

A review of the Black-spathed species of *Anthurium*

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La Historia de Anturios “negro”

Anthurium caramantae Engl. 1989, Colombia.

Antioquia: vic. Caramanta, 2200 m Originally placed in Belolonchium but belongs in Cardiolonchium

Anthurium cupreonitens Engl. 1905. Colombia.

Cundinamarca. Ocoña, 2000-3000 m, sect, Belolonchium

Anthurium watermaliense Bailey & Nash in Bailey.

Costa Rica, Panama and Colombia, 750-2400 m, sect. Belolonchium.

Anthurium atramentarium Croat & Oberle,

Colombia, Antioquia, 2000-2500 m, sect. Calomystrum

Anthurium caramantae Engl.

**Anthurium
caramantae Engl.
Colombia. Caldas:
Manizales,**



30 4 2007



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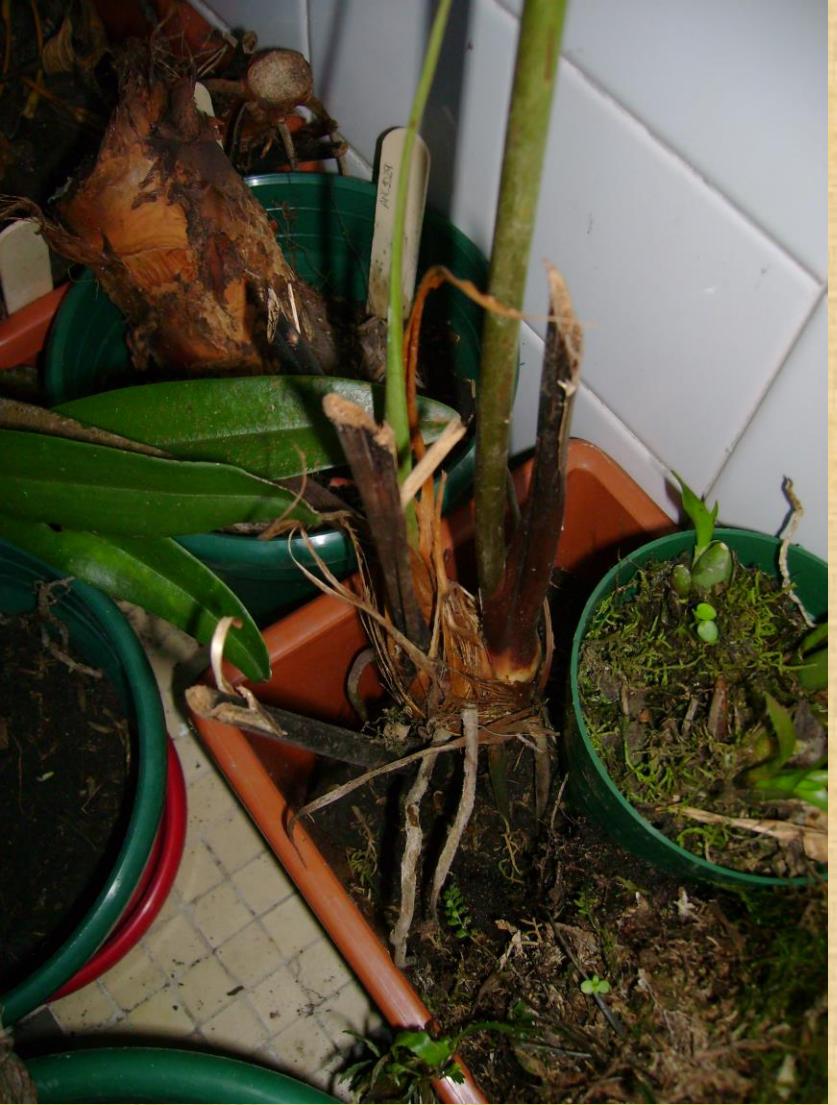




Anthurium caramantae



Anthurium cupreonitens Engl.



Anthurium cupreonitens
Engl. Cundinamarca; San
Francisco, Finca Americais









Anthurium watermaliense

Anthurium watermaliense Bailey & Nash ex Bailey



A. watermaliense



A. watermaliense



A. watermaliense

Anthurium atramentarium



Anthurium atramentarium Croat

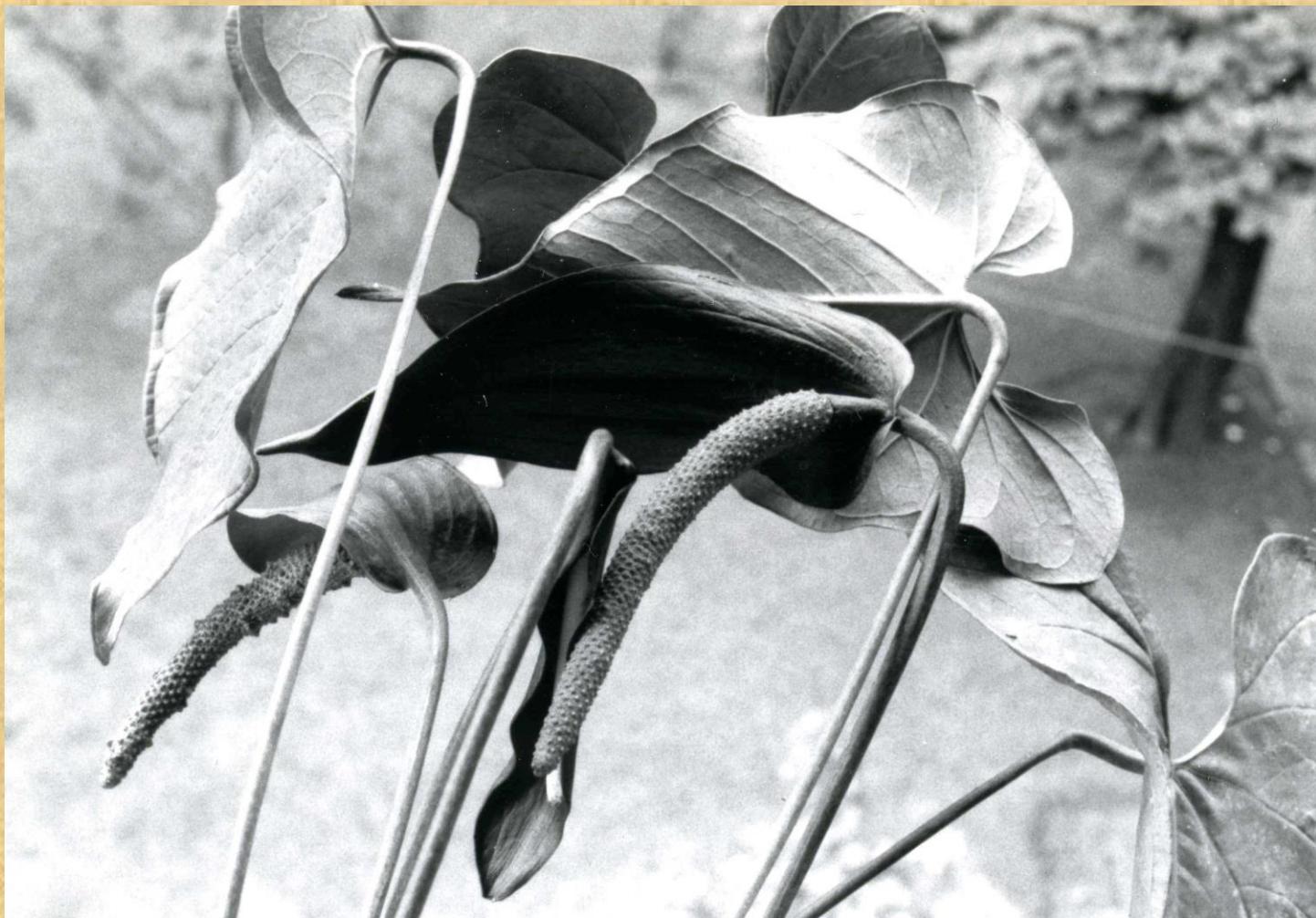
Additional undescribed species of black-spathed species.

Anthurium bantanum Croat, Colombia.
Antioquia, 2600 m, sect. Belonchium

Anthurium manizalense Croat &
Caraño, Manizales, 2560 m, sect.
Cardiolonchium

Anthurium envargasii, Colombia.
Cundinamarca. Farallones de Medina
S. of Gachetá, sect. Cardiolonchium

Anthurium bantanum Croat



A. bantanum



A., bantanum



A. bantanum

Anthurium bantanum Croat, sp. nov. Type:
Colombia. Antioquia. E of Medellin, along road
between Limón and Río Piedras; elev. 2600 m, 23
April 1983, T. B. Croat 56304

Terrestrial; internodes 1-2 cm long, 3.5 cm diam; cataphylls persistent, semi intact at their apex, with a fibrous network at the base; petioles terete midway, obscurely sulcate near apex; blades coriaceous, semi glossy, dark green above, the majors raised, the primary lateral veins weakly raised in valleys, collective veins and tertiary veins etched; tertiary vein prominent beneath; spathe hooding spadix, glossy, dark black-purple; the spadix white at anthesis; the tepals matte; young infructescence brown, the green pistils uniformly weak-emergent.

Anthurium bantanum is endemic to Colombia, known only from the type locality in Antioquia Department near Medellin on the eastern slope of the valley of the Río Cauca at 2600 m in a *Montane moist forest* life zone.

The species is a member of *Belolonchium* characterized by its terrestrial habit, short internodes, cataphylls persisting intact at apex but otherwise fibrous and reddish brown, petioles terete midway and obscurely sulcate toward apex, moderately coriaceous narrowly ovate-triangular-sagittate blades which dry yellowish brown above and grayish to grayish green below with a hippocrepiform sinus the, collective veins arising from the 1st to 3rd pairs of basal veins, a single pair of free basal veins, a well developed posterior rib as well as by the long-pedunculate inflorescence with an erect hooding dark purple-black ovate-elliptic spathe and a white bluntly tapered spadix.

The species is closest to *A. cupreonitens* Engl. from similar elevations in the Cordillera Oriental in Cundinamarca Department which differs in having blades usually conspicuously constricted along the anterior lobe, less conspicuous tertiary veins, a longer more slender spadix with the stamens prominently exserted at anthesis and with often a much longer stipe (up to 5 cm long).

Anthurium manizalense Croat & Carano



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Anthurium sp. nov. cf. *caramantae*,
Croat et al. 97988 Colombia: Caldas.
Manizales, Vereda Las Palomas,
Reserva Río Blanco, Sitio Mirador.
2560 m



Anthurium manizalense sp. nov., Croat
et al. 97988 Colombia: Caldas.
Manizales, Vereda Las Palomas,
Reserva Río Blanco, Sitio Mirador.
2560 m



Anthurium manizalense sp. nov., Croat et al. 97988 Colombia: Caldas. Manizales, Vereda Las Palomas, Reserva Río Blanco, Sitio Mirador. 2560 m



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Anthurium caramantae
Engl., Croat et al. 97982
[confirm number]



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Anthurium manizalense Croat &
Caraño, Croat et al. 97988

Anthurium envargasii Croat



*Anthurium
envargasii Croat*

Colombia.
Cundinamarca:
Farallones de
Medina S. of
Gachetá,
4°38'11.2"N,



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en notor en su s. II

dar





Additional species which
may have a blackish
spathe.

Anthurium cabrerense Engl. Tolima. 2000-2300 m,

Anthurium macarense Schultes

Anthurium cabrerense Engler



A, cabrerense



A. Cabrerense



A. cabrerense

A. Caramantae





- A. Manizalense
- B. Photo by jesus velez

HERBARIO NACIONAL

Anthurium macaranense
Epifita, a 2 m. de altura. Hoja
verde oscuro, envés verde ola-
roso, velloso en el envés, amarillo.

Tom Lu

COLOMBIA

Departamento del Huila. Municipio
de Agua Bonita. Finca La Noria
Popayán, 2.200 - 2.500 m.

Nº 918 Jorge H. Torres



HERBARIO NACIONAL COLOMBIA
 CGO500043871

Anthurium macaranense at Finca Merenberg in Huila Department





PLANTS OF COLOMBIA

CORDILLERA ORIENTAL

Anthurium aff. macarense R.E. Schultes

Det. A. Fernández-Pérez, 1972

Cundinamarca: SW of Bogotá on toll road to Silvania, near kilometer marker 11. Elevation 2,700 m, vine, to 4 m, in length; petioles reddishpurple; leaves dark green above, pale and shiny below; spathe shiny, dark purple; spadix purple. Growing on steep, forested slope.

COLLECTOR Arthur S. Barclay, Pedro Juajibioy & José G. NO. 3430

DATE May 19, 1972

Voucher for sample collected by Agricultural Research Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, for the anticancer screening program of the Cancer Chemotherapy National Service Center, National Cancer Institute.

PLANTS OF
CORDILLERAS
Anthurium aff. macarenense R.
Det. A.

Cundinamarca: SW of Bogotá
near kilometer marker 11. H.
Vine, to 4 m. in length; petioles
dark green above, pale and shiny
below; spadix purple.
slope.





Key to black spathed Anthurium

Cataphylls persisting intact, Antioquia, 1720-2320 m

A. atramentarium Croat & Oberle

Cataphylls persisting as fibers

Blades drying green

A. caramantae Engl., *A. watermaliense* Hort, *A. edvargasii* Croat

Blades drying brown

A. bantanum Croat, *A. cupreonitens* Engl.

Closing Remarks:

Conclusions:

Black-spathed *Anthurium* species are a polyphyletic group belonging to three different sections but the synapomorphy of black spathe color seems most attributable to *Anthurium* sect. *Belolonchium* and several undetermined specimens from Central Colombia also have black spathes.