GRIFFITHSIN FAST DISSOLVING INSERT (GRFT FDI)

Lisa Haddad MD MS MPH
Medical Director
Population Council Center for Biomedical Research
New York, NY, USA











GRFT Fast Dissolving Insert (FDI) in brief



Contains Griffithsin (GRFT): a Non-ARV anti-HIV protein derived from red algae that gets released from the insert as it dissolves

Individuals insert the GRFT FDI vaginally (or rectally) themselves shortly before sex

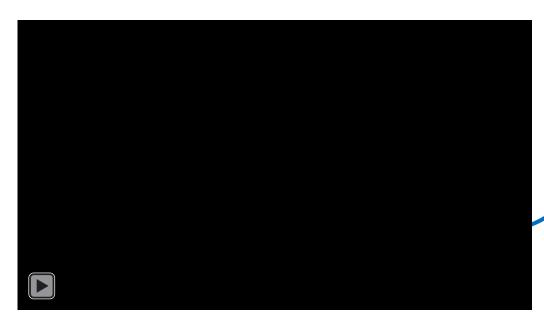
- Designed to provide protection against HIV for at least 4 hours after insertion
- Also protects from Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV) and Human Papilloma Virus (HPV)

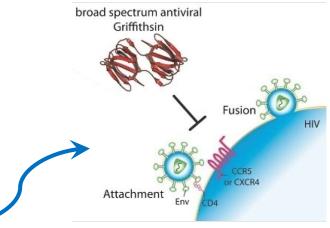
Why GRFT FDI? What gaps does it fill?

- As non-ARV, likely to have fewer side effects, and because GRFT is not used for HIV treatment, less concern for emergence of cross-resistance
- GRFT is a naturally occurring protein with extremely potent anti-HIV activity
- The GRFT FDI is discreet, easy to use, portable
- Anticipated to be safe in pregnant and breastfeeding women
- Inexpensive, scalable, able to manufacture in low- and middle-income countries
- Additional aspirational features:
 - HIV testing may not be needed for GRFT FDI use
 - Potential for over-the-counter access in the future



How does it work exactly?





Lusvarghi et al 2016

GRFT binds to the outside of the HIV and HSV viruses. Blocks HIV, HSV and HPV entry into healthy cells



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What have we learned so far?

- GRFT FDIs are stable under high temperature and humidity conditions
- FDIs disintegrate rapidly (less than 2 minutes) into clear gel with no residue when studied in the laboratory
- Clinical, animal and laboratory studies suggest the GRFT FDI could provide protection for at least 4 hours (likely longer) after vaginal insertion
- GRFT gel appears to be safe and tolerable when used in the vagina with no absorption into the blood circulation, minimizing side effects
- According to the global internet survey (n=600), more women were interested in using an FDI than any other formulation



Key questions for future trials

- Can we increase the duration of protection to 8 or 12 hours?
- What duration of protection is desirable for an on-demand (inserted before sex) product?
- Is a GRFT FDI safe and well-tolerated by women in Africa?

We will answer these questions through studies in monkeys, clinical trials, plus consultations with potential end-users and stakeholders



Overall Product Development Timeline

Aug - Sep 2022

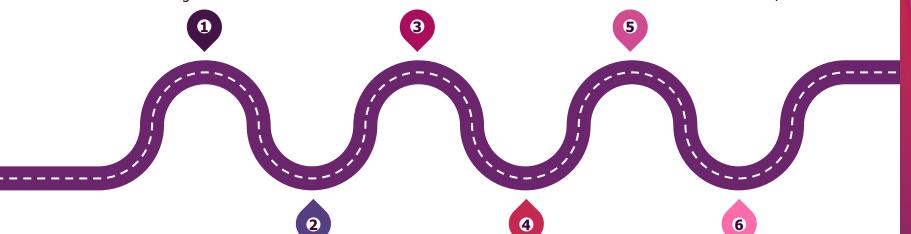
- Finalize GRFT FDI formulations for animal studies
- Start stability studies
- End-user design consultations

Dec 2022 - Feb 2023

Finish rat and rabbit studies

July-Dec 2023

- Submit Investigational New Drug application (IND) to FDA
- Manufacture FDIs and prepare materials to conduct clinical study



Oct - Nov 2022

- FDIs manufactured for animal studies
- Start rabbit disintegration studies
- Start rat toxicology studies
- Start non-human primate (monkey) toxicology & safety studies

Apr - May 2023

Finish monkey studies
 Conduct vaginal irritation studies

Jan-March 2024

Start initial clinical study

Acknowledgements



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