

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF OHIO OF  
COLUMBUS, COUNTY

LARRY D. KNOX

Petitioner-Plaintiff,  
vs.  
STATE OF OHIO  
Respondent-Defendants,  
CLERK OF COURT  
SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

AUG 05 2022

CASE NO. 2022-0281

CASE CR-17-09618

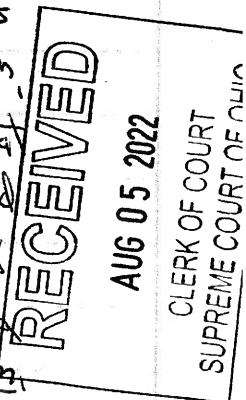
CA-20-011616

A WRIT OF ERROR, OF FRAUD  
UPON THE COURTS, FALSITY, FOR  
REMEDY FOR RELIEF, AS A MATTER

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLERK, MAKE  
PART OF THE RECORD, AS A MATTER  
OF LAW, DUE PROCESS, EQUAL PROTEC-  
TION VIOLATIONS, UNDER THE  
BILL OF RIGHTS, STATE, FEDERAL  
ION, AND A TIME, DATE, STAMP, FILE,  
COPY, SENT TO THIS ADDRESS, TIMELY  
FROM FALSE, ILLEGAL SENTENCE  
AND CONVICTION, THATS CONTRARY  
TO LAW, UNAUTHORIZED BY LAW, OF  
MISPRISON TO PROCURE JURISDI-  
CTION, OHIO CONST. ART. I, SEC. 10, 16 RE-  
QUIRE THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEED-  
CTION NEVER HAD WHATSOEVER BY  
INGS COMPATIBLE WITH DUE PROCESS RIGHTS)  
STATE OF OHIO, PERSONALLY OF  
PETITIONER NEVER COMMITTED A CRIME  
(STATE NEVER MET HIGH STANDARDS OF AUTHENTICITY REQUIREMENTS EVID. R. 901(B))

Now comes Larry D. Knox, petitioner, is filing a timely writ of error to set-aside judgment and reverse the proceedings and sentence and conviction, for remedy for relief of illegal, false imprisonment.  
ERROR OF LAW!!

For discharge of unlawful, illegal and fraudulent imprisonment in said case, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations under the Bill of Rights, state and federal, pursuant to the 1st, 4th, 5th & 8th Amendments, proven by clear and convincing evidence that cannot be disputed. State of Ohio's fraud upon the Courts, falsity and concealment of the truth, facts, evidence. Lacking pattern or personal jurisdiction over petitioner Knox. Cannot be defeated by res judicata or waiver of lack of prejudice. Kutcha, 14 Ohio St. 3d. 25 at 17, Wilson,



cont'd O'No. 11, 103 Ohio St. 3d OHIO SUPREME COURT  
2004-Ohio-4704, HN3-Judicial officers, Judges; The  
ERROR OF LAW 1. cont: reasons 16, City of a judge. Is to decide matters that have been sub-  
mitted to the court by the parties (Journeys Entries).  
FRONT PG CONT: 73 Ohio St. 3d. at 44-45, fn 6. Misprision to procure

jurisdiction by the state of Ohio, fraudulently and falsely stated under oath by alleged jurors of 12 or more on the term of July 2017, and their is no proof, fact, evidence on the record or transcript, nor any subpoenas, summonses by grand jurors sent out by Lorain County clerk of Courts of Common Pleas of filing fees, certified mail, on clerk of Courts CASE COST BILL, Exhibit-B, submitted in petitioner Knoxes post conviction for relief and mandamus. That was clearly known, timely filed, the Lorain County Common Pleas Court, 9th District of Appeals and this Ohio Supreme Court, all had have knowledge of. Fronting state of Ohio never commenced prosecution under R.C. 2901.13(E) on the term of July 2017 or any date. Further, state of Ohio, Never went to any jurors of 12, on the term of July 2017, under oath and the seal of Ohio or certification of a TRUE BILL voted, that was fraudulently, falsely signed by a grand juror foreperson (Judith Coba) on the term of July 2017. That proves fraud upon the Courts, falsity and actual innocence, for review.

Phillip v. United States, 16 F.3d 550, 552 (6th Cir. 2000) see State v. Brady, 2008-Ohio-4493, lacks reason, justification, some benefit for oneself or another. Is a violation of R.C. 2913.01(B), deception, concealment, after. As the language and statute in place of state of Ohio's failure to present and return a valid indictment or information, evidence to grand jurors of 12, to indict petitioner Knox on the term of July 2017, was not met, state failed to comply to the statutory mandates and grand juror process, procedures in Crim. R. 6(F) pursuant to R.C. 2939.22, of the guaranteed rights R.C. 3109.01, and substantial rights and procedural safeguards, constitutionally compels this Court of Ohio Supreme Courts constitutional responsibilities, duties under oath, violated from judgment unauthorized by law its dismiss

ERROR OF LAW, & cont. OHIO SUPREME COURT (PROVE ACTUAL INNOCENCE)

(Section 1001 of Title 18, within the jurisdiction of any department, falsity)  
STATE OF OHIO's case is strictly based on fraud upon the Courts,

falsity, by a fatally flawed, invalid indictment and documents  
prosecutors made under oaths, clerk of Courts, clerks, judges, Attorneys,  
also. In the form of forged documents, illegally, unlawfully and  
unconstitutionally admitted in a court of law, with EQUIVOCAL:  
Intentional ambiguity, so as to mislead, or uncertain nature,  
or to use EVASIVE OR DELIBERATE, VAGUE LANGUAGE, that was  
used in the indictment for strict criminal liability under R.C.  
2901.21(B).

Judge Jackson clearly started to prosecute to clarify  
this Revised Code on the face of the indictment, plaintiff Knox objected,  
(R.C. 2901.22(c) of recklessness, is sufficient to satisfy the constitutional requirement element)  
the sufficiency and invalid indictment that was/is fraudulent, false in  
its entirety. Prove state never triggered the municipal courts jurisdiction  
or bind-over court proceedings. Never invoked municipal Courts  
jurisdiction or municipal court or Lorain County Common Pleas  
Court did not hold a preliminary hearing on the felony charge of Gross  
sexual imposition, felony three within 15-days. Petitioner Knox never  
waived this right. Failure to prosecute and a invalid indictment. Is  
was grounds for dismissal of indictment and case with prejudice.  
And state of Ohio violated Crim.R.10, of arraignment in a timely man-  
ner of reading of the indictment. Judge Jackson did not do the req-  
uing of the indictment in this case. The prosecutor unlawfully, un-  
constitutionally read indictment and further violating R.C.2941.49  
that mandates the time to arraign petitioner Knox. state of Ohio  
failed to timely arraign petitioner Knox, that is "Cognizable Event"  
this Ohio Supreme Court, Lorain Common Pleas Court and the 9th  
District Court of Appeals completely, intentionally, purposely, knowingly  
and willfully, wantonly, state of mind, ignored. Is plain error on the  
record that's obvious from exhibit-A, Lorain County City Jail of  
Booking petitioner Knox on 7-18-2012, not arrested, indicted on 8-24-2017,  
see Nusser v. Commonwealth,<sup>25</sup> (3) Penn. St. 126, O'Neill v. People,<sup>15</sup> Michigan, 275.

CONT: ERROR OF LAW, I:

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Where the sentence imposed by an inferior court upon a prisoner, is in EXCESS OF AUTHORITY and Therefore Unlawful)  
(Petitioner Knox, uncontested proven materiality statements, element of offense)

STATE OF OHIO, JUDGES, PROSECUTORS AND ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS, CLERKS

OF LORAIN COUNTY, 9TH DISTRICT COURT OF APPEALS AND OHIO SUPREME  
CLERK OF COURTS, COURT REPORTERS OF LORAIN COMMON PLEAS COURT.

COMMITTED WILFUL FALSY, CONCEALMENT, COVERED-UP BY TRICK,  
SCHEME OR DEVICE A MATERIAL FACT OR MAKES ANY FALSE, FICTITIOUS  
OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATIONS OR MAKES OR USES ANY  
FALSE WRITING OR DOCUMENT KNOWING THE SAME TO CONTAIN ANY FALSE,  
FICTITIOUS OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENT OR ENTRY, SHALL BE FINED NOT  
MORE THAN \$10,000 OR IMPRISONED NOT MORE THAN 5 YEARS OR BOTH.

IN LEDWIN [B] II, Section 1001 of Title 18, provision requires the statement to be material in petitioner knows inquiry and that materiality is an element of the offense petitioner Knox has proven in his postconviction for relief and his mandamus and this writ of error filed in the Ohio Supreme Court in a timely manner, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection, under the Bill of Rights, state and federal. To clearly establish a affirmative innocence under R.C. 2943.48 (A)(5), from false imprisonment and unconstitutional presumption of regularity that is not fact or law, from a "Cognizable Event" state of Ohio, never met these burden of proof or probable cause to directly indict petitioner Knox from a fraudulent, false, misrepresented, invalid, insufficient indictment called a true-bill in this case, See United States v. Gaudin, 115 S.Ct. 2310. The false, fraudulent, invalid indictment admitted by clerk of courts with ~~out~~ state prosecutor, judge, clerk of courts unauthentic court documents of indictment, warrant on indictment, summons to court 8-31-2017, document, sentence and conviction journal entry and Judge Belleski's unsigned, not time, date, stamp, filed journal entries and Judge Ewers, not assigned to case, journal entry, not time, date,

OHIO SUPREME COURT

ERROR OF LAW 1: ~~State ex rel. Purdy v. Clermont County Bd. of Education, 27 Ohio St. 3d 338 H.N.G. Remedies, writ, constitutionality of a statute may be challenged by mandamus~~  
~~Cont: pg #4: (Intentional, purposeful), failure to take judicial notice of falsity)~~

→ Stamp, filed on 8-30-2017, by Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk

Court of Ohio, as exhibit #11, admitted with mandamus filed on March 17, 2022, in Ohio Supreme Court. Further, exhibits-A, prove petitioner Knox was in Lorain County Jail on 7-18-2017 and not arrested or not served indictment or not indicted on 8-24-2017, at the sometime 8-24-2017, and warrant on indictment date 8-24-2017. Exhibits-A-B, prove by clear and convincing evidence of prima facie showing, established, of state of Ohio's fraud upon the courts, falsity and tampering with records, tampering with evidence, after concealment and dishonesty by all directly, indirectly involved. And exhibit #16, Warrant on indictment to Sheriff's office of Lorain County dated 8-24-2017, and given under my hand and the seal of said Court at Elyria, Ohio on 8-24-2017, by Clerk of Courts of Lorain County. Further, No state witness was sworn-in, under oath under penalty of perjury to testify to grand jurors, to indict petitioner Knox by any government court official. On any date set or confirmed filing fees of this Cognizable Event, not presumption of regularity, that is not law or fact nor proof under Ohio Criminal Procedural Rules. Proving state of Ohio using a SHAME LEGAL PROCESS, under (Breach of a quasi contract, power of Administrative Rules, violated) R.C.2921.52(B)(3), to unconstitutionally, illegally and unlawfully commit a crime in the commission of a felony and misdemeanor of the 2<sup>nd</sup> degree. Is dereliction of duty, negligence, malice, breach of duty, breach of office under the constitutional oath, oath of their bonds to do business in Ohio. Is trespassers of the law, treason against the U.S. and Ohio Constitutions, Art. I, section 10, 16, pursuant to Crim. R. 6(F), R.C.2939.22, & non-compliance to a grand jury process, proceedings in a court of law, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations by state of Ohio, 9th Dist. Courts of Appeal and this Ohio Supreme Court. Ohio Const. Art. I, section 5(B) expressly states that the rules created in this manner, SHALL NOT →

Rule of Lenity & R.C. 2901.04 (A) OHIO SUPREME COURT

Is rules or statutory construction, which provides, defining defenses or Penalties, shall be strictly construed against the state. In favor of accused.

→ Contingency #5 strictly construed against the state. In favor of accused.  
→ ERROR OF LAW is Abridge, enlarge or modify any SUBSTANTIVE RIGHT.

Thus, if the rules created, pursuant to section 5(B), Article IV, conflicts

with a statute. The rule will control for procedural matters and the statute will control for matters of SUBSTANTIVE LAW. The Ohio Supreme Court defined, "SUBSTANTIVE," in the context of the constitutional amendment to mean that the body of law, which creates, defines and

regulates the RIGHTS of the parties, Haval v. Villa St. Joseph, 131 Ohio

St. 3d 235, Sept 21, 2011, HN4-COURTS, RULE APPLICATION AND INTER-

PRETATION: The word SUBSTANTIVE, refers to common law, a statutory and constitutionally recognized RIGHTS. The indictment and

the statute of gross sexual imposition and strict criminal liability offense

statute R.C. 2901.21(B) on indictment, was completely vague in its int-  
erity. There was no each and every essential element of the offense of

gross sexual imposition, given to 12 jurors to review, investigate or delib-  
erate on the term of July 2017, sworn under oath, of intent, purpose, know-  
ingly or sexual arousal, sexual gratification or given to petitioner Knox.

When a statute is vague, it is not law. The statutes on the indictment  
is not controlling, enforceable or a lawful effect under Ohio Constitution

art. I, sec. 10 or U.S. Const. art. I, sec. 16 in violating <sup>16</sup> ~~petitioner's~~ <sup>state of Ohio's</sup> SUBSTAN-

TIVE LAW. Proving, misprision to procure jurisdiction state never had  
over petitioner Knox. State ex rel. Sanguila, 60 Ohio St. 3d 78, 6-5-

1991, HN7-Subject-Matter Jurisdiction, Jurisdiction Over Actions:

Where a statute patently and unambiguously prevents a Common

Pleas Court from exercising the general original jurisdiction best-  
owed on Common Pleas Courts, by Ohio R.C. 2305.01. The Lonatin

Common Pleas Court is totally and completely without any juris-  
diction whatsoever, in case CA-17-096817 and CA-20-011616, and in

case to dismiss ~~pendamus~~, 2022-0281, Crim. R. 6(F) procedure, is controlling.

(Civ. R. 3(A) governs the process  
of determining the date on  
which a civil action is commenced,

## OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Violations of Legal Ethics, Professional Conduct, Illegal Acts)  
→ ERROR OF LAW, B.: Abuse of discretion, Abuse of process, Abuse of authority

It's Abuse of jurisdiction, state of Ohio failed to subsequently,  
prove its jurisdiction to go forward to prosecute. And clerks  
errors to lawfully file date, time, stamp, all journal entries, motions  
filed and admitted, of failure to comply to Ohio (Criminal Pro-  
cedural) Rules of filing judgments orders, rulings, decisions, in a  
court of law. Under Rule 10, Rule 22, pursuant to Evid. R. 1005,  
901 and 902(4) of authentication of admitted documents sub-  
mitted by prosecution. That was never proven, admitted as  
evidence for the State. State of Ohio prosecutors, never met the  
high burden of proof admitting court documents that is false,  
fraudulent, tampered, altered, concealed the truth, facts in case.  
Proving, fraud, dishonesty & aggravated circumstances of protracted  
or premeditated acts of judicial office, failer to avoid im-  
propriety or the appearance of impropriety and engaged in  
illegal conduct involving moral turpitude. Disciplinary Course) v.  
Mosely, 69 Ohio St. 3d 401, 1994-Ohio-195. Judges, prosecutors, attor-  
ney's, assistant, and clerks, court reporters, bailiffs, under oath of  
their office, oath of their bonds, violated throughout petitioner's knowes  
cases and appeals and postconviction for relief and mandamus to  
this Ohio Supreme Court actions of misconduct also. Violating  
JUDICIAL CODE 1, of judicial conduct, fail to uphold the integrity of  
the judiciary and DRI-102(B)(4) conduct involving dishonesty, fraud,  
deceit or misrepresentation and 1-102(B)(5), Engaging in conduct  
that is prejudicial to the administration of justice, 1-102(A)(6) eng-  
aging in conduct that adversely reflects on the fitness to practice law

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Johnson v. United States, 520 U.S. 46 (1997), miscarriage of justice, Not noticing errors)

→ Cont. Error of Law 3: Judges failure to comply to Legal Ethics and take judicial notice of the facts, evidence presented in this post conviction for

relief and mandamus filed with exhibits of judges journal entries not time, date, stamp filed, as part of the record. No clerk of Courts in Lorain

↑ (or signed by Judge under Rule 3 and Rule 2A, entry judgment)

County Common Pleas or 9th Dist. Court of Appeals clerks nor Ohio Supreme Court clerks, lawfully, constitutionally time, date stamp, file Judges journal entries in this case. further, clerk of Courts, judges, had journal entries from the 9th District Court of Appeals, strike all pro se

motion and brief not filed by petitioner Knox and Judge Battleski's journal entries and judge Ewers journal entry 8-30-2012, not time, date stamp, filed by Lorain County clerk of Courts, breach of office, duty, (contract) (power)

to constitutionally perform clerks duties to ENDOWSE, CERTIFY ALL

COURT DOCUMENTS UPON FELONY DOCKETS UNDER DUE PROCESS, EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE, and a method of service <sup>In</sup> a timely manner to all interested parties.

Failure to give reasonable notice of a final appealable orders, judgments, rulings, decisions in this case is a denial of a legal right for redress timely filed in petitioners post conviction and mandamus filed on

March 17, 2022, in Ohio Supreme Court. Violating petitioners Secured Protected Autonomy Rights <sup>(All)</sup> involved. A judicial economy does not

trump a criminal defendants liberty interest of his constitution, freedom, property, he is contesting from a falsely, fraudulent, illegal sentence, conviction, that is contrary to law, contrary to H.B. 86, new sentences guidelines in effect at time of sentencing from September 30, 2011, H.B. 86, In effect and petitioner was not sentenced under,

Nor sentence under any R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12 or post release control <sup>(submitted)</sup> <sup>(to)</sup> NOT ON the sentencing journal entry admitted with, 9th Dist. Court of Appeals and in postconviction for relief and mandamus filed 3-17-2022, timely.

See Branzburg v. Hayes, OHIO SUPREME COURT (408 U.S. 665, HN7 and HN8)  
U.S. Supreme Court, 6-29-1972, Grand Juries Proceedings, RULE OF LAW, (And Clerks)

cont: ERROR OF LAW 3: Violation of oath of office by judges, prosecutors to uphold the U.S. Constitution, Ohio Constitution under Sup. Ct. R. Gov.

Bar v(6)(A)(1), defines attorney misconduct to include violations of oath of office taken upon admission to the practice of law in this state, Cleveland Bar Ass'n. Disc. Judge, 94 Ohio St. 3d 331. This

judicial misconduct, abuse of discretion, abuse of process and abuse of authority, abuse of jurisdiction, contract, constitutional duties and breach of those duties, neglect, intent, purpose, knowingly, willfully and wantonly.

Is misprision of a felony by all directly, indirectly involved. Oath of judges violated in this case, and the Code of Judicial Conduct under R.C.

3.33, Bowling v. Broadnax (In re Cunningham) 100 Ohio St. 3d. 1216. As

State of Ohio's motions to dismiss post conviction for relief and the Mandamus, ex res judicata wrongly dismissed by the Ohio Supreme Court because there was no valid, lawful journal entries of sentence and conviction. No lawful, valid journal entries to continue pretrial by Judge Betski of 7-months. That prove the speedy trial time expired, past the 220-days to sentence and convict under H.B. 86, pursuant to R.C. 1.58(8) by law.

No certified copies of authentic journal entries or indictment, did not constitute any mandates statutorily required by law from fraud, falsity, under App. R. 27, App. R. 22(c) and App. R. 30, that was/is fraudulently applied in this case of prejudicial errors that are plain and structural or miscarriage of justice. Violating the remedy/scheme for redress, dismissal of indictment and case with prejudice. As a matter of law, due

process, equal protection pursuant to the 1st, 4th, 5th and 6th, 8th Amendments of false, fraudulent, corrupt enterprise of aiding and abetting, aiding and conniving with others to illegally sentence and convict from a unconstitutional sham legal process violated under R.C. 2921.52(B)(3) of falsity, is fraud by non-disclosure of the sentencing journal entry that's unauthorized by law, contrary to law. The unambiguous lack of jurisdiction to proceed in a cause. Mandamus will issue →

R.C. 2303.10, provisions: The clerk of Courts or Common Pleas SHALL ENDURE OHIO SUPREME COURT.  
him, the date of filing thereof \*\*\* SUP.R. 44(E) ~~USON EVERY PAPER FILED, WITH THE SUPREME COURT, STOP LOWER COURTS~~  
~~(MANDAMUS IS) WAS THE PROPER REMEDY TO COMPEL COURT OF COMMON PLEAS TO SCHEDULE ORDER~~

→ Cont: pg #9, to prevent any future unauthorized exercise of jurisdiction and to correct the results of prior jurisdictionally unauthorized actions, State ex rel. Mayer v. Hanson, 92 Ohio St. 3d 226, 2002-Ohio-6323, HNZ-Corrections, Modifications and Reductions, Clerical Error: No Subpoenas or Summons sent out certified mail to state witnesses to testify to grand jurors against petitioner Knox.

- 2.) No record of filing fees, clerk fees or certified mail sent out in this case CR-12-096817, by state of Ohio's clerk of courts, Lorain County Common Pleas Court on CASE COST BILL filed August 24, 2017, that was filed and certified A to be a true copy of the original, filed in the Clerk of Courts office, Tom Orlando. Submitted with postconviction for relief and admitted <sup>March</sup> ~~June~~ 12, 2022, in petitioners knox's man-damus, as exhibit-B, CASE COST BILL. No transcript or docket on record.
- 3.) No appearance docket sheet certification by clerk of courts of Lorain Common Pleas Courts, filed, recorded or any court official swearing-In state witnesses to testify to grand jurors for an indictment. No fee of this "Cognizable Event" of state witnesses swearing in under oath, under penalty of perjury recorded. Not part of the record by law, due process, equal protection violations. Of any date state witnesses testified. No Transcript of this swearing-In state witnesses or filing fees by clerk.
- 4.) No signed certification by a grand jury foreperson (Judith Cots) of a bill of particulars, No signed certification by a grand jury foreperson of a TRUE BILL voting to indict petitioner Knox, filed or recorded as a matter of law, due process, equal protection of grand jury process, procedures, review, deliberations, investigation done 8-24-2017 or any date.

- 5.) No filing, certification of grand jurors turning control over to the judicial Judge under 2945.03, presiding over the grand jurors of a PRESENTMENT and RETURN OF AN INDICTMENT on the terms of July 2017 or any date, on record. As exhibit-F, on 9-5-2017, admitted, prove, Detective Oralko no investigation was →

→ Cont'd #10, still ongoing. OHIO SUPREME COURT (see exhibit K, police report)

{ And Dist. Orellano clearly stated. This case is being sent to the grand jury for review at the change of gross sexual opposition. Prove state never went to grand jury.

6.) No application for writ by any judge, ~~Dist. Leski or Judge Mirella~~ of jury the time. Was granted by a judge or journalized by the clerk of Courts of Lorain County Common Pleas filed on any date, record, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations, under R.C. 2725.04, as a fact, proof, evidence. Objected by petitioner Knox. That the Sheriff of Lorain County, unlawfully, illegally and unconstitutionally, arrested, detained, without the authority of a strictly informal and regular commitment, from illegal, unlawful non-competent personal jurisdiction over petitioner Knox in this case. To convey petitioner Knox to Lorain County Jail. No further jurisdiction did not, could not be competent, from a sentence that's ABSOLUTE NULLITY, contrary to law, unauthorized by law pursuant to H.B. 86 and R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12, never addressed, considered, reviewed or applied by law.

7.) No writ by a judge in this case CR-17-09618, granted of probable cause exist on record, filed by Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts of any date docketed or on case cost bill, Exhibit-B, that was objected by petitioner Knox. Clerk never journalized any writ by a judge in case, under R.C. 2725.06, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause violations or petitioners constitutional liberties, freedom and property lost, taken, fines, court cost, case taxed against petitioner Knox.

8.) No clerk of Courts, ~~or~~ Sheriff of Lorain County, executed a writ and return on 8-24-2017, or any date journalized or ordered by a judge in this case CR-17-096817, for probable cause to convey to jail or prison, under R.C. 2725.12, granted, exist on record or filed, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause, pursuant to the Bill of Rights, state and federal violated. No habeas corpus filed by the state of Ohio.

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Filing of judgment by clerk for journalization, constitutes entry of judgment)

9.) No hearing held of a bind-over from the Elyria Municipal Courts

to the Lorain County Common Pleas Courts, by triggering the jurisdiction of the Lorain Common Pleas Court. State of Ohio never invoked the Elyria municipal courts jurisdiction. Never complied to the (3) Predicate Acts that must occur to go forward to prosecution in a court of law. State of Ohio never discharged or a bond detention of default in R.C. 2933.05, on record or filed (journalized of petitioner Knox for forfeiting his bond, abandonment not proven).

(Rule 22-Entry Judgment Violation: Only effective when entered by Clerk)

10.) No hearing date set for petitioner Knox, for state to give its rea-

sons to forfeit petitioner Knoxes bond. No clerk of courts time, date, stamp, filed journal entries of judge Betleski's judgments, orders, rulings, decisions, as part of the record or pro se motions filed by petitioner Knox. Motion for bond reduction not filed, date, time, stamped by Lorain County clerk of Courts of Common Pleas. From certificate of service on September 6th, 2017. And motion to dismiss, pro se, on 11-1-2012, journal entry by Judge Betleski, not time, date, stamped, filed, as exhibit-2, motion for bond reduction, exhibit-J. And exhibit-N, on 5-31-2018, court held hearing on various pro se motions. And the Court set forth on the record its reasons for the decisions it rendered on defendants pro se motions. No time, date, stamp, filed by Lorain County Common Pleas clerk of courts. And Judge Betleski's journal entry request for relief, motion for arrest, motion to make part of the record, objections to states motion to strike pro se motions by defendant 5-31-2018. Judge Betleski ruled on various pro se motions, the clerk did not time, date, stamp, file, as part of the record. Petitioner Knoxes bond is still open, has standing, never forfeited by state of Ohio, as part of the record. As no capias was sent out 8-24-2017, by a judge,

Bullock v. United States, OHIO SUPREME COURT

783 F.2d 1115, 1121 (10th Cir. (FRAUD UPON THE COURTS) makes void the orders/judgments 1985) It is where the court or a member is corrupted or influenced is attempted or 13.) where the judge has not performed his judicial function. Impartiality corrupted

No filing or record on any docket sheet of Police department case report, Docket. That was made by Lorain County police department as status date on 6-18-2017, that was printed Date-time on 7-31-2017, at 09:11 case no. 2012-00023825, DRI number OH 470500, reporting officer Gray, ID 3010. Also prove by clear and convincing evidence, without any dispute, state of Ohio never went to a grand jury of 12, to indict, deliberate, review or investigate on the term of July 2017, under oaths fraud upon the Courts, falsity, deceit, dishonesty. And conspiracy to commit fraud, complicity to commit fraud of overt acts of judicial misconduct, failure to

prosecute is prejudicial, unconstitutional errors, clearly known by all. (Pfizer Inc. v. Lord, 436 F.2d 532 (8th Cir. 1972) Not only actually receive justice, But believes he did.)

14.) No time, date, stamp, filed journal entries of Judge Bethleski's pre-

trial hearings or continuances or any waivers by petitioner Knox,

Under R.C. 2945.71 et. seq.,<sup>No</sup> signed journal entries of continuances, during pretrial hearings. (<sup>or signed by petitioner Knox, never waived pretrial(s)</sup>) Signed by Judge Bethleski, journalized by the

Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts under judgment entry that a court speaks through its journal. And No finding, decision or judgment is rendered until an entry is duly prepared and filed with the clerk for journalization. Prove Judge Bethleski's journal entries not

Signed by a judge. Is a violation of Rule 3, of 7-Journal entries not signed by Judge Bethleski, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violated.

see exhibits 1 thru 7, journal entries of Judge Bethleski, not signing these continuances Journal entries or clerk of Courts of Lorain County Common Pleas not issue, date, stamp, filing these same journal entries. The 9th District Courts of Appeals and this Ohio Supreme Court has clear and convincing knowledge of these facts,

proof, evidence. State of Ohio was also past the speedy trial time of 220-days to prosecute and sentence. Violating R.C. 2945.71. And state failed to give all petitioner Knoxes jail-time-credit that prove also, 855-days jail-time-credit.

(13)

A judge is not the court, OHIO SUPREME COURT (To promote public confidence)  
People v. Zajic, 88 App. 3d 477, 410 N.E.2d 626 (1980) United States v. Balsamian, 779 F.2d 1191 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir., 1985) Sec. 455(e)  
ERROR OF LAW<sup>4</sup> Plain error exist in this case, appeals and postconviction

For relief and mandamus, unconstitutionally denied, dismissed by the state of Ohio's, fraud upon the courts, falsity, conspiracy to commit fraud, complicity to commit fraud, overt acts or miscarriage of justice, abuse of discretion, abuse of process, and abuse of authority. This state of Ohio did not have from misprison to procure jurisdiction or personal jurisdiction over petitioner Knox, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations by all government officials corrupt enterprise.

As judge also (magistrate) failed to comply to Crim. R. 5(A) and Crim. R. 10(A), arraignment procedure appearance. Magistrate never read the reading of the indictment. The prosecutor did, as petitioner Knox clearly stated to case. And petitioner Knox never gave a plea in this case. Never consented. Judge put a plea in for petitioner Knox, from his own personal, professional interest as the 3rd party unconstitutionally, unlawfully, illegally. For unlawful, illegal enrichment for the state also. See State v. Mahanay, 2016-Ohio-2862, 6<sup>th</sup> Dist. Court of Appeals, "INVITED ERROR", by state of Ohio, fraud upon the courts, falsity, tampering with records, tampering with evidence, alter, conceal a fatally flawed, fatally invalid, insufficient, unauthenticated, fraudulent indictment called a true bill. No Mens rea, no intent, purpose or knowingly, no sexual arousal or sexual gratification of each and every essential element of Gross Sexual Imposition in R.C. 2907.05(A)(4). Given to grand jurors of 12 or served to petitioner Knox on indictment as a lawful, fair, legal notice. As judge Jackson asked prosecutors to give, explain the mens rea and clarify R.C. 2901.21(B) on the indictment. And R.C. 2901.21(B) is unconstitutional, vague in its antirity, that's not law or enforceable by law, authorized by law, makes it contrary to law. Violating the Grand Jury Clause, process, procedures under Crim. R. 6(E) pursuant to R.C. 2939.23. And R.C. 2901.21(B) is inflammatory, similarity of R.C. 2901.22(B) on reckless culpability. As R.C. 2907.05(A)(4) is not a strict criminal → (14)

OHIO SUPREME COURT

Cont. pgs 19, ERROR OF LAW 4: Liability offense or the 3rd degree felony of Gross sexual imposition. State of Ohio's misapplication of the law, No longer following the constitutional law or non-compliance to state and federal law in this case. Violating R.C. 2913.12, 2913.01(B), miscarriage of justice of grand jury process, procedures, <sup>→ under R.C. 2921.31 (Violated)</sup> invalid, unconstitutional indictment proven by clear and convincing evidence of "INVITED ERRORS" by the state of Ohio in default from petitioner knoxes postconviction for relief and mandamus for entitlement for remedy for relief, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection, Bill of Rights, state and federal. In State v. Mehanny, 2016-Ohio-2867, H19- Standards of Review, abuse of discretion, connotes more than an error of law or judgment. It implies that the court's attitude is unreasonable, arbitrary or unconscionable. Proving states of Ohio's "INVITED ERROR" prohibits a party who induces error in the trial court from taking advantage of such error on appeal. State of Ohio is in violation of RULE OF LAW DOCTRINE of judges VITAL ROLE in the American Scheme of Criminal Procedure of unlawful exercise of ARBITRARY POWER and to PREVENT OPPRESSION BY THE GOVERNMENT. Is clearly of CONSTITUTIONAL MAGNITUDE of 9th Dist, Court of Appeals and this Ohio Supreme Court failure to perform a clear and present duty that has not been performed of its ability to address the merits of a writ of mandamus, postconviction for relief of appeal to the Ohio Supreme Court. This court of Ohio Supreme Court erred in this regard. State ex rel. City of Cleveland v. Sutula, 127 Ohio St. 3d 131, Ohio Supreme Courts plenary authority it failed to perform by not taking judicial notice of the exhibits of judges journal entries that speak through the Courts, that was not signed by Judge Betleski or time, date, stamp, filed by the Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts. 7 journal entries not signed under RULE 3, of pretrial continuances of Judge Betleski admitted with postconviction for relief and mandamus timely filed in Ohio Supreme Court. This → (B) → (15)

OHIO SUPREME COURT

Cont'd pg #15, ERROR OF LAW 4: Ohio Supreme Court failed its constitutional duties and responsibilities to make its own fact findings or conclusions of law and address the merits, issues, claims with the exhibits to support and its reasons why. Petitioner Knox clearly offered, submitted, sufficient operative facts that established undisputed clear substantive grounds for relief. This Ohio Supreme Court failed to lawfully, legally, send a timely journal entry of its rulings, decisions and the method of service with a time, date, stamp, filed entry by the Ohio Supreme Court clerk of courts on June 8, 2022. That was not a lawful, fair, legal notice of journal entry, sent in bad faith. Without a certificate of service. Ohio Supreme Court failed its duty, authority to adjudicate in extraordinary writ cases to consider petitioner Knoxes post conviction for relief appeal of prosecutors untimely response to answer petitioners post conviction for relief the Judge Jackson unlawfully, unconstitutionally gave prosecutors an extension of time to respond. When the statute of limitations ran out, past the 10-days, mandatorily required under R.C. 2953.21(E). Prosecutor did admit, he was past the dead-line to respond. And Judge Jackson's abuse of discretion, abuse of process and abuse of authority by giving prosecutor an extension of time on 9-12-2021, journal entry that was not time, date, stamp, filed by the Lorain County Common Pleas clerk of courts. Is a failure to file a timely response and is a ministerial act of neglect by the clerk of courts and this clerk of courts of Ohio Supreme Court, not time, date, stamp, filing the Judges journal entries, failure to journalize, is a violation of the policy of the law, due process, equal protection clause. Is an abuse of jurisdiction by trial Judge Jackson, 9th Dist. Courts of Appeal and this Ohio Supreme Court. see Dunkle v. Hill, 2-21-Ohio-3835, Authority to adjudicate HN3. A judgment is effective only when entered →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

contingency 16, ERROR OF LAW 4: on the journal entry by the clerk, State v. Rogers, 2013-Ohio-3246, 8th Dist. Court of Appeals. Further, This Ohio Supreme Court had clear knowledge of the fact, that judge Jackson was assigned to hear petitioner Knox's bench trial in case CR-17-096817. And certificate of assignment #193A1601, by the Chief Justice, Maureen O'Connor of Ohio Supreme Court. Chief Justice, failed her duties, constitutional responsibilities and judicial de novo reviews of the unadjudicated, clear and convincing evidence, facts, proofs of the exhibits admitted, June 8, 2022, with the mandamus, in support of remedy for relief of entitlement by law. (State of Ohio failure to comply to Crim. R. 4(F) under R.C. 2939.22)

ERROR OF LAW 5: state of Ohio's Jurisdictional Defect from lack of patent jurisdiction over person and from deviation from a bind over procedure a prerequisite to transfer of jurisdiction to the Lorain Common Pleas Courts from the municipal courts. Is a violation of the "Jurisdictional Custody Requirement". As a writ or mandamus lies in certain extraordinary circumstances, where there is an unlawful restraint of a persons liberty and there is no adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law. When a judgment is void, most, ab initio, a ACTUAL NULLITY. Due to state of Ohio's usurp a jurisdiction they did not have, 1.) Mis-prison to procure jurisdiction, 3.) Lack of patent jurisdiction personal, over petitioner Knox of a invalid, fatally flawed, insufficient indictment called a True Bill. 4.) Failure to present and return a True Bill indictment from 12 jurors voting to indict petitioner Knox on the term of July 2017, under oaths, duly sworn, In violation of the GRAND JURY CLAUSE process, procedures under U.S. Const. Art. I, Sec. 10 and Ohio Const. Art. I, Sec. 16, 5.) state of Ohio in default. Never triggered its jurisdiction or invoked municipal →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Postconviction for relief and mandamus put state on notice of judicial defect)  
cont: #8917, ERROR OF LAW 5: Court jurisdiction to bind-over one

transcript of municipal courts proceedings filed, recorded, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause violations.

State ex rel. Parker v. Black, 2022-Ohio-1730, HNZ-Jurisdiction of Custody Requirement. In this case, mandamus is/

was the proper writ for entitlement or a right to compel this Ohio Supreme Court to use its supervisory powers to stop lower courts from unconstitutionally exercising their jurisdiction. Was clearly stated in petitioner knows mandamus,

Table of Contents, pg# I, III, II, of statements of the facts and

pg# 3, To compel this Ohio Supreme Court, a request, To stop the lower courts from unauthorized jurisdiction used. And pg# 4, proving, state is unconstitutionally, illegally exercising jurisdiction and the mandamus is requesting Ohio Supreme Court to stop lower courts patent lack of jurisdiction. Proving this Ohio

Supreme Court, chief Justice, Maureen O'Connor, intentionally, purposely, knowingly, state of mind, willfully, wantonly, failed her

constitutional duties, responsibilities, neglected to review de novo the entire merits, issues in petitioners knows mandamus and the exhibits in support of fraud upon the Courts, tampering with records, tampering with evidence, non-compliance to the Crim.R.

6(F), Crim.R.16(K) of discovery for lack of discretion to deny. And violations of clerk of courts, court reporters, judges, prosecutors and assistant attorney's in this case. For striking petitioners pro se motions, exhibits or journal entries not time, date, stamp, filed or signed by Judge Bolek. Violating Civ.R.37(B)(1)(g) through (f)(2), failure admit journal entries, exhibits in support of genuine, authentic court documents to prove petitioner did not commit

→ (Documents admitted)

(18)

{ See exhibit Q, not signed by judge. OHIO SUPREME COURT  
at time, date, stamp filed. Judge Jackson allowed prosecutors to use a prose filing chart, in place of a felony docket sheet.)  
Cont: pg 18, ERROR OF LAW 5 | this crime and state of Ohio did not go  
to 12 jurors to indict petitioner Knox, as no complaint was filed in  
this case alleged by (mother) Britana of sexual assault on June 18,  
2012 see exhibit D, by officer J. Gray, case narrative No. #3000.  
And Exhibit - S, states notice of compliance with defendant's oral  
request for discovery submitted October 16, 2019, of Lorain Police  
officer Gray Report, admitted with mandamus and exhibit C, of  
Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts letter September 1,  
2017. of clearly stating. The criminal case was initiated by in-  
dictment, not by a criminal complaint filed in a municipal court.  
State of Ohio never met the burden of proof or probable cause to  
indict petitioner Knox directly. Because there is no record or filing  
fee or confirmation of any state witnesses swearing-In under oath  
under penalty of perjury in a court of law. State of Ohio failed to  
comport to the RULE OF LAW OF Ohio Criminal Procedural Rules  
or state witnesses testifying to grand jurors to indict. No date of this  
swearing-in recorded, filed as a matter of law, due process, equal protection  
clause violations. This Ohio Supreme Court failed to address, review  
de novo, of abuse of discretion, abuse of process, abuse of authority and  
abuse of jurisdiction state of Ohio never had whatsoever in this case. No  
execution and return of process on 8-24-2017, or any date of End-  
orsement or a writ granted by any judge under Section 311.09 or  
process of a prisoner to be delivered to successor under Section  
311.15 or conduct or dignities in Lorain County section 311.02 and  
section 311.08, execution and return of process nor any fees under  
section 311.17, filed by clerk of courts of a capias writ, clerk failed  
to obey writ RIC.2725.21, forfeiture ~~of~~ <sup>by</sup> clerk for refusal to issue  
a writ in case 8-24-2017. After allowance of such writ and a demand  
here harsfor. Petitioner Knox is claiming the \$ 500<sup>0</sup> dollars. state shall →  
(+9)

{ Petitioner Knox submitted his  
{ petition list 12-2-2016, of Notice and Demand to Ohio Supreme Court  
{ demand to Lorain Common Pleas Court and a copy of this notice and demand if any due process  
{ violations also, to Ohio State Secretary by law.

Cont'd page #9, ERROR OF LAW 5: Forfeiture to the party aggrieved, petitioner Knox, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations.  
Further, Lorain County Sheriff dept. Failed the command of an alleged return or a writ of falsify/false return on 8-24-2017, and clerk of courts of Lorain County Common Pleas, unconstitutionally, illegally and falsely started a return of a writ to arrest petitioner Knox on 8-24-2017, was completed and returned by Lorain County Sheriff department. See exhibit #16, warrant on indictment also filed on same day of arrest on August 24, 2017, from July 2017 term of the Lorain Common Pleas Court, an indictment was found by the grand jury there of against Larry Knox. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at Elyria, Ohio on 8-24-2017. Again, impossible to send out warrant on indictment, and arrest petitioner Knox and serve petitioner indictment and a return of a writ of a capias and to order to appear for arraignment in Lorain County Common Pleas Court on 8-24-2017, all at the same time. See exhibit A of inmate balance history report to prove by clear and convincing evidence of fraud upon the Courts, tampering with records, tampering with evidence, alter, conceal the truth, facts in this case. Exhibit A, clearly contradicts state of Ohio's false statements, fraudulent, invalid indictment that was never served to petitioner Knox by Lorain County Sheriff department on any date ~~on~~ 8-24-2017. And never went to grand jurors on the terms of July 2017, as exhibit F, clearly prove, contradicts state of Ohio never met there burden of proof or probable cause to arrest, detain, convey to prison. Is false imprisonment, prove falsehood, dishonesty, no integrity by all involved. As state of Ohio never proved personal jurisdiction to go forward to prosecute, state of Ohio failed to establish that jurisdiction she says it is, Kous v. Mayfield, 4th App. Dist. Case No. 1894, 1991 Ohio App. LEXIS 2670

(OAIO-1299, 10<sup>th</sup> Dist. of Appeals. Contrary and unreasonable standard, clearly established Federal law, violated by state of Ohio's miscarriage of justice.)  
cont: p. 29 # ERROR OF LAW at \*11. False, as used in 18 USC section 1001,

means more than simply incorrect or untrue; Intent to deceive or mislead is required, United States v. Lange, (1976, CA 5 La) 528 F.2d. 1280, United States v. Beddoes, 1972 Cr 9 Wash. 455 F.2d. 1109, 77. In prosecution, for violation of 18 USC section 1001, statements, must be false under any reasonable interpretation, United States v. Adler, (1980, CA 8 Mo.) 623 F.2d 1287. These false statements provided the state of Ohio with unconstitutional, illegal and unlawful burden on proof for probable cause to arrest, detain and convey to prison. Knowingly, spur posely, willfully and wantonly, state of mind, used a invalid, fatally flawed, insufficient indictment, And a false, illegal sentencing journal entry that's not in compliance with R.B. 36, pursuant to R.C. 1158(B) new sentencing guidelines that was in effect during petitioner knows unconstitutional, illegal sentence and conviction. Without considering, addressing, or reviewing R.C. 2929.11 or R.C. 2929.12. As the Sentence and conviction is contrary to law, unauthorized by law and is <sup>(A)</sup> ACTUAL NULLITY, in violation of RULE OF LAW. And the Ohio Supreme Court cannot substitute for such a unconstitutional, illegal sentence and conviction. The 9th District Court of Appeals to strike sentencing journal entry from the record and refuse to review, address, de novo and sua sponte, take judicial notice. Knowing the inferior court imposed a sentence that is an EXCESS OF AUTHORITY and therefore UNLAWFUL by the Lorain County Common Pleas Court and in excess of its jurisdiction and void for the whole, O'Neill v. People, 15 Michigan, 275, Elliot v. People, 13 Ib. 365, ex parte, 49 Mo. 294. And the prisoner is entitled to be discharged on habeas corpus. (In this case, post conviction for relief and mandamus filed March 17, 2022) And this writ of error under Rule 6C(d)(3), which allows the courts to set aside →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(No final appealable order done under R.C. 2725.05, And not controlling of jurisdiction)  
Contingent, ERROR OF LAW 6: a judgment from fraud upon the Courts  
and tampering with records, tampering with evidence to alter,  
conceal, decisive, mislead a court of law by falsity. And  
aiding and abetting with others, conspiracy to commit fraud,  
complicity to commit fraud, defraud, or a corrupt enterprise,  
of overt acts, of judicial misconduct from miscarriage of justice  
by all involved. State of Ohio, never had STANDING, to go forward and  
prosecute on the improper, false, misrepresented accessory instrument coll-  
ed a true bill, indictment. Bank of Am. N.A. v. Kuchta, 141 Ohio St. 3d 75, stand-  
ing is certainly a judicial requirement. A parties LACK OF STANDING, VIT-  
IATS, a parties ability to invoke jurisdiction. (As the journal entries spe-  
aks through the Courts' judgment, rulings, orders, decisions and granting all  
motions or continuances, granting all writs, subpoenas, warrants to show  
burden of proof, probable cause to forfeit bond, arrest, detain, convey to  
prison) Petitioner Knox was aggrieved by the failure of a clerk & courts  
clerk and court reporters, to comply with the requirements of Sup. R.  
44 through 47. Petitioner Substantive Rights to raise a prior fact  
showing, clearly established, raised under Crim. R. 6(f) that supercedis  
state statutes of Ohio. And a right to pursue an action of mandamus  
pursuant to R.C. 2931, Sec. R. 47(B), Sup. R. 47(A), this state violated  
under ERRORS OF LAW, misapplying the law, No longer comply to state, fed-  
eral law in this case. And a COMMON LAW WRIT OF ERROR, is the proper  
writ to enforce the constitutional Right, liberty, freedom and lost prop-  
erty or taken. White v. Livingston, 234, S.C. 234, "REMEDIABLE RIGHTS"  
is a "LEGAL FORM FOR RELIEF" A legal conclusion from a certain state  
of facts (Exhibits of journal entries not signed by Judge under Rule 3(B))  
and clerk of Courts of Lorain County Common Pleas Court, not true,  
date, stamp, filling those same journal entries of Judge Belleski. Not  
LAWFULLY, CONSTITUTIONALLY ENDORING same journal entries to continue

(R.C.2913.42, violated)

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(knowingly, falsify, alter)

Cont'd pg# 22, ERROR OF LAW 6: pretrial in a timely manner). Exhibits 1 thru 7, on Journal entries, from 4-16-2018 to 6-11-2019. Never signed by Judge Batleski on these dates to restart pretrials or time, date, stamp, filed by Lorain County Common Pleas Courts clerk as part of the record. In fact, proof, evidence, these Journal entries time, is tolled against the state of Ohio. Proving, fact, evidence, state of Ohio was past the 270-days to prosecute and sentence and convict under R.C. 2945.71, et. seq. This Ohio Supreme Court completely, intentionally, purposely and knowingly, willfully, wantonly, ignored. These same Journal entries was not signed by petitioner Knox. State of Ohio owes petitioner Knox these jail-time-credit days also in this case. Denied October 16, 2021, by Judge Jackson. That is not his discretion, authority or this ODRC, director or prison to deny these jail-time-credits done in Lorain County Jail or this Ohio Supreme Court. State of Ohio is in violation of R.C. 2945.71(E), R.C. 2945.71(c)(2) and R.C. 2945.73. That is a mandatory required mandates clearly established in this case of WRIT OF ERROR and prejudicial of false, unconstitutional, illegal, unlawful imprisonment. And this WRIT OF ERROR, is a remediable right that may be enforced, Ebner v. Haverty Furniture Co., 138 S.C. 74, Supreme Court of South Carolina, 12-10-1926 (copy citation). State ex rel. Madd v. Gossen, 20 Ohio St. 3d 30, The extraordinary legal remedy of mandamus may be granted to compel execution of an official duty from a ministerial officer when, 3 conditions exist. 1.) A clear and legal right to the relief prayed 2.) A clear legal duty upon respondent to perform the act requested 3.) The relator has no plain and adequate remedy at law. This Ohio Supreme Court chief Justice, violated her official duties in her unauthorized, illegal, decision, ruling, judgment that is ERROR, PREJUDICE, CONTRARY TO LAW, UNAUTHORIZED BY LAW AND RULE OF LAW. Is Abuse

{ Judges Violating Ohio Code Rule Reg. DR-8-102(B) OHIO SUPREME COURT  
{ State v. Gaines, 2011-Ohio-1425, State ex. Cl., 2016-  
Cont: Errors of Law? Ohio 424, unreasonable standard of review.  
of discretion, abuse of process, abuse of

authority, chief justice, Maureen O'Connor or Lorain Common

Pleas Courts nor Judge Jackson, have to deny, deprive all of these jail-time credit days. That also prove, state of Ohio was barred from responding, addressing, arguing to dismiss case of post conviction for relief and mandamus, State of Ohio last jurisdiction to go forward and prosecute, sentence and convict under R.C. 2945.71(E) 3 for 1-days not given for jail-time-credit allowed.

Prove state of Ohio has no STANDING and res judicata defense is illegal, unlawful, unconstitutional). Being fraud upon the court, (A clear legal Right of H.B. 86, Non-compliance to R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12, reviewed addressed considered) fraud, falsity. R.C. 2945.71 is proven by 1.) A clear and legal right (And No O.R.C. 3 for 1-days as a clear legal right of all jail-time-credit) to relief prayed 2.) a clear legal duty upon respondent to perform the <sup>ACT</sup> requested. 3.) The relater has no plain and adequate remedy at law. The exhibits 1 thru 7, journal entries are told against the state of Ohio in this case for immediate discharge of petitioner Knox, as a matter of law, due process, equal protect under the Bill of Rights, state and federal violated in this case. From 4-16-2018 to 6-11-2019, is 4-years and 2-months, or 3 for 1-days, state of Ohio is past the speedy trial time to sentence and convict petitioner Knox in case. And the 255-days O.R.C. gave petitioner Knox jail-time-credit is also 3 for 1-days. A total of 855-days, that's 2-years, 6-months and 5-days. A complete total of 6-years, 8-months and 5-days, past the speedy trial time under R.C. 2943.71(2) and 2945.73, statutes. (Petitioner Knox is requesting immediate discharge, time served already) As these statutes are mandatory required by law and mandatory ENFORCED under RULE OF LAW, by operation of law, under color of law, common law, admiralty, pursuant to the U.S. Const. Art. I, Sec. 10, Ohio Const. Art. I, Sec. 16, principles and safeguards, guarantees, violated from unambiguous lack of jurisdiction of fraud, falsity.

OHIO SUPREME COURT, FACTS AND CONCLUSION

STATE OF OHIO IS IN DEFAULT, FROM FRAUD UPON THE COURTS, DEFEND, TAMPERING

CONT. pg #34, ERROR OR LAW?: Mandamus was also proper venue for relief in said case 2022-0281, see State ex rel. Vindicator Printing Co. v. Wolff, 132 Ohio St. 3d 481. Mandamus, to be entitled to the requested extraordinary relief, legal duty, remedy. Was clearly stated on page 14, of mandamus, filed March 17, 2022. And petitioner requested remedy for relief to lawfully dismiss indictment and case with prejudice, as a right to be heard in a court of law. As petitioners pro se motions and brief was stricken from appeals court of 9th district off record docket. Page 15, of mandamus. Petitioners request, Ohio Supreme Courts duties to take judicial notice of lower courts misprision to procure jurisdiction, state never had constitutionally, lawfully. And "the Cognizable Event" of grand jurors process, procedures duties to summons, subpoena state witnesses to testify under oath, not grand jury secrets. To prove states burden of proof, probable cause never met, complied, to indict petitioner Knox on 8-24-2017 or arrest on 8-24-2017 or warrant on indictment sent 8-24-2017 nor served petitioner Knox in county jail on 8-24-2017 or a filing fee or return of writ, papers by Lorain County sheriff dept. on 8-24-2017. Prove, officials acted outside their official responsibilities and law unconstitutional, knowingly, purposely, willfully, wantonly and state of mind, recklessly, malice, negligent judicial misconduct. That is miscarriage of justice of a malicious purpose, in bad faith and wanton and a reckless manner, outside the scope of their duties and oath of their office, oath of their bonds intentionally. Violating petitioner Knoxes SUBSTANTIVE RIGHTS, under SUBSTANTIVE LAW, that PROVAILS OVER A PROCEDURAL RULE. Chief Justice failed to give reasonable notice of her order, judgment, not time, date, stamp, filed. From a sentencing journal entry that's illegal, unconstitutional, contrary to law, unauthorized by law or enforceable or effect under laws of H.B. 86, complied.

FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY

Sentence is contrary to law. Prosecutor  
in violation of A.B.S. 86, R.C. 1.58(3) as a  
matter of law  
due process,  
equal protection, 2020 JAN - 9 P 3:02  
Bill of Rights, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
**LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS**  
**LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO**

Tom Orlando, Clerk  
JOURNAL ENTRY  
**MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISTING JUDGE**



Date 12/23/19

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

VS

LORAIN COUNTY PROSECUTOR

Plaintiff's Attorney

0-

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

PRO SE

Kenneth Lieux - Standby Counsel

Defendant's Attorney

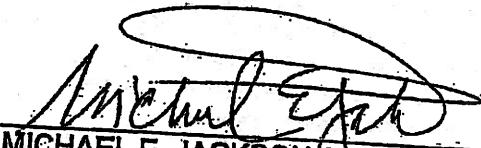
This matter was tried to this Court on December 16, 2019, December 17, 2019 and December 23, 2019. Upon the testimony given, all of the evidence presented, and the credibility of the witnesses, the Court finds for the reasons stated on the record, as follows:

**COUNT 1: GROSS SEXUAL IMPOSITION, R.C. 2907.05(A)(4), F3 - GUILTY**

Sentencing is hereby scheduled for DECEMBER 27, 2019 AT 9:00 A.M.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

VOL.        PAGE       

  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE  
Supreme Court of Ohio  
Certificate of Assignment #19JA1601

cc: Pros Holman and Hakos  
Atty Lieux  
Defendant, Pro Se

**\*18CR098210\***

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS - 9 P 3:02  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

STATE OF OHIO, : CASE NO. 17CR096817  
Plaintiff, : JUDGE MICHAEL E. JACKSON  
-vs- : JUDGMENT ENTRY OF  
LARRY KNOX : CONVICTION AND SENTENCE  
Defendant. :  
:::::::::::

1. Defendant appeared in Court for Sentencing after having been found Guilty by the Court after a Bench Trial held on December 16, 2019, December 17, 2019 and December 23, 2019 of the following offenses:

- Count 1: GROSS SEXUAL IMPOSITION, a violation of R.C. 2907.05(A)(4), a 3rd degree felony (high tier) (Tier II Sex Offender for Registration purposes).
2.  IF CHECKED, a pre-sentence investigation and report were ordered and completed, and said report was made available to the defense for review. POST ORDERED.
3. Defendant was present and acted Pro Se, with standby counsel Attorney Kenneth Lieux, present in open court for sentencing on December 27, 2019. APA Hohlman and APA Hakos present for the State. A stenographer was present. Those persons listed in R.C. 2929.19(A) were afforded an opportunity to speak and present any information relevant to the imposition of sentence.
4.  The Court has determined that that Defendant IS TCAP eligible pursuant to R.C. 2929.34(B)(3)(c).  
 X The Court has determined that the Defendant IS NOT TCAP eligible pursuant to R.C. 2929.34(B)(3)(d)  
     (i): The felony of the fifth degree was an offense of violence, a sex offense, a violation of R.C. 2925.03, or any offense for which a mandatory prison term is required.  
     (ii): The person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any felony offense of violence.  
 X (iii): The person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any felony sex offense.

Case No. 17CR096817  
Defendant LARRY KNOX

(2) → copies 4th App

- (iv): The person's sentence is required to be served concurrently to any other sentence imposed upon the person for a felony that is required to be served in an institution under the control of the department of rehabilitation and correction.
  - The Court has determined that the Defendant IS NOT TCAP eligible as the offense(s) charged is/are not a Felony 5.
5. Upon consideration of all matters set forth by law, including the factors and guidelines state in RC 2929, it is the judgment of law and sentence of the Court that the defendant be sentenced to:

Count 1: 60 months in L.C.I.

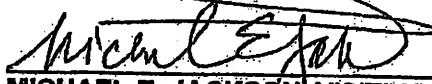
- IF CHECKED, sentences imposed on all counts shall run concurrently.
  - IF CHECKED, sentences imposed herein shall run concurrently with the sentence(s) in \_\_\_\_\_.
6.  IF CHECKED, an additional \_\_\_\_\_ year(s) of actual incarceration is imposed on count \_\_\_\_\_ as and for a firearm specification, pursuant to R.C. 2929.14(D)(1). Said term of actual incarceration shall be served prior to and consecutive to any other sentence(s) imposed herein, FOR AN AGGREGATE SENTENCE OF \_\_\_\_\_.
7.  IF CHECKED, the Court finds, pursuant to R.C. 2929.14(B), and as an explanation on the record, as follows:
  - The shortest prison term will demean the seriousness of the Defendant's conduct.
  - The shortest prison term will not adequately protect the public from future crime by the Defendant or others.
8.  IF CHECKED, the Court finds pursuant to R.C. 2929.14(C), and as an explanation on the record, as follows:
  - The Defendant has committed the worst form of the offense.
  - The Defendant poses the greatest likelihood of recidivism.
9.  IF CHECKED, counts/case \_\_\_\_\_ shall run consecutively to \_\_\_\_\_ counts/case \_\_\_\_\_ as the Court finds the following:
  - Consecutive service is necessary to protect the public from future crime or to punish the Defendant; and
  - Consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the seriousness of the Defendant's conduct and to the danger which the Defendant poses to the public; and
  - The Defendant committed the multiple offenses while he was awaiting trial or sentencing or while he was under Post-Release Control or Community control; or
  - The harm caused by the multiple offenses was so great or so unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses committed as part of a single course of conduct adequately reflects the seriousness of the Defendant's conduct; or

Case No. 17CR096817  
Defendant LARRY KNOX

- The Defendant's history of criminal conduct demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the Defendant.
10. Defendant ordered to pay costs of prosecution forthwith.
11. Defendant is entitled to credit, pursuant to R.C. 2967.161, on his sentence for ALL TIME SERVED ON THIS CASE, WHICH IS, AS OF 12/27/19, 268 DAYS AS EXPLAINED ON THE RECORD. DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED TO ADDITIONAL JAIL TIME FROM DECEMBER 28, 2019 UNTIL DEFENDANT IS TRANSFERRED TO LCI.
12.  IF CHECKED, Defendant's driver's license is suspended on Count(s) \_\_\_\_\_ for \_\_\_\_\_.
13.  IF CHECKED, mandatory drug fine(s) in count(s) \_\_\_\_\_ shall be paid to the Clerk of Courts who shall distribute said fine(s) as follows: 50% to \_\_\_\_\_ and 50% to the Lorain County Prosecutor, the law enforcement agencies primarily responsible for or involved in making the arrest of and prosecuting the Defendant.
14. X IF CHECKED, upon consideration of the affidavit of indigency filed by the Defendant, the Court finds that the Defendant is indigent and payment of the mandatory fine(s) previously imposed is suspended.
15. The Defendant is hereby advised that he will be supervised after he leaves prison, which is referred to as post-release control, for a mandatory 5 years.  
  
The Defendant is ordered to serve as part of this sentence any term of post release control imposed by the Parole Board, and any prison term for violation of that post release control. After prison release, if post release control is imposed, for violation of post release control conditions, the Adult Parole Authority or Parole Board could impose a more restrictive or longer control sanction, or return defendant to prison for up to nine months for each violation, up to a maximum of ½ of the stated prison term.
- Defendant is advised that if he commits a new felony while subject to post release control, he may be sent to prison for the remaining post-release control period or 12 months, whichever is greater. This prison term shall be served consecutively to any term imposed for the new felony of which the Defendant is convicted.
16. All contraband and/or drugs are hereby ordered destroyed by the law enforcement agency in possession of same.
17. Seized money or property in the custody of a law enforcement agency is ordered forfeited pursuant to defendant's plea agreement. Said money or property may be used or sold by the law enforcement agency. Said money or proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law.
18. All property not forfeited is hereby ordered returned to the victim(s)/owner(s) or, if said victim(s)/owner(s) cannot be located, sold at public auction with proceeds distributed according to law.

Case No. 17CR096817  
Defendant LARRY KNOX

- (2)
19.  IF CHECKED, the sentence imposed herein was jointly recommended by the prosecutor and defense counsel.
20. Pursuant to R.C. 2901.07, if the Defendant has not previously provided a DNA specimen upon arrest or Court appearance for which this sentence is based, the Lorain County Sheriff is hereby ordered to collect a DNA specimen in accordance with division (C) of R.C. 2901.07. Should the Defendant be sentenced to Probation, the Lorain County Adult Probation Department shall perform the DNA specimen collection as mandated by R.C. 2901.07(C).
21. All pending motions are now moot, and the Court made no decision regarding a future motion of judicial release.
22. Lastly, the Defendant is advised that he has certain appellate rights.

  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE  
Supreme Court of Ohio  
Certificate of Assignment #19JA1601

## Inmate Balance History Report - Simple

Created: 10/28/2019 8:39:56AM

4th D

Number: 79227

Secondary: 201900156902

Location: LCJ 3W 3W16 01

Name: KNOX, LARRY D

<u>Transaction</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Transaction Amount</u>	<u>Running Balance</u>	<u>Running Owed</u>	<u>Running Other</u>
INTAKE CREDIT	12/17/2014 05:53:01AM	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
RELEASE INMATE - CHECK	12/17/2014 12:37:10PM	(\$4.00)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
TOUCHPAY BOOKING DEPOSIT	11/26/2015 04:51:30AM	\$0.31	\$0.31	\$0.00	\$0.00
TOUCHPAY KIOSK DEPOSIT	12/02/2015 01:03:43PM	\$20.00	\$20.31	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	12/03/2015 12:49:56PM	(\$16.09)	\$4.22	\$0.00	\$0.00
RELEASE INMATE - CARD	12/07/2015 08:23:10PM	(\$4.22)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
TOUCHPAY BOOKING DEPOSIT	07/18/2017 02:07:53AM	\$263.00	\$263.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
INTAKE BAG CHARGE	07/18/2017 03:02:18AM	(\$9.35)	\$253.65	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	07/20/2017 11:34:52AM	(\$41.98)	\$211.67	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	07/20/2017 11:49:13AM	(\$2.37)	\$209.30	\$0.00	\$0.00
RETURN CREDIT	07/20/2017 11:58:09AM	\$41.98	\$251.28	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	07/20/2017 12:37:00PM	(\$40.09)	\$211.19	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	07/24/2017 01:37:11PM	(\$14.72)	\$196.47	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	07/27/2017 12:47:30PM	(\$38.30)	\$158.17	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	07/31/2017 12:59:22PM	(\$23.66)	\$134.51	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/03/2017 10:26:40AM	(\$44.79)	\$89.72	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/07/2017 10:29:25AM	(\$21.84)	\$67.88	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/10/2017 01:56:19PM	(\$23.05)	\$44.83	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/17/2017 01:58:32PM	(\$18.76)	\$26.07	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/21/2017 10:41:02AM	(\$6.53)	\$19.54	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/24/2017 09:54:39AM	(\$2.78)	\$16.76	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	08/31/2017 09:52:59AM	(\$5.75)	\$11.01	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	09/07/2017 01:30:50PM	(\$6.02)	\$4.99	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	09/18/2017 01:46:03PM	(\$3.36)	\$1.63	\$0.00	\$0.00
ORDER DEBIT	09/18/2017 02:54:53PM	(\$0.79)	\$0.84	\$0.00	\$0.00
RELEASE INMATE - CHECK	09/21/2017 10:23:21AM	(\$0.63)	\$0.21	\$0.00	\$0.00
	01/16/2018 12:43:37AM	(\$0.21)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
<i>Aiding &amp; Abetting, two crimes) conspiracy with others</i>				<b>\$0.00</b>	
<i>Tampering with records, fraud Upon the Court, Defraud, alter, conceal Not arrested</i>				<b>\$0.00</b>	
<i>Not indicted, No warrant Never served to date most any date, No warrt returned by Sheriff on 8-24-2017 proving tampering with records, defraud, tampering with evidence.</i>				<b>\$0.00</b>	
<i>Ending Totals:</i>				<b>\$0.00</b>	
				<b>\$0.00</b>	
				<b>\$0.00</b>	

This is an official record of inmate account balance.

Sgt. David Kij (Sgt. Kij)

10-28-19 7:10 AM

Victoria Koco, Notary Public  
C Onine exp 3/2/23

## CASE COST BILL

GR053817

Date Filed: 08/24/2017

STATE OF OHIO V/S LARRY KNOX

Exhibit B

Post conviction

Page 1

Lorain County Court Of Common Pleas

## Plaintiff(s)

**STATE OF OHIO**LORAIN COUNTY PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE  
225 COURT ST 3RD FLOOR

ELYRIA, OH 44035

P - 1

**LORAIN COUNTY PROSECUTOR Att:**225 COURT STREET  
3RD FLOOR

ELYRIA, OH 44035

0 -

## Defendant(s)

**LARRY KNOX**

2100 LAKESIDE AVE

D - 1

CLEVELAND, OH 44114

Date of Birth : 8/21/1960

Race: Not Entered

Practice, Evidence, or Support

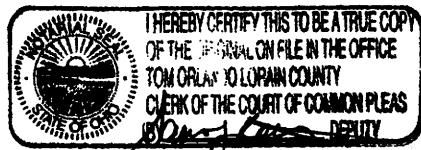
## ----- COST SUMMARY -----

No state witness was subpoenaed to testify in  
case, As A Matter of Law, Due Process Violation.

## \*\*\*\*\* CLERK FEES \*\*\*\*\*

No grand jury subpoena, summons fees &  
clerk fees Lorain Common Pleas Clerk  
Payee

Date	Cost	Amount	Assigned To:	Payee
08/24/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$27.00	LARRY KNOX	No bond discharge fees filed. No hearing held of recognizance bond, to be forfeited. Not revoked by state witness in case. Larry Kno is claiming as his property lost, taken denied in a court of law. Unconstitutional taken, for safety, Constitutionality Liberties, property taken lost. Is grounds for dismissal with pre judice and costs, attorney's fees, dismissed, As A Matter of Law, Due Process, Lawyer fees, attorney actions, trial date present, 2. No writ fee on 8-24-2017 3. No certification filing fee on 8-24-25-2017 4. NO witness fee on any date file for state grand jury witness me on any record.
08/25/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
08/31/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
09/12/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
09/20/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
10/25/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/01/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/07/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/08/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
11/28/2017	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
01/05/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
01/05/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
01/09/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
01/24/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
03/30/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
04/03/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
04/17/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
05/01/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
05/18/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
06/01/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
06/13/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
06/12/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
06/19/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
06/28/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
07/24/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	
08/17/2018	CLERKS FEES	\$2.00	LARRY KNOX	





Exhibit

2  
3  
TOM ORLANDO  
LORAIN COUNTY CLERK OF COURTS  
Legal Division  
Lorain County Justice Center  
225 Court Street, First Floor  
Elyria, OH 44035

September 1, 2017

CR-17-096817

Larry Knox, #79227  
LCCF  
9896 Murray Ridge Rd.  
Elyria, OH 44035

Dear Mr. Knox:

Our office is in receipt of your letter to the Clerk. As I understand your correspondence, you have requested copies of the criminal complaint and bindover information for case no. 17CR096817. A review of the case docket for this matter indicates that the criminal case was initiated by indictment, not by a criminal complaint filed in a municipal court. Because the records you seek do not exist in the court file, our office is unable to assist you with this request.

You have also requested copies from a case you indicate was filed in Lorain Municipal Court (case no. CR-15-A03856). However, we do not serve as the Clerk for the Lorain Municipal Court and thus are not custodians for the records you seek. I recommend contacting the Clerk of the Lorain Municipal Court for this request; the address is: 200 West Erie Avenue, Lorain, OH 44052.

If I have misunderstood your letter, please feel free to respond directly to my attention and clarify your requests.

Sincerely,

Handwritten signature of Kathryn Lenz.

Kathryn Lenz,  
Staff Attorney to  
Tom Orlando,  
Lorain County Clerk of Court

9/5/2017

Exhibit F 3 each

PG # 4

P.3

connected and would have heard if London fell. I also asked if London asked both of them that night if one of them was going to tuck her into bed and she responded surprised and upset that Larry would have ever stated that London would want him to.

✓ Or no one around Larry and prove there was no sexual contact touching done.  
This case is being sent to the Lorain County Grand Jury for their review of the charge of Gross Sexual Imposition (GSI) against Larry Knox.

Reported by: Detective J. Orellano #2734

{ NOT sexual assault, the Mother, Brian Taylor  
I've, Filed at the Lorain County Police dept.

I did raise to Judge, prosecutor attorney Larry June 18th 2017, Violating Brady-

No sexual contact element

Bailey claim that's Constitutional

No Intent element

Level, Due Process Constitutional

No purpose element

Liberties, Property, Freedom, Viola-

None of this given to the grand jury to indict.

ted.

Indictment fatally flawed, fatally invalid, defective,  
not on the face of the indictment intent, purpose elements  
to indict, sentence or convict.



STATE OF OHIO  
LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER

Temporarily Convened  
In support of dismissal with prejudice  
7-17-2017  
Not arrested 8-24-2017

LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER

225 COURT STREET  
ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

2108 Lake Street  
Sidney, Ohio 45365

No certified mail sent. Never served a summons to court before 8-24-2017 on records in case.  
No address clerk sent Notice out

DATE 8/24/2017

STATE OF OHIO

VS.

LARRY KNOX

TO: LARRY KNOX

YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED TO APPEAR FOR ARRAIGNMENT  
COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. YOUR ARRAIGNMENT  
SCHEDULED AT 8:30 a.m. ON 8-31-17 IN COURT ROOM NO. 4.

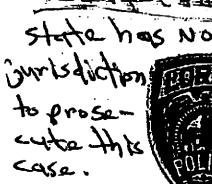
TO CONFIRM THE DATE OF YOUR ARRAIGNMENT, PLEASE CONTACT  
LORAIN COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE AT (440) 329-5538

THE LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER IS LOCATED AT 225 Court Street  
ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

\* \* \* \*

\* 7CR09681/\*

*Exhibit K*



State has No jurisdiction to prosecute this case.

With date of indictment term filed, conflicting warrant all on 8-24-2012. Never Filed or most Writ bound over to Lorain Common Pleas Court on any docket sheet or filed time stamp by clerk.



## Lorain Police Department Case Report

### Detail

Print Date/Time: 07/31/2017 09:11  
Login ID: jorellano  
Case Number: 2017-00023825

ORI Number: Lorain Police Department OH0470500

#### Case Details:

Case Number: 2017-00023825  
Location: 2539 REEVES AVE E2  
LORAIN, OH 44052

Incident Type: Sex Offense  
Occured From: 06/12/2017 12:00  
Occured Thru: 06/12/2017 18:00  
Reported Date: 06/18/2017 19:43 Sunday

Status Date: 06/18/2017

Status: Open/Active

Reporting Officer ID: 3010-Gray  
Assigned Bureau: Detective Bureau

#### Case Assignments:

Assigned Officer	Assignment Date/Time	Assignment Type	Assigned By Officer	Due Date/Time
2734-Orellano	06/21/2017 00:00	Lead Investigator	717-Super	

#### Associated Cases

#### Status

#### Assisting ORIs

#### Role

#### Modus Operandi

#### Solvability Factors

#### Weight

Total:

#### Offenses

No.	Group/ORI	Crime Code	Statute	Description	Counts
1	State	11D	2907.05	Gross Sexual Imposition	1

Stayed record with House of Discretion, Mic  
 State has no jurisdiction to prosecute this case.  
 Warrant all on 8-24-2012. Never filed, arrest warrant issued.  
 bound-over to Lorain Common Pleas Court on any docket sheet or filed time stamp by clerk of court.



# K-Exhibit

## Lorain Police Department Case Report

### Detail

Print Date/Time: 07/31/2017 09:11  
 Login ID: jorellano  
 Case Number: 2017-00023825

Lorain Police Department  
 OH0470500

#### Case Details:

Case Number: 2017-00023825  
 Location: 2539 REEVES AVE E2  
 LORAIN, OH 44052

Incident Type: Sex Offense  
 Occurred From: 06/12/2017 12:00  
 Occurred Thru: 06/12/2017 18:00  
 Reported Date: 06/18/2017 19:43 Sunday

Status: Open/Active Status Date: 06/18/2017

Reporting Officer ID: 3010-Gray

Assigned Bureau: Detective Bureau

#### Case Assignments:

Assigned Officer	Assignment Date/Time	Assignment Type	Assigned By Officer	Due Date/Time
2734-Orellano	06/21/2017 00:00	Lead Investigator	717-Super	

#### Associated Cases

#### Status

#### Assisting ORIs

#### Role

#### Weight

#### Total:

#### Modus Operandi

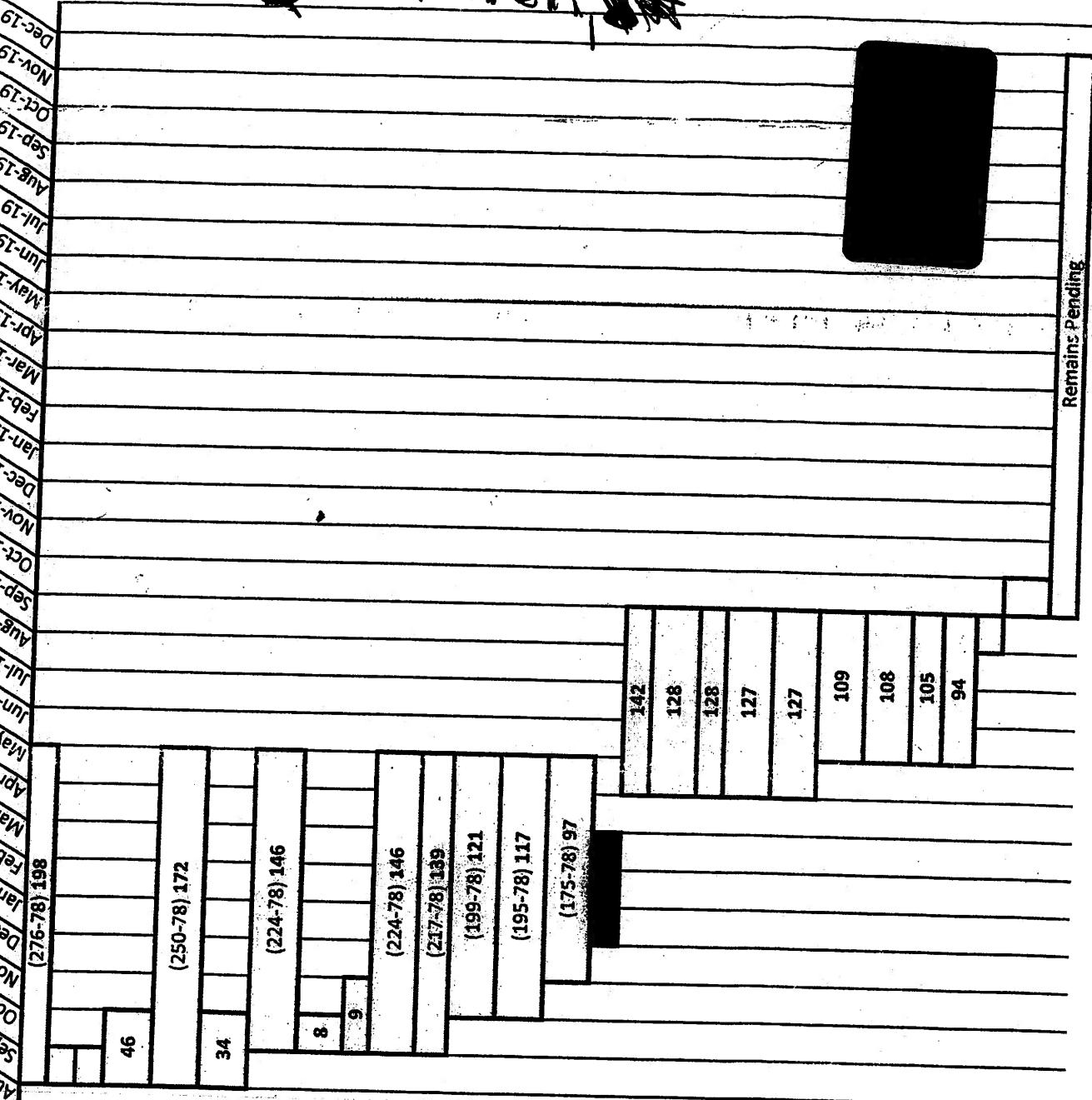
#### Solvability Factors

#### Offenses

No.	Group/ORI	Crime Code	Statute	Description	Counts
1	State	11D	2907.05	Gross Sexual Imposition	1

## FILING AND DATE

Criminal Complaint 9/1/17 - 6/4/18	
Request for Discovery 9/7/17	
Request for Bond Reduction 9/7/2017	
Motion for Trial Transcripts 9/15/17 - 10/31/17	
Motion for Grand Jury Minutes, etc. 9/27/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion to Dismiss Without Prejudice 9/27/17 - 10/31/17	
Motion to Subpoena Witnesses 10/23/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion for Preliminary Hearing 10/23/17 - 10/31/17	
Motion to Suppress 10/23/17 - 11/1/17	
Motion to Dismiss Indictment 10/23/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion to Dismiss 10/30/17 - 6/4/18	
Oblecting, Providing Bias, Etc. 11/17/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion for Particularized Need 11/21/2017 - 6/4/18	
Violating Due Process Clause, Etc. 12/11/17 - 6/4/18	
NOTICE OF APPEAL 1/11/18 - 3/30/18	
Notice & Demand of Objections 5/9/18 - 9/28/18	
Notice & Demand for Authentication 5/23/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion in Arrest 5/23/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion to Make Part of Record 5/24/18 - 9/28/18	
Defendant's Motion of Discovery 5/24/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion to Particularized Need 6/11/18 - 9/28/18	
Objections to Particularized Need 6/11/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion for Impeachment of All States Witnesses 6/12/18 - 9/28/18	
Request for Discovery 6/15/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion for Expert Funds 6/26/18 - 9/28/18	
Request for Discovery 9/7/18 - 9/28/18	
Supplement to Motion for Expert Fees 10/2/2018	
Motion to Compel 10/16/18	



Remains Pending

Motion for Competency Evaluation 10/22/18	
Affidavit of Truth, Facts, and Conclusions of Law 1/5/19	
Request for Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law 2/15/19 - present	
Motion to Subpoena Witnesses 2/15/19	
Request for Supplemental Discovery 4/19/19	
Motion to Compel 4/29/19	
Objections 5/8/19	
Affidavit 5/8/19	
Motion In Limine 5/9/19	
Motion to Compel 5/22/19	
Request for Discovery #1 5/22/19	
Request for Discovery #2 5/22/19	
Motion to Withdraw as Counsel 6/3/19 - 7/26/19	
Supplemental Discovery 6/5/19	
Supplement to Discovery 6/5/19	
Affidavit, Proof of Service 6/10/19	
Certificate of Service 6/10/19	
Affidavit of Truth 6/11/19	
Trial Scheduled. Judge recusal. 6/11/19 (Judge Jackson assigned 7/11/19)	
Motion In Re: Due Process 6/21/19	
(Motion) Certificate of Release from Sexual Oriented Offender 7/8/19	
Notice of Unavailability of Expert Witness 7/30/19 -	
10/21/19	
Motion to Quash Indictment, et al. 8/2/19 - 10/21/19	
Demand for Nunc Pro Tunc Journal Entry 8/23/19 -	
10/21/19	
Notice and Demand of State's Fraud Upon the Courts 9/23/19 - 10/21/19	
Defendant's Pro Se Filing In Support of Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice 10/30/19	
Motion to Suppress State's Examination of Alleged Incident on 6/29/17 11/1/19 - 12/5/19	
Affidavit of Truth 11/8/19	

Exhibit 6 pg 2

Remains Pending	
53	
83	
80	
59	
28	
Remains Pending	
34	

Unconstitutional, Unlawful. Contrary to law. Cannot substitute for  
the original warrant or initial docket sheet of a felony case!

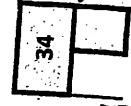
Exhibit

PG 3

(1)

(3)

Not form, date, of form, of file  
as part of the records.



Motion for Newly Discovered Evidence And Affidavit of  
Truth 11/1/19 - 12/5/19  
Motion to Disqualify Judge Michael E. Jackson 12/6/19

(2)  
Exhibit

JOURNAL ENTRY NO. ~~RECEIVED~~ LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO  
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Lorain County, Ohio

Tom Orlando, Clerk

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

vs.

T. Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Atty

Date 4/16/2018 Vol. \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 4/30/18  
at 1:30 PM.

Note: COURT SETS MOTION HEARING - DEFENDANT TO BE TRANSPORTED BACK TO ODRC CUSTODY. SHERIFF TO TRANSPORT BACK FOR HEARINGS.

Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

Jury trial is/remains set for JUN 19, 2018 at 8:30 a.m.

Note:

PROSECUTOR PROVIDED DISCOVERY AGAIN. COURT PROVIDED Docket TO DEFENDANT. DEFENDANT ASKED FOR FURTHER  
Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and DISMISSED.  
CAPIAS ISSUED. By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of bond revocation/forfeiture. Defendant and surety shall appear on COMPLAINT FORMS \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing this notice.

RECORDED IN POLICE REPORT

DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO RC 2945.71 et. seq.

DEFENDANT

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

**JOURNAL ENTRY NO RECD. W/IN, C.R.**  
**COURT OF COMMON PLEAS**

Lorain County, Ohio

Tom Orlando, Clerk

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

vs.

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

T. Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Atty

Date 4/16/2018 Vol. \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 4/30/18  
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Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_.

Jury trial is/remains set for JUN 19, 2018 at 8:30 a.m.

Note:

PROSECUTOR PROVIDED DISCOVERY AS AV. COURT PROVIDED DCKET TO DEFENDANT. DEFENDANT ASKED FOR FURTHER  
DEFENDANT FAILED TO APPEAR FOR [REDACTED]. DEFENDANT'S BOND IS HEREBY REVOKED AND FORFEITED. CAPIAS ISSUED. BY ORDINARY MAIL CLERK SHALL NOTIFY DEFENDANT AND SURETY OF BOND REVOCATION/FORFEITURE. DEFENDANT AND SURETY SHALL APPEAR ON [REDACTED] \*\* AND SHOW CAUSE WHY JUDGEMENT SHOULD NOT BE ENTERED AGAINST THEM FOR THE PENALTY STATED IN THE RECOGNIZANCE.

\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing this notice.

*"COMPLAINT FORMS  
REFERENCE IN POLICE REPORT"*

**DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO  
RC 2945.11 et seq.**

**DEC 27 2021**

**CLERK OF COURT  
SUPREME COURT OF OHIO**

**JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI**

(2)

In re: Criminal Case No. 17CR096817 Date: 10/22/2018

141-days for 1-failed against state

Request Ohio Supreme

Court invoke its supervisory powers, to disbar, case with prejudice. As I matter

of law, Due Process, Equal Protection

Violation in cases

STATE OF OHIO

vs.

JOURNAL ENTRY

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Lorain County, Ohio

Tom Orlando, Clerk

Exhibit #2  
In support of Section 172.1(d)(2)

**COPY**

Past 280  
Days

Case No. 17CR096817

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

T. Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Ken O'Neil

Atty

Ohio Court Rules, Civ.R. 44, Lack of Record, amends (add/crossout)

Date 07/23/2018

Vol. \_\_\_\_\_

Page \_\_\_\_\_

No time stamp filed on Lorain County Court House. Judge still unknown fully operational.

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

OPENED/CHECKED. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

SPECIFIC

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 9/10/18

at 8:30 PARTIES WILL SET TRIAL AT THAT TIME.

Note: DEF COUN RECEIVED FULL DISCOVERY STATE WILL FILE

OBJECTION BY AUG 21ST TO DEF MOTION FOR EXPERT TESTIMONY

Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

Jury trial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at 8:30 a.m.

Note: \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and forfeited. CAPIAS ISSUED. By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of recognizance/future. Defendant and surety shall appear on \_\_\_\_\_ \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

Fact, prosecution knew as gravest of all facts. Date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing this notice.

**RECEIVED**

CLERK OF COURT  
SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO

RC 2945.71 et. seq.

Properly delivered to the Clerk of Court on \_\_\_\_\_.

Indorsement: \_\_\_\_\_  
Not Under Duross

Defendant \_\_\_\_\_

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

This Judge Jackson, Ignoring clearly established state, Federal Law, Precedent, This Journal entry proves fraud upon the Courts, Clerks, prosecutors, attorneys. Never work with

Violating Evid.R. 2945, 901, 902(4)  
cannot substitute for original. Violated Crim.R. 44, 44(B) (3)

Not time stamp filed by Clerk. Never journalized  
in Clerks office. Never journalized  
onocket.

3 for 1-days 105-days

Time tolled against state

STATE OF OHIO

vs.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Lorain County, Ohio

Tom Orlando, Clerk

Exhibit 3, in support of speedy trial time expired in case. Violated.

post 270-days

Case No. 17CR096817

Attorney for Plaintiff

T. Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Ohio Court Rules - Ohio Ct.R. 44, Lack of a record, entries (public record)  
Jan. 22, 2019, violations

Date 10/15/2018

Vol. \_\_\_\_\_

Page \_\_\_\_\_

Speedy trial violations. Under Rule 3(B)  
Judge not signing entries. No time stamp filed by clerk.

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 11/19/18  
at 1:30

Note: PARTIES HEARING AND TRIAL DATES

Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_  
Jury trial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at 8:30 a.m.

Note: \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and forfeited. CAPIAS ISSUED. By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of bond revocation/forfeiture. Defendant and surety shall appear on \_\_\_\_\_ \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing this notice.

DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO  
RC 2945.71 et. seq.

Never restarted pretrials

Previously Waived Time - Failed to Transport

DEFENDANT

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

COPY

Proving Fraud upon the Courts, Judges, prosecutors, Clerk of courts, attorneys. Never

Waived.

Judge (C.R.)

(1) EXHIBIT #4

② P. original, Crim. R. 44, No journal entries for record  
and Crim. R. 44(B)

JOURNAL ENTRY

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Lorain County, Ohio

Tom Orlando, Clerk

**COPY**

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

vs.

T. Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Atty.

Ohto Court Rules-Ohto Civ. R. 44, Lack of a record, entries (public record)

Jan. 22, 2019, Violations

Date 01/07/2019

Vol.

Page

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 2/4/19  
at 1:30 PM.

Note: SHERIFF TO TRANSPORT DEFENDANT  
FROM ODOC CUSTODY

Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_  
Jury trial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at 8:30 a.m.

Note: \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and forfeited.

**CAPIAS ISSUED.** By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of bond revocation/forfeiture. Defendant and surety shall appear on \_\_\_\_\_ \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

\*\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing

this notice.

**DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO  
RC 2945.71 et. seq.**

Previously waived  
DEFENDANT

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

Fraud upon the Court and attorney in case  
Did not waive any Rights or speedy trial (All signed under Duress)

9th Dist. stricken from records exhibits 911. Failed to serve summons to this violation  
1) Violating Rule (3) given to 9th Dist. Courts of Appeals also. Speedy Trial Process,  
**Judge Copy Exhibit 5** by law, due  
(Judge Never signed entry) JOURNAL ENTRY past 270-2945

No time stamp if 1/2 by COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Clerk of Courts as part of the record 3 for - days Tom Orlando, Clerk

times, tolled against the state → 137 - days

**COPY**

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

vs.

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

T.Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Atty.

Date 02/04/2019

Vol. \_\_\_\_\_

Page \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 3/25/19  
at 8:30 AM to 6-11-2019 - 3-months 5-days

Note: PARTIES ACCEPT DEC 7, 2018 REPORT FROM DR. YOUNG FROM RB COMPETENCY

Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

Jury trial is/remains set for 6/11/19 at 8:30 a.m. AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST

Note: \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and forfeited.

**CAPIAS ISSUED.** By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of bond revocation/forfeiture. Defendant and surety shall appear on \_\_\_\_\_ \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

\*\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing this notice.

**DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO RC 2945.71 et. seq.**

OPENED AND CHECKED  
BY [Signature]

**RECEIVED**

JAN 02 2020

CLERK OF COURT  
SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

refused to sign

DEFENDANT

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

Provoking fraud upon the courts, Clerk of Courts, Judges, prosecutors, attorney's

*(Judge never signed entry)*  
*No firm stamp, if filed by*  
*Dark on record 3 for 1 days*

**Prosecutors Copy**

~~Exhibit #6~~  
Post a ~~rot~~ days  
trial void

JOURNAL ENTRY  
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Lorain County, Ohio  
Tom Orlando, Clerk

**COPY**

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

vs.

T.Allan Regas

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Atty for Defendant

Atty.

Date 03/25/2019

Vol. \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until 4/15/19

at 1:30 PM

to 6-11-2019

90-days + 93 = 216  
days tolled against  
state of Ohio.

Note: SHERIFF TO TRANSPORT DEF FROM ODRP

Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

Jury trial is/remains set for 6/11/19 at 8:30 a.m.

Note: \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and forfeited.

**CAPIAS ISSUED.** By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of bond revocation/forfeiture. Defendant and surety shall appear on \_\_\_\_\_ \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

\*\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing

this notice.

**DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO  
RC 2945.71 et. seq.**

*Defendant*

DEFENDANT

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

Judge Never signed entry

Exhibit 2

No time stamped, filed on Records

Crim. R. 44, authentication

JOURNAL ENTRY

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Lorain County, Ohio

Tom Orlando, Clerk

COPY

Case No. 17CR096817

for 1 days  
42 - days

T.Allan Regas

Attorney for Plaintiff

Atty for Defendant

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

vs.

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

Ohio Court Rules-Ohio Civ. R. 44, Lack of a record, entries (public record)

Jan. 22, 2019, Violations

Date 04/29/2019

Vol. \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant does request discovery and bill of particulars. Prosecutor to provide discovery and bill of particulars on or before \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant to provide prosecutor with discovery on or before \_\_\_\_\_. All motions, to include motion for Intervention in Lieu of Conviction, and/or Request for Prosecutor's Diversion Program shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_.

Pretrial had. At defendant's request, pretrial is hereby continued until MAY 13, 2019  
at 1:30 PM to 6-11-2019

Note: COURT REVIEWING PRO SE MOTIONS

Defendant needs to be transported for the May 13, 2019 hearing  
Pretrial had. At the defendant's request, Final pretrial is/remains set for \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

Jury trial is/remains set for 6/11/19 at 8:30 a.m.

Note: \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant Failed to Appear for \_\_\_\_\_. Defendant's bond is hereby revoked and forfeited.

CAPIAS ISSUED. By ordinary mail Clerk shall notify Defendant and surety of bond revocation/forfeiture. Defendant and surety shall appear on \_\_\_\_\_ \*\* and show cause why judgement should not be entered against them for the penalty stated in the recognizance.

\*\* date shall not be less than forty-five (45) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date of mailing this notice.

DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR SPEEDY TRIAL PURSUANT TO  
RC 2945.71 et. seq.

DEFENDANT

JUDGE MARK A. BETLESKI

Defendant Not guilty

(2)

(3)

Page 2 of 2

**THE FOLLOWING CRIMES INFORMATION IS COMPUTER GENERATED AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION AND MAY NEED TO BE VERIFIED WITH THE RECORD OFFICE.**

**Please examine this IMMEDIATELY, paying particular attention to the following:**

**1. ALL INMATES-** Look under the heading of "JTC" (jail time credit) and check for accuracy. Consult legal packet for further information on "JAIL CREDIT".

**2. CRIMES PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1996-** Heading "FEL" indicates degree of felony. Aggravated felonies have an "A" before the degree number. Consult legal packet as to importance of an aggravated felony in terms of "SHOCK/ SUPER-SHOCK" eligibility.

**CRIMES AFTER JULY 1, 1996-** Heading "FEL" indicates degree of felony, which determines time frame for "JUDICIAL RELEASE" eligibility. See Legal Packet under "JUDICIAL RELEASE" for further explanation.

**3. CRIMES PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1996-** Headings "GN" and "AIT" indicates you are serving a "gun spec" (GN) or a period of "actual incarceration time" (AIT). See packet under "SHOCK/SUPER-SHOCK" for importance of these terms.

**CRIMES AFTER JULY 1, 1996-** Heading "AIT/MAND" refers to any MANDATORY INCARCERATION that you must serve. See Legal packet under "JUDICIAL RELEASE" for further information of effect of mandatory sentences.

**4. ALL INMATES-** Consult Legal Packet under "APPEAL" or "APPEAL OF RIGHT" for information on filing an appeal.

**5. Heading "CS"** designates whether your sentences are consecutive "S" or concurrent "C" to each other.

**SHOCK PAROLE ELIGIBLE: NO**

#### OFFENSE DATA

* OFFENSE	START mmddyy	COUNTS	CL	JAIL TIME CREDIT	GUN YEARS	DEF/ TERM	MIN/ FULL	MAX SENTENCE	A/I MANDATORY	LIFE DEATH	COUNTY	DOCKET NUMBER	C N	DEG FEL	
GSI	01/14/20	1	C	285	5.00			285				LORA	17CR096817	C	3

my jail-time-credit is incorrect. ODRC and trial Judge miscalculated my jail-time-credit. See journal entries attached of 84-days x 3, is 252-days, added days to this 285-days. Also on 2-2-2021, journal entry is wrong days. Set 285-days one 3-days for 180-days. I was not on any parole holds or pending cases Oct 26, 2017, journal entry dotsportal/reports/RPUBDEF.aspx?par=2500;1/13/2020;1/17/2020;0:0:0

9th Dist. Court Copy

(2)



LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER

225 COURT STREET  
ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

speedy trial time expired  
post the 270 days.  
Violated

Docket sheet Invalid, defective,  
Inaccurate, vague, unreliable.  
An accused cannot be indicted,

Exhibit #13

I was never served an indictment warrant and writ, summons all in same day.

DATE 8/24/2017

STATE OF OHIO  
VS.  
LARRY KNOX

Indictment to 2100 Lakeside Ave, Cleveland, Ohio or Lorain County Jail 8-24-2017  
State has not met there burden of proof, burden of prosecution in case.

Due Process violations  
Never served a summons to court, Denied a preliminary hearing, I did not waive hearing

WARRANT ON INDICTMENT

TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY,

WHEREAS, at the JULY, 2017 Term of the Common Pleas Court of LORAIN County, an indictment was found by the Grand Jury thereof, against LARRY KNOX,

ADDRESS: 2100 LAKESIDE AVE. CLEVELAND, OH 44114

SSN: 0103 , DOB: 08/21/1960

RACE/SEX: BLACK / MALE

OTHER INFORMATION: HT: 5'4"; WT: 164; EYES: BRO; HAIR: BLK

For a certain cause, to wit: GROSS SEXUAL IMPOSITION  
BOND: \$100,000 CASH AND \$100,000 PERSONAL

YOU ARE THEREFORE COMMANDED to arrest and safely keep the said LARRY KNOX, so that you have LARRY KNOX body before the said Court to answer the charge of said indictment, and that make due return of this writ.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court at  
Elyria, Ohio 8/24/2017

TOM ORLANDO  
CLERK OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

By: Tomme  
Deputy Clerk

(15)

\* 17CR096817 \*

Unauthorized, unlawful use  
of jurisdiction.

Exhibit #3



FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY

2021 OCT -4 AM 7:37

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
TOM ORLANDO

LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO  
TOM ORLANDO, Clerk  
JOURNAL ENTRY  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE

Date 9-27-2021

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

VS

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

LORAIN COUNTY PROSECUTOR

Plaintiff's Attorney

( ) -

PRO SE

Defendant's Attorney

Before this Court is Defendant's Pro Se Motion for Jail Time Credit filed on June 10, 2021. Upon review of the Motion, the file and the record, Defendant's Motion is hereby denied.

During the Sentencing Hearing held on December 27, 2019 in this matter, discussions were had on the record regarding Defendant's Jail Time Credit. The Court ruled that Defendant was entitled to jail time credit for the periods of August 24, 2017 to October 25, 2017 (63 days) and June 6, 2019 to December 27, 2019 (205 days), for a total of 268 days only.

Defendant's request for jail time credit for the period of January 31, 2019 to February 19, 2019 was applied to Defendant's sentence imposed on Case No. 15CR092937, as he was at the Lorain County Correctional Facility as a "Borrowed Inmate".

Defendant's request for jail time credit for the period of June 6, 2019 to September 11, 2019 was awarded to the Defendant in this matter at the time of Sentencing, as explained above.



Exhibit # 28

pg # 2  
3



Not time, date, stamp, filed  
by Clerk of Court  
Not part of the record

All jail time credit awarded to Defendant is counted as 1 day only; not 3 days for every 1 day.

Accordingly, Defendant is not entitled to any additional jail time credit in this matter.  
It is so ordered.

VOL \_\_\_\_\_ PAGE \_\_\_\_\_

  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE

cc: Pros Hakos  
Defendant @ Madison Corr. Inst.  
Atty Lieux



# The Supreme Court of Ohio

(2)

Larry D. Knox

Case No. 2022-0281

v.

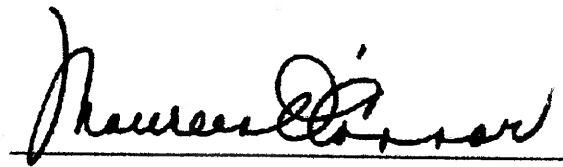
State of Ohio

IN MANDAMUS

ENTRY

This cause originated in this court on the filing of a complaint for a writ of mandamus.

Upon consideration of respondents' motion to dismiss, it is ordered by the court that the motion to dismiss is granted. Accordingly, this cause is dismissed.



Maureen O'Connor  
Chief Justice

(2)

FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY COMMON PLEAS COURT OF OHIO  
CLERK OF COURTS, ELYRIA, OHIO

2016 DEC -2 P 12:42

2017 JAN 24 AM 8:30

LAWYER OF COMMON PLEAS  
Larry D. Knox  
TOMORLANDO  
Sui juris,

LAWFUL NOTICE AND DEMAND

UCC-1- OH00197287820

vs.

CASE No. 15-CR-092937

Judge:  
STATE OF OHIO  
James Micaldi, Defendants,  
et al.,

NOW COMES, Larry D. Knox, Sui juris, RESPECTFULLY SUBMITS THESE FORMS  
AND PRICE LIST TO THE PROPER COURTS IN LORAIN COUNTY OF OHIO, AS A LAWFUL NOTICE  
AND DEMAND, AS A MATTER OF LAW, TO BE TIMELY FILED IN A COURT OF LAW ON THIS  
2 NOV, OF DECEMBER 2016,

PROOF OF SERVICE

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED: Larry D. Knox



IN THE OHIO SUPREME COURT

LARRY D. KNOX

Plaintiff-petitioner,

v.

CASE NO. 2022-0281

CA-20-011616

STATE OF OHIO

CR-12-09618

Respondents-Accusers,

RELIEF UNDER RULE 60(d)(3) ALLOWS THE COURTS TO SET-ASIDE JUDGEMENT FROM FRAUD UPON THE COURTS, MISREPRESENTATION OF A TRUE BILL, A JUDGE CANNOT ADVOCATE FOR OR MATERIALLY ASSIST ONE PARTY, EXPENSE OF OTHER

PRO SE: LARRY D. KNOX

# 771-153, MADISON CORR.

PROSECUTORS: J. D. TOMLINSON,

INSTITUTION, P.O. BOX

BRIAN P. MURPHY, HOLMAN, HAKOS,

740, LONDON, OHIO

DENNIS P. WILL, B

43140

LORAIN COUNTY COMMON PLEAS

225 COURT STREET

3RD FLOOR, ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

APPEALS COURT OF 9TH DISTRICT OF OHIO

JUDGES, MAGISTRATES, CLERK OF COURTS, JANE DOE,

MAG. MICHAEL WALSH, J. TEODOSIO, J. CALZAKAN,

J. CARR, 225 COURT STREET, ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

CLERK OF COURTS, LORAIN COUNTY COMMON PLEAS,

JANE DOE, TOM ORLANDO, JANE DOE, COURT REPORTER,  
(JANE DOE, JOHN DOE)

JANE DOE, COURT REPORTER, JANE DOE, OFFICIAL SWARING-IN STATE WITNESSES

OHIO SUPREME COURT CLERK OF COURTS JANE DOE CHIEF JUSTICE

RECEIVED

AUG 05 2022

CLERK OF COURT  
SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

(1)

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF FRAUD, TAMPERING  
ALTER, CONCEAL, MISREPRESENTATION

{Petitioner  
Defendant never waived STATE ~~IN~~ IN DEFAULT, BY LAW Exhibits prove state is default  
(statutory time for speedy trial). OHIO SUPREME COURT (Time expired to sentence in case  
(State of Ohio is in violation of RULE OF LAW, that governs this state constitutionally)

This case is clearly and unambiguously, is based on FRAUD UPON THE COURTS, NON-COMPLIANCE TO OHIO GRAND JURY PROCESS PROCEDURES under the GRAND JURY CLAUSE. Pursuant to CRIM. R. 6(F) under R.C.

2939.22, to indict by ~~7~~ or more grand jurors under Ohio Criminal Procedural Rules, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations and the 1<sup>st</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> Amendments pursuant to the Bill of Rights, state and federal. And RULES OF EVIDENCE, that is a COGNIZABLE EVENT of the SUFFICIENCY STANDARD TEST OF LEGAL

EVIDENCE ADMITTED, AS AUTHENTICATED court documents. State of Ohio must meet the high standards under Evid.R. 1005, 901 and 902(4), 803(6) and (8) illegally, unlawfully and unconstitutionally submitted false documents by prosecutors in a court of law. Proving a SHAM-LEGAL-PROCESS violation. When state of Ohio failed to go to a grand jury of 12 or No state witnesses, was sworn-in to testify under oath, under penalty of perjury, to commence prosecution on the term of July 2017. The state knowingly & completely intentionally and purposely, willfully, wantonly, state of mind. Failed to invoke municipal courts jurisdiction to bind-over

to trigger Lorain Common Pleas Court jurisdiction to go forward.

(Petitioner Knox was not arrested or served indictment or warrant no. indictment filed 8-24-2017)  
State of Ohio failed to directly indict petitioner Knox by a affidavit or

criminal complaint through the municipal courts by (mother) of alleged person of gross sexual imposition, or information in case. Grand Jury process to indict and officia) court employee must, by law, swear in state witnesses that will be testifying to the grand jurors and a legal confirmation of that proceeding of who will testify, who will be present in front of jurors proceedings. Was never filed or recorded, certification signed by any grand juror or person, (Juditte Cobag) time, date, stamp, filed or fee to clerk of Courts of Lorain County

(I)

(NOT JUDGES DISCRE- MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF FRAUD, TAMPERING (855-days served)  
TION, to ignore.  
Judge Betsko: never restarted or lawfully granted continuances during pretrial proceedings  
under R.C. 2945.21, et. seq. or signed journal entries (7). And clerk of courts never time, date,  
stamp, file these same (7) journal entries. Petitioner did not waive speedy trial.  
~~Ohio Supreme Court~~  
Ohio Supreme Court (state owes petitioner these jail time-credit tolled against state)  
→ Cont: I, Common Pleas Court. State of Ohio, judges, Chief Justice, Maureen O'Connor,  
and the statutory mandates clearly known, established by H.B. 86  
pursuant to R.C. 1.58(B) of the sentencing factors that are in place at  
the time of petitioner Knoxes sentence and conviction. Judge Jackson  
failed to comply, review, address, consider the sentencing guidelines  
that are statutorially required in R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12, as a matter of  
law, due process, equal protection pursuant to the Bill of Rights, state  
and federal, violated by judges, chief justice, Maureen O'Connor. That  
cannot substitute her orders, judgment, rulings or have any dis-  
cretion, to ignore the sentencing journal entry that is ACTUALLY  
A NULLITY, ILLEGAL, CONTRARY TO LAW, UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND CLEARLY  
UNAUTHORIZED BY LAW. Is abuse of all judges discretion, abuse of pro-  
cess, abuse of authority and abuse of jurisdiction state never had. Is  
misperson to procure jurisdiction, misperson to ~~keep~~ a jurisdiction they  
did not have. From a fraudulent, false, fatally flawed, fatally invalid,  
misrepresented indictment called a TRUE BILL. State of Ohio never  
gave jurors sufficient ~~evidence~~ evidence to review, deliberate, investigate  
on the term of July 2019 or any date, of each and every essential  
element of gross sexual imposition. That is a "Cognizable Event"  
not certified, docketed, time, date, stamp, filed in case CR-12-096817,  
By Lorain County Common Pleas Court clerk or court reporter, as a mis-  
(Chief Justice nor Judge Jackson have discretion, authority to deny jail-time-credit) s.e.e  
tter on law, due process, equal protection clause. Is not presumption exhibit  
#28  
of regularity, that is not fact or law. State failed to legally indict  
petitioner Knox by 7 or more grand jurors. Is a strict violation of  
RULE OF LAW, oath of their office, oath of their bonds, trespassers of  
the U.S. and Ohio Const. A Et. I, Sect. 10 and 16. State never met its burden of proof  
or probable cause to arrest, detain. (I I) exhibits, journal entries, prove time exceeded.

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF FRAUD, TAMPERING

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Clerk of Courts Unexcusable Neglect and clear constitutional duty, responsibility to carry out <sup>Harm.</sup><sub>orders</sub> to time date stamp) → Petitioner timely filed a mandamus with request of the Ohio Supreme Court to compel lower courts to stop their illegal, unconstitutional exercise of jurisdiction in responding, arguing, litigating motions to dismiss post conviction for relief and mandamus filed March 17, 2022. (Abuse of Rights Doctrine, liable for harm caused Interest that deserves judicial protection) Chief Justices, entry was not lawfully, constitutionally ENDORSED by Clerk of Courts under SUP.R.44(E), file, means to deposit a document with a Clerk of Court, upon the occurrence of which the Clerk TIME OR DATE STAMPS and DOCKETS the document. And petitioner Knox was not given a lawful, timely, reasonable, fair notice requirement to give petitioner a opportunity to obey the order, judgment, ruling, entry. LACK OF A individual notice of a property journalized entry order, was NOT SUFFICIENT GROUNDS to dismiss mandamus without facts and conclusions of law, is UNEXCUSABLE NEGLECT by Chief Justice, Maureen O'Conner. CIV. R. 60(B)(1) Constitutes an clear attempt to STRIKE A PROPER BALANCE between the clear and convincing evidence and the exhibits, journal entries in support that cannot be disputed. From the states, falsity, fraud upon the courts and the tampering with evidence, tampering with records, to conceal, alter the facts, proof, evidence submitted with the post conviction for relief and the mandamus filed March 17, 2022, Prove, Chief Justice abuse of discretion, abuse of process, abuse of authority and CIV. Rule 60(d)(3) allows the court to set aside judgment from fraud upon the courts, falsity, and states Ohio is in default. And petitioner is requesting an immediate release as a remedy for relief. And reinstate bond that was never forfeited in case, as a matter of law. While motion of writ of error is pending. See exhibit #8, ODEC never gave all jail-time-credit of 3 for 1-days is 855-days owed to petitioner Knox by law, requested.

(III)

Respectfully submitted; Larry D. Knox 771-153

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF OHIO OF  
COLUMBUS, COUNTY

LARRY D. KNOX

Petitioner-plaintiff,

vs.

STATE OF OHIO

Respondents-Defendants,

CASE NO. 2022-0281

CR 17-09618

CA-20-011616

A WRIT OF ERROR, OF FRAUD

- ) UPON THE COURTS, FALSITY, FOR
- ) REMEDY FOR RELIEF, AS A MATTER
- ) OF LAW, DUE PROCESS, EQUAL PROT-
- ) ECTION VIOLATIONS, UNDER THE
- ) BILL OF RIGHTS, STATE, FEDERAL
- ) FROM FALSE, ILLEGAL SENTENCE
- ) AND CONVICTION, THATS CONTRARY
- ) TO LAW, UNAUTHORIZED BY LAW, OF
- ) MISPRISON TO PROASURE JURISDI-
- ) CTION NEVER HAD WHATSOEVER BY

BOTH THE 14<sup>TH</sup> AMEND. AND U.S. CONSTITUTION, OHIO CONST. ART. I, SEC. 10, 16 RE-

QUIRE THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEED-

INGS COMPACT WITH DUE PROCESS RIGHTS) STATE OF OHIO, PERSONALLY OF

PETITIONER NEVER COMMITTED A CRIME (CRIM.R. 60(D)(3) TO SET-ASIDE JUDGMENT

(STATE NEVER MET HIGH STANDARDS OF AUTHENTICITY REQUIREMENTS EVID. 901(B))

Now comes Larry D. Knox, petitioner, is filing a timely writ of error to set-aside judgment and reverse the proceedings and sentence and conviction, for remedy for relief of illegal, false imprisonment. ERROR OF LAW;

For discharge of unlawful, illegal and fraudulently imprisonment in said cause, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations under the Bill of Rights, state and federal) pursuant to the 1st, 4th, 5th 8th Amendments, proven by clear and convincing evidence that cannot be disputed. State of Ohio's fraud upon the Courts, falsity and concealment of the truth, facts, evidence. Lacking pattern of personal jurisdiction over petitioner Knox. Cannot be defeated by res judicata or waiver of lack of prejudice. Kutcha, 14 Ohio St. 3d. 25 at 17, Wilson,



Cont: 15 N411, 103 Ohio St. 3d OHIO SUPREME COURT  
204-2004-Ohio-4704, HN3. - Judicial officers, Judges; The re-  
sponsibility of a judge, Is to decide matters that have been submitted  
to the court by the parties (Journal Entries)  
FRONT PG CONT: 73 Ohio St. 3d. at 44-45, fn 6. Misprison to procure

jurisdiction by the state of Ohio, fraudulently and falsely stated under oath by alleged jurors of 12 or more on the term of July 2012, and their is no proof, fact, evidence on the record or transcript, nor any subpoenas, summonses by grand jurors sent out by Lorain County clerk of Courts or Common Pleas of filing fees, certified mail, or clerk of Courts CASE COST BILL, Exhibit-B, submitted in petitioner Knoxes post conviction for relief and mandamus. That was clearly known, timely filed, the Lorain County Common Pleas Court, 9th District of Appeals and this Ohio Supreme Court all had have knowledge of. Fronting state of Ohio never commenced prosecution under R.C. 2901.13(E) on the term of July 2012 or any date. Further, state of Ohio, Never went to any jurors of 12, on the term of July 2012, under oath and the seal of Ohio or certification of a TRUE BILL voted, that was fraudulently, falsely signed by a grand juror foreperson (Judith Coba) on the term of July 2012. That proves fraud upon the Courts, falsity and actual innocence, for review. Phillip v. United States, 16 F.3d 550, 552 (6th Cir. 2000) see State v. Brady, 2008-Ohio-4493, lacks reason, justification, some benefit for oneself or another. Is a violation of R.C. 2913.01(B), deception, concealment, after. As the language and statute in place of state of Ohio's failure to present and return a valid indictment or information, evidence to grand jurors of 12, to indict petitioner Knox on the term of July 2012, was not met, State failed to comply to the statutory mandates and grand jury process, procedures in Crim. R. 6(F) pursuant to R.C. 2939.22, of the guaranteed rights R.C. 3109.01, and substantial rights and procedural safeguards, constitutionally compels this Court of Ohio Supreme Courts constitutional responsibilities, duties under oath, violated from judgment unauthorized by law, to dismiss case  
(23)

OHIO SUPREME COURT

ERROR OF LAW 2: State ex rel. Purdy v. Clermont County Bd. of Elections, 77 Ohio St. 3d, 338, H.N.S.-Remedies, writ; constitutionality of a statute may be challenged by mandamus.

Cont: pg #4: (Intentional, purposeful, failure to take judicial notice of falsity) mis.

→ Stamps, filed on 8-30-2017, by Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk

Court of Ohio, as exhibit #11, admitted with mandamus filed on March 17,

ERROR OF LAW 2:

, 2022, in Ohio Supreme Court. Further, exhibits-A, prove

petitioner Knox was in Lorain County jail on 7-18-2017 and not arrested or not served indictment or not indicted on 8-24-2017, at the sometime 8-24-2017, and warrant on indictment date 8-24-2017.

Exhibits-A-B, prove by clear and convincing evidence of prima facie showing, established, of state of Ohio's fraud upon the courts, falsity and tampering with records, tampering with evidence, after, concealment and dishonesty by all directly, indirectly involved. And exhibit #16, warrant on indictment to sheriff's office of Lorain County dated 8-24-2017, and given under my hand and the seal of said Court at Elyria, Ohio on 8-24-2017, by clerk of Courts of Lorain County. Further, No state witness was sworn-in, under oath under penalty of perjury to testify to grand jurors, to indict petitioner Knox by any government court official. On any date set or confirmed filing fees of this Cognizable Event, not presumption or regularity, that is not law or fact nor proof under Ohio Criminal Procedural Rules. Proving state of Ohio using a SHAME LEGAL PROCESS, under

(Breach of a quasi contract, power of administrative rules, violated) R.C. 2921.52(B)(3), to unconstitutionally, illegally and unlawfully commit a crime in the commission of a felony and misdemeanor of the 2<sup>nd</sup> degree. Is dereliction of duty, negligence, malice, breach of duty, breach

of office under the constitutional oath, oaths of their bonds to do business in Ohio. Is trespassers of the law, treason against the U.S. and Ohio Constitutions, Art. I, Section 10, 16, pursuant to Crim. R. 6(F), R.C. 2939.22,

or non-compliance to a grand jury process, proceedings in a court of law, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations by state of Ohio, 9<sup>th</sup> Dist. Courts of Appeal and this Ohio Supreme Court. Ohio Const. Art. I, section 5(B) expressly states that the rules created in this manner, SHALL NOT →

ERROR OF LAW I: Cont:

OHIO SUPREME COURT (PROVE ACTUAL INNOCENCE!!)

(Section 1001 of Title 19, within the jurisdiction of any department, falsity)  
STATE OF OHIO's case is strictly based on fraud upon the Courts,

falsity, by a fatally flawed, invalid indictment and documents  
prosecutors made under oath, clerk of Courts, clerks, judges, Attorney's  
also. In the form of forged documents, illegally, unlawfully and  
unconstitutionally admitted in a court of law, with EQUIVACAL:  
Intentional ambiguity, so as to mislead, or uncertain nature,  
or to use EVASIVE OR DELIBERATE, VAGUE LANGUAGE, that was  
used in the indictment for strict criminal liability under R.C.  
2901.21(B). Judge Jackson clearly stated to prosecutor to clarify

This Revised Code on the face of the indictment, plaintiff Knox objected,  
(R.C.2901.22(c) of Recklessness, is sufficient to satisfy the constitutional requirement element)  
the sufficiency and invalid indictment that was/is fraudulent, false in  
its entirety. Prosecute never triggered the municipal courts juris-  
diction or bind-over court proceedings. Never Invoked municipal Courts  
Jurisdiction or municipal Court or Lorain County Common Pleas  
Court did not hold a preliminary hearing on the felony charge of Gross  
sexual imposition, felony three within 15-days. Petitioner Knox never  
waived this right. Failure to prosecute and a invalid indictment. Is  
was grounds for dismissal of indictment and case with prejudice.  
And state of Ohio violated Crim.R.10, of arraignment in a timely man-  
ner of reading of the indictment. Judge Jackson did not do the read-  
ing of the indictment in this case. The prosecutor unlawfully, un-  
constitutionally read indictment and further violating R.C.2941.49  
that mandates the time to arraign petitioner Knox. State of Ohio  
failed to timely arraign petitioner Knox, that is "Cognizable Event"  
this Ohio Supreme Court, Lorain Common Pleas Court and the 9th  
District Court of Appeals completely, intentionally, purposely, knowingly  
and willfully, wantonly, state of mind, ignored. Is plain error on the  
record that's obvious from exhibit-A, Lorain County City Jail or  
Booking petitioner Knox on 7-18-2017, not arrested, indicted on 8-24-2017, See  
Nusser v. Commonwealth, 25 Penn. (3) st. 126, O'Neill v. People, 15 Michigan, 275.

CONTRIBUTOR OF LAW, #:

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Where the sentence imposed by an inferior court upon a prisoner, is an EXCESS OF AUTHORITY and Therefore Unlawful)  
(Petitioner Knox, uncontested proven materiality statements, element of offense)

STATE OF OHIO, JUDGES, PROSECUTORS AND ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS, CLERKS

OF LORAIN COUNTY, 9th DISTRICT COURT OF APPEALS AND OHIO SUPREME

CLERK OF COURTS, COURT REPORTERS OF LORAIN COMMON PLEAS COURT.

COMMITTED WILFUL FALSYTY, CONCEALMENT, COVERED-UP BY TRICK,  
SCHEME OR DEVICE A MATERIAL FACT OR MAKES ANY FALSE, FICTITIOUS  
OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATIONS OR MAKES OR USES ANY  
FALSE WRITING OR DOCUMENT KNOWING THE SAME TO CONTAIN ANY FALSE,  
FICTITIOUS OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENT OR ENTRY, SHALL BE FINED NOT  
MORE THAN \$10,000 OR IMPRISONED NOT MORE THAN 5 YEARS OR BOTH.

IN LEDWIN [B] II, Section 1001 of Title 18, provision requires the statement to be material in petitioner Knoxes inquiry and that materiality is an element of the offense petitioner Knox has proven in his post conviction for relief and his mandamus and this writ of error filed in the Ohio Supreme Court in a timely manner, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection, under the Bill of Rights, state and federal. To clearly establish a affirmative innocence under R.C. 2943.48 (A)(5), from false imprisonment and unconstitutional presumption of regularity that is not fact or law. From a Cognizable Event state of Ohio, never met the burden of proof or probable cause to directly indict petitioner Knox from a fraudulent, false, misrepresented, invalid, insufficient indictment called a Frye-bill in this case, see United States v. Gaudin, 115 S.Ct. 2310. The false, fraudulent, invalid indictment admitted by clerk of courts without state prosecutor, judge, clerk of courts or authentic court documents of indictment, warrant on indictment, summons to court 8-31-2017, document, sentence and conviction journal entry and Judge Belleski's unsigned, not time, date, stamp, filed journal entries and Judge Ewers, not assigned to case, journal entry, not time, date,

Rule of Lenity R.C. 2901.04 (A) OHIO SUPREME COURT  
is rule of statutory construction which provides, defining defenses or penalties, shall  
conting #5 be strictly construed against the state. In favor of accused.  
ERROR OF LAW is Abridge, enlarge or modify any SUBSTANTIVE RIGHT.

Thus, if the rules created, pursuant to section 5(B), Article IV, conflicts with a statute. The rule will control for procedural matters and the statute will control for matters of SUBSTANTIVE LAW. The Ohio Supreme Court defined, "SUBSTANTIVE", in the context of the constitutional amendment to mean that the body of law, which creates, defines and regulates the RIGHTS of the parties, Haval v. Villa St. Joseph, 131 Ohio St. 3d 235, Sept 21, 2011, HN4-COURTS, RULE APPLICATION AND INTERPRETATION: The word SUBSTANTIVE, refers to common law, a statutory and constitutionally recognized RIGHTS. The indictment and the statute of gross sexual imposition and strict criminal liability offense statute R.C. 2901.21(B) on indictment, was completely vague in its entirety. There was no each and every essential element of the offense of gross sexual imposition, given to 12 jurors to review, investigate or deliberate on the term of July 2017, sworn under oath, of intent, purpose, knowingly or sexual arousal, sexual gratification or given to petitioner Knox. When a statute is vague, it is not law. The statutes on the indictment is not controlling, enforceable or a lawful effect under Ohio Constitution art. I, sec. 10 or U.S. Const. art. I, sec. 8 in violating <sup>state of Ohio's</sup> ~~petitioner's~~ SUBSTANTIVE LAW. Proving, misprision to procure jurisdiction state never had over petitioner Knox. State ex rel. Sangilla, 60 Ohio St. 3d 78, 6-5-1991, HN7-Subject-Matter Jurisdiction, Jurisdiction Over Actions: Where a statute patently and unambiguously prevents a Common Pleas Court from exercising the general original jurisdiction bestowed on Common Pleas Courts, by Ohio R.C. 2305.01. The Lonatin Common Pleas Court is totally and completely without any jurisdiction whatsoever, in case CA-17-096817 and CA-20-011616, and in case to dismiss ~~pendamus~~, 2022-0281, Crim. R. 6(f) procedure, is controlling.

{ Civ. R. 3(A) governs the process of determining the date on which a civil action is commenced, as a matter of law. Civil rules govern in Ohio  
→ ERROR OF LAW, B. (Violations of Legal Ethics, Professional Conduct, Illegal Acts)  
→ Abuse of discretion, Abuse of process, Abuse of authority.

M.J., Abuse of jurisdiction, state of Ohio failed to sue squente, prove its jurisdiction to go forward to prosecute. And clerks errors to lawfully file, date, time, stamp, all journal entries, motions filed and admitted, of failure to comply to Ohio Criminal/Procedural Rules of filing judgments, orders, rulings, decisions, in a count of law. Under Rule 10, Rule 22, pursuant to Evid. R. 1005, 901 and 902(4) of authentication or admitted documents submitted by prosecution. That was never proven, admitted as evidences for the State. State of Ohio prosecutors, never met the high burden of proof admitting court documents that is false, fraudulent, tampered, altered, concealed the truth, facts in case. Proving, fraud, dishonesty & aggravated circumstances of protracted or premeditated acts of judicial office, failer to avoid impropriety or the appearance of impropriety and engaged in illegal conduct involving moral turpitude. Disciplinary Course v. Mosely, 69 Ohio St. 3d 401, 1994-Ohio-195. Judges, prosecutors, attorney's, assistant, and clerks, court reporters, bailiffs, under oath of their office, oath of their bonds, violated throughout petitioner knowes cases and appeals and post conviction for relief and mandamus to this Ohio Supreme Court actions of misconduct also. Violating JUDICIAL CODE I, of judicial conduct, fail to uphold the integrity of the judiciary and DR 1-102(B)(4) conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit or misrepresentation and 1-102(B)(5), Engaging in conduct that is prejudicial to the administration of justice, 1-102(A)(6) engaging in conduct that adversely reflects on the fitness to practice law

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Johnson v. United States, 520 U.S. 46 (1997), miscarriage of justice, not noticing errors)  
→ Cont Error of Law 3: Judges failure to comply to Legal Ethics and take

Judicial notice of the facts, evidence presented in the post conviction for

relief and mandamus filed with exhibits of judges journal entries not time  
date, stamp filed, as part of the record. No clerk of Courts in Lorain

County Common Pleas or 9th Dist. Court of Appeals clerks nor Ohio

Supreme Court clerks, lawfully, constitutionally time, date stamp, file  
judges journal entries in this case. further, clerk of Courts, judges, had

Journal entries from the 9th District Court of Appeals, strike all pro se

motion and brief not filed by petitioner Knox and Judge Battleski's  
Journal entries and Judge Ewers journal entry 8-30-2012, not time, date,  
stamp, filed by Lorain County clerk of Courts, <sup>(Breach of contract) (Power)</sup> breach of office, duty,

to constitutionally perform clerks duties to ENDORSE, CERTIFY ALL

COURT DOCUMENTS UPON FELONY DOCKETS UNDER DUE PROCESS, EQUAL PR-  
OTECTION CLAUSE, and a method of service <sup>In</sup> a timely manner to all in-

terested parties. Failure to give reasonable notice of a final appealable

orders, judgments, rulings, decision in this case is a denial of a legal right for  
redress timely filed in petitioners post conviction and mandamus filed on

March 17, 2022, in Ohio Supreme Court. Violating petitioners Secured

Protected Autonomy Rights <sup>(All)</sup> involved. A judicial economy does not

trump a criminal defendants liberty interest of his constitution, free-

dom, property, he is contesting from a falsely, fraudulent, illegal sen-

tence, conviction, that is contrary to law, contrary to H.B. 86, new

sentence guidelines in effect at time of sentencing from Septem-

ber 30, 2011, H.B. 86, in effect and petitioner was not sentenced under,

Nor sentence under Amy R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12 or post release control <sup>(not on</sup>

the sentencing journal entry admitted with, 9th Dist. Court of Appeals

and in postconviction for relief and mandamus filed 3-17-2022, timely.

R.C. 2303.10, provisions; The OHIO SUPREME COURT

CLERK OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS SHALL ENDORSE UPON EVERY PAPER (AND CLERKS)  
FILED WITH HIM THE DATE OF THE FILING THEREOF \* \* \* SUP. R. 44(E) (and clerks)

Cont: ERROR OF LAW 3: Violation of oath of office by judges, prosecutors to

uphold the U.S. Constitution, Ohio Constitution, under Sup. Ct. R. Gov.

Bar v(6)(A)(1), defines attorney misconduct to include violations

of oath of office taken upon admission to the practice of law in  
this state, Cleveland Bar Ass'n v. Judge, 94 Ohio St. 3d 331. This

judicial misconduct, abuse of discretion, abuse of process and abuse of au-  
thority, abuse of jurisdiction, contract, constitutional duties and breach  
of those duties, neglect, intent, purpose, knowingly, willfully and wantonly,

Is misprision as a felony by all directly, indirectly involved. Oath of  
judges violated in this case, and the Code of Judicial Conduct under R.C.

3.33, Bowling v. Broadnax (In re Cunningham) 100 Ohio St. 3d. 1216. As

State of Ohio's motions to dismiss post conviction for relief and the  
Mandamus, or res judicata wrongly dismissed by the Ohio Supreme  
Court because there was no valid, lawful journal entries of sentence and con-  
viction. No lawful, valid journal entries to continue pretrial by Judge Bet-  
Leski of 7-months. That prove the speedy trial time expired, past the 220-

days to sentence and convict under H.B. 86, pursuant to R.C. 1.58(B) by law.

No certified copies of authentic journal entries or indictment, did not con-  
stitute any mandates statutorily required by law from fraud, falsify,  
under App. R. 27, App. R. 22(c) and App. R. 30, that was/is fraudulently applied  
in this case of prejudicial errors that are plain and structural or mis-  
carriages of justice. Violating the Remedy(a) Scheme for redress, dis-  
missal or indictment and case with prejudice, As a matter of law, due

process, equal protection pursuant to the 1st, 4th 5th and 6th, 8th Amendments of  
false, fraudulent, corrupt enterprise of aiding and abetting, aiding and conniv-  
ing with others to illegally sentence and convict from a unconstitutional sham

legal process violated under R.C. 2921.52(B)(3) of falsity, is fraud by non-dis-  
closure of the sentencing journal entry that's unauthorized by law, contrary to

law. The unambiguous lack of jurisdiction to proceed in a cause. Mandamus will issue →  
(9)

see Branzburg v. Hayes, 408 U.S. 665 HN2-HN8, U.S. Supreme Court 6-29-1972. OHIO SUPREME COURT. Grand Juries Proceedings, RULE OF LAW. (mandamus is) was the proper remedy to compel Supreme Court stop lower courts to set aside order Cont: pg #9, to prevent any future unauthorized exercise of jurisdiction and to correct the results of prior jurisdictionally unauthorized actions, State ex rel. Mayer v. Hanson, 99 Ohio St. 3d 226, 2002-Ohio-6323, HN2-Corrections, Modifications and Reductions, Clerical Error: No Subpoenas or summons sent out certified mail to state witnesses to testify to grand jurors against petitioner Knox. (States violations OR RULE OF LAW, that is RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, RULE OF EVIDENCE, GOVERN BY)

2.) No record of filing fees, Clerk fees or certified mail sent out in this case CR-17-096817, by state of Ohio's clerk of Courts, Lorain County Common Pleas Court on CASE COST BILL filed August 24, 2017, that was Filed and certified it to be a true copy of the original, filed in the Clerk of Courts office, Tom Orlando. Submitted with postconviction for relief and admitted <sup>March</sup> 12, 2022, in petitioner's knox's man- damus, as exhibit-B, CASE COST BILL. No transcript or docket on record.

3.) No appearance docket sheet certification by clerk of Courts of Lorain Common Pleas Courts, filed, recorded at any court official swearing-in state witnesses to testify to grand jurors for an indictment. No fee of this "Cognizable Event" of state witnesses swearing in under oath, under penalty of perjury recorded. Not part of the record by law, due process, equal protection violations. Of any date state witnesses testified. No Transcript of this swearing-in state witnesses or filing fees by clerk.

4.) No signed certification by a grand jury foreperson (Judith Cole) of a bill of particulars, No signed certification by a grand jury foreper- son of a TRUE BILL voted to indict petitioner Knox, filed or recorded as a matter of law, due process, equal protection of grand jury process, procedures, review, deliberations, investigation done 8-24-2017 or any date.

5.) No filing, certification of grand jurors turning control over to the judicial Judge under 2945.02, presiding over the grand jurors of a PRESENTMENT and RE- TURN OF AN INDICTMENT on the terms of July 2017 or any date, on record. As exhibit-F, on 9-5-2017, admitted, prove, Detective Orellano investigation was →

→ Cont'd #10, still ongoing. OHIO SUPREME COURT (see exhibit K, police report)

{ And Det. Orellano clearly stated. This case is being sent to the grand jury for review at the charge of gross sexual imposition. Above state never went to grand jury.

6.) No application for writ by any judge, Det Laski, or Judge Mirelko at the time. Was granted by a judge or journalized by the clerk of Courts of Lorain County Common Pleas filed or on any date, record, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations, Under R.C. 2725.04, as a fact, proof, evidence. Objected by petitioner Knox. That the Sheriff of Lorain County, unlawfully, illegally and unconstitutionally, arrested, detained, without the authority of a strictly informal and regular commitment, from illegal, unlawful non-competent personal jurisdiction over petitioner Knox in this case. To convey petitioner Knox to Lorain County Jail. No further jurisdiction did not, could not be competent, from a sentence that's ABSOLUTE NULLITY, contrary to law, Unauthorized by law pursuant to H.B. 86 And R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12, never addressed, considered, reviewed or applied by law.

7.) No writ by a judge in this case CR-17-09618, granted of probable cause exist on record, filed by Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts of any date docketed or on case cost bill, Exhibit-B, that was objected by petitioner Knox. Clerk never journalized any writ by a judge in case, under R.C. 2725.06, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause violations of petitioner's constitutional liberties, freedom and property lost, taken, fines, court cost, case taxed against petitioner Knox.

8.) No clerk of Courts, or Sheriff of Lorain County, executed a writ and return on 8-24-2017, or any date journalized or ordered by a judge in this case CR-17-09618, for probable cause to convey to jail or prison, under R.C. 2725.12, granted, exist on record or filed, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause, pursuant to the Bill of Rights, state and federal violated. No habeas corpus filed by the state of Ohio.

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Filing of judgment by clerk for journalization, constitutes entry of judgment)  
9.) No hearing held of a bind-over from the Elyria Municipal Courts

to the Lorain County Common Pleas Courts, by triggering the jurisdiction of the Lorain Common Pleas Court. State of Ohio never invoked the Elyria municipal courts jurisdiction. Never complied to the (3) Predicate Acts that must occur to go forward to prosecution in a court of law. State of Ohio never discharged or a bond detention of default in R.C. 2933.05, on record or filed journalized. of petitioner Knox forefleeting his bond, abandonment not proven.

(Rule 22-Entry Judgment Violation; Only effective when entered by Clerk)

10.) No hearing date set for petitioner Knox, for state to give its rea-

sons to foreclose petitioner Knoxes bond. No clerks courts time, date, stamp, filed journal entries of Judge Betleski's judgments, orders, rulings, decisions, as part of the record or prose motions filed by petitioner Knox. Motion for bond reduction not filed, date, time, stamped by Lorain County clerk of Courts of Common Pleas. From certificate of service on September 6th, 2012. And motion to dismiss, prose, on 11-1-2012, journal entry by judge Betleski, not time, date, stamped, filed, as exhibit-2, motion for bond reduction, exhibit-3. And exhibit-N, on 5-31-2018, court held hearing on various prose motions. And the Court set forth on the record its reasons for the decisions it rendered on defendants prose motions. No time, date, stamp, filed by Lorain County Common Pleas clerk of courts. And judge Betleski's journal entry request for relief, motion for arrest, motion to make part of the record, objections to states motion to strike prose motions by defendant 5-31-2018. Judge Betleski ruled on various prose motions, the clerk did not time, date, stamp, file, as part of the record  
(Release on Bond) → (Petitioner's bond is active and this Ohio Supreme Court reinstate bond)  
Petitioner Knoxes bond is still open, has standing, never foreclosed by state of Ohio, as part of the record. As no capias was sent out 8-24-2017, by a Judge.

Bullock v. United States, 783 F.2d 1115, 1121 (10th Cir. 1985)

Ohio Supreme Court (makes void the orders, judgments)

It is where the court or a member is corrupted or influenced is attempted or where the judge has not performed his judicial function. Impartiality corrupted.

13.) No filing or record on any docket sheet of Police department case report, Detail. That was made by Lorain County police department of status date on 6-18-2017, that was printed Date-time on 2-31-2017, at 09:11 case no. 2012-00023825, DRI number OH 470500, reporting officer Gray, ID 3010. Also prove by clear and convincing evidence, without any dispute, state of Ohio never went to a grand jury of 12, to indict, deliberate, review or investigate on the term of July 2017, under oaths fraud upon the Courts, falsity, deceit, dishonesty. And conspiracy to commit fraud, complicity to commit fraud of overt acts of judicial misconduct, failure to prosecute is prejudicial, unconstitutional errors, clearly known by all.

(Pfizer Inc. v. Lord, 456 F.2d 532 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1972) Not only actually receive justice, but believes he did)

14.) No time, date, stamp, filed journal entries of Judge Botheski's pre-trial hearings or continuances or any waivers by petitioner Knox,

Under R.C. 2945.71 et seq., No signed journal entries of continuances, during pretrial hearings. (or signed by petitioner Knox, never waived pretrial) Signed by Judge Botheski, journalized by the Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts under judgment entry that a court speaks through its journal. And No finding, decision or judgment is rendered until an entry is duly prepared and filed with the clerk for journalization. Prove judge Botheski's journal entries not signed by a judge. Is a violation of Rule 3, of 7-Journal entries not signed by Judge Botheski, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violated. see exhibits 1 thru 7, journal entries of judge Botheski, not signing these continuances journal entries or clerk of Courts of Lorain County Common Pleas not time, date, stamp, filing these same journal entries. The 9th District Courts of Appeals and this Ohio Supreme Court has clear and convincing knowledge of these facts, proof, evidence. State of Ohio was also past the speedy trial time of 220-days to prosecute and sentence violating R.C. 2945.71. And state failed to give all petitioner Knox's jail-time-credit that prove also, 855-days jail-time-credit. (13)

A judge is not the Court. OHIO SUPREME COURT

People v. Zajic, 88 App. 3d 427, 410 N.E.2d 626 (1980), 229 F.2d 119 (7th Cir. 1985) see 455(a). (To promote public confidence.)

ERROR OF LAW 4: Plain error exist in this case, appeals and postconviction

For relief and mandamus, unconstitutionally denied, dismissed by the state of Ohio's, fraud upon the courts, falsity, conspiracy to commit fraud, complicity to commit fraud, overt acts or miscarriage of justice, abuse of discretion, abuse of process, and abuse of authority. This state of Ohio did not have from misprison to procure jurisdiction or personal jurisdiction over petitioner Knox, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations by all government officials corrupt enterprise.

As judge also (magistrate) failed to comply to Crim.R.5(A) and Crim.R.10(A), arraignment procedure appearance. Magistrate never read the reading of the indictment. The prosecutor did, as petitioner Knox clearly stated to case. And petitioner Knox never gave a plea in this case. Never consented. Judge put a plea in for petitioner Knox, from his own personal, professional interest as the 3rd party unconstitutionally, unlawfully, illegally, for unlawful, illegal enrichment for the state also. See State v. Mahanay, 2016-Ohio-2862, 6th Dist. Court of Appeals, "INVITED ERROR", by state of Ohio, fraud upon the courts, falsity, tampering with records, tampering with evidence, alter, conceal a fatally flawed, fatally invalid, insufficient, unauthorized fraudulent indictment called a true bill. No Mens rea, No intent, purpose or knowingly, no sexual arousal or sexual gratification of each and every essential element of Gross Sexual Imposition in R.C. 2907.05(A)(4). Given to grand jurors or 12 or served to petitioner Knox on indictment as a lawful, fair, legal notice. As judge Jackson asked prosecutors to give, explain the mens rea and clarify R.C. 2901.21(B) on the indictment. And R.C. 2901.21(B) is unconstitutional, vague in its entirety, that's not law or enforceable by law, authorized by law, makes it contrary to law, Violating the Grand Jury Clause, process, procedures under Crim.R.6(F) pursuant to R.C. 2939.23. And R.C. 2901.21(B) is inflammatory, similarity of R.C. 2901.22(B) of reckless culpability. As R.C. 2907.05(A)(4) is not a strict criminal → (14)

OHIO SUPREME COURT

Cont'd pg 14, ERROR OF LAW 4<sup>o</sup> liability offense or the 3rd degree felony of Gross sexual imposition. State of Ohio's misapplying the law, no longer following the constitutional law or non-compliance to state and federal law in this case. Violating R.C. 2913.12, 2913.01(B), miscarriage of justice of grand jury process, procedures, <sup>→ under R.C. 2921.31, violated)</sup> invalid, unconstitutional) indictment proven by clear and convincing evidence of "INVITED ERRORS" by the state of Ohio in default, from petitioner knoxes postconviction for relief and mandamus for entitlement for remedy for relief, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection, Bill of Rights, state and federal. In State v. Mahanny, 2016-Ohio-2867, H19- Standards of Review, abuse of discretion, connotes more than an error of law or judgment. It implies that the court's attitude is unreasonable, arbitrary or unconscionable. Proving state of Ohio's "INVITED ERROR" prohibits a party who induces error in the trial court from taking advantage of such error on appeal. State of Ohio is in violation of RULE OF LAW DOCTRINE of judges VITAL ROLE in the American Scheme of Criminal Procedure of unlawful exercise of ARBITRARY POWER and to PREVENT OPPRESSION BY THE GOVERNMENT. Is clearly of CONSTITUTIONAL MAGNITUDE of 9th Dist. Court of Appeals and this Ohio Supreme Court failure to perform a clear and present duty that has not been performed of its ability to address the merits of a writ of mandamus, postconviction for relief of appeal to the Ohio Supreme Court. This Court of Ohio Supreme Court erred in this regard. State ex rel. City of Cleveland v. Sutula, 127 Ohio St. 3d 131, Ohio Supreme Courts plenary authority it failed to perform by not taking judicial notice of the exhibits of judges journal entries that speak through the Courts, that was not signed by Judge Boleski or time, date, stamp, filed by the Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts. 9 journal entries not signed under RULE 3, of pretrial continuances of Judge Boleski admitted with postconviction for relief and mandamus timely filed in Ohio Supreme Court. This →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

cont pg #15, ERROR OF LAW 4: Ohio Supreme Court failed its constitutional duties and responsibilities to make its own fact findings or construction of law and address the merits, issues, claims with the exhibits in support and its reasons why. Petitioner Knox clearly offered, submitted, sufficient operative facts that established undisputed clear substantive grounds for relief. This Ohio Supreme Court failed to lawfully, legally, send a timely journal entry of its rulings, decisions and the method of service with a time, date, stamp, filed entry by the Ohio Supreme Court clerk of courts on June 8, 2022. That was not a lawful, fair, legal notice of journal entry, sent in bad faith. Without a certificate of service. Ohio Supreme Court failed its duty, authority to adjudicate in extraordinary writ cases to consider petitioner Knoxes post conviction for relief appeal of prosecutors untimely response to answer petitioners post conviction for relief. The Judge Jackson unlawfully, unconstitutionally gave prosecutors an extension of time to respond. When the statute of limitations ran out, past the 10-days, mandatorily required under R.C. 2953.21(E). Prosecutor did admit, he was past the dead-line to respond. And Judge Jackson's abuse of discretion, abuse of process and abuse of authority by giving prosecutor an extension of time on 9-12-2021, journal entry that was not time, date, stamp, filed by the Lorain County Common Pleas clerk of courts. Is a failure to file a timely response and is a ministerial act of neglect by the clerk of courts and this clerk of courts of Ohio Supreme Court, not time, date, stamp, filing the judges journal entries, failure to journalize, is a violation of the policy of the law, due process, equal protection clause. Is an abuse of jurisdiction by trial Judge Jackson, 9th Dist. Courts of Appeal and this Ohio Supreme Court. see Dunkle v. Hill, 2021-Ohio-3835, Authority to adjudicate HN3. A judgment is effective only when entered →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

cont'd #16, ERROR OF LAW 4: on the journal entry by the clerk, State v. Rogers, 2013 - Ohio - 3246, 8th Dist. Court of Appeals. Further, This Ohio Supreme Court had clear knowledge of the fact, that judge Jackson was assigned to hear petitioner Knox's bench trial in case CR-17-096817. And certificate of assignment #19341601, by the Chief Justice, Maureen O'Connor of Ohio Supreme Court. Chief Justice, failed her duties, constitutional responsibilities and judicial de novo reviews of the undisputed, clear and convincing evidence, facts, proofs of the exhibits admitted, June 8, 2022, with the mandamus, in support of remedy for relief of entitlement by law. (State of Ohio failure to comply to Crim. R. 6(F) under R.C. 2939.22)

ERROR OF LAW 5: state of Ohio's Jurisdictional Defect from lack of <sup>(Personal)(Jurisdiction)</sup> patent jurisdiction over person and from deviation from a kind over procedure a prerequisite to transfer of jurisdiction to the Lorain Common Pleas Courts from the municipal courts. Is a violation of the "Jurisdictional Custody Requirement". As a writ or mandamus lies in certain extraordinary circumstances. Where there is an unlawful restraint of a persons liberty and there is no adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law. When a judgment is void, most, ab initio, a ACTUAL NULLITY. Due to state of Ohio's usurp a jurisdiction they did not have, 1.) Mis-prison to procure jurisdiction, 2.) Lack of patent jurisdiction personal, over petitioner Knox of a invalid, fatally flawed, insufficient indictment called a True Bill. 4.) Failure to present and return a True Bill indictment from 12 jurors voting to indict petitioner Knox on the term of July 2017, under oath, duly sworn, In violation of the GRANDJURY CLAUSE process, procedures under U.S. Const. Art. I, Sec. 10 and Ohio Const. Art. I, Sec. 16, 5.) state of Ohio in default. Never triggered its jurisdiction or invoked municipal →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Postconviction for relief and mandamus put state on notice of judicial defect)  
cont: pg #17, ERROR OF LAW 5; court jurisdiction to bind-over on a

transcript of municipal courts proceedings filed, recorded, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause violations.

State ex rel. Parker v. Black, 2022-Ohio-1730, HNZ-Jurisdictional Custody Requirement. In this case, mandamus is

was the proper writ for entitlement of a right to compel this Ohio Supreme Court to use its supervisory powers to stop lower courts from unconstitutionally exercising their jurisdiction. Was clearly stated in petitioner knows mandamus,

Table of Contents, pg# I, III, II, of statements of the facts and

pg# 3, To compel this Ohio Supreme Court, a request, To stop the lower courts from unauthorized jurisdiction used. And pg# 4,

proving, state is unconstitutionally, illegally exercising jurisdiction and the mandamus is requesting Ohio Supreme Court to stop lower courts patent lack of jurisdiction. Proving this Ohio

Supreme Court, chief justice, Maureen O'Connor, intentionally, purposely, knowingly, state of mind, willfully, wantonly. Failed her constitutional duties, responsibilities, neglected to review de

novo the entire merits, issues in petitioners knows mandamus and the exhibits in support of fraud upon the Courts, tampering with

records, tampering with evidence, non-compliance to the Crim. R. 6(F), Crim. R. 16(K) of discovery for lack of discretion to deny. And (payments admitted)

violations of clerk of Courts, court reporters, judges, prosecutors and assistant attorney's in this case. For striking petitioners pro se motions, exhibits or journal entries not time, date, stamp, filed or signed by Judge Beloski. Violating Civ. R. 37(B)(1)(g) through (f)(2), Failure admit journal entries, exhibits in support of genuine, authentic court documents to prove petitioner did not commit

(See exhibit-D, Not signed by JUDGE OR CLERK TIME, DATE, STAMP OHIO SUPREME COURT  
(Judge Jackson allowed prosecutors to use a gross filing chart, in place of a felony docket sheet.)

CONT: §918, ERROR OF LAW 5; this crime and state of Ohio did not go to 12 jurors to indict petitioner Knox, as no complaint was filed in this case alleged by (mother) Britana of sexual assault on June 18, 2017. see exhibit-D, by officer J. Gray, case narrative no. #3000. And Exhibit-S, states notice of compliance with defendant's oral request for discovery submitted October 16, 2019, of Lorain Police officer Gray Report, admitted with memorandum and exhibit C, of Lorain County Common Pleas Clerk of Courts letter September 1, 2017. Of clearly stating. The criminal case was initiated by indictment, not by a criminal complaint filed in a municipal court. State of Ohio never met the burden of proof or probable cause to indict petitioner Knox directly. Because there is no record or filing fee or confirmation of any state witnesses swearing-In under oath under penalty of perjury in a court of law. State of Ohio failed to comport to the RULE OF LAW OF Ohio Criminal Procedural Rules of state witnesses testifying to grand jurors to indict. No date of this swearing-in recorded, filed as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause violations. This Ohio Supreme Court failed to address, review de novo, of abuse of discretion, abuse of process, abuse of authority and abuse of jurisdiction state of Ohio never had whatsoever in this case. No execution and return of process on 8-24-2017, or any date of endorsement of a writ granted by any judge under Section 311.01 or process of a sheriff to be delivered to successor under Section 311.15 or conduct of deputies in Lorain County Section 311.02 and section 311.08, execution and return of process nor any fees under section 311.17, filed by clerk of Courts or a capias writ, clerk failed to obey writ RIC.2725.21, forfeiture of ~~by~~ clerk for refusal to issue a writ in case 8-24-2017. After allowance of such writ and a demand here harsfor, Petitioner Knox is claiming the \$500 dollars. state shall →

see exhibit A, inmate balance,  
notarized 10-28-2019 of aff. - OHIO SUPREME COURT to Ohio State Secretary by law  
asst 2-18-2017, ~~No Writ~~  
(Petitioner Knox submitted his price list D-2-2016, of Notice and demand to Lorain Common Pleas  
Court and a copy of this Notice and demand of any due process violations violated also.)  
(Cont'd pg #9, ERROR OF LAW 5: Forfeit to the party aggrieved, per.)

Petitioner Knox, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection violations.  
Further, Lorain County Sheriff doct. failed the command of an alle-  
ged return of a writ or false if a false return on 8-24-2017, and clerk  
of courts of Lorain County Common Pleas, unconstitutionally, illegally  
and falsely started a return of a writ to arrest petitioner Knox on 8-24-  
2017, was completed and returned by Lorain County Sheriff department.  
See exhibit #16, warrant on indictment also filed on same day of arrest  
on August 24, 2017, from July 2017 terms of the Lorain Common Pleas  
Court, an indictment was found by the grand jury there of against  
Larry Knox. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at Elyria,  
Ohio on 8-24-2017. Again, impossible to send out warrant on indictment  
and arrest petitioner Knox and serve petitioner indictment  
and a return of a writ or a capias and to order to appear for arr-  
aignment in Lorain County Common Pleas Court on 8-24-2017, all  
at the same time. See exhibit A of inmate balance history report  
to prove by clear and convincing evidence of fraud upon the Courts,  
tampering with records, tampering with evidence, alter, conceal  
the truth, facts in this case. Exhibit A, clearly contradicts state of  
Ohio's false statements, fraudulent, invalid indictment that was  
never served to petitioner Knox by Lorain County Sheriff depart-  
ment on any date ~~on~~ 8-24-2017. And never went to grand jurors  
on the term of July 2017, as exhibit F, clearly prove, contradicts  
state of Ohio never met there burden of proof or probable cause  
to arrest, detain, convey to prison. Is false imprisonment,  
prove falsehood, dishonesty, no integrity by all involved. As state of  
Ohio never proved personal jurisdiction to go forward to prosecute,  
state of Ohio failed to establish that jurisdiction see santa Lin-  
Kous v. Mayfield, 4th App. Dist. Case No. 1894, 1991 Ohio App. LEXIS 2670

{ Hill v. Ohio, APA, 2006-Ohio-1299, 10<sup>th</sup> Dist. of Appeals. Contrary and unreasonable standard, clearly established federal law violated by state or Ohio's miscarriage of justice.

OHIO SUPREME COURT

cont: p 929, ERROK OF LAW at \*11. False, as used in 18 USC section 1001, means more than simply incorrect or untrue; Intent to deceive or mislead is required. United States v. Lange, (1976, CA 5 La) 528 F.2d. 1280, United States v. Bedlowe, 1972 CA 9 Wash. 455 F.2d. 1109, 77. In prosecution, for violation of 18 USC section 1001, statements, must be false under any reasonable interpretation. United States v. Adler, (1980, CA 8 Mo.) 623 F.2d 1287. These facts provided the State of Ohio with unconstitutional, illegal and unlawful burden of proof for probable cause to arrest, detain and convey to prison. Knowingly, purposefully, willfully and wantonly, state of mind, used a invalid, fatally flawed, insufficient indictment. And a false, illegal sentencing journal entry that's not in compliance with R.B. 86, pursuant to R.C. 1158(B) new sentencing guidelines that was in effect during petitioner knows unconstitutional, illegal sentence and conviction. Without considering, addressing, or reviewing R.C. 2929.11 or R.C. 2929.12. As the Sentence and conviction is contrary to law, unauthorized by law and is <sup>(A)</sup> ACTUAL NULLITY, in violation of RULE OF LAW. And the Ohio Supreme Court cannot substitute for such a unconstitutional, illegal sentence and conviction. The 9<sup>th</sup> District Court of appeals to strike sentencing journal entry from the record and refuse to review, address, de novo and suo sponte, take judicial notice, knowing the inferior court imposed a sentence that is an EXCESS OF AUTHORITY and therefore UNLAWFUL by the Lorain County Common Pleas Court and in excess of its jurisdiction and void for the whole, O'Neill v. People, 15 Michigan, 275, Elliott v. People, 13 Ib. 365, ex parte, 49 Mo. 294. And the prisoner is entitled to be discharged on habeas corpus. (In this case, post conviction for relief and mandamus filed March 17, 2022) And this writ of error under Rule 60(d)(3), which allows the courts to set aside →

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(No final appealable order done under R.C. 2725.35, And not controlling of jurisdiction)  
Cont. pg #23, ERROR OF LAW 6: a judgment from fraud upon the Courts  
and tampering with records, tampering with evidence to alter,  
conceal, decisive, mislead a court of law by falsity. And  
aiding and abetting with others, conspiracy to commit fraud,  
complicity to commit fraud, defraud, or a corrupt enterprise,  
of overt acts, of judicial misconduct from miscarriage of justice  
by all involved. State of Ohio, never had STANDING, to go forward and  
prosecute on the unproven, false, misrepresented accessory instrument coll-  
ed a true bill, indictment. Bank of Am. N.A. v. Kuchta, 141 Ohio St. 3d 75, stand-  
ing is certainly a judicial requirement. A parties LACK OF STANDING, VIT-  
IATS, a parties ability to invoke jurisdiction. (As the journal entries spe-  
aks through the courts' judgment, rulings, orders, decisions and granting all  
motions or continuances, granting all writs, ebbeges, warrants to show  
burden of proof, probable cause to forfeit bond, arrest, detain, convey to  
prison). Petitioner Knox was aggrieved by the failure of a clerk & courts  
clerk and court reporters, to comply with the requirements of Sup. R.  
44 through 47. Petitioner Substantive Rights to raise a prior fact  
showing, clearly established, raised under Crim. R. 6(f) that supercedes  
state statutes of Ohio. And a right to pursue an action of mandamus  
pursuant to R.C. 2931, Sec. R.47(B), Sup. R.47(A), this state violated  
under ERRORS OF LAW, misapplying the law, no longer comply to state, fed-  
eral law in this case. And a COMMON LAW WRIT OF ERROR, is the proper  
writ to enforce the constitutional Right, liberty, freedom and lost prop-  
erty or taken. White v. Livingston, 234, S.C. 234, "REMEDIABLE RIGHTS"  
is a "LEGAL FORM FOR RELIEF" A legal conclusion from a certain state  
of facts (Exhibits of journal entries not signed by Judge under Rule 3(B))  
and clerk of Courts of Lorain County Common Pleas Court, not time,  
date, stamp, filling these same journal entries or Judge Betleski. Not  
LAWFULLY, CONSTITUTIONALLY ENDORING same journal entries to continue  
(22)

(L.C. 2913.42, violated)

OHIO SUPREME COURT

(Knowingly, falsify, alter)

Cont'd pg # 21, ERROR OF LAW 6: pretrial in a timely manner). Exhibits

I thru 7, on journal entries, from 4-16-2018 to 6-11-2019. Never signed by judge Bob Laski on these dates to restart pretrials or time, date, stamp, filed by Lorain County Common Pleas Courts clerk as part of the record. In fact, proof, evidence, these journal entries time, is tolled against the state of Ohio. Proving fact, evidence, state of Ohio was past the 270-days to prosecute and sentence and convict under R.C. 2945.71, et. seq. This Ohio Supreme Court consistently, intentionally, purposefully and knowingly, willfully, wantonly, ignored. These same journal entries was not signed by petitioner Knox. State of Ohio owes petitioner Knox these jail-time-credit days also in this case. Denied October 16, 2021, by Judge Jackson. That is not his discretion, authority or this ODOC, director or prison to deny these jail-time-credits done in Lorain County Jail, or this Ohio Supreme Court. State of Ohio is violation of R.C. 2945.71(E), R.C. 2945.71(c)(2) and R.C. 2945.73. That is a mandatory required mandates clearly established in this case of WRIT OF ERROR and prejudicial of false, unconstitutional, illegal, unlawful imprisonment. And this WRIT OF ERROR, is a remediable right that may be enforced, Ebner v. Haverty Furniture Co., 138 S.C. 74, Supreme Court of South Carolina, 12-10-1926 (copy citation). State ex rel. Madd v. Gossler, 20 Ohio St. 3d 30, The extraordinary legal remedy of mandamus may be granted to compel execution of an official duty from a ministerial officer when, 3 conditions exist. 1.) A clear and legal right to the relief prayed 2.) A clear legal duty upon respondent to perform the act requested 3.) The relator has no plain and adequate remedy at law. This Ohio Supreme Court chief Justice, violated her official duties in her unauthorized, illegal, decision, ruling, judgment that is ERROR, PREJUDICE, CONTRARY TO LAW, UNAUTHORIZED BY LAW AND RULE OF LAW. Is Abuse

{ Judges Violating Ohio Code from Regs. DR. 8-102(B) OHIO SUPREME COURT  
{ State v. Gaines, 2011-Ohio-1475, state v. Clay, 2016-  
Cont: Errors of Law?; ~~standard of review: 424, unreasonableness~~  
of discretion, abuse of process, abuse of authority, chief justice, Maureen O'Connor or Lorain Common Pleas Courts nor Judge Jackson, have to deny, deprive all of these jail-time credit days. That also prove, state of Ohio was barred from responding, addressing, arguing to dismiss case of post conviction for relief and mandamus. State of Ohio lost jurisdiction to go forward and prosecute, sentence and convict under R.C. 2945.71(E) 3 for 1-days not given for jail-time-credit allowed.

Prove state of Ohio has no STANDING and res judicata defense is illegal, unlawful, unconstitutional). Gross fraud upon the court, (A clear legal right of H.B.86. Non-compliance to R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12, reviewed, addressed, considered) fraud, falsity, R.C. 2945.71 is proven by 1.) A clear and legal right (And No PRC, 3 for 1-days, is a clear legal right of all jail-time-credit.) to relief granted 2.) a clear legal duty upon respondent to perform the <sup>act</sup> requested. 3.) The relator has no plain and adequate remedy at law. The exhibits 1 thru 7, journal entries are filed against the state of Ohio in this case for immediate discharge of petitioner Knox, as a matter of law, due process, equal protect under the Bill of Rights, state and federal violated in this case. From 4-16-2018 to 6-11-2019, is 4-years and 2-months, of 3 for 1-days, state of Ohio is past the speedy trial time to sentence and convict petitioner Knox in case. And the 285-days OPRC, gave petitioner Knox jail-time-credit is also 3 for 1-days, A total of 855-days, that's 2-years, 6-months and 5-days. A complete total of 6-years, 8-months and 5-days, past the speedy trial time under R.C. 2945.71.72 and 2945.73, statutes. (Petitioner Knox is requesting immediate discharge, time served already) As these statutes are mandatory required by law and mandatory ENFORCED under RULE OF LAW, by operation of law, under color of law, common law, admiralty, pursuant to the U.S. Const. Art. I, Sec. 10, Ohio Const. Art. I, Sec. 16, principles and safeguards, guarantees, violated from unambiguous lack of jurisdiction of fraud, falsity,

OHIO SUPREME COURT, FACTS AND CONCLUSION

STATE OF OHIO IS IN DEFAULT, FROM FRAUD UPON THE COURTS, DEFEND, TAMPERING

Cont: pg #34, ERROR OF LAW?: Mandamus was also proper venue for relief in said case 2022-0281, see State ex rel. Vindicator Printing Co. v. Wolff, 132 Ohio St. 3d 481. Mandamus, to be entitled to the requested extraordinary relief, legal duty, remedy. Was clearly stated on page 14, of mandamus, filed March 17, 2022. And petitioner requested remedy for relief to lawfully dismiss indictment and case with prejudice, as a right to be heard in a court of law. As petitioners pro se motions and brief was stricken from appeals court of 9th district off record docket. Page 15, of mandamus. Petitioners request, Ohio Supreme Courts duties to take judicial notice of lower courts misgivison to procure jurisdiction, state never had constitutionally, lawfully. And the "Cognizable Event" of grand jurors process, procedures duties to summons, subpoena state witnesses to testify under oath, not grand jury secrets. To prove states burden of proof, probable cause never met, complied, to indict petitioner Knox on 8-24-2017 or arrest on 8-24-2017 or warrant on indictment sent 8-24-2017 nor served petitioner Knox in county jail on 8-24-2017 or a filing fee or return of writ, eabess by Lorain County sheriff dept. on 8-24-2017. Prove, officials acted outside their official responsibilities and law unconstitutional, knowingly, purposely, willfully, wantonly and state of mind, recklessly, malice, negligent judicial misconduct. That is miscarriage of justice of a malicious purpose, in bad faith and wanton and in reckless manner, outside the scope of their duties and oath of their office, oath of their bonds intentionally. Violating petitioner Knoxes SUBSTANTIVE RIGHTS, under SUBSTANTIVE LAW, that PROVAILS OVER A PROCEDURAL RULE. Chief Justice failed to give reasonable notice of her order, judgment, not time, date, stamp, filed. from a sentencing journal entry that's illegal, unconstitutional, contrary to law, unauthorized by law or enforceable or effect under law off H.B. 86, complied. (25) <sup>(not)</sup>

~~Cont'd pg 25, Error of Law? Staff of Ohio never complied to 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, No personal jurisdiction.~~

suant to R.C. 1.58(B) or considered, reviewed, addressed or complied to R.C. 2929.11, 2929.12, on the sentencing journal entry to convict as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause. Or sentenced petitioner know to any P.R.C. Making sentence

ACTUALLY A NULLITY,

ILLEGAL, grounds for discharge as part of relief. Immediate release by law.

### PROOF OF SERVICE

{ fact, proof, evidence, pet-  
{ itioner know sent Lorain  
County Common Pleas Court  
a notice and demand 12-2-  
2016, registered to Ohio Secre-  
tary of State in 2017 by law.

I Larry Knox, petitioner, send a copy of the foregoing Writ of error, was sent to all interested parties, via U.S. regular mail.

On this July, of 30<sup>th</sup>, 2022.

Instructions to clerk, please forward all and any motions, writs, exhibits in support in this case 2022-0281, with a time, date, stamp, filed copy to this address in a timely manner, With judges orders, rulings, decisions, judgments, journalized, as a matter of law, due process, equal protection clause.

Thank You

Respectfully Submitted, Larry Knox  
271-153, prose

Larry D. Knox 271-153  
Madison Corr. Institution  
P.O. Box 740  
London, Ohio 43140

(3) Abuse of discretion, authority, conviction & sentence to 3 - <sup>11 mos.</sup>  
contrary to law, in violation of ~~Exhibit H~~, law due process, equal protection, R.C. 86, R.C. 1.58(B) as a matter of  
sentence. Illegal and Un-  
constitutional and not en-  
forceable under law or  
effect. By common Law.  
Abuse of Jurisdiction, Jurisdiction abuse.



FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY

2020 JAN - 9 P 3:02

LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

Tom Orlando, Clerk

JOURNAL ENTRY

MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
ORLANDO

Date 12/23/19

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

VS

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

LORAIN COUNTY PROSECUTOR

Plaintiff's Attorney

0-

PRO SE

Kenneth Lieux - Standby Counsel

Defendant's Attorney

This matter was tried to this Court on December 16, 2019, December 17, 2019 and December 23, 2019. Upon the testimony given, all of the evidence presented, and the credibility of the witnesses, the Court finds for the reasons stated on the record, as follows:

**COUNT 1: GROSS SEXUAL IMPOSITION, R.C. 2907.05(A)(4), F3 – GUILTY**

Sentencing is hereby scheduled for DECEMBER 27, 2019 AT 9:00 A.M.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

VOL        PAGE       

MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE  
Supreme Court of Ohio  
Certificate of Assignment #19JA1601

cc: Pros Holman and Hakos  
Atty Lieux  
Defendant, Pro Se

\*18CR098210\*

2  
FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY

2020 JAN -9 P 3:02

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

STATE OF OHIO, : CASE NO. 17CR096817  
Plaintiff, : JUDGE MICHAEL E. JACKSON  
-vs- : JUDGMENT ENTRY OF  
CONVICTION AND SENTENCE  
LARRY KNOX :  
Defendant. : ::::::::::::::::::::

1. Defendant appeared in Court for Sentencing after having been found Guilty by the Court after a Bench Trial held on December 16, 2019, December 17, 2019 and December 23, 2019 of the following offenses:

- Count 1: GROSS SEXUAL IMPOSITION, a violation of R.C. 2907.05(A)(4), a 3rd degree felony (high tier) (Tier II Sex Offender for Registration purposes).
2.  IF CHECKED, a pre-sentence investigation and report were ordered and completed, and said report was made available to the defense for review. POST ORDERED.
3. Defendant was present and acted Pro Se, with standby counsel Attorney Kenneth Lieux, present in open court for sentencing on December 27, 2019. APA Hohiman and APA Hakos present for the State. A stenographer was present. Those persons listed in R.C. 2929.19(A) were afforded an opportunity to speak and present any information relevant to the imposition of sentence.
4.  The Court has determined that that Defendant IS TCAP eligible pursuant to R.C. 2929.34(B)(3)(c).  
 X The Court has determined that the Defendant IS NOT TCAP eligible pursuant to R.C. 2929.34(B)(3)(d)  
     (i): The felony of the fifth degree was an offense of violence; a sex offense, a violation of R.C. 2925.03, or any offense for which a mandatory prison term is required.  
     (ii): The person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any felony offense of violence.  
 X (iii): The person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any felony sex offense.

Case No. 17CR096817  
Defendant LARRY KNOX

- (iv): The person's sentence is required to be served concurrently to any other sentence imposed upon the person for a felony that is required to be served in an institution under the control of the department of rehabilitation and correction.
- The Court has determined that the Defendant IS NOT TCAP eligible as the offense(s) charged is/are not a Felony 5.

5. Upon consideration of all matters set forth by law, including the factors and guidelines state in RC 2929, it is the judgment of law and sentence of the Court that the defendant be sentenced to:

Count 1: 60 months in L.C.I.

- IF CHECKED, sentences imposed on all counts shall run concurrently.  
 IF CHECKED, sentences imposed herein shall run concurrently with the sentence(s) in \_\_\_\_\_.

6.  IF CHECKED, an additional \_\_\_\_\_ year(s) of actual incarceration is imposed on count \_\_\_\_\_ as and for a firearm specification, pursuant to R.C. 2929.14(D)(1). Said term of actual incarceration shall be served prior to and consecutive to any other sentence(s) imposed herein, FOR AN AGGREGATE SENTENCE OF \_\_\_\_\_.

7.  IF CHECKED, the Court finds, pursuant to R.C. 2929.14(B), and as an explanation on the record, as follows:

The shortest prison term will demean the seriousness of the Defendant's conduct.

The shortest prison term will not adequately protect the public from future crime by the Defendant or others.

8.  IF CHECKED, the Court finds pursuant to R.C. 2929.14(C), and as an explanation on the record, as follows:

The Defendant has committed the worst form of the offense.  
 The Defendant poses the greatest likelihood of recidivism.

9.  IF CHECKED, counts/case \_\_\_\_\_ shall run consecutively to counts/case \_\_\_\_\_ as the Court finds the following:

Consecutive service is necessary to protect the public from future crime or to punish the Defendant; and

Consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the seriousness of the Defendant's conduct and to the danger which the Defendant poses to the public; and

The Defendant committed the multiple offenses while he was awaiting trial or sentencing or while he was under Post-Release Control or Community control; or

The harm caused by the multiple offenses was so great or so unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses committed as part of a single course of conduct adequately reflects the seriousness of the Defendant's conduct; or

Case No. 17CR096817  
Defendant LARRY KNOX

- The Defendant's history of criminal conduct demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the Defendant.
10. Defendant ordered to pay costs of prosecution forthwith.
11. Defendant is entitled to credit pursuant to R.C. 2967.151, on his sentence for ALL TIME SERVED ON THIS CASE, WHICH IS, AS OF 12/27/19, 269 DAYS, AS EXPLAINED ON THE RECORD. DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED TO ADDITIONAL JAIL TIME FROM DECEMBER 28, 2019 UNTIL DEFENDANT IS TRANSFERRED TO LCI.
12.  IF CHECKED, Defendant's driver's license is suspended on Count(s) \_\_\_\_\_ for \_\_\_\_\_.
13.  IF CHECKED, mandatory drug fine(s) in count(s) \_\_\_\_\_ shall be paid to the Clerk of Courts who shall distribute said fine(s) as follows: 50% to \_\_\_\_\_ and 50% to the Lorain County Prosecutor, the law enforcement agencies primarily responsible for or involved in making the arrest of and prosecuting the Defendant.
14. X IF CHECKED, upon consideration of the affidavit of indigency filed by the Defendant, the Court finds that the Defendant is indigent and payment of the mandatory fine(s) previously imposed is suspended.
15. The Defendant is hereby advised that he will be supervised after he leaves prison, which is referred to as post-release control, for a mandatory 5 years.  
  
The Defendant is ordered to serve as part of this sentence any term of post release control imposed by the Parole Board, and any prison term for violation of that post release control. After prison release, if post release control is imposed, for violation of post release control conditions, the Adult Parole Authority or Parole Board could impose a more restrictive or longer control sanction, or return defendant to prison for up to nine months for each violation, up to a maximum of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the stated prison term.  
  
Defendant is advised that if he commits a new felony while subject to post release control, he may be sent to prison for the remaining post-release control period or 12 months, whichever is greater. This prison term shall be served consecutively to any term imposed for the new felony of which the Defendant is convicted.
16. All contraband and/or drugs are hereby ordered destroyed by the law enforcement agency in possession of same.
17. Seized money or property in the custody of a law enforcement agency is ordered forfeited pursuant to defendant's plea agreement. Said money or property may be used or sold by the law enforcement agency. Said money or proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law.
18. All property not forfeited is hereby ordered returned to the victim(s)/owner(s) or, if said victim(s)/owner(s) cannot be located, sold at public auction with proceeds distributed according to law.

Case No. 17CR096817  
Defendant LARRY KNOX

19.  IF CHECKED, the sentence imposed herein was jointly recommended by the prosecutor and defense counsel.
20. Pursuant to R.C. 2901.07, if the Defendant has not previously provided a DNA specimen upon arrest or Court appearance for which this sentence is based, the Lorain County Sheriff is hereby ordered to collect a DNA specimen in accordance with division (C) of R.C. 2901.07. Should the Defendant be sentenced to Probation, the Lorain County Adult Probation Department shall perform the DNA specimen collection as mandated by R.C. 2901.07(C).
21. All pending motions are now moot, and the Court made no decision regarding a future motion of judicial release.
22. Lastly, the Defendant is advised that he has certain appellate rights.

  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE  
Supreme Court of Ohio  
Certificate of Assignment #19JA1601





Exhibit C

2  
3  
  
TOM ORLANDO  
LORAIN COUNTY CLERK OF COURTS  
Legal Division  
Lorain County Justice Center  
225 Court Street, First Floor  
Elyria, OH 44035

September 1, 2017

CR-17-096817

Larry Knox, #79227  
LCCF  
9896 Murray Ridge Rd.  
Elyria, OH 44035

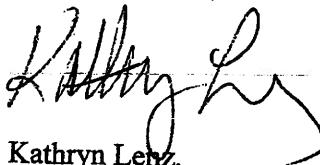
Dear Mr. Knox:

Our office is in receipt of your letter to the Clerk. As I understand your correspondence, you have requested copies of the criminal complaint and bindover information for case no. 17CR096817. A review of the case docket for this matter indicates that the criminal case was initiated by indictment, not by a criminal complaint filed in a municipal court. Because the records you seek do not exist in the court file, our office is unable to assist you with this request.

You have also requested copies from a case you indicate was filed in Lorain Municipal Court (case no. CR-15-A03856). However, we do not serve as the Clerk for the Lorain Municipal Court and thus are not custodians for the records you seek. I recommend contacting the Clerk of the Lorain Municipal Court for this request; the address is: 200 West Erie Avenue, Lorain, OH 44052.

If I have misunderstood your letter, please feel free to respond directly to my attention and clarify your requests.

Sincerely,



Kathryn Lenz,  
Staff Attorney to  
Tom Orlando,  
Lorain County Clerk of Court

9/5/2017

Exhibit F 30th

Pg #  
4

connected and would have heard if London fell. I also asked if London asked both of them that night if one of them was going to tuck her into bed and she responded surprised and upset that

Larry would have ever stated that London would want him to. ~~Prove London was not scared, frightened, or nerve around Larry and prove there was no sexual contact, touching done.~~  
This case is being sent to the Lorain County Grand Jury for their review of the charge of Gross Sexual Imposition (GSI) against Larry Knox. ~~Not sexual assault, the Mother Brian Taylor~~

Reported by: Detective J. Orellano #2734 ~~I've filed at the Lorain County Police dept.~~

I did raise to Judge, prosecutor, attorney Larry June 18th 2017, Violating Brady-  
No sexual contact element ~~Brady's claim that's Constitutional~~  
No Intent element ~~Law, Due Process, Constitutional~~  
No purpose element ~~Liberties, Property, Freedom, No~~  
None of this given to the grand jury to indict. ~~ted.~~  
Indictment fatally flawed, fatally invalid, defective,  
not on the face of the indictment intent, purpose elements  
to indict, sentence or convict.

States into Vasyak In support of dismissal with pre  
Temporary Concurrence # 52 \* 17-2017  
LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER  
225 COURT STREET  
ELYRIA, OHIO 44035



Not time stamp filed in court, same time as arrest  
arrest

DATE 8/24/2017

STATE OF OHIO

VS.

LARRY KNOX

TO: LARRY KNOX

YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED TO APPEAR FOR ARRAIGNMENT  
COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. YOUR ARRAIGNMENT  
SCHEDULED AT 8:45 a.m. ON 8-31-17 IN COURT ROOM NO. 4.

TO CONFIRM THE DATE OF YOUR ARRAIGNMENT, PLEASE CONTACT  
LORAIN COUNTY CLERK OF COURTS OFFICE AT (440) 329-5538.

THE LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER IS LOCATED AT 225 Court Street  
ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

In Court jail on  
7-17-2017  
Not arrested 8-24-2017

No certified mail sent, Never  
served a summons to court  
before 8-24-2017  
on records in case.  
No address clerk  
sent Notice out

Never Sent summons  
to Lorain County Jail  
No Record filed by Clerk  
of Courts on Docket or  
Time stamp, filed.  
Knox has not met the burden of proof  
Knox was not lawfully served summons by certified mail

Arrest, Fact, Evidence, Speedy Trial  
Served a summons in Lorain County  
Courts As the record contains

Same time Indicted, same time  
arrested, same time arrested

\* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \*

\* 17CR09681/\*

(2)

Exhibit K

State has No  
Jurisdiction  
to prosecute  
this case.



With date of indictment term filed, conflicting  
warrant all on 8-24-2012. Never filed arrest warrant.  
bound-over to Lorain Common  
Please Court on any docket sheet



## Lorain Police Department Case Report

Please Court on any docket sheet  
or filed time stamp by clerk Detail  
of courts.

Print Date/Time: 07/31/2017 09:11  
Login ID: jorellano  
Case Number: 2017-00023825

ORI Number: Lorain Police Department  
OH0470500

### Case Details:

Case Number: 2017-00023825  
Location: 2539 REEVES AVE E2  
LORAIN, OH 44052

Incident Type: Sex Offense  
Occurred From: 06/12/2017 12:00  
Occurred Thru: 06/12/2017 18:00  
Reported Date: 06/18/2017 19:43 Sunday

Status Date: 06/18/2017

Reporting Officer ID: 3010-Gray

Status: Open/Active

Assigned Bureau: Detective Bureau

### Case Assignments:

Assigned Officer	Assignment Date/Time	Assignment Type	Assigned By Officer	Due Date/Time
2734-Orellano	06/21/2017 00:00	Lead Investigator	717-Super	

### Associated Cases

Status

Assisting ORIs

Role

### Modus Operandi

Solvability Factors

Weight

### Offenses

No.	Group/ORI	Crime Code	Statute	Description	Counts
1	State	11D	2907.05	Gross Sexual Imposition	1

(1)

Exhibit P

Received  
12-5-19  
FAX

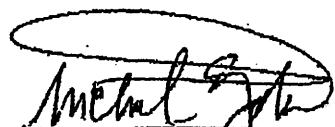
THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

STATE OF OHIO ) CASE NO. 17CR096817  
Plaintiff, )  
v. ) VISITING JUDGE MICHAEL JACKSON  
LARRY KNOX ) JOURNAL ENTRY: DEFENDANT'S  
Defendant. ) MOTION TO DISMISS RE: FAILURE TO  
                  ) PROVIDE A SPEEDY TRIAL

The Court has reviewed Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and the State of Ohio's Opposition, which included a chart summarizing the basis to calculate the time to conduct a trial within the speedy trial requirements.

The Court orders the State of Ohio to re-calculate this chart based on Rule 40 (A) (3) of Ohio Rules of Superintendence, which states: "All motions shall be ruled on within one hundred days from the date the motion was filed, except as otherwise noted on the report forms." In addition, the State is to include applicable case law that has considered the application of this rule and any applicable exceptions to this rule.

The State's supplemental response shall be filed no later than the date before trial and this issue will be decided before trial starts. Although it is not necessary, the Defendant may also file a supplement on the date, if he desires to do so.



Visiting Judge Michael Jackson

## FILING AND DATE

Criminal Complaint 9/1/17 - 6/4/18	
Request for Discovery 9/7/17	
Request for Bond Reduction 9/7/2017	
Motion for Trial Transcripts 9/15/17 - 10/31/17	
Motion for Grand Jury Minutes, etc. 9/27/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion to Dismiss Without Prejudice 9/27/17 - 10/31/17	
Motion to Subpoena Witnesses 10/23/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion for Preliminary Hearing 10/23/17 - 10/31/17	
Motion to Suppress 10/23/17 - 11/1/17	
Motion to Dismiss Indictment 10/23/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion to Dismiss 10/30/17 - 6/4/18	
Objecting, Providing Bias, Etc. 11/17/17 - 6/4/18	
Motion for Particularized Need 11/21/2017 - 6/4/18	
Violating Due Process Clause, Etc. 12/11/17 - 6/4/18	
NOTICE OF APPEAL 1/11/18 - 3/30/18	
Notice & Demand of Objections 5/9/18 - 9/28/18	
Notice & Demand for Authentication 5/23/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion in Arrest 5/23/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion to Make Part of Record 5/24/18 - 9/28/18	
Defendant's Motion of Discovery 5/24/18 - 9/28/18	
Objections to Particularized Need 6/11/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion for Impeachment of All States Witnesses	
6/12/18 - 9/23/18	
Request for Discovery 6/15/18 - 9/28/18	
Motion for Expert Funds 6/26/18 - 9/28/18	
Request for Discovery 9/7/18 - 9/28/18	
Supplement to Motion for Expert Fees 10/2/2018	
Motion to Compel 10/16/18	

(275-78) 198

(250-78) 172

46  
34

(224-78) 146

8  
9

(224-78) 146

(217-78) 139

(199-78) 121

(195-78) 117

(175-78) 97

142

128

128

127

127

109

108

105

94

Remains Pending

Motion for Competency Evaluation 10/22/18	
Affidavit of Truth, Facts, and Conclusions of Law 1/9/19	
Request for Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law	
2/15/19 - present	
Motion to Subpoena Witnesses 2/15/19	
Request for Supplemental Discovery 4/19/19	
Motion to Compel 4/29/19	
Objections 5/8/19	
Affidavit 5/8/19	
Motion in Limine 5/9/19	
Motion to Compel 5/22/19	
Request for Discovery #1 5/22/19	
Motion to Withdraw as Counsel 6/3/19 - 7/26/19	
Supplemental Discovery 6/5/19	
Supplement to Discovery 6/5/19	
Affidavit, Proof of Service 6/10/19	
Certificate of Service 6/10/19	
Affidavit of Truth 6/11/19	
Trial Scheduled. Judge recusal. 6/13/19 (Judge Jackson assigned 7/11/19)	
Motion In Re: Due Process 6/21/19	
(Motion) Certificate of Release from Sexual Oriented Offender 7/8/19	
Notice of Unavailability of Expert Witness 7/30/19 - 10/21/19	
Motion to Quash Indictment, et al. 8/2/19 - 10/21/19	
Demand for Nunc Pro Tunc Journal Entry 8/23/19 - 10/21/19	
Notice and Demand of State's Fraud Upon the Courts 9/23/19 - 10/21/19	
Defendant's Pro Se Filing In Support of Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice 10/30/19	
Motion to Suppress State's Examination of Alleged Incident on 6/29/17 11/1/19 - 12/5/19	
Affidavit of Truth 11/8/19	

Exhibit -S

(3)

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
GENERAL DIVISION  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY

2019 OCT 24 A 10:57

COURT OF COMMON  
TOM ORLAWAN

STATE OF OHIO, )  
v. Plaintiff, )  
LARRY KNOX, )  
Defendant. )  
JUDGE MICHAEL JACKSON  
Sitting by Assignment

---

**STATE'S NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE WITH DEFENDANT'S ORAL  
REQUEST FOR DISCOVERY SUBMITTED OCTOBER 16, 2019**

---

Now comes the State of Ohio, by and through the office of the Lorain County Prosecuting Attorney, and hereby responds to Defendant's oral request for further discovery made at the pretrial hearing held on the record on October 16, 2019. Specifically, Defendant requested the following items be provided:

- A. Report of Lorain Police Officer Gray on June 18, 2017;
- B. Reports serving as the basis for allegedly conflicting witnesses statements;
- C. Statements and recordings of the CAC Interview of the child victim.

Upon further review by the State of Ohio, all items requested by Defendant have been previously provided, as explained below in greater detail.

**A. Report of Lorain Police Officer Gray on June 18, 2017**

On June 18, 2017, Brianna Taylor, mother of the child victim, appeared in-person at the Lorain Police Department to report the incident from which this matter originated. Officer Gray spoke with Ms. Taylor in the lobby of the Lorain Police Department and obtained her description of the defendant. Officer Gray memorialized his contact with Ms. Taylor in a one-page report. That

(2)

(3)

Page 2 of 2

**THE FOLLOWING CRIMES INFORMATION IS COMPUTER GENERATED AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION AND MAY NEED TO BE VERIFIED WITH THE RECORD OFFICE.**

**Please examine this IMMEDIATELY, paying particular attention to the following:**

1. **ALL INMATES-** Look under the heading of "JTC" (jail time credit) and check for accuracy. Consult legal packet for further information on "JAIL CREDIT".
2. **CRIMES PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1996-** Heading "FEL" indicates degree of felony. Aggravated felonies have an "A" before the degree number. Consult legal packet as to importance of an aggravated felony in terms of "SHOCK/ SUPER-SHOCK" eligibility.

**CRIMES AFTER JULY 1, 1996-** Heading "FEL" indicates degree of felony, which determines time frame for "JUDICIAL RELEASE" eligibility. See Legal Packet under "JUDICIAL RELEASE" for further explanation.

3. **CRIMES PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1996-** Headings "GN" and "AIT" indicates you are serving a "gun spec" (GN) or a period of "actual incarceration time" (AIT). See packet under "SHOCK/SUPER-SHOCK" for importance of these terms.

**CRIMES AFTER JULY 1, 1996-** Heading "AIT/MAND" refers to any MANDATORY INCARCERATION that you must serve. See Legal packet under "JUDICIAL RELEASE" for further information of effect of mandatory sentences.

4. **ALL INMATES-** Consult Legal Packet under "APPEAL" or "APPEAL OF RIGHT" for information on filing an appeal.

5. Heading "CS" designates whether your sentences are consecutive "S" or concurrent "C" to each other.

**SHOCK PAROLE ELIGIBLE: NO**

#### OFFENSE DATA

* OFFENSE	START mmddyy	COUNTS	JAIL TIME CREDIT	GUN YEARS	DEF/ TERM	MIN/ FULL	MAX SENTENCE	A/I MANDATORY	LIFE DEATH	COUNTY	DOCKET NUMBER	C DEG N FEL
GSI	01/14/20	1	C 285			5.00	283	x		LORA	17CR096817	C 3

my jail-time-credit is incorrect. ODR and trial Judge miscalculated my jail-time-credit. See journal entries attached of 84-days x 3, is 252-days, added days to this 285-days. Also 9-22-2021, journal entry is wrong days. ~~Set 26 days one 3 for 1~~ days. I was not on any parole holds or pending cases Oct 26, 2017, journal entry dotsportal/reports/RPUBDEF.aspx?par=2500;1/13/2020;1/17/2020;0:0:0

9th Dist. Court Copy



LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER

225 COURT STREET  
ELYRIA, OHIO 44035

Docket sheet, Invalid, defective,  
Inaccurate, vague, unreliable.

An accused cannot be Indicted, warrant and writ, summons all in same day.

DATE 8/24/2017

I was never served an

STATE OF OHIO

Indictment to 2100 Lakeside CASE NO. 17CR096817  
Ave, Cleveland or Lorain

VS.

Never served summons

LARRY KNOX

to court, Denied a preliminary hearing, I did not

state has not met those burden

of proof, burden of prosecution in case.

wave hearing

**WARRANT ON INDICTMENT**

TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY,

WHEREAS, at the JULY, 2017 Term of the Common Pleas Court of LORAIN County, an indictment was found by the Grand Jury thereof, against LARRY KNOX,

ADDRESS: 2100 LAKESIDE AVE. CLEVELAND, OH 44114

SSN: 0103, DOB: 08/21/1960

RACE/SEX: BLACK / MALE

OTHER INFORMATION: HT: 5'4"; WT: 164; EYES: BRO; HAIR: BLK

For a certain cause, to wit: GROSS SEXUAL IMPOSITION

BOND: \$100,000 CASH AND \$100,000 PERSONAL

YOU ARE THEREFORE COMMANDED to arrest and safely keep the said LARRY KNOX, so that you have LARRY KNOX body before the said Court to answer the charge of said indictment, and that make due return of this writ.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court at  
Elyria, Ohio 8/24/2017

TOM ORLANDO  
CLERK OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

By:

Deputy Clerk

*Mmeue*

\*17CR096817\*

15

unauthorized, unlawful use  
or jurisdiction.

Exhibit # 28



FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY

2021 OCT -4 AM 7:37

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
TOM ORLANDO

LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO  
TOM ORLANDO, Clerk  
JOURNAL ENTRY  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE

Date 9-27-2021

Case No. 17CR096817

STATE OF OHIO

Plaintiff

VS

LARRY KNOX

Defendant

LORAIN COUNTY PROSECUTOR

Plaintiff's Attorney

( ) -

PRO SE

Defendant's Attorney

Before this Court is Defendant's Pro Se Motion for Jail Time Credit filed on June 10, 2021. Upon review of the Motion, the file and the record, Defendant's Motion is hereby denied.

During the Sentencing Hearing held on December 27, 2019 in this matter, discussions were had on the record regarding Defendant's Jail Time Credit. The Court ruled that Defendant was entitled to jail time credit for the periods of August 24, 2017 to October 25, 2017 (63 days) and June 6, 2019 to December 27, 2019 (205 days), for a total of 268 days only.

Defendant's request for jail time credit for the period of January 31, 2019 to February 19, 2019 was applied to Defendant's sentence imposed on Case No. 15CR092937, as he was at the Lorain County Correctional Facility as a "Borrowed Inmate".

Defendant's request for jail time credit for the period of June 6, 2019 to September 11, 2019 was awarded to the Defendant in this matter at the time of Sentencing, as explained above.



Exhibit # 28

(3)

pg # 2

Not time, date, stamp, filed  
by Clerk of Court  
Not part of the record

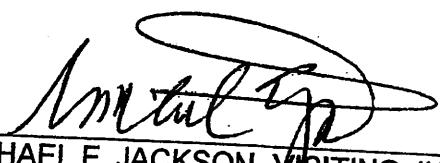


All jail time credit awarded to Defendant is counted as 1 day only; not 3 days for every 1 day.

Accordingly, Defendant is not entitled to any additional jail time credit in this matter.

It is so ordered.

VOL \_\_\_\_\_ PAGE \_\_\_\_\_

  
MICHAEL E. JACKSON, VISITING JUDGE

cc: Pros Hakos  
Defendant @ Madison Corr. Inst.  
Atty Lieux



IN THE SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

STATE OF OHIO,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

vs.

Case No. 2022-0281

LARRY D. KNOX,

Defendant-Appellant.

**AFFIDAVIT OF INDIGENCE**

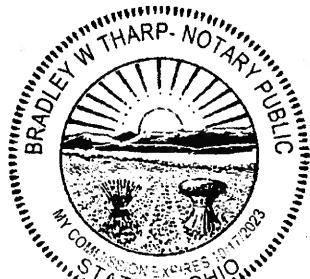
I, Larry D. Knox, do hereby state that I am without the necessary funds to pay the costs of this action for the following reasons:

I am currently incarcerated at the Madison Carr. Institute, and I have been incarcerated since 2017. I work at the prison but receive only \$17.00 dollars per month.

Pursuant to Rule 3.06 of the Rules of Practice of the Supreme Court of Ohio, I am requesting that the filing fee and security deposit, if applicable, be waived.

X Larry J. Knox 771-153  
Affiant

Sworn to and subscribed in my presence this 28<sup>th</sup> day of July,  
2022.



Bradley W Tharp  
Notary Public  
My Commission Expires: 01/17/23

[Note: This affidavit must be executed not more than six months prior to being filed in the Supreme Court in order to comply with S.Ct. Prac. R. 3.06. Affidavits not in compliance with that section will be rejected for filing by the Clerk.]

**RECEIVED**

AUG 05 2022

CLERK OF COURT  
SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Larry D. Knox, hereby certify that a copy of the attached Affidavit of indigency with affidavit of truth of the last 5 yrs. And affidavit of indigency for filing fee for a writ of prohibition and deposit & fee, that was filed March 17, 2022. And this affidavit of indigency of only \$17.00 a-month I get only. I cannot afford to pay deposit and fees. was sent by first class postage prepaid to: clerk of Courts office, of the Supreme Court of Ohio, 65 Front Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3431

on this 30 day of July, 2022.

Larry Knox 771-153  
DEFENDANT

Pursuant to Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1746.

(2)

# The Supreme Court of Ohio

Larry D. Knox

Case No. 2022-0281

v.

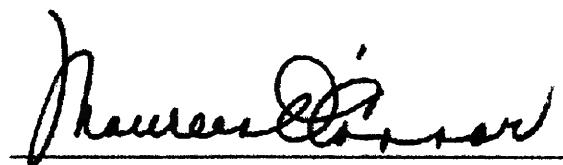
State of Ohio

IN MANDAMUS

ENTRY

This cause originated in this court on the filing of a complaint for a writ of mandamus.

Upon consideration of respondents' motion to dismiss, it is ordered by the court that the motion to dismiss is granted. Accordingly, this cause is dismissed.



Maureen O'Connor  
Chief Justice

(2)

FILED  
LORAIN COUNTY COMMON PLEAS COURT OF OHIO  
CLERK OF COURTS, ELYRIA, OHIO

2016 DEG -2 P 12:42

2017 JAN 24 AM 8:30  
my copy

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
Larry D. Knox  
TOM ORLANDO  
Sui juris,

LAWFUL NOTICE AND DEMAND

UCC-1- OH00197287820

vs.

CASE No. 15-CR-092937

Judge:  
STATE OF OHIO  
James Mireldi, Defendants,  
et al.,

NOW COMES, Larry D. Knox, Sui juris, RESPECTFULLY SUBMITS THESE FORMS  
AND PRICE LIST TO THE PROPER COURTS IN LORAIN COUNTY OF OHIO, AS A LAWFUL NOTICE  
AND DEMAND, AS A MATTER OF LAW, TO BE TIMELY FILED IN A COURT OF LAW ON THIS  
2nd OF DECEMBER 2016,

PROOF OF SERVICE

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED: Larry D. Knox

*Larry D. Knox*