Common Name/ Scientific Name	Florida Hardiness Range	Watering Needs	Salt Tolerance	Light Range	Typical Height	Growth Rate	Comments
NATIVE FLORIDA SPECIE	S						
Buccaneer Palm Pseudophoenix sargentii	10b-11	٥	Н	*	10'	1 0000	Small specimen or accent palm with a stout, ringed trunk, a canopy of 8-10 blue-green leaves and produces clusters of bright red fruits. Tolerance of salty winds, drought and a variety of soils makes this palm well suited for coastal plantings. Rare.
Cabbage Palm Sabal palmetto	8a-11	٥	Н	*	40'	0000	Florida's state tree. Adaptable to various soil conditions and very wind resistant. The fruits, flowers and crown where moisture collects provide wildlife value. Some retain the old frond bases ("boots"), which provide attachment areas for epiphytic ferns.
Dwarf Palmetto Sabal minor	8a-10b	٥	М	* ~	6'	1 0000	Small, usually trunkless palm commonly used as an understory accent or specimen plant. Bluish-green to green foliage adds a distinctive tropical look to the landscape. Tolerant of varying site conditions.
Florida Royal Palm Roystonea regia = R. elata	10a-11	۵ •	М	-	80'		These large stately palms shed heavy 10-foot fronds, which may present a hazard to structures or passersby. Site them in rich, moist soils where there is adequat space. Formerly held to be two species, Florida and Cuban Royal Palm.
Needle Palm Rhapidophyllum hystrix	8a-10b	△ △	М	* ~	5'	1 0000	This small trunkless specimen palm adds a tropical accent to the landscape. The fiber-matted crown contains sharp, needle-like fibers. It is usually found in the understory of rich hardwood forests.
Paurotis Palm Acoelorrhaphe wrightii	9b-11	۵	М	*	20'	1 0000	Spiny, multi-trunked palm, which eventually forms a large cluster in time. Also known as the Everglades palm, this accent palm prefers relatively moist soils. Manganese deficiency ("frizzletop") may develop in alkaline soils.
Saw Palmetto Serenoa repens	8a-11	٥	Н	*	6'	1 0000	Widely adaptable and very durable, multi-trunked palm. Flowers attract many pollinating insects and its blue-black berries are used medicinally. Large specimens are difficult to transplant. Petioles (frond branches) are saw-toothed at margins.
Scrub Palmetto Sabal etonia	8a-10b	٥	М	*	4'		Similar to the dwarf palmetto but occurs only in peninsular Florida on drier (scrub) soils. Rare.
Silver Palm Coccothrinax argentata	10b-11	٥	Н	*	10' often smaller	1 0000	Small, slow-growing specimen palm with finely divided palmate leaves that have silvery undersides. Tolerant of alkaline soils and well suited for coastal locations Dark fruits attractive to wildlife.
Thatch Palm, Florida Thrinax radiata	10b-11	٥	Н	*	20'	0000	Tolerant of alkaline soils, and has no disease or pest problems. A small, durable, palm with glossy, fan-shaped fronds that is excellent for coastal locations. White fruits eaten by songbirds.
Thatch Palm, Key Thrinax morrisii	10b-11	٥	Н	* *	20' often smaller	III 00	Similar to the Florida Thatch Palm except for a silvery underside of the fronds. Tolerant of high alkalinity and coastal conditions, it can also be grown inland where drainage is good (sandy soils).
WATERING NEEDS 👌	Low 🌢 Medium	♦ High	LI	IGHT 	- Partial Sun 🔑	Shade	GROWTH RATE



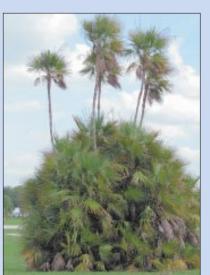
Bucaneer Palm Pseudophoenix sargentii



Cabbage Palm Sabal palmetto



Florida Royal Palm Roystonea regia = R. elata



Paurotis Palm Acoelorrhaphe wrightii



Saw Palmetto Serenoa repens



Thatch Palm, Florida Thrinax radiata

Common Name/ Scientific Name	Florida Hardiness Range	Watering Needs	Salt Tolerance	Light Range	Typical Height	Growth Rate	Comments
NON-NATIVE SPECIES							
Alexandra Palm Archontophoenix alexandrae	10b-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L	*	40'	11100	Also known as King Alexander Palm, it makes a stately accent in the landscape. New leaves may be bronze color on young specimens. Performs best with supplemental irrigation during drought periods. It does not transplant well from field nurseries.
Areca Palm Dypsis lutescens = Chrysalido	10b-11 ocarpus lutescens	٥	M	*	20'	11100	Commonly used as a multi-trunked specimen or screening palm. Its foliage suffers on poor soils but with fertilization the leaflets will be medium-green contrasting with a yellowish leaf stem. Spreads aggressively, plant where there is adequate space.
Arikury Palm Syagrus schizophylla	10a-11	٥	М	*	15'	0000	A relatively small specimen palm that prefers partial shade. It is adaptable in its soil requirements. The frond bases (petioles) are spiny.
Bamboo Palm Chamaedorea erumpens	10b-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L	~	10'	11100	Slender, solitary bamboo-like palm with small (18-20 inches long) fronds. Adaptable in its soil requirements. Useful as an understory shrub in a tropical garden or as an indoor foliage plant. Its fruit is mildly irritating.
Bird-of-Paradise, White Strelitzia nicolai	9a-11	٥	М	*	20'	0000	Large banana-like leaves are subject to splitting by the wind. An attractive multi-trunked large accent plant that provides a tropical look to the landscape. Produces showy flowers that are purple and white.
Bismarck Palm Bismarckia nobilis	10a-11	٥	М	-	30'-60'	11100	A massive fan palm with large silver blue leaves that adapts well to Florida conditions, but is out-of scale for small residential yards. Slow to form a trunk, its growth rate increases towards moderate after trunk development.
Canary Island Date Palm Phoenix canariensis	9a-11	٥	М	*	40'	0000	Large formal accent or specimen palm with a massive trunk. The lower third of the fronds bear long, sharp spines. Poorly drained sites should be avoided. Susceptible to lethal yellowing and magnesium deficiency.
Cardboard Palm Zamia furfuracea	10a-11	٥	Н		3'	0000	A sturdy cycad with stiff, fern-like leaves that feel like cardboard. It may be used as a bold groundcover or as an accent shrub in sandy, well-drained soils. Red seeds held in cones by female plants are poisonous. Leaves heavily damaged at 28°F.
Cat Palm Chamaedorea cataractarum	10b-11	•	L	* ~	5'	11100	A small virtually trunkless, palm with attractive foliage that forms a rounded clump. It is useful as a shrubby accent in a shaded garden. It has moderate drought tolerance in the shade.
Chinese Fan Palm Livistona chinensis	9a-11	٥	М	*	25'	0000	Hardy specimen plant with a wide-spreading crown and long drooping leaf tips. It is spiny and slightly susceptible to lethal yellowing. This hardy palm can handle a few degrees below freezing without damage. Other Livistona species are available.
Cliff Date Palm Phoenix rupicola	9-11	٥	М		25'	0000	A graceful, moderately sized date palm that has bright green arching fronds with pinnate leaves that lie in one plane. The lower leaflets are modified into spines. It is adaptable to various soils.
Clustering Fishtail Palm Caryota mitis	10a-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L		18'	11100	The unusual leaf form of this multi-trunked palm makes it useful as a specimen plant. Its stems die after fruiting but are replaced by new clustering stems. Fruit contains irritating calcium oxalate crystals. Spreads aggressively, requiring adequate space.
Coconut Palm Cocos nucifera	10b-11	٥	Н	-	60'	11100	Coconut palms are the most economically important palm for use as food, thatch and coir fiber. The trees adapt well to exposed coastal locations and warm temperatures. The "Malayan" and "Maypan" varieties are resistant to the fatal lethal yellowing virus.
WATERING NEEDS 💍 La	ow 🌢 Medium 💧	High	LIG	GHT - Full Sun - 	A Partial Sun	∠ Shade	GROWTH RATE []]]] Slow []] Medium []] Fast Note: soil moisture and light listed in order of plant preference

































Areca Palm Dypsis lutescens



Bamboo Palm Chamaedorea erumpens

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Canary Island Date Palm *Phoenix canariensis*



Cardboard Palm Zamia furfuracea



Cat Palm Chamaedorea cataractarum



Chinese Fan Palm Livistona chinensis



Clustering Fishtail Palm Caryota mitis



Coconut Palm Cocos nucifera

Common Name/ Scientific Name	Florida Hardiness Range	Watering Needs	Salt Tolerance	Light Range	Typical Height	Growth Rate	Comments
Cycad, Chamal, Dioon Dioon edule	8b-11	٥	М	- *	5'	1 0000	This very slow-growing, long-lived cycad is used as a specimen plant for tropical effects. Its stiff, shiny, dark green leaflets are sharp. Tolerant of various soils and drought, it forms a trunk only after many years.
Edible Date Palm Phoenix dactylifera	8b-11	٥	Н		70'	1 0000	An adaptable landscape palm to various soils and conditions, but mildly susceptible to lethal yellowing disease. Foliage is gray-green and the lower leaflets are modified into sharp spines.
European Fan Palm Chamaerops humilis	8a-11	△ △	М	* *	10'	0 0000	This small fan palm is commonly used as a specimen or buffer plant, and is adaptable to various soils, but they must be well-drained. The frond stems are armed with orange spines. There is much variation in leaf color and habit among specimens.
Foxtail Palm Wodyetia bifurcata	10a-11	\(\)	М	- *	30'	11111	A popular, fast-growing specimen palm with dark green leaves with silvery undersides and a slender gray trunk that is ringed with leaf scars. It appears to be adaptable to various soil conditions.
Hurricane Palm Dictyosperma album	10b-11	\(\)	М		30'		A spiny accent or specimen palm for tropical and subtropical landscapes. It is adaptable in its soil requirements, but drying winds can burn the foliage. It is moderately susceptible to lethal yellowing disease.
King Sago Cycas revoluta	8b-11	٥	L-M		8'	1 0000	This palm-like cycad has stiff dark green foliage and is used as an accent shrub. It is adaptable in its soil requirements but prone to micronutrient deficiencies. The leaves are somewhat spiny and its red fruits are poisonous. Prone to scale infestations.
Lady Palm Rhapis excelsa	9-11	\(\)	М	* ~	7'		Best suited for partial shade because its palmate leaves tend to yellow in sun. It forms dense clusters and can be used as an accent shrub or an interior plant. It is prone to iron deficiency and manganese deficiency in alkaline soils.
Licuala Palm <i>Licuala grandis</i>	10b-11	•	L	*	8'	1 0000	Small specimen palm that is a rainforest understory plant. It requires partial shade and protection of its unique corrugated, circular leaves from drying winds. It prefers a well-drained organic soil. The lower part of the frond branch contains hooked teeth.
Macarthur Palm Ptychosperma macarthurii	10b-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L	*	25'	III 00	A slender, multiple trunked palm that is adaptable to various soils and resistant to lethal yellowing. This clumping species has smaller leaves and thinner trunks than Solitaire Palm and may also be used for interiorscape. Its red fruits are an irritant.
Majesty Palm <i>Ravenala rivularis</i>	10a-11	\(\rightarrow\)	М	*	60'-80'	IIII	Adaptable specimen palm for understory planting locations. This palm quickly reaches 10 feet of height then slows in growth rate. Requires frequent fertilization or moderate shade to maintain healthy look. Widely used as an interior plant.
Montgomery Palm Veitchia montgomeryana	10b-11	\(\rightarrow\)	М	*	25'-35'	IIII	A small specimen palm that has a slender gray (green near the crownshaft) trunk and fronds that do not drop below a horizontal position. It is adaptable in its soil requirements and slightly susceptible to lethal yellowing.
Parlor Palm Chamaedorea elegans	10b-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L	∠ ∠	6'	1 0000	Parlor palm is a densely clustering trunked palm that is very popular as an indoor foliage plant and can be used as a small accent in low light outdoors. Its black fruits are an irritant and mites can be a problem at low relative humidity.
Pindo Palm <i>Butia capitata</i>	8a-10b	٥	М	*	15'	10000	Hardy specimen plant with stiff, blue-green pinnate leaves densely covering arching fronds, which also contain spines. Also called Jelly Palm for its edible fruits, it does best in Central and Northern Florida. Tolerant of various soils.
Ponytail Palm Beaucarnea recurvata	10a-11	٥	М	- \ 	10'	1 0000	Often erroneously called a palm, this small specimen tree has long, linear leaves and a large swollen base/trunk. Micronutrient deficiencies, however, are common with this plant.
WATERING NEEDS OL	ow 🍐 Medium 💧	High	LIG	SHT - Full Sun	Partial Sun	Shade Shade	GROWTH RATE



European Fan Palm Chamaerops humilis



Foxtail Palm Wodyetia bifurcata



King Sago Cycas revoluta



Lady Palm Rhapis excelsa



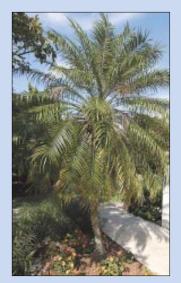


Pindo Palm Butia capitata



Ponytail Palm Beaucarnea recurvata

Common Name/ Scientific Name	Florida Hardiness Range	Watering Needs	Salt Tolerance	Light Range	Typical Height	Growth Rate	Comments
Pygmy Date Palm Phoenix roebelenii	10a-11	۵	L	*	10'		The Pygmy Date Palm is a popular, small accent palm with graceful, fine-textured fronds. It subject to magnesium, manganese and potassium deficiencies and is armed with sharp spines on the petioles (frond bases).
Queen Palm Syagrus romanzoffiana	10a-11	۵	М	*	40'	Ш	Widely planted specimen palm that has a smooth gray trunk and long arching fronds. Manganese deficiency ("frizzletop") is frequently a problem, especially in alkaline soils, unless periodically fertilized. It produces copious fruits, which can be messy.
Queen Sago Cycas circinalis	10b-11	٥	М	*	10'		Large cycad with dark green, spiny palm-like leaves that are much larger than those of the King Sago. It forms a visible trunk and can be used as a free-standing specimen in large areas. Produces red fruits that are poisonous. Prefers well drained soils.
Screw Pine Pandanus utilis	10b-11	٥	Н		25'	1 0000	Unusual tree with palm-like leaf clusters and prop-like roots. It is tolerant of various soils. It is slightly susceptible to lethal yellowing and the leaves are spiny. Its unusual fruits are edidle and resemble a pineapple.
Senegal Date Palm Phoenix reclinata	9-11	٥	М		25'-30'		This multi-trunked speciment palm suckers vigorously and produces many stems. The lower leaves are modified into long, dagger-like spines. It is tolerant of various soils but requires sufficent room.
Solitaire Palm Ptychosperma elegans	10b-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L	- <u>*</u>	20'		Also known as Alexander Palm, this small, slender palm is commonly used as a specimen tree for interiorscape. It produces red fruits and is lethal yellowing resistant. It is adaptable to various soils but must be protected from cold winds.
Traveler's Palm Ravenala madagascariensis	10a-11	\(\rightarrow\)	L	*	25'		Relative of the banana and bird of paradise, this striking plant has large, tropical-looking leaves arranged in one plane atop a stout trunk. It does best in fertile soil and is used as a free-standing specimen.
Triangle Palm Neodypsis decaryi	10b-11	٥	L	*	25'		Unique blue-green leaves are arranged in three planes, creating a bold, formal appearance. It requires well-drained soil and regular fertilization on infertile soils. Drought tolerant once established, it is slightly susceptible to lethal yellowing.
Washington Palm Washingtonia robusta	8a-11	٥	М		80'	Ш	A very tall, slender and spiny fan palm that retains old leaves in a petticoat. Its leaves are damaged in the low 20s°F. This desert palm naturally lives near water but over-watering in humid areas can cause root and butt rot.
Wild Date Palm Phoenix sylvestris	9a-11	٥	М		40'		Also known as Toddy Palm or India Date Palm. It is adaptable in its soil requirements and like other large date palms, makes a durable specimen tree. The blue-green cast of the leaves is variable and the petiole is armed with spines.
Windmill Palm Trachycarpus fortunei	8a-10b	٥	М	*	25'		This small specimen fan palm is one of the most cold and shade tolerant palms in cultivation. It will not thrive in hot, tropical conditions. The petioles are slightly spiny and has soft, disorganized brown fiber on the trunk. It prefers fertile soils.
Yucca, Spineless Yucca elephantipes	9b-11	٥	М	*	20'		This is one of the few yuccas that has relatively soft leaftips, unlike Spanish Bayonet which has very sharp, hard leaftips. It is adaptable to various soils and commonly used as an accent. Variegated forms are also available.
WATERING NEEDS OL	ow 🌢 Medium	♦ High	LI	IGHT - Full Sun	- Partial Sun	Shade Shade	GROWTH RATE []]] Slow []] Medium Fast Note: soil moisture and light listed in order of plant preference



Pygmy Date Palm Phoenix roebelenii



Queen Sago Cycas circinalis



Screw Pine Pandanus utilis



Traveler's Palm Ravenala madagascariensis



Triangle Palm Neodypsis decaryi



Washington Palm Washingtonia robusta



Wild Date Palm Phoenix sylvestris



Yucca, Spineless Yucca elephantipes