

FOREWORD

This report highlights the principal findings of the fourth inventory of the timber resource in the Northern Mountain Region of Virginia. The inventory was started in August 1976 and completed in December 1976. Three previous inventories, completed in 1940, 1957, and 1966, provide statistics for measuring changes and trends over the past 37 years. In this report, the primary emphasis is on the changes and trends since 1966. Previously reported figures have been adjusted to provide the best estimate of real change.

Forest Survey, now Renewable Resources Evaluation, authorized by the McSweeney-McNary Forest Research Act of 1928, as amended, and by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, is a continuing, nationwide undertaking by the regional experiment stations of the Forest Service, USDA. In Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia, Renewable Resources Evaluation is administered through the Southeastern Forest Experiment Station, with headquarters at Asheville, North Carolina. The objective of the statewide timber inventories is to periodically measure and evaluate the timber resource. These inventories provide information on the extent and condition of the forest lands, volume of timber, and rates of timber growth and removals. These data and evaluations help provide a basis for the formulation of forest policies and programs and the orderly development and use of the resource.

The 14-county area covered by this report is one of five survey units in Virginia. Similar reports, USDA Forest Service Resource Bulletins SE-34, 35, and 39, have been issued for the Coastal Plain, Southern Piedmont, and Northern Piedmont units. A comparable report for the Southern Mountain Region will be issued as the Statewide inventory progresses. When completed, this inventory will provide updated statistics on the timber resource for all of Virginia.

The Southeastern Station gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and assistance provided by the Virginia Division of Forestry. Appreciation is also expressed for the excellent cooperation of other public agencies, forest industry, and private landowners in providing information and access to the sample locations.

JOE P. McCLURE Project Leader

for P. McCline

Forest Statistics for the Northern Mountain Region of Virginia 1977

by

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HIGHLIGHTS

Since 1966 in the Northern Mountain Region of Virginia--

- -area of commercial forest land has increased by 122,000 acres, or by 5 percent. This increase is attributed to the reclassification of 147,000 acres of noncommercial forest to commercial forest land. Altogether, additions to commercial forest land totaled 190,000 acres, while diversions to other land uses totaled only 68,000 acres. Almost two-thirds of the diversions were to agricultural uses and urban development; reclassification of former commercial forest land to productive-reserved forest land accounted for most of the remaining diversion. Commercial forests now occupy 2.6 million acres, or 61 percent of the total land area.
- -there has been a 14-percent increase in the area of publicly owned commercial forests, resulting largely from the reclassification of unproductive forest lands on the George Washington and Jefferson National Forests. The national forests and other public agencies are the single largest owner group in this region with a total commercial forest acreage of over 1.0 million acres. Farmer-owned commercial forests have declined by 190,000 acres, or by 24 percent; miscellaneous private owners increased their holdings by 137,000 acres, or by 18 percent. Forest industry lands have more than doubled but total only 73,000 acres.
- --only 1 out of 5 acres now classified as commercial forests showed evidence of treatment or significant disturbance. The relatively low level of forestry activity is attributed to the mountainous terrain and predominantly hardwood forests. Only 271,000 acres have experienced harvesting or intermediate cutting. Grazing and other significant disturbances occurred on 184,000 acres. Over 59,000 acres suffered significant damage due to insects, disease, weather, and other natural destructive agents.
- --average basal area of all live trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and larger has increased from 67 to 77 square feet per acre of commercial forest land. There are also 572 saplings per acre, about the same number as found in 1966. Trees which fail to qualify as growing stock because of roughness, rot, poor form, or species make up more than 30 percent of the basal area stocking. Despite the increase in average basal area, over 1.0 million acres were classified as either nonstocked or poorly stocked with growing-stock trees.
- --volume of softwood growing stock has increased from 0.4 to 0.5 billion cubic feet, or by 31 percent. The increase occurred across all diameter classes and for most major species. Volume of shortleaf pine declined by 8 percent during the past 11 years. Pitch pine, Virginia pine, white pine, and Table-Mountain pine are the predominant softwood species in the area. The current inventory of softwood growing stock includes 1.7 billion board feet of sawtimber, 43 percent more than in 1966.

--volume of hardwood growing stock has increased from 1.9 to 2.4 billion cubic feet, or by 28 percent. Significant increases in volume were recorded for all major hardwood species, with the oaks accounting for two-thirds of the gain. Again, the increase occurred across all diameter classes. Hardwood sawtimber volume increased from 4.8 to 6.5 billion board feet, or by 34 percent.

In 1976--

- -net growth of growing stock averaged 36 cubic feet per acre of commercial forest land and totaled 94 million cubic feet. This average growth per acre is considerably below averages found in Virginia's Piedmont and Coastal Plain regions and is attributed to the following factors: (1) nearly half of the commercial forest acreage was classified as poor sites (site class 5), and (2) the average age of adequately stocked stands is 62 years--much older than average ages for the other regions. About 57 percent of the net growth was on oaks, 28 percent was on other hardwood species, and the remaining 15 percent was on yellow pine and other softwoods. By ownership class, 39 percent of the net growth occurred on publicly owned forests; over 2 percent on forest industry lands; 26 percent on farmer-owned lands; and the remaining 33 percent on commercial forests held by miscellaneous private owners. The net growth of all species included some 334 million board feet of sawtimber.
- removals of growing stock totaled nearly 33 million cubic feet, slightly more than one-third the net growth. Almost 21 percent of the volume removed was yellow pine and other softwoods, and the remaining 79 percent was hardwoods. The distribution of removals by ownership class differed from that of net growth. Over 46 percent of the removals came from publicly owned forests, 7 percent from forest industry lands, 20 percent from farmer-owned land, and the remaining 27 percent from miscellaneous private forests. The total removals of all species included 111 million board feet of sawtimber.
- --mortality of growing stock totaled 14 million cubic feet and reduced gross growth by 13 percent. Hardwoods accounted for 63 percent of the mortality. Insects, weather, and suppression were the leading identifiable causes of death. Total mortality included 27 million board feet of sawtimber.

HOW THE FOREST SURVEY IS MADE

The method of survey is essentially a sampling procedure designed to provide reliable statistics primarily at the State and Survey Unit levels. Individual county statistics are presented so that any combination of counties may be added together until the total is large enough to meet the desired degree of reliability. The basic steps of the survey procedure were as follows:

- 1. Initial estimates of forest and nonforest areas were based on the classification of 11,011 sample clusters systematically spaced on the latest aerial photographs available. A subsample of 925 of the 16-point clusters was ground checked, and a linear regression was fitted to the data to develop the relationship between the photo and ground classification of the subsample. This procedure provides a means for adjusting the initial estimates of area for change in land use since date of photography and for photo misclassifications.
- 2. Estimates of timber volume and forest classifications were based on measurements recorded at 576 ground sample locations systematically distributed within the commercial forest land. A 10-point cluster of plots, measured with a basal area factor of 37.5 square feet per acre, was systematically spaced on an acre at each of these sample locations. Trees less than 5 inches d.b.h. were tallied on a portion of the fixed-radius plots around the point centers.
- 3. Equations prepared from detailed measurements collected on standing trees in the Northern Mountain Region of Virginia, and similar measurements taken throughout the Southeast, were used to compute the volumes of individual tally trees. A mirror caliper and sectional aluminum poles were used to obtain the additional measurements on standing trees required to construct the volume equations.
- 4. Felled trees were measured at five active cutting operations. These data will be pooled with similar measurements taken in the State to supplement the standing tree-volume study and to generate utilization factors for product and species groups that will be analyzed at the State level.
- 5. Estimates of growth, removals, and mortality were determined from the remeasurement of 582 permanent sample plots which were established in the third survey.
- 6. Ownership information was collected from local contacts, correspondence, and public records. In those counties where the sample missed a particular ownership class, temporary sample plots were added and measured to describe the forest conditions within the ownership class.
- 7. All field data were sent to Asheville for editing and were punched into cards and stored on magnetic tape for machine computing, sorting, and tabulation. Final estimates were based on statistical summaries of the data.

RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

Statistical analysis of these data indicates the following sampling errors in terms of one standard error (two times out of three):

	Percent
Per million acres of commercial forest land	0.66
Per billion cubic feet of growing stock	4.31
Per billion cubic feet of net annual growth	0.88
Per billion cubic feet of annual removals	2.91

SAMPLING ERRORS FOR COUNTY AND UNIT TOTALS, IN TERMS OF ONE STANDARD ERROR

COUNTY	COMMERCIAL	CUBIC-FOOT	VOLUME OF	GROWING STOCK		
	FOREST AREA	INVENTORY	GROWTH	REMOVALS		
		SAMPLII	VG ERRORº -			
ALLEGHANY AUGUSTA BATH	0.56 1.05 0.45	7.44 8.51 6.54	7.90 10.91 6.89	57.74 38.93		
BOTETOURT CLARKE	1.27 9.93	9.49 19.41	10.39 18.76	39.82 50.72 0.00		
CRAIG FREDERICK HIGHLAND	0.63 3.19 1.22	8.09 10.29 10.32	9·11 12·07 10·17	77.15 89.37 46.52		
PAGE ROANOKE	2.82 3.72	10.24 15.39	11.26 12.78	77.69 59.84 39.37		
ROCKBRIDGE ROCKINGHAM SHENANDOAH WARREN	1.38 1.22 1.59 4.23	8.32 6.45 7.79 15.59	7.79 11.32			
UNIT TOTAL	0.41	2.50	2.85	68·24 16·05		

^{&#}x27;SAMPLING ERROR OF BREAKDOWNS OF COUNTY AND UNIT TOTALS MAY BE COMPUTED WITH THE FOLLOWING FORMULA:

$\mathcal{E} = \frac{(SE) \sqrt{(SPECIFIED VOLUME OR AREA)}}{\sqrt{(VOLUME OR AREA TOTAL IN QUESTION)}}$

WHERE: E = SAMPLING ERROR OF THE VOLUME OR AREA TOTAL IN QUESTION.

SE = SPECIFIED SAMPLING ERROR IN TABLE.

² BY RANDOM-SAMPLING FORMULA (IN PERCENT).

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Acceptable trees. -- Growing-stock trees of commercial species that meet specified standards of size and quality, but not qualifying as desirable trees.

Basal area. -- The area in square feet of the cross section at breast height of a single tree or of all the trees in a stand, usually expressed as square feet of basal area per acre.

Commercial forest land. -- Forest land producing or capable of producing crops of industrial wood and not withdrawn from timber utilization.

Commercial species. -- Tree species presently or prospectively suitable for industrial wood products.

Cropland. -- Land under cultivation within the past 24 months, including orchards and land in soil-improving crops, but excluding land cultivated in developing improved pasture. Also includes idle farmland.

<u>Desirable trees</u>.--Growing-stock trees of commercial species having no serious defects in quality limiting present or prospective use for timber products, of relatively high vigor, and containing no pathogens that may result in death or serious deterioration before rotation age.

<u>Diameter class.--A</u> classification of trees based on diameter outside bark, measured at breast height ($4\frac{1}{2}$ feet above the ground). D.b.h. is the common abbreviation for "diameter at breast height." Two-inch diameter classes are commonly used in Forest Survey, with the even inch the approximate midpoint for a class. For example, the 6-inch class includes trees 5.0 through 6.9 inches d.b.h., inclusive.

Farm. -- Either a place operated as a unit of 10 or more acres from which the sale of agricultural products totaled \$50 or more annually, or a place operated as a unit of less than 10 acres from which the sale of agricultural products for the year amounted to at least \$250.

Farm operator. -- A person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work.

Farmer-owned lands. -- Lands owned by farm operators.

Forest industry lands. -- Lands owned by companies or individuals operating wood-using plants.

Forest land. -- Land at least 16.7 percent stocked by forest trees of any size, or formerly having had such tree cover, and not currently developed for nonforest use.

Forest type. -- A classification of forest land based upon the species forming a plurality of live-tree stocking.

Longleaf-slash pine. -- Forests in which longleaf or slash pine, singly or in combination, comprises a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include oak, hickory, and gum.)

Loblolly-shortleaf pine. -- Forests in which loblolly pine, shortleaf pine, or other southern yellow pines, except longleaf or slash pine, singly or in combination, comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include oak, hickory, and gum.)

Oak-pine.--Forests in which hardwoods (usually upland oaks) comprise a plurality of the stocking but in which pines comprise 25 to 50 percent of the stocking. (Common associates include gum, hickory, and yellow-poplar.)

Oak-hickory. --Forests in which upland oaks or hickory, singly or in combination, comprise a plurality of the stocking, except where pines comprise 25 to 50 percent, in which case the stand would be classified oak-pine. (Common associates include yellow-poplar, elm, maple, and black walnut.)

Oak-gum-cypress. -- Bottomland forests in which tupelo, blackgum, sweet-gum, oaks, or southern cypress, singly or in combination, comprises a plurality of the stocking, except where pines comprise 25 to 50 percent, in which case the stand would be classified oak-pine. (Common associates include cottonwood, willow, ash, elm, hackberry, and maple.)

<u>Elm-ash-cottonwood</u>.--Forests in which elm, ash, or cottonwood, singly or in combination, comprises a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include willow, sycamore, beech, and maple.)

Gross growth. -- Annual increase in net volume of trees in the absence of cutting and mortality.

Growing-stock trees. -- Live trees of commercial species qualifying as desirable or acceptable trees.

Growing-stock volume.--Net volume in cubic feet of growing-stock trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and over from a 1-foot stump to a minimum 4.0-inch top diameter outside bark of the central stem, or to the point where the central stem breaks into limbs. (Net volume in primary forks is included.)

Hardwoods .-- Dicotyledonous trees, usually broad-leaved and deciduous.

Soft hardwoods.--Soft-textured hardwoods such as boxelder, red and silver maple, buckeye, hackberry, loblolly-bay, silverbell (in mountains), butternut, sweetgum, yellow-poplar, cucumbertree, magnolia, sweetbay, water tupelo, blackgum, sycamore, cottonwood, black cherry, willow, basswood, and elm.

Hard hardwoods.--Hard-textured hardwoods such as Florida and sugar maple, birch, hickory, dogwood, persimmon (forest grown), beech, ash, honeylocust, holly, black walnut, mulberry, all commercial oaks, and black locust.

Idle farmland. --Includes former croplands, orchards, improved pastures and farm sites not tended within the past 2 years, and presently less than 16.7 percent stocked with trees.

Improved pasture. -- Land currently improved for grazing by cultivation, seeding, irrigation, or clearing of trees or brush.

Industrial wood. -- All roundwood products except fuelwood.

Land area. -- The area of dry land and land temporarily or partly covered by water such as marshes, swamps, and river flood plains (omitting tidal flats below mean high tide); streams, sloughs, estuaries, and canals less than 1/8 of a statute mile in width; and lakes, reservoirs, and ponds less than 40 acres in area.

Logging residues .-- The unused portions of trees cut or killed by logging.

Miscellaneous Federal lands. -- Federal lands other than National Forests, lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management, and Indian lands.

Miscellaneous private lands - corporate. -- Lands owned by private corporations other than forest industry.

Miscellaneous private lands - individual. -- Privately owned lands other than forest-industry, farmer-owned, or corporate lands.

Mortality. -- Number or sound-wood volume of live trees dying from natural causes during a specified period.

National Forest land. -- Federal lands which have been legally designated as National Forests or purchase units, and other lands under the administration of the Forest Service, including experimental areas and Bankhead-Jones Title III lands.

Net annual growth .-- The increase in volume for a specific year.

Net volume. -- Gross volume less deductions for rot, sweep, or other defect affecting use for timber products.

Noncommercial forest land. -- (a) Unproductive forest land incapable of yielding crops of industrial wood because of adverse site conditions, and (b) productive-reserved forest land.

Noncommercial species. -- Tree species of typically small size, poor form, or inferior quality which normally do not develop into trees suitable for industrial wood products.

Nonforest land. -- Land that has never supported forests and lands formerly forested where timber management is precluded by development for other uses.

Nonstocked land. -- Commercial forest land less than 16.7 percent stocked with growing-stock trees.

Other Federal lands. -- Federal lands other than National Forests, including lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and other Federal agencies.

Other public lands. -- Publicly owned lands other than National Forests.

Overstocked areas. -- Areas where growth of trees is significantly reduced by excessive numbers of trees.

<u>Poletimber trees.</u>—Growing-stock trees of commercial species at least 5.0 inches in d.b.h. but smaller than sawtimber size.

<u>Productive-reserved forest land.</u>—Forest land sufficiently productive to qualify as commercial forest land, but withdrawn from timber utilization through statute or administrative designation.

Rangeland. -- Land on which the natural plant cover is composed principally of native grasses, forbs, or shrubs valuable for forage.

Rotten trees.--Live trees of commercial species that do not contain at least one 12-foot saw log, or two noncontiguous saw logs, each 8 feet or longer, now or prospectively, primarily because of rot or missing sections, and with less than one-third of the gross tree volume in sound material.

Rough trees.--(a) Live trees of commercial species that do not contain at least one 12-foot saw log, or two noncontiguous saw logs, each 8 feet or longer, now or prospectively, primarily because of roughness, poor form, splits, and cracks, and with less than one-third of the gross tree volume in sound material; and (b) all live trees of noncommercial species.

Salvable dead trees. -- Standing or down dead trees that are considered merchantable by Forest Survey standards.

Saplings. -- Live trees 1.0 to 5.0 inches in diameter at breast height.

Saw log. -- A log meeting minimum standards of diameter, length, and defect, including logs at least 8 feet long, sound and straight, and with a minimum diameter inside bark for softwoods of 6 inches (8 inches for hardwoods).

Saw-log portion. -- That part of the bole of sawtimber trees between the stump and the saw-log top.

Saw-log top.--The point on the bole of sawtimber trees above which a saw log cannot be produced. The minimum saw-log top is 7.0 inches d.o.b. for softwoods and 9.0 inches d.o.b. for hardwoods.

Sawtimber trees.--Live trees of commercial species containing at least a 12-foot saw log, or two noncontiguous saw logs, each 8 feet or longer, and with at least one-third of the gross board-foot volume between the 1-foot stump and minimum saw-log top being sound. Softwoods must be at least 9.0 inches and hardwoods at least 11.0 inches in diameter at breast height.

Sawtimber volume. -- Net volume of the saw-log portion of live sawtimber in board-foot International 1/4-inch rule.

<u>Seedlings</u>.--Live trees less than 1.0 inch in diameter at breast height that are expected to survive and develop.

Site class. -- A classification of forest land in terms of inherent capacity to grow crops of industrial wood based on fully stocked natural stands.

Class 1.--Sites capable of producing 165 or more cubic feet per acre annually.

Class 2.--Sites capable of producing 120 to 165 cubic feet per acre annually.

Class 3.--Sites capable of producing 85 to 120 cubic feet per acre annually.

Class 4.--Sites capable of producing 50 to 85 cubic feet per acre annually.

<u>Class 5</u>.--Sites incapable of producing 50 cubic feet per acre annually, but excluding unproductive sites.

Softwoods. -- Coniferous trees, usually evergreen, having needles or scale-like leaves.

<u>Pines.--Yellow</u> pine species which include loblolly, longleaf, slash, shortleaf, pitch, Virginia, Table-Mountain, sand, and spruce pine.

Other softwoods. --White pine, hemlock, cypress, eastern redcedar, white-cedar, spruce, and fir.

Stand-size class. -- A classification of forest land based on the size class of growing-stock trees on the area.

Sawtimber stands. -- Stands at least 16.7 percent stocked with growingstock trees, with half or more of total stocking in sawtimber or poletimber trees, and with sawtimber stocking at least equal to poletimber stocking.

Poletimber stands.--Stands at least 16.7 percent stocked with growingstock trees of which half or more of this stocking is in poletimber and sawtimber trees, and with poletimber stocking exceeding that of sawtimber. Sapling-seedling stands. -- Stands at least 16.7 percent stocked with growing-stock trees of which more than half of the stocking is saplings and seedlings.

State, county, and municipal lands. -- Lands owned by States, counties, and local public agencies or municipalities, or lands leased to these governmental units for 50 years or more.

Stocking. -- The degree of occupancy of land by trees, measured by basal area or the number of trees in a stand and spacing in the stand, compared to a minimum standard, depending on tree size, to fully utilize the growth potential of the land. (See page 12.)

<u>Timber removals.</u>—The net volume of growing-stock trees removed from the inventory by harvesting; cultural operations, such as stand improvement; land clearing, or changes in land use.

<u>Unproductive forest land.</u>--Forest land incapable of producing 20 cubic feet per acre of industrial wood under natural conditions, because of adverse site conditions.

Upper-stem portion. -- That part of the main stem or fork of sawtimber trees above the saw-log top to a minimum top diameter of 4.0 inches outside bark or to the point where the main stem or fork breaks into limbs.

Urban and other areas. -- Areas within the legal boundaries of cities and towns; suburban areas developed for residential, industrial, or recreational purposes; school yards; cemeteries; roads; railroads; airports; beaches; powerlines and other rights-of-way; or other nonforest land not included in any other specified land use class.

STOCKING STANDARD

D.B.H. CLASS	MINIMUM NUMBER OF TREES PER ACRE FOR FULL STOCKING	MINIMUM BASAL AREA PER ACRE FOR FULL STOCKING	PERCENT STOCKING ASSIGNED EACH TALLY TREE!
SEEDLINGS	600		5.0
2	560		5.4
4	460		6.5
6	340	67	5.8
8	240	84	4.8
10	155	85	4.3
12	115	90	4.0
1 4	90	96	3.8
16	$\bar{7}\bar{2}$	ากั	3.7
i Ř	60	i ŏ 6	ă . ś
żő	51	111	3.5

TREES LESS THAN 5.0 INCHES D.B.H. WERE TALLIED ON A 10-POINT CLUSTER OF CIRCULAR, 1/300-ACRE PLOTS AT EACH SAMPLE LOCATION.

TREES 5.0 INCHES D.B.H. AND LARGER WERE TALLIED ON A 10-POINT CLUSTER OF VARIABLE PLOTS USING A BASAL AREA FACTOR OF 37.5 AT EACH SAMPLE LOCATION.

OVERSTOCKED--OVER 130 PERCENT FULLY STOCKED--100-130 PERCENT MEDIUM STOCKED--60-99 PERCENT POORLY STOCKED--16.7-59 PERCENT NONSTOCKED--LESS THAN 16.7 PERCENT

CUBIC FEET OF WOOD PER AVERAGE CORD (EXCLUDING BARK)

D.B.H. CLASS	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	HARDWOOD
6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24+	60.4 68.7 73.6 76.7 78.8 80.3 81.4 81.9 82.8	61.0 68.1 73.1 76.7 79.4 81.6 83.3 84.8 86.0 87.9	68.2 76.0 81.4 85.2 88.2 90.4 92.3 93.8 95.1	60.0 68.4 73.4 76.4 78.8 80.8 81.5 82.1 83.0
AVERAGE	74.4	72.2	83.6	74.4

COUNTY TABLES

THE COUNTY TABLES ARE INTENDED FOR USE IN COMPILING FOREST RESOURCE ESTIMATES FOR GROUPS OF COUNTIES. BECAUSE THE SAMPLING PROCEDURE USED BY THE FOREST SURVEY WAS INTENDED PRIMARILY TO FURNISH INVENTORY DATA FOR THE SURVEY UNIT AS A WHOLE, INDIVIDUAL COUNTY ESTIMATES HAVE LIMITED AND VARIABLE ACCURACY. AS COUNTY TOTALS ARE BROKEN DOWN BY VARIOUS SUBDIVISIONS, THE POSSIBILITY OF ERROR INCREASES AND IS GREATEST FOR THE SMALLEST ITEMS. THE ORDER OF THIS INCREASE CAN BE COMPUTED WITH THE FORMULA ON PAGE 5.

TABLE 1. -- AREA, BY LAND CLASS AND COUNTY, 1977

	411		FOR	EST LAND	·	
COUNTY	ALL LAND'	TOTAL	COMMERCIAL FOREST	UNPRODUCTIVE FOREST	PRODUCTIVE- RESERVED	NONFOREST LAND ²
ALLEGHANY AUGUSTA BATH BOTETOURT CLARKE CRAIG FREDERICK HIGHLAND PAGE ROANOKE ROCKBRIDGE	289,280 641,280 345,600 350,507 111,360 215,040 279,040 266,240 202,240 193,920 388,109	255,511 352,093 309,093 251,840 34,386 177,625 144,055 196,394 126,7866 114,735	251,237 318,822 296,962 244,440 34,291 175,219 143,151 195,717 85,840 114,165 249,091	3,927 19,115 8,066 5,598 13 796 677 3,473	347 14,443 4,065 1,802 95 2,393 108 37,553	33,769 286,900 36,507 98,667 76,974 37,415 134,985 69,846 75,374 79,172
ROCKINGHAM SHENANDOAH WARREN TOTAL	557,440 324,480 140,160 4,304,696	312,794 193,432 85,334 2,811,793	259,963 185,560 71,254 2,625,712	2,541 13,089 7,872 894 66,061	5,703 39,742 13,186 120,020	130,774 244,646 131,048 54,826

^{&#}x27;FROM U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, LAND AND WATER AREA OF THE UNITED STATES, 1970.
*INCLUDES 16,836 ACRES OF WATER ACCORDING TO SURVEY STANDARDS OF AREA CLASSIFICATION BUT DEFINED BY THE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AS LAND.

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TABLE 2. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY OWNERSHIP CLASS AND COUNTY, 1977

		OWNERSHIP CLASS													
COUNTY	ALL OWNERSHIPS	NATIONAL	MISCELLANEOUS	STATE	COUNTY AND	FOREST	FARMER	MISCELLANE	OUS PRIVATE						
	OWNERSHITTS	FOREST	FEDERAL	STATE	MUNICIPAL	INDUSTRY	FARMER	CORPORATE	INDIVIDUAL						
					- ACRES			· - ·							
ALLEGHANY AUGUSTA	251,237 318,822 296,962	134,713 168,392	1,030 2,800	450 8,104 9,486	258 100 62	8,188	22,208 54,701	13,325 16,411 29,533 30,143	71,065 71,114 50,636						
ATH OTETOURT LARKE	244,440 34,291	157,712	2,800	9,400	6,327 189	320 29,484 758	46,413 55,981 9,501 33,951	30,143 4,750	71,114 50,636 51,675 19,003						
RAIG REDERICK	175,219 143,151 195,717	112,166 4,994 52,154	~ ~ ~ ~	 3 13,502	 241	513 11,877	33,951 68,821 82,048	18,352 10,256	29,102 50,468 25,639						
IGHLAND AGE OANOKE	85,840 114,165	52,154 24,594 589	53	4,204	35 5.880	8,066	68,821 82,048 25,204 29,803 68,054 39,540	3.601	32,406 59,609 77,768						
OCKBRIDGE OCKINGHAM	249,091 259,963	54,773 120,626		15,449 227	5,754 75	12,711 645	68,054 39,540	5,961 14,582 24,712 4,922	77,768 74,138 83,676						
HENANDOAH Arren	185,560 71,254	62,317 4,591	1,575	93	190		34,455 37,914	16,249	10,832						
TOTAL	2,625,712	968,451	5,458	51,608	19,111	72,562	608,594	192,797	707,131						

TABLE 3. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY FOREST-TYPE GROUP AND COUNTY, 1977

		FOREST-TYPE GROUP										
COUNTY	ALL TYPE GROUPS	WHITE PINE- HEMLOCK	SPRUCE- FIR	LONGLEAF- SLASH	LOBLOLLY- SHORTLEAF	OAK- PIN E	OAK- HICKORY	OAK-GUM- CYPRESS	ELM-ASH- COTTONWOOD	MAPLE-BEECH- BIRCH		
					ACK	PES						
ALLEGHANY	251,237			~~	22,228	31,852 51,405 21,420 22,268	183.831			13,326		
AUGUSTA	318,822	4.009			24.055	51,405	239,353			·		
BATH	296,962	4,219			8.600	21,420	262,723					
BOTETOURT	244,440 34,291	4,009 4,219 4,722			8,600 26,252	22,268	186.892		4,306			
CLARKE	34,291						34,291					
CRAIG	175,219	4,850			32,135 9,176 4,346 10,803	18,674 13,767 29,691 10,838 11,922 37,591 23,170	119,560					
FREDERICK	143,151	4,588			9,176	13,767	115,620					
HIGHLAND	195,717				4,346	29,691	156,552			5,128		
PAGE	195,717 85,840				10,803	10,838	60,598 71,850		3,601			
ROANOKE	114,165	11,922			18,471	11,922	71,850					
ROCKBRIDGE	249,091		~ -		22,010	37,591	184,629		4,861			
ROCKINGHAM	259,963	4,020 4,923			19,770	23,170	208,060		4,943			
SHENANDOAH	185,560	4,923	= ••		19,689	22.096	133,930		4,922			
WARREN	71,254					5,416	44,173		21,665			
TOTAL	2,625,712	43,253			217,535	300,110	2,002,062		44,298	18,454		

TABLE 4. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY STAND-SIZE CLASS AND COUNTY, 1977

	ALL	ST	STAND-SIZE CLASS								
COUNTY	STANDS	SAWTIMBER	POLETIMBER	SAPLING- SEEDLING	NONSTOCKED AREAS						
ALLEGHANY AUGUSTA BATH BATH CLARKE CRAIG FREDERICK HIGHLAND PAGE ROCKBRIDGE ROCKBRIDGE ROCKBRIDGE ROCKINGHAM WARREN	251,237 318,822 296,952 244,440 34,291 175,219 143,151 195,717 85,640 114,165 249,091 259,560 71,254	102,914 128,4967 104,293 78,453 65,151 102,651 48,514 23,844 125,173 102,090 27,082	ACRES 116,472 126,539 167,154 92,318 10,258 82,943 59,648 626,523 82,371 79,341 75,729 67,549 38,756	31,851 39,380 42,841 43,101 9,337 18,352 30,420 10,803 7,950 44,746 4,020 7,332	24,430 4,722 4,486 8,042 8,589 5,416						
TOTAL	2,625,712	1,191,648	1,088,246	290,133	55,685						

TABLE 5. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY SITE CLASS AND COUNTY, 1977

COUNTY	ALL	SITE CLASS												
	CLASSES	1	2	3	4	5								
			ACI	9ES										
ALLEGHANY	251,237			13,695	130,193	107,349								
AUGUSTA	318,822				121,541	197,281								
BATH	296,962				173,532	123,430								
BOTETOURT	244,440		4,722	30,977	92,904	115,837								
CLARKE	34,291		`		34,291	'								
CRAIG	175,219			4,486	69,847	100,886								
REDERICK	143,151				83,504	59,647								
IGHLAND	195,717			14,602	68,910	112,205								
AGE	85,840			·	55,715	30,125								
OANOKE	114,165			5,961	53,646	54,558								
ROCKBRIDGE	249,091		4,214	23,033	155,464	66,380								
ROCKINGHAM	259,963			9,885	67,991	182,087								
HENANDOAH	185,560				107,014	78,546								
ARREN	71,254			5,417	38,756	27,081								
TOTAL	2,625,712		8,936	108,056	1,253,308	1.255.412								

TABLE 6. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY STOCKING CLASSES OF GROWING-STOCK TREES, BY COUNTY, 1977

	ALL		STOC	KING PERCENT	AGE'	
COUNTY	CLASSES	OVER 130	100-130	60-99	16.7-59	LESS THAN 16.7
I CEOULNY				RES		
LLEGHANY UGUSTA	251,237 318,822		1,738 30,986	135,479 100,034	114,020 163,372	24,430
BATH BOTETOURT	296,962 244,440		17,201 18,888	181,249 135,706	98,512 85,124	4,722
CLARKE CRAIG	34,291 175,219		279 36,622	29,262 87,063	4,750 47,048	4,486
REDERICK	143,151	5 100	13.765	101,858	27,528	4,400
IIGHLAND 'AGE	195,717 85,840	5,128	5,128 7,236	120,866 40,925	64,595 37,679	
OANOKE OCKBRIDGE	114,165 249,091		31,483	59,607 158,356	54,558 59,252	
OCKINGHAM HENANDOAH	259,963 185,560		4,323 30,685	137,861 87,325	109,737	8,042
ARREN	71,254		15,423	21,665	58,961 28,750	8,589 5,416
TOTAL	2,625,712	5,128	213,757	1,397,256	953,886	55,685

216		HARDWOOD		177,189					142,369					224, 435	215,273	158, 163	58,333	2,111,039				
BY SPECIES GROUP AND COUNTY, 1977		SOFT HARDWOOD	1/334	27,987	15,844	-	59,964	-	9,862	14,911	32,490	7, 109	14, 152	35, 187	26,369	22,963	15,637	332,095	·			
ES GROUP AM	GROWING STOCK	OTHER SOFTWOOD	THOUSAND CUBIC	7,748	11,368	11,255	13,986		9,772	-	-	-	-	17,288	16, 188	-	998	147,336				
	9	PINE	1041	36,643	-	-	_		60,118	-	14,171	-	20,724	26,334	19,030	30,846	4,656	386,709				
FOREST LAND,		ALL SPECIES	1	249,567	-	•	-	-	222, 121	-	-	-	-	303,244	•	•	-	2,977,178				
COMMERCIAL		HARD HARDWOOD	1 1	_	-				345,676	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	111,892	5,474,321				
VG STOCK ON		SOFT HARDWOOD	1333	FEET - " -	FEET - " -	FEET - " -				233,093		25,342	31,086	94,419	•	_	115, 181	72,319	-	_	1,030,310	PAGE 12.
AND GROWII	SAWTIMBER	OTHER SOFTWOOD	BOARD	31,931	44,659	44,279	46 547	1 255			-		-	63,908	-	31,771	2,234	533,939	ARE SHOWN ON			
F SAWTINBER		PINE	ONKSUOHT	96,995	78	26	65	1,617	190,914	22,234	47,108	43,557	33,733	69,213	62,117	93,007	10,825	1,134,018				
TABLE 7 VOLUME OF SAWTIMBER AND GROWING STOCK ON COMMERCIAL SAWTIMBER		SPECIES	1						596,681									8,172,588	CONVERTING			
TABLE		COUNTY		ALLEGHANY	AUGUSTA	BATH	BOTETOURT	CLARKE	CRAIG	FREDERICK	H I GHL AND	PAGE	ROANOKE	ROCKBRIDGE	ROCKINGHAM	SHENANDOAH	WARREN	TOTAL	' FACTORS FOR CONVERTING TO CORDS			

TABLE 8. -- NET ANNUAL GROWTH OF SAWTIMBER AND GROWING STOCK ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY SPECIES GROUP AND COUNTY, 1976

			SAWTIMBER	1		GROWING STOCK					
COUNTY	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	
		THO	SAND BOARD	FEET			THO	USAND CUBIC	FEET		
ALLEGHANY AUGUSTA BATH BOTETOURT CLARKE CRAIG FREDERICK HIGHLAND PAGE ROANOKE ROCKBRIDGE ROCKINGHAM SHENANDOAH WARREN	25,909 30,853 37,7219 9,627 19,880 21,286 21,386 21,413 34,303 34,013 24,987 11,109	2,468 5,362 2,602 4,806 1,070 1,501 1,511 1,934 1,1675 2,270	1,056 1,666 1,226 2,069 84 1,608 1,336 4,723 1,717 3,322 1,761 1,293	4,79265 4,15845 10,5843 10,5843 11,1921 12,1921 13,1931 13,0931 13,0931 13,0931 13,0931 13,0931 13,0931 13,0931 13,0931	17,685 21,888 29,642 17,4623 12,243 17,035 22,6697 5,169 23,108 26,17 15,833 7,701	7,745 9,7308 11,5736 9,563 6,669 1,564 6,669 23,866 7,644 8,665 8,677 9,797	951 1,088 521 959 5 1,088 372 271 605 726 654 300 638 96	267 559 618 454 11 365 277 1,042 73 355 499 626 306 21	930 914 1,326 2,884 854 1,368 362 1,524 1,368	5,597 6,747 9,278 878 4,563 4,849 1,714 6,265 4,490 6,40 6,40 6,40 6,40 6,40 6,40 6,40 6,4	
TOTAL	334,394	27,802	22,186	57,438	226,968	94,453	8,274	5,473	15,629	65,077	

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SAWTIMBER GROWING STOCK COUNTY ALL OTHER SOFT HARD OTHER SOFT HARD PINE PINE SPECIES SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD HARDWOOD SPECIES SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD HARDWOOD - - THOUSAND BOARD FEET THOUSAND CUBIC FEET 2,278 13,629 6,961 2,298 2,190 5,659 3,387 1,324 203 1,212 556 1,661 4,264 2,699 535 3,939 518 1,143 171 ALLEGHANY 155 1,091 1,155 15,875 183 AUGUSTA --9,160 5,997 497 BATH --132 620 2,997 702 BOTETOURT --169 CLARKE 1,780 958 590 CRAIG __ 431 159 ---4,336 15,774 2,486 3,603 4,336 10,580 2,486 799 FREDERICK --799 1,074 4,274 597 4,120 853 3,055 597 HIGHLAND - --366 --PAGE ----___ ----1,284 6,180 1,727 3,914 3,603 ROANOKE 1,284 --23,722 7,207 13,785 3,200 19,017 902 956 2,847 ROCKBRIDGE 406 163 585 5,026 3,398 11,894 3,809 722 1,005 ROCKINGHAM ___ ------1,891 442 495 SHENANDOAH ___ 615 2,585 978 WARREN 483 ----TOTAL 110,864 11,748 11,183 6,631 24,556 81,302 32,903 4,731 2,092 1,524

TABLE 9. -- ANNUAL REMOVALS OF SAWTIMBER AND GROWING STOCK ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY SPECIES GROUP AND COUNTY, 1976

TABLE 10. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY FOREST TYPE AND OWNERSHIP CLASS, 1977

	ALL		OY	NERSHIP CLA	SS	
FOREST TYPE	OWNERSHIPS	NATIONAL FOREST	OTHER PUBLIC	FOREST INDUSTRY	FARMER	MISC. PRIVATE
			ACI	9ES		
SOFTWOOD TYPES: WHITE PINE-HEMLOCK	43,253	12,751			13,730	16,772
SPRUCE-FIR LONGLEAF PINE						
SLASH PINE			•• ••	***		-14 ===
LOBLOLLY PINE SHORTLEAF PINE VIRGINIA PINE	4,923 106,739	17,857		4,094	38,388	4,923 46,400
SAND PINE EASTERN REDCEDAR POND PINE		==	 	 		
SPRUCE PINE PITCH PINE TABLE-MOUNTAIN PINE	70,750 35,123	39,188 16,718	3,863		4,922 4,306	22.777 14,099
TOTAL	260,788	86,514	3,863	4,094	61,346	104,971
HARDWOOD TYPES: OAK-PINE OAK-HICKORY CHESTNUT OAK SOUTHERN SCRUB OAK	300,110 1,764,127 237,935	93,810 651,342 136,785	7,333 49,975 15,006	11,275 54,223 2,970	81,540 414,629 3,601	106,152 593,958 79,573
OAK-GUM-CYPRESS ELM-ASH-COTTONWOOD MAPLE-BEECH-BIRCH	44,298 18,454				33,466 14,012	10,832 4,442
TOTAL	2,364,924	881,937	72,314	68,468	547,248	794,957
ALL TYPES	2,625,712	968,451	76,177	72,562	608,594	899,928

TABLE 11. -- AREA OF COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY OWNERSHIP AND STOCKING CLASSES OF GROWING-STOCK TREES, 1977

OWNERSHIP	ALL	STOCKING PERCENTAGE!								
CLASSES	CLASSES	OVER 130	100-130	60-99	16.7-59	LESS THAN 16.7				
				ACRES						
NATIONAL FOREST OTHER PUBLIC FOREST INDUSTRY FARMER MISC. PRIVATE	968,451 76,177 72,562 608,594 899,928	5,128	102,651 2,354 8,474 48,620 51,658	477,682 28,191 29,141 348,171 514,071	359,183 45,632 34,947 190,319 323,805	28,935 16,356 10,394				
ALL OWNERSHIPS	2,625,712	5,128	213,757	1,397,256	953,886	55,685				

¹ SEE STOCKING STANDARDS ON PAGE 12.

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TABLE 12. -- VOLUME OF TIMBER ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY CLASS AND SPECIES GROUP, 1977

CLASS OF TIMBER	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD
SAWTIMBER TREES:		THOU	ISAND CUBIC	FEET	
SAW-LOG PORTION UPPER-STEM PORTION	1,582,628 319,707	218,834 41,683	91,164 17,365	189,257 38,763	1,083,373 221,896
TOTAL	1,902,335	260,517	108,529	228,020	1,305,269
POLETIMBER TREES	1,074,843	126,192	38,807	104,075	805,769
ALL GROWING-STOCK TREES	2,977,178	386,709	147,336	332,095	2,111,038
ROUGH TREES:					
SAWTIMBER-SIZE TREES POLETIMBER-SIZE TREES	402,174 394,889	20,101 26,677	3,944 3,348	34,360 56,532	343,769 308,332
TOTAL	797,063	46,778	7,292	90,892	652,101
ROTTEN TREES:					
SAWTIMBER-SIZE TREES POLETIMBER-SIZE TREES	125,410 16,131	513 379	1,075	14,861 3,603	108,961 12,149
TOTAL	141,541	892	1,075	18,464	121,110
SALVABLE DEAD TREES:					
SAWTIMBER-SIZE TREES POLETIMBER-SIZE TREES	3,666 4,892	1,528 1,506	108 226	121	2,030 3,039
TOTAL	8,558	3,034	334	121	5,069
TOTAL, ALL TIMBER	3,924,340	437,413	156,037	441,572	2,889,318

IABLE 13	NUMBER O	IF GROWING-S	TOUR TREES	ON COMMERC					CLASS, 19.		
SPECIES	ALL CLASSES	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	AMETER CLA	13.0-	15.0-	17.0-	19.0-	21.0-	29.0 AND
		6.9	8.9	10.9	12.9	14.9	16.9	18.9	20.9	28.9	LARGER
SOFTWOOD:	~				THOU	ISAND TREES	`		·		~
LONGLEAF PINE SLASH PINE SHORTLEAF PINE LOBLOLLY PINE POND PINE	1,520	441	402	273	232	55 	91 	18	 8 		
VIRGINIA PINE PITCH PINE TABLE-MOUNTAIN PINE SPRUCE PINE SAND PINE	21,035 17,776 7,647	10,061 4,135 3,078	6,605 4,633 1,879	2,765 4,162 1,465 	1,203 2,733 679 	354 1,326 424 	38 521 76 	204 31 	30 15	32 	
EASTERN WHITE PINE EASTERN HEMLOCK SPRUCE AND FIR	10,155 3,877	3,829 1,734	2,789 719	1,571 554 	636 287	488 288	447 95	191 77 	57 49	140 62 	12
BALDCYPRESS PONDCYPRESS CEDARS	2,080	1,111	708	190	71			 			
TOTAL SOFTWOODS	64,090	24,389	17,735	10,980	5,841	2,935	1,268	530	159	234	19
HARDWOOD:											
SELECT WHITE OAKS SELECT RED OAKS CHESTNUT OAK OTHER WHITE OAKS OTHER RED OAKS HICKORY	31,654 15,893 53,225 361 54,980 19,092	11,461 4,230 20,050 244 19,492	7,789 3,558 12,981 44 14,441 4,216	4,840 2,508 7,840 10,314	2,584 1,920 4,303 42 5,247 1,428	2,034 1,256 2,990 2,737 2,737	1,377 876 2,219 22 1,525 451	689 487 1,217 9 599 310	425 383 704 329 135	428 607 869 284 53	27 68 52 12 8
TICLOW BIRCH HARD MAPLE SOFT MAPLE BEECH SWEETGUM	116 3,313 9,823 403	9,171 1,191 5,267 271	97 582 2,218	2,446 29 621 1,019 28	453 732 42	160 262 15	111 191 25	77 46 10	62 32	51 56 12	5
TUPELO AND BLACKGUM ASH COTTONWOOD BASSWOOD YELLOW-POPLAR	3,000 2,032 113 1,152 9,531	1,598 572 71 278 2,398	608 517 140 1,736	260 184 126 1,651	166 299 198 1,246	109 168 202 976	103 191 23 135 717	48 40 30 379 19	17 39 9 182	11 12 19 34 233	10 13
BAY AND MAGNOLIA BLACK CHERRY BLACK WALNUT SYCAMORE BLACK LOCUST	654 675 1,718 648 4,006	164 303 811 1,492	145 128 405 102 1,168	166 36 113 97 726	143 71 179 178 305	103 103 91 197	12 12 66 48 60	22 11 57 41	25 22 17	5 5 53	
ELM OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS	844 4.361	120 1,771	505 1,243	59 681	48 289	16 149	72 127	8 60	16 24	17	
TOTAL HARDWOODS	217,594	80,955	52,693	33,744	19,873	12,442	8,363	4,159	2,421	2,749	195
ALL SPECIES	281,684	105,344	70,428	44,724	25,714	15,377	9,631	4,689	2,580	2,983	214

938 29.0 AND LARGER 3,436 9,718 20,423 20,680 3,590 1,548 1,818 1,492 2,520 335 63,417 66,853 11,397 47,468 64,531 110,249 2,650 7 964 6 147 1,055 19,749 1,400 4,486 1,863 1,863 2,152 3,297 1,485 1,288 3,623 21,004 1,090 334,898 315,149 21.0-28.9 28,401 6,951 005 2,954 3,076 3,076 2,32 2,909 2,909 11,446 1,680 30,623 25,392 65,235 65,235 20,435 1,664 1,316 1,963 2,240 721 270 184,549 00 m€\(\int\) 60 æ 193 TABLE 14. -- VOLUME OF ALL LIVE TREES ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAMO, BY SPECIES AND DIAMETER CLASS, 399 9,156 1,612 9,777 3,344 364 38,947 255,987 83,424 483 29,538 17,259 5,744 2,772 862 272,817 17.0-248,453 24 (INCHES AT BREAS! 53,495 36,946 108,889 1,112 58,668 20,324 3,507 912 4,578 9,040 968 3,201 1,781 18,021 1,961 410,180 368,268 15.0-16.9 THOUSAND CUBIC FEET 1,682 9,521 31,617 9,387 11,578 6,410 58,136 36,482 119,579 73,788 26,644 ,430 5,582 10,777 486 13.0-474,03 403,60 70, DIAMETER CLASS 21,980 46,323 12,629 4,017 55,026 39,078 115,631 553 100,908 29,456 1,548 8,779 16,710 1,301 242 2452 22453 22453 22453 22453 22453 22453 23453 245 101,419 8,430 6,402 3,551 553,222 451,803 12.9 3,185 34,628 44,452 19,175 15,810 648 29,513 29,513 623 8,600 22,933 60,674 32,811 133,403 5,842 4,839 1,751 488,596 613,244 ဝ်က 124, 60 50,543 30,229 30,229 102,206 28,334 24,715 272 49,940 29,159 13,188 16,176 3,798 11,264 11,264 1,898 6,004 6,004 15,579 4,304 21,080 586 275 ,122 6,707 4,716 439,912 034 9.9 αĪ 4. 559. 119 33,034 13,326 10,524 3,198 5,854 28,543 803 578 399 733 733 651 651 233 9,637 10,185 1,030 26,650 1,491 281 361,952 ဝ်တ 76 438 N ID 151,283 196,384 69,236 102,193 42,503 17,476 082 ,325,700 3,915,782 11,007 ALL CLASSES 590 ത് ELM OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS SLASH PINE
SLASH PINE
LOBLOLLY PINE
LOBLOLLY PINE
POND PINE
PITCH PINE
TABLE MOUNTAIN PINE
SAND PINE
EASTERN WHITE PINE
EASTERN HEMLOCK
SPRUCE AND FIR
PONDCYPRESS
CEDARS SELECT WHITE OAKS
SELECT RED OAKS
SELECT RED OAKS
OTHER NUT OAKS
OTHER RED OAKS
OTHER RED OAKS
TELCWORY
HARD WAPLE
SECH
SWEETGUM COTTONWOOD BASSWOOD FLOW-POPLAR BAY LOW MAGNOIA BLACK CHERRY SYCAMORE BLACK LOUT TOTAL SOFTWOODS TOTAL HARDWOODS SPECIES SPECIES SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD

	ALL		NG STULK UN	D	IAMETER CLA		S AT BREAS	T HEIGHT)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SPECIES	CLASSES	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 AND LARGER
SOFTWOOD:		-			- THOUSAN	ND CUBIC FE	FE7				
LONGLEAF PINE				***							- -
SLASH PINE SHORTLEAF PINE LOBLOLLY PINE POND PINE	16,566	1,136	2,354	3,185	4,017	1,359	3,201	899	415		
VIRGINIA PINE PITCH PINE TABLE-MOUNTAIN PINE SPRUCE PINE	126,118 181,348 62,677	26,514 9,343 10,003	39,941 25,362 11,539	30,090 41,310 17,162	19,459 43,768 11,138	8,570 30,693 8,798	1,145 17,699 1,961	399 8,843 1,316	1,680 760	2,650	
SAND PINE EASTERN WHITE PINE EASTERN HEMLOCK SPRUCE AND FIR	97,887 40,786	8,607 4,387	15,968 3,798	15,142 4,887	10,144 3,551	11,278 6,410	13,507	8,414 3,521	3,005 2,861	10,887 5,429	93 5 2,501
BALDCYPRESS PONDCYPRESS CEDARS	8,663	2,357	3,690	1,751	 865	 	 	- 			
TOTAL SOFTWOODS	534,045	62,347	102,652	113,527	92,942	67,108	40,954	23,392	8,721	18,966	3,436
HARDWOOD:											
SELECT WHITE OAKS SELECT RED OAKS CHESTNUT OAK OTHER WHITE OAKS OTHER RED OAKS	382,722 270,044 579,071 2,893 536,396	31,783 14,638 56,427 828 58,231	47,009 23,607 74,528 160 88,157	52,326 27,511 79,499	46,343 33,258 67,588 553 89.000	51,758 31,142 68,877 66,426	49,754 31,583 68,372 869 53,175	33,562 22,911 50,203 483 27,330	25,881 22,597 37,440 19,204	39,513 50,585 67,027	4,793 12,212 9,110
HICKORY YELLOW BIRCH HARD MAPLE SOFT MAPLE BEECH	169,112 1,055 47,119 76,850 5,208	23,805 4,298 16,521	22,395 735 3,799 14,155	25,093 320 7,124 12,132	25,223 8,457 12,898	23,340 4,324 6,743	17,140 4,223 6,691	16,033 3,860 2,019	9,049 4,441 1,881	22,806 5,486 5,548 3,810	2,264 1,548 1,045
SWEETGUM TUPELO AND BLACKGUM ASH COTTONWOOD	21,586 31,366 2,662	803 3,176 1,806 399	3,638 3,400	2,607 2,157	960 2,784 5,305	486 2,628 4,369	968 2,997 7,457 975	529 1,959 2,064	745 2,316	1,055 1,052 1,000 1,288	1,492
BASSWOOD YELLOW-POPLAR BAY AND WAGNOLIA BLACK CHERRY	23,601 164,815 7,596 7,297	855 6,824 464 679	1,049 10,713 875 612	1,741 18,814 1,623 345	4,091 22,778 2,453 1,506	5,241 26,262 2,582	5,751 27,158 594 489	1,275 19,096 1,161 1,084	426 11,171 	3,172 19,912 426	2,087
BLACK WALNUT SYCAMORE BLACK LOCUST ELM OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS	15,831 16,177 32,365 9,340 40,027	2,293 3,571 238 5,759	2,555 662 6,406 3,145 8,472	1,511 1,325 7,369 847 7,820	3,126 2,843 5,192 735 5,207	2,021 2,205 4,775 419 3,344	2,129 1,382 2,570 2,719 4,163	240 2,379 1,571 377 2,593	1,302 1,316 911 860 1,163	654 4,065 1,506	
TOTAL HARDWOODS	2,443,133	233,398	316,072	360,374	340,300	306,942	291,159	190,729	140,703	228,905	34,551
ALL SPECIES	2,977,178	295,745	418,724	473,901	433,242	374,050	332,113	214,121	149,424	247,871	37,987

3,7000 101	-VOLUME OF 3			IAMETER CLA					
SPECIES	CLASSES	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 AND LARGER
				THOUSAI	VD BOARD FE	<i>57</i>			,
SOFTWOOD:									
LONGLEAF PINE SLASH PINE SHORTLEAF PINE LOBLOLLY PINE	63,193	12,021	18,469	6,881	17,966	5,313 	2,543	 	
POND PINE VIRGINIA PINE PITCH PINE TABLE-MOUNTAIN PINE SPRUCE PINE	231,980 650,591 188,254	105,227 137,151 68,195	79,836 185,268 51,502	39,301 151,800 45,180	5,568 97,047 10,981	2,048 51,437 7,686	10,457 4,710	17,431	
SAND PINE EASTERN WHITE PINE EASTERN HEMLOCK SPRUCE AND FIR	359,819 162,920	53,835 16,315	44,343 14,467	54,736 30,059	70,600 17,783	46,432 19,118	17,344 16,190	66,453 32,633	6,076 16,355
BALDCYPRESS PONDCYPRESS CEDARS	11,200	7,166	4,034	 	 	 	 	 	
TOTAL SOFTWOODS	1,667,957	399,910	397,919	327,957	219,945	132,034	51,244	116,517	22,431
HARDWOOD:									
SELECT WHITE OAKS SELECT RED OAKS CHESTNUT OAK OTHER WHITE OAKS OTHER RED OAKS HICKORY	1,087,046 866,641 1,550,441 8,748 1,131,253 422,461	 	152,052 106,573 213,400 2,097 290,018 85,111	198,975 115,080 255,939 254,743 93,458	214,755 128,617 283,674 4,157 230,374 78,163	155,309 99,608 225,028 2,494 127,089 78,629	127,476 103,480 177,280 94,777 47,025	210,330 247,645 343,140 120,831 30,669	28,149 65,638 51,980 13,421 9,406
YELLOW BIRCH HARD MAPLE SOFT MAPLE BEECH	138,485 130,353 15,659		30,985 40,333 3,552	17,567 25,000 1,875	18,262 27,644 3,793	17,541 9,205 2,099	20,836 8,890	27,742 19,281 4,340	5,552
SWEETGUM TUPEL TO BLACKGUM COTTONNOOD BASSWOOD YELLOW-POPLAR BAY AND MAGNOLIA	48,767 -00,746 11,061 83,159 623,410 -22,145		8,490 17,203 14,154 80,355 8,691	9,987 16,734 20,311 112,482	12,333 31,787 4,248 24,637 131,947 3,282	8,904 9,560 5,810 100,420 7,006	3,517 11,376 2,017 63,149	5,536 5,487 6,813 16,230 120,930 3,166	8,599 14,127
BLACK CHERRY BLACK WALNUT SYCAMORE BLACK LOCUST ELM OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS	22,145 22,562 33,186 62,340 54,718 21,7485 69,965		5,317 10,818 8,782 18,369 2,375 17,370	10,151 7,046 7,978 17,328 1,663 12,708	2,152 7,487 5,905 9,605 11,592 16,506	4,942 849 11,110 5,921 1,748 11,171	4,638 6,623 3,495 4,107 5,148	2,348 21,942 7,062	
TOTAL HARDWOODS	6,504,631		1,116,045	1,179,025	1,250,920	884,443	683,834	1,193,492	196,872
ALL SPECIES	8,172,588	399,910	1,513,964	1,506,982	1,470,865	1,016,477	735,078	1,310,009	219,303

TABLE 17. --NET ANNUAL GROWTH AND REMOVALS OF GROWING STOCK ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY SPECIES, 1976

SPECIES	NET ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL TIMBER REMOVALS
SOFTWOOD:	- ~ THOUSAN	O CUBIC FEET
YELLOW PINES EASTERN WHITE PINE SPRUCE AND FIR	8,274 4,237 	4,731 1,909
CYPRESS OTHER EASTERN SOFTWOODS	1,236	183
TOTAL SOFTWOODS	13,747	6,823
HARDWOOD:		
SELECT WHITE AND RED OAKS OTHER WHITE AND RED OAKS HICKORY YELLOW BIRCH HARD MAPLE SWEETGUM	21,892 32,143 4,776 20 1,384	8,941 12,259 3,019
ASH, WALNUT, AND BLACK CHERRY YELLOW-POPLAR TUPELO AND BLACKGUM BAY AND MAGNOLIA OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS	2,169 8,463 729 136 8,994	337 986 538
TOTAL HARDWOODS	80,706	26,080
ALL SPECIES	94,453	32,903

TABLE 18. --NET ANNUAL GROWTH AND REMOVALS OF SAWTIMBER ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY SPECIES, 1976

	no, or or coreo, rar	
SPECIES	NET ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL TIMBER REMOVALS
SOFTWOOD:	THOUSA	NO BOARD FEET
YELLOW PINES EASTERN WHITE PINE	27,802 16,662	11,748
SPRUCE AND FIR	10,002	10,028
CYPRESS OTHER EASTERN SOFTWOODS	5,524	1,155
TOTAL SOFTWOODS	49,988	22,931
ARDWOOD:		
SELECT WHITE AND RED OAKS	76,114	34,095
OTHER WHITE AND RED OAKS HICKORY	116,560 15,206	32,993 12,750
YELLOW BIRCH HARD MAPLE	65 5,581	
SWEETGUM		
ASH, WALNUT, AND BLACK CHERRY YELLOW-POPLAR	7,977 36.335	1,464 4,234
TUPÉLO AND BLACKGUM	36,335 2,527	4,234 2,397
BAY AND MAGNOL†A OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS	450 23,591	
TOTAL HARDWOODS	284,406	87,933
ALL SPECIES	334,394	110,864

TABLE 19. -- MORTALITY OF GROWING STOCK AND SAWTIMBER ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY SPECIES, 1976

SPECIES	GROWING STOCK	SAWTIMBER
SOFTWOOD:	THOUSAND CUBIC FEET	THOUSAND BOARD FEET
YELLOW PINES EASTERN WHITE PINE SPRUCE AND FIR	4,801 438 	10,505 1,016
CYPRESS OTHER EASTERN SOFTWOODS	90	
TOTAL SOFTWOODS	5,329	11,521
HARDWOOD:		
SELECT WHITE AND RED OAKS OTHER WHITE AND RED OAKS HICKORY YELLOW BIRCH	2,163 5,497 408	4,340 8,655 1,538
HARD MAPLE		
SWEETGUM ASH,WALNUT, AND BLACK CHERRY YELLOW-POPLAR	131	
TUPELO AND BLACKGUM		~~
BAY AND MAGNOLIA OTHER EASTERN HARDWOODS	858	681
TOTAL HARDWOODS	9,057	15,214
ALL SPECIES	14,386	26,735

		AL	L LIVE TREE	S		GROWING STOCK					
OWNERSHIP CLASS	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	
NATIONAL FOREST OTHER PUBLIC FOREST INDUSTRY FARMER MISCELLANEOUS PRIVATE	1,584,929 109,583 102,491 921,756 1,197,023	196,355 6,611 10,081 75,290 146,042	44,483 5,943 4,671 62,259 38,347	125,431 14,040 13,395 135,418 153,167	- THOUSAND C 1,218,660 82,989 74,344 648,789 859,467	1,171,633 70,615 80,561 732,357 922,012	183,981 4,845 9,319 63,234 125,330	42,913 5,943 4,671 57,203 36,606	93,914 8,049 10,621 101,732 117,779	850,825 51,778 55,950 510,188 642,297	
ALL OWNERSHIPS	3,915,782	434,379	155,703	441,451	2,884,249	2,977,178	386,709	147,336	332,095	2,111,038	

TABLE 21. -- VOLUME OF SAWTINBER ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY OWNERSHIP CLASS AND SPECIES GROUP, 1977

	<u></u>	SMA	LL SAWTIMBE	ER'		LARGE SAWTIMBER ²					
OWNERSHIP CLASS	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	ALL SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	
					- THOUSAND E	BOARD FEET -	- -			,	
NATIONAL FOREST OTHER PUBLIC FOREST INDUSTRY FARMER MISCELLANEOUS PRIVATE	1,310,592 70,509 99,027 845,473 1,095,255	484,129 13,232 19,201 137,000 247,269	60,227 10,333 7,690 89,680 57,025	96,148 6,548 15,391 117,793 122,140	670,088 40,396 56,745 501,000 668,821	97,541 139,585	140,779 10,315 14,258 67,835	99,632 10,271 13,173 116,063 69,845	210,119 5,626 20,105 218,385 218,055	1,595,649 81,644 95,992 863,190 900,796	
ALL OWNERSHIPS	3,420,856	900,831	224,955	358,020	1,937,050	4,751,732	233,187	308,984	672,290	3,537,271	

^{&#}x27;VOLUME OF SAWTIMBER TREES LESS THAN 15.0 INCHES AT D.B.H. VOLUME OF SAWTIMBER TREES 15.0 INCHES AND LARGER AT D.B.H.

		MET	AMNUAL GROWTH	*T.H			ANNUAL	ANNUAL TIMBER REMOVALS	OVALS	
OWNEHSHIP CLASS	SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT ARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD	SPECIES	PINE		SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD	HARD HARDWOOD
	1				- THOUSAND	HOUSAND CUBIC FEET			1 1	1 1
NATIONAL FOREST	34,124	3,194	1,800	3,902	25,228	15,106	2,776	1,727	324	10,279
OTHER PUBLIC	2,585	96	433	233	1,823	193	193	1	1	1
FOREST INDUSTRY	2.423	197	152	359	1.715	2.257	83	1	216	1,958
FARMER	24,364	1.823	1.703	5,039	15,799	6,551	291	365	089	5,215
MISCELLANEOUS PRIVATE	30,957	2,964	1,385	960'9	20,512	8,796	1,388		304	7,104
ALL OWNERSHIPS	94,453	8,274	5,473	15,629	65,077	32,903	4,731	2,092	1,524	24,556

		NFT	ANNUAL GROWTH	H1*			ANNUAL	ANNUAL TIMBER REMOVALS	DVALS	
OWNERSHIP CLASS	SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD	HARDWOOD	SPECIES	PINE	OTHER SOFTWOOD	SOFT HARDWOOD H	HARDWOOD
	1 1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1	- THOUSAND	BOARD FEET -	1 1 1	1 1 1	 	1 1
NATIONAL FOREST	122,996	13,479	7,078	16,695	85,744	43,305	6,186	8.924	702	27,493
OTHER PUBLIC	7,160	232	1.142	. 682	5,104	1,008	1,008	;	1	
FOREST INDUSTRY	9,961	507	1,280	1.973	6 201	7,818		1	1.152	999.9
FARMER	87,936	4,584	8,030	16,300	59.022	30,423	1.290	2.259	3,464	23.410
MISCELLANEOUS PRIVATE	106,341	9,000	4,656	21,788	70,897	28,310	3,264		1,313	23,733
ALL OWNERSHIPS	334,394	27,802	22.186	57.438	226.968	110.864	11.748	11.183	6.631	81.302

TABLE 24. --AVERAGE NET VOLUME PER ACRE OF SAWTINBER, GROWING STOCK, AND OTHER LIVE TIMBER' ON COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND, BY
OWNERSHIP CLASS. MAJOR FOREST TYPE, AND SPECIES GROUP, 1977

	OW	NERSHIP I	CLASS, MA	JÓR FORE	ST TYPE,	AND SH	PECIES GR	OUP, 1971	7			2,2,
FOREST TYPE,	T				()WNERSH	IP CLASS					
SPECIES GROUP, AND CLASS OF MATERIAL	ALL OWN	ERSHIPS	NATIONAL	FOREST	OTHER I	PUBLIC	FOREST	INDUSTRY	FAR	MER	MISC.	PRIVATE
	BOARD FEET	CUBIC FEET	BOARD FEET	CUBIC FEET	BOARD FEET	CUBIC FEET	BOARD FEET	CUBIC FEET	BOARD FEET	CUBIC FEET	BOARD FEET	CUBIC FEET
PINE TYPES: GROWING STOCK:												
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD	1,769 187	745 169	2,726 70	973 141	713	374 106		109 79	1,116 378	550 199	1,425 197	702 184
TOTAL OTHER TIMBER:	1,956	914	2,796	1,114	713	480		188	1,494	749	1,622	886
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD		86 136	 	49 117		215 307		34		94 115		111 163
TOTAL		222		166		522		34		209		274
OAK-PINE TYPES: GROWING STOCK:												
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD	1,603 970	480 489	1,937 617	523 40 5	2,263 1,929	679 864	1,255 196	416 365	1,583 1,693	508 643	1,273	405 437
TOTAL OTHER TIMBER:	2,573	969	2,554	928	4,192	1,543	1,451	781	3,276	1,151	2,047	842
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD		35 248		11 258		619		23 221		60 177		43 263
TOTAL		283		269		619		244		237		306
UPLAND HARDWOOD TYPES: GROWING STOCK:												
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD	356 2,987	96 1,096	417 3,046	105 1,085	146 1,723	42 760	515 2,875	121 949	404 3,465	116 1,255	256 2,752	75 1,059
TOTAL OTHER TIMBER:	3,343	1,192	3,463	1,190	1,869	802	3,390	1,070	3,869	1,371	3,008	1,134
SOFTWOOD Hardwood		11 374		10 442		11 445		281		16 337		10 315
TOTAL		385		452		456		286		353		325
BOTTOMLAND HARDWOOD TYPES: GROWING STOCK: SOFTWOOD	20	0.0										
HÄRDWÖÖD	3,093	20 895							3,636	1,008	124 1,381	55 538
TOTAL OTHER TIMBER:	3,123	915							3,636	1,017	1,505	593
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD		380	 							391		19 347
TOTAL ALL TYPES:		389								397		366
GROWING STOCK:												
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD	635 2,477	203 931	775 2,539	224 933	415 1,647	132 734	608 2,272	169 804	613 2,920	207 1,051	510 2,205	187 878
TOTAL OTHER TIMBER:	3,112	1,134	3,314	1,157	2,062	866	2,880	973	3,533	1,258	2,715	1,065
SOFTWOOD HARDWOOD		21 336		14 394		22 456		9 256		29 296		26 292
TOTAL		357		408		478		265		325		318
ALL TIMBER	3,112	1,491	3,314	1,565	2,062	1,344	2,880	1,238	3,533	1,583	2,715	1,383

¹ ROUGH AND ROTTEN TREES.

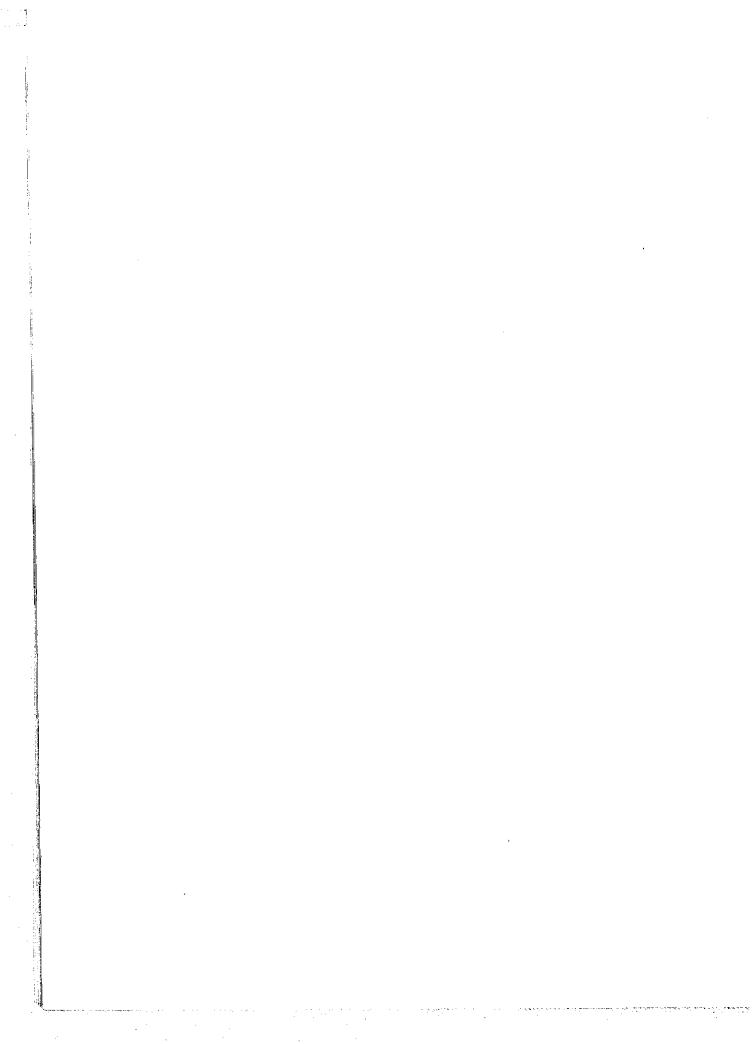
TABLE 25. -- LAND AREA, BY CLASS, MAJOR FOREST TYPE, AND SURVEY COMPLETION DATE, 1957, 1966, AND 1977

LAND USE CLASS	SURVEY	COMPLETION	DATE	CHANGE
EMB OCC CCMSO	1957	1966	1977	1966-1977
FOREST LAND:		ACA	PES	
COMMERCIAL FOREST LAND:				
PINE AND OAK-PINE TYPES HARDWOOD TYPES	657,200 1,740,800	555,079 1,948,231	560,898 2,064,814	+ 5,819 +116,583
TOTAL	2,398,000	2,503,310	2,625,712	+122,402
NONCOMMERCIAL FOREST LAND: PRODUCTIVE-RESERVED UNPRODUCTIVE	103,400 275,200	128,100 180,997	120,020 66,061	- 8,080 -114,936
TOTAL	378,600	309,097	186,081	-123,016
NONFOREST LAND: CROPLAND PASTURE AND RANGE OTHER	565,400 837,000 118,800	369,482 874,185 245,393	341,294 878,334 256,439	- 28,188 + 4,149 + 11,046
TOTAL	1,521,200	1,489,060	1,476,067	- 12,993
ALL LAND	4,297,800	4,301,467	4,287,860	- 13,607

^{&#}x27;EXCLUDES ALL WATER AREAS.

ARR C 777 11 177 11 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6										
2 111 440	_			DIAN	DIAMETER CLASS	(INCHES AT	BREAST HEIGH	HT.)		
44ω	CLASSES	5.0	7 0	9.01	11.0-	13.0-	15.0-	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0 AND LARGER
HHH 440				7	THOUSAND BO	BOARD FEET!				
57 44 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	141,939	1	 	265,814	250, 785	162,659		58,297		116,976
57 666 77 67 67 57	667,957	! ! ! !	} !	399,910	397, 919	327,957	219,945	132,034	51,244	138,948
57 6 57 6 57 5	105,928	! !	1	· 1	756,893	820,883		669,008		751,804
57	341,200			 	824 671	907,682	831,104 1,250,920	504,000 864,000		1,080,012
57			GROWING	G STOCK I'M	THOUSAND	CUBIC FEET				
		B,	84,511	75,451	58	33,284		10,329		
77	408,251 534,045	62,139 62,347	102,652	113,527	92,235	67,108	40,954	23,392		
57 1,	9	2	236,820	245 736	230, 760	213,716		144,276		
-'2'	907,653 443,133	215,243 233,398	274,068 316,072	279,165 360,374	251,424 340,300	236,314 306,942	193, 460 291, 159	149,587	103,628	204, 684 263, 456
			3117 77¥	ı	N THOUSAND	CUB/C FEET.	,			
57	406,378	61,948	97,951	95,874	63,919	34,940	24,575	10,764	9,928	19,479
7.1	80,0		119,122	124,648	101,419	70,430		24,364	8,721	
57 2,	98		329, 791	333,208	306,377	280,943		187,920	110,781	
966 2,6 977 3,3	325,700	333,658	439,912	488,596	451,803	403,601	368,268	248,453	135,885	

'TO PROVIDE A BASIS FOR VALID COMPARISONS, ADJUSTMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ALLOW FOR DIFFERENCES IN VOLUME TABLES AND SAWTIMBER SPECIFICATIONS USED IN PREVIOUS SURVEYS.



Sheffield, Raymond M.

1977. Forest statistics for the Northern Mountain Region of Virginia, 1977. USDA For. Serv. Resour. Bull. SE-41, 33 p. Southeast. For. Exp. Stn., Asheville, N.C.

Since 1966, the area of commercial forest land in this 14-county area has increased by 5 percent as a result of reclassification of former noncommercial forest land. National Forests and other public agencies are the largest owner group in this region. Volume of hardwood and softwood growing stock has increased by 28 and 31 percent, respectively. Hardwoods make up 82 percent of the inventory. Net annual growth of growing stock averaged 36 cubic feet per acre of commercial forest, 187 percent more than annual timber removals.

Keywords: Forest trends, commercial forest land, forest ownership, timber volume, timber growth, timber removals.

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Forest Service - U.S. Department of Agriculture Southeastern Forest Experiment Station Asheville, North Carolina

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