LRC GET BETTER TIP Latin

Irregular Verbs

Sum, Esse, Fui, Futurus- To Be

<u>Present Stem</u>= Es- <u>Perfect Stem</u>= Fu- <u>Supine Stem</u>= Fut-Present Active Indicative: <u>Present Active Subjunctive</u>:

SumSumusSimSimusEsEstisSisSitisEstSuntSitSint

Imperfect Active Indicative:

Eram Eramus
Eras Eratis
Erat Erant
Present Imperative:
2nd: Es Este
Future Imperative:

2nd: Esto Estote 3rd: Esto Sunto

All other forms of *sum* follow regular verb patterns. The verb itself is not active or passive and does not have a present participial form except in late or philosophical Latin.

Prosum, Prodesse, Profui, Profuturus- To Help

Prosum follows the same patterns as *sum*, except for the fact that before E a D is added.

Present Active Indicative:

Prosum Prosumus
Prodes Prodestis
Prodest Prosunt

Possum, Posse, Potui, - To Be Able, Can

Possum is formed from the combination of *potis* and *sum*. It has a present participle, *potens*, but no supine.

Volo, Velle, Volui, ___ - To Be Willing, Will, Wish

Present Active Indicative: Present Active Subjunctive:

VoloVolumusVelimVelimusVisVultisVelisVelitisVultVoluntVelitVelint



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Irregular Verbs Continued

Nolo, Nolle, Nolui, ___ - To Be Unwilling, Will Not

Present Active Indicative:

Nolo Nolumus Non vis Non vultis Non vult Nolunt

Malo, Malle, Malui, ___ - To Be More Willing, Prefer

Present Active Indicative:

Malo Malumus Mavis Mavultis Mavult Malunt

Besides these conjugations, volo, nolo, and malo all follow regular verb rules. It is also clear that nolo and malo are derived from volo, with nolo being a combined form of "ne-volo" and malo from "ma-volo" derived from "mage-volo." There are two other important points to note: malo does not have a present participle; volo and malo do not have imperative forms.

Fero, Ferre, Tuli, Latum - To Bear, Carry, Endure

Do, Dare, Dedi, Datus - To Give

Fero and do follow regular verb patterns, besides their irregular stems.

Eo, Ire, Ii (Ivi), Itum - To Go

Present Active Indicative: Present Active Subjunctive: Ео **Imus** Eam Eamus Is Itis Eas **Eatis** Ιt Eunt Eat Eant **Future Participle Present Participle** Gerundive Iens, Gen. Euntis Iturus Eundum

All other forms of *eo* follow regular verb patterns, though they may look abnormal because of the verb looks as if it is only composed of verb endings.



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