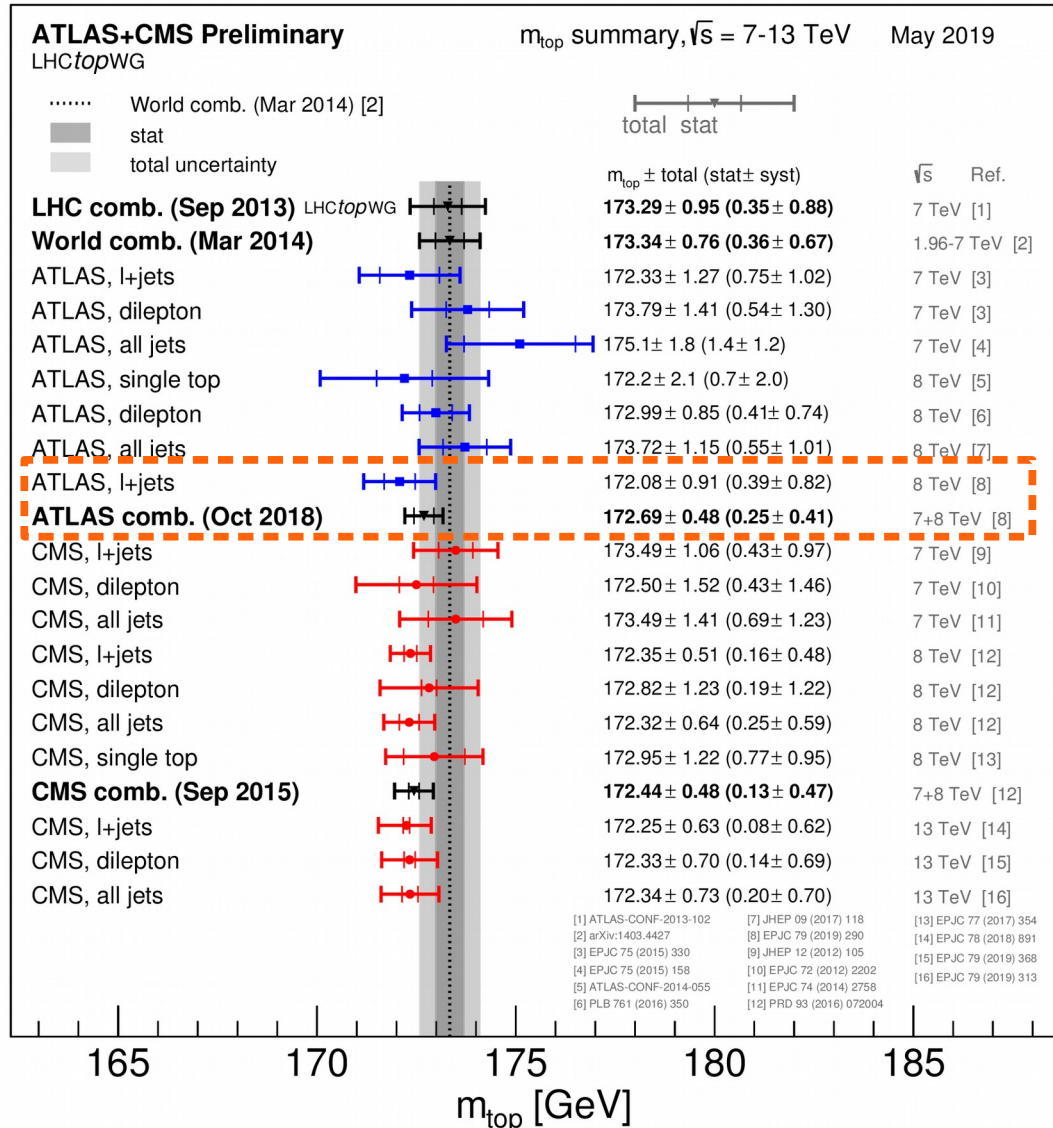


$$\sigma(l + \text{jets} + \text{soft } \mu) = 174.48 \pm 0.40 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.67 (\text{syst.}) \text{ GeV} = 174.48 \pm 0.78 \text{ GeV} (\pm 0.45 \%)$$

most precise single direct measurement in ATLAS!

- Dominant uncertainties:
 - Modeling of b/c-quark decay: 0.39 GeV
 - pile-up modeling: 0.20 GeV

Summary of direct m_{top} measurements



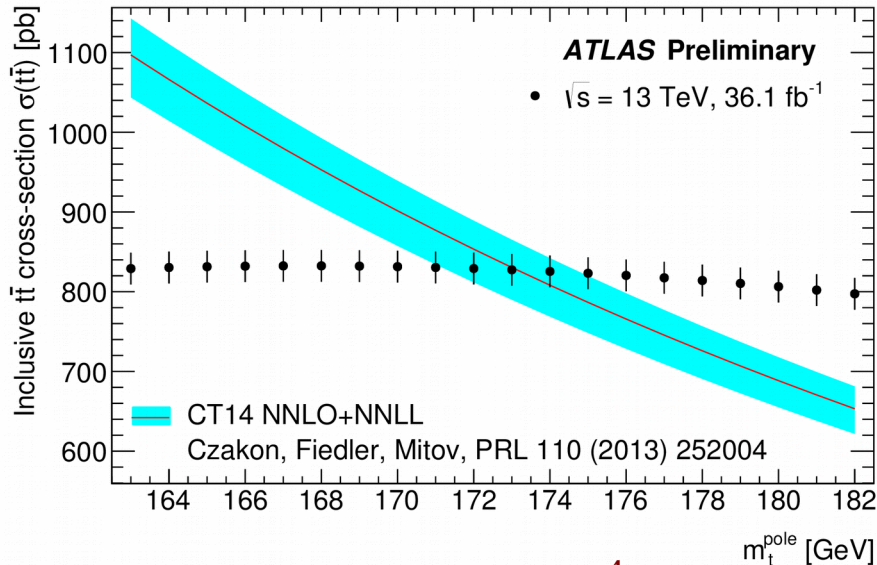
- Soft muon measurement not yet here → will help in combination

Indirect top mass measurements

ATLAS-CONF-2019-041
arXiv:1905.02302

- These are measuring the parameter used in calculations
→ top quark pole mass

- $t\bar{t}$ cross-section depends on $m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole}}$
→ use emu cross-section measurement



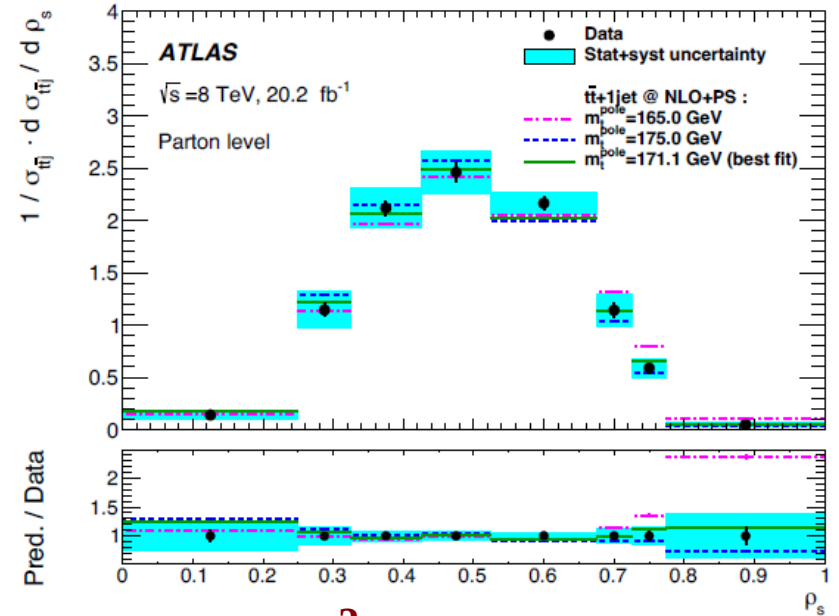
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{theory}}(m_t^{\text{pole}}) = \sigma(172.5) \left(\frac{172.5}{m_t^{\text{pole}}} \right)^4 (1 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2)$$

$$x = (m_t^{\text{pole}} - 172.5) / 172.5$$

$$m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole}}(e\mu) = 173.1 \pm 1.0 (\text{exper.})_{-1.4}^{+1.5} (\text{PDF} + \alpha_s)_{-1.5}^{+1.0} (\text{QCD scales}) \text{ GeV} \left(\begin{matrix} +2.0 \\ -2.1 \end{matrix} \text{ GeV} \right)$$

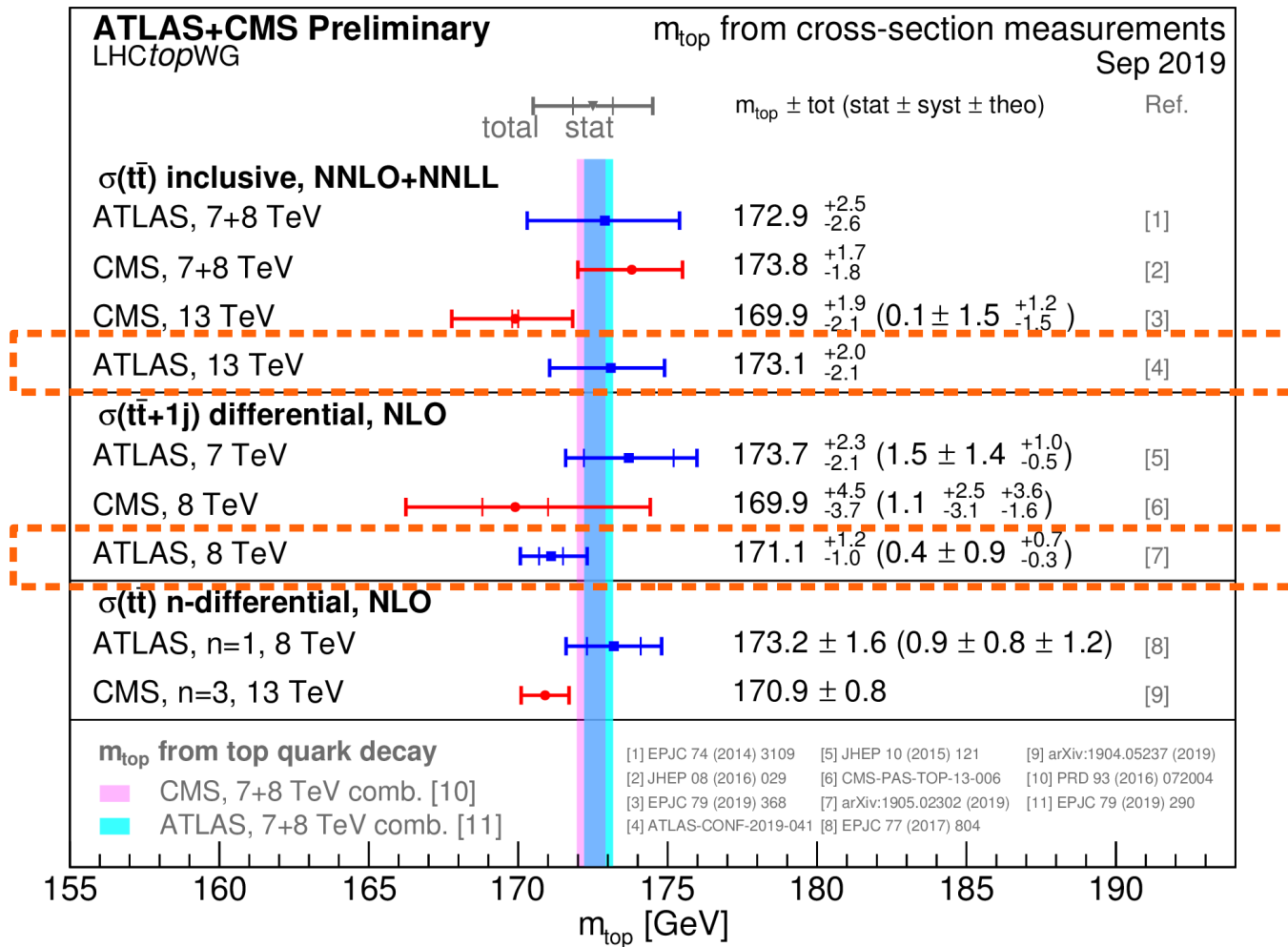
$$m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole}}(t\bar{t} + 1 \text{ jet}) = 171.1 \pm 0.4 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.9 (\text{syst.})_{-0.3}^{+0.7} (\text{theor}) \text{ GeV} \left(\begin{matrix} +1.2 \\ -1.0 \end{matrix} \text{ GeV} \right)$$

- Diff. cross-section depends on $m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole}}$
– additional jet enhances the dependence on m_{top} → using $t\bar{t} + 1 \text{ jet}$ channel



$$\rho_s = \frac{2 m_0}{m(t\bar{t} + 1 \text{ jet})} (m_0 = 170 \text{ GeV})$$

Summary of Top pole mass measurements



Indirect top quark mass measurements seem to be consistent with direct mass measurements at current precision

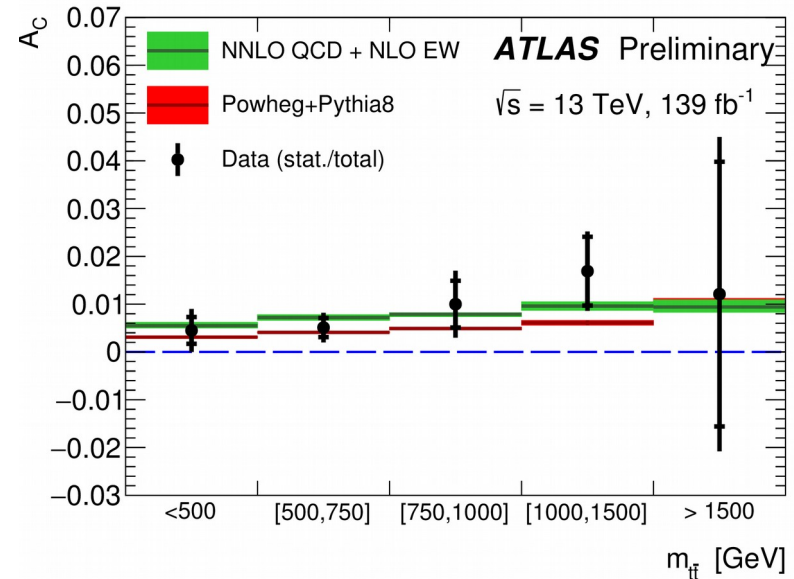
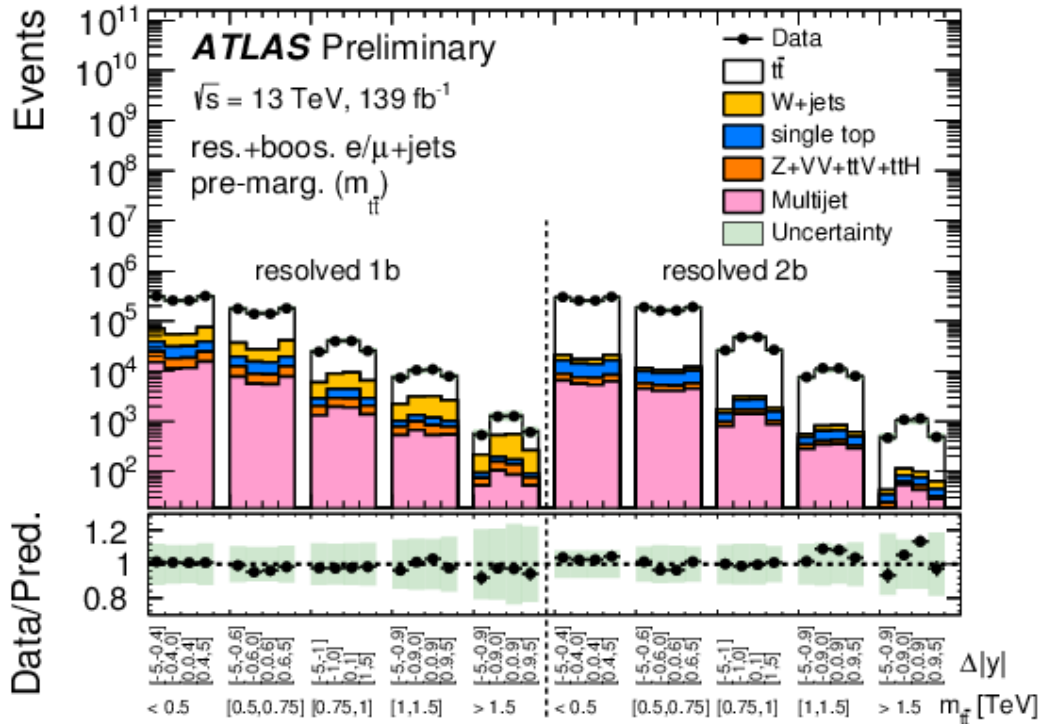
Charge asymmetry

ATLAS-CONF-2019-026

- Charge asymmetry in production:
 - small effect in SM due to higher order corrections
 - Could be enhanced in extensions of SM

$$A_C = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}$$

$$\Delta|y| = |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$$



$$A_C = 0.0060 \pm 0.0015$$

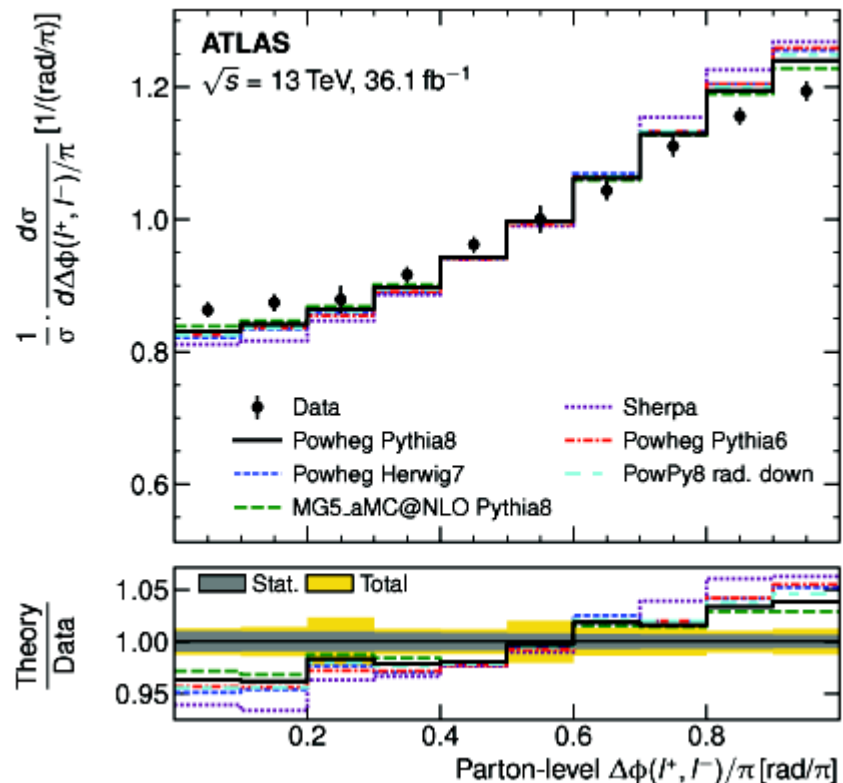
theory (NNLO QCD+NLO QED): $A_C = 0.0064 \pm 0.0005$

Evidence of charge asymmetry at the level of 4 standard deviations

Spin correlations & Top Width

arXiv:1903.07570
ATLAS-CONF-2019-038

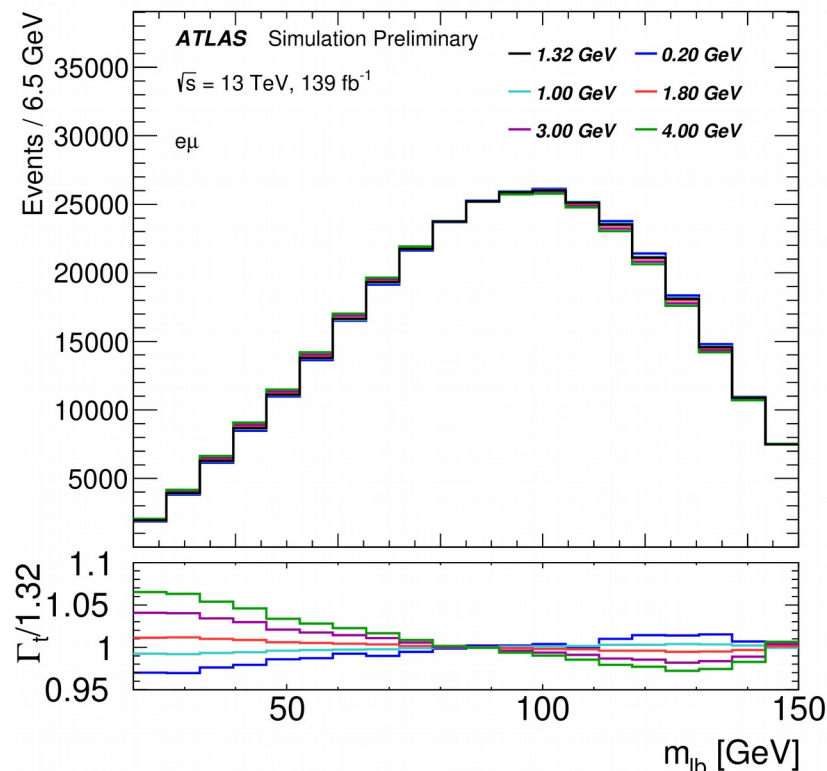
- Top-antitop spin correlations:
 - Can be accessed through decay products
 - Sensitive to top quark SUSY partner
- Top width:
 - Direct measurement
 - Template method using mass of $l+l$



theory: $f_{SM} = 1.0$

$$f_{SM} = 1.249 \pm 0.024 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.061 (\text{syst.}) \pm 0.040 (\text{theory})$$

→ 3.2 standard deviation larger than prediction from NLO+PS generators



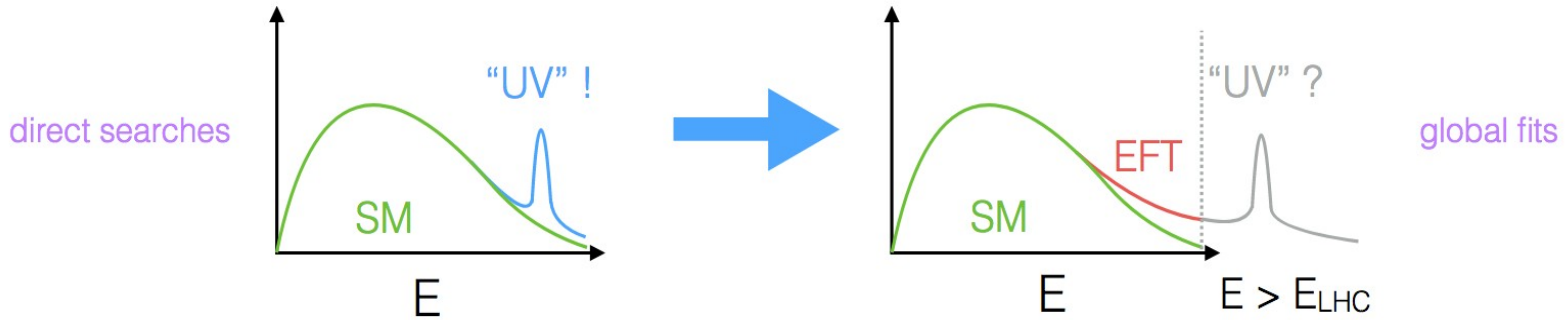
$$\Gamma_{top} = 1.94^{+0.52}_{-0.49} \text{ GeV}$$

theory: $\Gamma_{top} = 1.32 \text{ GeV}$

Effective field theory interpretations

ATLAS-CONF-2019-026

- haven't seen directly new physics yet → even if beyond the reach of LHC, can reveal itself indirectly



- Can quantify the effect of new heavy mass states through model independent approach → effective field theory

Wilson coefficients $c_i \mathcal{O}_i^D$ dim-D operators

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \sum_i \frac{c_i \mathcal{O}_i^D}{\Lambda^{D-4}}$$

scale of dim-D interaction

- Example: charge asymmetry measurement sensitive to 7 four-fermion operators in Warsaw basis

$$C_u^1 = C_{qq}^{(8,1)} + C_{qq}^{(8,3)} + C_{ut}^{(8)}$$

$$C_u^2 = C_{qu}^{(1)} + C_{qt}^{(1)}$$

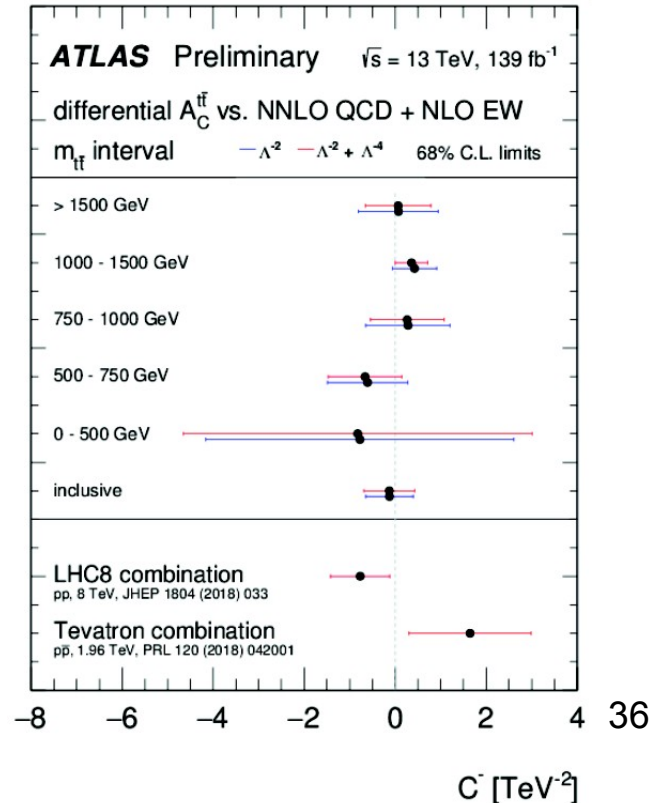
$$C_d^1 = C_{qq}^{(8,1)} - C_{qq}^{(8,3)} + C_{dt}^{(8)}$$

$$C_d^2 = C_{qd}^{(1)} + C_{qt}^{(1)}$$

Assumptions:

$$C_u^1 = C_d^1 = C^1 \quad C^- = C^1 - C^2$$

$$C_u^2 = C_d^2 = C^2$$



Conclusions

- Lots of detailed and precise studies of top quark
 - Dilepton cross-section with 2.4%, some normalized differential below 1%
 - Top mass measured with precision of about 0.5 GeV
 - Evidence of charge asymmetry
- Observation of processes of top quark associated to bosons
- All top quark properties consistent with the Standard Model predictions
 - 3.2 sigma deviation from MC prediction for $t\bar{t}$ spin correlations
- More and more interpretations of precise top quark measurements through the effective field theory couplings restrictions

All results available on public web page:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>

BACKUP

R_t measurement

R_t :

- Ratio of t-channel cross-section for top and antitop
- Sensitive to inner proton structure given by PDFs

