



ERP - PROJECT

UJVNL

END USER DOCUMENT

FOR

PLANT MAINTENANCE

MASTER DATA CREATION

PM- Master Data
For Internal Circulation Only





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1 **DOCUMENT CONTROL**

This is a controlled document and will be maintained on UJVNL portal.

Changes to this document will be recorded below and must be published to all interested parties.

1.1 **DOCUMENT HISTORY**

Version	Date	Author	VERSION DETAILS
V01	06-02-2018	Nimish Agrawal	First ISSUE

1.2 **DISTRIBUTION**

Date	Name	Purpose
	Mandeep Singh	For Information
	Brijesh Yadav	For Information





2 BUSINESS PROCESS

2.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Functional Location

2.2 OVERVIEW

This document describes the process of Creating Functional Location.

The business object "Functional location" is an organizational unit within Logistics that structures the Maintenance objects of a company according to functional, process-related or spatial criteria.

A Functional location represents the place at which a maintenance task is to be performed.

- A Functional location represents the system area at which an object can be installed. The objects that can be installed at Functional locations are called pieces of equipment.
- You define and manage each Functional location in the Plant Maintenance (PM) component in a separate master record.
- You can build up a separate maintenance history for each Functional location.

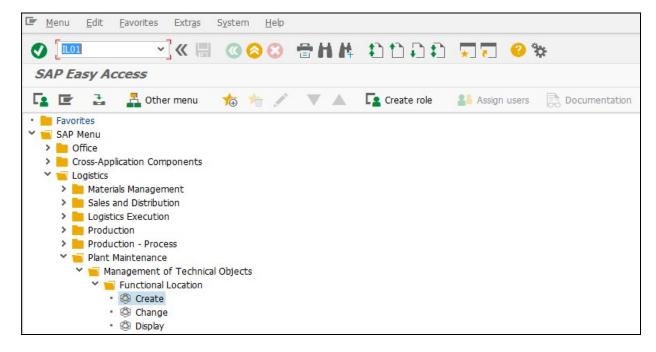
This is useful in maintaining technical structure and identifying maintenance objects located to functional locations.

2.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

This scenario shows you how to create functional location in the SAP System

2.4 CREATE FUNCTIONAL LOCATION

$SAP\:Menu o Logistics o Plant\:Maintenance o Management\:of\:Technical\:Objects$	
Menu Path	Functional Location → Create
Transaction	
Code	ILO1

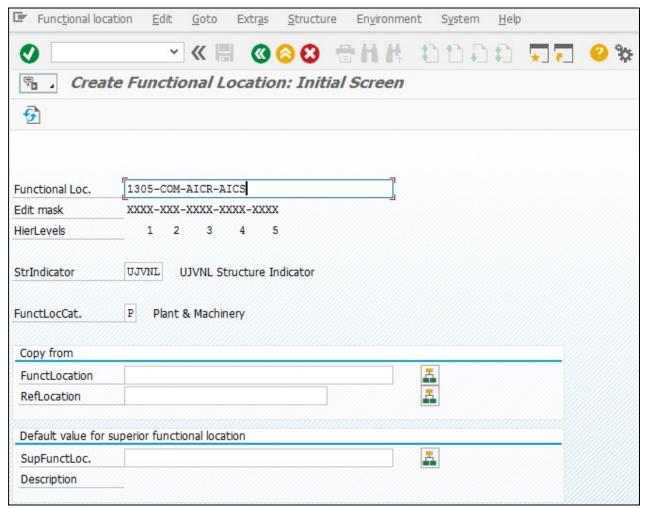






2.5 <u>INPUT FIELDS</u>

On running IL01, we get the initial screen as shown below:



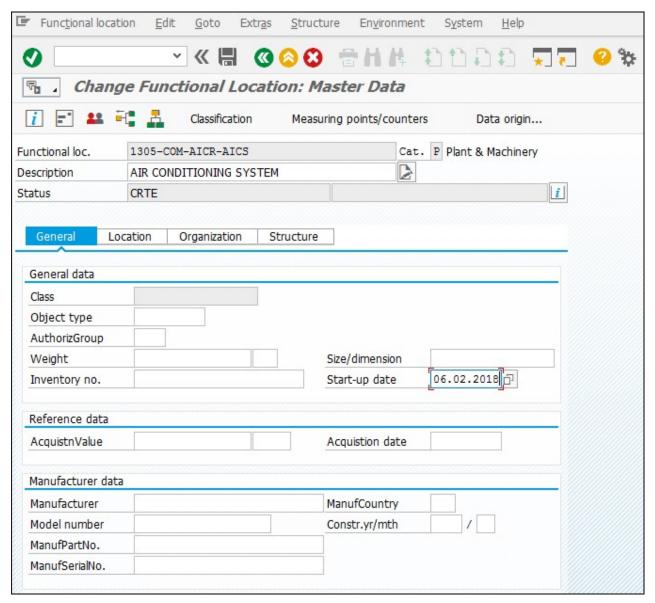
Enter the following data in the Input screen to create Functional location

Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Functional Loc.	Select categories of Functional	Enter Category - P – Plant &
	Category	Location as per requirement	Machinery
2	Structure Indicator	UJVNL specific FL hierarchy.	Enter Structure Indicator -
		Description for Structure	UJVNL
		Indicator (Functional Location	
		Hierarchy is made uniform	
		through this Indicator.)	
3	Functional Location	Code of functional location	Enter the label you wish to give
			for new machine or location
			following the edit mask format.

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" icon Create Functional Location: Master Data screen is open.



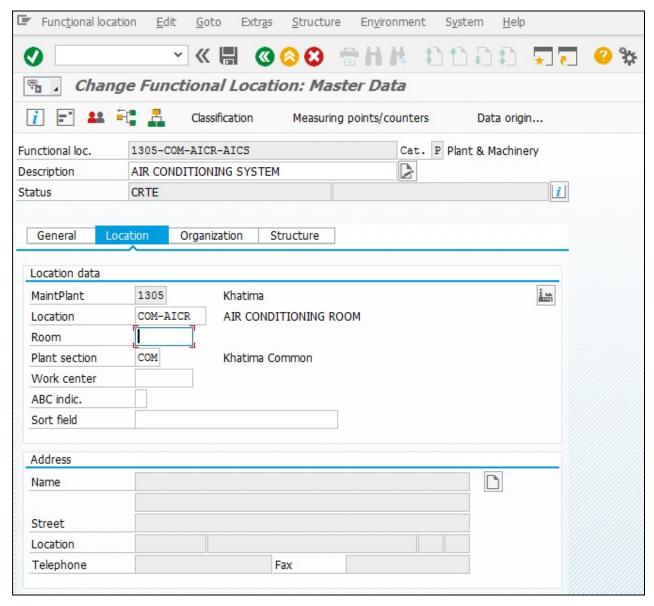




Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Description	Functional Location Name / Description	Enter Functional Location Name / Description



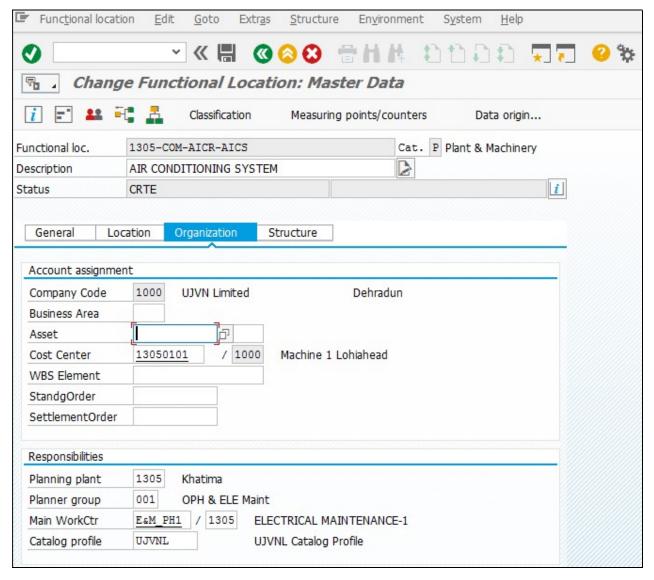




Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Maint plant	Maintenance plant in which maintenance tasks are planned and executed	Enter a maintenance plant - 1305



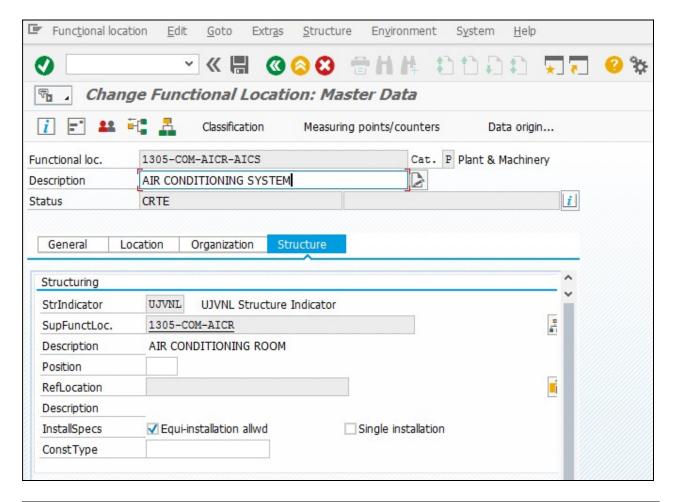




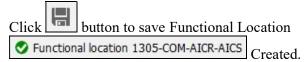
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Company code	Enter company code	1000
2	Cost centre	Enter Cost Centre	Select from drop down. Enter the company code. Automatically derived once Maint plant is populated.
3	Planning plant	Maintenance planning plant in which maintenance tasks are planned and executed	Enter a maintenance planning plant – 1305. Can be determined from Maint plant entered in location tab
4	Planner Group	Group responsible for planning tasks	Enter a department
5	Mn.wk.ctr/PInt	Main work center responsible for the completion of the maintenance tasks	Enter a main work center
6	Catalogue profile	We can assign technical object wise Catalogue profile for individual functional location through this field	Select from drop down. This is used for failure analysis in Notification.







Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Equi-Installation allowed	Check the box if equipment installation allowed	Check or un check the box. Check this to allow Equipment installation.



System will give a message in the message bar that your functional location created as shown above.





3 BUSINESS PROCESS

3.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Equipment Master

3.2 OVERVIEW

This BPP describes the process of creating Equipment Master.

The business object "Equipment Master" is an organizational unit within Logistics that structures the Maintenance objects of a company according to functional, process-related or spatial criteria.

An Equipment Master represents the place at which a maintenance task is to be performed.

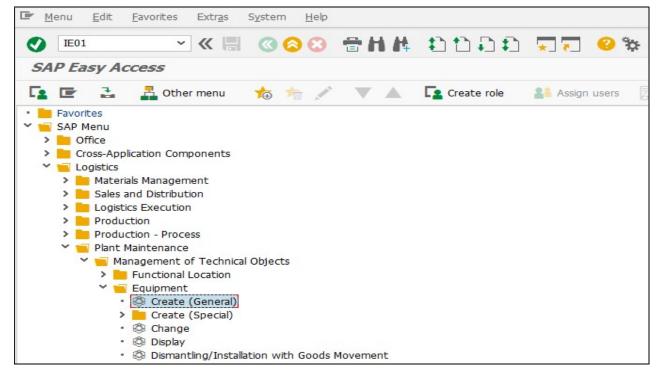
- Equipment Master represents the system area at which an object can be installed. The objects That can be installed at Equipment Masters are called pieces of equipment.
- You define and manage each Equipment Master in the Plant Maintenance (PM) component in a Separate master record.
- You can build up a separate maintenance history for each Equipment Master
 This is useful in maintaining technical structure and identifying maintenance objects located to
 Equipment Masters.

3.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

This scenario shows you how to create Equipment Master in the SAP System

3.4 CREATE EQUIPMENT

	$SAPMenu \to Logistics \to PlantMaintenance \to ManagementofTechnicalObjects \to$
Menu Path	Equipment Master → Create
Transaction	
Code	IE01

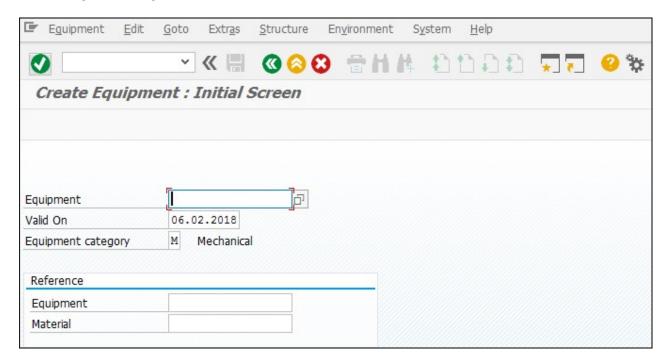






3.5 INPUT FIELDS

On running IE01, we get the initial screen as shown below:



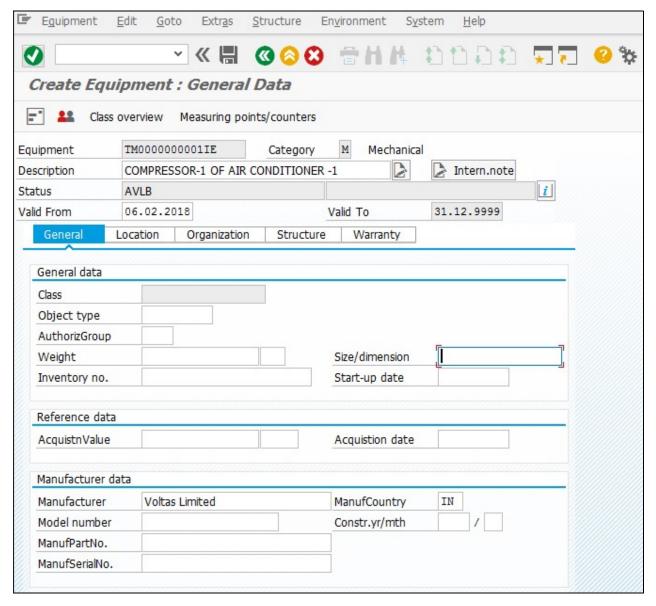
Enter the following data in the Input screen to create Equipment

Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Equipment Category	Enter Category	M – Mechanical Equipment. Select categories of Equipment as per requirement
2	Valid On date	Equipment data valid date.	Date will be current date.

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" icon . Create Equipment : Master Data screen is open.



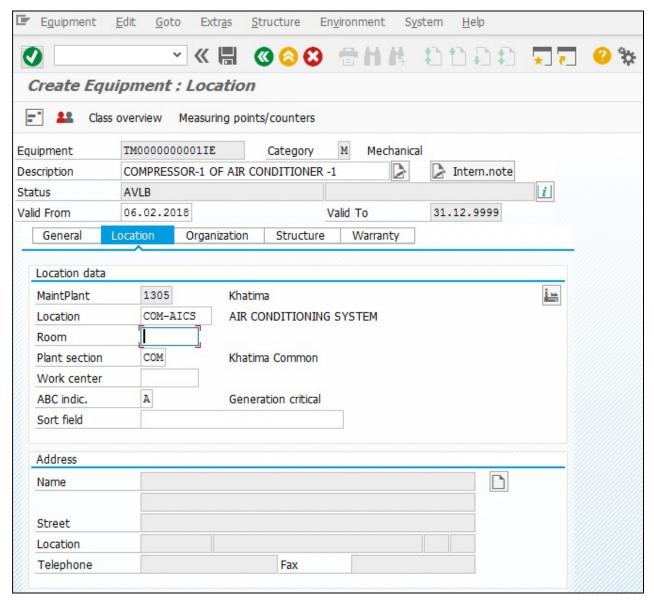




Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Description	Equipment Name / Description	Enter Equipment Name /
	Description	Equipment Name / Description	Description
2			Enter date of Equipment started in
			use- current date. System starts up
			date. (It is the date from which the
			system is in Operational)
			The content of the field is used by
	Start-up-date	Date for Equipment start in use	the system - when calculating the
			mean time between failures - to
			calculate the length of time
			without malfunctions occurring
			during operation until the First
			breakdown.



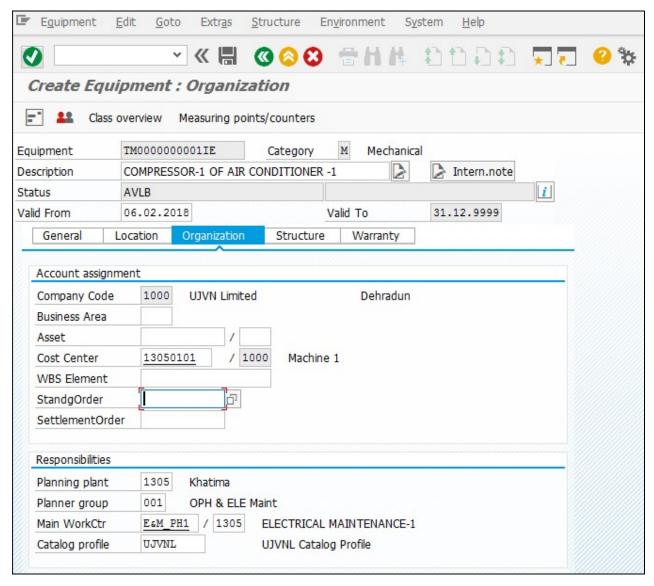




Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Maint plant	Maintenance plant in which maintenance tasks are planned and executed	Enter a maintenance plant - 1305



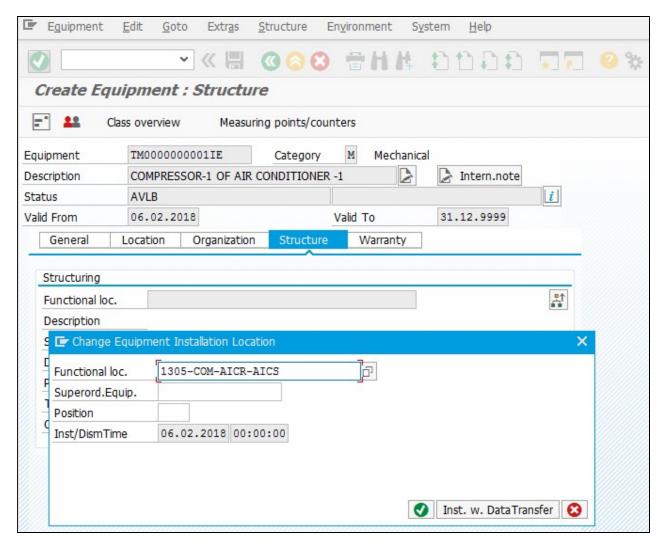




Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Company code	Enter company code	1000
2	Cost centre	Enter Cost Centre	Select from drop down. Enter the company code. Automatically derived once Maint plant is populated.
3	Planning plant	Maintenance planning plant in which maintenance tasks are planned and executed	Enter a maintenance planning plant – 1305. Can be determined from Maint plant entered in location tab
4	Planner Group	Group responsible for planning tasks	Enter a department
5	Mn.wk.ctr/Plnt	Main work center responsible for the completion of the maintenance tasks	Enter a main work center
6	Catalogue profile	We can assign technical object wise Catalogue profile for individual functional location through this field	Select from drop down. This is used for failure analysis in Notification.







Click on Change InstLoc button

Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1			Enter Superior Functional
	Functional Loc.	Enter superior FL	Location. Automatically derived
	Functional Loc.	Enter superior FL	if the hierarchy is maintained
			based on the structure indicator.

Click on button to save Equipment

Equipment created with the number 11000742

System will give a message in the message bar that your Equipment created as shown above.

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4 BUISNESS PROCESS

4.1 **PROCESS NAME**

Create Work Center

4.2 **OVERVIEW**

This document describes the process of creating Work Center.

A work center is used where an operation or activity is carried out within a maintenance plant. A work center can represent a machine or a group of machines as well as a person or a group of people. Work centers can be structured hierarchically. Work centers contain data used in production/maintenance such as:

- Costing
- Scheduling

4.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

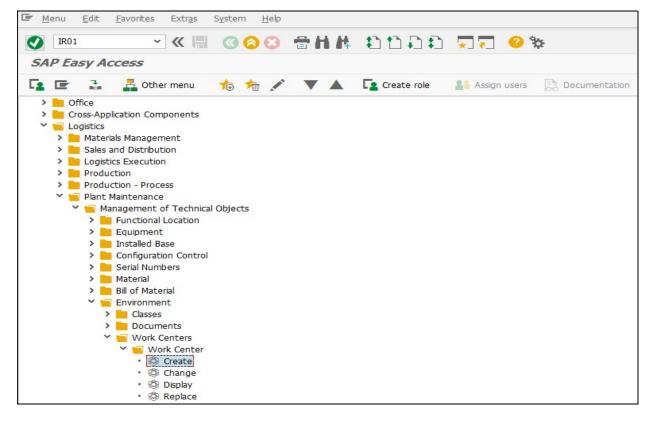
This scenario shows you how to create Work Center Master in the SAP System

4.4 CREATE WORK CENTER

	SAP Menu $ ightarrow$ Logistics $ ightarrow$ Plant Maintenance $ ightarrow$ Management of Technical Objects $ ightarrow$	
Menu Path	Environment \rightarrow Work Centers \rightarrow Work Center \rightarrow Create	
Transaction		
Code	IR01	

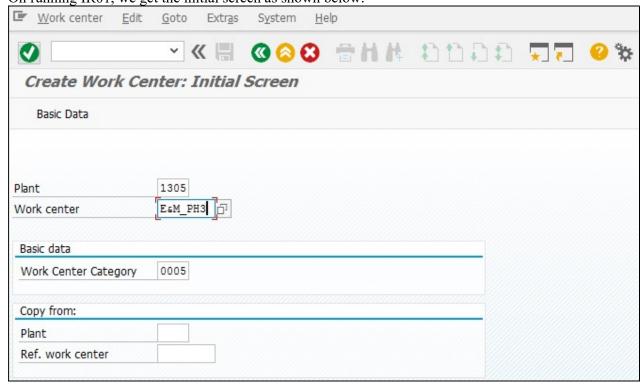






4.5 <u>INPUT FIELDS</u>

On running IR01, we get the initial screen as shown below:







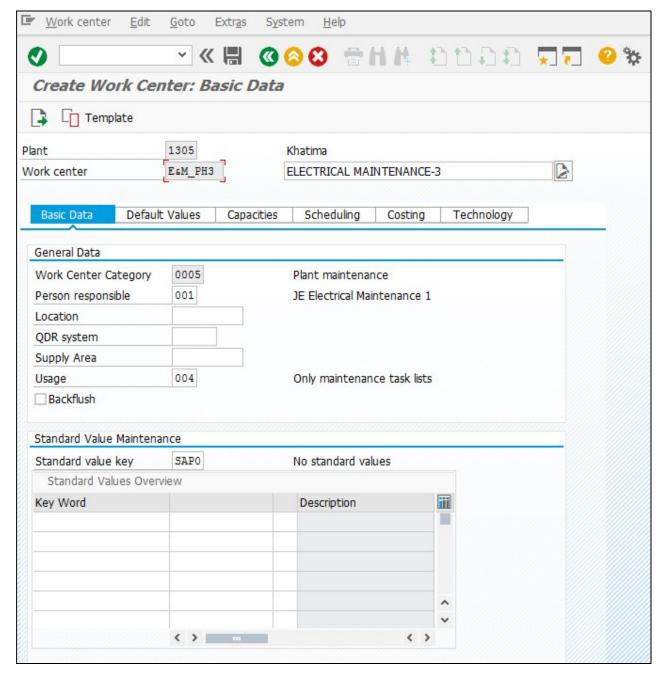


Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Plant	Enter Plant number. Select from pull down menu if required	1305 This is the plant for which the new Work Center is being created.
2	Work center	Enter New Work Center identifier	E&M-PH3 Can be a numeric or alphanumeric identifier, or a combination of both.
3	Work center category	Enter work center type from drop down box. (Ex-Plant Maintenance = 0005)	0005 Determines which data can be maintained in the work center's master record.
4	Copy from: Plant	Plant associated with the work center from which data is to be copied. Enter existing plant number	Using this feature generally expedites work center creation. To be used in conjunction with Ref. Work center field below.

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" icon. Create Work Center: Master Data screen is open







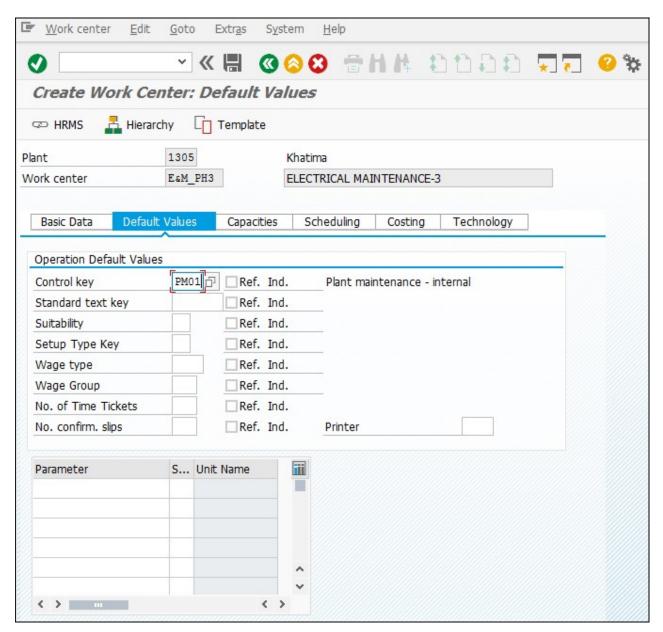
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Description	Description of the Work Center	This is an alphanumeric field.
2	Work Center Category	Enter Category	0005 – Plant Maintenance. Select categories of Equipment as per requirement
3	Person Responsible	The person maintaining the work center master files in the system.	Field values are maintained in Configuration.
4	Usage	Identifies types of task lists with which the work center may be associated	Use 004 unless there is a business reason not to use it.





5 Standard Value Key (for example, time or area) to one of up to six standard values.

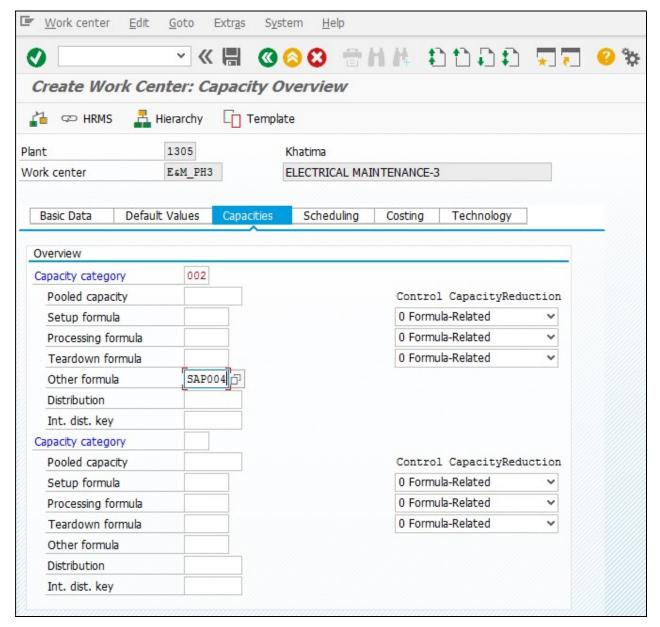
Choose the key whose values most closely approximate business needs. (e.g., SAP0 – No standard values).



Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Control Key	Determines which business transactions should be executed for the object that belongs to the task list or order (e.g., scheduling or costing)	Select from the pull down list. Selecting the control key indicator prevents changes to the control key in a task list. "PM01" Control key selections are configured.



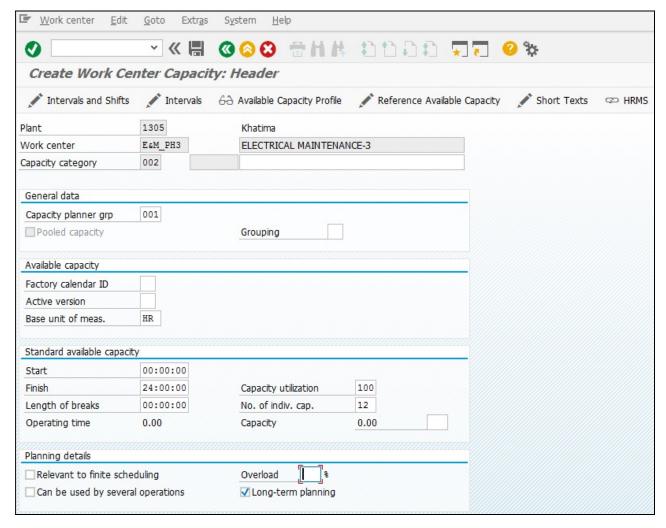




Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Capacity Category	Identifies the type of capacity (machine, labor)	Can be set to default from the default work centre. Enter- 002-Person
2	Other Formula	Formula used to calculate capacity requirements for other types of internal processing (for example, in networks).	Select desired formula when needed. Formulas can be customized in the IMG. Used only if needed.







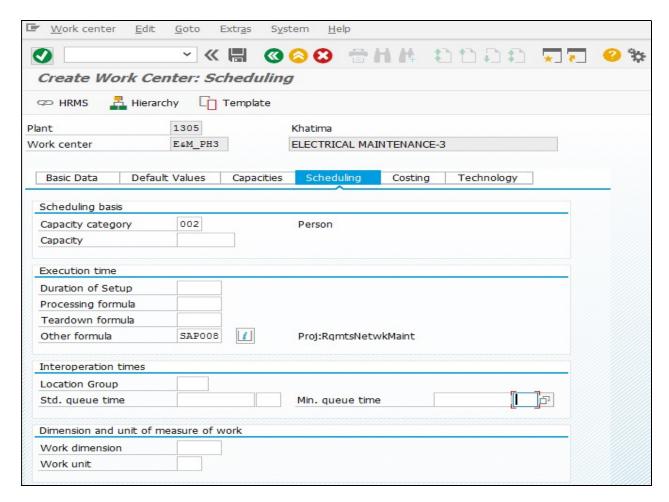
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Capacity Planner Group	Person or group responsible	Select from pull down menu. Default is dependent on the plant selected. Configuration required (plant specific).
2	Grouping	Groupings for shift definitions and shift sequences	Use pulldown menu to find selection if needed. Configuration required (plant specific).
3	Factory Calendar	Identifies available production dates for entire year. Can differ by work center.	Select calendar id from pulldown list if different from standard factory calendar. Defaults to factory calendar if blank.
4	Active Version	Used as the basis for scheduling	Enter version number (if applcable).
5	Base Unit of Measure	UOM in which available capacity is maintained (usually in hours).	Must be the same as the default for activity. Defaults are set in the IMG.
6	Start	Beginning of shift or availability start.	Enter start time. Required for capacity availability calculation. Defaults are set in the IMG.
7	Finish	End of shift or availability end.	Enter ending time. Required for capacity availability calculation. Defaults are set in the IMG.





8	Length of Breaks	Total break time per shift / availability time period.	Enter where applicable. Defaults are set in the IMG.
9	Capacity Utilization	Actual capacity vs. theoretical capacity expressed as a %.	Enter actual availability %. Default is set at 100%. Defaults are set in the IMG.
10	No. of indiv. Cap.	Number of machines or people making up work center capacity.	Enter number of machines or people. Default is set at "1". Default is set at "1" in the IMG.
11	Relevant to finite scheduling	Identifies Work Center capacities to be used in calculating available capacity during finite scheduling.	Select depending on business need.
12	Can be used by several Operations	Allows multiple operations to use this capacity. If not set, only 1 operation will access this capacity, even if partially consumed.	Select if only one operation is expected to use this capacity at a time.
13	Overload %	Used to define % of over scheduling allowed	Leave blank unless over scheduling is desired
14	Long Term Planning	Allows this work center to be used for capacity during long term planning	Should be selected unless a specific business need determines otherwise. Selected by default.

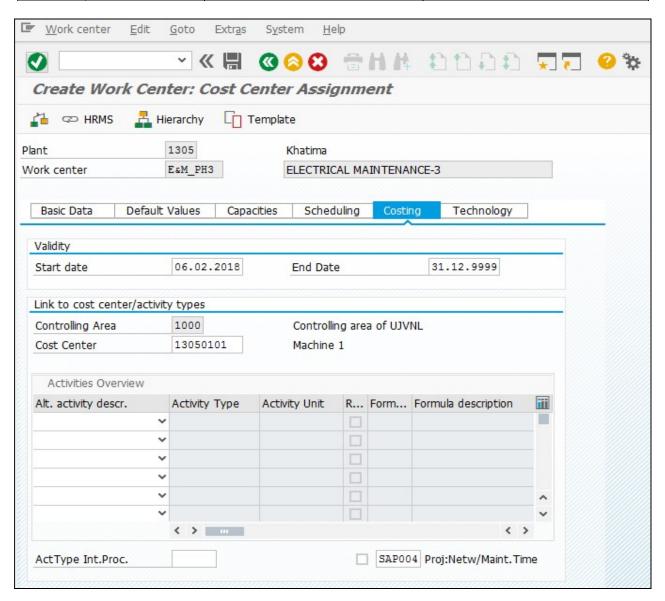
Note: From this screen, you have now set up all your capacity requirements and can proceed with creating the work center record. Click on the green back arrow. The system reverts to the "Create Work Center: Capacity Overview" screen.







Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Capacity Category	Key which describes capacity in more detail. For example, it enables you to determine whether it is machine or labor capacity.	Select from the pull down list. 002-Person Capacities of different categories can be allocated to a work center.
2	Capacity	Description or name of the capacity that identifies it to the system.	Select from the pull down list. E.g., Machine or labor capacity
3	Other Formula	Formula used to calculate capacity requirements for other types of internal processing (for example, in networks).	Select desired formula when needed. Formulas can be customized in the IMG. Used only if needed.
4	Work Dimension	Dimension of work in Project System	Select from pull down list.Values configured in IMG.
5	Work Unit	Specific UOM of work in Project System	Select from pull down list. Optional









Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Validity Start date	Identifies the beginning of a validity period	Defaults to today's date. Can be changed
2	Validity End date	Identifies the end of the a validity period	Defaults to 31.12.9999. Can be changed.
3	Cost Center	Key that identifies the cost center	Click on the pull down list to select or to search (click on the green check again) for the correct cost center.

Click button to	Save Work center E&M_PH3 in plant 1305 was created
-----------------	--

System will give a message in the message bar that your work center created as shown above.

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5 **BUSINESS PROCESS**

5.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Characteristics

5.2 OVERVIEW

Philosophy of Characterization

Characteristics are used to store information on the attributes of an object (such as length, weight, basic material etc.). Although characteristics are typically used to describe physical traits of an object, there may be a business need to also characterize traits that do not pertain to the object directly. (EG. operating conditions).

In Plant maintenance characteristics will be used to define measuring point, to classify functional location and to classify equipment master.

Timing of Value Assignment for Characteristics

It is during creation of classes that values will be assigned to characteristics. Value assignment can take place at many various times in the process but there are implications involved with each possibility as detailed as follows:

• Values can be assigned when the "Characteristic" is created.

IMPLICATIONS: If values are assigned at the time the characteristic is created, then whenever the characteristic is allocated to a class it will already have these values attached. Since there are a lot of common characteristics (any dimensional ones) this means that each time one of these characteristics is used, it will have those same values.

• Values can be assigned to the characteristic when the characteristic is allocated to the class (class is created). It should be noted that the characteristic must be created before it can be allocated.

IMPLICATIONS: Characteristic values are specific to the class you are creating and or changing.

• Values can be assigned when you create a material. This is only available if the "Additional Values" flag is "on" in the characteristic.

IMPLICATIONS: If values (that are not on the allowable values list) are assigned to a characteristic when a material is created, they are not reflected in the characteristic itself. That is, if you look at the characteristic display in the classification system, you will not see this new value as an allowable value. The implication is that when a search for an object is done using the classification system, you will not see this value against the characteristic and hence will not know that a material exists with this different value.

5.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

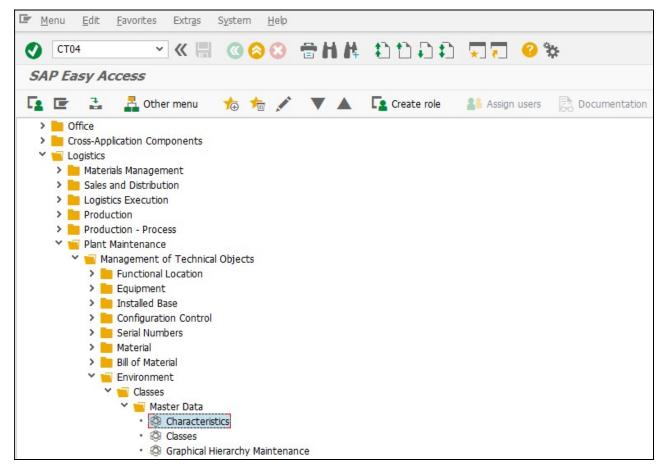
This scenario shows you how to create Characteristics in the SAP System

5.4 CREATE CHARACTERISTICS

	SAP Menu → Logistics → Plant Maintenance → Management of Technical Objects →	
Menu Path	Environment → Classes → Master Data → Characteristics	
Transaction		
Code	CT04	







Characteristics management

After initial creation of characteristics, maintenance and changes are done.

- **Numbering of Characteristics** There are no visible numbers assigned to characteristics so they are not identified in this way. The system does however assign an internal number to each characteristic which it uses for tracking and reporting purposes.
- Data Type (Characteristic Value Format) The data type categorizes a characteristic and shows the
 format for entering characteristic values. There are different formats that can be used for characteristic
 values. These determine how entries must be made for the characteristic. The formats are as follows.
 Use the possible entries to select one of the following predefined data types (the abbreviations used in
 Customizing are shown in parentheses):

Character format (CHAR): for characteristic values that consist of a character string

Currency format (CURR): for characteristic values that are entered in a currency

Date format (DATE): for characteristic values that represent a date

Numeric format (NUM): for numeric characteristic values

Time format (TIME): for characteristic values that represent a time

User-defined data types: you can define these in characteristics management by choosing:

- "Extras -> More functions -> User-defined data type."
- Characteristic Name Format The Characteristic Name is the name which uniquely identifies the characteristic. When creating characteristic names it is important to remember a few things:
- It should be a concise and specific noun. (e.g. size, outside_diameter, etc.). The SAP field for characteristic name does not accept spaces or special characters with the exception of underscore(_). Thus for multiple word characteristics use underscores between the words (e.g. End_Connection).





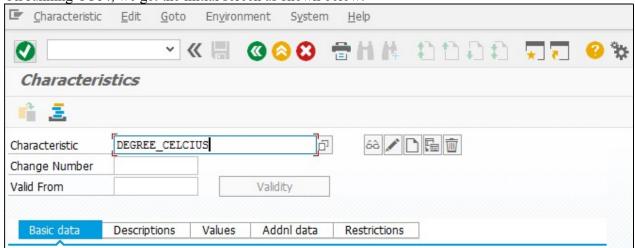
You can enter the name in either upper or lower case or a combination of both, but the system will automatically convert them to all upper case letters.

Characteristic Text Format - The Characteristic Text is the language dependent description of the
characteristic.Copy from Characteristic

If the characteristic being created is similar to an existing characteristic, then the 'copy from' functionality
will save time. You can choose which blocks of data to copy from the existing characteristic.

5.5 <u>INPUT FIELDS</u>

On running CT04, we get the initial screen as shown below:

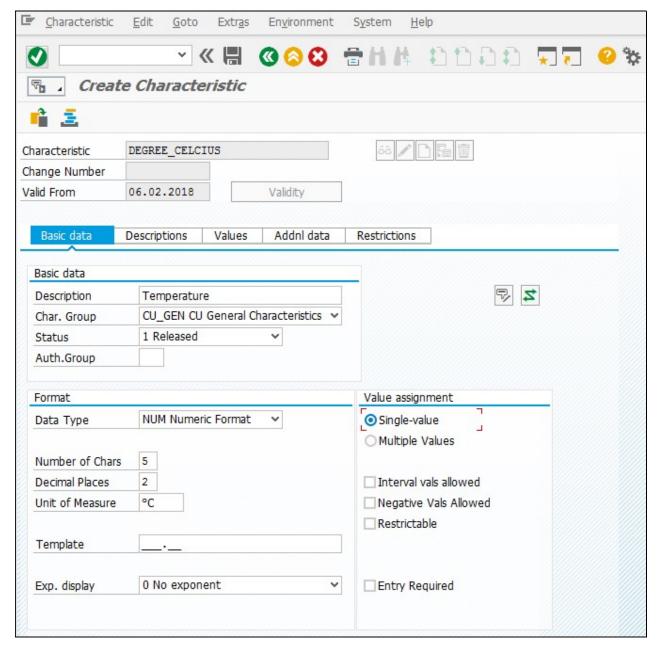


1 Characteristic Name of the Characteristic Enter meaningful name w	Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
	1	Characteristic	Name of the Characteristic	Enter meaningful name with no spaces. Separate sections of the name with underscores (_)

Click on create button. Create Characteristics: Master Data screen is open.







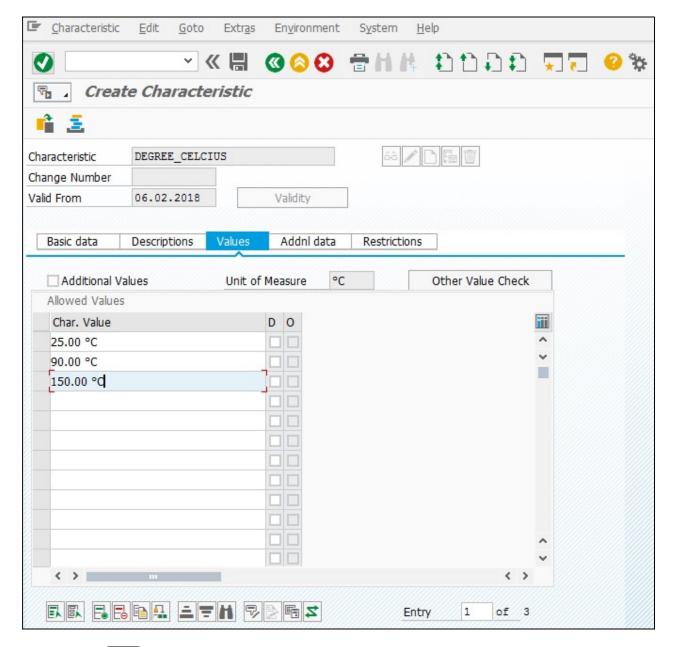
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Description	Language dependent description	Enter description. Suggest using name of characteristic as description
2	Chars Group	Characteristic Group - Key (defined in config.) that facilitates look up by grouping similar characteristics	Select appropriate group from pull down list
3	Status	Current status of characteristic	Set to released when maintenance completed. Defaults to "In Process". Must be released to allocate to class
4	AuthGrp	Authorization group for characteristics maintenance	Set to released when maintenance completed
5	Data Type	Defines characteristic as numeric, character, time, etc.	Authorization must be defined in the user master record







6	Entry Required	Defines whether values must be assigned to a characteristic.	
7	Value Assignment	Indicator that determines whether only one or multiple values can be assigned to this characteristic.	



Click on save button to save Characteristics

Characteristic DEGREE_CELCIUS saved

System will give a message in the message bar that your characteristics saved as shown above.





6 BUSINESS PROCESS

6.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Equipment BOM

6.2 **OVERVIEW**

This document describes the process of creating Equipment BOM.

The business object "Equipment BOM" is an organizational unit within Logistics that structures the An Equipment BOM represents the components are fitted in the machinery or this may need while executing maintenance activity (maintenance order). These component would be require getting issued from store or procure from outside.

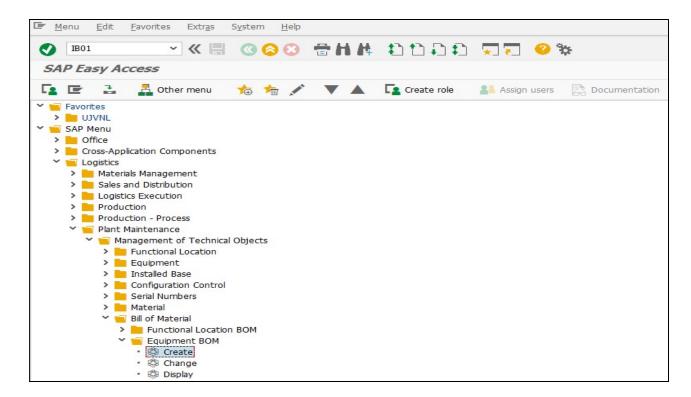
You define and manage each Equipment BOM in the Plant Maintenance (PM) component in a separate master record. This is useful in maintaining technical structure and identifying maintenance objects located to Equipment BOMs

6.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

This scenario shows you how to create Equipment BOM in the SAP System

6.4 CREATE EQUIPMENT BOM

	$SAPMenu \to Logistics \to PlantMaintenance \to ManagementofTechnicalObjects \to$
Menu Path	Bill of Materials \rightarrow Equipment BOM \rightarrow Create
Transaction	
Code	IB01

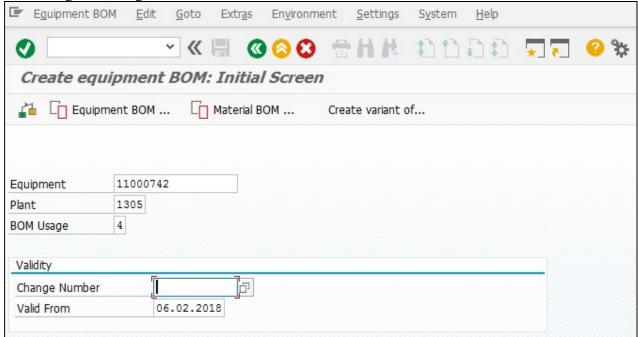






6.5 INPUT FIELDS

On running IB01, we get the initial screen as shown below:

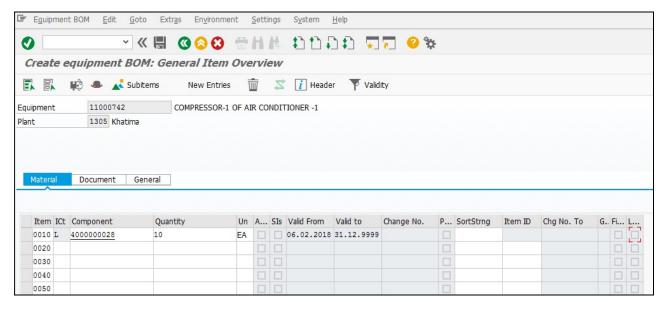


Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Equipment	Equipment Identification number	Enter Equipment number
2	Plant	Plant in which this BOM is valid	Enter plant 1305 If left blank, this becomes a group BOM. Be sure to enter a plant
3	BOM Usage	The business area in which this BOM is to be used (Production, Cost, Engineering, etc.)	Enter BOM usage category. For PM enter "4"
4	Valid From	Date from which change is effective	

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" oicon. Create Equipment BOM: Master Data screen is open.







Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Item	Item number for this component	Automatically assigned by system. Renumber if necessary to resequence and / or insert new items
2	ICt	Item Category	Select appropriate code from drop down list. For stock : L
3	Component	material number	Enter material number
4	Quantity	Quantity of the component required to make the base quantity of the material	Enter the required quantity. Negative quantities indicate By-products or coproducts.
5	Un	Unit of Measure	Defaults from Material master. Enter if different from base UOM.

button to save Equipment BOM BOM created for equipment 11000742

System will give a message in the message bar that your Equipment BOM saved as shown above.





7 BUSINESS PROCESS

7.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Measuring Point

7.2 OVERVIEW

This document describes the process of creating Measuring Point.

If you want to use counter-based maintenance for a technical object or regularly check the condition of a technical object using measurement values, you must be able to take counter readings and enter measurement values for these objects. To perform these actions, you must name the location in the system at which you can enter measurement values or counter readings for the objects in question. These locations are called measuring points in the system, irrespective of whether they are used for entering measurement values or counter readings.

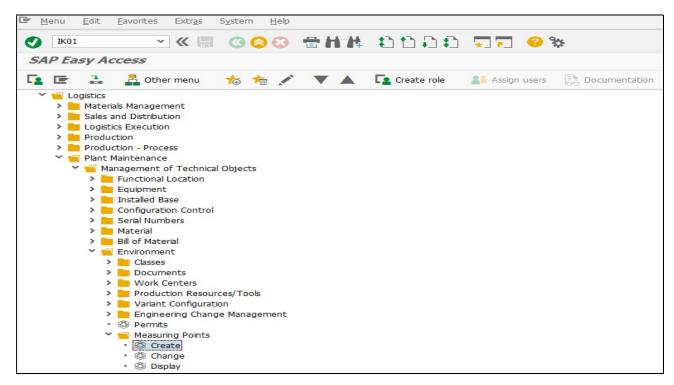
A counter is a means of representing the level of wear and tear, consumption, or reduction of useful life for a technical object. The counter can run forward or backward. It can be used to measure things like no of hours used, Kilometers, no of punching of a press etc.

7.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

This scenario shows you how to create Measuring Point in the SAP System

7.4 <u>CREATE MEASURING POINT</u>

	SAP Menu $ ightarrow$ Logistics $ ightarrow$ Plant Maintenance $ ightarrow$ Management of Technical Objects –	
Menu Path	Environment → Measuring Point → Create	
Transaction		
Code	IK01	

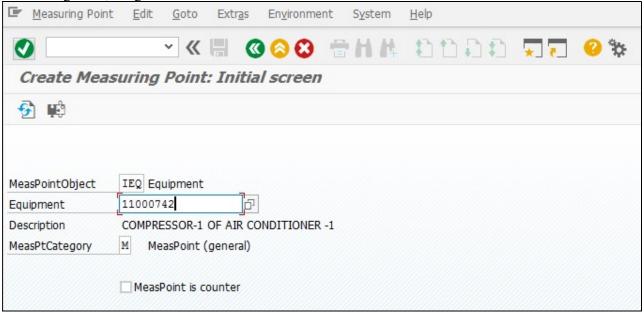






7.5 INPUT FIELDS

On running IK01, we get the initial screen as shown below:

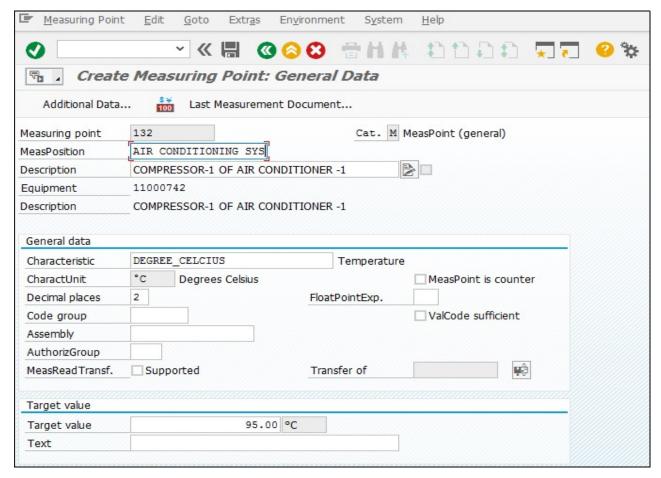


Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	MeasPointObject	Measuring point object.	Enter Measuring point object.
			IEQ- for equipment
2	Equipment	Equipment number	Enter Equipment number
			11000742
3	Description	Description	Short text description of the
			equipment is selected
4	MeasPt. Category	Identifies the category of the	Enter M for general
		object that has the measuring	
		point.	
5	MeasPoint is	Indicates if the measuring point is	
	Counter	a counter	

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" icon .Create Measuring Point: Master Data screen is open







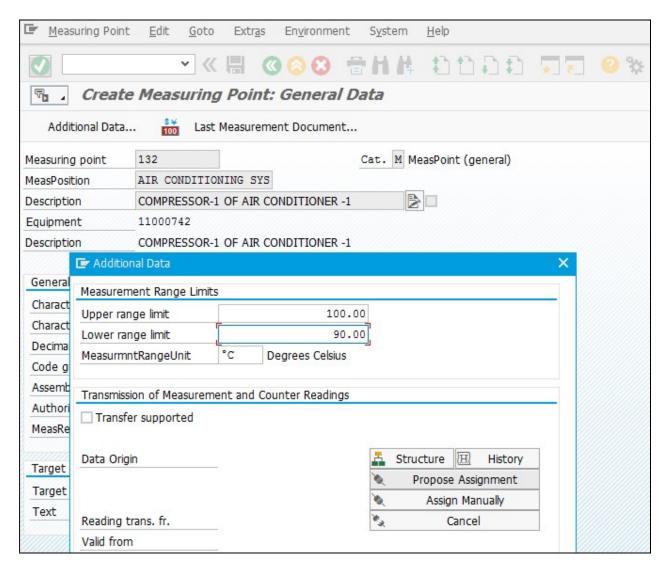
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Meas. Position	Measuring Point's Position at equipment	Enter position code for The measuring point
2	Description	Description of Measuring Point's Position at equipment	Enter description
3	Characteristic	characteristics	Entre characteristics DEGREE_CELCIUS
4	Code group	Valuation codes for the measurement readings.	Enter valuation code
5	Target Value	Target value of measuring reading for smooth running of equipment.	Enter target value of reading 95
6	Text	Text for target value	
7	In case of counter CntrOverReadg	Measuring point overflow reading	
8	AnnualEstimate	Used with maintenance plans to calculate the maintenance intervals (counter-based maintenance). For a counter. Enter estimated annual miles, gallons, or hours. The cursor can be placed anywhere in the field to begin typing. The reading will be right justified during 'save'.	

PM- Master Data
For Internal Circulation Only





Click on Additional Data... Button.



Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Upper limit	Upper limit for reading where equipment can run	100
2	Lower limit	Upper limit for reading where equipment can run	90

Click button to save Measuring Point Measuring point 132 created

System will give a message in the message bar that your Measuring Point saved as shown above.





8 BUSINESS PROCESS

8.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Task list

8.2 OVERVIEW

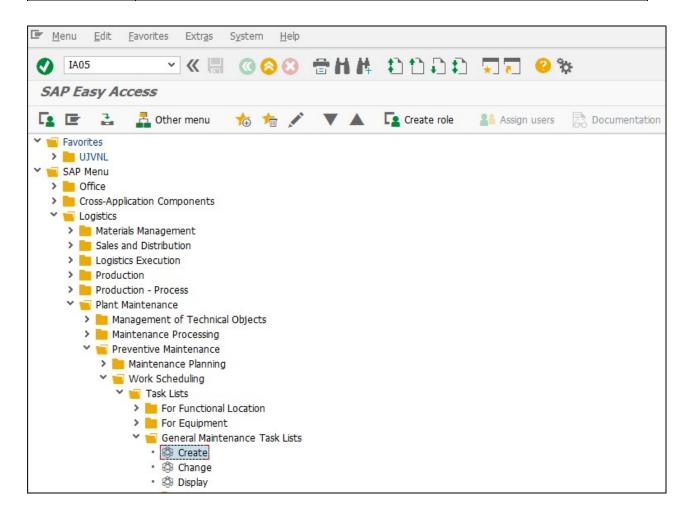
This document describes the process of creating General task List.

8.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

This scenario shows you how to create General Task List in the SAP System

8.4 CREATE TASK LIST

	SAP Menu \rightarrow Logistics \rightarrow Plant Maintenance \rightarrow Preventive Maintenance \rightarrow	
	Maintenance Planning → Work Scheduling → Task Lists → General Maintenance Task	
Menu Path	$List \to Create$	
Transaction		
Code	IA05	

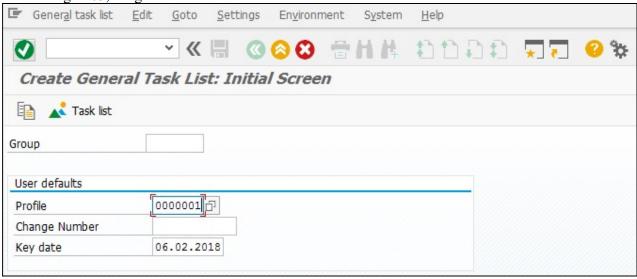






8.5 <u>INPUT FIELDS</u>

On running IA05, we get the initial screen as shown below:

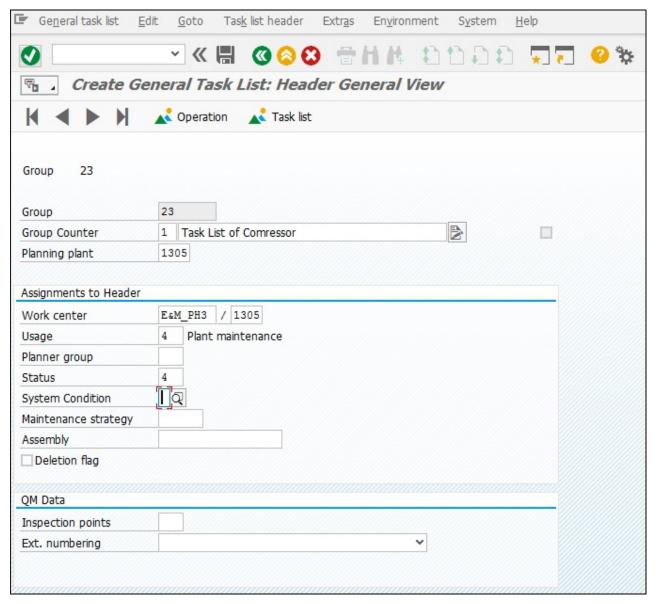


Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Group	Key identifying a task list group.	Leave blank
2	Profile	A profile is a collection of default values and settings for task list maintenance. You will need the information entered in the profile time and again when maintaining routings or standard networks.	
3	Change Number	Number used to uniquely identify a change master record.	
4	Key Dates	Date on which the standard task list is edited or displayed. All objects (for example, header or operation) that are valid on this key date are displayed.	Default Value

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" icon . Create General Task List: Header General view screen is open







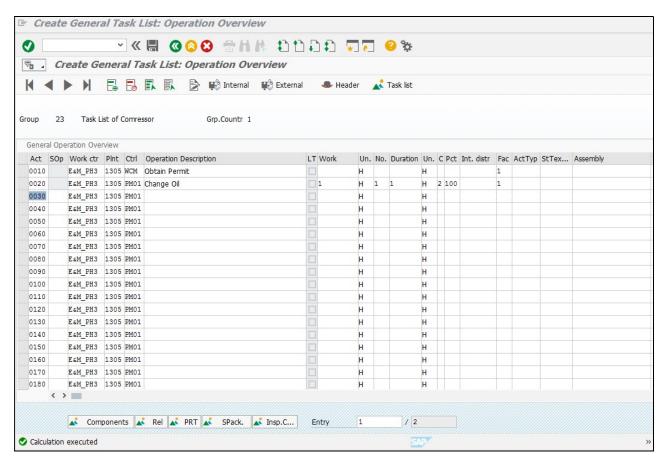
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Group	Key identifying a task list group.	System Generated number
2	Group Counter	This key and the task list group uniquely identify a standard task list.	System Generated number
3	Plant	Number uniquely identifying a plant.	Default Value
4	Work Center	Key identifying the work center.	Select from List
5	Usage	Key specifying the areas in which the standard task list can be used (for example, in production or plant maintenance).	Select from List
6	Planner Group	Key which identifies the planner group responsible for maintaining the standard task list.	Select from List







7	Status	You use the status key to indicate the processing status of a standard task list. For example, you can indicate whether the task list is still in the creation phase or has already been released.	Select from list
8	System Condition	Key for the system condition of an operational system	Select from List
9	MaintStrategy	Key identifying a preventive maintenance strategy	Select from list
10	Assembly	Number which uniquely identifies an assembly	Select from List
11	Deletion Flag	You use this indicator to specify that the task list will be deleted with a deletion program during the next archiving run if you selected deletion flags as a selection criterion for the archiving run. You can reset the deletion flag anytime before the next archiving run.	Check Box



Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Act	Number that identifies an activity.	System generated
2	SbOp	Number which identifies the sub-operation of an operation.	Insert operation if required
3	Work ctr	Key identifying the work center.	Defaults from previous screen







4	Ctrl	Key specifying the business transactions to be carried out for the respective object of a standard task list or an order, such as scheduling or costing.	Select from list
5	Description	First line of the descriptive text.	Enter meaningful operation
6	LTx	Long Text	Check Box Indicates long text exists
7	Work	Amount of work involved in carrying out the activity.	Numeric entry
8	Un.	Unit for work	Select from list
9	No	Number of the capacity required of the capacity category to carry out the operation.	Numeric entry
10	Duratn	The normal duration required to carry out the activity.	Numeric entry
11	Un.	Unit for work	Select from list
12	Calc	Calculation key for duration, work or number of required capacities in the activity.	Select from list
13	Fct	Number of times the processing of an operation or sub-operation is repeated during order processing.	Numeric input
14	Std txt	Key which identifies text that is frequently used to describe processes (for example, turning or milling).	Select from list
15	С	Key for the system condition of an operational system	Select from list

Click button to save Task List General task list 23 saved

System will give a message in the message bar that your Task List saved as shown above.





9 **BUSINESS PROCESS**

9.1 PROCESS NAME

Create Single Cycle Maintenance Plan

9.2 OVERVIEW

This document describes the process of creating Single Cycle Maintenance Plan.

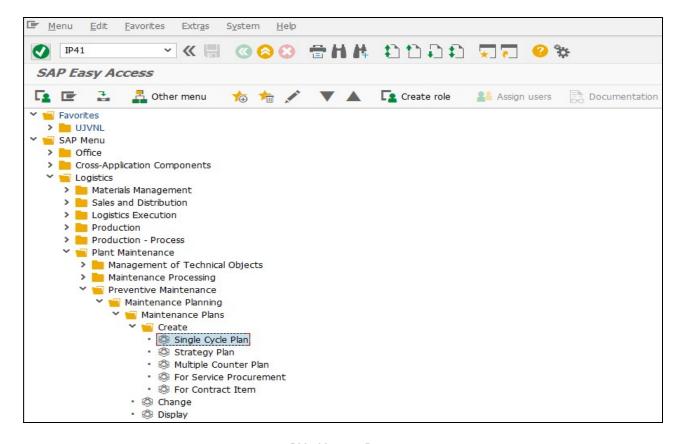
To plan maintenance events to occur in a regular, periodic manner based on one cycle parameter. Maintenance plans merge the records of specific strategies, task lists, items and measuring points (when necessary) to generate a recurring maintenance schedule for the resultant orders which are copied from the task lists. In addition, they can be used for condition-based maintenance which can generate notifications or orders based on pre-established performance parameters. There can be multiple maintenance items in a maintenance plan. A separate order/Notification will be generated from the plan for each item.

9.3 PROCEDURAL STEPS

This scenario shows you how to create Single Cycle Maintenance Plan in the SAP System

9.4 CREATE MAINTENANCE PLAN

	SAP Menu $ ightarrow$ Logistics $ ightarrow$ Plant Maintenance $ ightarrow$ Preventive Maintenance $ ightarrow$	
Menu Path	Maintenance Planning \rightarrow Maintenance Plans \rightarrow Create \rightarrow Single cycle plan	
Transaction		
Code	IP41	

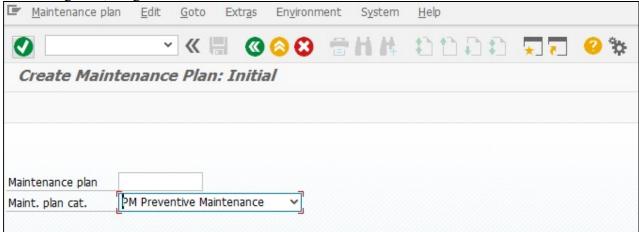






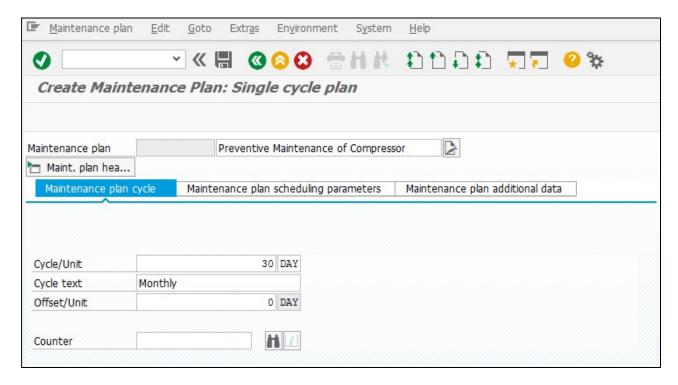
9.5 INPUT FIELDS

On running IP41, we get the initial screen as shown below:



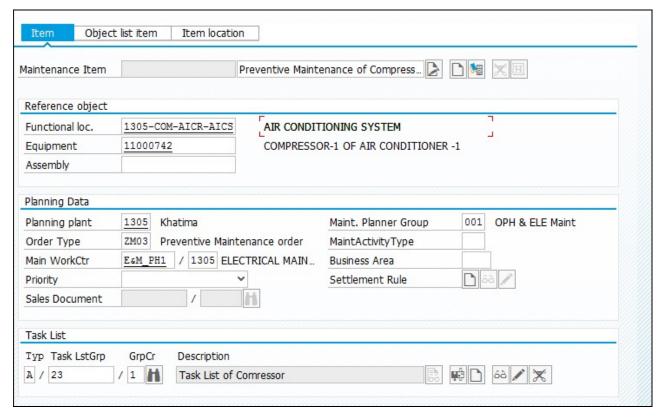
Step No	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
1	Maintenance plan	The number assigned to this maintenance plan to locate it within SAP	Unless external number assignment is being used, this field will be automatically filled in when the record is saved. Internal Numbering
2	Maint. plan cat	Determines what document will be created by the maintenance call	Select the maintenance plan category. Choices are orders, notifications.

Press "Enter" key or select "Enter" icon . Create Create Maintenance Plan: Single Cycle Plan Master Data screen will open









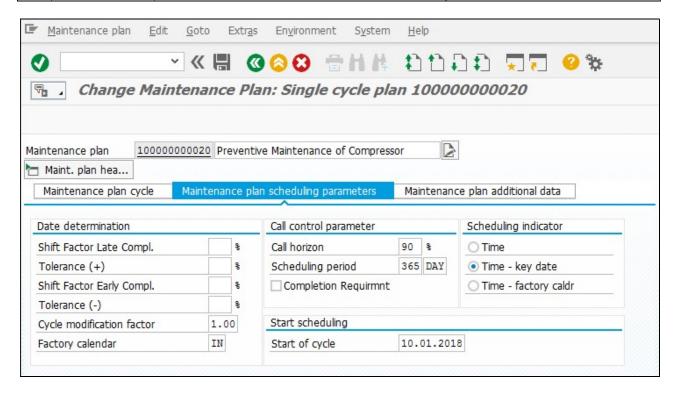
Ste p	Field Name	Description	User Action and Values
No	3.6.1		
1	Maintenance plan	A concise description in the header for the maintenance plan	Enter a description of the plan.
2	Cycle/Unit	The cycle length or frequency which the plan will be based on. A basic label to describe the numeric data in a field	Enter a number for the cycle length and select a unit of measure
3	Cycle text	A concise description of the cycle	Add a free text description
4	Offset/unit	A one-time waiting period before starting the cycle length of the package	Enter a number to be multiplied by the strategy unit, which the plan will wait before the first order will be automatically called
5	Counter	A performance monitoring gauge attached/linked to a piece of equipment or functional location	Enter a counter number which is linked to the reference object.
6	FunctLocation	Functional Location Identifier of technical object assigned to plan	Enter Functional Object Identifier
7	Equipment	Equipment Identifier of technical object assigned to plan	Enter Equipment Identifier
8	Assembly	Assembly Identifier of technical object assigned to plan	Enter Assembly Identifier
9	Planning plant	Identifier for Plant where technical objects and planning object are defined	Enter Planning Plant if different from default from technical object
10	Planner group	Identifier for persons responsible for maintaining plan profiles	Enter Planner Group if different from default from technical object







11	Order type	Identifier for Order type. Different order types	Enter Order Type if different from
		may have different options	default from technical object
12	MaintActivityT	Identifier for Maintenance Activity Type	Enter Maintenance Activity Type if
	ype		different from default from
			technical object
13	Main WorkCtr	Identifier for Work Center which has	Enter Main Work Center if different
		responsibility for maintenance of technical object	from default from technical object
14	(Main	Identifier for Plant that Main Work Center is	Enter Main Work Center Plant if
	WorkCtr) /	assigned to	different from default from
	Plant		technical object
15	Business area	Identifier for Business Area organizational unit	Enter Business Area if different
			from default from technical object
16	Priority	Importance level for processing	Enter Priority if different from
			default from technical object
17	Task list /	Section Header	Select the Task List to be assigned
	General task		to orders via this plan
	list		
18	Object list item	Tab Strip	Used to assign multiple technical
			objects to the plan
19	Item Location	Tab Strip	Displays location information of
		_	technical objects







Step	Field Name	Description	User Action and
No	3.6	m 1 c. '	Values
1	Maintenanc	Tab Strip	
	e plan		
	scheduling		
	parameters	M. 1:C., C. L., a. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	A 1 - C 14
2	SF later	Modifies future scheduled call dates by the indicated percentage	Accept the default
	confirmatio	should the completion of the original call date is late by more than the tolerance	or modify
3	n Tolerance	The percentage work can be completed in advance of the scheduled	Accept the default
3	(+)		or modify
	SF earlier	call date and not change shift the call dates of future work	•
4		Modifies future scheduled call dates by the indicated percentage	Accept the default
	confirmatio	should the completion of the original call date be earlier by more	or modify
-	n T-1(than the tolerance	A 1 - C 14
5	Tolerance (-	The percentage work can be completed after the scheduled call date	Accept the default
) C1-	and not change shift the call dates of future work	or modify
6	Cycle	Used in maintenance plans, it allows the planner the ability to multiply	
	modificatio	cycle length of all the packages used in the plan by a certain factor to n	or modify
7	n factor	the maintenance show up more or less frequently.	A 441 1 C 14
7	Call horizon	Call horizon is how much of the cycle length you want to wait before S	
	C 1 1 1' D	creates the next order automatically	or modify
8	Scheduling Po		Accept the default
		for which the system creates	or modify
		maintenance calls during scheduling	
	Dagwings	of a maintenance plan.	Put a check in the
9	Requires confirmation	The next call is generated only when the previous one has been closed.	box if this is
	Commination	the previous one has been closed.	desired.
10	Time	A maintenance strategy based on the 12-month calendar. Ex: A 30-	Accept the default
10	Time	day maintenance package will be due every 30 days, 7/1, 7/31, 8/29,	or modify. Used
		etc	with time based
		cic	plans
11	Time-key	A maintenance strategy based on the 12-month calendar, which	Accept the default
11	date	allows the planner to select a specific date the maintenance will be	or modify. Used
	date	performed on, regardless of the day of the week. Ex: every 20th of	with time based
		the month.	plans
12	Time-	A maintenance strategy based on the 12 months calendar which only	Accept the default
12	factory	takes working days into consideration. Ex: A 30-day maintenance	or modify. Used
	caldr	package will have maintenance due ever 30 working days (usually 6	with time based
		calendar weeks)	plans

Click button to save Maintenance Plan Maintenance plan 100000000000 created

System will give a message in the message bar that your Maintenance Plan created as shown above.





10 GLOSSARY

	Components of a SAP Network that describe the work that needs to be
Activities	completed in support of a project
CO.	Controlling "module" in SAP – Controlling provides you with cost information
CO	for management decision-making
C 1	SAP term for legal entity for which a complete self-contained set of accounts
Company code	can be drawn up for external statutory reporting
Controlling Area	SAP organization element used to cover those company codes that share
Controlling Area	common cost accounting principles and processes
	Cost elements classify an organization's valuated consumption of production
Cost Element	factors within a controlling area. A cost element corresponds to a cost-relevant
	item in the chart of accounts.
Network	SAP term for a group of activities that represent the sequence of activities (or
Network	single activity) within a project
	In Logistics, a plant is an organizational unit for dividing an enterprise
Plant	according to production, procurement, maintenance, and materials planning.
	A place where materials are produced, or goods and services are provided.
PO	Purchase Order
	A profit center is a SAP organizational unit in accounting that reflects a
Profit Centre	management-oriented structure of the organization for internal Management
Profit Centre	Accounting controls
Project definition	The SAP term for a binding framework covering all organizational elements
1 roject definition	created within a project
PS	Project Systems - a "module" within the SAP-ERP central component (ECC)
10	that handles projects
	Systems, Applications and Products (in data processing)
SAP	The name of the software vendor selected to provide the base application for
	Project STA
	The "brand" name of the SAP application that delivers integrated business
SAP ERP	solutions. This solution contains a breadth of applications that support both
Central Component	specific industries and functional departments. This solution is broken into a
(ECC)	series of logically defined modules (e.g. PS or Finance) each consisting of a
	series of components
	Work breakdown structure - a work breakdown structure is a model of the
	work to be performed in a project organized in a hierarchical structure.
WBS	Specifically, in SAP terminology WBS are master data elements used in PS to
	structure and collect costs on projects





11 APPENDIX

11.1 <u>T - CODES FOR REOPRTS</u>

T-Code	Description
IH01	Functional Location Structure
IH04	Equipment Structure
IH06	Functional Location List Display
IH08	Equipment List Display
IK07	Measuring Point List Display
IK08	Measuring Point List Change
IA08	Tasklist List Change
IA09	Tasklist List Display
IP15	Maintenance Plan List Change
IP16	Maintenance Plan List Display





11.2 <u>T - CODES FOR PM</u>

T-Code	Description
IL01	Create Functional Location
ILO2	Change Functional Location
IL02	Display Functional Location
IE01	Create Equipment
IEO1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Change Equipment
IEO3	Display Equipment
IR01	Create Work Center
IRO2	Change Work Center
IR03	Display Work Center
CT04	Create/Change/Display Characteristics
IB01	Create Equipment BOM
IB02	Change Equipment BOM
IB03	Display Equipment BOM
IB11	Create Functional Location BOM
IB12	Change Functional Location BOM
IB13	Display Functional Location BOM
CS01	Create Material BOM
CS02	Change Material BOM
CS03	Display Material BOM
IK01	Create Measuring Point
IK02	Change Measuring Point
IK03	Display Measuring Point
IA05	Create General Tasklist
IA06	Change General Tasklist
IA07	Display General Tasklist
IP41	Create Maintenance Plan (Single Cycle)
IP02	Change Maintenance Plan
IP03	Display Maintenance Plan