# **EXAMINATION ANSWER KEY** (ANSWERS ONLY) OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

ocs c	OPS ILT		Page: 1 of 3	07 May 2012
	Answer:	В		
11			ID: 11-1 NSRO 11	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
10			ID: 11-1 NSRO 10	Points: 1.00
9	Answer:	Α	ID: 11-1 NSRO 09	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
8			ID: 11-1 NSRO 08	Points: 1.00
•	Answer:	D	.2	. 5566
7	A IOWOI.	D	ID: 11-1 NSRO 07	Points: 1.00
6	Answer:	В	ID: 11-1 NSRO 06	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
5			ID: 11-1 NSRO 05	Points: 1.00
4	Answer:	В	ID: 11-1 NSRO 04	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
3			ID: 11-1 NSRO 03	Points: 1.00
2	Answer:	D	ID: 11-1 NSRO 02	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
1			ID: 11-1 NSRO 01	Points: 1.00

# **EXAMINATION ANSWER KEY** (ANSWERS ONLY) OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

12			ID: 11-1 NSRO 12	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
13			ID: 11-1 NSRO 13	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
14			ID: 11-1 NSRO 14	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
15			ID: 11-1 NSRO 15	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
16			ID: 44 4 NCDO 46	Points: 1.00
10	Answer:	Α	ID: 11-1 NSRO 16	Points: 1.00
17	•	•	ID: 11-1 NSRO 17	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
18			ID: 11-1 NSRO 18	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
19			ID: 11-1 NSRO 19	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
20			ID: 11-1 NSRO 20	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
21			ID: 11-1 NSRO 21	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		

# **EXAMINATION ANSWER KEY** (ANSWERS ONLY) OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

22	Answer:	Α	ID: 11-1 NSRO 22	Points: 1.00
23	Allswei.	^	ID: 11-1 NSRO 23	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
24	Answer:	С	ID: 11-1 NSRO 24	Points: 1.00
25			ID: 11-1 NSRO 25	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

1 ID: 11-1 NSRO 01 Points: 1.00

The plant is shutdown for a refuel outage, with fuel moves in progress. An event occurred as shown by the following time-line.

At 1020; The following annunciators have alarmed:

- AREA MON HI
- CRIT MON C5 HI
- NORTH WALL C10 HI
- NORTH WALL C9 HI VENT TRIP
- OPER FLOOR B9 HI VENT TRIP

At 1021; An Operator observes the following:

- All refuel floor radiation monitors have the HIGH light lit and that Radiation Monitor B9, REACTOR OPEN FLR EQUIP HATCH, indicates upscale.
- Main Stack RAGEMS indicates 4.0 E+00 cps

At 1023; The refuel floor SRO notifies the control room that the loaded hoist became separated from the bridge and has fallen into the core area.

What is the correct emergency plan classification, if any, for these conditions?

- A. None
- B. Unusual Event
- C. Alert
- D. Site Area Emergency

Answer:

C

Answer Explan	ation	
QID: 11-1 NSF	RO 01	
Question #	18	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A Importance Rating					
	RO	SRO			

295023 Refueling Acc Cooling Mode / 8 AA2.05 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to REFUELING ACCIDENTS: Entry conditions of emergency plan					3.2	4.6
Level		SRO	Tier	1	Group	1
Genera Reference		EP-AA-1	010 rev. 3			
Explanat	tion	declare a of >1000 radiation  All distranot recoger interpret Main Sta	an Alert, RA mR/hr or u monitors. actors are Ir gnize the co acy is plaus the indicat ck RAGEM	2, on the Colo pscale reading ncorrect but plants orrect EAL cla ible if the app ions provided S were at 4.0 I	g on one or me lausible if the assification. S licant does no . An SAE wou	o a valid reading ore of the applicant does ite Area t correctly ld be correct if RM, not 4.0 E+00
References to be provided during exam: EAL Cold Matrix						
Lesson Plan 2621.812.0.0003, Refueling						
RFL-326, State actions required in the event of unexplain criticality or high SRM counts.  Objective/					f unexplained	

Question Source (New, Modi	Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	608369 ILT Bank No	

Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis					
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using References							
	55.41b				55.43b		5	
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0		th	N/A					
Time to Complete: 1-2			? minutes Point Value: 1			alue: 1		
System ID No.: 2		29502	95023 PRA: No		No			
Safety Function:		8		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>				

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

2 ID: 11-1 NSRO 02 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred. Present plant conditions include the following:

- All control rods indicate full-in
- RPV water level indicates 35" and lowering
- RPV pressure indicates 465 psig and lowering slowly
- Drywell pressure indicates 18 psig and is being controlled with Drywell Sprays
- Both Startup Transformers have failed to energize their respective busses
- All Core Spray Pumps have failed
- · Standby Liquid Control System 2 is injecting into the RPV
- One alternate subsystem is lined-up to Core Spray 1, and a second alternate subsystem is lined up to Core Spray 2

Which of the following shall the SRO direct **NEXT**?

- A. When RPV water level lowers to 0", direct entry into the Steam Cooling EOP.
- B. When RPV water level lowers to -20", direct entry into the SAMG for Primary Containment Flooding.
- Rapidly depressurize the RPV using the turbine bypass valves to allow Fire Water to inject into the RPV.
- D. When RPV water level lowers to 0", direct entry into the Emergency Depressurization No ATWS EOP.

	Answer:	D
--	---------	---

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 02	
Question #	28	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				
	RO	SRO			
295031 Reactor Low Water Level / 2 EA2.04 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to REACTOR LOW WATER LEVEL: Adequate core cooling	4.6	4.8			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 4 of 84 07 May 2012

Level	Level S		Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Reference			no ATWS OP				
Explanat	tion	occurred level is 3 core sprucer Sprup. With procedu valves to Since Ris currer valves and IAW the (with no lined-up emergen cooling.  A is Incomposition B is Incomp	d. The presents and lower ay pumps a ray, a RPV a firewater litered flow allow flow allow flow and running depression.  Prect but play and running depression allow a decide for the play and running action.  Prect but play a for RPV in the for RPV in the allow the play and running action.	alternate subsined-up to core pening the RPV period of the RPV water and no condered ausible. Entry when RPV water lined-up and lausible. Answer lined pening to lausible the l	itions shower has bower has breaking to spray, the spray ressure of the pressure of the pressu	ow that is been jection he guiperalle irops let and any yel low assurated be to -20° ection or contan RP tems to the standard and the standard irops let assurated be to -20° ection and RP tems to the standard irops	at RPV water n lost, and no n. Firewater to n source, is lined- iding support el isolation below 310 psig. RPV water level atil the isolation se circumstances injection source vers to 0", then re adequate core  In Cooling EOP s 0" if no RPV  a correct I' must be made as asked for in  Indensate were
	1001120-1002	o be ng exam:		None			

Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0052, RPV Control - no ATWS
Learning Objective/	ENA-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)					New		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:						N/A	
Memory o Fundament Knowledg		damental	tal Comprehension 3:SPK				I
Level		REG 1021 A	ppend	lix B: <u>S</u> ol	ve a <u>P</u> ro	blem using	Knowledge and
	- 4	55.41b			55	.43b	5
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.						• • •
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes						Point V	alue: 1
System ID I	System ID No.: 295006		6	PR	A:	A: No	
Safety Function	Safety 1 Function:			⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level	

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

3 ID: 11-1 NSRO 03 Points: 1.00

The plant was shutting down for an outage, with the following conditions:

- RPV coolant temperature is 320 °F and lowering
- Shutdown Cooling pumps A and B are in service with a combined total SDC system flow of 4000 GPM
- RBCCW flow through each of the in-service SDC heat exchangers is 1000 GPM
- Shutdown Cooling pump C is tagged out of service
- All Reactor Recirculation pumps are running
- RPV water level is being maintained at 155" TAF

The following annunciator then came into alarm:

SHUT DN CLG - PUMP B TRIP

The new plant conditions are as follows:

- Shutdown Cooling flow has been verified at 2000 GPM
- Investigation shows that the SDC pump B tripped on over-current

Which of the following lists the required action to raise RPV cooling?

- A. Initiate an alternate RPV cooldown IAW ABN-3, Loss of Shutdown Cooling.
- B. Raise RPV water level to above 170" TAF IAW procedure 305, Shutdown Cooling System Operation.
- C. Maximize SDC loop A flow to no more than 3400 GPM IAW procedure 305, Shutdown Cooling System Operation.
- D. Maximize RBCCW cooling water flow through the SDC loop A heat exchanger to no more than 2000 GPM IAW procedure 309.2, Reactor Building Closed Cooling Water System.

Answer: (

C

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 03	
Question #	38	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

K	nowle	edge	and	<b>Ability</b>	Reference	In	formation

		&A	Ir	mportai	nce Rating	
NGA					<del></del> _	SRO
295021 Loss of Shutdown Cooling / 4 AA2.02 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to LOSS OF SHUTDOWN COOLING: RHR/shutdown cooling system flow					4	3.4
Level	SRO	Tier	1	Grou	ip T	1
General References	3	05			·	-
Explanation	The RAP started in C is Correct Stablish limit on Started Stablish limit on Started St	for the trip f possible ( rect. Proce The SDC po the desire SDC flow of SDC flow is d up to 340 prect but plant for ect but plant prect but plant for ect but plant for ect. In both	pped SDC pum which is not p dure 305 expl ump discharge d cooldown ra f 3400 GPM th only 2000 GP 0 GPM. lausible. Initia is only perfor ished, IAW AB lausible. IAW ng, RPV water and. Raising	ains howe valves a ate. The strough a hating altermed whe sN-3.  procedure level showater level showater level showater strong a soon a	to place are through the same properties of t	ce SDC in ottled to rocedure sets a changer. Since w can be coling through DC flow is lost with reactor maintained aly required ecirc pumps are it stipulates

Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0045, Shutdown Cooling System
Learning Objective/	SDC-10450, Describe and interpret procedure sections and steps for plant emergency or off-normal conditions that involve this system including personnel allocation and equipment operation IAW applicable ABN, EOP & EOP support procedures and EP procedures.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				Bank				
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				510950 ILT 05-1 SRO NRC Exam No				
Memory Fundame Knowled			ntal			•	rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>S</u> olits meaning					/e a <u>P</u> ro	blem using	Knowledge and
	5	55.41b					.43b	5
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						N	//A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes					Point Value: 1			
System ID No.: 295021			95021		PRA:		No	
Safety Function:			4		⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level	

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

4 ID: 11-1 NSRO 04 Points: 1.00

**IF** Torus water temperature exceeds 95°F while at power, what action is required per Tech Specs **AND** what is the Tech Spec basis for the 95°F limit? (Assume **NO** EMRV testing is in progress)

	TS Action	TS Bases
A.	Be in COLD SHUTDOWN within 24 hours	Ensure that the maximum peak Torus temperature does not exceed 110°F if an ED was performed
В.	Be in COLD SHUTDOWN within 24 hours	Ensure that the maximum peak Torus temperature does not exceed 160°F if an ED was performed
C.	Be in COLD SHUTDOWN within 30 hours	Ensure that the maximum peak Torus temperature does not exceed 160°F if an ED was performed
D.	Be in COLD SHUTDOWN within 30 hours	Ensure that the maximum peak Torus temperature does not exceed 110°F if an ED was performed

Answer: B

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 04	
Question #	48	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				
	RO	SRO			
295026 Suppression Pool High Water Temp./ 5 2.2.25 - Equipment Control: Knowledge of bases in technical specifications for limiting conditions for operations and safety limits.	3.2	4.2			

Level		SRO	Tier	1	Group		1
Genera Referen		TS 3	3.5.A.1	TS 3.5 Ba	ases		
	um Torus water that if this limit ion within 24 ssive Torus Vs. This is pes not exceed						
Explana	tion	TS 3.5 Bases state the following in regards to maximum Torus temperature: Experimental data indicate that excessive steam condensing loads can be avoided if the peak temperature of the suppression pool is maintained below 160F during any period relief valve operation with sonic conditions at the discharge expecifications have been placed on the envelope of reactor operating conditions so that the reactor can be depressurized a timely manner to avoid the regime of potentially high suppression chamber loadings.					cessive steam nperature of the ng any period of e discharge exit. e of reactor depressurized in
		All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the student does not remember the exact value of the TS limit or TS bases. The normal shutdown LCO action statement to be in Cold Shutdown one is not given is 30 hrs. The Torus temp tech specs gives a value of 24 hrs. The candidate may not recall this making it plausible. The value of 110F is plausible if the student confuses this with the maximum temperature allowed where a reactor scram is required.					ases. The Cold Shutdown if specs gives a is making it tudent confuses
(Distributed	References to be provided during exams:						
Lesson	Plan			Primary Conta			
Learni Object	_						in each LCO for bed conditions.

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				1770 T Bank			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			X 1:B		rehension nalysis	
Level	NURE	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>B</u> ases or Purpose					
_	55	i.41b		55.43b		.43b	2
10CRF55 Content	Facility operating limitations in the technical specifications and their bases.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with N/A						
Time to Con	Complete: 1-2 minut			es Point		Point V	/alue: 1
System ID I	No.: 295026		6	PRA:		,	No
Safety Function				<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>			

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

5 ID: 11-1 NSRO 05 Points: 1.00

The plant is in cold shutdown and is cooling down with the Shutdown Cooling System (SDC). The following conditions currently exist:

- RECIRC PUMP SUCTION TEMPS indicates 209 °F
- All Reactor Recirculation Loops are in service
- The Primary Containment is still inerted
- RPV water level is 175" and steady

An event then occurs as shown in the timeline below:

- 0800 Annunciator RBCCW SURGE TANK LVL HI/LO alarms
- 0804 The EO reports the RBCCW Surge Tank indicates 1" and lowering and the Tank makeup valve is full open
- 0806 The Radwaste Operator reports RB Floor Drain Sump 1-7 high level is in alarm
- 0808 Maintenance reports that they are unable to repair the leak
- 0809 The SM observes Drywell pressure at 1.7 psig and steady and Drywell temperature at 140 °F and steady
- 0810 The SM starts the 1-hour clock to monitor entry into EAL MA5(1)

Which of the following shall the SRO direct **NEXT**?

- Trip all Recirculation Pumps IAW ABN-19, RBCCW Failure Response. Α.
- Operate all available Drywell Coolers, IAW SP-27, Maximizing Drywell B. Cooling.
- Isolate the Reactor Water Cleanup System IAW the Secondary C. Containment Control EOP.
- Initiate Isolation Condensers by placing the Condensate Return DC D. valves to OPEN, IAW 307, Isolation Condenser System.

Answer: Α

L	Answer Expla	nation	
Γ	QID: 11-1 NS	RO 05	
	Question #	58	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

#### **Knowledge and Ability Reference Information**

K&A					nportar	nce Rating
						SRO
295018 Partial or Total Loss of CCW / 8 2.1.23 – Conduct of Operations: Ability to perform specific system and integrated plant procedures during all modes of plant operation.				4.	4.3 4.4	
Level	SRO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1
General References	EP-A	<b>A</b> -1010	341	341		
Explanation	with all 3 service. leak in R floor dra SM start This EAI least 1 h is rising RBCCW ABN dire  Answer coolers Control conditio SP cann  Answer suggeste drain sur Control I directs is RBCCW from the  Answer cooling used no	SDC pump Then, indic BCCW (low in tank, and s the 1-hou Lentry show our. Theref due to the leak and Ri ects that all B is Incorre IAW SP-27 i EOP. Condi ns (DW tem ot be used. C is Incorre ed that RWC mp 1-7 is ar EOP. In the solation of I — not RWCI loss of RBC D is Incorre medium and w that RPV	vering surge to de not corrected relock for ent ws that RPV to ore, RPV templack of RBCCVPV water templace to but plausible dis heating up temperature is discondary Collections show part of the Secondary Collections show and sect but plausible discondary collections sho	ctor Recivided whank level dispurperature leverature le	rculation ich should high and high and high and high area is a second to SDO at the Education of the Education in this wal of REOP.  The the RED are t	on Loops in ow an unisolable gh level in the etime later, the ety EAL MA5(1). 212 °F for at ched 212 °F and C. With the F, the RBCCW ed.  If the Drywell containment than the entry EOP. Thus, the of RBCCW, it is The RB floor entainment than the corp.

References to previoed darge	Septem: EAL Cold Matrix
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0035, Reactor Building Closed Cooling Water System
Learning Objective/	RBC-0061, Using the procedure, identify and explain normal and emergency operations of the RBCCW System.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				Bank			
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			IL	663617 ILT 08-1 SRO NRC Exam No			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis			X 2:RI
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Recognizing Interaction between systems (plural), including consequences and implications					
	55.41b				55.43b		5
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situation						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	stions with N/A						
Time to Complete: 1-2 minut			utes	es Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID N	No.: 295018		8	PRA:			No
Safety Function	1 × 1—		⊠ Initial □ LORT		Level		

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

6 ID: 11-1 NSRO 06 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred. Plant parameters include the following:

- ESW Pump 1-2 has lost breaker indications
- The RWCU System has automatically isolated
- A control rod block exists from SDV high level

Complete the following statement which describes the required action.

The reactor shall be placed in the COLD SHUTDOWN CONDITION within (1) hours due to the loss of 125 VDC Distribution Center (2).

	(1)	(2)
Α.	30 hours	DC-B
В.	30 hours	DC-C
C.	24 hours	DC-B
D.	24 hours	DC-C

Answer: B

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 06	
Question #	68	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A				Importance Rating		
			RO	SRO			
2.2.38 - E	Partial or Total Equipment Cor as and limitation	ntrol: Know	3.6	4.5			
Level	SRO	Tier	1	Group	1		

General References	TS 3.7	ABN-55			
Explanation	125 VDC distribution Panel/MCC Failures centers DC-B and D provides the followin COLD SHUTDOWN below that required conditions which do Conduct of Operation requiring the plant is CONDITION, with no placed in cold shuto correct DC Bus loss IAW section 2.C.(2) Specifications are p References are not difficulty level of the	s and the correct TS re- of the Facility License, part of the Facility Lice provided for this quest	N-55, DC Bus C And es DC distribution or critical. TS 3.7.B be PLACED IN the ability of power falls ove, except that(3 0, Oyster Creek for the statement SHUTDOWN d, that the plant be answer B provides the quirement.  Technical has at Oyster Creek. tion raising the		
References to provided duri	пу ехат:	None			
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0012, D	OC Distribution			
Learning Objective/	DCD-10451 Given Technical Specifications, identify and explain associated actions for each section of the Technical Specifications relating to this system, including personnel allocation and equipment operation.				

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	608160 ILT Bank No	

Cognitive	Fundame	emory or ndamental nowledge			rehension nalysis	X 2:RI
Level		021 Appendix B: Recognizing Interaction between plural), including consequences and implications				
	55.41k	)		55	.43b	1
10CRF55 Content	Condition	Conditions and limitations in the facility license.				
Justification LORT quest K/A values	questions with N/A					
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1		
System ID I	No.:	295004 PR		A: No		No
Safety Function	n:	6	License	Level		

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

7 ID: 11-1 NSRO 07 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power when a fire started inside a back panel (confirmed fire at time 1100). The Shift Manager declares that a Control Room Evacuation was required.

The following actions were performed prior to evacuation:

- The reactor was scrammed (all rods in)
- The Recirculation Pumps were tripped
- The MSIVs were closed
- The Feedwater Pumps were tripped

The following conditions have occurred:

- The Control Room evacuation was initiated at 1105 and completed at 1112
- Control of the Local Shutdown Panels and the Remote Shutdown Panel was delayed until 1139
- The Fire Brigade reports that the Control Room fire is extinguished at 1143 and several panels are heavily damaged

What is the **HIGHEST** emergency plan classification required for this event?

- A. HU6
- B. HA4
- C. HA6
- D. HS4

Answer: D

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 07	
Question #	78	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
	K&A				nce Rating
				RO	SRO
	600000 Plant Fire On-site / 8 2.4.29 – Knowledge of the emergency plan.				4.4
Level					1

General References	EP-AA-1010	ABN-30					
Explanation	D is Correct. Plant conditions provided show a fire in the Control Room requiring an evacuation and implementation of the Emergency Plan. IAW EP-AA-1010, a site area emergency is required if a control room evacuation is initiated and control of the plant cannot be established in < 15 minutes per ABN-30, Control Room Evacuation (HS4). The highest classification due to the fire is an alert (HA6).  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not interpret the correct EAL based on plant conditions provided.						
References to		AL Hot Matrix					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0019, Fire Protection						
Learning Objective/	steps for plant em this system include	ding personnel allocation in the personnel allocation in t	conditions that involve				

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		609239 ILT Bank No				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPR		
Level	NUREG 1021 Ap	ppendix B: <u>S</u> ol	ve a <u>P</u> roblem using	References		

	55.41	b		55	.43b	5		
10CRF55 Content		Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with	h N/A						
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1				
System ID No.: 600000 PF			PR	PRA: No				
Safety Function			⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level			

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

8 ID: 11-1 NSRO 08 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a **TOTAL** loss of Feed and Condensate occurred. Plant conditions include the following:

- · ALL Control Rods are full in
- ALL MSIVs are closed
- BOTH Isolation Condensers are unavailable
- The B CRD Pump is unavailable
- The A CRD Pump is in operation IAW SP-3, CRD System Operation
- Drywell Pressure is 2.2 psig
- Reactor Pressure is 340 psig
- Torus Temperature is 108 °F
- Plant Cooldown is in progress utilizing SP-14, ALTERNATE PRESSURE CONTROL SYSTEMS CLEAN-UP IN LETDOWN MODE
- Letdown flowrate is 100 GPM
- RPV water level is 95" and lowering

#### Which ONE of the following shall the SRO direct NEXT?

- A. Bypass ADS Timers IAW RPV Control no ATWS prior to reaching 91" RPV water level.
- B. Place the Shutdown Cooling System in service IAW 305, Shutdown Cooling System Operation.
- C. Initiate boron injection IAW SP-22, Initiating The Liquid Poison System, prior to Torus Temperature reaching 110 °F
- D. Secure from the plant Cooldown IAW SP-14, Alternate Pressure Control Systems, Clean-Up In Letdown Mode, prior to reaching 91" RPV water level.

Δ	nev	wer:	Г	)
$\overline{}$	1131	WEI.	L	_

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 08	
Question #	88	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A	Importance Rating					
RO SRO						

AA2.03 - Abil the following	009 Low Reactor Water Level / 2 003 - Ability to determine and/or interpret following as they apply to LOW REACTOR ER LEVEL: Reactor water cleanup ydown rate					2.9	
Level	SRO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	2	
General References	RPVC - no ATWS EOP		I FOP Hear's		s Guide EMG-SP14		
Explanation	plant coordinate of the plant coording 350F, who so the plant coordinate of th	oldown has letdown s reek for RV to be in opent setpoin Lo-Lo setpo ext would be rect but ple s SRO wou ion. The fin however the With the 'A for the SR the one CR y losses be rect but ple does not r interlocks. lich corresp rect but ple correct but ple does not r interlocks. lich corresp rect but ple correct but ple does not r interlocks. lich corresp letter but ple correct but ple correct but ple does not r interlocks. lich corresp letter but ple correct bu	s commenced system (letdow VCU blowdow Peration to utilist) the RWCU spint. The correct to secure let lausible. If RP ld direct action requise is only if level to secure RRD pump is endefore entering lausible if the meet condition RPV temperation an RRPV temperation an RRPV temperation an RRPV temperation and the lausible if the lau	via the Rin is the ton). The Fize the less system went decisions required is to relication and the rest system was required is to relication and the rest system was for satisfacture is repulsed to rest system.	WCU ( ermino RWCU tdown ill auto ion the level ce ed by le ble, the down a nake un coration t does isfying quired ure of t does is on for level ce to by le to be to be to be to be to coration to cor	system is function. At 91" matically isolate sRO shall  ontinued to RPV Level ss the ADS aintained >61", e next action and re-evaluate p to RPV n.  not recognize the Shutdown to be below approximately  of the RPV inventory. In IAW SP-7, but antaining Torus outilize SP-14,	

Roferances to provided defin	be g exams Att 201-7 (storm tables)
Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0052, RPV Control - with ATWS  ENA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each
Learning Objective/	step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.

Question	Sourc	ce (New, M	odified	l, Bank)		Ne	ew
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		N/A		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis		X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using					blem using	Knowledge and
	5	55.41b			55.43b		5
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1		alue: 1		
System ID No.: 295009		9	PRA:		No		
			⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level		

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

9 ID: 11-1 NSRO 09 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power when indications and local reports confirm an earthquake has just occurred.

5 minutes later, the following events occur:

- TORUS LEVEL HI/LO annunciator alarms
- The Operator reports that TORUS LEVEL WIDE RANGE indicates 139" and lowering
- The EO calls the Control Room and reports flooding in the NW RB corner room from a Core Spray Pump line break, and that water level in the room is above the MAX SAFE value

At the direction of the US, the Operator closes the Core Spray Pumps A/C suction valves and Torus water level stabilizes at 135".

Which **ONE** of the following is the SRO **REQUIRED** to direct **NEXT**?

- A. Manually scram the reactor, IAW ABN-38, Station Seismic Event.
- B. Initiate a manual reactor shutdown, IAW the Primary Containment Control EOP.
- C. Emergency Depressurize the RPV, IAW the Secondary Containment Control EOP.
- D. Anticipate Emergency Depressurization, IAW the Primary Containment Control EOP.

Answer: A

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 09	
Question #	98	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A	Importance Rating					
RO SRO						

295036 Secondary Containment High Sump/Area Water Level / 5 2.4.47 - Emergency Procedures / Plan: Ability to diagnose and recognize trends in an accurate and timely manner utilizing the appropriate control room reference material.				4.	.2	4.2	
Level		SRO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp qı	2
Gener Referen		АВ	N-38	PCC EC	OP		

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

A is Correct. The plant is at power when an earthquake occurs resulting in a core spray line break downstream of the core spray pump suction valve. A lowering torus water level and flooding in the NW RB Corner Room becomes evident. The applicant must utilize the appropriate ABN and EOP (reference materials used by the crew during the event) to determine the correct course of action. Two EOPs are entered – Primary Containment Control EOP, and Secondary Containment Control EOP. In the torus water level leg of the PCC EOP, a scram is required if torus water level cannot be maintained above 110". The leak is stopped at 135" (by closing the core spray suction valve). In the SCC EOP, it is necessary to recognize if a primary system is discharging into the secondary containment. In this case, it is not. The SCC EOP then directs a reactor shutdown if water level goes above the max safe value in 2 or more areas. In the question, only 1 area has flooding.

Explanation

With flooding stopped at 135" and in only one area, the EOPs do not require either a scram or reactor shutdown, however the flooding (Secondary Containment High Water Level) directly resulted in Core Spray System 1 Pumps inoperable. ABN-38, Station Seismic Event, requires a reactor scram if: 1) the seismic event caused a spurious actuation; 2) directly resulted in the inoperability of any safety system or a system required to complete a safe shutdown; or, 3) can potentially affect the public safety. The break in the core spray suction line is a direct result in the loss of a safety system from the earthquake and it is inoperable due to flooding at the MAX SAFE line in the NW Corner Room. Also, the torus leak itself was a result of the earthquake and this loss of primary containment integrity could potentially affect public health. Because of this, a manual reactor scram is required IAW the ABN, although not required by the EOPs.

All distractors are Incorrect but plausible. A scram is required if a primary system is discharging into the reactor Building and flooding in 2 areas exceeds the max safe value, IAW the Secondary Containment Control EOP. If flooding not from a primary system exceeds the max safe value in 2 areas, then a reactor shutdown is required in the same EOP. An emergency Depressurization is required in the Primary Containment EOP if torus water level lowers to 110". The drywell vent header downcomers begin uncovered at this point and the primary containment suppression function is lost. There is no procedurally required action to perform a rapid power reduction.

Paretonicas (o Province diarit					
Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0056, Primary Containment Control				
Learning Objective/	PCC-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.				

Question	ew, Modi		Ва	ınk			
If Bank or M VISION Syst Question So Previous 2 I	tem/Quest ource:	ion ID:	663639 ILT 08-1 NR No	C Exam			
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis		X 3:SPK	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning						
	55.41b			55.43b		5	
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	1/A		
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute			s	Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID No.: 2950		295036	PR	PRA: No		No	
Safety Function:		5					

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

10 ID: 11-1 NSRO 10 Points: 1.00

A plant startup was in-progress. The following conditions currently exist:

- All IRM Range switches are on Range 10
- The REACTOR MODE SELECTOR switch is in STARTUP

An event occurred which resulted in reduced recirculation pump flow, and **NO** operator actions have occurred. Total core flow is  $30.2 \times 10^6$  lb/hr.

Which of the following states the correct Technical Specification requirements due to this plant condition, **AND** the basis for this requirement?

The plant shall be placed in...

- A. the SHUTDOWN CONDITION within 24 hours to prevent fuel cladding failure during a LOCA.
- B. COLD SHUTDOWN within 30 hours to prevent exceeding 1% plastic strain on the cladding during a transient.
- C. COLD SHUTDOWN within 24 hours to prevent fuel cladding temperature from exceeding 1500 °F during a LOCA.
- D. COLD SHUTDOWN within 30 hours to ensure that the Onset of Transition Boiling (OTB) does not occur during a transient while operating .

Answer: D

Answer Explanation					
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 10				
Question #	108	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012			

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importan	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO			
295014 Inadvertent Reactivity Addition / 1 AA2.04 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to INADVERTENT REACTIVITY ADDITION: Violation of fuel thermal limits	4.1	4.4			

Level		SRO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	2
Genera Reference		TS	3.3.Н				
Explana	tion	event resthat which is an ina MCPR lind during to flow of 3 and the stransien. TS does applies, within 30 the corrector of time franctional fractional fra	sulted in an ch is required vertent admits (MCPR ansients with the plant of the pla	unexpected in the dear of the perating by the switch in Sits for operating the switch in Sits for operating any actions are the plant swer D lists the lausible if the lausible if the lausible fuel of the lausible. The ransient applications which is basis which in the may not recommend the lausible. It is 1500 °F limit is 1500 °F limit is the lausible fuel (MSCW) at the submergister flow to	reduction I. This relative react to ensur I). TS 3.3 In while in ISTARTUP on are no if exceed be placed he correct applicant LD SHUT to add to a limit of 10 es to the in adding fa limit of 10 es to the in adding fa limit of 10 es to the in applies to all the co true the relative the relative the prevent of applies to	in Reduction to the din Contract of the Maximorrect	s does not occur s that a minimum ge 10 of the IRMs is done to ensure ited. Because this en TS 3.0.A old Shutdown equirement and  not recall the lacondition. The ausibility of may result in  stic strain on the num Linear Heat et thermal limit for exceeding MCPR thermal limit the  r shall be placed requirement is linimum Steam lowest RPV ne core will
Referent or Mides		o be Ing exam:	TS 5.	3.H pg 3:3.4 o	aly		

Lesson Plan	2621.850.0.0003, Overview/Highlights of Technical Specifications
Learning Objective/	TSX-10451, Referencing plant Technical Specifications (* from memory for Initial Candidates) and given a set of plant conditions, determine, as applicable, the:  • Definitions*  • Safety Limits and Bases*  • Limiting Safety System Settings and Bases*  • Limiting Conditions for Operation and Applicability  • LCO Action Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Surveillance Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications (SRO ONLY)  • Bases for Surveillance Requirements, Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications. (SRO ONLY)*

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	Modified			
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	•	ILT 07-1 SRO NRC Exam			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	or X ntal 1:B Comprehension				
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Bases or purpose					
	55.41b		55.43b	2		
10CRF55 Content	Facility operating limitations in the technical specifications and their bases.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0			N/A			

Time to Complet	e: 1-2 minutes		Point Value: 1	
System ID No.:	295014	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:	1	⊠ Initial □ LOR1	License	e Level

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

11 ID: 11-1 NSRO 11 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when the following annunciator alarmed:

460V STATION POWER - 1A2 MN BRKR TRIP

Which of the following states the impact on the Core Spray System (Consider Active Components **ONLY**) and the **MOST LIMITING** Technical Specification (T.S.) action statement for the current plant conditions?

	Core Spray System 1 Inoperable Components	Core Spray System 2 Inoperable Components	Most Limiting T.S. Action Statement
A.	One Booster Pump <b>AND</b> One Main Pump	One Booster Pump <b>AND</b> One Main Pump	The reactor may remain in operation not to exceed 15 days
B.	One Booster Pump ONLY	One Booster Pump ONLY	Place the reactor in the COLD SHUTDOWN CONDITION within 30 hrs
C.	One Booster Pump AND One Main Pump	One Booster Pump AND One Main Pump	Place the reactor in the COLD SHUTDOWN CONDITION within 30 hrs
D.	One Booster Pump ONLY	One Booster Pump ONLY	The reactor may remain in operation not to exceed 15 days

Answer: B

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 11					
Question #	118	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

	Know	ledge and	Ability Referer	nce Inform	nation	
K&A  262001 AC Electrical Distribution				Ir	nporta	nce Rating
				R	0	SRO
262001 AC Electrical Distribution A2.06 - Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following on the A.C. ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those abnormal conditions or operations: Deenergizing a plant bus					7	2.9
Level	SRO	Tier	2	Grou	ıb	1
General References	АВ	ABN-48				
Explanation	Answer B is Correct. The annunciator in the stem describes a loss of power to USS 1A2 (which powers a core spray booster pump in each Core Spray System. System 1 includes the A/C booster pumps and System 2 includes the B/D booster pumps. When USS 1A2 is lost, 1 booster in each core spray system is lost. Also, USS 1A2 must be declared inoperable since it is unable to perform its design function. TS 3.7.B requires a cold shutdown condition action within 30 hrs with the inoperability of Bus USS 1A2. None of the (Parallel Isolation Valves (PIVs) are directly affected by the loss of DC control power to USS 1A2, and are all still functioning. One booster pump is included in each answer choice since it is LOD-1 that one CS booster pump in					

Paterage at a provided a second	De SANTE STATE STA
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0016, Electrical Distribution
Learning Objective/	ACD-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

Question	Sourc	e (New	, Modifi	ed, Bank)		Mod	lified
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				811754 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge					rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using Knowledge ar</u> its meaning					Knowledge and	
	5	5.41b				i.43b	2
10CRF55 Content		lity ope bases		imitations	in the tec	hnical spec	cifications and
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	I/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minut			minutes	8	Point Value		alue: 1
System ID I	No.:	26	2001	Pi	RA:	-	No
Safety 6 Function:		6	⊠ Initia		License Level		

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

12 ID: 11-1 NSRO 12 Points: 1.00

A plant startup is in progress with the following conditions:

- RPV pressure is 750 psig and rising slowly
- RPV water level is 162 inches
- · Control rods are being withdrawn
- Feedwater Pump C is in service

An event then occurred. Plant conditions now include the following:

- Annunciator DW PRESS HI-HI RV46 A/B came into alarm
- RV46 A indicates upscale

Based on the above conditions, which of the following RPV pressure control strategies shall the SRO direct?

- A. Use EMRVs IAW RPV Control no ATWS
- B. Adjust the MPR setpoint IAW 201, Plant Startup
- C. Use the Isolation Condensers IAW RPV Control no ATWS
- D. Use the Bypass Valve Opening Jack IAW 201, Plant Startup

Answer: B

Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 12						
Question #	128	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012					

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				
	RO	SRO			

212000 RPS A2.09 - Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following on the REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those abnormal conditions or operations: High containment/drywell pressure				4.1 4.3		4.3	
Level	•	SRO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Reference		2	01	237E566	Sh. 3		
Explanat	tion	B is Correct. Under the conditions in the stem, with RPV pressure less that 825 psig (TS value), a single RPS Bus loss will result in a full reactor scram and closure of the MSIVs. A failure of Drywell pressure instrument RV46 A by itself will result in a 1/2 scram on RPS Channel 1. The correct answer is to continue pressure control IAW 201, Plant startup on the MPR.  A & D are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant believes a full scram occurred due to RV46 A inserting a 1/2 scram on a RPS Channel. They might believe a full scram had occurred since this is true on a loss of power to one RPS bus at an RPV pressure < 825 psig. The High Drywell Pressure inserted a 1/2 scram, but RPS Bus 'A' still has power and a full scram did not occur. Post scram, the applicant may direct using RPV pressure control using the EMRVs and/or BPV Opening Jack.  C is Incorrect. This distractor is plausible if the applicant does not recognize that the Isolation Condensers are not available due to RPV level > 160". In addition, the RPV Control - no ATWS					
	duri	ng exam:		None			
Lesson	Plan	t2621.8	28.0.0037,	Reactor Prote	ction Sys	stem	
Learni Object	•		erpret them	a set of systento determine			r date, evaluate and system

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)	Modified
---------------------------------------	----------

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			11856 .T Bank o				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge					ehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using Knowledge and</u> its meaning						
	ţ	55.41b			55.43b		5
10CRF55 Content							of appropriate ency situations.
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions	with			N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute						Point V	alue: 1
System ID No.: 212000		0	PRA:			No	
Safety Function	ı:	7		⊠ Initial □ LORT	Initial License Level LORT		

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

13 ID: 11-1 NSRO 13 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. An operator reports the feeder breaker to 125V MCC DC-2 tripped on overload.

Which **ONE** of the following is a correct statement for this condition?

- A. The reactor may remain in operation for a period not to exceed 7 days, providing the 'A' Isolation Condenser is operable.
- B. The reactor may remain in operation for a period not to exceed 7 days, providing the 'B' Isolation Condenser is operable.
- C. The reactor may remain in operation for a period not to exceed 7 days, providing **BOTH** Isolation Condensers are operable.
- D. The reactor shall be placed in the COLD SHUTDOWN condition within 30 hrs regardless of Isolation Condenser operability.

Answer: A

Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 13						
Question # 13S Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012							

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K&A				lı lı	Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
2.2.40 - E	207000 Isolation (Emergency) Condenser 2.2.40 - Equipment Control: Ability to apply Technical Specifications for a system.				3.	.4	4.7	
Level	Level SRO Tier			2	Grou	ıþ	1	
General References TS 3.7.B.2		3.7.B.2	TS 3.	8				

Explanation	A is Correct. With a loss of DC-2, the 'B' Isolation Condenser is considered INOPERABLE. Even though DC-2 is required for plant operation and would normally require a 30hr LCO, TS 3.7.B.2 provides an exception that if the requirements of TS 3.8 are met (the 'A' Isolation Condenser being operable), plant operation may continue for a period not to exceed 7 days. Only an SRO is required to know LCO action statements, and therefore a RO would not be able to eliminate all distractors for this question.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant doesn't recall the correct LCO action statement for the conditions provided.				
References to province dur					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0003, Isolation Condensers				
Learning Objective/	ICS-08653, Referencing plant Technical Specifications (* from memory for Initial Candidates) and given a set of plant conditions, determine, as applicable, the:  • Definitions*  • Safety Limits and Bases*  • Limiting Safety System Settings and Bases*  • Limiting Conditions for Operation and Applicability  • LCO Action Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Surveillance Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications (SRO ONLY)  • Bases for Surveillance Requirements, Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications. (SRO ONLY)*				

Question	Source (New, M	odified, Bank)	No.	ew
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	:	N/A	
Cognitive Level Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK	

		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					
	5	5.41b			55	.43b	2
10CRF55 Content Facility operating limitations in the technical specifications their bases.				cifications and			
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0							
LORT quest	tions v	with			N	/A	
LORT quest	tions v < 3.0		nutes		N		/alue: 1
LORT quest K/A values	tions v < 3.0 nplete			PR.			/alue: 1 No

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

14 ID: 11-1 NSRO 14 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power. An event then occurred resulting in a <u>major unisolable</u> TBCCW leak.

The crew entered ABN-20, TBCCW FAILURE RESPONSE, and have completed all Immediate Operator Actions. Present plant conditions include the following:

- All Control Rods indicate a GREEN backlight.
- RPV pressure indicates 950 psig and steady
- RPV water level indicates 159" and slowly rising
- · Primary Containment parameters are normal

The operator observes on Panel 12XR that **ALL** Feed <u>and</u> Condensate Pump bearing temperatures indicate 222 °F and rising.

Which ONE of the following is the correct procedure AND action it requires at this time?

- A. IAW ABN-1, Reactor Scram, trip ALL operating Feed Pumps ONLY.
- B. IAW ABN-1, Reactor Scram, trip **ALL** operating Feed Pumps and Condensate Pumps.
- C. IAW ABN-20, TBCCW Failure Response, trip **ALL** operating Feed <u>and</u> Condensate Pumps.
- D. IAW ABN-20, TBCCW Failure Response, trip all but **ONE** operating Feed <u>and</u> Condensate Pump.

Answer: C

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NSRO 14						
Question #	148	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		
400000 Component Cooling Water 2.4.11 – Knowledge of abnormal condition procedures.	4.0	4.2		

Level		SRO	Tier	2	Grou	р	1
Gener Referen	~. ∣	АВ	N-20				
Explana	tion	C is Correct. The question stem describes an event where an unisolable TBCCW leak has occurred. Immediate Operator Actions require a reactor scram and a trip of all operating recirculation pumps. Subsequent operator actions require tripping all Feed & Condensate Pumps if bearing temperatures, as indicated on Panel 12XR, are ≥195 °F. With bearing temperatures indicating 222 °F, all Feed & Condensate Pumps are required to be tripped.  A is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant believes the Feed Pumps should be tripped IAW ABN-1. ABN-1 requires tripping the Feed Pumps at 170". With RPV water level at 159" and slowly rising, the high bearing temperature takes priority and all Feed and Condensate Pumps must be tripped IAW ABN-20.  B is Incorrect but plausible since it is correct that all Feed and Condensate Pumps must be tripped, however ABN-20, not ABN-4 directs this action.  D is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the					
Reference provided		be ng exam:		None			
Lesson	Plan	n 2621.828.0.0017, Feed and Condensate System					
Learn Object	•	CFW-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.					

Question Source (New, Modi	Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source:	718367 ILT Bank	
Previous 2 Exams:	No	

Fu		Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			•	ehension nalysis	X 3:SPK	
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using Knowledge and</u> its meaning						
	5	55.41b			55	.43b	5	
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0		with			N	/A		
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1			
System ID I	No.:	lo.: 400000 F		PR	RA: No		No	
Safety Function	, , , , , , , , ,		⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level			

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

15 ID: 11-1 NSRO 15 Points: 1.00

The plant is at 65% power and stable. Plant conditions include the following:

• APRMs 1 and 6 are inoperable AND bypassed

A condition occurs and a 4<sup>th</sup> LPRM input to APRM 4 becomes inoperable and must be bypassed.

Which of the following actions is REQUIRED IAW Technical Specifications?

- A. Bypass APRM 4
- B. **CONFIRM** a half-scram on RPS 1
- C. **CONFIRM** a half-scram on RPS 2
- D. Commence a normal plant shutdown

Answer: B

Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 15						
Question #	15S	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012					

		Know	ledge and A	Ability Refere	nce Inforn	nation			
	K&A						Importance Rating		
					RO	<u> </u>	SRO		
215005 APRM / LPRM 2.2.22 – Equipment Control: Knowledge of Limiting Conditions for operations and safety limits.					4.0	0	4.7		
Level		SRO	Tier	2	Grou	р	1		
General References TS 3.1.B.		3.1.B.1	TS Table	3.1.1					

	Answer B is Correct. APRM 4 is inoperable with four failed inputs (T.S. 3.1.B.1). Since there are now less than the required minimum APRM channels (3) for RPS-1, a half-scram must be inserted on RPS-1.
	Answer A is Incorrect. It is true the crew may bypass APRM 4 however the required action per tech specs is to place/confirm a half-scram on RPS channel 1.
Explanation	Answer C is Incorrect. RPS-1 has two inoperable APRMs (1 and 4) and would be tripped. RPS-2 has one inoperable APRM (6) and would not be tripped since it meets the operability requirements of Table 3.1.1.
	Answer D is Incorrect. This action is not required and if taken, would not eliminate the requirement to trip RPS-1.
	All distractors are plausible if the student does not recall action requirements for inoperable APRMs. The only action that is REQUIRED is that RPS 1 is placed in the TRIP condition, making all distractors incorrect as these are not required actions per Technical Specifications or procedures.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation
Learning Objective/	NIS-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			718262 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					

100777	55.41b				55	.43b	2
10CRF55 Content		acility operating limitations in the technical specifications and eir bases.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1			
System ID No.: 2		21500	)5	PR	A: No		No
Safety Function:		7	7 ⊠ Initial License Level □ LORT				

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

16

**ID: 11-1 NSRO 16** 

Points: 1.00

AND UNAVAILABLE

The plant was at rated power with USS 1A2 out of service. A combined LOOP and LOCA then occurred. Plant conditions include the following:

- All Control Rods indicate a GREEN-GREEN backlight
- RPV pressure is 780 psig and lowering
- RPV water level is 102" and lowering
- Torus temperature is 112° F and rising
- DW pressure is 15 psig and rising
- Drywell temperature is 282° F and rising
- EDG 1 BREAKER indicates RED light ON
- EDG 2 BREAKER indicates GREEN light ON

Which of the following is the SRO required to direct **NEXT**?

- A. Emergency Depressurize the RPV, IAW the Primary Containment Control EOP.
- B. Initiate one loop of Containment Spray in the TORUS CLG mode, IAW the Primary Containment Control EOP.
- C. Initiate one loop of Containment Spray in the DW SPRAY mode, IAW the Primary Containment Control EOP.
- D. Lower reactor pressure to allow low pressure systems to inject into the RPV, IAW the RPV Control no ATWS EOP.

Answer: A

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 16	
Question #	168	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A Importance Rating					
RO SRO					

A2.10 - A following SYSTEM those pro control, o	bility on ANE edict or mi	the PRIMA  AUXILIA  ions, use  itigate the  nditions o	edict the im ARY CONTA RIES; and procedures	(b) based on s to correct, nces of those	3.	6	3.8
Level		SRO	Tier	2	Grou	1b	2
	General PCC EOP EOP User's		EOP User's	Guide			
Explanat		and LOC Bus 1D, available Spray Sy Tempera directs E Tempera B & C are recogniz unavaila Cooling is also re Contains D is Inco adequate to allow level res water lev REQUIRI Depress	A event. Therefore Set In additions the set of the set	on, with USS 1 mps are also used and unable of and unable of the Prima but plausible of the ing due to the ing	s that ED ainment S A2 not in Inavailabito be low ion due to the appart Spray stature is a sible. In Inject word. This was ible is sible in Ingent word. This was ible is sible is sible is sible is sible is sible in Ingent word.	OG-2 is Spray Posservice. With the end of th	not powering Pumps are not se, Containment th Drywell he PCC EOP Drywell doesn't sare initiating Torus prywell Sprays th both tizes ensuring ag RPV pressure required once ur when RPV e only
		ng exam:		Klone			ur and an

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0056, RPV Control - no ATWS
Learning Objective/	PCC-3000, Using Procedure EMG-3200.02, evaluate the technical bases for each step in the procedure and apply this evaluation to determine correct courses of action under emergency conditions.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			New				
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				N/A			
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge				ehension nalysis	X 3:SPK	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					Knowledge and	
	5	55.41b	)		55.43b		5
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute			es	Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID I	No.:	2	223001		PRA: No		No
Safety 5		5		☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 50 of 84 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

17 ID: 11-1 NSRO 17 Points: 1.00

The plant was starting up after a refuel outage. The Reactor Operator was withdrawing control rods, when the control rod position indication went dark at position 24 for the control rod being withdrawn.

Control rod position indication was **NOT** regained when the URO inserted the control rod one notch. The Operator then attempted to fully insert the control rod in preparation for isolating the control rod. Neutron monitoring showed no change in counts as the control rod was inserted.

With the control rod valved out of service, IAW procedure 302.1 Control Rod Drive System, and the control rod not indicating, which of the following Technical Specifications actions is required?

- A. Immediately initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.
- B. Verify there are no more than 8 inoperable control rods valved out of service, prior to continuing with control rod withdrawals.
- C. The SHUTDOWN MARGIN must be verified within 6 hours, including and assuming the effects of the most reactive and non-indicating control rod fully withdrawn.
- D. The SHUTDOWN MARGIN must be verified within 6 hours, including and assuming the effects of the most reactive and non-indicating control rod at its last known position.

Answer: C

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 17	
Question #	178	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Importance Rating		
		-	RO	SRO		
	RPIS Equipment Co al Specification		•	3.4	4.7	
Level	SRO	Tier	Group	2		

General References	TS 3.2.A		
Explanation	reactivity control roccontrol rods fully insquestion has no posthat the control rod Because of this, shu control that is not in This is required IAW A is Incorrect but pl REFUEL mode, ther fully inserted. The service cannot continue even D is Incorrect but pl requirements of TS	d assumed fully withdreserted. But since the contion indication, and the is fully inserted, its poutdown margin must be indicating assuming it is a TS 3.2.A.2.  ausible. If SDM cannotes the stem states a plant state a control rods. In any earn if this verification with ausible if the applicant	ontrol rod in the hey are unable to verify sition is unknown. e verified with this s also fully withdrawn. It be met while in lat all control rods be rtup is in progress. ows only 6 inoperable, event, the startup as made. It does not recall the ley are to calculate the
References to provided dus	<b>建设设施的 1970年 1970</b>	None	

Lesson Plan	2621.850.0.0090, Overview/Highlights of Technical Specifications
Learning Objective/	TSX-10451, Referencing plant Technical Specifications (* from memory for Initial Candidates) and given a set of plant conditions, determine, as applicable, the:  • Definitions*  • Safety Limits and Bases*  • Limiting Safety System Settings and Bases*  • Limiting Conditions for Operation and Applicability  • LCO Action Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Surveillance Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications (SRO ONLY)  • Bases for Surveillance Requirements, Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications. (SRO ONLY)*

Question Source (New, Modified, Ba		odified, Bank)	Bank			
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question S Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	510956 ILT Bank No				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK		
Level	NUREG 1021 A its meaning	1021 Appendix B: <u>S</u> olve a <u>P</u> roblem using <u>K</u> nowledge and ning				
-	55.41b		55.43b	2 & 6		
10CRF55 Content	I their bases. Procedures and limitations involved in initial core					
Justificatio LORT ques K/A values	tions with		N/A			

Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1	
System ID No.:	214000	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:	7	⊠ Initia □ LOR1		e Level

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

18 ID: 11-1 NSRO 18

Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event then occurred. Ten minutes later, the following plant conditions are observed:

- APRMs indicate 8-9%
- ALL recirculation pumps are tripped
- RPV water level is 112" and lowering
- EMRV NR108B indicates RED light ON
- ABN-40, Stuck Open EMRV, is being executed
- Drywell pressure is 8 psig and rising slowly
- Drywell temperature is 205 °F and rising slowly
- Torus water temperature is 96 °F and rising slowly

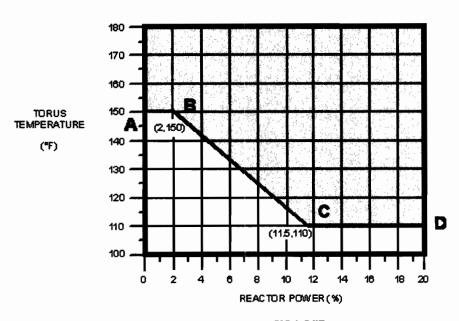
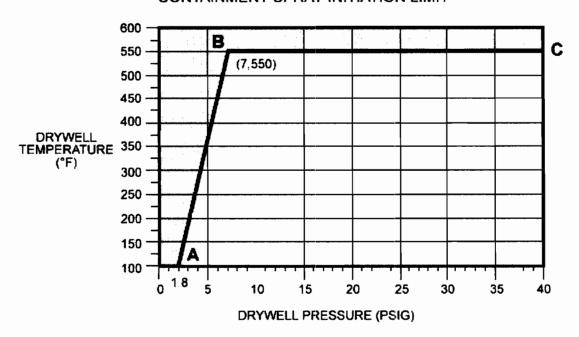


FIG. L BIIT
BORON INJECTION
INITIATION TEMPERATURE

OCS OPS ILT Page: 55 of 84 07 May 2012

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

#### CONTAINMENT SPRAY INITIATION LIMIT



#### Which of the following actions is required AT THIS TIME?

- A. Initiate the Liquid Poison System IAW Support Procedure 22, Initiating the Liquid Poison System, in the RPV Control with ATWS EOP.
- B. Initiate Torus Cooling IAW Support Procedure 25, Initiation of the Containment Spray System in the Torus Cooling Mode, in the Primary Containment Control EOP.
- C. Initiate Drywell Sprays IAW Support Procedure 29, Initiation of the Containment Spray System for Drywell Sprays, from the Pressure Leg in the Primary Containment Control EOP.
- D. Restore RPV water level 138" 175" IAW Support Procedure 19,
   Feedwater/Condensate and CRD System Operation, in the RPV Control With ATWS EOP.

Answer:

В

Answer	Exp	lanation

QID: 11-1 NSRO 18

Question # 18S	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012	
----------------	-----------------------------------	--

	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A				lı	Importance Rating		
	NOA					Ō	SRO	
219000 RHR/LPCI: Torus/Pool Cooling Mode A2.13 - Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following on the RHR/LPCI: TORUS/SUPPRESSION POOL COOLING MODE; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those abnormal conditions or operations: High suppression pool temperature				3.	.5	3.7		
Level	Level SRO Tier 2			Grou	ıb dı	2		
Gener Referen			vith ATWS OP	I F()PIIGAT'S				

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

B is Correct. The plant was at rated power when an event resulted in an electrical ATWS. Indications are then provided 10 minutes after the scram: power is > 2%, 1 EMRV is stuck open resulting in an elevated torus water temperature of 97F. Containment Spray is available and Containment Spray is required to be placed in the TORUS CLG mode due to High Suppression Pool Temperature IAW the PCC EOP. A is Incorrect but plausible since it is true that Liquid Poison would have to be initiated to maintain Torus Temperature below the BIIT curve, however with temperature at 97F and slowly rising, the only REQUIRED action at this time is to initiate Torus Cooling. ABN-40 is still being executed and there is a chance if NR108B closes the BIIT will never be reached. **Explanation** C is Incorrect but plausible. Drywell sprays can be initiated in the Primary Containment Control EOP in 2 legs: DW temperature and DW pressure. In the temperature leg, conditions must first be allowed by the Containment Spray Initiation Limit (CSIL) curve. To spray from the pressure leg, then DW/Torus pressure must first exceed 12 psig (this is a WAIT requirement). Therefore DW sprays can be initiated from the temperature leg (as allowed by CSIL) but not the pressure leg. D is Incorrect but plausible. IAW the RPV Control - with ATWS EOP, RPV water level is NOT restored/maintained at 138-175, but lowered intentionally to control reactor power (Terminate and Prevent RPV Injection). references (o se None orovided during exam: Lesson Plan 2621.845.0.0053, RPV Control - with ATWS EWA-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate Learning and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system Objective/ status.

Question Source (New, Modif	New	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		N/A

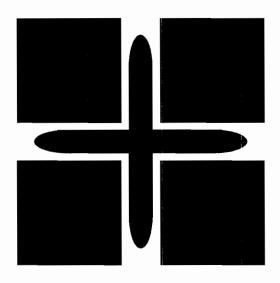
OCS OPS ILT Page: 58 of 84 07 May 2012

Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis		X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using Knowledge and</u> its meaning					
	55.41b			55.43b		5
10CRF55 Content	Assessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						
Time to Complete: 1-2 minut			s Point Value: 1			alue: 1
System ID I	System ID No.: 21		PRA: No		No	
Safety 5		1 —	<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>			

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

19 ID: 11-1 NSRO 19 Points: 1.00

The plant is shutdown for a refuel outage. Control rod 30-35 is to be replaced. Which of the following lists, in the correct order, the steps to prepare the cell to remove the control rod from the core?



- A. 1. Remove fuel bundles A and B
  - 2. Insert double blade guide
  - 3. Remove fuel bundles C and D
  - 4. Uncouple control rod
  - 5. Withdraw control rod to position 48
- B. 1. Remove fuel bundles A and C
  - 2. Insert double blade guide
  - 3. Remove fuel bundles B and D
  - 4. Withdraw control rod to position 48
  - 5. Uncouple control rod
- C. 1. Remove fuel bundles A and B
  - 2. Remove fuel bundles C and D
  - 3. Insert double blade guide
  - 4. Uncouple control rod
  - 5. Withdraw control rod to position 48
- D. 1. Remove fuel bundles A and insert single blade guide
  - 2. Remove fuel bundles B and insert single blade guide
  - 3. Remove fuel bundles C and insert single blade guide
  - 4. Remove fuel bundles D and insert single blade guide
  - 5. Withdraw control rod to position 48
  - 6. Uncouple control rod

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Answer: В

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NS	QID: 11-1 NSRO 19					
Question #	198	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K&A					Importance Rating		
	N&A					0	SRO	
2.1.42 - K	Conduct of Operations 2.1.42 - Knowledge of new and spent fuel movement procedures.					5	3.4	
Level		SRO	Tier	3	Categ	ory	coo	
Genera Referen	2050 1 2055		5					
Explanation		(Rod With guidance opposite 4 withdrawn All distrated	B is Correct. Procedures 205.0 (Reactor Refueling) and 205.5 (Rod Withdrawal/Insertion During Refueling) provide the general guidance to remove a control rod from the core: 1. remove 2 opposite bundles; 2. insert blade guide; 3. remove last 2 bundles; 4 withdraw rod to 48; 5. Uncouple.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant is not familiar with the control rod removal process during refuel					
	References to be provided during exam: None							
Lesson	Lesson Plan		12.0.0003, 1	Reactor Refue	eling		_	
RFL-7442, Describe, in general, refueli procedures to include precautions and Objective/ Procedure 205 series.			-		_			

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)		
	O NRC Exa	am
3	11860	11860 LT 10-1 SRO NRC Exa

Cognitive Level	Fundame	lemory or X Indamental 1:P Inowledge			rehension nalysis		
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions						
	55.411	55.41b		55	.43b	7	
10CRF55 Content	Fuel handling facilities and procedures.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	ions with	N/A					
Time to Complete: 1-2		2 minutes		Point Value: 1			
System ID No.:		N/A	PR	A: No		No	
Safety Function:		N/A	<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>				

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

20 ID: 11-1 NSRO 20 Points: 1.00

The plant is in a refuel outage. Due to the loss of SRM 24, fuel was being shuffled in core quadrants 1, 2, and 3.

While reviewing work packages for the following day, you note a maintenance activity requiring a tagout to de-energize 24 VDC Power Panel A.

If the maintenance activity were allowed to occur as scheduled, which of the following states the impact on refueling, if any?

- A. There will be **NO** impact on the core alterations.
- B. Core alterations will be restricted to core quadrant 3 **ONLY**.
- ALL core alterations must cease due to the loss of the required number of operable SRMs.
- D. **ALL** core alterations must cease due to the loss of Secondary Containment Integrity and the auto start of SGTS.

Answer: C

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NSRO 20						
Question #	208	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K	(&A	In	Importance Rating			
						o	SRO
Equipment Control 2.2.36 - Ability to analyze the effect of maintenance activities, such as degraded power sources, on the status of limiting conditions for operations.					3.	1	4.2
Level		SRO Tier 3			Catego	ory	EQC
General T References		5 3.9	706E812 sh. 3, 5, 6				

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

C is Correct. The plant is in a refuel outage with SRM 24 inoperable. Core alterations are occurring in the other core quadrants with operable SRMs. If 24 VDC Power Panel A is deenergized, this will render SRMs 21 and 22 inoperable. TS 3.9.D provides the following: During CORE ALTERATIONS at least two (2) source range monitor (SRM) channels shall be OPERABLE and inserted to the normal operating level. One of the OPERABLE SRM channel detectors shall be located in the core quadrant where CORE ALTERATIONS are being performed, and another shall be located in an adjacent quadrant. TS 3.9.G provides the following: With any of the above requirements not met, cease CORE ALTERATIONS or control rod removal as appropriate, and initiate action to satisfy the above requirements. Since only 1 SRM remains operable in quadrant 3, the requirement for 2 operable SRMs will not be met and core alterations must cease.

#### **Explanation**

A is Incorrect but plausible since the refuel activities are impacted. The applicant may not recall the loss of 24 VDC Power Panel A would affect SRMs 21 and 22 and/or they may not recall the Tech Spec requirements for operable SRMs while performing core alterations.

B is Incorrect but plausible. Since SRM 23, in core quadrant 3 is still operable, the candidate may think that fuel moves are still allowed in that single quadrant. But as shown, 2 SRMs are required.

D is Incorrect but plausible. The loss of 24 VDC Power Panel will isolate RB normal Vent and initiate the Standby Gas treatment System (SGTS). This will not cause SGTS or Secondary Containment to be inoperable.

References to be provided during exam:

3000

Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation
Learning Objective/	NIS-10451, Referencing plant Technical Specifications (* from memory for Initial Candidates) and given a set of plant conditions, determine, as applicable, the:  • Definitions*  • Safety Limits and Bases*  • Limiting Safety System Settings and Bases*  • Limiting Conditions for Operation and Applicability  • LCO Action Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Surveillance Requirements (SRO ONLY)  • Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications (SRO ONLY)  • Bases for Surveillance Requirements, Design Features, Containment, Auxiliary Equipment, Administrative Controls, and Appendix B Environmental Technical Specifications. (SRO ONLY)*

Question	Source (New, M	odified, Bank)	Bank		
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:		ILT 09-1 SRO NRC Exam		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Outcome				
	55.41b		55.43b	2, 6, 7	
10CRF55 Content	Facility operating limitations in the technical specifications and their bases; Procedures and limitations involved in initial core loading, alterations in core configuration, control rod programming, and determination of various internal and external effects on core reactivity; Fuel handling facilities and procedures.			in initial core rod nal and external	
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0			N/A		
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 mir	nutes	Point Value: 1		

System ID No.:	N/A	PRA:	No
Safety Function:	N/A	☑ Initial License ☐ LORT	e Level

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

21 ID: 11-1 NSRO 21 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred.

20 minutes later, the following plant conditions exist:

- Main Steam Line radiation Monitors indicate 500 mr/hr and rising slowly
- Offgas Radiation Monitors have risen and continue to rise
- Several Turbine Building AND Reactor Building Area Radiation Monitors are in alarm (but on-scale)
- Turbine Building ΔP is positive
- All control rods indicate full-in
- The Shift Manager has declared an Alert due to Radiological Effluent

Which of the following actions is required?

- A. Close the MSIVs IAW the Radioactivity Release Control EOP.
- B. Close the MSIVs IAW ABN-26, High Main Steam/Offgas/Stack Effluent Activity.
- C. Emergency Depressurize the RPV IAW the Radioactivity Release Control EOP.
- D. Emergency Depressurize the RPV IAW the Secondary Containment Control EOP.

Answer: A

Answer Explanation				
QID: 11-1 NSRO 21				
Question #	21S	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012		

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A			Importance Rating		
				RO	SRO
Radiation Control 2.3.11 - Ability to control radiation releases.				3.8	4.3
Level	SRO	Tier	3	Category	RPT

General References	RR EOP	EOP User's Guide				
Explanation	A is Correct. The question states that an event had occurred. The conditions show that MSL and offgas radiation has increased, TB ARMs are in alarm and that TB ÄP is positive. These indicate a primary steam leak in the TB. The stem also shows that an alert emergency condition has been declared due to radiological effluents. This is an entry condition into the Radioactivity release Control EOP. The first step is to isolate primary systems discharging outside the primary and secondary containments. Closing the MSIVs would stop the leak into the TB.  B is Incorrect but plausible since ABN-26 requires closing the MSIVs when MSL radiation is > 800 mr/hr and the stem shows only 500 and rising slowly.  C is Incorrect but plausible since the Radioactivity Release Control EOP does require ED, but only after a GE is declared.  D is Incorrect but plausible since ED is also required in the Secondary Containment Control EOP, but the MAX SAFE must					
References to be provided during exam: ABN-26						
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0015, F	Radiation Control - Adn	nin			
Learning Objective/	2.3.11, Ability to c	ontrol radiation release	es 			

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)		Bank
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 811863 Question Source: ILT 10-1 SRC Previous 2 Exams: Yes		O NRC Exam

Cognitive Level	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal		Comprehension or Analysis		X 3:SPR	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using References</u>						
10CRF55 Content	55.41b	)		55.43b		4	
	Radiation hazards that may arise during normal and abnormal situations, including maintenance activities and various contamination conditions.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N/A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1				
System ID No.:		N/A	PR	<b>A:</b>	No		
Safety Function:		N/A	I —				

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

22 ID: 11-1 NSRO 22 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a **LOCA** and **ATWS** occurred. Plant conditions include the following:

- Reactor power is 15% and steady
- RPV water level indicates -16" and lowering
- Emergency Depressurization has been performed
- SP-17, Terminate and Prevent Injection, has been completed
- RPV Pressure has just lowered below the Minimum Steam Cooling Pressure (MSCP)

IAW the RPV Control - with ATWS EOP, which of the following systems shall the SRO direct **FIRST** to restore RPV water level **AND**, IAW the EOP User's Guide, which is the correct basis for this action?

- A. Feed and Condensate IAW SP-19, Feedwater/Condensate and CRD System Operation, since it injects outside the core shroud.
- B. Fire Water via the Core Spray System IAW SP-20, Low Pressure Injection During an ATWS, due to its ability to be throttled and controlled.
- C. Core Spray System IAW SP-20, Low Pressure Injection During an ATWS, due to its ability to restore RPV water level faster than other injection systems.
- D. Condensate Transfer via the Core Spray System IAW SP-20, Low Pressure Injection During an ATWS, due to its ability to throttle and is at a higher water purity than Fire Water.

Answer: A

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 22	
Question #	228	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		
Emergency Procedures / Plan 2.4.22 - Knowledge of the bases for prioritizing safety functions during abnormal/emergency operations.	3.6	4.4		

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Level		SRO	Tier	3	Catego	ry	ЕОР
Gener Referen		RPVC - with ATWS EOP		EOP User's Guide			
Explana	tion	there is an ATWS makeup Systems they injected core. The Condens B & D ar Transfer line for recordens outside to Transfer C is Incosource of the Condens outside to the Condens outside to the C is Incosource of the C is Incosource	both a LOC. S, pressure to the RPV s. Feed/Cor ct outside to to warm an e first make sate. e Incorrect via Core S nakeup due sate has a h the core sh would inje orrect but pl of makeup d	question stem describes a condition where CA and ATWS. When ED is performed during is allowed to lower below the MSCP, then commences via a series of preferred Safety ondensate and CRD are the FIRST priority since the Core Shroud, allowing the cold water and mix with borated water before entering the keup source the SRO shall direct is Feed and to their ability to be throttled. Feed and higher priority though due to it injecting hroud where Fire Water and Condensate ect cold water directly on top of the core.  Clausible. The Core Spray system is the last during an ATWS due to its injection of large unborated water injecting directly on the core.			
Fraturent provides		r be Ing exam:		None			
Lesson	Plan	2621.84	45.0.0053, F	RPV Control - with ATWS			
Learn Object	_	step/st					ach and how to verify

Question Source (New, Modif	ied, Bank)	New
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		N/A

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal		Comprehension or Analysis		X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 10 its meanin		dix B: <u>S</u> olv	ve a <u>P</u> rob	lem using	Knowledge and	
	55.41b	55.41b 55.43b 5					
10CRF55 Content		sessment of facility conditions and selection of appropriate cedures during normal, abnormal, and emergency situations.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values	ions with			N/A	A		
Time to Con	nplete: 1-2	plete: 1-2 minutes Point Value: 1					
System ID I	No.:	N/A PRA:			RA: No		
Safety Function	Safety Function:  N/A  Initial License Level  LORT						

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

23 ID: 11-1 NSRO 23 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power with CRD Pump B tagged out of service to replace the pump oil.

The work order requires running surveillance test 617.4.001, CRD Pump Operability Test as a Post Maintenance Test (PMT) following work completion.

IAW MA-AA-716-012, Post Maintenance Testing, which of the following states an additional requirement for the PMT of this pump, if any?

- A. **NO** other actions outside of the surveillance are required.
- B. Motor current should also be monitored and documented.
- C. Bearing temperatures should also be monitored and documented.
- D. A VT-2 leakage inspection should be performed and documented.

Answer:

C

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 23	
Question #	23\$	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	к	&A	lı	Importance Rating			
		• •			R	0	SRO
Equipment Control 2.2.19 - Knowledge of maintenance work order requirements.					2.3		3.4
Level	·	SRO	Tier	3	Categ	ory	EQC
General References MA-AA-716-012		617.4.0	01				

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Explanation	C is Correct. IAW MA-AA-716-012, Post Maintenance Testing, Attachment 1, Generic Post Maintenance Test Matrix, there are 3 types of tests for pump lubricant changeout: bearing temperature, external leakage, and lubrication level checks. The surveillance test does not test or verify any of these recommended actions. Of those actions listed, only answer C specifies one of the listed actions.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant is not familiar with the requirements for PMT.				
References to provided duri	be MA-AA-716-012 617.4.001 ng exam: Attachment 1 Attachments 1-3				
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0011, Control Rod Drive System				
Learning Objective/	CRD-0021, Identify and interpret the test and surveillance procedures for the CRD System, including personnel and equipment allocation.				

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			ınk		
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ource:		RO NRC Exam			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 2:DR		
Level	NUREG 1021 Relationships		cribing or recogniz	ring		
	55.41b		55.43b	5		
10CRF55 Content						
Justification LORT ques K/A values	tions with		N/A			
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 m	inutes	Point V	alue: 1		

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

System ID No.:	N/A	PRA:	No
Safety Function:	N/A	☑ Initial License ☐ LORT	Level

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

24 ID: 11-1 NSRO 24 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred. Present plant conditions are as follows:

- Six (6) Control Rods are stuck at position 04; ALL other Control Rods are at position 00
- RECIRC PUMP SUCTION TEMPS indicates 440 °F and lowering
- RPV water level indicates 134" and rising slowly
- Drywell pressure indicates 11 psig
- Drywell temperature indicates 225 °F
- Torus water temperature indicates 153 °F and rising slowly
- Torus water level indicates 160" and stable

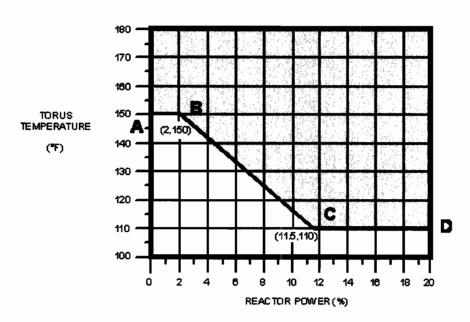
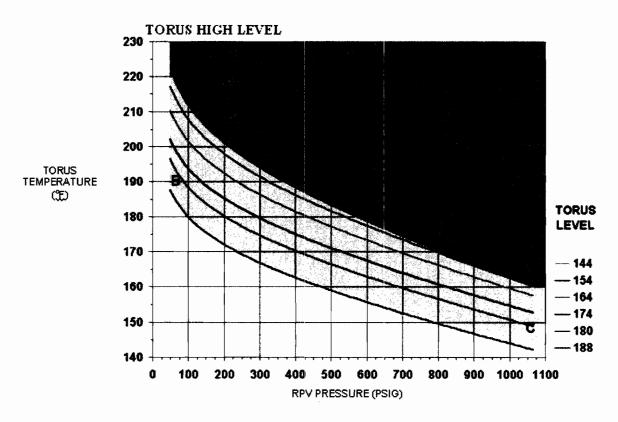
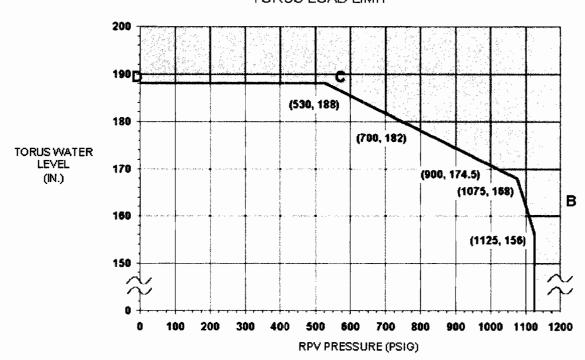


FIG. L BIIT
BORON INJECTION
INITIATION TEMPERATURE

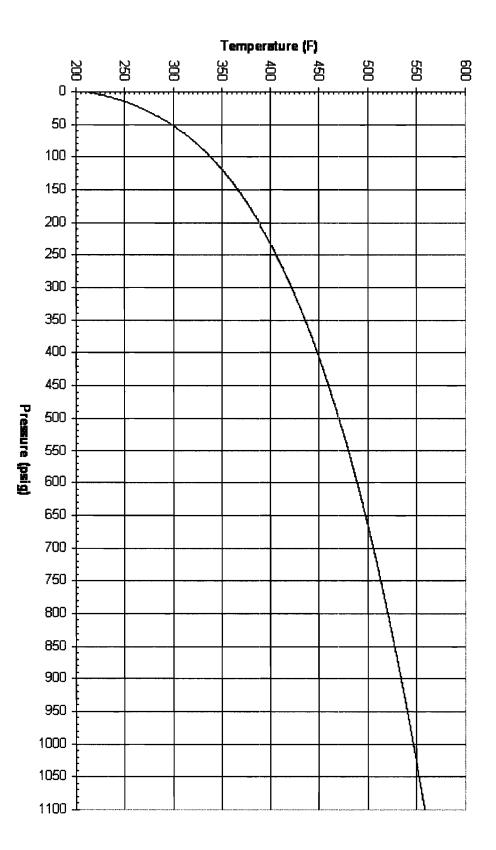
OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM



#### TORUS LOAD LIMIT



OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM



Saturated Steam

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Which **ONE** of the following actions shall the SRO direct? (See EOP Figures above)

- A. Initiate Liquid Poison IAW Support Procedure 22, Initiating the Liquid Poison System
- B. Emergency Depressurize the RPV IAW the Emergency Depressurization With ATWS EOP
- C. Before RECIRC PUMP SUCTION TEMPS indicate about 425 °F, stop injection into the RPV from the Core Spray System, IAW the RPV Control No ATWS EOP
- D. Terminate and prevent RPV injection from sources external to the Primary Containment not required for adequate core cooling IAW the Primary Containment Control EOP

Answer: C

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NS	RO 24	
Question #	248	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and A	Ability Referen	ce Infor	mation		
K&A					Importance Rating			
	NGA					0	SRO	
Conduct of Operations 2.1.25 - Ability to interpret reference materials, such as graphs, curves, tables, etc.				3.9		4.2		
Level	;	SRO	Tier	3	Categ	ory	coo	
General RPV Control - i References ATWS EOP								

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

C is Correct. The plant was at power when an event occurred. The conditions provided require entry into the RPV Control – No ATWS and Primary Containment Control EOP. The recirculation pump suction temperature (which is trending down) shows that RPV pressure is about 375 psig and lowering. A note in the RPV Control – No ATWS EOP states that if Core Spray is running (which it is), then to secure Core Spray before RPV pressure drops to 310 psig (which equates to about 425 °F), as long as core cooling is assured. RPV water level is given as 134" and slowly rising; thus, adequate core cooling is assured. With this, and RPV pressure lowering, Core Spray should be prevented from injecting.

### **Explanation**

A is Incorrect but plausible. The indications show that several control rods did not insert to position 00 but inserted to position 04. Under these conditions, the reactor can still be declared shutdown under all conditions and thus the RPV Control – No ATWS is the correct EOP. The conditions show that the Boron Injection Initiation Temperature (BIIT) curve is violated, and SLC should be injected if the RPV Control – With ATWS EOP was the correct EOP. Since there is no ATWS EOP entry, there is no direction to inject SLC due to violation of the BIIT curve.

B is Incorrect but plausible. Emergency Depressurization would be required if the Heat Capacity Temperature Limit (HCTL) were violated. But the conditions show that the point is on the good side of the HCTL curve and no ED is required.

D is Incorrect but plausible. Terminating RPV injection from those sources external to the Primary Containment not required for adequate core cooling is appropriate when the Torus Load Limit (TLL) curve is violated. The provided conditions show that TLL is not violated and thus termination of external sources is not required.

References to provided during	
Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0052, RPV Control - no ATWS
Learning Objective/	ENA-3055, Given a copy of RPV Control – No ATWS, describe in detail each step or conditional statement, including technical basis, and how to perform each step as required.

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Question 9	w, Modif	Bank				
If Bank or M VISION Syst Question So Previous 2 I	tem/Questi ource:	on ID:	663915 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowled	ental		•	rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					
	55.41b			55	.43b	1
10CRF55 Content	Conditions and limitations in the facility license.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values	ions with			N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 mi			s		Point V	alue: 1
System ID No.:		N/A	PR	<b>A</b> :		No
Safety Function:		N/A	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

#### OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

25 ID: 11-1 NSRO 25 Points: 1.00

#### Given the following:

- A Site Area Emergency has been declared at Oyster Creek.
- The Technical Support Center (TSC) and Emergency Operations Facility (EOF) are activated with Command and Control functions transferred accordingly.
- The Shift Manager determined that an Emergency Exposure is required SOLELY for the purpose of PROTECTING an important piece of PLANT EQUIPMENT considered valuable property.

Based on these conditions, answer the following two questions.

- (1) IAW RP-AA-203, Exposure Control and Authorization, which **ONE** of the following correctly identifies the exposure **LIMIT (TEDE)** for this emergency exposure?
- (2) According to EP-AA-113, Personnel Protective Actions, which **ONE** of the following correctly identifies the **HIGHEST** level of approval needed to authorize this exposure limit?
  - A. (1) 10 Rem
    - (2) Station Emergency Director in the TSC
  - B. (1) 25 Rem
    - (2) Station Emergency Director in the TSC
  - C. (1) 10 Rem
    - (2) Corporate Emergency Director in the EOF
  - D. (1) 25 Rem
    - (2) Corporate Emergency Director in the EOF

Answer: A

Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NS	QID: 11-1 NSRO 25						
Question #	25S	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012					

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Radiation Control 2.3.4 - Knowledge of radiation exposure limits under normal or emergency conditions.						2	3.7
Level		SRO	Tier	3	Catego	ory	RPT
Gener Referen		EP-A	<b>IA-113</b>	RP-AA-2	203		
References  A is Correct. Per EP-AA-1007 (among exposure controls are non-delegable with the Station Emergency Director is activated, the Shift Manager (Shift Emtransferred this responsibility to the SPer EP-AA-113, the Station Emergency emergency exposures greater than 5 Is solely protecting valuable property.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausidoes authorize emergency exposure Is Command and Control is transferred may not recall authorizing emergency delegable responsibility. Since the Edassume emergency exposure control transferred to the EOF. The limit of 25 this is the limit for lifesaving or protections.				able respondent to rin the temerge the Station pency Direct to the temerge to the temerge expense EOF is atrol authof 25 REI	onsibility TSC. Soncy Director (TEME. TEDE. THE Showever TSC. TEDE is activated activa	ties that remain Since the TSC is ector) has gency Director. SC) authorizes is the limit for lift Manager ver only until The applicant a noned, they may n has now been usible since	
previole	References to be provided during exam:						
Lesson	Plan	2621.8	30.0.0015, F	Radiation Conf	rol - Adm	nin	
	Learning 2.3.4, Knowledge of radiation exposure limits under normal or objective/ emergency conditions.				der normal or		

Question Source (New, Modi	Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	None Peach Botto No	om 2009 NRC Exam

OC 2012 SRO NRC EXAM

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal	X 1:P		ehension nalysis		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions						
	55.41b 55.43b 4						
10CRF55 Content	Radiation hazards that may arise during normal and abnormal situations, including maintenance activities and various contamination conditions.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0		N/A					
Time to Complete: 1-2		2 minutes		Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID No.:		N/A	PR	PRA: No		No	
Safety Function:		N/A	⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level		

ocs	OPS ILT		Page: 1 of 8	07 May 2012
	Answer:	D		
11			ID: 11-1 NRO 11	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
10			ID: 11-1 NRO 10	Points: 1.00
9	Answer:	В	ID: 11-1 NRO 09	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
8	Angua	٨	ID: 11-1 NRO 08	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
7			ID: 11-1 NRO 07	Points: 1.00
6	Answer:	В	ID: 11-1 NRO 06	Points: 1.00
•	Answer:	В	ID. 44 4 NDC 00	Ballata d CO
5			ID: 11-1 NRO 05	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
4			ID: 11-1 NRO 04	Points: 1.00
3	Answer:	В	ID: 11-1 NRO 03	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
2			ID: 11-1 NRO 02	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
1			ID: 11-1 NRO 01	Points: 1.00

12			ID: 11-1 NRO 12	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
13			ID: 11-1 NRO 13	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
14			ID: 11-1 NRO 14	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
15			ID: 11-1 NRO 15	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
40			ID. 44.4 NDO 40	Bainta d 00
16	Answer:	С	ID: 11-1 NRO 16	Points: 1.00
	7			
17			ID: 11-1 NRO 17	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
18			ID: 11-1 NRO 18	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
19			ID: 11-1 NRO 19	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
20			ID: 11-1 NRO 20	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
21			ID: 11-1 NRO 21	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		

ocs o	OPS ILT		Page: 3 of 8	07 May 2012
	Answer:	В		
32			ID: 11-1 NRO 32	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
31			ID: 11-1 NRO 31	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		r viiito. 1.00
30			ID: 11-1 NRO 30	Points: 1.00
29	Answer:	Α	ID: 11-1 NRO 29	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
28			ID: 11-1 NRO 28	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
27			ID: 11-1 NRO 27	Points: 1.00
20	Answer:	D	ID. 11-1 NNO 20	Points: 1.00
26	71104401.	J	ID: 11-1 NRO 26	Points: 1.00
25	Answer:	D	ID: 11-1 NRO 25	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
24			ID: 11-1 NRO 24	Points: 1.00
20	Answer:	С	15. 11-1 HHO 20	roints. 1.00
23		· ·	ID: 11-1 NRO 23	Points: 1.00
22	Answer:	С	ID: 11-1 NRO 22	Points: 1.00

33			ID: 11-1 NRO 33	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
34			ID: 11-1 NRO 34	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
35			ID: 11-1 NRO 35	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
			ID 44 4 NDO 00	Delister 4.00
36	Answer:	В	ID: 11-1 NRO 36	Points: 1.00
	Answer.	Б		
37			ID: 11-1 NRO 37	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
38			ID: 11-1 NRO 38	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
39			ID: 11-1 NRO 39	Points: 1.00
•	Answer:	С		
40			ID: 11-1 NRO 40	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
44			ID: 44 4 NDO 44	Palista 4 00
41	Answer:	С	ID: 11-1 NRO 41	Points: 1.00
	,	J		
42			ID: 11-1 NRO 42	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		

Page: 4 of 8

07 May 2012

OCS OPS ILT

43			ID: 11-1 NRO 43	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
44			ID: 11-1 NRO 44	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
45			ID: 11-1 NRO 45	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
46			ID: 11-1 NRO 46	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
47			ID: 11-1 NRO 47	Points: 1.00
4,	Answer:	D	is. H-1 NNO 47	Folits. 1.00
40			ID: 44.4 NDO 40	Balana d oo
48	Answer:	С	ID: 11-1 NRO 48	Points: 1.00
49	Answer:	D	ID: 11-1 NRO 49	Points: 1.00
	Allower.	D		
50	A	D	ID: 11-1 NRO 50	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
51			ID: 11-1 NRO 51	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
52			ID: 11-1 NRO 52	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
53			ID: 11-1 NRO 53	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
ocs c	PS ILT		Page: 5 of 8	07 May 2012

54			ID: 11-1 NRO 54	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		•
55			ID: 11-1 NRO 55	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
56			ID: 11-1 NRO 56	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
57			ID: 11-1 NRO 57	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
58			ID: 11-1 NRO 58	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
59			ID: 11-1 NRO 59	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
60			ID: 11-1 NRO 60	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
			ID 44 4 NDO 24	P.1.1. 4.00
61	<b>A</b>	D	ID: 11-1 NRO 61	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
62			ID: 11-1 NRO 62	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
63			ID: 11-1 NRO 63	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		

64			ID: 11-1 NRO 64	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
65			ID: 11-1 NRO 65	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
66			ID: 11-1 NRO 66	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
67			ID: 11-1 NRO 67	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	Α		
68			ID: 11-1 NRO 68	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
69			ID: 11-1 NRO 69	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	С		
70			ID: 11-1 NRO 70	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
71			ID: 11-1 NRO 71	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
72		_	ID: 11-1 NRO 72	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	D		
73	A	D	ID: 11-1 NRO 73	Points: 1.00
	Answer:	В		
74			ID: 11-1 NRO 74	Points: 1.00
0000	Answer:	B 	Page: 7 of 8	07 May 2012
0050	)F3 ILI		rage. 7 0/ 0	07 Iviay 2012

75

ID: 11-1 NRO 75

Points: 1.00

Answer:

С

OCS OPS ILT 07 May 2012 Page: 8 of 8

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

1		ID: 11-1 NRO 01		Points: 1.00		
The plant is a came into ala		n event then occurred	and the following	annunciator		
• FCS/R	RFCS - DUAL LINK	< FAILURE				
	of the following des S) <b>AND</b> RPV Wat	escribes the effect on t ter Level?	he Digital Feedwa	iter Control		
DFCS(1) RPV Water Lo						
A.	· •	ne Moore Stations perator action is taken				
В.	` ·	ansfer to the Moore Staten perator action is taken				
C.		ne Moore Stations stant since DFCS func	tions to maintain la	ast known		
D.	<ul> <li>D. (1) does NOT transfer to the Moore Stations</li> <li>(2) remains constant since DFCS functions to maintain last known setpoint</li> </ul>					
Answe	er: D					
Answer Exp	lanation					
QID: 11-1 N	IRO 01					
Question #		Developer / Date: 、	JJR / 5-14-2012			
	Knowledge	e and Ability Referen	Information			
	VIIOMICAGE	3 and Abinty Neicies				
	K&A		Importance			
		l RO l	SRO			

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

K1.03 - K connecti between	ledge of t and/or ca CTOR W	Level Conti he physical use- effect ATER LEVE ving: React	3.8 3.9		3.9		
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Referen		RAP-J2c, J1c					
Explana	tion	D is Correct. A Dual Link failure alarm informs the control room operators that the Moore Stations are disabled and the DCCs continue to function normally based on the last settings obtained from the Moore stations. As a result, the FRV's will continue to maintain RPV water level at the same setpoint so there is no impact on level.  A is Incorrect but plausible. Moore stations are disabled upon a dual link failure. This would be the expected condition for a dual computer failure. Level will remain the same.  B is Incorrect but plausible since it is the correct DCFS response but incorrect RPV water level response.  C is Incorrect but plausible since it is the incorrect DFCS response, but correct RPV water level response.					nd the DCCs ettings obtained ill continue to there is no lisabled upon a dition for a dual DCFS response,
TO THE STORY OF SECTION SECTION	References to be provided during exam:  Lesson Plan   2621.828.0.0018, Feedwater Control System						
Learni Object	ing	FWC-10449, State the function alarms, alone and in combinati with the system RAPS.			ınd interp	oretatio	_

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	505981 ILT Bank No	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 2 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Cognitive Level	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal			rehension nalysis	X 3:PEO	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome						
	55.41k		7	55	.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with	N/A					
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1			
System ID No.: 2		295002	002 PRA: No		No		
Safety Function:		2	2   Maritial License Level   LORT				

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

2 ID: 11-1 NRO 02 Points: 1.00

The plant is in cold shutdown and is cooling down with Shutdown Cooling. The following conditions currently exist:

- Shutdown cooling Loops A and B are in service
- RBCCW Pump 1-1 is in service
- A, B, C, and E Reactor Recirculation Loops are idle; Reactor Recirculation Pump D is operating

Which of the following will result in the **GREATEST** impact (after 3 minutes) on reactor coolant cooldown rate, with **NO** Operator action?

- A. A loss of Unit Substation 1A2 due to overload.
- B. SDC Pump B sensed suction temperature rises to 360 °F.
- C. An 86/S1A lockout occurs due to the trip of the differential relay 87SA.
- D. A loss of Drywell cooling which results in a Drywell pressure of 2.6 psig.

Answer: A

### Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NR	O 02	
Question #	2	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
	К	Importa	nce Rating			
			RO	SRO		
K1.05 - K connecti between (RHR SH	Shutdown Coo (nowledge of toons and/or can SHUTDOWN ( SHUTDOWN COO (UTDOWN COO)	he physica use- effect COOLING S DLING MOE	3.1	3.1		
Level	RO	Tier	2	Group	1	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 4 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

General References	ABN-45						
	Answer A is Correct. A loss of Unit Substation1A2 results in the loss of SDC Pump A and RBCCW Pump 1-1. SDC Pump B remains in service but there is no RBCCW flow since there is no auto start signal for the RBCCW Pump 1-2.  Answer B is Incorrect but plausible. When SDC Loop B senses 360°F, then SDC Pump B ONLY trips. SDC Pump A and RBCCW remain in service.						
Explanation	Answer C is Incorrect but plausible. A lockout on Startup transformer SA results in the loss of 4160 VAC Bus 1A and 480 VAC Bus 1A2 (which looses RBCCW Pump 1-1 and SDC Pump A). But, EGD1 will fast start and load onto 4160 VAC Bus 1C and 480 VAC Bus 1A2 will re-energize and pickup RBCCW Pump 1-1 after 166 seconds. Since SDC Pump B is still running and RBCCW restored, SDC cooling remains, although diminished.						
	water level AND Hi l LOOP will auto trip There are no indica	re will isolate SDC. The	g) <u>combined</u> with low the auto re-start. 90" RPV water level OR				
References/to	ng exam:	Non					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0045 S	hutdown Cooling Syste	em				
Learning Objective/	•	205-10446 Identify and explain system operating controls/indications under all plant operating conditions.					

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	Ва	nk
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	: 811697 ILT Bank No		
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO

OCS OPS ILT Page: 5 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	NUR	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome						
	5	55.41b		7 55.43b				
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute			tes			Point V	/alue: 1	
System ID No.: 20		05000		PRA: No		No		
Safety Function:			4	4				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 6 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

3 ID: 11-1 NRO 03 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when the following annunciators alarmed:

- S1A SUDDN PRESS
- LKOUT RELAY 86/S1A TRIP

Which of the following states **ALL** power supplies that can provide power to the listed Bus, if the main generator tripped **AND** with **NO** Operator action?

	Bus 1C	Bus 1D
Α.	EDG 1 CT	EDG 2 Bank 6 CT
В.	EDG 1 ONLY	EDG 2 Bank 6 ONLY
C.	EDG 1 ONLY	EDG 2 Bank 6 CT
D.	EDG 1 CT	Bank 6 CT <b>ONLY</b>

Answer:

В

### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 03	
Question #	3	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information			
K&A	Importan	ce Rating	
	RO	SRO	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 7 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

262001 AC Electrical Distribution K2.01 - Knowledge of electrical power supplies to the following: Off-site sources of power					3.	3	3.6
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Reference		RAP-S	31b, S4b	ABN-3	37 BR 3000		
Explanat	tion	B is Correct. The listed alarms describe a loss of offsite power (transformer S1A or Bank 5) to Bus 1A which feeds Bus 1C. The remaining power supplies to Bus 1C are EDG 1 only. Power supplies available to power Bus 1D, with NO operator action are startup transformer (or Bank 6), and EDG 2. The Combustion Turbines are always available to supply Bus 1B (and feed Bus 1D) but manual Operator actions are required (ABN-37). Thus, EDG 1 to Bus 1C and EDG 2 and Bank 6 to Bus 1D are ready and available for power, with no operator actions.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the correct power supplies during emergency conditions with no operator actions.					Is Bus 1C. The nly. Power ator action are combustion and feed Bus N-37). Thus, o are ready and
provider	References to be provided during exam: None						
Lesson	Plan	2621.82	28.0.0016, E	lectrical Distr	ibution		
Learni Object							

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	609063 ILT Bank No		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal	al   C		rehension nalysis	X 2:DR		
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Describing</u> or recognizing <u>Relationships</u>						
	55.41b	<u> </u>	7	55	.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Design components and functions of control and safety systems							
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with			N	/A			
Time to Cor	? minutes	minutes Point Value: 1			alue: 1			
System ID No.: 262001		PRA: No			No			
Safety Function	6	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT						

OCS OPS ILT Page: 9 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

4 ID: 11-1 NRO 04 Points: 1.00

A reactor startup is in progress. Reactor power is 3% when the following annunciator goes into alarm:

• 24 VDC PP - B PWR LOST

Which one of the following conditions will result from this event?

- A. Inability to insert/withdraw IRM detectors.
- B. Loss of IRM/APRM recorders on Panel 4F.
- C. A half-scram due to a downscale failure of IRM detectors 15-18.
- D. A half-scram due to an inoperative failure of IRM detectors 15-18.

Answer: D

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 04

Question # 4 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					lı lı	Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
215003 IRM K2.01 - Knowledge of electrical power supplies to the following: IRM channels/detectors				2.	.5	2.7		
Level	Level RO Tier 2				Grou	ib di	1	
General References		9XF8d	401.2			ABN-58		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 10 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation  References to provided there	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation
	NIS-10444 Describe the interlock signals and setnaints for the
   Learning	NIS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the affected system components and expected system response
Objective/	including power loss or failed components.
Opjective	including power loss of failed components.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Ва	nk	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 51072 Question Source: ILT Ba Previous 2 Exams: No					
Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Outcome				
	55.41b	7	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content		umentation, sig	ctions of control and nals, interlocks, fail s.		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Justification for LORT questions K/A values < 3.0		ı	N/A		
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1	
System ID No.:	215003	215003 PRA: No			
Safety Function:	7	7 ⊠ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 12 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

5 ID: 11-1 NRO 05 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power when the following annunciator alarmed:

RPS MG SET 1 TRIP

Which of the following states the impact on indicated power?

- A. APRMs 1-4 indicate 100%; APRMs 5-8 indicate 0%
- B. APRMs 1-4 indicate 0%; APRMs 5-8 indicate 100%
- C. APRMs 1, 3, 5, 7 indicate 0%; APRMs 2, 4, 6, 8 indicate 100%
- D. APRMs 1, 3, 5, 7 indicate 100%; APRMs 2, 4, 6, 8 indicate 0%

Answer:

r: B

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 05	
Question #	5	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Knov	vledge and A	bility Refere	nce Information	on			
K&A					Impor	Importance Rating			
					RO	SRO			
212000 RPS K3.03 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM will have on following: Average power range monitoring system: Plant-Specific				3.5	3.6				
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	1			
General RAP-9XF3a		-9XF3a							

OCS OPS ILT Page: 13 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. The annunciator provided shows a loss of RPS MG Set 1. This failure results in the loss of APRMs 1-4, which will indicate 0% power. APRMs 5-8 will continue to indicate normal.  All other distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the candidate does know how the power supplies are arranged in the APRMs.					
References to provided duri						
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation					
Learning Objective/	NIS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the affected system components and expected system response including power loss or failed components.					

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)					Ba	ank
			3329 T 08-1 NR	C Exam			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			X 1:I	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response					
	55.41b			7		.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with N/A						
Time to Con	Complete: 1-2 minutes					Point V	alue: 1
System ID I	D No.: 212000		0	PRA:			No
Safety Function	, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			Level			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 14 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

6 ID: 11-1 NRO 06 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an Electric ATWS occurred. SP-16, Bypassing MSIV Lo-Lo level Isolation Interlocks And The RBCCW Interlocks, has been executed by the crew.

With the above conditions, if a complete loss of Instrument Air were to occur, which of the following MSIVs, if any, would lose their **CURRENT** pneumatic supply?

- A. Inboard ONLY
- B. Outboard ONLY
- C. BOTH the inboard AND outboard
- D. **NEITHER** the inboard **NOR** outboard

Answer: B

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 06

Question # 6 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					lı lı	Importance Rating		
	NOA					0	SRO	
300000 Instrument Air K3.01 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the (INSTRUMENT AIR SYSTEM) will have on the following: Containment air system					2.	7	2.9	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1	
Gener Referen		EMG-SP16		ABN-3	35			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 15 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	B is Correct. The normal pneumatic supply to the Containment (Drywell) air system at power is Nitrogen. The normal air supply to the outboard MSIVs is Instrument Air and inboard MSIVs is Nitrogen. If an event occurred where Nitrogen supply to the Drywell was lost, the Nitrogen supply would isolate automatically and Instrument Air would supply Drywell (Containment) Air system loads. If a non-ATWS complete loss of Instrument Air were to occur, however, both the inboard and outboard MSIVs would close due to V-6-395, MSIV Isolation Signal Bypass Valve, closing, securing Nitrogen to the Drywell loads too. Since SP-16 was performed, MSIV EOP interlocks have been bypassed, V-6-395 was placed in Bypass, and during a complete loss of Instrument Air, the MSIVs would still have Nitrogen Supply to them, and will remain open.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the effects of completing SP-16 on the Drywell Air System or recall the interrelationship and interlocks between
	Instrument and Drywell Air.
References to provided duri	
Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0053, RPV Control - with ATWS
Learning	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each
Objective/	step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			New		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 1021 A its meaning	ppendix B: <u>S</u> ol	ve a <u>P</u> roblem using	Knowledge and	

10CRF55 Content	55	5.41b		7	55	.43b	
	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions w	rith	n N/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes						Point \	/alue: 1
System ID I	No.: 300000		PR.	PRA: No		No	
Safety Function	n:	8	<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>				

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

7 ID: 11-1 NRO 07 Points: 1.00

The plant is shutdown.

Which of the following shows the correct auto-start condition for the associated plant system pump? (Note: LOOP is Loss of Offsite Power; LOCA is Loss of Coolant Accident)

A. ESW: LOOP

B. TBCCW: Low system pressure

C. Service Water: Combined LOOP AND LOCA

D. RBCCW: Combined Low system pressure AND LOOP

Answer: B

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 07	
Question #	7	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					lı	Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
400000 Component Cooling Water K4.01 - Knowledge of CCWS design feature(s) and or interlocks which provide for the following: Automatic start of standby pump					3.	.4	3.9	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıb	1	
Gener Referen		1 RAP-Q5t Q1t						

OCS OPS ILT Page: 18 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	B is Correct. TBCCW will auto start on low system pressure (79 psig w/ 10 second time delay). TBCCW pumps trip on a LOOP and are not restored when EDGs start and load.  A is Incorrect but plausible. The applicant may not recall the ESW pumps have no auto start feature associated with the LOOP.  C is Incorrect but plausible since Service water will auto start from a LOOP, but not from a combined LOOP + LOCA.  D is Incorrect but plausible. RBCCW has no auto start from
	system parameters but does auto start from a LOOP.
Roferences (d providet (dur	NOTE TO SEE STATE OF THE SECOND SECON
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0048, TBCCW
Learning Objective/	TBC-10443: Given the system logic/electrical drawings describe the system component starts or trips [breaker logic] and expected system response including power loss or failed components.

Question	Source (New, Mod	Ва	ink				
If Bank or N VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	718183 ILT Bank No					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 2:DR			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Describing</u> or recognizing <u>Relationships</u>						
	55.41b	7	55.43b				
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	/A
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1		
System ID No.:	4	00000	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:		8   Initial License Level   LORT			Level

OCS OPS ILT Page: 20 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

8 ID: 11-1 NRO 08 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred. The following conditions exist:

- 4160 VAC Bus 1C is de-energized
- Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG)-1 has failed to auto start
- Attempts to Fast Start EDG-1 from the Control Room have failed

An EO has manually started EDG-1 from its local cubicle IAW procedure 341, Emergency Diesel Generator Operation, section 8 'Manual Control for Deadline Pickup From The Diesel Generator Switchgear'.

A steady state loading condition has been attained IAW the procedure.

The EO takes the EDG-1 **GOVERNOR CONTROL** switch at the local panel to the **LOWER** position for 2 seconds; the switch spring returns to **OFF**.

Which of the following correctly describes the effect, if any, of this manipulation on EDG-1 FREQUENCY and KILOWATTS 10 seconds later (as compared to its initial steady state value)?

	FREQUENCY	<u>KILOWATTS</u>
A.	is lower	did not change
B.	is lower	are lower
C.	did not change	are lower
D.	did not change	did not change

Answer: A

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	80 O8	
Question #	8	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information			
K&A	Importan	ce Rating	
	RO	SRO	

GENERA and/or int	now TOR terlo	ledge of E S (DIESE cks whicl	EMERGENC L/JET) desi h provide fo	2.	6	2.7	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıb	1
Genera Referenc		341 section 8 GFES: Mot					
Explanati	ion	A is Correct. When the EDG is not in parallel with another generator/grid/electric power source, the GOVERNOR CONTROL switch controls EDG Frequency (Speed). The VOLTAGE CONTROL switch controls EDG Kilowatts (KW) (real load) in this situation. Placing the GOVERNOR CONTROL switch in LOWER will cause EDG Speed to lower but will have no affect on EDG Kilowatts.  Answer B is Incorrect. EDG KW will remain constant. Distractor is plausible if the candidate believes that load will lower.  Answer C is Incorrect. EDG Speed will lower. Distractor is plausible if the candidate believes that speed will lower.  Answer D is Incorrect. EDG Speed will lower. Distractor is plausible if the candidate believes that a 1 second switch manipulation will not have a significant affect on frequency or					
Radorence provided	dod	ng étam:		Nons			
Lesson F	-lan	2621.82	28.0.0013, E	Emergency Die	esel Gene	erators	
Learnii Objecti	_	EDG-10446, Identify and explain system operating controls / indications under all plant operating conditions.					

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID:	811748	
Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	ILT Bank No	

Cognitive	Fundamental 1.1 l				ehension nalysis				
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response							
	55.41b		7	55.43b					
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.								
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with			N	/A				
Time to Cor	minutes Point Value: 1			alue: 1					
System ID I	No.: 264000		PRA: No		No				
Safety Function	:	6	⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

9 ID: 11-1 NRO 09 Points: 1.00

The plant is starting up with the REACTOR MODE SELECTOR switch in STARTUP. All SRMs indicate between 50 – 100 CPS.

While withdrawing the 8<sup>th</sup> control rod, the following annunciator alarmed:

SRM DNSCL

The Operator reports the following indications:

- IRM DN SCL OR INOP lights ON for ALL IRMs
- IRM DNSCL annunciator is in alarm
- SRM ALL IN light extinguished
- IRM ALL IN light is in alarm

Which **ONE** of the following states the plant response to the conditions listed above **AND** what <u>directly</u> caused the alarm and indications above?

	Plant Response	Cause of the Event
A.	Rodblock	SRM downscale
B.	Rodblock	SRM not fully inserted
C.	Alarm ONLY	SRM not fully inserted
D.	Rodblock	IRM downscale
Answer	В	

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 09	
Question #	9	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				
	RO	SRO			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 24 of 241 07 May 2012

K5.01 - K implicati apply to	(now ons ( SOU	of the follo	he operation  owing cond  GE MONITO	2.6 2.6			
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Referen		RAF	P-G5d	RAP-H	7a		
Explana	tion	SRM down an alarma associate With all senergize full in. The only that SRM work downscate anough. Inserted the Model A is Incompared the cause downscate and the cause downscate and the rod to block.  Dis Incompared that an infinity and the cause the rod to block.	wnscale and only, if the ed SRM is sold. With this he operator and product ale annuncion The rod blowhen any see Switch in orrect but per any audiblock panel orrect but per any audiblock per any audiblock panel orrect but per any audiblock pe	nunciator alarder associated Sonot fully inserted, the Solight extinguing are not fully inserted are not fully inserted are not fully inserted are not fully inserted are as expected SRM is < 500 c STARTUP.  Is ausible. Every ent was a SRM on lausible. SRM is Island in SRM is Island in SRM is Island in SRM is Island in SRM	ms. The income i	Impact of ly insert a rodble IN lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully a Rodble rinsert of the lighten at least not fully at	ock is applied. It will be ast 1 SRM is not fully inserted, ally inserted hus, the SRM go down a rod block is inserted with  lock does exist, ed, not an SRM ed does not isual alarm on o produce a rod  not recognize on a startup. Any
Reference provided	<b>经济企业公司公司</b>	o be Ing exemi		None			14 (19)

Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation
Learning Objective/	NIS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the affected system components and expected system response including power loss or failed components.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)					l, Bank)		Mod	lified
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 667517 Question Source: ILT 08-1 Previous 2 Exams: No				T 08-1 Au	dit Exan	1		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge				I Comprehension I			X 3:SPK
Level NUREG 102 its meaning				end	lix B: <u>S</u> ol	ve a <u>P</u> ro	blem using	ı <u>K</u> nowledge and
		55.41b	b 6		6	55	5.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of reactivity control mechanisms and instrumentation.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						N	I/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			es	Point Value: 1		alue: 1		
System ID I	System ID No.: 215004			PRA:			No	
Safety Function	• 1 /			⊠ Initial □ LORT	itial License Level DRT			

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

10 ID: 11-1 NRO 10 Points: 1.00

Given the following plant conditions:

- Both sets of ADS timers have initiated due to a LOCA.
- Drywell pressure drops to 2.5 psig due to containment failure.
- ADS Timer "A" bypass switch has been taken to BYPASS.
- ADS Timer "B" bypass switch cannot be repositioned from AUTO due to switch failure.
- NO other operator actions are taken.

Based on these plant conditions, the Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) will

- A. **NOT** initiate because it is bypassed.
- B. initiate and ALL 5 EMRVs will open.
- C. initiate but "A" and "D" EMRVs will open ONLY.
- D. **NOT** initiate because drywell pressure is 2.5 psig.

Answer: B

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 10	
Question #	10	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K&A				Impo	Importance Rating		
	NGA					SRO		
218000 ADS K5.01 - Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM: ADS logic operation				3.8	3.8			
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	1	_	
General References GE729E182		29E182	RAP-B	1g				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 27 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. ADS is actuated on simultaneous occurrence of high drywell pressure (> 2.9 psig), lo-lo-lo reactor water level (64.6" TAF), and core spray system operation as verified by a differential pressure across the core spray booster pump (DP > about 30 psid) after the ADS timers have timed out for 105 seconds. Upon initiation all five EMRVs open in a staggered fashion within 5 seconds.  A is Incorrect but plausible. Both bypass switches must be taken to bypass in order to prevent ADS initiation following the 105 second time delay.  C is Incorrect but plausible since the "A" timer is bypassed. It is true that ADS will initiate, however, after the "A" and "D" EMRVs initially open the other valves will open following a short time delay.  D is Incorrect but plausible. Hi drywell pressure is a seal-in contact and must be reset to prevent the initiation from occurring.
References to provided dua	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0005, Automatic Depressurization System
Learning Objective/	ADS-368, Describe the EMRV initiation logic for both overpressure operation and operation in the ADS mode. Include the following: 1. Initiation signals and setpoints 2. Timers and setpoints 3. Control switches 4. Panel indications

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			ınk	
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	505517 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 28 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

		55.41b		5	55.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Facility operating characteristics during steady state and transient conditions, including coolant chemistry, causes and effects of temperature, pressure and reactivity changes, effects of load changes, and operating limitations and reasons for these operating characteristics.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 min			minutes Point Value: 1			int Value: 1
System ID No.:		21800	00	PR	PRA: No	
Safety Function:		3		☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 29 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

11 ID: 11-1 NRO 11 Points: 1.00

Which one of the following statements describes what happens on a loss of Vital MCC-1B2?

(ATS = Automatic Transfer Switch) (CIP = Continuous Instrument Panel)

- A. ATS IT-3 will transfer CIP-3 to the alternate power source and then back to the rotary inverter after the DC motor starts.
- B. ATS IT-3 will transfer CIP-3 to the alternate power source but will **NOT** transfer back to the rotary inverter after the DC motor starts.
- C. The rotary inverter AC motor will continue to run ensuring power to CIP-3 is not interrupted; ATS IT-3 will **NOT** transfer to the alternate power source.
- D. The rotary inverter DC motor will automatically start ensuring power to CIP-3 is not interrupted; ATS IT-3 will **NOT** transfer to the alternate power source.

Δ	nsv	/01	~-

D

### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	0 11	
Question #	11	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
	K&A				nce Rating	
	-	-	RO	SRO		
262002 UPS (AC/DC) K6.01 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the following will have on the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY (A.C./D.C.): A.C. electrical power				2.7	2.9	
Level	RO	Tier	2	Group	1	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 30 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	ABN-51					
	D is Correct. The rotary inverter DC motor will start, maintaining an uninterrupted generator output (due to the flywheel); ATS IT-3 will not transfer. CIP-3 is a UPS at Oyster Creek.					
Explanation	A is Incorrect but plausible. ATS IT-3 will not transfer since the rotary output power remains essentially constant.					
	B is Incorrect but plausible. ATS IT-3 will not transfer since the rotary output power remains essentially constant.					
	C is Incorrect but plausible. A loss of VMCC-1B2 results in loss of power to the rotary inverter AC motor.					
	References to be provided during exam: None					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0056, Vital AC Distribution					
Learning Objective/	VAC-10441, Given the system logic/electrical drawings, describe the system trip signals, setpoints and expected system response including power loss or failed components.					

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Modified		
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	505413 ILT Bank No				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:I	Comprehension or Analysis			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response					
	55.41b	7	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.					

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N/A		
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1		
System ID No.:	2	262002	PR	<b>A</b> :	No	
Safety 6 Function:		⊠ Initial □ LORT	License L	evel		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 32 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

12 ID: 11-1 NRO 12 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a **STATION BLACKOUT** occurred.

### Under the conditions:

- 1. Can the Isolation Condenser System be manually initiated from the Control Room?
- 2. Can makeup water be provided to the Isolation Condenser shells (includes both Control Room and local actions)?

	1	2
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	No
D.	No	Yes

Answer: B

Answer Explanation
QID: 11-1 NRO 12

Question # 12 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K&A				lmp	Importance Rating		
					RO	SRO		
207000 Isolation (Emergency) Condenser K6.07 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the following will have on the ISOLATION (EMERGENCY) CONDENSER: A.C. power: BWR-2,3				3.0	3.2			
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	1		
General ABN References		N-37	307					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 33 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

B is Correct. The plant was at power when a station blackout occurred. There is no AC power in the station. In the normal configuration, the steam admission valves to each IC are open, one condensate return valve is open, and the second condensate return valve is closed. The closed valve is DC powered and can be manipulated with a loss of AC power.

### **Explanation**

Filling of the shells usually requires AC power to a water pump. With AC gone, these AC powered pumps are lost. But the shells can also be filled by the Fire Protection water system, which under the given conditions, will be pressurized by diesel driven fire pumps. The makeup valves are air operated, with air accumulators, and fail closed on loss of air. Even if the accumulators discharged, they can be manually manipulated in the plant locally.

Therefore, the isolation condensers can be initiated in the control room and the shells can be filled from fire protection with the total loss of AC power.

All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall about the use of fire protection water supplied by the fire diesels or power supplies to the system valves and the normal standby lineup.

References to provided durin	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0023, Isolation Condenser System
Learning Objective/	ICS-2338, Given plant conditions, evaluate the impact on the Isolation Condenser System and the plant.

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	663375 ILT Bank No	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Cognitive Level	Memor Fundam Knowle	ental	tal 1:F Comprehension					
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>F</u> acts							
	55.41b			7	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A		
Time to Cor	nplete: 1	-2 min	utes			Point V	alue: 1	
System ID I	System ID No.: 207000 PF		PR	<b>A</b> :		No		
Safety Function:		4		<ul> <li>☑ Initial License Level</li> <li>☐ LORT</li> </ul>				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 35 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

13 ID: 11-1 NRO 13 Points: 1.00

The plant was shutdown for a refuel outage, with EDG-1 tagged out of service for maintenance. A disturbance on the offsite electrical grid results in the total loss of all offsite power.

According to the UFSAR and under the conditions above (and assuming they do **NOT** change), the design of the DC Distribution System will provide for 125 VDC

on battery power alone with all loads connected.

- A. Power Panel E remaining at an adequate voltage for a minimum of 8 hours
- B. Power Panel F remaining at an adequate voltage for a maximum of 3 hours
- C. Motor Control Center DC-1 remaining at an adequate voltage for a maximum of 3 hours
- Motor Control Center DC-2 remaining at an adequate voltage for a minimum of 8 hours

Answer:

D

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 13	
Question #	13	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

	Know	ledge and	Ability Refere	nce Information		
	K&A			Importance Rating		
				RO SRO		
A1.01 - A changes operatin DISTRIB	OC Electrical Database I Described in parameters generated the D.C. ELE UTION controluscents of the plant of	2.5	2.8			
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	1	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 36 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	UFSAR 8.3.2.1.1 and 8.3.2.1.2
Explanation	D is Correct. According to USAR 8.3.2.1.2, Battery C is rated at 1200 ampere hours at an eight hour discharge rate and is sized to provide power for all connected loads for a minumum of 8 hours while maintaining adequate voltage levels to all loads. With a loss of offsite power and DG1 OOS, DG2 will start and load and will supply AC power to 480V VMCC 1B2 which supplies the chargers for the A & B batteries. Both DC-2 and DC-F are supplied from DC Bus C. Since no charger is available to DC Bus C, then these buses would be able supply power (and adequate voltage to all connected loads) to these buses for a minimum of 8 hrs.  A and C are Incorrect. According to USAR 8.3.2.1.1, the A/B batteries are each rated to provide a minimum capacity of 1504 ampere hours based on an eight-hour discharge rate and are sized to provide power for all connected loads for up to 3 hours while maintaining adequate voltage levels to all loads. With DG1 OOS and a loss of offsite power, EDG 2 will power 4160 VAC Bus 1D which powers the vital MCCs which powers the A & B battery chargers. 125 VDC Power Panel E is supplied from DC Bus A, and MCC DC-1 is powered from DC Distribution Bus B. These buses will not have their power interrupted and will power their loads indefinitely.  B is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant doesn't recall that adequate voltage would be supplied for a minumum of 8 hrs, not 3 hrs. Maximum of 3 hrs is used so the time is not a subset of answer choice D.
Rofordiscus b provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0012, DC Distribution
Learning Objective/	DCD-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

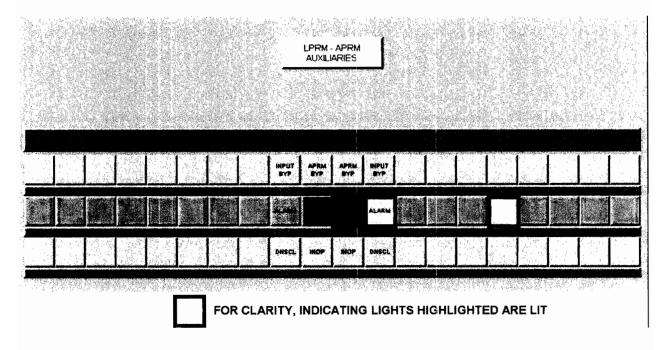
	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)	Bank
--	---------------------------------------	------

If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2 I	tem/Qu ource:	uestion ID		0674 T Bank			
Cognitive	Fund	nory or lamental wledge	ntal			rehension nalysis	X 2:RI
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Recognizing Interaction between systems (plural), including consequences and implications						
	55	55.41b		5	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Facility operating characteristics during steady state and transient conditions, including coolant chemistry, causes and effects of temperature, pressure and reactivity changes, effects of load changes, and operating limitations and reasons for these operating characteristics.						and effects of fects of load
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minut			utes			Point V	alue: 1
System ID I	stem ID No.: 263000 PRA: No		No				
Safety Function	:	6		⊠ Initial □ LORT	al License Level RT		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

14 ID: 11-1 NRO 14 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred. The BOP observed the following indications on Panel 3R:



Based on these indications, which of the following Annunciator Panel G indications correctly corresponds to the Panel 3R indications above?

OCS OPS ILT Page: 39 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

A.

G								
FUEL	STDBY		REA	CTOR				
POOL	LIQ	RPS	RPS NEUTRON MONITORS					
1	FLOW ON		CHANNELI	IRM HI-HI/INOP	APRM HI-HI/INOP	1		
2 GATES LEAKHI	SQUIB VALVE OPEN	RPS MG SET 1 TRIP	CHANNELII	IRM HI-HILINOP	APRM HEHI/INOP	2		
3 REFUEL SEAL		RPS MG SET 2 TRIP	SRM HI-HI	IRM H	APRM HI	3		
4 POOLLEVELY TEMPH	TANK LEVEL HI/LO	RP8 600 #/ SD SYPASS	SRM HI / INOP	IRM DNSCL	APRM DNBCL	4		
5 POOLLEVEL			SRM DNSCL		APRIN FLO BIAS OFF NORMAL	5		
6 SKM SRG TNK					LPRM HI	6		
7 SKM SRG TNK		RPS ISOLATION (1) [Ball 1	SRM PERIOD SHORT		LPRM DNSCL	7		
8	TANK TEMP HITLO	RPS ISOLATION (B) (B) II		TIP PURGE PRESS HI/LO	TIP SQUIB CONTINUITY	8		
a	b	С	d	е	f			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 40 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

B.

			(	G			
	FUEL	STDBY		REA	CTOR		
	POOL	LIQ	RPS		NEUTRON MONITORS		
1		FLOW ON		CHANNELI	RN HI-HI/INOP		1
2	GATES LEAKHI	SQUIB VALVE OPEN	RPS MQ SET 1 TRIP	CHANNELII	AND IRM HI-HI/INOP	APRM HEHI/INOP	2
3	REFUEL SEAL LEAKHI		RPS MQ SET 2 TRUE	SRM H-HI	FRIM HI	APRM HI	3
4	POOL LEVELY TEMP HI	TÄNKLEVEL HI/LO	RP8 500 #1 80 BYPASS	SRM HIZINOP	IRM DNSCL	APRM DNBCL	4
5	POOLLEVEL LO			SRM DNBCL		APRIM FLO BIAS OFF NORMAL	5
6	SKN SROTNK LVLLO					LPRN H	6
7	SKM SRG TNK LVL LO-LO		RPS ISOLATION @ [Ba] 1	SRM PERIOD SHORT		LPRM DNSCL	7
8		TANK TEMP HIJLO	RPS ISOLATION (G) [BH] II		TIP PURGE PRESS HIJLO	TIP SQUIB CONTINUITY	8
	а	b	С	d	е	f	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

C.

			(	3			
	FUEL	STDBY		REA	CTOR		
	POOL	LIQ CNTRL	RPS	NEUTRON MONITORS			
1		FLOW ON		CHANNELI	IRM HI-HI (INOP	(151 <b>-</b> )	1
2	OATES LEAK HI	SQUIB VALVE OPEN	RPS MO SET 1 TRIP	CHANNELI	IRM HEHITINOP	APRIM HI-HI/INOP	2
3	REFUEL SEAL LEAK HI		RP8 MG SET 2 TRIP	SRM HI-HI	IRW HI	APRM HI	3
4	POOLLEVEL/ TEMP HI	TANK LEVEL HI/LO	RPS 600 ≢/ SC BYPASS	SRM HI/INOP	IRM DNSCL	APRM DN8CL	4
5	POOLLEVEL LO			SRM DNSCL		APRM FLO BIAS OFF NORMAL	5
6	BKM BRG TNK LYL LO					LPRM HI	6
7	SKM SRO TNK LVL LO-LO		RPS ISOLATION (2) [Fal] 1	SRM PERIOD SHORT		LPRM DN8CL	7
8		TANK TEMP HI/LO	RPS ISOLATION (2) [FM] II		TIP PURGE PRESS HITLO	TIP SQUIB CONTINUITY	8
S. embrusies autogracia	a	b	C	d	е	F	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

D.

G								
	FUEL	STDBY		REA	CTOR			
	POOL	LIQ CNTRL	RPS		NEUTRON MONITORS			
1		FLOW ON		CHANNELI	IRM HEHIVINOP	APRM HI-HI/INOP	1	
2	OATES LEAKHI	SQUIB VALVE OPEN	RPS MG SET 1 TRIP	CHANNEL II	IRM HHIMOP <sub>II</sub>	AMO	2	
3	REFUEL SEAL LEAK HI		RPS MG SET 2 TRIP	SRM HI-HI	178 M 14	APRM Hi	3	
4	POOLLEVEL/ TEMP HI	TANK LEVEL HI/LO	RPS 600 ≢/ SD SYPASS	SRM Hisinop	IRM DNSCL	APRM DNBCL	4	
5	POOLLEVEL LO			SRM DNSCL		APRM FLO BIAS OFF NORMAL	5	
6	SKNI SRG TNK LYLLO					LPRM HI	6	
7	SKW SRG TNK LVL LO-LO		RPS ISOLATION (D) (EAL)	SRM PERIOD SHORT		LPRM DNSCL	7	
8		TANK TEMP HI/LO	RPS ISOLATION (2) ESC II		TIP PURGE PRESS HI/LO	TIP SQUIB CONTINUITY	8	
	a	b	C	d	е	f		

Answer:

С

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NR	O 14					
Question #	14	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

					R	0	SRO	
215005 APRM / LPRM A1.05 - Ability to predict and/or monitor								
operating MONITO	g the R/LO	AVERAG		RANGE MONITOR	3.	3	3.2	
Level	Con	RO	Tier	s and alarms	Grou	ıp	1	
Gener Referen		RAP-G1	c, G6f, G1f					
	C is Correct. The indications pro LPRM 44-25C. At rated power, the corresponding APRM to indicate annunciators G1c, G1d, G1f, G3f condition on annunciator panel			ated power, the M to indicate G1d, G1f, G3f,	is will res HI-HI. Fo and G6f	sult in tl or this fa	his LPRMs ailure,	
Explanation		A is Incorrect but plausible. The applicant may recognize an LPRM has failed upscale but not recognize this results in its corresponding APRM failing upscale. At low power levels, this is true, but not at rated power.						
		B is Incorrect but plausible. The applicant may not recognize annunciator G6f is not in alarm, which it would be based on the Panel 3R indications.						
			orrect but p		applican	t confus	ses which RPS	
Band Haday College College States (States States St	References to be None provided during exam:							
Lesson	Plan	2621.8	28.0.0029, N	Nuclear Instru	mentatio	n		
Learn Object	_	NIS-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.						

Question Source (New, Modif	New	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID:		
Question Source:		N/A
Previous 2 Exams:		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 44 of 241 07 May 2012

Cognitive Level	Memory Fundame Knowle	ental			Comprehension or Analysis		X 3:SPK
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning						
	55.41k	<b>)</b>		5	55	.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Facility operating characteristics during steady state and transient conditions, including coolant chemistry, causes and effects of temperature, pressure and reactivity changes, effects of load changes, and operating limitations and reasons for these operating characteristics.						
Justification for LORT questions with			N/A				
K/A values < 3.0  Time to Complete: 1-2		l 2 minu	minutes Point Value: 1				
-		215005			<b>A</b> :	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No
Safety 7 Function:		7	_	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

15 ID: 11-1 NRO 15 Points: 1.00

The plant is at 20% power during an ascension to rated power. An event then occurs resulting in the crew executing Emergency Depressurization (ED). Plant conditions include the following:

- All Control Rod indications on Panel 4F indicate a green backlight
- All EMRV Control switches on Panel 1F/2F are in MAN
- Reactor Pressure indicates 5 psig
- RPV Water Level indicates 165 inches
- Torus Pressure indicates 1.5 psig

What is the correct status of all EMRV acoustic indications on Panel 1F/2F AND required action (IAW the ED procedure) associated with the EMRVs, if any?

	All EMRVs Acoustics Indicate In The	Required Action
A.	VALVE OPEN REGION	Place All EMRVs in AUTO
B.	VALVE CLOSED REGION	Leave All EMRVs in MAN
C.	VALVE OPEN REGION	Leave All EMRVs in MAN
D.	VALVE CLOSED REGION	Place All EMRVs in AUTO
Answer	: В	

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NR	O 15	
Question #	15	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A Importance Rating					
	RO	SRO			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 46 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

239002 SRVs A2.05 - Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following on the RELIEF/SAFETY VALVES; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those abnormal conditions or operations: Low reactor pressure					3.2		3.4	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	11	
Genera Reference		ED-no ATWS EOP EOP User's Guide						
Explana	tion	B is Correct. The question stem provides a condition where all EMRVs have been manually opened for ED. When RPV pressure lowers to where there is < 50 psid between the RPV and Torus, the EMRVs will close. The ED procedure has the operator leave the EMRVs in MAN until the ED procedure has been exited.  A is Incorrect. This distractor is plausible if the applicant does not recall that EMRVs solenoid indication will indicate closed when there is < 50 psid between RPV pressure and Torus pressure. In addition, the ED procedure has the crew leave all EMRVs in MAN.  C is Incorrect. This distractor is plausible if the applicant does not recall that EMRVs solenoid indication will indicate closed when there is < 50 psid between RPV pressure and Torus pressure.  D is Incorrect. This distractor is plausible if the applicant does not recall that the ED procedure has the crew leave all EMRVs in						
elevicios	References to be None provided bliring exam:							
Lesson	Plan	2621.8	45.0.0054, E	Emergency De	pressuriz	zation		
Learn Object	_	EED-9572, Given a copy of the ED EOP, describe the technical basis for each step or conditional statement of the procedure.						

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank) Bank
--

OCS OPS ILT Page: 47 of 241 07 May 2012

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			IL.	811782 ILT 10-1 NRC Exam Yes			
Cognitive	Fun	mory or damental owledge				ehension nalysis	X 3:PEO
Level					utcome		
	55.41b			10		.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N/A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute				es Poir		Point V	/alue: 1
System ID No.: 239002		2	PRA:		No		
Safety 3 Function:			☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT				

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

16 ID: 11-1 NRO 16 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred requiring entry into ABN-58, Instrument Power Failures.

Which **ONE** of the following correctly describes a plant impact **AND** the action required to correct it?

	Plant Impact	Required Action
		Perform actions in ABN-58 for a loss of
A.	<b>EXACTLY</b> 1/2 of the MSIV LEDs <u>inside</u> Panel 11F are <b>OFF</b>	VACP-1.
В.	ALL CRD HYDRAULIC SYSTEM analog meters on Panel 4F are DOWNSCALE	VACP-1.
C.	<b>EXACTLY</b> 1/2 of the MSIV LEDs inside Panel 11F are <b>OFF</b>	CIP-3.
D.	ALL CRD HYDRAULIC SYSTEM analog meters on Panel 4F are DOWNSCALE	CIP-3.

Answer Explanation				
QID: 11-1 NRO 16				
Question #	16	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012		

Answer:

С

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information			
K&A	Importance Rating		
	RO	SRO	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 49 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

223002 PCIS/Nuclear Steam Supply Shutoff A2.06 - Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following on the PRIMARY CONTAINMENT ISOLATION SYSTEM/NUCLEAR STEAM SUPPLY SHUT-OFF; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those abnormal conditions or operations: Containment instrumentation failures					3.	0	3.2
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1
Gener Referen		RAP-J1a, J8b		ABN-58			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 50 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

C is Correct. The MSIVs are controlled by solenoids (to allow air/nitrogen operation). There is an AC solenoid for each MSIV (powered from CIP-3) and a DC solenoid for each MSIV (from DC-D or DC-F). To close the MSIVs, both the DC solenoid and the AC solenoid must de-energize for each MSIV. Inside Panel 11F, there are 4 sets of 2 LEDs: one set per MSIV. One LED is powered from the AC solenoid power supply, and the second LED per MSIV, is powered from the DC solenoid power supply. All LEDs are lit when all power supplies are normal. When CIP-3 is lost, the AC solenoid to each MSIV is de-energized and the respective LED for each MSIV goes out. Therefore, with CIP-3 lost, 1/2 of the LEDs are out, and the other 1/2 of the LEDs are energized (from DC power). The correct action is for the applicant to recognize that a loss of CIP-3 would result in this paticular containment instrument failure and the correct action to correct it is so perform actions required by ABN-58 for a loss of CIP-3.

#### **Explanation**

A is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the correct power supply which would result in a loss of AC MSIV LEDs. VACP-1 is a vital AC power source and also has its own actions within ABN-58.

B is Incorrect but plausible. The loss of CIP-3 will result in a loss of CRD RETURN FLOW IND on Panel 4F and render the Reactor Manual Controls System inoperable. The applicant may assume that CRD Hydraulic System analog meter indications were also affected and confuse these with a loss of VACP-1, also being a vital power supply to many indicators in the Control Room.

D is Incorrect but plausible. The loss of CIP-3 will result in a loss of CRD RETURN FLOW IND on Panel 4F and render the Reactor Manual Controls System inoperable. The applicant may assume that CRD Hydraulic System analog meter indications were also affected, which they are not.

References to be provided during exam:

Lesson Plan

Learning
Objective/

None

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)	New

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			<b>)</b> :			N/A	
Cognitive	Fun	emory or damental owledge				rehension nalysis	X 2:DR
Level		REG 1021 A	ppend	dix B: <u>D</u> es	cribing	or recogni	zing
	55.41b			7 55.43b		.43b	
10CRF55 Content		ument	ation, sig	nals, inte		d safety systems, ilure modes, and	
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					//A		
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute						Point V	/alue: 1
System ID I	System ID No.: 223002		2	PRA:			No
Safety Function	afety 5						

OCS OPS ILT Page: 52 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

17 ID: 11-1 NRO 17 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. An event with a radioactive source has resulted in the following conditions:

- REACTOR BUILDING VENT MANIFOLD #1 indicates 14 mR/hr
- REACTOR BUILDING VENT MANIFOLD #2 indicates 12 mR/hr
- Annunciator RX BLDG VENT HI is in alarm.

Which of the following states the correct Control Room indications from this event after all automatic action(s) have occurred?

- A. RX BLDG DIFFERENTIAL PRESS indicates a slightly positive ΔP
- B. STANDBY GAS OUTLET TEMP shows a higher than normal temperature
- C. SGTS CROSSTIE valve V-28-48 indicates red light ON and green light OFF
- D. REACTOR BUILDING VENT MANIFOLD #1 and #2 indicate a valid rising dose rate

Answer: B

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 17

Question # 17 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A				Importance Rating		
			RO		SRO		
261000 SGTS A3.04 - Ability to monitor automatic operations of the STANDBY GAS TREATMENT SYSTEM including: System temperature				3.0	0	3.1	
Level		RO Tier		2	Group		1
General References		RAP	-10F1f	BR 2011	h. 2 GU 3E-822-21-		3E-822-21-1000

OCS OPS ILT Page: 53 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. Since the SGTS takes a suction on RB atmosphere, which includes steam, plus heaters in the STGS, and the energy from decay of radioactive particles in the stream, the SGTS discharge air temperature will be greater than normal.  A is Incorrect but plausible. The indications provided in the stem will result in the isolation of the normal RB HVAC System and the auto start of the SGTS. SGTS is designed to maintain a negative RB ΔP.  C is Incorrect but plausible. When SGTS auto starts, the SGTS CROSSTIE valve V-28-48 closes (green light ON).  D is Incorrect but plausible. Since there is no air flow past the RB vent manifold radiation monitors when the normal RB HVAC isolates, the reading cannot be considered as valid reading of the RB atmosphere.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0042, Secondary Containment and SGTS
Learning Objective/	SGT-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				nk			
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 608590 Question Source: ILT Bank Previous 2 Exams: No			ILT Bank					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Outcome							
	55.41b		7	55.43b				
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.							

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Justification for LORT questions K/A values < 3.0			N	I/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				_	Point Value: 1
System ID No.:	2	261000	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:		9	⊠ Initial □ LOR1		e Level

OCS OPS ILT Page: 55 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

18 ID: 11-1 NRO 18 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred. Present plant conditions are as follows:

- Drywell pressure is 3.6 psig and rising
- RPV water level is 120" and rising
- FEED PUMPS DISCHARGE PRESSURE indicates 800 psig

The Operator notes the following Core Spray System indications:

- MAIN PUMP AMPS NZ01A indicates 50 AC AMPERES
- MAIN PUMP AMPS NZ01D indicates 0 AC AMPERES
- SYS 1 FLOW indicates approximately 100 GPM
- SYS 2 PUMP DISCH PRESS BOOSTERS indicates approximately 330 psig

Which of the following is correct regarding the observed Core Spray indications?

- A. Core Spray Pump NZ01D has tripped.
- B. Core Spray Pump NZ01A is running on minimum flow.
- C. Core Spray System 2 is **NOT** indicating the expected discharge head.
- Core Spray System 1 CANNOT provide core cooling when the RPV depressurizes.

Answer.	An	swer:	В
---------	----	-------	---

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation					
QID: 11-1 NR	O 18					
Question # 18 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012						

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K	&A	Importa	nce Rating				
			RO	SRO				
of the LC	_PCS Ability to monit DW PRESSURE I including: Pu	CORE SP	3.8	3.7				
Level	RO	Tier	2	Group	1			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 56 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

		,				
General References	341	RAP-B1e, B2e	UFSAR 6.3.1.3.3			
Explanation	B is Correct. The question stem describes the plant at power when an event resulted in a low RPV water condition and a high drywell pressure condition. Under the given conditions, core spray 1 (main pump A and booster pump a) and core spray 2 (main pump B and booster pump B) will start. With feedwater discharge pressure at 800 psig, then RPV pressure is close to this value. With core spray running at an RPV pressure > 305 psig, the core spray parallel isolation valves are closed and core spray is running on minimum flow back to the torus. This flow is approximately 100 gpm. Therefore, core spray A has started and is running on minimum flow.  A is Incorrect but plausible. As stated, core spray A and B start on their signals. Core spray C and D will still be in standby (off), unless a preferred core spray system fails. Since there is no indication of this in the question stem, then core spray D will be off and no amps is the expected condition – not tripped.  C is Incorrect but plausible. With core spray system B running on minimum flow, the discharge pressure is approximately as listed in answer C.  D is Incorrect but plausible since the provided indications are the expected indications, and core spray A will provide core cooling, as designed, when RPV pressure drops < 305 psig.					
	References to be None provided during exam:					
Lesson Plan		Core Spray System				
Learning Objective/	CSS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for th					

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	609285 ILT Bank No	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

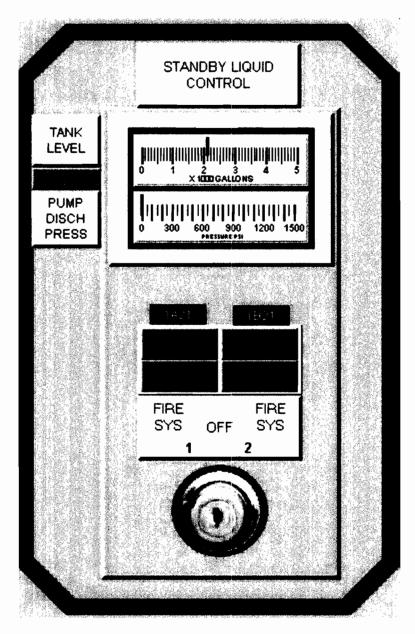
Cognitive	Funda	nory or amental wledge	ental			rehension nalysis	X 3:PEO	
Level	NURE	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome						
	55.	.41b		7	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.							
Justification LORT quest K/A values	ith	N/A						
Time to Complete: 1-2 n			minutes Point Value: 1			alue: 1		
System ID No.: 2		20900	001 PRA:		A: No		No	
Safety Function:		2 & 4		☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 58 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

19 ID: 11-1 NRO 19 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. The following Panel 4F indications are observed:

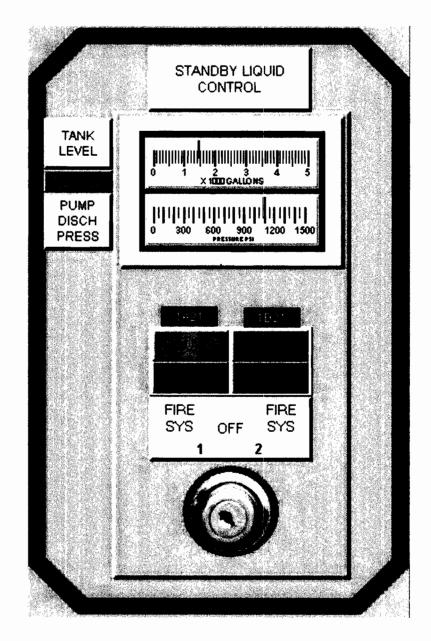


An event then occurred which resulted in an Electric ATWS. Actions required by RPV Control - with ATWS are being implemented by the crew.

IAW the EOP User's Guide, which of the following Panel 4F indications is the **FIRST** to indicate the reactor will remain shutdown under **ALL** conditions, regardless of control rod position or RPV water temperature?

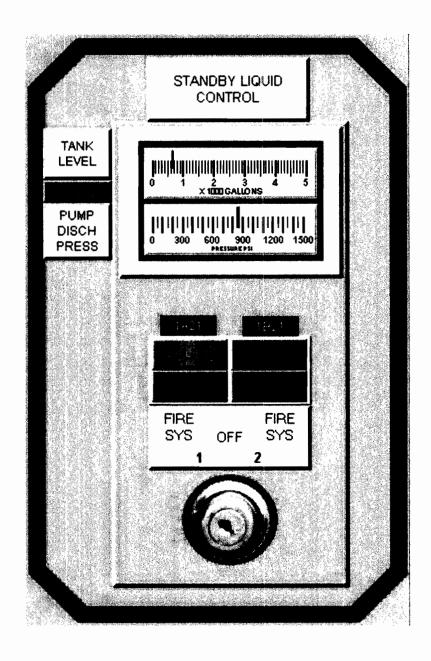
OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

A.



OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

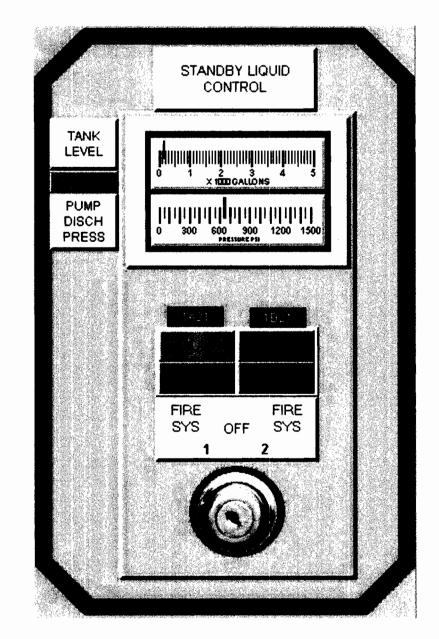
B.



07 May 2012

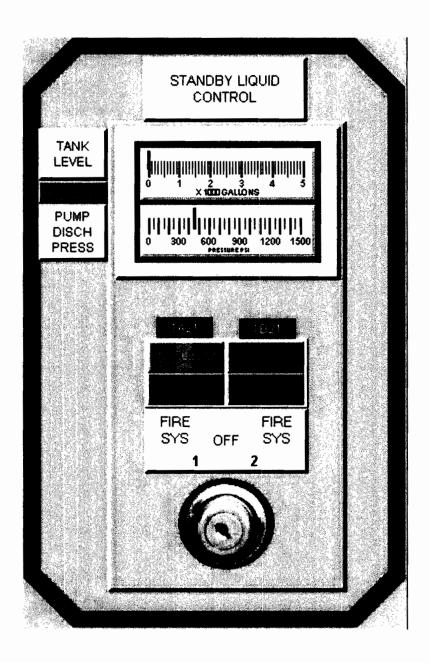
OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

C.



OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

D.



Answer: C

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NR	QID: 11-1 NRO 19					
Question #	19	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 63 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	bility		ally operate room: Tank		4.	1	4.1
Level RO Tier				2	Grou	p	1
General RPVC - with ATWS EOP		EOP User	's Guide				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 64 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

C is Correct. The EOP Users Guide provides the following: The Cold Shutdown Boron Weight (CSBW) is defined to be the least weight of soluble boron which, if injected into the RPV and mixed uniformly, will maintain the reactor shutdown under all conditions regardless of control rod position or RPV water temperature.

In the RPV Control - with ATWS and EMERGENCY DEPRESSURIZATION – with ATWS procedures, this amount is expressed as "Liquid Poison tank level at or below 150 gallons." 150 gallons in the Liquid Poison tank is equivalent to the elevation of the Liquid Poison pump suction line. When the Liquid Poison tank reaches this level, all available boron in the tank has been injected. With adherence to Technical Specifications limits, the Liquid Poison Tank will contain an amount of boron that is greater than the CSBW. For conservatism, all the liquid in the tank above the suction line will be injected. Therefore, injecting SLC until the tank volume indicates < 150 gallons ensures the CSBW is met and the reactor will remain shutdown under ALL conditions regardless of control rod positions. Choice C SLC tank indicates 150gal. The applicant's ability to manually monitor SLC tank level is required to answer this question.

**Explanation** 

A is Incorrect but plausible. SLC tank indicates 1450 gal. The Hot Shutdown Boron Weight (HSBW) is achieved when 650 gallons of boron has been injected (2100 gal - 650 gal = 1450 gal). This corresponds to the amount of boron that will maintain the reactor shutdown under all hot standby conditions. The question specifically asks under <u>all</u> conditions.

B is Incorrect but plausible. SLC tank indicates 650 gal. The applicant may confuse the requirement and assume the HSBW has been injected when SLC tank level indicates 650 gal, not when 650 gal has been injected.

D is Incorrect. SLC tank indicates 0 gal. It is true the CSBW has been injected at this point however the question asks which is the FIRST of the four SLC tank indications the applicant can call the reactor shutdown under all conditions. The applicant may not recall the CSBW is considered injected when SLC tank level is at 150 gal.

References to be provided during exam:

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0053, RPV Control - with ATWS
	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.

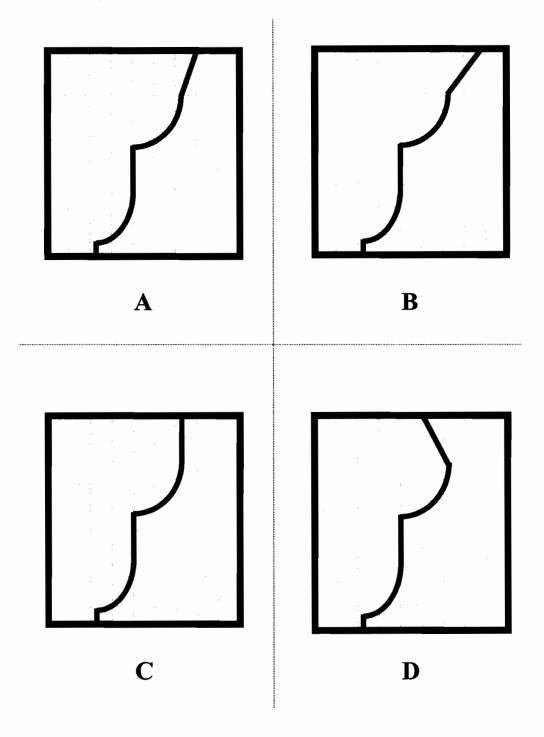
Question	Sourc	e (New, Mo	odified		New			
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			n ID:					
Cognitive	Fun	mory or damental owledge	ental		•	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					<u>K</u> nowledge and	
	5	5.41b		10 5		.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minu			utes	es Poir		Point V	t Value: 1	
System ID No.: 211		21100	0	PRA:		No No		
Safety Function:		1		<ul> <li>☑ Initial License Level</li> <li>☐ LORT</li> </ul>		Level		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

20 ID: 11-1 NRO 20 Points: 1.00

The plant is starting up after an outage and the reactor has just been declared **CRITICAL IAW Procedure 201**, Plant Startup.

Which of the following SRM recorder charts shows that the reactor is critical with the **LONGEST** period? (**See below**)



OCS OPS ILT Page: 67 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Α	_	Α

- B. B
- C. C
- D. D

Answer:

Α

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 20	
Question #	20	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and A	bility Refere	ence Informa	ation		
	K&A				Importance Rating			
	NOM					S	RO	
A4.02 - A	bility		Monitor ally operate a room: SRM r		3.0	3	3.1	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group 1			
General References		2	201					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 68 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	A is Correct and B is Incorrect but plausible. The reactor has just been declared critical during a startup. When declared critical, the reactor state is actually slightly supercritical with counts rising at a constant rate. Procedure 201 defines the reactor is critical when neutron flux is increasing with a stable positive period, without additional control rod movement. 4 SRM charts are provided. SRM counts goes from left to right increasing. The top of each trace represents the current time and time goes from top to bottom increasing. Trace A shows a constant increase in counts, with a smaller slope than that in trace B, which is also critical.  C & D are Incorrect but plausible. Trace C shows constant counts at the top of the trace and trace D shows lowering counts at the top of the trace. The applicant must recognize the reactor state when declared critical and must also know that counts is on the horizontal axis and time is on the vertical axis.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation
Learning Objective/	NIS-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

Question	Source (New, Mo	dified, Bank)	Bank			
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 663735 Question Source: ILT 08-1 NR Previous 2 Exams: No			RC Exam			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	55.41b			1	55	.43b	
10CRF55 Content	multip	amentals of reactor theory, including fission process, neutrollication, source effects, control rod effects, criticality ations, reactivity coefficients, and poison effects.					, criticality
Justification LORT quest K/A values	/ith	N/A					
Time to Cor	minutes Point Value: 1			/alue: 1			
System ID No.:		21500	)4	PR	A: No		No
Safety Function	:	7		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 70 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

21 ID: 11-1 NRO 21 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. Electrical maintenance was hanging a tag on the breaker for the electrical bus that powers Shutdown Cooling (SDC) Outlet Isolation Valve, V-17-54.

An event then occurred and the electrical bus tripped offline. Which of the following electrical busses is V-17-54 powered from **AND** was an LCO for Tech Spec 3.7, AVXICIALY affected?

ELECTRICAL
POWER,

	V-17-54 Power Supply	TS 3.7 LCO affected?
A.	MCC 1A12	Yes
B.	MCC 1AB2	Yes
C.	MCC 1A12	No
D.	MCC 1AB2	No

Answer: B

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NR	O 21					
Question #	21	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K	<b>.</b> &A	lı lı	Importance Rating			
					RO		SRO
205000 Shutdown Cooling 2.2.22 - Equipment Control: Knowledge of limiting conditions for operations and safety limits.				4.0		4.7	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıb	1
General 305 References		305					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 71 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. The electrical bus that powers SDC Outlet Isolation Valve, V-17-54, is Vital MCC 1AB2. TS 3.7 states that a loss of this electrical bus requires that plant is placed in the COLD SHUTDOWN condition within 30 hrs. A RO is required to know that this TS is affected but not the actual LCO.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant fails to recall the correct power supply or that TS 3.7 is affected. MCC 1A12 is not affected by TS 3.7.
References to provided duri	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0045, Shutdown Cooling System
Learning Objective/	SDC-10453, Explain or describe how this system is interrelated with other plant systems.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank)	New		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				N/A		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	1	X 1:F Comprehension or Analysis			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Facts</u>					
	55.41b	5		55.43b	-	
10CRF55 Content	cluding pressure	coolant c and reading limitati	cs during steady s hemistry, causes ctivity changes, ef ons and reasons t	fects of load		
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with		N/A			
Time to Cor	Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1		
System ID No.: 205000			PR	A: No		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety Function:	4	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
---------------------	---	--------------------------------

PER CONVERSATION WITH MRC CHIEF EXAMINER ON 5/24/12,
ASNED TITLE OF T.S. 3.7 TO QUESTION STEM FOR
CLARIFICATION:

OCS OPS ILT Page: 73 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

22	ID: 11-1 NRO 22	Points: 1.00

Which of the following design features of the EMRVs and associated piping prevents siphoning of water into the discharge piping?

<b>EMRV</b>	discharge	piping			

- A. Y-quencher
- B. slotted openings
- C. vacuum breakers
- D. in-line check valves

Answer: C

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NR	O 22					
Question #	22	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
	ance Rating					
			&A		RO	SRO
239002 SRVs 2.1.28 - Conduct of Operations: Knowledge of the purpose and function of major system components and controls.				4.1	4.1	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	1
General References		BR 20	02 sh. 1			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 74 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	C is Correct. The purpose/function of the EMRV discharge piping vacuum breakers is that it is designed to break vacuum in the piping upon closure of the EMRV so that the vacuum established by steam condensation does not draw water into the discharge piping.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant is not
	familiar with major components of the SRV/EMRV system. Y- quenchers represents the shape of the piping and does not prevent siphoning. There are no in-line check valves in the piping, and there are no slotted openings in the discharge piping.
References to provided dust	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0026, Main Steam System
Learning Objective/	MSS-10453, Given plant operating conditions, describe or explain the purpose/function of the system and its components.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank	
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	: 609059 ILT Bank No		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:B	Comprehension or Analysis	
Level	NUREG 1021 A	ppendix B: <u>B</u> as	ses or purpose	
	55.41b	7	55.43b	
10CRF55 Content		ımentation, sig	ctions of control an nals, interlocks, fa s.	
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 min	utes	Point \	/alue: 1
System ID	No.: 23900	2 PR	A:	No

OCS OPS ILT Page: 75 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety 3	
----------	--

OCS OPS ILT Page: 76 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

23

ID: 11-1 NRO 23

Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power with a normal 125 VDC lineup when the following annunciator came into alarm:

U-6-f, STATION BAT/CHG - C - C BAT H2 HI-HI

It is confirmed that ALL 'C' Battery Room ventilation is lost and cannot be restarted.

Which of the following states (1) the U-6-f alarm setpoint AND (2) the action required by RAP-U6f due to a complete loss of ventilation?

NOTE: LEL - Lower Explosive Limit

- A. (1) 0.8% (20% of LEL)
- Completely (2) Secure from charging the 'C' battery, Install a portable fan, and monitor the 'C' Battery Room H2 concentration at least once every 4 hrs
  - B. **(1)** 1.6% (40% of LEL)
  - CONPLETELY (2) Secure from charging the 'C' battery, Install a portable fan, and monitor the 'C' Battery Room H2 concentration at least once every 4 hrs
    - C. **(1)** 1.6% (40% of LEL)
      - (2) Open the 'C' Battery Room fire door, install a portable fan, and post a continuous fire watch at the 'C' Battery Room
    - D. (1) 0.8% (20% of LEL)
      - (2) Open the 'C' Battery Room fire door, install a portable fan, and post a continuous fire watch at the 'C' Battery Room

Answer:

C

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 23	
Question #	23	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

263000 DC Electrical Distribution K5.01 - Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to D.C. ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION: Hydrogen generation during battery charging.					2.6 2.9		2.9
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıb	1
Genera Reference		331		340.1		RAP-U6f, U7f	
Explanat	tion	C is Correct. Procedure 331 and 340.1 requires battery room ventillation be in service prior when the batteries are in service to prevent hydrogen accumulation which is an explosive hazard. The C Battery H2 Hi-Hi alarm comes in at 1.6% (40% of LEL). The correct action IAW the RAP for a complete loss of ventilation is to open the 'C' Battery Room fire door, install a portable fan, and post a continuous fire watch at the 'C' Battery Room.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible since the C Bat H2 Hi alarm comes in at 0.8% (20% of LEL). In addition, there are numerous 4 hr compensitory actions required for different plant events. The applicant may confuse one of these for the actions required by RAP-U6f. A normal 125 VDC lineup is stated in the question stem, which assumes all batteries are on a float charge.					
References to be provided during exam:							
Lesson Learni Object	ing	DCD-10447, Given normal operating procedures and documents for the system, describe or interpret the procedural steps.					

Question	Source (New, Me	odified, Bank)	Ва	nk
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	: 510793 ILT Bank No		
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 78 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	NUR	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions						
	5	5.41b		5	55	.43b		
10CRF55 Content	conc temp chan	Facility operating characteristics during steady state and transient conditions, including coolant chemistry, causes and effects of temperature, pressure and reactivity changes, effects of load changes, and operating limitations and reasons for these operating characteristics.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0								
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1				
System ID I	em ID No.: 263000		PRA: No		No			
Safety Function	Safety 6		⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level			

PER CONVERSATION WITH NECCHIEF EXAMINER ON S/24/12, ADDED COMPLETELY TO CHOICES A(2) AND B(2) FOR CLARIFICATION.

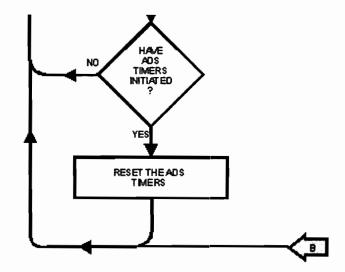
OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

24 ID: 11-1 NRO 24 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a LOCA occurred. The crew is executing the RPV Control - no ATWS EOP. The following plant conditions currently exist:

- ADS TIMER A START I annunciator is in alarm
- ADS TIMER A START II annunciator is in alarm
- ADS TIMER B START I annunciator is in alarm.
- ADS TIMER B START II annunciator is in alarm
- Drywell Pressure indicates 1.8 psig and slowly lowering
- Reactor water level lowered to 50 in and is now 100 inches and slowly rising

The US then directs the BOP to RESET THE ADS TIMERS (see EOP figure below).



IAW the RPV Control - no ATWS EOP, which of the following actions are required to reset the ADS timers?

- 1. Place all EMRV AUTO DEPRESS VALVE control switches to OFF then back to AUTO.
- 2. Place both ADS TIMER AUTO BYPASS keylock switches to BYPASS then back to AUTO.
- 3. Place both HI DRYWELL PRESSURE SWITCH keylock switches to RESET then back to AUTO.
- A. 2 ONLY
- B. 3 **ONLY**
- C. 1 and 2
- D. 2 and 3

OCS OPS ILT Page: 80 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Answer: A

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 24	
Question #	24	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and	Ability Refere	nce Infor	nation	
K&A					nce Rating		
			R	0	SRO		
218000 ADS A4.05 - Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: ADS timer reset			4.	4.2 4.3			
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Reference		EOP Us	EOP User's Guide				
A is Correct. In order to reset ADS timers following initiation, both ADS timer keylock switches must be placed in the BYPASS position momentarily, then placed back in AUTO.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant confuses the steps to RESET ADS following timer initiation (in RPV Control-no ATWS) and the steps to reset ADS logic when all initiating signals are clear (IAW procedure 308). Step 3 in the question stem is required to reset ADS logic IAW 308. Step 1 is plausible if the applicant does not recall how to reset ADS timers or logic. This action is required if an EMRV is open or leaking.							
References to be provided during exam:							
Lesson	Plan	2621.84	45.0.0052, F	RPV Control -	no ATWS		
Learni Object	•	step/st	ENA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.				

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)	New
---------------------------------------	-----

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			X 1:P Comprehension or Analysis				
Level	NUREG	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions						
	55.41	b	10		55.43b			
10CRF55 Content								
Justification LORT quest K/A values	stions with N/A							
Time to Con	Time to Complete: 1-2 minute					Point Value: 1		
System ID I	No.:	218000		PR	A:	No		
Safety 3 Function:								

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

25 ID: 11-1 NRO 25 Points: 1.00

The Standby Liquid Control System explosive (squib) valves are powered from which of the following sources?

- A. 24 / 48 VDC Distribution
- B. Safety Related 125 VDC Distribution
- C. Vital Motor Control Center (VMCC) Distribution
- D. The respective pump Motor Control Center (MCC)

Α	n	C١	A /	_	ŗ.	
$\overline{}$		Ō١	"	J		

D

Answer	<b>Expla</b>	nation
--------	--------------	--------

QID: 11-1 NR	O 25	
Question #	25	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and A	bility Refere	nce Inform	nation	
K&A				Importance Rating			
NGA					RO		SRO
211000 SLC K2.02 - Knowledge of electrical power supplies to the following: Explosive valves					3.1		3.2
Level		RO Tier 2			Grou	p	1
General References BR 3004 sh. 1							
D is Correct. The MCC of the SLCS pump selected for injection provides the 480VAC power for both squib valves for that SLCS train.  Explanation  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible since they are logical sources of power if the applicant does not know the correct power supply.							
Reference provides		o ba ling estami		None			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 83 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0046, Standby Liquid Control
Learning Objective/	SLC-10436, Using plant procedures and electrical drawings, determine electrical power supply for system equipment and any associated/applicable logic, including power loss effects.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				Modified				
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				Pe	N/A Peach Bottom ILT Bank No			
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			X 1:F	Comprehension or Analysis			
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Facts							
	55.41b			7 55.43b		5.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0			N/A					
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				es	Point Value: 1		/alue: 1	
System ID No.: 21			11000		PR	A:	No	
Safety Function:		1		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 84 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

26 ID: 11-1 NRO 26 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when LPRM 28-33A (input to APRM 1) failed resulting in APRM 1 indicating 87.5%. All other LPRMs and APRMs indicate normally.

Which of the following other indications are correct? Assume that the APRM Gain is 1.000.

- A. APRM 1 DNSCL OR INOP light will be ON (on Panel 4F) **AND** a rodblock is present.
- B. LPRM 28-33A local analog meter on Panel 4F full core display will have a red back-light.
- LPRM 28-33A amber light on Panel 4F full core display will be OFF AND a rodblock is present.
- D. LPRM 28-33A local analog meter on Panel 4F full core display indicates downscale.

Answer: D

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 26	
Question #	26	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					Importance Rating			
					RO	SRO		
215005 APRM / LPRM K3.05 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the AVERAGE POWER RANGE MONITOR/LOCAL POWER RANGE MONITOR SYSTEM will have on following: Reactor power indication					3.8	3.8		
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	1		
General References RAP-G4f, G7f		94f, G7f						

OCS OPS ILT Page: 85 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	D is Correct. APRM 1 will read 100% at full power and will read 87.5 when 1 LPRM goes downscale (700/8) [given the gain is 1.000]. Therefore, the LPRM has failed downscale. When the LPRM fail downscale, several things happen: the associated APRM produces a rodblock; the amber light (on full core display) goes ON; the APRM reading goes down; and, the local reactor power meter of the full core display (individual LPRM readings) will go downscale. Therefore, there will be a rod block and the local meter will read downscale.  A is Incorrect but plausible. The APRM will neither be INOP nor downscale.
	B is Incorrect but plausible. There is no red backlighting for the associated LPRM, the red backlighting on control rod indications.  C is Incorrect but plausible. Since the local reactor power
	indication for the LPRM failed downscale, its amber light will be ON, not OFF.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation
	NIS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the
Learning	affected system components and expected system response
Objective/	including power loss or failed components.

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	Ва	ınk	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 609055 Question Source: ILT Bank Previous 2 Exams: No					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge its meaning				
10CRF55 Content	55.41b	7	55.43b		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	including	esign, components, and functions of control and safety systems, ncluding instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and utomatic and manual features.			
Justification LORT question K/A values <	ons with		N	/A	
Time to Com	2 minutes			Point Value: 1	
System ID No	o.: 2	215005 PRA: No		No	
Safety Function:		7	7		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 87 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

27 ID: 11-1 NRO 27 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a LOCA occurred.

Which of the following states the **sequence** of automatic Recirculation Pump **trips** and automatic Isolation Condenser (IC) **initiations** as RPV water level steadily drops from 95" to 82"?

	Occurs First	Occurs Second	Occurs Third
A.	<b>ALL</b> Recirculation Pumps Trip	IC condensate return valves open and vent valves close	No other actions
В.	IC condensate return valves open and vent valves close	A, B, E ONLY Recirculation Pumps Trip	C, D Recirculation Pumps Trip
C.	IC condensate return valves open and vent valves close	ALL Recirculation Pumps Trip	No other actions
D.	A, B, E ONLY Recirculation Pumps Trip	IC condensate return valves open and vent valves close	C, D Recirculation Pumps Trip
Answe	r: A		

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 27

Question # 27 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information			
K&A	Importance Rating		
	RO	SRO	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 88 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

K1.15 - K connecti between INSTRUM	now ions a NUC VENT	ar Boiler ledge of t and/or car LEAR BO ATION ar denser: F	relationships wing:	3.	9	4.1	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	р	2
Genera Referen		RAP-C	C1a, C2a	BR 3029 s	sh. 2		
Explana	tion	seconds lo-lo RP\ Recircul lo water pressure pumps C Therefor all recirc of 1.5 se  All distra they're in	A is Correct. The isolation condensers auto initiate (after 1.5 seconds) on Nuclear Boiler Instrumentation signals from either a lo-lo RPV water level (90") or RPV high pressure (1051 psig). Recirculation pumps also trip from the same parameters. On lo-lo water level, all recirculation pumps trip immediately. On high pressure, recirculation pumps A, B & E trip immediately, and pumps C & D trip after sustained high pressure of 10.5 seconds. Therefore, as RPV water level lowers through the lo-lo setpoint, all recirculation pumps trip and the ICs initiate after a time delay of 1.5 seconds.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible since they occur but in they're in the incorrect sequence or the applicant may confuse the RPV high pressure and Lo-Lo water level sequence.				
Rationalia provides		s be ng exam:		None		i jangan ka	
Lesson	Plan	2621.8	28.0.0023, I	solation Cond	ensers		
Learn Object	_	ICS-2030, Describe the Isolation Condenser design features and/or interlocks which provide for the following: automatic system initiation and isolation					

Question	Source (New, Mo	Bank	(	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		: 666839 ILT Bank No		
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 2:DR

OCS OPS ILT Page: 89 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	1	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>D</u> escribing or recognizing Relationships					
	5	55.41b 7 55.43b					
10CRF55 Content	inclu	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2			minutes			Point V	/alue: 1
System ID I	No.: 216000		PR	<b>A</b> :		No	
Safety Function	. 7		⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 90 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

28 ID: 11-1 NRO 28 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a reactor scram occurred.

Which ONE of the following correctly describes the electrical power supplies to the Condensate Pumps five minutes after the reactor scram?

	Condensate Pump	Condensate Pump	Condensate Pump
	A	B	C
Α.	Transformer 1A via	Transformer 1A via	Transformer 1B via
	Bus 1A	Bus 1A	Bus 1B
В.	Transformer 1A via	Transformer 1B via	Transformer 1B via
	Bus 1A	Bus 1B	Bus 1B
C.	Transformer S1A via	Transformer S1A via	Transformer S1B via
	Bus 1A	Bus 1A	Bus 1B
D.	Transformer S1A via	Transformer S1B via	Transformer S1B via
	Bus 1A	Bus 1B	Bus 1B

Answer:

D

Answer Explanation				
QID: 11-1 NR	O 28			
Question #	28	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012		

	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A					Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
256000 Reactor Condensate K2.01 - Knowledge of electrical power supplies to the following: System pumps				2.	.7	2.8		
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	1b	2	
Gener Referen		BR 3001A		BR 30	01B			

OCS OPS ILT 07 May 2012 Page: 91 of 241

Explanation	D is Correct. The power supply to Condensate Pump A is 4160VAC Bus 1A and the power supply to Condensate Pumps B & C is 4160VAC Bus 1B. When shutdown (post-scram), these buses are powered from the Startup Transformers S1A and S1B respectively (offsite power). The startup transformer breakers automatically close when the Main Turbine trips. The Main Turbine will trip immediately following the scram.
	All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant confuses either the transformer labels, when the startup transformers pick up power to the 4160VAC buses, or they do not recall which bus Condensate Pump B is powered from since one bus powers two pumps.
Raferences b provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0017, Feed and Condensate System
Learning Objective/	CNS-10453, Explain or describe how this system is interrelated with other plant systems.

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			ew
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A	
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		X 1:I Comprehension or Analysis	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response			
	55.41b	7	55.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.			
Justification LORT ques K/A values	tions with		N/A	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			_	Point Value: 1
System ID No.:	256000	PRA: No		No
Safety Function:	2			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 93 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

29 ID: 11-1 NRO 29 Points: 1.00

A plant shutdown is in progress due to the <u>loss of 125 VDC Bus C</u>, when a catastrophic loss of instrument air occurred.

#### **TWO MINUTES LATER**, the URO observes the following:

- INSTR AIR SUPPLY indicates 0 psig
- RPV pressure currently indicates 1100 psig and steady
- APRMs indicate >2%
- 230 KV Breakers GD1 and GC1 indicate GREEN lights ON

In reference to RPV Pressure control, which of the following are correct for the above conditions? (assume **NO** operator action had been taken)

- ALL Turbine Bypass Valves are OPEN
- ALL EMRVs are OPEN
- ONLY 3 EMRVs are OPEN
- 4. **BOTH** Isolation Condensers are in service
- SOME SRVs are OPEN
- A. 2 ONLY
- B. 3 <u>and</u> 4 **ONLY**
- C. 3 and 5 ONLY
- D. 1, 2, and 4 **ONLY**

Answer: A

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 29	
Question #	29	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		
239001 Main and Reheat Steam K3.16 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the MAIN AND REHEAT STEAM SYSTEM will have on following: Relief/safety valves	3.6	3.6		

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Level	RO	Tier	2	Grou	пр	2
Gener Referen		P-B4g P-C1a	GE 729	E182		EB D-3033

OCS OPS ILT Page: 95 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

This question examines how the EMRVs will respond to a loss of the Main Steam System (MSIV Closure).

The plant is at power with the loss of 125 VDC Bus C. With this loss, 125 VDC Busses DC-F and DC-2 are also lost.

All EMRVs receive 2 DC power supplies (DC-D and DCF), such that the loss of 1 DC power supply will not prevent any EMRV from functioning. Therefore, all EMRVs can operate normally.

Each Isolation Condenser has a normally closed condensate return valve, which are DC powered: IC-A valve receives power from DC-1 and IC-B receives power from DC-2 which is powered from DC-C. With the loss of DC power, then IC-B condensate return valve cannot open, but IC-A is fully operable.

With the loss of all instrument air, the outboard MSIVs will auto close, which prevents operation of the Turbine Bypass Valves.

#### **Explanation**

The EMRVs open under an ADS signal or from RPV high pressure (some open at 1065 psig and the others open at 1085 psig). Since RPV pressure is 1100 psig and steady, and since all EMRVs are fully functional, then all EMRVs are currently open and indicate in the VALVE OPEN REGION.

The RPV safety valves open under RPV high pressure (initial opening at 1212 psig). Since RPV pressure is only 1100 psig, then no SRVs have opened.

Isolation Condensers initiate on Io-Io RPV water level and from RPV high pressure (sustained 1051 psig) and are therefore in service, except that IC-B condensate return valve is closed with no electrical power. Thus, only IC-A is in service.

Choice 1 is false since the TBV are closed.

Choice 2 is true since all EMRVs have opened due to RPV high pressure.

Choice 3 is false since all EMRVs have opened due to RPV high pressure.

Choice 4 is false since IC-B is not in-service (but is true for ONLY IC-A).

Choice 5 is false since the SRV lift setpoint has not been reached.

Therefore, Answer A (Choice 2 ONLY) is Correct.

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

References to provided dutte	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.023 Isolation Condensers
Learning Objective/	ICS-2338, Given plant conditions, evaluate the impact on the Isolation Condenser System and the plant.

Question	Sourc	e (New, Mo	odified	, Bank)		Ba	nnk
			1719 T Bank				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge					rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using K</u> nowledge and its meaning				ı <u>K</u> nowledge and		
	5	55.41b	7		55	.43b	
			ument	ation, sig	nals, inte		d safety systems, lure modes, and
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute			utes	utes Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID No.: 239001		1	PRA: No		No		
Safety 4 Function:			☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 97 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

30 ID: 11-1 NRO 30 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power.

Which of the following annunciators/indications by themselves, indicate that an automatic protective action has occurred or will occur to mitigate an offsite radiological release?

- A. **BOTH** Offgas Radiation Monitors indicate upscale.
- B. Service Water Discharge Radiation Monitor indicates upscale.
- C. Spent Fuel Pool Area radiation monitor C5 indicates upscale.
- D. **BOTH** Stack RAGEMS noble gas effluent monitors indicate upscale.

Answer:

Α

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 30	
Question #	30	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and A	bility Refere	nce Informat	ion		
	K&A				Imp	Importance Rating		
						SRO		
272000 Radiation Monitoring K4.01 - Knowledge of RADIATION MONITORING System design feature(s) and/or interlocks which provide for the following: Redundancy					2.7	2.8		
Level	Level RO Tier 2				Group	2		
General References RAP-10F1c								

OCS OPS ILT Page: 98 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

A is Correct. RAP-10F1c (answer a) states the automatic actions for this alarm (OFFGAS HI-HI): Closure of V-7-31 [AOG Bypass Valve], V-7-29 [48" hold-up drain valve] and OG-AOV-001A (001B) [Recombiner inlet valves] to isolate the off gas system at the stack and trip the mechanical vacuum pump (if running) after a 15 +0 -1 (14 to 15) minute time delay with coincident upscale trip of both channels, or an upscale trip in 1 channel and downscale trip in the other channel (redundancy required to actuate the automatic interlock). The mechanical vacuum pumps are not in service given the plant conditions. With both offgas rad monitors upscale, the offgas system will be isolated from the stack after 15 minutes. The expected annunciator prior to this Hi-Hi alarm (Offgas Hi 10F2c) has no protective functions.

#### **Explanation**

B is Incorrect but plausible. Service Water Discharge Radiation Monitor has no automatic actions.

C is Incorrect but plausible. Fuel pool area radiation monitors B9 and C9 will isolate RB HVAC and initiate SGT when either rad monitor goes high. Area rad monitor C5, in the same vicinity, only produces a control room alarm (RAP-F1k).

D is Incorrect but plausible. There are no protective functions from upscale stack RAGEMS.

References to be provided during exam:

Lesson Plan | 2621.828.0.033A, Plant Radiation Monitoring System

Learning Objective/ RAD-10449, State the function and interpretation of system alarms, alone and in combination, as applicable in accordance with the system RAPS.

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	510682 ILT Bank No	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 99 of 241 07 May 2012

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal		Comprehension or Analysis	X 2:RI	
Level	I	021 Appendix B: Recognizing Interaction between plural), including consequences and implications				
	55.41b		7	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values			N/A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1			
System ID I	ID No.: 272000			PRA: No		
Safety Function	1 4 1—			License Level		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

31 ID: 11-1 NRO 31 Points: 1.00

A reactor shutdown is in progress with reactor power at 8%. The currently latched group of 8 rods has an insert limit of 28 and a withdraw limit of 32. This group's rods are at the following positions:

- 2 rods are at 26
- 4 rods are at 32
- 1 rod is at 34
- 1 rod is at 28, and selected

Which of the following statements is correct concerning the RWM status?

- 3 INSERT ERRORS exist AND an INSERT BLOCK is applied to ALL control rods.
- B. The RWM must be bypassed since it would not have allowed this configuration.
- C. 2 INSERT ERRORS exist AND a WITHDRAW BLOCK is applied to ALL control rods.
- D. 1 WITHDRAW ERROR exists **AND** a WITHDRAW BLOCK is applied to **SOME** control rods.

Answer: C

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 31	
Question #	31	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Importance Rating		
			RO	SRO		
SYSTEM feature(s	RWM (nowledge of F (RWM) (PLAN s) and/or interla wing: Withdray	T SPECIFIC	3.5	3.5		
Level	RO	Tier	Group	2		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 101 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	409	VM-RW-1312		
C is Correct. There are two insert errors (the two rods at 26) there is a withdraw block due to the rod at 34, which is applie all control rods.  A is Incorrect but plausible. There are only two insert errors; two rods at 26. There is an insert block, however, since the r that is withdrawn past its withdraw limit is not selected.  B is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall RV operations since it would have allowed the given configuration.  D is Incorrect but plausible. There is a withdraw error, but the withdraw block would be applied to all control rods since the				
	withdraw error rod			
References to provided duri		None		
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0041, F	Rod Worth Minimizer	A STATE OF THE STA	
Learning Objective/	the affected syste	ribe the interlock signa m components and ex g power loss or failed	pected system	

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Ва	nk	
If Bank or N VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	506426 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO	
Level					

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	55.41b			7	55	.43b		
10CRF55 Content	incl	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	with			N	//A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute			minutes Point Value: 1			/alue: 1		
System ID No.:		2010	06	PR	A:	.: No		
Safety Function:		7		☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 103 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

32 ID: 11-1 NRO 32 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. An event then occurs resulting in a loss of USS 1B2.

Which of the following will lose 480 VAC power from this event?

- A. Reactor Feed Pump 'C' Aux Oil Pump, P-2-9C.
- B. Control Room Master Fire Alarm Panels A and B.
- C. The 'C' Reactor Recirc Pump Discharge Valve, V-37-32.
- D. Panel ER-42 (Screen Wash Control Panel) normal power.

Answer: B

Answer Explanation					
QID: 11-1 NR	O 32				
Question #	32	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012			

	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				lmp	Importance Rating		
					RO	SRO	
286000 Fire Protection K6.01 - Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the following will have on the FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM: A. C. electrical distribution: Plant-Specific			3.1	3.1			
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	2	
General References ABN-48							

OCS OPS ILT Page: 104 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. USS 1B2 powers the Control Room Master Fire Alarm Panels A and B. This will cause the Control Room to lose its ability to detect fires from those panels in the Main Control Room. The Control Room Master Fire Alarm Panels A and B have an internal battery backup, so the question asks what will lose 480 VAC power for technical accuracy.  All distractors are incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the correct power supply to the CR Fire Alarm Panels. None of the other choices are powered from USS-1B2.				
References to provided duri					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0019, Fire Protection				
Learning Objective/	FPS-10449, State the function and interpretation of system alarms, alone and in combination, as applicable in accordance with the system RAPS.				

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				New	
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Questi ource:	on ID:			N/A	
Memory Fundame Knowled		ntal	X 1:F Comprehension or Analysis			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Facts</u>					
	55.41b	,	7	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and sincluding instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failurautomatic and manual features.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						
Time to Cor		Point Value: 1		alue: 1		
System ID	System ID No.: 286000			A: No		No

OCS OPS ILT Page: 105 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety 8	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
----------	--------------------------------

OCS OPS ILT Page: 106 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

33 ID: 11-1 NRO 33 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. Plant conditions include the following:

STANDBY GAS SELECT switch is in the SYS 2 position

An event then occurred which automatically initiated the Standby Gas Treatment System (SGTS).

Five (5) minutes after the SGTS initiation, with no operator action, which of the following is the correct fan/valve configuration <u>if the lead system developed/maintained a **low flow** signal?</u>

	SGTS 1 Fan	SGTS 2 Fan	SGTS 2 Orifice Valve V-28-28
A.	ON	ON	OPEN
B.	ON	OFF	CLOSED
C.	OFF	ON	CLOSED
D.	ON	OFF	OPEN

Answer: A

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 33	
Question #	33	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A				Importa	nce Rating
			RO	SRO	
A1.01 - A changes operating	Secondary CTM  Ability to predict  in parameters g the SECOND  including: Sys	ct and/or most associated ARY CONT	3.1	3.1	
Level					2

General References	330	RAP-L5b				
Explanation	A is Correct. On an automatic system initiation, both SGTS fan start. If the lead fan develops adequate flow within the first 2-3 minutes, the lag fan will shutdown and the associated inlet/outlet valves close. If the lead fan does not develop adequate flow, the lag fan continues and the lead fan continues to run, but with the lead system inlet/outlet valves closed. The system orifice valves are normally closed (with the systems in standby) and stays closed when the lead system starts with proper flow. If the lead running system sees low flow, then besides what's already been said, the lead system orifice valve also opens (and inlet/outlet valves close and the redundant system assumes the SGTS function). Therefore, 5 minutes afte an auto initiation, system 2 fan (which was selected as lead) will be running with the loop inlet/outlet valves closed and loop orifice valve open. System 1 fan is also running performing the SGTS function.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does					
	not recognize the correct fan/valve lineup for the stated conditions.					
	References to be None					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0042, S	Secondary Containmen	t & SGTS			
Learning Objective/	SGT-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.					

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	510845 ILT Bank No		

Cognitive	Memor Fundam Knowle	ental	ntal			ehension nalysis	X 3:PEO
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome						
	55.41			7	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0			N/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1			alue: 1	
System ID I	No.: 290001		PRA:			No	
Safety Function	1 5 1—			<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>			

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

34 ID: 11-1 NRO 34 Points: 1.00

The plant is shutdown for a refuel outage. Plant conditions include the following:

- The 'B' Fuel Pool Cooling (FPC) pump is in service
- · The 'B' Shutdown Cooling (SDC) loop is in service
- TBCCW Pumps 1 and 2 are in service

QID: 11-1 NRO 34

34

Question #

An event then occurred resulting in a loss of MCC 1A21.

Based on the conditions above, which of the following correctly states the plant impact **AND** the required action for this event?

	Plant Impact	<u>Action</u>
	Loss of	Refer to AND/OR Perform Actions Required by
A.	the 'B' SDC Loop	ABN-3, Loss of Shutdown Cooling
B.	the 'B' FPC Pump	ABN-16, Loss of Fuel Pool Cooling
C.	TBCCW Pumps 1 & 2	ABN-20, Loss of TBCCW
D.	power to the Refueling Bridge	ABN-45, Loss of USS 1A2
Answer:	D	
Answer Explan	nation	

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		

Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

OCS OPS ILT Page: 110 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

234000 Fuel Handling Equipment A2.03 - Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following on the FUEL HANDLING EQUIPMENT; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those abnormal conditions or operations: Loss of electrical power						8	3.1
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	1b	2
Genera Referen		20	<b>)5.0</b>	ABN-45			
Explana	tion	D is Correct. The power supply to the Refuel Bridge is MCC 1A21. The correct action is to restore power to the refuel bridge. Of the choices listed the operators will refer to ABN-48, Loss of USS 1A2. In ABN-48, the operator will also determine the extent of condition by referring to the load lists in the back of the ABN. All loads off of MCC 1A21, 1A21A, and 1A21B are listed.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the loads that were lost when MCC 1A21 de-energized. Each ABN is the correct ABN for the loss stated in each distractor.					ne refuel bridge. BN-48, Loss of mine the extent nck of the ABN. listed. pplicant does 1 de-energized.
References to be None provided during exam:							
Lesson	Plan	n 2621.812.0.0003, Refueling					
Learn Object	•	RFL-00291, Describe the Refueling Platform major components location, function and power supply.					jor components

Question Source (New, Modi	New	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source:	N/A	
Previous 2 Exams:		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 111 of 241 07 May 2012

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowle	ental			•	rehension nalysis	X 3:PEO
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome						
	55.41	b		10	55	.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	/A		
Time to Cor	to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1		
System ID I	No.:	234000 PR		PRA: No		No	
Safety Function	:	8	8			Level	

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

35 ID: 11-1 NRO 35 Points: 1.00

Which of the following could be indicative of a Reactor Manual Control System control rod movement timer malfunction?

- A. The red WITHDRAW light ON for 3 seconds during a control rod ROD OUT NOTCH.
- B. The green INSERT light ON for 3.5 seconds during a control rod single notch ROD IN.
- C. The amber SETTLE light ON for 5 seconds following a control rod single notch ROD IN evolution
- D. The green INSERT light ON for 1 second during a control rod ROD OUT NOTCH.

Answer: A

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 35

Question # 35 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K&A					Importance Rating		
						0	SRO	
201002 RMCS A3.02 - Ability to monitor automatic operations of the REACTOR MANUAL CONTROL SYSTEM including: Rod movement sequence lights					2.	.8	2.7	
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	1b	2	
Gener Referen		ABN-6		302.2				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	A is Correct. IAW 302.2, the red WITHDRAWAL light is illuminated approximately 2 seconds following switch movement and remains on for approximately 1.5 seconds. Since it is on for 3 seconds, this could indicate a timer malfunction and actions of ABN-6 should be taken.  All distractors are incorrect but plausible. All conditions described in the distractors are expected indications for rod movement.			
Geforences to provided duri				
Lesson Plan  Learning Objective/	2621.828.0.0036, Reactor Manual Control System  RMC-10446, Identify and explain system operating controls / indications under all plant operating conditions.			

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				Bank			
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				0850 T Bank			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			X 1:F	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level				ix B: <u>F</u> ac	its		
	55	.41b	7			.43b	
10CRF55 Content	1 Design components and functions of control and safety s						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point V	alue: 1		
System ID	ID No.: 201002			PRA: No			No

OCS OPS ILT Page: 114 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety 1 Function:	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
-----------------------	--------------------------------

OCS OPS ILT Page: 115 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

36 ID: 11-1 NRO 36 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an Off-Gas Deflagration occurred.

IAW ABN-25, Off-Gas Deflagration, which of the following combinations of alarms are required to be cleared before the Off-Gas system can be reset?

- 1. OFF GAS ISOL ACT I
- 2. OFF GAS ISOL ACT II
- 3. OFF GAS PRESS HI
- 4. OFF GAS TEMP HI
  - A. 1 and 2 ONLY
  - B. 3 <u>and</u> 4 **ONLY**
  - C. 1, 2, and 4 ONLY
  - D. 1, 2, 3, and 4

Answer: B

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 36	
Question #	36	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					l li	Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
271000 Off-gas A4.01 - Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: Reset system isolations				2.	8	2.8		
Level	Level RO Tier			2	Grou	ıp	2	
General References ABN-25								

Explanation	B is Correct. IAW ABN-25, the OFF GAS PRESS HI and OFF GAS TEMP HI alarms are required to be clear before continuing to reset the Off-Gas isolation logic.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible since they all initiate following an Off-gas deflagration. The applicant may not recall what alarms clear or what alarms are required to be clear for this				
References (					
Lesson Plan					
Learning Objective/	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.				

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	New				
VISION Sys Question S	k or Modified N System/Question ID: ion Source: ous 2 Exams:						
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis				
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions						
	55.41b	10	55.43b	-			
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values							
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 min	utes	Point V	alue: 1			
System ID I	No.: 271000	) PR	A: No				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety Function:	9	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
---------------------	---	--------------------------------

OCS OPS ILT Page: 118 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

37 ID: 11-1 NRO 37 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power. The Operator had just placed TIP 1 and 2 at the core top location, when the following annunciators alarmed:

- DW PRESS HI-HI RV46 A/B
- DW PRESS HI-HI RV46 C/D

12 minutes later, the Operator reports the following observations:

- TIP CHANNEL 1
  - IN SHIELD white light is energized
  - DETECTOR POSITION displays 02
- TIP CHANNEL 2
  - IN SHIELD white light is de-energized
  - DETECTOR POSITION displays 255
- The TIP red light (Panel 11F) is energized
- NO TIPs can be moved

IAW 405.2, Operation of the TIP System, which of the following states the required action for the stated conditions?

- A. Manually retract TIP 1 locally
- B. Fire the shear valve for TIP 1
- C. Manually retract TIP 2 locally
- D. Fire the shear valve for TIP 2

Answer: D

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NR	O 37					
Question #	37	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A Importance Rating					
	RO	SRO			

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

215001 Traversing In-core Probe 2.1.23 - Conduct of Operations: Ability to perform specific system and integrated plant procedures during all modes of plant operation.					4.3		4.4
Level		RO	Tier	2	Grou	1b	2
	General 405.2 RAP-C1f, C2f		, C2f				
Explana	tion	D is Correct. The plant is at power with TIPs 1 & 2 at the core top. The provided annunciators show that a LOCA signal has been generated (3 psig Drywell pressure or RPV water level at or below 86"). These signals also isolate the Primary Containment and RPV, including the TIPs. On an isolation, the TIPs automatically retract and the ball valves close. Conditions show that with the Panel 11F TIP red light on, then at least one TIP ball valve is open. It also shows that the in shield light for TIP 2 is deenergized, which means that the TIP 2 has not retracted to the in shield position and the ball valve will be open. The ball valve normally auto closes when the TIP is retracted into the shield. The TIP 2 detector position (lowest is in shield and counts up as the detector moves out of the shield) shows that it is not in shield. IAW the 405.2, with a ball valve open and cannot be closed, then it directs that the shear valve be fired for the applicable TIP.  A & C are Incorrect but plausible since the TIPs can be manually cranked locally, however 405.2 directs actuating the shear valve for this condition. Choice A also specifies the wrong TIP.					
brookle	References to be provided during exam: None						
Lesson Learn Object	ing	NIS-10445, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.					

OCS OPS ILT	Page: 120 of 241	07 May 2012

**Modified** 

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			n ID:		8311 T Bank			
Cognitive Level	Fun	emory o damen owledg	ental				rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning							
	55.41b		10		55	.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes					Point Value: 1			
System ID No.: 215001		5001		PRA:			No	
Safety 7 Function:		7		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

38 ID: 11-1 NRO 38 Points: 1.00

Given the following plant conditions:

- The plant is at 100% power
- The Electric Pressure Regulator (EPR) pressure transmitter fails, the EPR relay position strokes to the 0 % position.
- No operator actions have yet occurred

Based on these plant conditions, which one of the following parameters will **initially** lower?

- A. Reactor Power
- B. Generator Output
- C. Reactor Pressure Vessel Pressure
- D. Mechanical Pressure Regulator Relay Position

Answer: B

Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NR	O 38						
Question #	38	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012					

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
		K	(&A	Importance Rating				
		-		RO	SRO			
245000 Main Turbine Gen. / Aux. K1.08 - Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause- effect relationsh between MAIN TURBINE GENERATOR AND AUXILIARY SYSTEMS and the following: Reactor/turbine pressure control system: Plant-Specific					3.4	3.5		
Level		RO	Tier	2	Group	2		
General References			ne Tech al Tab 10	GE 223R	309			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 122 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	B is Correct. If a loss of power occurs to the EPR, the actual relay position and setpoint indicators go downscale; The MPR takes control and regulates at a higher RPV pressure of 1024 psig. This causes the TCVs to close resulting in a loss of generator load initially because less steam is going to the turbine thus dropping generator load.  A is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant doesn't recall how the Turbine Control System responds to a loss of the EPR. Reactor power will increase.  C is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant doesn't recall how the Turbine Control System responds to a loss of the EPR. Initial RPV pressure will rise.  D is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant doesn't recall how the Turbine Control System responds to a loss of the EPR. The MPR relay will rise as the EPR relay lowers.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0051, Turbine Control System
Learning Objective/	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.

Question	Source (New, Mo	Bank				
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	607955 ILT Bank No				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Outcome					

	55.41b			7	55	5.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.								
Justification LORT quest K/A values	ions with				N	I/A			
Time to Cor	nplete: 1-	2 minu	minutes Point Value: 1			/alue: 1			
System ID I	245000		PRA: No		No				
Safety Function:		4							

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

39 ID: 11-1 NRO 39 Points: 1.00

The plant is shutdown and cooling down with the Shutdown Cooling System (SDC).

The following plant conditions currently exist:

- All Recirculation Pumps are in service
- Shutdown Cooling Pumps B and C are in-service with a total SDC System flow of 6000 GPM
- SDC Pump A is tagged out of service due to an oil leak
- RPV water level indicates 160"
- RECIRC PUMP SUCTION TEMPS indicate 197 °F

The following annunciators then alarmed:

- 1B2 MN BRKR TRIP
- 1B2 MN BRKR OL TRIP

The Operator reports that RECIRC PUMP SUCTION TEMPS are rising. Which of the following states the required action to provide adequate core cooling for the given conditions?

- A. Raise RPV water level up to at least 170".
- B. Bypass the SDC isolation and restart the SDC System.
- C. Establish alternate RPV cooldown with the RWCU System.
- D. Initiate the Isolation Condensers IAW 307, Isolation Condenser System.

Answer: C

## Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NR	O 39	
Question #	39	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importan	ce Rating			
	RO	SRO			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 125 of 241 07 May 2012

AK1.03 - implicati apply to	wledge of of the follo	the operatowing conditions of the operatowing conditions of the operators	3.	9	3.9		
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1
General References		AE	BN-3				
Explanation		C is Correct. The plant is shutdown and cooling down with SDC pumps B and C. The provided alarms show a loss of 480 volt USS 1B2, which is providing power to SDC pumps B and C. SDC A is tagged out due to an oil leak and is not available. Therefore, these conditions present a total loss of SDC. IAW ABN-3, Loss of Shutdown Cooling, is SDC is lost, then restore cooling IAW attachment ABN-3-3. Of the methods listed while in cold shutdown, aligning alternate cooling with RWCU is allowed and is available.  A is Incorrect but plausible. ABN-3 states that SDC is isolated, then raise RPV water level >185" to establish circulation flow through the steam separators.					
		B is Incorrect but plausible. The indications show a bus over load and loss of power to the SDC pumps. Even if a SDC isolation were to occur, bypassing the isolation would still not result in forced flow from SDC.  D is Incorrect but plausible. Initiating the ICs is listed as an alternate cooldown method IAW ABN-3, but there must be steam in the RPV. With coolant temperature currently at 197 °F, there is no steam to flow through and be condensed by, the ICs.					
References to be provided during exam: ABN-3							
Lesson	Plan	2621.82	28.0.0045, \$	Shutdown Coo	ling Syst	em	
Learning SDC-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluation and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.					-		

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)	Bank

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				6816 T Bank					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge					ehension nalysis	X 3:SPK		
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using Knowledge and</u> its meaning							
	55.41b			8		.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Components, capacity, and functions of emergency systems.								
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minut				es Point Value:		/alue: 1			
System ID No.: 295021		21	PRA:			No			
Safety 4 Function:				☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 127 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

40 ID: 11-1 NRO 40 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a LOCA then occurred. Plant conditions include the following:

- CONT SPRAY FLOWS SYSTEM 1 indicates 4000 GPM
- CONT SPRAY FLOWS SYSTEM 2 indicates 4100 GPM
- Core Spray SYS 1 FLOW indicates 4500 GPM utilizing Core Spray Pumps NZ01A/NZ03A
- Core Spray SYS 2 FLOW indicates 4200 GPM utilizing Core Spray Pumps NZ01B/NZ03B

An event then occurred resulting in Torus Water Level lowering. Torus Water Level has now stabilized. Current plant conditions include the following:

- Torus water level is 102 inches
- Torus pressure is 4.4 psig
- Torus water temperature is 180 °F

Which of the following Core Spray System(s), if any, have exceeded their NPSH limits?

- A. None
- B. Core Spray System 1
- C. Core Spray System 2
- D. **BOTH** Core Spray Systems

Answer: B

Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NR	O 40						
Question #	40	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012					

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				
	RO	SRO			

295030 Low Suppression Pool Water Level / 5 EK1.02 - Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to LOW SUPPRESSION POOL WATER LEVEL: Pump NPSH					3.5		3.8	
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1	
Gener Referen		ЕМС	EMG-SP4 EOP User's					
Explana	tion	Core Spi mitigate Torus lev IAW EMO NPSH re	ray and Cor the events vel lowering G-SP4, Core quirements	ntainment Sprof a LOCA. Ag (then stabilize Spray System of a Correct but p	ay Syster n event o zing). Du n 1 now o	ms are loccurs rele to this does no	resulting in sevent, and of meet it's oplicant does	
Committee of the Commit	not correctly determine if NPSH has been violated IAW EMG-SP4.  References to be provided during exam:							
Lesson	Plan	2621.84	45.0.0056, F	Primary Conta	inment C	ontrol		
	earning PCC-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluation and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.							

Question	Source (New, Mo	Modified					
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 718225 Question Source: ILT Bank Previous 2 Exams: No							
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPR			
Level	NUREG 1021 A	ppendix B: <u>S</u> ol	ve a <u>P</u> roblem using	<u>R</u> eferences			
10CRF55 Content	55.41b 10 55.43b						

	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0			N/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes					Point Value: 1		
System ID N	No.:	2	295030 PI		A:	No	
Safety Function	:		5				

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

41 ID: 11-1 NRO 41 Points: 1.00

While at the controls during a fuel shuffle, you are notified that an irradiated fuel bundle was dropped while being moved over the core.

Which **ONE** of the following would be an accurate radiation monitoring response from this event, if the design basis release were to occur?

#### Panel 2R radiation monitor...

- A. C5, SPENT FUEL POOL AREA, will indicate elevated radiation levels, and when tripped high, will isolate the DW vent/purge valves (after a time delay).
- B. C10, FUEL POOL HI RANGE, will indicate elevated radiation levels, and when tripped high, will initiate the Standby Gas Treatment System (after a time delay).
- C. C9, FUEL POOL LOW RANGE, will indicate elevated radiation levels, and when tripped high, will initiate the Standby Gas Treatment System (after a time delay).
- D. B9, REACTOR OPEN FLR EQUIP HATCH, will indicate elevated radiation levels, and when tripped high, will isolate the DW vent/purge valves (after a time delay).

Answer: C

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	RO 41	
Question #	41	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	К	Importa	Importance Rating				
		RO	SRO				
AK1.01 - implicati apply to	Refueling Acc ( Knowledge of ons of the follo REFUELING A e hazards	3.6	4.1				
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	1		

General References	RAP-10F3m					
Explanation	irradiated fuel bundle radiation monitor C9 and start the Standb 2-min time delay.  A is Incorrect but platelevated radiation leavent/purge valves.  B is Incorrect but platelevated radiation leavend radiation leand start the Standb 2-min time delay.  D is Incorrect but platelevated radiation, a	uestion stem describes le was dropped over the reaches 50mR/hr, it was by Gas Treatment System ausible. It is true that evels, however it will no evels, however it will no by Gas Treatment System ausible. When B9 reached and start the Standby G 2-min time delay, not is	ne core. When vill trip RB ventilation, em (SGTS) following a C5 will indicate ot trip the DW C10 will indicate ot trip RB ventilation, em (SGTS) following a ches 50mR/hr, it will Gas Treatment System			
	vent/purge valves.					
References to provided dur	o (ba)	None				
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0033A,	Plant Radiation Monito	oring System			
Learning Objective/	273-10449, State the function and interpretation of system alarms, alone and in combination, as applicable in accordance with the system RAPS.					

Question Source (New, Modi		Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID:	510828		
Question Source:	ILT 05-1 NR	C Exam	
Previous 2 Exams:	No		

Cognitive Level	Memo Fundar Know	mental	ental			rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning							
	55.4	11b		11	55.43b		_	
10CRF55 Content	Purpose and operation of radiation monitoring systems, including alarms and survey equipment.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					N	/A		
Time to Complete: 1-2 min			minutes Point Value: 1			alue: 1		
System ID I	No.:	295023 PRA: No					No	
Safety Function:			B Initial License Level ☐ LORT					

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

42 ID: 11-1 NRO 42 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. The Fire Protection System lineup is as follows:

- FIRE SYSTEM POND PUMP 1 is in AUTO
- FIRE SYSTEM POND PUMP 2 is in MANUAL
- FIRE SYSTEM DIESEL PUMP 1 is in AUTO
- FIRE SYSTEM DIESEL PUMP 2 is in AUTO

The following annunciators then alarmed:

- XFMR/TURB AREA FIRE
- LFAP 2 FLOW ALARM

If the fire system header pressure dropped to 60 psig, which of the following states the status of the Diesel Pumps and Pond Pumps?

	Fire Pond	l Pumps	j	Fire Diesel Pumps				
A.	A. <b>NO</b> pumps ope			OTH pumps operating				
B.	BOTH pump	s operating	В	OTH pumps operating				
C.	NO pumps	operating	Diese	el pump 1 operating ONLY				
D.	BOTH pumps operating			Diesel pump 2 operating ONLY				
Answer:	Α		,					
Answer Explan	ation							
QID: 11-1 NRO	42							
Question #	42	Developer /	Date: J	JR / 5-14-2012				
	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A			Importance Rating				

RO

**SRO** 

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

600000 Plant Fire On-site / 8 AK2.03 - Knowledge of the interrelations between PLANT FIRE ON SITE and the following: Motors					2.5		2.6	
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ір	1	
General References		3	333 RAP-N2a,			N2b RAP-MFAP A(7-c)		
Explana	tion	A is Correct. The question stem describes an event where a fire rupted in the area of the Main Transformer. In addition, fire header pressure dropped to 60 psig. Diesel Fire pump 2 will austart on fire header low pressure at 85 +/- 10 psig. Diesel Fire pump 2 will auto start on fire header pressure at 75 +/- 10 psig. At 60 psig, both Diesel Fire pumps should have started and will be operating. Either Diesel Fire pump starting will trip the operating Fire Pond pump and also prevent the Pond pump in AUTO from starting therefore neither Pond pump will be operating at 60 psig.  B is Incorrect but plausible. Neither Pond pump will be operating.  C is Incorrect but plausible. Diesel pump 2 will be operating, not just Diesel pump 1.  D is Incorrect but plausible. Neither Pond pump will be operating. Diesel pump 1 will be operating, not just Diesel pump						
Reference provided Lesson	i tjur			<b>None</b> uclear Steam	Supply S	ystem		
Learni Object	_	NIS-1029, Given a drawing of the NSSS, trace the flowpaths a locate the major components associated with the system, an explain its operation within the system.						

Question Source (New, Modi	Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	811698 ILT Bank No	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 135 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Cognitive Level	Memor Fundam Knowle	nental 1:I				rehension nalysis		
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response							
	55.41b			7 55.43		.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.							
Justification LORT quest K/A values		N/A						
Time to Cor	2 min	2 minutes			Point Value: 1			
System ID I	No.:	o.: 600000 P			PRA: No			
Safety Function	8		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 136 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

43 ID: 11-1 NRO 43 Points: 1.00

### Given the following:

- The reactor is operating at 100% power when a turbine trip occurs
- Reactor pressure spikes to 1061 psig for 3 seconds and then lowers to 1015 psig

Which one of the following describes reactor recirculation pump status following this event?

- A. All recirc pumps are running
- B. No recirc pumps are running
- C. ONLY recirc pumps C and D are running
- D. ONLY recirc pumps A, B and E are running

Answer: C

**Answer Explanation** 

QID: 11-1 NR	O 43	
Question #	43	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					10	Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
295025 High Reactor Pressure / 3 EK2.04 - Knowledge of the interrelations between HIGH REACTOR PRESSURE and the following: ARI/RPT/ATWS: Plant-Specific			JRE and the	3.	9	4.1		
Level		RO	Tier 1		Grou	ıp	1	
General		P-E1a	420					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 137 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	C is Correct. Reactor recirc pumps A, B and E trip at 1051 psig (for 1.5 seconds) (ATWS high pressure trip); recirc pumps C and D trip if reactor pressure exceeds 1051 psig for 10.5 seconds. For the given conditions, reactor pressure would not have exceeded 1051 psig for 10.5 seconds. Therefore, A, B and E pumps are tripped; C and D pumps are running.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the Recirc Pump ATWS logic or recognize this logic initiated.
References to provided duri	
Lesson Plan	
Learning Objective/	RRS-10441, Given the system logic/electrical drawings, describe the system trip signals, setpoints and expected system response including power loss or failed components.

Question	Source (New, Mo	dified, Bank)	Ва	ank		
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	506355 ILT Bank No				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:PEO		
Level	NUREG 1021 Ap	ppendix B: <u>P</u> re	dict an <u>E</u> vent or <u>O</u> ւ	utcome		
	55.41b	7	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	including instru	components, and functions of control and safety system g instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and c and manual features.				
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with		N/A			
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 minເ	ıtes	Point V	alue: 1		
System ID I	No.: 295025	PR.	A:	No		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety Function:	3	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
---------------------	---	--------------------------------

OCS OPS ILT Page: 139 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

44 Points: 1.00 ID: 11-1 NRO 44

The reactor was at rated power, when the following annunciators alarmed:

- **REACTOR PRESS RX PRESS HI-HI I**
- REACTOR PRESS RX PRESS HI-HI II

Which of the following states (1) where the Feedwater Control System will control RPV water level in AUTO (PRIOR to any Operator actions), and (2) the procedurally required manual operator actions to control RPV water level?

### (1) The Feedwater Control System will control RPV water level at the...

(2) Action

Trip two feedwater pumps when RPV water level...

A.	pre-scram level setpoint	begins to rise
B.	post-scram level setdown level setpoint	begins to rise

C. post-scram level setdown level setpoint reaches 142"

D. reaches 142" pre-scram level setpoint

Answer: В

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 44	
Question #	44	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	К	&A	Importance Rating				
			RO	SRO			
AK2.02 - between	SCRAM / 1 Knowledge of SCRAM and the vel control sys	he following	3.8	3.8			
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	1		

OCS OPS ILT 07 May 2012 Page: 140 of 241

General References  RAP-H1f  ABN-1  B is Correct. RAP-H1f and -H2f (RX Press Hi-Hi) will initiate an automatic reactor scram. The operator is required to verify actuation of the post scram level setdown and to perform followup actions of ABN-1. (SP-2 of RPV Control – No ATWS also says the same correct answer.) Following a scram and lowering RPV water level, feedwater level control will attempt to control RPV water level at the reactor level setdown setpoint (142") (when feedwater level control is left in AUTO). ABN-1, Reactor Scram, requires that when RPV water level begins to rise, to trip two feedwater pumps. Then to place the main feed regulating valves in manual and close, them.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible. The applicant may not recall if they are required to verify whether the Rx feedwater control system is at the pre or post scram setpoint. In addition, the post scram level setpoint is 142" (the feed control system automatically changes the Master Feedwater Controller setpoint from its initial value to 142"). If the applicant is not familiar with this value they may assume it is the point where they are required to close the Main Feed Reg Valves (which would be				
automatic reactor scram. The operator is required to verify actuation of the <u>post</u> scram level setdown and to perform followup actions of ABN-1. (SP-2 of RPV Control – No ATWS also says the same correct answer.) Following a scram and lowering RPV water level, feedwater level control will attempt to control RPV water level at the reactor level setdown setpoint (142") (when feedwater level control is left in AUTO). ABN-1, Reactor Scram, requires that when RPV water level begins to rise, to trip two feedwater pumps. Then to place the main feed regulating valves in manual and close, them.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible. The applicant may not recall if they are required to verify whether the Rx feedwater control system is at the pre or post scram setpoint. In addition, the post scram level setpoint is 142" (the feed control system automatically changes the Master Feedwater Controller setpoint from its initial value to 142"). If the applicant is not familiar with this value they may assume it is the point where they are		RAP-H1f	ABN-1	
logical).	Explanation	automatic reactor s actuation of the pos followup actions of says the same corre RPV water level, fee RPV water level at t (when feedwater lev Scram, requires tha two feedwater pump valves in manual and All distractors are la recall if they are rec control system is at the post scram leve automatically chang from its initial value this value they may required to close the	cram. The operator is at scram level setdown ABN-1. (SP-2 of RPV Cect answer.) Following edwater level control whe reactor level setdowel control is left in AU at when RPV water level by. Then to place the mad close, them.  Incorrect but plausible, a the pre or post scram of setpoint is 142" (the figes the Master Feedward to 142"). If the applications assume it is the point	required to verify and to perform control – No ATWS also a scram and lowering ill attempt to control vn setpoint (142") TO). ABN-1, Reactor Il begins to rise, to trip nain feed regulating  The applicant may not r the Rx feedwater setpoint. In addition, feed control system ter Controller setpoint ant is not familiar with where they are
References to be provided during exam:			None	
Lesson Plan 2621.828.0.0018, Feedwater Control System	Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0018, F	eedwater Control Syst	em
FCS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the			_	-
Learning affected system components and expected system response objective/ including power loss or failed components.	_			•

Question Source (New, Modi	Modi	fied	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	667521 ILT Bank No		

Cognitive	Fun	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge				rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK		
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning							
		55.41b		7	55.43b				
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.								
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	I/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1					
System ID I	No.:	29500	6	PR	PRA: No				
Safety Function	1:	1	1						

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

45 ID: 11-1 NRO 45 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when the crew entered ABN-12, Generator Excitation Equipment Malfunction, due to erratic operation of the Voltage Regulator.

- (1) IAW ABN-12, which **ONE** of the following conditions would require the crew to scram the reactor? **AND**;
- (2) What is the reason for scramming at this time?
  - A. (1) Voltage control **CANNOT** be adjusted below 24.5 KV.
    - (2) This is above the design operating limit of the voltage regulator.
  - B. (1) Voltage control **CANNOT** be adjusted higher than 23.5 KV.
    - (2) This is below the design operating limit of the voltage regulator.
  - C. (1) Manual Voltage control failed to correct the voltage instability.
    - (2) To prevent permanent damage to the voltage regulator.
  - D. (1) Automatic Voltage control cannot be stabilized within 15 minutes.
    - (2) To prevent permanent damage to the voltage regulator.

Λ	ne	wer.	(	`
$\boldsymbol{\mu}$	116	A/6-21		

### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 45	
Question #	45	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Importance Rating		
		-	RO	SRO		
Disturba AK3.01 - following GENERA	Generator Voltances / 6 Knowledge of gresponses as TOR VOLTAGEANCES: Read	the reasor they apply E AND ELE	4.6	4.6		
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	1	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 143 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	ABN-12	GEK-5522					
	C is Correct. IAW ABN-12, during periods of erratic voltage regulation, manually scram the reactor if manual voltage control fails to correct the instability. This is to prevent possible permanent damage to the main generator voltage regulator.						
Explanation	A & B are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the normal operating band for voltage regulation (23.3 - 24.7 KV).  D is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall when it is required to scram IAW ABN-12. The reason is correct but the requirement to scram is incorrect.						
Roferences to provided dur	o De la Companya de l						
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0025, Ma	ain Generator	_				
Learning Objective/	for plant emergency system including pe	y or off-normal condition	d equipment operation				

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	New		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

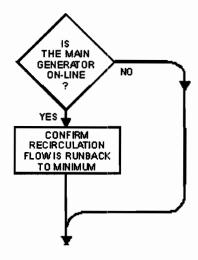
	55.41b			10	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content			ative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating es for the facility.				
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions wit	:h	N/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes						Point \	/alue: 1
System ID	No.:	7000	00	PR	RA: No		No
Safety Function	n:	6		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 145 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

46 ID: 11-1 NRO 46 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred resulting in an ATWS. Note the EOP step below from RPV Control - with ATWS:



IAW the EOP User's Guide, what is the basis for confirming recirculation flow is runback to minimum if the main generator is on-line?

- A. To protect the recirculation pumps from carryunder.
- B. To ensure the main turbine doesn't trip on high RPV water level.
- C. To reduce recirculation pump power consumption during an emergency condition.
- D. To prevent a main turbine runback by proactively reducing recirculation flow and reactor power.

Answer: B

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	RO 46	
Question #	46	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information				
K&A	Importance Rating			
	RO	SRO		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

295037 SCRAM Conditions Present and Reactor Power Above APRM Downscale or Unknown / 1 EK3.01 - Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to SCRAM CONDITION PRESENT AND REACTOR POWER ABOVE APRM DOWNSCALE OR UNKNOWN: Recirculation pump trip/runback: Plant-Specific					4.	1	4.2
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıb	1
Genera Reference		RPVC - with ATWS EOP User's Guide					
Explanat	tion	B is Correct. IAW the EOP Users Guide, if the Main Turbine is online, the Recirculation pump speeds are reduced prior to tripping them to prevent a large RPV level swell, or moisture separator drain tank level increase which could trip the Main Turbine. The Main Turbine on-line provides the priority heat sink during ATWS conditions.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible reasons for reducing recirculation flow if the student does not recall the bases for this					
action.  References to be provided during exam:							
Lesson Learni Objecti	ng	EWA-3	2621.845.0.0052, RPV Control - no ATWS  EWA-3055, Given a copy of RPV Control, describe in detail each step or conditional statement, including technical basis, and how to perform each step as required.				

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	811734 ILT Bank No		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 147 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowled	X 1:B	•	rehension nalysis			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Bases or purpose						
-	55.41b 10 55.43b						
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0							
Time to Cor	complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1			
System ID I	No.: 2	295037	PR	A: No			
Safety Function	:	1	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 148 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

47 ID: 11-1 NRO 47 Points: 1.00

The plant is at 25% power when an event required entry into ABN-10, Turbine Generator Trip.

With the above conditions, complete the statements below.

**IN ORDER**, the IMMEDIATE OPERATOR ACTIONS required by ABN-10 are to confirm the Main \_\_(1)\_ is tripped, then confirm the Main \_\_(2)\_ is tripped.

The reason the Main <u>(2)</u> is then tripped <u>immediately following</u> a Main <u>(1)</u> trip is to prevent <u>(3)</u>.

**(1) (2)** (3) A. Turbine overspeeding the Turbine/Generator Generator B. **Turbine** Generator overspeeding the Turbine/Generator C. Generator Turbine motoring the Main Generator D. **Turbine** Generator motoring the Main Generator

Answer: D

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 47

Question # 47 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Importan	ce Rating	
			RO	SRO		
AK3.04 - following	Main Turbine Knowledge og responses a EGENERATO	of the reason as they apply	3.2	3.2		
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	1	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 149 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	GEK-5522	ABN-10			
Explanation	Tripping and Prevent Generator is tripped if the Main Generator the Main Turbine Tripped and L.P. turb actions of ABN-10 (Turbine is tripped, to the Main Generator are In the order reason. Overspeed the Main Generator		eason the Main g a Main Turbine trip is or relatively soon after) oring the Main L.P. turbine exhaust The immediate to Confirm the Main Generator is tripped. If the applicant does of ABN-10 or the applicant believes that in maintaining or		
References to provided duri	的大概是1000年的 1980年	None			
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0050, Turbine and Turbine Auxiliaries				
Learning Objective/	MTA-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the affected system components and expected system response including power loss or failed components.				

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			New				
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:B	Comprehension or Analysis				
Level	NUREG 1021 A	ppendix B: <u>B</u> as	es or purpose				
10CRF55 Content	55.41b	55.41b 5 55.43b					

cor ten cha	ndition nperatu anges,	ty operating characteristics during steady state and transient tions, including coolant chemistry, causes and effects of erature, pressure and reactivity changes, effects of load ges, and operating limitations and reasons for these ting characteristics.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0								
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1				
System ID No.:	295005	PRA: No		No				
Safety Function:								

### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

48 ID: 11-1 NRO 48 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event resulted in the crew executing ABN-30, Control Room Evacuation. Plant conditions include the following:

- The REACTOR MODE SELECTOR switch is in SHUTDOWN
- Annunciator SCRAM CONTACTOR OPEN is in alarm.

IAW ABN-30, which of the following actions are required **BEFORE** evacuating the Control Room?

- A. Manually insert all Source Range Monitors.
- B. Initiate the "A" Isolation Condenser **AND** start both EDG's.
- C. CONFIRM all control rods are inserted to or beyond position 04.
- D. Initiate the "B" Isolation Condenser **AND** trip all but one Feed pump.

Answer:

C

Answer Explanation						
QID: 11-1 NR	O 48					
Question #	48	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012				

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information									
K&A					lı lı	Importance Rating			
	NGA					0	SRO		
295016 Control Room Abandonment / 7 AA1.03 - Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to CONTROL ROOM ABANDONMENT : RPIS					3.0		3.1		
Level		RO	Tier	1	Group		1		
General ABN-30 References									

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

C is Correct. IAW ABN-30, before or immediately after evacuating the Control Room, Scram the reactor and confirm all control rods are inserted to or beyond position 04. A is Incorrect but plausible since manually inserting all Source Range Monitors is an action required by ABN-1, Reactor Scram, for a normal scram, however this is not an action specified in ABN-30. The applicant may not recall this difference. B is Incorrect but plausible. The 'B' Isolation Condenser (IC) is placed in service (the applicant may not recall the correct IC) and **Explanation** the EDGs start on a LOCA or LOOP signal. The applicant may assume with the CR Evacuation an EDG LOOP or LOCA start signal has been generated. D is Incorrect but plausible since placing the 'B' IC in service is a correct action. Tripping all the Feed Pumps is the correct action, however on a normal scram, one Feed Pump is left operating. The applicant may confuse actions of ABN-30 with ABN-1, Reactor Scram. The question specifically asks for ABN-30 actions. References to be 1002 provides desing exemp 2621.828.0.0064, Alternate Shutdown Facility Lesson Plan ASF-10450, Describe and interpret procedure sections and steps for plant emergency or off-normal conditions that involve Learning Objective/ this system including personnel allocation and equipment operation IAW applicable ABN, EOP & EOP support procedures, and EP procedures.

Question Source (New, Modif		New	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID:			
Question Source:			N/A
Previous 2 Exams:		_	

Cognitive Level	Fundame	Memory or X Fundamental 1:P Knowledge			rehension nalysis		
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions						
	55.41k	•	10	55	.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with		N/A				
Time to Cor	nplete: 1-2	2 minute	es		Point Value: 1		
System ID !	No.:	295016 PRA: No			No		
Safety Function	:	7	7 Note: The second of the seco				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

49 ID: 11-1 NRO 49 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a LOCA occurred. The following conditions currently exist:

- Containment Spray Pump 51A is operating in the DW SPRAY mode
- Containment Spray Pump 51C is operating in the TORUS CLG mode
- Drywell pressure is 13 psig and lowering

The following annunciators then alarmed:

- S1A BRKR TRIP
- BUS 1A U/V

Which of the following states the response of the Containment Spray Pumps 51A and 51C?

	Containme Pump		Containment Spray Pump 51C						
A.	Trips <b>AND</b> can immediately after resto	er AC power is	Trips <b>AND</b> can be re-started immediately after AC power is restored						
В.	Trips <b>AND</b> will restart after a till AC power is	me delay after	Remains running						
C.	Remains	running	Trips <b>AND</b> will automatically restart after AC power is restored						
D.	Trips <b>AND</b> can after a time de power is i	elay after AC	Remains running						
Answe	r: D								
Answer Expl	Answer Explanation								
QID: 11-1 N	QID: 11-1 NRO 49								
Question #	49	Developer / D	ate: JJR / 5-14-2012						

		Know	ledge and	Ability Referer	nce Inforr	nation	
	K&A					nportan	ice Rating
					R	0	SRO
295024 High Drywell Pressure / 5 EA1.17 - Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to HIGH DRYWELL PRESSURE: Containment spray: Plant-Specific			3.9		3.9		
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1
Genera Referenc		RAI	RAP-S1f 237E901 116B8328 9				BR 3000
Explanat Reference provided	D is Correct. The question stem states there is a Drywell with Containment Spray in service (which press and temp are high). The question shows th spray pump 51A (powered from USS Bus 1A2, where the from 4160 VAC Bus 1C) is spraying the drywell, a containment spray pump 51C (powered from USS which is powered from 4160 VAC Bus 1D) is cool The alarm given describes a loss of the startup to Bus 1A and onto Bus 1C (which powers bus 1A occurs, containment spray pump 51A will trip, an start and load onto bus 1C, which will automatical bus 1A2. But, there is a 200 second time delay after the start and load onto bus 1C, which will automatical bus 1A2. But, there is a 200 second time delay after the start and load onto bus 1C, which will automatical bus 1A2. But, there is a 200 second time delay after the start and load onto bus 1C, which will automatical bus 1A2. But, there is a 200 second time delay after the start and load onto bus 1C, which will automatical bus 1A2.						indicates DW at containment ich is powered and that Bus 1B2, ang the torus. ansformer (SA) a2). When this d EDG1 will lly re-energize er the EDG has ag. There is no sly running ainment spray d after a time the startup ainment spray and startup plicant does Spray Pumps apps are

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0009, Containment Spray/ESW
ļ	
	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each
Learning	step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify
Objective/	or perform each step.

Question	Sour	ce (New, M	odified	l, Bank)	Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:				609265 ILT 07-1 SRO NRC Exam No			
Cognitive	Fun	emory or idamental owledge	ental			rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge a its meaning					Knowledge and	
		55.41b		7	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						
LORT ques	Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	I/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minu			utes	Point '		Point V	alue: 1
System ID No.: 295024		4	PRA:			No	
Safety 5 Function:				☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 157 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

50 ID: 11-1 NRO 50 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power making preparations to shutdown due to a loss of USS-1A2. An event then occurred resulting in a small leak in the Drywell. The following plant parameters were observed:

- Drywell Pressure is 1.7 psig
- Drywell Temperature is 152° F

The crew has entered the Primary Containment Control EOP.

The US has ordered the BOP to perform Support Procedure 27 (SP-27), Maximizing Drywell Cooling.

Which of the following Drywell Recirc Fans will be running following the completion of SP-27?

- 1. DW RECIRC FAN 1-1
- 2. DW RECIRC FAN 1-2
- 3. DW RECIRC FAN 1-3
- 4. DW RECIRC FAN 1-4
- DW RECIRC FAN 1-5
  - A. 1 and 2 ONLY
  - B. 4 and 5 ONLY
  - C. 1, 2, and 3 **ONLY**
  - D. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5

Answer: B

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 50	
Question #	50	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information			
K&A	Importance Rating		
	RO	SRO	

295028 High Drywell Temperature / 5 EA1.03 - Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to HIGH DRYWELL TEMPERATURE : Drywell cooling system					3.	.9	3.9
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıρ	1
Genera Reference		EMG-SP27 PCC EC			OP		
Explana	tion	B is Correct. The normal system lineup for Drywell Recirc fans are the 1-1, 1-2, 1-4, & 1-5 fan in operation with the 1-3 fan off. The question states there is a loss of USS-1A2. The power supply to Drywell recirc fans 1-1, 1-2, & 1-3 is MCC-1A23 via USS-1A2, therefore Drywell Recirc fans 1-1, 1-2, & 1-3 do not have power available to operate. Only Drywell Recirc fans 1-4 & 1-5 are available for Drywell cooling.  A, C, & D are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the actions required by SP-27 or recall the power supply to the drywell cooling pumps. Drywell Recirc fans 1-1, 1-2, & 1-3 are powered from MCC-1A23 via USS-1A2. Since USS-1A2 has been lost, those fans are not operable. Answers A, C, & D include one or more of Drywell Recirc fans 1-1, 1-2, or 1-3 as a choice, therefore which is incorrect. The only fans that have					
	dur	ring exam:					
Lesson Learni Object	ing	PCC-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.					

Question	Source (New, Me	Bai	nk	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		: 811733 ILT Bank No		
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 2:RI

		REG 1021 Appendix B: Recognizing Interaction between tems (plural), including consequences and implications					
	55.4	lb	7	55.	43b		
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems						
Justification LORT ques K/A values	tions witl		N/A				
Time to Cor	mplete: 1	-2 minu	minutes		Point Value: 1		
System ID No.: 295028			B PF	PRA: No		No	
Safety Function:		5		l License	Level		

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

51 ID: 11-1 NRO 51 Points: 1.00

The plant was at 57% power in 5 loop operation. An event then occurred resulting in a trip of the 'C' Reactor Recirculation Pump. All Immediate Operator Actions of ABN-2, Recirculation System Failures, have been completed by the crew.

The following conditions exist:

- Reactor power is 45% and steady
- Reactor recirculation flow is 6.5 x 10<sup>4</sup> GPM and steady

IAW 202.1, Power Operation, which of the following actions are required?

- A. Lower reactor power to 30% with control rods.
- B. Raise reactor recirculation flow to 7.0 x 10<sup>4</sup> GPM.
- C. Immediately insert a manual scram IAW ABN-1, Reactor Scram.
- D. Insert a manual scram IAW ABN-1, Reactor Scam, if power oscillations exceed ≥3% peak to peak.

Answer: B

Answer Explanation					
QID: 11-1 NR	O 51				
Question #	51	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012			

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Import	ance Rating	
					RO	SRO
295001 Partial or Complete Loss of Forced Core Flow Circulation / 1 & 4 AA2.01 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to PARTIAL OR COMPLETE LOSS OF FORCED CORE FLOW CIRCULATION: Power/flow map			3.5	3.8		
Level		RO	Tier	1	Group	1
General 202.1						

OCS OPS ILT Page: 161 of 241 07 May 2012

	B is Correct. The question describes an event in which power and recirculation flow place the plant in the Exclusion Zone on the Power Operations Curve (Power/flow map). IAW procedure 202.1, Power Operation, the operator is to exit the zone using rods or flow. The recirculation flow in answer D places the plant outside of the zone.
Explanation	A is Incorrect. Lowering reactor power to 30% would not place the plant outside of the zone. It is plausible the applicant may not interpret the Power Operations curve correctly and not recognize this.
	C & D are Incorrect but plausible. 202.1 states if the Exclusion Zone is entered, EXIT it immediately using rods or flow. The applicant may interpret a reactor scram as an acceptable method of using rods, however this is incorrect and not the intent of this procedural direction. In addition, a manual scram is required if power oscillations exceed 5% peak to peak, not 3%.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0038, Reactor Recirculation System
Learning Objective/	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 609320 Question Source: ILT 07-1 NRO Previous 2 Exams: No			C Exam	
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPR
Level	NUREG 1021 A	ppendix B: <u>S</u> ol	ve a <u>P</u> roblem using	<u>R</u> eferences

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	55.41b		10	55.4	3b			
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.							
Justification LORT ques K/A values	tions with			N/A				
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2	minutes			Point \	/alue: 1		
System ID No.:		95001	PRA:		No			
Safety Function:		1 & 4	<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>					

07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

52 ID: 11-1 NRO 52 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when the following annunciator alarmed:

#### 1B2 MN BRKR OL TRIP

If DC-B voltage was 133 volts just prior to the event, and is lowering at a constant 2 volts/minute, which of the following is correct? (**SEE BELOW**)

(X) is currently OPERABLE and will be INOPERABLE in (Y) minutes.

# ATTACHMENT ABN-48-3 B BATTERY MINIMUM VOLTAGE FOR EQUIPMENT OPERABILITY

BATTERY	LOAD	REQUIRED BATTERY VOLTAGE
	* 'A' IC V-14-31	Battery Charger available
	* 'A' IC V-14-34	Battery Charger available
}	* C/U Iso. Valve V-16-2	Battery Charger available
	* C/U Iso. Valve V-16-14	Battery Charger available
	CORE SPRAY NZ01C	113.3
Ì	SERVICE WATER PUMP 1-1	111
	CRD FEED PUMP NC08B	111
	FOXBORO ER-622-120	109
В	SRM/IRM	105
	EMERGENCY LIGHTING PANEL	105
	CORE SPRAY CH B (ER18B)	104
	CORE SPRAY CH A (ER18A)	103
	CONTAIN SP. RELAYS (ER8B)	102
	H2 & STATOR WATER COOLING RY.	102
	RSP RELAYS	101
	CIP-3	101
	INVERTER INV-735-001	101

	(X)	(Y)
A.	A IC V-14-34	7
В.	Core Spray NZ01C	9
C.	CRD Feed Pump NC08B	12
D.	RSP Relays	14

OCS OPS ILT Page: 164 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Answer:

С

<b>Answer</b>	Expla	anation
---------------	-------	---------

QID: 11-1 NR	O 52	
Question #	52	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
K&A			lı lı	Importance Rating			
	NOA				R	0	SRO
295004 Partial or Total Loss of DC Pwr / 6 AA2.03 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to PARTIAL OR COMPLETE LOSS OF D.C. POWER: Battery voltage				2.8		2.9	
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıb	1
Gener Referen	I ARN-AX		3028 sh	ı. 1			

	C is Correct. The alarm in the question stem shows a loss of USS 1B2. This results in the loss of all battery chargers to DC-A and DC-B. In 12 minutes, DC-B voltage will lower to 109 volts (122- [2x12] = 109), which is less than the minimum voltage for operability of 111 for the CRD pump.
Explanation	A is Incorrect but plausible does not interpret the discharge rate for the B Battery correctly. The table provided shows that A IC V-14-34 is inoperable when the charger is inoperable. Thus, the valve is inoperable at the time of the initial breaker annunciator.
Explanation	B is Incorrect but plausible does not interpret the discharge rate for the B Battery correctly. In 9 minutes, DC-B voltage will lower to 115 volts (122-[2x9] = 115), which is greater than the minimum of 113.3 volts for the pump. Thus the pump is still operable.
	D is Incorrect but plausible does not interpret the discharge rate for the B Battery correctly. In 14 minutes, DC-B voltage will lower to 105 volts (122-[2x14]) = 105), which is greater than the minimum of 101 volts for the relays. Thus the relays are still operable.
References to provided duri	) De la companya de l
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0012, DC Distribution
Learning Objective/	DCD-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank		
			832 Bank		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPR
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using References				

	55.41k		10	55	.43b			
10CRF55 Content		Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with	tions with N/A						
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2	2 minutes			Point \	/alue: 1		
System ID	No.: 295004 PR			PRA: No				
Safety Function	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Level			

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

53 ID: 11-1 NRO 53 Points: 1.00

The plant is operating at 100% power when a small unisolable leak develops on the common piping of the VARIABLE leg of the "B" Yarway level indicator. (Assume this leak does **not** significantly affect reference leg temperature)

Based on the above information, which of the following will occur?

A. Reactor scram ONLY

В

- B. Reactor scram AND LO-LO initiations/isolations
- C. LO-LO AND LO-LO-LO initiations/isolations ONLY
- D. Reactor scram plus LO-LO AND LO-LO-LO initiations/isolations

Answer:

**Answer Explanation** 

QID: 11-1 NRO 53

Question # 53 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and A	bility Refere	nce Information	on		
K&A					Impo	Importance Rating		
	NOCA				RO	SRO		
295031 Reactor Low Water Level / 2 EA2.01 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to REACTOR LOW WATER LEVEL : Reactor water level					4.6	4.6		
Level				Group	1			
General RAP-H1e, H3e, References H5e								

OCS OPS ILT Page: 168 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	B is Correct. A leak on the B Yarway variable leg will indicate a lowering reactor water level. Yarway level instrument generates a reactor scram and a Lo-Lo isolation and initiation signal. Lo-Lo-Lo signal is generated from a Gemac instrument. The applicant must correctly determine and interpret what indicated RPV water level will do and what protective functions will actuate from the event.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not correctly identify what protective functions will be actuated by indicated RPV water level lowering.					
References to provided duri						
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0055, Rx Vessel Instrumentation					
Learning Objective/	RVI-10445, Given a set of system indications or data, evaluate and interpret them to determine limits, trends and system status.					

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 608203 Question Source: ILT Bank Previous 2 Exams: No					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 2:RI	
Level			ognizing Interactions		
_	55.41b	7	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Luesian components and functions of control and safety systems				
Justification LORT ques K/A values	tions with		N/A		
Time to Cor	mplete: 1-2 mi	nutes	Point V	alue: 1	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

System ID No.:	295031	PRA:	No
Safety Function:	2	☑ Initial License ☐ LORT	Level

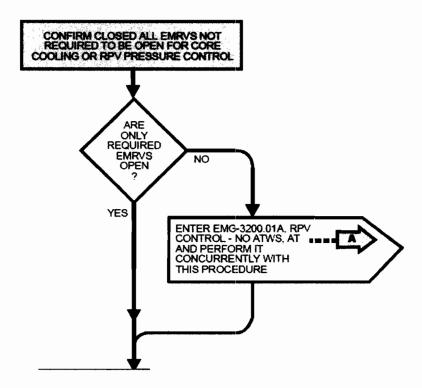
OCS OPS ILT Page: 170 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

54 ID: 11-1 NRO 54 Points: 1.00

The plant was at power when an EMRV opened unexpectedly, and could **NOT** be closed. Primary Containment Control EOP was entered due to high Torus Water Temperature.

In the Torus Water Temperature leg, you are directed to enter RPV Control - No ATWS EOP, as shown in the EOP steps below:



Which of the following lists the basis for entering RPV Control - No ATWS?

Entering RPV Control - No ATWS is required to ensure that...

- A. the total integrated heat available to be discharged to the torus through the open EMRV is minimized.
- B. the reactor will be able to be shut down prior to reaching the requirement for boron injection.
- C. the torus load limit will NOT be exceeded prior to the need to emergency depressurize.
- the hydrodynamic loads on the EMRV discharge line components are minimized.

OCS OPS ILT Page: 171 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Answer: A

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 54	
Question #	54	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
K&A				Im	Importance Rating		
	NGA					)	SRO
295026 Suppression Pool High Water Temp. / 5 2.4.18 - Emergency Procedures / Plan: Knowledge of the specific bases for EOPs.					3.3		4.0
Level		RO	Tier	1	Group		1
General References EOP User's Guide		PCC E	OP				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 172 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

A is Correct. The EOP User's Guide provides the following: If any EMRV cannot be closed, shut down of the Reactor is ensured through entry to the RPV CONTROL - NO ATWS procedure. If the scram is successful, the total integrated heat available to be discharged to the Torus through the open EMRV(s) is minimized. This action is appropriate even if the Technical Specification limit requiring a scram on high Torus water temperature (110ø F) has not yet been reached. B is Incorrect but plausible. This is the justification for the next requirement in Primary Containment Control to enter RPV Control - No ATWS: prior to reaching BIIT, then enter RPV Control - No ATWS. Entry into EMG-3200.01A to scram is **Explanation** required prior to reaching BIIT to ensure the reactor is shutdown. From the EOP User's Guide: Scramming the Reactor before Torus temperature reaches the Boron Injection Initiation Temperature (BIIT) gives the benefit of knowing whether the Reactor will be able to be shut down prior to reaching the requirement for boron injection. C is Incorrect but plausible since it is related to the basis for entering RPV Control - No ATWS due to high torus water level. The applicant may not recall the correct basis. D is Incorrect but plausible since it is also related to the basis for entering RPV Control - No ATWS due to high torus water level. The applicant may not recall the correct basis. References to be · Pr-XVI dest ( a Print : Pexent : 2621.845.0.0056, Primary Containment Control Lesson Plan EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each Learning step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify

Question Source (New, Modi	Bank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	510679 ILT Bank No	

or perform each step.

Objective/

Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		X 1:B	Comprehensi or Analysis			
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Bases or purpose						
	55.41b		10	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content		nistrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating dures for the facility.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values	estions with N/A						
Time to Cor	omplete: 1-2 minutes Point Value: 1						
System ID I	No.: 2	95026	PR	RA: No			
Safety Function	, , , , , <del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>						

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

55 ID: 11-1 NRO 55 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power when the following annunciator came into alarm (and is confirmed valid):

#### CONTROL AIR PRESS LO

IAW RAP-H1a, Control Air Press Lo, insert a manual scram IAW ABN-1, Reactor Scram, if...

- A. the feedwater control valves lockup due to a loss of air signal.
- B. Service Air valve V-6S-2 is **NOT** isolated or is bypassed.
- C. two or more control rods begin to drift into the core.
- D. the RWCU system isolation valves close.

Answer:

C

#### Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NR	O 55	
Question #	55	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
K&A				Importa	Importance Rating		
					RO	SRO	
295019 Partial or Total Loss of Inst. Air / 8 2.4.50 - Emergency Procedures / Plan: Ability to verify system alarm setpoints and operate controls identified in the alarm response manual.			4.2	4.0			
Level	Level RO Tier 1			Group	1		
General References							

OCS OPS ILT Page: 175 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	C is Correct. IAW RAP-H1a, a manual scram must be inserted if control air pressure lowers to 55 psig or if ≥ 2 control rods begin to drift into the core.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible since they will occur				
due on lowering instrument air pressure, however the on choice listed that requires a scram per the alarm respons procedure is choice C.					
previded stud	ng exam: None				
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0043, Service, Instrument, and Breathing Air				
Learning Objective/	CAS-10449, State the function and interpretation of system alarms, alone and in combination, as applicable in accordance with the system RAPS.				

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 506586 Question Source: ILT Bank Previous 2 Exams: No				
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis	
Level	NUREG 1021 Ap	pendix B: <u>P</u> ro	cedure steps and	cautions
	55.41b	10	55.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, i procedures for t		nal, and emergenc	y operating
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1	
System ID I	No.: 295019	PR	A: No	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety Function:	8	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
---------------------	---	--------------------------------

OCS OPS ILT Page: 177 of 241 07 May 2012

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

56 ID: 11-1 NRO 56 Points: 1.00

Given the following plant conditions and sequence of events occur:

- A plant startup is in progress
- RPV temperature is 200 °F
- TBCCW heat exchangers are using Service Water
- RBCCW temperatures are high in band and rising

Based on these conditions, what action(s) is(are) required to improve RBCCW cooling IAW ABN-19, RBCCW Failure Response?

- A. Trip all recirculation pumps ONLY.
- B. Scram the reactor and trip all recirculation pumps.
- C. Place TBCCW heat exchangers on Circulating water.
- D. Place RBCCW heat exchangers on Circulating water.

Answer: C

#### Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NR	O 56	
Question #	56	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
K&A				Importa	Importance Rating		
		•	·····		RO	SRO	
295018 Partial or Total Loss of CCW / 8 2.1.23 – Conduct of Operations: Ability to perform specific system and integrated plant procedures during all modes of plant operation.			4.3	4.4			
Level				Group	1		
General ABN-19							

OCS OPS ILT Page: 178 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	C is Correct. IAW ABN-19, rising RBCCW temperature is considered a partial loss of RBCCW cooling and requires entry into the ABN. The only choice provided which the ABN requires for this condition is to transfer TBCCW heat exchanger cooling to the Circulating Water System.  A & B are Incorrect but plausible since they are actions required by the ABN, however only if RPV temperature is >212 °F. The question states RPV temperature is 200 °F.  D is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the actions of ABN-19 or believes that RBCCW heat exchangers can be aligned to the Circulating Water System, which they cannot.				
References to provided duri	None I				
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0035, Reactor Building Closed Cooling Water  RBC-10450, Describe and interpret procedure sections and				
Learning Objective/	steps for plant emergency or off-normal conditions that involve				
- Objective	this system including personnel allocation and equipment operation in accordance with applicable ABN, EOP and EOP support procedures, and EP Procedures.				

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			ank	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 607825 Question Source: ILT Bank Previous 2 Exams: No					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions				
	55.41b	10	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, procedures for	•	mal, and emergency	y operating	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Justification for LORT questions K/A values < 3.0	with			N/A	
Time to Complet	e: 1-2	1-2 minutes Point Value: 1			
System ID No.:	2	295018 PRA: No			
Safety Function:		8	⊠ Initial License Level □ LORT		evel

OCS OPS ILT Page: 180 of 241 07 May 2012

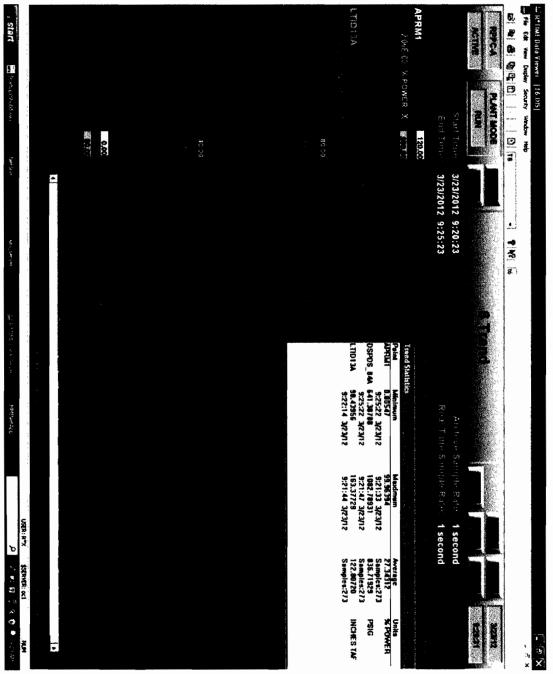
OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

57 ID: 11-1 NRO 57 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a complete Loss of Offsite Power (LOOP) occurred. The event was captured on the Plant Process Computer (**SEE BELOW**).

Which of the following correctly states the trend of Reactor Power, RPV Pressure, and RPV Water Level the **FIRST** two minutes following the LOOP? (Assume **NO** operator

action)



OCS OPS ILT Page: 181 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

	Reactor Power	<b>RPV Pressure</b>	<b>RPV Water Level</b>
A.	Lower ONLY	Lower ONLY	Lower ONLY
В.	Rise, then Lower	Rise, then Lower	Lower, then Rise
C.	Lower ONLY	Rise, then Lower	Lower, then Rise
D.	Rise, then Lower	Rise, then Lower	Lower ONLY

Answer: C

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 57	
Question #	57	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A				İr	Importance Rating		
					R	0	SRO	
295003 Partial or Complete Loss of AC / 6 AA2.02 - Ability to determine and/or interpret the following as they apply to PARTIAL OR COMPLETE LOSS OF A.C. POWER: Reactor power, pressure, and level			4.	2	4.3			
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1	
General References AB		N-36	ABN-	10				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 182 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	C is Correct. Immediately occurring on a Loss of Offsite Power (LOOP) from rated power, RPS de-energizes, the MSIVs close, the Turbine Trips, and all Reactor Feed Pumps trip. When RPS de-energizes, all Control Rods will immediately insert causing reactor power to lower, and trend lower. When the Turbine trips (on load rejection) and MSIVs close, RPV Pressure will rise greater than the Isolation Condenser ATWS setpoint (1051 psig) and EMRV setpoints (1065#) for a few seconds. After that, Isolation Condensers immediately go in service and RPV Pressure will lower at a steady rate (until the RPV is depressurized without operator action). Immediately after the LOOP, all Reactor Feed Pumps trip. This, combined with all Control Rods inserting and the rapid drop in reactor power, will result in RPV water level 'shrink'. As the transient stabilizes (within about 30 seconds) RPV water level will start to rise. In addition, 60 seconds after the LOOP, both CRD pumps will start resulting in an additional rise in RPV water level.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall plant critical parameters immediately following a LOOP. It is plausible that they would think reactor power would rise with and RPV pressure rise, however the negative reactivity from all control rods inserting is much greater than the positive reactivity added by voids collapsing. It is also plausible they might not recall that RPV water level will start rising following a transient that results in RPV water level 'shrink'.
References to provided sout	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0016, Electrical Distribution System
Learning Objective/	ACD-10450, Describe and interpret procedure sections and steps for plant emergency or off-normal conditions that involve this system including personnel allocation and equipment operation IAW applicable ABN, SDRP, EOP & EOP support procedures and EP Procedures.

Question Source (New, Modif	New	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID:		
Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		N/A

Cognitive Level	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal			rehension nalysis	X 3:PEO	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Outcome						
	55.41b	)	5	55	.43b		
10CRF55 Content	conditions temperatu changes,	Facility operating characteristics during steady state and transient conditions, including coolant chemistry, causes and effects of temperature, pressure and reactivity changes, effects of load changes, and operating limitations and reasons for these operating characteristics.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0		N/A					
Time to Complete: 1-2		2 minutes		Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID I	No.: 2	295003	PR	A:		No	
Safety Function:		6					

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

58 ID: 11-1 NRO 58 Points: 1.00

Which of the following have a Control Room annunciator to indicate a potential Liquid Off-site Radioactivity Release is in progress?

- A. Radwaste Overboard AND Sump 1-5 Collection Pit
- B. Emergency Service Water AND Condensate Transfer
- C. Service Water AND Reactor Building Closed Cooling Water
- D. Radwaste Service Water AND Turbine Building Closed Cooling Water

Answer:

C

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 58	
Question #	58	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K&A				li li	Importance Rating		
			-		R	0	SRO	
295038 High Off-site Release Rate / 9 EK2.06 - Knowledge of the interrelations between HIGH OFF-SITE RELEASE RATE and the following: Process liquid radiation monitoring system				3.	4	3.7		
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	1	
General References		-10F3g	RAP-10F3f		ABN-27			

	C is Correct. The Service Water System and RBCCW System are monitored by the Process Radiation Monitoring System. High activity in either system will result in a Control Room annunciator and entry into ABN-27, Inadvertent Overboard Radioactive Liquid Release or Cross-Contamination.
Explanation	A is Incorrect but plausible. The 1-5 Sump Collection Pit is monitored, but the Radwaste Overboard monitoring system is retired and no longer functions.
	B & D Incorrect but plausible if the applicant believes these systems are monitored for radioactivity in the Control Room, which they are not.
References to	
providad duri	ng exem; j
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0033A, Plant Radiation Monitoring System
Learning	273-10449, State the function and interpretation of system
Objective/	alarms, alone and in combination, as applicable in accordance with the system RAPS.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Ne	ew	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:F	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Facts</u>				
	55.41b	11	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content Purpose and operation of radiation monitoring systems, including alarms and survey equipment.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with		N/A		

Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1
System ID No.:	295038	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:	9	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

59 ID: 11-1 NRO 59 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power when an ATWS occurred.

Which of the following describes two ways to add negative reactivity to the core under these conditions?

- A. Lowering RPV Pressure AND raising RPV water level
- B. Lowering RPV pressure AND lowering reactor water level
- C. Initiating Standby Liquid Control AND raising RPV water level
- D. Initiating Standby Liquid Control AND lowering RPV water level

Α	nswer:	D
Α	nswer:	

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 59	
Question #	59	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

		Know	ledge and A	Ability Refere	nce Inforr	mation	
K&A				Ir	Importance Rating		
				RO		SRO	
295015 Incomplete SCRAM / 1 AK1.03 - Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to INCOMPLETE SCRAM : Reactivity effects				3.	.8	3.9	
Level		RO Tier 1			Grou	ıb at	2
General RPVC - with ATWS EOP		EOP User's	Guide				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 188 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

D is Correct. Two methods used to lower reactor power (add negative reactivity) are injecting SLC (adds boron which is a poison) and lowering RPV water level (voids core).

A is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the actions to reduce reactor power in the RPV Control - with ATWS EOP. Lowering RPV Pressure reduces RPV Temperature adding positive reactivity. Raising RPV water level collapses voids adding positive reactivity.

#### **Explanation**

C is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the actions to reduce reactor power in the RPV Control - with ATWS EOP. It is true lowering RPV water level will add negative reactivity (voids core) however lowering RPV Pressure reduces RPV Temperature adding positive reactivity.

D is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the actions to reduce reactor power in the RPV Control - with ATWS EOP. It is true initiating SLC adds negative reactivity however raising RPV water level collapses voids which adds positive reactivity.

References to provided darin	oe g exam: None .
Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0053, RPV Control - with ATWS
Learning Objective/	EWA-2257, Given the EOP, describe in detail each step/statement, including the technical basis, and how to verify or perform each step.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Modified		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 332471 Question Source: Dresden IL Previous 2 Exams: No			T Exam Bank		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:F	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Facts</u>				

OCS OPS ILT Page: 189 of 241 07 May 2012

	55.41b			1	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	multi	Fundamentals of reactor theory, including fission process, neutror multiplication, source effects, control rod effects, criticality indications, reactivity coefficients, and poison effects.						
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions v	with	vith N/A					
Time to Cor	: 1-2 mir	nutes			Point \	/alue: 1		
System ID I	No.:	29501	295015 PF		RA: No		No	
Safety Function	ı:	1		<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

60 ID: 11-1 NRO 60 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power. Plant conditions include the following:

- A operator is inserting a TIP into the core on #2 TIP machine
- An event then resulted in a spurious LOCA signal

In addition to the TIP purge valve closing, which one of the following statements correctly describes the response of the TIP system?

First the \_\_(1)\_. Then the \_\_(2)\_.

**(1)** 

**(2)** 

- A. TIP drive withdraws the detector shear valve fires to the in-shield position
- B. TIP drive withdraws the detector ball valve closes to the in-shield position
- C. ball valve closes TIP drive withdraws the detector to the in-shield position
- D. shear valve fires TIP drive withdraws the detector to the in-shield position

Answer: B

Answer Explanation
QID: 11-1 NRO 60

Question # 60 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
K&A	Importance Rating				
	RO	SRO			
295020 Inadvertent Cont. Isolation / 5 & 7 AK2.08 - Knowledge of the interrelations between INADVERTENT CONTAINMENT ISOLATION and the following: Traversing incore probes: Plant-Specific	2.5	2.6			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 191 of 241 07 May 2012

Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	2
Gener Referen		40	05.2				
Explana	tion	LOCA signal (Lautomati	B is Correct. The stem provides a condition where a spurious LOCA signal was received. On a Primary Containment isolation signal (LOCA signal), any TIP detectors that are not in-shield will automatically retract. Once in-shield, the ball valve(s) will automatically close.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall what happens to the TIPs on a containment isolation				nment isolation not in-shield will live(s) will applicant does
Raterens provides		) kai Ng exam:		None			
Lesson	Plan	2621.828.0.0029, Nuclear Instrumentation					
Learn Object	_	affecte	IIS-10444, Describe the interlock signals and setpoints for the iffected system components and expected system response ncluding power loss or failed components.				

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	Modified				
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:		: 608248 ILT Bank No					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:l	Comprehension or Analysis				
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response						
	55.41b 7		55.43b				
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety system including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Justification for LORT questions K/A values < 3.0	with	N/A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			Point Value: 1		
System ID No.:	29	5020	0 PRA: No		
Safety Function:	5	8.7			

OCS OPS ILT Page: 193 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

61 ID: 11-1 NRO 61 Points: 1.00

The following is a partial summary of steps contained in the temperature leg of the Secondary Containment Control EOP:



IF A PRIMARY SYSTEM IS DISCHARGING INTO SECONDARY CONTAINMENT:

- 1. BEFORE A PARAMETER (RADIATION, TEMPERATURE, OR LEVEL) REACHES A MAX SAFE VALUE ENTER RPV CONTROL- NO ATWS
- 2. IF THE SAME PARAMETER EXCEEDS A MAX SAFE VALUE IN 2 AREAS, EMERGENCY DEPRESS URIZE

IAW the EOP Users Guide, which of the following states the bases for Emergency Depressurization above?

- 1. It places the RPV in the lowest energy state.
- 2. It reduces the driving head on primary systems discharging into the Secondary Containment.
- 3. It allows RPV injection from low pressure systems to makeup for the primary system leak.
- 4. It minimizes the amount of energy available to be deposited into the Primary Containment.
- A. 1 ONLY
- B. 1 and 2 ONLY
- C. 2 and 3 ONLY
- D. 1, 3, and 4 **ONLY**

Answer:

В

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 61	
Question #	61	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge	and Ability	/ Reference	Information
121101110490	aria / wirit	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

					<del></del>		
		K	&A		Ir	nporta	nce Rating
					R	<u> </u>	SRO
295032 High Secondary Containment Area Temperature / 5 EK3.01 - Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to HIGH SECONDARY CONTAINMENT AREA TEMPERATURE : Emergency/normal depressurization			3.5		3.8		
Level		RO	Tier	1 1	Grou	ıp	2
Genera Reference			EOP	EOP User's			
Explanat	tion	B is Correct and A is Incorrect. IAW the EOP Users Guide, the temperature increases is so wide spread that is poses a direct threat to secondary containment integrity, equipment located in the secondary containment or continued safe operation. ED will place the plant in its lowest energy state and will reduce the driving head and flow from primary systems that are discharging into the secondary containment.  C is Incorrect but plausible. It is true that lowering RPV pressure will make alternate, low pressure systems available for RPV injection, but it is not the bases for the ED.  D is Incorrect but plausible. ED is performed by opening the EMRVs which releases the energy from the RPV into the Torus. ED does not reduce the amount of energy to be released to the primary containment.					
References to be None Provided during exam:							
Lesson	Plan	2621.84	45.0.0057, \$	Secondary Cor	ntainmen	t Conti	rol
Learni Objecti	_	SCC-3082, Using the Secondary Containment Control EOP, evaluate the technical basis for each step and apply this evaluation to determine the correct course of action under emergency conditions.					

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)	Bank
---------------------------------------	------

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			IL	663558 ILT 08-1 NRC Exam No			
Cognitive	Fun	Memory or undamental Knowledge		X 1:B Comprehension or Analysis			
Level	NUR	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>B</u> ases or purpose					
	55.41b			10 55.		.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.					y operating	
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions	with			N.	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes						Point V	alue: 1
System ID No.: 295032			32	PRA: No		No	
Safety Function	Safety 5 Function:			☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

62 ID: 11-1 NRO 62 Points: 1.00

The plant is shutdown for a refuel outage when an event occurred requiring entry into the Secondary Containment Control EOP. SP-50, Reactor Building Ventilation Restart, has just been completed.

A short time later the following annuciator came into alarm and was confirmed valid:

RX BLDG - VENT HI

Which of the following correctly states the impact of this alarm? (Assume **NO** operator action)

- A. Reactor Building temperatures will rise due to the reduction in Reactor Building forced air flow.
- B. Reactor Building  $\Delta P$  will become less negative due to the reduction in Reactor Building forced air flow.
- C. Air from the Reactor Building will be directed through SGTS filters prior to discharge, to minimize the off-site radioactivity release.
- D. Air from the Reactor Building will **NOT** be directed through SGTS filters prior to discharge and thus the off-site radioactivity release is rising.

Answer: D

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 62	
Question #	62	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
	К	Importa	nce Rating			
		RO	SRO			
Radiatio EA1.03 - following CONTAII	ligh Secondar n Levels / 9 Ability to oper g as they apply NMENT AREA ary containmer	3.8	3.8			
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	2	

OCS OPS ILT Page: 197 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	SCC EOP	EOP User's Guide	SP-50				
Explanation	D is Correct. The conditions in the stem indicate the RB ventillation monitors are indicating HI-HI (VENT HI alarm). If the RB vent system is secured and certain conditions are met, Secondary Containment Control EOP overrides directs re-start of the normal RB vent system by performing SP-50. In both the EOP override and in the SP-50, it requires verification that the RB vent rad monitors are not tripped (< 9 mr/hr). In the SP-50, it requires the removal/insertion of EOP bypass plugs. When these are removed/installed, the auto start feature of SGT and isolation of normal RB vent is bypassed. Therefore a valid high-high signal on the RB vent rad monitors has no effect of either the normal RB vent system or SGTS. Therefore, there is no change in forced air flow in the RB (which would occur if SGTS did auto start and normal vent isolated), no air will be discharged through the SGTS filters, and normal RB vent system remains in service (no filtering to minimize offsite release).  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the actions of SP-50 or believes that RB ventilation will						
	References to be None provided during exem:						
Lesson Plan	Lesson Plan 2621.845.0.0057, Secondary Containment Control						
Learning Objective/	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						

Question Source (New, Modi	Modified	
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:	609041 ILT Bank No	

Cognitive	Memory Fundame Knowle	ental			rehension nalysis	X 3:PEO	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Predict an Event or Qutcome						
	55.41	b	7		.43b		
10CRF55 Content	including	, instrum	-	nals, inte		d safety systems, lure modes, and	
Justification LORT ques K/A values	tions with		N/A				
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			es	Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID	ystem ID No.: 295033 P			PRA: No			
, , , u i <u> </u>			⊠ Initia □ LOR	l License T	Level		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

63 ID: 11-1 NRO 63 Points: 1.00

A plant startup is in progress. Plant conditions include the following:

- All APRMs indicate 12% power
- All IRMs are on Range 10
- The mode switch is in STARTUP
- Recirculation flow is 11 x 10<sup>4</sup> gpm
- Reactor pressure is 1000 psig

A turbine bypass valve malfunction causes:

- A spike in reactor pressure to 1043 psig
- A spike in reactor power to 40%

What is the correct status of the reactor (assume NO operator action)?

- A. At power
- B. Scrammed due to High RPV Pressure
- C. Scrammed due to High IRM neutron flux
- D. Scrammed due to High APRM neutron flux

Answer: C

Answer Explanation					
QID: 11-1 NR	O 63				
Question #	63	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012			

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	К	Importance Rating					
	•		RO	SRO			
AA2.05 - the follow	SCRAM / 1 Ability to dete wing as they a a reactor SCR	apply to SC	3.5	3.6			
Level	RO	Tier	1	Group	2		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 200 of 241 07 May 2012

General References	RAP-G1e				
	C is Correct. Based on conditions in the question stem (Mode Switch in STARTUP at 12% power), the reactor is operating on IRM Range 10. The scram setpoint for IRM Range 10 is 38% (on 0-40% scale) and 118% (on 0-125% scale). APRM indication rising to 40% would exceed both these setpoints (regardless of which one the IRMs are set to) and a reactor scram would occur on High IRM flux.				
Explanation	A is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the plant would scram with the Mode Switch in STARTUP under these conditions.				
	B is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the High RPV Pressure Scram setpoint (1045 psig).				
	D is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant believes a scram would occur but does not recognize the scram was a result of High IRM neutron flux, not High APRM neutron flux.				
References to provided dur	be Mare				
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0037, Reactor Protection System				
Learning Objective/	RPS-10453, Explain or describe how this system is interrelated with other plant systems.				

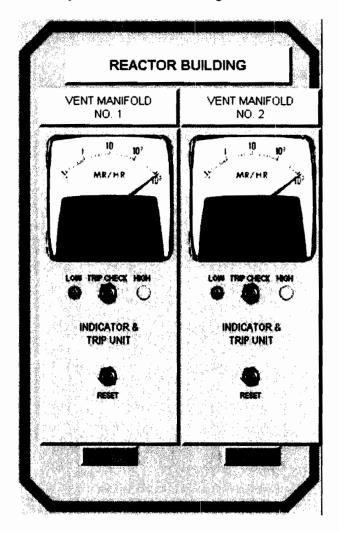
Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 510863 Question Source: ILT 05-1 NR Previous 2 Exams: No			C Exam		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:I	Comprehension or Analysis		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response				

10CRF55 Content	55.41	b	10	55.	.43b	
	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values	tions with			N/	/A	
Time to Cor	nplete: 1-	2 minutes			Point \	/alue: 1
System ID No.: 2		295006	PRA: No		No	
Safety Function:		1	⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

64 ID: 11-1 NRO 64 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power with all systems normally aligned. You are performing a walkdown of the control room prior to relieving the watch. Electrical Maintenance had completed maintenance activities on Panel 2R on the previous shift. With **NO** Control Room annunciators in alarm, you note the following:



Which of the following Tech Spec LCOs are impacted, if any?

- A. 3.5, Containment ONLY
- B. NO Tech Spec LCOs are impacted
- C. 3.1, Protective Instrumentation ONLY
- D. 3.1, Protective Instrumentation AND 3.5, Containment

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Answer: D

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 64

Question # 64 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					Ir	Importance Rating		
					RO		SRO	
295034 Secondary Containment Ventilation High Radiation / 9 2.2.36 - Equipment Control: Ability to analyze the effect of maintenance activities, such as degraded power sources, on the status of limiting conditions for operations.					3.	1	4.2	
Level		RO	Tier	1	Grou	ıp	2	
General RAP-10F1f		TS 3.4	-	(	GE 706E841			

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

D is Correct. The question shows that both Reactor Building Ventilation radiation monitors are in the alarm condition following electrical maintenance activities on Panel 2R. The radiation monitors in alarm should result in a VENT HI annunicator, RBHVAC isolation, and the auto start of the SGTS. SGTS & RBHVAC Annunciators L-1-b, L-4-b, L-4-c, and L-8-c are expected to be in alarm when RBHVAC isolates and the SGTS auto starts. TS 3.5.B.5 states that two separate SGTS shall be operable. The system that was selected as the priority system did not auto start and cannot be considered operable. TS 3.5 has an LCO impacted. With no other annunciators in alarm and no other indications of a condition in which a high radiation condition would exist in the Reactor Building ventilation system, it can be assumed that both Rx Bldg ventilation rad monitors are inoperable. TS 3.1 also is impacted.

#### **Explanation**

Answer A is Incorrect but plausible. TS 3.1 states that at least 1 RBHVAC monitor must be Operable. Since both RBHVAC monitors are affected, TS 3.1 has an LCO impacted.

Answer C is Incorrect but plausible. The question stem shows that there is a Reactor Building Ventilation radiation monitor in the alarm condition following electrical maintenance activities on Panel 2R. With no additional annunciators in the Control Room in alarm (as stated in the question stem), the SGTS did not auto start as required. SGTS & RBHVAC Annunciators L-1-b, L-4-b, L-4-c, and L-8-c are expected to be in alarm when RBHVAC isolates and the SGTS auto starts. TS 3.5.B.5 states that two separate SGTS shall be operable. The system that was selected as the priority system did not auto start and cannot be considered operable. TS 3.5 has an LCO impacted.

B is Incorrect but plausible. See explanation for distractors A & C. Both TS 3.1 and 3.5 are impacted.

References to provided durin								
Lesson Plan	Lesson Plan 2621.828.0.033A, Plant Radiation Monitoring System							
Loorning	272 10452 Explain or decaribe how this system is interrelated							
Learning	272-10453, Explain or describe how this system is interrelated							
Objective/	with other plant systems.							

If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			811735 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive Level	Memory Fundame Knowled	ntal			ehension nalysis	X 3:SPK
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					
	55.41b		10	55	.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minute			s Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID No.: 295034		295034	PRA: No		No	
Safety 9 Function:			⊠ Initial □ LORT	License	Level	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

65 ID: 11-1 NRO 65 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power when an event resulted in a fuel clad failure.

IAW ABN-26, High Main Steam / Off-Gas / Stack Effluent Activity, which of the following conditions would <u>procedurally require</u> the crew to insert a manual scram?

- A. **BOTH** OFF GAS HI-HI annunciators have been in alarm for 17 minutes.
- B. The STACK EFFLUENT HI-HI annunciator has been in alarm for 20 minutes.
- C. **ONE** Main Steam Line Radiation Monitor is indicating 900 mR/hr with Off-gas activity steady.
- D. **TWO** Main Steam Line Radiation Monitors are indicating 600 mR/hr with Off-gas activity rising.

Anewer:	Λ
Answer:	А

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 65	
Question #	65	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					ļ li	Importance Rating		
					, <b>R</b>	0	SRO	
295017 High Off-site Release Rate / 9 AA1.10 - Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to HIGH OFF-SITE RELEASE RATE: RPS					3.	.6	3.7	
Level	Level RO Tier 1				Grou	1b	2	
General ABN-26								

	A is Correct. IAW ABN-26, if both Off-Gas Hi-Hi alarms have not cleared within 15 minutes, the crew must operate RPS and insert a manual scram IAW ABN-1, Reactor Scram.
Explanation	B is Incorrect but plausible since it is an annuciator that will alarm as a result of a fuel failure and it has been in alarm > 15 min, however the requirement to scram is from the Off-Gas Hi-Hi alarms.
	C & D are Incorrect but plausible. The requirement is to scram when two or more Main Steam Radiation Monitors are > 800 mR/hr with Off-gas activity rising.
References to provided duri	
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0033A, Plant Radiation Monitoring System
Learning Objective/	273-0838, Given auto isolation setpoints, list or identify cause(s), system response, and affected Process RAD Monitors system components.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			New		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			N/A		
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension 3:SI		
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using References				
	55.41b	10	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.				
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0					

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1
System ID No.:	295017	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:	9	⊠ Initial		e Level

OCS OPS ILT Page: 209 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

66 ID: 11-1 NRO 66 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when an event occurred which allowed the use of Transient Alarm Response.

IAW OP-OC-101-111-1001, Strategies For Successful Transient Mitigation, which of the following states the expectation for alarm announcement by this response **AND** when Transient Alarm Response is exited?

	Transient Alarm Response Alarm Announcement	Transient Alarm Response Exited
A.	ONLY those alarms associated with EOP entry conditions should be announced	When announced by the Unit Supervisor
B.	ONLY those alarms associated with EOP entry conditions should be announced	When all EOPs have been exited
C.	ONLY critical alarms should be announced	When announced by the Unit Supervisor
D.	ONLY critical alarms should be announced	When all EOPs have been exited

Answer: C

Answer Expla	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	O 66	
Question #	66	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information					
	К	&A	Importance Rating		
			RO	SRO	
Conduct of Operations 2.1.1 - Knowledge of conduct of operations requirements.			3.8	4.2	
Level	RO	Tier	3	Category	coo

General References	OP-OC-101-111- 1001		
Explanation	Successful Transier is allowed, only crit to the US (Unit Superand as conditions pannouncing to the cexited.  All distractors are lift to normal alarm res	nt Mitigation, when tranical alarms and results ervisor). The US shall a permit, exit transient alar	should be announced appraise the transient arm response by m response is being an that some are related pretations of the
References to previous trans		None	
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0017, 0	Conduct of Operations	- Admin
Learning Objective/	2.1.1 - Knowledge	of conduct of operatio	ns requirements.

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	Ва	nk		
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	609318 ILT 07-1 NR No	RC Exam			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions					
	55.41b	10	55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, procedures for	•	abnormal, and emergency operating			

Justification for LORT questions K/A values < 3.0	with	N/A				
Time to Complet	e: 1-2	minutes			Point Value: 1	
System ID No.:		N/A	PR	A:	No	
Safety Function:		N/A	⊠ Initial □ LOR1		e Level	

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

67 ID: 11-1 NRO 67 Points: 1.00

WHICH ONE of the following activities is considered a CORE ALTERATION?

- A. Removal of control rod 30-31 from the core. WITH THE REFUEL BAIDLE DURING REFUEL NO.
- B. Installation of a new LPRM string in core location 24-25.
- C. Withdrawal of control rod blade 30-35 for CRD exercises.
- D. Removal of an irradiated LPRM string from core location 48-41.

Answer: A

Answer Explanation

QID: 11-1 NRO 67

Question # 67 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K&A				Importance Rating		
	NGA					SRO	
Conduct of Operations 2.2.38 - Knowledge of conditions and limitations in the facility license.			nd	3.6	4.5		
Level		RO	Tier	3	Category	coo	
Gener Referen	eral TS 1 21						

	A is Correct. CORE ALTERATION shall be the movement of any fuel, sources, or reactivity control components within the reactor vessel with the vessel head removed and fuel in the vessel. The following exceptions are not considered to be CORE ALTERATIONS:
	a) Movement of source range monitors, local power range monitors, intermediate range monitors, traversing incore probes, or special moveable detectors (including undervessel replacement); and
Explanation	b) Control rod movement, provided there are no fuel assemblies in the associated core cell.
	Suspension of CORE ALTERATIONS shall not preclude completion of movement of a component to a safe position.
	All distractors are Incorrect but plausible does not recall the Tech Spec definition for Core Alterations and therefore does not recognize the procedural requirements and limitations associated with Core Alterations.
Roferences to picylded duri	
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0017, Conduct of Operations
Learning Objective/	2.1.36 - Knowledge of procedures and limitations involved in core alterations.

Question	Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			ank
If Bank or N VISION Sys Question S Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	690118 Limerick IL		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:D	Comprehension or Analysis	
Level	NUREG 1021 Ap	ppendix B: <u>D</u> ef	initions	
10CRF55 Content	55.41b	10	55.43b	

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

		Iministrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating ocedures for the facility.				
Justification to LORT question K/A values <	ons with		N/A			
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes Point Value:				Point Value: 1		
System ID No	D.:	N/A	PR	A:	No	
Safety Function:		N/A	⊠ Initial □ LORT		se Level	

PER CONTERSATION WITH MAC CHIEF EXAMMER ON 5/24/12, ADDED I WITH REFUEL BRIDGE DURING REFUELING FOR CLARIFICATION,

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

68 ID: 11-1 NRO 68 Points: 1.00

Which of the following would require the use of a grounding device for a clearance IAW Procedure OP-MA-109-101, Clearance and Tagging? The work will require replacing the motor in each case.

- A. SDC Pump
- B. ESW Pump
- C. Core Spray Booster Pump
- D. Containment Spray Pump

Answer: B

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 68		
Question #	68	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012	_

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
K&A					Importance Rating			
	NGA					0	SRO	
Equipment Control 2.2.13 - Knowledge of tagging and clearance procedures.				4.1		4.3		
Level					Category		EQC	
General References		OP-MA	-109-101					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 216 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. IAW the reference, proper safety grounding shall be applied prior to working on high voltage equipment when contact with exposed conductors is planned or possible. The reference also defines high voltage as an energy source 600 volts or above. In the work activities listed in the question stem, all will require removal of the motor and the potential for exposed conductors exists. Of the equipment listed, only the ESW Pump is powered from a bus greater than 600 VAC (Bus 1C or 1D).  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible since they are large pumps, however are all powered from 480VAC and do not require a grounding device.
References to provided deri	
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0018, Equipment Control
Learning Objective/	2.2.13 - Knowledge of tagging and clearance procedures.

Question	Source (New	Modifi	ed, Bank)	Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			609321 ILT Bank No			
Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		al		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK	
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge a its meaning					
	55.41b		10	55.43b		
10CRF55 Content						
Justificatio LORT ques K/A values	tions with			N/A		
Time to Co	mplete: 1-2 ı	ninutes	3	Point Value: 1		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 217 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

System ID No.:	N/A	PRA:	No
Safety Function:	N/A	<ul><li>☑ Initial License</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>	e Level

OCS OPS ILT Page: 218 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

69 ID: 11-1 NRO 69 Points: 1.00

The plant was at 80% power and shutting down, with the following abnormal switch configuration:

- AUTO DEPRESS VALVE NR108A switch is in the OFF position
- The NORMAL/DISABLE switch for EMRV NR108B is in the DISABLE position

Which of the following states those EMRVs which can function in the Pressure Relief Mode to control RPV pressure and/or in the ADS Mode during a LOCA? (Assume **NO** operator action)

	Pressure Relief Mode	ADS Function
A.	EMRVs B, C, D and E ONLY	All EMRVs
B.	EMRVs A, C, D and E ONLY	All EMRVs
C.	EMRVs C, D and E ONLY	EMRVs A, C, D and E ONLY
D.	EMRVs C, D and E ONLY	EMRVs B, C, D and E ONLY

Answer: C

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 69	
Question #	69	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
K&A						Importance Rating		
			-		R	0	SRO	
2.2.37 - 4	Equipment Control 2.2.37 - Ability to determine operability and / or availability of safety related equipment.				3.6		4.6	
Level				3	Category		EQC	
General 729 References		E182						

OCS OPS ILT Page: 219 of 241 07 May 2012

Explanation	C is Correct. The plant is at power with an abnormal switch configuration. For an EMRV to open, its solenoid must energize. With the front control panel switch in OFF, the affected EMRV will not function in the pressure relief mode, but will function in the ADS mode. With the interior panel switch in DISABLE, the solenoid will not energize at all: the affected EMRV will not function in the pressure relief mode or the ADS mode. Therefore, all EMRVs will function in the ADS mode, except that EMRV which is in DISABLE (NR018B). All EMRVs, except NR108A and NR108B, will function in the pressure relief mode.  All other distractors are plausible but incorrect if the student does not recall how EMRVs will function with their control switch in OFF or DISABLE.				
Paterences to provided dur					
Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0005, Automatic Depressurization System				
Learning Objective/	ADS-0368, Describe the EMRV initiation logic for both overpressure operation and operation in the ADS mode. Include the following: 1. Initiation signals and setpoints 2. Timers and setpoints 3. Control switches 4. Panel indications				

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)			Bank				
If Bank or M VISION Syst Question So Previous 2	: 811675 ILT Ban No	k					
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge			Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge a its meaning						
	55.41b	7		55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Design, components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.						

Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes			s	Point Value: 1		
System ID No.: N/A		PR	PRA: No			
Safety N/A Function:		⊠ Initial □ LORT		Level		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

70 ID: 11-1 NRO 70 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when the following annunciator alarmed:

RADIATION MONITORS AREA - AREA MON HI

The Operator reports the following:

- ARM RO10-A2, CONTROL ROOM ACCESS AREA, shows the HIGH light lit
- ARM RO10-A3, MAIN CONTROL ROOM, shows a rising trend

IAW the associated RAP, which of the following is correct regarding the Control Room Ventilation System?

The Control Room Ventilation System shall be ...

- A. secured.
- B. placed in PURGE mode.
- C. placed in FULL RECIRC mode.
- D. placed in PART RECIRC mode.

Answer: D

Answer Expla	Answer Explanation							
QID: 11-1 NR	QID: 11-1 NRO 70							
Question #	70	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012						

	Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
	K	(&A	Importance Rating					
			RO	SRO				
2.3.15 - k systems alarms, p	n Control (nowledge of , such as fixed portable surve el monitoring	l radiation n y instrumer	2.9	3.1				
Level			Category	RPT				

General References	RAP-10F1k	331.1				
Explanation	D is Correct. IAW RAP-10F1k, if ARM R010-A1, -A2, or A3 is in alarm, then place the CR HVAC in PART RECRIC. Procedure 331.1 also says to place in PART RECIRC for a radiological release with offsite power available.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant is not familiar with the actions required for RAP-10F1k or does not recognize that plant conditions require a change in Control Room ventilation.					
	References to be provided during exam:					
Lesson Plan Learning	TMV-02324: Explain the basis, with use of procedure, for the					
Objective/	alignment and the effects of the damper alignment modes on control room habitability.					

Question	Source (New, Mo	Bank			
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	718246 ILT Bank No			
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis		
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions				
10CRF55 Content	55.41b	12	55.43b		
	Radiological safety principles and procedures.				

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

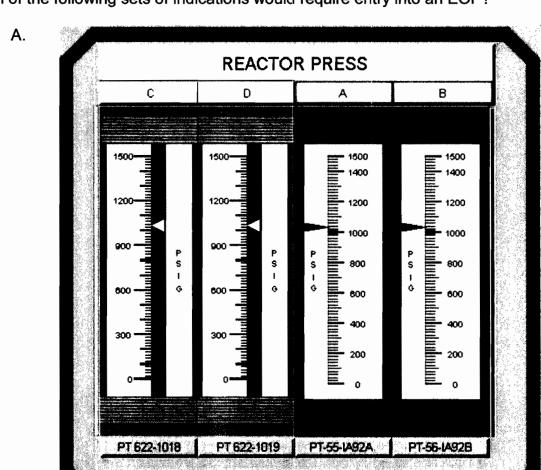
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N/A	<b>\</b>
Time to Complete: 1-2 minu			Point Value: 1		Point Value: 1
System ID No.:		N/A	PR	A:	No
Safety Function:		N/A	<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>		

OCS OPS ILT Page: 224 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

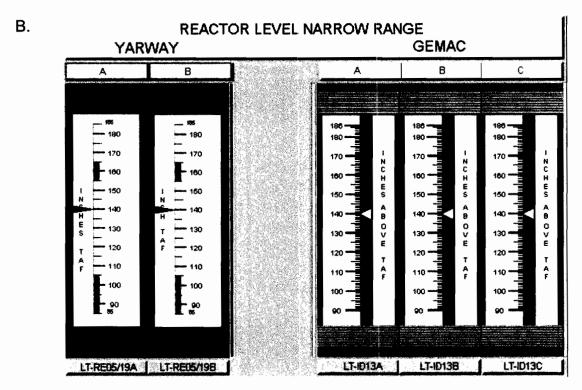
71 ID: 11-1 NRO 71 Points: 1.00

Which of the following sets of indications would require entry into an EOP?



OCS OPS ILT Page: 225 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM



C.

TORUS TEMP
BULK
DIVI

T100449A

TORUS LEVEL
WIDE RANGE
DIVI

INCHES

TORUS TEMP
BULK
DIVII

T100449B

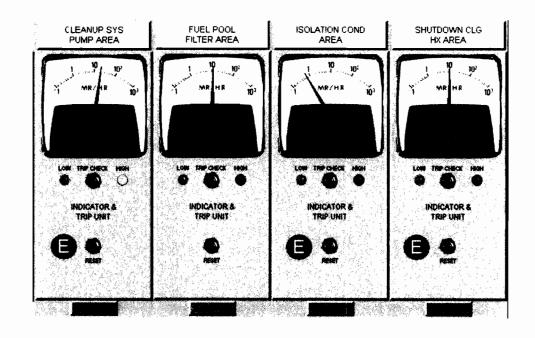
TORUS LEVEL
WIDE RANGE
DIVII

INCHES

INCHES

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

D.



Answer:

D

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 71	
Question #	71	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Importance Rating		
	Nun				RO	SRO
Radiation Control 2.3.5 - Ability to use radiation monitoring systems, such as fixed radiation monitors and alarms, portable survey instruments, personnel monitoring equipment, etc.				2.9	2.9	
Level	Level RO Tier 3				Category	RPT
General References SCC EOP						

Explanation	D is Correct. This picture shows that CLEANUP SYS PUMP AREA is in the Alarm condition and also above the EOP entry condition of 15 mR/hr which is an entry into. This question examines the K/A by having the student interpret fixed radiation monitor indication and also determine that an EOP entry into Secondary Containment Control has been met.	
	A is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not read the indications provided correctly. This picture shows Reactor Pressure at 1035#. The entry condition into RPV Control - no ATWS is 1045#.	
	B is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not read the indications provided correctly. This picture shows all RPV was levels at 140". The EOP entry condition into RPV Control - no ATWS is 138".	
	C is Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not read the indications provided correctly. This picture shows Torus water level at 153" and Torus Temperature at 85F. The EOP entry into Primary Containment Control is a Torus water temperature >95F or Torus water level >154".	
Poterences u Grovkded dag	De liver	
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0015, Radiation Control - Admin	
Learning Objective/	2.3.5, Ability to use radiation monitoring systems, such as fixed radiation monitors and alarms, portable survey instruments, personnel monitoring equipment, etc.	

Question	Source (New, Mo	odified, Bank)	Bank			
If Bank or N VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID ource:	: 811747 ILT Bank No	LT Bank			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		Comprehension or Analysis	X 3:SPK		
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Solve a Problem using Knowledge and its meaning					

10CRF55 Content	55.411	b 11 55.43b				
	Purpose and operation of radiation monitoring systems, including alarms and survey equipment.					
Justification LORT quest K/A values	ions with	N/A				
Time to Con	nplete: 1-	minutes Point Value: 1			/alue: 1	
System ID No.:		N/A	PRA:		No	
Safety Function:		N/A	<ul><li>☑ Initial License Level</li><li>☐ LORT</li></ul>			

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

72 ID: 11-1 NRO 72 Points: 1.00

The plant was shutdown and was cooling down with the Shutdown Cooling System. Present plant conditions are as follows:

- RPV water level indicates 160" and steady
- E RECIRC PUMP SUCTION TEMP indicates 300 °F and lowering slowly
- Shutdown Cooling Loops A and B are in service

The Operator then reported that Drywell pressure was rising slowly and that UNIDENTIFIED DRYWELL LEAKAGE rose and steadied out at 8 GPM.

10 minutes later, and with UNIDENTIFIED DRYWELL LEAKAGE **UNCHANGED**, the following annunciators alarmed:

- DW PRESS HI-HI I
- DW PRESS HI-HI II

Which of the following actions will have the **GREATEST** affect on **PREVENTING** steam line flooding?

- A. Close all LFRVs
- B. Trip all Condensate Pumps
- C. Place Core Spray Parallel Isolation Valves in CLOSE
- D. Override Core Spray signals and place Core Spray Pumps in STOP

Answer: D

Answer Explanation
--------------------

QID: 11-1 NR	O 72	
Question #	72	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information							
K&A	Importan	ce Rating					
	RO	SRO					

OCS OPS ILT Page: 230 of 241 07 May 2012

Emergency F 2.4.9 - Knowl implications accident or lo mitigation st	edge of lo in accider oss of res	w power / s nt (e.g., loss	3.8 4.2		4.2		
Level	RO	Tier	3	Catego	ory	EOP	
General References	201   FMG-SP10						
Explanation	D is Correct. The plant is shutdown and cooling down with SDC. At a coolant temperature of 300 °F, this equates to an RPV pressure of 53 psig. At this reactor power level, feedwater flow is minimal (one condensate pump running through a LFRV).  A leak then occurs in the drywell and steadies out at 8 gpm, when the drywell pressure scram and isolation setpoint is reached (as provided by the given annunciators). This same parameter results in the start of core spray, and since RPV pressure is < 305 psig, the core spray parallel isolation valves will open immediately. At this pressure, each loop of core spray will inject several thousand GPM to the RPV.  To stop core spray with an initiation signal present, the signals must first be overridden, then the core spray pumps can be stopped. Since core spray is adding water to the RPV at the largest rate, as compared to condensate, then securing core spray has the largest impact on controlling RPV water level.  A & B are Incorrect but plausible since closing the only in-service LFRV and stopping the only running condensate pump are very similar in their impacts, but their flow is much less than core spray.  C is Incorrect but plausible. Because there is a core spray initiation signal present, placing the core spray parallel isolation valve switches to close will not result in the valves going and remaining closed.						
References de provices de la company	Long Plan 2013 Period by Street Street	1 1 1 1 1 1	Att 201-7				

Lesson Plan	2621.828.0.0010, Core Spray System
Learning Objective/	CSS-10446, Identify and explain system operating controls and indications under all plant operating conditions.

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)					Ва	ank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: 663328 Question Source: ILT 08-1 Previous 2 Exams: No					Γ 08-1 NR	C Exam		
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge					rehension nalysis	X 3:SPK	
Level		NUREG 1021 Appendix B: <u>Solve a Problem using K</u> nowledge and its meaning						
		55.41b	1b 1		10	55	.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.							
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						N	// <b>A</b>	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				s	Point Value: 1		alue: 1	
System ID No.: N/A		N/A		PRA:			No	
Safety N/A Function:			N/A		☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT			

#### OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

73 ID: 11-1 NRO 73 Points: 1.00

The plant was at rated power when a spontaneous fire erupted in the Reactor Building.

Which of the following is the **LOWEST** Emergency Classification Level that, if declared, requires activation of **BOTH** the Technical Support Center (TSC) and Emergency Operations Facility (EOF) from this event?

- A. Unusual Event
- B. Alert
- C. Site Area Emergency
- D. General Emergency

В

Answer:

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NRO 73

Question # 73 Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information									
K&A						Importance Rating			
	NGA					0	SRO		
Emergency Procedures / Plan 2.4.42 - Knowledge of emergency response facilities.				2.6		3.8			
Level	Level RO Tier 3			3	Categ	ory	EOP		
General References EP-AA-1010									

OCS OPS ILT Page: 233 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	B is Correct. The lowest Emergency Plan classification that will result in requiring activation of both the TSC and EOF from a spontaneous fire is an Alert. This is specified as spontaneous so the applicant does not think it was due to a security issue (the TSC and EOF are activated at the Unusual Event level for security threats).  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant cannot recall when both the TSC and EOF are required to be activated.
References to provided dur	
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0016, Emergency Procedures / Plan - Admin
	2.4.42 - Knowledge of emergency response facilities.
Learning Objective/	

Question	lodified	New				
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question II ource:	D:	N/A			
Cognitive	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		X 1:P Comprehension or Analysis			
Level	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions					
	55.41b		10 55.43b			
10CRF55 Content	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.					y operating
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0						
Time to Cor	Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes					alue: 1
System ID	No.: N/A	1	PR	A:		No

OCS OPS ILT Page: 234 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety N/A Function:	
----------------------	--

OCS OPS ILT Page: 235 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

74 ID: 11-1 NRO 74 Points: 1.00

The plant is at rated power. An event then occurred and plant conditions include the following:

- Annunciator DW PRESS HI/LO is in alarm.
- Drywell Pressure indicates 1.4 psig and rising slowly

The BOP is executing RAP-C3f, DW PRESS HI/LO. IAW station procedures, which of the following is the correct way to communicate Drywell pressure to the Crew?

The BOP will raise one hand announce the following...

- A. "Attention for a brief, Drywell Pressure is 1.4 psig and rising slowly, end of brief."
- "Attention for an update, Drywell Pressure is 1.4 psig and rising slowly, B. end of update."
- C. "Attention for a brief, Drywell Pressure is 1.4 psig and increasing slowly, end of brief."
- D. "Attention for an update, Drywell Pressure is 1.4 psig and increasing slowly, end of update."

Answer:

В

<b>Answer Expla</b>	nation	
QID: 11-1 NR	0 74	
Question #	74	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information								
	K	Importance Rating						
			RO	SRO				
2.1.38 - I requiren	of Operations Knowledge of the series for verbanting procedu	the station's	3.7	3.8				
Level	RO	Tier	3	Category	coo			

General References	OP-OC-101-111- 1001	HU-AA-101		
Explanation	B is Correct. There are two types of formally communicate plant status/parameters to the crew. One is a crew 'update'; the second is a crew 'brief'. An update is used to communicate a specific parameter or parameters to the crew, without any comments from crew members and a brief is used to communicate parameters/plant evolutions where crew feedback is solicited. IAW OP-OC-101-1001 and HU-AA-101, when reporting a plant parameter, the correct communication must be to report the VALUE (with units), direction of TREND (up, down, rising, steady, etc.), and RATE (slow, fast, slowly, etc.) of trend. It is not acceptable to use trends such as increase or decrease. The BOP will call for an update by raising one hand and saying "Attention for an update, (report parameter, value, and trend), end of update."  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall the stations communications requirements of OP-OC-101-1001 and HU-AA-101.			
Raferences: 6		None - 3m		
Lesson Plan	2621.830.0.0017, (	Conduct of Operations	- Admin	
Learning Objective/	2.1.38 - Knowledge of the station's requirements for verbal communications when implementing procedures.			

Question	Source (New, Mo	dified, Bank)	New		
If Bank or M VISION Sys Question So Previous 2	tem/Question ID: ource:	N/A			
Cognitive Level	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	X 1:P	Comprehension or Analysis		
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Procedure steps and cautions				

10CRF55 Content	55.41	b 10 55.43b					
	Administrative, normal, abnormal, and emergency operating procedures for the facility.						
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0		N/A					
Time to Cor	nplete: 1-	2 minutes			Point \	/alue: 1	
System ID No.:		N/A	PRA:		No		
Safety Function:		N/A	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT				

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

75 ID: 11-1 NRO 75 Points: 1.00

Which of the following activities could result in **INTERNAL** radioactive contamination to workers in the Reactor Building?

- A. Initiating the Isolation Condensers for an RPV cooldown.
- B. Venting the Torus through the hardened vent post-LOCA.
- C. Opening the Individual Scram Test Switches during an ATWS.
- D. De-energizing the Scram Solenoids during an ATWS with the Scram buttons.

Answer: C

#### **Answer Explanation**

QID: 11-1 NR	O 75	
Question #	75	Developer / Date: JJR / 5-14-2012

Knowledge and Ability Reference Information						
K&A				Importance Rating		
					RO	SRO
Radiation Control 2.3.14 - Knowledge of radiation or containment hazards that may arise during normal, abnormal, or emergency conditions or activities.				3.4	3.8	
Level		RO	Tier	3	Category	EQC
Gener Referen	T   FMG-SP21		EOP User's	Guide		

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Explanation	C is Correct. IAW the reference, when opening the scram test switches, potentially radioactive steam may be released and RB airborne concentration levels may increase. Increased airborne radioactivity could lead to internal radioactive contamination.  All distractors are Incorrect but plausible if the applicant does not recall plant evolutions which can result in airborne radioactivity. The distractors may lead to increased external dose in the RB, or elevated internal contamination outside the RB.			
References to provided duri				
Lesson Plan	2621.845.0.0053, RPV Control - with ATWS			
Learning Objective/	EWA-03056, Given a copy of RPV Control, describe in detail each Caution or Note, including the technical basis and how to verify conformance at any time.			

Question Source (New, Modified, Bank)				Bank		
If Bank or Modified VISION System/Question ID: Question Source: Previous 2 Exams:			718247 LT Bank No			
Cognitive Level	Memory Fundame Knowled	ental 1:l			ehension nalysis	
	NUREG 1021 Appendix B: Interlocks, setpoints, or system (singular) response					
	55.41b	12		55.	.43b	
10CRF55 Content	Radiological safety principles and procedures.					
Justification for LORT questions with K/A values < 3.0				N/	/A	
Time to Complete: 1-2 minutes				Point Value: 1		alue: 1
System ID No.: N/A			PR	A: No		No

OCS OPS ILT Page: 240 of 241 07 May 2012

OC 2012 RO NRC EXAM

Safety Function:	N/A	☑ Initial License Level ☐ LORT
---------------------	-----	--------------------------------

OCS OPS ILT Page: 241 of 241 07 May 2012