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# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

# DRAFT

## CHINESE CABBAGE

UPOV Code(s): BRASS\_RAP\_PEK; BRASS\_RAP\_PCH; BRASS\_RAP\_PRA; BRASS\_TUR

Brassica rapa L. subsp. pekinensis (Lour.) Kitam.; hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. pekinensis (Lour.) Hanelt and Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. chinensis (L.) Hanelt; hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. pekinensis (Lour.) Hanelt and Brassica rapa L. var. rapa (L.) Thell.; Brassica ×turicensis O. E. Schulz & Thell.

#### GUIDELINES

#### FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

#### FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from the Republic of Korea to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Vegetables at its fifty-seventh session, to be held in Antalya, Türkiye, from 2023-05-01 to 2023-05-05

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

#### Alternative names:\*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Brassica rapa L. subsp. pekinensis (Lour.) Kitam. , Brassica campestris subsp. pekinensis (Lour.) G. Olsson, Brassica pekinensis (Lour.) Rupr., Brassica pe-tsai L. H. Bailey, Brassica rapa subvar. pe-tsai (L. H. Bailey) Kitam., Brassica rapa var. glabra Regel, Sinapis pekinensis Lour.	Chinese Cabbage	Chou chinois	Chinakohl	Repollo chino
hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. pekinensis (Lour.) Hanelt and Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. chinensis (L.) Hanelt				
hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. <i>pekinensis</i> (Lour.) Hanelt and <i>Brassica</i> <i>rapa</i> L. var. <i>rapa</i> (L.) Thell.				
Brassica ×turicensis O. E. Schulz & Thell. , Brassica juncea × Brassica rapa ssp. Pekinensis				

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

#### ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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#### 1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Brassica rapa* L. subsp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Kitam., hybrids between *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *chinensis* (L.) Hanelt, hybrids between *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. var. *rapa* (L.) Thell. and *Brassica ×turicensis* O. E. Schulz & Thell.

#### 2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

#### 10 g or 2,000 seeds

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.
- 3. <u>Method of Examination</u>
- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.
- 3.1.3 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

#### 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

#### 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

#### 4.1 Distinctness

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

#### 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

#### 4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

#### 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of seed-propagated varieties including cross-pollinated and hybrid varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 The assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.2.4 For the assessment of uniformity of single cross hybrid varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 60 plants, 2 off-types are allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

#### 5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Plant: height (characteristic 2)
  - (b) Head: shape in longitudinal section (characteristic 24)
  - (c) Head: degree of closing of leaves (characteristic 25)
  - (d) Time of harvest maturity (characteristic 32)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudoqualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

#### 6.5 Legend

			English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	1 2 3 4		5	6	7					
	Name of characteristics in English		Nom o caract frança	du tère en ais	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español				
	states of expression		types	d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión				

1 Characteristic number

2	(*)	Asterisked characteristic	- see Chapter 6.1.2
3	Type of expression QL QN PQ	Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic	<ul><li>see Chapter 6.3</li><li>see Chapter 6.3</li><li>see Chapter 6.3</li></ul>
4	Method of observation (and type MG, MS, VG, VS	of plot, if applicable)	- see Chapter 4.1.5
5	(+)	See Explanations on the Table of	f Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
6	(a)-(c)	See Explanations on the Table of	f Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

## 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)		I		
	Plant:	habit		·				
	erect						Golden boy, Granaat	1
	semi-e	erect					Bilko, Daetong, Muso	2
	spread	ding					Lycofresh Gimjang	3
2. (*)	QN	MS/VG		(a)				
	Plant:	height						
	very s	hort						1
	very s	hort to short						2
	short						Natsuki, TheHan1ho	3
	short t	o medium						4
	mediu	m					Bilko, Daetong, Muso	5
	mediu	m to tall						6
	tall						Monument, Shousai, Wonkyo20036ho	7
	tall to	very tall						8
	very ta	all						9
3.	QN	MS/VG		(a)				
	Outer	leaf: length						
	very s	hort						1
	very s	hort to short						2
	short						Golden boy, Summer Salad, TheHan1ho	3
	short t	o medium						4
	mediu	m					Daetong, Muso	5
	mediu	m to long						6
	long						Shousai, Wonkyo20036ho	7
	long to	o very long						8
	very lo	ong						9

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	English			français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
4.	QN MS/VG		(+)	(a)					
		Outer	leaf: width						
		very n	arrow						1
		very n	arrow to narrow						2
		narrov	v					Jinhongssam, Summer Salad	3
		narrov	v to medium						4
		mediu	m					Daetong, Muso	5
		mediu	m to broad						6
		broad						Bando, Lycofresh Gimjang	7
		broad	to very broad						8
		very b	road						9
5.	(*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
		Outer	leaf: shape						
		circula	ır					Bingsu, Kenshin	1
		broad	obovate					Daetong, Kaho	2
		mediu	m obovate					Muso, Suho	3
		narrov	v obovate					Lycofresh Gimjang	4
		elonga	ated obovate					Shousai, Wonkyo20036ho	5
6.		PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
		Outer apex	leaf: shape of						
		obtuse	9				•	Shousai	1
	rounded						Daetong, Muso	2	
		trunca	ted					Lycofresh Gimjang, Ousho	3

			English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
7.	(*)	QN	VG		(a)				
		Outer bliste	leaf: number of rs on upper side						
		very fe	€W						1
		very fe	ew to few	<b> </b>					2
		few						Granaat, Kinap, Sprinter	3
		few to	medium						4
		mediu	m					Daetong, Muso, Parkin	5
		mediu	m to many						6
		many						Enduro, Jindaebak, Ming	7
		many	to very many						8
		very n	nany						9
8.		QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
		Outer bliste	leaf: size of rs on upper side						
		very s	mall						1
		very s	mall to small						2
		small						Granaat	3
		small	to medium						4
		mediu	m					Daetong, Parkin	5
		mediu	m to large						6
		large						Bingsu, Enduro	7
		large t	o very large						8
		very la	arge		:				9
9.	(*)	QL	VG		(a)				
		Outer	leaf: main color						
		green						Daetong, EX King santosai, Hayamidori, Kaho, Muso, Parkin, Sprinkin	1
		purple						Jinhongssam, Kwonnongppalgang, Red Dragon	2

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10.	QN	VG		(a)			•	•
	Outer color	leaf : Intensity of						
	very li	ght					EX King santosai	1
	very li	ght to light						2
	light						Kaho, Red Dragon	3
	light to	medium						4
	mediu	m					Daetong, Kwonnongppalgang, Muso, Sprinkin	5
	mediu	m to dark						6
	dark						Hayamidori, Jinhongssam, Parkin, TheHan1ho	7
	dark to	o very dark						8
	very d	ark						9
11.	QN	VG		(a)				
	Outer	leaf: glossiness						
	very w	eak						1
	very w	eak to weak						2
	weak						Hanko, Kaho, Kinap	3
	weak t	o medium						4
	mediu	m					Daetong, Muso	5
	mediu	m to dark						6
	strong						Shunjyu	7
	dark to	o very dark						8
	very d	ark						9
12.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				1
	Outer	leaf: hairiness						
	absen	t or very weak					Bingsu, Summer Salad	1
	weak						Cream, Kinap	2
	mediu	m					Daetong, Shunjyu, Tardisto	3
	strong						Jinhongssam, Muso	4
	very st	rong						5

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	English			français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
13.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer Iongitu	leaf: profile in udinal section						
	concav	/e					Bilko, Parkin	1
	straigh	t					Daetong, Monument	2
	convex	<		_			Hanko	3
14.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)		1	1	
	Outer of mar	Leaf: undulation gin						
	absent	or very weak						1
	weak						Jinhongssam, Kaho, Red Dragon	2
	mediur	n					Hanko, Suho	3
	strong						Monument	4
	very st	rong					Shin-aduma, Wonkyo20036ho	5
15.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer margir	leaf: incisions of n on distal part						
	absent	or weak					Hanko, Jinhongssam, Kenshin	1
	mediur	n					Kasumi, Lycofresh Gimjang	2
	strong	•					Wonkyo20036ho	3
16.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer of mar part	leaf: dentation gin on basal						
	absent	or weak					Hanko, Jinhongssam, Kinap	1
	weak	to medium						2
	mediur	n					Daetong, Enduro	3
	mediur	m to strong						4
	strong						Sinrok Utgari, Wonkyo20036ho	5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
17.	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)			1	1
	Outer midrik	leaf: length of		-				
	very s	hort						1
	very s	hort to short						2
	short						Hamamidori	3
	short t	o medium						4
	mediu	m					Daetong, Muso	5
	mediu	m to long						6
	long						RCC65, Shousai, Wonkyo20036ho	7
	long to	o very long						8
	very lo	ong						9
18.	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)			1	-
	Outer midrit	leaf: width of						
	very n	arrow						1
	very n	arrow to narrow						2
	narrov	V					Shousai, Wonkyo20036ho	3
	narrov	v to medium						4
	mediu	m					Enduro, Jinhongssam, Red Dragon	5
	mediu	m to broad						6
	broad						Gorki, Harumaki 1 go, Jindaebak	7
	broad	to very broad						8
	very b	road						9
19.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)			1	-
	Outer cross	leaf: midrib in section						
	flat						Hanko, Kinap, Suho	1
	flat to	concave	†				Lycofresh Gimjang	2
	conca	ve					Bilko, Jinhongssam, Parkin	3

English français deutsch español **Example Varieties** Exemples Beispielssorten Note/ Nota Variedades ejemplo 20. MS/VG QN (+) (a) Outer leaf: thickness of midrib thin RCC65 1 thin to medium 2 medium Daetong 3 medium to thick 4 thick Jinhongssam 5 21. PQ VG (+) (a) Outer leaf: color of midrib Daetong, Lycofresh Gimjang, Muso white 1 2 Jincai3, Jinlv60 green purple RCC65, Red Dragon 3 22. QN MS/VG (b) Head: height very short 1 very short to short 2 3 short Golden boy short to medium 4 medium Muso, Parkin, Sprinkin, 5 Suho medium to tall 6 tall Jinhongssam, Monument, 7 Shousai tall to very tall 8 9 very tall

English français deutsch español **Example Varieties** Exemples Note/ Nota Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo 23. QN MS/VG (+) (b) Head: width very narrow 1 2 very narrow to narrow 3 narrow Granaat, Jinhongssam narrow to medium 4 medium Muso, TheHan1ho 5 medium to broad 6 7 broad Jindaebak broad to very broad 8 very broad 9 24. (\*) PQ VG (b) (+) Head: shape in longitudinal section circular Kenshin 1 elliptic 2 Hayamidori, TheHan1ho ovate Daetong, Shinjyu 3 4 obovate Gorki, Hamamidori Chushu, Golden boy, 5 oblong Hanko narrow oblong Granaat, Jinhongssam, 6 Shousai 25. (\*) QN ٧G (+) (b) Head: degree of closing of leaves open Jinhongssam 1 open to half-open 2 3 half-open Daetong, Spectrum half-open to closed 4 closed 5 Golden boy, Kinap, Muso 26. PQ ٧G (b) Head: color of top white Xinxiashuai 1 2 yellow green Bingsu, Kasumi Daetong, 3 green Lycofresh Gimjang, Muso 4 dark green Bando purple Jinhongssam, 5 Red Dragon

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	English			français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
27.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Head: wrapp	blistering of er leaf						
	absent	or very weak						1
	weak						Granaat	2
	mediur	n					Gorki, Jinhongssam	3
	strong						Daetong, Enduro	4
	very st	rong					TheHan1ho	5
28. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)		•	•	
	Head:	internal color						
	whitish						Bilko Parkin	1
	light ve	llow					Golden boy	2
	mediur	n vellow					Daetong Enduro Hanko	- 3
	dark ve	allow					TheHan1ho	4
	orange						Orange Queen	5
	purple						Jinhongssam, Red Dragon	6
29.	QN	VG		(b)		<u> </u>		
	Head.	firmness		•				
	·····							
	very lo	ose					Jinhongssam	1
	very lo	ose to loose						2
	loose						Granaat, RCC65	3
	loose t	o medium						4
	mediur	n					Gorki, Lycofresh Gimjang	5
	mediur	n to firm						6
	firm						Bando, Bazuko, Suho	7
	firm to	very firm						8
	very fir	m 		1			Shunjyu	9
30.	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)		[	[	
	Head: of inte	shape of apex rnal stem						
	pointed	1					Kaho, Wonkyo20036ho	1
	round						Bilko, Muso, Parkin	2
	truncat	e					Jindaebak, Syunju	3

English français deutsch español **Example Varieties** Exemples Note/ Beispielssorten Nota Variedades ejemplo 31. VG QL (+) (b) Head: coloration in vascular bundle of internal stem absent 1 Daetong present Betafresh 9 32. (\*) QN MG/VG (b) Time of harvest maturity very early Kenshin 1 very early to early 2 3 early Blues, RCC65, Sprinkin early to medium 4 medium 5 Enduro, Muso, Suho medium to late 6 Chusyu, Jindaebak, Parkin, Red Dragon late 7 late to very late 8 very late 9 33. QL VG (+) (c) Male sterility absent Kasumi, Suho 1 Cheonggwang, Hanko, 9 present Red Dragon

18

- 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics
- 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observation should be made at the beginning of head formation, before harvest maturity.
- (b) Observations should be made at harvest maturity.
- (c) Observations should be made at the flowering period
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics
- Ad. 1: Plant: habit



#### Ad. 4: Outer leaf: width

Observation should be made on the broadest part.

#### Ad. 5: Outer leaf: shape

circular





broad obovate



3 medium obovate





narrow obovate e

elongated obovate

Ad. 6: Outer leaf: shape of apex



1 obtuse



2 rounded



3 truncated

#### Ad. 8: Outer leaf: size of blisters on upper side



Ad. 12: Outer leaf: hairiness

Observations should be made on the lower side.

#### Ad. 13: Outer leaf: profile in longitudinal section

Observations should be excluding leaf base.

#### Ad. 14: Outer Leaf: undulation of margin



## Ad. 15: Outer leaf: incisions of margin on distal part

Observation should be made on distal part of leaf.





1. absent or weak

2. medium

3. strong

# Ad. 16: Outer leaf: dentation of margin on basal part

See Ad. 15

Observations should be made on the base part of leaf.



1 absent or weak



medium



strong





Ad. 18: Outer leaf: width of midrib

See Ad.17

#### Ad. 19: Outer leaf: midrib in cross section

#### See Ad.17

Observation should be made at 4~6cm from leaf base







flat to concave



concave

#### Ad. 20: Outer leaf: thickness of midrib

Observations should be made at the midpoint of the midrib where the characteristic 19 is observed.



## Ad. 21: Outer leaf: color of midrib

Observations should be made on inner side of leaf

Ad. 23: Head: width

Observations should be made on the broadest part.

# Ad. 24: Head: shape in longitudinal section



#### Ad. 25: Head: degree of closing of leaves



# Ad. 27: Head: blistering of wrapper leaf



## Ad. 28: Head: internal color

Observations should be made on upper part in longitudinal section.

## Ad. 30: Head: shape of apex of internal stem



pointed

∠ round 3 truncate

Ad. 31: Head: coloration in vascular bundle of internal stem



absent

present

#### Ad. 33: Male sterility

To be tested in a field trial.

Check presence of pollen on stamen: if pollen on stamen is present then male sterility is absent; if pollen on stamen is absent then male stellity is present.



1 absent



9 present

# 9. <u>Literature</u>

Shogakukan, 1991: The Grand Dictionary of Horticuluture. pp.560-563

Tsunoda, S., Hinata, K., and Gommez-Campo, C., 1980: Brassica Crops and Wild Allies - Biology and Breeding. Japan Scientific Press, Tokyo

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNIC	CAL QI	JESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
		- to be completed in co	TEC nne	CHNICAL QUESTIONNA	IRE for plant breeders' rights
1. S	Subject	of the Technical Questior	nnai	re	
1	.1.1	Botanical name	Bra	<i>assica rapa</i> L. subsp. <i>pe</i>	kinensis (Lour.) Kitam.
1	.1.2	Common name	Ch	inese Cabbage	
1	.2.1	Botanical name	hyl pe ssi	orids between <i>Brassica i</i> <i>kinensis</i> (Lour.) Hanelt a o. <i>chinensis</i> (L.) Hanelt	rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. nd <i>Brassica rapa</i> L. Emend. Metzg.
1	.2.2	Common name			
1	.3.1	Botanical name	hyl <i>pe</i> Th	orids between <i>Brassica i</i> <i>kinensis</i> (Lour.) Hanelt a ell.	rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. nd <i>Brassica rapa</i> L. var. <i>rapa</i> (L.)
1	.3.2	Common name			
1	.4.1	Botanical name	Bra	assica ×turicensis O. E. S	Schulz & Thell.
1	.4.2	Common name			

TECHI	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
2.	Applicant Name	[		
	Address			
	Telephone No.			
	Fax No.			
	E-mail address			
	Breeder (if different from applicant)			
3.	Proposed denomination and bre	eder's reference		
	Proposed denomination (if available)			
	Breeder's reference			

ТЕСН	NICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Numbe	ər:
#4.	Informa	tion on the breeding scheme	and propagation of the va	ariety	
	4.1	Breeding scheme			
	Variety	resulting from:			
	4.1.1	Crossing			
	(a)	controlled cross			[]
		(please state parent variety)			
		(	) x	(	)
		female parent		male parent	
	(b)	partially known cross			[]
		(please state known parent	variety(ies))		
		(	) x	(	)
		female parent		male parent	
	(c)	unknown cross			[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)			[]
	4.1.3	Discovery and development (please state where and whe	en discovered and how d	eveloped)	[]
	4.1.4	Other (Please provide details)			[]

TECHNICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number	•			
4.0							
4.2	Method of propagating the	variety					
4.2.1	Seed-propagated varieties						
(a)	Cross-pollination			[]			
(i)	Population			[]			
(ii	) Synthetic variety			[]			
(i)	Single hybrid			i i			
(b)	Hybrid			i i			
(ii	) Three-way hybrid			i i			
(iii	) Double hybrid			[]			
(c)	) _ case, za			[]			
(d)	Other (please provide detai	ls)					
		-,					
4.2.2	Other			[]			
	(Please provide details)						
In the e	as of hybrid variation the pr	aduction schome for the h	which chould be provide	ad on a conarato			
choot	This should provide details of	f all the lines required for r	vonagating the hybrid				
Sheet.	This should provide details o	i all the lines required for p	nopagating the hybrid,	e.y.			
Cina	la Unbrid (SU)						
Sing							
	(iemale parent) x (	.maie parent)					
Throw	Nov Hybrid (211/H)						
111/00							
	(female line) x (m						
	=> single hybrid us	seu as remaie parent x (	maie parent)				
ond sha	and abould identify in particular:						
and sho	buid identity in particular:						
(a)	any male sterile lines						
(b)	maintenance system of m	nale sterile lines.					

TECHI	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:			
<ol> <li>Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).</li> </ol>							
	Characteristics		Exa	ample Varieties	Note		
5.1	Plant: height						
(2)	verv short				1[]		
	very short to short				2[]		
	short		Nat	tsuki, TheHan1ho	3[]		
	short to medium				4[]		
	medium		Bilk	ko, Daetong, Muso	5[]		
	medium to tall			-	6[]		
	tall		Мо	nument, Shousai, Wonkyo20036ho	7[]		
	tall to very tall				8[]		
	very tall				9[]		
5.2 (24)	Head: shape in longitudinal section						
( )	circular		Kei	nshin	1[]		
	elliptic		Ha	yamidori, TheHan1ho	2[]		
	ovate		Da	etong, Shinjyu	3[]		
	obovate		Go	rki, Hamamidori	4[]		
	oblong		Ch	ushu, Golden boy, Hanko	5[]		
	narrow oblong		Gra	anaat, Jinhongssam, Shousai	6[]		
5.3 (25)	Head: degree of closing of leaves						
	open		Jin	hongssam	1[]		
	open to half-open				2[]		
	half-open		Da	etong, Spectrum	3[]		
	half-open to closed				4[]		
	closed		Go	lden boy, Kinap, Muso	5[]		
5.4 (32)	Time of harvest maturity						
	very early		Kei	nshin	1[]		
	very early to early				2[]		
	early		Blu	es, RCC65, Sprinkin	3[]		
	early to medium				4[]		
	medium		End	duro, Muso, Suho	5[]		
	medium to late				6[]		
	late		Ch	usyu, Jindaebak, Parkin, Red Dragon	7[]		
	late to very late				8[]		
	very late				9[]		

**TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE** Page {x} of {y} Reference Number: 6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way. Describe the expression of Characteristic(s) in which Describe the expression of Denomination(s) of your candidate variety differs the characteristic(s) for the the characteristic(s) for your variety(ies) similar to your similar variety(ies) from the similar variety(ies) candidate variety candidate variety Example Head : degree of closing of half-open closed leaves Comments:

тери				Poforance Number:			
		UESTIONNAIRE					
#7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety						
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?						
	Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(If yes,	please provide details)					
7.2	Are the	ere any special conditions for	growing the variety or cor	nducting the examination?			
	Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(If yes,	please provide details)					
7.3	Other	information					
Techn supple The k • • version Furthe "Deve [The I	ical Ques ements th ey points Indica Correc Good n (minimu er guidan Iopment o link provid	stionnaire. The photograph w e information provided in the to consider when taking a ph tion of the date and geograph ct labeling (breeder's reference quality printed photograph (m um 960 x 1280 pixels)" ce on providing photographs of Test Guidelines", Guidance ded may be deleted by memb	vill provide a visual illustrat Technical Questionnaire. hotograph of the candidate nic location e) hinimum 10 cm x 15 cm) a with the Technical Questic Note 35 (http://www.upov pers of the Union when dev	ion of the candidate variety which a variety are: nd/or sufficient resolution electronic format onnaire is available in document TGP/7 v.int/tgp/en/). veloping authorities' own test guidelines.]			

<b></b>								
TECH	HNICA		TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of	f {y}	Reference	Number:	
8.	. Authorization for release							
	(a)	Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?						
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(b)	Has su	ch authorization bee	en obtained?				
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	If the	answer to	o (b) is yes, please	attach a copy of t	he authoriza	tion.		
9. Inf	formati	on on pla	nt material to be ex	amined or submit	ted for exam	ination		
9.1 pests roots	Th s and stocks,	e expres disease, scions ta	sion of a characteris chemical treatmen ken from different g	stic or several cha t (e.g. growth re rowth phases of a	aracteristics o tardants or a tree, etc.	of a variety ma pesticides), ef	ay be affected	by factors, such as le culture, different
9.2 chara has t the b	9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:							
	(a)	(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) Yes [] No []						No [ ]
	(b)	Ch	emical treatment (e	.g. growth retarda	ant, pesticide	)	Yes [ ]	No [ ]
	(c)	Tis	sue culture				Yes [ ]	No [ ]
	(d) Other factors				Yes [ ]	No [ ]		
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".							
9.3 ⊦	9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?							
	Yes []							
	(please provide details as specified by the Authority)							
	No		[]					
10.	10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:							
	Applicant's name							
	1-1							
	Si	gnature				Date		

[End of document]