# FORM ADV

## Uniform Application for Investment Adviser Registration

#### OMB Number: 3235-0049 Expires: February 28, 2011 Estimated Average burden Hours per response.......4.07

OMB APPROVAL

### Part II - Page 1

Name of Investment Adviser: Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.					*		
Address:	(Number and Street)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	Area Code:	Telephone Number:	
1735 Mar	ket Street, 32nd Floor	Philadelphia	PA	19103	(215) 4	05-5700	

This part of FORM ADV gives information about the investment adviser and its business for the use of clients.

The information has not been approved or verified by any government authority.

### **Table of Contents**

lte	m Number	<u>Pas</u>	<u> e</u>
	1	Advisory Services and Fees	2
	2	Types of Clients	2
	3	Types of Investments	3
	4	Methods of Analysis, Sources of Information and Investment Strategies	3
	5	Education and Business Standards	4
	6	Education and Business Background	4
	7	Other Business Activities	4
	8	Other Financial Industry Activities or Affiliations	4
	9	Participation or Interest in Client Transactions	5
	10	Conditions for Managing Accounts	5
	11	Review of Accounts	5
	12	Investment or Brokerage Discretion	6
	13	Additional Compensation	6
	14	Balance Sheet	6
		Continuation Sheet	F

(Schedule A, B, C, D, and E are included with Part I of this Form, for the use of regulatory bodies, and are not distributed to clients.)

<b>FORM</b>	ADV
Part II	- Page 2

Applicant: Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.

SEC File Number:

08/04/10

			N 1999
1. A. Advisory Services and Fees. (ch	eck the applicable boxes)	For each type of service provided, star approximate % of total advisory billing	
Applicant:		that service. (See instruction below.)	
✓ (1) Provides investment supervisor	y services		100 %
(2) Manages investment advisory a	ccounts not involving invest	ment supervisory services	%
		ded in either service described above	
		rvice described above	
(6) Issues, not as part of any service	e described above, any charts	s, graphs, formulas, or other devices	-
which clients may use to evalua	te securities		%
(7) On more than an occasional base	sis, furnishes advice to clien	ts on matters not involving securities	%
(8) Provides a timing service			%
(9) Furnishes advice about securiti	es in any manner not describ	ed above	%
(Percentages should be based on a	pplicant's last fiscal year. I	f applicant has not completed its first fir	scal year,
provide estimates of advis	ory billings for that year and	state that the percentages are estimates	.)
			N/ N/
B. Does applicant call any of the service	s it checked above financial	planning or some similar term?	Yes No
	o it dilected above initiational	praiming of some similar term	
C. Applicant offers investment advisory	services for: (check all that a	apply)	
(1) A noncentage of agests under use		] (A)	
(1) A percentage of assets under ma	nagement	(4) Subscription fees	
(2) Hourly charges		(5) Commissions	
✓ (3) Fixed fees (not including subscr	iption fees)	(6) Other	
D E 11111 : 41 1			
D. For each checked box in A above, des	scribe on Schedule F:		
• the services provided, including th	e name of any publication or	report issued by the adviser on a subsc	ription basis or for
a fee	7 1		P 0 more or 201
<ul> <li>applicant's basic fee schedule, hov</li> </ul>	tees are charged and wheth	er its fees are negotiable	
when compensation is payable, and	d if compensation is payable	before service is provided, how a clien	t may get a refund
or may terminate an investment ad			i may get a retund
-	* (1905)25 (1919 ♥A 192   1905)25 (190		
2. Types of clients - Applicant generally pr	ovides investment advice to	: (check those that apply)	
✓ A. Individuals	✓ E Trusts, est	ates, or charitable organizations	
✓ B. Banks or thrift institutions	✓ F. Corporation	ons or business entities other than those	listed above
C. Investment companies	✓ G. Other (de	scribe on Schedule F)	
D. Pension and profit sharing plans			
Answer all items. Complete amend	ed pages in full, circle ame	nded items and file with execution pa	ge (page 1)

FORM ADV		7	Applicant: Aberdeen Asset Manage	ment	lnc.	SEC File Number:	Date:
Part II	- Pag	ge 3	·			801-49966	08/04/10
3. Typ	pes of	Investments. A	pplicant offers advice on the following:	(check	thos	e that apply)	1
			•				
./		Equity securities		$\checkmark$	H.	United States government	securities
<u>/</u>		(1) exchange-liste		1	I.	Options contracts on:	
1		(2) securities trad (3) Foreign issue	ed over-the-counter	7		<ul><li>(1) securities</li><li>(2) commodities</li></ul>	
				V		(=) ************************************	
<b>√</b>		Warrants			J.	Futures contracts on:	
$\checkmark$	C.	Corporate debt s	ecurities (other than commercial paper)			(1) tangibles	
$\checkmark$	D.	Commercial pap	er	$\checkmark$		(2) intangibles	
$\checkmark$	E.	Certificates of d			K.	Interests in partnerships in	vesting in:
$\checkmark$	F.	Municipal secur	ities			(1) real estate	<b>O</b> , 1.
	0	÷		Ш		(2) oil and gas interests	
	G.	Investment com (1) variable life		1		(3) other (explain on Sche	dule F)
П		(2) variable annu		1	L.	Other (explain on Schedu	ıle F)
<b>√</b>		(3) mutual fund	shares	ب		or ancidence of these actions are properly	
4. Met	thods	of Analysis, Sou	rces of Information, and Investment	Strate	gies.		
A.	Appli	cant's security ar	nalysis methods include: (check those the	at app	y)		
(1)		Charting		(4)		Continal	
(1)	V			(4)	<b>V</b>	Cyclical	
(2)		Fundamental		(5)	V	Other (explain on Schedu	ile F)
(3)	V	Technical					
	TD1						
В.	The i	nain sources of in	nformation applicant uses include: (che	ck thos	e that	apply)	
(1)	✓	Financial newsp	apers and magazines (5	) 🗸	Timi	ing services	
(2)	1	Inspections of co	orporate activities (6	) 🗸	Ann	ual reports, prospectuses, fi	lings with the
(3)	1	Research materi	als prepared by others		Secu	rities and Exchange Comm	nission
(4)	$\checkmark$	Corporate rating	services (7	<b>√</b>	Com	pany press releases	
		-	(8		Other	r (explain on Schedule F)	
				/ 🖳		(	
C.	The	investment strateş	gies used to implement any investment	advice	giver	n to clients include: (check	those that apply)
(1)	$\checkmark$	Long term purch (securities held		(5)	/ N	Margin transactions	
(2)	$\checkmark$	Short term purch (securities sold v		(6)		Option writing, including councovered options or spread	
(3)	<b>✓</b>	Trading (securitie	es sold within 30 days)	(7)	7	Other (explain on Schedule	F)
(4)		Short sales			_		

5. Education and Business Standards.  Are there any general standards of education or business experience that applicant requires of those involved in determining or giving investment advice to clients?	]					
	]					
(If was please describe these standards on Schedule E)						
(If yes, please describe these standards on Schedule F)  6. Education and Business Background.						
For:  each member of the investment committee or group that determines general investment advice to be given to clients, or  if the applicant has no investment committee or group, each individual who determines general investment advice clients (if more than five, respond only for their supervisors)  each principal executive officer of applicant or each person with similar status or performing similar functions.						
On Schedule F, give the:						
• name • formal education after high school						
<ul> <li>year of birth</li> <li>business background for the preceding five years</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>7. Other Business Activities. (check those that apply)</li> <li>A. Applicant is actively engaged in a business other than giving investment advice.</li> <li>B. Applicant sells products or services other than investment advice to clients.</li> <li>C. The principal business of applicant or its principal executive officers involves something other than providing investment advice.</li> <li>(For each checked box describe the other activities, including the time spent on them, on Schedule F.)</li> </ul>						
8. Other Financial Industry Activities or Affiliations. (check those that apply)						
A. Applicant is registered (or has an application pending) as a securities broker-dealer.						
B. Applicant is registered (or has an application pending) as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator or commodity trading adviser.						
C. Applicant has arrangements that are material to its advisory business or its clients with a related person who is a:						
(1) broker-dealer (7) accounting firm						
(8) law firm						
(3) other investment adviser (9) insurance company or agency						
(4) financial planning firm (10) pension consultant						
(5) commodity pool operator, commodity trading adviser or futures commission merchant						
(6) banking or thrift institution (12) entity that creates or packages limited partnerships						
(For each checked box in C, on Schedule F identify the related person and describe the relationship and the arrangements.)						
D. Is applicant or a related person a general partner in any partnership in which clients are solicited to invest?  (If yes, describe on Schedule F the partnerships and what they invest in.)						
Answer all items. Complete amended pages in full, circle amended items and file with execution page (page 1)	_					

FORM ADV Part II - Page 5	Applicant: Aberdeen Asset Managemen	st Inc. SEC File Number: 801-49966	Date: 08/04/10
9. Participation or In	nterest in Client Transactions.	To Maria Man	
Applicant or a relate	ed person: (check those that apply)		
A. As princi	pal, buys securities for itself from or sells securities	es it owns to any client.	
	r or agent effects securities transactions for compen		
	r or agent for any person other than a client effects om a brokerage customer.	transactions in which client secur	rities are sold to or
	ends to clients that they buy or sell securities or invests some financial interest.	estment products in which the ap	plicant or a related
E. Buys or s	ell for itself securities it also recommended to clien	its.	
	cked, describe on Schedule F when the applicant of tions, internal procedures, or disclosures are used f		
Describe, on Schedu prospective client up	le F, your code of ethics, and state that you will pro on request.	ovide a copy of your code of ethic	es to any client or
10. Conditions for Managing Accounts. Does the applicant provide investment advisory services, manage investment advisory accounts or hold itself out as providing financial planning or some similarly termed services and impose a minimum dollar value of assets or other condition for starting or maintaining an account?			
	(If yes, describe on Scheo	dule F)	
11. Review of Account or holds itself out	nts. If applicant provides investment supervisory s as providing financial planning or some similarly to	ervices, manages investment advermed services:	isory account,
triggering fact	w the reviews and reviewers of the accounts. For r ors. For reviewers, include the number of reviewe t on performing reviews, and number of accounts a	ers, their titles and functions, instr	different levels, and uctions they receive
completing re extent that in could affect to suppliers as	ant aims to allocate at least two Fund Manager eviews on an ongoing and continuous basis. An aformation concerning economic or market continuous. The approach is to use electronic much as possible as we believe the results are odic reviews are also undertaken by the complete.	An account may be reviewed in nditions, individual companies c account monitoring systems e likely to be more accurate th	mmediately to the or industries fed by major data
B. Describe below	w the nature and frequency of regular reports to clie	ents on their accounts.	
addition, eac records, pos the client, re	ant provides each client with monthly or quarter th client receives a monthly or quarterly statem ition reports and account valuation) which is re ports for each transaction from the broker(s) ex upon client's request.	nent (including cash balance, t eviewed by the applicant and,	ransaction on request from

Answer all items. Complete amended pages in full, circle amended items and file with execution page (page 1)

<b>FORM</b>	ADV	
D 4 TT	D	95

Applicant: Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.

SEC File Number:

mber: Date:

rt II - Page 6

801-49966

08/04/10

12.	Inve	ment or Brokerage Discretion.
	A.	Does applicant or any related person have authority to determine, without obtaining specific client consent, the:
		(1) securities to be bought or sold?
		Yes No  2) amount of securities to be bought or sold?  Yes No  Yes No
		3) broker or dealer to be used?
		Yes No V
	В.	Does applicant or a related person suggest brokers to clients?
		For each yes answer to A describe on Schedule F any limitations on the authority. For each yes to A(3), A(4) or B, describe on Schedule F the factors considered in selecting brokers and determining the reasonableness of their commissions. If the value of products, research and services given to the applicant or a related person is a factor, describe:
		• the products, research and services
		whether clients may pay commissions higher than those obtainable from other brokers in return for those products and services
		whether research is used to service all of applicant's accounts or just those accounts paying for it; and
		• any procedures the applicant used during the last fiscal year to direct client transactions to a particular broker in return for product and research services received.
13.	Ad	tional Compensation.
	Do	the applicant or a related person have any arrangements, oral or in writing, where it:
	A.	is paid cash by or receives some economic benefit (including commissions, equipment or non-research services) from a non-client in connection with giving advice to clients?
	B.	directly or indirectly compensates any person for client referrals?
		(For each yes, describe the arrangements on Schedule F.)
14.	Bal	nce Sheet. Applicant must provide a balance sheet for the most recent fiscal year on Schedule G if applicant:
	•	has custody of client funds or securities (unless applicant is registered or registering only with the Securities and Exchange Commission); or
	٠	requires prepayment of more than \$500 in fees per client and 6 or more months in advance
		Has applicant provided a Schedule G balance sheet?

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)				
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>		
Item of Form (identify)	Answer			
Item 1.D.	ADVISORY SERVICES AND FEI	ES		
	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. (the "Adviser" or "AAMI"), is r with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). subsidiary of Aberdeen Asset Management Plc ("Aberdeen PLC" and affiliates, the "Aberdeen Group"), which is listed on the London	The Adviser is a wholly owned nd together with all its subsidiaries		
	The Adviser shares personnel, research and other resources with its Management Asia Ltd. ("Aberdeen Asia"), Aberdeen Asset Management Investment Services Limited ("A affiliated advisers of the Adviser are referred to as "Aberdeen"; services to private clients, public funds, corporate pensions, er Hartley plans, insurance products and other institutions, including under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("1940 Act"), on a full will also manage client accounts on a non-discretionary basis subject	gement Ltd. ("Aberdeen AU") and aberdeen UK") (collectively, the ), and offers investment advisory adowments and foundations, Taft g investment companies registered y discretionary basis. The Adviser		
	The Adviser manages client portfolios in accordance with the ob- documented by the client. These are generally included as par contract but may be furnished as a separate investment policy staten that all necessary information and other instructions are obtain documents such as trust agreements, discretionary agreements, applicable, so that they can ensure that client investment recommendations's needs, financial circumstances and investment objectives. that demonstrate the basis for those recommendations. Investment based on the investment objectives and restrictions as set forth in the	t of the client's written advisory nent. It is the policy of the Adviser ned and verified with supporting and power of attorney forms, if dations are suitable in light of each Files are created and maintained advice to investment companies is		
	The Adviser's principal business focus is to provide investment m investment in U.S. domestic and global securities. Unless other pursuant to contract, fees are based on a percentage of assets unquarterly in arrears based on assets outstanding at the close of each based on assets outstanding at the beginning of each month or quart of fee charged is negotiated on an individual basis. Cash flows considered as a triggering event for the application or removal calculations. Representative fee schedules are set forth below.	wise stated below, generally and der management, paid monthly or the month or quarter, or in advance er. The actual percentage and type s, whether in or out, will not be		
	On occasion, the Adviser invests client assets in shares of close companies and unregistered commingled funds which may be advise the Aberdeen Group. As a shareholder of such an investment compadvisory fees (and other expenses) at the investment company level advised account. To the extent that the Adviser invests client assets Adviser will reduce its advisory fee by the approximate amount investment company on assets represented by shares owned by the funds will not result in a reduced advisory fee.	sed by the Adviser or a member of appany, the client will be subject to l in addition to fees charged to the s in shares of an affiliated fund, the ant of advisory fees paid by the		
	Advisory contracts may generally be terminated by either party upon the imposition of any penalty. Where advisory fees are payable in will be necessary. Where the Adviser and the client determine to me termination of the advisory contract, the Adviser will refund pro rate	arrears, no refund of advisory fees hake fees payable in advance, upon		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u> </u>	
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form	Answer		
(identify)			
Item 1.D. (cont.)	advisory fees. The Adviser's investment advisory services and fee below.	schedules are outlined more fully	
	Separately Managed Accounts		
	The Adviser offers professional money management services includints based on their individual needs concerning the investment including trading, cash management and record keeping. Represent of separate account investment mandate are as follows:	nt of funds and related activities	
	Account/Mandate		
	Minimum Account Size		
	Portfolio Management Fee Schedule		
	EAFE, EAFE Plus (International), Global Equity		
	Minimum Account Size – \$100 million		
	Fee Schedule – 0.80% on first \$50 mm, 0.70% next \$50 mm, and 0.6	60% thereafter	
	EAFE Plus (International) SRI, Global Equity SRI		
	Minimum Account Size – \$100 million		
	Fee Schedule – 0.80% on first \$50 mm, 0.70% next \$50 mm, and 0.6	60% thereafter	
	Emerging Markets Equity Minimum Account Size – \$100 million		
	Fee Schedule – 0.95% on first \$100 mm, 0.90% thereafter		
	GEM Small Cap (Commingled Only)		
	Minimum Account Size – \$5 million		
	Fee Schedule – 1.250% on all assets		
	Frontier Markets		
	Minimum Account Size – \$100 million		
	Fee Schedule – 1.25% on all assets		
	Asia Pacific Including Japan and Asia Pacific Excluding Japan		
	Minimum Account Size – \$100 million		
	Fee Schedule – 0.95% on first \$100mm, 0.90% thereafter		
	US Large Cap		
	Minimum Account Size – \$25 million		
	Fee Schedule – $0.60\%$ on first \$25 mm, $0.55\%$ next \$25 mm, $0.50\%$ thereafter	next \$50 mm and 0.40%	
	US Small Cap		
	Minimum Account Size – \$25 million		
	Fee Schedule – $0.95\%$ on first \$25 mm, $0.85\%$ next \$25 mm, $0.80\%$ thereafter	next \$50 mm and 0.75%	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exact Aberdeen Asset Management	ly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>		
Item of Form (identify)	Answer			
Item 1.D. (cont.)	Core Fixed Income Minimum Account Size –\$40 million Fee Schedule – 0.375% on first \$25 mm, 0.30% next \$75 mm, balance	, 0.20% next \$400 mm, 0.175% on		
	Core Plus Fixed Income Minimum Account Size – \$40 million Fee Schedule – 0.375% on first \$25 mm, 0.30% next \$75 mm balance	, 0.20% next \$400 mm, 0.175% on		
	LDI Fixed Income Minimum Account Size – \$40 million Fee Schedule – 0.375% on first \$25 mm, 0.30% next \$75 mm, balance	, 0.20% next \$400 mm, 0.175% on		
	Intermediate Term Fixed Income Minimum Account Size – \$40 million Fee Schedule – 0.375% on first \$25 mm, 0.30% next \$75 mm, balance	, 0.20% next \$400 mm, 0.175% on		
	US Core Short Duration Minimum Account Size – \$50 million Fee Schedule – 0.20% on first \$100 mm, 0.120% next \$400 m	um, 0.10% on balance		
	Ultra Short Duration Minimum Account Size – \$10 million Fee Schedule – 0.20% on first \$100 mm, 0.15% next \$150 mm Minimum Annual Fee – \$60,000	n, 0.10% on balance		
	Emerging Markets Debt Minimum Account Size – \$50 million Fee Schedule – 0.65% on first \$100 mm, 0.60% on the balance	e		
	Global Aggregate Minimum Account Size – \$ 50million Fee Schedule - 0.35% on first \$50 mm, 0.30% next \$50 mm, 0	0.25% on balance		
	Global Government Bond Minimum Account Size – \$ 50million Fee Schedule - 0.30% on first \$50 mm, 0.25% next \$50 mm, .0	020% on balance		
	Mortgage Opportunities Strategy Minimum Account Size – \$50 million Fee Schedule – 0.35% on all assets			
	Corporate and Corporate Long Credit Minimum Account Size – \$40 million Fee Schedule – 0.375% on first \$25 mm, 0.30% next \$75 mm,	, 0.20% next \$400 mm, 0.175% on		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	etly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:		
Aberdeen Asset Managemen Item of Form	nt Inc.	51-0368279		
(identify)	Answer	Answer		
Item 1.D. (cont.)	balance			
	High Yield Minimum Account Size – \$50 million Fee Schedule – 0.50% on all assets			
	Global High Yield Minimum Account Size – \$50 million Fee Schedule – 0.75% on all assets			
	The Adviser also offers a Massachusetts trust and a Delaware I fee schedules as for the segregated accounts above. (For further			
	In some instances fees may be negotiated and some clients may pay fees that vary from those stated above. In certain cases, the Adviser also may negotiate a fixed fee schedule or performance fees with clients.			
	Delaware Limited Liability Company ("DLLC") (For further information, see Item 8.D, below.)  Minimum Investment for Emerging Markets Equity – \$10,000,000  Minimum Investment for Other Equity and Bond Strategies in the DLLC – \$5,000,000  Fee Schedule – Negotiable depending on size of investment and type of mandate			
	Certain clients may also pay performance based fees in compliance with Rule 205-3 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended ("Advisers Act") unless that rule is inapplicable by reason of Section 205(b) of the Advisers Act or interpretative positions of the staff of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").			
	The compensation payable by each managed registered investmes as set forth in its prospectus.	nent company is the basic fee schedule		
Item 2.G.	U.S. Funds			
	The Adviser manages or sub-advises various insurance procompanies. The Adviser serves as investment adviser to the Abfund company. The Adviser also serves as a Sub-Adviser for vacompanies and insurance products. The Adviser receives a fermanagement for these services. The advisory or sub-advisory registered investment company and is fully disclosed in the reports.	perdeen Funds, a U.S. open-end mutual arious other U.S. registered investment e based on percentage of assets under fee is subject to negotiation with each		
	Non-U.S. Funds	Non-U.S. Funds		
	The Adviser also provides investment services to closed-end o the U.S. as well as various private or institutional mandates sour	1		
Item 3.K.	TYPES OF INVESTMENT	<u>rs</u>		
	The Adviser renders investment advice on U.S. and non-U.S.	. securities of the same or equivalent		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
	types to those listed in Item 3. Additionally, the Adviser renders ad foreign currencies, on both spot and forward exchange markets, toge or deposit of foreign currency balances pending investment. See also Partnerships.	ther with advice on the retention
Item 3.L.	OTHER TYPES OF INVESTMENTS	<u>S</u>
	The Adviser may also provide investment advice concerning various types of equity and fixed income securities, including mortgage-backed securities, exchange-traded funds, and depository receipts representing interests in indexes or "baskets" of securities, such as SPDRs (Standard & Poor's Depository Receipts).	
	The Adviser's investment advice may also include other products options on futures contracts, structured notes, inverse floating securities, index linked securities, currency forwards, pre-paid fo principal only securities, tender option bonds, property and other in which may be derived from another instrument or underlying as securities may have the effect of providing a degree of investment lev decrease in value in response to changes in other market factors. The may also include real estate investment trust securities.	rate securities, currency linked rwards, swaps, interest only or vestments, the value or return of set. In certain instances, such erage, since they may increase or
Item 4.A., B. & C.	METHODS of ANALYSIS, SOURCES of INFORMATION and INVESTMENT STRATEGIES	
	The Adviser also may access some of the following investment str Memoranda of Understanding with, one or more members of the strategies are accessed via sub-delegation, the accounts will be n policies and procedures of those affiliates.	Aberdeen Group. When such
	<b>Equity Investment Process (excluding Quantitative)</b>	
	Investment Philosophy We believe, given the inefficiency of markets, that competitive long-t identifying high quality stocks at attractive valuations and holding for that sound fundamentals drive stock prices over time. We employ a fu investment approach based upon a rigorous and disciplined proprietar originates with direct company due diligence visits.	the long term. It is our belief undamental bottom-up
	We hold absolute return to be of the utmost importance over the long but not benchmark-driven. This benchmark independent stance is bor not provide meaningful guidance to the prospects of a company not equate the quality of a company with either market capitalization indices do not serve as a starting point for portfolio construction decisive positions away from the benchmark.	ne from our belief that indices do or its inherent worth. We do not or index membership. As such,
	Investment Process  We employ a bottom-up process based on a disciplined evaluation of visits. Stock selection is the major source of alpha. No stock is bought	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	with management (at least once, usually multiple times) and written detailed notes analyzing the company completed. We estimate a company's worth in two stages: first quality, then price.  Quality is defined in reference to management, business focus, balance sheet and corporate governance. We establish whether the business is run in the interests of all shareholders equitably. Additionally, we prefer companies that have the resilience to do well in a downturn, for example, avoiding those that have over-leveraged balance sheets.	
	Price is calculated relative to key financial ratios, market, peer group our key investment disciplines is to avoid over-paying. Determining given stock is a major objective of our research process.	
	The investment teams construct model portfolios, which represents the group's best stock picks Individual stock weightings will reflect the comfort we have with companies, their business models and their record of shareholder returns. At the margin, the exact weighting - absolute and relative will always be a matter of judgment, reflecting experience and hence something we regard as an art at much as science. In general, top-down factors are secondary in the construction of the mode portfolio, with diversification rather than formal controls guiding geographical and sector weights. We run the underlying portfolios conservatively, with an emphasis on traditional buy-and-hold, with top slicing/topping up preferred to outright trades, resulting in low turnover.  Stock Selection	
	Company meetings are the bedrock of our stock-picking method. Our access to management. The depth of our analysis allows us to ke it is essential that we continue to monitor a company with repeat vist eligibility for a portfolio in the first instance. Behind this process take care of those we believe the upside will take care of itself.	now our companies thoroughly and isits in order to satisfy ourselves of
	We focus on two filters:	
	Primary filter: "Quality"	
	<ul> <li>When filtering for quality, we look at the following:</li> <li>Core franchise</li> <li>Recurring earnings growth from the underlying core business, e</li> <li>Quality of management team (at both the policy making and ex</li> <li>Strong balance sheet (clarity and transparency)</li> <li>Past treatment of minority shareholders</li> </ul>	
	The purpose of the quality filter is to determine whether the corgrowth prospects, the balance sheet to support expansion, and is shareholders. We analyze a company's financial statements, specificagainst reported profits. We seek to reconcile any differences in the account working capital, depreciation, etc.). We then strip out cap	is managed in the interests of all cally looking at operating cashflow ne financial statements (taking into

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
<b>Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II</b>	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other		
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)			
	Secondary filter: "Price"		
	Companies that pass the 'quality' filter are then assessed for value ratios. We also estimate the value of a company relative to its marker companies within a relevant universe (which may be within a regional or even global in scope) to ascertain if downside risk is price levels. We calculate both in absolute and relative terms looking PEG/PEs, dividend yields, and net asset value. Which metric(s) is of business we are researching and, equally, where we are in estimates are around $10 - 15\%$ below consensus. One of the key di over-paying. Given our long-term approach, we can be patient.	et price and to valuations of similar single country, or if appropriate, sufficiently reflected at prevailing ag at a range of common data, e.g., most relevant depends on the type the economic cycle. Usually our	
For every company visit a note is written covering the above criteria. The note is document standardized template, circulated informally, and discussed by the team.			
	Buy/Sell Discipline We follow a traditional buy and hold strategy; consequently stocks regional models portfolios infrequently. This also reflects our rigorc assigned a dual ranking for quality/price, 1 – 5, with 1 being the hig 3 is needed for a stock to pass on both quality and price, before it the relevant regional model portfolio.	ous selection criteria. All stocks are hest possible score. A minimum of	
	If a stock passes on quality, but not on price, it may join our watch opportunity to purchase at a more attractive valuation. This would o is maintained.		
	Any deterioration in outlook will cause us to review a companagement. Instances of dishonesty or fraud are immediate greatrigger for us to sell is a change of personnel, loss of business dirmake any decisions based only on market forecast earnings and oft we take the long view and use a price dip as an opportunity to top u slice a stock in stages once we feel its valuation has become stretched the sell side, but we do have them on the buy side.	bunds for selling. More often the rection, or competition. We do not en in cases of downward revisions up. On the upside, we typically top-	
	The regional investment teams hold weekly meetings which prodiscussion of new stock ideas following company visits, as well as confirm our comfort with positions, both in stocks we hold and those a forum to review portfolio transactions, cash levels, and portfolio as	decisions on existing holdings. We se we do not own. It is also used as	
	Portfolio Construction - Regional Teams		
	Emerging Markets Equity, Frontier Markets, Asia Pacific Excluding Japan	Including Japan, Asia Pacific	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

•		ation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	schedules.)	
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>		f Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form	Answer			
(identify)	Allower			
Item 4.A., B. & C.				
(cont.)	Portfolios are constructed to maximize their level of exposure to the most attractive companies filtered			
	from the stock selection pro	ocess.		
	We run a representative or 'model' unconstrained portfolio that contains approximately the following range of stocks within these strategies at any given time:			
	Emerging Markets – 30-70	Emerging Markets – 30-70 stocks		
	Frontier Markets – Approx			
	Asia Pacific Including Japa			
	Asia Pacific Excluding Jap			
	Emerging Markets Smaller	Companies – 30-70 stocks		
		unanimous approval by the team, the sen egory it should enter (i.e. country, region		
	The model is constructed to take into account geographical and sector balance as well as liquic requirements. Informal guidelines are applied to country and sector weights to ensure diversification We typically introduce a security at $1-2\%$ weight and may strategically increase that weight of time to benchmark weight $+5\%$ .			
	Model guidelines used for p	portfolio construction are as follows:		
	Emerging Markets Equ	Emerging Markets Equity		
	Stock exposure:	zero to benchmark + 5%		
	Sector exposure:	benchmark +/-20%		
	Country exposure:	benchmark +/-20%		
	Asia Pacific Including	Japan and Asia Pacific Excluding Japan		
	Stock exposure:	zero to benchmark + 10%		
	Sector exposure:	benchmark +/-20%		
	Country exposure:	benchmark +/-40%		
	Frontier Markets	100/		
	Stock exposure:	10% maximum		
	Sector exposure:	zero to benchmark + 30% zero to benchmark + 30%		
	Country exposure:	zero to benchmark + 30%		
	Emerging Markets Sm	aller Companies		
	Stock exposure:	zero to benchmark + 5%		
	Sector exposure:	benchmark +/- 30%		
	Country exposure:	benchmark +/- 30%		
		ortfolio management process and is used suidelines permit cash holdings of 0 – 5		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

,	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other		
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	US Equities  Portfolios are constructed to maximize their level of exposure to the most attractive companies filter from the stock selection process. We run a representative or 'model' unconstrained portfolio contains around 35 - 75 stocks at any one time. The model is constructed to take into account the new for liquidity, as well as sector balance. Stocks in the model reflect our preference for steady grouplays (e.g. 10-15% earnings growth), higher than average return on equity/capital and dividend yie and lower than average debt. We also emphasize diversification at the company level, ensuring the companies we own each have varied business drivers.  Cash is a residual of the portfolio management process and is used solely for liquidity management.		
	Our standard US equity guidelines permit cash holdings of 0–5%, h be 2–3% or less.  Model guidelines used for portfolio construction are as follows:  Stock exposure: Zero to benchmark +/- 5%  Sector exposure: benchmark +/-10%		
	Portfolio Construction Global Equity Team Global Equity, EAFE, EAFE Plus and SRI The global equity investable universe ('buy list') is the summation by the regional equity desks and comprises approximately 330 sto this universe, it will be held in one of our regional equity model po filters, quality and price, as detailed above in the description of our in	cks. For a stock to be included in ortfolios, and will have passed two investment process.	
	Our global equity team focuses exclusively on this buy list from which they construct portfolios by adding an additional layer of comparative research of company fundamentals from a global perspective.		
	Portfolios are constructed to maximize their level of exposure to who companies filtered from the security selection process. We unconstrained portfolio that contains approximately $40-60$ securit Aberdeen's regional portfolios. All portfolios managed by the Glo this model, taking specific client and/or strategy guidelines into constrained.	run a representative or model ies that represent the best ideas of bal Equity team are derived from	
	Given our bottom up approach, stock selection is the major source secondary in portfolio construction, with diversification rather geographical and sector weights. We run a representative or 'more contains approximately $40-60$ stocks at any given time. Once approval by the team, the senior investment team members their receive.	r than formal controls guiding odel' unconstrained portfolio that a stock has received unanimous	
	The model is constructed to take into account geographical and s requirements. Informal guidelines are applied to country and sector We typically introduce a security at $1-2\%$ weight and may strattime to $5\%$ .	weights to ensure diversification.	
	Model guidelines used for portfolio construction are as follows:		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	schedules.)
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Stock exposure: Zero to 5% Sector exposure: benchmark +/- 15% Country exposure: benchmark +/- 35%	
	Cash is a residual of the portfolio management process and is used Our standard guidelines permit cash holdings of $0-5\%$ , however, $3\%$ or less.	
	<b>Buy/Sell Discipline</b> We follow a traditional buy and hold strategy; consequently, stocks regional models portfolios infrequently. This reflects our rigorous assigned a dual ranking for quality/price, 1 – 5, with 1 being the high 3 is needed for a stock to pass on both quality and price, before it the relevant regional model portfolio.	selection criteria. All stocks are nest possible score. A minimum of
	If a stock passes on quality, but not on price, it may join our watchl opportunity to purchase at a more attractive valuation. This would on is maintained.	
	Any deterioration in outlook will cause us to review a comp management. Instances of dishonesty or fraud are immediate gro trigger for us to sell is a change of personnel, loss of business dire make any decisions based only on market forecast earnings and offer we take the long view and use a price dip as an opportunity to top up slice a stock in stages once we feel its valuation has become stretched the sell side, but we do have them on the buy side.	ounds for selling. More often the ection, or competition. We do not en in cases of downward revisions p. On the upside, we typically top-
	The regional teams hold weekly meetings which provide the main for stock ideas following company visits, as well as decisions on existing from the regional model portfolio, it automatically is removed from Global Equity Team then has up to 30 days to sell the stock if it is acceptable.	ng holdings. If a stock is removed m the global equity buy list. The
	While a stock's removal from a regional model automatically regional, the team can of course act unilaterally, choosing when to be list and when to sell. The team may for example sell a stock be geographical considerations that might be outside the parameters of a	by stocks on the global equity buy because of relative value sector or
	As with the regional teams, the Global Equity Team meets weekly to as to discuss portfolio transactions, cash levels, and portfolio and countries weekly meeting will be fed into the model unconstrained portfolio every fortnight direct with regional desks to hear first hand what man	ompliance issues. The output from blio. The team also holds meetings
	SRI Process  We employ a bottom-up process based on a disciplined evaluation of visits. Stock selection is the major source of alpha. No stock is bout with management (at least once, usually multiple times) and write company completed. We estimate a company's worth in two stages for the stage of the sta	ght prior to our managers meeting tten detailed notes analyzing the

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactl	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:	
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form	t Inc. 51-0368279		
(identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Quality is defined in reference to management, business for governance. We establish whether the business is run in the inter Additionally, we prefer companies that have the resilience to do avoiding those that have over-leveraged balance sheets.	rests of all shareholders equitably.	
	Price is calculated relative to key financial ratios, market, peer gro our key investment disciplines is to avoid over-paying. Determining given stock is a major objective of our research process.	1 1 1	
	The global equity team uses the global equity buy list as their unit represents the group's best stock picks. Individual stock weighting with companies, their business models, and their record of share exact weighting-absolute and relative-will always be a matter of just hence something we regard as art as much as science.	s will reflect the comfort we have holder returns. At the margin, the	
	In general, top-down factors are secondary in the construction diversification rather than formal controls guiding geographical underlying portfolios conservatively, with an emphasis on translicing/topping up preferred to outright trades, resulting in low turnors.	and sector weights. We run the ditional buy-and-hold, with top-	
	AAM's SRI Screening Overlay  The Aberdeen SRI screening overlay is designed to provide a investments to reflect their ethics. This service helps ensure that hurdles of 1) fundamental strength (see above) and 2) behavior that for investment. While the second hurdle can be defined in many have established parameters for criteria that broadly lie within the issues), and governance, or "ESG." AAM manages a number of SI so that investments deemed acceptable for one SRI fund do not necessanother SRI fund.	only companies passing the twin is beneficial to society are eligible different ways, AAM's SRI team areas of environment, social (labor RI funds with varying SRI criteria,	
	The process for companies to pass the first hurdle is described above in AAM's investment of the second hurdle comes only after a company has passed our first hurdle of fundamental street that point, a company is then screened to see if it passes a fund's specific SRI criteria. Assess this second hurdle is made by Aberdeen's experienced SRI Team which bases the passing or far a company on a list of well-researched and clearly defined criteria.		
	Aberdeen offers 3 different screening options for SRI. First, sor screening, meaning that if a company transgresses the stated ethic not be a permissible investment. This screening option is typic identified areas of the market in which they wish not to be ass gambling, and animal testing. The SRI team speaks with compandecisions on accurate information. Research on "failed" compandetermine if they could pass the screening and be included in the po	al criteria on the fund, then it will ally used by investors who have ociated, such as tobacco, alcohol, nies to ensure it bases its pass/fail panies is periodically updated to	
	A second SRI screening technique offered by AAM is an engageme approach can invest in any stock represented in AAM's model port already passed the first hurdle of fundamental strength). The Stassessment of the company across ESG, speaking with the company	folios (i.e. those stocks which have RI team then undertake an initial	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do n	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	r schedules.)	
1. Full name of applicant exactl <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV: Inc. IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279		
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
	activities. In instances where a company performs poorly in any speaks with the group to research the problem and also encourage is where a company with fundamental ESG problems either refuses refuses to take action to improve its ESG performance, then the form the company. The engagement-only approach is frequently us voice in companies which may be screened out of traditional SRI goal of being investors in a group to encouraging them to be better of the approach with negative screening employed for a few, specific critypically comfortable with investing in companies which may not but who still have core activities which they consider to be unaccep as alcohol, tobacco, military, weapons, and pornography. Negative activities are not included in the portfolio.  As with all SRI screening, there is an element of subjectivity inher or exclude companies for investment. However, Aberdeen's SRI against specific criteria and use their extensive knowledge of SRI company. They meet frequently to keep abreast of developing SRI potential concern.  Open dialogue with the management of investee (or potential invexAAM's SRI screening process. The SRI team contacts groups by issues; the team speaks with all investments at a minimum of frequently than that. In this way "engagement" with companies is of form a relationship with management and to encourage them to stri is often the case that, when speaking with companies, the SRI experience of SRI issues to help companies improve their reporti issues specific to their sector. In these circumstances, the Aberdee guidance on "best practice" for reporting or introducing SRI policie  Other  The Adviser may also enter into Short Sales. This will be done whave slower than the market or negative earnings revisions or deviser may also use various quantitative screens to help narrow candidates and will focus on companies with deteriorating fundame earnings shortfalls.  Quantitative portfolio strategies use quantitative techniques incorposeks to select the highest returning securities in t	inprovement. Over the longer term, to speak with the SRI team and/or fund maintains the option to divest ed by investors who want to have a funds. These clients often have a corporate citizens.  Institute two techniques: an engagement iteria. Clients using this option are a pass every traditional SRI screen, table for investment purposes, such screening is used to ensure the core trent in deciding whether to include professionals measure companies issues to reach a decision about a dissues and to discuss any areas of the steel companies lies at the heart of the phone or mail to discuss specific once a year, but typically more on going; it enables the SRI team to the for better ethical performance. It is team is in a position to use its not practices or learn about ethical ten may be in a position to provide settle of potential investment that could potentially lead to the field of potential investment that could potentially lead to the field of potential investment that the could portfolio by buying the tous risk constraints. Quantitative tous risk constraints. Quantitative	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
<b>Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II</b>	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other		
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C.	Core Fixed Income		
(cont.)	nvestment Objective and Parameters		
	he Core Fixed Income strategy seeks to achieve competitive returns with low risk. The strategy		
	vests in US dollar denominated investment grade (Baa3/BBB- rated and higher) securities.		
	nvestment Philosophy		
	Our philosophy for adding value in the Core Fixed Income strategy	is as follows:	
	A strictly bottom-up approach to portfolio construction inefficiencies at the individual security level, is the most effect seek to generate risk-adjusted excess returns.		
	A relative value driven investment process that is grounded in the most effective way to identify pricing inefficiencies in the		
	Macro techniques that are less reliable in consistently general avoided, including interest-rate forecasting and top-down sectors.		
	Portfolios should be effectively duration-neutral, relative to t resulting from bottom-up security selection and our risk-management.		
	A team approach to portfolio management and fixed income research provides the greatest leverage of resources and collective expertise.		
	Strong buy and sell disciplines are critical to maintaining performance and limiting downside risk.	g the consistency of process and	
	This philosophy has been in place since the inception of our Core F	Fixed Income product in 1989.	
	We believe our approach to be successful over the course of future investment cycles, because the size and structure of the bond market should continue to permit pricing inefficiencies to exist at individual security level as they have historically. Further, with the tremendous consolidation of fi income managers, many of our well regarded competitors are likely to be too big to effectively focu individual security selection to a large extent, which should further highlight the distinctiveness of approach.		
	Portfolio Construction Process		
	The Core Fixed Income strategy employs an investment process security selection. The goal of this process is to identify securities the market.	÷ ·	
	Our portfolio managers continuously monitor the available investre identification of a security that appears mispriced, we calculate a considered for purchase, based on our analysis of fundament	an intrinsic value for each security	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactl Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)  characteristics. We then compare our independent valuation Bonds trading below our intrinsic value are purchase candidate identify those that we believe present the most compelling relative reach their intrinsic value, they are sold. This approach — continto the portfolio and "rich" securities out of the portfolio — is in return by way of both yield and price return.		ich are then vetted by the team to alue. When bonds in the portfolio as recycling of "cheap" securities
	Intrinsic Valuation  According to our independent valuation process, a bond's intrinsic risk-free rate plus three risk premiums:  • credit risk (e.g., relative certainty of repayment)  • cashflow structure (e.g., relative certainty of timing of repay  • liquidity risk (e.g., relative certainty of market price)  These risk premiums take into account fundamental analysis as well a peer group – i.e., the current market price for bonds with similar risk/	ment) as valuation relative to the bond's return characteristics.
	willingness of a company to pay interest and principal in accordan bond instrument. The research performed by our credit analysts and providing insight into management's credibility with respect to commitment to current ratings and/or ratings targets. Our research trends and fundamental drivers of success and failure in the indu position and strategic plan for dealing with industry and competiti including an evaluation of covenants and triggers in lending agreem into potential event risk.	ce with the terms of the original portfolio managers is directed at its financial track record and effort also attempts to assess the stry, the company's competitive ve dynamics. Liquidity analysis,
	Next, we analyze potential cash flow variability for each security – mortgage- or asset-backed securities. Herein, we stress-test securiti scenarios, examining their expected relative price performance and There is a constant tradeoff between yield and cash flow certainty, ar as much cash flow certainty as possible while giving up as little yield	es under various potential future repayment/prepayment stability. nd our focus in this area is to gain
	Finally, we evaluate the degree of liquidity associated with each bord bond's liquidity include the size of the bond issue, the size of the i Street sponsorship of the issuer, inclusion in the benchmark, and the (i.e., public or private placement).	ssuing entity, the degree of Wall
	Based on this analysis, a final "target spread" or intrinsic value is current market spread. If the bond's target spread is lower than its becomes a purchase candidate.	•

Schedule 1	F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form AD	V			
Continuation	on Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do i	not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	her schedules.)	
1. Full name of applicant exact Aberdeen Asset Managemen	ly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form	Answer		
(identify)			
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Similarly, securities owned in the portfolio are constantly monitored to evaluate changes in credi structure and liquidity characteristics, as well as changes in market pricing. As a bond's market sprea approaches our target, it becomes a sell candidate. Managers communicate their purchase and se candidates across the team, and these are compared across all sectors to determine the be opportunities. The most compelling relative value trades are then implemented and allocated t portfolios.		
	As a discipline of the process, once the target spread on a bond is reached, the bond is sold and replaced with the most compelling buy candidate across the investment universe. Bonds may reach their target spread either as a result of market appreciation of the credit, or when there is a negative change in our view of the bond's value which causes an upward adjustment in our target spread. Such target spreads may be reached quickly and may result in trades with short holding periods.  Sector weightings  We do not make top-down sector rotation decisions for Core portfolios. Sector weightings are a		
	function of where we are finding value at the individual issue level and our top down risk maprocess.  Duration position  We believe that macro techniques such as interest-rate forecasting cannot be relied on to contain additional value to a Core portfolio. Therefore, we maintain an effectively neutral duration related Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index (or any other client-selected benchmark), relying security selection to additional value to our Core portfolios.  Risk Management  The primary measure of risk for this product is tracking error relative to the benchmark. In a consistently maintaining a moderate amount of tracking error over time, we are very focus potential maximum downside risk relative to the benchmark in periods of market st conservative risk profile is also a designed to be consistent with the role of high quality fixed in our clients' asset allocation.  Tracking error is controlled primarily through product design. Thus, instead of employing quality fixed in the controlled primarily through product design. Thus, instead of employing quality fixed in the controlled primarily through product design.		
tracking error risk budgeting to drive our portfolio construction, we believe that tracking error controlled by maintaining a disciplined approach to our investment process. Ex-post and confirmed the effectiveness of our process in controlling tracking error.  We do also incorporate the output of our quantitative risk management system to measure and ex-ante tracking error to ensure that systematic risk exposures remain moderate and are consist our views on relative value.		stment process. Ex-post analysis has error.	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	ly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management	t Inc.	51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Tracking error is monitored and controlled in a three step pro  1. Product/Process Design - Risk control is inherent in ou a. Our duration neutral approach eliminates the (interest rate risk).  b. We believe that our security selection process higher probability of being correct than top dov c. Our pure bottom-up, security selection appro decision-making such that positions held in practical d. Because our process is free of the force management, our portfolios are not levered to a e. Our strong sell discipline helps us avoid blow-u  2. Overt risk controls: a. Portfolios are highly diversified by issuer to mi b. Total spread risk and credit sector spread risk 1.5 years of the spread duration of the benchma c. Credit sector spread risk is typically maintaine	r security selection investment process: largest source of potential tracking error based on fundamental research provides a vn macro approaches. each naturally diversifies our investment the portfolio are as non-correlated as is easting inherent in top-down portfolio in in-house macro view. aps in the bond market.  nimize idiosyncratic risk are both typically maintained within +/-irk.
	the benchmark.  d. Percentage exposure to the credit and residential within +/-10% relative to the benchmark.	
	3. Proprietary Risk Management System:  Our proprietary quantitative risk management as monitors portfolio risk exposures (as described be driven by the output of our tracking error system, we systematic risk exposures. The system is used to it any potential sources of systematic tracking error to based on our views on relative value at the individuand overt risk controls generally are successful in we believe that it is also important to have a rigorous as check on our process and as a fundamental comp	clow). While portfolio construction is not be do use this system to measure portfolio inform the portfolio management team of to ensure that such exposure is warranted dual security level. While product design minimizing systematic risk in portfolios, as quantitative risk management capability
	Risk Management System We have a robust proprietary risk-management system the measure and manage tracking error on a number of dimension following steps:	
	<ul> <li>Breakdown fixed income market into risk factors components of risk in the fixed income market and (b) about relative value.</li> <li>Measure the portfolio's exposure to each of these risk fa</li> <li>Measure historical volatility of each risk factor.</li> <li>Use volatility and relative exposure to gauge the portfol error) for each independent factor.</li> <li>Incorporate correlation data among these risk factors benefits in estimating tracking.</li> </ul>	are consistent with the way that we think ctors relative to the benchmark.  io's relative performance at risk (tracking

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	tly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	01 0000m/
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Look at estimates of tracking error under a variety of historical data, worst case market environments (tail potential scenario analysis etc.) to get a robust understavariety of potential market environments.	il risk), varying correlation assumptions,
	Our risk management process within the investment grade include a forward looking assessment of risk and return Further, we are using a much more granular approach to component of the portfolio by significantly increasing the measure and monitor.	in managing our Core sector exposures. to measuring risk in the core investment
	Core Plus Fixed Inco	ome
	<ul> <li>Investment Objectives</li> <li>We seek to consistently achieve excess returns that conless risk. In line with our US Core strategy, our goal is on a consistent basis.</li> <li>Specifically, we target excess returns of 100-125 basis with a similar level of tracking error. Thus, we target an</li> <li>These objectives are consistent with the goal of add strategy with a moderate increase in risk.</li> </ul>	s to maximize risk adjusted excess returns s points per year over a full market cycle n information ratio of greater than one.
	Product & Process Overview	
	Philosophy: Core Plus is a global relative value strate Core, we employ a research based, relative value dr objectives can best be achieved through a process th excess returns and which emphasizes security selection	riven process to adding value. Core Plus at utilizes multiple/diversified sources of
	• Foundation – US Core Investment Grade: We standard focused US Core strategy as the anchor for the foundation for achieving the objectives of our Core Plus	e portfolio. This strategy provides a strong
	• Plus Sectors: We seek to enhance the risk-adjusted in strategy through measured exposures to the plus sinvestment universe to include multiple sectors and gelement of diversification — capturing a wider scope mitigating volatility through the use of non-correlated the Core Plus strategy components are listed below:	sectors. We believe that expanding the geographic regions provides an important of potential opportunity and potentially
	<ul> <li>US Core Investment Grade (1)</li> <li>High Yield (3-15%)</li> <li>Emerging Market Debt (0-5%)</li> <li>International Bonds (0-15%)</li> <li>International Currencies (0-5</li> </ul>	%)
	Duration Neutral: Our approach does not en add value. Because of the difficulty in adding	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

<u> </u>	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any othe	·	
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	with the increase in tracking error related to such st focused on security selection and sector diversific achieving attractive risk-adjusted returns over time.  Customization	eation has a higher probability of	
	The risk/return objective and allocation ranges outlined above are flexible and often customized to meet the specific risk/return objectives of our clients. Importantly, our risk management system provides us with the capability to calibrate plus sector exposure to match client objectives.		
	Investment Process		
	Within each sector of the bond market, our portfolio managers	continuously monitor the available	
	investment universe in their sectors. Upon identification of a se		
	calculate an intrinsic value for each security considered for p		
	fundamental analysis of a security's credit, structure, and liquidity	-	
	our independent valuation to the value assigned by the market. value are purchase candidates, which are then vetted by the team		
	present the most compelling relative value. When bonds in the p	-	
	they are sold. This approach – continuous recycling of "cheap" sec	· ·	
	securities out of the portfolio – is integral to our goal of maximizing	-	
	and price return.		
	According to our independent valuation process, a bond's intrinsic value is the sum of the Treasury risk-free rate plus three risk premiums:		
	• credit risk (e.g., relative certainty of repayment)		
	• cash flow structure (e.g., relative certainty of timing of rep	payment)	
	• liquidity risk (e.g., relative certainty of market price)		
	These risk premiums take into account fundamental analysis as well peer group – i.e., the current market price for bonds with similar ris		
	The first consideration in our fundamental analysis is creditworthiness – i.e., the abi willingness of a company or sovereign issuer to pay interest and principal in accordance with t of the original bond instrument. The research performed by our credit analysts and portfolion is directed at providing insight into management's credibility with respect to its financial trace and commitment to current ratings and/or ratings targets. Our research effort also attempts the trends and fundamental drivers of success and failure in the industry, the company's composition and strategic plan for dealing with industry and competitive dynamics. Liquidity		
	including an evaluation of covenants and triggers in lending agree into potential event risk.  Next, we analyze potential cash flow variability for each security	- this measure applies primarily to	
	mortgage- or asset-backed securities. Herein, we stress-test secur	ities under various potential future	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any	,		
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>		
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	scenarios, examining their expected relative price performant.  There is a constant tradeoff between yield and cash flow certains as much cash flow certainty as possible while giving up as little	inty, and our focus in this area is to gain		
	Finally, we evaluate the degree of liquidity associated with each bond. Factors that could influence a bond's liquidity include the size of the bond issue, the size of the issuing entity, the degree of Wall Street sponsorship of the issuer, inclusion in the benchmark, and the registration status of the issue (i.e., public or private placement).  Based on this analysis, a final "target spread" or intrinsic value is calculated and compared to the current market spread. If the bond's target spread is lower than its current market spread, the bond becomes a purchase candidate.  Similarly, securities owned in the portfolio are constantly monitored to evaluate changes in credit, structure and liquidity characteristics, as well as changes in market pricing. As a bond's market spread approaches our target, it becomes a sell candidate. Managers communicate their purchase and sell candidates across the team, and these are compared across all sectors to determine the best opportunities. The most compelling relative value trades are then implemented and allocated to portfolios.			
Our sell discipline requires that once the target spread on a bond is reached, the bon replaced with the most compelling buy candidate across the investment universe. Bon their target spread either as a result of market appreciation of the credit, or when there change in our view of the bond's value which causes an upward adjustment in our Such target spreads may be reached quickly and may result in trades with short holding possible.				
	Plus Sector Allocation Decisions Plus sector allocations are also determined using the same relations plus sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a sector allocations are a result of a multi-step process of the sector allocations are a sector all			
1. Strategic Ranges – Determined by quantitative risk budgeting. The allocation driven first by our risk budgeting analysis that determines strategic allocation each plus sector (high yield, emerging market debt, international bonds, and relative to investment grade bonds. We apply proprietary statistical modeling judgment to determine ranges that are appropriate based on the risk/return object clients. Our modeling accounts for the expected alpha of each plus sector spec and the historical risk/return characteristics of each sector relative to our historical our core strategy. We simulate a variety of market environments and time period accounting for worse case scenarios (tail risk). The ranges are designed to be with having a very high probability of meeting a client's risk/reward objectives.		termines strategic allocation ranges for bt, international bonds, and currencies) roprietary statistical modeling and our based on the risk/return objectives of our lipha of each plus sector specialist team sector relative to our historical alpha in environments and time periods including the ranges are designed to be consistent		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

· ·	Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any othe	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
1. Full name of applicant exactly as stated <b>Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.</b>		
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	market cycle while avoiding an unacceptable level of periods. Our risk budgeting process is a flexible platform or benchmark and can be tailored to specific client invest analysis are the basis for the following strategic ranges discretion core plus product:	n that can be applied to any product tment objectives. The results of this
	<ul><li>High Yield:</li><li>▶ 3-15% Range</li></ul>	
	Credit quality: BB emphasis/B minimum	
	Our analysis indicates that that the BB por most efficient means to enhance risk adjust bonds, which is the backdrop for our foc Further, focusing on this segment of the his potential for incurring a default.	ted returns versus investment grade us on this segment of the market.
	<ul> <li>Emerging Market Debt:</li> <li>0-5% range</li> <li>We add emerging market exposures to expected returns relative to high quality bor</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>International:</li> <li>Non-dollar denominated bonds: 0-15%</li> <li>Currencies: 0-5%</li> <li>We separate our views regarding interest ra approach includes employing separate de Rate and Currency) to focus on each dec when we believe that bearing interest rate more risk-adjusted value than bearing into currency exposure when we identify spe potential to add value on a risk-adjusted currency views via currency forward contra</li> </ul>	dicated investment teams (Interest ision. We invest non-dollar bonds e risk in a particular market offers erest rate risk in the US. We take ecific opportunities that offer the d basis. We generally implement
2.	Sector Intrinsic Value Analysis: Consistent with our inve- employ in-depth fundamental research to determine an each plus sector opportunity. At the high yield and intrinsic value is defined as the fair value average spread driver of our intrinsic value analysis is our fundamental sinsight into the fundamental backdrop in each sector. The opportunity is compared to the current market spread to each investment opportunity. We seek to determine the around our intrinsic value estimate in order to assess the scenarios.	intrinsic value or target spread for emerging market sector level, the d level for the market. The primary security level analysis that provides the target spread for each plus sector gauge the excess return potential of likely range of probable outcomes
3	Cross Sector Relative Value Analysis: We then comparrisk for each plus sector opportunity relative to Treasurie other in order to identify and rank the relative attractive	es, US investment-grade and to each

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactl Aberdeen Asset Management		n Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)		Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. incorporate the conviction of each sector team in their ability to add algebraic environment into our analysis.		or team in their ability to add alpha in a given	
	4.	the highest expected returns relative to the incorporate our portfolio level risk manage the risk of each position along with a portfolio under a wide range of scenar described above, we are extremely disceptional exposures as market prices approach our positions when we find alternative oppositions when we find alternative oppositions used to be a superficient or the positions of the portfolio level tracking error or the properties of the provided that the	d/size plus sector exposures that we view to have the risk that they contribute to the portfolio. We ement process as described below to measure both position's contribution to the risk of the overall rios. Consistent with the intrinsic value process ciplined in selling or reducing plus sector risk or intrinsic value targets. We also sell or reduce ortunities that offer greater expected return for a for. Further, we will reduce or sell exposure if the er consistent with the desired risk profile for the intrinsic value target).
	5.	Risk management: Risk management is approach is outlined below.	an integral component of our process, and our
	The prin consister potential profile is asset allo	ntly maintaining a moderate amount of trace maximum downside risk relative to the salso a designed to be consistent with the ocation.	ing error relative to the benchmark. In addition to king error over time, we are very focused on our benchmark in periods of market stress. Our risk role of high quality fixed income in our clients'
	Tracking error is monitored and controlled through both product design and our proprieta quantitative risk management system as follows:		
		represents 80-90% of Core Plus) utilizes process that is focused exclusively on secu active decisions (duration management and returns. In addition, our process is driven identify individual securities with attractive	cation to our US Core strategy (which generally a unique bottom-up, duration-neutral investment crity selection. Accordingly, we avoid the types of sector rotation) that often add volatility to relative by disciplined relative value analysis that seeks to risk-adjusted return prospects. Thus, the nature of os with a large number of small active security ed, which further reduces risk.
	2.	Duration Neutral: Our duration neutral appotential tracking error (interest rate risk).	pproach eliminates one of the largest sources of
	3.	for our core plus sector allocation decis	ocations: As outlined above, the strategic ranges ions are based on careful quantitative research. a very measured and risk controlled approach in
	4.		have a robust proprietary risk-management system easure and manage tracking error on a number of has the following steps:

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management	Inc.	51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)		factors that (a) we feel accurately reflect the rket and (b) are consistent with the way that
	Measure the portfolio's exposure to each of	these risk factors relative to the benchmark.
	Measure historical volatility of each risk fac	tor.
	<ul> <li>Use volatility and relative exposure to gaug (tracking error) for each independent factor.</li> </ul>	e the portfolio's relative performance at risk
	<ul> <li>Incorporate correlation data among the diversification benefits in estimating tracking</li> </ul>	se risk factors to account for potential g.
	for historical data, worst case market er	variety of assumptions (different time periods avironments (tail risk), varying correlation c.) to get a robust understanding of portfolio arket environments.
		oution and the actual ex-post tracking error for to gauge the effectiveness of our risk stments as needed.
	LDI Fixed Inco	<u>ome</u>
	Aberdeen Asset Management's approach to LDI is cus client. We seek to tailor an alpha strategy (investment por error objectives of each client. At the same time, we seek portfolio) that is implemented through a derivatives overledesired liability interest rate exposure. Our approach is a result of the content of the con	rtfolio) to meet the excess return and tracking a to provide beta exposure (liability matching ay and that is designed to match each client's
	1. Liability Analysis: We work closely with clients and t sensitivity of their liability cash flows using propriets sensitivity encompasses duration, yield curve and conve when that is relevant). We also provide a sensitivity analy of the liabilities relative to the existing asset portfolio for to help clients understand the interest rate sensitivity of the	ary analytics. Our analysis of interest rate exity exposure (as well as inflation exposure ysis that measures the interest rate sensitivity changes in yield and changes in curve shape
	2. Liability Matching Portfolio/Benchmark (Beta): Bawith clients and their consultants to propose a customize desired liability (beta) interest rate exposure. The recomminterest rate swaps that represents a robust proxy for the in of the liability cash flows. The liability (beta) exposure is strategy using interest rate swaps. The overlay is mana Management Team.	ed liability driven benchmark to replicate the nended benchmark is comprised of a blend of interest rate risk (measured in dollar duration) is implemented through a derivatives overlay
	We believe that the use of interest rate swaps to construct	et the liability benchmark and implement the

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u> </u>
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form	liability matching portfolio has the following benefits:  • The cash investment portfolio can be managed efficient universe to generate alpha and is not impacted by the betat store and the surface of the liability matching overlay can be fixed income portfolio, a client's entire plan or a portion of the Credit risk is minimized via collateralization. • The notional size of the liability matching overlay can be fixed income portfolio, a client's entire plan or a portion of the Credit risk is minimized via collateralization. • Swap indices are transparent and supported by third party and Merrill Lynch).  For most clients, particularly those that are making the initial benchmark consisting of a single swap or blend of 3-4 swap match balance their objectives (i.e. simplicity, transparency, and adequexposure). However, for clients that desire to match liabilities as of benchmark is a cash flow benchmark. While a drawback of this calculation, we do implement cash flow benchmarks as follows:  • The year by year forecast of expected liability cash flows swap yields and summed to give a total liability value. • This exercise is repeated on a quarterly or monthly basis. • The return on the LDI benchmark is then computed as the liability value for each time period.  3. Customized Investment Strategy (Alpha): We work with clients the expected return and tracking error budget for the plan. We strategies for the cash investment portfolio that is suited to each clie error targets.  Our investment teams are focused on generating alpha relative to LII the global investment universe (Investment grade, high yield, emerge currency) offers diversified sources of alpha as needed to meet clie the market value of the portfolio is invested in the alpha strategy. The securities in order to meet margin and collateral requirements. The curve of the portfolio one to meet margin and collateral requirements. The curve such portfolio oversight/Risk Management: The LDI Portfolio Ma oversight of the combined portfolio including monitoring of co	tly across the entire investment trategy.  cibility to customize as there are tailored to match the size of our a plan.  index providers (Barclays Capital transition to an LDI strategy, a sturities is generally sufficient to late replication of their liability closely as possible, the ideal LDI is approach is the complexity of are discounted using interest rate the percentage change in the total and their consultant to determine propose one of our investment ent's expected return and tracking and their consultant to determine propose one of our investment ent's expected return and tracking and the objectives. Roughly 98-99% of the remaining 1-2% is held in liquid derivatives management team uses so that the alpha from the cash magement team is responsible for risk exposures, management of
	<b>Benefits</b> We believe that our approach to LDI as outlined above offers the following the state of the state	lowing benefits:
	<ul> <li>Alpha and Beta exposure are separated and tailored to the sp</li> <li>Beta exposure is effectively and efficiently achieved through</li> </ul>	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u> </u>
Aberdeen Asset Management	actly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV: IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	<ul> <li>strategy that is implemented by a state of the art derivatives management team.</li> <li>Investment strategies with a track record of providing risk-adjusted performance are available to generate alpha.</li> <li>The use of an overlay approach to match the liability exposure allows the alpha investment portfolio to be managed independently and efficiently including the ability to access the entire global investment universe.</li> <li>Clients and their consultant benefit from extensive LDI experience in terms of analyzing their plan's current situation, recommending potential solutions, and communicating to relevant constituents.</li> </ul>	
	US Core Short Duration	
	Objective  The objective of the Core Short Duration Fixed Income strategy is to maximize portfolio yield and total return relative to the Merrill Lynch 1-3 Year Treasury Index without materially increasing the risk profile of the portfolio. We believe this can be accomplished by exploiting pricing inefficiencies in high quality investment grade bonds, while tightly managing the risk profile of the overall portfolio. We seek to outperform the benchmark by approximately 75-100 basis points annually, net of fees. Importantly, we strive to minimize return volatility, specifically the frequency of negative quarterly returns, by maintaining high credit quality and effectively neutral duration relative to the index. Performance is measured over the long term (i.e., three to five years) and monitored regularly.  Investment Philosophy  We believe the most consistent way to add value in the fixed income markets is through a strictly bottom-up approach, capitalizing on pricing inefficiencies at the security level. Our fixed income philosophy is based on two tenets:  • Diligent credit analysis, structure evaluation and relative-value assessment can be utilized to exploit the pricing inefficiencies inherent in non-Treasury bond markets.  • Avoiding techniques that cannot be relied on to consistently add value increases the probability of outperformance versus the benchmark. For this reason, we specifically avoid	
	Investment Process Aberdeen Asset Management's Core Short Duration strategy emports security selection investment process. Our fixed income portfolio available bonds within their sectors of expertise and determine an each bond's credit, structure, option value (if relevant) and liquidity components a value, which, in combination, defines the bond's Specifically, we compare the bond's intrinsic value (target yield) with yield). Bonds selling at a reasonable discount to their intrinsic value. We then compare purchase candidates across multiple sectors at determines the most compelling relative-value opportunity. If the the portfolio manager responsible for that sector will execute the trace the ongoing fundamentals and pricing levels of the bond.  Bonds are sold when they reach their target price or when their fund its trading level in the market. Bonds may also be sold to facilitate the attractive risk/return characteristics. Such target prices may be re-	managers and analysts research intrinsic value by deconstructing value. We assign to each of these intrinsic value or target yield. In its current market price (market become purchase candidates. Indicate the discussion and analysis earn discussion results in a trade, ansaction and continue to monitor amental valuation dislocates from the purchase of an issue with more

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
<b>Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II</b>	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do no	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other so	chedules.)
	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
<b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	Inc.	51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C.	trades with short holding periods.	
(cont.)	www.	
	Research Process  The research performed by our credit analysts and portfolio manager into a company's credibility with respect to its financial track recratings and/or ratings targets. Our research effort also attempts to as drivers of success and failure in the particular industry, the companistrategic plan for dealing with industry and competitive dynamics. evaluation of covenants and triggers in lending agreements, often procevent risk. Inconsistencies among information sources are resolved that and rating agency analysts, industry sources and company management.	ord and commitment to current seess the trends and fundamental my's competitive position and its Liquidity analysis, including an vides early insights into potential through discussions with research
	Risk Management In addition to the typical risk management policies and practices limits), we have developed a suite of proprietary portfolio management process itself and the method of portfolio construction. Our pur approach naturally diversifies our investment decision-making su discrete and independent, and therefore, are less correlated. Additional forecast-based, portfolios are not at all levered to the prevailing macro with a top-down style. Furthermore, we are effectively duration neurate risk is limited to that of the benchmark.	nent tools to safeguard portfolios tools are those embedded in the re bottom-up, security selection and that portfolio decisions are ally, given that our process is not to view of the team, as is the case
	Emerging Markets Debt	
	Investment Philosophy	
	<ul> <li>The investment philosophy for emerging market debt is as follows:</li> <li>To maximize alpha potential we need to focus on the entire we cover the whole emerging market debt investment unive corporate issuers, hard and local currency instruments, derivatives.</li> <li>Successful investment in emerging market debt requires coupled with analysis of market technicals.</li> </ul>	erse. This includes sovereign and foreign exchange and credit
	Comprehensive country research, set in the context of global econordation of our investment process. Our research is consistently looking analysis of a country's credit profile, together with developmed Our EMD team is a well resourced investment team, capable of rapid implementation. They are focused in emerging debt markets an accumulated experience of investing in this asset class. This depth of	r updated to provide a forward- ents in its capital markets decision making and trade and have over sixty four years

Benchmark aware, not benchmark driven

→ We construct our own forward looking expectations of risk and volatility

Traditional risk management tools have limited relevance in emerging markets: Historic

volatility is a poor guide to future volatility in this asset class

to interpret ongoing country developments.

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other s		
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Our Emerging Markets funds are managed upon the beliefs mentioned above. Emerging markets can be a volatile assets class, in which a thorough understanding of fundamentals is key to generating performance and avoiding negative returns. We believe that using a broad investment universe allows for better choice of investment opportunities.		
	Investment Process		
	The team follows a disciplined investment process that applies daily recommendations, portfolio construction, and risk management. The total return opportunities across all emerging debt markets.		
	The EMD investment process has 5 main steps:		
	Step 1: Fundamental Analysis Comprehensive country research, set in the context of global ec foundation of our investment process. A country's macroeconomic institutions and robustness of its microeconomic institutions all play a country's creditworthiness. Our research is consistently update analysis of a country's credit profile, together with developments in i In certain countries, a strong reform drive can prove to be the catalys productivity, competitiveness and economic growth, which in tuprofile.	profile, the nature of its political a role in providing an analysis of ed to provide a forward-looking ts domestic capital markets.  It for robust improvements in	
	economic developments. Close observation of global macroeconom	ilarly, the stability and credibility of a government are important considerations in assessing likely nomic developments. Close observation of global macroeconomic trends also plays an important , as changes in risk appetite and commodity prices can have a strong bearing on certain countries' lit outlook.	
	To assess a country's creditworthiness, we also draw input from scoring model. Based on this analysis we assign each country a crefollowing four key criteria:  • Economic statistics • Solvency ratios • Liquidity ratios • Political stability and structural reform		
	Our analysis of local currency instruments is an integral part of capproach is based on a thorough assessment of a country's economic in the context of global macro trends. We thus identify countries we exchange rate developments is likely to reward foreign investors favorable returns.	policy objectives and credibility, where the path of interest rate and	
	For corporate securities, we only invest in companies where we sovereign creditworthiness. We also focus only on transparent, well business models.		
	The emerging markets debt team is a focused group embedded with which includes global currency and interest rate specialists. As such		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)			
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV: Inc.  IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279		
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	how the broad macro trends will influence developments in the emerging markets.  Step 2: Market analysis / technical positioning  Analysis of the market structure and technical factors (nature of the instruments, relative value, liquidity, and demand & supply imbalances) is complementary to fundamental credit analysis. It can point towards opportunities that may be confirmed or rejected by fundamental analysis. These two processes create the EMD opportunity set.		
	Step 3: Scenario analysis We believe that historic performance and volatility measures are ina forward-looking risk and volatility in emerging markets. During volatility, risk models based on historic volatility would typically positions in highcarry trades. As this propagates through the market of a particular trade can become very stretched, exceeding the bour some of the less developed markets. In addition, historic volatilit risks" such as upcoming political elections.	extended periods of low market encourage the extension of long et over time, the technical position adaries of "acceptable liquidity" in	
	Our scenario analysis for each instrument type in each country is based on our own assessment of forward-looking risks. We create return forecasts for each type of asset within a country; together with best and worst case scenarios. In this case we can create a platform for direct comparison across instrument types among different countries, focusing both on forward looking projected returns and isks.		
	Step 4: Pool of investment opportunities In each country, we identify the instruments that are likely to protaking account of forward-looking risks. This can range from inv domestic debt to foreign exchange instruments and selective investments.	restments in sovereign external or	
	Step 5: Portfolio construction Although we may identify a range of instruments that present favorare aware of the correlations that exist between the performances of universe, together with the economic links between many enconsidering the addition of an asset to the portfolio we assess both with the impact of its addition to the risk-return profile of the portconstruct a diversified, risk controlled portfolio of instruments particular adverse investment theme.	of various assets in the investment nerging economies. As such, in its own risk-return profile together rtfolio as a whole. In this way we	
	Risk Management		
	In EMD we do not believe that historic volatility in emerging marker future volatility. As such, we do not rely on traditional risk measure is embedded in our EMD investment process. We use a forward-positions against our worst case scenarios. We diversify risk by taking	s, such as VAR. Risk management looking risk approach and we test	
	We have an ongoing process of constantly evaluating country fund our own forward looking risk scenarios for individual countries forward looking scenarios are more appropriate than historic volatil volatility in emerging market securities can fluctuate greatly over tin	and instruments. We believe that ity within this asset class, because	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	,
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	individual instrument is based on both developments within a country, and our assessment of how a particular instrument within a country is likely to react to developments in that country. Also, we evaluate risk both on an instrument level and on a portfolio level when considering the addition of removal of a particular instrument to the portfolio.  As mentioned earlier, we do not believe tracking error is an appropriate risk measure for EMD however we do use the APT risk system to monitor the ex-ante risk of the portfolio.  APT (Advanced Portfolio Technologies) is a third party statistical factor model. APT models cover multiple asset classes and can also drill-through a hierarchy of synthetic and complex derivative instruments. Detailed analysis of risk is calculated both through explanatory factors and as a contribution at security level. The system is being implemented as a daily monitoring system providing flexible risk reporting through various hierarchical levels and will become the primary risk oversight system for all core AAM assets during 2009.  Apart from risk controls at the investment level, our independent compliance department monitors all portfolio changes, using Charles River. Our client guidelines are hard coded into the Charles River Compliance System by our compliance team. This system stores portfolio details and electronically checks and monitors compliance with investment guidelines. It provides a pre-deal warning to the portfolio manager and a post-deal breach exception report to Compliance of potential guidelines breaches for all transactions including currency and OTC derivatives.  Global Fixed Income (Aggregate/Government)  Investment Philosophy	
	Our fixed income philosophy is based on the following beliefs:	
	Pricing inefficiencies exist and can be exploited	
	The opportunities of fixed income markets demand significant	t resources organized in specialist
	<ul><li> Operating a clearly defined team structure provides transparency</li></ul>	and accountability
	Investment returns should be generated within a risk framework	
	A dynamic and evolutionary investment process to keep ahead or	f changing market opportunities
	Investment Style	
	Our active investment style is to identify relative value between currencies. We do this by combining bottom-up security select approach.	
	Top-down (macro)	
	<ul> <li>The top-down investment decisions we take are:</li> <li>Interest rate decisions – we take positions in the government bo the direction of markets and relative valuations between markets</li> <li>Currencies – we take active currency positions</li> </ul>	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form	Inc.	51-0368279
(identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C.	Allocations to Emerging Market Debt and High Yield taken via	a co-mingled vehicles
(cont.)	Bottom-up security selection (micro)	
	Our bottom-up security selection process determines which individe in the portfolio. We seek to identify undervalued credits.	dual non-government bonds are held
	Investment Process	
	Step 1 – Agree risk and return requirements: The first step is for the client the investment objectives, including the investment university tolerance.	
	Step 2 – The Product Team sets the investment strategy for a client: A risk budget is then set by your portfolio manager in conjunction with the Global Product Team. This template will contain an outperformance target for the portfolio broken down into contributions from each permitted alpha team and will include tracking error and information ratios. The Product Team then allocates risk to relevant alpha teams and also makes asset allocation decisions, for example, to emerging market debt, high yield. Allocations to sub-investment grade are managed via pooled funds to ensure sufficient diversification even for small allocations.	
	Step 3 – Alpha Teams	
	Our alpha teams have a competitive performance track record in that:	neir respective markets. These teams
	interest rates for duration, yield curve, relative market, in government bond markets;	nflation and volatility decisions in
	currency for exchange rate positions;	
	investment grade credit for issue selection within the investuniverse;	stment grade non-government bond
	emerging market debt for managing the allocation to emerging	ng market debt; and
	high yield for managing the allocation to high yield.	
	Each team is small and dynamic, with focused decision making, and each alpha team operates independently with its own investment the value added in its market segment. This ensures that the value of the others and that there is real diversification of positions which over time and increase the out-performance potential for a given rise	nent process, designed to maximize added by each team is independent ich should smooth the return profile
	The Global Product Team is also responsible for capturing all inveworking within individual portfolio guidelines. Team members me in continuous discussion with the specialist investment teams to enteams are implemented across all mandates.	eet to discuss portfolios, but are also
	Changes to investment policy are implemented across all portfolio	os on a co-ordinated basis, resulting

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do n	ot use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	schedules.)
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV: IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	in consistency of returns across all portfolios with similar objectives and out-performance target. Although each portfolio is ultimately the responsibility of a designated individual, portfolios are aggregation of a team process. There is no individual portfolio manager discretion.  Portfolio transactions are executed by bond, currency and derivative specialist dealers. Trades	
	aggregated across portfolios ensuring consistent distribution of risk a	nd return.
	Step 4 – Review and Control	
	The Global Product Team is responsible for:	
	• the overall performance of all global fixed income portfolios;	
	• evaluating risk characteristics across portfolios; and	
	• ensuring commonality of performance across portfolios.	
	To do this portfolios are reviewed daily, weekly and monthly with formal control processes around the checks that are undertaken on performance, risk and attribution.	
	Ultra Short Duration Fixed Incom	ne
	AAMI offers US Ultra Short Duration Fixed Income products. AAMI's Ultra Short strategy is offered to clients who desire a conservative and liquid investment strategy.	
	Investment Objectives	
	<ul> <li>Ultra Short Duration seeks to achieve returns in excess of client directed benchmarks maintaining a focus on preservation of principal.</li> <li>Ultra Short Duration combines the investment philosophy of a bottom-up approach to perconstruction, capitalizing on pricing inefficiencies at the security level, with macro inputs on a near term (3 month) view of rates.</li> <li>Ultra Short Duration strategy targets excess returns of 40 basis points per year.</li> </ul>	
	Products & Process Overview	
	Philosophies: AAMI's Ultra Short Duration Fixed Income strength relative value driven process to adding value.	rategy employs a research based,
	<ul> <li>Duration Management: AAMI's approach does employ durativalue. Because of the difficulty in adding value through duratincrease in tracking error related to such strategies, AAMI be security selection and sector diversification should dominate positioning decisions made in a defensive risk controlled compreservation of principal over very short time spans (3 months of the controlled compreservation).</li> </ul>	ation management along with the elieves that a process focused on a with duration and yield curve entext to meet client objectives of
	Customization  The risk/return objective and allocation ranges outlined above are meet the specific risk/return objectives of our clients. Importantly, provides it with the capability to calibrate sector exposure to a	AAMI's risk management system

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
<b>Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II</b>	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
Aberdeen Asset Managemen	tly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  t Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Investment Process Within each sector of the bond market, AAMI's portfolio manager investment universe in their sectors. Upon identification of a sec calculates an intrinsic value for each security considered for fundamental analysis of a security's credit, structure, and lic compares its independent valuation to the value assigned by the AAMI's intrinsic value are purchase candidates, which are then that it believes present the most compelling relative value. Whe intrinsic value, they are sold. This approach — continuous recy portfolio and "rich" securities out of the portfolio — is integral to return by way of both yield and price return.  According to AAMI's independent valuation process, a bond's integral to the credit risk (e.g., relative certainty of repayment)  • credit risk (e.g., relative certainty of repayment)  • cashflow structure (e.g., relative certainty of timing of repayment)  • liquidity risk (e.g., relative certainty of market price)  These risk premiums take into account fundamental analysis as we peer group — i.e., the current market price for bonds with similar right first consideration in AAMI's fundamental analysis is crewillingness of a company or sovereign issuer to pay interest and profithe original bond instrument. The research performed by Amanagers is directed at providing insight into management's creatrack record and commitment to current ratings and/or ratings to assess the trends and fundamental drivers of succeous company's competitive position and strategic plan for dealing dynamics. Liquidity analysis, including an evaluation of covenam often provides early insights into potential event risk.	curity that appears mispriced, AAMI repurchase, based on its extensive quidity characteristics. AAMI then he market. Bonds trading cheap to vetted by the team to identify those en bonds in the portfolio reach their veling of "cheap" securities into the to AAMI's goal of maximizing total trinsic value (yield) is the sum of the payment)  The ell as valuation relative to the bond's isk/return characteristics.  The ability and portfolio edibility with respect to its financial argets. AAMI's research effort also tess and failure in the industry, the ing with industry and competitive

Next, AAMI analyzes potential cash flow variability for each security – this measure applies primarily to mortgage- or asset-backed securities but also to callable corporate and municipal bonds. Herein, AAMI stress-tests securities under various potential future scenarios, examining their expected relative price performance and repayment/prepayment stability. There is a constant tradeoff between yield and cash flow certainty, and AAMI's focus in this area is to gain as much cash flow certainty as possible while giving up as little yield as possible.

Finally, AAMI evaluates the degree of liquidity associated with each bond. Factors that could influence a bond's liquidity include the size of the bond issue, the size of the issuing entity, the degree

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	of Wall Street sponsorship of the issuer, inclusion in the benchmark, and the registration status of the issue (i.e., public or private placement).	
	Based on this analysis, a final "target yield spread" or intrinsic value current market spread. If the bond's target spread is lower than cheap), the bond becomes a purchase candidate.	_
	Similarly, securities owned in the portfolio are constantly monitoristructure and liquidity characteristics, as well as changes in market approaches our target, it becomes a sell candidate. Managers contained across the team, and these are compared across opportunities. The most compelling relative value trades are the portfolios.	pricing. As a bond's market spread ommunicate their purchase and sell all sectors to determine the best
	AAMI's sell discipline requires that once the target spread on a bond is reached, the bond is sold a replaced with the most compelling buy candidate across the investment universe. Bonds may retheir target spread either as a result of market appreciation of the credit, or when there is a negation of the credit of the bond's value which causes an upward adjustment in AAMI's target spreads may be reached quickly and may result in trades with short holding periods.	
	Risk Management  The primary measure of risk for this product is tracking error relatic consistently maintaining a moderate amount of tracking error over potential maximum downside risk relative to the benchmark in conservative risk profile is also a designed to be consistent with the in its clients' asset allocation.	time, AAMI is very focused on its periods of market stress. AAMI's
	Tracking error is monitored and controlled through both production quantitative risk management system as follows:	ct design and AAMI's proprietary
	1. Duration Targets: AAMI's duration targeting approach for this product monitors the rinherent in any near term interest rate calls made by the Portfolio Manager. Since the decisions are all based on 3 month forward looking views on portfolios with duration years the interest rate risk is definable with high levels of confidence.	
	<ol> <li>Measured/Risk Controlled Plus Sector Allocations: As of for AAMI's sector allocation decisions are based on care AAMI's decision making process takes a very measure allocating to sectors.</li> </ol>	eful quantitative research. Further,
	3. Proprietary Risk Management System: AAMI has a rosystem that it uses along with AAMI's judgment to meas number of dimensions. The risk measurement process has	ure and manage tracking error on a

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form	Answer	
(identify)	MISWI	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	<ul> <li>Breakdown fixed income market into risk factors that (a) AAMI feels accurately reflet the components of risk in the fixed income market and (b) are consistent with the watchat AAMI thinks about relative value.</li> </ul>	
	Measure the portfolio's exposure to each of these risk factors relative to the benchmark.	
	Measure historical volatility of each risk factor.	
	<ul> <li>Use volatility and relative exposure to gauge the (tracking error) for each independent factor.</li> </ul>	e portfolio's relative performance at risk
	<ul> <li>Incorporate correlation data among these ridiversification benefits in estimating tracking.</li> </ul>	isk factors to account for potential
	<ul> <li>Look at estimates of tracking error under a variet for historical data, worst case market enviror assumptions, potential scenario analysis etc.) to risk exposures under a variety of potential market</li> </ul>	nments (tail risk), varying correlation get a robust understanding of portfolio
	<ul> <li>Feedback loop: Review performance attribution and the actual ex-post tracking er versus estimates of ex-ante tracking error to gauge the effectiveness of our measurement process and look to make adjustments as needed.</li> </ul>	
	Mortgage Opportunities Strategy	
	Objective	
	The objective of the Opportunity strategy is to earn LIBOR structured assets with a high certainty of principal repayment. Non-Agency residential and commercial Mortgage Backed Se Backed Securities (ABS). When appropriate, the fund may a interest rate swaps, futures and Agency TBA MBS Pass-Throughpa from undesired interest rate risk.	The strategy will invest in Agency and ecurities (RMBS and CMBS), and Asset lso take either long or short positions in
	Philosophy	
	Significant deleveraging and subsequent illiquidity in the structured securities market has cr unprecedented opportunity for fixed income investors to achieve returns. We believe that en our strictly bottom-up relative value approach, capitalizing on pricing inefficiencies in in securities is the best way to capture the opportunity on a risk controlled basis.	
	Investment Process	
We use detailed security analysis to buy bonds that may be illiquid for periods of time, return of principal is expected for the majority of bonds even in stressed scenarios. W purchase deeply discounted securities where full repayment of principal may not occur. W low turnover, as bid-ask spreads can occasionally be quite wide in these sectors.		ren in stressed scenarios. We may also principal may not occur. We anticipate
		1) 22 of 72

Schedule 1	F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form AD	V			
Continuation	on Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u> </u>	
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Guidelines		
	Portfolios may invest in the following securities non-agency and age CMBS and MBS including:	ency investment grade ABS,	
	Prime and Alt-A Fixed Rated Bonds		
	Prime and Alt-A Hybrid Arms		
	• Subprime		
	Option Arms		
	• CMBS		
	The overall portfolio will be governed by the following guidelines:		
	<ul> <li>No more than 10% of the portfolio will be invested in secuthe time of origination.</li> </ul>	urities that were not AAA rated at	
	<ul> <li>RMBS ≤100%</li> <li>CMBS ≤30%</li> <li>ABS ≤20%</li> <li>Single Issuer ≤5% (where issue in ABS, RMBS or CMBS collateral in the securitization)</li> <li>Single Issue ≤ 3%</li> </ul>	S is defined as the specific trust or	
	Corporate and Corporate Long Cre	Corporate and Corporate Long Credit	
	Investment Objective and Parameters  The Corporate Credit/Corporate Long Credit Fixed Income strate returns with low risk.		
	The strategy invests in US dollar denominated investment grace securities.	de (Baa3/BBB- rated and higher)	
	<b>Investment Philosophy</b> Our philosophy for adding value in the Corporate Credit/Corporate is as follows:	Long Credit Fixed Income strategy	
	<ul> <li>A strictly bottom-up approach to portfolio construction inefficiencies at the individual security level, is the most effects seek to generate risk-adjusted excess returns.</li> </ul>		
	A relative value driven investment process that is grounded in the most effective way to identify pricing inefficiencies in the f		
	Macro techniques that are less reliable in consistently generate	ing risk-adjusted returns should be	

Schedule 1	F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form AD	V			
Continuation	on Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	it use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u> </u>	
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV: Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	avoided, including interest-rate forecasting and top-down sector rotation.		
	Portfolios should be effectively duration-neutral, relative to the benchmark, with sector weights resulting from bottom-up security selection and our risk-management process.		
	A team approach to portfolio management and fixed incor- leverage of resources and collective expertise.	A team approach to portfolio management and fixed income research provides the greatest leverage of resources and collective expertise.	
	• Strong buy and sell disciplines are critical to maintaining performance and limiting downside risk.	g the consistency of process and	
	We believe our approach to be successful over the course of future investment cycles, because the size and structure of the bond market should continue to permit pricing inefficiencies to exist at individual security level as they have historically. Further, with the tremendous consolidation of fix income managers, many of our well regarded competitors are likely to be too big to effectively focus individual security selection to a large extent, which should further highlight the distinctiveness of approach.  Customization  The risk/return objectives and allocation ranges are flexible and often customized to meet the spec risk/return objectives of our clients. Importantly, our investment management system provides us we the capability to customize the duration target of the portfolio to match client objectives.		
	Portfolio construction process		
	The Corporate Credit/Corporate Long Credit Fixed Income strate	gy employs an investment process	
	based on bottom-up, relative-value security selection. The goal of	this process is to identify securities	
	that we believe are "mispriced" in the market.		
	Our portfolio managers continuously monitor the available investment identification of a security that appears mispriced, we calculate a considered for purchase, based on our analysis of fundaments characteristics. We then compare our independent valuation to the Bonds trading below our intrinsic value are purchase candidates, we identify those that we believe present the most compelling relative reach their intrinsic value, they are sold. This approach — continuous into the portfolio and "rich" securities out of the portfolio — is integreturn by way of both yield and price return.	an intrinsic value for each security al credit, structure, and liquidity the value assigned by the market. Which are then vetted by the team to value. When bonds in the portfolio ous recycling of "cheap" securities	
	Intrinsic Valuation		
	According to our independent valuation process, a bond's intrinsic	c value is the sum of the Treasury	
	risk-free rate plus three risk premiums:	·	
	• credit risk (e.g., relative certainty of repayment)		
	• cashflow structure (e.g., relative certainty of timing of repa	nyment)	
	<ul> <li>liquidity risk (e.g., relative certainty of market price)</li> </ul>		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

`	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
•		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	These risk premiums take into account fundamental analysis as we peer group – i.e., the current market price for bonds with similar risk	
	The first consideration in our fundamental analysis is credity willingness of a company to pay interest and principal in accordation bond instrument. The research performed by our credit analysts are providing insight into management's credibility with respect commitment to current ratings and/or ratings targets. Our research trends and fundamental drivers of success and failure in the interposition and strategic plan for dealing with industry and compete including an evaluation of covenants and triggers in lending agree into potential event risk.	ance with the terms of the original and portfolio managers is directed at to its financial track record and the effort also attempts to assess the dustry, the company's competitive titive dynamics. Liquidity analysis,
	Next, we analyze potential cash flow variability for each security – this measure applies prima mortgage- or asset-backed securities. Herein, we stress-test securities under various potential scenarios, examining their expected relative price performance and repayment/prepayment states a constant tradeoff between yield and cash flow certainty, and our focus in this area is a smuch cash flow certainty as possible while giving up as little yield as possible.  Finally, we evaluate the degree of liquidity associated with each bond. Factors that could influe bond's liquidity include the size of the bond issue, the size of the issuing entity, the degree of Street sponsorship of the issuer, inclusion in the benchmark, and the registration status of the (i.e., public or private placement).	
	Based on this analysis, a final "target spread" or intrinsic value current market spread. If the bond's target spread is lower than it becomes a purchase candidate.	•
	Similarly, securities owned in the portfolio are constantly monits structure and liquidity characteristics, as well as changes in market approaches our target, it becomes a sell candidate. Managers co candidates across the team, and these are compared across opportunities. The most compelling relative value trades are the portfolios.	pricing. As a bond's market spread ommunicate their purchase and sell all sectors to determine the best
	As a discipline of the process, once the target spread on a bone replaced with the most compelling buy candidate across the investheir target spread either as a result of market appreciation of the change in our view of the bond's value which causes an upward	estment universe. Bonds may reach credit, or when there is a negative
Complete	e amended pages in full, circle amended items and file with execution page (page 1	n 36 of 72

Schedule 1	F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form AD	V			
Continuation	on Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

		IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form		51-0368279
(identify)	Answer	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)  Such target spreads may be reached quickly and may result in trades with short holding		vith short holding periods.
Sector weightings		
We do not make top-down sector rotation decisions for Corporate Credit/Corp		e Credit/Corporate Long Credit
	portfolios. Sector weightings are a function of where we are finding vand our top down risk management process.	value at the individual issue level
	Duration position	
	We believe that macro techniques such as interest-rate forecasting can add value to a Corporate Credit/Corporate Long Credit portfol effectively neutral duration relative to the Barclays Capital Corporate selected benchmark including Barclays Capital Long Corporate I security selection to add value to our Corporate Credit/Corporate Long	io. Therefore, we maintain an Bond Index (or any other client-Bond Index), relying purely on
	Risk Management	
The primary measure of risk for this product is tracking error relative to the benchmark. consistently maintaining a moderate amount of tracking error over time, we are very for potential maximum downside risk relative to the benchmark in periods of marker conservative risk profile is also a designed to be consistent with the role of high quality in our clients' asset allocation.		ime, we are very focused on our periods of market stress. Our
	Tracking error is controlled primarily through product design. Thus, instead of employing quatracking error risk budgeting to drive our portfolio construction, we believe that tracking error controlled by maintaining a disciplined approach to our investment process. Ex-post anal confirmed the effectiveness of our process in controlling tracking error.	
	We do also incorporate the output of our quantitative risk managemer ex-ante tracking error to ensure that systematic risk exposures remain our views on relative value.	
	Tracking error is monitored and controlled in a three step process as o	utlined below:
<ol> <li>Product/Process Design - Risk control is inherent in our security selection in process:         <ol> <li>Our duration neutral approach eliminates the largest source of potential trace (interest rate risk).</li> <li>We believe that our security selection process based on fundamental research higher probability of being correct than top down macro approaches.</li> <li>Our pure bottom-up, security selection approach naturally diversifies our indecision-making such that positions held in the portfolio are as non-correl practical</li> <li>Because our process is free of the forecasting inherent in top-down management, our portfolios are not levered to an in-house macro view.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		ource of potential tracking error fundamental research provides a approaches.  Irally diversifies our investment olio are as non-correlated as is otherwise the control of

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form	Answer	·
<b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	Our strong sell discipline helps us avoid blow-ups in the bond mark by issuer to minimize idiosyncratic risk  2. Proprietary Risk Management System: Our proprietary quantitative risk management and trace monitors portfolio risk exposures (as described below). I driven by the output of our tracking error system, we do us yestematic risk exposures. The system is used to inform any potential sources of systematic tracking error to ensure based on our views on relative value at the individual seand overt risk controls generally are successful in minimal we believe that it is also important to have a rigorous quant as check on our process and as a fundamental component of the same and manage tracking error on a number of dimensions. The following steps:  • Breakdown fixed income market into risk factors that (a components of risk in the fixed income market and (b) are considered about relative value.  • Measure the portfolio's exposure to each of these risk factors referror) for each independent factor.  • Use volatility and relative exposure to gauge the portfolio's referror) for each independent factor.  • Incorporate correlation data among these risk factors to achieve the summating tracking.  • Look at estimates of tracking error under a variety of assure historical data, worst case market environments (tail risk), potential scenario analysis etc.) to get a robust understanding variety of potential market environments.	tet. Portfolios are highly diversified obtains error system measures and While portfolio construction is not se this system to measure portfolio the portfolio management team of the portfolio management capability of our investment process.  The portfolio management capability of our investment process.  The portfolio management capability of our investment process has the selection of the portfolio management to the measurement process has the selection of the portfolio management at risk (tracking the performance at risk (tracking the performance at risk (tracking the portfolio management assumptions, of portfolio risk exposures under a selection assumptions, of portfolio risk exposures under a selection assumptions.
	Our risk management process within the investment grade comport include a forward looking assessment of risk and return in managed Long Credit sector exposures. Further, we are using a much more gin the Corporate Credit/Corporate Long Credit investment compont increasing the number of risk factors/sectors that we measure and management process within the investment grade componing the forward looking assessment of risk and return in management process.	ng our Corporate Credit/Corporate granular approach to measuring risk ent of the portfolio by significantly

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

•	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Aberdeen Asset Management		IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	US High Yield		
	Investment Objective		
	We seek to add value by pursuing capital appreciation opportunities and high current income		
	We favor securities that possess option value in the form of tenders, call and fee opportunities		
	Investment Philosophy		
	<ul> <li>Macro overlay provides a framework for portfolio co industry concentration</li> </ul>	nstruction in terms of quality bias and	
	Cyclical sectors and lower-rated bonds are generally	avoided during downturns	
	Reliant on our own determination of credit quality an	d capital-at-risk (CAR)	
	Peg the intrinsic value of securities to capture market inefficiencies		
	• Exploit the discrepancies between the rating agencies' assessments and our own assessments		
	• Extensive use of credit default swaps (CDS) primarily as a means to reflect single-name short credit positions		
	Will consider total return opportunities outside of the high yield sector		
	<ul> <li>Investment grade corporates, residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, "busted" convertible bonds, sovereign debt</li> </ul>		
	Non-corporate securities are limited to 10% of the po	ortfolio	
	Analysts are responsible for covering high yield and it	investment grade credits	
	High yield companies are more capital constrained th	an investment grade counterparts	
	Vital to understanding strategic the direction of industrial	stry leaders	
	Investment Process		
	Aberdeen believes that strong risk-adjusted returns can be achieved by constructing a broadly diversified portfolio of predominantly higher quality non-investment grade corporate bonds.		
	Our process has 4 main steps:		
	Step 1: Fundamental Security Analysis		
	Using a rigorous bottom-up credit selection process and a quantitative risk management system relies heavily on capital-at-risk (CAR, defined as the differential between current trading level price in a default scenario), the team seeks out high total return opportunities (both high income and capital appreciation) while weighing carefully the risk to the downside. To mit CAR, the team generally prefers asset-heavy business models and capital structures that allowed		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)			
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
favorable recovery in a worst-case default scenario. As a result of our focused on higher rated senior bonds as well as secured bonds and term on collateral. However, our strategies are dynamic and we can easily to market as the business and macro environment changes. Asset-light subordinated bonds are considered for purchase although any investment generally be of smaller size, given the heavy focus on loss potential. remarkably low CAR in many segments of the leveraged finance many investors with this compelling opportunity for attractive risk-adjusted ret		term loans that benefit from a lien illy transition into lower tiers of the light business models as well as stment positions established would tial. In Aberdeen's view, it is the ace market that currently provides	
	In pursuit of capital appreciation opportunities, Aberdeen tends to favor bonds and loans that possess option value, in the form of tender, call and fee opportunities. As loans approach covenant violations, we strive to capitalize on amendment fees and re-pricing opportunities. Often, covenants in high yield bonds and loans prevent company management teams and private equity firms from unleashing equity value. Aberdeen focuses on covenant-laden securities in order to profit as bonds are tendered for, recognizing that management, Boards and sponsors tend to operate with their own economic interests in mind.		
	Before we select individual securities, the analysts at Aberdeen, who are sector specialists in respective industries, value the entire enterprise (asset side of the balance sheet) using multiples and private transaction. As an overriding principle of investing before we buy any see we need to see substantial value below the level of the capitalization in which we intend to invest also assess a target company's liquidity and avoid companies with large funding needs whe capital may be closed. In general, we favor corporate credits with strong free-cast characteristics, a sustainable asset base and companies possessing strategic critical value.  Though we primarily invest in non-investment grade bonds and loans, we will also co opportunities in investment grade corporates, residential and commercial mortgage-backed sec and "busted" convertible bonds. Convertible securities are sold as they rise in value and be equity sensitive. Non-corporate securities, including emerging country debt and mortgage-b securities, will represent no more than 10% of fund assets.  The opportunity set at Aberdeen also includes credit default swaps (CDS), primarily as a mereflect single-name short credit positions. Often our credit research yields a view that instruments are intrinsically expensive which allows us to capture alpha through synthetic positions. Credit rating downgrades, approaching covenant violations and rising default sentime individual issuers are all catalysts that allow for profit opportunities in shorting credit. While the strategies are generally focused on capturing single-name alpha, we also use the CDX index to the portfolio from potential "shocks" to the system, such as when Lehman Brothers file bankruptcy. While long positions are generally pursued in the cash bond market as the cash map presently more attractive, any synthetic long positions are analyzed as if they were funded, f CAR perspective. As well, we will maintain cash against the exposure so the portfolio is not le All single name CDS short exposures		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)			
1. Full name of applicant exactl <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	Step 2: Market Analysis/Macro overlay		
	Macro overlay provides a framework for portfolio construction in terms of quality bias and industry concentration. Cyclical sectors and lower-rated bonds are generally avoided during periods of economic downturn, as we position more defensively in lower beta opportunities. Our internal credit ratings, as determined by our corporate credit analysts, are adjusted for our macro and industry outlooks to arrive at effective "trading ratings." We are exclusively reliant on our own determination of credit quality and CAR, as opposed to the rating agency view. Where there are discrepancies between our assessment and the rating agencies, there is often an opportunity to capitalize on market inefficiencies.		
	Step 3: Trade Execution		
	Aberdeen has traders specialized in dealing in high yield securities as we believe the market to be functionally segmented from investment grade markets within our community of dealers. The high yield traders at Aberdeen specialize on their defined industry segments to maximize the focus on the portfolio and potential opportunities.		
	We also utilize a team of investment grade traders who are situated adjacent to the high yield trading desk. Traders and portfolio managers across all segments of fixed income are able to share thoughts and market dynamics given our desk structure and this close proximity.		
	The portfolio manager sets trading targets for the various credits within the opportunity set and traders comb the markets, within their defined segments, exploring possibilities for portfolio additions and subtractions. Such targets may be reached quickly and may result in trades with short holding periods. The credit analysts also track trading levels and are active in suggesting portfolio strategies to portfolio managers. Strategies employed within other products at Aberdeen, both investment grade cash and synthetic, are also weighed by the high yield portfolio managers as our focus is on return and risk, not necessarily traditional high yield investments.		
	At Aberdeen our traders maintain direct phone connections with several regional boutiques as well.	all the major broker/dealers and	
	Step 4: Portfolio Construction		
	We identify securities that are likely to provide strong outperformance with limited downside while simultaneously avoiding unintended risk skews from correlated investments. Portfolio positions are sized to minimized performance impact from any single default. The result is a diversified, risk-controlled portfolio of instruments with focus senior and secured bonds that are predominantly BB and B-rated. However, our strategies are dynamic and we will likely transition into lower tiers of the market as the business and macro environment changes.		
	Typical portfolio characteristics are:  • 10% non-corporate exposure  • Maximum industry exposure 20%  • Maximum issuer exposure 5%  • Maximum short 30%		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

. Full name of applicant exactly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  IRS Empl. Ident. No.:			
Aberdeen Asset Management			
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 4.A., B. & C.			
(cont.)	Global High Yield		
	Investment Overview		
	investment Overview		
	The Global High Yield strategy is a research driven, best ideas strategy that seeks high total return opportunities (both current income and capital appreciation) while maintaining rigorous control of downside risk. The team draws input from our investment teams globally including the credit teams in the US, Europe and Asia, the macro teams including emerging market debt and from the Aberdeen equity teams. As a result, we construct portfolios utilizing the full opportunity set of global high yield and crossover investment opportunities with the goal of generating strong risk adjusted returns over a market cycle.		
	Portfolio Construction		
	Aberdeen identifies securities that are likely to provide strong outperformance with limited downside while simultaneously avoiding unintended risk skews from correlated investments. Portfolio positions are sized to minimize performance impact from any single default. The result is a diversified, risk-controlled portfolio of instruments with a focus on senior and secured bonds that are predominantly BB and B-rated. However, our strategies are dynamic and may transition into lower tiers of the market as the business and macro environment changes.		
	Typical portfolio constraints are:		
	<ul> <li>10% non-corporate exposure</li> <li>Maximum industry exposure 20%</li> <li>Maximum issuer exposure 5%</li> </ul>		
	Investment Process: Buy/Sell Discipline		
	Aberdeen's Buy/Sell Discipline is the process by which we id construct portfolios. Below is the process of a how a security enters		
	Research Our global credit research capabilities are an important contributor primarily a result of the depth, quality and experience of our people of our portfolio managers are actively involved in our research research analysts.	e dedicated to credit research. All	
	Credit Analysis  Before we select individual securities, the analysts at Aberdeen, we respective industries, value the entire enterprise (asset side of multiples and private transactions. As an overriding principle of involve need to see substantial value below the level of the capitalization also assess a target company's liquidity and avoid companies with capital may be closed. In general, we favor corporate creations characteristics, a sustainable asset base and companies possessing sections.	the balance sheet) using market esting before we buy any security, in in which we intend to invest. We the large funding needs when the edits with strong free-cash-flow	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	
Aberdeen Asset Management	,	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form	Answer	
(identify)	Allswei	
Item 4.A., B. & C. (cont.)	comprehensive financial models for our credits and save them in a global credit database that employees worldwide can access.	
	Trading Ratings Our internal credit ratings, as determined by our corporate credit analysts, are adjusted security by security for our industry outlooks, time to maturity, optionality for call, tender and other factors to arrive at effective "trading ratings." We are exclusively reliant on our own determination of credit quality and CAR, as opposed to the rating agency view. Trading ratings are then mapped to a risk curve which enables the traders to compare the internal view to the market view on a real-time basis. All bonds that we currently hold, have previously held or are considering for purchase are included in our trading ratings database. Where there are discrepancies between our assessment and the rating agencies, there is often an opportunity to capitalize on market inefficiencies.	
	Relative Value  If a security is trading at a spread and/or yield to worst higher than our internally calculated values, it is characterized as available for purchase. If the traders find the security available for purchase in the market, the traders and portfolio manager use CAR (our measure of downside risk) to determine how many basis points of exposure should be added to the portfolio. Portfolio positions are optimized to limit single loss potential and are added versus available cash or selling of other bonds. Similarly, securities that are held and trading to a lower yield/price than our internally calculated values are sold.	
	Buy/Sell Targets  The portfolio manager sets trading targets for the various credits within the opportunity set and traders comb the markets, within their defined segments, exploring possibilities for portfolio additions and subtractions. The credit analysts also track trading levels and are active in suggesting portfolio strategies to portfolio managers. Strategies employed within other products at Aberdeen are also weighed by the high yield portfolio managers as our focus is on return and risk, not necessarily traditional high yield investments. Such targets may be reached quickly and may result in trades with short holding periods.	
Item 4.C.7.	OTHER METHODS OF INVESTMENT STI	RATEGIES
	The overall policy in the management of investment companies is dictated by the individual investment objectives and strategies, as disclosed in each fund's prospectus. Fund portfolios are generally well-diversified, although certain funds may, consistent with their respective policies at stated in the fund's prospectus, concentrate its investments in fewer securities or in specific industry of geographic sectors.	
	Some fund(s) advised by the Adviser hedge certain investment risks investing in interest rate, currency, stock index futures contracts and contracts, interest rate and currency swap agreements, and other defunder Item 3.L.	options thereon, forward currency
Item 5	EDUCATION and BUSINESS STAND	ARDS
	The Adviser generally requires all Senior Portfolio Managers in investment advice to have a college degree and at least two years of	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exac Aberdeen Asset Managemen	tly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  tt Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 6	EDUCATION and BUSINESS BAC	CKGROUND
	Marnie Aragon (b. 1971) – Senior Portfolio Manager – Quan of Philippines in 1994, MS from Cornell University in 1998 Putnam Investments as Vice President and Fixed Income Quan Deutsche Asset Management in 2002 as a Portfolio Manage quantitative methods in allocation decisions and evaluating risk Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed Management in 2005.	After graduating Ms. Aragon joined ntitative Analyst for 5 years. She joined or for Core Fixed Income, focusing on coreturn profiles. Ms. Aragon joined the
Paul Atkinson (b. 1968) – Head of U.S. Equities, Director and Vice President of Aberdeer Management Inc. University of Cardiff, Wales, Bachelor of Science Honors in Economi Finance, 1989 and Master of Science in Finance at the University of London, Birbeck College Atkinson is Head of Structured Equities Products on the North American Equity Team. Mr. At joined the Aberdeen Group in 1998 from UBS Ltd where he was a Director in its Equity Deri business. Previously, Mr. Atkinson worked for Prudential-Bache Ltd in a similar role. Mr. At graduated with a BSc Econ Hons from Cardiff University and was awarded a MSc Fin from Bi College, University of London.		
<b>Keith W. <u>Bachman</u></b> (b. 1966) – Head of US High Yield. BA from the Univ Baltimore County in 1989, MBA from Columbia University in 1994. Mr. Bacht experience as an analyst and portfolio manager of high yield corporate securitie Asset Management and Oppenheimer Funds. He joined the fixed income busines Management, the predecessor to the Adviser, in 2002 as a high yield analyst Adviser in 2007 from Stone Tower Capital, a hedge fund and CLO manager, very served as the Director of Credit Research.		in 1994. Mr. Bachman has 18 years of corporate securities for Merrill Lynch xed income business of Deutsche Asset high yield analyst and then joined the
	Ralph <u>Bassett</u> (b. 1983) – Assistant Investment Manager, Mr. Basset is an Assistant Manager on the US Equity Team. Mr. Basset joined the Adviser in 2006 from Navigant where he helped consult on various financial transaction and valuation engagements. Previous Basset held internships at J.P Morgan Chase and Siemens A.G. Mr. Basset graduated from University in 2005 with a Bachelor of Business Administration, majoring in Finance.	
	<b>Ramona A.</b> <u>Bejan</u> (b. 1980) – Associate, Quantitative Strat 2004. Ms. Bejan joined the Adviser in 2004.	tegies. BA from Lafayette College in
	<b>Bill Bellinzoni, CFA</b> (b.1976) – Credit Analyst. Mr. Bellinzoni income team. Prior to joining the Adviser in 2006, Mr. I Management for six years serving as a portfolio analyst for Prior to that, Mr. Bellinzoni worked for JPMorgan as an interengineering in the financial and information technology ground University of Delaware with a BS in 1999.	Bellinzoni worked for Deutsche Asset high yield and stable value portfolios. mal consultant focusing on process re-
	Oliver <u>Boulind</u> , CFA (b. 1971) – Senior Portfolio Manager. from Alliance Bernstein where he was a credit analyst focusing quality spectrum. Previously, Mr. Boulind worked for INVES yield telecom and media. Prior to that, Mr. Boulind was at JP management roles and, prior to graduate school, was at Salon	g on telecom and media across the credit CO as a credit analyst focusing on high Morgan Fleming in credit and portfolio

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

Full name of applicant exactly as stated in Iter     Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.     Item of Form	m 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Item of Form		51-0368279
	Answer	
(identify)  Item 6 (cont.)  Pennsylvania charterholder  Douglas Bur Nationwide C Long/Short H Leaders Fund and other sin Global Finan Health Scient team. Mr. E management Harriman & client group. Professional institutional Thomson Fin Cornell Univ  Joseph A. C the Gartmore long/short Fu		
alpha strateg acquired a pole he was an equantitative in from Saint Jo of Finance at authored an Management  Oliver T. Cl DePaul Univadministrator fixed income the fixed income the fixed income plus fixed in Structured Poliver Investments. Widener Univalent Charterholde	gies, and portfolio optimization. Mr. Cerniglia joined option of the equity management business from Nationwi puity analyst at Pitcairn Trust Company where he was in research. He has 16 years of industry experience. Mr oseph's University in 1991 with a B.S. in Accounting and Courant Institute of Mathematics, New York University academic article on earnings revisions that is forthcome for the interest of the int	the Adviser when the Adviser de in 2007. Prior to Nationwide, avolved in both fundamental and a Cerniglia graduated cum laude and received a MS in Mathematics by in 2005. Recently he has coing in the Journal of Investment and College in 1999, MSF from fork in 2000 as a senior custody ing as a portfolio analyst for core the Adviser acquired a portion of a Fixed Income team. Mr Cianci co-head of their Core and Core ration products and the Head of reportfolio manager at Delaware the Business Advisory Council at Videner University. He is a CFA

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 6 (cont.)	Technology. Joined the firm in 2008, after 4 years experience with Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. in both High Yield Sales and Trading and Equity Research Sales departments.  Martin Connaghan (b.1980) – Investment Manager on the Global Equity Team. Martin joined Aberdeen in 1998 as an administrator before joining the global equity desk as a trader.	
	Jamie <u>Cumming</u> (b 1974) – Senior Investment Manager on the Global Equities Team. Jamie joined Aberdeen in 2001 as a trainee investment manager on the UK small companies desk. Previously, Jamie worked for Grant Thornton Chartered Accountant as an audit senior, responsible for the audit of a wide variety of small to large companies and pension schemes in the Scottish region. Jamie graduated with a BA (Hons) from the University of Strathclyde, a PGDIP IT from the University of Paisley and is a CFA Charterholder. Jamie is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland and is a Threshold Competent Investment Manager.	
	<b>Michael Degernes</b> (b. 1953) – Portfolio Manager/Analyst. BS from Washington State University in 1975, MS from University of California, Davis in 1976. Mr. Degernes has had 24 years of experience as managing director and fixed income analyst at Bank of America and Bank of America Securities, senior vice president for utility leasing and financial structuring at NationsBank Leasing, chief financial officer for Nova Northwest, Inc., vice president of finance at PacifiCorp Financial Services, assistant treasurer responsible for execution of short and long-term financing for PacifiCorp and economist and expert witness in utility rate cases at Washington Utilities & Transport Commission. He joined Deutsche Asset Management in 2004 as credit analyst for core fixed income. Mr. Degernes joined the Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed income business of Deutsche Asset Management in 2005.	
	<b>Brendan <u>Dillon</u></b> (b. 1978) – Derivatives Portfolio Manager on the Fixed Income team responsible for derivative-related activities in the US managed funds. Brendan joined the Adviser in 2006 from Gartmore Global Investments where he was an Analyst/Trader on the Convertible Securities Team. Previously, Brendan worked in Mergers and Acquisitions for The Benchmark Group and Wachovia Securities. BS from Bucknell University in 2000.	
	<b>Stephen Docherty</b> (b. 1970) – Head of Global Equities, manages senior Global Equity investment managers, who are responsible towards Global equity investment, including ethical portfolios. Successfully establishing performance measurement procedures befrole. Previously, Stephen worked for Abbey National Plc in the within the Life Division. Stephen graduated with a BSc (Hons) in Muniversity of Aberdeen.	e for Aberdeen's overall strategy Stephen joined Aberdeen in 1994 fore taking up a fund management Department of Actuarial Services
	Scott Ellis (b. 1985) – Junior Credit Analyst – BA from University credit analyst on the US Fixed Income desk where he is covering Aberdeen in 2008 upon his graduation.	
	Nicola J. Espie (b. 1973) – U.S. Counsel and Secretary of Aberd Espie joined AAMI in July 2008. She previously spent 9 years as Shearman & Sterling LLP in New York. She received her LLB Scotland, and her LLM from New York University School of Law.	an associate with the law firm of

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

`	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:	
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 6 (cont.)	<b>Jack <u>Fan</u></b> (b. 1985) — Quantitative Analyst/Portfolio Manager. quantitative strategies in portfolio management. Mr. Fan joined the experience managing a consulting group dealing with quantitative st well as operational research for private and public companies. BA from University of Pennsylvania Wharton School (June 2006).	e Adviser in 2006 with 2 years of trategies for small hedge funds as	
	in 1998. Mr. Faunce has had 8 years of experience as fixed income at Miller accountant for international equity and fixed income mutual funds a Asset Management in 2000 as portfolio manager for core fixed	ames G. Faunce IV, CFA (b. 1967) – Portfolio Manager. BA from Ursinus College in 1989, CFA in 1998. Mr. Faunce has had 8 years of experience as fixed income investment analyst at Harleysville asset Management, analyst for global fixed income at Miller Anderson & Sherrerd and fund accountant for international equity and fixed income mutual funds at SEI Corp. He joined Deutsche asset Management in 2000 as portfolio manager for core fixed income. Mr. Faunce joined the adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed income business of Deutsche Asset Management in 2005.	
	<b>Jarret L. <u>Fisher</u></b> , <b>CFA</b> (b. 1979) – Quantitative Investment Manage 2008 from RBC Capital Markets where he was Vice President. Mr. in finance from Slippery Rock University and an MBA with concent quantitative analysis from Carnegie Mellon University.	Fisher earned a bachelor's degree	
	<ul> <li>Samantha Fitzpatrick (b. 1974) – Investment Manager on the Global Equity Team. Samantha ja Aberdeen in 1998 from the WM Company where she was in the market data team. Sam graduated with a BA (Hons) in Mathematics from the University of Strathclyde and is a Charterholder.</li> <li>Richard Fonash, CFA (b. 1964) – Senior Investment Manager, Vice President of Aberdeen Management Inc. BS in Finance from Villanova University and MBA in finance from the University of Rochester. Richard Fonash is a senior investment manager on the North American equity Richard joined the Adviser in 2007 following the acquisition of Nationwide Financial Services, where since December 2000 he was Chief Investment Officer (January - September 2007), Operating Officer – Investments (January 2003 - January 2007), and Director, Invest Administration (May 2000 - December 2002). Previously, Mr. Fonash was a finance direct Advanta Corporation. Prior to that, Richard had various financial analysis and strategic planning with Air Products and BOC Gases.</li> </ul>		
	Steven Frech, CFA (b. 1965) – Quantitative Analyst – Portfolio Accounting and an MBA in Finance from Drexel University. Miresponsible for the analytics for all US Domestically managed portform 2008 from Morgan Stanley Investment Management where he reconstructed in the Middle Office responsible for the Risk, Performance and Anseveral positions including Research Analyst, Business Analyst answard was with Morgan Stanley for over 20 years.	r. Frech is a quantitative analyst colios. Mr. Frech joined Aberdeen cently was a manager in the Fixed nalyst teams. Prior to that he held	
	<b>J. Christopher</b> <u>Gagnier</u> (b. 1957) – Head of US Fixed Income, Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. BS from Wharton School of University of Chicago in 1984. Mr. Gagnier has had 17 years investments at both Paine Webber and Continental Bank before join in 1997. Mr. Gagnier joined the Adviser when the Adviser acquir business of Deutsche Asset Management in 2005. He is now Head of	Business in 1980, MBA from of experience in fixed income ning Deutsche Asset Management and a portion of the fixed income	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other so	<u>,                                      </u>
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
	and senior portfolio manager for corporates and commercial mortgage Martin James Gilbert (b.1955) – Aberdeen Group Chief Executive of Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. University of Aberdeen, Mast Laws, 1978; Chartered Accountant, 1982. Mr. Gilbert is a found Aberdeen Asset Management; the UK listed holding company of an He has been involved in the investment management industry since Aberdeen Asset Management; of FirstGroup plc and Chaucer Holdings In Aberdeen Asian Smaller Companies Investment Trust PLC, Aberdee Aberdeen Asian Smaller Companies Investment Trust PLC, Aberdee Aberdeen Asian-Pacific Income Investment Company Limited, Aber Aberdeen Football Club plc, Aberdeen Global Income Fund, Inc, Aberdeen Growth Opportunities VCT PLC, Aberdeen Growth Opport Health Properties PLC.  Alan Goodson (b. 1975) – Head of US Collective Funds, Vic Management Inc. Mr Goodson serves as Vice-President for A companies in the U.S. and Canada. He joined Aberdeen from Price relocated to Aberdeen's Philadelphia office in 2005. Mr. Goodson g Naval Architecture from the University of Southampton, and is a Cha Edward M. Grant (b. 1961) – Portfolio Manager/Analyst. BS from MBA from Widener University in 1986. Mr. Grant joined Deutsch had 14 years experience as credit analyst at American Century In Management, as Head of Corporate Research at Raymond James & portfolio manager at PNC and Deutsche Bank Capital Corp. Mr. Gr. Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed income business of Deutsche role is now Corporate Bond Credit Analyst.  Tracey Grant (b. 1957) – Senior Investment Specialist. Ms. Grant of Western Ontario, her M.Sc. at the London School of Economics at to joining the Adviser in March 2008, Ms. Grant worked as a sen Vanguard Group where she was responsible for the analysis of the and the oversight of the funds' external advisors. From 1988 to 198 income investment manager for WorldInvest Ltd. in London, En international economist for The Bank of Nova Scotia in Toronto, Carnt is a CFA charterholder.  Jason Greenblath, CFA (b. 1	Officer, Chairman and President er of Arts, 1976 and Bachelor of ling director and shareholder of n investment management group. 1982 and has been employed at f Executive Officer of Aberdeen PLC. Martin is also a director of n Asia-Pacific Income Fund, Inc, deen Development Capital PLC, Aberdeen Growth VCT 1 PLC, tunities VCT 2 PLC and Primary e President of Aberdeen Asset berdeen's registered investment ewaterhouseCoopers in 2000 and graduated with a BEng (Hons) in retered Accountant.  Lebanon Valley College in 1983, e bank in 2001, before which he exestments and ING Investment Associates and as fixed income rant joined the Adviser when the Asset Management in 2005. His earned her B.A. at the University and her M.B.A. at INSEAD. Prior ior investment analyst with The firm's international equity funds 197, Ms. Grant was a global fixed gland. She also worked as an Canada from 1981 to 1987. Ms. the earned his bachelors degree in rs the technology sector in both and BS Greenwich Capital, where he trading desk covering industrials, the University in 1998, MBA from in 1998, where he worked as a control of the Worked
	maintenance administrator, before moving on to become research an	mjot in 2002. Wit. Times joined

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)			
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Item 6 (cont.)	the Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed in Management in 2005.	come business of Deutsche Asset	
	Anthony Italiano (b. 1979) – Quantitative Investment Manager. Mr. Italiano is a quantitative analyst on the North American equity team. Anthony joined the Adviser 2007 following the acquisition of Nationwide Financial Services, Inc. Previously, Anthony worked at Galaxy Scientific. Mr Italiano graduated with BS in Business Administration from the University of Rhode Island and MBA in Finance from Villanova University.		
	John T. Johnson (b. 1966) – Head of Portfolio Management, Portf years of experience in trading, operations and fund administration at Kemper Financial Services. He joined Deutsche Asset Managem income portfolio analyst since 2002. Mr. Johnson joined the Adv portion of the fixed income business of Deutsche Asset Managemen	Oakwood Asset Management and ent in 1992 and has been a fixed riser when the Adviser acquired a	
	<b>Boris</b> <u>Karol</u> (b. 1969) – Client Portfolio Manager. BS from American University in 1991, MBA from Villanova University in 1996. Mr. Karol had 6 years of experience in fixed income products at both Miller Anderson & Sherrerd and Salomon Brothers, before joining Deutsche Asset Management in 1998. Mr. Karol joined the Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed income business of Deutsche Asset Management in 2005. He is now a client portfolio manager focused on fixed income products and clients.		
	Joel B. <u>Karsch</u> (b. 1966) – Client Portfolio Manager. BA from U MBA from Temple University in 1992. Mr. Karsch worked for 2 compliance administrator/analyst before joining Deutsche Asset I manager for Core Fixed Income. Mr. Karsch joined the Adviser whof the fixed income business of Deutsche Asset Management in 200	years at MLR Enterprises Inc. as a Management in 1993 as portfolio nen the Adviser acquired a portion	
	<b>Brian</b> <u>Kienzle</u> (b. 1971) – Portfolio Analyst. Brian Kienzle is a princome portfolio management team responsible for trade allocation the investment grade and high yield portfolios. Mr. Kienzle joine 1998 where he worked in the active fixed income middle office prince portfolio management team. Prior to this Mr. Kienzle worked at SE supervisor, overseeing the daily accounting operations of SEI's fixed with a BSc from Widener University, Pennsylvania and a MBA in Philadelphia. Mr. Kienzle joined the Adviser when the Adviser acquiring business of Deutsche Asset Management in 2005.	and duration management of both d Deutsche Asset Management in oviding operational support to the I Investments as a fund accountant ed income funds. Brian graduated Finance from LaSalle University,	
	Jason Kotik, CFA (b.1969) – Senior Investment Manager. Mr. working on the Nationwide Natural Resources Fund and the Opportunities Fund. In addition, he provides fundamental resear Materials and Utilities sectors. He is a member of the growth tear when the Adviser acquired a portion of the equity management be Prior to Nationwide, he was with Allied Investment Advisors as a first Price Associates as a trading systems administrator. He has 16 ye Kotik is a graduate of the University of Delaware, and has earn University.	Nationwide Small Cap Growth arch coverage for the Industrials, m. Mr. Kotik joined the Adviser usiness from Nationwide in 2007. inancial analyst, and with T. Rowe ears of industry experience. Mr.	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form	Answer	51-0368279
(identify)		
Item 6 (cont.)	<b>Dan <u>LaRochelle</u></b> (b. 1964) – Quantitative Analyst – Investment Ri University, MBA from Columbia University. Mr. LaRochelle jo years experience in investment management, risk management and	ined the Adviser in 2007 after 21 portfolio analysis.
	William T. <u>Lissenden</u> (b. 1946) – Client Portfolio Manager. BS MBA from Baruch College in 1971. Mr. Lissenden has had 31 strategist and director of research at Censeco Capital Management and product management at Prudential Securities, national sales ma Prudential Securities and as institutional sales professional at s Goldman Sachs and Merrill Lynch. He joined Deutsche Asset manager for US Active Fixed Income. Mr. Lissenden joined the Apportion of the fixed income business of Deutsche Asset Management	years experience as fixed income, director of fixed Income research nager for fixed income securities at everal firms including Prudential, Management in 2002 as portfolio dviser when the Adviser acquired a
	<b>Jonathan</b> <u>Lux</u> (b. 1976) – Investment Analyst. Mr. Lux is an investment Jonathan joined Aberdeen in 2008 from Zebra Capital Mannanged his financial advisory firm Lux, Karpf, and Associates. College in Maryland and with MBA from the Yale University Scho	nagement. Prior to that, Jonathan BBA in Finance from the Loyola
	Michael J. Manzo, CFA (b. 1978) – Investment Manager. Mr. Macoverage to the Value Team. Mr. Manzo joined the Adviser wher the equity management business from Nationwide in 2007. Prior Morgan Chase and Co. where he spent five years as a sell side and industry/electrical equipment sectors. Prior to his tenure at JP Morgat an equity analyst intern at Lepercq, DeNeuflize & Companagement). He has 9 years of industry experience. Mr. M. Administration with a specialization in Finance/Economics from Fol Laude in May 2000.	n the Adviser acquired a portion of to Nationwide, he worked with JP alyst covering the machinery multi- gan Chase and Co. Michael worked any (currently Tocqueville Asset anzo earned his B.S. in Business
	Gary Marshall (b. 1961) – Head of Americas, Director and Chie has been with the Aberdeen Group since 1997 and is a member Board which is the primary executive committee within the firm aspects of Aberdeen's operations in his current and previous roles Edinburgh prior to moving to US. Gary sits on the Boards of companies and on the Boards of several of the fund structures which Gary is President of Aberdeen's US mutual fund range, Aberdeen's Previolet in 1983, working in marketing and product developing assurer. Following Scottish Provident's acquisition of Prolific management firm, Gary became Development Director there, recustomer service and sales and marketing. Gary joined Aberdeen Financial Management in 1997. He graduated with a BSc (Hon Statistics from Heriot Watt University in Edinburgh and is a qualific	of Aberdeen's Group Management. He has had experience in many having been based in London and several of the Group's operating h Aberdeen manages and promotes. It is a promoted that the financial opment at Scottish Provident, a UK Financial Management, a UK asset sponsible for fund administration, en via the acquisition of Prolificans) in Actuarial Mathematics and
	<b>Stefan Martin</b> (b. 1966) – Portfolio Manager/Analyst on the US joined the Adviser in 2007 after 8 years with Capmark Financial position of Vice President for the firm's CMBS research and su Martin has a BA from Goshen College and an MBA from Villanova	Group. Most recently he held the irveillance group, Realpoint. Mr.
	Robert W. Mattson (b. 1968) – Investment Manager. Mr. Matts	son provides fundamental research

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

·	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	,
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 6 (cont.)	coverage for the Software & IT Services industries in the Informal Mattson joined the Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of from Nationwide in 2007. Prior to Nationwide, he worked with Jarwas a Senior Equity Analyst covering the software space. Mr. Mattathe World Bank, and has an analytical background focused on contact the World Bank he was responsible for developing economic assubmitting primary research results to internal and external publication articles that have appeared in leading economic journals as well as Bank. He has 9 years of industry experience. Mr. Mattson earned he The University of Maryland, College Park in 1992 and earned his Mand Masters of Science in Finance from The Robert H. Smith School Maryland, College Park. His Master's Thesis, "Portfolio Construct Results Comparing Modern and Post Modern Portfolio Theories," alpha generation of various techniques for creating optimal equity positive statements.	If the equity management business are Montgomery Scott, where he ason has also worked as an analyst amplex modelling and forecasting, and behavioral models along with a tions. He has co-authored several internal circulations at The World has B.A. in Economic History from Masters of Business Administration of Business at The University of action and Performance: Empirical focused on empirically testing the
	Joseph McFadden (b. 1966) – Senior Credit Analyst. Senior Cre He is responsible for following companies in the packaging, rail, a special situations that are not part of any major industry group. Mr January 2006. Prior to joining the Adviser, Mr. McFadden was Management for 6 years where he focused on small and mid-size c industry and business services industry. Mr. McFadden spent the fit analyst for brokerage firm Raymond James & Associates. Mr. McFearned is BA at the University of South Florida and his MBA at the latest the services in the service of th	and shipping industries along with the McFadden joined the Adviser in an equity analyst at Eagle Asset companies in the financial services arst 7 years of his career as a credit radden is a CFA charterholder and
	Andrew McMenigall (b. 1965) – Senior Investment Manager on the joined Aberdeen in 1997 from Ivory & Sime where he was an intequity Team. Previously, Andrew worked for Scottish Mutual as an American team. Prior to that, Andrew worked for Prospect Communature began his career with Ivory & Sime as an investment adminvestment manager. Andrew graduated as an Officer in the Britist Academy, Sandhurst before completing an MBA from the Universal Associate of the UK Society of Investment Professionals.	investment manager on the Global investment manager on the North nications Ltd as Finance Director. inistrator before progressing to an sh Army from the Royal Military
	Andrea Melia (b. 1969) – Head of Fund Accounting, Vice Presider Inc. Ms. Melia joined Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. in Scalaberdeen, Ms. Melia was Director of fund administration and administrators LLC, a division of BlackRock Inc. and had work since 1992.	eptember 2009. Prior to joining ecounting oversight for Princeton
	Stewart Methven (b. 1965) – Senior Investment Manager on the G Aberdeen in 1994. Stewart graduated with a first class MA (Hons University and is a member of ASIP.	
	Maree Mitchell (b. 1966) – Senior Equity Specialist. Maree obtain Statistics from Aberdeen University. She joined Aberdeen Asset Maree fund manager and during her tenure with the organization has relationship roles within our UK (Aberdeen and London) and US (Pass a fund manager on our UK Equity team for 9 years and then joined	anagement in 1993 as a UK equity held key investment and client hiladelphia) offices. Maree served
		51 6 72

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u>,                                      </u>
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 6 (cont.)	co-manage two Canadian domiciled Global Enhanced Income Fur US Headquarters in Philadelphia and served as a Senior Client Re In her current role, she serves as a Senior Equity Specialist. Pric Kidsons Impey qualifying as a Chartered Accountant (of Scotland)	elationship Manager for four years. or to Aberdeen, Maree worked for
	Neil J. Moriarty (b. 1963) – Senior Portfolio Manager. BA fa Amherst in 1987. Mr. Moriarty has had 13 years experience in fix several Wall Street firms including Paine Webber and Chase Se fixed income portfolio management at Swathmore/Cypress Capital Asset Management in 2002 as portfolio manager for Core Fixed Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed incomanagement in 2005.	xed income trading and research at curities, followed by two years of Management. He joined Deutsche Income. Mr. Moriarty joined the
	Allison Mortenson (b. 1972) – Investment Manager. Ms. Mort following the acquisition of Nationwide Financial Services, Inc. ("worked for Morgan Stanley Investment Management where shresearch. Ms. Mortenson has experience conducting research studie tools, as well as designing custom portfolio management application BS in Finance & Computer Science from the University of Richmord	NFS"). Previously, Ms. Mortenson ne was a director of quantitative is, developing valuation models and ons. Ms. Mortenson graduated with
	Susan Mullin (b. 1961) – Head of Consultant Relations, Vindanagement Inc. City University, London, Master in Business Science in Banking and International Finance. Ms. Mullin comple before joining N M Rothschild & Sons Ltd., where she was responded 1986, she joined Kemper-Murray Johnstone International who institutional marketing and client servicing. In 1989, she was multiplicational, and in 1994, became a Director of the Murra responsibility for the N. American division. Ms. Mullin took up 2000, after the Adviser acquired Murray Johnstone.	s Administration and Bachelor of eted project work for Merrill Lynch insible for European marketing. In ere she was responsible for US hade Director of Murray Johnstone by Johnstone Group with overall
	<b>Jennifer</b> Nichols (b. 1978) – Head of Legal – Americas, Director Asset Management Inc. J.D. from the University of Virginia St. Harvard University in 2000. Ms. Nichols joined the Adviser in 2 Ms. Nichols worked in the Investment Management department of 1	chool of Law in 2003, B.A. from 2006 as US Counsel. Prior to that,
	<b>Lesya</b> Paisley (b. 1977) – Credit Analyst. University of Virginia, 2003. Ms. Paisley joined Deutsche Asset Management in 2003 a joined the Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the f Asset Management in 2005. She is now a credit research analyst for	as a graduate trainee. Ms. Paisley ixed income business of Deutsche
	<b>Kam Poon</b> (b. 1971) – Portfolio Manager for the US Fixed Incommandates. Kam joined Aberdeen following the acquisition of division in 2009. Before joining Aberdeen, Kam worked as an Ac New York. Previously, Kam was at US Trust within the municipal MBA and BS in Finance from New York University - Stern School	Credit Suisse's asset management ecount Administrator with Bank of bond area. Kam graduated with an
	<b>Jon Prestley, CFA</b> (b. 1955) – Portfolio Manager/Analyst on the residential mortgage backed securities. Jon joined Aberdeen in 200	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 6 (cont.)	GMAC Commercial Mortgage), where he was a portfolio mana MBS, asset-backed securities and collateralized debt obligations and Alt-A residential MBS sector. Previously, he spent 10 years Company, covering a broad range of credit sensitive structure MBS and asset-backed sectors. Jon graduated with a BA and M and MS from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. Jon is CFA Chart	s, focusing primarily on the sub-prime s at Hartford Investment Management and securities including the residential MA from Yale University and a MBA
	Francis Radano, III, CFA (b.1971) – Investment Manager. research coverage for the Retail, Textiles, Apparel, and Luxur Discretionary sector; along with Food & Drug Retail, Personal Food & Beverages in the Consumer Staples sector. Mr. Radano acquired a portion of the equity management business from Nati he was with Salomon Smith Barney where he was a Research joining SSB Consulting Group, Mr. Radano was with SEI Invest 14 years of industry experience. Mr. Radano is a graduate of Economics, and has also earned an MBA in Finance from Villand	Analyst and Vice President. Before ments as an Associate Trader. He has of Dickinson College with a B.A. in
	Neal T. Rayner, CFA (b. 1970) – Head of Fixed Income Tuniversity, BA, 1993. Mr. Rayner joined Toronto's Securities Was responsible for the fixed income database group for 3 Management in 1998 as a portfolio manager for core fixed income the Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed income busine 2005.	Valuation Company in 1995, where he years. He joined Deutsche Asset ome. Mr. Rayner joined the Adviser
	John <u>Ricketts</u> (b. 1962) – Senior Relationship Manager on the Team, responsible for Short Duration product management a Aberdeen's family office, central bank, insurance company, and Aberdeen following the acquisition of Credit Suisse's asset maken a featured speaker at numerous Money Market Expos a graduated with a BS in Business Administration from The Ohio States.	as well as developing and servicing d corporate relationships. John joined magement division in 2009. John has and other key industry events. John
	Bruce A. Rodio (b. 1962) – Head of Institutional Business I Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. BS from University of Pe MBA from University of Pennsylvania Wharton School in 199 Management in 2002 after 15 years of fixed income experier Stanley Investment Management, institutional sales at Credit Su and regional vice president at Van Kampen Investments. Mr. Adviser acquired a portion of the fixed income business of Deuts	nnsylvania Wharton School in 1985, 3. Mr. Rodio joined Deutsche Asset nce as portfolio specialist at Morgan isse First Boston and Morgan Stanley . Rodio joined the Adviser when the
	Andrew Smith (b. 1968) – Director, COO, CFO and Treasurer Glasgow College of Commerce, HND in Accounting. After g Johnstone Limited in 1987 in their Group Finance Department. F before transferring to their US subsidiary in 1998 where he assiduties of the operations. Mr. Smith joined the Adviser's US ope 2000 following its takeover by Murray Johnstone. Mr. Smith c Officer for the Adviser.	graduation, Mr. Smith joined Murray He fulfilled a number of financial roles umed the Finance and Administration erations in the same role in December

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
1. Full name of applicant exactl <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 6 (cont.)	Tyrone Smith (b. 1977) – Portfolio Manager. Joined the firm in after 5 years with Freddie Mac in MBS Operations and Debt Maryland Eastern Shore and MBA from American University  Curt Starer (b. 1970) – Credit Analyst, High Yield Fixed Income	Issuance. BS from University of
	from New York University. Mr. Starer joined the Adviser in experience at Deutsche Asset Management and Barclays Capital.	2006 after 8 years of fixed income
	Nigel Storer (b. 1965) – Head of Financial Institutions Group Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. Mr. Storer was previously the Managers, Ltd, Luxembourg. He joined Aberdeen in 1999 from European business development manager. Prior to that, Nigel wo UK and Provident Mutual Life Assurance Association. Nigel & from Queen Mary College, London University.	e head of branch for Aberdeen Asset in Aetna International where he was orked for Fidelity International in the
	Bruce Stout (b. 1958) – Senior Investment Manager on the C Aberdeen in 1987 and has held a number of roles including in markets team. Bruce graduated with a BA in Economics from completed a graduate training course with General Electric Compa	envestment manager on the emerging on the University of Strathclyde and
	Aileen Strachan (b. 1972) – Chief Compliance Officer (Adviser Management Inc. Ms. Strachan joined Aberdeen Asset Manage Services department. In 2002, Ms. Strachan transferred to the C was appointed as Compliance Manager of the Aberdeen office. Aberdeen's Philadelphia office to assist in establishing Aberdeen's Ms. Strachan was appointed as Deputy Chief Compliance Office promoted to Chief Compliance Officer in May 2010. Ms. Strachan transferred to the Compliance Officer in May 2010.	ement PLC in 2000 in the Customer Compliance department, and in 2005, In 2006, Ms. Strachan transferred to s global compliance model. In 2008, r of the Investment Adviser and was
	Tim <u>Sullivan</u> (b. 1961) – Head of Product Development. Bost Accounting. After graduating, Mr. Sullivan worked in public ac Hutton Asset Management in 1986 and served in various manage management industry. Mr. Sullivan joined the EquitiLink Grou and marketing in North America. He joined Aberdeen with the ac 2000, where he now focuses on retail business development and Asset Management Inc. Mr. Sullivan also acts as an officer for and Canada and serves on the Executive Committee of the Closed	ecounting for three years. He joined ment and executive roles in the asset up in 1999 to head investor relations equisition of EquitiLink in December d product management for Aberdeen a number of listed funds in the U.S.
	Charles X. <u>Tan</u> (b. 1969) – Portfolio Manager/Analyst. Universe Conomics, Bachelor of Economics, 1990 and Bucknell Universe MBA degree, Mr. Tan joined First Commercial Bank of Philade 1996, he joined Moody's Investors Service to cover Asian financy yield industrial companies as a senior analyst. In October 2005 credit analyst to focus on US fixed income.	ity, MBA, 1994. After obtaining his elphia in 1994 as a credit officer. In the cial institutions and later on US high
	<b>Timothy C. Vile, CFA</b> (b. 1961) – Senior Portfolio Manager. Before joining Deutsche Asset Management in 1991, Mr. Vile portfolio manager for fixed income portfolios at Equitable Capita	had 6 years of experience including

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

Aberdeen Asset Managem	actly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV: ent Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	Answer	
Item 6 (cont.)	the Deutsche London office from January 1999 to June European Credit and Global Aggregate capabilities. He is n senior portfolio manager for Core Fixed Income and Global the Adviser when the Adviser acquired a portion of the Management in 2005.	ow in the Philadelphia office where he is a Aggregate Fixed Income. Mr. Vile joined	
	Qie Zhang, CFA (b. 1978) – Investment Analyst. Ms. Z Equity desk. Ms Zhang joined the Adviser in 2008 upon gr where she received an MBA degree with concentrations in fi	raduation from Columbia Business Schoo	
	<b>Jim Zhang</b> (b. 1952) – Quantitative Analyst on the US fix 2007 after 30 years of experience in quantitative and s attribution. Jim graduated with a BS and MS from Tsinghus Chicago.	tatistical research, risk management and	
	Wen Zhang, CFA (b. 1977) – Credit Analyst. Joined a previously with Moody's Investors Service. BA from Saruch College, New York.		
Item 7.A.	OTHER BUSINESS ACT	TVITIES	
	In addition to providing investment management and admin acts as administrator and provides investor relations services acts as administrator for a US open-end fund range. The time on these other business activities.	s for a number of US closed-end funds and	
Item 8.C.	OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVI	TIES OR AFFILIATIONS	
	As noted above, the Adviser is a wholly owned subsidia ("Aberdeen PLC"). Aberdeen PLC is the parent company approximately \$246 billion of assets for a range of pensio trusts, unit trusts, offshore funds, charities and private client formed in 1983 via a management buyout and has been lis 1991.	of an asset management group managing on funds, financial institutions, investment is as of June 30, 2010. Aberdeen PLC was	
Item 8.C (1)	Broker-Dealer		
	In June 2008, Aberdeen Fund Distributors LLC, a wholly ov as a limited purpose broker-dealer formed to distribute propi be no trades conducted through this broker-dealer.		
Item 8.C (2)	Investment Companies		
	The Adviser serves as an Investment Adviser for a number The Adviser also serves as a Sub-Adviser for various other U		

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	<u> </u>
1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>
Item of Form	Answer	1
(identify)		
Item 8.C (3)	Investment Adviser	
	In rendering investment advisory services, the Advisor may use the advisor subsidiaries of Aberdeen Asset Management PLC. The memorandum of understanding ("MOU") with the Advisor professionals from each affiliate may render portfolio management clients of the Advisor, as associated persons of the Advisor under the Advisor.	se affiliates have entered into a pursuant to which investment at, research or trading services to
Item 8.D.	<u>Limited Partnerships or similar Private Funds</u>	
	The Adviser serves as the Manager of a Delaware limited liability 1940 Act which enables certain qualified investors to pool their inve a Limited Liability Company Operating Agreement between the investor in the Fund. As of July 1, 2010, the fund contained the form the Conly Equity Fund, EAFE Plus Equity Fund, EAFE Plus Ethical Fur Equity Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Fund, Emerging Markets Asia Pacific excluding Japan Equity Fund, Asia Pacific including Jaran Bond Fund. This disclosure does not constitute an offer or solicitation.	stments. This fund is governed by e Adviser as Manager and each ollowing investment funds: EAFE and, EAFE Plus SRI Fund, Global Smaller Companies Equity Fund, pan Equity Fund and International
	The Adviser also serves as the investment adviser to a Massachuset Income Trust") and Manager to a Delaware limited liability compa LLC") which are not registered under the 1940 Act and which en pool their fixed income investments:	any (the "Delaware Fixed Income
	The Massachusetts Fixed Income Trust is governed by an Agreement Investment Manager and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as for the custody and safekeeping of the assets as well as for the documents. The Massachusetts Fixed Income Trust contains the Aberdeen Core Fixed Income Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Plus Fixed Intermediate Fixed Income Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Short Draberdeen Mortgage-Backed Securities Portfolio, Aberdeen High Aberdeen Emerging Market Debt Portfolio, Aberdeen International Core Alpha Fixed Income Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Alpha 10 Year Alpha 20 Year Maturity Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Alpha 30 Year Alpha 50 Year Maturity Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Alpha 30 Year Aberdeen Core Plus Alpha Fixed Income Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Plus Alpha 20 Year Maturity Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Plus Alpha 20 Year Maturity Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Plus Alpha 50 Year Maturity Fortfolio, Aberdeen Core Plus Alpha 50 Year Matu	trustee and custodian responsible execution and issuance of trust following investment portfolios: Income Portfolio, Aberdeen Core uration Fixed Income Portfolio, a Yield Fixed Income Portfolio, Fixed Income Portfolio, Aberdeen Maturity Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Maturity Portfolio, Aberdeen Core Maturity Zero Coupon Portfolio, ore Plus Alpha 10 Year Maturity berdeen Core Plus Alpha 30 Year Portfolio and Aberdeen Core Plus et does not constitute an offer or
	The Delaware Fixed Income LLC is governed by an Operating A each investor in the Fund. State Street Bank and Trust Company safekeeping of the assets. The Delaware Fixed Income LLC contain Aberdeen Core Fixed Income Fund, Aberdeen Core Plus Fixed Responsible Core Fixed Income Fund, Aberdeen Core Intermedia	is responsible for the custody and as the following investment funds: Income Fund, Aberdeen Socially

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form		51-0368279
(identify)	Answer	
Item 8.D. (cont.)	Core Short Duration Fixed Income Fund, Aberdeen Mortgage High Yield Fixed Income Fund, Aberdeen Emerging Market De Fixed Income Fund. This disclosure does not constitute an offer private fund.	ebt Fund and Aberdeen International
	Business Alliance	
	The Adviser's parent, Aberdeen Asset Management PLC ("A business and capital alliance with Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Bank is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, institution listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.	ing Corporation ("MUTB") MUTB
	Under the terms of the business alliance, MUTB has agreed to p the Japanese institutional marketplace. The agreement gives M selected Aberdeen products to Japanese institutional investors. Th emerging market equities; global equities and global fixed income	MUTB exclusive rights to distribute e products specified initially include:
	Under the terms of the capital alliance, MUTB initially acquired approximately 9.9% of Aberdeen PLC's issued share capital from certain existing shareholders. MUTB may, if it wishes, purchase further shares up to an agreed maximum aggregate shareholding of 19.9% of Aberdeen PLC's issued share capital for the first 18 months of the alliance. In addition, they are entitled to appoint a non-executive director to the Board of Aberdeen PLC if their holding reaches 15% or more of Aberdeen PLC's issued share capital. This right will fall away if the business alliance is terminated after two years. As of June 30, 2010, MUTB held approximately 17.0% of outstanding shares of Aberdeen PLC on a fully diluted basis. On November 26, 2009, Mr. Kenichi Miyanaga was appointed as a non-executive director of Aberdeen PLC. The investment by MUTB in Aberdeen PLC aligns the interests of both parties in driving the success of the business alliance.	
	Aberdeen PLC has entered into a definitive agreement to acquire businesses from Credit Suisse. The transaction closed on June 30 billion in equity, fixed income and money market assets. As o approximately 21.7% of outstanding shares of Aberdeen PLC on of the agreement, Credit Suisse was entitled to appoint a non Aberdeen Asset Management PLC Board. On October 8, 20 appointed as a non-executive director of Aberdeen PLC.	f June 30, 2010, Credit Suisse held a fully diluted basis. Under the terms -executive member to serve on the
Item 9.D. & E.	PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT	<u>TRANSACTIONS</u>
	The Adviser may recommend to clients that they buy or sell share investment product in which the Adviser has some financial in adviser to the fund or other product. Some of the investment com subject to a performance based incentive fee. Employees provided interests in such performance based funds and may simulatively services with respect to similarly managed accounts that	terest by serving as adviser or sub- panies, including private fund(s), are ding advice to these funds may also ultaneously also provide investment
	The Adviser may manage its private fund(s) and sub-advised inversary buy or sell the same securities for both the private fund(s) transactions are consistent with the Adviser's trade allocation pro-	) and sub-advised funds. Any such

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:

deen Asset Managem	ent Inc.	51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 9.D. & E. (cont.)	any other fund. In addition, the Adviser's employees are p those recommended to clients) for their own accounts, bu policies governing personal investing, as stipulated in the Ad	ut only in accordance with the Adviser
	Cross Trades	
	The Adviser may cross trade between and among certain clicross-trading procedures. To the extent that the Adviser eregistered investment company with any other eligible cliewith Rule 17a-7 under the 1940 Act and the Adviser's written	engages in cross transactions for any U. ent account, such transactions will comp
	Adviser for Multiple Accounts	
	The Adviser may serve as investment adviser or sub-advise registered investment companies. The Adviser may give a funds or accounts they manage, or for its own account, the Adviser on behalf of other funds or accounts. The Adviser or to refrain from recommending, buying or selling any secon its access persons, as defined by the 1940 Act, may be accounts of any other client. Persons associated with the securities of the types purchased for clients may do so only fiduciary obligations. The Adviser is not obligated to refunds or accounts it manages except to the extent that such in	advice and take action with respect to a that may differ from action taken by t is not obligated to recommend, buy or security that any of the Adviser, its affiliative or sell for its own accounts or for the Adviser who wish to purchase or set in a manner consistent with the Adviser frain from investing in securities held
	Personal Securities Transactions Policy	
	From time to time, the Adviser, its directors, officers, emmay, directly or indirectly, have interests in securities own clients. As these situations may represent a potential conflicted in compliance with the requirements of Rule 17j-1 and of 1940, as amended and Sections 204A and 206 of the Investore personal transactions by directors, officers, and Persons') in order to ensure that their interests do not conflict investment companies or other U.S. clients advised or subtained the purchase and sale by Access Persons for their own accomparchased or sold for funds within certain time limits. Expected access Persons may not engage in a personal transaction in pending or within seven (7) calendar days before or after period does not apply where the pre-clearance request is in countries (Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Russia, U of stock or a derivative based on a stock of a company listed Index and shares of an Exchange Traded Fund or a derivative tracks the S&P 500 Index or the FTSE 100 Index provided these securities. All Access Persons must provide quare Covered Securities. All Access Persons must provide quare	ned by or recommended to the Adviser flict of interest, the Adviser has adopted dopted under the Investment Company A estment Advisers Act of 1940, as amend Advisory Persons of the Adviser ("Accedict with the interests of the U.S. register advised by the Adviser. The Code restrict ours of certain securities, which have be accept under certain limited circumstance a security for which an order for a fund execution of a fund order. The blacker respect of treasury securities issued by Conted Kingdom and United States), shared on the S&P 500 Index or the FTSE 1 we based on an Exchange Traded Fund that there are no open orders for Clients e-clear personal securities transactions

to the Compliance Department and must direct their brokers to send copies of all brokerage confirmations and statements relating to Covered Securities to the Compliance Department. The Procedures however, recognize that some Access Persons either reside in countries or maintain

IRS Empl. Ident. No.:

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactl	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 9.D. & E. (cont.)	brokers where such statements are not regularly issued or available, and therefore these individuals are to be exempt from providing quarterly statements within the 30 day time period. In such circumstances, brokerage statements or their equivalent holdings reports must be provided as available.	
	Insider Trading Policy  The Adviser and its affiliated persons may from time to time postalized business from, a variety of companies, including issuers recommend for purchase or sale by, or effect transactions for the acconnection with providing these services, the Adviser and its possession from time to time of material nonpublic and other disclosed might affect an investor's decision to buy, sell or hold a Adviser and its affiliated persons are prohibited from improperly of for their personal benefit or for the benefit of any other person person is a client of the Adviser. Accordingly, should the Adviser into possession of material nonpublic or other confidential inform they will be prohibited from communicating such information to it no responsibility or liability for failing to disclose such inform following its policies and procedures designed to comply with apple.  The Adviser has adopted a "Policy Statement on Insider Trading" the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 which establishes procedures	of securities that the Adviser may account of, the Adviser's clients. In affiliated persons may come into confidential information which if security. Under applicable law, the disclosing or using such information a, regardless of whether such other or any of its affiliated persons come nation with respect to any company, ats clients, and the Adviser will have nation to its clients as a result of licable law.
	nonpublic information by the Adviser and its officers, directors, an or employee of the Adviser who fails to observe the above-description including dismissal and personal liability.	
Code of Ethics	CODE OF ETHICS	
	The Adviser has adopted a Code of Ethics in compliance with Advisers Act of 1940. A client may receive a copy of the Adviser 215-405-5700.	
Gift Policy	GIFT POLICY	
	The Adviser has policies and procedures in place regarding gifts to address the potential conflicts of interest surrounding these pra impropriety, the Adviser has adopted policies and procedures gove gifts in excess of a de minimis value.	ctices. To avoid the appearance of
Item 10	CONDITIONS FOR MANAGING ACC	COUNTS
	The Adviser considers each new prospective client on an individual and account sizes is discussed in the "Advisory Services and Fed investment companies that the Adviser manages are subject to min their respective prospectus.	es" section above. Shareholders of

Complete amended pages in full, circle amended items and file with execution page (page 1). 59 of 72

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 12.A. & B.	INVESTMENT OR BROKERAGE DISCRE	<u>ETION</u>
	Depending upon the terms of the agreement entered into with each	n client, the Adviser may have

discretionary authority to make the following determinations without client consultation or consent prior to effecting each transaction:

- which securities are to be bought or sold
- the total amount of the securities to be bought or sold
- the broker or dealer through whom securities are to be bought or sold
- the commission rates at which securities transactions for client accounts are effected

However, the Adviser may accept advisory accounts with limited discretion or where investments are client-directed pursuant to the investment management agreement.

## Selection Criteria for Brokers and Dealers

In arranging for the purchase and sale of clients' portfolio securities, the Adviser takes numerous factors into consideration. These include any legal restrictions, such as those imposed under the securities laws, and any client imposed restrictions. Within these constraints, the Adviser employs or deals with members of the securities exchanges and other brokers and dealers as may in its judgment implement the policy of obtaining best execution of portfolio transactions and as detailed in the Adviser's written policies and procedures. Steps associated with seeking best execution are: (1) determine each client's trading requirements; (2) select appropriate trading methods, venues, and agents to execute the trades under the circumstances; (3) evaluate market liquidity of each security and take appropriate steps to avoid excessive market impact; (4) maintain client confidentiality and proprietary information inherent in the decision to trade; and (5) review the results on a periodic basis.

The Adviser's objective in selecting brokers and dealers and in effecting portfolio transactions is to seek to obtain the best execution with respect to its clients' portfolio transactions. The best net price, giving effect to brokerage commissions, spreads and other costs, is normally an important factor in this decision, but a number of other judgmental factors are considered as they are deemed relevant. The factors include, but are not limited to: the execution capabilities required by the transactions; the ability and willingness of the broker or dealer to facilitate the accounts' portfolio transactions by participating therein for its own account; the importance to the account of speed, efficiency and confidentiality; the broker or dealer's apparent familiarity with sources from or to whom particular securities might be purchased or sold; the reputation and perceived soundness of the broker or dealer; the Adviser's knowledge of negotiated commission rates and spreads currently available; the nature of the security being traded; the size and type of the transaction; the nature and character of the markets for the security to be purchased or sold; the desired timing of the trade; the activity existing and expected in the market for the particular security; confidentiality; the execution, clearance and settlement capabilities as well as the reputation and perceived soundness of the broker-dealer selected and others which are considered; the Adviser's knowledge of actual or apparent operational problems of any broker-dealer; the broker-dealer's execution services rendered on a continuing basis and in other transactions: the reasonableness of spreads or commissions: as well as other matters relevant to the selection of a broker or dealer for portfolio transactions for any account. The Adviser does not adhere to any rigid formula in making the selection of the applicable broker or dealer for portfolio transactions, but rather weighs a combination of the preceding factors. The criteria being used for best execution is reviewed periodically by the Adviser. The Adviser does not consider the sales of shares

Complete amended pages in full, circle amended items and file with execution page (page 1). 60 of 72

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management	Inc.	51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 12.A. & B. (cont.)	of investment companies it advises as a factor in the selection of brokers or dealers to execute portfolio transactions for a fund.	
	When buying or selling Fixed Income securities in dealer market deal directly with market makers in the securities. The Adviser wi "net" basis, and will not pay the market maker any commi markup/markdown other than the "spread." Usually, the market m is, the difference between the price paid (or received) by the Advis by the market maker in trades with other broker-dealers or other cus	ill typically affect these trades on a sission, commission equivalent or aker profits from the "spread," that ser and the price received (or paid)
	The Adviser understands that brokers through which the Adv compensation from exchanges, market makers and other intermediation broker to those intermediaries.	
	The Adviser may, at a client's direction, also direct a broker to exect of the trade and/or commission to another broker that provides broto the Adviser. The use of step out transactions may result in informactivity being disclosed to other trading firms and investors who information.	skerage or research related services mation about the Adviser's trading
	The Adviser may use Electronic Communications Networks ("ECN ("ATS") to effect such over-the-counter trades when, in the Advise ATS may result in equal or more favorable overall executions for the	r's judgment, the use of an ECN or
	Commission Rates or Equivalents Policy	
	The Adviser endeavors to be aware of current charges of eligible lexpenses incurred for effecting portfolio transactions to the extenpolicies of its accounts. However, the Adviser will not select bre "posted" commission rates nor always seek in advance competitic commission rate applicable to any particular portfolio transaction seeks competitive commission rates, it will not necessarily pay the equivalent. Transactions may involve specialized services on the resulting in higher commissions or their equivalents than would be more routine services.	at consistent with the interests and oker-dealers solely on the basis of ve bidding for the most favorable. Although the Adviser generally lowest commission or commission part of the broker-dealer involved
	The reasonableness of commissions is based on the broker-deale services, competitive commission rates, research, and other service providing investment management services to clients. The Adviser who provides useful research and securities transaction services ever be charged by a broker-dealer who offers no research services a assistance.	es, which will help the Adviser in may, therefore, use a broker-dealer en though a lower commission may
	Fixed income trades are placed by the Adviser based on best price a Adviser's review of solicited bids/offers. The Adviser may conta any bid/offer. Potential bond sellers are placed in competition reasonably possible whenever the portfolio managers look to but measure of achieving best execution is executing a transaction with	act several companies in soliciting in with one another to the extent may or sell a bond. The Adviser's

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 12.A. & B. (cont.)	bids or offers the most favorable price under the circumstances.	
	Batch Transaction and Allocation Policy - Equity	
	It is the policy of the Adviser that existing orders for a particular security be merged with new orders for the security when such new orders are submitted via the trading system. Prices for the amount of the partial fill of the first order will be attributed to the first order and the remainder of the first order amount will be merged with the new outstanding order.	
	When the Adviser is in the position of buying or selling the same sapproximately the same time, portfolio transactions may be a fluctuations, the prices obtained on such transactions within a single order to avoid having clients receive different prices for the same sectime, the Adviser endeavors, when possible, to use an "averaging" processing the processing of the same section.	ggregated. Because of market le day may vary substantially. In curity on the same day at the same
	Inder this "averaging" procedure, purchases or sales of a particular security for clients' accounts will a times be combined or "batched" with purchases or sales for other advisory clients by the Adviser or my affiliate unless the client has expressly directed otherwise. Such batched trades may be used to acilitate best execution, including negotiating more favorable prices, obtaining more timely or quitable execution or reducing overall commission charges. In such cases, the price shown on confirmations of clients' purchases or sales will be the average execution price on all of the purchases and sales that are aggregated for this purpose.	
	Securities are allocated on a pro rata basis (subject to rounding) a order. To the extent that the Adviser may seek to acquire certain list securities, the Adviser may be unable to fill all client orders on the circumstances, the Adviser allocates shares pro rata across the partial allocation is used when a batch order, which involves only non-dexecuted in a single day. The partial fill is generally allocated amont based on the size of each account's original order, subject to roundin Unexecuted orders will continue until the block order is completed to been cancelled. If remaining positions are too small to satisfy the min may decide to allocate the remaining shares to those accounts who Adviser may also decide to allocate remaining shares to those accounts are result of the allocation.	mited availability or thinly traded e same trading day. Under these cipating client accounts. Pro rata directed accounts, cannot be fully ag the participating client accounts ag in order to achieve "round lots". For until all component orders have inimum order amount, the Adviser ich did meet the minimum. The
	In accordance with its written policies and procedures, the Adviser when deciding on allocations: 1) cash flow changes (including exchanges, capital additions and capital withdrawals) may provide established allocation as long as it does not result in an unfair advart of accounts over time; and 2) accounts with specialized investmental emphasizing investment in a specific category of securities may be in allocating such securities.	ng available cash, redemptions, le a basis to deviate from a pre- ntage to specific accounts or types stment objectives or restrictions
	Client-Directed Brokerage Transactions	
	Occasionally, the Adviser receives requests from clients to direct a earned on their respective account through a specific broker or brol	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

(Do not use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other schedules.)		
1. Full name of applicant exactl <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 12.A. & B. (cont.)	for the client under such terms and arrangements as the client may not or dealer. Where a client has directed the use of a particular broker in a position to freely negotiate commission rates or spreads, to obtat brokers or dealers on the basis of best execution. In situations we Adviser to direct trades to a select broker the client understands that and that the Adviser will enter into such arrangements on a betransactions for a client that has directed that the Adviser uses a particular commingled or "batched" for purposes of execution with orders for accounts managed by the Adviser. Accordingly, client-directed to commissions, greater spreads, or less favorable net prices than might empowered to freely negotiate commission rates or spreads, or to select of best execution. The Adviser will therefore accept these requests on The Adviser may have certain accounts that were referred to the firm third parties, including consultants that may also be broker-dealers, financial arrangements or relationships with a particular broker-dealer third parties may instruct us to direct some or all of their brokerage broker-dealers, or the Adviser may otherwise allocate brokerage to the In addition, the Adviser may, from time to time, buy from such products used in the firm's investment advisory business (such as sof pay registration or other fees toward or otherwise assist in sponsoforums, seminars, or conferences.	or dealer, the Adviser may not be an volume discounts, or to select where the client has directed the they are forfeiting best execution est efforts basis. Additionally, cular broker or dealer may not be for the same securities for other ransactions may result in higher and to the case if the Adviser was eet brokers or dealers on the basis ally under certain circumstances.  In through the recommendation of or may have certain pre-existing aler. Clients obtained from these the transactions to the third party's ese or related broker-dealers.  Third parties certain services or the third parties or research publications) or
	Batch Transaction and Allocation Policy – Fixed Income	
	Trade Order Allocation	
	The Adviser aggregates orders so as to realize the benefits of large aggregated orders, it seeks to allocate opportunities to all clients portfolios are managed to a model based on common attributes to a between accounts and benchmarks. This is accomplished through the with this median account becoming the model portfolio. Certain fundings, unique guideline restrictions and the fungability of certain adjust our weightings. However over time, the Adviser expects to m holdings around the model portfolio.	s in a consistent manner. Most a benchmark with low dispersion calculation of a 'median account' situations such as new portfolion security types may cause us to
	New Issue Allocation – Equity	
	In the event that the Adviser participates in any initial public off limited availability (collectively, "IPOs"), the Adviser allocates IPO and equitable manner over time, taking into consideration factors suc preference, investment restrictions, account sizes, cash availability, and	s among client accounts in a fair has client account objectives and
	New Issue Allocation – Fixed Income	
	The Adviser seeks to allocate new issue opportunities to all clients in	a consistent manner.

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
<b>Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II</b>	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	Answer	
Item 12.A. & B. (cont.)	New issue opportunities are allocated according to the following factors.  1. All portfolios are ranked based on their account composition versus management team will set a minimum acceptable position size (in for the security.	sus their benchmark. The portfolio	
	2. Next, the Adviser defines the target percentage for its LA characteristics of the security or the percentage of the account based duration and the current composition of each account.		
	3. For portfolios with a benchmark other than LAB, the Adviser reflect the characteristics of the non-LAB benchmark.	nay adjust the target allocation to	
	4. The Adviser then determines its desired total par value and gives	ts indication of interest.	
	5. If the Adviser's order is completely filled, the Adviser will allocate above. If the Adviser is allotted a significant percentage of its or Adviser will allocate pro-rate based on the initial allocation develop. If the Adviser is not allotted a significant percentage of our order, LAB benchmark adjustments and allocate pro-rate based on market this continues to result in accounts receiving less than the minim deserving accounts (defined as those accounts that are closest to the from the allocation.	der (typically 70% or more), the bed from the steps outlined above. the Adviser will remove the non-value of participating accounts. If um target position size, the least	
	"Soft Dollar" or Research/Execution Policy		
	The Adviser may obtain research and execution products and service use to execute client transactions as well as through commission shappolicy for such transactions is set forth below. When appropriate unconsistent with its duty to obtain best execution and its adopted polymay direct brokerage transactions for client accounts to broker-dear research and brokerage products and services. The brokerage commithese arrangements are known as "soft dollars." To the extent that acquire research, this research may be shared with any member of their respective clients whose accounts may benefit from such research	aring arrangements. The Adviser's ader its discretionary authority and licies and procedures, the Adviser lers who provide the Adviser with dissions used to acquire research in the Adviser utilizes soft dollars to f the Aberdeen Group and any of	
	Broker-dealers typically provide a bundle of services including research research provided can be either proprietary (created and provided tangible research products as well as access to analysts and traders party but provided by broker-dealer). Under U.S. securities laws, the acquire either type of research.	ed by the broker-dealer, including or third-party (created by a third	
	SEC regulations provide a "safe harbor" which allows an investme brokerage services with the commission dollars generated by clier has interpreted the term "commission" to include a markup, marl other fee paid by a managed account to a dealer for executing transaction price are fully and separately disclosed on the confirmat	at account transactions. The SEC adown, commission equivalent or a transaction where the fee and	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exact Aberdeen Asset Management	ly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Item 12.A. & B. (cont.)		
	cost, to supplement its own research and analysis activities, to individuals and research staffs of other securities firms, and to expertise on certain companies, industries, areas of economy brokerage services acquired with soft dollars may include access the economy, industries, sectors and individual companie accounting and tax law interpretations; political analyses; reportfolio securities; information on technical market actions; trading systems; risk measurement; analyses of corporate responsitional and market database services; consulting services; panalysis services and risk management services.	o receive the views and information of gain access to persons having special y and market factors. Research and ss to company management, reports on s or issuers; statistical information; ports on legal developments affecting credit analyses; on-line quotation and onsibility issues; on-line news services;
	The determination and evaluation of the reasonableness of connection with portfolio transactions are based primarily on the responsible for the placement and review of such transactions. of, among other things, the experience of these individuals in available to them concerning the level of commissions being size and type. The Adviser may select broker-dealers based provide quality executions and its belief that the research, infor such broker-dealer may benefit client accounts. It is not possible executions or on the research services the Adviser received portfolio securities. Accordingly, broker-dealers selected by the effecting portfolio transactions for client accounts in excess of have charged for effecting similar transactions if the Adviser amounts are reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage those broker-dealers, viewed either in terms of a particular transits discretionary accounts.	the professional opinions of the persons. These opinions are formed on the basis the securities industry and information paid by other investors of comparable d on its assessment of their ability to rmation and other services provided by le to place a dollar value on the special from dealers effecting transactions in a Adviser may be paid commissions for of amounts other broker-dealers would be determined in good faith that such the professional provided by
	Consistent with obtaining best execution, brokerage commission may be directed to broker-dealers in recognition of research services rendered in the execution of orders by such broker research services are used to service all of the Adviser's accouns oft dollars may not be utilized for the specific account that research service may not be used to service every account may whether a service or product qualifies as research or brokerage service or product provides lawful and appropriate assistance investment decision-making responsibilities. The Adviser do relative costs or benefits of research among client accounts because the research received benefits clients and assists the Adviser in the	rvices furnished by them, as well as for r-dealers. As a general matter, such ants. However, research obtained with t generated the soft dollars and every naged by the Adviser. In determining ge, the Adviser evaluates whether the ce to the Adviser in carrying out its less not usually attempt to allocate the cause it believes that, in the aggregate,
	The Adviser generally does not enter into any agreement or und would obligate it to direct a specific amount of brokerage trar research services. However, certain brokers may state in	nsactions or commissions in return for

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form	Answer	
(identify)		
Item 12.A. & B. (cont.)	commissions they require for certain services and the applicable cash equivalent, especially those that provide specified statistical and performance measurement services. To the extent that the Adviser chooses to obtain a particular product, it may use its available soft dollar credits and pay cash to make up any difference. Further, if the product or service obtained by the Adviser is a "mixed use" item (products or services that provide both research and non-research benefits), the Adviser may use soft dollars for the research portion and pay cash for the non-research portion. Some Funds or clients managed by the Adviser may have their own soft dollar policies which may differ in some respects from these Procedures as described more specifically in their Compliance or Operating Manuals or Investment Policy Statements.	
	<u>Use of Affiliates' Trading Desks</u>	
	The Adviser may use the trading desks of Aberdeen Asia, Aberdeen trades of foreign securities. The Adviser has entered into a contract valvisers to ensure that any such trades are executed on best executi SEC regulations relating to soft dollar arrangements.	with the aforementioned affiliated
Trade Error Policy	TRADE ERROR POLICY	
	It is the Adviser's policy that in all cases of trade errors caused by intention to ensure that the error is resolved in the best interests of that trades are adjusted as needed in order to put the client account in never occurred. The Adviser reviews all trade errors to ensure they a and that they do not indicate a recurrent pattern.	he client account(s). This means such a position as if the error had
	In correcting trade errors, the Adviser or party responsible for the error the error. Trade errors resulting in losses to client accounts w compensated accordingly. Any gains resulting from trade errors generally be credited to the client account.	ill be reversed and the account
	ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION	
Item 13.A. & B.	The Adviser's advisory services are marketed on a direct basis by consultant referrals. The Adviser may make cash payments to third-provided that each such solicitor has entered into a written agreem which the solicitor will provide each prospective client with a copy II, and a disclosure document setting forth the terms of the solicit nature of the relationship between the solicitor and the Adviser whi and any fees to be paid to the solicitor. Where applicable, cash payme structured to comply fully with the requirements of Rule 206(4)-3 unconstruction of the Adviser compensate any solicitor in exchange client any pension or profit-sharing plan for which the solicitor service fiduciary.	the firm and through client and party solicitors for client referrals ent with the Adviser pursuant to of the Adviser's Form ADV Part ation arrangement, including the ch will be paying for the referral ents for client solicitations will be der the Advisers Act.
	The Adviser may engage and compensate entities to provide prin (including client account statement preparation) to client accounts.	ne brokerage and other services

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactly <b>Aberdeen Asset Management</b>	as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: 51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answe	er
Item 13.A. & B. (cont.)	The Adviser or its affiliates may be compensated in comutual funds and other funds serviced by the Advise Service employees of the Adviser or its affiliates in Adviser or the Adviser's mutual funds. The Advise cash, for client referrals provided that appropriate discappropriate acknowledgment is obtained from, the client addition, other third parties may provide certain a services in connection with the sale of shares of the by the Adviser, including through intermediaries in vin some cases these third parties may refer clients intermediaries through which the funds are available Adviser for these services out of its own resources.	er or its affiliates. In addition, Sales and Client may be compensated for referring clients to the er may also compensate others, other than with closure of the arrangement has been given to, and ent.  Shareholder servicing and/or distribution support Adviser's mutual funds and other funds serviced which such funds are available for purchase, and into such funds. These third parties (and the
Other Matters	OTHER MA	<u>.TTERS</u>
	As a large financial services institution, Aberdeen PL time, the subject of threatened or filed litigation. Other not consider such threatened or filed actions to be material. On June 28, 2005, proceedings were issued against to Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited and Aberdeen "Aberdeen Parties"), and a non-Aberdeen Party, in Opportunities Limited (REO). In 2003, the board of Parties, that REO had terminated its management conheld the Aberdeen Parties liable for damages in respect In a press release dated March 16, 2007, Aberdeen PL REO to settle Aberdeen's part in the legal action initial Aberdeen had made no admission whatsoever of any claim, but the Board had recognized that it is in the beconclude the matter. The cost to Aberdeen, net of exist £30 million. Otherwise, the terms of the settlement ag	er than the cases disclosed below, Aberdeen does terial.  wo wholly owned subsidiaries of Aberdeen PLC, Asset Managers Jersey Limited (together the in the High Court in London by Real Estate of REO announced, with regard to the Aberdeen ntract with immediate effect and indicated that it cet of losses incurred on REO's income portfolio. Cannounced that it had reached agreement with atted in 2005 by REO against Aberdeen and UBS. Itability or of acceptance of the validity of REO's est interests of the Group and its shareholders to string provisions and taxation, was approximately greement remain confidential between the parties.
	On December 5, 2008, PNC Bank, National Associati against the Adviser claiming US \$351,264.51 in dama mutual fund. The Adviser denies any liability for PNG	ages for the investment of a client into the wrong
<b>Privacy Policy</b>	PRIVACY POLICY	
	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. recognizes and resprovide this notice to you so that you will be aware circumstances under which that information may be a nonpublic personal information about our custome permitted by law.	e of the kinds of information we collect and the disclosed to third parties. We do not disclose any
	We may collect nonpublic personal information about number, account balance, redemption or withdrawal	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

`	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279
Item of Form (identify)	Answer	
Privacy Policy (cont.)	<ul> <li>Information received from you on account applications, a forms;</li> <li>Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates,</li> <li>Information received from you in written, telephonic or our affiliates or others; and</li> <li>Information received from a consumer reporting agency.</li> </ul>	or others; electronic communications with us, s, we may provide your personal
	information to our affiliates ("Aberdeen Group") and to financial servicing your account and have a need for such information, such .  We may also disclose such information to service providers and f have joint marketing arrangements. We require third party service with which we have joint marketing arrangements to protect the and to use the information only for the purposes for which we disclude not otherwise provide information about you to outside firms, orgour attorneys, accountants and auditors and as permitted by law. We procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to information.  In the event that you invest with us through a financial intermediation broker-dealer, bank or trust company, the privacy policy of your how your non-public personal information will be shared with	as a broker or firm administrator.  Inancial institutions with whom we providers and financial institutions confidentiality of your information lose the information to them. We do ganizations or individuals except to We maintain physical, electronic and guard your nonpublic personal ary, including, but not limited to, a financial intermediary will govern
	Federal law gives you the right to limit some but not all marketing also requires us to give you this notice to tell you about your caffiliates. You may limit our affiliates in the Aberdeen Group services to you based on your personal information that we can information includes your account history with us and any other control to limit marketing offers from our affiliates, this choice will apply change your choice. If you have already made a choice to limit marketing offers from our affiliates, this choice will apply change your choice. If you have already made a choice to limit marketing offers from our affiliates, this choice will apply change your choice. If you have already made a choice to limit marketing offers from our affiliates, this choice will apply change your choice.	choice to limit marketing from our from marketing their products or ollect and share with them. This onfidential information. If you elect until you notify us of your intent to
<b>Proxy Voting Policy</b>	PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROC	
	See below for a summary of the Proxy Voting Policies and Proce Adviser's entire policy is available on request at 1-215-405-5700.  The following are proxy voting policies and procedures ("Policie Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended ("Policie Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended ("Policie Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended ("Policie Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended ("Policie Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended ("Policie Adviser").	es and Procedures") adopted by the "Advisers Act"). To the extent that
	any other member of the Aberdeen Group provides advisory service	es to any U.S. clients under existing

Complete amended pages in full, circle amended items and file with execution page (page 1). 68 of 72

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801 <b>-49966</b>	08/04/10

	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any other	schedules.)
Item of Form		- L 1 0000217
(identify)	Answer	
Aberdeen Asset Management Item of Form	Memoranda of Understanding, those members will follow these P providing such advisory services. These Policies and Procedures are the Adviser with Rule 206(4)-6 under the Advisers Act and othe under rules and regulations of the SEC and interpretations of its staff securities held by client portfolios.  Clients may consist of investment companies registered under the I as amended ("1940 Act") ("Funds" and each a "Fund"), and other registered funds or clients. The Adviser follows these Policies an clients as required under the Advisers Act and other applicable la client in writing to refrain from voting that client's proxies or to vorproxy voting policies and procedures.  I. DEFINITIONS  A. "Best interest of clients"  Clients' best economic interests over the long term, that is, the comm seeing the value of a common investment increase over time. Client social interests, but their best economic interest is generally uniform.  B. "Material conflict of interest"  Circumstances when the Adviser or any member of senior managem analyst knowingly does business with a particular proxy issuer or clappear to create a material conflict between the interests of the Advin how proxies of that issuer are voted. A material conflict of in circumstances when the Adviser has actual knowledge of a material particular proxy issuer or closely affiliated entity and an affiliate of the II. GENERAL VOTING POLICIES  A. Client's Best Interest  These Policies and Procedures are designed and implemented in a vensure that proxies are voted in the best interests of clients. Prurthering the best economic interests of clients, promoting high le adequate disclosure of company policies, activities and returns, incockholders.	e adopted to ensure compliance by rapplicable fiduciary obligations with respect to proxies for voting nowestment Company Act of 1940, U.S. residents as well as non-U.S. de Procedures for each of its U.S. w, unless expressly directed by a stee in accordance with the client's non interest that all clients share in the may have different political or ent, portfolio manager or portfolio losely affiliated entity, which may riser and the interests of its clients terest might also exist in unusual l business arrangement between a he Adviser.
	B. <u>Shareholder Activism</u> The Adviser seeks to develop relationships with the management of transparency and improvements in the treatment of employees, ow Adviser may engage in dialogue with the management of portfolio coproxy voting issues.	ners and stakeholders. Thus, the

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

•	of use this Schedule as a continuation sheet for Form ADV Part I or any o	<u> </u>	
Aberdeen Asset Management	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  Inc.	IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Proxy Voting Policy (cont.)	C. <u>Case-by-Case Basis</u>	py-Case Basis	
(0.2.1)	These Policies and Procedures are guidelines. Each vote is ul taking into consideration the contractual obligations under th document, and all other relevant facts and circumstances at the tiproxy votes in favor of management proposals or seek to considering specific issues as they arise on their merits. The investment managers in seeking to submit a shareholder proproposal submitted by the company. Such action may be based or human rights grounds.	e advisory agreement or comparable time of the vote. The Adviser may cast change the views of management, ne Adviser may also join with other posal to a company or to oppose a	
	D. <u>Individualized</u>		
	These Policies and Procedures are tailored to suit the Adviser securities portfolios the Adviser manages. To the extent that corporations, and pension plans) have adopted their own processecurities differently depending upon clients' directions.	t clients (e.g., investment companies,	
	E. <u>Material Conflicts of Interest</u>		
	Material conflicts are resolved in the best interest of clients. between the Adviser and its client(s) is identified, the Advis options to eliminate such conflict: (1) vote in accordance wi involves little or no discretion; (2) vote as recommended by a th such a service; (3) "echo vote" or "mirror vote" the proxies in other proxy holders that are not the Adviser's clients; (4) if poss the person or persons making voting decisions sufficient to insu if practical, notify affected clients of the conflict of interest and agreed upon in writing with the client, forward the proxies to a their own proxies.	the these Policies and Procedures if it in these Policies and Procedures if it in party service if the Adviser utilizes in the same proportion as the votes of tible, erect information barriers around late the decision from the conflict; (5) seek a waiver of the conflict; or (6) if	
	F. <u>Limitations</u>		
	The circumstances under which the Adviser may take a limite following:	ed role in voting proxies, include the	
	<ol> <li>No Responsibility. The Adviser will not vote pro- client contract specifies that the Adviser will not clients' custodians are instructed to mail proxy mat</li> </ol>	vote. Under such circumstances, the	
	<ol> <li>Limited Value. The Adviser may abstain from shareholders' economic interests or the value of the or insignificant. The Adviser may also abstain companies held in their passively managed funds. have been sold before the date of the shareholders client generally will not be voted.</li> </ol>	he portfolio holding is indeterminable from voting the proxies of portfolio Proxies with respect to securities that	
	3. Unjustifiable Costs. The Adviser may abstain from	n voting a client proxy for cost reasons	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

1. Full name of applicant exactl	y as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:	IRS Empl. Ident. No.:	
Aberdeen Asset Management		51-0368279	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Proxy Voting Policy (cont.)	(e.g., non-U.S. securities).	(e.g., non-U.S. securities).	
	4. Securities Lending Arrangements. If voting securities program, the Adviser may be unable to vote while		
	<ol> <li>Share Blocking. Certain jurisdictions may impose times which may prevent the Adviser from exercis</li> </ol>		
	6. Special Considerations. The Adviser's responsibility generally by its obligations under each advisory or requests in writing that the Adviser vote its prox Policies and Procedures, the Adviser may follow that the client vote the proxy directly.	ontract or similar document. If a client y in a manner inconsistent with these	
	G. Sources of Information		
	The Adviser may conduct research internally and/or use the consultant. The Adviser may consider legislative materials, stuproxy voting issues, and/or analyses of shareholder and manage companies, e.g., Fortune 500 companies.	dies of corporate governance and other	
	H. <u>Sub-advisers</u>		
	To the extent that the Adviser may rely on sub-advisers, wheth any client portfolio on a discretionary basis, the Adviser may de to the sub-adviser. However, such sub-advisers will be requir Procedures or to demonstrate that their proxy voting policies ar Policies and Procedures or otherwise implemented in the best in	elegate responsibility for voting proxies red either to follow these Policies and ad procedures are consistent with these	
	I. Availability of Policies and Procedures		
	The Adviser will provide clients with a copy of these Policies a time, upon request.	nd Procedures, as revised from time to	
	J. <u>Disclosure of Vote</u>		
	A client may obtain information on how its proxies were voted the Adviser. The Adviser does not generally disclose client pro- required for Funds, unless specifically requested, in writing, by	oxy votes to third parties, other than as	
	III. SPECIFIC VOTING POLICIES		
	<ul> <li>A. General Philosophy</li> <li>Support existing management on votes on the finance election of the Board of Directors;</li> <li>Vote for the acceptance of the accounts unless there accounts as presented or audit procedures used, do company results; and</li> </ul>	are grounds to suspect that either the	

Schedule F of	Applicant:	SEC File Number:	Date:
Form ADV			
Continuation Sheet for Form ADV Part II	Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.	801- <b>49966</b>	08/04/10

Full name of applicant exactly as stated in Item 1A of Part I of Form ADV:  IRS Empl. Ident. No.:			
Aberdeen Asset Management		IRS Empl. Ident. No.: <b>51-0368279</b>	
Item of Form (identify)	Answer		
Proxy Voting Policy (cont.)	Support routine issues such as the appointment of independent auditors, allocation of income and the declaration of stock (scrip) dividend proposals provided there is a cash alternative.  B. Anti-takeover Measures The Adviser votes on anti-takeover measures on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration such factors as the long-term financial performance of the target company relative to its industry competition. Key measures of performance will include the growth rates for sales, operating income,		
	net income and total shareholder returns. Other factors which with analysis, cash flow and debt levels.  C. Proxy Contests for Control	ill be considered include margin	
	c. <u>Floxy Contests for Control</u>		
	factors as long-term financial performance of the target commanagement's track record, background to the proxy contest, qua	The Adviser votes on proxy contests for control on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration such factors as long-term financial performance of the target company relative to its industry, management's track record, background to the proxy contest, qualifications of director nominees, evaluation of what each side is offering shareholders as well as the likelihood that the proposed objectives and goals can be met, and stock ownership positions.	
	D. <u>Contested Elections</u>		
	The Adviser votes on contested elections on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration such factors as the qualifications of all director nominees. The Adviser also considers the independence of board and key committee members and the corporate governance practices of the company.		
	E. Executive Compensation Proposals		
	The Adviser considers such proposals on a case-by-case basis taking executive pay and spending perquisites, particularly in conjunction employee layoffs.		
	F. Shareholder Proposals		
	The Adviser considers such proposals on a case-by-case basis. The which will improve the company's corporate governance or busines may oppose proposals which result in significant cost being incurre company or its shareholders.	s profile at a reasonable cost, but	