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MILITARY FREIGHT TRAFFIC UNIFIED RULES **PUBLICATION-1 (MFTURP-1)**

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NOTICE: This publication is available digitally on the SDDC website at:

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https://www.sddc.army.mil/res/Pages/pubs.aspx

This publication establishes policy, prescribes rules, and describes responsibilities for

motor, rail, water, pipeline, air and tank-truck Transportation Service Providers (TSP). These rules will assist TSP in providing safe, reliable and "Best Value" service to Department of Defense (DoD) shippers.

POC: SDDC-G3, email: usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.g3-domestic-mfturp@army.mil. POC: USTRANSCOM J4-LC manages the domestic and international air program(s), for queries, email transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil.

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Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command

1 Soldier Way, Scott AFB, IL 62225

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I. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

125 A. PURPOSE

1. This publication prescribes the procedures and requirements applicable to Transportation Service Providers (TSP) providing commercial transportation and related services to the Department of Defense (DoD) and other authorized users of the Defense Transportation System (DTS). Services contained in this publication will not be interpreted as guarantee by DoD or other authorized users of the DTS of any particular volume of traffic.

B. APPLICATION

1. Where reference is made to the Military Freight Traffic Unified Rules Publication-1 (MFTURP-1) in a TSP tender or rate agreement, the conditions, requirements, rules and terms and conditions contained in this publication will govern the freight services of the TSP's tender, and will apply from, to, or between those points specified in the individual tender. This is not to be construed as a setting of rates, rules or charges by DoD. TSP's tenders will not be made subject to any other publication for application of the rates or charges therein. If any TSP or bureau published line-haul, rules, terminal services tariff, service guide or other document is shown in a tender, the tender shall be rejected and returned to the TSP. The MFTURP can be specifically incorporated in its entirety or in section(s) in Federal Acquisition Regulation contracts or agreements.

C. SUPERSEDES AND REPLACES

1. This publication supersedes the AMC Air Freight Traffic Rules Publication 28 No. 5 (AFTRP No. 5) and the previous version of the SDDC Military Freight Traffic Unified Rules Publication-1 (MFTURP-1), dated 10 June 2022.

D. SCOPE

- 1. This publication will not prevent different or additional requirements or terms or conditions to apply for a particular shipment if the Transportation Officer (TO), the TSP, and the governing command for the movement mode USTRANSCOM (TCJ4-LC). Commercial Services Branch at USTRANSCOM, TCJ4-LC manages for domestic air shipments and SDDC for all other modes agree to the specific change and the change is not prohibited by statute, regulation, executive order, case- law or other applicable legal authority (USTRANSCOM (TCJ4-LC). Commercial Services Branch for domestic air shipments and SDDC for all other modes.
 - **a.** It does not include the transportation of:
 - **i.** Shipments moving in courier service.
 - ii. Perishable Subsistence Shipments (Perishable Subsistence TSP Rate Tenders and Service Agreements), administered by, Defense Logistics Agency Troop Support.

	iii. Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) contracts, to include the General Services Administration (GSA), Global Heavyweight Service (GHS), Next Generation Delivery Service (NGDS), and /DoD Freight Transportation Services (DFTS) contracts, unless the publication is specifically incorporated into the contract or agreement.
b.	The words in this agreement shall be construed simply according to their fair and plain meanings, and not strictly for or against either party.
	i. If any provision in this publication is capable of two constructions, one of which would make the provision void and the other of which would make the provision valid, then the provision shall have the meaning that makes it valid.
E. PRE	<u>CCEDENCE</u>
Co St w: pu	then rules, charges or other requirements are negotiated (including FAR Based ontracts that reference this document in their respective Performance Work attement and GFM's electronic Spot Bid on the web) that differ from or conflict ith this publication and the intent of the parties is to modify the requirements of this ablication as they apply for a particular movement, the negotiated terms will apply only the specific movement.
F. SUC	CESSIVE REGULATIONS
an	riffs, items, notes, or rules referenced in this publication will include supplements and successive issues. If any rule, regulation or provision is cancelled or becomes applicable, the last published regulation will govern.
G. DEI	<u>FINITIONS</u>
	definitions of certain terms referenced throughout this publication, see Appendix (pg. 260).
H. ABI	BREVIATIONS
1. For	a listing of commonly used DoD abbreviations, see Appendix E. (pg. 278).
I. PUB	LICATION UPDATES
	is publication shall be updated as needed and will be available on the SDDC ebsite: https://www.sddc.army.mil/Pages/default.aspx and by Carrier Advisory.
2. The	e publication can be downloaded and printed from the website.
in fo ch	nen issues arise pertaining to recommended changes or modifications to rules cluded in this publication, stakeholders will utilize the SDDC Docketing System, und on the SDDC public website, to notify and justify requested changes. These tanges shall be posted on the SDDC website and, if validated by G3, opened for symment

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197	4. For additional information on this regulation, direct inquiries to:
198	SDDC, G3, Domestic Carrier Management
199	1 Soldier Way, Building 1900W
200	Scott AFB, IL 62225
201	Commercial: 618-220-6470
202	DSN: 312-770-6470
203 204	Email: usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.g3-domestic-mfturp@army.mil
205	5. For inquiries directly related to commercial air references in Section A or F, Air
206	Transportation Service Provider Rules, contact:
	•
207	USTRANSCOM, Commercial Services Branch, (TCJ4-LC)
208	508 Scott Drive, Building 1900 E
209 210	Scott AFB, IL 62225 Commercial 618-817-5773
211	Email: transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil
212	Email: transcom.scott.to[5]4.mox.to(c)mail.min
213	6. On the effective date, all changes shall become effective and bind the TSP. They are
214	incorporated automatically into a TSP's tender(s) and bills of lading issued from that
215	date forward. TSP not canceling a tender prior to the effective date of the change is
216	considered as concurring and accepting of the change in their tender. This rules
217	publication may be issued with an effective date on one day's notice as long as all
218	other provisions of Paragraph I are met.
219	II. BECOMING A DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
220	TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER
220	THE USE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
221	A. BASIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER
222	REQUIREMENTS
223	1. This item describes basic requirements a TSP must have in order to become
224	USTRANSCOM/SDDC approved to transport DoD freight.
225	a. TSP must have current valid legal operating authority to provide commercial
226	transportation services as offered and as provided to DoD.
227	b. The common law implied covenant of acting in good faith and fair dealing applies
228	to TSP seeking or performing business with DoD.
229 230	c. Part of the screening process will verify the owner, company, corporate official(s) or anyone in its employ are not prohibited from conducting business with the
230 231	federal government through the Excluded Parties List System (EPLS) at
232	https://www.sam.gov/portal/SAM/#1.
233	d. TSP must not be in nonuse or disqualification status to transport DoD freight.

234 235 236	e. TSPs shall at all times comply with all applicable federal statutes, federal regulations and all other applicable law existing at the time of the shipment award.
237	f. Air TSPs must be Civil Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) participants.
238 239 240 241 242	2. Registration. Registration for all surface modes, to include motor, will be accepted (barge, ocean, pipeline, and international TSPs) year round. Air TSPs, please email USTRANSCOM's Commercial Services Branch TCJ4-LC at transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil . Domestic motor carrier registration requirements include:
243 244	a. Register in the Freight Carrier Registration Program (FCRP) for each mode of service used to transport freight (i.e., motor, rail, water, pipeline, tank truck, air).
245 246	b. Company employees must comply with the requirements, contractual terms, conditions and rules of this publication.
247 248 249	c. Comply with the National Debt Reduction Act in order to receive payments for goods and services. Register in the System for Award Management (SAM) at https://www.sam.gov or call 1-866-606-8220 for further information.
250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257	d. Certify that owner(s), company, corporate official(s), agents or employees are not debarred, suspended or disqualified by SDDC/USTRANSCOM or any outside review agency; or placed in nonuse status by SDDC/USTRANSCOM at the time of registration. Notify SDDC electronically (usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-registrations@army.mil) or USTRANSCOM electronically for air shipments (transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil) of any changes in ownership, affiliations, legal name or other changes affecting FCRP registration within 30 calendar days.
258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266	e. Carriers must notify SDDC electronically (usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-registrations@army.mil) or USTRANSCOM electronically for air shipments (transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil) of any changes in ownership, affiliations, legal name or other changes affecting FCRP registration within 30 calendar days. Changes to a motor carrier's SCAC due to changes in ownership, affiliations, or other legal name changes may occur; however, the SCAC must maintain an approved DOT and MC number as registered/approved in FCRP that meets the minimum requirement of 3 years of consecutive, uninterrupted DOT operating authority.
267 268 269 270	3. Terms of the FCRP shall be in effect from the date of approval and can only be terminated after removal from the program. Removal from the program can be accomplished by various means to include, but not limited to, DoD-wide disqualification, self-termination, suspension or debarment.
271 272	B. SDDC APPROVED TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER (TSP) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

These requirements apply to all TSPs:

- 275 276 277 278
- 1. TSP requirements include, but are not limited to: active Standard Carrier Alpha Code (SCAC); active authority (see Paragraph II.A.2, pg. 9, for motor authority requirements); SYNCADA/US Bank account; Compliance Safety Accountability (CSA) thresholds on asset based TSPs.

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2. After initial approval, follow-up evaluations shall be conducted at any time to confirm 280 continued eligibility as a DoD approved TSP.

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3. Valid operating certificates and insurance for the scope of operations shall be maintained by the TSP (Not applicable for air TSPs).

283 284 **4.** TSPs who are looking to provide TPS must be registered and approved as an asset based carrier (Not applicable for air TSPs).

5. All TSPs who receive shipment awards shall be required to move and accept cargo

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- under a non-negotiable standardized DoD generated commercial BL that conforms to the Defense Transportation Regulation (DTR) 4500.9R Part II, Cargo Movement, Chapter 206, and the U.S. Federal Bill of Lading (BL) Act. The applicable rate on any shipment is the one published and in effect within the Tender Entry on the Web (TEOW) application on the date the shipment is accepted by the TSP (see U.S. Government Freight Handbook, Chapter 3, Section 32: U.S. Government Freight Transportation Handbook (gsa.gov)). GFM matches TSP's voluntary tenders to shipments based on the parameters entered by the TO/Shipper in their shipper systems. Only tenders that match these parameters and are, or will be, active on the availability/pick-up date set by the TO/Shipper are offered in the Automation Transportation Request (ATR) application in GFM. TSPs may accept, decline, or not respond to these offers. A carrier's acceptance under their tender identified in the offer constitutes the carrier's formal agreement to perform those services under that tender's rate at the time of acceptance. Changes or cancellations of tenders after a carrier accepts a shipment will not alter the existing agreement(s); new or updated tenders will be applicable to future shipments that have not yet been accepted by the carrier. If a TSP believes the tender applied to a shipment is somehow in error, they may follow the Dispute Resolution procedures in this publication and contact the applicable agency for assistance. TSPs will utilize their own commercial BLs when authorized (e.g. when transportation systems are inoperable, during holidays and/or weekends, or when there is no access to transportation personnel), also package express shipments are excluded) upon approval of TO/shipper/consignor or USTRANSCOM, TCJ4-LC Commercial Services Branch for air shipments. Shippers should be advised that additional carrier or Government required paperwork (e.g. U.S. export documentation) might be required to accompany the international/domestic shipment. Shippers furnishing supporting documents, contract data, or other information to TSPs are responsible for their accuracy.
- 6. Performance Bonds.
 - **a.** TSPs are required to submit a performance bond. The performance bond secures performance and fulfillment of TSP obligations to deliver DoD freight. It will cover any instance where a TSP cannot or will not deliver DoD freight tendered to

317 318 319 320 321 322	them. This includes default, abandoned shipments, and bankruptcy by the TSP. The bond will not be utilized for operational problems such as late pickup or delivery, excessive transit times, refusals, no shows, improper/inadequate equipment, payment of subcontractors, or claims for lost or damaged cargo. Trust funds and letters of credit are not accepted in lieu of the bond (Not applicable for air TSPs).
323 324 325 326	b. Motor common, broker, freight forwarders, logistic management companies, and contract carriers are required to provide a \$100,000 performance bond. Bulk fuel carriers are required to provide a \$25,000 performance bond (Not applicable for air TSPs).
327 328 329 330 331	c. TSPs registered with the Small Business Administration (SBA), http://www.sba.gov , may select up to three states with a performance bond of \$25,000, up to 10 states with a performance bond of \$50,000 and 11 or more states for \$100,000. To utilize these bond amounts, TSPs must provide supporting documentation showing registration with the SBA (Not applicable for air TSPs).
332 333 334	d. When registering, TSPs should select the states for movement in accordance with the appropriate bond amounts. Movements must begin and end in one of the selected states.
335 336 337 338	e. TSPs that have conducted business in their own name with DoD for 3 or more years may request a Performance Bond in the amount of 2.5% of their total DoD revenue for the previous 12 months, not to exceed \$100,000 and not less than \$25,000 (Not applicable for air TSPs).
339 340	f. Local drayage, commercial zone, barge, rail, ocean, air and pipeline TSPs are exempt from the bond requirements.
341 342 343 344 345	g. Performance bonds must remain active at all times; verification of bond must be provided upon SDDC request. Updates and renewals for surface modes must be forwarded to <a 49cfr387.9.pdf"="" cfr_2003="" edocket.access.gpo.gov="" href="maintenant-second-</td></tr><tr><td>346</td><td>7. Insurance.</td></tr><tr><td>347
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351</td><td>a. Motor TSP shall at all times maintain minimum public liability insurance as required in 49 CFR, Part 387, for the specific type of motor carriage applicable to the shipment. The applicable schedule of limits for minimum public liability insurance are specifically set forth in 49 CFR, Part 387.9 and can be referenced directly at http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/cfr_2003/octqtr/pdf/49cfr387.9.pdf .
352 353 354	b. Motor tank truck TSPs are required to maintain \$1 million liability for Government freight (see 32 CFR, Part 619.4). Schedule of limits provided in 49 CFR at http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/cfr_2003/octqtr/pdf/49cfr387.9.pdf .
355 356	c. Intrastate TSP shall be required to hold public liability insurance equal to interstate TSP. Proof of insurance shall be provided when requested by SDDC.

- 357358d. Bulk Fuel TSP must maintain a minimum of \$5 million in public liability insurance and \$5 million in pollution liability insurance.
 - e. Rail TSP shall not be required to list any insurance company with SDDC; however, the insurance underwriter must continuously have a policyholder's rating in the Best's Insurance Guide and be listed in the Fiscal Service Treasury Department Circular 570 (see http://www.fms.treas.gov/c570/c570.html). Rail TSPs shall provide sufficient self-insurance in order to comply with the Carmack Amendment liability standard for loss or damage to government property moving as government traffic.
 - f. Insurance information shall be updated regularly by TSP through DOT's Licensing and Insurance website at http://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/registration-licensing/registration-licensing.htm. Any change or modification of a TSP's insurance information shall be promptly reported to SDDC, usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-registrations@army.mil.
 - g. Proof of minimum cargo insurance of \$150,000 for loss and damage of government freight per vehicle and/or \$20,000 per vehicle transported (e.g., automobile transporters or vehicles in drive away service) must be maintained. Perishable goods TSP will maintain, as a minimum, cargo insurance in the amount of \$80,000, and bulk motor petroleum TSPs will maintain \$25,000. When registering, TSPs must have their insurance company submit their certificate of cargo insurance to usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-registrations@army.mil. Cargo insurance must remain active at all times. Yearly updates to cargo insurance must be provided. Failure to provide updated information or retain active cargo insurance will result in TSP disapproval. Rail TSPs that meet the self-insurance requirements as stated in 49 CFR will not be required to list any insurance company with SDDC.
 - h. A valid Bodily Injury and Property Damage (BIPD) and cargo insurance policy shall be maintained by the TSP at all times while a tender is in effect and must cover all equipment used to transport DoD freight. Insurance policies will include a provision that states insurers will notify SDDC prior to any service changes (i.e., renewals, cancellations) at least 30 days prior to expiration of insurance.

8. Safety.

a. Interstate TSP must maintain a satisfactory safety rating with the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA). Intrastate TSPs must maintain a satisfactory safety rating with applicable state agency. Unannounced safety inspections of TSP facilities, terminals, equipment, employees, TSP records and procedures shall be conducted by DoD civilian, military personnel, and/or DoD contract employees. In transit, surveillance and inspection of vehicles and drivers shall be conducted in coordination with local police or other authorities. TSP shall not disclose any information to unauthorized persons concerning the nature, kind, quantity, destination, consignee, or routing of any protected commodities tendered to them. When requested, proof of compliance with 49 CFR, Parts 390 thru 396 shall be provided by TSP.

- **b.** TSPs must implement and certify that they have in place company-wide safety management programs that comply with applicable federal, state and local statutes or requirements. Safety programs shall be subject to review and evaluation by DoD representatives.

- 9. Cargo shall be delivered in the same condition as received at origin after shipment is loaded, secured, inspected and cleared for movement. Any damage or loss shall be the responsibility of the TSP and shall be settled promptly (see Section A, VII, Claims [pg. 91]). To avoid liability for loss and damage to cargo, a TSP must show that it is free from negligence and that the loss or damage was due to a *force majeure* situation. Notification of cargo loss, damage, or unusual delay shall be made by TSP within 24-hours to the consignor and consignee, except as designated in Section A, VIII, Table 1 and 2 (pg. 93). Report information will include origin and destination, BL number, shipping paper information, time and place of occurrence, and other important details. Accident reports submitted to DOT shall be provided to SDDC upon request.

10. TSPs may not post DoD loads on broker or load boards unless they are registered with the DoD as a broker, logistics company or a freight forwarder. Double Brokering of any DoD freight is not permitted. TSPs may not solicit drivers with a price for specific loads through broker or load boards unless they have already been awarded that freight by a DoD shipper.

C. BROKERS/FREIGHT FORWARDERS/LOGISTICS COMPANIES

This item sets forth the minimum requirements for brokers/surface freight forwarder/logistic companies to maintain their SDDC qualifications to transport DoD freight.

1. Brokers, freight forwarders and logistics companies will maintain a current electronic listing of all subcontracted TSPs who may be used to transport DoD freight. Listings shall be maintained at the corporate office and available to send via email upon SDDC request and viewed by SDDC personnel only.

2. Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies who submit tenders and receive awards of government traffic agree to assume full liability for a shipment under the Carmack Amendment, unless the terms and conditions of the BL establish that a SDDC released valuation rate applies to that shipment. Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies must also comply with all applicable provisions of 49 United States Code and 49 Code of Federal Regulations, including 49 CFR 371 and 387. Brokers shall be required to fully comply with all other requirements that are required of other TSPs under the circumstances applicable to each shipment.

3. Subcontracted TSPs will provide sufficient documentation for the shipper to verify and confirm that they have been engaged by the broker, freight forwarder or logistics company named on the BL. TSP contractors shall provide the subcontracted TSPs with the required documentation, such as BLs and broker agreements prior to pick up. In emergencies only, the required information may be emailed and/or faxed to the shipping activity prior to pick up during normal operating hours.

- 4. Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies who exercise their option to subcontract transportation services to another TSP are advised that the government lack privities of contract with any subcontracted TSPs acting on behalf of its principal. Therefore, the government is not liable contractually to any subcontracted TSPs as a matter of law. Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies will ensure that subcontracted TSPs shall not hold DoD freight "hostage" due to failure, inability or refusal of the broker, freight forwarder, or logistics company as a principal to pay sums lawfully owed to their subcontracted TSP(s). Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies are responsible to pay directly any charges or sum certain amounts lawfully owed to their subcontracted TSPs. In no event shall the broker, freight forwarder, or logistics company or any subcontracted TSPs be permitted to exercise any state law lien on government property. Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies shall be held responsible for any consequential damages incurred by the government resulting from a hostage freight situation that results from the failure of a broker, freight forwarder, or logistics company to pay its subcontracted TSP promptly.
 - **5.** Brokers, freight forwarders and logistics companies are not authorized to handle or accept any shipments moving with Constant Surveillance and Custody Service (CIS), Dual Driver Protective Service (DDP), Protective Security Service (PSS), Satellite Motor Surveillance Service (SNS), Trailer Tracking Service (DCS), and/or 675. Handling and solicitation of DoD sensitive conventional AA&E, classified (SECRET and Confidential), sensitive and controlled cryptographic items, Class 1 Division 1.1 thru 1.6, sensitive munitions are also prohibited. Clearing documentation through customs may be permitted.
 - **6.** Brokers, freight forwarders, or logistics companies will carry minimum public liability insurance required under 49 CFR, Part 387.
 - 7. Cargo shall be delivered in the same condition as received at origin after shipment is loaded, secured, inspected and cleared for movement. Any damage or loss shall be the responsibility of the broker, freight forwarder, or logistics company and shall be settled promptly (see Section A, VII, Claims [pg. 91]). To avoid liability for loss and damage to cargo, a TSP must show that it is free from negligence and that the loss or damage was due to a *force majeure* situation. Notification of cargo loss, damage, or unusual delay shall be made by the broker, freight forwarder, or logistics company within 24-hours to the consignor and consignee, except as designated in Section A, VIII, Table 1 and 2 (pg. 93). Report information will include origin and destination, BL number, shipping paper information, time and place of occurrence, and other important details. Accident reports submitted to DOT shall be provided to SDDC upon request.
 - **8.** The status of any shipment tendered to a broker, freight forwarder, or logistics company shall be provided within 24 hours upon SDDC's request to the broker, freight forwarder or logistics company's designated POC.

484 <u>D. REQUIREMENTS FOR PROVIDING TRANSPORTATION</u> 485 PROTECTIVE SERVICES (TPS)

486 487 488	This item sets forth the minimum requirements for TSPs transporting DoD TPS shipments.
489 490 491	1. Only DoD approved TSP shall be permitted to transport TPS shipments. TSP who have not received prior approval by SDDC for TPS are not authorized to accept delivery of, or otherwise transport TPS cargo.
492 493 494 495 496	2. TSP shall demonstrate capability of complying with federal, state, municipal and other local laws and regulations governing safe transportation of AA&E to include 49 CFR, Parts 172, 177 and 382 through 397. Provisions for exempt intra-city operations as defined in 49 CFR will not apply to transportation of AA&E. Compliance is subject to review and evaluation by DoD representatives.
497	3. Insurance Requirement:
498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505	a. Prior to receiving authorization to transport any quantity of Division 1.1, 1.2, or 1.3 material, as defined in 49 CFR 173.50, any quantity of Division 2.3, Hazard Zone A, defined in 49 CFR 173.115, Division 6.1, Packing Group I, Hazard Zone A material, defined in 49 CFR 173.132; or highway route controlled quantities of Class 7 material defined in 49 CFR 173.403, TSP must have \$5 million in public liability insurance. TSP will provide information on their insurance provider to allow verification. TSP must maintain the required insurance coverage as long as it has authorization to move these shipments.
506 507 508 509 510	b. Prior to receiving authorization to transport any quantity of Class 1, Division 1.4, 1.5, or 1.6 defined in 49 CFR 173.50, TSP must have \$1 million in public liability insurance. TSP will provide information on their insurance provider to allow verification. TSP must maintain the required insurance coverage as long as it has authorization to move these shipments.
511	4. Brokerage (as defined in 49 CFR, Part 371.2) of TPS will not be permitted.
512	5. Safety Requirements for TSPs providing Transportation Protective Services (TPS).
513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521	a. Motor TSPs holding Facility Clearances and authorized by SDDC to provide DDP or PSS are required to maintain score averages below the established thresholds for safety performance as tracked by the U.S. Department of Transportation's (DOT) Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA). Safety performance will be evaluated using the FMCSA's Compliance, Safety, and Accountability (CSA) Program. CSA utilizes seven Behavior Analysis Safety Improvement Categories (BASICs), which include Unsafe Driving, Hours of service (HOS), Driver Fitness, Controlled Substances/Alcohol, Vehicle Maintenance, Hazardous Materials (HM) Compliance and Crash Indicator.
522 523 524 525 526 527	b. TSPs will ensure CFR 49, Part 171, Subpart B is completed. The Hazardous Materials Incident Report (DOT Form F 5800.1) are completed and sent IAW instructions found in Part 171.16. In addition, TSPs will send copies of the completed reports to SDDC Carrier Performance at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-performance@army.mil and SDDC Safety at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.ae-safety@army.mil .

6. Motor TSPs authorized to provide DDP and PSS:

- a. All DDP and PSS TSPs will follow the HAZMAT standard. FMCSA requires CSA TSP scores in Unsafe Driving, Crash Indicator, and Hours of service (HOS) BASICs to be 60 or lower. BASICs for Driver Fitness, Controlled Substances/Alcohol and Vehicle Maintenance require scores of 75 or lower and the Hazardous Materials (HM) BASIC requires a score of 80 or lower. SDDC may review BASICs quarterly and request an explanation from any TSP whose score is above the standard in any BASIC. Failure to provide an adequate explanation or to show improvement may result in the TSP's placement into non-use status for DDP and PSS shipments and/or result in a Transportation Review Board (TRB).
 - **b.** During any corporate inspections, SDDC or its contractor may examine all of the TSP's safety performance history, to include all BASIC scores and DOT incident and enforcement histories.
 - c. Motor carriers shall provide a corrective action for all violations discovered during a roadside inspection while carrying DoD TPS cargo requiring SNS. Corrections will be provided to SDDC Safety Office at usarmy.mil within 30 days of the violation.
 - 7. Motor Carrier Safety Evaluation Program (MSEP). A consistent and systematic framework for evaluating a commercial motor carrier's [hereafter referred to as 'carrier]' capability to safely transport DoD shipments of Ammunition and Explosives (A&E). SDDC will use the MSEP to conduct evaluations to determine the carrier's compliance with the Department of Transportation's (DOT) Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSR) and Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR), in addition to DoD requirements found in the MFTURP-1.
 - 8. Motor Carrier Accident, Incident Investigation Reports. Upon request from the SDDC Safety Office, TSPs shall provide official police reports, toxicology reports, and detailed investigation reports conducted by the TSP. Detailed information (photos, descriptions etc.), police reports, and toxicology reports shall be provided as soon as possible. Final TSP investigation (written) reports shall be provided within 30 days of the accident/incident occurrence, shall identify root cause(s) and shall identify corrective actions to prevent recurrence where applicable.

E. TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER LEASING

This item describes TSP requirements regarding the leasing of vehicles to transport DoD freight. This section applies only to those with motor TSP authority.

- 1. Lease requirements will be in accordance with 49 CFR Part 376.
- **2.** A copy of the appropriate lease agreement must be with the vehicle and available for inspection. Shipper may reject vehicle without stated documentation.
- **3.** Identification/markings of vehicles will be in accordance with 49 CFR part 390.

568569570571	a. The markings must include the carriers name and DOT number, and the marking must be easily visible from 50 feet away. The owner-operator's name can be on the vehicle along with carrier's name. However, if there are multiple names on the vehicle, the carrier's name must be presented by the words "Operated by".
572 573 574 575 576	b. Minimum requirement for identification/markings is a "magnetic sign" or stenciling for non-TPS shipments. Minimum requirement for identification/markings for TPS shipments is stenciling of the items described in 3.a. above. Use of taped and/or glued paper/cardboard on truck doors is prohibited.
577	4. Rentals and short-term leases for single loads are permitted.
578	F. REMEDIES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE
579 580 581	1. TSP, their agent's, subcontractor or employee's failure to comply with any of the applicable terms and conditions may be a basis for taking administrative or judicial action against the TSP. The following is not an all-inclusive list of possible actions:
582	a. Placement in disapproved status.
583	b. Placement in nonuse status.
584	c. Government-wide debarment or suspension.
585	d. Criminal or civil proceedings by the Department of Justice.
586 587	III. CONDUCTING BUSINESS WITH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
588	A. THIRD PARTY PAYMENT SYSTEM (TPPS)
589 590 591 592	1. As a requirement to conduct business with DoD, a TSP shall be Third Party Payment System (TPPS) capable. If otherwise qualified, TSPs not TPPS certified will not be eligible to transport DoD freight. TPPS is an electronic freight transaction tracking and payment system.
593 594 595 596 597 598	2. The currently authorized TPPS is Syncada, a service of US Bank. TSP should contact US Bank at 612-973-6597 or 1-800-417-1844 or on the web at www.usbpayment.com/syncada . Payment of freight services within the United States, to include small packages and sealift intermodal container services shall be paid through the currently authorized TPPS. A fee is required to participate in the program.
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605 606 607 608	shipment with contact information. Delivery date entered into the currently authorized and only TPPS/electronic payment system, US Bank Syncada, must be the actual date property was delivered to consignee, and the TSP will invoice based on this date, not the contracted delivery date.
609 610 611 612 613 614 615	4. Rail TSP are required to submit Shipment Pickup Notification to the currently authorized TPPS after departure of last rail car from origin. Rail TSP are prohibited from filing certification of actual pickup before the shipment is actually delivered to the TSP by the shipper. Filing the Shipment Pickup Notification prior to actual pickup may result in disqualification or disbarment. Additionally, TSP will also submit Shipment Delivery Notification to the currently authorized TPPS after delivery of last rail car and should be made within three business days after delivery of last rail car.
616 617 618 619	B. ELECTRONIC COMMERCE (EC)/ELECTRONIC DATA INTERCHANGE (EDI), INTEGRATED DATA ENVIRONMENT (IDE)/GLOBAL TRANSPORTATION NETWORK (GTN) CONVERGENCE (IGC) DATA FEED REQUIREMENTS
620	Electronic Instructions:
621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629	1. The TSP shall be capable of Electronic Commerce/Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) and shall agree to the terms of the EDI Trading Partner Agreement (TPA) for Defense Transportation. The main purpose of the TPA is to clarify the terms of the agreement, and to Identify: SCAC, Carrier and SDDC points of contact, transaction sets to be exchanged, and the necessary electronic headers and delimiters. Please contact the SDDC G6 Information Management Office at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.g6-edi-support@army.mil for obtaining and completing the current model TPA, and for assistance in testing EDI transactions to ensure success.
630 631	2. EDI is the computer-to-computer exchange of business data in machine-readable language using strictly defined public standards.
632 633 634 635	3. An EDI Implementation Convention (IC) defines the rules for filling in or "populating" an EDI transaction. Following the agreed upon convention, or version of the standard ensures that EDI partners will encounter fewer data quality problems during development and maintenance of their EDI systems.
636 637 638	4. American National Standards Institute (ANSI) charters the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, or ANSI ASC X12, to develop uniform standards for interindustry electronic interchange of business transactions or EDI.
639 640 641 642 643 644 645	5. ANSI ASC X12 develops, maintains, interprets, publishes and promotes the proper use of American National and the United Nations/Electronic Data Interchange for Administration, Commerce and Transport (UN/EDIFACT) Standards. The ANSI ASC X12 body meets periodically to develop and maintain EDI standards. Its main objective is to develop standards to facilitate electronic interchange relating to business transactions. ANSI ASC X12 standards facilitate transactions by establishing a common, uniform business language for computers to communicate. With more

646 647	than 275 transaction sets, ANSI ASC X12 standards can be used to electronically conduct nearly every facet of business-to-business operations.
648 649 650	6. EDI status records are generated and populated from the ANSI ASC 214A transactions. Transactions are sent to the government value added network where they are mapped and forwarded to IGC.
651 652 653	7. Global Exchange Service (GEX) is an EDI-based Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) system which provides EDI messages to United States Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM) and other Department of Defense (DoD) agencies.
654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661	8. To get the latest version of the DOD 214 A, 417 and 418, Implementation Convention, visit the Defense Transportation Electronic Business (DTEB) website at https://www.ustranscom.mil/cmd/associated/dteb . Currently the 417 and 418 ICs are being developed. Once complete they will be posted to the DTEB website for use. For information on how to establish an interface with the GEX, contact the GEX at (614) 692-5344 or by email at Cols-EDI@csd.disa.mil Monday through Friday, between 8 am and 5 pm Eastern Time; afterhours, or during weekends or holidays, the GEX can be reached at 1-866-618-5988 or by email at gex-admin@csd.disa.mil .
662 663 664 665	9. All 214A records will require the Bill of Lading (BOL) shipment identification (ID) number to complete the link between IGC and Global Freight Management (GFM). While the Transportation Control Number (TCN) is not required at this time, but will be once the IC is updated, TSPs are required to provide it via the EDI 214A.
666 667	10. All 214A records will require the following reference number information (in multiple loops) to identify rail car or motor transportation shipments.
668 669 670	a. Waybill, BOL or TCN (if available). Provide this in the B1002 element. When TCNs or BOLs cannot be provided by the shipper activity, the B1002 will contain "NONE" to indicate non-availability.
671 672	b. Contract number (optional – use if provided). Provide this in the L1101 element in an L11 segment with a contract number (CT qualifier in the L1102 element).
673	c. Standard Carrier Alpha Code (SCAC). Provide this in the B1003 element.
674 675 676	d. Billed shipment weight. Provide this in the AT803 element with a "B" qualifier in the AT801. Also provide the unit of measure in the AT802 (L for pounds, K for Kilograms).
677 678	11. The following are the minimum events to be sent for each shipment (AT701 of the 214A EDI message):
679	a. AF – Carrier Departed Pick-Up Location With Shipment (mandatory)
680	b. X4 – Arrived At Terminal Location (if it occurs)
681	c. P1 – Departed Terminal Location (if it occurs)
682	d. K1 – Arrived At Customs (if it occurs)
683	e. X1 – Arrived At Delivery Location (mandatory)

84	f. D1 – Completed Unloading At Delivery Location (mandatory)
85 86 87	12. The contractor shall accomplish status reporting within four (4) hours of an event, or the same amount of time provided to their commercial customers, whichever is sooner.
88 89 90	13. TSP will ensure at all times any leg of a shipment involving carriage of goods by a motor or rail TSP shall be moved under the proper and lawful operating authority as required by applicable sections set forth in 49 U.S. Code (U.S.C.).
	C. ALTERNATIVE GOVERNMENT BIDDING PROCESSES FOR
2 3 4 5 6	TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDERS This item describes the alternative methods the government can utilize (other than the tender offer process) for TSP to offer transportation services to DoD and other authorized agencies.
	1. Negotiation:
	a. TSPs are provided terms and conditions for a movement via a written solicitation. A verbal negotiation may be used in an emergency but must be converted to written form within three (3) business days.
	b. When terms and conditions for a shipment are negotiated, the non-alternation of rates concerning that specific shipment shall take precedence over any alternation provision contained within this publication. Even with regards to negotiated One-Time-Only (OTO) shipments that share the same points of origin and destination, commodities or tender dates that may overlap. Negotiated OTOs are completed to meet specific requirements and are not to be alternated.
	c. Negotiations may only be conducted when at least one of the following criteria is met:
	i. No voluntary tenders exist on file to satisfy specific requirements of a shipment.
	ii. Movement occurred without applicable tender on file with SDDC. Negotiated air tender(s) will be approved in rare and unique, case-by-case basis. USTRANSCOM, Commercial Service Branch, TCJ-LC is the approval authority for negotiated air tender(s).
	iii. Voluntary tenders are insufficient to satisfy requirements.
	iv. The entire movements exceeds 25 truck/carloads.
	v. The shipment is for over dimensional or overweight freight (to include AA&E shipments).
	vi. When a service is required for a movement that is not identified in this publication or covered by the TSPs tender (rates published in TSPs tariffs and/or other TSP publications will not apply).

721 722 723 724 725 726 727	d. Any TSP that submits a bid for a negotiated move is assumed to be ready, willing and able to perform the services as stated in the solicitation. If TSP fails to provide any of the services, whole or in part, stated in the solicitation, they may be subject to immediate non-use for a period of up to 90 days. A subsequent occurrence of failure to provide services stated in the negotiation within a 6-month timeframe may be grounds to place the TSP in a nation-wide non-use status for up to 90 days.
728 729 730 731	e. When a TSP bids on an SDDC or USTRANSCOM-negotiated shipment IAW the terms of negotiated agreements all costs associated with the fuel rate adjustment, also known as a fuel related surcharge, must be all-inclusive as part of the negotiated rate.
732 733	 i. Shipper will not make additional fuel related surcharge adjustments available on the BL.
734 735 736	ii. After solicitation but before execution: the solicitation (and award, if applicable) shall be canceled, and the shipment resolicited to include the additional services.
737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744	iii. During/after pick-up: charges for additional requirements shall be consistent with TSPs lowest rate on file for equivalent service. If TSP has no rate on file for equivalent service contact SDDC, G3, Domestic Freight Services for assistance at 618-220-5914 or via e-mail at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.g3-domestic-freight-services-branch@army.mil negotiated by SDDC. For air modes K, L, or M, contact USTRANSCOM, Commercial Services at COMM (618) 817-5773, DSN 817-5773, email: transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil .
745 746	2. Negotiated OTO: Is the same as negotiated, it's a subset or type of negotiated. Under tender based business there are two main types of negotiations, OTO and SRO.
747 748 749	3. Short-Term: Also known as a One-Time-Only (OTO). An OTO is a request for tender with rates for a specific movement requirement usually occurring within an 89-day period.
750 751 752 753	4. Long-Term: Also known as Standing Route Order (SRO). An SRO is a request for tender with rates that remain in effect for a specific time period for a particular route or shipment(s). Usually, an SRO involves a volume of traffic that moves in separate shipments over a period greater than 89 days but not to exceed 365 days.
754	5. Spot Bid on the Web:
755 756 757 758 759 760	a. Spot Bid on the Web is used for one-time only, unique (including over dimensional and overweight, as defined in Section B, Item 119 [pg. 147] or Section F, Item 421) shipments using any mode of transportation that is adequate to meet the specific requirements of the shipment. Each mode of transportation (motor, air, barge, ocean, pipeline and rail) requires a separate SCAC. TSP is only authorized to move DoD freight in accordance with the mode selected within FCRP.

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- **b.** In the case where a Spot Bid on the Web/Spot Bid is used to procure transportation services, the Spot Bid on the Web/Spot Bid rate shall take precedence, as described in subparagraph a. above, except in circumstances where movements are negotiated movements. Under these circumstances, the Spot Bid on the Web/Spot Bid rate shall not take precedence over the negotiated movement, nor shall it remain as the cost on file for the particular shipment at issue in the event that future requirements become necessary. Contact the SDDC, G6 Systems Response Center GFM Help Desk for further information or assistance concerning the use and application of the Spot Bid on the Web/Spot Bid process.
- **c.** Online interactive training module for Spot Bid is provided by the Global Freight Management (GFM) Help desk. Training is also provided on tender entry.
- d. The GFM TSP Training Plan is available on the GFM Distance Learning Program (DLP) web page, by clicking the Training link on https://dragon.eta.sddc.army.mil/etagettingstarted/Support.htm. A valid GFM production or training simulator user ID and password are required before accessing the web page. Instructions for obtaining a user ID and password are also included in the training plan. For more information, contact usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.omb-for-GFM-training@army.mil.
- e. When a TSP bids on a Spot Bid on the Web shipments IAW the Spot Bid terms all costs associated with the fuel rate adjustment, also known as a fuel related surcharge, must be all-inclusive as part of the negotiated rate.
 - i. Shipper will not make additional fuel related surcharge adjustments available on the BL.
 - **ii.** After Spot Bid issue and/or award but before execution (within 24 hours or less prior to pick up or TSP dispatched a vehicle): if there were changes initiated by the shipper, the Spot Bid (and award, if applicable) shall be canceled, and the Spot Bid resolicited reissued to include the additional services.
 - iii. During/after pick-up: charges for additional requirements shall be consistent with TSPs lowest rate on file for equivalent service. If TSP has no rate on file for equivalent service Contact SDDC, G3, Domestic Freight Services for assistance at 618-220-5914 or via e-mail at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.g3-domestic-freight-services-branch@army.mil. For air modes K, L, or M, contact USTRANSCOM Commercial Services at COMM (618) 817-5773, DSN 817-5773, email: transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil.
- **f.** Driveaway and Driveaway/Towaway shipments can be offered under Spot Bid.
- g. Shipments shall be available to approved TSPs (with logins) for bidding and will remain on the Open Bid list through the bid close date/time. Time to submit bids will remain open for a minimum of four hours. TSP may not change a bid once it has been submitted; however, TSP are permitted to cancel a previous bid and resubmit another bid. TSP are prohibited from submitting a bid on a closed shipment. Connectivity problems, system problems, or other Internet and Local Area Network (LAN) issues will not be considered an acceptable reason for late

803 804	bid submissions after a solicitation has closed. A TSP shall be notified of shipment award after the solicitation has closed.
805 806 807	h. In the event that a specific shipment is canceled, an approved TSP with login capabilities will have the ability to view the canceled shipment list for informational purposes only.
808 809 810 811 812	i. In the event a carrier is awarded freight from a spot bid, but does not bid on the spot bid awarded using the SCAC listed on the CBL, shipment will be rated with carrier's voluntary tender. Carrier will be due the normal freight charges based on their voluntary tender plus cost of permits. Permits must be one-way, issued for the shipment in question.
813 814 815 816	j. Rate quotation/cost estimate purposes for over dimensional and overweight shipments only. Shipper must clearly state "FOR COST ESTIMATE PURPOSES ONLY" in the remarks of the spot bid. Any rates returned under a cost estimate spot bid are non-binding and cannot be used to award freight or issue BoLs.
817	k. See Section F for international air spot bids.
818 819	D. ALTERNATION OF RATES (NOT APPLICABLE TO NEGOTIATED TENDERS)
820 821	1. Tender rates/charges (regardless of rate qualifier) that apply between same points of origin and destination will alternate to produce the lowest charge to DoD.
822 823	2. Rates that pertain to a specific commodity, to include DPM commodities 100251, will not alternate with FAK rates.
824 825	3. Alternation of rates does not apply between Mode T– Towaway and Mode B – Motor tenders.
826	E. TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES GUIDE (TFG)
827 828 829 830 831 832	1. TSP will review the TFG for installation policies regarding the minimum requirements for normal operating hours, installation closures, or any other important information. In the event that CAS (Carrier Appointment System) is required in the TFG, the TSP will be required to utilize the CAS system to request delivery appointments. TSP can access the TFG and the CAS on the TEAMs website: https://etateams.transport.mil/teams/login.
833 834 835	2. Failure to review the TFG for installation policies for pickup and delivery requirements may result in non-payment of detention, demurrage and/or storage charges. NOTE: Carriers bill the activity responsible for incurring the Detention.
836	3. Failure to review the TFG for installation operating hours may result in late shipments.
837 838 839	4. When delivering or loading cargo on a DoD Commercial Bill of Lading (CBL) at a commercial industry facility, the following DoD (Federal) Holidays may not be observed. As long as the facility is open for normal business hours, holiday pick-up

840 841	or delivery charges will not be authorized unless specifically listed on the CBL by the issuing US Government office. Holidays affected by this policy:
842	a. Martin Luther King Jr. Day
843	b. President's Day
844	c. Memorial Day
845	d. July 4 th
846	e. Labor Day
847	f. Indigenous Peoples' Day
848	g. Veterans' Day
849	h. Juneteenth
850	IV. DOD STANDARD TENDER OF FREIGHT SERVICE
851	A. GENERAL TENDER OF SERVICE INFORMATION:
852 853 854 855	1. This paragraph governs use and application of the DOD Standard Tender of Freight Service, HQ SDDC 364-R (Appendix I, see pg. 257). This format shall be used by all TSPs to submit tenders to compete for non-FAR, or by exception some FAR-Based contracted, DOD transportation requirements.
856 857 858 859	2. All tenders are filed via the Tender Entry on the Web (TEOW) module, except when explicitly exempted by this publication, accessed through the Transportation Enterprise Access Management System (TEAMS), Global Freight Management (GFM) system.
860 861 862 863 864 865 866	a. Refer to the TEOW User Manual at https://gfm.transport.mil/teowform/teow.pdf for instructions on how to use the application. Training is provided through webinars and can be requested via the Systems Response Center at 800-462-2176, Option 3 for GFM, or by sending an e-mail to usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.omb-for-gfm-training@army.mil . If unable to electronically file tenders, the TSP should contact the GFM Help desk at 800-462-2176 or send email to usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.G6-SRC-GFM-HD@army.mil .
867 868 869	3. Tenders submitted in response to HQ SDDC or USTRANSCOM solicitations, and other negotiated actions shall be published in the Standard Tender format, unless otherwise specified by the terms and conditions of those actions.
870	a. Negotiated tenders are entered by TSPs only after shipment award by ITO.
871 872	b. For all negotiated air tenders, USTRANSCOM will facilitate the ITO requirements with air carriers to ensure fair opportunity is afforded.
873 874 875	4. The Standard Tender format shall be used for TSPs that wish to file certain Less-Than-Truckload (LTL) and Truckload (TL) Class 100 rates. The baseline Class 100 rates and minimum charges contained in this publication shall serve as a basis for TSPs

actual rates and charges for DOD shipments in intrastate commerce, and shipments from to and between those points in the CONUS, Alaska and/or Canada specified in the individual TSP tenders. Class 100 Rates may only be used in connection with Rate Qualified "PQ", in the DOD tender.

- **5.** Shipments excluded from the Standard Tender format are courier; package express Mode R; Driveaway, Driveaway/Towaway, unaccompanied baggage to or from Alaska; and privately-owned mobile homes or vehicles.
- 6. Exempt from filing electronic tenders in TEOW: Surface mode (O) Water is currently unsupportable in TEOW/GFM. TSPs registered in this mode may submit tenders using the Uniform Tenders of Rates and/or Charges For Transportation Services, Optional Form (OF) 280 (Appendix I, see pg. 262) or manual HQ SDDC Form 364-R. Additionally, certain HQ SDDC negotiated solicitations may direct submission of a manual HQ SDDC Form 364-R when awarded freight by an ITO. In either of the above instances email a copy of the applicable tender to HQ SDDC, Special Requirements Branch at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.negotiations-team@army.mil.
- 7. The Standard Tender format shall be used for DOD, DOD-sponsored, and other authorized DTS users for intrastate and interstate shipments from, to and between CONUS, Canada, Alaska and Mexico. Only the intrastate tender format is valid for Hawaii and Puerto Rico. By exception, the Standard Tender format for domestic air shipments shall be used for DOD, DOD-sponsored, and other authorized DTS users for intrastate and interstate shipments from, to and between CONUS only.
- **8.** TSP tender must match FCRP authority (i.e. if authority in FCRP is Motor, only mode (B) Motor tenders may be entered).
- **9.** TSP will ensure that all allotted spaces in each of the character fields in the HQ SDDC 364-R tender or Optional Form (OF) 280 are filled in properly.
- 10. Any tender that omits any required data containing special annotations or exceptions shall be considered inapplicable and have no effect to any contract for carriage. Tenders inadvertently accepted and distributed by SDDC which are subsequently determined to not meet or comply with the DOD tender filing instructions, or the applicable rules and/or rate publication, shall be subject to immediate removal. The issuing TSP shall be advised when tenders are removed under these circumstances.
- **11.** The GFM System will assign to each accepted tender a distribution date and a distribution number.
- 12. Negotiated air tender(s) will be approved in rare and unique, case-by-case basis. USTRANSCOM, Commercial Service Branch, TCJ-LC is the approval authority for negotiated air tender(s). Air carrier registrations are handled by US TRANSCOM, TCJ4-LC, Commercial Services Branch.
- **13.** Inquiries concerning the application of the Standard Tender format (except those set forth above) should be directed to SDDC via telephone at (800) 526-1465.
- **14.** Publications (and any reissues) listed below shall be considered part of this publication, but shall not be specifically listed in Section B of the tender. Any

917 918	potential conflict between the terms of the publications listed below and this publication shall be resolved in favor of the express terms in this publication.
919 920 921 922 923	a. National Motor Freight Classification (NMFC), Tariff Surface Transportation Board (STB) National Motor Freight (NMF) 100 series published by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc., Agent, 1001 North Fairfax Street, Suite 600, Alexandria, VA 22314; www.nmfta.org ; (703) 838-1810 (commodity item numbers, descriptions, packing and packaging only).
924 925	b. Defense Table of Distance (DTOD), official mileage guide for DOD, https://dtod.transport.mil/.
926 927	c. ATA Hazardous Materials Tariff, ICC ATA 111-series, published by the American Trucking Associations, Agent.
928 929	d. Continental Directory of Standard Point Location Codes (SPLC) NMF 102-Series, published by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc., Agent.
930 931	e. Directory of Standard Carrier Alpha Codes (SCAC), STB NMF 101-Series, published by the National Motor Freight Traffic Associations, Inc., Agent.
932 933 934 935	f. Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Guidelines: Field Manual 3-19.30, Physical Security, Chapter 6, January 2001, published by US Army Publications Distribution Center, Cross Service, 2800 East Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21220-2893.
936	g. Standard Transportation Commodity Code (STCC) Tariff 1-G, STB STCC 6001-C
937	h. International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions (ICAO).
938	i. International Air Transport Association (IATA).
939 940	j. Transportation Security Administration Security and Safety Regulations and Guidelines.
941 942 943 944 945	15. SDDC will apply the mileage computed by the DTOD system for cost evaluation and TSP selection. See Section B, Item 87 (pg. 109), for guidance on hazardous miles. See Section B, Item 119, (pg. 131), for guidance regarding practical mileage. Also, see Section B, Part I (pg. 82), for guidance regarding short-line mileage. Mileage will not be applied when processing air shipments.
946	B. STANDARD FORMAT OF THE SDDC FORM 364-R TENDER:
947 948 949 950 951 952 953	1. The SDDC Form 364-R tender can be broken down into five (5) main parts: the administrative sections (Sections A-C); the rates sections (Sections D, E & G-I); The Accessorial Section (Section F); The Non Standard Rates Section (Section J); and appendixes (Appendix A and B). See paragraph C, "Completing the DOD Standard Tender of Freight Service", below to determine proper application of rate sections and rate tables for specific tender rate applications. (The paper form is used by exception only):

a. ADMINISTRATIVE TENDER SECTIONS A-C

955	i. SECTION A – CARRIER INFORMATION
956	ii. SECTION B – GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS
957	iii. SECTION C – CARRIER'S OFFER AND INSTRUCTIONS
958	b. TENDER RATE SECTIONS D, E & G THROUGH I
959	i. SECTION D – POINT-TO-POINT RATES
960	ii. SECTION E – TERRITORIAL RATES
961	(1). SECTION E – TABLES A-F
962	(a). SECTION E-1 – STATE-TO-STATE RATE MATRIX
963	(b). SECTION G - POINT-TO-POINT AIR RATES
964	(c). SECTION H – TERRITORIAL AIR RATES
965	(d). SECTION I – INTERNATIONAL AIR RATES
966	(2). ACCESSORIAL RATES SECTION F
967	(a). SECTION F-1 – SECURITY ACCESSORIAL SERVICES
968	(b). SECTION F-2 – STANDARD ACCESSORIAL SERVICES
969	c. NON STANDARD RATES SECTION J
970 971	 i. SECTION J – NON STANDARD RATES (Reserved for HQ SDDC negotiated tenders only)
972	d. APPENDIX A AND B
973	i. APPENDIX A – RAIL ROUTES
974 975	ii. APPENDIX B – TELEPHONE NUMBERS, TENDER CANCELLATIONS AND COMMODITIES
976 977	C. COMPLETING THE DOD STANDARD TENDER OF FREIGHT SERVICE
978 979	ADMINISTRATIVE TENDER SECTIONS A-C – These sections are for providing TSP General Information, General Terms and Conditions and TSP Offer and Instructions.
980	1. General Information - Administrative Tender Sections A-C:
981 982 983 984 985	a. TSP desired lane and rate type service, plus FCRP authorized mode will determine what Sections and/or Tables of the 364-R are required to be completed. TSPs are cautioned not to file duplicate freight service tenders for the same rate channels, i.e., similar origins, destinations, commodities, equipment codes, etc., in more than one tender.

b. This publication shall be considered the governing publication in Section B of the tender. No other publication for application of rates and charges, unless otherwise noted in this publication, will apply. Inclusion of an inapplicable publication in Section B of the tender shall be deemed non-compliant, and shall be rejected.

2. Section A - Transportation Service Provider Information

 a. Issuing Carrier: Enter the name, SCAC and complete home office street address of the carrier issuing the tender of service.

 b. Telephone: Enter telephone number(s) available to arrange movements under this tender. TSP may submit up to 20 telephone numbers. Numbers for arranging moves are to be manned during the hours of 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. local time Monday through Friday. Appendix A will show the city and state where the telephone number is located if it is not a toll free number. Toll free numbers will indicate if any locations are restricted against their use. Appendix B may also be used to list various information as provided elsewhere in these instructions.

c. Mode - Enter the single character code from the following list that describes the mode of service offered by the tender.

i. TSP must provide a unique SCAC applicable to their DOT authority and commensurate with their FCRP registration when selecting mode of tender. For example, if a TSP offers to provide indirect air and motor service, then they will need at least two SCACs: one for the air and a different SCAC for the indirect motor. If a TSP will only provide motor service under their carrier authority and property freight forwarder authority, then they will also need two SCACs: one for the motor carrier service offered and another SCAC for freight forwarder services offered.

Figure IV-1, MODES

Bus	A	Water	О
Truck	В	Shipper Association	P
Pipeline	D	Shipper Agent	Q
Rail	Е	Package Express	R
Rail TOFC/COFC Door-to-Door	F	*Driveaway Service	S
Rail TOFC/COFC Plan 3	G	Towaway Service	T
Rail TOFC/COFC Plan 4	Н	*Driveaway/Towaway Service	U
Air Freight	K	*Water/Pipeline Intermodal	V
		Movements	
Air Freight Forwarder	L	Shipper Agent (Truck/Rail/Truck)	W
Air Taxi	M	Shipper Agent (Truck)	X
Surface Freight Forwarder	N		•

*Movements via these modes will utilize the Spot Bid on the Web process.

d. Tender Number - Enter the tender number assigned by the TSP

i. The six-position space allowed for tender numbers must be completely filled in. Alphabetical prefixes, suffixes, and hyphens are not permitted. For example, if

1015 1016 1017	a TSP assigns number One to its tender, it would be shown as 000001. If a supplement is being filed, use the two-character field provided to identify the supplement. For example, Supplement No. 1 would be shown as 01.
1018	ii. Recommend tender and supplement numbers be consecutively numbered.
1019	iii. Tender number 004000 (is reserved).
1020 1021	iv. Negotiated tenders must be numbered in the 500,000-series (500,000 through 599,999, inclusive).
1022	e. Supplements:
1023	i. Only one supplement to a specific tender may be in effect at any one time.
1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032	ii. For voluntary tenders, a supplement can only be used to change Section A (TSP Information). However, the SCAC (Item 1), Mode (Item 2), Application (Item 11), Commodity Classification (Item 14), and parts included in the tender (Item 16) may not be changed. Each time a new supplement is issued, all unchanged Section A data must be brought forward. Section A data not brought forward in the next consecutively numbered supplement to a specific tender will automatically be cancelled. In addition to Section A, Section B (General Terms and Conditions), and Section C (TSP's Offer and Instructions) of the tender supplement shall be completed.
1033 1034 1035	iii. When a change in SCAC code occurs, cancellation supplements must be issued to each tender filed under the old SCAC and new tenders must be issued under the new SCAC.
1036 1037 1038 1039	iv. When changing other than Section A, B, or C information, it is recommended that the new tender number be consecutive, cancelling the tender being replaced. Data not brought forward in the new tender will automatically be cancelled.
1040	f. Cancellation of Tender/Supplement:
1041 1042 1043 1044 1045 1046 1047	i. If the tender or tender supplement being issued cancels any tender or supplement, list the cancelled tender(s) in this item. To cancel an entire tender and any supplements, enter the base tender number, i.e., enter the six-digit tender number followed by two zeros (00). This cancels the tender and the associated supplement of the tender. To cancel a supplement, the base tender followed by the supplement number. This cancels the supplement but not the tender. Note that a supplement to one tender cannot cancel any other tender.
1048 1049	ii. TSP may cancel up to 20 tenders with a single tender that will carry forward rates.
1050 1051 1052	g. Action & Nature of Change - Indicate what the supplement will do and provide a brief but specific narrative of the nature of the amendment, e.g., "Extend Expiration Date."

1053 1054 1055 1056	i. Supplements to extend expiration dates must be submitted at SDDC no later than 24 hours prior to the tender expiration date. This is to meet the GFM Host daily scheduled batch processing times. Expired tenders cannot be reinstated retroactively.
1057 1058	h. Issue Date - Enter the date of issue in the format requested. This date cannot be prior to the receipt date, i.e. the current date.
1059	i. Effective Date - Enter the effective date of the tender in the format requested.
1060 1061	i. When the TSP's intention is to lower its rates, the effective date must be at least one (1) day after the issue date.
1062 1063	ii. When the TSP's intent is to increase rates or charges, or cancels a service in that tender, the effective date must be at least one (1) day after the issue date.
1064 1065	iii. If it is the TSP's intent to extend the tender, then issue date must be at least one (1) day after the issue date.
1066 1067	iv. Unlike voluntary tenders, negotiated 500,000 series tenders dates can be retroactive.
1068	j. Expiration Date - Enter the expiration date in the format requested.
1069 1070 1071 1072	i. For voluntary tender submissions, the expiration date may not be less than 90 days, or no more than two years from the effective date. An expiration date is mandatory on all tenders and supplements. A change in the expiration date stated in a supplement changes the expiration date for the tender.
1073 1074 1075 1076	ii. For negotiated tender submissions, the expiration date may not be less than 30 days, or no more than one year from the effective date. A change in the expiration date stated in a supplement changes the expiration date for the tender.
1077 1078 1079 1080 1081	k. Application (not applicable on modes K, L or M) – Specifies whether the tender applies to interstate or intrastate traffic. Interstate tenders will not contain any intrastate rates. If the tender applies to intrastate shipments, insert the U.S. Postal Service Standard State Abbreviation in the space provided. Intrastate tenders will not contain any interstate rates. Only one state per intrastate tender is permitted.
1082 1083 1084 1085 1086 1087 1088 1089	1. Operating Authority - Motor TSP must list their appropriate DOT operating authority numbers or appropriate intrastate operating authority numbers. If the service offered is exempt, enter the word "EXEMPT." This item shall not apply to rail TSP. The TSP's must have a valid SCAC for each mode of service offered. In other words, TSP assigned a surface freight forwarder SCAC may not use that same SCAC to submit a tender for air freight forwarder service. At all times, TSP shall ensure that any shipment moved, or any portion thereof, is transported pursuant to proper and lawful operating authority required pursuant to 49 United States Code, federal regulations, or other applicable authority.
1091 1092	m. Equipment - (not applicable on modes K, L or M) Indicate the code for the type(s) of equipment to be used on a specific tender (see Appendix A). Up to 16

1093 1094 1095	equipment codes may be shown on a tender. Trailer-On Flatcar (TOFC)/Container on Flatcar (COFC) TSPs will indicate the motor equipment provided. No rail equipment codes shall be entered on the tender.
1096	n. Commodities:
1097 1098	i. Select the applicable classification of commodity codes being used in the tender.
1099	(1). National Motor Freight Classification (NMFC)
1100	(2). Uniform Freight Classification (UFC)
1101	(3). Department of Defense Unique Codes (DODUC)
1102	(4). Standard Transportation Commodity Codes (STCC)
1103	ii. Enter up to 16 commodities.
1104 1105 1106 1107 1108	iii. A Uniform Freight Classification (UFC) shall be utilized only if a STCC is not available. National Motor Freight Classification (NMFC) shall be utilized for motor shipments. Only one type classification tariff may be used on any single tender. DODUC, however, may be used in conjunction with commodities shown in either the STCC, NMFC or UFC.
1109 1110 1111 1112 1113 1114 1115	iv. List the classification numbers of all commodities to be moved under this tender unless, as explained below, a DOD unique code has been assigned to the commodity. When applicable, the STCC/NMFC/DOD Unique item sub number contributing to the specific description shall be shown. TOFC/COFC TSP will enter Rail STCC/DOD Unique commodity number(s)/code(s) covering material to be transported. No exception to the commodity description published in the classification shall be accepted.
1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122	v. TSP may identify commodities individually by DOD Unique, NMFC, or STCC (e.g. Aircraft Group: NMFC item 011760 or STCC item 3729990). If a TSP elects to use a group heading, it will apply to all commodities listed under that group heading, with no exceptions. If a TSP wishes to limit the application to one or more individual commodities listed under a group heading, only the DOD Unique code numbers(s), sub number(s), and descriptions(s) for those individual commodities shall be entered in item 14.
1123 1124 1125	vi. Other than those commodities included in generic groups, such as FAK, groups of commodities will not be accepted. Those commodities must be listed individually (STCCs do not have group codes).
1126 1127 1128 1129 1130 1131	vii. Freight All Kinds (FAK) consists of those commodities that TSPs offer to transport at one inclusive rate or charge regardless of their classification rating in the NMFC, STCC or UFC, or differing transportation characteristics. These commodities are described in this publication. TSP filing FAK rates may not restrict the application of such rates by imposing any further commodity, density, or classification exclusions. The identification of one FAK

1132 1133	commodity code in a tender precludes the listing of any other FAK commodity code in the same tender.
1134 1135 1136 1137 1138 1139	viii. Because of the unusual transportation needs of DOD material, DOD unique codes (see Appendix B) must be used in the Standard Tender of Freight Services to describe the commodities listed. Released values shown for these commodities have also been assigned by DOD and apply to movements by both rail and other than rail. For explanation of the classification of explosives, see 49 CFR, Part 173.50.
1140 1141 1142 1143 1144	ix. Direct Procurement Method (DPM) shipments of crated household goods and unaccompanied baggage must move under 100251. Because the DPM contractor's warehouse usually is not located at a military installation having responsibility for DPM shipment, origin must not be a military installation bushould be either a City, State Section, or State.
1145 1146 1147 1148 1149	o. Released Value Rate - The following applies to the assignment of released valuation (agreed level of liability assumed by the TSP in transporting a shipment in the event of loss or damage) when shipments are moved via tenders. Any conflict between this item and statements inserted by TSP in a DOD tender shall be resolved by giving precedence to this guidance.
1150 1151 1152 1153 1154 1155 1156 1157	i. In cases where the shipment has a released value, in the event of loss and/or damage to a DOD shipment, amount recoverable shall be: (1) the applicable released value (when stated in dollars and cents per pound in the Released Value field of the tender) multiplied by the gross weight of the item; or (2) the declared value of the vehicle(s) and/or item when stated on the BL; or (3) the released value of the vehicle(s) identified in Tender section of this publication but no more than the loss or damage actually sustained in each incident stated above.
1158 1159 1160 1161 1162 1163 1164 1165 1166 1167	ii. No exceptions or changes may be made to released value assigned to DOD unique commodity codes or released value assigned to commodities in either the NMFC or STCC. In addition, release values cannot be applied to perishable subsistence. TSPs using NMFCs must ensure that both proper item and sub number containing desired released value amount are shown. Rail TSPs must ensure that the proper item is shown. When commodity descriptions include released value as described in this paragraph, no entries shall be made. Except for provisions described in this paragraph, commodities released in value may be published in the same tender with commodities not released in value.
1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173	iii. Except as otherwise provided in these instructions, tenders containing other than DOD unique commodity descriptions for which no released value is provided in the NMFC or STCC, shall be subject to full TSP liability, unless the filing TSP completes the released value field. If a TSP wishes to limit its liability by completing the released value field, in no event shall the amount be less than \$2.50 per pound, or \$1.00 per pound for air shipments.

1174 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179 1180	iv. For shipments containing crated HHG or personal effects commodity code 100251, described in Appendix D, TSP liability for lost and/or damaged cargo see paragraph 1c of Transportation Service Provider Cargo Liability (LIE) (pg. xx). When these commodities are identified, no entries shall be made in the released value field. Except for provisions described in this paragraph, commodities released in value may be published in the same tender with commodities not released in value.
1181 1182 1183 1184 1185 1186 1187	v. Air tender released value for lost and/or damaged cargo (excluding crated household goods and personal effects, i.e., commodity code 100251) shall not exceed \$1.00 per pound per piece or \$100 per piece, whichever is greater, but not to exceed actual value of articles lost or damaged plus the amount of applicable transportation charges. Except for provisions described in this paragraph, commodities released in value may be published in the same tende with commodities not released in value.
1188 1189 1190 1191	vi. When using driveaway or towaway service, specific vehicles identified in the motor section of this publication will always be subject to a released value not exceeding \$20,000 for each vehicle in the shipment. When these commodities are identified, no entries shall be made in the released value field.
1192 1193 1194 1195 1196 1197 1198	p. Parts of Standard Tender Included – Enter an "X" in the appropriate spaces to indicate which sections (Section D, Section E, Section E-1, Section F, Section G, Section H, Section I, Section J, Section K, Appendix A) are included in the tender. In addition to the "X" in Section E space, TSPs will enter an "X" in the space provided if either Table E (Rate Matrix) or Table F (Dromedary Service Rate Matrix) is included in the tender. See paragraph C, 5, "General Information Tender Rate Sections D, E, G Through I" for conflicting rate sections.
1199	3. Section B - General Terms and Conditions
1200 1201 1202 1203 1204	a. Section B contains general terms and conditions which cannot be modified, deleted, or otherwise altered by the TSP. In "Governing Publications," TSP tenders list this publication as the only governing publication. If a TSP lists another governing publication in the tender submission, then the tender is subject to removal as an improper tender.
1205 1206 1207 1208	b. TSP must annotate the appropriate block(s) if the rates or charges in the tender may be used to construct combination rates or proportional rates. If none of the blocks are annotated, the rates and charges will not be used to construct combination rates or proportional rates.
1209	4. Section C - Transportation Service Provider's Offer and Instructions
1210 1211 1212	a. Enter Name, Title, Address, and Telephone Number of the authorized representative. This must be a representatives authorized to answer question and address tender errors if contacted by SDDC.
1213 1214	TENDER RATE SECTIONS D, E & G THROUGH I - These sections are used to quote rates for transportation.

1. General Information - Tender Rate Sections D, E & G Through I:

a. Application of Rate Qualifiers: Rate qualifiers are two character codes that indicated the application of rates in a tender. Figure IV-2 below provides specific instructions each rate qualifiers use and formatting.

Figure IV-2: Application of Rate Qualifiers:

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			Section					
Rate Qualifier	Description	X12 Code	D	E-Table	E-1	G & H	ı	Rate Quotation Left/Right (1)
ВВ	Per Barrel	BR	X (2)(5)					\$/w, or \$/wf, or /wf
DH	Per CWT per Dromedary Shipment	HD	X (2)	B(2) & F(2)				\$/w
DL	Per Dromedary Service Shipment	DR	X	B & F				\$/w
DZ	Per CWT per Mile Per Dromedary Shipment (4)	DS		B(2) & F(2)(3)				w/f
LB	Per Pound	LB				X(9)	X(9)	\$/w
PA	Per Container(10)	PA	х	E				\$/w
PC	Per Rail Car Used	VR	х	E				\$/w
PG	Per Gallon (4)	PG	X(2)	B(8) & E(2)				\$/wf
PH	Per CWT (8)	cw	х	B(2) & E(2)		X(9)		\$/w
PJ	Per Mile Per Vehicle Moved	MV		A & B(2)				\$/w
PL	Per Vehicle Used	VH	X	E				\$/w
PM	Per Mile Per Vehicle (Car) Used (8)	VU		Α	X(6)			\$/w
PQ	Percent of Class Rates	AV		D				Whole %
PV	Per Vehicle Moved	VA	X(2)					\$/w
PY	Per Gallon Per Mile (4)	PY		B(2) & E(2)(3)				w/f
PZ	Per CWT Per Mile (4)(8)	НМ		B & E(8)	X(6)			w/f
ST	Per Short Ton	ST	Х	C(2)				\$/w
PS	Per Shipment	PS	Section I Only		X(9)	\$/w		

- 1. Left of Decimal/Right of Decimal: \$ = dollars; w = whole cents (first two places to left or right of decimal dependent on Rate Qualifier); wf = whole cents (first two places to the right of decimal) & fractions of a cent (next two places to the right of decimal); f = fraction of a cent (to four places to the right of decimal).
- 2. Rates/charges must regress from left to right as minimums (Pounds/Gallons/Quantities) increase.
- 3. Rates must regress as mileage blocks increase.
- 4. See Section E, Territorial Rates, paragraph 7.e.
- 5. In Section D, per barrel rates (BB), may be stated as follows: For example, \$1.50 (\$/w) per barrel is entered as 0001.5000; or \$1.5025 (\$/wf) per barrel is entered as 0001.5025; or 50.25 cents (/wf) per barrel is entered as 0000.5025
- 6. See Section E-1, State to State Rate Matrix, paragraph 8.b to 8.d
- 7. Different rate qualifies may be used in the same tender provided they are used in different sections. A tender, however, with rates in only one section can have only one rate qualifier.
- 8. Rates must be lower or same rates for higher minimum weights and lower mileage groups (blocks) for rate qualifiers PH and PZ, and rates must be lower or same rates for high mileage group (blocks) for rate qualifier PM.
- 9. For lower levels of service, the rates must be the same or decrease in value. Rates must be the same or decrease in value as the weight level increases in pounds.

			Section					
Rate		X12				G&		Rate Quotation
Qualifier	Description	Code	D	E-Table	E-1	Н	Ī	Left/Right (1)
10. When the PA, Per Container option is used the following Container Size options are available:								
P	A1 – Container, 19 FT or Less;							
P	A2 – Container, 20 FT							
P	A3 – Container, 21-30 FT							
P	PA4 – Container, 31-39 FT							
P	PA5 – Container, 40 FT							
P	A6 – Container, Over 40 FT							
NOTE	: In Section E, Table B, the fifth entry to the rig	ght of the	decimal	must be "0"				
	b. To prevent the submission of dupl	_	•	flicting rate	s in th	e sam	e tend	ler,

1220 1221 1222 the following guidelines must be followed when submitting different rate sections 1223 in the same tender: 1224 i. Section D - Interstate Point-to-Point Rates. May be submitted with either 1225 Section E or Section E-1, but not both. 1226 ii. Section D - Intrastate Point-to-Point Rates. May be submitted with Section E (Intrastate Application Only). May not be submitted with Section E-1. 1227 1228 iii. Section E - Interstate Territorial Rates. May be submitted with Section D (Interstate Application Only). May not be used when submitting rates in 1229 1230 Section E-1. iv. Section E – Intrastate Territorial Rates. May be submitted with Section D 1231 1232 (Intrastate). May not be submitted with Section E-1. 1233 v. Section E-1 – State-to-State Rate Matrix. May be submitted with Section D 1234 (Interstate Application Only). May not be used when submitted rates in Section E. 1235 vi. Section G – Point-to-Point Air Rates. May be submitted with Section H 1236 1237 (Territorial Air Rates). 1238 vii. Section H - Territorial Air Rates. May be submitted with Section G (Point to Point Air Rates). 1239 1240 c. Construction of Origins and Destinations: 1241 i. Service to all points in the CONUS shall be indicated by 9C in the first two 1242

- positions of the SPLC field, followed in the location column by the narrative CONUS.
- ii. Service to all points in SPLC regions shall be indicated by using the appropriate alpha-numeric code from the following list, followed in the location column by a narrative description:

Narrative Description Regional Code Grouping

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Region 0	0R	(Canada; NF & PE, NS, NB, QC, ON, MB, SK, AB,
		BC, NT, YT)
Region 1	1R	(ME, VT, MA, RI, CT, NY, NJ, NH)
Region 2	2R	(PA, DE, MD, DC, VA, WV, KY)
Region 3	3R	(MI, WI, OH, IN, IL)
Region 4	4R	(NC, TN, SC, GA, AL, MS, FL)
Region 5	5R	(MN, ND, SD, IA, NE, MO, KS)
Region 6	6R	(AR, OK, LA, TX)
Region 7	7R	(MT, WY, CO, UT, NM, AZ)
Region 8	8R	(ID, WA, OR, NV, CA ([not Alaska or Hawaii])
Region 10	10R	Alaska
Region 11	11R	Hawaii

- **iii.** Service to all points in a state shall be indicated by the two-letter U.S. Postal Service Standard State Abbreviation in the first two positions of the SPLC field, followed in the location column by a narrative description. Do not use the SPLC numeric designation for state application.
- iv. Service to all points within a section of a state shall be indicated by using the appropriate alpha-numeric code from the list below, followed in the location column by a narrative description.

Zone	<u>Code</u>	Zone	<u>Code</u>
New York, East Section	17Z	Kansas, East Section	58Z
New York, West Section	18Z	Kansas, West Section	59Z
Pennsylvania, East Section	20Z	Arkansas, North Section	60Z
Pennsylvania, West Section	21Z	Arkansas, South Section	61Z
Virginia North Section	25Z	Oklahoma, East Section	62Z
Virginia, South Section	26Z	Oklahoma, West Section	63Z
Kentucky, North Section	28Z	Louisiana, East Section	64Z
Kentucky, South Section	29Z	Louisiana, West Section	65Z
Michigan, North Section	30Z	Texas, Northeast Section	66Z
Michigan, South Section	31Z	Texas, Northwest Section	67Z
Wisconsin, North Section	32Z	Texas, Southeast Section	68Z
Wisconsin, South Section	33Z	Texas, Southwest Section	69Z
Ohio, North Section	34Z	Montana, East Section	70Z
Ohio, South Section	35Z	Montana, West Section	71Z

Zone	Code	Zone	Code
Indiana, North Section	36Z	Wyoming, East Section	72Z
Indiana, South Section	37Z	Wyoming, West Section	73Z
Illinois, North Section	38Z	Colorado, East Section	74Z
Illinois, South Section	39Z	Colorado, West Section	75Z
North Carolina, East Section	40Z	Utah	76Z
North Carolina, West Section	41Z	New Mexico, East Section	7 7 Z
Tennessee, East Section	42Z	New Mexico, West Section	78Z
Tennessee, West Section	43Z	Alaska, South Section	80Z
Georgia, North Section	45Z	Alaska, Central Section	81Z
Georgia, South Section	46Z	Alaska, North Section	82Z
Iowa, East Section	53Z	California, North Section	87Z
Iowa, West Section	54Z	California, South Section	88Z
Missouri, North Section	56Z		
Missouri, South Section	57Z		

v. Standard Point Location Code (SPLC): Specific origins and destinations used in a tender shall be obtained from the Continental Directory of Standard Point Location Codes, NMF 102H, or subsequent issue thereof, issued by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc. Region and zone construction is explained above and will take priority over the instructions in the SPLC directory.

1262 1263 1264 1265 1266 1267 1268 1269 1270	(5). Rates require a nine-digit SPLC for each specific origin and destination. An alphabetical arrangement of sub-code locations is published in the SPLC directory. Origins or destinations not found in the sub-code locations shall be found in the motor TSP section of the SPLC directory. Motor TSP codes are assigned a six-digit number and three zeroes shall be added to the end of the six-digit code to establish the required nine-digit SPLC. DOD installations and activities are assigned a specific nine-digit SPLC. Do not use six-digit SPLCs with text description "Military Facility." Rail TSP will use the specific DOD installation nine-digit SPLC when serviced either directly or through an interchange with a
1272 1273 1274 1275	Government railroad. Railhead SPLCs will not be used. (6). Tenders showing the SPLC of a city will apply to all DOD activities within the city limits of the named city. If a TSP elects to serve only one activity, the nine-digit SPLC of the activity must be used.
1276 1277 1278	(a). The alpha or numeric designation of the specific point or geographic area (CONUS, Region, State, or Zone) will take precedence over the narrative description in the location space.
1279	d. Fractions
1280 1281 1282	i. Fractions of a cent resulting from independently established rates, percentages to the baseline class rates and minimum charges, and accessorial charges, shown in this publication, shall be disposed of as follows:
1283	(1). Fractions of less than one-half of one cent shall be omitted.
1284 1285	(2). Fractions equal to or greater than one-half of one cent shall be increased to the next whole cent.
1286 1287 1288	ii. Fractions of a pound resulting from the application of a TSP's independently established rates and accessorial charges shall be rounded to the next higher pound.
1289 1290 1291 1292 1293 1294 1295 1296	e. Deficit weight rating is a method of realizing cost savings by adding weight to a shipment in order to achieve the lower rate from the next higher weight (or unit of measure) bracket. The deficit weight rated cost is compared to the actual weight rated cost and the lower of the two is used to determine freight charges. The DoD will calculate freight charges by comparing the actual weight (or unit of measure) rate calculation to the deficit weight (or unit of measure) rate calculation and will apply the lower of the two. This freight charge calculation method will be applied to shipments using tenders containing the following rate qualifiers:
1297	i. When a TSP creates a tender using:

1298	(1). Section D, deficit costing applies to rate qualifiers:		
1299	(a). BB, DH, PG, PH, ST		
1300	(b).DL, PC, PL, PV; if more than one vehicle is requested		
1301	(2). Section E		
1302	(a). Table B		
1303	(i). DH, DL, DZ, PG, PY, PZ:		
1304	1. No if less than min weight		
1305	2. Yes, if more than min weight		
1306	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket		
1307	(ii). PH and PJ: Yes		
1308	(b). Table C:		
1309	(i). ST		
1310	1. No if less than min weight		
1311	2. Yes, if more than min weight		
1312	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket		
1313	(c). Table D: PQ: Yes		
1314	(d). Table E:		
1315	(i). PC: No		
1316	(ii).PG: (within mileage bracket only)		
1317	1. No if less than min weight (5,000)		
1318	2. Yes, if more than min weight (5,000)		
1319	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket (8,000)		
1320	(iii). PH:		
1321	1. No if less than min weight		
1322	2. Yes, if more than min weight		
1323	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket		
1324	(iv). PL: No		
1325	(v).PY: (within mileage bracket only)		
1326	1. No if less than min weight (5,000)		

1327	2. Yes, if more than min weight (5,000)
1328	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket (8,000)
1329	(vi). PZ:
1330	1. No if less than min weight
1331	2. Yes, if more than min weight
1332	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket
1333	(e). Table F:
1334	(vii). DH:
1335	1. No if less than min weight (2,500)
1336	2. Yes, if more than min weight (2,500)
1337 1338	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket (5,000). If service list includes EXC, cost at the highest weight bracket.
1339	(viii). DL: No
1340	(ix). DZ:
1341	1. No if less than min weight (2,500)
1342	2. Yes, if more than min weight (2,500)
1343 1344	3. No, if more than above highest weight bracket (5,000). If service list includes EXC, cost at the highest weight bracket
1345 1346 1347 1348 1349 1350	f. Deficit weight rating is calculated by replacing the rate within the actual weight (or unit of measure) bracket and the actual weight (or unit of measure), with the rate from the next higher bracket and the lowest weight (or unit of measure) within the range of that next higher bracket. Using a freight charge calculation example applying the Baseline Class-100 rate table (PQ rate qualifier), the deficit weight rate would be calculated as follows:
1351 1352 1353 1354 1355 1356 1357 1358 1359 1360 1361 1362	i. An FAK shipment weighing 2,639 pounds at a distance of 362 miles, would fall into weight bracket (2,000-4,999) and mileage bracket (351-374) resulting in a baseline rate of 1308 cents per hundred pounds (cwt). The deficit rate calculation will use weight bracket (5000-9999) and mileage bracket (351-374) resulting in a deficit rate of 1142 cents per hundred pounds (cwt). The weight used for the deficit weight rating is 5000 pounds (the lowest weight from the next higher weight bracket range). The TSP rates are published in Section E, Table D, of the tender as a percentage of class. For this example we use 47 percent. This indicates that the TSP is offering to move this shipment at a rate which is 47 percent of the applicable baseline rate from the table. Using these shipment parameters, GFM automatically calculates the deficit weight charges as follows:

1363 1364	Actual Weight Rate: 1308 cwt X $.47(\%) = 615$ (614.76 rounded) cents per 100 lbs.
1365 1366	Actual Weight Charge: $615 \times 26.39 (2,639 \text{ lbs/}100) = 16,230 \text{ cents, or } 162.30
1367 1368	Deficit Weight Rate: $1142 \text{ cwt } X$. $47 \text{ (\%)} = 537 \text{ (536.74 rounded)}$ cents per 100 lbs.
1369 1370	Deficit Weight Charge: 537 X 50 (5000 lbs/100) = 26,850 cents, or \$268.50
1371 1372	ii. GFM will compare the deficit weight charge to the actual weight charge and will apply the lower of the two charges.
1373	2. Section D. Point- to- Point Rates
1374 1375	This section is used to quote rates for transportation from, to, or between specific cities or military installations.
1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386	 a. Indicate the two-character code for the rate qualifier to be used in this section. Only one rate qualifier may be used in each section. The weight/volume/quantity fields of this section shall be used to show the minimum weight, volume, or quantity. If the rate qualifier selected is PH or DH, show the minimum weight in pounds. If the rate qualifier selected is PG, show the minimum volume in gallons. If the rate qualifier is ST, PL, PC, DL, PV, or BB show the minimum quantity in number of short tons, number of trailers, number of rail cars, number of dromedary loads, number of vehicles, or number of barrels, respectively. Tank truck TSP can only use rate qualifier PG in this Section. Rail TSP offering TOFC/COFC service may use either rate qualifier PL or PH. Other restrictions that apply to rate qualifiers are: i. PV: For vehicles including tank vehicles on rail flat, bi-level, and tri-level cars
1388 1389	or in motor driveaway or towaway service. (This applies to the number of shipper's vehicles loaded on TSP equipment).
1390	ii. BB: For pipeline and water TSP only.
1391	iii. PG: For TSP of bulk liquid commodities, other than pipeline or water TSP.
1392	iv. PA: For Rail TSP only.
1393 1394 1395 1396 1397	b. Less-than-truckload (LTL) shipments may be included in this section and are restricted to rate qualifier PH. Dromedary service TSP for LTL shipments will use rate qualifiers DH and DL. TSP have the option of submitting LTL rates in Section D, or in Table B or Table D (percent of class rates) of Section E (Territorial Rates).
1398 1399 1400	c. The fields listed as Columns A, B, C, and D in minimum weight volume or quantity will match the columns indicated in Rates in Section D. Examples of how to use this section are as follows:

1401	i. Minimum we	eight, volume, or	quantity:		
	Rate Qualifier	Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
	PH	000500	001000	002000	005000
	ST	000001	000005	000010	000020
	PL, PC, DL	000001	000002	000003	000004
	PG	002500	003500	005000	007000
	PV	000001	000002	000003	000004
	BB	000001	100000	500000	999999
	DH (AD)	002500	005000	XXXXXX	XXXXXX
	DH (A10)	007500	010000	XXXXXX	XXXXXX
1402					
1403	ii. Rates:				
	Rate Qualifier	Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
	PH	0030.0000	0025.0000	0020.0000	0015.0000
	ST	0040.0000	0036.0000	0035.0000	0030.0000
	PL, PC, DL	3000.0000	2900.0000	2800.0000	2700.0000
	PG	0000.0525	0000.0498	0000.0400	0000.0325
	PV	0900.0000	0800.0000	0700.0000	0600.0000
	BB	0000.7500	0000.5000	0000.4000	0000.2500
	DH (AD)	0019.2500	0018.2500	xxxxxx	XXXXXX
	DH (A10)	0022.0000	0021.0000	xxxxxx	xxxxxx
1404					
1405	d. All minimum we	eights, volumes a	and quantities shal	l be listed in ascen	ding order
1406			y minimum amou		
1407			lumes and quantiti		
1408	specified in Sec			21	1 1
1409	e. TSP may use all	eight columns an	nd add pages as ne	eded. For example	e, page 1 of
1410	Section D migh	nt show the minir	num weights as fo	llows: Column A:	000500;
1411	Column B: 002	500; Column C:	005000; Column 1	D: 010000 Colum	n E: 012500;
1412	Column F: 015	000; Column G:	020000; Column 1	H: 025000. Minim	ums of less
1413	than 20,000 por	unds shall be con	nsidered LTL and 1	minimums of 20,0	00 pounds and
1414	greater shall be	considered TL.			
1415	f. Dromedary Serv				
1416			our types of drom		recognized
1417	(see Section B,	II, Item 25, pg. 9	99 for definitions):		
1418	-		al restraining devi		•
1419			l restraining device		
1420			on a per hundredy		
1421			r DH), alternating		
1422	_	_	2,500 and 5,000 n		
1423			05000 in Column		ımns A and B

1424

must be completed with the applicable rate for each minimum. If offering this

1425 1426 1427 1428	service on a per dromedary basis (Rate Qualifier DL), show minimum quantity of dromedaries. Column A must be 000001. No minimum weights may be entered. In Column A, the flat charge per dromedary service shipment shall be listed.				
1429 1430 1431 1432 1433	 ii. 410 dromedary without mechanical restraining device equipment code A10, and 410 dromedary with mechanical restraining devices equipment code A16 shall be offered in the same manner explained in the paragraph above. Minimum weights shall be 7,500 and 10,000 pounds in lieu of the 2,500 and 5,000 pounds for regular dromedaries. 				
1434	iii. Tender Use				
1435	(1).Rate Qualifiers:				
1436	(a). DH (Per Hundredweight Per Dromedary Service Shipment)				
1437	(b).DL (Per Dromedary Service Shipment)				
1438	(c). DZ (Per Hundredweight Per Mile Per Dromedary Service Shipment)				
1439 1440 1441	iv. Tender Sections Authorized for Use - The chart which follows provides the information necessary for use of the Dromedary Service Equipment Types in preparation of a Standard Tender:				
1442	(2). Section D (Column A and B)				
	Section A TypeAlternate EquipmentMinimums EquipmentMinimum Regression **Mileage Regression **Equipment Section A *Section A *				
	Rate Qualifier DH				
	AD AD or AD6 2,500 & 5,000 Yes N/A				
	AD6 AD or AD6 2,500 & 5,000 Yes N/A				
	A10 A10 or 7,500 & Yes N/A A16 10,000				
	ATO TU UUU				

A10 or

AD or AD6

AD or AD6

A10 or

A10 or

A16

A16

A16

A16

AD

AD6

A10

A16

1443

1444

1445

1446 1447 *Equipment listed may be shown on the same tender as long as rates and provisions are the same for either type of equipment. No other type equipment may be included in tender.

Rate Qualifier DL

7,500 &

10,000

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

^{**} Rate must be lower, not same or higher, as minimum/mileage increases.

1448 1449 1450	*** Minimum quantities in number of dromedary service shipments, e.g., one dromedary service shipment would be stated as 000001, two as 000002, etc.
1451 1452	(3). Section E, Table B or F (See also Section E, Territorial Rates for further instructions.)
1453 1454	(a). Rate Qualifier DH - same as DH above except mileage regression applies in Table F.
1455 1456	(b). Rate Qualifier DL - same as DL above except only 00001 (one Dromedary) may be used. Enter in first column of Table F.
1457	(c). Rate Qualifier DZ - same as DH for these Tables
1458	g. Table of Rates
1459 1460 1461 1462 1463	i. All rates are to be regressive. A TSP may not offer the same rate or a higher rate for a higher minimum weight, volume, or quantity. List rates or charges in spaces provided for each pair of points for each service. TSPs choosing to offer either same or varying rates or charges from origin up to three destinations will enter applicable rate or charge in the appropriate column(s).
1464 1465 1466 1467 1468 1469 1470	ii. If service is offered from same origin to more than three destinations, origin SPLC must be entered in each origin field provided in Section D. In other words, a single page Section D submission can accommodate rates from one origin to 15 destinations. The origin SPLC must be reentered in the second, third, fourth, and fifth origin SPLC fields. If this structure is used, TSP choosing to offer either the same or varying rates or charges from the origin to all of the up to 15 destinations will enter that applicable rate under the appropriate column(s) on the same line as each of the up to 15 destinations.
1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477 1478 1479 1480 1481 1482 1483	iii. In appropriate columns, list rates or charges for the service offered as described in paragraph c of this Section. Only "Per Gallon" and "Per Barrel" rates may be quoted in fractions of a cent. Rates quoted in fractions of a cent using any other rate qualifier shall be rejected. In the columns provided, rail TSP may offer incentive rates when using qualifier PH (per hundredweight) or PG (per gallon). Incentive rates will apply to freight loaded in the same rail car and shall be applicable to any weights/gallons which are greater than the highest minimum weight/gallon per rail car shown in paragraph c, Columns A, B, C, or D. Rates must be lower than the per hundredweight or per gallon rate applicable to the highest minimum weight/gallon per car shown in paragraph c, and serves as an incentive for loading heavier weights/gallons on rail cars. Procedures for completing incentive rates are the same as described in the first two paragraphs of this item.
1485 1486 1487 1488	h. Rail TSP has the option of entering route numbers in rail route column that corresponds to route numbers listed in Appendix A. Rail TSP must ensure that rates or charges for given origin/destination combinations are the same, regardless of route traveled, for the same weight.

1489	3. Section E. Territorial Rates
1490 1491	This section provides instructions on rates from, to, or between geographic areas, or between geographic areas and specific points.
1492	a. Origins and Destinations.
1493 1494 1495 1496	i. Section E is used for quoting rates to/from/between geographic locations expressed in any of the four methods, CONUS, Regions, State, or Zone. Although specific SPLCs may be used either for origins or destinations, Section E is not applicable to point-to-point SPLCs.
1497 1498 1499	ii. Use of a code, which indicates a geographic area rather than a specific point, implies service to all points in that area. TSP wishing to exclude certain locations will list the SPLC in the "Exceptions SPLC" field.
1500 1501 1502	iii. Rail TSP also have the option of entering route numbers in the rail route column that correspond with the rail route numbers listed in Appendix A. This field is provided for the convenience of rail TSP.
1503 1504 1505	iv. When rail TSP offer territorial rates, which includes given point pairs, rail TSP must ensure that rates or charges are the same, regardless of the route traveled, for the same weight.
1506 1507	b. If the service to be offered is to apply in both directions, annotate the "Between Flag" field.
1508 1509 1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516	c. TSP may exclude up to a maximum of 16 specific points from the territorial application of Section E in each tender. Exclusions will only be shown on the first page of Section E and will apply to the entire Section. Only points published in the SPLC Directory may be excluded. When a city SPLC is used, the exclusion applies to all DOD installations having the same first six digits followed by a three-digit installation designator. In the spaces provided, the excluded nine-digit SPLC and accompanying narrative locations must be shown. TSP must indicate whether the points are excluded as origins and/or destinations by annotating Origin and/or Destination fields.
1517 1518 1519 1520 1521	d. If multiple pages are required to express the territorial application in a tender, each individual page of origins and destinations will stand alone for rate application. If, for example, there are six pages (E-1 through E-6) of territorial applications, rates will not apply from origins on page E-1 to and/or between destinations on any of the other five pages.
1522 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527 1528	e. Rate Qualifier - See Figure IV-3, Application of Rate Qualifiers above. Only one Rate Qualifier may be used in Section E of each tender. Limitations exist on certain rate qualifiers. PG or PY are required for bulk liquid commodities, other than pipeline or water TSP. PQ applies to both less-than-truckload and truckload shipments. PJ rates apply only to vehicles on rail flat, bi-level, or tri-level cars, or in driveaway or towaway service. DL, DH and DZ are subject to the specific instructions shown for Tables B and F, below.

1529 1530 1531	i. When rate qualifiers DZ, PZ, or PY are used, the rate shall be expressed by up to four numbers to the right of the decimal point, in fractions of a cent. Only in rare instances would rates be equal to or greater than one whole cent.
1532 1533 1534 1535 1536 1537 1538 1539 1540	ii. Computation of per hundredweight per mile charges shall be performed in the following manner. For example, assume a TSP offers a rate of 00.2650 cents per hundredweight per mile on 43,231 pounds at a distance of 500 miles. GFM will first convert this charge to a fraction of one dollar, or .00265 per hundredweight per mile. Then the computation shall be 43,231 pounds/100 = 432.31 cwt. units; 432.31 cwt. units x .00265 = \$1.1456215 per mile; \$1.1456215 per mile x 500 miles = \$572.81 charge. All per hundredweight per mile, and per hundredweight per mile per dromedary service shipment charges shall be computed in the same manner.
1541 1542 1543 1544 1545 1546 1547	iii. Computations of per gallon per mile shall be performed in the following manner. For example, a "PY" rate (per gallon per mile) of .0365 cents per gallon per mile, stated in Table B as 0.0365, or in Table E as 0.0365, would be converted by GFM to .000365. Therefore, the charge on a shipment of 5,000 gallons moving 200 miles is computed as: .000365 x 5,000 gallons = \$1.8250 per mile x 200 miles = \$365.00. (Rounding to the nearest whole cent will not occur until total line-haul cost is computed.)
1548 1549 1550	(1). When rate qualifier PG is used, TSP must express their rates as follows: If rate is 5.25 cents per gallon, TSP would enter 0.0525 in Table B. In Table E, the entry would be 0.0525.
1551 1552 1553 1554 1555 1556 1557 1558 1559 1560	f. Rate Tables - Only one of the Rate Qualifiers authorized for each Table in Section E may be used to quote rates for that Table in an individual tender. In addition, only one type Table (A through F) may be used in an individual tender. Any number of Tables A through D may be included, e.g., three Table B but not one Table B and one Table C. Only one Table E or Table F may be used. In all Tables all rates must regress, i.e., must not be the same or higher, from left to right as minimum pounds/gallons/quantities increase. If using Table E, Rate Qualifier PY or PZ, or Table F, Rate Qualifier DZ, rates must also regress as mileage blocks increase. Rate Qualifier PY or PZ, or Table F, Rate Qualifier DZ, rates must also regress mileage blocks increase.
1561	i. TABLE A
1562 1563	(1). Use Table A to publish a single rate and minimum charge (if desired) to apply for Rate Qualifier PM or Rate Qualifier PJ.
1564	ii. TABLE B
1565 1566 1567 1568 1569 1570	(1). Use this table to quote rates for Rate Qualifiers PJ, PH, PG, PZ, PY, DL, DH, or DZ. Four minimum quantities (expressed in pounds, gallons, or vehicles) may be used. Minimums for shipments weighing less than 10,000 pounds may be included, provided PH or PZ are used. If using PJ, four minimum numbers of vehicles may also be shown. Tank truck TSP may also use this table, but are restricted to the use of PG or PY. Only

rates for PZ, DZ, PY, and PG can be expressed in fractions of a cent. The minimum quantity for DL shall be "1" shipment.
(2). Charges for DL are the only charges that can use all four positions to the left of the decimal point in the rate spaces. Offering dromedary rates and service under this Table (i.e., Regular and 410 Dromedary Service) using DH or DL shall be as prescribed in Section D of these instructions. Offering dromedary service using DZ shall be as prescribed for PZ, except that only two minimums may be used for DZ. A minimum charge may only be submitted for PZ, DZ, PY, or PJ.
(3). Minimum charge applicable to PJ rates under this Table will apply per vehicle used rather than per vehicle moved. If two vehicles are moving on a flat bed, the minimum charge is applicable to that flatbed (per vehicle used), not to each of the two vehicles moved on the flat bed.
(4). Rail TSP may offer incentive rates when using PH, PZ, PY, or PG. Incentive rates will apply to freight loaded in the same rail car and shall be applicable to any weight/gallons, which are greater than the highest minimum weight/gallon shown in the table. Rates must be lower than the per gallon rate, per hundredweight rate, per hundredweight per mile, or per gallon per mile rate applicable to the highest minimum weight/gallon shown and thus serve as an incentive for loading heavier weights on rail cars.
(5). Procedures for computing PZ, PY, and DZ charges are explained in paragraph e of this section and these instructions must be followed in order for the charges based on rates in this table to be accurate.
(6). Up to eight minimum quantities are allowed in Table B. If this procedure is followed and minimums of less than 20,000 pounds and 20,000 pounds and greater are used, the minimums of 20,000 pounds and greater shall be considered truckload minimums. One minimum charge will apply to all minimum quantities if this procedure is used, and may only be used for PY, PJ, PZ, and DZ.
(7). Heavy haulers may restrict a minimum weight to one specific type of equipment by submitting a tender with only that equipment code listed Section A, Equipment field.
ii. TABLE C
(1). This table is used to quote rates for a minimum number or quantity of short tons (2,000 pounds), Rate Qualifier ST. Three minimums may be expressed.
iii. TABLE D

1609 (1). This table quotes rates as a percentage of the SDDC baseline Class 100 rates and minimum charges. Rate Qualifier "PQ" applies. Pricing under 1610 this table is for shipments in all weight categories. In the minimum charge 1611 1612 block, TSP must enter an across-the-board percentage, which is above, below, or equal to the minimum charges specified Class 100 Rates in this 1613 section. TSP also have the option of entering in the block provided a 1614 1615 percentage which is above/below/equal to the baseline Class 100 rates for 1616 either FAK or Specific NMFC or DOD Unique Commodities. Be sure to show the applicable commodity codes in Section A, Commodity Code 1617 1618 field. Keep in mind that the words "Less Than Truckload" have no application in Table D of Section E. 1619 iv. TABLE E 1620 (1). This table is used to quote rates for PC, PL, PH, PZ, PG, or PY in a matrix 1621 format. When minimums are expressed in pounds, PH and PZ shall be 1622 used. When minimums are expressed in gallons, PG and PY shall be used. 1623 Tank truck TSP may use this Table, but are restricted to the use of PG or 1624 1625 PY. PC and PL do not require minimums. Mileages are indicated in four columns next to weight fields that require completion. 1626 (2). Fields in Table E allows rail and motor TSP to offer flat charges 1627 regardless of the weight of shipment. No other rate qualifier can be used in 1628 1629 conjunction with this Table. Each rate qualifier has its own designated rate table format. Rail TSP when offering TOFC/COFC service, have the 1630 option of using motor rate qualifiers PH, PZ or PL. Tank truck TSP 1631 offering equipment code AT2 (Tank over 8,000 gallons) will use the 8,000 1632 1633 gallon column. 1634 (3). Procedures for computing charges for Rate Qualifiers PZ and PY are explained above in paragraph e of this section and must be followed in 1635 1636 order for charges to be accurate. 1637 (4). Rate Qualifier PH rates shall be expressed in whole dollars and cents. For example, if a TSP offers a rate of 01.5000 (\$1.50) per hundredweight on 1638 1639 43,231 pounds at a distance of 500 miles (distant bracket 451-500), the computation shall be: 43,231 pounds/100 = 432.31 cwt units, 432.31 cwt 1640 1641 units x 1.50 = \$648.47 charge. 1642 (5). Minimum weight, gallon or mileage columns will not be altered. TSP are free to provide rates for any or all minimums, limited only by their ability 1643 to perform. TSP must ensure rates are provided in every field, from the 1644 lowest to the highest mileage bracket, covered in tender's territorial 1645 1646 application. For example, if service is offered from VA to MD, the mileage bracket reflecting the maximum possible distance between points 1647 in these two states must be completed. Rates must be included for the 1648 same minimum columns on each mileage line used. Per hundredweight 1649 1650 rates cannot be stated in fractions of cents.

1651 1652 1653 1654 1655	(6). Rail TSP may offer incentive rates when using Rate Qualifiers PH, PZ, PY or PG. Incentive rates will apply to freight loaded in the same rail car and shall be applicable to any weight/gallon greater than the highest minimum weight/gallon shown in the Table. Rates must be lower than rate applicable to highest minimum weight/gallon shown.
1656	v. TABLE F
1657 1658 1659 1660 1661 1662 1663 1664 1665 1666	(1). This table will only be used for dromedary service expressed on a territorial basis. Offering dromedary service, rates, and minimum weights (i.e., Regular and 410 Dromedary Service) shall be as indicated in Section D. No change to mileage is permitted. Procedures for computing charges for Rate Qualifier DZ is explained in paragraph e in this Section must be followed. TSP must ensure rates or charges are provided in every field, from lowest to highest mileage bracket, to the extent of the tender's territorial application. For example, if service is offered under this Table from PA to MD, mileage reflecting the maximum possible distance between points in these two states must be completed. Rates must be included for same minimum columns on each mileage line used.
1668	4. Section E-1 State To State Rate Matrix (Interstate only)
1669 1670 1671	a. This section contains a matrix for expressing rates, from and to states and/or state zones. Rates will only apply from Origins listed in the "FROM" portion across the top, to destinations listed in the "TO" portion along the left hand side.
1672 1673 1674 1675	b. Only rates for PM and PZ may be used in Section E-1. Indicate in the space provided whether PM or PZ is being used. Only rates for PZ may be expressed as a fraction of a cent. The procedure for computing PZ charges is explained in the previous section in paragraph e of these instructions and must be followed.
1676 1677	c. Minimum charge may be indicated in field provided. Only one minimum charge per tender shall be allowed.
1678 1679 1680	d. Rate Qualifier PZ requires a minimum weight. Indicate applicable minimum weight in field provided. Only one minimum weight per tender shall be allowed. Do not include a minimum weight if PM is used.
1681	e. The Matrix
1682 1683 1684 1685 1686 1687 1688	i. List origins in the top row of the matrix designated "FROM." List destinations in the left-hand column designated "TO." List only one origin in each "FROM" field and only one destination in each "TO" field. TSP have the option of using states or zones. TSP cannot quote rates for an entire state and individual zones within the state in the same matrix. To identify states, use appropriate two-letter USPS Standard State Abbreviation. To identify zones, use only appropriate alpha-numeric code.
1689 1690	ii. List rates from or to points by entering rate in block where the column headed by the applicable "From" point and the row headed by applicable "TO" point

intersect.

1692 1693 1694 1695 1696 1697 1698	f. Format allows up to sixteen exception SPLCs from Section E-1. Only points that are assigned SPLCs may be excluded. When a city SPLC is used, exception applies to all DOD installations having the same first six digits followed by a three-digit installation designator. To exclude a point, enter nine-digit DOD Installation SPLC or nine-digit city SPLC and narrative description of the point in "SPLC" and "LOCATION" fields. Annotate whether exception is origin, destination or both.
1699	5. Section G Point to Point Domestic Air Rates
1700	This section applies to domestic voluntary and negotiated air tenders.
1701 1702 1703	a. Shipments in Section G and Section H apply to over 150 pounds for shipments within the CONUS and over 300 pounds for shipments involving Alaska and Hawaii.
1704 1705 1706 1707	b. This section is used to quote rates for air transportation from, to, or between specific cities, military installations or airport to airport. Rates from, to, or between geographic areas, or between geographic areas and specific points shall be quoted in Section H.
1708 1709 1710 1711	c. Indicate the level of service, which is applicable for this tender by placing one, two, three, four, or all five of the levels. Definitions of the levels; Priority Service (SG), Overnight Service (D1), Second Day Service (D2), Deferred Service (D3), and Extended Service (AE) shall be found in Appendix E.
1712 1713	d. Indicate type of service applicable for this tender by annotating the appropriate block for AA- Airport To Airport or DD- Door To Door.
1714 1715 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723	e. Origins and Destinations. Since this section only applies from, to or between specific points or airports, enter nine digit SPLC in the "Origin SPLC" column for origin installation or airport. Enter the nine digit SPLC of the destination in the "Destination SPLC" column and if the service applies in either direction, annotate the "Between Flag" field. If service is offered from same origin to more than three destinations at the same level of rates, the origin SPLC must be entered in each origin field provided in Section G. In other words, a single page Section G submission can accommodate rates from one origin SPLC field or more than one original SPLC to as many as 15 destinations as long as the rates are the same from and to all points.
1724 1725 1726 1727 1728 1729 1730 1731	f. Table of Point to Point Rates. All rates in this table shall be shown in dollars and cents and apply per hundredweight starting at a weight of 151 pounds. Any shipment less than 151 pounds must move under the NGDS small package contract provisions of Section I of the applicable tender. Place the rate in dollars and cents per 100 pounds for each weight break underneath the applicable level of service. Rates must regress from the highest to the lowest level of service and from the lowest to the highest weight break. Each level of service indicated on the previous page must contain at least one rate.

6. Section H Territorial Air Rates

1733	This section applies to domestic voluntary and negotiated air tenders.
1734	a. Shipments in Section G and Section H apply to weights in excess of 150 pounds.
1735 1736 1737 1738	b. This section is used for quoting rates from, to, or between broad geographic locations. Although specific SPLCs may be used for either origins or destinations rates quoted in this Section will not be used for shipments from a specific SPLC origin to a specific SPLC destination.
1739 1740 1741	c. Indicate the level of service, which is applicable for this tender by annotating one, two, three, four, or all five of the levels. Definitions of the levels SG, D1, D2, D3 and AE shall be found in Appendix E.
1742	d. Type of service for this section is always Door To Door (DD).
1743	e. Origins and Destinations.
1744 1745 1746 1747 1748	i. Section H is used for quoting rates to/from/between geographic locations expressed in any of the five methods, CONUS, USA, Regions (excluding Region 0), State, or Zone. Although specific SPLCs may be used either for origins or destinations, Section H is not applicable to point-to-point SPLCs. See Section H Territorial Air Rates Matrix (A) for further explanation.
1749 1750 1751	ii. The alpha or numeric designation of the specific point or geographic area (CONUS, Region, State, or Zone) will take precedence over the narrative description in the location space.
1752 1753	f. If service to be offered applies in both directions, annotate the "Between Flag" field.
1754 1755 1756 1757 1758 1759	g. TSP may exclude up to a maximum of six specific points from the territorial application of Section H in each tender. Only points assigned a SPLC in the SPLC Directory may be excluded. When a city SPLC is used, exclusion applies to all DOD Installations having the same first six digits followed by a three-digit installation designator. TSP must indicate whether the points are excluded as origins and/or destinations annotating the origin or destination field.
1760 1761 1762 1763	i. When more than one page of Section H, Territorial Locations, is included in a tender, TSP are still limited to a maximum of six origin and/or destination SPLC exclusions in each tender. Exclusions will only be shown on the first page of Section H and will apply to the entire Section.
1764 1765 1766 1767 1768	ii. If multiple pages are required to express territorial application in a tender, each individual page of origins and destinations will stand alone for rate application. If, for example, there are six pages (H-1 through H-6) of territorial applications, rates will not apply from origins on page H-1 to and/or between destinations on any of the other five pages.
1769	h. Section H Territorial Domestic Air Rates Matrix
1770 1771	i. This matrix contains the regions and zones, which must be used when showing rates in section H of a tender. These regions are hard wired into the GFM

1772 1773 1774 1775	NMF 102 SPLC,	with elimination of Alaska a	are the same as shown in the nd Hawaii from region 8. This gions and the zones remaining
1776 1777 1778 1779	each state. First de region 9C (CONU	etermine the regions for all o	nclude all SPLC codes within origins; installation, city, state, lus the District of Columbia), ons for all destinations.
1780 1781	<u> </u>	egions with the destinations es, which will apply on the t	regions on the zone matrix to ender.
1782	iv. Examples:		
1783	(1). Origins		
2700	SPLC	Location	Region to select from matrix
	12712000 PA 3R 5R	Portsmouth, NH Pennsylvania MI, WI, OH, IN, IL MN, ND, SD, IA, NE, MO, KS	page Region - 1 Region - 2 Region - 3 Region - 5
1784		MO, KS	
1785	(2). Destinations		
1703			D 1
	SPLC	Location	Region to select from matrix page
	GA	Georgia	Region - 4
	7R	MT, WY, CO, UT, NM,	Region - 7
	/K	AZ	Region - /
	8R	ID, WA, OR, NV, CA	Region – 8
	10R	Alaska	Region - 10
	11R	Hawaii	Region - 11
1786			
	<u>Origin</u> region	Destination region	Correct zone
	Region 1	Region 4	-c-
	Region 1	Region 7	-d-
	Region 1	Region 8	-u- -e-
	Region 2	Region 4	-b-
	Region 2	Region 7	-d-
	Region 2	Region 8	-e-
	Region 3	Region 4	-c- -b-
	Region 3	Region 7	-d-
	Region 3	Region 8	-u- -e-
	_	_	
	Region 5	Region 4	-c-

	<u>Origin</u> region	Destination region	Correct zone
1787	Region 5 Region 5 Region 5 Region 5 Region 8 Region 11	Region 7 Region 8 Region 10 Region 11 Region 8	-b- -c- -g- -l- -m-
1788 1789		is 9C and the destination is therefore, all zones A thro	s 9C, this would include all regions ugh E would be used.
1790 1791 1792 1793	` /	and 11, therefore all zones	s US, this would include all A through M would be used.
1794 1795 1796 1797 1798 1799 1800	i. This item contains Territorial Air Ra was selected in S Table H-4, D3; a weight breaks sta 10 and 11. All in	four rate tables to be used ates. There is a separate tablection H; Table H-1, SG; and Table H-5, AED6DF. Apart at 151 pounds for region	for quoting rates in section H le for each level of service, which Table H-2, D1; Table H-3, D2; ll domestic rates are PH and is 1-8, and 301 pounds for regions d weight breaks start at 301 lee Section I.
1801 1802 1803 1804 1805 1806	applicable zones desired rate in ea be at least one ra	the table for the proper zone te for each level of service n of origin, destination zone	own in Section H, select Air Rates Matrix, then insert the es and weight breaks. There must requested, and at least one rate for e, which has been selected by use
1807	7. Section I – International A	Air Rates	
1808 1809	Shipments weighing 150 pound Generation Delivery Service (N		ordance with the Next
1810 1811 1812	which have a moven		highing from 1 to 150 pounds all points in the Continental o-Door (DD) basis.
1813 1814	,	omitted for CONUS to CON a specific point of origin or	NUS movement. This section destination.
1815	c. The rates in this section	on are published in dollars	and cents per shipment.
1816 1817	ACCESSORIAL RATES SECTION security and accessorial services.	ON F – This section descri	bes quotation of charges for
1818	1. General Information - Securit	ty and Accessorial Services	Section F

1819 1820 1821 1822 1823 1824 1825 1826 1827	a. Quotation of charges for security and accessorial services shall be expressed as a flat charge, a per mile charge, a per hundredweight charge, a per hour charge, or a per barrel charge, as described in this publication. Each service is defined in this publication and provides an American National Standards Institute (ANSI) code to be used in this section of the tender. Pipeline TSP will use Section F-3. To simplify the submission of these services, the optional standard alpha/numeric codes taken from this publication shall be entered in disciplined "Service" fields in Section F. Any service provided must be in accordance with the definition contained in the rules publication.
1828	b. Section F is divided into three items.
1829	i. F-1 deals exclusively with Protective Security Services.
1830	ii. F-2 deals with Accessorial Services.
1831	iii. F-3 for pipeline Accessorial Services.
1832 1833 1834	c. When completing Section F, a TSP must list in alphabetical order services and charges separately on indicated pages and in no instance will F-1, F-2 or F-3 be combined on the same page.
1835 1836 1837	d. When quoting security and/or accessorial service charges, a TSP must publish charges for mileage and/or weight listed in the rule, which are necessary to cover the territorial application of line-haul rates governed by the rule.
1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843	e. TSPs have the option to furnish services described in an individual accessorial service rule without charge. Rail TSP have the option to furnish protective security services without charge (See Section C, IV in this publication). To implement this action, enter in Section F the ANSI code for that service in "SERVICE" field and fill all fields to immediate right under "CHARGE" and "MINIMUM/MAXIMUM CHARGE" columns with zeroes.
1844 1845	EXAMPLE: Stop-off in Transit (SOC) SERVICE CHARGE MINIMUM/MAXIMUM CHARGE SOC 0000.00 0000.00
1846 1847 1848 1849	f. Some services require entry of minimum weights in the accessorial service section of the tender format. Minimum weights shall be listed under the "MINIMUM/MAXIMUM CHARGE" field with leading zeroes and decimal disregarded.
1850 1851 1852 1853 1854	g. Certain rules (e.g., Redelivery, Item 63) have a maximum charge in addition to minimum charges. When assessing maximum charges, maximum charge code shall be entered under the "SERVICE" field followed by the maximum charge under the "MINIMUM CHARGE/WT" field in the same manner described for minimum charges in the paragraph above.

1855 1856 1857	h. TSP should offer only security and/or accessorial services they are authorized and able to provide. TSP intending to offer transportation protective services are directed to Section A, part II, paragraph B of this publication.
1858 1859	Note: Broker, Freight forwarders, and logistics companies, refer to Part II, Paragraph B.5 for prohibitions on providing TPS.
1860 1861	NON STANDARD RATES SECTION J - This section is reserved for HQ SDDC 500,000 series negotiated solicitation tender use only.
1862	1. General Information - Non Standard Rates Section J
1863 1864	a. For questions or inquiries contact HQ SDDC Special Requirements Branch at 618-220-4513 or send email to <u>usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.negotiations-team@army.mil</u> .
1865	APPENDIX A AND B
1866 1867	1. APPENDIX A RAIL ROUTES - This appendix is used to list rail routes for joint-line applications.
1868	a. General Information - Appendix A Rail Routes
1869	i. Rail TSPs will ensure rail routes are shown on BL.
1870 1871	ii. Submission of this appendix is optional. If used, a TSP shall list for each route only those TSPs who have agreed to participate in service at rates offered.
1872 1873	iii. Route numbers assigned in this appendix should correspond to origins/destinations shown in Section D and/or Section E.
1874 1875 1876	2. APPENDIX B - This appendix is used when the tender requires more telephone numbers, tender cancellations and/or commodities than the fields in Section A allow for the items.
1877 1878	a. General Information - Appendix B (Telephone Numbers, Tender Cancellations and Commodities)
1879 1880 1881	i. Please consult the application item for application and requirements. The complete definition and use of the appendix may be found in the publication on:
1882	(1). Telephone numbers reference paragraph 2.b of this section.
1883	(2). Tender Cancellations reference paragraph 2.f of this section.
1884	(3). Commodities reference paragraph 2.n.ii of this section.
1885	CLASS 100 RATES
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	The rates and charges shown in this section are established at a Class 100 baseline level. This is not to be construed, in any way, as the setting of rates or charges by SDDC. TSP must independently establish their own levels of rates and charges on less than 20,000 pounds and 20,000 pounds or greater shipments of FAK or specific class-rates commodities by utilizing the percentage of class provisions in the DOD tender.

1. This section is designed to be used only in conjunction with Item 1, Section D-1 (Intrastate Point to Point Rates) or Table D, Section E, of the tender, which enables TSP to show their actual rates and charges for FAK and specific class-rated commodities as percentages of the baseline Class 100 rates and minimum charges. For example, to use Table D, Section E of the tender, TSPs must ensure their tenders are completed in the following manner:

Section	<u>Item</u>	<u>Instructions</u>
A	14	Check the appropriate "Classification used" field. (If the tender applies only to commodities covered by the DOD-unique codes and descriptions shown in Appendix B of this publication, check the appropriate field). Then indicate, either by classification number or description, the articles that rates shown in Table D of Section E will apply.
	15	If the rates offered in Table D is based on a released value, read Part IV, Section A, Paragraph 14-Released Value in this section, before completing this item.
	16	Place an X in the "Section E" field.
В		TSP must enter this publication as the governing publication.
Е	1	Enter the territorial SPLC codes and locations from which the rates and charges in Table D will apply.
	2	Enter the territorial SPLC codes and locations to which the rates in Table D will apply.
	3	If the rates in Table D is applied between the territorial locations specified in Items 1 and 2, an "X" must be entered in this field.
	5	Select Rate Qualifier "PQ". Tables A, B, and C may not be used to show percent of class rates-but alternatively, TSP may select a different Rate Qualifier ("PH" or "PZ") and use Table B to express a rate not related to percent of class rates.
	6	Table D. All TSP utilizing this table must enter in the "Minimum Charges" field a percentage above, below, or equal to the baseline minimum charges shown in Paragraph 7 of this publication, which they wish to be applied to the movements covered by the tender. If a TSP is offering rates to apply on movements of FAK (as defined in ITEMS 39, 41, 43, or 45 of Section B, Motor TSP Rules, in this publication), the percentage above, below, or equal to the level of Class 100 baseline rates shown in Paragraph 7 must be entered in the "Freight All Kinds" (FAK) field.
		Table D. If a TSP is offering rates on specific commodities, the percentage above, below, or equal to the level of Class 100 baseline rates shown in Paragraph 7 must be shown in the "Specific NMFC or DOD Unique Commodities" field. A TSP may offer rates on FAK and specific commodities in the same tender, provided that the codes and descriptions for both FAK and the specific commodities covered are listed in Item 14, Section A of the tender.

Section	<u>Item</u>	<u>Instructions</u>
F	1-2	TSP using Table D of Section E must enter in the three-character field, the two-character alpha codes and sub-items charge number of the security and accessorial services which they wish to provide, together with their individually established charge for each accessorial and security service offered.

2. Examples.

a. FAK. If a TSP wishes to file percent of class rates applying on all FAK shipments subject to a released value of \$1.75 per pound per article from, to, and between all points in the CONUS, the tender fields would be completed as follows:

points in the corves, the tender fields would be completed as follows.		
<u>Section</u>	<u>Item</u>	Instructions
A	14	Since FAK is covered by the DOD Unique codes and descriptions shown in the motor section of this publication, the "DOD Unique" field would be checked. Enter "999912" under "Number" column and "Freight All Kinds" or "FAK" under the "Description" column, and include the released value as part of the commodity description.
	15	Do not make any entry in the RELEASED VALUE box or in the four-position field.
	16	Place an "X" in the "Section E" field.
В		Enter "MFTURP-1" as the governing publication in the fields provided.
Е	1	Enter "9C' in the first two positions of the first field of the SPLC column. Enter "CONUS" or Continental U.S." in the first field of the "LOCATION" column.
	2	Enter "9C" in the first two positions of the first field of the SPLC column. Enter "CONUS" or "Continental U.S." in the first field of the "LOCATION" column.
	3	Enter an "X" in the BETWEEN field.
	5	Enter "PQ" (for percent of class) in the RATE QUALIFIER field.
	6	Table D. "Minimum Charges" field: Fill in the field with the appropriate percentage of the baseline minimum charges shown in this section. For example, if the TSP wishes to access the same minimum charges shown in this publication, this field would be completed as follows:
		Minimum Charges: 1 0 0 Percent
		If the TSP wished to charge only 80 percent of the baseline minimum charges shown in this publication, this field would be completed as follows:
		Minimum Charges: <u>0</u> <u>8</u> <u>0</u> Percent

Section	<u>Item</u>	<u>Instructions</u>
		"Freight All Kinds (FAK)" field: Fill in the three fields on this line with the percentage above, below, or equal to the level of Class 100 baseline rates, shown in paragraph 7 of this section, that the TSP selects to base its FAK rates on. For example, if the TSP decides to charge 125 percent of the Class 100 baseline rates, these fields would be completed as follows:
		Freight All Kinds (FAK): <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>5</u> Percent of Class 100 Rates.
		If the TSP decides to charge 50 percent of the Class 100 baseline rates, the field would be completed as follows:
		Freight All Kinds (FAK): <u>0</u> <u>5</u> <u>0</u> Percent of Class 100 Rates.
		NOTE: Only whole percentages may be shown in Table D, and all positions of each field used must be completed. This means that all one-digit figures must be preceded by two zeroes, and all two-digit figures must be preceded by one zero.
F	1-2	Enter in the four-character fields under the SERVICE column the three-character alpha codes of those security and accessorial services, and the applicable sub-item numbers for charges. Opposite each three-character alpha code, enter your individually established charges for each security and accessorial service offered.

b. Specified Commodities. If a TSP wishes to file percent of class rates applying on crated household goods and personal effects from all points in the State of Virginia to all points in the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, and Arizona, the tender fields would be completed as follows:

Section	<u>Item</u>	<u>Instructions</u>	
A	14	Check the "DOD Unique" field. Enter 100251 in the eight positions of the first two fields under the NUMBER column. Enter the appropriate description of the commodity opposite its number in the first two fields under the DESCRIPTION column. The released value statement "Released to a value \$7,500 per shipment, or \$6.00 times the net weight of the HHG shipment or the unaccompanied baggage shipment or, the gross weight of the unaccompanied baggage shipment, not to exceed \$75,000, whichever is greater" shall be made part of the commodity description.	
	15	Do not make any entry.	
	16	Place an "X" in the "Section E" field.	
В		See instruction for FAK example.	
Е	1	Enter VA in the first two positions of the first field of the SPLC column, then enter "Virginia" in the LOCATION column.	
	2	Enter "7R" in the left two of the first five positions of the first field of the SPLC column. Next, enter "Region 7" in the LOCATION column, or list the states	

Section	<u>Item</u>	Instructions
		individually in the LOCATION column by U.S. Postal Service Standard State Abbreviations.
	3	Do not place an "X" in the between field. This means that the rates apply only from Virginia to Region 7.
	5	Enter "PQ" (percent of class) in the RATE QUALIFIER field.
	6	Table D. "Minimum Charges" field: See instructions for FAK example.
		"Specific NMFC or DOD Unique Commodity (ies)" field: Enter the selected percentage of the Class 100 rate applicable to the commodities shown in Item 14 of Section A. In this instance, both crated household goods and personal effects are assigned a Class 100 rating in the NMFC when they are released to a value not exceeding \$50,000 per shipment; or \$4.00 times the net weight of the HHG/unaccompanied baggage shipment, in pounds, not to exceed \$50,000, whichever is greater. The figure entered in this field should reflect the TSP's selected percentage of the baseline Class 100 rate shown in this publication. For example, 150 percent would be entered as 150; 100 percent as 100; 75 percent as 075, etc.
F	1-2	See instruction for FAK example.

- **3.** To determine the applicable baseline Class 100 rates or minimum charge for distances exceeding 3,500 miles, add \$0.50 to the applicable 3,500-mile baseline rate or charge for each 100 miles or fraction thereof that the distance exceeds 3,500 miles.
- **4.** Class 100 Rates Explanation. The Class 100 baseline rates and minimum charges have been constructed by SDDC. It is suggested the TSP filing tenders based on Rate Qualifier "PQ" construct individual tenders according to the territorial applications of the various motor rate bureaus. Filing in this manner will permit the TSP to protect appropriate LTL and TL class rate levels in various bureau territories.
- 5. Rating Multiple Shipments. All shipments tendered to one TSP on one calendar day by one consignor consigned to the same consignee at the same delivery site shall be considered as one shipment for rating purposes. To receive the benefit of reduced charges applicable to multiple shipments, shipper shall cross-reference the bills of lading of individual shipments to a single bill of lading, or further identify all multiple shipments tendered to the same TSP on one calendar day which are consigned to the same consignee at the same delivery site.
- **6.** Minimum weights of 20,000 pounds and greater are considered TL minimums.
- 7. Baseline Class 100 Rates in Cents Per Hundred Pounds. To use the below table, follow this example: An FAK shipment weighing 2,639 pounds at a distance of 362 miles, would fall into weight bracket (2,000-4,999) and mileage bracket (351-374) resulting in a baseline rate of 1308 cents per hundred pounds (cwt). The TSP rates are published in Section E, Table D, of the tender as a percentage of class e.g., 47

Mileage	Minimum	Minimum Weights								
Base	Charge	0 - 499	500 -	1000 -	2000 -	5000 -	10000 -	20000 -	30000 -	40000+
			999	1999	4999	9999	19999	29999	39999	
0-50	\$36.00	1179	943	802	696	607	519	466	407	383
51-75	\$36.00	1284	1028	873	758	661	565	507	444	417
76-100	\$36.00	1373	1098	933	810	707	604	542	474	446
101-125	\$36.00	1536	1229	1044	906	791	621	557	487	458
126-150	\$36.00	1596	1277	1085	942	822	646	579	507	477
151-175	\$36.00	1680	1344	1142	991	865	680	610	534	502
176-200	\$36.00	1819	1455	1237	1073	937	736	660	578	543
201-225	\$36.00	1895	1516	1289	1118	976	833	747	654	615
226-250	\$36.00	1956	1565	1330	1154	1007	860	771	675	635
251-275	\$36.00	2003	1603	1362	1182	1032	881	790	692	650
276-300	\$36.00	2049	1639	1393	1209	1055	901	808	707	665
301-325	\$36.00	2135	1708	1452	1259	1099	939	842	737	693
326-350	\$36.00	2177	1741	1480	1284	1121	958	859	752	707
351-375	\$36.00	2217	1773	1507	1308	1142	975	875	765	720
376-400	\$39.00	2364	1891	1607	1395	1217	1040	933	816	768
401-425	\$39.00	2443	1954	1661	1441	1258	1075	964	844	793
426-450	\$39.00	2483	1986	1688	1456	1279	1093	980	858	807
451-475	\$39.00	2520	2016	1714	1487	1298	1110	996	871	819
476-500	\$42.00	2558	2046	1739	1509	1317	1126	1010	884	831
501-525	\$42.00	2630	2104	1788	1552	1355	1157	1038	908	854
526-550	\$42.00	2666	2133	1813	1573	1373	1173	1052	921	866
551-575	\$42.00	2701	2160	1836	1593	1391	1188	1066	933	877
576-600	\$45.00	2860	2288	1945	1687	1473	1258	1128	988	928
601-625	\$45.00	2930	2344	1993	1729	1509	1289	1154	1012	951
626-650	\$45.00	2965	2372	2016	1749	1527	1304	1170	1024	962
651-675	\$45.00	2998	2398	2039	1769	1544	1319	1183	1035	973
676-700	\$47.00	3033	2426	2062	1789	1562	1334	1197	1047	984
701-725	\$47.00	3098	2478	2107	1828	1596	1364	1224	1071	1007
726-750	\$47.00	3130	2504	2129	1847	1612	1378	1236	1082	1017
751-775	\$47.00	3163	2530	2151	1866	1629	1392	1249	1093	1027
776-800	\$50.00	3332	2666	2266	1966	1716	1467	1316	1152	1083
801-825	\$50.00	3370	2696	2291	1988	1735	1472	1320	1156	1086
826-850	\$50.00	3410	2718	2319	2012	1756	1489	1336	1169	1099
851-875	\$50.00	3450	2760	2346	2036	1777	1508	1353	1184	1113
876-900	\$52.00	3490	2792	2373	2059	1797	1525	1368	1197	1125
901-925	\$52.00	3528	2822	2399	2082	1817	1553	1393	1219	1146

Mileage	Minimum	Minimum Weights								
Base	Charge	0 - 499	500 -	1000 -	2000 -	5000 -	10000 -	20000 -	30000 -	40000+
			999	1999	4999	9999	19999	29999	39999	
926-950	\$52.00	3566	2853	2425	2104	1837	1569	1407	1232	1158
951-975	\$52.00	3605	2884	2451	2127	1856	1586	1423	1245	1170
976-1000	\$54.00	3642	2914	2477	2149	1876	1603	1438	1258	1183
1001-1050	\$54.00	3716	2973	2527	2193	1914	1607	1441	1261	1186
1051-1100	\$54.00	3790	3032	2577	2236	1952	1639	1470	1287	1210
1101-1150	\$54.00	4095	3276	2785	2416	2109	1771	1589	1390	1307
1151-1200	\$58.00	4166	3333	2833	2458	2146	1802	1616	1415	1330
1201-1250	\$58.00	4238	3390	2882	2500	2182	1865	1673	1464	1376
1251-1300	\$58.00	4265	3412	2900	2516	2196	1876	1683	1473	1384
1301-1350	\$58.00	4306	3445	2928	2541	2218	1895	1700	1488	1399
1351-1400	\$61.00	4375	3500	2975	2581	2253	1925	1727	1511	1421
1401-1450	\$61.00	4443	3554	3021	2621	2288	1954	1753	1534	1442
1451-1500	\$61.00	4509	3607	3066	2660	2322	1983	1779	1557	1463
1501-1550	\$61.00	4575	3660	3111	2699	2356	2012	1805	1579	1485
1551-1600	\$64.00	4640	3712	3155	2738	2390	2041	1831	1602	1506
1601-1650	\$64.00	4704	3763	3199	2775	2422	2069	1856	1624	1527
1651-1700	\$64.00	4768	3814	3242	2813	2455	2098	1882	1647	1548
1701-1750	\$64.00	4830	3864	3284	2850	2487	2125	1906	1668	1568
1751-1800	\$65.00	4891	3913	3326	2886	2519	2152	1930	1689	1588
1801-1850	\$65.00	4953	3962	3368	2922	2551	2179	1955	1711	1608
1851-1900	\$65.00	5014	4011	3409	2958	2582	2206	1979	1732	1628
1901-1950	\$65.00	5073	4058	3449	2993	2612	2232	2002	1752	1647
1951-2000	\$65.00	5133	4106	3490	3028	2643	2258	2025	1773	1666
2001-2100	\$65.00	5250	4200	3570	3098	2704	2310	2072	1813	1705
2101-2200	\$69.00	5364	4291	3647	3165	2762	2360	2117	1853	1742
2201-2300	\$69.00	5464	4371	3715	3224	2814	2404	2156	1887	1774
2301-2400	\$69.00	5575	4460	3791	3289	2871	2453	2200	1926	1810
2401-2500	\$69.00	5684	4574	3865	3353	2927	2501	2243	1963	1846
2501-2600	\$74.00	5791	4633	3938	3417	2982	2548	2286	2000	1880
2601-2700	\$74.00	5898	4718	4010	3480	3037	2595	2328	2037	1915
2701-2800	\$74.00	6003	4802	4082	3541	3091	2641	2369	2073	1949
2801-2900	\$74.00	6106	4885	4152	3603	3145	2687	2410	2109	1983
2901-3000	\$76.00	6209	4967	4222	3663	3198	2732	2451	2145	2016
3001-3100	\$76.00	6309	5047	4290	3722	3249	2776	2490	2179	2049
3101-3200	\$76.00	6409	5127	4358	3781	3301	2820	2530	2214	2081
3201-3300	\$76.00	6508	5206	4425	3839	3351	2863	2568	2247	2113
3301-3400	\$76.00	6605	5284	4491	3897	3402	2906	2607	2281	2145
3401-3500	\$76.00	6701	5361	4557	3954	3451	2949	2645	2315	2176

1936 V. CARRIER PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION PROGRAM1937 (CPEP)

<u>A. GENERAL</u>

1. The CPEP is designed to ensure that DOD commercial air, surface shippers get the best available service from CONUS commercial cargo TSPs. The CPEP establishes specific elements of service that are key indicators of TSP performance. It also establishes minimum levels of satisfactory performance and prescribes procedures for denial of DOD cargo shipments to any TSP that fails to provide satisfactory service.

B. SERVICE ELEMENTS, CARRIER PERFORMANCE MODULE (CPM) AND STANDARDS

Service elements and standards include, but are not limited to, specific operational factors for timely, safe, and cost-effective movement of DOD cargo. Letters of Warning (LOW) or notification of non-use, for up to 90 days, will be issued by shipping activities or SDDC/USTRANSCOM for failure to meet these standards. The primary method of reporting service failures will be with the use of the Carrier Performance Module (CPM) application in GFM or the CPM Web Services. CPM automates the incident reporting and TSP notification process.

- 1. Non-selection ("N" code) incidents are used to document reasons why a TSP was not selected for a move and do not count against a TSP's overall performance rating. However; if trends are detected, SDDC/USTRANSCOM may investigate to determine if a problem exists with the TSP or the shipping activity. "N" code incidents must have remarks entered by the reporter to explain and justify the reason for the non-selection (e.g., date and time TSP was contacted or attempted contact was made, name of TSP representative.). TSPs have the ability to view incidents and leave remarks. "N" codes with examples are as follows:
 - a. N1 Excusable Refusal Occurs when the TSP declines a non-Automation of Transportation Request (ATR) shipment within one hour of offer, or if a TSP declines any FAK shipment that is to be picked up in less than 24 hours or any TPS shipment that has to be picked up in less than 48 hours. Also used for ATR shipments when shipping activities fail to contact a TSP for shipment award within one hour of offer closing. For shipping activities using the auto-award process in ATR, the system may not generate an automatic notification to TSPs indicating whether or not they were awarded the load. However, immediately after the offer's closing, the screen in ATR will change status to "Awarded" for TSPs that have been automatically awarded the load. It is the TSPs responsibility to monitor their shipment offer status.
 - **b.** N2 TSP Unreachable Example includes when the TSP fails to answer the phone (or the phone number or email is wrong or returned as undeliverable) for tendered, non- ATR shipments. Shippers will allow at least five rings when attempting to contact TSPs via phone.
 - **c.** N3 Low Cost Not Used In Order To Use Carrier Onsite Example includes a TSP that just unloaded freight at an installation and is available to take an outbound load. This is for loads departing origin within the next 24 hours only;

1980 reporter must enter a valid explanation in the "Remarks" block when using this 1981 code. 1982 **d.** N4 - Traffic Distribution - Example includes if a shipper had two or more loads 1983 going from the same origin to the same destination on the same day. The shipper distributes the two or more loads among two or more TSPs. Reporter must enter a 1984 valid explanation in the "Remarks" block when using this code. This code cannot 1985 be used with shipments requiring one conveyance. 1986 1987 e. N5 - Required Small Business Selection - When small business selection is a 1988 requirement in a contract. 1989 f. N6 - Contract Requires Specific Requested Mode - When a contract requires a specific mode/equipment. 1990 1991 g. N7 - Lower Cost TSP Not Used Due To Past Performance: Loss/Damage -When a shipper has documented proof (via a TDR, CPM incident, or other 1992 acceptable documentation) of previous loss or damage by a specific TSP. 1993 1994 h. N8 - Lower Cost TSP Not Used Due To Past Performance: Transit Time -1995 When a shipper has documented proof (via a TDR, CPM incident, or other 1996 acceptable documentation) of a TSP that either has exceeded standard transit 1997 times as stated in the DTR Chapter 202 Tables 202-2/202-3 (DoD Standard Transit Time Guide) or delivered after the RDD (NOTE: standard transit time is 1998 1999 the default; if a shipper decides to put an RDD on a BL that exceeds standard transit time, the Standard Transit Time Guide overrules that). 2000 2001 i. N9 - Lower Cost TSP Not Used Due To Past Performance: No-shows - When a 2002 shipper has documented proof (via a TDR, CPM incident, or other acceptable 2003 documentation) of previous no-shows by a specific TSP. 2004 j. NA - Lower Cost TSP Not Used Due To Past Performance: Mechanical 2005 failures - When a shipper has documented proof (via a TDR, CPM incident, or other acceptable documentation) of trends in mechanical breakdowns of the same 2006 vehicle/piece of equipment by a specific TSP. 2007 2008 k. NC - Carrier Not Used Due To Multi-Equipment Requirement - When the 2009 same TSP must haul a combination load and more than one BL with the same 2010 origin and destination is used. Examples include: AA&E or shipments requiring segregation provisions IAW the 49 CFR and/or DoD regulations, or other TPS 2011 2012 shipments that would necessitate the combination of more than one type of equipment. 2013 2014 1. ND - Low Cost Carrier Not Used Due To Mission Requirements/Convenience Of The Government - When a situation dictates a specific TSP must be selected 2015 2016 for the shipment. Reporter must enter a valid explanation in the "Remarks" block when using this code. Contact SDDC/USTRANSCOM for further guidance. 2017

2. Service Failure ("F" code) incidents are used to document incidents where TSPs fail to

meet service elements and standards, and may result in further carrier performance action by shipping activities or SDDC/USTRANSCOM. All "F" code incidents must

2018

2019

have valid remarks entered by the reporter to explain and justify the reason for the service failure. Remarks will paint a clear picture to shipping activities, TSPs and SDDC/USTRANSCOM of the nature of the incident, personnel involved, and specific actions that resulted in the CPM incident. Failure to justify a CPM service failure incident may render that incident unusable towards the identification of trends or follow-on actions taken against a TSP. TSPs have the ability to view incidents and leave remarks. "F" codes with examples are as follows:

- i. Used for tendered non-ATR shipments when a TSP fails to accept or decline a shipment within one hour of offer. Shipments must be offered at least 24 hours in advance or 48 hours when TPS is required. A Transportation Officer (TO) can specify a shorter response time for high - priority shipments, but cannot charge a TSP with a refusal if the TSP declines the shipment.
- ii. When a TSP accepts a shipment using the ATR process and then refuses the shipment when contacted within one hour of the ATR offer closing, the TSP will be issued a FK Commitment Withdrawal. If a TSP accepts a shipment using the ATR process and is subsequently automatically awarded the load by the system within an hour after that offer's closing (as indicated by the "Awarded" status in ATR), the TSP is expected to follow through with that acceptance when the shipping activity contacts the TSP to make arrangements. The shipping activity must contact the TSP within 4 hours of the spot bid or ATR-automatic award to make arrangements. TSPs that fail to follow through with their acceptance when the shipping activity makes contact for final arrangements will be issued an FK Commitment Withdrawal.
- b. F2 Improper or Inadequate Equipment When a TSP arrives at origin with equipment different from what the shipper ordered and no equipment substitutions had been agreed upon by shipper and TSP prior to arrival. Code may also be used when a TSP arrives for pickup or delivery with unsafe equipment (e.g.; brake or head lights inoperable; holes in the trailer bed; bald or tread bare tires; mechanical failure; missing chains for tie down to rail car; etc.). TSPs must provide safe transportation equipment IAW Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. Violations of 49 CFR Subparts A thru I (parts, accessories, and safe operation) and 396 CFR (equipment inspection, repair, and maintenance) are included.
- c. F3 TSP Unable to Meet Service Requirements Examples include, but are not limited to: TPS drivers that do not have adequate security clearance or have had driving privileges on military installations revoked; drivers that fail to meet general qualifications as defined in 49 CFR Part 391, Subpart B § 391.11 (e.g., can read and speak the English language sufficiently to converse with the general public, to understand highway traffic signs and signals in the English language, to respond to official inquiries, and to make entries on reports and records); and/or when a TSP fails to acquire the proper permits for the cargo being transported.

- a. F1 Shipment Refusal
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- **d.** F4 Failure to pick up at Origin as Scheduled When a TSP fails to report to origin at the agreed-upon time and place as scheduled with the TO. This includes no-shows as well as pickups where the TSP is late without prior coordination.
- e. F5 TSP Failed to Meet DDD/RDD When a TSP fails to deliver by the RDD as shown on the BL. Shippers cannot charge a TSP hauling non-sensitive/general cargo or FAK with failure to meet RDD if they did not annotate a proper date on the BL consistent with the DTR Chapter 202 Tables 202-2/202-3 (DoD Standard Transit Time Guide). However, as applied to AA&E shipments, TPS cargo must be delivered IAW the standard transit time or the RDD, whichever is shortest. This is consistent with the "Explosive Safety Rule" in DoD Directive 6055.9E, i.e. minimum exposure rules for explosives.

- **f. F6 Time-In-Transit -** When a TSP fails to follow standard transit times as defined in the DTR Chapter 202 Tables 202-2/202-3 (DoD Standard Transit Time Guide). Each BL is considered a shipment regardless of the number of pieces or TCNs moving under the BL or the number of delivery points. Receiving activities must report excessive transit time to shipping activities so any necessary action can be taken against the TSP.

- **g. F7 Failure to Provide Protective Service -** When a TSP fails to provide SNS, DCS, or any other Protective Service as annotated on the BL and defined in the DTR Chapter 205, Table 205-8, while in transit from origin to destination. TSPs must follow all requirements for the designated protective service as stated in the MFTURP-1.
- **h. F8 Failure to Provide Signature and Tally Record -** When a TSP fails to properly annotate and provide a DD Form 1907, Signature and Tally Record, as required on the BL for the cargo being transported.

i. F9 - Mishandling Freight - Transloading of DoD vehicles is prohibited. Once DoD vehicles and/or equipment is tied down or otherwise secured in place on the conveyance, the TSP may not move the vehicles or equipment without consent of the shipper. In the event of an emergency, transloads and other response actions must be coordinated with the shipper or owning military service. DTTS can assist with coordination between these parties if needed for loads requiring the SNS accessorial. Other examples include, but are not limited to: damaged or missing transportation seals; improper loading, packing, blocking, or bracing; improper conduct at an installation; improper tie down or protection of cargo; and/or improper use of intermodal services.

j. FA - Loss or Damage - When a TSP is responsible for loss or damage of cargo. Failure to settle loss and damage claims IAW the DTR Part II Chapter 211 is also included. A TDR must be issued IAW DTR Part II Chapter 210.

k. FB - Improper Routing - When a TSP fails to follow DOT-authorized routes for the cargo they are transporting.

l. FC - Use of Bad Language, Offensive Behavior - Examples include, but are not limited to, drivers or any TSP representatives that harass or use abusive language

2104 2105 2106 2107 2108	or lewd behavior towards or in the presence of DoD representatives. Any documented incident involving the use of intemperate, vulgar, or abusive language; drug or alcohol abuse; or engagement in offensive conduct may result in a TSP being placed in immediate non-use status or a recommendation to SDDC/USTRANSCOM for disqualification.
2109 2110 2111 2112	m. FD - Nonpayment of Just Debts - Failure to pay just debts or complaints from subcontractors that the TSP failed to pay for services contracted or otherwise demonstrates lack of financial responsibility and may subject Government shipments to actual and/or potential delay, frustration, seizure or detention.
2113 2114	n. FE - Falsification of a Syncada Delivery - Used when a TSP changes the status of a shipment to "delivered" in the TPPS prior to delivering the freight.
2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126	o. FF - Double Brokering - When a TSP brokers freight to a carrier who then brokers the freight to another carrier. Double brokering is not authorized. Brokers awarded DoD freight are responsible to ensure that its underlying TSP(s) handle and deliver freight without the underlying TSP contracting the use of additional TSPs and brokers. General Commodity carriers are not allowed to act in the capacity of a broker. General Commodity TSPs awarded DoD freight are required to utilize organic assets/fleet to transport cargo. This policy prevents cargo loss and maximizes in transit visibility. Shippers at the origin shipping activity or within their AOR that have determined a broker has double brokered a shipment, may place a broker in immediate non-use for up to 90 days. Brokers that have failed to rectify their double brokering problem with the shipper may be placed in non-use for an additional 90 days.
2127 2128 2129	p. FG - Drug/Alcohol/Firearm Abuse - Examples include a driver that arrives intoxicated or under the influence of drugs. TSPs will be placed in immediate non-use for such incidents, and may not charge for vehicle furnished not used.
2130 2131	q. FH - Theft- TSP Responsible - When a TSP is responsible for the theft of DoD cargo. A TDR must be issued IAW DTR Part II Chapter 210
2132 2133	r. FJ - Shortage – TSP Responsible - When a TSP is responsible for the shortage of DoD cargo. A TDR must be issued IAW DTR Part II Chapter 210.
2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141	s. FK - Commitment Withdrawal - When a TSP responds to an ATR offer as able to accept the load, and then declines at time of award or prior to pick up; or if the selected TSP is unreachable after a reasonable amount of attempts by the shipper. Shippers cannot charge a TSP with Commitment Withdrawal if they fail to contact/award the TSP within one hour of ATR offer closing, or if systems using the auto-award process fail to show the offer status as "Awarded" in ATR. Reporter must annotate the date and time ATR offer closed and the date and time they contacted the TSP to award the load in the Remarks block of the incident.
2142 2143 2144	t. FL - Unauthorized Load/Broker Board Posting - When a TSP posts shipment information to any type of load/broker board with payment information prior to having been awarded that load by the shipper. Only TSPs with proper authority

2145 2146	from DOT may post to load/broker boards; no TPS loads (to include 675 Signature & Tally service) may be posted.
2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154	u. FM - Shipment Refusal- Spot Bid - When a TSP bids on a shipment via Spot Bid on the Web, then declines the shipment when the shipper calls to award the load. A TSP that submits a bid is assumed to be ready, willing, and able to perform the transportation as stated in the bid. Shippers cannot charge a TSP with Shipment Refusal- Spot Bid if they fail to contact the TSP within four hours of bid closing. The shipping activity must contact the TSP within four hours of the spot bid or ATR-automatic award to make arrangements. Shipment refusal may result in immediate nonuse.
2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161	v. FN – Shipment Refusal – Negotiation - When a TSP bids on a SDDC-negotiated shipment, and then declines the shipment when the shipper calls to award the load. A TSP that submits a negotiation is assumed to be ready, willing, and able to perform the transportation as stated in the negotiation. Shippers cannot charge a TSP with Shipment Refusal- Negotiation if they fail to contact the TSP within 24 hours after receiving rates from the SDDC Negotiations team. Shipment refusal may result in immediate nonuse.
2162 2163 2164 2165	w. FP - Other Service Failure - Other service failures not covered in the codes above or below. Contact SDDC G3 Carrier Performance at usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-performance@army.mil and for air carriers, contact USTRANSCOM at transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil.
2166 2167 2168 2169	x. FQ - Failure to pick up at origin on scheduled date - When a TSP fails to report to origin at the agreed-upon date as scheduled with the TO. This includes noshows as well as pickups where the TSP is late without prior coordination. This code is used primarily for Contract-specific shipments.
2170 2171 2172 2173	y. FR - Failure to pick up at origin on scheduled time - When a TSP fails to report to origin at the agreed-upon time as scheduled with the TO. This includes noshows as well as pickups where the TSP is late without prior coordination. This code is used primarily for Contract-specific shipments.
2174 2175 2176	z. FS - Failure to deliver at destination on scheduled date - When a TSP fails to report to destination at the agreed-upon date as scheduled with the TO. This code is used primarily for Contract-specific shipments.
2177 2178 2179	aa. FT - Failure to deliver at destination on scheduled time - When a TSP fails to report to destination at the agreed-upon time as scheduled with the TO. This code is used primarily for Contract-specific shipments.
2180 2181 2182 2183 2184	3. HQ SDDC personnel enter "G" code incidents where TSPs fail to meet additional service elements and standards which may result in further carrier performance action. These codes are primarily used for TPS shipments that require SNS by the DTTS. Incidents using these codes may only be entered in CPM by HQ SDDC personnel. "G" codes with examples are as follows:

a. G1 – Reserved for Future Use.

2186	b. G2 – Reserved for Future Use
2187 2188 2189 2190	c. G3 - DTTS Related Failure: Trailer Tracking (DCS) - Trailer Tracking (DCS): Examples include trends in false "Untethered" and/or "Door Open" alerts, failure to register DCS-equipped trailers with DTTS prior to use, and failure to provide DCS when required.
2191 2192 2193	d. G4 - DTTS Related Failure: Satellite Motor Surveillance (SNS) - Examples include failure to register SNS unit with DTTS prior to use, failure to enable/disable, lost signal, and failure to provide SNS when required.
2194 2195	e. G5 - DTTS Related Failure: Incorrect Messages - When TSP driver(s) fail to send correct SNS codes IAW the MFTURP-1, Item 111 (pg. 140).
2196 2197 2198 2199	f. G6 - DTTS Related Failure: Breakdown - When a TSP vehicle carrying a SNS shipment experiences mechanical failure. Mechanical failure is defined as any condition of the conveyance or related equipment that requires repair or replacement of parts while in transit).
2200	g. G7 - Reserved for Future Use.
2201 2202	h. G8 - DTTS Related Failure: Other - Any DTTS-related service failure not covered in the codes above.
2203 2204	i. G9 - CSA Score(s) Above Standard - This may apply to any TSP registered with the DoD, and may only be used as an indicator of safety performance.
2205	j. GA - DTTS failure: Transit Time Exceeded
2206 2207	k. GB - DTTS failure: Exceeded 2 Hour Stop (SRC I, II, PSS) or 4 Hour Stop (SRC III, IV) (exclude exceptions for weather or other force majeure conditions)
2208	l. GC - DTTS failure: Exceeded 100 Hour Rule (military secure holding facilities)
2209	m. GD - DTTS failure: Problem with dispatcher Call Back
2210	n. GG - DTTS failure: Unapproved Equipment Charge
2211	o. GT – Reserved for Future Updates
2212	p. GU - DTTS failure: Use of Unauthorized Facility/Location
2213 2214	q. GV - DTTS failure: Failure to Report (Reportable) Incident to DTTS. Refer to CFR 49
2215	r. GX - DTTS failure: Parking with Explosives in Populated Area
2216	4. Standards used by TOs are outlined in the chart below:

Service Failure Table of Penalties				
Service Failure Tier Service Failure Tier				
F1 Shipment Refusal	3	FF Double Brokering	1	

Service I	Failure [Fable of Penalties	
Service Failure	Tier	Service Failure	Tier
F2 Improper or Inadequate	2	FG Drug/Alcohol/Firearm Abuse	1
Equipment			
F3 TSP Unable to Meet Service	1 or	FH Theft- TSP Responsible	1
Requirements	2*		
F4 Failure to Pick Up at Origin as	1 or	FJ Shortage- TSP Responsible	1
Scheduled	2*		
F5 TSP Failed to Meet DDD/RDD	1	FK Commitment Withdrawal	1
F6 Time-in-Transit	1 or	FL Unauthorized Load/Broker Board	1
	2*	Posting	
F7 Failure to Provide Protective	1 or	FM Shipment Refusal- Spot Bid	1
Service	2*		
F8 Failure to Provide Signature and	2	FN Shipment Refusal- Negotiation	1
Tally Record			
F9 Mishandling Freight	1	FP Other Service Failure	*
FA Loss or Damage	2	FQ Failure to Pick Up at Origin on	1 or
		Scheduled Date	2*
FB Improper Routing	3	FR Failure to Pick Up at Origin on	2
		Scheduled Time	
FC Use of Bad Language, Offensive	1 or	FS Failure to Deliver at Destination	1 or
Behavior	2*	on Scheduled Date	2*
FD Nonpayment of Just Debts	1	FT Failure to Deliver at Destination	2
		on Scheduled Time	
FE Falsification of a Power Track	1		
Delivers			

* Tier may depend upon existence of trends, importance of shipment or case-by-case basis One (1) Tier 1 Service Failure = Immediate non-use for 30 days (1st Offense).

Two (2) Tier 2 Service Failures in 30 days = Letter of Warning or non-use action.

Three (3) Tier 3 Service Failures in 30 days = Letter of Warning or non-use action.

Two (2) Letters of Warning in 60 days = Non-use action.

Subsequent Offenses of Tier 1 Service Failures = 60 - 90 days Non-use.

Subsequent Offenses of Tier 2 Service Failures (after a Letter of Warning has been issued) = 60 - 90 days Non-use.

Subsequent Offenses of Tier 3 Service Failures (after a Letter of Warning has been issued) = 60 - 90 days Non-use.

Continuous pattern of Service Failures = referral to HQ, SDDC Domestic Carrier Management Branch for further review and possible Nationwide non-use or TRB that may result in disqualification from hauling DoD cargo. Also, referral of commercial air service failures to USTRANSCOM, Commercial Services Branch for further review.

5. SDDC and USTRANSCOM will monitor TSPs' overall performance and determine when a pattern of non-use actions and service failures documented by shipper(s) warrants further non-use or disqualification. "G" code service failures will be evaluated on a case by case basis for determining performance actions.

6. SDDC will conduct quarterly reviews to monitor and evaluate TSP performance nationwide. The enterprise performance standard will be 90% and is calculated by comparing shipments to service failures entered into CPM. As an example, a TSP with 20 awarded shipments for the quarter and two service failures would be at the 90th percentile. LOCs, LOWs and/or non-use actions will be issued each quarter as outlined below:

Performance	Period of Performance							
Scale & Compliance Rates	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter				
90 - 100%	Good	Good	Good	Good Standing				
	Standing	Standing	Standing					
80 - 89%	LOC	LOC	LOW	Up to 10 Day Non-use				
70 – 79%	LOC	LOW	Up to 15 Day Non-use	Up to 30 Day Non-use				
Below 70%	LOW	Up to 30 Day Non-use	Up to 60 Day Non-use	90 Day/Disqualification				

7. USTRANSCOM will routinely monitor and evaluate commercial air TSP performance and will use a LOW, LOC, or non-use as necessary.

8. Evaluations will be based on a continuous four quarter cycle. TSPs will have the ability to appeal SDDC decisions and/or present their case during a Transportation Review Board (TRB) in situations where disqualification is considered. Note SDDC reserves the right to place TSPs in nonuse and/or disqualification outside the table for egregious one-time incidents. TSPs are encouraged to actively review their performance in CPM and remedy the cause of any failures. TSPs are also reminded to annotate their remarks of reported incidents in CPM as both shipper and TSP remarks are important as SDDC uses them to adjudicate disagreements.

9. TSPs should not contest service failures and associated shipper actions directly with SDDC without first attempting to resolve the alleged service failure/action with the responsible shipper. Shippers and TSPs should address issues with SDDC when parties cannot come to an agreement.

C. TSP NOTIFICATIONS

1. Letter of Concern (LOC). A LOC may be issued by SDDC for TSP performance issue(s) or trends determined as not meeting minimum performance standards. A LOC gives the TSP an opportunity to take corrective action prior to SDDC/USTRANSCOM issuing an LOW or Non-Use action. A LOC may be issued based on the following incidents including, but not limited to: minor infractions; possible concerns raised by the DoD community; or downward trends in TSP's performance (i.e., rising numbers of service failures throughout the DoD enterprise).

- 2. LOW. A LOW is issued by a TO or by SDDC/USTRANSCOM to a TSP for unacceptable performance. A LOW serves as notice to a TSP that if violations or performance problems continue, non-use action may follow. The LOW may request the TSP provide additional information on the incident for review. LOWs may precede a notice of non-use, but are not required for serious infractions resulting in non-use action.
 - 3. Letter of Non-Use. Non-use or disqualification action may be taken for specific Incidents of unsatisfactory service or failure to perform, or a record or trend of unsatisfactory service or failure to perform IAW the terms of negotiated agreements, tariffs, tenders of service, or BLs, service agreements, governing SDDC/USTRANSCOM rules publications, or other similar arrangements. With the use of CPM/CPM Web Services, non-use action can be from specified BLOCs or SPLCs and can be narrowed down to non-use for shipments requiring specified Accessorial Services. A Letter of Non-Use will advise TSPs of the period of non-use, the reinstatement date, and of appeal procedures. A shipper may place a TSP in local non-use for up to 90 days for shipments originating from their activity AOR followed by a 90-day probationary period. While under probation, any additional service failures can result in additional non-use action.
 - **4.** Disapproval from the Freight Carrier Registration Program (FCRP) may be taken by SDDC against individuals and affiliates of a TSP(s) for conduct or action which is inappropriate, unethical, or violates any provision of DOT or SDDC regulations and policies. In severe cases, SDDC may conduct Transportation Review Boards (TRBs) per guidance in SDDC Regulation 15-1, Procedure for Disqualifying and Placing Transportation Service Providers (TSP) in Non-Use. TRBs are used to determine if further non-use action or disqualification is necessary. Disqualification is the act by HQ SDDC of excluding a TSP or TSP employee from participating in DoD transportation programs. Only SDDC/USTRANSCOM has disqualification authority. Disqualification may be taken by SDDC/USTRANSCOM as a result of no or insufficient response on a non-use action and/or a result of FAK TRB or A&E TRB hearing findings and determination. Disqualification action may be taken independently by SDDC/USTRANSCOM, or a TO may request SDDC/USTRANSCOM disqualify a TSP, if a TSP or its representative commits a violation that is so egregious that the TO believes it warrants a disqualification action. Refer to SDDC Regulation 15-1 for further information.
 - **5.** Reporting timeframes. Service failures need be entered into CPM within 15 days from the date of the alleged incident. LOC, LOW and non-use actions need to be initiated within 20 days from date of the latest service failure.

D. TSP APPEAL:

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- **1.** A TSP may appeal a non-use action in writing to the office that initiated the non-use action within 15 calendar days. Offices that initiated non-use action will respond to any appeals from TSP within seven business days.
- **2.** If the appeal is denied, the TSP may appeal those decisions via e-mail or United States Postal Service Registered Mail to the further appeal authority which is determined by

2310 2311 2312	the level of the office that initiated the action either the installation CDR, USTRANSCOM or SDDC's Chief, Domestic Carrier Management Branch. The appeal authority may be based on the severity of the TSP's infraction.
2313 2314 2315 2316 2317	3. If the shipper selects the installation CDR as the further appeal authority and the installation CDR denies the appeal, the TSP may appeal those decisions to SDDC's Carrier Performance Branch, except when the TSP is an air carrier, the appeal will reside with USTRANSCOM. SDDC and USTRANSCOM are the final appeal authorities. Appeals must be received via email or USPS registered mail.
2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324	4. It is the responsibility of each TSP to review their performance data in CPM. Comments from both the shipping activity and the TSP contribute greatly to the CPM data appeal adjudication process. TSPs are able to leave comments in the Remarks block of a CPM incident, and are encouraged to contact the reporter/shipper that wrote up the incident when disputing individual service failures. Shipping activities will respond to disputes from TSPs regarding specific CPM incidents within seven business days.
2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330	5. SDDC/USTRANSCOM will review appeals only if the TSP has done their due diligence in resolving incident issues at the local level first. If appealing to SDDC, forward appeal to: usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-performance@army.mil or SDDC, Chief, Special Requirements Branch, 1 Soldier Way, Building 1900W Scott AFB, IL 62225-5006. For air TSP, submit appeals to email address transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil.
2331 2332	6. Shipping activities or SDDC may resolve incidents in CPM if errors with incident recording have occurred or following a successful appeal from a TSP.
2333	VI. TERMS AND CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL MODES
2334 2335	1. This part provides terms, conditions and services that are common to TSP of all modes of transportation.
2336	A. ADVANCING CHARGES (045)
2337 2338 2339 2340 2341	1. TSPs shall advance, for subsequent collection from the Government, the lawful charges incurred for pier, wharf, or stevedore service; for custom house and in bond service; and for special bonds or tolls required by state or other governmental authority for transportation of a shipment, which because of its size, shape, weight, or hazard requires such bonds or tolls for movement over the streets or highways.
2342 2343 2344	2. TSP will identify charges listed above which require reimbursement on the BL or EDI transaction submitted via TPPS. The TSP will retain valid receipts and any other documentary evidence to support these claims for three (3) years.
2345	a. The charge for advancing monies shall be 045(1) \$ per advance.
23/16	R TRANSPORTATION PROTECTIVE SERVICE COMPATIBILITIES

2347 2348 2349 1. Surface TSPs providing protective services compatible with each other shall be paid for both services. TSPs providing protective services incompatible with each other shall be paid only for the most expensive service. Air TSPs see Section F.

Protective Service	Incompatible With	Compatible With
CIS	DDP, PSS, 675	SNS, SEV, DCS
DDP	675, CIS, PSS	SNS, SEV, DCS
PSS	675, CIS, DDP	SNS, SEV, DCS
SEV	NONE	ALL
SNS	NONE	ALL
DCS	NONE	ALL

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C. ASSISTANCE BY GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL TO TRANSPORT SERVICE PROVIDERS

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- 1. For the purpose of promoting safety, expediting transportation, and delivering shipments of explosives and other dangerous articles, the military services may extend any technical assistance and aid considered necessary in connection with moving, salvage, demolition, neutralization, or other disposition of such Governmentowned shipments being transported or stored by TSP.
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2. Upon a TSP's request for assistance by government, government employees may be provided in unusual or emergency circumstances for the benefit of the TSP. However, the TSP may be held financially responsible for all actual costs and expenses incurred by DoD (including salaries and wages paid by DoD) that inure to the benefit of the TSP. DoD personnel act and perform in these instances as government employees in an advisory capacity to directly benefit the TSP. DoD personnel assigned to assist TSP will retain their status as employees of the United States Government and, as such, are entitled to all of the benefits afforded U.S. government employees as provided by law. In no event shall DoD recognize or submit to any action for property damage in connection with such assistance furnished by DoD employees, when actual labor supervision or other services are performed at the TSP's request. It is not the intention of this provision that DoD employees compete with private industry where

2369 2370 services can be readily provided by the private sector.

2371 2372 3. Disqualification may be taken by SDDC/USTRANSCOM as a result of no or insufficient response on a non-use action and/or a result of FAK TRB or A&E TRB hearing findings and determination. When a TSP requests DoD personnel provide assistance, the TO will prepare a self- addressed letter in the form of a request for DoD service that must be signed by an authorized representative of the TSP. The letter will state that the TSP acknowledges responsibility for performance of the services requested from DoD, and that performance of the services by DoD personnel does not relieve the TSP of liability. When assistance is provided under emergency conditions, where a delay might contribute to further hardships or possible disaster,

the letter shall be prepared and signed after the service is performed.

2381 2382	4. Collection of payments for services rendered under this item shall be in accordance with user charges of the DoD Financial Management Regulations.
2383 2384	5. A TSP will not be billed or held responsible for any service performed by DoD personnel not specifically requested by the TSP.
2385 2386 2387 2388	6. Motor TSP will find a suitable Secure Holding Installation/Activity from the Transportation Facility Guide (TFG). However, during an emergency, the TSP can coordinate with SDDC DTTS for assistance accessing a Secure Holding Installation/Activity.
2389 2390	D. NON-APPLICABLE CHARGES/ TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER LIABILITY
2391 2392 2393	1. The TSP shall not charge any detention, demurrage or storage charges against any DoD sponsored shipment when the delay is caused by acts or omissions beyond DoD its contractors, or its agents' control.
2394 2395	2. Freight shall be delivered in the same condition as received at origin. Any damage or loss shall be the responsibility of the TSP unless due to <i>force majeure</i> .
2396 2397	3. Shortages in outturn, undue delays, mis-deliveries, damage or loss of cargo arising or resulting from factors stated above, will not be held against the TSP.
2398 2399 2400	4. Rail TSPs shall be subject to full liability as provided in Title 49, Subtitle IV, part A, Section 11707 of the USC, Annotated (USCA), except where the shipment is released at an agreed upon value based upon a released rate as noted on the BL.
2401 2402	E. TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER CARGO LIABILITY (LIE)
2403 2404 2405	The cargo liability guidance set forth below shall apply to motor TSP. For all other modes, see Released Value paragraph in Part IV, Completing a SDDC 364-R Tender in this section.
2406 2407	1. Freight All Kinds (FAK)—Except Crated Household Goods (HHG) or personal effects:
2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413	a. For all FAK shipments as defined in Items 39, 41, 43, and 45 (see Appendix D [pg. 260] for further definition of FAK) weighing less than 15,000 pounds, TSP liability for lost and/or damaged cargo shall be limited to \$50,000 or the actual amount of the loss and/or damage to the article(s), whichever is less. TSP will provide increased liability coverage for LIE (l) \$ for each \$100 increase in loss and/or damaged cargo liability over the maximum liability.
2414 2415 2416 2417 2418	b. For all FAK shipments weighing 15,000 pounds or more, TSP liability for lost and/or damaged cargo shall be limited to \$150,000 or the actual amount of the loss and/or damage to the cargo, whichever is less. TSP will provide increased liability coverage for LIE (2) \$ for each \$100 increase in loss and/or damaged cargo liability over the maximum liability.

2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425	c. For all FAK shipments containing crated HHG or personal effects commodity code 100251, as described in Appendix D, TSP liability for lost and/or damaged cargo is \$7,500 per shipment, or \$6.00 times the net weight of the household goods shipment or, the gross weight of the unaccompanied baggage shipment, not to exceed \$75,000, whichever is greater. Under the new FRV program, the TSP shall be liable for the full replacement value of HHG and personal effects transported as FAK.
2426 2427	2. FAK shipments governed by this publication are subject only to the released liabilities stated above.
2428 2429	3. Seventy-two (72) hours' notice shall be given to the TSP prior to expected pick-up date for shipments that require additional cargo liability insurance.
2430	F. MODE SUBSTITUTION
2431 2432 2433 2434 2435	1. Multi-modal service is transportation of a shipment by a mode (motor, rail, air, water) other than that used to pick up the shipment. This service is to be provided at the option of the TSP, with prior TO concurrence, when multi-modal service is necessary due to circumstances set forth in paragraph 2 below. However, in no event shall any TSP be permitted under this provision to utilize multi-modal service that will:
2436	a. Result in additional charges to the government;
2437 2438	b. Be used to procure any person or company that does not have lawful operating authority for the mode selected, or.
2439 2440	c. Operate to reduce or eliminate the level of liability of the TSP under the original terms and conditions of the BL.
2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448	2. TSP shall be permitted to substitute trucks for other modes of shipment when situations such as severe weather, mechanical failure, or other causes exist that are beyond the shipper's or TSP's control. The TSP shall remain primarily liable for any loss or damage to the shipment. In no event may motor TSP, freight forwarders, rail TSP, or water TSP utilize multi-modal service in order to avoid application of the Carmack Amendment or the terms and conditions set forth on the BL, or to otherwise circumvent the legal requirement that all TSP have proper operating authority for the shipment or the leg of the shipment at issue.
2449	3. Multi-modal service may not be used for DoD shipments when:
2450	a. The shipment contains transportation protective services (TPS);
2451 2452 2453	b. The "VIA" space on the BL has been annotated: "Multi-modal service not to be used."
2454	G. STOP-OFF IN TRANSIT (SOC)
2455 2456	1. Stop-off in transit service (SOC) can consist of up to three stops between origin and destination. Stop-off service will apply only on shipments subject to truckload rates.

2457	2. Charges
2458	a. Line-haul:
2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464	i. When rate qualifiers are based on weight or volume (e.g. PG, PH, ST), the line-haul charges in Section D or Tables B or C in Section E of the DoD tender, shall be based on the actual or minimum weight or volume (whichever is greater) applying from point of origin to final destination, subject to the excess mileage charge described in subparagraph 2.a.iv below for out-of-route mileage.
2465 2466 2467 2468	ii. When rate qualifiers are based on distance (e.g. PM), and the mileage through the stop-off point(s) exceeds the direct mileage from origin to destination, the line-haul charges shall be based on applicable mileage from point of origin via the stop-off point(s) to final destination.
2469 2470 2471 2472 2473	iii. When rate qualifiers are based on both (i) weight, volume or other measurement unit, and (ii) distance (e.g. PJ, PY, PQ, PZ), the line-haul charges shall be based on the actual or minimum weight, volume or other measurement unit (whichever is greater), and the applicable mileage from point of origin via the stop-off point(s) to final destination.
2474	iv. When line-haul charges are determined under any of the following:
2475	(4). Paragraph 2.a.i above.
2476	(5). Rate Qualifiers DL, PL or PV in Section D of the DoD tender.
2477 2478 2479 2480	(6). Qualifier DL in Table B of Section E of the DoD tender and the applicable mileage from point of origin via the stop-off point(s) exceeds the direct applicable mileage from origin to destination, all excess mileage shall be subject to an added charge of SOC(1) \$ per mile.
2481	
2482 2483	b. Charges. The charge for stop-off service shall be SOC(2) \$ for each stop, excluding the initial pickup and final delivery.
2484 2485	c. For multiple deliveries on the same installation/facility, Split Delivery (SDL) charges apply. See Item 71 (pg. 119).
2486	H. RECONSIGNMENT OR DIVERSION (RCC)
2487 2488	1. Reconsignment or Diversion service shall be provided by the TSP subject to the following:
2489 2490 2491	a. Reconsignment and Diversion are considered similar terms, and the use of either term will mean change in the place of delivery exceeding 25 miles of the original consignee/destination.
2492	b. Only entire shipments may be reconsigned.

2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498	i. TSP will charge RCC (1) \$ per shipment when changed from original consignee/ destination. TSP will also be entitled to the applicable published accessorial and line-haul rates from origin to new destination via the interception point. Assessment of line haul minimum charges shall be based on actual total miles travelled from origin via intercept point to new destination.
2499 2500	ii. Rates shall be negotiated when TSP do not have an applicable tender on file to or from the interception point.
2501 2502	iii. Shipments not exceeding 25 miles are entitled to Relocation (RLS) Item 67 (pg. 118).
2503 2504	2. Payment of all charges for Reconsignment/Diversion shall be the responsibility of the requestor.
2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511	3. When a shipper or consignee refuses, rejects, or requests a shipment be returned to origin, return movement shall be subject to rate of original inbound movement or to the rate applicable for return movements, whichever is less. TSP will obtain a BL from the party requesting return. Charge for returned freight shall be applicable to return/refusal/rejected shipment rate of RCC (2) \$ Returning a shipment to the point of origin will not be interpreted as a continuous movement. For air shipments see item 475.
2512 2513	4. For tank truck, the TSP shall receive a minimum return charge subject to a minimum of half the amount (in gallons) that was transported.
2514 2515	5. Time waiting for return paperwork after expiration of free time is considered unloading time and subject to detention charges.
2516	I. STORAGE (SRG)
2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522	1. DoD freight that is held in possession of the TSP by reason of an act or omission of the consignor, consignee or owner, or for customs clearance or inspection or for any reason not the fault of the TSP, shall be considered stored, subject to the following conditions and charges. Storage applies to the time frame between pickup of DoD freight at origin is complete and before unloading starts at destination. Refer to Item 21 for information regarding free time for loading/unloading and detention charges.
2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532	a. Freight that arrives to the consignee's offloading location and within the consignee's official offloading hours, but is not offloaded prior to the end of the consignee's official offloading hours is considered stored. Freight that has not arrived to the consignee's location before the published offloading hours is considered in-transit and not subject to storage charges. Storage charges on freight in TSP's possession awaiting offload shall begin at the end of the consignee's official offloading hours and will remain in storage status until offloaded. The TSP will provide written notification to the consignee the freight is in storage. Additional documentation may be required to establish storage charges.

2533 2534	b. Storage charges for freight with Transportation Protective Services (TPS) requiring secure holding are granted under the following conditions:
2535 2536	i. TSPs must conform to the consignee's TFG delivery instructions. TSPs must meet DoD standard transit time or RDD (whichever is shorter).
2537 2538	ii. TSP forced to stop in secure holding after shipment pickup due to consignee unable, or unavailable to offload on the anticipated arrival day.
2539 2540 2541 2542	(1). TSP's anticipated arrival at destination must be based on continuous movement of the shipment. Shipments that must stop in secure holding due to Federal and State regulations on driver duty-day limitations are not authorized storage.
2543 2544	(2). TSP must notify the consignee in writing of their anticipated arrival and/or request an appointment IAW the consignee's TFG.
2545 2546	(3). TSP must be given later arrival instructions or appointments by the consignee.
2547 2548 2549	(4). TSPs are not authorized storage charges if consignee arrival instructions or alternate appointment is for the same day as the TSP's anticipated, or scheduled arrival.
2550 2551	iii. TSPs whose confirmed appointment is changed by the consignee to a later date after shipment pickup.
2552 2553	(1). TSPs who receive an alternate appointment for the same day as their original appointment will not be authorized storage charges.
2554 2555 2556 2557	iv. Storage charges will begin at the end of the consignee's offloading hours on the date the TSP communicated anticipated arrival or their originally requested/scheduled appointment and will end at the beginning of the confirmed appointment or when actually offloaded, whichever is earlier.
2558	c. For DOD receiving locations requiring appointments:
2559 2560 2561 2562	i. Freight that arrives to the consignee's location prior to a scheduled offloading appointment is considered stored. The freight must arrive within the consignee's published offloading hours to qualify for storage. Freight arriving after published offloading hours is considered still in transit.
2563 2564 2565 2566	ii. Storage charges shall begin upon TSP's written notification to the consignee that the freight is locally available to immediately begin offloading and will remain in storage status until offloaded or the scheduled offloading appointment, whichever is earlier.
2567 2568	iii. Storage charges are not allowed if freight arrives on the same day as the scheduled appointment.
2569 2570	iv. Storage charges are not allowed if freight arrives after scheduled offloading

2571 **d.** Attaching reports from integrated GPS/tracking systems in the conveyance to the 2572 written notification to the consignee is encouraged. 2573 e. Non applicable charges, as referenced in this part, Paragraph D. 2574 f. In instances of "hostage freight," TSP, and their subcontractors, shall be prohibited from exercising state warehousemen's liens, or any other liens arising under state 2575 law, or from selling U.S. government property to satisfy accrued storage or other 2576 2577 transportation charges. TSP shall at all times be responsible for the acts of their subcontractors, and will ensure that subcontractors are fully paid according to the 2578 terms of any subcontract for storage or transportation charges in order to eliminate 2579 2580 "hostage freight situations", and the unlawful exercise of a state lien on federal property by subcontractors. Hostage freight situations may also be reviewed by a 2581 TSP review board to administratively determine whether a TSP is financially 2582 responsible, where a TSP fails to pay justly owed sums to one of its 2583 subcontractors. SDDC shall also have the option to conduct TSP review boards to 2584 2585 determine whether a TSP should be held liable for damages caused to the 2586 government in a "hostage freight" situation, and file any claims as required. 2587 2. Shipments in storage shall be subject to the following charges: 2588 a. Shipments weighing less than 10,000 pounds shall be subject to Storage charges of 2589 SRG (1) \$ per day, prorated by 1-hour increments rounded to the nearest 2590 full hour (minutes 1-29, round down; minutes 30-59, round up), per shipment. b. Shipments weighing 10,000 pounds or more shall be subject to Storage charges of 2591 per day, prorated by 1-hour increments rounded to the nearest 2592 2593 full hour (minutes 1-29, round down; minutes 30-59, round up), per shipment. 2594 c. Shipments stored in the carrier's possession after free time has expired shall be subject to a charge of SRG (3) \$ per day, prorated by 1-hour increments 2595 2596 rounded to the nearest full hour (minutes 1-29, round down; minutes 30-59, round 2597 up), per tank vehicle or pipeline shipment. 2598 **d.** Subject to a minimum charge of SRG (4) \$ per shipment. J. GOVERNMENT CARGO RECOVERY EFFORT PROGRAM FOR 2599 2600 ASTRAY FREIGHT 2601 1. The GOCARE program provides DoD a method to recover lost and astray freight 2602 shipments contained in the TSPs warehouse and/or terminal. TSPs may not utilize salvage yards to store astray freight that is DoD owned. 2603 2604 2. TSPs are required to provide terminal information for all locations to SDDC annually. 2605 Terminal information should include; address, POC, telephone number and email address. TSPs may email the terminal information to SDDC at: 2606 2607 usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.go-carriers@army.mil. 2608 3. TSPs reporting DoD astray freight findings shall adhere to the following GOCARE 2609 procedures:

2610 2611	a. Freight with DoD identifying marks may be left with the TSP until forwarding instructions are received from the DoD GOCARE representative.
2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620	b. Freight without DoD identifying marks or bearing conflicting marks that imply the freight may belong to DoD shall be opened by the TSP to ensure contents are DoD owned. The freight may be opened and inspected by a DoD GOCARE representative in the presence of an authorized TSP representative to determine the existence of any packing lists or other evidence of property identification. The freight will remain in the TSPs possession until the DoD GOCARE representative determines the freight belongs to DoD and provides the TSP forwarding instructions. Once forwarding instructions are received, the TSP will deliver the freight "Free Astray".
2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627	c. The TSP will contact the DoD GOCARE representative for the assigned geographical area within 48 hours (excluding weekends/holidays) to report astray freight findings. If the DoD GOCARE representative is unknown, contact the SDDC GOCARE representative at the telephone number referenced in Section A, Part VIII, Emergency Notification Information, Table 1, of this publication or email: usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.go-carriers@army.mil .
2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633	d. Information on GOCARE installation locations is available on SDDC's GOCARE public website at: https://www.sddc.army.mil/G3/Pages/GOCARE.aspx . The TSP can refer to the GOCARE tab contained in the installation's Transportation Facilities Guide record to obtain the name and telephone number of the DoD GOCARE representative.
2634 2635 2636 2637	e. Visits to a TSP facility by a DoD GOCARE representative will be coordinated and scheduled for a mutually convenient time. Only OS&D freight will be inspected in association with GOCARE visits.
2638	K. WEIGHT LIMITATIONS
2639 2640 2641	1. A TSP will inform the shipper of weight limitations and verify that the weight on any vehicle loaded by or on behalf of DoD does not exceed limitations imposed by any state or municipality.
2642	L. WEIGHT VERIFICATION
2643 2644	1. When scales for weight verification are available and furnished by requesting shipper or consignee, no charges for Weight Verification shall apply.
2645 2646 2647	2. Upon request of shipper or consignee, when a TSP verifies weight of a shipment at scales not located at origin or destination, a flat fee charge of WTV(1) \$ per vehicle will apply.
2648 2649	3. If not requested by shipper or consignee, the TSP shall have the option, at their convenience and expense, to reweigh the shipment any time prior to delivery. If the

2650 2651	reweigh weight causes an increase or decrease to the total shipment cost of the original BL:
2652 2653	a. The TSP shall be responsible for requesting a BL correction notice from the issuing officer, who will issue the corrected BL.
2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660	b. The TSP will submit the reweigh ticket to the issuing officer within 3 government business days of delivery notification. Submitting a copy of the reweigh ticket through the TPPS is acceptable. Back up for invoices transmitted via EDI will take longer than 3 government business days to transmit. Minimum required data on a reweigh ticket shall include the TSP's name, TSP's shipment identification number (sometimes referred to as a "Pro number"), BL number, date of reweigh, and the verified weight.
2661 2662 2663	c. Reweigh charges shall be void if a reweigh ticket is not provided or made available electronically to the issuing officer within 3 government business days of delivery.
2664 2665 2666	4. Upon overweight verification at DOT scales if shipment must be returned to origin for weight correction, TSP may submit charges for return mileage via an eBill through the currently authorized Third Party Payment System (TPPS).
2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673	5. If a TSP is fined for being overweight at the first weigh station outside of the pickup location, the TSP may issue an eBill for an amount equal to the fine. It shall be the responsibility of the TSP to issue supporting documentation to the origin TO through the currently authorized TPPS prior to payment of the fine. It shall be the responsibility of the driver to ensure obvious discrepancies in weight are resolved prior to departure at origin. An eBill may be submitted for the fine only if the fine is due to an incorrect shipment weight on the original BL.
2674 2675	6. If a TSP does not verify weight of the shipment, DoD will not be responsible for any fines or penalties associated with excess gross vehicle weights.
2676 2677 2678	7. Rail TSP will verify weight of any shipment upon request by shipper while shipment is still in the custody of TSP and scales are available. TSP may apply charge of WTV (1) \$ per shipment, or per railcar.
2679 2680 2681	8. If railroad verifies weight, a TSP may only charge the difference between billed weight and actual weight if the actual weight exceeds the billed weight by greater than two percent.
2682	M. FUEL SURCHARGE (Does not apply to air)
2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688	1. Section 884 of the 2009 National Defense Authorization Act requires any government paid fuel rate adjustment, also known as a fuel related surcharge (FS), arising from a DoD transportation contract and funded by government funds be paid, to the maximum extent practicable, to the cost bearer of the fuel. The cost bearer is the person who actually incurred the cost of providing the fuel used for the motor transportation.

- 26892. The use of the terms motor carrier, freight forwarder, and broker in this Item have the same definition as those provided in 49 U.S.C. 13102.
 - **3.** Each TSP must provide all drivers, owner operators, motor TSPs, freight forwarders, or brokers notice that the cost bearer who transports cargo is entitled to any FS charge paid with government funds. The TSP must identify any shipment that is entitled to a federally funded FS payment.
 - **4.** The TSP has the responsibility to ensure the FS payment goes to the cost bearer. The TSP shall insert a flow-down clause requiring the pass-through of the FS payment to the cost bearer in all its transportation subcontracts and agreements with motor TSPs, freight forwarders, or brokers who provide or arrange for motor carriage for DoD authorized shippers. Include the flow-down clause in all contract tiers. The clause will require paying the FS to the cost bearer within thirty (30) business days of the receipt of the FS payment. If there is more than one cost bearer, then the TSP pays each cost bearer his or her share of the FS payment based on the motor transportation miles provided by each cost bearer.
 - 5. The TSP must include and require a flow-down clause in all its contracts, subcontracts, and agreements with motor TSPs, freight forwarders, or brokers who provide or arrange for motor carriage for DoD authorized shippers. The contracts, subcontracts and agreements must state the TSP has the sole responsibility and duty to ensure the FS payment goes to the cost bearer. All subcontractors and cost bearers must agree and acknowledge they have no privity of contract with the DoD or USG prior to accepting any shipments. The cost bearer must agree he or she has no right of legal recourse or legal standing to assert a claim against DoD or the USG for payment under 31 U.S.C. 3726. The clause will state all parties acknowledge that a BL listing a DoD agency, military service, other USG agency, or other authorized DTS user, as the shipper, consignee, or consignor on the BL makes the BL a non-negotiable BL. All parties agree they cannot delay delivery of cargo or demand the FS payment or any other payment as a precondition for timely delivery of a shipment.
 - **6.** TSP's who fail to comply with the requirements of this provision may be subject to an administrative determination to place the TSP in non-use or suspension status.
 - 7. Fuel surcharge fees not authorized for modes K, L and M air shipments.

N. SHIPMENTS IN CONTINUOUS MOVEMENT

1. For shipments in continuous movement that travel by multiple modes, security and other applicable accessorial services required shall be IAW modal requirements established in DTR 4500.9R, Chapter 205.

O. SHIPMENT STATUS

1. Status of any shipment tendered within 2 hours shall be provided upon request by SDDC, shipper or consignee.

2727 <u>P. TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER MOVEMENT OF DOD</u> 2728 <u>VEHICLES/FREIGHT</u>

1. Once DoD vehicles and freight are tied down or otherwise secured in place on the conveyance, the TSP may not move the loaded vehicles without consent of shipper, unless in the event of an emergency. This provision does not prohibit TSP from loading additional freight and will not constitute a request for Exclusive Use of Trailer/Dromedary (EXC).

Q. NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT (NDAA) (PUBLIC LAW 115–232)

1. This Section incorporates the requirements of the FY19 into the MFTURP. NDAA Section 889(a)(1)(A) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles. FY19 NDAA Section 889(a)(1)(B) (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits executive agencies on or after August 13, 2020 from entering into, or extending or renewing, a contract with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, regardless of whether that usage is in performance of work under a Federal contract. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles. This NDAA provision also applies to non-Federal Acquisitions Regulation transportation services.

2. Definitions:

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- **a.** Covered telecommunications equipment or services means:
 - i. Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
 - **ii.** For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security. Surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by

2768 2769 2770	Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
2771 2772	iii. Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or
2773 2774 2775 2776 2777	iv. Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of the People's Republic of China.
2778	b. Critical technology means:
2779 2780 2781	i. Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations.
2782 2783 2784	ii. Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled.
2785 2786 2787	(1). Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or
2788	(2). For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening.
2789 2790 2791	iii. Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities).
2792 2793 2794	iv. Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material).
2795	v. 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or
2796 2797 2798	vi. Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or
2799 2800	vii. Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).
2801 2802	c. Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.
2803 2804	d. Backhaul means: intermediate links between the core network, or backbone network, and the small subnetworks at the edge of the network (e.g., connecting

2805 cell phones/towers to the core telephone network). Backhaul can be wireless (e.g., 2806 microwave) or wired (e.g., fiber optic, coaxial cable, Ethernet). 2807 e. Interconnection arrangements means: arrangements governing the physical 2808 connection of two or more networks to allow the use of another's network to hand 2809 off traffic where it is ultimately delivered (e.g., connection of a customer of telephone provider A to a customer of telephone company B) or sharing data and 2810 other information resources. 2811 2812 f. Roaming means: cellular communications services (e.g., voice, video, data) 2813 received from a visited network when unable to connect to the facilities of the 2814 home network either because signal coverage is too weak or because traffic is too 2815 high. 2816 g. Substantial or essential component means: any component necessary for the proper 2817 function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service 2818 **h.** A reasonable inquiry is an inquiry designed to uncover any information in the 2819 entity's possession about the identity of the producer or provider of covered 2820 telecommunications equipment or services used by the entity. A reasonable 2821 inquiry need not include an internal or third-party audit. 2822 i. Possession about the identity of the producer or provider of covered 2823 telecommunications equipment or services used by the entity. A reasonable 2824 inquiry need not include an internal or third-party audit. 3. Prohibitions. 2825 2826 a. Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency 2827 2828 on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that 2829 2830 uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any 2831 system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any 2832 2833 equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or 2834 services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception (below in subparagraph (c)) 2835 2836 applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a 2837 waiver issued by the Secretary of Defense. 2838 **b.** Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act 2839 for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract, or extending or 2840 renewing a contract, with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service 2841 that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or 2842 essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any 2843

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system, unless the covered telecommunications equipment or services are covered

by a waiver described in paragraph 6(c) of this subparagraph. This prohibition

applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services,

regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract.
Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to (1) prohibit the head of an
executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects
to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection
arrangements; or (2) cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or
redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets
that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

4. Reporting Requirements.

- a. In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information in paragraph (4)(b) (see below) to the Transportation Officer, Ordering Officer, or Contracting Officer who procured the transportation services, to the SDDC G3 Freight Carrier Management Program office (usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.carrier-registrations@army.mil), and to the Defense Industrial Base Cybersecurity Information website (https://dibnet.dod.mil).
- **b.** The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph IV(a) above:
 - i. Within one (1) business day from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.
 - ii. Within ten (10) business days of submitting the information in paragraph IV(B)(1): any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.

5. Subcontracts.

a. The Contractor shall insert the substance of paragraph IV (above) and this subparagraph (V), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

6. TSP Representations.

a. TSPs must provide representations to the Government regarding whether the entity will provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the

2888 2889 2890 2891	government, and (after conducting a reasonable inquiry) whether the TSP uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. TSPs must alert the Government if covered telecommunications equipment or services are discovered during contract performance. Specifically, TSPs must certify that:
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896	i. It will provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this tender of service. The TSP shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph 6(a) if the TSP responds "will" in this paragraph; and
2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902	ii. After conducting a reasonable inquiry, for purposes of this certification, it [] does, [] does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. The TSP shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph 6(b) if the TSP responds "does" in this paragraph.
2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908 2909	b. This declaration must be made in the Freight Carrier Registration Program (FCRP). New carriers, upon registering, will indicate whether they are in compliance with the NDAA. Carriers who are already registered in FCRP would enter the application and make the same declaration. Carriers who fail to provide this information will be automatically placed in a disapproved status until the accurate representation is made; such carriers will be automatically reapproved when the certification requirement was been met.
2910	7. Exceptions.
2911 2912 2913 2914 2915 2916 2917	a. The statute includes two exceptions at Section 889 (a)(2)(A) and (B). The exception at 889(a)(2)(A) allows the head of executive agency to procure with an entity "to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements." The exception at 889(a)(2)(B) allows an entity to procure "telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or [cannot] permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles."
2918	8. Waivers.
2919 2920	a. If a TSP represents they "will" or "does" under paragraph 6(b) above, the Agency may initiate a waiver request.
2921 2922 2923	i. The Secretary of Defense has authority to grant a one-time waiver from FY19 NDAA Section 889(a)(1)(B) on a case-by-case basis that will expire no later than August 13, 2022.
2924 2925	ii. Waivers can be pursued if TSP uses covered equipment or services and no exception applies.
2926 2927 2928	iii. Waivers may take weeks to obtain; where mission needs do not permit time to obtain a waiver, DoD agencies may reasonably choose not to initiate one and to move forward and make award to a TSP that does not require a waiver.

2929 2930 2931 2932	iv. If a waiver is granted, with respect to particular use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, the contractor will still be required to report any additional use of covered telecommunications equipment or services discovered or identified during the shipment performance period.
2933	9. Processing Exceptions and Waivers.
2934 2935	a. Exceptions may be recognized by SDDC or USTRANSCOM. Waiver requests will be forwarded to the Secretary of Defense for consideration as required.
2936 2937	b. Before an exception or waiver can be pursued, the TSP must make certain disclosures:
2938 2939	i. If the TSP has responded "will" in the certification in paragraph VI(A)(1) above, TSP shall provide the following information:
2940	(1). For covered equipment:
2941 2942 2943 2944	(a). The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) or a distributor, if known);
2945 2946 2947 2948	(b). A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
2949 2950 2951	(c). Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph III (above).
2952	(1). For covered services:
2953 2954 2955 2956 2957	a. If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or
2958 2959 2960 2961 2962	(d). If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph III (above).
2963 2964	(e). If the TSP has responded "does" in the certification in paragraph VI (A)(2) above, the TSP shall provide the following information:
2965	3. For covered equipment:

2966 2967 2968 2969 2970 2971 2972 2973 2974 2975	a. The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known) [note, the CAGE Code is a five-character ID number used extensively within the federal government, assigned by the Department of Defense's Defense Logistics Agency (DLA). The CAGE Code provides a standardized method of identifying a various entities. There is no cost to obtain a CAGE Code. CAGE Codes can be found online, at https://cage.dla.mil/Home/];
2976 2977 2978 2979	(f). A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
2980 2981 2982	(g). Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph III (above).
2983	(2). For covered services:
2984 2985 2986 2987 2988	a. If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or
2989 2990 2991 2992 2993	(h). If not associated with maintenance, the PSC of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph III (above).
2994 2995 2996 2997 2998 2999 3000	(3). The provision of a waiver does not alter or amend any other requirements of U.S. law, including protections for sensitive sources and methods. In particular, any waiver issued pursuant to these regulations is not authorization by the U.S. Government to export, re-export, or transfer (incountry) items subject to the Export Administration or International Traffic in Arms Regulations (15 CFR 730-774 and 22 CFR 120-130, respectively).
3001	R. EXECUTIVE ORDER 13950 – COMBATING RACE AND SEX
3002	<u>STEREOTYPING</u>
3003 3004 3005	1. This Section incorporates the requirements of Executive Order 13950, Combating Race and Sex Stereotyping. EO 13950 became effective immediately when signed on September 22, 2020, but the requirements for federal contractors and subcontractors

apply to contracts entered into 60 days after the date of the Executive Order, which is November 21, 2020.

- 2. EO 13950 provides that, except in contracts exempted in the manner provided by section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965 (Equal Employment Opportunity), as amended, all Government contracting agencies shall include in every Government contract entered into on or after November 21, 2020, certain language to ensure compliance with the Executive Order. During performance of this contract (to include non-FAR contracts), the contractor agrees as follows:
 - a. The contractor shall not use any workplace training that inculcates in its employees any form of race or sex stereotyping or any form of race or sex scapegoating, including the concepts that (a) one race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex; (b) an individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive, whether consciously or unconsciously; (c) an individual should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely or partly because of his or her race or sex; (d) members of one race or sex cannot and should not attempt to treat others without respect to race or sex; (e) an individual's moral character is necessarily determined by his or her race or sex; (f) an individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, bears responsibility for actions committed in the past by other members of the same race or sex; (g) any individual should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or any other form of psychological distress on account of his or her race or sex; or (h) meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist, or were created by a particular race to oppress another race. The term "race or sex stereotyping" means ascribing character traits, values, moral and ethical codes, privileges, status, or beliefs to a race or sex, or to an individual because of his or her race or sex, and the term "race or sex scapegoating" means assigning fault, blame, or bias to a race or sex, or to members of a race or sex because of their race or sex.
 - b. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the SDDC at https://www.sddc.army.mil/dms/Pages/default.aspx or https://www.sddc.army.mil/ims/Pages/default.aspx, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under EO 13950 and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
 - c. In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the requirements of paragraphs (A), (B), and (D), or with any rules, regulations, or orders that may be promulgated in accordance with EO 13950, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided by any rules, regulations, or orders the Secretary of Labor has issued or adopted pursuant to Executive Order 11246, including subpart D of that order.

3050 3051 3052 3053 3054 3055 3056 3057 3058 3059	d. The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (A) through (D) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, that in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.
3060 3061 3062 3063	3. The Executive Order does not prevent agencies, the United States Uniformed Services, or contractors from promoting racial, cultural, or ethnic diversity or inclusiveness during this contract, provided such efforts are consistent with the requirements of EO 13950.
3064 3065	VII. CLAIMS AND DISPUTES
3066	A. CLAIMS
3067 3068 3069	1. A TSP will address and respond to claims for loss and damage IAW regulations in 49 CFR, Part 1005.2, Filing of Claims; and, if applicable, 41 CFR, Parts 102-117 and 102-118.
3070 3071 3072 3073 3074 3075 3076	2. A TSP will process claims for overcharges/undercharges, shortages, damages, and any other transportation discrepancies through the issuing TO. Use of Transportation Discrepancy Reports (TDRs) via the Discrepancy Identification System (DIS) application in GFM must be processed IAW DTR Part II, Chapter 210, and Appendix I, and the DIS User Manual (available on the GFM home page). TSPs must monitor DIS regularly and reply to all TDRs that have been addressed to them within 30 calendar days.
3077	B. DISPUTE RESOLUTION
3078 3079 3080	1. TSPs will contact and work with the shipping TO on possible cost disputes and/or additional charges. When unable to resolve a claim or dispute, TSP will take the dispute to the following:
3081	a. General freight/military vehicles/AA&E:
3082 3083 3084 3085 3086 3087	HQ, SDDC ATTN: G3, Domestic Movement Support 1 Soldier Way, Building 1900W Scott AFB, IL 62225 usarmy.scott.sddc.mbx.cost-questions@army.mil

b. DPM HHG Shipments:

3089 3090 3091 3092 3093 3094 3095	USTRANSCOM ATTN: TCJ9 Personal Property 508 Scott Drive, Building 1900W Scott AFB, IL. 62225 transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.ppty@mail.mil c. Air TSPs:
3096 3097 3098 3099 3100 3101 3102	USTRANSCOM ATTN: Commercial Services Branch 508 Scott Drive, Bldg 1900E Scott AFB, IL 62225 transcom.scott.tcj5j4.mbx.lc@mail.mil d. BULK FUEL COMMODITIES:
3103 3104 3105 3106 3107 3108 3109	Defense Logistics Agency Energy ATTN: Defense Logistics Agency Energy-FENB 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2946 Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6222 2. TSP has 36 months from date of delivery to initiate possible claim or dispute.
3110 3111	3. SDDC can assist in providing the government's position on the dispute and offer a written decision to TO and TSP.
3112	4. When DOD and TSP records conflict, DOD records take precedence.
3113 3114	5. Defense Logistics Agency Energy can respond in writing to this appeal and forward its decision with supporting documents within 60 days.
3115	6. TSP can appeal SDDC's/USTRANSCOM's/DLA's position to General Services:
3116 3117 3118 3119 3120 3121 3122 3123	Transportation Audits Division U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Accounts Section 1800 F Street NW 3rd Floor, Mail Hub 3400 Washington, DC 20405 Protests@gsa.gov
3124	VIII. BULK FUEL COMMODITIES:
3125 3126	1. BULK FUEL COMMODITIES: TSP may submit an appeal in writing within 60 days regarding any dispute rendered by the DoD to:
3127 3128 3129	Defense Energy Support Center (Defense Logistics Agency Energy) ATTN: Defense Logistics Agency Energy-FENB 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2946

3130	Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6222
3131	
3132	2. Defense Logistics Agency Energy can respond in writing to this appeal and forward its
3133	decision with supporting documents within 60 days.
3134	3. TSP can appeal SDDC's/USTRANSCOM's/DLA's position to General Services:
3135	Transportation Audits Division
3136	U.S. General Services Administration
3137	Attn: Accounts Section
3138	1800 F Street NW
3139	3rd Floor, Mail Hub 3400
3140	Washington, DC 20405
3141	Protests@gsa.gov
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IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION INFORMATION

1. Depending on the issue, TSP should contact the following:

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Table 1 – Contact Information:

Issue	Point of Contact	Telephone			
GOCARE (astray) freight, hours of operation, 0800-1630, M-F	SDDC GOCARE	(618)220-5914			
Surface Freight All Kinds (FAK) accidents, incidents, delays in transit—any damage, signs of pilferage, or theft must be reported immediately.	SDDC Command Operations Center (COC)	(618)220-4262			
Air Freight All Kinds (FAK) accidents, incidents, delays in transitany damage, signs of pilferage, or theft must be reported immediately.	USTRANSCOM,TCJ4- LC	(618)817-5773, DSN 817-5773			
Accidents, incidents, or other emergencies involving placarded DoD hazardous cargo other than munitions, explosives, or radioactive materials	DoD Hazardous Material (HAZMAT) Hotline	1-800-851-8061			
Radioactive Materials	Army Operations Center (AOC)	(703) 697- 0218/0219			

Issue	Point of Contact	Telephone
Radioactive Materials	Navy/USMC	Use 24-hour emergency response number provided by activity.
Radioactive Materials	Air Force	(202) 767-4011
Radioactive Materials	DLA	1-800-851- 8061/804-279-3131
Radioactive Materials (Rail)	Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office	(412) 476-5000
Hazardous Material Spills	National Response Center	1-800-424-8802 and (202) 267-2675
National Agency Check Verification	DCSA	1-800-375-5283
For general questions, policy interpretation, hours of operation are 0700-1730	SDDC Customer Service	1-800-526-1465
Arms, Ammunition and Explosives accidents, emergencies and incidents, call Army Operations Center (AOC) in addition to notifying SDDC DTTS.	AOC	1-703-695- 4695/4696
For any incident or accident involving Satellite Motor Surveillance shipments, notify DTTS.	SDDC DTTS	1-800-826- 0794/(618)220- 5060/DSN770- 5060

2. For emergency bulk fuel issues, contact the following:

Table 2 – Bulk Fuel Contact Information

DLA Energy	Telephone
Defense Logistics Agency Energy-AME (Houston, TX)	(713) 718-3883
Defense Logistics Agency Energy-AMW (Seal Beach, CA)	(310) 241-2800
If unable to reach the regional office, contact HQ Defense Logistics	1-800-286-7633
Agency Energy Command Control Center	

