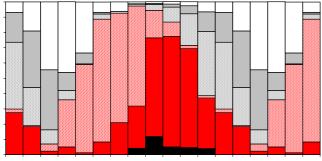
## Leucospermum calligerum (Salisb. ex Kn.) Rourke 1809, 1969 **Arid Pincushion**

## Luisiebossie

- **Other Common Names:** Callus-bearing Leucadendrum, Gnaphalium-leaf Leucadendrum, Pink Pincushion, Pubescent Leucadendrum, Xeranthemum-leaf Leucadendrum, Luisies, Luisiesbos, Rooiluisie
- **Other Scientific Names:** gnaphaliifolium Salisb. ex Knight 1809, puberum (L) 1771, xeranthemifolium Salisb. ex Knight 1809.

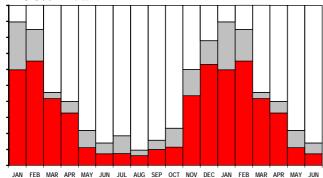
#### 2375 Records

- Population (2355 records): 0.9% Abundant, 31% Common, 51% Frequent, 16% Rare, 0.1% Extinct
- **Dispersion** (2185 records): 64% variable, 32% clumped, 3% widespread, 1% evenly distributed
- Flowering (2350 records with: Jan 87, Feb 179, Mar 214, Apr 195, May 225, Jun 178, Jul 81, Aug 333, Sep 285, Oct 256, Nov 193, Dec 124): Buds from Apr to Aug; Flowering from Jul to Jan; Peak Flowering not significant; Over from Nov to Feb; Fruit from Jan to Mar; Nothing from Mar to May. Peak levels at 99% in Aug. Historically recorded as flowering from Jull to Jan.



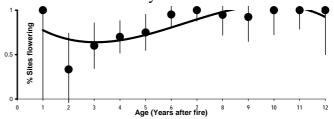
- JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

Growth (2314 records with: Jan 87, Feb 178, Mar 213, Apr 195, May 225, Jun 178, Jul 81, Aug 328, Sep 281, Oct 254, Nov 172, Dec 122): Much from Nov to Apr; Rare from Jan to Feb; None from Mar to Dec. Peak levels at 90% in Jan.



Seedlings (1028 records): Absent in 97%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 8 cases, and more in 8 cases. Seedlings found in Jan (3), Mar, Apr (3), Jun, Jul (4) and Oct (4).

- **Fire Survival** (111 records): 77% survived by seedlings only, 13% escaped fires in fire-safe areas, 5% eliminated from the area by fires, 5% resprouted from underground boles, 0.9% resprouted from aerial trunks.
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 1 years, 50% estimated at 2 years, and 100% recorded at 7 years.



- Height (2347 records): 1% 0-0.2 m tall, 49% 0.2-1 m tall, 46% 1-2 m tall, 4% 2-5 m tall.
- Pollinators (13 records): 38% birds, 31% beetles, 23% bees or wasps, 8% flies.
  Detailed Pollinators (5 records): Orange-breasted Sunbird (3), Cape Sugarbird (2).

#### Habitat:

**Distance to Ocean** (2347 records): 100% inland turther than 2 km from coast. Altitude (2347 records): 60 - $1860 \text{ m}; 360_{lq} - 620_{med} - 880$ <sub>иq</sub>т.

Landform (2332 records): 70% deep soil, 24% shallow

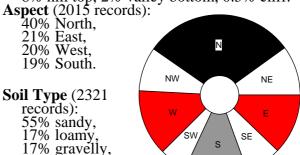
Altitude (m)

2320 🛓

2120

1920

soil, 6% rocky outcrops, 0.2% riverine, 0.1% swamp. Slope (2336 records): 59% gentle incline, 20% steep incline, 11% platform, 8% hill top, 2% valley bottom, 0.5% cliff. 0.01 0.02 0.03



- 9% rocky,
- 2% clayey, 0.0% peaty. Soil Colour (2318 records): 39% brown, 38% grey, 8% yellow, 6% orange, 5% white, 3% red, 0.7% black. **Geology** (2247 records): 82% sandstone,
- 11% shale, 3% silcrete or ferricrete, 3% conglomerate, 1% Tertiary sands, 0.5% granite, 0.0% limestone. Vegetation (2331 records): 99% shrubland,
- 0.6% grassland, 0.3% agricultural lands, 0.3% plantations, 0.0% wooded grassland, 0.0% thicket, 0.0% woodland.

**Conservation Status and Threat:** 

- Red Data List Status: Least Concern, but Endangered A2c on West Coast Swartland and Critically Endangered A2c for the
- Worcester form. Occurrence (Fynbos): 22 463 km<sup>2</sup> with 16% conserved and 19% lost; Occupancy: 2 380 km<sup>2</sup> with 18% conserved and 12% lost. Fragmentation index: 4%. Nature Reserves (2347 records): 22% in nature
- reserves.
- Habitat destruction (2307 records): 90% extensive natural habitat, 7% islands, 1% naturally linear habitats, 1% naturally
- 1% naturally linear habitats, 1% naturally fragmented habitats, 0.6% road verges, 0.2% corridors, 0.0% patches.
  Alien Invasive Species (2285 records): 69% none, 12% *Pinus*, 10% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*), 7% *Hakea*, 2% Myrtaceae, 0.3% other aliens.
  Alien Density (2280 records): 69% alien-free, 24% sparse, 6% abundant, 1% dense, 0.1% impenetrable.

- Cultivation & Utilization: Picking (1736 records): 100% no sign of picking.
- Cultivation Status: Plantings 3 records (0.1%)
- Witch's Broom Infestation: 1 record (0.04%).

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

- Atlassers Notes: Hoary old specimens 100m diameter of bare trunk! (AGR97061201); Some to over 4 m tall (AGRY0043029); Very tall (AWA95081703); Very big (AWA95090401); Massive (AWA96082208); Enormous (AWA96082208); Enormous (AWA98090202); Very large some bushes measuring about 2 m X 2 m X 1.5 m high (PGD93091801); We have never seen such dense and tall plants some over 4 m high (VJK94103001); (VJK94103001); Multiple heads - up to 5 on one stem (ING95111201);

- Peculiar flat form only occasionally reaching 1 m tall (AGR96042503); With similar growth habit to Worcester Valley at Worcester habit to Worcester Valley at Worcester (AGR97010413); Low growing mat (LYMY0101908); A sprawling 1.5 m diameter 200 mm high bush with flowerheads on ground (MHR98041303); Very rough leaves (SMR99060911); Grazed (AGR97061201); Only dead plants seen (AGRY3112702); Plants seem to be dying (HRKY0122601); Experiencing water stress (SHRY0070901);
- Seem to be dying (HKK Y0122601); Experiencing water stress (SHRY0070901); Many dying of drought and some resprouting from base just above or below ground level (WIJ94041105); Many dried up buds due to drought? (WIJ94041106);
- **Confusing Species:** Mostly confused with *L*. wittebergense, which is similar but has smaller flowerheads. Odd misidentifications with *L. spathulatus, saxatilis, mundii, lineare, vestitum* and *truncatum*. The populations near Napier caused confusion with *L. heterophyllum*, and show some intermediate characters. Many older specimens well exceeded the heights and diameters given in the literature diameters given in the literature. Records of identification queries = 54. Records of corrected identification queries = 23.
- Variation and Taxonomy: Although pubera is the earliest name for this species, Linneaus cited it as a synonym for *L. oleifolium* thus making this name superfluous, even though his description is for *L. calligerum*. The choice of *L. calligerum* from the three species described by Salisbury is based on only that type specimen being traced. The Breede River Valley from Breede River
- Station to Worcester has a peculiar creeping form.

#### Distribution: Add.

INCLUDEPICTURE

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## Leucospermum heterophyllum (Thunb.) Rourke 1781, 1967 **Trident Pincushion**

Rankluisie

#### Other Common Names: Snakebush,

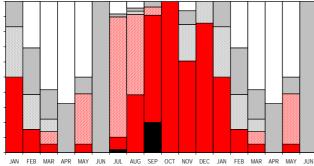
Slangbossie

**Other Scientific Names:** *lemmerzianum Schltr.* 1900, patens R.Br. 1810, patulum R.Br. 1810

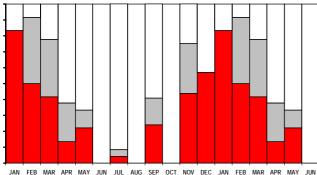
391 Records

Population (384 records): 28% Common,

- 56% Frequent, 16% Rare.
   Dispersion (281 records): 75% variable, 23% clumped, 1% widespread, 0.7% evenly distributed.
- Flowering (304 records with: Jan 6, Feb 13, Mar 36, Apr 37, May 18, Jun 2, Jul 49, Aug 47, Sep 55, Oct 1, Nov 33, Dec 7): Buds from May to Aug; Flowering from Aug to Jan; Peak Flowering from Sep; Over from Jan to Feb and Nov; Fruit from Feb and Apr; Nothing from Feb to May. Peak levels at 100% in Oct. Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Jan with a Sep to Oct peak.

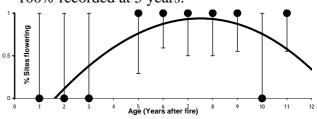


Growth (299 records with: Jan 6, Feb 12, Mar 36, Apr 37, May 18, Jun 2, Jul 48, Aug 46, Sep 54, Oct 1, Nov 32, Dec 7): Much from Nov to Mar and May and Sep; Rare from Feb to Apr and Nov; None from Mar to Dec. Peak levels at 92% in Feb.



- Seedlings (90 records): Absent in 89%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 2 cases, and more in 3 cases. Seedlings found in Jul (4) and Sep.
- Fire Survival (15 records): 93% survived by seedlings only, 7% resprouted from underground boles.

Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 1 years, 50% estimated at 4 years, and 100% recorded at 5 years.



Height (305 records): 66% 0-0.2 m tall, 33% 0.2-1 m tall, 2% 1-2 m tall. Pollinators : No data. **Detailed Pollinators:** No additional data.

	Habitat: Distance to Ocean (389 records): 100% inland - further than 2 km from coast. Altitude (389 records): 20 - 280 m; 20 lq - 40 med - 40 uqm.	2320 2120 1920 1720 1520 1320 1120	Altitude (m)
N	Landform (308 records): 92% deep soil, 7% shallow soil, 1.0% swamp, 0.3% lake edge. Slope (307 records): 52% platform, 29% gentle incl bottom, 4% hill top, 3% steep i 3% dunes. Aspect (142 records): 33% South, 30% North, 23% East, 14% West.	920 620 220 20 ine, C	9% valley ne,
	Soil Type (306 records): 43% sandy, 31% loamy, 16% clayey, 9% gravelly, 0.3% rocky. Soil Colour (303 records): 52% b	rowr	SE
IN	<ul> <li>35% grey, 4% orange, 4% whit 1.0% red, 0.3% black.</li> <li>Geology (362 records): 35% silcre ferricrete, 31% shale, 16% sand 10% limestone, 7% Tertiary sa 0.6% conglomerate.</li> <li>Vegetation (389 records): 98% sh 2% agricultural lands, 0.3% pla</li> </ul>	te, 39 ete or dston nds, nrubla	% yellow, r ie, and,
	Conservation Status and Threat Red Data List Status: Endangere Occurrence (Fynbos): 999 km <sup>2</sup> wi conserved and 43% lost; Occup 404 km <sup>2</sup> with 13% conserved a Fragmentation index: 30%. Nature Reserves (389 records): 1 reserves - inadequately conserv	ed A2 th 89 pancy and 5 6% i	% y: 1% lost.

Habitat destruction (305 records): 70% extensive natural habitat, 18% islands, 9% road verges, 1% naturally fragmented habitats, 1.0% corridors, 1.0% naturally linear habitats.

Alien Invasive Species (306 records): 67% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*), 19% none, 7% *Pinus*, 7% Myrtaceae, 1.0% other aliens, 0.3% *Hakea*.

Alien Density (306 records): 19% alien-free, 52% sparse, 24% abundant, 4% dense, 0.7% impenetrable.

Cultivation & Utilization: Picking (227 records): 100% no sign of picking.

Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

Atlassers Notes: Very large plant 1.3 m high and about 3 m diameter (STU97011404);

Very large in features looking somewhat like L. *calligerum* - although sprawling also more upright than usual (AGRY1022815, LYM96120402, NGF97112921, SHR98080903, SMR96120402);

**Confusing Species:** Mostly confused with *L. calligerum* in north of Elim near Napier. Also *L. prostratum* and *L. penduculatum* when not in flower, but the former has a single toothed leaf and the latter does not resprout. Records of identification queries = 26.

Records of corrected identification queries = 16.

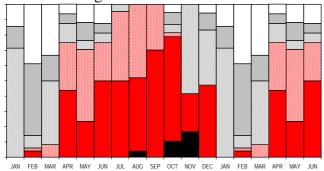
### Variation and Taxonomy: Add.

Distribution: Add. INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSHETE\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

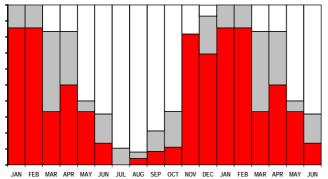
## Leucospermum royenifolium (Salisb. ex Kn.) Stapf 1809, 1912 **Eastern Pincushion**

#### Other Common Names: Royena-leaf Leucadendrum. Other Scientific Names: puberum var. dubium Meisn1856.

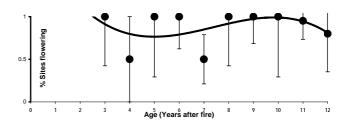
- 344 Records
- Population (341 records): 15% Common,
- 67% Frequent, 17% Rare, 0.3% Extinct. Dispersion (317 records): 52% variable, 30% clumped, 13% widespread, 4% evenly distributed
- Flowering (333 records with: Jan 7, Feb 49, Mar 12, Apr 16, May 17, Jun 16, Jul 22, Aug 25, Sep 47, Oct 38, Nov 12, Dec 72): Buds from Apr to Sep; Flowering from Apr to Dec; Peak Flowering not significant; Over from Nov to Jan and Mar; Fruit from Feb; Nothing from Feb to Mar. Peak levels at 100% from Jul to Sep. Historically recorded as flowering from Jul to Dec.



Growth (327 records with: Jan 7, Feb 49, Mar 12, Apr 12, May 15, Jun 22, Jul 19, Aug 25, Sep 47, Oct 36, Nov 11, Dec 72): Much from Nov to May; Rare from Mar to Apr, Oct and Dec; None from May to Oct. Peak levels at 100% from Jan to Feb.



- **Seedlings** (158 records): Absent in 92%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 5 cases, and more in 1 case. Seedlings found in Jun (3) and Sep (3)
- **Fire Survival** (12 records): 25% survived by seedlings only, 25% escaped fires in fire-safe areas, 25% resprouted from underground boles, 17% eliminated from the area by fires, 8% resprouted from aerial trunks.
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 3 years, 50% estimated at 3-4 years, and 100% recorded at 5 years.



2320 📱

2120

1920

1720

1520

1320

1120 920

620

420

220

Ν

NW

SW

Altitude (m)

0.05

SE

0.1

Height (339 records): 25% 0-0.2 m tall, 70% 0.2-1 m tall, 5% 1-2 m tall. **Pollinators** : No data. Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.

#### Habitat:

- **Distance to Ocean** (341 records): 100% inland further than 2 km from coast. **Altitude** (341 records): 420 -1860 m; 900 lg - 1020 med -1160 <sub>ua</sub>m.
- Landform (340 records): 48% shallow soil, 44% deep soil, 8% rocky outcrops.
- Slope (341 records): 48% gentle <sup>220</sup> incline, 32% steep incline, <sup>0</sup> 16% hill top, 2% cliff, 2% platform, 0.3% valley bottom.
- Aspect (289 records): 43% South, 26% North,
  - 17% West,
  - 13% East.
- Soil Type (340 records):

  - 42% loamy, 29% sandy,

  - 17% gravelly,
  - 9% rocky, 2% clayey,
  - 0.9% peaty
- Soil Colour (340 records): 47% brown, 41% grey, 6% black, 4% orange, 1% yellow, 0.9% white.
- Geology (332 records): 95% sandstone,
- 5% shale, 0.6% conglomerate.
  Vegetation (340 records): 98% shrubland, 1% grassland, 0.3% thicket, 0.3% agricultural lands.

## **Conservation Status and Threat:**

- **Red Data List Status:** Least Concern. Occurrence (Fynbos): 1 873 km<sup>2</sup> with 20% conserved and 8% lost; Occupancy: 414 km<sup>2</sup> with 12% conserved and 11% lost.
- Fragmentation index: 14%. Nature Reserves (341 records): 18% in nature
- reserves inadequately conserved. Habitat destruction (316 records): 93% extensive natural habitat, 4% islands, 2% road verges, 2% naturally fragmented habitats, 0.3% naturally linear habitats.
- Alien Invasive Species (318 records): 65% none, 19% Hakea, 10% Pinus,

4% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acacia),

2% annual alien grasses, 0.6% other aliens. Alien Density (318 records): 65% alien-free, 31% sparse, 4% abundant.

#### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

Picking (204 records): 100% no sign of picking.

Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

- Greater than 3 m wide (AWA95101013); One plant at least 7 m wide! (OUTY0102210); Many killed by fire (OUT95102804); A few escaped fire (OUT95102806); Some
- resprouted from bowl & others apparently from base of trunk (WIJ97092401);
- Both resprouting & single stemmed forms present - most resprouters lower with either bright green leaves or very pale and low rounded. Hairy and hairless leaves in both forms - no clear distinction: status uncertain! (AGR99090907); Quite interesting to see *L. royenifolium* and wittebergense growing together (DOA94030108); Green on lower growth and grey on taller and flowering growth - very variable & sometimes looked like *L. wittebergense* (OUT94050702);

Heavily eaten (AGRY0121506); Heavily grazed! (APE94081909); Half plants dead - most on S-side!

- (AGR97022604); One plant found but was dead (GAC97022604); Not well many dead and dying (OUT96071302); Lots of die-back (OUT98040409);
- Confusing Species: Considerable confusion was caused by intermediates and individuals approaching *L. wittebergense*. These may be hybrid swarms, but in some cases are just odd plants that do not resprout and are greyer than usual.

Records of identification queries = 42. Records of corrected identification queries = 19.

Variation and Taxonomy: No variation noted, apart from intermediates with *L*. *wittebergense*.

**Distribution:** Add.

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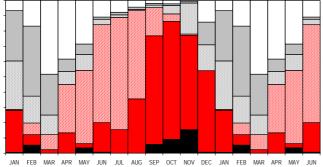
## Leucospermum wittebergense Compton 1931 **Swartberg Pincushion**

**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None.* 

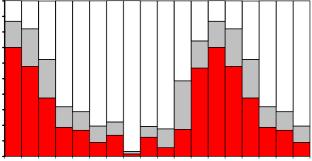
#### 2176 Records

- Population (2154 records): 0.2% Abundant, 18% Common, 68% Frequent, 14% Rare, 0.1% Extinct. **Dispersion** (2028 records): 62% variable,
- 7% clumped, 9% widespread, 2% evenly distributed
- Flowering (2125 records with: Jan 167, Feb 131, Mar 172, Apr 187, May 144, Jun 139, Jul 117, Aug 135, Sep 190, Oct 362, Nov 246, Dec 135): Buds from Apr to Aug; Flowering from Aug to Jan; Peak Flowering not significant; Over from Jan and Nov; Fruit from Jan to Mar; Nothing from Mar to May. Peak levels at 98% in Nov.

Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Jan.

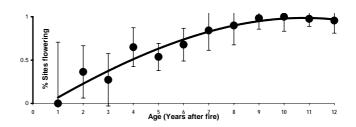


**Growth** (2096 records with: Jan 167, Feb 133, Mar 170, Apr 182, May 143, Jun 133, Jul 118, Aug 128, Sep 187, Oct 356, Nov 247, Dec 132): Much from Dec to Mar; Rare from Ech 132. Feb to Mar and Nov; None from Mar to Dec. Peak levels at 87% in Jan.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

- **Seedlings** (804 records): Absent in 94%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 16 cases, and more in 8 cases. Seedlings found in Jan (3), Mar (2), Apr (3), Jun (4), Jul (3), Aug (2), Sep (3), Oct (2) and Dec (2). **Fire Survival** (99 records): 42% survived by seedlings only, 38% escaped fires in fire-safe
- areas, 11% resprouted from underground boles, 8% eliminated from the area by fires.
- Age to first flowering:. First flowers recorded at 1 years, 50% estimated at 3-4 years, and 100% recorded at 10 years.



- **Height** (2137 records): 7% 0-0.2 m tall, 78% 0.2-1 m tall, 15% 1-2 m tall, 0.1% 2-5 m tall.
- **Pollinators** (11 records): 27% birds, 27% beetles, 18% butterflies or moths,
- 18% bees or wasps, 9% none observed.
   Detailed Pollinators (6 records): Orange-breasted Sunbird (3), Painted Lady Butterfly, Great Protea Beetle, African Monarch Butterfly.

#### Habitat:

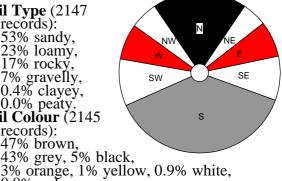
- **Distance to Ocean** (2168 records): 100% inland further than 2 km from coast. Altitude (2168 records): 200 -
- 1900 m; 940 lg 1100 med -1240 <sub>ua</sub>m.
- Landform (2158 records): 70% shallow soil, 23% deep soil, 7% rocky outcrops,
- Soln, 7% locky outclops,
   20

   0.1% riverine.
   20

   Slope (2163 records): 53% steep incline, 35% gentle incline, 9% hill top, 2% cliff, 1% platform, 0.2% valley bottom.
   0.002 0.04 0.06

   Aspect (1982 records): 47% South, 24% North, 15% West, 14% East.
   14% East.
- **Soil Type** (2147 records): 53% sandy, 23% loamy, 17% rocky, 7% gravelly, 0.4% clayey, 0.0% peaty. Soil Colour (2145

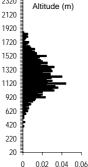
records): 47% brown.



- 0.8% red **Geology** (2124 records): 98% sandstone, 2% shale, 0.1% conglomerate, 0.1% basalt, 0.1% silcrete or ferricrete.
- Vegetation (2161 records): 99% shrubland, 0.5% grassland, 0.5% wooded grassland, 0.0% thicket.

# **Conservation Status and Threat:**

Red Data List Status: Least Concern. Occurrence (Fynbos): 9 919 km<sup>2</sup> with 35% conserved and 4% lost; Occupancy: 1 901 km<sup>2</sup> with 50% conserved and 1% lost. Fragmentation index: 7%.



2320 ≡

Nature Reserves (2168 records): 55% in nature reserves - well conserved.

Habitat destruction (2099 records):

- 98% extensive natural habitat, 0.8% islands, 0.8% naturally linear habitats, 0.3% patches, 0.2% road verges, 0.1% naturally fragmented habitats, 0.1% corridors.
  Alien Invasive Species (2026 records): 92% none, 5% Hakea, 3% Pinus, 0.5% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acarcia)
- 92% none, 5% *Hakea*, 5% *Huus*,
  0.5% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*),
  0.1% Myrtaceae, 0.1% other aliens.
  Alien Density (2014 records): 92% alien-free,
  7% sparse, 0.3% abundant, 0.1% dense,
  0.0% impenetrable.

### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

Picking (1669 records): 100% no sign of picking.

Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### Atlassers Notes:

Both resprouting and single stemmed forms present - single stems much taller but also sprawling, branched just above ground level, but with consistently grey leaves and twisted leaf base hairy and hairless leaves in both torms -no clear distinction (AGR99090907); Very large flowers - of magnitude of *L. calligerum* - but leaves smaller and silver (AGRY1020810); Some specimens in the population are 100% *L. royenifolium* in gizz! (AGRY1071912); Seems perfectly typical even though so far from the rest of the range (AGRY2102505); Quite interesting to see *L*.

wittebergense and royenifolium growing together (DOA94030108); Leaves glabrous and dull green but plant erect shrub (MAJ92090701+2); Erect branches hairy (NAH95033001); Strange country here and this was one of the in between L. royenifolium and L. wittebergense types! (OUTY1022409)

New growth looks aborted and feels dry (AWA95022401); Many of the plants dying (OUT97052410); Occasional recruitment of plants in road - some mortality - vegetation quite old (PMR91120304); 4 dead bushes -drought? (REM99070802);

**Confusing Species:** Confused with *L. royenifolium* (90%) and *calligerum* (10%). Differs from the former in being single stemmed and grey-leaved, and from the latter in its smaller and more numerous flowerheads. Records of identification queries = 69

Records of corrected identification queries = 32.

#### Variation and Taxonomy: Add.

### **Distribution:** Add.

INCLUDEPICTURE

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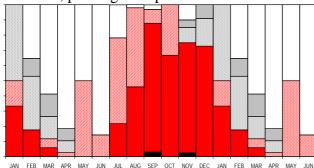
## Leucospermum pedunculatum Klotzsch 1845 White-trailing Pincushion

**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None.* 

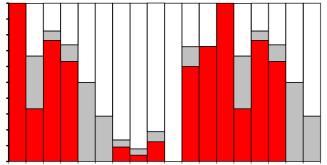
#### 277 Records

Population (275 records): 25% Common,

- 56% Frequent, 19% Rare. Dispersion (242 records): 76% variable, 20% clumped, 4% widespread, 0.4% evenly distributed
- Flowering (264 records with: Jan 6, Feb 17, Mar 34, Apr 38, May 2, Jun 7, Jul 23, Aug 50, Sep 33, Oct 3, Nov 40, Dec 11): Buds from Jul to Aug; Flowering from Jul to Jan; Peak Elowering not significant: Over from Peak Flowering not significant; Over from Jan to Feb; Fruit not significant; Nothing from Feb to Jul. Peak levels at 100% in Oct. Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Jan, peaking in Sep.



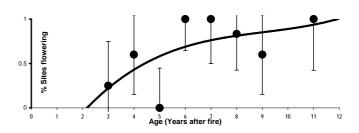
**Growth** (260 records with: Jan 6, Feb 15, Mar 34, Apr 38, May 2, Jun 7, Jul 22, Aug 50, Sep 32, Oct 3, Nov 40, Dec 11): Much from Nov to Apr; Rare from Feb, May to Jun; None from Feb and Apr to Dec. Peak levels unreliable at 100% in Jan.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

**Seedlings** (108 records): All without any

- seedlings present. Fire Survival (20 records): 80% survived by seedlings only, 15% eliminated from the area by fires, 5% escaped fires in fire-safe areas. Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded
- at 3 years, 50% estimated at 4 years, and 100% recorded at 6 years.



**Height** (261 records): 55% 0-0.2 m tall, 44% 0.2-1 m tall, 0.8% 1-2 m tall. **Pollinators** (1 record): 100% butterflies or moths

Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.

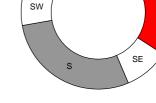
#### Habitat:

- **Distance to Ocean** (277 records): 90% inland -further than 2 km from coast
- Altitude (277 records): 20 -640 m; 40 lq - 100 med - 160 uqm.

Landform (264 records): 89% deep soil, 5% shallow soil, 4% swamp, 1% lake

solit, 4% swallp, 1% lake 20 edge, 1% rocky outcrops. 20 **Slope** (263 records): 50% gentle 0 incline, 29% platform, 11% hill top, 5% steep incline, 4% valley bottom, 0.1 0.4% dunes.

- Aspect (191 records): 37% South, 28% North, 24% East, 12% West.
- Soil Type (263
  - records): 85% sandy, 11% loamy, 2% peaty, 0.8% clayey



2320

2120 1920 1720

1520

1320 1120

> 920 620

420

220

Ν

Altitude (m)

0.2

NE

- 0.8% gravelly. **Soil Colour** (261 records): 54% grey, 20% white, 16% brown, 6% yellow, 3% black, 0.4% red.
- Geology (241 records): 70% sandstone, 15% Tertiary sands, 7% silcrete or ferricrete,
- 6% limestone, 2% shale. Vegetation (275 records): 99% shrubland, 0.4% grassland, 0.4% plantations.

#### **Conservation Status and Threat:**

Red Data List Status: Least Concern. Occurrence (Fynbos): 1 422 km<sup>2</sup> with 5% conserved and 34% lost; Occupancy: 294 km<sup>2</sup> with 11% conserved and 15% lost. Fragmentation index: 18%. Nature Reserves (277 records): 20% in nature

- reserves.
- Habitat destruction (258 records): 91% extensive natural habitat, 5% islands, 2% naturally linear habitats, 0.8% road

verges, 0.4% patches, 0.4% corridors, 0.4% naturally fragmented habitats.

- Alien Invasive Species (257 records): 37% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acacia), 32% none, 23% Pinus, 4% Myrtaceae, 3% Hakea, 0.4% other aliens.
  Alien Density (257 records): 32% alien-free, 43% sparse, 19% abundant, 5% dense, 0.4% impenetrable
- 0.4% impenetrable.

#### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

- Picking (199 records): 100% no sign of picking.
- Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

- With light green leaves in this area and plants appear to be coming from a resprouting rootstock, but are *L. peduculatum*! (NAH94021901); Plants from the hills in this area have much darker green leaves than the plants in the Hagelkraal area (NAH04022005).
- (NAH94022006); Pollinators observed on this hot day include Several Species of moth and butterflies (AGR98120921);
- **Confusing Species:** Misidentified manly with *L. prostratum* and *L. heterophyllum* both of

which are resprouters (but it is not easy to observe the base in the dense mat of branches). Odd misidentifications with L. *calligerum* and *L. gracile* from plants not in flower.

Records of identification queries = 34. Records of corrected identification queries = 15.

- Variation and Taxonomy: Some historical confusion around this species arose from its being reduced to synonomy with *L. saxatile* by Meisner in 1856, and error only rectified in 1972.
- Plants from the western end of the distribution form dense mats with bright green foliage and numerous axillary branches. At the eastern end plants are sparsely branched and arise from more erect basal stem, with more olivaceous leaves. Hybrids in the area suggest that these might include some features from L. truncatulum.

### Distribution: Add.

#### INCLUDEPICTURE

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## *Leucospermum prostratum* (Thunb.) Stapf 1794, 1912 **Yellow-trailing Pincushion**

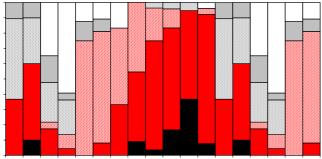
Geelrankspeldekussing

# **Other Common Names:** Ball-flower

Leucadendrum, Creeping Pincushion, Scented Pincushion, *Calypso Groundcover*. Other Scientific Names: diffusum R.Br. ex Meisn 1856, glomiflorum (Salisb. ex Knight) 1809.

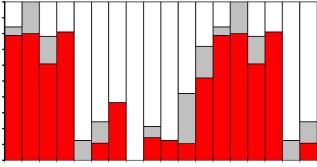
#### 266 Records

- Population (265 records): 10% Common,
- 60% Frequent, 30% Rare. Dispersion (225 records): 62% variable, 2% clumped, 4% widespread, 2% evenly distributed
- Flowering (250 records with: Jan 19, Feb 10, Mar 23, Apr 22, May 8, Jun 37, Jul 12, Aug 22, Sep 28, Oct 24, Nov 19, Dec 26): Buds from May to Sep; Flowering from Jul to Feb; Peak Flowering from Nov; Over from Jan to Apr; Fruit not significant; Nothing from Mar to Apr. Peak levels at 100% from Sep to Nov. Historically recorded as flowering from Jul to Dec.



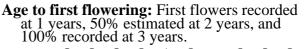
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

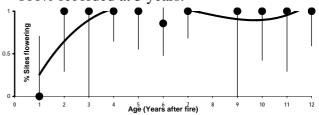
Growth (246 records with: Jan 19, Feb 10, Mar 23, Apr 21, May 8, Jun 37, Jul 11, Aug 21, Sep 28, Oct 24, Nov 19, Dec 25): Much from Dec to Apr and Jul; Rare from Feb and Nov to Dec; None from Mar and May to Dec. Peak levels at 100% in Feb.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

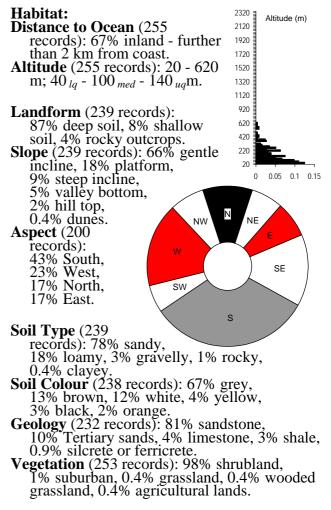
- Seedlings (93 records): Absent in 87%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 5 cases, and more in 1 case. Seedlings found in Jan (2),
- Feb, Apr, Jun, and Sep.Fire Survival (8 records): 88% resprouted from underground boles, 13% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.





Height (248 records): 80% 0-0.2 m tall, 20% 0.2-1 m tall. Pollinators (2 records): 50% bees or wasps, 50% beetles.

### **Detailed Pollinators** (1 record): Honey Bee.



**Conservation Status and Threat:** Red Data List Status: Vulnerable A4c. Occurrence (Fynbos): 1 983 km<sup>2</sup> with 13% conserved and 33% lost; Occupancy:

- 337 km<sup>2</sup> with 9% conserved and 24% lost. Fragmentation index: 12%.
- Nature Reserves (255 records): 22% in nature reserves.

Habitat destruction (235 records): 87% extensive natural habitat, 10% islands, 2% naturally fragmented habitats, 0.9% road verges, 0.9% patches.
Alien Invasive Species (230 records): 47% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acacia), 23% none, 18% Pinus, 11% Myrtaceae, 2% Hakea, 0.4% other aliens.
Alien Density (229 records): 23% alien-free, 53% sparse, 14% abundant, 7% dense, 3% impenetrable.

Cultivation & Utilization: Picking (190 records): 100% no sign of picking.

Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

**Atlassers Notes:** 

Mainly reseeding (80%) after fire (NAH98071601).

**Confusing Species:** Odd mistakes – when not in flower - with *L. bolusii* and *pedunculatum*, both of which are not resprouters, and *Diastella divaricata* subsp. *montana* which also does not resprout. Records of identification queries = 8. Records of corrected identification queries = 5.

#### Variation and Taxonomy: Add.

## Distribution: Add.

**INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSPROS\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

## Leucospermum bolusii Gand. 1901 **Gordons Bay Pincushion**

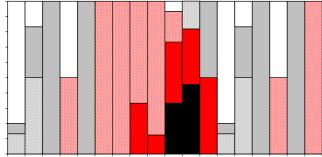
Witluisie

Other Common Names: Bolus's Pincushion, Fragrant Pincushion, White Pincushion, Luisiesbos, Witspeldekussing. Other Scientific Names: album Bond 1941,

oleifolium var. brownii Meisn. 1856.

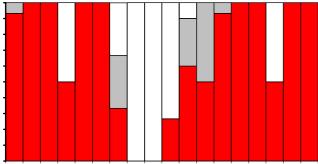
### 71 Records

- **Population** (70 records): 46% Common, 40% Frequent, 13% Rare, 1% Extinct.
- **Dispersion** (66 records): 76% variable, 15% clumped, 8% widespread, 2% evenly
- distributed
- Flowering (70 records with: Jan 15, Feb 6, Mar 1, Apr 2, May 3, Jun 1, Jul 3, Aug 3, Sep 8, Oct 15, Nov 11, Dec 2): Buds from Apr and Jun to Oct; Flowering from Aug and Oct to Dect Deck Elevating from Oct to Nov: Over Dec; Peak Flowering from Oct to Nov; Over from Feb; Fruit from Feb to Mar and May; Nothing from Jan, and Apr. Peak levels at 100% from Jun to Sep and Nov. Historically recorded as flowering from Sep to Dec.



MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

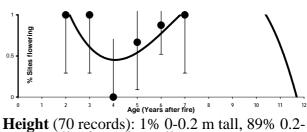
**Growth** (69 records with: Jan 15, Feb 6, Mar 1) Apr 2, May 3, Jun 1, Jul 3, Aug 3, Sep 8, Oct 15, Nov 10, Dec 2): Much from Oct to Jul; Rare from Jul and Nov to Dec; None from Apr and Jul to Oct. Peak levels at 100% from Dec to Jun.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

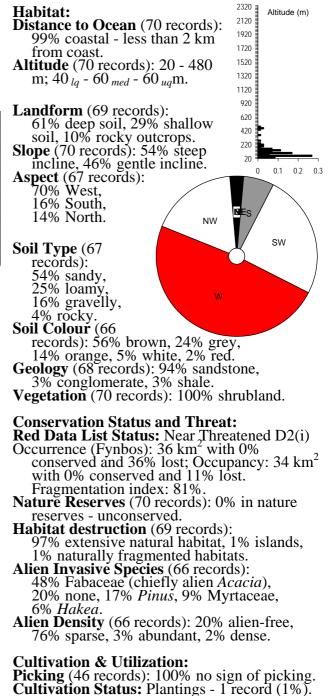
#### **Seedlings** (32 records): All without any seedlings present.

- Fire Survival (4 records): 75% survived by seedlings only, 25% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 2 years, 50% estimated at 4-5 years, and 100% recorded at 7 years.



m tall, 10% 1-2 m tall Pollinators (1 record): 100% beetles.

Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.



Atlassers Notes: None.

**Confusing Species:** None noted. Records of identification queries = 1.

Variation and Taxonomy: No variation noted.

**Distribution:** Add. INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSBOLU\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

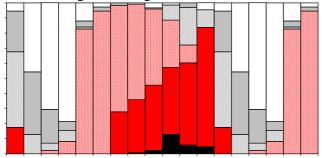
## Leucospermum truncatulum (Salisb. ex Kn.) Rourke 1809, 1967 **Oval-leaf Pincushion**

## **Patrysbos**

- **Other Common Names:** Buxifolia, Buxy, Mini Pincushion, Trunculated Leucadendrum, Kleinkopspeldekussing. Other Scientific Names: buxifolium R.Br.
- 1810, buxifolium var. epacridea (Gand) 1901, villosa (Willd) 1825.

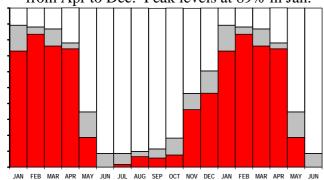
#### 981 Records

- Population (968 records): 0.3% Abundant, 26% Common, 61% Frequent, 12% Rare, 0.2% Extinct.
- **Dispersion** (858 records): 70% variable, 25% clumped, 4% widespread, 0.6% evenly distributed
- Flowering (915 records with: Jan 74, Feb 70, Mar 85, Apr 84, May 75, Jun 37, Jul 61, Aug 125, Sep 123, Oct 70, Nov 68, Dec 43): Buds from May to Oct; Flowering from Jul to Dec; Peak Flowering not significant; Over from Jan and Nov; Fruit from Jan to Mar; Nothing from Feb to Apr. Peak levels misleading at 99% in Aug. Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Dec.



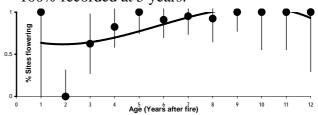
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

**Growth** (896 records with: Jan 74, Feb 67, Mar 84, Apr 82, May 75, Jun 35, Jul 58, Aug 121, Sep 122, Oct 66, Nov 69, Dec 43): Much from Nov to Apr; Rare not significant; None from Apr to Dec. Peak levels at 89% in Jan.



- Seedlings (405 records): Absent in 97%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 4 cases, and
- more in 2 cases. Seedlings found in Feb, Aug (3) and Sep (2). Fire Survival (48 records): 81% survived by
- seedlings only, 13% eliminated from the area by fires, 6% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.

Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 1 years, 50% estimated at 3 years, and 100% recorded at 5 years.



**Height** (911 records): 2% 0-0.2 m tall, 57% 0.2-1 m tall, 41% 1-2 m tall. **Pollinators** (1 record): 100% bees or wasps. **Detailed Pollinators** (1 record): Honey Bee.

#### Habitat:

- 2320 📱 **Distance to Ocean** (968 Altitude (m) 2120 records): 91% inland -1920 further than 2 km from 1720 coast. Altitude (968 records): 20 -1520 780 m; 140  $_{lq}$  - 200  $_{med}$  - 280 1320 <sub>иq</sub>т. 1120 920 620 Landform (904 records): 420 89% deep soil, 9% shallow soil, 1% rocky outcrops, 0.2% riverine, 0.2% swamp. Slope (904 records): 70% gentle 220 20 0 0.05 0.1 incline, 14% steep incline, 8% platform, 7% hill top, 0.9% valley bottom. Aspect (803 records): 33% South, 29% North, Ν 22% East, NE NW 16% West. Soil Type (901 records): SW SE 71% sandy, 19% loamy, S 6% gravelly 3% clayey, 1% rocky, 0.8% peaty. Soil Colour (898 records): 60% grey, 24% brown, 8% white, 3% yellow, 3% orange, 2% black. **Geology** (900 records): 84% sandstone, 9% shale, 5% silcrete or ferricrete, 0.9% limestone, 0.6% Tertiary sands, 0.1% conglomerate.
- Vegetation (959 records): 98% shrubland,
  - 0.6% plantations, 0.4% agricultural lands, 0.2% grassland, 0.2% thicket, 0.1% woodland, 0.1% forest.

**Conservation Status and Threat:** 

Red Data List Status: Near Threatened A2c. Occurrence (Fynbos): 2 540 km<sup>2</sup> with 10% conserved and 36% lost; Occupancy: 804 km<sup>2</sup> with 12% conserved and 27% lost. Fragmentation index: 23%.

Nature Reserves (968 records): 27% in nature reserves.

Habitat destruction (877 records): 93% extensive natural habitat, 5% islands, 1% naturally linear habitats, 0.7% road verges, 0.5% naturally fragmented habitats,

Verges, 0.5% naturally fragmented nabita 0.1% corridors.
Alien Invasive Species (881 records): 38% Pinus, 23% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acacia), 20% none, 15% Hakea, 4% Myrtaceae.
Alien Dependent (278 meanda): 20% chien free

Alien Density (878 records): 20% alien-free, 57% sparse, 18% abundant, 5% dense, 0.7% impenetrable.

**Cultivation & Utilization:** 

**Picking** (666 records): 98% no sign of picking, 2% lightly picked, 0.5% severely picked. **Cultivation Status:** Plantings - 1 records

(0.1%).

**Atlassers Notes:** 

Flowers open from the centre of the inflorescence outwards (SHR93112702); Plus 5 dead (AGRY1022810); All dead

(AGRY3111211); Just 2 standing dead – HC 2 - and no live ones seen (SMR99040806); Dead plants - looks like it has been very dry (VCH99040805);

**Confusing Species:** Mainly misidentified with *Diastella thymifolium subsp. thymifolium* when not in flower. Several incorrect codings as L. truncatum. One instance of L. *calligerum* which has a lax growth habit. Records of identification queries = 11. Records of corrected identification queries = 6.

Variation and Taxonomy: No variation noted.

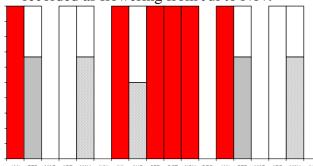
Distribution: Add. INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSTTLM\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

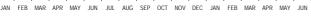
## *Leucospermum hamatum* Rourke 1983 **Ruitersbos Pincushion**

Other Common Names: Hook Pincushion, Ruitersbos Dwarf Pincushion. Other Scientific Names: *None*.

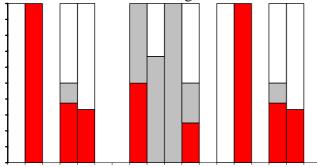
27 Records

- Population (27 records): 7% Common, 78% Frequent, 15% Rare.
- **Dispersion** (25 records): 48% variable, 36% clumped, 12% evenly distributed, 4% widespread.
- 4% widespread.
  Flowering (27 records with: Jan 1, Feb 3, Mar 0, Apr 8, May 3, Jun 0, Jul 2, Aug 2, Sep 3, Oct 1, Nov 4, Dec 0): Buds not recorded; Flowering from Jan, Jul and Sep to Nov; Peak Flowering not recorded; Over from May and Aug; Fruit from Feb; Nothing from Feb to May and Aug. Peak levels unreliable at 100% from Sept to Jan. Historically recorded as flowering from Jul to Nov.





Growth (25 records with: Jan 1, Feb 3, Mar 0, Apr 8, May 3, Jun 0, Jul 0, Aug 2, Sep 3, Oct 1, Nov 4, Dec 0): Much from Feb to Aug and Nov; Rare from Aug to Nov; None from Nov to Jan and Apr to May and Sep. Peak levels unreliable at 100% in Aug, Oct and Feb.



 $\mathsf{JAN} \ \mathsf{FEB} \ \mathsf{MAR} \ \mathsf{APR} \ \mathsf{MAY} \ \mathsf{JUN} \ \mathsf{JUL} \ \mathsf{AUG} \ \mathsf{SEP} \ \mathsf{OCT} \ \mathsf{NOV} \ \mathsf{DEC} \ \mathsf{JAN} \ \mathsf{FEB} \ \mathsf{MAR} \ \mathsf{APR} \ \mathsf{MAY} \ \mathsf{JUN}$ 

- Seedlings (8 records): Absent in 75%: more seedlings than prefire adults in 1 case. Seedlings found in Aug.
- Seedlings found in Aug. **Fire Survival** (3 records): 67% survived by seedlings only, 33% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 2 years, 50% estimated at 4-5 years, and 100% recorded at 5 years.



**Height** (27 records): 93% 0-0.2 m tall, 7% 0.2-1 m tall.

**Pollinators** : No data. **Detailed Pollinators:** No additional data.

#### Habitat: 2320 = Altitude (m) **Distance to Ocean** (27 2120 records): 100% inland -1920 further than 2 km from 1720 coast. 1520 Altitude (27 records): 420 -1320 1260 m; 680 la - 720 med -1120 $720_{ua}$ m. 920 620 Landform (27 records): 420 85% deep soil, 11% shallow 220 soil, 4% rocky outcrops. 20 Slope (27 records): 70% gentle 0.22 incline, 22% steep incline, 4% hill top, 4% platform. 0.4 Aspect (26 records): 62% North, 21% South, 12% East, 6% West. Ν Soil Type (27 records): 59% sandy, 22% loamy, 7% clayey, NW NE 7% gravelly, S 4% peaty. Soil Colour (27 records): 41% grey, 33% brown, 11% orange, 7% black, 7% yellow. **Geology** (27 records): 81% sandstone, 19% shale. Vegetation (27 records): 100% shrubland. **Conservation Status and Threat:** Red Data List Status: Endangered B1a(ii)c(iv)+2a(ii)c(iv). Occurrence (Fynbos): 22 km<sup>2</sup> with 96% conserved and 28% lost; Occupancy: 20 km<sup>2</sup> with 81% conserved and 28% lost. Fragmentation index: 91%. Nature Reserves (27 records): 96% in nature reserves - well conserved. Habitat destruction (27 records):

- 96% extensive natural habitat, 4% islands. Alien Invasive Species (27 records): 78% Hakea, 11% none, 7% Pinus,
- 78% *Hakea*, 11% none, 7% *Pinus*, 4% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*). **Alien Density** (27 records): 11% alien-fi
- Alien Density (27 records): 11% alien-free, 85% sparse, 4% abundant.

**Cultivation & Utilization:** 

**Picking** (18 records): 100% no sign of picking. **Cultivation Status:** No noted cultivation.

Atlassers Notes: None.

Confusing Species: None noted.

Variation and Taxonomy: No variation noted.

Distribution: Add. INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSHAMA\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

## *Leucospermum harpagonatum* Rourke 1994 **McGregor Pincushion**

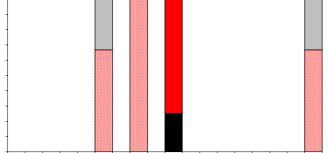
**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None.* 

#### 8 Records

Population (8 records): 0% Common, 50% Frequent, 50% Rare. Dispersion (8 records): 75% clumped,

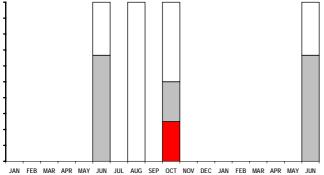
5% variable.

Flowering (8 records with: Jan 0, Feb 0, Mar 0, Apr 0, May 0, Jun 3, Jul 0, Aug 1, Sep 0, Oct 4, Nov 0, Dec 0): Buds from Jun to Aug; Flowering from Oct; Peak Flowering from Oct; Over not recorded; Fruit from Jun; Nothing not recorded. Peak levels unreliable at 100% in Aug and Oct. Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Nov.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

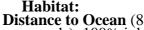
**Growth** (8 records with: Jan 0, Feb 0, Mar 0, Apr 0, May 0, Jun 3, Jul 0, Aug 1, Sep 0, Oct 4, Nov 0, Dec 0): Much from Oct; Rare from Jun and Oct; None from all year round. Peak levels unreliable at 75% in Jun.



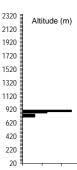
Seedlings (4 records): All without any seedlings present. Fire Survival : No data.

Age to first flowering: No data.

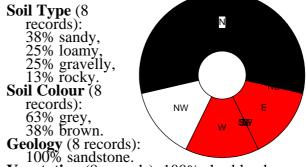
Height (8 records): 100% 0-0.2 m tall. Pollinators (1 record): 100% mammals. Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.



- records): 100% inland -further than 2 km from coast.
- **Altitude** (8 records): 700 800 m; 760 lq 780 med 780 <sub>иq</sub>т.
- Landform (8 records): 63% deep soil, 25% shallow



soil, 13% rocky outcrops. **Slope** (8 records): 75% gentle 0 0.2 0.4 incline, 13% hill top, 13% platform. **Aspect** (7 records): 64% North, 21% West, 14% East. 0.2 0.4 0.6



Vegetation (8 records): 100% shrubland.

## **Conservation Status and Threat:**

**Red Data List Status: Critically Endangered** 

- B1a(ii)c(iv)+2a(ii)c(iv), C2a(i,ii)b. Occurrence (Fynbos): 2 km<sup>2</sup> with 0% conserved and 0% lost; Occupancy: 6 km<sup>2</sup> with 0% conserved and 0% lost. Fragmentation index invalid.
- Nature Reserves (8 records): 0% in nature reserves - unconserved.

Habitat destruction (8 records): 100% extensive natural habitat.

Alien Invasive Species (8 records): 88% none, 13% Pinus.

Alien Density (8 records): 88% alien-free, 13% sparse.

#### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

**Picking** (8 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### Atlassers Notes:

New! (AGR93081212);

Appears to be a new population some 500 m NW of others. Partly lost to building of a new cottage but owners very keen to 40 plants (NAHY4060501); Cuttings taken By Fiona Powrie (SHR97101602);

**Confusing Species:** None known. Records of identification queries = 1.

Variation and Taxonomy: No variation known.

Distribution: Add.

INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSHARP\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

## Leucospermum secundifolium Rourke 1972 **Stalked Pincushion**

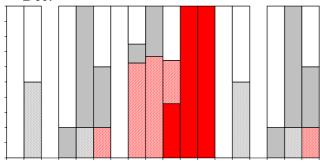
**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None.* 

66 Records

Population (65 records): 3% Common,

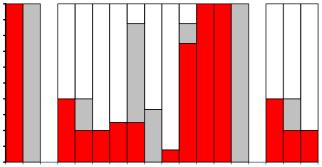
**Dispersion** (69 records): 5% Common, 66% Frequent, 31% Rare. **Dispersion** (59 records): 61% clumped, 32% variable, 5% evenly distributed, 2% widespread.

Flowering (66 records with: Jan 1, Feb 2, Mar 0, Apr 10, May 5, Jun 5, Jul 8, Aug 8, Sep 3, Oct 14, Nov 8, Dec 2): Buds from Jun and Aug to Oct; Flowering from Oct to Dec; Peak Flowering not recorded; Over from Feb and May; Fruit from Apr and May to Jun and Sep; Nothing from Jan to Apr, Jun to Aug and Oct. Peak levels at 100% in Nov to Dec. Historically recorded as flowering from early Dec.



FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

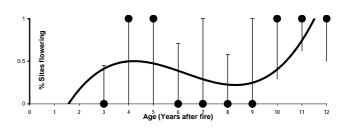
**Growth** (65 records with: Jan 1, Feb 2, Mar 0, Apr 10, May 5, Jun 5, Jul 8, Aug 8, Sep 3, Oct 13, Nov 8, Dec 2): Much from Nov to Jan and Apr to Aug; Rare from Feb, May and Aug to Sep; None from Apr to Jul and Sep to Oct 92. Peak levels unreliable at 100% from Dec to Feb.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

**Seedlings** (7 records): All without any seedlings

- present.
   Fire Survival (4 records): 50% resprouted from underground boles, 25% survived by seedlings only, 25% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 3 years, 50% estimated at 7-8 years, and 100% recorded at 10 years.



2320 🛓

2120

1920

1720

1520

1320

1120

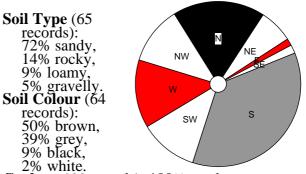
920 620 Altitude (m)

Height (66 records): 85% 0-0.2 m tall, 5% 0.2-1 m tall. Pollinators : No data. Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.

#### Habitat:

**Distance to Ocean** (66 records): 100% inland further than 2 km from coast.

- Altitude (66 records): 900 - $1900 \text{ m}; 1320_{lg} - 1580_{med} 1700 \, \mu m$ .
- **Landform** (66 records): 86% shallow soil, 9% deep soil, 5% rocky outcrops. **Slope** (66 records): 64% steep incline, 27% gentle incline, 5%  $h^{\theta}$ ll t $b^{0.05}_{0,05}$ ,
- 0.1 5% platform.
- Aspect (61 records): 43% South, 27% North, 25% West, 6% East.



Geology (66 records): 100% sandstone. Vegetation (66 records): 100% shrubland.

**Conservation Status and Threat:** 

**Red Data List Status:** Least Concern. Occurrence (Fynbos): 232 km<sup>2</sup> with 39% conserved and 0% lost; Occupancy: 95 km<sup>2</sup> with 35% conserved and 0% lost. Fragmentation index: 39%

Nature Reserves (66 records): 48% in nature reserves.

Habitat destruction (65 records): 97% extensive natural habitat, 2% islands, 2% naturally linear habitats.

Alien Invasive Species (64 records): 100% none.

Alien Density (64 records): 100% alien-free.

**Cultivation & Utilization:** 

**Picking** (47 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

Atlassers Notes: Found a plant that had a spread of about 1 m by just over 4 m long - it was dead (DOA93071904); Some 2 dead (AGR97042611);

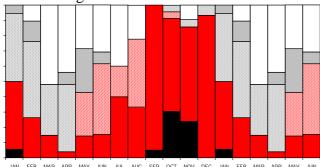
**Confusing Species:** None noted. Records of identification queries = 3 Variation and Taxonomy: No variation known.

Distribution: Add. INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSSECU\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

## Leucospermum gracile (Salisb. ex Kn.) Rourke 1809, 1967 **Hermanus Pincushion**

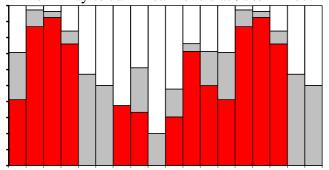
Other Common Names: None known. Other Scientific Names: *stenanthum* Schlech. 1900.

- 244 Records
- Population (242 records): 26% Common, 61% Frequent, 13% Rare.
- **Dispersion** (230 records): 58% variable,
- 8% clumped, 3% widespread, 1% evenly distributed.
- Flowering (242 records with: Jan 18, Feb 38, Mar 27, Apr 25, May 14, Jun 13, Jul 10, Aug 18, Sep 20, Oct 23, Nov 21, Dec 15): Buds from May to Aug; Flowering from Jul to Feb; Peak Flowering from Oct to Nov; Over from Jan to Apr; Fruit from May; Nothing from Mar to Aug. Peak levels at 100% from Sep to Oct and Dec. Historically recorded as flowering from Jul to Dec.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

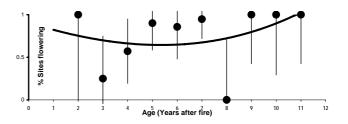
**Growth** (237 records with: Jan 17, Feb 38, Mar 27, Apr 25, May 14, Jun 12, Jul 8, Aug 18, Sep 20, Oct 23, Nov 21, Dec 14): Much from Oct to Apr and Jul to Aug; Rare from Dec to Jan, May to Jun 50 and Aug to Sep; None from May to Jan. Peak levels at 97% in Feb.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

**Seedlings** (112 records): All without any seedlings present.

- Fire Survival (7 records): 57% survived by seedlings only, 29% escaped fires in fire-safe areas, 14% resprouted from underground boles
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 2 years, 50% estimated at 3-4 years, and 100% recorded at 9 years.



**Height** (242 records): 48% 0-0.2 m tall, 52% 0.2-1 m tall. Pollinators : No data. Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.

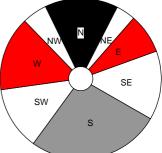
#### Habitat:

- **Distance to Ocean** (226 records): 75% inland further than 2 km from coast.
- Altitude (226 records): 40 -860 m; 240 <sub>lq</sub> 380 <sub>med</sub> 480 uam.
- Landform (226 records):

69% deep soil, 26% shallow soil, 5% rocky outcrops. **Slope** (226 records): 50% steep 0 0.05 incline, 36% gentle incline, 12% hill top, 0.9% cliff, 0.4% valley bottom, 0.1

- 0.4% platform. **Aspect** (205 records): 40% South, 25% West, 20% North, 15% East.
- Soil Type (225
  - records): 57% sandy, 13% loamy,

13% rocky,



2320

2120

1920

1720

1520

1320 1120

> 920 620

420

Altitude (m)

- 8% gravelly, 7% peaty, 1% clayey. Soil Colour (224 records): 74% grey, 11% black, 10% brown, 4% white.
- Geology (224 records): 98% sandstone,
- 1% shale, 0.9% conglomerate.
- **Vegetation** (226 records): 100% shrubland.

#### **Conservation Status and Threat:**

- Red Data List Status: Near Threatened A2c. Occurrence (Fynbos): 747 km<sup>2</sup> with 7% conserved and 30% lost; Occupancy: 187 km<sup>2</sup> with 14% conserved and 20% lost. Fragmentation index: 22%.
- Nature Reserves (226 records): 39% in nature reserves.
- Habitat destruction (219 records): 98% extensive natural habitat, 0.9% naturally linear habitats, 0.5% road
- verges, 0.5% islands, 0.5% corridors. Alien Invasive Species (221 records): 48% Pinus, 36% none, 10% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acacia), 5% Hakea, 1% Myrtaceae.

Alien Density (221 records): 36% alien-free, 56% sparse, 7% abundant, 0.9% dense, 0.5% impenetrable.

#### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

Picking (150 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

Atlassers Notes: Show perfect centrifugal flowering (SHRY2092902);

Tends to be in rockier areas (AGR92021806-11); *L. gracile* and *prostratum* side-by-side: I have never seen this before (PAP94111201);

**Confusing Species:** Confused with L. saxatile which is similar but does not overlap in

distribution at all. When not flowering it is often mistaken for *L. prostratum* (a resprouter) and rarely *L. oleifolium* (an erect plant). Possible mistakes for *Diastella* divaricata subsp. montana were anticipated but not found. Records of identification queries = 11. Records of corrected identification queries = 6.

#### Variation and Taxonomy: No variation noted.

### Distribution: Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSGRAC\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

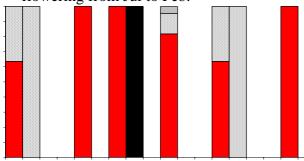
## Leucospermum saxatile (Salisb. ex Kn.) Rourke 1809, 1967 **Karoo Pincushion**

Other Common Names: Rock Leucadendrum. Other Scientific Names: diffusum R.Br. 1810.

#### 51 Records

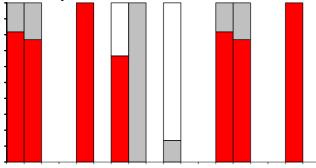
Population (51 records): 63% Common, 33% Frequent, 4% Rare. **Dispersion** (49 records): 76% variable,

Flowering (51 records): 70% variable, 16% widespread, 8% clumped.
Flowering (51 records with: Jan 11, Feb 13, Mar 0, Apr 0, May 1, Jun 0, Jul 3, Aug 1, Sep 0, Oct 22, Nov 0, Dec 0): Buds not recorded; Flowering from Jan and May to Oct Peak Flowering from Jan and May to Oct; Peak Flowering from Aug; Over from Jan to Feb; Fruit not significant; Nothing not recorded. Peak levels unreliable at 100% from May to Aug. Historically recorded as flowering from Jul to Feb.



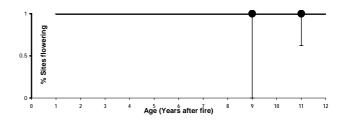
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

Growth (51 records with: Jan 11, Feb 13, Mar 0, Apr 0, May 1, Jun 0, Jul 3, Aug 1, Sep 0, Oct 22, Nov 0, Dec 0): Much from Jan to Jul; Rare from Feb and Aug; None from Jul to Oct. Peak levels unreliable at 100% from Jan to May.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

- Seedlings (26 records): Absent in 85%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 1 case, and more in 1 case. Seedlings found in Jul (2).
- Fire Survival (1 record): 100% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 100% at 9 years, no data from younger veld.



- Height (51 records): 4% 0-0.2 m tall, 90% 0.2l m tàll, 6% 1-2 m tall.
- Pollinators (3 records): 67% bees or wasps, 33% beetles.
- **Detailed Pollinators** (1 record): Monkey Beetle.

### Habitat: **Distance to Ocean** (51 records): 100% inland - further than 2 km from coast. Altitude (51 records): 260 - 820 m; $440_{lq}$ - $520_{med}$ - $560_{uq}$ m.

Landform (51 records): 53% deep soil, 25% shallow soil, 22% rocky outcrops. Slope (51 records): 51% gentle incline, 37% steep incline, 6% hill top, 4% platform, 2% valley bottom 2% valley bottom.



Aspect (47 records): 99% North, 1% East.

Soil Type (51			
records):		Ν	
49% sandy,			
25% rocky,			
16% loamy,			
10% gravélly. Soil Colour (51			
Soil Colour (51			
records):			
76% gréy, 14% brown,		22	
14% brown,			
10% white.			
<b>Geology</b> (51 records)			
0/0% conditiona 60	6 condlom	arota	

94% sandstone, 6% conglomerate. Vegetation (51 records): 96% shrubland, 4% grassland.

#### **Conservation Status and Threat:**

**Red Data List Status:** Near Threatened A2c. Occurrence (Fynbos): 50 km<sup>2</sup> with 11% conserved and 4% lost; Occupancy: 43 km<sup>2</sup> with 8% conserved and 17% lost. Fragmentation index: 74%.

Nature Reserves (51 records): 2% in nature reserves - unconserved. Habitat destruction (50 records):

- 100% extensive natural habitat.
- Alien Invasive Species (51 records): 94% none, 6% Pinus
- Alien Density (51 records): 94% alien-free, 6% sparse.

#### Cultivation & Utilization:

Picking (33 records): 91% no sign of picking, 9% lightly picked.

Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

Atlassers Notes: None.

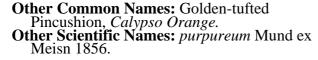
Confusing Species: Confused with *L. gracile* which is similar but does not overlap in distribution at all. Also with *L. wittebergense* (which is not a creeper) when not in flower.
Records of identification queries = 4.

Records of corrected identification queries = 3.

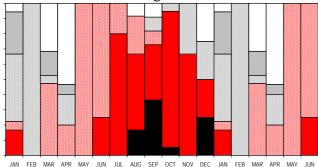
Variation and Taxonomy: No variation noted.

Distribution: Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSSAXA\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

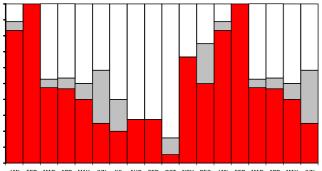
## Leucospermum mundii Meisn. 1856 Langeberg Pincushion



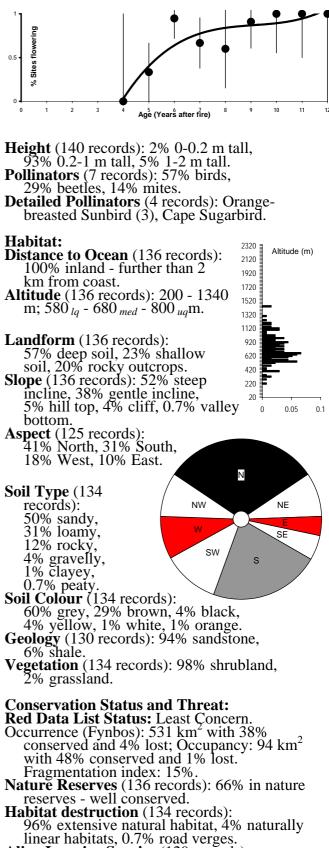
- 142 Records Population (141 records): 38% Common, 54% Frequent, 7% Rare, 0.7% Extinct. Dispersion (134 records): 49% variable, 36% clumped, 10% widespread, 5% evenly distributed distributed
- Flowering (141 records with: Jan 18, Feb 1, Mar 19, Apr 15, May 10, Jun 12, Jul 5, Aug 12, Sep 11, Oct 19, Nov 15, Dec 4): Buds from Mar to Aug; Flowering from Jun to Dec; Peak Flowering from Sep and Dec; Over from Nov to Feb; Fruit from Jan; Nothing from Mar to Apr and Dec. Peak levels at 100% from May to Jul. Historically recorded as flowering from Jul to Nov.



**Growth** (140 records with: Jan 18, Feb 1, Mar 19, Apr 15, May 10, Jun 12, Jul 5, Aug 11, Sep 11, Oct 19, Nov 15, Dec 4): Much from Nov to Sep; Rare from Jun to Jul and Dec; None from Mar to Dec. Peak levels unreliable at 100% in Feb.



- JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN
- **Seedlings** (57 records): Absent in 75%: fewer seedlings (37 records): Absent in 75%. rewer seedlings than prefire adults in 5 cases, and more in 2 cases. Seedlings found in Apr (2), Jun (2), Jul (2) and Nov.
  Fire Survival (3 records): 33% eliminated from the area by fires, 33% survived by seedlings only, 33% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.
  Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 5 for yours and
- at 5 years, 50% estimated at 5-6 years, and 100% recorded at 10 years.



- Alien Invasive Species (129 records): 78% none, 13% Pinus, 9% Hakea,
- 0.8% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*). Alien Density (128 records): 78% alien-free, 21% sparse, 0.8% impenetrable.

#### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

Picking (93 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

- One skeleton found died in flower (AGRY1020111); Only one plant alive (AMMY1013104).
- Confusing Species: Confused by one team with L. winteri (which has rounded, not flat, flowerheads). Less frequently confused with *L. calligerum* and *erubescens* when not in flower. Once confused (wishful thinking? at Garcia's Pass) with *L. formosum*! Many typographical errors with L. muirii. Records of identification queries = 24.

Records of corrected identification queries = 15.

Variation and Taxonomy: Rourke noted two

forms of this species
A narrow (15-40 mm, but mainly 20-35 mm), short (40-71 mm) leaf, with grey,

pubescence and a cuneiform shape occurs at Garcia's Pass in the east.

- At Tradouw's Pass in the east the leaves are bright green and hairless, broadly cuneate to obovate and broader (30-60 mm, but mainly 35-55 mm) and longer (5-88 mm).
- These characters were maintained ex situ. However, he rejected formally describing these as separate as the western form passes through a juvenile phase in which it is identical to the eastern form, and the characters - apart from the hairiness overlapped too much. It was hoped that atlassers would map the forms in the intermediate region and determine if these intergraded or remained distinct to a gap or overlap, but atlassers did not provide notes on these attributes.

#### **Distribution:** Add.

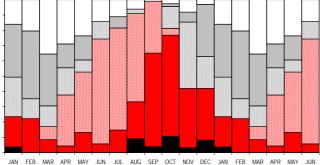
**INCLUDEPICTURE** 

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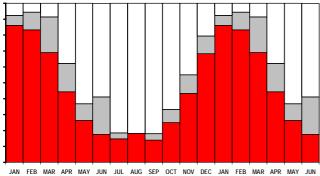
## Leucospermum oleifolium (Bergius) R.Br. 1766, 1810 **Overberg Pincushion**

- **Other Common Names:** Flame Pincushion, Hair-flower Leucadendrum, Mix, Smalltufted Pincushion, Tufted Pincushion, Luisies, Calypso Red.
- Other Scientific Names: criniflora (L. f.) 1781, crinitum (Thunb.) 1781, cryptanthum Buek 1843, molle R.Br. 1810, penicillatum Buek ex Meisn 1856, schinzianum Gand 1913, venosa (Lam) 1792.

- 718 Records Population (709 records): 0.1% Abundant, 20% Common, 65% Frequent, 15% Rare, 0.1% Extinct.
- **Dispersion** (667 records): 58% variable, 37% clumped, 4% widespread, 0.6% evenly distributed.
- Flowering (711 records with: Jan 81, Feb 54, Mar 59, Apr 45, May 38, Jun 35, Jul 27, Aug 33, Sep 103, Oct 112, Nov 62, Dec 62): Buds from Apr to Sep; Flowering from Aug to Feb; Peak Flowering not significant; Over from Nov to Jone Fruit from Dec to Mar: from Nov to Jan; Fruit from Dec to Mar; Nothing from Feb to May. Peak levels at 99% in Sep. Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Jan with a Sep to Oct peak.

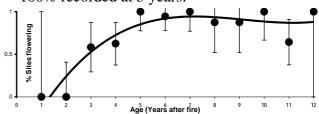


Growth (699 records with: Jan 79, Feb 54, Mar 58, Apr 45, May 38, Jun 34, Jul 27, Aug 33, Sep 100, Oct 108, Nov 60, Dec 63): Much from Oct to May; Rare from Mar and Jun; None from Apr to Dec. Peak levels at 94% in Feb.



**Seedlings** (304 records): Absent in 92%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 7 cases, and more in 5 cases. Seedlings found in Jan (3), May (2), Oct, Nov (2) and Dec (4).

- Fire Survival (24 records): 92% survived by seedlings only, 8% escaped fires in fire-safe areas
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 2 years, 50% estimated at 2-3 years, and 100% recorded at 5 years.



Height (714 records): 2% 0-0.2 m tall,

8% 0.2-1 m tall, 10% 1-2 m tall.

- Pollinators (20 records): 55% birds, 25% bees or wasps, 10% beetles, 5% butterflies or moths, 5% flies.
  Detailed Pollinators (11 records): Orangebreasted Sunbird (7), Honey Bee (2), Solitary Dectailed Portland
- Bee, Ladybird Beetle.

#### Habitat:

- 2320 🛓 **Distance to Ocean** (683 2120 records): 58% inland - further 1920 than 2 km from coast. Altitude (683 records): 20 -1720 1520  $1400 \text{ m}; 100_{lq} - 260_{med} - 460$ 1320 <sub>иq</sub>т. 1120 920
- Landform (679 records): 67% deep soil, 24% shallow soil, 8% rocky outcrops, 0.7% swamp, 0.1% riverine. Slope (679 records): 48% steep incline, 45% gentle incline, 3% hill top, 2% platform 1% value bottom 0.6%

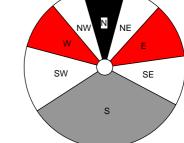


620

Altitude (m)

3% platform, 1% valley bottom, 0.6% cliff.

- Aspect (640 records): 45% South, 20% West, 20% East, 15% North.
- Soil Type (678
  - records): 66% sandy, 14% loamy, 7% peaty,



6% rocky

- 6% gravelly, 0.6% clayey. Soil Colour (677 records): 71% grey, 14% brown, 10% black, 4% white, 1% orange, 0.6% red, 0.3% yellow.
- Geology (669 records): 93% sandstone, 5% shale, 1% conglomerate, 0.3% silcrete or ferricrete, 0.3% Tertiary sands, 0.1% granite.
   Vegetation (678 records): 99% shrubland,
- 0.7% plantations, 0.3% grassland, 0.3% thicket.

**Conservation Status and Threat:** Red Data List Status: Least Concern. Occurrence (Fynbos): 4 505 km<sup>2</sup> with 33% conserved and 24% lost; Occupancy: 517 km<sup>2</sup> with 58% conserved and 8% lost. Fragmentation index: %.

- Nature Reserves (683 records): 64% in nature
- Habitat destruction (673 records): 0476 in nature reserves well conserved.
  Habitat destruction (673 records): 97% extensive natural habitat, 2% naturally linear habitats, 0.6% naturally fragmented habitats, 0.4% islands, 0.1% road verges.
- Alien Invasive Species (669 records):
  61% none, 25% Pinus, 10% Fabaceae (chiefly alien Acacia), 2% Myrtaceae, 1% Hakea, 0.4% other aliens.
  Alien Density (668 records): 61% alien-free, 33% sparse, 4% abundant, 1% dense, 0.3% impenetrable.

#### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

Picking (432 records): 100% no sign of picking, 0.5% lightly picked.
Cultivation Status: Plantings - 5 records

(0.7%).

- Atlassers Notes: Very-small flowered (*Mimetes*-like) form (AGRY1111206); Difficult to tell from Mimetes hirtus - found some buds! (AGRY4031602); Looks like it is a hybrid with a *Mimetes* as there are flowerheads developing between the upper leaves (HCE96052506); Riversonderend type - very small flowerheads: looks like M. cucullatus (JIDY1032202);
- An amazing form with big round heads orange in colour - quite a splendid flowerhead
- deserving subspecies/variety status!
  (AGRY3111305);
  Hairy-leaf form (TLE95010603); Soft hairy-leaf form (TLE95010605); Two distinct forms present. One had soft and hairy leaves overall - these in cone. The other form has harder glabrous leaves with only the new growth soft and hairy these were over (TLE95010802); Both soft and hard leaf forms present (TLE95011101); Present previously but not for last few years -veld in this part too old (AGR98053114); Some of the plants stressed and dving
- Some of the plants stressed and dying (LYM99041301);

**Confusing Species:** When not flowering spuriously and illogically confused with *L*. calligerum, parile and truncatum. Records of identification queries = 18. Records of corrected identification queries = 3.

## Variation and Taxonomy: Rourke suggested

that the variation in this species was clinal: he sampled 3 populations and noted that involucral bract length increased with increasing altitude as follows:

Alt	itude	20 m:	9-16 mm long
		200 m:	15-25 mm
		600 m:	16-39 mm.
•	At 20	) m the plant	s were compact,

- ( rounded, with densely villous indumentum on the leaves. The
- involucral bracts had ciliate margins. At 200 m the plants are more open, and mature leaves are partly hairless.
- At 600 m the plants were open and the leaves always hairless. The involucral bracts were prominently crinite on the apex.
- These characters were maintained ex situ. Because of the continuous nature of the variation between the 3 samples, no formal varieties or forms were described.
- Many atlassers refute this and suggest that more detailed studies are required. However, from that mentioned below, apart from atlassers provided did not provide any useful information on the variation on this species.
  - A small flowered form occurs on the Riviersonderend Mountains, which even at 5 m away is a perfect mimic of Mimetes cúcullatus),
  - A population with very large, rounded heads was noted on Caledon Swartberg.

## **Distribution:** Add.

INCLUDEPICTURE

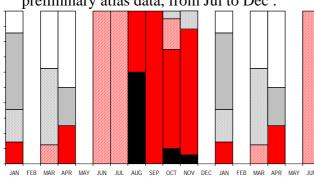
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## Leucospermum winteri Rourke 1974 **Riversdale Pincushion**

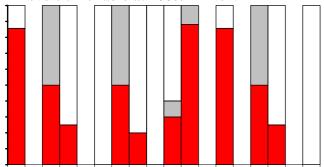
**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None.* 

#### 77 Records

- Population (75 records): 41% Common,
- 51% Frequent, 8% Rare. **Dispersion** (72 records): 43% variable, 5% clumped, 17% widespread, 6% evenly distributed
- Flowering (75 records with: Jan 14, Feb 0, Mar 8, Apr 4, May 0, Jun 1, Jul 4, Aug 5, Sep 2, Oct 20, Nov 17, Dec 0): Buds from Jun to Jul; Flowering from Apr and Aug to Nov; Peak Flowering from Aug; Over from Jan to Mar; Fruit from Jan and Apr; Nothing from Mar to Apr. Peak levels unreliable at 100% from Aug to Sep. Historically recorded as flowering from spring, or based on preliminary atlas data, from Jul to Dec.



Growth (75 records with: Jan 14, Feb 0, Mar 8, Apr 4, May 0, Jun 1, Jul 4, Aug 5, Sep 2, Oct 20, Nov 17, Dec 0): Much from Jul to Aug and Oct to Apr; Rare from Mar and Jul; None from Apr to Jun and Aug toOct. Peak levels unreliable at 100% in Nov.



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN

- Seedlings (40 records): Absent in 85%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 2 cases, and
- more in 1 case. Seedlings found in Apr (3). **Fire Survival** (2 records): 50% survived by seedlings only, 50% escaped fires in fire-safe areas
- Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 4 years, 50% estimated at 3 years, and 100% recorded at 4 years.



- **Height** (75 records): 5% 0-0.2 m tall, 67% 0.2-1 m tall, 28% 1-2 m tall.
- **Pollinators** (18 records): 61% bees or wasps, 22% flies, 17% beetles.
- Detailed Pollinators (3 records): Honey Bee (2), Solitary Bee. 2320 📱

Altitude (m)

2120

1920

1720

1520 1320

1120

920 620

420 220

Ν NE

SE

#### Habitat:

- **Distance to Ocean** (77 records): 100% inland - further than 2 km from coast. Altitude (77 records): 320 -
- $1220 \text{ m}; 440_{lq} 520_{med} 600$ uqm.
- Landform (75 records): 56% deep soil, 39% shallow
- Slope (77 records): 49% steep incline, 39% gentle incline, 10% hill top,<sup>220</sup>
- 1% platform. Aspect (67 records): 52% South, 31% East, 14% North, 2% West.

Soil Type (75

- records):
- 43% sandy, 39% loamy,
- 9% peaty

- 5% gravelly, 3% clayey, 1% rocky. Soil Colour (74 records): 55% grey, 24% black, 20% brown.

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- Geology (75 records): 97% sandstone, 1% shale, 1% granite. Vegetation (75 records): 99% shrubland,
- 1% grassland.

#### **Conservation Status and Threat:**

- Red Data List Status: Near Threatened D2(i,ii).
- Occurrence (Fynbos): 168 km<sup>2</sup> with 32% conserved and 1% lost; Occupancy: 68 km<sup>2</sup> with 24% conserved and 2% lost. Fragmentation index: 39%
- **Nature Reserves** (77 records): 44% in nature reserves
- Habitat destruction (75 records): 100% extensive natural habitat.
- Alien Invasive Species (75 records): 59% none, 33% *Pinus*, 7% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*), 1% Myrtaceae.

Alien Density (74 records): 59% alien-free, 41% sparse.

Cultivation & Utilization: Picking (39 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

Pollinators: orange elongated ladybird beetle with 2 black spots on back (OUT96110206); Bees (TLE98103104); Bees, flies and ants on flowers (TLE98110103);

**Confusing Species:** Confused by one team with *L. mundii* (which has flat, not rounded, flowerheads). Less frequently confused with *L. calligerum* and (wishful thinking? at Garcia's Pass) with *L. formosum*!

Records of identification queries = 12. Records of corrected identification queries = 4.

# Variation and Taxonomy: No variation known.

Distribution: Add. INCLUDEPICTURE "C:\\temp\\atlas\\LSWINT\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d