



#### **IMPORTANT NOTES**

**GROWER KNOWLEDGE:** This is a general catalogue for the region. For local information on which plants work in your area contact your local grower (see our website). Local grower knowledge is vital, and this catalogue is no substitute.

**HEIGHTS:** Heights in this catalogue are for general gardening conditions. In well maintained gardens, some plants will get taller.

PLANT NAMES: In this brochure, the genus, species and cultivar name are listed like this example: Lomandra longifolia 'LM300'.
LM300 is the PBR and cultivar name. The brand name or trade name for this plant is TANIKA®, and should not be confused with the true cultivar name. The cultivar or true plant name will always immediately follow the species name enclosed in quotation marks.

POT SIZES: In general, most growers have our plants available in 140mm/1.3L pots. Other common pot sizes include 200mm/5L pot, 90mm/410ml pot, 50mm/250ml landscape tube (also known as forestry, native or grow tube). Pre orders are recommended for 90mm pots.

Our Advanced Trees range is available in 175mm/5L pots and above only. All other ranges are supplied in 250ml pots and above.



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TAS Catalogue 2021



## 2021 Beyond

There have been significant changes to the management and the day-to-day running of Ozbreed since our last catalogue was released in 2019. What hasn't changed is our dedication to bringing the most reliable, functional and no fuss plants to the landscaping industry. There are some new release plants in these pages that we are really excited to present to you, plants that fill a gap in the market – shade loving, drought tough, resilient shrubs and groundcovers - that YOU have asked for.

Along with the newest releases, the old favourites remain available and visible in this catalogue. Those plants that, after almost 20 years of being commercially available, continue to appear on plant schedules and in landscapes Australia-wide. These plants remain Ozbreed's most in-demand species in the industry, known by their trade name alone, thanks to their continued performance in increasingly difficult climatic extremes.

We never stop testing and trialling our plants in rugged conditions all over Australia. Whether it be the yet-to-be-released plants in our New Product Development Program, or the trialling of commercially released Ozbreed plants through our Sample Program, it's the feedback that we get from the programs' participants that results in an optimally bred plant. We want to continue to service the industry by breeding the most robust, hardy and beautiful plants available. We want you to be assured that our plants are of the highest quality because we are listening to your feedback.

In the year ahead we are working on increasing our grower network around the country to ensure that the supply of our plants is always available for your designs and in an attempt to avoid substitution of inferior plants in your jobs. Do the best by your design, remember to specify Ozbreed by name for a reliable plant that will perform in the landscape well into the future. We stand by Ozbreed licenced propagators and growers and the quality plants they produce, because at Ozbreed we don't guess, we test.

## No Fuss, Functional, Reliable

NO FUSS: Plants that are easy to care for.

FUNCTIONAL: The right plants for the right situation. Whether its green roofs, green walls,

rain gardens, roadsides or more, you will find the right functional plant for

your situation.

RELIABLE: Plants that are tested and proven to work in your region.

For further technical support and information please visit **www.ozbreed.com.au** where you will find licensed growers and articles on all products.

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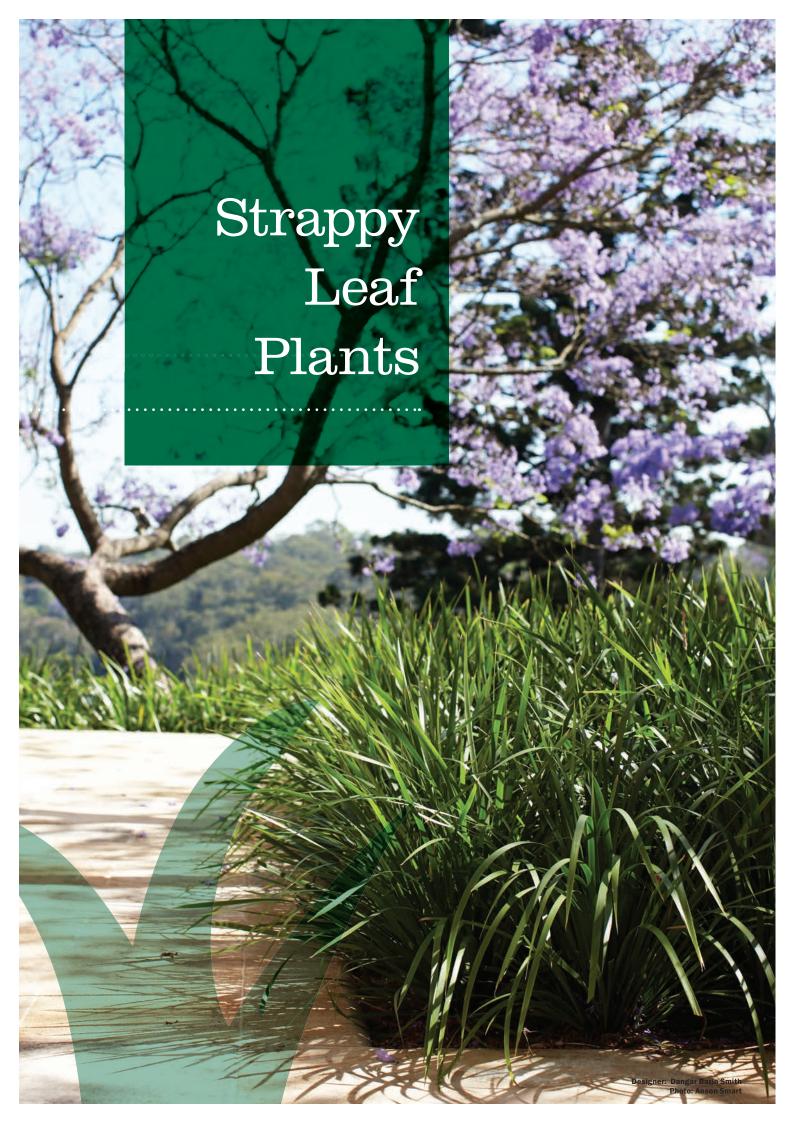
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#### Top 10 Plants

For mass planting, shade, greenwalls, erosion control, greenroofs, fire retardant plants, salt tolerant, rain gardens.....57-58













#### Katrinus Deluxe

Lomandra longifolia 'Katrinus Deluxe' (

Evergreen, uniformally low growing and suitable to plant en masse in swathes or in clumps amongst mounded plantings to create contrast. Masses of delicately perfumed yellow flowers adorn this semi compact, fine-leaved Lomandra in spring. Survives on natural rainfall in most populated areas in Australia due to its long root zone, with occasional top up watering required during extreme periods of drought.

NO FUSS Drought and cold tolerant, second-line salt tolerant and suited

to a wide range of soils from sandy to heavy clay.

FUNCTIONAL Mass plant in coastal and rooftop locations. Commercial

situations such as golf courses, factories and offices. Native & domestic gardens. Slopes or erosion prone areas.

Avoid front-line salt.

RELIABLE History has shown no viable seed over a decade, so safer to

plant near bushland and national parks.

OZBREED EXTRA Full sun to moderate or heavy shade, this low maintenance

plant maintains good winter colour in colder climates while

looking uniform and clean.

Description	Improved semi-compact fine leaf Lomandra	
Density	2–6 plants per m <sup>2</sup>   1.5–2 per linear metre	
Height & Width	70cm x 70cm	
Flowering	Masses of perfumed yellow flowers from October-November	
Best Planting Time	March-November	
Uses	Mass planting and specimen planting	
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; Tolerates cold & drought	
Soil Type	Sandy, sandy loam to clay soils	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back to 20cm or half the height if required after 7 years	
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, SA, WA, TAS & QLD (do not plant in depressed areas)	









Dianella caerulea 'DCNCO' (D

Breeze® Dianella is a glossy strap-leafed plant that maintains its tidy, cane-less form. Excellent contrasting foliage when mass planted amongst mounding shrub plantings, spreading moderately to fill gaps or for stabilising erosion-prone slopes.

NO FUSS Exceptional groundcover tendencies, underground rhizome spreads to out-compete weeds while

maintaining its clumping form.

FUNCTIONAL Contemporary grass and meadow gardens, erosion

control on sloped sites, mass planted in commercial

or domestic landscapes.

RELIABLE Fast to establish in most soil types, requiring

occasional pruning for best results. Tolerates

humidity, cold and drought.

Description	Free flowing, dark green Dianella
Density	4-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-3 per linear metre
Height & Width	60-70cm x 60-70cm
Flowering	Pale blue flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Mass planted, meadow or Tropical-style gardens
Position	Full sun to part shade; tolerates humidity, cold & moderate drought
Soil Type	Most soils, except poor types lacking nutrition
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; every 3–8 years, cut back to 1/3 the height (will look better pruned every 3 yrs)
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA & WA

#### $Blaze^{TM}$

Dianella tasmanica 'NPW2' (D

A Dianella with bronze-tinged foliage in the cooler months which lends it a Phormium or Cordyline quality, but with more reliability. The superior heat tolerance of this native plant during extreme summer heat, brings seasonal interest to the garden with a chameleon-like change in foliage colour from purple-bronze to green.

NO FUSS Blaze<sup>™</sup> Dianella is less likely to scorch on hot summer

days, unlike common Phormium or Cordyline forms.

FUNCTIONAL Roadside, commercial planting, mass planting,

contrasting accent plants in residential gardens.

**RELIABLE** A great performer in full sun and shade in less

humid states.







Density 4-6 plants per m² 2-4 per linear metre  Height & Width 45cm x 40-50cm  Cotober-November  Best Planting Time March-November  Uses Feature plantings and gardens  Full sun, light to heavy shade Tolerates frost & moderate drought  Soil Type Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils  Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3-7 years (will	Description	Small Dianella with deep purple foliage depending on the climate
Flowering October–November  Best Planting Time March–November  Uses Feature plantings and gardens  Fosition Full sun, light to heavy shade Tolerates frost & moderate drought  Soil Type Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils  Care Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3–7 years (will	Density	· · ·
Best Planting Time March–November  Uses Feature plantings and gardens  Full sun, light to heavy shade Tolerates frost & moderate drought  Soil Type Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils  Care Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3–7 years (will	Height & Width	45cm x 40-50cm
Uses Feature plantings and gardens  Position Full sun, light to heavy shade Tolerates frost & moderate drought  Soil Type Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils  Care Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3–7 years (will	Flowering	October-November
Position Full sun, light to heavy shade Tolerates frost & moderate drought  Soil Type Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3–7 years (will	Best Planting Time	March-November
Tolerates frost & moderate drought  Soil Type Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils  Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3–7 years (will	Uses	Feature plantings and gardens
Care Water as required until established; trim as required; cut back halfway every 3–7 years (will	Position	
required; cut back halfway every 3-7 years (will	Soil Type	Sandy to clay soils; avoid very poor soils
look better with more pruning)	Care	· ·
Where it Works VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA	Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA









#### Little Jess $^{TM}$

Dianella caerulea 'DCMP01' (D

The landscape designer's strappy perennial of choice. For those tricky, shaded to full sun positions, where tough, year-round lush green foliage is required. Its compact form looks good mass planted under specimen trees, in swathes, or along borders in residential or commercial landscapes.

NO FUSS Cold, humid and heavy-shade tolerant, very low maintenance once established. Very drought tolerant compared to other

Dianella caerulea varieties, including Breeze® Dianella.

FUNCTIONAL Great for contemporary residential and commercial

designs, dry slopes and dry shade, foreground planting and borders, roadside verge plantings maintaining line of sight

requirements

RELIABLE High drought and humidity resistance & year-round

evergreen foliage.

OZBREED EXTRA Masses of contrasting purple flowers in spring. The short

canes of this dwarf form allows foliage to stay upright, unlike common Dianella forms that tend to fall over.

Description	Dwarf, compact, clumping Dianella
Density	6-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3-5 per linear metre
Height & Width	40cm x 40cm (taller in good soils)
Flowering	Purple flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Specimen & mass plantings for commercial and residential use
Position	Full sun & moderate to heavy shade; Tolerates drought & humidity
Soil Type	Wide variety of soils; avoid very poor soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back to half the height every 2–3 yrs for gardens, 4–8 yrs for road sides
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA & TAS







#### Revelation®

Dianella revoluta 'DRG04' (D

The grey-green foliage of this small Dianella is complemented by the multitude of blue flowers adorning it in spring. Remains neat and tidy through drought, periodic wet spells and frost.

NO FUSS Cleaner foliage, more flowers and longer-lived than

other comparative Dianellas, adapts to the climatic

extremities of frost and drought.

FUNCTIONAL Low growing and well suited to borders, as foliage

contrast in meadow or prairie planting, or mass planting in commercial and residential situations.

**RELIABLE** Holds its form with slight spread, as the plants rhizomes

and roots stabilise slopes and erosion prone areas.

Medium sized <i>Dianella revoluta</i>
4-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup>   2-3 per linear metre
50cm x 50cm
Small blue flowers from Oct-Nov
March-October
Mass plantings, foliage or grassy gardens; commercial & residential
Full sun to part shade. Tolerates drought & frost
Sandy or loam soils; heavy soils if raised planting; avoid very poor soil
Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back 15cm above the ground every 3–5 years if required
VIC, NSW, ACT, SA, WA, TAS & QLD (only for non humid regions like Toowoomba with free draining soil)



Dianella revoluta 'DR5000' (D

Architectural form and blue-grey foliage suits modern landscape design applications as a feature or swathe planting. The fine stems and purple flowers in spring bring contrast to the garden with low maintenance requirements.

NO FUSS Thrives in sun and part shade in low humidity zones.

FUNCTIONAL Contemporary residential and commercial gardens.

Structural form and low height makes it perfect for retaining line of sight requirements on roadsides.

**RELIABLE** Hardy with good drought and frost tolerance in a

range of soil types.







Description	Compact, blue-grey perennial; architectural foliage
Density	6-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3-5 per linear metre
Height & Width	30-40cm x 30-40cm
Flowering	Small purple flowers from Oct-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Commercial and residential modern landscapes
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Moderate heavy to free draining soil; avoid very poor soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back to 1/3 the height every 3 to 5 years; do not excessively irrigate
Where it Works	VIC, ACT, SA, WA, TAS & NSW (must have good free draining soil for Sydney)









#### Wyeena®

Dianella tasmanica 'TAS300' (D

The clean, green and white variegated strappy leaves of this Dianella bring a fresh, bright and striking contrast, to the landscape. Architectural foliage that arches in maturity, is hardy in low to no humidity climatic zones. In shaded areas in Sydney or full sun further south, clumping Wyeena® Dianella will outcompete weeds, while tolerating frost once established.

NO FUSS Adds interest and contrast, a variegated, low maintenance

Dianella that only requires supplementary water in extended dry

periods.

FUNCTIONAL Mass or mixed planting, native to tropical landscapes, accent or

foliage feature in-ground or containers.

RELIABLE Brighten up the shadier parts of the garden in varying soil types

from heavy clay to free draining.

Description	Tall, hardy variegated Dianella
Density	2-5 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1.5-3 per linear metre
Height & Width	80-90cm x 80-90cm
Flowering	N/A
Best Planting Time	April-October
Uses	Mass plantings & feature plantings; commercial & residential
Position	Full sun to part shade; tolerates frost areas
Soil Type	Heavy clay to free draining soils; avoid very poor soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established, then water as needed; use slow release fertiliser in spring; remove dead leaves as needed or cut back every 1–3 years
Where it Works	ACT, VIC, TAS, SA, WA & NSW (not suited north of Sydney)









Lomandra hystrix 'LHBYF' (D

Golden fragrant flowers sit like fireworks amongst the green strappy Lomandra foliage, lasting many weeks in spring and again in autumn. Suitable for the tropics and colder regions as specimen or mass plantings.

NO FUSS Successful in full sun, shade and wet shade,

it's both drought and cold tolerant.

FUNCTIONAL Mass planted commercial or residential designs,

roadsides, green walls, borders, erosion prone areas or sloping sites and bio-retention swales.

RELIABLE Perfect for rain gardens due to it's root rot and

humidity resistance.

Description	Full sized Lomandra hystrix
Density	1-3 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1-1.5 per linear metre
Height & Width	1.5-1.8m x 1.2-1.5m
Flowering	Masses of perfumed yellow flowers from September–November
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Feature planting and mass planting; great for periodically wet areas
Position	Full sun to heavy shade; Tolerates humidity, cold & drought
Soil Type	Sandy loam to heavy clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; occassional watering will be required in very dry conditions; cut back 30cm above the ground every 3–7 years
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







#### Wingarra®

Lomandra confertifolia 'SIR5' (D

A contrasting blue-green Lomandra with a fine Poa-like tussockgrass appearance, it creates a soft aesthetic in the landscape. Its long rhizome activity digs deep below soil-level and makes it far tougher than other, weaker Lomandra confertifolia species.

NO FUSS Tough with very few maintenance requirements and

more likely to hold its colour through winter.

FUNCTIONAL Compact clumping form suits borders, slopes,

erosion-prone areas and mass planting.

**RELIABLE** Lomandra confertifolia are often considered to be

weaker than longifolia type Lomandra, unless they have strong rhizomes such as this Wingarra® Lomandra.

Description	Compact, clumping blue-green Lomandra
Density	4-8 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-4 per linear metre
Height & Width	40cm x 60cm
Flowering	Small yellow flowers from Sept-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting or border plantings
Position	Best in part shade, full sun with irrigation; tolerates humidity & frost
Soil Type	Sandy, sandy loam to clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; occasional watering may be needed for dry inland regions, WA and SA; cut back 15cm above the ground every 3–4 years if required
Where It Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (only for non-humid regions like Toowoomba)









#### **Tasred**®

Dianella tasmanica 'TR20' (

Ornamental flax lily with contrasting green and red tones, Tasred® Dianella is one of our most in-demand plants.

The complementary yellow and purple flowers precede purple berries in spring. Contrast with mounded shrubs in lush landscape designs or harness its erosion controlling properties on a slope.

NO FUSS Drought and frost tolerant, glossy Phormium-like foliage.

FUNCTIONAL Japanese style and tropical gardens, mass planted or as an

accent in commercial and domestic landscapes.

RELIABLE The dense, tidy shape is maintained in both shade and sun.

Description	Ornamental flax lily with contrasting green and red toned foliage
Density	4-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-4 per linear metre
Height & Width	45cm x 40-50cm
Flowering	October-November
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Mass plantings; low water gardens
Position	Full sun to heavy shade Tolerates frost & moderate drought
Soil Type	Sandy, sandy loam and clay soils; avoid very poor soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; trim older leaves as required and cut back halfway every 3–7 years to encourage new growth
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (only for non humid regions like Toowoomba with free draining soil)







#### Nyalla®

Lomandra longifolia 'LM400' 🕁

Nyalla® Lomandra is one of our hardiest plants. The grasstreelike foliage effectively catches the breeze, bringing dynamic movement to the landscape. Great choice for coastline planting due to its frontline salt tolerance and effective erosion control.

NO FUSS Drought, cold and salt tolerant - suitable for inland

and coastal climates in soils ranging from sandy

**FUNCTIONAL** Successful as specimen plantings in pots, as an

accent or mass planted in both commercial, roadside and domestic designs. Great for coastal landscapes.

**RELIABLE** Evergreen and rarely produces viable seed,

no annual pruning required. Outcompetes weeds

better than many Lomandra cultivars.

Description	Improved semi-compact blue-hued fine leaf
Density	2-5 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1-2 per linear metre
Height & Width	80-90cm x 80-90cm
Flowering	Small yellow flowers from Sep-Oct
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting & specimen planting
Position	Full sun to moderate shade Tolerates cold & drought
Soil Type	Sandy, sandy loam to clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back 30cm above the ground every 3–10 years if required
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA



Liriope muscari 'VS001' (D

A low growing Liriope with sweet pink flowers that complement its compact, cream and green foliage variegation. A tough contender in borders or mass planted as a groundcover in sun or shade. Position in a shaded or semi-shaded micro climate.

NO FUSS Low growing form is happy in humid and drought

conditions as well as frost and cold.

FUNCTIONAL Groundcover, borders and mass planted, the

welcome flowers brighten a late summer garden.

RELIABLE Clean foliage requires only minimal maintenance

once a year.







Description	Pink flowering Liriope; compact, variegated foliage
Density	10-16 plants per m² 4-8 per linear metre
Height & Width	25cm x 25cm
Flowering	January-February
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Borders, mass plantings or as a groundcover
Position	Full sun to heavy shade Tolerates frost, drought & humidity
Soil Type	All soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; use slow release fertiliser in spring; remove discoloured foliage as required; if in a colder climate cut back to the ground every year
Where It Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA, TAS & NT









#### **Shara**<sup>TM</sup>

Lomandra fluviatilis 'ABU7' (D

Shara™ Lomandra is a fine-foliaged, strappy plant that is versatile and contemporary, highly resistant to disease and climatic extremes and is the go-to choice for bio-retention swales. Soft to touch but hardy enough for children's play areas, its compact, evergreen form is covered in masses of flowers in spring. This clumping perennial with a narrow, grass-like leaf appears blue-grey in the landscape.

NO FUSS Dry, cold, drought, wet, humid, phytophthora tolerant - literally no fuss. Copes better than most other Lomandra varieties

in less well-drained soils with intermittent wet feet but avoid

permanently waterlogged situations.

**FUNCTIONAL** Rooftop and rain gardens, green walls, bio-retention swales,

commercial and residential mass plantings or rockeries.

**RELIABLE** Thrives in exposed conditions, its compact form is covered in

non-viable seed in spring. Safe to plant around bushland.

OZBREED EXTRA Most adaptable Lomandra, even in poor or temporarily water-logged soils, its blue-grey foliage is complementary

to surrounding plantings of mixed species.

Description	Fine leaf, compact Lomandra with blue grey tones
Density	4-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-3 per linear metre
Height & Width	45-55cm x 50cm
Flowering	Yellow flowers sitting above the foliage from September– November
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting in wet and dry areas
Position	Full sun to moderate shade Tolerates humidity, cold & drought
Soil Type	Tolerates a wide variety of soils
Care	Water as needed for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back 15cm above ground every 3–10 years if required
Where It Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA









**RELIABLE** 

Libertia paniculata 'LPP01' (

Shadow Star™ Libertia is the improved form of the popular Australian native with larger flowers and wider, more elegant weeping foliage than the common Libertia form. Shade-loving white flowers bloom in spring and are held high above the foliage.

NO FUSS In light to moderately heavy shade, it brightens up

darker parts of the garden with its white blooms and

shiny, green strappy leaf.

**FUNCTIONAL** Native gardens, mixed plantings, shady gardens,

mass planting, cottage gardens and container planting, along driveways and other slim boundaries.

Perfect for south facing, shaded sites or in beds

overshadowed by neighbouring buildings, due to its

rare quality of shade flowering.

Description  Density 4-6 plants per m² 2-4 per linear metre 30-40 cm x 40-50 cm  Flowering White flowers in spring  Best Planting Time Uses Mass planting, cottage gardens, containers  Position Light - Moderately heavy shade; light frost & moderate drought tolerance once established  Soil Type Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care Water as required for 8-13 weeks until established; prune early August if required  Where It Works  VIC, NSW, TAS, SA & WA		
2-4 per linear metre  30-40 cm x 40-50 cm  Flowering White flowers in spring  Best Planting Time September - April  Uses Mass planting, cottage gardens, containers  Position Light - Moderately heavy shade; light frost & moderate drought tolerance once established  Soil Type Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care Water as required for 8-13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	Description	Wider weeping foliage, clean white flowers
Flowering White flowers in spring  Best Planting Time September - April  Uses Mass planting, cottage gardens, containers  Position Light - Moderately heavy shade; light frost & moderate drought tolerance once established  Soil Type Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	Density	
Best Planting Time Uses Mass planting, cottage gardens, containers Light - Moderately heavy shade; light frost & moderate drought tolerance once established  Soil Type Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	Height & Width	30-40 cm x 40-50 cm
Uses Mass planting, cottage gardens, containers  Position Light - Moderately heavy shade; light frost & moderate drought tolerance once established  Soil Type Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	Flowering	White flowers in spring
Position  Light - Moderately heavy shade; light frost & moderate drought tolerance once established  Soil Type  Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care  Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	<b>Best Planting Time</b>	September - April
Most soil types, prefers moist with moderate drainage  Care Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	Uses	Mass planting, cottage gardens, containers
drainage  Care  Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune early August if required	Position	, , , , ,
established; prune early August if required	Soil Type	31 71
Where It Works VIC, NSW, TAS, SA & WA	Care	·
	Where It Works	VIC, NSW, TAS, SA & WA







#### Sweet Mist®

Phormium tenax 'PH0S2' (D

The exceptional bronze foliage of Sweet Mist® Phormium brings welcome contrast to low borders, positioned at the front of beds or as a specimen planting. This Phormium requires irrigation in dry areas.

NO FUSS Reliable in full sun to part shade, cold hardy with

heavy frost tolerance.

FUNCTIONAL Mass planting, low borders, mixed plantings,

contrasting foliage, container planting, coastal

contemporary garden designs.

RELIABLE Cleaner foliage than other bronze Phormium forms.

Plant in full sun in coastal locations or a shaded

aspect away from sea breeze.	
Description	Ultra-compact bronze Phormium
Density	6-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3-5 per linear metre
Height & Width	40cm x 40cm
Flowering	N/A
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Mass plantings, low borders, fill in plant, containers and patio pots
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates frost & moderate dry
Soil Type	Tolerates a wide variety of soil types
Care	Water as needed for 8–13 weeks until established; ensure crown or base of plant is not below soil level; remove older foliage as required or cut back to half the height every 5 to 7 years
Where It Works	VIC, TAS, SA, WA, ACT & NSW (not suited to north









#### **Tanika®**

Where it Works

Lomandra longifolia 'LM300' (

A hardy evergreen perennial, Tanika® Lomandra's soft, fine foliage and weeping habit continues to make it a popular choice in modern designer gardens and landscapes after more than 15 years. The contrasting and perfumed yellow flowers appear in spring. Its clumping habit and year-round, eye-catching deep-green leaf is highly adaptable to most Australian climatic conditions - consolidating its position as our most in-demand Lomandra.

NO FUSS Suitable for sandy through to clay soils, cold and shade

tolerant, very low maintenance once established.

**FUNCTIONAL** Great for children's play areas, contemporary residential

and commercial designs, dry slopes and dry shade, roadside verge plantings maintaining line of sight

requirements.

High drought resistance & year-round evergreen foliage. **RELIABLE** 

OZBREED EXTRA Non-seeding variety, making it a good choice near bushland and along borders of national parks.

Description	Improved, compact fine leaf form	
Density	3-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-3 per linear metre	
Height & Width	50-60cm x 65cm	
Flowering	Small yellow flowers from Apr-Oct	
Best Planting Time	March-November	
Uses	ldeal for specimen and mass planting in gardens and borders	
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; tolerates humidity, frost & drought	
Soil Type	Sandy, sandy loam to clay soils	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; every	

3–10 years cut back 15cm above the ground if required

VIC, NSW, ACT, SA, WA, TAS & QLD (only for non humid regions like Toowoomba with free draining soil)







#### **Amethyst**<sup>TM</sup>

Liriope muscari 'LIRTP' (

This compact, dark green Liriope boasts long-lasting, deep purple flowers held high above the emerald green foliage during summer. It grows in strappy clumps, remaining evergreen throughout the year, holding reasonable colour in winter unlike common Liriope forms.

NO FUSS Grows well all over Australia, from extreme cold through to hot dry regions, handles humidity, in full

sun to heavy shade.

**FUNCTIONAL** A clean plant, well suited to flower gardens, rockeries,

borders and mass planting.

**RELIABLE** Looks good in late summer when other plants are

tired or past their prime.

Description	Compact, dark green Liriope	
Density	6-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3-5 per linear metre	
Height & Width	40cm x 40cm	
Flowering	Deep purple flowers Jan-Feb	
Best Planting Time	April-October	
Uses	Mass planting, rockeries, flower gardens, specimen plant	
Position	Full sun, moderate to heavy shade Tolerates frost, drought & humidity	
Soil Type	All soil types	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; use slow release fertiliser in spring; cut back to the ground annually	
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA, TAS & NT	







#### Silverlawn<sup>TM</sup>

Liriope muscari 'LIRSS' (D

Reading as silver from a distance, the cream and green variegation of Silverlawn™ Liriope is similarly striking up close. Creates a feature when planted en masse in commercial or residential designs and brightens up the shadier areas under trees or when planted to contrast with feature plants.

NO FUSS Hardy and tough in cold, frost and drought, in many

soil types.

FUNCTIONAL Brightening dark areas of the garden, commercial or residential mass plantings, as an accent or

contrasting and adding definition to companion plantings. Under lights in a well-lit night garden,

this Liriope really shines.

RELIABLE Mow once a year in winter to aid new flush of

growth in spring. White delicate flowers appear

in late summer.

Description	Low growing variegated Liriope	
Density	6-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3-5 per linear metre	
Height & Width	Approx. 35cm x 40cm	
Flowering	White toned flowers from Jan-Feb	
Best Planting Time	March-November	
Uses	Colour contrast, accent/group plantings	
Position	Full sun to heavy shade Tolerates frost & drought	
Soil Type	Wide variety of soil types	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; trim older leaves or cut back annually in winter	
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA, TAS & NT	









#### Pacific Sky<sup>TM</sup>

Lomandra confertifolia subsp rubiginosa 'LM700'PBR intended

A blue-hued Lomandra confertifolia with strong rhizome activity that has seen it perform better in heavy soils and full sun than other L. confertifolia trial plants. The dense fine-leafed foliage and arching habit adds appeal to mass plantings, mixed species clumped plantings and native or Mediterranean style landscapes. The yellow, perfumed flowers in spring contrast beautifully against the blue tones of the foliage.

NO FUSS In shaded and dry areas under tree canopies or difficult

garden beds situated below a building's overhang.

**FUNCTIONAL** Native and Mediterranean landscapes, mass planted, borders, rockeries, accent planting and in dry shade.

The ground-hugging habit of this Lomandra aids in weed

RELIABLE suppression, while keeping soil moist.

OZBREED EXTRA The vigorous rhizome activity of this Lomandra confertifolia

subsp rubiginosa contriubutes to its hardiness in the ground and low maintenance beyond normal establishment period.

Description	Dense, ground hugging, blue foliage Lomandra	
Density	2-5 plants per m² 1-2 per linear metre	
Height & Width	50-70cm x 60-90cm (up to 1.2m wide at maturity)	
Flowering	Perfumed yellow flowers Sept - Nov	
Best Planting Time	Mar-Nov	
Uses	Border edging, mass planting, accent planting near rockeries, difficult dry spots under trees	
Position	Full sun to heavy shade; drought & frost tolerant	
Soil Type	Wide variety of soils, sand to heavy clay, avoid wet feet	
Care	Water as required until established; if needed cut back 15cm above the ground every 3–5 yrs if required	
Where It Works	VIC, Central NSW, South NSW, SA & WA (further testing required for other regions)	







#### Just Right®

Liriope muscari 'LIRJ' (D

It's the fine waxy leaf, dense and compact evergreen growth and consistent height that makes this Liriope, 'just right'. In sun and shade, all over Australia, the adaptability of Just Right® Liriope to all soil types as well as its general phytophthora resilience, makes it a smart landscaping choice.

NO FUSS With leaves that are twice as thick, it grows well in a range of climates and burns less in full sun, frost and

extreme heat than other forms of Liriope.

FUNCTIONAL Roadsides, mass commercial plantings, feature

plantings, borders and residential designs.

RELIABLE Attractive light purple flowers add some highlights

in late summer. Drought resistant.

Description	Evergreen, clean growing Liriope	
Density	4–9 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2–4 per linear metre	
Height & Width	50cm x 50cm	
Flowering	Light purple flowers from Jan-Feb	
Best Planting Time	March-October	
Uses	Mass planting and specimen planting along paths and fences	
Position	Full sun to heavy shade; Tolerates frost, drought & humidity	
Soil Type	Most soil types	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; almost no maintenance; trim as required and cut back every 3–6 years	
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA, TAS & NT	



Liriope muscari 'LIRF' (D

Pink flowers pop against the dark green foliage of this lawn alternative that works well planted around steppers, as a luscious groundcover or living mulch under a feature tree. In full sun, drought and frost, Isabella® Liriope performs and recovers from damage better than mondo grass.

NO FUSS A low maintenance lawn alternative, needs just one mow a year in winter to remove old growth, before it

reshoots with clean & vigorous new spring foliage.

FUNCTIONAL A smart border plant, mass planted, between pavers,

as a lawn alternative in full sun and up to 90% shade.

RELIABLE Once established, its spreading habit acts as a weed

suppressor and living mulch.

Description	Fine leaf, compact spreading Liriope	
Density	6-12 plants per m <sup>2</sup>   4-8 per linear metre	
Height & Width	40 cm x 50 cm; 15–20 cm x 20–30 cm when mown once a year	
Flowering	Masses of pink flowers from Jan-Feb	
Best Planting Time	March-October	
Uses	Lawn, garden borders, specimen & mass planting; ideal for use around stepping stones	
Position	Full sun to heavy shade Tolerates frost, drought & humidity	
Soil Type	All soil types	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; mow/cut back once per year in July-August	
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA, TAS & NT	















#### Variegated Tanika $^{TM}$

Lomandra longifolia 'NPW3' 🗇

A variegated form of the popular fine-leafed Tanika® Lomandra. Use its weeping habit to contrast against deeper green foliage of bun-shaped shrubs in commercial or contemporary residential plantings. The soft, fine foliage is sensitive to wind and frost, but responds well to a regular prune.

NO FUSS Drought and frost tolerant – performs well in light to moderate

shade while the variegation brightens such spaces.

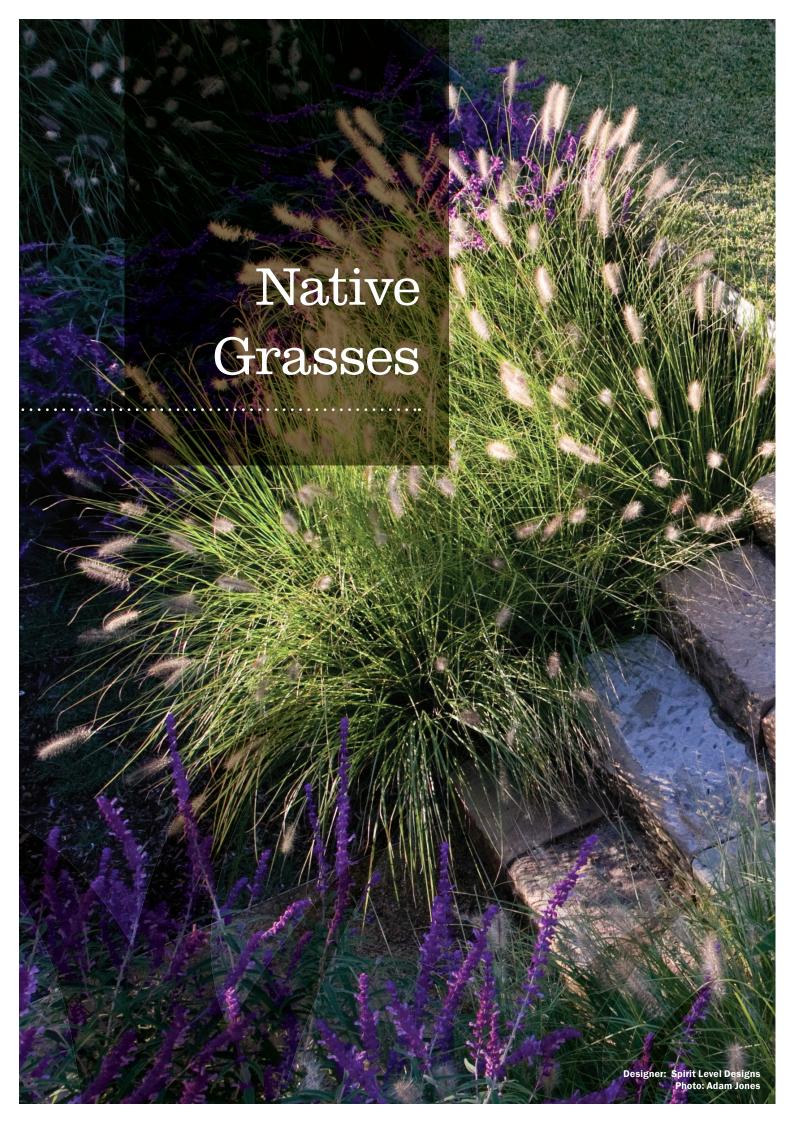
**FUNCTIONAL** Commercial or residential mass planting, accent or specimen

planting, dry shade areas.

RELIABLE Regular pruning after flowering between 1 and 3 years, keeps

the clumping foliage looking fresh.

Description	Variegated fine leaf Tanika® Lomandra		
Density	3-6 plants per m² 2-3 per linear metre		
Height & Width	50-60cm x 65cm		
Flowering	Small yellow flowers from Apr-Oct		
Best Planting Time	March-November		
Uses	For garden plantings and maintained landscapes		
Position	Light to moderate shade Tolerates frost & drought		
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained clay soils		
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; use slow release fertiliser in spring every 1–2 years; trim to remove discoloured leaves as needed; cut back 15cm above the ground every 1–3 years		
Where It Works	NSW, ACT, VIC, SA, WA, TAS & QLD (only for non humid regions like Toowoomba with free draining soil)		











## $\overline{ ext{Kingsdale}^{ ext{TM}}}$

Poa poiformis 'PP500' (D

Indigenous grasses evoke a true sense of place in an Australian designed landscape. Kingsdale™ Poa was one of the earliest commercially released grasses to really capture the imaginations of landscape architects and designers. The fine, blue-hued clumping tussock grass with arching foliage, softens the landscape. Either planted en masse, in clumps for contrast or under trees at the lawn edge, creating a seamless transition from the domesticated garden to the more wild borders beyond. It's a popular choice today for a more lighthanded, organic design ethos that closely imitates nature. A consistent performer, highly regarded as a landscape mainstay for over 15 years.

NO FUSS A tough salt and wind tolerant plant.

FUNCTIONAL Excellent erosion control on slopes, exposed sites, in coastal

climates and mass planted in commercial landscapes.

RELIABLE Tolerates most soil types.

Description	Fine, blue arching leaves	
Density	4-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-4 per linear metre	
Height & Width	45cm x 45cm	
Flowering	N/A	
Best Planting Time	March-October	
Uses	Ideal for mass plantings or as a border; tolerates exposed areas	
Position	Full sun to part shade; Tolerates frost & drought	
Soil Type	Wide variety of soils	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back annually to 15cm above the ground in autumn or late winter; use slow release fertiliser in spring and/or autumn	
Where It Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (only for non humid regions like Toowoomba with some shade)	









#### **Nafray**®

Pennisetum alopecuroides 'PA300' (

A showy, compact native grass with fine foliage and wispy cream to dusty pink flowerheads from summer to autumn. Enjoyed for its changing seasonal displays and enduring anything the climate throws at it. Its glaucous-green coloured foliage, lower height and its reliability in mass planting, has made it a popular choice in landscape design for over 15 years. Like any native grass, Nafray® Pennisetum planted in a pattern, be it straight, wavy, circular or diagonoal, brings a dynamism and rhythm to the landscape. The addition of other species to those patterns is highlighted through their contrasting foliage.

NO FUSS Compact and clumping, generally long-lived, responds

brilliantly to pruning.

**FUNCTIONAL** Contemporary, ornamental element in gravel gardens, on

slopes, mass planted, commercial designs, roadsides and

RELIABLE Australian native with lower seed set, making it a better

choice near bushland.

choice hear bushnana.		
Description	Compact, clumping native grass	
Density	4-10 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-3 per linear metre	
Height & Width	60cm x 60cm	
Flowering	February-May	
Best Planting Time	March-October	
Uses	Mass planting for borders, rockeries and roadsides	
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates frost & drought	
Soil Type	Sandy to heavy clay soils	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; trim 1/3 the size annually in May–Aug or as required; mulch well; use slow release fertiliser in late winter	
Where It Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA & TAS	







NOTE: DO not get this native Australian Pennisetum alopecuroides confused with the invasive African variety (P. setaceum). The native Australian varieties have a much wider plume than the exotic variety and are non-invasive, making them a safer choice. In ideal conditions this variety has the possibility to regenerate from seed (eg. Northern NSW/QLD in warm/wet winters, wet areas and excessively irrigated gardens). It is not an invasive weed, however if you experience these conditions and prefer to avoid regeneration, remove spent flowerheads as required and dispose of correctly.

#### Purple Lea®

Pennisetum alopecuroides 'PA400' (

The arching, narrow foliage in blue-green tones, complements the pale purple flower heads when they are in bloom. Often seen in mass plantings, on hills or mounds, the purple tones of the Pennisetum's feathery flowerheads please a multitude of senses as they catch the wind. Fast to establish, giving a new landscaped area a sense of place relatively quickly.

NO FUSS This showy, clumping perennial does well in full sun to part

shade, while tolerating a wide variety of soils in drought and

frost conditions.

FUNCTIONAL Mass plantings or used as an accent, in borders, commercial

and roadside plantings, rockeries, native or low-maintenance

gardens.

RELIABLE Flowerheads attract birds and other pollinators from February

to May, this lower seeding variety makes it safe to use near

bushland.

Description	Showy, clumping perennial
Density	2-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1-2 per linear metre
Height & Width	80-90cm x 80-90cm
Flowering	Purple flowerheads from February–May
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Mass or accent plantings for borders, rockeries and low maintenance gardens
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates frost & drought
Soil Type	Sandy to heavy clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; trim 1/3 the size annually in May–August or as required; remove spent flower heads as required, dispose of correctly if in a warmer climate or wet area; mulch well; use slow release fertiliser in late winter
Where It Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, QLD, SA, WA & TAS









## Velvet Kangaroo Paw Range

#### A range of iconic Kangaroo Paws bred with bold vibrant flowers and better disease resistance that require less maintenance.

All the plants in the Velvet Kangaroo Paw Range have deep green, strappy, clump-forming foliage and notably good resistance to black spot. The velvet-like flowers are held high above the foliage from the end of winter through to autumn. The iconic blooms bring an Aussie bush and sunset-hued colour range to mass plantings and residential or commercial contemporary gardens. Excellent contrast to other textured foliage when included in on-trend meadow planting palettes. These bird attracting plants are also well suited to rockeries, narrow garden beds, as potted specimens and accent plants.

NO FUSS

Less maintenance required to trim and remove old leaves, compared to other Kangaroo Paw cultivars.

**FUNCTIONAL** 

Good weed suppression if planted densely with same species or alternatively in combination with ultra-low maintenance strappy plant like Dianella or Lomandra.

RELIABLE

Thrives in free-draining soil. Tough and resistant to frost and drought. Perform better on the east coast than other Kangaroo Paws.





• Deep chunky mulch to 75mm around each plant. Using mulch containing little or no fines will result in reduced weed germination

Kangaroo Paws Range

planted Velvet

- Lomandra or Dianella plantings in the foreground hide any untidy foliage
- Spot planted throughout mass planted strappy plants like Lomandra or Dianella provide interesting, undulating colour pops while relying on the weed suppression qualities of the other species.



## Regal Velvet

Anigozanthos hybrid 'Regal Velvet' (

Description	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw
Density	3–5 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2–3 per linear metre
Height & Width	50cm x 40cm
Flowering	Red/green flowers from Aug-May
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting, planter boxes flowering garden specimens
Position	Full sun open position Tolerates frost & drought
Soil Type	Well drained soils
Care	Remove older flower stems fertilise annually
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (in northern QLD it is shorter lived, approx. 2-3yrs — south it is longer term)



Ruby Velvet<sup>TM</sup> Anigozanthos hybrid

Description	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw
Density	4–6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3–4 per linear metre
Height & Width	40cm x 30cm
Flowering	Deep red flowers from Aug-May
<b>Best Planting Time</b>	March-October
Uses	Feature pots or for low maintenance gardens
Position	Full sun open position Tolerates frost & drought
Soil Type	Well drained soils
Care	Remove older flower stems; fertilise anuually
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (in northern QLD it is shorter lived, approx. 2-3yrs — south it is longer term)



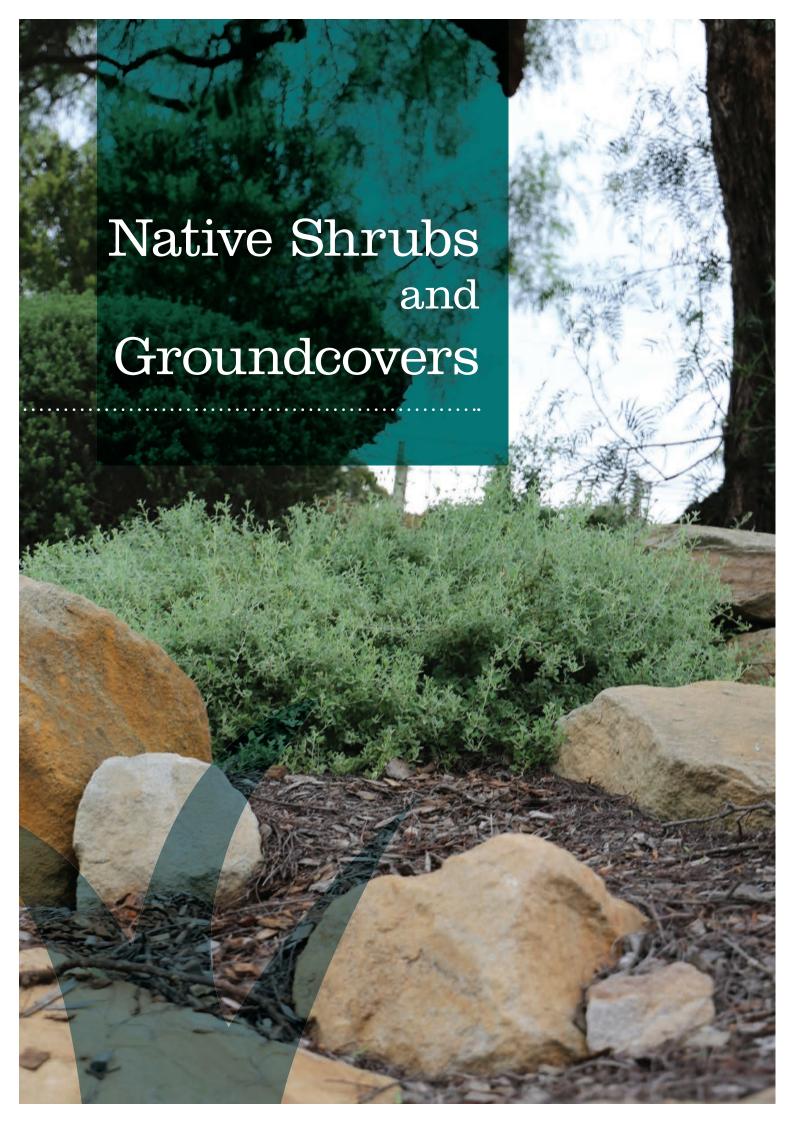
**Amber Velvet** Anigozanthos hybrid 'Amber Velvet' (D

Description	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw
Density	the state of the s
	2–3 per linear metre
Height & Width	50cm x 40cm
Flowering	Red & yellow flowers from Aug-Apr
<b>Best Planting Time</b>	March-October
Uses	Feature pots and low
	maintenance gardens
Position	Full sun open position
	Tolerates frost & drought
Soil Type	Well drained soils
Care	Remove older flower
	stems; fertilise anuually
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (in northern QLD it is shorter lived, approx. 2-3yrs — south it is longer term)



Gold Velvet

dold verver	
Anigozanthos h	ybrid 'Gold Velvet' (D
Description	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw
Density	3–5 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2–3 per linear metre
Height & Width	50cm x 40cm
Flowering	Gold flowers from Aug-May
<b>Best Planting Time</b>	March-November
Uses	Mass planting, planter boxes, flowering garden specimens
Position	Full sun open position Tolerates frost & drought
Soil Type	Well drained soils
Care	Remove older flower stems; fertilise anuually
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (in northern QLD it is shorter lived, approx. 2-3yrs — south it is longer term)









Callistemon viminalis 'CV01' (D

A heavy flowering Callistemon for tight boundaries, thin garden beds or the ever-shrinking backyard, creating complete privacy or screening unsightly neighbouring views. Attracting birds, bees and other pollinators to the garden in spring when covered in masses of red Bottlebrush flowers.

With little pruning  $\operatorname{Slim}^{\mathsf{TM}}$  Callistemon maintains its shape, NO FUSS

without encroaching on limited space in a small area.

**FUNCTIONAL** Screen, hedge or windbreak to 3m high, in a pot or as a

feature tree in a tight corner.

RELIABLE Takes to any harsh environment, performing well in extended

wet periods or drought.

OZBREED EXTRA Foliage is held on the plant all the way to the ground for a

uniform hedge with no gaps and complete privacy.





Description	Narrow, slimline Callistemon
Density	1–3 plants per m² 1–1.5 per linear metre
Height & Width	3m x 1.3m
Flowering	Red flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Screen, hedge or feature for tight planting areas
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune to shape 1–3 times a year after flowering if desired
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







#### Aussie Rambler<sup>TM</sup>

Carpobrotus glaucescens 'CAR10' (1)

A succulent, native groundcover that spills over sloping sites or balcony garden edges. The huge, pink flowers in spring and autumn attract pollinators and complement the purple stems and glaucous foliage of this vigourous, hardy plant. Thick, dense matt-like coverage growing up to 2m wide, suppresses weeds and is quick to grow back when damaged.

Tolerates humidity, frost and cold as low as minus 6°C NO FUSS or colder, far better than the common form of Pigface.

**FUNCTIONAL** Groundcover suited to erosion control and dune

stabilisation, sloping sites, flower gardens, rockeries,

borders and mass planting.

**RELIABLE** Copes well planted inland in heavier soils and

front-line salt tolerant in coastal situations.

Description	Native spreading groundcover
Density	1–2 plants per m²
Height & Width	20cm x 2m
Flowering	Large pink flowers from Sep-May
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Groundcover for coastal & inland plantings
Position	Full sun to light shade Tolerates drought, humidity & frost
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune if ever required
Where it Works	VIC, QLD (not yet tested in northern QLD), NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







#### Cherry Cluster<sup>TM</sup>

Grevillea rhyolitica x juniperina 'TWD01' (b

This hardy, compact and naturally low-growing Grevillea lights up the winter landscape. Its cherry-red flowers continue to bloom like fireworks into spring with spot flowering throughout the year. Tolerant of drought and heat conditions as well as frost tolerant in soils pH7 and under.

NO FUSS The Grevillea rhyolitica gives it the wider leaf form,

while Grevillea juniperina gives Cherry Cluster™

Grevillea its groundcover habit.

**FUNCTIONAL** Low hedge, groundcover, spilling over rockeries,

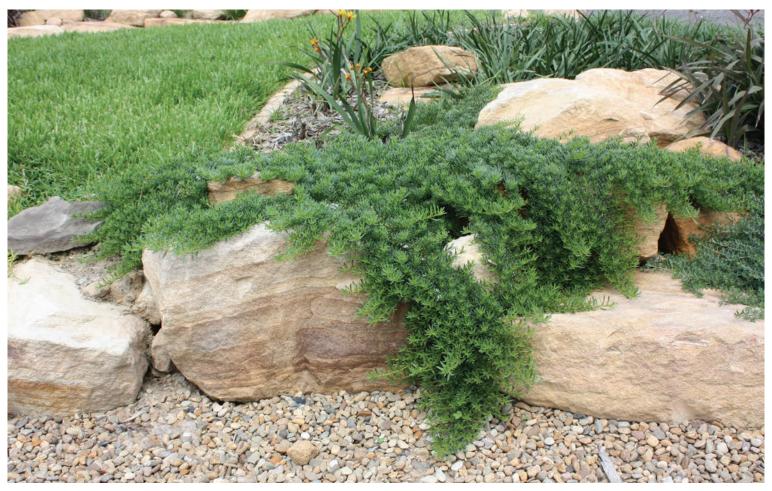
mass planted and native gardens.

**RELIABLE** Thrives in temperate or hot and dry climates.

Frost and cold tolerant to -5 degrees Celsius.

Description	Tough groundcover
Density	2–3 plants per m² 1.5–2 plants per linear metre
Height & Width	50cm x 80cm
Flowering	Attractive red flowers from Mar-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting, native gardens and rockeries
Position	Full sun to part shade; tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Well drained soils, pH below 7
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune if required every 2–3 years; use a native or slow release fertiliser sparingly
Where it Works	VIC, ACT, TAS, SA, WA, NSW (best suited Sydney and south, will work in some parts of Northern NSW) & parts of South East QLD (non humid

regions like Toowoomba)









#### $\mathbf{Y}$ areen $\mathbf{a}^{ ext{TM}}$

Myoporum parvifolium 'PARV01' (D

A native, drought tolerant groundcover, loved by the landscaping industry for its long-lived, spilling form that follows the contours of garden beds and balconies. As a groundcover, or draping itself over rockeries and pot ledges, the deep green foliage of this Myoporum looks like a lush carpet. Its long-lived, thick matting ability make it a notable weed suppressant. Yareena™ Myoporum is frost resistant and stays clean in full sun to part shade. Hardy in a wide variety of soils.

NO FUSS Stays low and spills over walls, low planters and borders.

**FUNCTIONAL** Low groundcover for coastal and inland positions, rooftops,

attractive specimen plant for weed suppression, sloping sites

or in rockeries.

RELIABLE Longer-lived variety due to its thick, woody stems and larger

leaf than common fine-leaved Myoporum.

OZBREED EXTRA A brilliant, low maintenance groundcover with textural contrast

when planted around strappy plants and broad leaved shrubs

in a mixed planting.

Description	Crisp, clean, longer lived Myoporum
Density	1-2 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1-1.5 plants per linear metre
Height & Width	10cm x 1m
Flowering	White flowers from Oct-March
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Excellent groundcover, good for coastal positions
Position	Full sun to part shade; tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Sandy to heavy clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; plant in a well mulched garden; prune once every two years to keep tidy
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







#### **Meema**<sup>TM</sup>

Hardenbergia violacea 'HB1' (

A long-lasting, mounding Hardenbergia that grows in a shrubby form without climbing support, requiring less pruning. Sequential blooming extends Meema™ Hardenbergia's vibrant purple flowering season longer than common Hardenbergia forms, from late winter to early spring.

NO FUSS Hardy and vigorous, frost and drought tolerant.

**FUNCTIONAL** Versatile shrub, informal hedge, groundcover, container

plant and the toughest roadside Hardenbergia.

**RELIABLE** Tidy shrub forming climber, requiring an annual prune

to maintain dense shape, or pruned every 4 to 5 years on roadsides. Hide uneven levels or disguise unsightly areas with this evergreen native.

but will get some leaf burn), TAS, SA & WA

Description	Tidier, longer lived groundcover with a great shrubby form
Density	1–3 plants per m² 1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	50cm x 2m
Flowering	Purple flowers from Jul-Sep
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Great feature plant for gardens and landscapes
Position	Full sun to semi shade; Tolerates drought & cold
Soil Type	Sandy to heavy clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune once a year after flowering for a natural shape; prune 2–3 times a year for a hedge
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT (survives in extreme cold,







#### Coastal Pink<sup>TM</sup>

Correa alba 'COR10' (D

In native or Mediterranean-style landscapes, the delicate, rounded leaf adds to the textural contrast in the shrub layer. Branches boast the attractive bronze tones of Correa alba, while its dark green foliage is complemented by the light pink bell-shaped flowers that set it apart from the common form.

NO FUSS Copes well in windy and coastal sites with good

salt tolerance.

Bird attracting, native or Mediterranean landscapes, **FUNCTIONAL** 

hedging.

Where it Works

**RELIABLE** Excellent deep green shrub layer planting with

contrasting foliage.	
Description	Medium coastal shrub
Density	1-2 plants per m <sup>2</sup>   1-2 plants per linear metre
Height & Width	2m x 2m; can be pruned twice a year to keep it at a smaller size
Flowering	Light pink bells in winter/early spring
Best Planting Time	Autumn, winter or spring
Uses	Coastal, bird attracting, shrub layer between trees, mass planted as a medium sized shrub or as a small to fence-sized hedge
Position	Full sun to light shade. Tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Preferably reasonably drained soil, however it is adaptable to most soil types
Care	Low water requirements once established; prune once per year to maintain semi-compact habit or twice per year for a really tidy appearance; prune to desired shape and fertilise with slow release native fertiliser

VIC, ACT, SA, WA, TAS, Southern NSW and

Sydney (in good draining soils)









#### Better John<sup>TM</sup>

Callistemon viminalis 'LJ1' (

The contrasting iridescent blue-green mature foliage, and its speed to establish and grow, are traits that make Callistemon Better John™ superior to its parent 'Little John' Callistemon. Abundant red Bottlebrush flowers attract birds, butterflies and bees in spring.

NO FUSS Tolerates sun, shade and drought or frost conditions, clay to

free draining soils, periodic wet feet or heavy drought.

**FUNCTIONAL** Mass planting, roadsides, mounded clumps, low-shrub layer

plantings, bio-retention swales, hedges and windbreaks.

**RELIABLE** A tidier and more-dense hedge will be established with regular pruning but can be left after establishment and only pruned

every few years.

OZBREED EXTRA The soft, hairy texture of the new growth creates a muted

silvery contrast in the landscape. The saturated red blooms

pop against the foliage in spring.

Description	Native shrub with blue-green foliage
Density	3-5 plants per m² 1.5-2 per linear metre
Height & Width	60cm-1.2m x 60cm-90cm
Flowering	Red flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Specimen plant, contrast plant
Position	Full sun to part shade; drought tolerant
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune every 3–4 yrs for a natural shape if required, or every 2 yrs for a tidy hedge
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA









Grevillea rosmarinifolia 'H16' (D

Naturally bun-shaped, this small-bird attracting Grevillea makes a perfect hedge or low border. Flowers prolifically in winter and spring, the crimson blooms contrast against the emerald green, lace-like foliage. Prune annually to maintain a tidier form. Best suited to temperate and hot/dry climates.

NO FUSS Durable and tough in drought and frost, cold hardy

for all areas except Alpine conditions.

FUNCTIONAL Informal or formal hedging plant, mass planting,

rockeries, Mediterranean or native style landscapes.

RELIABLE Fine, lace-like foliage and dense branching habit

resulting in a more compact plant.

Description	Tough, compact shrub
Density	1–2 plants per m² 1–1.5 per linear metre
Height & Width	80cm x 80cm
Flowering	Masses of crimson flowers from August-November
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting, native gardens and rockeries
Position	Full sun to light shade Tolerates drought, humidity & frost
Soil Type	Well drained soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune every two years or annually for best performance; use slow release fertiliser annually
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & parts of South East QLD



Grevillea juniperina 'H22' (1)

A dense, ground-hugging Grevillea that gets covered in golden hued, spider-like flowers from winter, well into spring. The spilling habit is well suited to embankments and sloping sites with moderate humidity and soils that are pH 7 and under. Tolerant of cold as well as hot, dry conditions.

NO FUSS Less fussy than most grevilleas, benefits from a

prune every couple of years to keep tidy.

FUNCTIONAL Groundcover, weed suppression due to its density

and coverage, rockeries, native or Mediterranean

style and pollinator attracting gardens.

RELIABLE Holds flowers for extended periods and will grow to

half the size of the popular Grevillea 'Molongo'.







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Description	Low growing groundcover
Density	1–2 plants per m <sup>2</sup>
	1.5-2 plants per linear metre
Height & Width	30cm x 80cm-1m
Flowering	Gold-yellow flowers from Jul-Sep
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Groundcover, specimen planting
Position	Full sun to part shade
	Tolerates drought & cold
Soil Type	pH below 7, free draining to moderately heavy
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune every 2–3 years if required; use a native slow release fertiliser sparingly
Where it Works	VIC, NSW (Sydney and south), ACT, TAS, SA & WA





Ozbreed Flat White® formerly known as Slender Bells White™ Pandorea jasminoides 'PJ01' (D

A native plant, with a habit like Flat Mat™ Trachelospermum jasminoides. Ozbreed Flat White® Pandorea jasminoides is the native groundcover of choice for roundabout and roadside line-of-sight plantings and where weed suppression is vital. Unlike common Pandorea that tend to be leggy and vigorous only at the top of the plant, Ozbreed Flat White® Pandorea is selected for its natural foliage density at ground level when used as a climber. Trained up a trellis, its instinct is to grow slim and vertically. When left to spread, Ozbreed Flat White® Pandorea will stay low and flat, only needing pruning once or twice a year. Tolerant of drought and moderate frost, the beautiful white flowers in the warmer months add interest in sun or part shade.

NO FUSS

The abundant white, bell-shaped flowers on this native appear

during spring and summer in full sun to part shade.

**FUNCTIONAL** 

Ozbreed Flat White® Pandorea is a vigorous, evergreen and lush groundcover, with dense branching and foliage to suppress weeds and in roadside applications, bedding plant

or mass planting. Utilise as a climber to hide ugly views.

RELIABLE

As reliable a choice as Star Jasmine when specified either as a climber or a groundcover. Evergreen dense foliage coverage from the ground up and attractive flower flushes during the

warmer months.

Description	More dense, compact climber or groundcover
Density	1–2 plants per m <sup>2</sup>   1–3 per linear metre
Height & Width	2-3m x 40-60cm pruned; 80cm-2m wide unpruned
Flowering	Pure white flowers from late spring to summer
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	A climber for covering fences and trellises, ideal for narrow spaces   A spreading groundcover, to suppress weeds
Position	Full sun to part shade; Moderate frost tolerance, drought tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeeks until established; prune a few months after planting; prune twice per year for a narrow tight climber
Where it Works	VIC, South QLD, NSW, TAS, SA & WA







#### Green John<sup>TM</sup>

Callistemon viminalis 'LJ23' (D

The lime green of its new growth is what gives this small shrubby Callistemon its name. A textural and colour contrast with other mounding shrubs in the landscape. The red Bottlebrush flowers bloom in spring. Shorter and tidier than the older Little John™ Callistemon form.

NO FUSS Dense habit is accentuated with pruning but not necessary. Pruning will encourage growth and

assist in gaining maximum height performance. Accent, low hedge or mounding plant in layered **FUNCTIONAL** 

landscape plantings. Bio-retention swales and

roadside plantings.

Tough and hardy, Green John™ Callistemon is suited **RELIABLE** 

to drought conditions and frosty climates. Varied soils from sandy to clay-loam.

Description	Native shrub with green foliage
Density	3-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-2.5 per linear metre
Height & Width	60cm-1m x 60cm
Flowering	Red flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Specimen plant, bio-retention swales, shrub layer
Position	Full sun to part shade; drought & cold tolerant
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained soils
Care	Water as needed for 8-13 weeks until established; prune as required every 2-4 years
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







#### Macarthur<sup>TM</sup>

Callistemon viminalis 'LC01' (D

Macarthur™ Callistemon is a tidy, mid-sized shrub that can be used to great effect as a backbone plant in a layered landscape. Densely foliaged with fresh green tones, its large bright red blooms bring floral interest and pollinators to the yard in spring. Spot flowering throughout the rest of the year. Resistant to Myrtle Rust.

NO FUSS This 'Little John' - 'Captain Cook' cross is naturally tight and bun-shaped, needing a prune every 4 or 5

years to maintain preferred size.

FUNCTIONAL Fits into the small shrub, horizontal layer, as a

malleable background shrub in native, bird-attracting

residential or commercial designs.

**RELIABLE** Mid-sized mass flowering Callistemon boasts profuse

flowering in humid hot dry conditions as well as frost

tolerant.

Description	More compact, better flowering Callistemon; bushy growth habit
Density	1–2 plants per m² 1–1.5 per linear metre
Height & Width	1.8m x 1.5m
Flowering	Red flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Medium sized shrub
Position	Full sun to part shade. Tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Tolerates most soil conditons
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune to shape 1–3 times a year after flowering for a hedge
Where it Works	VIC. OLD. NSW. ACT. TAS. SA & WA









## Purple Fusion<sup>TM</sup>

Scaevola humilis 'PFS100' (D

Adorned with purple fan-shaped flowers almost year-round, this native groundcover remains low while spreading up to 1.5m wide in full sun to part shade. Purple Fusion™ Scaevola's smaller leaf makes it tougher in cold climates and drought conditions, requiring less irrigation. The cascading habit of this pretty perennial drapes itself beautifully over walls, containers and hanging baskets.

NO FUSS The non-mounding form requires no cutting back, resulting in

less maintenance.

**FUNCTIONAL** Mass groundcover, rockeries, raised planters, hanging baskets

and as a border planting to soften paving. Cottage style gardens

or native landscapes.

RELIABLE Flatter and more compact than common Scaevola aemula forms

due to Scaevola humilis genealogy.

Description	Non-mounding groundcover
Density	1–2 plants per m² 1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	20cm x 1.5m
Flowering	Small purple flowers from Sep-Dec and most other times of the year
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Groundcover
Position	Sun to light shade; tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; trim once a year to keep tidy
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, TAS, SA & WA



#### Scarlet Flame<sup>TM</sup>

RELIABLE

Callistemon viminalis 'CC19' (D

A dense, compact Callistemon boasting young foliage with a rust-red tone, followed by masses of red, Bottlebrush flowers. This 'Captain Cook' Callistemon selection contributes a colourful display over many months thanks to its fine, hairy juvenile leaves and flower display. A formal hedge or screening plant that attracts birds, bees and butterflies to the garden.

NO FUSS A yearly prune keeps this medium-size hedge or

screen tidy, while encouraging new growth.

FUNCTIONAL Informal hedge or pruned for more formality,

> screening unattractive views and creating privacy. A drought tolerant, self-cleaning Callistemon which

> loses its spent flowers quickly, maintaining a dense

and tidy hedge.

Description	Dwarf, compact fine leaf Callistemon with subtle new growth
Density	1–3 plants per m² 1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	60cm-1.5m x 60cm-1m depending on conditions
Flowering	Red flowers from Sep-Nov
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Hedge, specimen shrub
Position	Full sun to part shade; drought tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune to shape 1–2 times a year after flowering for a tidy hedge or every 2–3 years for a natural shape
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







#### $\overline{\mathbf{Red}}$ Aler $\mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{TM}}$

Callistemon viminalis 'KPS38' (b

Burgundy-red young growth makes Red Alert™ Callistemon the native answer to exotic Photinia. A compact bottle brush for hedging or screening, creates privacy and interest with vibrant red and fluffy new growth in spring and autumn. Rarely flowers, so won't attract bees. Stands up to wind, cold and light frost.

NO FUSS Drought and poor soil tolerant, prune annually to suit

the height individually required in the garden.

**FUNCTIONAL** Hedge, privacy screen or feature plant, low flower

count so less pollen makes it perfect for low allergen,

or kid-friendly gardens.

RELIABLE It thrives in gardens situated in Australian climatic

extremes.

Description	Red new growth foliage; compact form
Density	1–2 plants per m² 1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	2-2.4m x 1.5-2m unpruned; 60cm-2m x 50cm-1.5m pruned
Flowering	Rarely, if ever flowers
Best Planting Time	March-October
Uses	Hedge, specimen shrub
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune to shape 1–3 times a year after red new growth foliage for a tidy hedge
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA

# Westringia Range

# A range of native, glaucous, tough Westringias that range in size - for every situation.

The Ozbreed Westringia range has taken a common native species and selected strains that suit every landscaping situation. Often proposed as the exotic Buxus alternative, Westringias stand on their own as ideal plants for our varied climate. Being native, the grey-blue hues complement our natural bushland and look right at home in commercial landscapes or residential gardens.



### Naringa<sup>n</sup>

The best hedging Westringia Max. height: 2.2m Max. width: 1.5m Min. pruning height: 1m Min. pruning width: 60cm



# Blue Gem<sup>TM</sup>

Masses of vivid flowers Max. height: 1.5m Max. width: 1.3m Min. pruning height: 1m Min. pruning width: 80cm



# $\mathbf{\overset{\mathtt{Ozbreed}}{Aussie}}\,\mathbf{Box}^{\scriptscriptstyle{ ext{@}}}$

Green native box hedge Max. height: 95cm Max. width: 95cm Min. pruning height: 40cm Min. pruning width: 40cm



### Grey BoxTM

Grey native box hedge Max. height: 45cm Max. width: 45cm Min. pruning height: 30cm Min. pruning width: 30cm



### **M**undi<sup>TM</sup>

Low growing groundcover Max. height: 50cm Max. width: 1.5m Min. pruning height: 30cm Min. pruning width: 1m



### Low Horizon<sup>TM</sup>

Low growing groundcover Max. height: 30cm Max. width: 70cm







# Blue Gem<sup>TM</sup>

Westringia hybrid 'WES03' A()

Naturally mounding with profuse, vibrant lilac-blue flowers, blooms in spring and sporadically throughout the year. Blue Gem™ Westringia makes an eyecatching hedge or accent plant in a native or contemporary garden.

NO FUSS Tolerates all soils from well-drained clay to sandy, frost and

drought tolerant.

**FUNCTIONAL** Native and pollinator friendly gardens, hedge, accent, or mass

planted in commercial or residential landscapes.

RELIABLE Pruning the bushy growth up to three times a year will create a

more dense, manicured plant.

Description	Shrubby Westringia
Density	1-3 plants per m <sup>2</sup>   1-2 per linear metre
Height & Width	1-1.5m x 80cm-1.3m
Flowering	Bluish-purple flowers from Sep-May
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Feature plant, mass plantings and native gardens
Position	Full sun to light shade. Tolerates drought & cold
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained clay soils
Care	Prune to shape as required after flowering
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA and South East QLD (not suited to Northern QLD)









# Low Horizon<sup>TM</sup>

Westringia fruticosa 'WES06' (

A dense, low growing groundcover that is covered in white flowers in spring. Low Horizon™ Westringia has a flat habit and short internodes that makes it Ozbreed's most compact and lowest maintenance Westringia.

NO FUSS Lowest maintenance groundcover. Occasional pruning will

result in increased density and better weed suppression.

**FUNCTIONAL** Groundcover, mass plantings around taller trees and shrubs,

native and cottage garden styles, containers, rockeries or

border planting.

RELIABLE In drought and colder climates, Low Horizon™ Westringia

tolerates the extremes of humidity and frost in a wide variety

of soil types.

OZBREED EXTRA Great foliage and textural contrast to other Westringias or

shrub layers in the garden.

Description	Tough, dense compact groundcover
Density	2–3 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-3 per linear metre
Height & Width	30cm x 70cm
Flowering	White flowers in early spring
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Groundcover for mass plantings and gardens, or as a border plant
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates drought & cold
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained clay soils
Care	Prune if required or as desired
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, SA, WA, ACT & TAS; currently testing in QLD









# Grey Box<sup>TM</sup>

Westringia fruticosa 'WES04' (

The compact, low-mounding, blue-grey foliage of this small native shrub makes a great addition to the available plant palette for rain gardens and bio-retention swales. Adds spectacular contrast to deep green plantings in the coastal landscape or inland. Evergreen and tidy even if left unpruned, it naturally maintains a much-desired bun shape. An easy care and hardy plant, tolerating periodic wet feet, salt spray, frost and drought.

NO FUSS A great substitute for English Box, drought and frost tolerant. **FUNCTIONAL** Useful for drainage and bio-retention swales, rain gardens,

hedging, borders, containers and mass planting.

RELIABLE Compact natural ball shape can be left unpruned or prune up

to 3 times a year for a more dense, tidy hedge.

OZBREED EXTRA Can tolerate periodic wet feet anticipated in drainage swales

and rain gardens. Suits a range of soil types from sandy to

heavy clay.

Description	Very compact native hedge plant
Density	3-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-3 per linear metre
Height & Width	30-45cm x 30-45cm unpruned; 30cm x 30cm pruned
Flowering	White flowers from September-May
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Rain gardens, bio-retention swales, hedges, borders, containers, mass plantings
Position	Full sun to light shade; Tolerates drought & frost
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as needed for 8–13 weeks until established; prune to desired shape as required 1–3 times a year after flowering
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA









# Mundi<sup>TM</sup>

Westringia fruticosa 'WES05' (D

Tough, spilling Westringia groundcover with the unique ability to handle periodic wet feet, like Grey Box™ Westringia. Sports white spring flowers. The compact foliage growth will out-compete weeds. A naturally low mounding, low maintenance plant that looks good left unpruned, or adapts to architectural topiary clipping styles where desired.

NO FUSS Drought and cold hardy in soils ranging from sandy to silty

clay, including periodic wet feet. Natural rainfall is sufficient

irrigation after establishment.

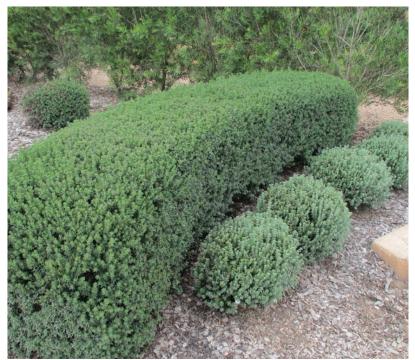
**FUNCTIONAL** Low spreading groundcover perfect for bio-retention swales, rain gardens, rockeries, mass planted to spill over retaining

walls or hide unsightly, low-lying areas, roadsides and verge plantings while maintaining line of sight requirements.

RELIABLE Spread of up to 1.5m with greater density after regular

pruning.

Description	Tough, beautiful groundcover
Density	1–3 plants per m² 1–1.5 per linear metre
Height & Width	40-50cm x 1.5m
Flowering	White flowers from Sep-Apr
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Great for mass plantings, bio-retention swales, rain gardens and low maintenance areas
Position	Full sun to part shade Tolerates drought & cold
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; almost no maintenance; prune to shape 1–3 times a year after flowering, every few years for a natural shape
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, TAS, SA, WA & ACT (Prefers shelter from heavy frost in ACT)













# Ozbreed Aussie Box®

Westringia hybrid 'WES08' (

A tough native alternative to English or Japanese Box, with compact leaf and natural ball-shaped habit that thrives in both inland and coastal climates. The masses of self-cleaning lilac flowers that cover the plant from spring through to autumn will attract pollinators to the garden. An easy-care plant that requires little attention, making it the perfect set and forget shrub for large-scale landscaping situations.

NO FUSS Drought and salt tolerant, suitable in a range of soil

types but won't tolerate wet feet.

FUNCTIONAL Low hedge, mounded plantings, borders, container

gardens, formal gardens with regular clipping and

topiary applications.

RELIABLE Fast to establish with low water requirements and

tolerant of frosts.

Description Native box hedge plant with a tight, compact growth habit

Density 2–4 plants per m²
1.5–3 per linear metre

Height & Width 40-60cm x 40-60cm pruned 70-95cm x 70-95cm unpruned

Flowering | Mauve flowers from Sep-May

Best Planting Time | March-November

Uses Hedges, borders, containers and

mass plantings

Position Full sun to light shade

Tolerates drought & frost

Soil Type | Most soil types

are Prune to desired shape as required

Where it Works VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA and South East QLD (not suited to Northern QLD)

# $Naringa^{TM}$

Westringia hybrid 'WES01' (D

This fast-growing native shrub brings a tidy, mound-shaped form to the landscape. Festooned with lilac flowers from spring to autumn, it has great hedging applications thanks to its tight, compact foliage. Suited to natural, unpruned and informal uses, or clipped topiary and formal hedging in a more traditional landscape.

NO FUSS Its fastigiate habit results in half as much pruning than most other Westringia forms. Neat, naturally

dense growth.

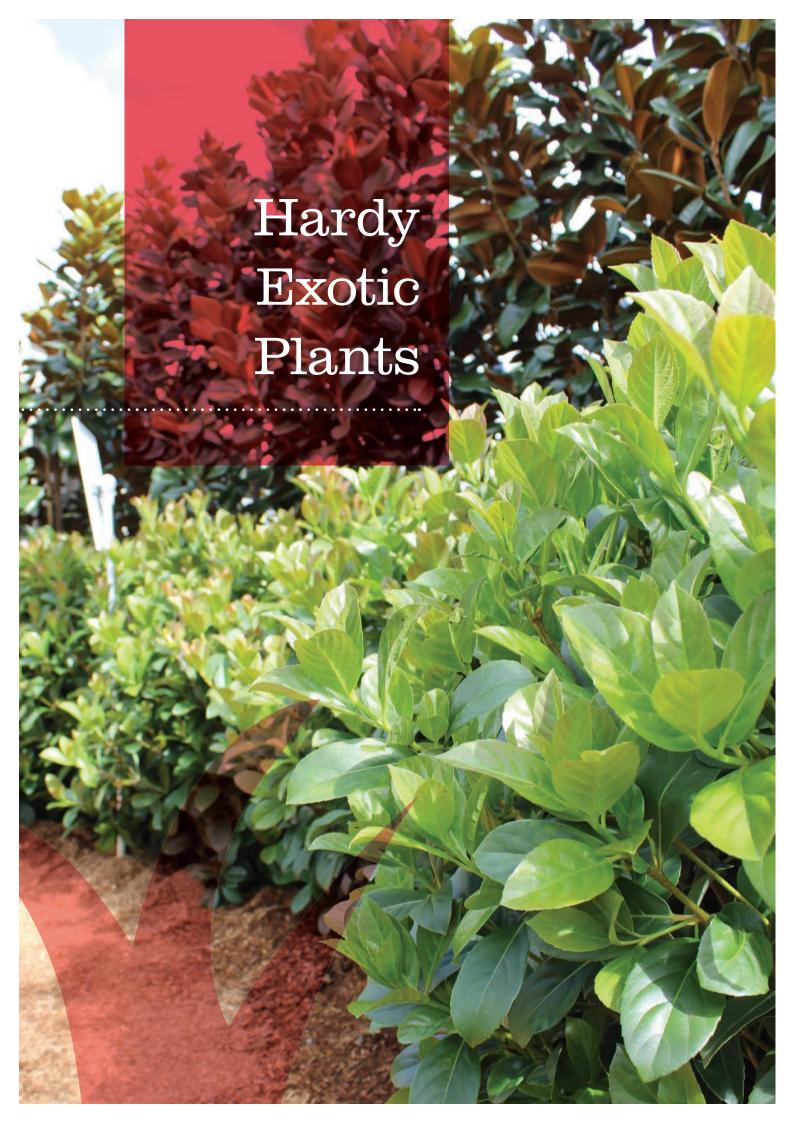
FUNCTIONAL Windbreak, hedge, screening, shrub layer, native and

coastal gardens and a pollinator-attracting feature.

RELIABLE Well suited to drought and drier climates and sandy

to well-drained clay. Doesn't like wet feet.

Description	The best hedging form of Westringia
Density	1–2 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	1m x 60cm pruned; 2.2m x 1.5m unpruned
Flowering	Mauve flowers from Sep-May
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Tidy hedging or specimen plant
Position	Full sun to part shade; drought & cold tolerant
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained clay soils
Care	Prune as required or leave unpruned
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA and South East QLD (not suited to Northern QLD)











# Flat Mat<sup>TM</sup>

Trachelospermum asiaticum 'FT01' (1)

Star Jasmine is the go-to groundcover and climber in contemporary landscape architecture and design. Flat Mat™ Trachelospermum is the flattest Star Jasmine available to screen or form a verdant groundcover and suppress weeds in sunny or shaded, tight and difficult sites. The pretty white flower adds a recognisable scent to the beginning of the warmer seasons and its evergreen glossy foliage is as hardy as it is beautiful. As a groundcover or supported on the vertical plane, Flat Mat™ Trachelospermum requires less pruning to achieve thicker coverage and density, faster than the common form of Star Jasmine.

NO FUSS Less pruning required due to its extremely flat, prostrate habit

and compact foliage.

FUNCTIONAL Quick to form a thick groundcover, climb a trellis or cover

a wall using tensioned wire or pergola frame.

Great for planters.

**RELIABLE** Prune after flowering to trigger growth.

Description	Low growing groundcover or climber
Density	1–2 plants per m² 1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	30-40cm x 3-4m
Flowering	Small white flowers in summer
Best Planting Time	All year round
Uses	Groundcover, climber, containers, borders
Position	Full sun to part shade; drought & cold tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Keep moist in dry weather; prune after flowering; slow release fertilise in spring
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, NT, SA & WA









# Dense $Fence^{TM}$

The perfect low maintenance, evergreen hedge or privacy screen, with compact and fine red-tinged new foliage and scented white flowers in spring. Finer leaves, higher density, shorter inter-nodes and reddish new growth is what sets Dense Fence™ Viburnum apart from the common form. The vigorous growth of Dense Fence™ Viburnum and its need for little to no pruning, creates hedging privacy screens in a few years.

NO FUSS Naturally more compact than common Viburnums, Dense Fence™ Viburnum needs less pruning to maintain its form.

**FUNCTIONAL** Hedge or boundary planting, suited to feature planting in pots

or garden beds.

**RELIABLE** Hardy in cold, frosts and drought, low pest and disease

resistance.

Description	Dense screen; subtle red new growth
Density	1–2 plants per m²
	1–2 per linear metre
Height & Width	2.5m x 2m (up to 3.5m if left unpruned)
Flowering	White flowers in spring
Best Planting Time	Spring and autumn
Uses	Screen, hedge, small feature tree & patio pot plant
Position	Full sun to part shade; cold tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types, prefers well drained soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; use slow release fertiliser in early spring; prune as required
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA

Want to keep those nosy neighbours out? Dense Fence™ and Quick Fence™ are the perfect privacy screening plants.









# Quick Fence<sup>TM</sup>

Viburnum odoratissimum 'VOQ1' PBR (

Block out the neighbours in no time with this fast growing, evergreen Viburnum. The ideal hedging plant with mid-green, large glossy leaves and an upright growth habit. The tight, bushy foliage results in a better hedging form, fast. Regular tip-pruning on the lateral face of the shrub encourages side growth and eventually a thicker hedge.

NO FUSS Tolerant of most soil types and light frost once established in

full sun to part shade.

FUNCTIONAL Narrow windbreak, hedge or screen to hide unsightly views.

RELIABLE Fast-growing, deliciously glossy hedge in 18 months, the white

flowers in late spring are followed by red fruit.

OZBREED EXTRA Can be pruned regularly to encourage lateral growth but not

mandatory to prune.

Description	Fast growing, mid-sized screening and hedging plant
Density	1 plant per 1–2 m² 1 plant per 1–2 linear metres
Height & Width	4m x 2.5m
Flowering	White flowers in late spring followed by small red fruit.
Best Planting Time	Autumn and spring
Uses	Screening and hedging plant
Position	Full sun to part shade; cold tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types, but prefers well-drained soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; use slow release fertiliser in spring; tip prune to promote more lateral growth
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA

# Choose your viburnum fence.

Fence in a hurry, Quick Fence™ (left) is 2 years younger than our easy care fence, Dense Fence™ (right).









Agapanthus hybrid 'ANDbin' (D

More colour, more often. Bright and vibrant blue flowers are held high above lush strappy green foliage from spring. Repeat flowering throughout the year. Looks amazing mass planted, in commercial or residential landscapes or raised in planters or balcony potted gardens.

NO FUSS

Thrives in rich soil and tolerates poorer soils, this is a tough plant that's drought and frost hardy.

**FUNCTIONAL** 

Mass planted, cottage garden styles, formal, border planting, potted feature in gardens and on patios.

**RELIABLE** The compact form has good disease resistance.

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Description	Compact Agapanthus that repeat flowers
Density	4-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-4 per linear metre
Height & Width	40cm x 60cm; 60–80cm high flowers
Flowering	En masse Oct-Nov; sporadically throughout the year (depending on location and growing conditions)
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Garden beds, borders, patio pots and planter boxes
Position	Full sun to part shade; drought & frost tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types, but thrives in rich soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; plant in a well mulched garden (chunky mulch is recommended); if required use slow release fertiliser in spring (for best flower production); remove older leaves and spent flowers stems as required
Where it Works	VIC, South QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







# Bingo White<sup>TM</sup>

Agapanthus hybrid 'WP001' (

More flowers, more often. Bright white, tubular blooms are held high above compact strappy green foliage starting in spring, with repeat flowering throughout the season and sporadic flowering during the year. Low maintenance with sophisticated looks when mass planted, in ground or raised in planters.

NO FUSS

Thrives in rich soil and tolerates poorer soils, a tough plant that's drought and frost hardy.

**FUNCTIONAL** 

Mass planted, cottage garden styles, formal, border planting, potted feature in gardens and on patios.

**RELIABLE** 

Good disease resistance and low maintenance plant

in commercial or residential landscapes. Description Compact Agapanthus that repeat flowers Density 4-6 plants per m<sup>2</sup>

2-4 per linear metre Height & Width 40cm x 60cm; 60-80cm high flowers En masse Oct-Nov; sporadically throughout Flowering the year (depending on location and growing conditions) **Best Planting Time** March-November Garden beds, borders, patio pots and planter boxes Position Full sun to part shade; drought & frost tolerant Soil Type Most soil types, but thrives in rich soil Care Water as required for 8-13 weeks until established; plant in a well mulched garden

flowers stems as required

VIC, South QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA

(chunky mulch is recommended); if required use slow release fertiliser in spring (for best flower production); remove older leaves and spent









# Double Gold<sup>TM</sup>

Gazania hybrid 'GT20' (b

Glaucous blue-grey foliage and bright yellow, double flowers throughout most of the year. Established Double Gold™ Gazanias ground-hugging tendencies make it perfect for soil stabilisation and weed suppression. A sterile groundcover, with great drought and frost tolerance.

NO FUSS Requires little maintenance and thrives in poor soil once

established.

FUNCTIONAL Verges, sloping sites and embankments, erosion control

and soil stabilisation.

**RELIABLE** Fast to establish with twice the flower count than common

Gazanias.

Description	Spreading groundcover with double the flowers
Density	3-5 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-4 per linear metre
Height & Width	Approx 20cm x 60cm
Flowering	Yellow flowers from Sep-Apr
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting, rockeries, roadsides
Position	Full sun; drought & frost tolerant
Soil Type	Free draining to heavy clay soils
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; little care needed; trim as required after flowering
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (not suited to northern QLD)













# Queen Mum<sup>TM</sup>

Agapanthus orientalis 'PMN06' (D

The extra-large, bi-colour tubular flowers of Queen Mum™ Agapanthus are held regally high above the compact green strappy foliage at around 1.5m. Its white petal and blue throated bloom attract pollinators during summer in full sun to partial shade.

NO FUSS Hardy and tough, tolerating frost, drought, disease

and humidity, Queen Mum™ Agapanthus is well

suited to a water-wise garden.

FUNCTIONAL Mass planted, cottage garden styles, formal, border

planting, potted feature planting on patios and

planter boxes.

RELIABLE Much-loved, like her namesake, Queen Mum™

Agapanthus has reliably and successfully been used

in landscapes for over a decade.

Description	Extra large white and blue flower heads
Density	2-4 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 1.5-3 per linear metre
Height & Width	1.5m x 1.2m
Flowering	White/blue flowers from Dec-Jan
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Garden beds, borders, patio pots, and planter boxes
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; drought & frost tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; remove older leaves and spent flower heads as required
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA

# Thin $Red^{TM}$

Photinia x fraseri 'NP01' (

Perfect small footprint hedging plant for narrow garden beds and shrinking backyards that still allows full use of the garden for recreation. Small white flowers bloom in mid to late spring while new growth appears in flushes of red.

NO FUSS Full sun to part shade and successful in most

soil types.

FUNCTIONAL Narrow hedge or privacy screen, requiring an annual

prune to encourage growth or more regular pruning

for a more formal finish.

RELIABLE Prune regularly to maintain hedge height at desired

level when mature.

Description	Narrow hedging plant with red new growth
Density	1 per m <sup>2</sup> 2 per linear metre for screening
Height & Width	3-4m x 60cm
Flowering	Small white flowers in mid to late spring
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Screens, hedges for narrow spaces
Position	Full sun to part shade; frost tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; use slow release fertiliser annually; prune 1–2 times a year
Where It Works	VIC, South QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA & WA







# Cosmic White<sup>TM</sup>

Rhaphiolepis indica 'RAPH01' (

The dark, silky green foliage of this dependable shrub, boasts an extra-large white flower display in spring in all types of Australian climatic extremes. In shade, sun and poor soils, Cosmic White™ Rhaphiolepis has been bred to rarely produce viable seed, making it a safer choice near bushland.

NO FUSS Covered in spring flowers. Highly disease resistant in

sun, shade, hot, dry, cold and frost.

FUNCTIONAL Hedging, perennial shrub layer, Mediterranean,

formal residential gardens, commercial designs.

RELIABLE Tough and dependable, this perennial garden bed

stalwart provides the backdrop tones to accent-plant

heroes.

Description	Large, profusely flowering shrub	
Density	1–3 plants per m <sup>2</sup>	
	1–1.5 per linear metre	
Height & Width	1.5-2m x 1.5m	
Flowering	White flowers from Sep-Nov	
Best Planting Time	March-November	
Uses	Hardy shrub for just about any location; home	
	and commercial use	
Position	Full sun to moderate shade	
	Drought & cold tolerant	
Soil Type	Sandy to well drained clay soils	
Care	Water as required for 8-13 weeks until	
	established; if required, prune every two years after flowering	
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, NT, SA & WA	



Rhaphiolepis indica 'RAPH02' (D

The perennial deep green foliage blooms with contrasting large pink flowers in spring and summer. A low mounding shrub that provides foliage texture year-round. Tough enough to tolerate the extremes while looking poised and graceful positioned in full sun to light shade.

NO FUSS Cosmic Pink™ Raphiolepis thrives in difficult sites,

through seasonal humidity, drought and frosts

and in most soil types.

FUNCTIONAL Hedging, low shrub, mounded plantings, mixed

planting gardens, low irrigation landscapes and

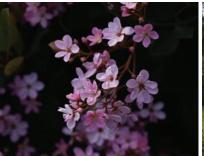
coastal gardens.

RELIABLE Less weedy, rarely produces viable seed making it

a safer choice when planting near bushland.











# Nandina Range

This rich burgundy-red, fine foliaged, small shrub brings contrast and texture to the landscape. Native to Japan, the lance-shaped leaf lends it a bamboo-like texture, in miniature form.

Our Nandina range has every landscape covered; at ground level Flirt™ Nandina is the perfect choice, its new red growth lights up with masses of brightly coloured foliage, almost year-round. Slightly more statuesque, Obsession™ and Blush™ Nandinas reach small shrub heights, approximately 70cm tall. Clearly define areas in a landscape, delineate a border or low mounding hedge and bring colour to the garden. Shapely with little maintenance, they appear soft and fine while being so tough and hardy, they look great in the most difficult of sites. Popular in children's gardens for their happy, vibrant scarlet colouring and resilience to harsh climates (or treatment from the playground users!)





### Nandina domestica 'AKA' /b

So called for its production of intense red foliage for nine months of the year, Blush™ Nandina is the perfect medium shrub for defining borders or a low hedge, forming a natural tight ball shape with little or no pruning.

NO FUSS Tolerates all soils from clay to free draining, frost and

drought tolerant.

FUNCTIONAL Low hedge, mounded shrubs, flat groundcover or

accent plant in parks, residential or commercial

designs.

RELIABLE Sterile, making it a good choice near bushland.

Description	Red flushing small shrub
Density	3–6 plants per m² 2–3 per linear metre
Height & Width	60-70cm x 60-70cm
Flowering	N/A
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Low hedge, shrub, feature
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; drought & cold tolerant
Soil Type	Free draining to heavy clay soils
Care	Water as required until established; use slow release fertiliser in spring if required; leave unpruned or prune to shape every 3 years
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, NT, SA & WA





# Nandina domestica 'MURASAKI' (D

Flirt™ Nandina is the only low-growing groundcover form that is covered in red hues in spring, summer, autumn and winter in the right climate zone. Tough in drought and frost conditions, this low growing and spreading Nandina won't self-propagate from seed, making it a safer choice around bushland.

NO FUSS In full sun or part shade and most soil types,

 $\mathsf{Flirt}^{\mathsf{TM}}$  Nandina brings its best to every landscape.

FUNCTIONAL Groundcover, low hedge, mounded clumps or low

accent planting or feature in parks, streetscapes,

commercial or residential designs.

RELIABLE Covered in red new growth for most of the year.

Description	Red flushing groundcover	
Density	4-6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2-4 per linear metre	
Height & Width	30-40cm x 40-50cm	
Flowering	White flowers in spring	
Best Planting Time	March-November	
Uses	Groundcover, low hedge, feature	
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; drought & cold tolerant	
Soil Type	Free draining to heavy clay soils	
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune every 3–4 years if required; use a slow release fertiliser in spring	
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, NT, SA & WA	









# **Obsession**<sup>TM</sup>

The bright red of Obsession™ Nandina's new growth adorns this tidy shrub, almost year-round, providing interest throughout the seasons.

NO FUSS Maintains a dense upright habit with no spreading as it ages.

Prune every 2-3 years if desired.

Low hedge, mounded clumps, accent planting or feature in **FUNCTIONAL** 

streetscapes, park and residential planting.

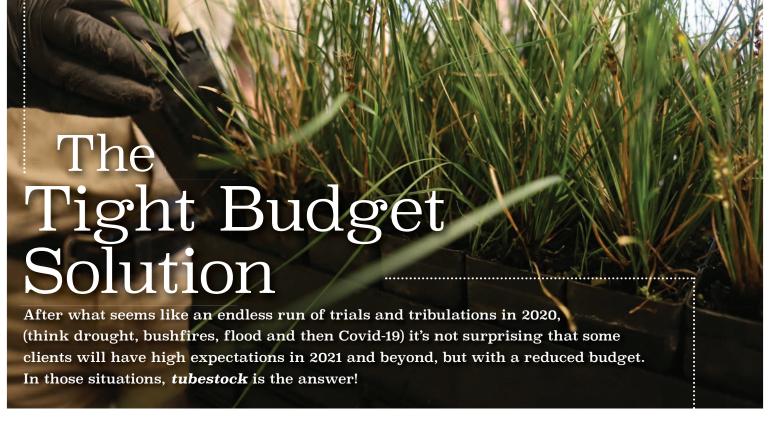
**RELIABLE** The cultivar name, Seika means 'Sacred Fire' in Japanese,

so called because of its flamboyant red new-growth, almost

year-round.

OZBREED EXTRA Obsession™ Nandina is a greatly improved selection of the popular Nandina 'Gulf Stream'. Where the new growth of 'Gulf Stream' is rust-coloured, Obsession™ Nandina's is bright red.

Description	Red flushing dwarf Nandina
Density	3–6 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 2–3 per linear metre
Height & Width	60-70cm x 60-70cm
Flowering	N/A
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Low hedge, shrub, feature
Position	Full sun to moderate shade; Drought & cold tolerant
Soil Type	Well drained soil
Care	Water as required for 8–13 weeks until established; prune every 2–3 years if required
Where it Works	VIC, QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, NT, SA & WA









For regular jobs, the classic 140mm pot is commonly specified and for good reason. It hits the sweet spot of a decent sized young plant, with immediate visual impact at a reasonable price. And as you'd expect the bulk of our plants are grown and sold at this size. However, when budgets are stretched then it's time to turn to tubestock. Far from being the poor cousin to 140mm pots, tubestock actually have lots of winning characteristics. These include:

- Extremely cost effective so impossibly tight budgets can be met. This is especially
  the case for mass plantings, long borders and roadside zones.
- Significantly more plants can be installed in the design, reducing or eliminating large
  unsightly gaps. Remember, the cost of a 140mm pot is usually the same as three
  tubes\*, so that's three times as many plants going in the ground.
- Plants can be installed closer together to help outcompete weeds faster. This will help keep the site looking good as it grows out with less ongoing maintenance required.
- Their small size makes tubestock much easier to handle and faster to plant.
   This leads to significant savings in labour costs due to quicker planting out times.

A broad range of plants perform extremely well when planted out as tubestock including tree seedlings, grasses, strappy leaf plants, groundcovers and many shrubs. In fact, our catalogue is full of great plants available in this size which means your designs don't need to be restricted just because you choose tubestock. Plus, the growth rate of tubestock is fast with these young, vigorous plants usually catching up to a 140mm pot in size within 12 months of planting.

Extensive long-term trialling of all our plants also means we know how they perform in various situations. This is the valuable information we provide in each plant profile to set your designs up for success. Ultimately choosing reliable plants is far more important than the size of the pot.

# **Quality Without Compromise**

The secret to Ozbreed's cost effective tubes is in the growing. Regular growing methods involve a two-step process of growing in plug trays first and then potting into tubes. Naturally, this requires extra resources, labour and time, all of which adds to the final cost.

Our one-step system enables Ozbreed licensed growers to take splits or cuttings and grow them directly in the tubes. These are then sold as high quality, ready to plant tubestock. This direct tube growing method is obviously smarter and more cost-effective. It enables great quality tubestock to be grown and sold at a more budget-friendly price.

Without compromising your design and in order to avoid the substitution of reliable, functional plants that you can trust, respecify Ozbreed tubestock if the 140mm pot becomes an unviable budget option.

Remember that when it comes to jobs with real budget constraints, you can count on Ozbreed tubestock to deliver those cost savings options without compromising the landscape's long-term success.

Our plants are grown to perfection by our licensed growers and trialled constantly so we know how they perform in your region.

 $<sup>{\</sup>tt *Based\ on\ average\ of\ wholesale\ nursery\ tube\ pricing\ in\ Australia,\ between\ 2-4\ tubestock\ plants\ equal\ one\ 140mm\ pot.}$ 









# Hardy Aloes

# Our Aloes bring an architectural, contemporary look to the landscape and brighten the winter season with their iconic flowers.

The popularity of succulents in the Australian landscape is soaring, due to their durability, resistance to heat and striking architectural forms. The rosette-shaped, self-cleaning foliage looks great year-round, mass planted or used as a feature in pots and in mixed plantings. Their bird attracting flower spikes cover the plants in autumn and winter, brightening up the landscape in the cooler seasons. Where soil depth or water availability is low, Aloes come into their own, thriving on little maintenance. Hardy enough to withstand roadside and street planting, their compact mature height makes them perfect when maintaining low line of sight requirements.

**NO FUSS** 

Ozbreed Aloes require far less water during establishment phase, perfect where sites are difficult to irrigate when installing. Low maintenance in full sun to part shade and suited to most soil types - however mound or condition soil if planting into heavy clay.

**FUNCTIONAL RELIABLE** 

Mass planted, borders, specimen or accent plant, mixed planting and in pots.

Cooler season flowering introduces golden sunset hues that contrast against the striking textured greens of the Aloe foliage. Drought and frost tolerant.



Description	Compact, tight and dense Aloe
Density	6-12 plants per m <sup>2</sup> 3-6 per linear metre
Height & Width	30cm x 30cm; 50cm high flowers
Flowering	Orange flowers in winter and spring
Best Planting Time	March-November
Uses	Mass planting, garden borders, specimen plantings
Position	Full sun to part shade; frost, heat and drought tolerant
Soil Type	Most soil types
Care	Water as needed for 8–13 weeks until established; cut back every 4–5 yrs if required; fertilise with slow release fertiliser yearly
Where it Works	VIC, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, WA & QLD (not suited to Nth QLD)

The dense, tight, blue-green foliage of Sea Urchin™ Aloe is more compact than its common Aloe form. Its prolific orange flowers in later winter and into spring contrast with the self-cleaning, blue-green foliage. Happy in most soil types but in humid weather Sea Urchin™ Aloe needs free draining soils to avoid rot and disease. Will thrive in full sun to part shade.



Mighty Coral™ Aloe's pale orange and cream flowers give it a coral pink hue at a distance. Flowering from early to mid-winter on a multitude of stems that reach high above the foliage, the many flower blooms retain their colour and shape for an extended period. A clumping Aloe form and semi-compact in stature to 35cms, tolerant of drought and frost.



The golden yellow flowering blooms that give Mighty Gold™ Aloe its name appear during winter and pick up the golden-orange tones in the spiky margin of the foliage. Iconic spots on the leaf help to maintain interest throughout the rest of the year. A compact and tough succulent that makes a statement when mass planted in beds or decorative pots to create an accent or focus. An Aloe that will handle short periods of wet feet, as well as drought.

# Top 10 Plants

for Mass Planting, Shade, Greenwalls & Erosion



# **Top 10 Mass Planting Plants**

The following ten plants have proven over time to handle the tough conditions of low maintenance mass plantings. There is a wide variety of shrubs, groundcovers and strappy leaf plants in this selection that are drought tolerant, cold hardy and look great planted en masse.

Grey Box™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES04' (b)	Compact ball shape; partially wet or dry	Page 39
Mundi™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES05' (b	Groundcover, small white flowers	Page 40
Tanika <sup>®</sup> Lomandra longifolia 'LM300' (1)	Improved, compact, fine leaf form	Page 15
Shara <sup>™</sup> Lomandra fluviatilis 'ABU7' (b	Fine leaf, compact; partially wet or dry	Page 13
Little Jess <sup>™</sup> Dianella caerulea 'DCMP01' (b)	Compact, dwarf Flax Lily	Page 7
Wyeena® Dianella tasmanica 'TAS300' (b	Tall, hardy variegated Dianella	Page 9
Tasred® Dianella tasmanica 'TR20' (b)	Contrasting green and red toned foliage	Page 11
Nyalla® Lomandra longifolia 'LM400' (l)	Semi-compact blue-grey fine leaf	Page 12
Aussie Rambler <sup>™</sup> Carpobrotus glaucescens 'CAR10' (b)	Spreading groundcover; large flowers	Page 28
Green John™ Callistemon viminalis 'LJ23' ()	Compact Callistemon with green foliage	Page 34





# Top 10 **Shade Plants**

Shade trials conducted by Ozbreed and cross referenced with real world evidence that specifies plants that can survive in deep shade, determined this list of plants. Ozbreed trials found the number of plants that flourished at two different shade levels, diminished as they were plunged deeper into darkness. This is the refined list of plants that will succeed in the growing conditions found between two buildings, usually defined as heavy shade.

Just Right® Liriope muscari 'LIRJ' (1)	Evergreen, clean growing Liriope	Page 18
Amethyst <sup>™</sup> Liriope muscari 'LIRTP' (b)	Compact foliage, deep purple flowers	Page 16
Isabella® Liriope muscari 'LIRF' (b	Fine leaf, compact, spreading Liriope	Page 18
Pink Pearl™ Liriope muscari 'VS001' ⟨b	Compact, variegated green and cream foliage	Page 12
Silverlawn <sup>™</sup> Liriope muscari 'LIRSS' (b)	Low growing, variegated; looks silver from a distance	Page 16
Shadow Star™ Libertia paniculata 'LPP01' (h)	Wider weeping foliage, clean white flowers	Page 14
Little Jess™  Dianella caerulea 'DCMP01' ⟨b)	Dwarf, compact, clumping Dianella	Page 7
Katie Belles™ Lomandra hystrix 'LHBYF' (l)	Full sized Lomandra hystrix; mass flowering	Page 10
Blaze <sup>™</sup> Dianella tasmanica 'NPW2' (b)	Small Dianella with deep purple foliage	Page 6
Tasred® Dianella tasmanica 'TR20' (b)	Contrasting green and red toned foliage	Page 11







# **Top 10 Greenwall Plants**

Often greenwalls are subject to excessive irrigation and are too wet. Most of the plants in this list handle periodic wet feet, which provide the buffer needed for plants to survive in a greenwall situation, rather than rot out due to over-irrigation. Over trials conducted in two sites, our findings concluded that the water availability of a greenwall varies over the total area, with more water collecting towards the bottom of the structure. Hence, plants that are more drought tolerant should always be situated at the top of the greenwall, while those that prefer wet feet, are placed closer to the bottom. Likewise, plants that can tolerate being in shade should be planted below those that need full sun, allowing for plant growth and subsequent shading, as they settle in and establish.

Shara <sup>™</sup> Lomandra fluviatilis 'ABU7' (l)	Fine leaf, compact; partially wet or dry	Page 13
Tanika <sup>®</sup> Lomandra longifolia 'LM300' (b	Improved, compact, fine leaf form	Page 15
Little Jess™ Dianella caerulea 'DCMP01' (b	Compact, dwarf Flax Lily	Page 7
Grey Box™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES04' (l)	Compact ball shape; partially wet or dry	Page 39
Mundi <sup>™</sup> Westringia fruticosa 'WES05' (l)	Groundcover, small white flowers	Page 40
Just Right® Liriope muscari 'LIRJ' (b	Evergreen, clean growing Liriope	Page 18
Amethyst™ Liriope muscari 'LIRTP' (b	Compact foliage, deep purple flowers	Page 16
Silverlawn™ Liriope muscari 'LIRSS' (b	Low growing, variegated; looks silver from a distance	Page 16
Obsession™  Nandina domestica 'SEIKA' (b)	Red dwarf Nandina; red foliage 9 months of the year	Page 52
Tasred® Dianella tasmanica 'TR20' (b	Contrasting green and red toned foliage	Page 11



# **Top 10 Erosion Control Plants**

To arrive at this Top 10 list, we took 31 plants that are commonly relied on in erosion control situations into a trial. We tested their erosion control capabilities through their root and rhizome growth, in a controlled environment when compared to unvegetated soil mix. When the trial plants were tested with a shear vane tester against the unvegetated samples, they qualified if there was an increase of at least 95% in shear strength compared to the unvegetated samples, when analysed using an ANOVA test.

Fine, blue arching leaves	Page 21
Compact, clumping native grass	Page 22
Improved semi-compact fine leaf form	Page 5
Semi-compact blue-grey fine leaf	Page 12
'No cane' Dianella caerulea	Page 6
Full sized Lomandra hystrix; mass flowering	Page 10
Fine leaf, compact; partially wet or dry	Page 13
Compact, dwarf Flax Lily	Page 7
Compact, blue-grey perennial; architectural foliage	Page 8
Improved, compact, fine leaf form	Page 15
	Compact, clumping native grass Improved semi-compact fine leaf form Semi-compact blue-grey fine leaf 'No cane' Dianella caerulea Full sized Lomandra hystrix; mass flowering Fine leaf, compact; partially wet or dry Compact, dwarf Flax Lily Compact, blue-grey perennial; architectural foliage



# Top 10 Greenroof Plants

The tough, exposed environment of a rooftop garden requires equally hardy plants that will thrive and add to the overall aesthetic. A range of plant types offers the buildings residents and visitors interest, contrast and diversity, all of which contribute to make a more interesting design. Ozbreed natives that have been trialled and tested on roadside plantings translate well to a podium or rooftop site where maintenance is less regular and exposure to the elements can be brutal.

The components of the soil substrate that they are planted into is as important as the plant selection itself. In rooftop trials at the University of Western Sydney, where organic matter was introduced to the substrate in a ratio of up to 50:50 rooftop mineral mix, the trial plants did much better. The well-composted organic matter didn't slump over time as the healthy, fibrous roots of the selected plants established, grew and filled out in the soil.

Shara <sup>™</sup> Lomandra fluviatilis 'ABU7' (l)	Fine leaf, compact; partially wet or dry	Page 13
Mundi <sup>™</sup> Westringia fruticosa 'WES05' (b	Groundcover, small white flowers	Page 40
Yareena <sup>™</sup> Myoporum parvifolium 'PARV01' (b	Crisp, clean, longer lived Myoporum	Page 29
Tanika <sup>®</sup> Lomandra longifolia 'LM300' (b	Improved, compact, fine leaf form	Page 15
Double Gold™ Gazania hybrid 'GT20' (l)	Spreading groundcover; more flowers	Page 47
Green John™ Callistemon viminalis 'LJ23' (b	Compact Callistemon with green foliage	Page 34
Grey Box™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES04' ⟨b	Compact ball shaped plant; part wet or dry	Page 39
Nafray® Pennisetum alopecuroides 'PA300' (b	Compact, clumping native grass	Page 22
Amber Velvet Anigozanthos hybrid 'Amber Velvet' (b)	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw; red/ yellow flower	Page 25
Aussie Rambler <sup>™</sup> Carpobrotus glaucescens 'CAR10' (□	Spreading groundcover; large flowers	Page 28

# Top 10 Rain Garden Plants

Rain gardens help to remove excessive nutrients from water while slowing runoff before entering our waterways, reducing erosion and pollution. Rain gardens catch water from roads, roofs and other hard surfaces and filter water through layers of plant roots, sand and gravel before it travels into the storm water system. Our Top 10 is based on the best plants that maintained a healthy appearance and required little maintenance while exposed to pollution in the rain garden environment.

Shara <sup>™</sup> Lomandra fluviatilis 'ABU7' (b)	Fine leaf, compact; partially wet or dry	Page 13
Katie Belles <sup>™</sup> Lomandra hystrix 'LHBYF' (b)	Full sized <i>Lomandra hystrix</i> ; mass flowering	Page 10
Purple Lea® Pennisetum alopecuroides 'PA400' (b)	Showy, clumping perennial native grass	Page 23
Nafray® Pennisetum alopecuroides 'PA300' (b	Compact, clumping native grass	Page 22
Cosmic Pink™ Rhaphiolepis indica 'RAPH02' (b	Large flowers, tough compact form	Page 49
Macarthur™ Callistemon viminalis 'LC01' (b)	More compact, better flower Callistemon; bushy growth habit	Page 34
Isabella® Liriope muscari 'LIRF' (b	Fine leaf, compact, spreading Liriope	Page 18
Mundi™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES05' (b	Tough, beautiful ground cover	Page 40
Grey Box™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES04' (b)	Compact ball shape; partially wet or dry	Page 39
Just Right® Liriope muscari 'LIRJ' (1)	Evergreen, clean growing Liriope	Page 18

# **Top 10 Fire Retardant Plants**

Any plant will burn when exposed to the extreme heat associated with bushfire, but some may take longer to ignite. These Top 10 plants are recommended based on a CSIRO study specifically and industry articles generally.

Although plant selection alone will not stop bushfire threat, the premise of the CSIRO study is that some live plants take longer to ignite when exposed to heat than others. Plants that are live and well maintained, take longer to ignite, than the same plant's dried or dead foliage when exposed to heat in the experiment.

Tanika <sup>®</sup> Lomandra longifolia 'LM300' (b	Improved, compact, fine leaf form	Page 15
Nyalla <sup>®</sup> Lomandra longifolia 'LM400' (b	Semi-compact blue-grey fine leaf	Page 12
Katrinus Deluxe  Lomandra longifolia 'Katrinus Deluxe' (b)	Improved semi-compact fine leaf form	Page 5
Gold Velvet Anigozanthos hybrid 'Gold Velvet' (b)	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw; yellow flowers	Page 25
Amber Velvet Anigozanthos hybrid 'Amber Velvet' (b	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw; red/ yellow flower	Page 25
Regal Velvet Anigozanthos hybrid 'Regal Velvet' (b)	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw; red/ green flower	Page 25
Ruby Velvet™ Anigozanthos hybrid	Mid-sized Kangaroo Paw; red flowers	Page 25
Queen Mum <sup>™</sup> Agapanthus orientalis 'PMN06' (b)	Large white and blue dual coloured flowers	Page 48
Sea Urchin <sup>™</sup> Aloe hybrid 'ANDsea' (b	Compact, tight and dense Aloe	Page 55
Mighty Gold™  Aloe hybrid 'ALO2' (l)	Compact, tough Aloe	Page 55

# **Top 10 Salt Tolerant Plants**

We wanted to recreate an experiment which simulated the impacts of salt on Ozbreed plants recommended for coastal sites or those watered by bore-water with a high salinity level. The initial selection was chosen based on common knowledge of second-line, or front-line salt tolerant plants. We arrived at our Top 10 after 4 months of rigorous testing.

To simulate bore water or salt laden winds that might affect second-line salt tolerant plants, we applied a 60% strength sea water to them at regular intervals. For front-line salt tolerant plants that should handle coastal positions, we applied a 90% strength sea water at regular intervals. After a period of 4 months and the collected data based on the damage those salt-water applications caused the plants, we arrived at the list below.

Nyalla® Lomandra longifolia 'LM400' (b	Semi-compact blue-grey fine leaf	Page 12
Cosmic White <sup>™</sup> Raphiolepis indica 'RAPH01' (b)	Tough Raphiolepis; large white flowers	Page 49
Cosmic Pink <sup>™</sup> Raphiolepis indica 'RAPH02' (b)	Tough Raphiolepis; large pink flowers	Page 49
Ozbreed Aussie Box® Westringia hybrid 'WESO8' (1)	Native box hedge; tight, compact growth	Page 41
Grey Box™ Westringia fruticosa 'WES04' (b	Compact ball shape; partially wet or dry	Page 39
Mundi <sup>™</sup> Westringia fruticosa 'WES05' (b	Groundcover, small white flowers	Page 40
Naringa <sup>™</sup> Westringia hybrid 'WES01' (l)	Fast establishing, hedging Westringia	Page 41
Blue Gem <sup>™</sup> Westringia hybrid 'WES03' (b)	Shrubby Westringia; masses of flowers	Page 37
Low Horizon <sup>™</sup> Westringia fruticosa 'WES06' (b)	Dense, ultra-compact groundcover	Page 38
Aussie Rambler™ Carpobrotus glaucescens 'CAR10' (l)	Spreading groundcover; large flowers	Page 28

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**Evergreen Baby**™

Lomandra labill. 'LM600'

**Clarity Blue**<sup>™</sup>

Dianella species 'DP401' (

Flat Mat<sup>™</sup>

Trachelospermum asiaticum 'FT01'

Aussie Flat Bush<sup>™</sup>

Rhagodia spinescens 'SAB01' 🗇





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