

NATIVE AMERICANS

STANDARD 2.2 - Lives and contributions of American Indians with emphasis on the Powhatan of the Eastern Woodlands, the Lakota of the Plains, and the Pueblo people of the Southwest.

Many American Indian peoples lived in Virginia and in other regions of America for thousands of years. They developed different cultures because they lived in different environments of North America. American Indians have made **and** continue to make contributions to present-day life.

In what ways were the American Indians in Virginia (Powhatan) like and different from the Lakota and Pueblo Indians?

	REGIONS	HOMES	JOBS	TRANSPORTATION
POWHATAN		 Wood & Bark	 Fishermen, hunters, farmers	 Walked, paddled canoes
LAKOTA		 Teepees	 Hunters, horsemen	 Walked, rode horseback
PUEBLO		 Multi-story terraced buildings	 Farmers Hunters	 Walked

Region	Indians	Homes	Occupation	Transportation
Eastern Woodland	Powhatan	Wood frame houses with bark/reed covering	Farmers Fishermen Hunters	Walked Paddled canoes
Plains	Lakota	Teepees	Hunters Horsemen Warriors	Rode horses Walked
Southwest	Pueblo	Multi-story terraced buildings	Farmers, Hunters	Walked



What are some contributions of the American Indians culture to present-day life?

- Contributions of American Indians
- Arts (jewelry, pottery, weaving, carving)
- Knowledge of the environment
- Respect for nature
- Farming of corn and tobacco

How are American Indians of the past different from those of today?

Changes in American Indian culture

- **Today**, American Indians live and work in Virginia and the United States.
- American Indian cultures have **changed** over time.

Term to know:

- **Culture:** The beliefs, customs, and way of life of a group of people
- **Regions:** Places that have common (the same) characteristics
- **Environment:** Surroundings

STANDARD 2.4 Locate the regions of the Powhatan, Lakota, and Pueblo Indians on United States maps; compare the climate, land, and plant life of these regions; describe how people in these regions adapt to their environment.

Where are the regions of the Powhatan, Lakota, and Pueblo people located on a United States map? (see map)
How are the climates, land, and plant life of these regions similar and different?

	Climate	Land
Eastern Woodland (Powhatan)	Mild winters; Hot, humid summers	Rivers, hills, mountains, coastland
Plains (Lakota)	Hot summers; harsh, cold winters	Plains; prairies; rolling hills
Southwest (Pueblo)	Hot days; cold nights; little rainfall	High flatlands

How did the Powhatan, Lakota, and Pueblo people adapt to their environments?

- The Powhatan farmed, fished, hunted, used trees for homes and canoes, and gathered plants for food.
- The Lakota moved around the region to hunt for buffalo. They later used horses for transportation.
- The Pueblo farmed the land. They lived in villages in adobe (clay) houses.

Terms to know

- **Climate:** The kind of weather an area has over a long period of time
- **Land:** The shape of the land's surface
- **Environment:** Surroundings