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Southern California Combat Air Patrols **Spring Propagation Forecast** MT Reviews: Uniden's BC-296D AOR'S AR-ONE!

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Mcdes: AM, LSB, USB, ISB, DSB, CW, FM

Bancwidth: 1 Hz to 15 kHz

continuously variable in 1 Hz increments

Sensitivity: 0.25 µV (AM, 10dB3/N)

S-meter sensitivity: 0.1 µV



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Vol. 23, No. 4

April 2004



Cover Story

Inside the Austin/ Travis County Trunked Radio System By John Mayson

Following some near-disastrous incidents in the 1990s in which public safety agencies could not communicate with each other, Austin, Texas, elected to install a new Motorola digital trunked system. It went on line in the spring of 2003, but hobbyists could not follow the faster control channel until this newest generation of scanners.

Today there are several scanners capable of 9600 bps trunk tracking, and the Austin system is well on its way to being mapped out by hobbyists. Here is what has been gleaned so far of the frequencies and talkgroups on this state of the art communications system. Story starts on page 12.

Cover photo: "I got to spend a sunny afternoon with my son downtown taking pictures for this article. I sometimes forget just how much there is to do in Austin. We have the state Capitol, lots of museums, great food, an active nightlife, and a laid back atmosphere." John Mayson

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By Dan Yemiola

In simple terms and numerous graphics, the author i lustrates various configurations which enable repeater systems to operate over a arge area, adapting to the needs of the agency and characteristics of the terrain.

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By Laura Quarantiello

Combat Air Patrols (CAP) had all but disappeared from American skies, but the terrorist attack of 9/11/2001 changed all that. Today, although patrols fly on reduced, irregular schedules, a number of bases are always on active alert. To tune in to air patrols over Southern California, here are the frequencies, callsigns and previty poces.

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By Tomas Hood

The vernal equinox brings changes in radio propagation characteristics from such atmospheric phenomena as aurora, sporadic-E and meteor showers. How do these affect radio waves and what is the prognosis for spring 2004 at this point in the solar cycle?

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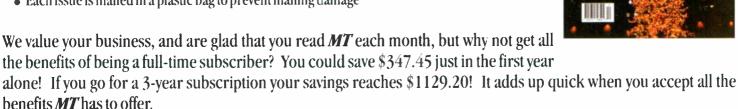
By Larry Van Hom

A list of the most active and interesting nonbroadcast frequencies in the shortwave frequency spectrum, selected by M7's assistant editor. There's not room to run the entire list in this issue so this list will be continued through several editions and will be posted on the M7 web page when complete.

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Reviews:

The Uniden BC-296D is a good radio for all-purpose listening with its wide frequency coverage and great flexibility in search capabilities, step sizes, modes, and bandwidth choices (see page 78) – great for monitoring the Austin TRS.

You've been seeing the ads for AOR's new to-end AR-ONE receiver. MT finally got its hands on one, though this unblocked receiver isn't for sale to private citizens. Most notable are its incredible 10kHz - 3.3 GHz range, high intermod rejection, PC control flexibility, and small size. (See page 82.)

TRX Manager provides computer control over almost everything in your radio shack - and beyond! For decoding and viewing HF Fax and NAVTEX messages. SeaTTY is smart and casy. (See page 80.)

The Gadget Guy reviews several accessories of interest to the radio enthusiast who wears his radios - the CM-Pro radio harness. Hands Free radio harness, and C Crane's Voz earpiece (page 86).

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Correcting the Record 1

Milan Hudecek of WiNRADiO pointed out that we omitted the WR G303i model in the summary of DRM-capable radios in the February *Computers & Radio* column. The series examined various options for reception of Digital Radio Mondiale digital shortwave. Readers interested in DRM reception will want to take the following points into consideration:

"1. The G303i is the first consumer receiver which works with DRM without any need for modifications.

"2. The G303i is the first (and still only) PC-receiver which has its own fully integrated software.

"3. The G303i has won 5-star rating and "Best PC-based Receiver Award" from the WRTH (2004 issue), not mentioning other independent reviews such as a glowing one in the Shortwave Magazine.

"4. The G303i is the only receiver which is specifically supported by tailor-made software on the DRM Web site. The receiver itself has been developed in close consultation with DRM (see http://www.winradio.com/home/drm.html."

- Milan Hudecek, WiNRADiO

Correcting the Record 2

Glenn Hauser sent in the following correction to a "correction" made to his January Global Forum: Shortwave Broadcasting column.

"I just happened to notice that in the Jan 2004 issue of MT, in your Shortwave Broadcasting column, what I presume was a 'helpful' editor at the magazine changed my report of programming on Western Sahara radio. I *had* written in my original email to you: 'The program has been commentary interspersed between exceptionally interesting and beautiful vocal music with what sounds like an oud (and percussion) accompaniment,..'"

Oud was changed to loud, "rendering this as a rather meaningless description, with poor syntax to boot."

"FYI, as you probably know (but not known, apparently, to an MT editor) the oud is a musical instrument. The Merriam-Webster dictionary describes it as being 'of the lute family used in southwest Asia and northern Africa' – that's what I heard, and that's what I meant!"

- Steve Waldee

My apologies! This is particularly embarrassing to this editor since I'm interested in unusual musical instruments, and actually knew better.

Grundig Mini 100PE

"I wanted to let you know about the Grundig Mini 100PE. It is a great little radio. For \$29.95 it's not a bad deal. I have put in one set of Duracells and it just keeps going – it won't die and it sounds great, too. The other radios I use are Sony ICF2010, Grundig YB400, YB400PE, YB550, GE Superadio and my favorite BC-348Q. Also Radio Shack PRO20323, BC2500 scanners, Yaesu FT50R, Radio Shack HTX202 and a Cobra 2000GTL.

"I'm a longtime subscriber to MT and look forward to reading it every month. Keep up the great work you all do to put this publication out."

- Marty Sanchez

Bob Grove comments, "Very few readers will recognize the BC 348Q. Tuning from 150 kHz-18 MHz, this was the most popular receiver to appear on the surplus market after World War II."

Family Radio Feedback

Though I am tardy in printing this letter written in response to Bob Grove's October 2003 article "FRS in Perspective" – a comparison of Midland G-225 versus an older Cherokee pair – the observations are very interesting.

"My experiences with FRS radios have been different. I have a pair of Motorola FR50s. They have the 3 in. rubber duck antenna and use three AA batteries. I do wish they had the 38 CTCSS tone squelch; the model FR60 did. Both models are now out of production.

"My experience with the range on these units is: 5 - 7 miles over flat, but not clear terrain. There was a thick, large stand of trees, halfway between us. I was amazed. I repeated this test several times, in different weather, etc. with the same results. From a person on the ground to one in a car averaged 1-1/2 to 2 miles.

"We also tested some 2-Watt Audiovox units as we tested my Motorola's. The Audiovox were no stronger than my 1/2-Watt units. Again, a surprise.

"I did notice one feature on the Motorola that I feel helped make the difference. That was an outstanding receiver. Seldom did you ever have to push the Monitor button to hear other units.

"Maybe you could get a pair of Motorola FRS radios and test them in a future article. They are quality units. I paid \$32 for the pair a year ago. Money well spent."

- Gary Hickerson, Arkana, OK

I note we have not reviewed a Motorola model since 1999. Perhaps Jock Elliott will

revisit Motorola's current crop to see if they perform as well as those discontinued models. Given the curious behavior of radio waves, I think all communications radios should carry the disclaimer "Results may vary..."

Station Identifications

Kevin Cary forwarded this query and answer in case it is helpful to others in identifying the following signal:

"I know you're the monitor for 500 kHz and below, but I have an AM signal at 570 kHz here in Melbourne, FL, that we locals cannot identify. It is a time station which broadcasts a tick on each second and a tone on the minute. Then the call sign RR is broadcast in Morse code. There is a Spanish AM station on that frequency but the time ticks can be heard over it. A Web search has produced nothing, do you have any information on it?"

- Bernie Lukas W4EDX

"Thanks for your note. The station you're hearing is Radio Reloj (Spanish for "Radio Clock") from Santa Clara, Cuba. "RR" is a time service that people can tune to using a simple AM radio. There are other Reloj stations in Cuba, but 570 is the only one I have heard logged in the U.S., possibly because it is a relatively clear frequency here. It's not reported very often, however, so congratulations on your catch!"

- Kevin Carey

"I really enjoy reading Monitoring Times! It's really informative – I can't wait to get each new issue. Keep up the good work! I run an Icom IC-R75 and a longwire up 50 feet.

"I was tuning around below the CB band the other day and I heard what I thought was a pirate radio station at 26.45 MHz. It was playing classical music and a women's voice identified it as 'the radio diva network.' I'm not sure if it is a pirate or if it's legal, because every so often the woman would give the call sign WPZA598. Have you guys heard of it?"

— Murphy Sweet

Murphy got his own answer by looking up the FCC records online, and discovered the station was licensed. When he emailed the station to ask for more information about the station, here is the reply he received. Thanks for sharing this, Murphy!

"Thanks for the e-mail. What you heard on 26.450 MHz was the H.F. feed of the Radiodiva Network. We provide programming via fiber optic link and shortwave to our affiliate broadcast stations. Programming began on Dec 15, 2003 and the H.F. transmitter was fired-up on Jan. 1, 2004 at 0000 UTC.

"Our studio is located in Dallas, Texas and the FCC has restricted our output power to 100 watts, but that is more than enough to get a signal into Reno!

"Right now our format is classical music. Within six months we will change format and play music solely from female pop/rock artists, hence the name "Radio Diva".

"I hope this helps. Thanks for your in-

- Marty Reeves

Support for Monitoring Times

"As per the Closing Comments in the January 2004 MT, I'd like to show my support of MT. Is a lifetime subscription to MTavailable? If so, cost?"

- Kraig Krist, KG4LAC

Many thanks for the expression of support. Kraig! It's been many, many years since we have discussed the possibility of a lifetime subscription. However, in fairness to both the subscriber and the magazine, I suspect it isn't the best idea.

Given the volatility of the magazine and hobby market, it's more fair to everyone if we simply try to keep the subscription as close to actual cost as possible. That way neither the magazine nor the subscriber gets burned badly if expenses change. Three years out is probably as far as any of us would like to predict and would be a great vote of confidence!

"On January 2nd this year I renewed my subscription to MT for 3 years. Apparently I was slow to renew and missed the January issue. Is it still possible to acquire that copy? I did pick up the February issue at the local book store today. I hope that puts me back on track. MT is my favorite radio magazine and I've seen them all since I got into the ham/monitoring hobby 40 years ago. So missing an issue is somewhat painful! Guess it's my 'post-it-note' generation of paper memory that I've entered. Anyway, please advise." - Robert Kissel, W8KPU

"Like many of your readers I didn't receive the January 2004 issue of MT. I mark the beginning of each month knowing MT will be in the mail box! When it didn't arrive I called and was initially very disappointed to learn that a replacement copy was not available. The offer to extend my subscription by one month was a nice gesture, but it doesn't replace the info each issue offers.

"I decided to try the electronic version that uses the same PDF technology I use to distribute our newsletter. WOW! I never realized the photos are all in living color. I have access to a Xerox printer that actually binds the pages to form a book, so the end result I achieved is actually more durable than the printed version I've been receiving.

"Adobe's technology now allows me to export my favorite columns to separate folders and the end result will be a slightly smaller paper recycling pile each week. Now, if I could only get all the catalogs my wife receives in PDF!

"I'm sold. I'll be calling your subscription department to see if they can convert my recently renewed paper subscription to the electronic version. I'd like to make mention of this in our newsletter and I'd like to include a link so readers can obtain a sample copy in PDF. Do you offer a sample link?

"Please feel free to share my enthusiasm with your readers."

- Bob Kozlarek

We don't know why so many issues had to be replaced in January - it may have been a combination of holiday mail and January renewals that didn't meet the deadline. We truly regret those we were not able to replace. But for those wanting to download a sample issue using electronic delivery, you can try it out at http:// www.monitoringtimes.com/html/ freemt.html

MT Express delivery has in fact gotten even better. Here are a few comments from folks downloading it from our new high-speed server.

"A quick note to congratulate you on the new procedures for MT Express. It is easy, and user-friendly. Nice to receive the new edition so early - don't know how well the US Postal Service handles the printed edition, but Canada Post is truly the manifestation of the title "snail mail".

- Ray White VA3RAY

"Here's a switch!! Just wanted to tell you I LOVE the new site. Did not have a problem at all with the new way, unlike the old way. Thought I would give you a GOOD JOB note."

- Stephen Nelson

"Greetings. Wow. Nice improvement from the previous download service. If this is the new download service, I will renew my subscription. Thanks for the opportunity. How do I go about resubscribing?"

- Vince

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We welcome your ideas, opinions, corrections, and additions in this column. Please mail to Letters to the Editor, 7540 Highway 64 West, Brasstown, NC 28902, or email editor@monitoringtimes.com. Letters may be edited for length and clarity.

Happy monitoring!

-Rachel Baughn, KE4OPD, editor

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Be My Guest

here is an Indian proverb that says "Tell me a fact and I will learn; tell me the truth and I will believe; but tell me a story and it will live in my heart forever." These stories that follow – "war stories" some would call them in the never ending battle for listeners' rights – are a departure from our usual coverage of state and federal laws on the use and possession of police scanners and monitor radios. They illustrate important additions to the body of law that covers this field: There are other rules out there besides the law.

It is amazing how the popularity and proliferation of electronic devices can bring about change, oftentimes more effectively and with more speed than the powerful lobbying of Congress, via the many members of powerful organizations like the National Rife Association (NRA) or the American Association for Retired Persons (AARP). These two groups are among many who are well known for their ability to flood Congress with thousands of messages on whatever topic is of highest concern at any particular moment.

Many years ago, in the late 1980s as cellular telephones were starting to spread, the new devices were often unwelcome in some places. The Federal Courthouse in Miami, Florida, for example, did not allow persons to enter the courthouse with a cellular telephone. No real reason was given. No order of the court was shown. No facilities to secure the devices were provided. You had to leave them outside. Cellular telephones at the time were just going from briefcase size, literally, to lunchbox size. The popular Motorola "brick" handheld was still years away. We also did not have the post 9/11 "war on terrorism" rationale that we have in America now.

Today, the popularity of the mobile phone is such that most courthouses allow them in, although the newest trend - camera phones - is again causing some distress in federal courts. Adhering strictly to the rules that there should be no cameras in the courtroom, federal courthouses around the nation are once again requiring visitors to surrender their mobile phones (as well as Personal Digital Assistants and other electronic devices) at the door if those phones include the ability to take pictures. Guests are advised by order of the court to check their camera-equipped mobile phones and devices at the security checkpoint as they enter. So the question arises, when can the government, absent a law, make such regulations? And, similarly, when can private companies ban scanners and two-way radios?

♦ If You Can't Beat 'em...

Before the popularity of the Family Radio Service (FRS), the sight of civilians in public using two-way radios sometimes meant that you had stumbled onto a local police undercover operation. It was rare to see ordinary folks going about their daily routine and using a two-way radio, or walkie-talkie as many liked to call such devices. FRS has really changed all that.

What was once viewed as odd – persons like you and me, out in public, using a two-way radio – is now commonplace. Even private property owners that frowned on their guests having and using such devices seem to have changed their tune. Most recently, the Disney Company's Walt Disney World Resort near Orlando, Florida, seems to have done an about face on their old rule which prohibited two-way radio and scanners in the parks.

While we still don't have the official word on this (and we have asked the top mouse himself), Walt Disney World Resort's recent television ad showing four women using a two-way radio in front of the EPCOT entrance's Spaceship Earth seems to approve the use and possession of radios on the property. The ad shows four wives talking to their husbands who are supposed to be at one of the other theme parks – the Disney / MGM Studios. (In reality the men sneaked off to one of the resort's several golf courses, but they report back that they are at one of the thrill rides of the theme park instead.)

Years ago such an ad would have run counter to the rule (in the theme parks, at least) that guests were not allowed to have two-way radios or scanners. In fact, as one story goes, a Disney security guard approached a guest using a UHF two-way radio and inquired if it could receive the park frequencies which were in the 460 MHz range. The guest who was doing exactly what the actors in Disney's new ad are doing explained that he was talking to his friend at another part of the property. He was still asked by Disney security to not use the radio in the park and to leave it outside the park on his next visit.

Discretion - the Better Part of Valor

In addition to court rules and private property owner's bans like these on two-way radios, there are federal regulations that are cloaked with the authority of statutory law, but are not necessarily codified into the United States Code – federal statutory law. For example, the Federal Aviation Administration's Federal Aviation Regulation on the use of electronic devices aboard aircraft

(FAR 91.21). This is the rule that accounts for the warning all aviation passengers hear before take-off and landing to please turn off all portable electronics.

Even turned off, the presence of a two-way radio for many is an intimidating sight. Security and privacy concerns become foremost over individual rights. Hobbyists and licensed users of two-way radios and police scanners should exercise discretion when, where and how to use their equipment and enjoy their hobby with caution, lest we continue to frighten the powers that be and find ourselves dealing with more and more restrictions on our right to listen.

FAR Sec. 91.21 - Portable electronic devices.

- (a) Except as provided in poragraph (b) of this section, no person may operate, nor may any operator or pilot in command of an aircraft allow the operation of, any portable electronic device on any of the following U.S.-registered civil oircraft:
- (1) Aircraft operated by a holder of an air carrier operating certificate or an operating certificate; or
- (2) Any other aircraft while it is operated under IFR.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to
 - (1) Portable voice recorders;
 - (2) Hearing aids;
 - (3) Heart pacemakers;
 - (4) Electric shavers; or
 - (5) Any other portable electronic device that the operator of the aircraft has determined will not cause interference with the navigation or communication system of the aircraft on which it is to be used.
- (c) In the case of an aircroft operated by a holder of an air carrier operating certificate or an operating certificate, the determination required by paragraph (b)(5) of this section shall be made by that operator of the aircraft on which the particular device is to be used. In the case of other aircraft, the determination may be made by the pilot in command or other operator of the aircraft.

Disclaimer

Information in this column is provided for its news and educational content only. Nothing here should be construed as giving specific legal advice. Persons desiring legal advice about their specific situation should consult an attorney license in their jurisdiction.



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COMMUNICATIONS

FCC Okays BPL Proposal

The FCC has unanimously approved a Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM) to deploy Broadband over Power Line (BPL). The NPRM is the next step in the BPL proceeding, which began last April with a Notice of Inquiry that attracted more than 5100 comments—many from the amateur community. The FCC did not propose any changes in Part 15 rules governing unlicensed devices, but said it would require BPL providers to apply "adaptive" interference mitigation techniques to their systems. An ARRL delegation that included President Jim Haynie, W5JBP, attended the FCC open meeting in Washington, and later expressed disappointment in the FCC action.

"The Commission clearly recognized that the existing Part 15 emission limits are inadequate to stop interference, but it's placing the burden of interference mitigation on the licensed user that's supposed to be protected," said ARRL CEO David Sumner, K1ZZ.

FCC Chairman Michael Powell called BPL "tremendously exciting." While conceding that BPL has "a long way to go," the chairman said it could be "the great broadband hope for a good part of rural America." Powell also said the FCC's OET has worked very hard to try to "get their hands around" the issue of interference and that the FCC would continue its vigilance in that area.

Additional information about BPL and Amateur Radio is on the ARRL Web site, http://www.arrl.org/tis/info/HTML/plc/, NNNN /EX

Issues in Broadcasting: BBC

The BBC suffered a stinging rebuke in a judicial review and the resignation of two senior administrators (BBC Director General Greg Dyke and Corporation chairman Gavyn Davies)in late January for reporting last May that the government had exaggerated pre-war intelligence about Iraq's access to weapons of mass destruction. The BBC report and the government's reaction set off a major political controversy and led to a chain of events that resulted in the apparent suicide in July of David Kelly, a weapons expert in Britain's Defense Ministry, after he was identified publicly as the source for the story.

In addition to the resignations, the new acting chairman, Richard Ryder, issued a sweeping apology and promised reforms.

Hundreds of BBC employees have walked off their jobs and into the streets in spontaneous protests and many have questioned the impartiality of the judicial report and criticized the capitulation of BBC leadership.

This is already a delicate time for the BBC, whose government-issued charter is up for renewal in 2006. Many of its critics, including the Conservative Party and legions of journalistic and cultural competitors, believe it should be overseen by an outside agency, as Britain's other broadcasters are.

One broadcaster spoke up on the BBC's behalf, however – Jon Snow, news anchor on the rival Channel 4. "Whatever mistakes were

made, government clashes with the state broadcaster are dangerous; there are implications for every journalist," he wrote in an email. "This is one of the most worrying and difficult days of my broadcasting career. We could find that the death of David Kelly ends up robbing Britain of the best public service broadcaster in the world."

A broad examination of public service broadcasting is already underway, with a report to be published in April. The *Times* of London reported that the government is considering a range of proposals for the BBC, including breaking it up into separate units for England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

Issues in Broadcasting: Europe

Public broadcasters all across Europe are facing increasing challenges from regulators, private-sector competitors, and viewers. Up for examination are reevaluations of their mission, the fees or taxes that sustain them, and their relevancy.

The financing and structure of public broadcasting varies widely across Europe. Some broadcasters are financed almost entirely by license fees or taxes; others rely entirely on commercial money; still others are a hybrid, accepting financing from both sources.

While viewers and private-sector companies complain about fees and government support, broadcasters wrestle with the difficulty of striking a balance between quality and commercial success. The BBC has drawn criticism for what some Britons say is a dumbing-down of the broadcaster's once-highbrow programming, while others welcome the move away from what they see as a snobbish tradition. But others wonder if the new marketplace mentality was a factor in recent lapses at the BBC and Radio France 2.

As the furor over a report critical of the BBC's reporting on the British government's case for war in Iraq was easing (see previous story), France 2's news director was forced to resign and a popular anchor was suspended. They had reported that the former prime minister, Alain Juppé, planned to resign from various political posts after being convicted on corruption charges, while Mr. Juppé was actually announcing on a rival, privately-owned channel that he planned to stay on.

In Italy, where the RAI public broadcasting system is governed by a board dominated by political appointees loyal to the prime minister, political pressure has led to loss of credibility. Increasing instances have come to light in which the prime minister used his influence to prevent programming critical of him or his government from being aired.

Regardless of the outcome of license fee reviews, commercial pressures on public broadcasters will only grow in coming years as governments manage the transition from analog to digital broadcasting. That will mean a proliferation of viewer choice, making life even more challenging for public broadcasters – even if they do not compound the damage with their own jour-

nalistic mistakes and political miscalculations.

Amending the Morse Code

In December, the International Telecommunications Union, which oversees the entire frequency spectrum from amateur radio to satellites, voted to add a new character to the venerable Morse Code.

"It's a pretty big deal," said Paul Rinaldo, chief technical officer for the American Radio Relay League. "There certainly hasn't been any change since before World War II."

In an irony of the digital age, the change will allow ham radio operators to exchange emails more easily. The new sign "@" – which will be known as a "commat" – consists of the signals for "A" (dot-dash) and "C" (dash-dot-dash-dot), with no space between them.

Tauzin to Retire

W.J. "Billy" Tauzin (La.), one of the most powerful Republicans in the House, will not seek reelection when his 12th term expires at the end of this year and vacated the chairmanship of the Energy and Commerce Committee effective Feb. 16.

Tauzin is remembered less than fondly by radio hobbyists for characterizing scanner listeners as "electronic stalkers" and for his orchestrated humiliation of *Monitoring Times* publisher Bob Grove who voluntarily participated in a public hearing when Tauzin was chairman of the House Subcommittee on Telecommunications, Trade, and Consumer Protection.

Rep. Joe Barton (R-Tex.) is seen as likely to take over Tauzin's chairmanship.

Tauzin, 60, was hospitalized twice in recent months for health problems, including a bleeding ulcer. Tauzin was widely expected to succeed Jack Valenti as president of the Motion Picture Association of America but turned down the job – and its more than \$1 million salary.

Soon after, he received a larger offer to head the Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA), the trade group that represents drug giants such as Pfizer Inc. and Merck & Co. He is expected to take the PhRMA offer and leave the House before his term expires,



Apr 17: Seal Beach, CA

Southern California Area DXerS - SCADS 12 Noon to 4 pm, Farmers & Merchants Bank, Community Room (12535 Seal Beach Blvd) Subject: FM - AM DXing. Guest Speaker: Tari Livingston–Hughes. Bill Fisher billfishernow@@netzero.net; http:// groups.yahoo/group/SCADS

April 24: Chesapeake, VA

Chesapeake ARS Springfest at Hickory Ruritan Club, 2752 Battlefield Blvd S (GPS 36 37.703N 076 12.573W), call-in 146.82 (-offset), 9a.m., adm \$6. For more information see http://www.qsl.net/cars or contact Leo Kusuda KG4PWC kg4pwc@arrl.net.

COMMUNICATIONS

Public Citizen, a public interest group, has called for an ethics investigation of Tauzin on conflict of interest issues.

D.C. to Test Emergency **Transmission Network**

The District of Columbia is testing a private wireless network for emergency communications that could become a template for cities around the country. The one-year pilot program will provide high-speed video, database and voice transmission to police, fire and other emergency workers throughout the city.

About 200 people from public safety agencies and Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority will be allowed to connect to the network on their laptops and handheld computers during the trial period, the city said

The new wireless system will be set up by Motorola Inc., which is installing and maintaining the systems, and Flarion Technologies Inc., which designed the wireless technology.

Although the central purpose of the system is to provide reliable and secure communications and to coordinate response in an emergency situation in which cellular and conventional telephone systems often get clogged. it can also be used in daily applications. This would include such things as sending photos from a crime scene, scanning and sending out photos for an Amber missing child alert, or transmitting video from a helicopter.

Flarion systems are already being tested in commercial networks in Europe and South Korea, and Nextel Communications Inc. in Reston said it would test Flarion's systems in Raleigh, where Nextel customers will be able to use its systems to send videos and other data.

Safety Net

Despite concerns from lawmakers, public safety officials, and the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), the road to interoperability is not only painfully slow, but a lot of folks aren't taking the same road to get there. (See Closing Comments. March 2004.) The country's 44,000 federal, state and local rescue agencies currently use scores of different radio systems on 10 different frequencies. David Boyd, director of the Wireless Public Safety Interoperable Communications Program (SAFECOM) at the DHS, has acknowledged that "we need solutions quickly."

One solution that takes diverse systems and allows them to talk to one another right now is the Aegis SafetyNet(TM) Radio Bridge, which interconnects incompatible radios and bridges them beyond their normal capabilities. The SafetyNet(TM) Mobile Command Post complements the system by adding broadband video, audio and other data.

Aegis is currently completing initial quality control testing of the SafetyNet(TM) Radio Bridge using radios supplied by major public safety agencies, including the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, Los Angeles Police Department, Orange County Sheriff's Department, San Diego County Sheriff's Department, Los Angeles Fire Department, and Anaheim Fire Department as it prepares to roll-out the SafetyNet(TM) Radio Bridge nationally.

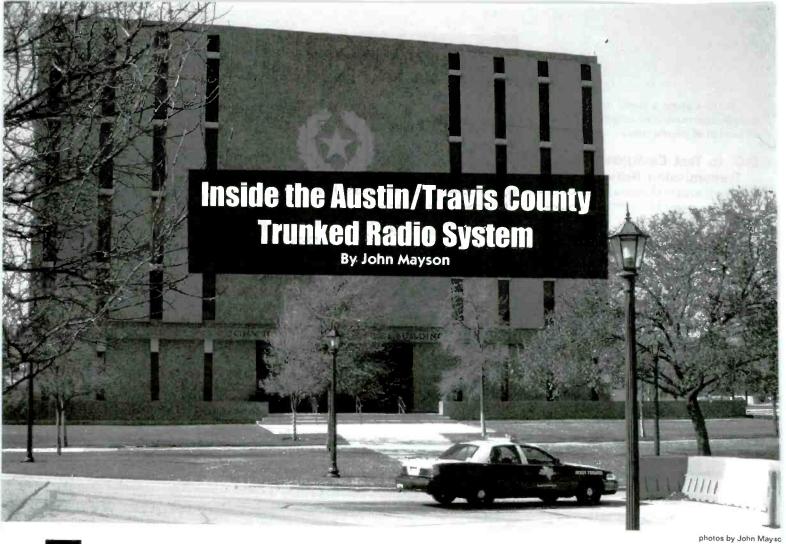
"We want state and local officials to work with us. They own 95% of the infrastructure and they're the key to solving this," Boyd said.

Doing Away with the VOA?

See the Program Highlights by John Figliozi on page 44.

"Communications" is compiled by editor Rachel Baughn newsclippings submitted by our readers. Many thanks to this month's contributors, Anonymous, NY; Sterling Marcher, CA; David Parsons, AZ; Doug Robertson, CA; Brian Rogers, MI; Donald Strumpf, PA; and by email from Anonymous, Maryanne Kehoe, Jerry None, D Prabakaran, Tom Sundstrom, Larry Van Horn, Dan Veeneman, and Barry Williams





d About Austin

or the past six years I have had the pleasure of living in the city that *Money Magazine* recently described as having "a stylish. exciting urban life, but without a lot of the hassles big cities are known for." It's the seat of Texas' state government and, for much of the year, home to over 55,000 college students. The city, if you haven't already guessed, is Austin, Texas.

The city proper is home to over 650,000 residents who make up more than half of the 1.2 million people who call metropolitan Austin home. A thriving high-tech industry has lifted Austin from being a sleepy state capital and college town to major city. It is true that Austin does not have many of the hassles of a large city, but it's not exactly Mayberry RFD either. After all, Austin is now the 16th largest city in the nation

For the past twenty years Austin has relied on conventional UHF frequencies for their police, fire, and EMS services. The system has served the city well, but Austin finally outgrew their radio network. In fact, it was becoming dangerous. In 1996 Austin saw a six-alarm fire at the Centennial Condominiums. Austin Police Department (APD) cruisers were blocking fire hydrants and the city's fire department had no way to talk to the police to get them to move their cars.

A year later during a domestic violence call, APD officers shot a Travis County Sheriff's deputy. The other deputies knew who was walking out of the house, but APD did not and opened fire. The city studied the problem and proposed a countywide trunked radio system.

In May 2000, Austin announced it had selected Motorola to design and build an estimated \$70 million digital trunked system for Austin/ Travis County. Rival Com-net Ericsson argued unsuccessfully that their trunked system was compatible or could tie-in with the area-wide Lower Colorado River Authority's (LCRA), Bell County's, and San Antonio/Bexar County's trunked radio systems. Austin instead chose to continue their long standing relationship with Motorola. It didn't hurt that Motorola plants in Austin produce the chips that go inside the equipment and that locally headquartered Dell would provide the computers.

The system came online in the late spring of 2003. Scanner listeners quickly discovered no commercially available scanner could track and demodulate the system. Thankfully, in December 2003 our friends at Uniden came to the rescue with two scanners that could monitor the Project-25 Phase II CQPSK modulation and 9600 baud control channel used by the system. On January 30th, Radio Shack made a surprise announcement that the existing Pro-96 handheld could be updated allowing it work with the new Phase II systems. The two handhelds (Pro-96 and BC-296D) and the desktop/mobile BC-796D are available from Grove Enterprises and other advertisers in this magazine.

Austin is the county seat for Travis County. However, Austin's city limits do not stop at the county line. The city lies mostly in Travis County but with a significant portion in Williamson County. In order to provide the same level of service to all citizens, the Austin Police and Fire Departments and the Austin/Travis County EMS department provide emergency services to all of Austin regardless of county.

Austin's trunked system has patches to Williamson County EMS, Bastrop County, and the LCRA. Austin is also licensed to use the five National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee (NPSPAC) frequencies allowing for mutual aid communications to neighboring jurisdictions (see Table 1).

Austin Fire Department dispatches for the cities of Pflugerville, Oak Hill, Manchaca and Travis County Fire Control on 153.950 MHz. This is simulcast on talkgroup 1403 for the benefit of Austin/Travis County EMS. The private ambulance company AMR dispatches for Travis County Fire Rescue and will not use the trunked system due to cost.

The System

There are two simulcast layers on this system, one is citywide and the other is countywide. The citywide layer has seven towers and can support up to nineteen simultaneous conversations. The countywide layer has eleven towers and can support up to twenty-three simultaneous conversand can support up to twenty-three simultaneous can support up to twent

neous conversations. In addition the system has several Intelli-repeaters to provide service in difficult coverage

The system has two simulcast sites each with their own set of frequencies (see Table 1). Both city and county agencies appear on both sites. The Intelli-repeater sites do not use the Phase II COPSK modulation and listeners reported they could monitor some traffic from the IR sites using a Radio Shack Pro-96. The "off the shelf' Pro-96 cannot demodulate the two main simulcast sites, but with the free DSP update it can.

The system provides communications for city, county, and state agencies in Travis County that includes: City of Austin, Travis County, Aus-

tin Independent School District (ISD), Capital Metro Transit, City of Pflugerville, City of West Lake Hills, Texas Department of Transportation, Texas Legislative Council, Texas House of Representatives, Austin Water & Wastewater, Austin Energy, Austin Community College, and the University of Texas at Austin.

The Users

The system hosts over a dozen agencies. Here is a list of agencies of most interest to most scanner listeners.

Austin Police Department

Central Texas' largest law enforcement team is led by Chief Stanley L. Knee. APD has more than 1,300 officers and about 500 civilian employees with a \$155 million budget.

APD has divided the city into nine sectors:

Location Sector Northwest Adam Central West Baker Charlie Central East Southwest David Northeast Edward Southeast Frank

Guadalupe Street, Sixth Street, Ware-George

house District Henry Downtown Ida North Central

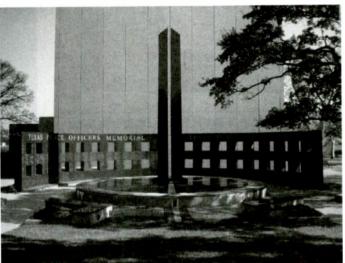
According to crime statistics, Austin has less than 65 crimes per 1,000 people per year, making it one of the safest cities in the nation. Super job, APD!

Austin Fire Department

AFD boasts over 1,000 firefighters working 40 active fire stations, an aircraft firefighting/ rescue station at the airport, and seven office sites. All recruits must pass a rigorous 28-week, 1,100 hour academy. Over 200 hours are taken up by medical training. All must pass state-administered exams and be certified as EMTs and firefighters.

Austin/Travis County EMS Department

All Austin/Travis County EMS personnel operate under the medical direction of Dr. Ed Racht, M.D. A total of 38 different emergency service agencies fall under the EMS umbrella and



include LCRA Rangers, Austin-based DPS (state police) troopers, and corporate first respond-

A/TC EMS employs almost 300 paramedics, operates 22 ambulances, 5 rescue ambulances, a tactical paramedic ambulance and 2 rescue helicopters. They are recognized in the emergency medicine community as being one of the best EMS departments in the nation and Austin is considered one of the best cities in which to suffer a heart attack.

Not only do we have some of the best paramedics in the nation, we have pushed hard to place automatic external defibrillators (AED's) in public spaces such as the airport and malls. Since the new airport opened in 1999, airport police have saved four lives using AED's. When a person has suffered a heart attack, an AED can increase the odds of survival by as much as 40%, but they must be used immediately. A three to five minute response time for EMS is good, but still can be deadly to a cardiac patient. Early access to an AED is critically important.

Twenty-four area employers operate medical emergency response teams. They can get much needed medical care to employees and visitors while EMS travels to the scene. These teams, employed at places such as Abbott Labs, Applied Materials, IBM, Motorola, Solectron, and 3M, are trained to give CPR, provide oxygen, operate an AED, and treat life threatening inju-

Travis County Sheriff's Office

Sheriff Margo Frasier leads the county's law enforcement department. TCSO is responsible for providing law enforcement in unincorporated areas of Travis County and operate the county jails. TCSO also operates boat patrols on the area lakes west of the city.

Austin Civilian Defense Battalion

This group was the first of its kind in the United States after September 11th. Their mission statement says they are "to be in readiness as well-trained civil defense volunteers to support the work of the Austin Police Department."

The CDB consists of four companies of citizen volunteers who act as the eyes and ears of the Austin Police Department. They can patrol on foot or in marked maroon Ford Crown

Company "A" is the Aviation Detail and assists travelers with transportation and housing during times of crisis or closure of the airport.

Company "B" is the Homeland Security Supplemental Service. They assist APD with duties such as daylight patrols of areas experiencing increased crime, parking control and access to city buildings, and working special events.

Company "C" is the Headquarters Detail. They work in the main police building assisting visitors, answering phones, making copies, or anything else with which APD needs

assistance.

Company "D" is the Homeland Security detail. They disseminate information through "telephone trees," assist with non-emergency 3-1-1 calls, maintain lists of citizens with language skills, and enlist help from the community in times of crisis.

Volunteers for the CDB must have normal hearing and vision, ability to stand for two or more hours at a time, be able to lift at least 20 pounds, and pass a criminal background check.

Closing

The citizens of Austin and Travis County can sleep well at night knowing they have thousands of dedicated professionals working to keep them safe and a state-of-the-art communications system keeping those professionals safe.

I got to spend a sunny afternoon with my son downtown taking pictures for this article. I sometimes forget just how much there is to do in Austin. We have the state Capitol, lots of museums, great food, an active nightlife, and a laid back atmosphere. When you get the chance, pack up your scanner and head down to Austin. We'd love to have you!

I'd like to take this opportunity to thank Wes Ogilvie and Robert Barker for their help with the talkgroups. Long-time friend Bill Cherepy proofread the article and pointed out items that made sense to fellow Austinites like myself, but not the rest of the country. I'd also like to offer a big thanks to Lindsay Blanton for maintaining the Trunked Radio Database. It's an invaluable resource to us all.

Table 1. Austin/Travis County TRS frequencies

Site 1: 866.1625* 866.2875* 866.7125 866.8125 866.9250 867.0875 867.1125 867.3125 867.3375 867.5750 867.6000 867.8250 867.8500 868.1000 868.1250 868.3625

868.4250 868.6250 868.6875 868.9500 Site 2: 866.1375* 866.7375 866.8375 867.1625 867.1875 867.4125 867.6375 867.6875 867.9500 868.0500 868.2750 868.3250 868.5750 868.8500

Marble Falls IR 866.8875* 867.2875 867.8000 868.1500 868.7500

Honeycomb IR 867.2625 867.7250* 868.1750 868.7750

Burleson Manor IR 867.8750 868.2250* 868.5000 868.9250

USGS Shingle IR 867.6625 867.9250* 868.4000 868.8000

Davis IR 866.8625 867.1375* 867.7750

Conventional frequencies:

866.0125 I-Call central 866.5125 I-Call 1D NE 867.0125 I-Call 2D SE 867.5125 I-Call 3D SW



868.0125 I-Call 4D NW 867.3750 Critical 1D (simplex) 867.4500 Critical 2D (simplex)

* denotes control channels IR = Intelli-repeater

Frequencies courtesy of http://www.trunkedradio.net

Table 2. Austin/Travis County talkgroups

We've grown accustomed to seeing Motorola talkgroup numbers that are multiples of sixteen. The newest Motorola systems have ended this. Talkgroups can now be any integer value.

The city continues transmitting on their conventional frequencies, but should stop after the new dispatch center comes online in January 2004. The conventional frequencies are included for the benefit of those who were familiar with Austin's old system. Some VHF frequencies continue to be used and have "linked to" before the frequency.

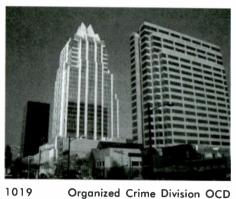
Some talkgroups are known to exist, but the talkgroup number has not yet been reported. In such cases the talkgroup description is listed without a talkgroup number.

Austin Police Department

7031111 FOI	ice peharimeni
Talkgroup	Description
971	Dispatch Adam sector (460.100)
972	Street Response 1
973	Disease Pulson 4 (440 450)
	Dispatch Baker sector (460.450)
974	Street Response 2
975	Dispatch Charlie sector (460.175)
976	Street Response 3
977	
	Street Response 4
978	Dispatch David sector (460.275)
979	Street Response 5
980	Dispatch Edward sector (460.325)
981	Street Response 6
982	Street Persons 7
	Street Response 7
983	Dispatch Frank sector (460.400)
984	Street Response 8
985	Street Response 9
986	Dispatch George sector (460.475)
987	Street Bosses 10
	Street Response 10
988	Dispatch Henry sector (460.500)
989	Street Response 11
990	Dispatch Ida sector (460.025)
991	Special events
992	RAT
993	STEP 1 Traffic Enforcement
994	STEP 2 Traffic Enforcement
995	STEP 3 Traffic Enforcement
996	License & Weight
997	
	Motors
1000	Crit 1
1001	Crit 2
1002	Training 1
1003	Training 2
1004	Training 3
1005	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 1
1006	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 2
1007	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 3
1008	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 4 Traf-
	fic Office
1000	
1009	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 5
1010	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 6
1011	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 7
1012	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 8
1013	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 9
1013	Coloria al Latelli
	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 10
1015	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 11
1016	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 12
1017	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 13
1018	Criminal Intelligence Bureau 14

Criminal Intelligence Bureau 14

Surveillance



1019	Organized Crime Division (
1028	Homeland Defense 1
1029	Homeland Defense 2
1390	Red A/4
1391	Red B/5
1392	Red C/6
1393	Red D/&
1394	Red E/8
1521	Aviation Police 1
1522	Aviation Police 2
1523	Aviation Police Investigations
3396	Interoperations A
3397	Interoperations B
3398	Interoperations C
3399	Interoperations D
3400	Interoperations E
3401	Interoperations F
3402	Interoperations G
3403	Interoperations H
3416	Law 1
3417	Law 2
3418	Law 3
3419	Law 4
3420	Law 5
603	Fleet Maintenance

Austin City	Marshal
Talkgroup	Description
1546	Channel 1
1547	Channel 2
1548	Channel 3

Travis County Sheriff's Office (TCSO)

Talkgroup	Description
2306	Jail
2307	Jail
2308	Jail
2309	Jail
2403	Baker (154.085)
2404	Charlie
2405	Adam (155.310)
2406	David `
2407	East TAC
2408	West TAC
2409	SWAT 1
2410	SWAT 2
2411	Events 1
2412	Events 2
2414	Dive/Lake
2422	Courthouse

Travis County Constable Talkgroup Description 2551 Constable (154.845) 2553 Constable 2558 Constable Precinct 1 2559 Constable Precinct 1 2576 Constable Precinct 2 2577 Constable Precinct 2 TAC 1 2601 Constable Precinct 3 2602 Constable Precinct 3 TAC 1 2603 Constable Precinct 3 TAC 2 2626 Constable Precinct 4 2651 Constable Precinct 5

Constable Precinct 5 TAC 1

Constable Precinct 5 TAC 2

2652

2654

1018

Pflugerville Police Department

Talkgroup	Description
3177	Channel A
3178	Channel B
3179	CID
3180	TAC 1
3181	TAC 2

Mustang Ridge Police Department

Talkgroup Description 2986 TAC MRPD is dispatched by TCSO

Austin Park Police

Talkgroup	Description
271	Channel 1
275	Channel 2

Austin Fire Department

Austin Fire	vepartment
Talkgroup	Description
1122	Alarm 5 (453.450)
1371	Firecom 1/Blue-1
1372	Firecom 2/Blue-2
1373	Firecom 3/Blue-3
1374	Firecom 4/Blue-4
1375	Firecom 5/Blue-5
1376	Firecom 6/Blue-6
1377	Firecom 7/Blue-7
1378	Firecom 8/Blue-8 Airport
1379	Firecom 9/Blue-9
1380	Firecom 10/Blue-10
1381	Firecom 11/Blue-11
1382	Firecom 12/Blue-12
1383	Firecom 13/Blue-13
1384	Firecom 14/Blue-14
1385	Firecom 15/Blue-15
1386	Firecom 16/Blue-16
1403	Firenet (linked to 153.950)

Austin/Travis County EMS		
Talkgroup	Description	
1221	EMS Dispatch (462.975)	
1222	EMS Medcom North	
1223	EMS Medcom Central	
1224	EMS Medcom South	
1225	EMS Medcom West	
1230	EMS Event 1	
1231	EMS Event 2	
1232	EMS Event 3	
1244	Seton Southwest Hospital	
1245	Seton Northwest Hospital	
1246	St. David's Hospital	
1247	North Austin Hospital	
1248	South Austin Hospital	
1249	Heart Hospital of Austin	
1250	Brackenridge Crash	
1251	Brackenridge Treatment	
1252	Brackenridge Pediatric	
1253	Brackenridge Labor & Delivery	
1254	Seton Hospital	
1262	Emergency	



	The second secon
1264	EMS County (linked to 155.715
	Red 4 (Mass Casualty)
	Red 5 (Mass Casualty)
	Red 6 (Mass Casualty)
	Red 7 (Mass Casualty)

Austin Water & Wastewater Department

Talkgroup	Description
4	Water/Wastewater
6	Water/Wastewater
7	Water/Wastewater
8	Water/Wastewater
9	Water/Wastewater
11	Water/Wastewater
12	Water/Wastewater
13	Water/Wastewater
19	Water/Wastewater
24	Water/Wastewater
32	Water/Wastewater

MOSIIII EIIC	'97
Talkgroup	Description
155	Electric Dispatch

Austin City Services

AUSIIII CIIY	Sel Aires
Talkgroup	Description
253	Park Operations Common
255	Park Maintenance
258	Deep Eddy Pool
259	Emma Long Park
260	Walnut Creek Park
261	Garrison Park & Golf Athletics
262	Lake Walter E. Long
263	Fiesta Gardens

264	Zilker Park
266	Parks Aquatics
267	Recreation Center
268	Nature Trail
273	Park Events 1
274	Park Events 2
428	Convention Center
429	Convention Center
430	Convention Center
432	Convention Center
433	Convention Center
434	Convention Center
435	Convention Center
436	Convention Center
438	Convention Center
442	Convention Center
581	Street & Bridge
589	Street & Bridge
601	Service Center (Vehicle Equipment
	Service)
632	Libraries
646	Animal Control Dispatch
647	Animal Control TAC
648	Code Enforcement

Austin-Bergstrom International Airport

Talkgroup 1476 1478 1479	Description ABIA Operations ABIA Security ABIA Constitute ABIA Operations
1482	ABIA Operations

Austin ISD	Talkgroups
Talkgroup	Description
3076	Police
3077	Police North
3078	Police Central
3079	Police South
3080	Police TAC 1
3091	Police TAC 2
3082	Alarm Maintenance
3086	Buses
3089	Buses
3095	Maintenance
3097	Maintenance
3100	Maintenance
3104	Unknown

Travis County Parks Department

Talkgroup	Description
1902	TNR Service 1
1903	Channel 1 - Comanche
1904	Channel 2 - Hamilton Pool
1905	Channel 3 - Mansfield
1906	Channel 4 - Pace Bend
1907	Channel 5
1908	Channel 6
1911	TNR Channel
	1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908

Travis County Government

Talkgroup	Description
2332	Office of Emergency Management
2226	HAZMAT

University of Texas at Austin

Talk	group	Description
297	76	UTPD Channel 1 - Operations
297	77	UTPD Channel 2
297	78	UTPD Channel 3
297	79	Events 1
298	30	Events 2
298	31	Events 3
298	34	LBJ Library & Museum
299	0	Systems
299	23	UT Parking and Traffic

LCRA Rangers

Barne want	,
Talkgroup	Description
3426	Rangers
3427	Dispatch

Courtesy of http://www.trunkedradio.net, Wes Ogilvie, and Robert Barker

How Wide Area VHF Radio Systems Work

By Dan Yemiola, AI8O

hen a public safety agency has operations that cover a wide area, like the State Police, it soon finds that one base station (which is usually located in the state capital) will not suffice.

In our hypothetical example below, State Police mobiles on the fringes of the State of Pineland cannot communicate with the state capitol at Needles.

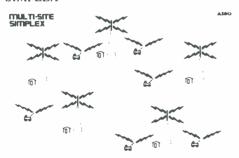


The first way to ensure adequate areawide radio coverage is to divide the entire area into several different territories, and establish dispatch centers around the state.

Each dispatch center is responsible for an area called a radio zone.

Each radio zone has its own base radio station, and the mobile units assigned to a dispatch center usually have one or more blocks of unique unit numbers assigned to the radio zone. These unique unit numbers allow the dispatchers to quickly "hear" radio traffic from units that belong to their radio zone.

This configuration is called: MULTI SITE SIMPLEX



In this type of system every base and mobile shares the same radio frequency and every unit can hear every other unit and base station within range.

This simplex configuration has one advantage, which is also its major drawback: radio zone base stations can communicate directly with each other by merely calling another radio zone base station as if it were just another mobile, but base stations with their superior antenna systems also hear a lot of radio traffic from nearby base stations and other base station's mobiles that is not directed to them.

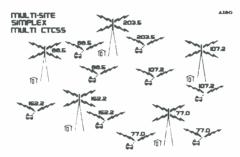
Dispatchers have to waste a lot of time listening to radio traffic, most of which does not concern them. This diverts the dispatcher's

time and attention from other important tasks.

To reduce the amount of unwanted radio traffic heard from other radio zones, a "Continuous Tone Coded Selective Squelch" (CTCSS) is installed in each base and mobile transmitter of the radio system.

CTCSS is a system of standardized, very stable, sub-audible tones that are added into the regular audio signal transmitted by a radio. If a radio with CTCSS receives a signal that does not have the proper CTCSS tone, it will not open the audio squelch, and no sound will come out of loudspeaker.

Each radio zone has its own unique CTCSS tone.



One drawback with multi-site simplex multi-CTCSS systems is that since *all* units share just one radio frequency, neighboring radio zone bases stations and mobiles won't hear each other's traffic, but they will still interfere with each other. This means that as the amount of radio traffic in the *entire* system increases, interference increases and system throughput decreases.

Eventually, the amount of radio traffic increases to such a point that only one unit in the entire system can transmit and be heard by its associated base station at a time, and more and more messages are delayed, garbled, or even lost completely.

To reduce interference between base stations, neighboring radio zones are placed on different (discrete) radio frequencies. Because the numbers of radio frequencies are limited, the FCC will not license a large number of radio frequencies to one user agency. This means that the same radio frequency will have to be used in more than one radio zone. The number of radio frequencies that the FCC will license is just enough so that radio zones that border each other will not use the same radio frequency. Also, usually when a wide area radio system becomes this sophisticated, an additional discrete radio frequency is licensed on a statewide basis to be used as a "TAC" or "Common" or "Inter Zone" channel.

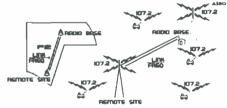
This type of system is known as: SIM-PLEX MULTI FREQUENCY.

Sometimes even after wide area radio sys-

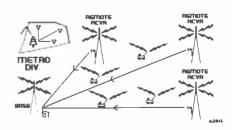


tem radio zones are established, there are still "dead areas" in various parts of a radio zone. These can be due to any one of a number of factors: The radio zone is still too big and parts of the radio zone are over the radio horizon, mountains are in the way, or big buildings in a city block the radio signals. Since subdividing radio zones and establishing new dispatch centers is not an economical or effective response, several different solutions are used.

In areas where neither the radio zone base station nor the mobiles can hear each other, an unmanned remote base is established. It consists of a transmitter/receiver on a standard radio zone frequency, and a remote link transmitter/receiver operates in a different frequency band (typically this is microwave frequency). This kind of remote base is very similar to a hemi-duplex repeater.



In areas where radio zone base stations cannot hear the mobiles but the mobiles can hear the base station, an unmanned remote receiver site is installed. It consists of a receiver only on the standard frequency for the radio zone and a remote link transmitter on another frequency that transmits back to the radio zone base station.



Some wide area radio systems can be quite complex, combining remote bases and remote receivers, and sometimes even having radio zones that have multiple sets of remote receivers linked to remote bases that are linked in turn to radio base stations.

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MHz., 849.0125-868.995 MHz., 894.0125-956.000 MHz.

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Homeland Air Force: Monitoring Southern California Combat Air Patrols

By Laura Quarantiello

Combat Air Patrol (CAP): An aircraft patrol provided over an area for the purpose of intercepting and destroying hostile aircraft before they reach their targets.

hen American Airlines Flight 175 slammed into the World Trade Center on September 11, 2001, it was eight minutes from being intercepted by two armed fighter jets. The F-15s, scrambled from Otis Air National Guard Base in Falmouth, Massachusetts, were 71 miles away when Flight 175 impacted the South Tower. 22 minutes later, NORAD sent two F-16s from Langley Air Force Base to intercept American Flight 77. They were 12 minutes away when the 767 crashed into the Pentagon. It was a tale of too little, too late.

At the time of the attacks, only seven locations in the United States had Air National Guard fighters on ready alert, set to lift off in less than 15 minutes. This was in stark contrast to the stateside fighter status during the Cold War when more than 100 locations had fighter jets on the runways. The seven alert locations, at bases located around the perimeter of the US, were selected to protect the nation from external threats. No one could ever conceive that the threat might come from within.

Within hours of the September 11th attacks, combat air patrols under the direction of the North American Aerospace Defense Command (NORAD) took to the air over every major city in the United States. It was the first time since the Cuban Missile Crisis that armed jet fighters were launched to protect America. The jets were ready to identify, challenge, divert, escort, force to land or shoot down any aircraft that did not follow instructions. The CAP flights, conducted mostly by Air National Guard units, continued until April 2002 when they were scaled back to what the Air Force calls a "tiered approach" based on current threats and intelligence, as well as available resources.

Since September 11th, the number of alert bases in the US has been increased to approximately 26 (the number fluctuates according to threat levels), with up to four ANG fighters at each base standing ready alert. CAP missions—though no longer continuous—fly mostly in

response to local events or intelligence assessments of potential threats. The irregular patrols are designed so that enemies can never know exactly when or where flights will be, but Air Force officials say most of these flights occur over large urban centers, major events, or in areas where the President or other dignitaries are traveling.

On the West Coast, a major hub for CAP activity has been Southern California. With 35 million people, numerous airports, several amusement parks, nuclear facilities, military installations, high rise buildings, and busy seaports, the area is considered a high value target for terrorism.

On September 11th, when the FAA grounded all air traffic in the United States, aviation listeners used to hearing communications from the routine ebb and flow of operations at Southern California's airports were stunned at the silence. Both civilian and military frequencies were quiet. CAP flights became the only game in town for military monitors, as there was literally nothing else flying.

Within hours of the attacks, F-16s from the 144th Fighter Wing of the California Air National Guard were airborne, providing air defense protection for California from the Mexican border to Ukiah. NORAD frequencies that had previously seen little or no activity suddenly became active with the voices of fighter pilots patrolling the airspace above Los Angeles and San Diego. There were no quips or casual exchanges over the airwaves: these pilots were flying fully armed fighters and were ready to act to protect California's citizens from harm. Many listeners reported that the tone and content of the communications were unlike anything they had ever heard before.

Several frequencies emerged as "must-



haves" for local listeners: 364.2, 271.0, and 282.6 handled the bulk of communications between BIGFOOT (NORAD Western Air Defense Command, using several changeable call signs) and the fighters. In addition, several VHF frequencies served as air to air channels between the jets (see frequency list) and provided interesting insight into operations.

Because fighters are thirsty beasts, the CAPs were often refueled in midair by tankers and these communications occurred either on the primary UHF frequency or a secondary NORAD channel. Not everything was in the clear, however, as the pilots frequently "went secure," using Have Quick radios for encrypted transmissions. The data bursts kept casual lis-

teners out of the loop, but provided muchneeded communications security for the CAP flights. Once regular air traffic resumed, the CAP jets also began coordinating operations with the Los Angeles Air Route Traffic Control Center, usually on 119.95 and 277.4.

The first CAP flights over Southern California were flown by the 144th Fighter Wing of the state's Air National Guard, launching from March ARB and Fresno ANGB. Patrols have since been supplemented by ANG units from Montana, Arizona, and Nevada, as well as regular Air Force units. Call signs of CAP flights vary with the unit and also can change with the mission (see call sign list).

Continuous CAP flights over Los Angeles and the surrounding area remained in place until around April of 2002, when the Air Force moved to a random patrol posture. Officials cited the strain on crews, support personnel, and planes as the reason for the cut back, as well as due to a reduced domestic threat. Random patrols continued, however, and are still in place today.

Though the CAP flights over Los Angeles, San Diego and surrounding cities occur randomly, at any time of the day or night, there are certain things that step up the patrol pace. For instance, in December 2003, just days before Christmas, combat air patrols over LA were increased in response to the raising of the nation's terror alert level to Orange because of information of a pending attack on Los Angeles. Intelligence information concerning suspicious passengers caused Air France to cancel six Christmas Eve flights from Paris to Los

Angeles International. When Air France flights resumed, two fighter jets were on hand to escort them to touchdown. A week later, on New Year's Eve, Aeromexico's Flight 490 to LAX was cancelled when U.S. officials told Mexico that the flight would be denied landing rights due to security concerns. In the following days. CAP jets shadowed Flight 490 as it entered US airspace until it landed at LAX.

The events of 9/11 changed the way this country protects its domestic airspace. Fighter jets are geared up to launch on short notice from multiple locations and random

CAP patrols watch over major cities, ready to intercept wayward airliners or other airborne threats. If the tragedy of 9/11 taught us anything, it taught us that we must be armed and ready in the skies. Hopefully, our military jets will never again be in a situation where it's too little, too late.

F16s on a CAP flight, courtesy DoD

260.800	
265.400	White 2
271.000	Blue 15
288.400	Blue 19
295.800	Blue 20
300.125	Blue 40
321.300	Blue 60/Amber 6
364.200	Blue 7

NORAD WESTERN AIR DEFENSE CAP FREQUENCIES

138.150 138.225 138.400 138.675 139.925 142.375 148.125	Air to Air Air to Air Air to Air Air to Air Air to Air Air to Air
282.600	Blue 17
252.000	Blue 11

CALIFORNIA CAP CALL SIGNS

ALEXIA	194th FS, California ANG [F-
BANYAN	16] 27th FS, Langley AFB, VA [F-15]
BLUTO	162nd FW, Arizona ANG [F-16]
CATS	162nd FW, Arizona ANG [F-16]
DOGS	120th FW, Montana ANG [F-16]
GRIZZLY	163rd ARW, California ANG
COLLATH	[KC-135R]
GOLIATH	552nd ACW, Tinker AFB, OK

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COMMON CAP BREVITY CODES

- ALPHA CHECK Request for or confirmation of bearing and range to a point.
- ANCHOR (ANCHORED) Orbit about a specific point; refueling track flown by tanker.
- AUTHENTICATE To request or provide a response for a coded challenge.
- BANDIT An aircraft identified as enemy.
- BEAM(ING) Target stabilized within 70 to 110 degree aspect; generally given with cardinal directions: east, west, north, or south.
- BINGO Fuel state needed for recovery.
- BOGEY DOPE Request for target information as briefed.
- BOX Groups/contacts/formations in a square or offset square.
- BRAA Tactical control format providing target bearing, range, altitude, and aspect, relative to a friendly aircraft.
- BREAKAWAY Tanker or receiver directive call indicating immediate vertical and nose/tail separation between tanker and receiver is required.
- BULLSEYE An established point from which the position of an object can be referenced; made by cardinal/range or digital format.
- CAP/CAPPING Directive call to establish an orbit at a specified location.
- CHECK Turn degrees left or right and maintain new heading.
- CLEAN No radar contacts on aircraft of interest.
- COLD On a leg of the combat air patrol (CAP) pointed away from the anticipated threats; also group heading away from friendly aircraft.
- DECLARE Inquiry as to the identification of a specified track(s), target(s), or correlated aroup.
- FENCE (IN/OUT) Set cockpit switches as appropriate prior to entering/ exiting the combat area.
- FLANK(ING) Target with a stable aspect of 120 to 150 degrees.
- GADGET Radar or emitter equipment.
- GO ACTIVE Go to briefed Have Quick net.

- GO CLEAR Use unencrypted voice communications.
- GO SECURE Use encrypted voice communications.
- GROUP Radar targets within approximately 3 nautical miles of each other.
- GUNS An air-to-air gunshot.
- HEAD Target with an aspect of 160 to 180 degrees.
- **HEADS UP Alert of an activity of interest.**
- HOLDING HANDS Aircraft in visual forma-
- HOME PLATE Home airfield or carrier.
- JOKER Fuel state above bingo at which separation/bugout/event termination should begin.
- JUDY Aircrew has radar/visual contact on the correct target, has taken control of the intercept, and only requires situation awareness information. Controller will minimize radio transmissions.
- LEAD-TRAIL Tactical formation of two contacts within a group separated in range or following one another.
- MERGE Information that friendlies and targets have arrived in the same visual arena; Call indicating radar returns have come together.
- MICKEY Have Quick time synchronization signal.
- NAKED No RWR indications.
- NEW PICTURE Used by controller or aircrew when tactical picture has changed. Supersedes all previous calls and re-establishes picture for all players.
- NO FACTOR Not a threat.
- PARROT IFF transponder.

- PICTURE Provide tactical situation status pertinent to mission.
- PLAYMATE Cooperating aircraft.
- PLAYTIME Amount of time aircraft can remain on station.
- POGO Switch to communication channel number preceding POGO. If unable to establish communications, switch to channel number following POGO. If no channel number follows POGO, return to this channel.
- POSIT Request for position; response in terms of a geographic landmark, or off a common reference point.
- PRESS Directive to continue the attack; mutual support will be maintained. Supportive role will be assumed.
- PUSH Go to designated frequency.
- RESET Proceed to a prebriefed position or area of operation.
- SHOOTER Aircraft designated to employ ordnance.
- SNAP An immediate vector to the group described.
- SORT Directive to assign responsibility within a group; criteria can be met visually, electronically (radar), or both.
- SOUR Equipment indicated is not operating
- SQUAWK Operate IFF as indicated.
- STATUS Request for tactical situation.
- STRANGER Unidentified traffic that is not associated with the action in progress.
- SWEET Equipment indicated is operating efficiently.
- WORDS Directive or interrogative regarding further information or directives pertinent to mission.



Propagation Outlook for the Spring Season

By Tomas Hood NW7US

s we move into spring in the Northern Hemisphere, the characteristics of shortwave radio propagation changes. Paths begin opening up between more distant locations, especially between the northern and southern hemispheres. This is because during the spring season the sun is mostly overhead over the equator, creating mostly equal day and night periods in both hemispheres.

The Vernal Equinox on March 20, 2004, marks the day when the hours of daylight and darkness are about equal around the world. This creates an ionosphere of similar characteristics throughout more of the world than is possible during other times when it is summer in one hemisphere and winter in the other and there are extreme differences in the ionosphere. This equalization of the ionosphere which takes place during the equinoctial periods (autumn and spring) is responsible for optimum DX conditions, and starts late in February and lasts through May.

Spring is also the season of aurora. Geomagnetic storms that ignite auroras occur more often during the months around the equinoxes during early autumn and spring. This seasonal effect has been observed for more than 100 years. Scientists are still puzzled about all of the reasons, but they have a wealth of research from which they've developed models to help understand the phenomena.

As the Sun rotates (one full rotation occurs about every 27 days), the plasma spewing out from the Sun forms into a spiral shape known as the "Parker Spiral" (named after the scientist who first described it). This solar wind carries with it an interplanetary magnetic field, which ever expands away from the sun in this spiral. Think of one of those rotating lawn sprinklers with jets of water shooting away from the center. You can see a bending or curving of the water lines.

As the Earth moves around the Sun, these spiraling solar winds sweep into Earth's magnetosphere. How the magnetic field lines of the Interplanetary Magnetic Field (IMF) in the solar wind interact with the magnetic field lines of the Magnetosphere is the key to geomagnetic storms and aurora. At the Magnetopause (the part of our planet's Magnetosphere that fends off the solar wind), Earth's magnetic field lines point north.

If the IMF tilts south it can partially cancel Earth's magnetic field at the point of contact. This causes the two magnetic fields (Earth's and the IMF) to link (think of how two magnets link with one magnet's south pole connecting with the other's north pole), creating a magnetic field line from Earth directly into the solar wind riding

the Parker Spiral. What results is an opening of a window through which plasma from the solar wind can reach Earth's inner atmosphere, bombarding the gasses of the upper regions.

Earth's magnetic dipole field lines are most closely aligned with the Parker spiral in April and October. If the sun is highly active at the same time, we witness spectacular aurora, while also experiencing a lot of geomagnetic storms. During times when there are many flares with associated coronal mass ejections (big plasma clouds that are blown away from the sun, out into the solar wind stream) the open window of the magnetosphere allows this extra plasma in, causing active aurora. Coronal holes also release large, steady streams of plasma out into the solar wind. This is why aurora is most likely and strongest during the equinoctial months, and during the peak years of the solar cycle they tend to occur quite often.

Will we see a lot of aurora during the spring of 2004? Each solar cycle tends to have two peak periods of geomagnetic activity in its eleven-year cycle. The second peak is always a stronger, more intense period where we witness frequent coronal holes, coronal mass ejections, and strong flare activity. We are well into the decline phase of Solar Cycle 23, and may have finally passed the second geomagnetic activity peak of this cycle. However, I expect a moderate to high level of solar activity that may continue to keep the geomagnetic field at active to minor storm levels. If so, this will fuel a fair amount of aurora during April. And for VHF weak signal enthusiasts, this could mean an active radio aurora season.

What is the Aurora?

Aurora is a direct result of solar plasma interacting with gasses in the upper atmosphere. It is common to see aurora during active to severe geomagnetic storms. The magnetosphere is filled with electrons and protons that are normally trapped by lines of magnetic force that prevent them from escaping to space or descending to the planet below. The impact of a large, fast-moving plasma cloud breaks loose some of those trapped particles, causing them to rain down on the atmosphere. Gasses in the atmosphere start to glow under the impact of these particles.

Different gasses give out various colors. Think of a neon sign and how the plasma inside the glass tube, when excited, glows with a bright color. These precipitating particles mostly follow the magnetic field lines that run from Earth's magnetic poles, and are concentrated in circular regions around the magnetic poles called "au-

roral ovals." These bands expand away from the poles during magnetic storms. The stronger the storm, the greater these ovals will expand. Sometimes they grow so large that people even at middle latitudes, like California, can see these "Northern Lights."

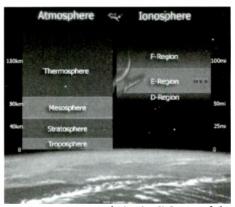
Look for aurora-mode propagation when the planetary K index (Kp) (the K index is a measurement of the geomagnetic activity of the Earth's magnetic fields) rises above 5, and look for visual aurora after dark when the Kp rises above 6. The higher the Kp, the more likely visual lights may be seen.

But, you don't have to see them to hear their influence on propagation. Listen for stations from over the poles that sound raspy or fluttery. Look for VHF DX. Sometimes it will enhance a path at certain frequencies, other times it will degrade the signals. Sometimes signals will fade quickly, then come back with great strength. The reason for this is that the radio signal is being refracted off of the more highly ionized areas that are lit up. These ionized areas ebb and flow, so the ability to refract changes, sometimes quickly. I've observed the effect of aurora and associated geomagnetic storminess even on lower HF frequencies.

If you are interested in aurora, I have many links to the topic at my propagation web page, http://prop.hfradio.org. To view photographs and movies of aurora, check out http://www.auroraexperience.com/

Radio Aurora

If there are enough solar particles flowing down the earth's magnetic field lines and colliding with atmospheric atoms and molecules, ion-



"Aurora occurs mostly in the E Layer of the Ionosphere, which is located in the Thermosphere. The E Layer is also where Sporadic-E ionization occurs." Graphic courtesy of "Project HEX (Horizontal E-region eXperiment)

ization occurs. This ionization may be sufficient to reflect VHF and lower UHF radio waves, generally between 25 and 500 MHz. This usually occurs in conjunction with visual aurora, but the mechanism is a bit different and it is possible to have one (visual or radio) without the other.

Using radio aurora, the chances of contacting stations over greater distances than would ordinarily be possible on the VHF frequencies are increased. Like its visual counterpart, radio aurora is very unpredictable. The thrill of the chase draws many VHF weak signal DXers to working auroral DX.

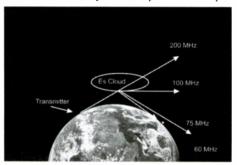
VHF auroral echoes, or reflections, are most effective when the angle of incidence of the signal from the transmitter, with the geomagnetic field line, equals the angle of reflection from the field line to the receiver. Radio aurora is observed almost exclusively in a sector centered on magnetic north. The strength of signals reflected from the aurora is dependent on the wavelength when equivalent power levels are employed. Six-meter reflections can be expected to be much stronger than 2-meter reflections for the same transmitter output power. The polarization of the reflected signals is nearly the same as that of the transmitted signal.

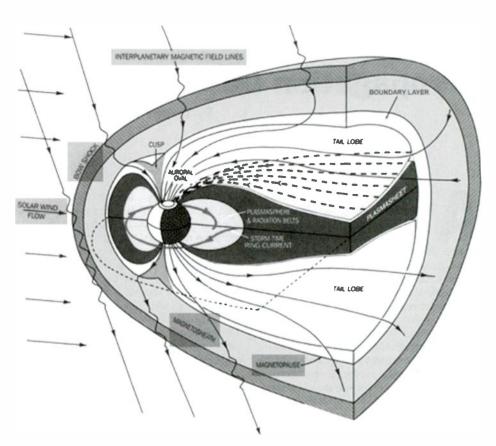
The planetary K index is a good indicator of the expansion of the auroral oval, and the possible intensity of the aurora. When the Kp is higher than 5, most readers in the northern states and in Canada can expect favorable aurora conditions. If the K index reached 8 or 9, it is highly possible for radio aurora to be worked by stations as far south as California and Florida, Your magnetic latitude can be found using the map at http://www.sec.noaa.gov/Aurora/globeNW.html.

Sporadic-E

As we move from April to May, and into June, long distance VHF and sometimes UHF propagation opens up by a mostly summer-time phenomenon called, "sporadic-E." Sporadic-E (Es) is the term given to the mode of propagation where clouds of highly dense ionization develop in the E layer of the Ionosphere. These clouds might be very small, but regardless of their size, they seem to drift and move about, making the propagation off of these clouds short and unpredictable. It is well documented that Es occurs most often in the summer, with a secondary peak in the winter. These peaks are centered very close to the solstices. The winter peak can be characterized as being five to eight times less than the summer Es peak.

We do not yet fully understand the causes of sporadic-E. Scientists are still pursuing the cause or, more likely, the multiple causes of spo-





A wide-angle view illustrating the solar wind/magnetosphere interaction. Graphic courtesy of NASA/IMAGE

radic-E. As far back as 1959 ten distinct types of sporadic-E and at least nine different theories of causation were offered. The classification of distinct types has been retained, but since the 1960s, the wind shear theory has become one of the most accepted theories.

Wind shear occurs when the wind blows at different directions and speeds as you increase with height. Simply put, the wind shear theory holds that gaseous ions in the E layer are accumulated and concentrated into small, thin, patchy sheets by the combined actions of high-altitude winds and the earth's magnetic field. The resulting clouds may attain the required ion density to serve as a reflecting medium for VHF radio waves.

Although most research has confirmed a close association between wind shear and sporadic-E, not all aspects of the sporadic-E phenomenon can be explained, including its diurnal and seasonal variations.

During periods of intense and wide-spread sporadic-E ionization, two-hop openings considerably beyond 1400 miles should be possible on 6 meters. Short-skip openings between about 1200 and 1400 miles may also be possible on 2 meters.

How can we know when a sporadic-E opening is occurring? Several e-mail reflectors have been created to provide an alerting service using e-mail. One is found at http://www.gooddx.net/and another at http://www.vhfdx.net/sendspots/
These sporadic-E alerting services rely on live reports of current activity on VHF. When you begin hearing an opening, you send out details so that everyone on the distribution will be alerted that something is happening. They, in

turn, join in on the opening, making for a high level of participation. Of course, the greater number of operators on the air, the more we learn the extent and intensity of the opening. The bottom-line is that you cannot work sporadic-E if you are not on the air when it occurs.

In addition to live reporting, there is a very powerful resource available on the Internet. Check out http://superdarn.jhuapl.edu/. SuperDARN (Super Dual Auroral Radar Network) is an international radar network for studying the Earth's upper atmosphere and Ionosphere. Using the SuperDARN real-time data twenty-four hour overview, you can view the day's ionization activity at the northern polar region. You may also view live radar displays of the same area. These graphs help identify Es clouds existing in the higher latitudes. One use for this would be the detection of a variation of Es, known as Auroral-E.

Michael Hawk has written an informative overview of sporadic-E. You may read it online at http://www.amfmdx.net/propagation/Es.html.

Meteor Showers?

April has one major meteor shower that may provide VHF weak signal propagation. The April Lyrids meteor shower occurs from April 16 to 22, peaking on the UTC night of April 21, 2004, at about 2250 UTC. The hourly visual meteor rate is expected to be about 15, with average meteor velocities of about 48 kilometers per second with broad outbursts. While this shower peaks at about 10 to 15 visual meteors per hour (ZHR), or about one per every five minutes on average, radio bursts occur more often from smaller meteors.

The debris expelled by comet Thatcher as it moves through its orbit causes the Lyrids. It is a long period comet that visits the inner solar system every 415 years or so. Despite this long period, there is activity every year at this time, so it is theorized that the comet must have been visiting the solar system for quite a long time. Over this long period, the debris left with each pass into the inner solar system has been pretty evenly distributed along the path of its orbit.

This material isn't quite evenly distributed, however, as there have been some years with outbursts of higher than usual meteor activity. The most recent of these outbursts occurred in 1982, with others occurring in 1803, 1922, and 1945. These outbursts are unpredictable and one could even occur this year. The best time to work this shower should be from midnight to early morning.

The unpredictability of the shower in any given year always makes the Lyrids worth watching, since we cannot say when the next unusual return may occur. If this year's event is average or better (30 to 60 good-sized meteors entering the Earth's atmosphere every hour), this should make possible meteor-scatter type openings on the VHF bands

Another meteor shower, the Eta Aquarids, will occur in May. The Eta Aquarids peak in the morning of May 5, but start around May 1, 2004. This shower has a peak rate of up to 20 to 50 per hour. Most meteor showers are at their best after midnight. After midnight, you're on the leading edge of the Earth and you're meeting the meteors head-on. Before midnight, you're on the trailing edge of the Earth and the meteors have to catch up to you. As a result, not only are more meteors seen in the pre-dawn hours, but their impact speeds encountering the Earth's atmosphere are much higher and the meteors are generally faster and brighter. This causes greater ionization, which is what you use to refract a radio signal. Look for TV and FM broadcasts during these events. If you are an amateur radio operator, look for 6 and 2 meter openings off of the ionized meteor trails.

June has three moderate showers, as well. The Arietids, which are active from about May 29 through June 19, peak with a ZHR of 60 on June 7, 2004. The z-Perseids start around May 20 and continue through July 7, peaking with a ZHR of 40 on June 9, 2004. The beta-Taurids will peak on June 28. Signs of most of these peaks were found in radio data from 1994-2000, though some are difficult to define because of their proximity to other sources, while the Arietid and zeta-Perseid maxima tend to blend into one another, producing a strong radio signature for several days in early June. There is a slight possibility for June Lyrids peaking on June 16, but this is uncertain. For more information, take a look at http:// www.imo.net/calendar/. Check out http:// www.meteorscatter.net/metshw.htm for a very useful resource covering meteor scatter and upcoming showers.

HF Propagation: April, May, and June

April is one of the most interesting months for propagation. The seasonal change plays out on HF with activity moving up from 40 meters and down from 10 meters.

Propagation on the highest shortwave bands suffers during April and the summer months due to lower MUFs (Maximum Usable Frequencies) in the Northern Hemisphere. MUFs peak very late in the day during summer. Summertime MUFs are lower due to solar heating which cause the ionosphere to expand. An expanded ionosphere produces lower ion density, which results in lower MUFs. Short path propagation between countries in the Northern Hemisphere will drop out entirely.

High-band shortwave propagation peaks in the fall. April and May are fall months in the Southern Hemisphere making long-path DX possible. Short-path propagation to South America, South Pacific, and other areas south of the equator will be strong and reliable when open. But, with the decline of the current solar cycle, solar activity is not supporting the higher HF band propagation, so don't expect a lot from the higher shortwave bands.

From April to June, fair to good propagation occurs on both daytime and nighttime paths on the middle shortwave bands. The strongest propagation occurs on paths that span areas of both day and night, following the MUF. During April, peaking in May, and still during June, the frequencies between 9 and 16 MHz may offer occasional 24-hour DX to all parts of the world. If you hear a lot of echo on a signal, you might be beamed in the wrong direction. Try the opposite azimuth. Thirty-one meters will be the most stable as a nighttime band, with propagation following grayline and nighttime paths.

Low-band propagation is still hot on 41 meters, with Europe in the evening, and Asia in the mornings. Occasional DX openings will occur on the tropical bands around sunrise. However, these bands are quickly being degraded by the seasonal increase in noise.

June marks the changeover from equinoctial to summertime propagation conditions on the shortwave bands. Solar absorption is expected to be at seasonally high levels, resulting in generally weaker signals during the hours of daylight when compared to reception during the winter and spring months.

VHF Propagation

On VHF, the possible aurora during April, and then the increase in Sporadic-E propagation as we move into June, may produce some great long-range VHF and even possible UHF DX. At the same time, there is usually a seasonal decline in Transequatorial Propagation (TE) during the summer months, but some VHF openings may still be possible during June. The best time to catch an opening across the geomagnetic equator is between 8 and 11 p.m. local daylight time. These TE openings will be north-south paths that cross the geomagnetic equator at an approximate right angle.

The Solar Cycle Pulse

Every eleven years the activity of the Sun (as evident by the number of solar flares, coronal holes and so forth) reaches a peak called the "solar maximum." A period of quiet called the "solar minimum" occurs roughly five years later. During the solar maximum there are many sunspots, solar flares, and coronal mass ejections, all of which can

affect communications and weather here on Earth.

The current cycle, number 23, started in 1996. Cycle 21 started in June 1976 and lasted 10 years and 3 months. Cycle 22 started in September 1986 and lasted 9 years and 8 months. The current cycle started in between May and July of 1996 with a minimum of activity observed during October of 1996. Two peaks have occurred: The monthly smoothed sunspot number first peaked at 120.8 during April 2000, with a second yet lower peak at 115.6 for November 2001. After subtracting the four years from the 1996 beginning to the peak during 2000, Cycle 23 should end during the end of 2006 or during the beginning of 2007.

Solar cycle 23 was originally predicted to reach the same magnitude as cycle 21 with the monthly smoothed sunspot number reaching 160. However, Cycle 23 compares most with the past cycles 17 and 20, and to a lesser degree, with Cycle 2. Those developed much the same way, with a smooth decline over about a four-year period before reaching the minimum and ending. Check out the graphical comparison at http://www.dxlc.com/solar/cyclcomp2.html.

The peak years of Cycle 23 were somewhat disappointing to many radio enthusiasts, since the intensity was not as high as seen in previous solar cycles. However, some very surprising VHF propagation was experienced during this cycle, compared to past cycles. Sporadic-E, Radio aurora, and intense periods of F-layer propagation during the peak years marked Cycle 23 to be memorable.

MW DXers might say that we have had dismal conditions, due to the higher planetary A index (Ap) numbers due to long-term recurring coronal hole events. VHF DXers might say that conditions were fair with some good F-layer openings, some auroral openings, and so forth. The general conditions for shortwave has been generally fair, with only short periods of unusually good conditions. We have had a high number of days with geomagnetic storminess, medium to large flare activity, and elevated solar winds. This cycle in general is much lower in activity compared with the last cycle. The unusual conditions appear as such because the rest of the time we have had long periods of marginal conditions. But, as we are moving further away from the peak of the cycle, the solar activity is declining, making for less stormy conditions.

Write Me

Do you have questions about space weather and radio propagation? Do you have observations about aurora, Sporadic-E, or Meteor Shower propagation that you would like to share? Please write me an e-mail message or a letter.

I also invite you to check out my propagation resource center on the Internet at http:// prop.hfradio.org. If you have a cellphone or other handheld device capable of reading WML, I have a WAP version of this resource center at http:// wap.hfradio.org. You can even sign up for my propagation eAlert service for free. These propagation eAlerts keep you informed of the various index numbers, in real-time. I wish you a happy radio-monitoring season!

73 de NW7US, Tomas Hood (AAM0EWA) prop-man@hfradio.org (P.O. Box 213, Brinnon, WA 98320-0213)

Monitoring Times Hot 1000 HF Frequencies

Compiled by Larry Van Horn, N5FPW MT Assistant Editor Mode is Upper Sideband (USB) unless otherwise noted

2003	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Great Lakes	3056	Acro Off Paula IIS Cook Guard Warld Side Green No.		W. LLAS B A
2065	Marine Business and Operational Simplex Nationwide	3036	Aero Off Route US Coast Guard Worldwide – German Navy	2470	World Air Route Area
2079	Marine Business and Operational Simplex Nationwide	3059	MATELO ARCN (USB/RTTY) Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide	3479	Aero South America (SAM-C/NE/SE)/Europe (EUR-A) Major World Air Route Area
2082	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Nationwide	3062	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide	3485	Aero East Asia (EA-2)/Southeast Asia (SEA-2) Major World Air
2093	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Nationwide	3065	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide	3403	Route Area/North Atlantic VOLMET
2096	Marine Business and Operational Simplex Nationwide	3068	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide (USB/ALE) - Airborne	3494	Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
2142	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Pacific Coast		Cammand Past Network < Z-100 > /NIPR (Non-Secret Internet	3497	Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
2182	Marine International Distress, Safety and Calling Worldwide		Protocol Rauter) Network	3900	Aero Off Route Region 1 - NATO AWACS Discrete DHN66
2203	Manne Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Gulf of Mexica	3071	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Mystic Star VIP		Geilemkirchen "Magic"
2214	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Nationwide		Network	3903	Aera Off Raute Region 1
2250	Danish Air Force Network (USB/ALE)	3074	Aero Off Route US Air Force Warldwide – Mystic Star VIP	3906	Aera Off Raute Region 1
2252	US Navy FACSFAC Frequency Virginia Capes, VA "Giant Killer"	0.070	Network	3909	Aero Off Route Region 1
2301 2309	National Communications System (NCS) Nationwide	3078	Aero Off Raute US Air Force Worldwide - Mystic Star VIP	3912	Aero Off Route Region 1
2326	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE) US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	2000	Network	3915	Aero Off Route Region 1
2360	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)	3080 3083	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide	3918	Aero Off Route Region 1
2371	Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Nationwide	3086	Aero Off Route US Navy Warldwide Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide	3921	Aero Off Route Region 1
2374	Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Nationwide	3089	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide - NATO AWACS Dis-	3924	Aero Off Route Region 1
2382	National Communications System (NCS) Nationwide	0007	crete DHN66 Geilemkirchen "Magic"	3927 3930	Aero Off Route Region 1
2411	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3092	Aero Off Route US Navy Warldwide - Canadian Military Aero-	3933	Aero Off Route Region 1 Aero Off Route Region 1 – Spanish Air Force Netwark
2414	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide		nautical Communications System (MACS)/RAF Strike Com-	3936	Aero Off Raute Region 1
2419	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide		mand Integrated Communications System (STCICS	3939	Aero Off Route Region 1
2422	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3095	Aero Off Route US Navy Warldwide – RAF Strike Command	3942	Aera Off Raute Region 1
2439	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide		Integrated Communications System (STCICS)	3945	Aera Off Raute Region 1
2463	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3098	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide	3950	Amateur Radio Hurricane Watch Net Worldwide (LSB) < Al-
2466	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3101	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide – RAF Strike Command		ternate>
2471	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	010.	Integrated Communications System (STCICS)	4000	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2474 2487	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3104	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide	4003	Morine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2500	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide Time/Frequency Standard Stations WWV/WW/H Ft	3107	Aera Off Route US Navy Worldwide - French Navy Atlantic	4006	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2300	Time/Frequency Standard Stations WWV/WWVH Ft Collins, CO/Kauai, HI (AM)	2110	Network "Armour"/German Air Force Network	4009	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2511	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3110	Aera Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - RAF Str ke Com-	4012	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2518	US Navy Tactical Network Worldwide	3113	mand Integrated Communications System (STCICS) Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – Mystic Star VIP	4015	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2520	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)	5.10	Network	4018 4021	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2535	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3116	Aero Off Route US Air Farce Worldwide - Mystic Star VIP	4023	Canadian Forces Affiliate Radio System (CFARS) Worldwide
2562	US Navy Hurricane Contingency Support Net Gulf of Mexica		Network/Airborne Command Post Network <z-105>/Ger-</z-105>	1020	<zulu></zulu>
2569	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide		man Novy MATELO ARCN	4024	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2587	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3119	Aero Off Route US Coast Guard Worldwide – RAF Str ke Cam-	4027	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2627	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)		mand Integrated Communications System (STCICS)	4030	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2635	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Worldwide	3122	Aero Off Route US Coast Guard Worldwide German Navy	4033	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2638	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Nationwide	0105	Glucksburg Rescue (USB/RTTY)	4036	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2658	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) FNARS Net-	3125	Aero Off Raute US Navy Worldwide - Link 11 Vaice Coardi-	4039	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2670	work Nationwide (USB/LSB) US Coast Guard Liaison/Maritime Safety Broadcast Nation-		nation Net/RAF Strike Command Integrated Communications	4041	US Navy/Marine Corps MARS Network Nationwide
2070	wide	2120	System (STCICS)	4042	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide/US Navy/Manne
2738	Manne Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Nationwide	3128	Aero Off Route US Navy Warldwide – Dutch Navy PBB NAS Valkenburg	1015	Corps MARS ECOM Nationwide
	except Great Lakes	3131	Aero Off Raute US Navy Worldwide – Belgium Air Force Net-	4045	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2768	Royal Australian Navy Worldwide < A1 >	0,0,	work <ya>/ RAF Strike Command Integrated Communica-</ya>	4048 4051	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2792	US Navy SESEF discrete Point Loma, CA		tions System (STCICS)	4052	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide Canadian Forces Affiliate Radia System (CFARS) Worldwide
2801	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide	3134	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide (USB/ALE) - Airborne	4002	<yankee></yankee>
2804	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide		Cammand Post Network <z-110>/Special Operations</z-110>	4054	Morine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2807	Justice/Treasury Departments Tactical Network Nationwide	3137	Aero Off Raute US Air Force Worldwide (USB/ALE) - Scope	4055	Transportation Department/Federal Aviation Administration
2812	US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide		Command ALE Network/Spanish Air Force SAR Service		(FAA) Emergency Network Nationwide
2830	Marine Intership Safety and Operations Simplex Great Lakes	3140	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide	4057	Marine Sımplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2851	Aero North Central Asia (NCA-2) Major World Air Route Area/	3143	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Airborne Command	4060	Marine Simplex/Duplex (Shared) Worldwide
2854	Flight Test Worldwide		Post Network <z-115>/German Air Force Transport Com-</z-115>	4101	US Navy Tactical Network Worldwide
2863	Aero South Atlantic SAT-2 Major World Air Route Area Aero Pacific VOLMET	2147	mand Network	4125	Marine Global Maritime Distress/Safety System Worldwide
2869	Aero Central East Pacific (CEP-1/2) Major World Air Route	3146 3149	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Italian Navy	4146	Marine Simplex Worldwide US Transpartation Command Ma-
2007	Area	3147	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide - RAF Strike Command	41.40	rine Simplex < Channel 1>
2872	Aera North Atlantic (NAT-C) Major World Air Route Area	3152	Integrated Communications System (STCICS) Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide	4149 4153	Marine Simplex Worldwide
2878	Aero Africa (AFI-4) Major World Air Route Area	3163	US Coast Guard 9" District Network (USB/ALE)	4319	US Navy Tactical Network Warldwide
2887	Aera Caribbean (CAR-A) Major World Air Route Area	3166	US Navy Tactical Network Worldwide	4341	Armed Forces Network (AFN) Diego Garcia Local Night US Air Farce Reserve Network Nationwide
2899	Aero North Atlantic (NAT-B) Major World Air Route Area	3170	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)/American	4372	US Navy FACSFAC Frequency Virginia Capes, VA "Giant Killer"
2932	Aero North Pacific (NP-3/4) Major World Air Route Area		Red Cross Disaster Network Nationwide	4375	Royal Australian Navy Worldwide <a2></a2>
2944	Aero South Atlantic (SAM-NW/SW)/ Middle East (MID-3) Ma-	3187	NASA Space Shuttle SRB Recovery Network Atlantic Ocean	4379	Canadian Forces Halifax Military Discrete Worldwide
00/0	jor World Air Route Areas	3192		4395	US Navy Tactical Network Worldwide
2962	Aero North Atlantic (NAT-E) Major Warld Air Route Area	3202	US Federal/State Government Disaster/Emergency Services	4417	Marine Calling Frequency Worldwide Ships transmit on 4125
2971 2992	Aero North Atlantic (NAT-D) Major World Air Route Area Aera Middle East (MID-1 Major World Air Route Area	2027	Network Nationwide	4426	US Coast Guard Calling/Broadcast Nationwide Ships trans-
2998	Aero Central West Pacific (CWP-1/2) Majar World Air Route	3236	US Navy SESEF Discrete Ediz Hoak, WA		mit on 4134
2,70	Area/LDOC Common Carrier	3253 3274	Interior Department Network Nationwide US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)	4438	Bellcore/Power Utility Network Nationwide
3004	Aero North Central Asia (NCA-3) Major World Air Route Area/	3281	Aero Flight Test Worldwide	4442 4445	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
	Flight Test Worldwide	3295	US Air Force Airborne Command Post Network Worldwide	4445	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE) US Coost Guard Tactical
3007	Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete		<z-120></z-120>	4450	US Air Force Special Operations Europe
3010	Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete	3303	Transportation Department Emergency Net Nationwide	4466	Civil Air Patral (CAP) Northeast/Southeast Regions
3013	Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete	3307	US Navy Tactical Network Worldwide	4469	Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Northeast/Southeast Regions
3016	Aero North Atlantic (NAT-A)/East Asia (EA-1) Major World Air	3311	US Air Force MARS Transcontinental Network Nationwide	4472	US Air Force Airborne Command Post Network Worldwide
2010	Route Areas	3330	Time/Frequency Standard Station CHU Ottowa, ON		<z-130></z-130>
3019 3023	Aero North Central Asia (NCA-1) Major World Air Route Area Aero/Marine Search and Rescue Coordination Warldwide	22/1	Canada (AM)	4479	Energy Department Network Nationwide (USB/ALE)
3026	Agro Off Pours IIS As Force World Side BAE State Co	3341	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) FNARS Net-	4490	US Government SHARES SCN ALE Network Nationwide (USB/
3020	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – RAF Strike Command Integrated Communications System (STCICS)	3345	work Nationwide (USB/LSB) US Army Corps of Engineers Point to Paint Network Nation-	4.00	ALE) < Channel 3>
3029	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Mystic Star VIP	3343	wide (USB/ALE) < Channel 1 >	4495	US Air Farce Airborne Command Post Network Worldwide
	Network	3360	Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Point to Point Network	4506	<z-125></z-125>
3032	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Royal Australian Air		Nationwide	4506	Civil Air Patrol (CAP) North Central Region Civil Air Patrol (CAP) North Central Region
0.5	Farce/Royal New Zealand Air Force AOCS GPN Local Night	3365	NASA Hurricane Contingency Support Network Atlantic	4517	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
3035	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide		Ocean	4528	US Navy Tactical Network Worldwide
3038	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide – RAF Strike Command	3385	NASA Point to Point Netwark Nationwide	4536	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
	Integrated Communications System (STCICS)/Norwegian Novy	3413	Aero Central East Pacific(CEP-1/2) Major World Air Route	4540	UK Rayal Air Force Architect Network Worldwide
20.41	MARPAT	0	Area/Europe VOLMET	4557	US Air Force MARS Phone Patch Network < RK>
3041	Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Space Shuttle Op-	3419	Aero Africa (AFI-2) Major World Air Route Area	4560	Canadian Forces Military Maritime Command Discrete World-
3044	erations "Cape Radio" Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – Special Operations	3443	Aero Flight Test Worldwide	45.55	wide
5577	Europe/French Naval Network	3452	Aero Africa (AFI-1)/South Atlantic (SAT-1) Major World Air Route Area	4562	US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
3047	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide - Canadian Military Aero-	3455	Aero Caribbean (CAR-B) Major World Air Route Area	4573	US Government SHARES SCN Voice Network Nationwide
	nautical Communications System (MACS)	3467	Aero Africa (AFI-3)/Middle East (MID-2)/South Pacific (SP-6/	4582	(USB/ALE) < Channel 1 Alternate > Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Middle East/Pacific Regions
3050	Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide		7) Majar World Air Route Area	4585	Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Middle East/Pacific Regions Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Middle East/Pacific Regions
3053	Aero Off Route US Coast Guard Worldwide – Danish Air Force	3470	Aero Southeast Asia (SEA-1/3) Major World Air Route Area	4590	US Air Force MARS Transcantinental Network Nationwide
	Network	3476	Aero North Atlantic (NAT-F)/Indian Ocean (INO-1: Mojor	4601	Civil Air Potrol (CAP) Great Lakes/Rocky Mountain Regions

5001 Agriculture Department Network Nationwide 4604 Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Great Lakes/Rocky Mountain Regions Range Justice/Treasury Departments Tactical Network Nationwide US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE) Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Southwest Region Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Southwest Region Interior Department Network Nationwide 5912 4607 4627 5380 (USB/ALE) US Coast Guard Tactical US Army Corps of Engineers Point to Point Network Nation-6020 US Army Corps of Engineers Point to Point Network Nation-4630 5400 wide (USB/ALE) < Channel 6>
US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE) US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)/Danish Navy vide (USB/ALE) < Channel 4> 4637 Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Point to Point Network Nationwide (USB/ALE) 6C47 Network (CW) 5402 Ohio State Disaster Services Agency Statewide
Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
Aero Centrol West Pacific (CWP-1/2) Major World Air Route Marine Global Maritime Distress/Safety System Worldwide Marine Simplex Worldwide/US Transportation Command Ma-4640 6215 US Coast Guard Tactical
US Coast Guard 9th District Network (USB/ALE)
US Army Notional Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
US Army Corps of Engineers Point to Point Network Notion-4654 5422 6224 rine Simplex < Channel 2> Marine Simplex Worldwide/US Transportation Command Ma-4666 6227 5429 rine Simplex < Channel 3> Marine Simplex Worldwide Aero South America (SAM-NW/SW)/Middle East (MID-1/3) 5436 4669 6230 Major World Air Route Area Aero North Atlantic (NAT-D) Major World Air Route Area ride (USB/ALE) < Channel 5> UK Royal Air Force VOLMET US Coast Guard Toctical 4675 Aero Flight Test Worldwide Aera Flight Test Worldwide Aera Flight Test Worldwide Aero LDOC Airline Compony Discrete Aero Africo (AFI-4) Major World Air Route Area Armed Forces Network (AFN) Hawaii Local Night 4678 4687 Aera North Central Asia (NCA-2) Major World Air Route Area Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete 6350 5451 US Navy Space Warfare Command Network Nations Armed Forces Network (AFN) Puerto Rico 24 Hours 5469 4700 ro Off Route US Navy Worldwide – Tactical Support Center 5475 6458 (TSC) Pocific Region Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide – Canadian Military Aero-nautical Communications System (MACS)/Danish Air Force/ US Coast Guard Calling/Broadcast Nationwide Ships trans-6501 Aero Europe VOLMET Aera Caribbean (CAR-B) Major World Air Route Area mit on 6200 4703 5505 5520 6510 Royal Australian Navy Worldwide <A3> Marine Calling Frequency Worldwide Ships transmit on 6215 Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete Aero Central West Pacific (CWP-1/2) Major World Air Route Coast Guard Network 5526 Aero South America (SAM-C/NE/SE) Major World Air Route 6516 Coast Guard Network
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Command ALE Network/Cerman Air Force Network/Fresh
Air Force-Now/German Air Force Tropsport Command/Ital-4706 5529 5532 Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete 6532 4709 Area Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
Aero LDOC Common Carrier Discrete
Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete 6535 Aero Africa (AFI-1)/South Atlantic (SAT-1) Major World Air Route Area 4712 5538 Aero Southeast Asia (SEA-1/3) Major World Air Route Area 6556 6562 Aero Central West Pacific (CWP-1/2) Major World Air Route 4718 5544 Aero Central East Pacific (CEP-1/2) Major World Air Route Area/LDOC Common Corrier Discrete 6571 Aero Eost Asio (EA-1) Major World Air Route Area 4721 Aero Caribbean (CAR-A) Major World Air Route Area Aero South Atlantic (SAT-2) Major World Air Route Area Aero Caribbean (CAR-A) Major World Air Route Area Aero Coribbean (CAR-B) Major World Air Route Area 5550 6577 Air Force-Novy/German Air Force Transport Command/Ital-ian Novy Patrol Aircraft Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – HF Global Commu-nications System (HF-GCS) < Primary > 6586 5565 Aero North Central Asia (NCA-2) Major World Air Route Area Aero Europe (EUR-A) Major World Air Route Area Aero North Atlantic (NAT-F) Major World Air Route Area Aero North Atlantic (NAT-E) Major World Air Route Area 5571 5574 Aero Flight Test Worldwide Aero Central Eost Pacific (CEP-1/2) Major World Air Route 6592 6598 4724 6622 6628 Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide - Belgium Air Force 5598 Aero North Atlantic (NAT-A) Major World Air Route Area 4727 Aero Moth Alaninc (1941-2) Major World Air Route Area
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Aero LDOC Airline Company Discrete
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(Secret Internet Protocol Router) Network/Canadian Forces Voncouver Military Discrete/Spanish Air Force Network
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Post Network <Z-145>/Dutch Navy PBB NAS Valkenburg
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US Air Force Western Missile Range "Plead Control"
US Army Material Command Nationwide
Danish Air Force Network (US8/ALE) 6718 5708 5080 Command ALE Network/French Navy Atlantic Network 5120 Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide (USB/ALE) – US Government SHARES SCN ALE Network < Channel 4> US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide 5711 6724 5135 US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide
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NASA Space Shuttle SRB Recovery Net Allantic Ocean
NASA Space Shuttle SRB Recovery Net Allantic Ocean
US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide
US Federal/State Government Operation Secure Nationwide 5140 5714 Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide – Canadian Military Aero-nautical Communications System (MACS)/German Navy Net-5171 5180 work/UK Royal Air Force Architect Network Aero Off Route US Novy Worldwide – Canadian Forces Mili-5717 wegion Navy MARPAT Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – Special Opera-5190 6730 5192 tary SAR Discrete/German Air Force Network/NASA Space tions/AMC Command Post Ramstein AB "Metaphar"/Danish Air Force Network/German Air Force/Navy Network/Italian Shuttle Support
Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide – Belgium Air Force Net-work/RAF Strike Command Integrated Communications Sys-5195 Canadian Forces Maritime Command Network Worldwide US Army Notional Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE) 5198 5720 5202 Navy Network/Spanish Air Force Network Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – Italian Navy Net-US Air Force Special Operations Europe
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Aero Off Route US Navy Worldwide – Belgium Air Force Network < YF > /Italian Navy Network/RAF Strike Command Integroted Communications System (STCICS)
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Canadian Forces Holifax Militory Discrete Worldwide 5305 US Transportation Commond Nationwide
US Coast Guard Tactical Network Worldwide 5847 Aero Off Route US Air Force Worldwide – Canadian Military Aeronautical Communications System (MACS weather only)/ NATO AWACS Discrete DHN66 Geilemkirchen "Magic" 6754 5320 US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
US Army Corps of Engineers Point to Point Network Nation-Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Network Nationwide 5323 5860 5326

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US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)

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US Air Force Special Operations Europe

US Air Force Hurricane Contingency Support Net Eostern Test

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Getting Started

Beginner's Corner

Ken Reitz, KS4ZR kenreitz@monitoringtimes.com

Of Cable, FM Reception and Sirius Issues

he bulk of reception problems I've encountered through the years could be traced to the antenna cable or lead-in. Singlemost among those are problems with coax cable connections. It's very rare that there's a problem with a receiver and just as rarely there may be a problem with an antenna. The place I look first when there seems to be a problem with reception is either end of the coax. I've found this to be the case for antennas from long wave to Ku-band satellite TV reception.

• Get the Right Cable for the

Coaxial cable is made with a solid or twisted center conductor around which has been set dielectric foam. The foam insulates the conductor from the shield which can be either a foil or metal braid. The purpose of the shield is to make the center conductor less vulnerable to electrical interference and provide a ground. Covering the braid is a plastic weather coating which is typically black. Most coax cables look alike and it might be tempting to just use whatever coax is in the junk box when you're putting up a new antenna, but each cable has its own place.

There are basically two types of coax cable that most of us are interested in: 50 ohm and 75 ohm coax. Here are the essentials: Most communications radios such as scanners, amateur radio transceivers and CB sets all have 50 ohm antenna connections. The most common 50 ohm cable is RG8 and RG8/M. The RG8 is nearly 1/2" inch in diameter (which makes it more expensive and harder to work with) and has 1.9 dB loss per 100 feet at 100 MHz.

The RG8/M is nearly a 1/4" in diameter (much less expensive and easier to work with) and has 3.7 dB loss per 100 feet at 100 MHz.

RG/8, RG/8M and RG/6. These are the most popular coax cables used for short wave listening, ham radio, CB, and scanner monitoring. But which do you use for which? (Courtesy Radio Shack) The losses become more significant at higher frequencies: RG/8 has 4.1 dB loss per 100-ft at 400 MHz and RG8/M has 8.0 dB loss per 100-ft. That's why the larger more expensive RG8 is used in UHF work and most shortwave and HF ham antennas use RG8/M.*

Most TV sets and many FM receivers use 75 ohm coax even though most antennas are 300 ohms. To balance the feed line a matching transformer (known as a balun) is used to change the output of the antenna to 75 ohms at each end of the coax.

Widespread use of 75 ohm coax began in the 1950s with the introduction of Community Antenna TV systems. Towns without nearby TV stations would erect powerful receiving antenna systems and distribute the off-air signals to houses throughout the area. It was the only way many rural towns could receive TV signals. They used 75 ohm coax cable for the distribution, and these systems eventually became known as cable TV.

With the advent of satellite TV, a cable with less loss was needed to run the 1 GHz signal to the receivers often 100 feet or more from the dish. RG6 has been the preferred coax for this job and it has since been commonly used for all UHF/VHF and FM off-air reception as well.

Making the Right Connection

There's quite an art to adding the connectors to coax cable, and it helps if you use special tools. The best 75 ohm connections are made using a crimping tool. The Radio Shack #278-238 hex crimping tool works for RG-58, 59, and RG/6 crimping the three main types of connector: "F", BNC, and PL-259.

Typically these are all done without solder.

When making SWL, ham, CB and scanner antenna connections, it's best to use the solder type. This is be-

Crimpers and strippers help do a perfect job on critical connections. (Courtesy Radio Shack) cause for transmitting you need a good electrical and mechanical connection, which you can really only get by soldering. There are solder-free "twist-on" connectors but they don't hold up well to plugging and unplugging from a radio or after a lengthy time in the weather.

It's also very useful to have a coax cable stripping tool which gives precise cuts when stripping off the insulation and the foam. Using a knife, box-cutter, or matte knife will work but it's much harder to avoid cutting the shield or nicking the center conductor, thereby degrading the performance of the connection. Explicit instructions on correct attachment of the connectors is found on the back of the packaging for either the connectors or the crimping tool.

Here are some other connecting tips: Test your crimp job by tugging on the connection. If it comes off in your hand you have to try again with a new connector. You may go through a fair number of connectors before you get the hang of it. Remember to buy "F" connectors when doing RG/6 cable. Regardless of the type of cable or connector, always use a coax seal around the outside connectors at the antenna. Moisture is the big killer of RF signals at any frequency, and rain, ice, or snow can seep into connectors which aren't properly sealed. I find CoaxSeal particularly useful for satellite TV installations.

♦ FM Receiver Discussion

In the February issue I advised MT reader Bernice Bernotat on FM reception problems from a great distance and under extraordinary geographic conditions. That drew two responses from MT readers regarding alternatives in FM reception.

First, this response from Bill Andrade who finds tuning FM on the Internet to be a great alternative to off-air reception for those whose off-air choices are limited. Using an up-graded Compaq Presario PC connected to some very nice audio gear he says, "...I've had good luck with respect to being able to successfully listen to Internet radio. My favorite links are as follows: http://

^{*} For a complete chart of various coax cables and their loss ratings download and print out this PDF file from Radio Shack for future reference. http:// www.radioshack.com/images/refguide/c04p117.pdf

www.penguinradio.com; http://www.radio-locator.com ; http://www.wrn.org ; http://www.rffun.com (click on international broadcasters); Windows Media 9.0 and RealPlayer RadioPass.'

I agree. And, to make it even more flexible I would add a small FM transmitter so that the signal could be tuned in all over the house. Internet radio provides a valuable alternative to off-air reception, but in my own situation I've found it to be a struggle. Using a relatively slow dial-up connection makes Internet radio hit and miss with more drop outs than a college statistics course. The best hi-fi sites run at a bitrate that's beyond my connection capability. Some very popular sites will simply be full when I try to access them. Since I have only one phone line I also get bumped off-line when a call comes through. Even using a "Catch-A-Call" system doesn't help if the phone call lasts more than 30 seconds or if the site is full by the time I hang up and re-

Here's what MT reader John Bruzewski from Michigan had to say, "...l am an avid hi-fi fan...and read many tests of various components. Almost universally, whenever a tester even bothers to check the performance of a tuner these days it is usually poor. The tuning sections in most hi-fi gear are afterthoughts. Having owned three receivers in the last 10 years, from simple two channel stereo to a \$1,000 plus surround receivers, all have been disappointing in the RF depart-



Blaupunkt Heidleber: could this be your dream FM DX radio? (Courtesy Crutchfield)

"But, I have something unusual for you to try...If you have an up to date Crutchfield catalog handy (http:www.crutchfield.com), take a look at the Blaupunkt Heidleberg in the car stereo section for \$280. I have one in my car and the FM section on this radio is nothing short of amazing. The sensitivity is outstanding and the selectivity is like a brick wall between frequencies. The RF signals are digitized upon reception and manipulated in some way to accomplish this and it is nothing short of magic. Unfortunately, they do not use this on AM as well as it would be very useful there too...you will need a 12 volt power supply to use it in the home but it has pre-amp outputs if you want to use it with a stereo system...'

This is a great idea, John. Radio Shack makes an antenna adaptor to take a 75 ohm coax and put it into a Motorola plug in the back of the radio. I looked at the specs on this radio and it is clearly the most sensitive of available FM car stereos. If any of our readers care to take the plunge I would be very interested in hearing your experiences.

Sirius Reception Issues

MT Editor, Rachel Baughn, recently wrote about her experiences with Sirius satellite radio: "... Wev'e really enjoyed it in the car when driving...but, success in the house has been a little mixed. We don't really have any north-facing windows; have [the antenna] outside a western window facing north, but we experience dropouts for 10 minutes to an hour sometimes before it picks up another satellite..."

Antenna placement for Sirius satellite radio is a little different than it is for XM listeners. That's because of the satellite configuration used by Sirius. They have two satellites traveling in high elliptical orbits so that the receiver is in the footprint of one at any given time. XM uses two satellites in geostationary orbit so it's more like tuning in satellite TV, once you've got a strong signal you can set it and forget it. I haven't moved my XM antenna for nearly a year. Sirius has a tech page on antenna placement which will show exactly where to point the antenna depending on where you live in the U.S. To find the tech page go to http://



Kenwood Here2Anywhere goes with you in the car or sticks around home to entertain. Just take your time placing the antenna. (Courtesy Sirius Satellite Radio)

www.sirius.com click on "site map" and then click on "home antenna tips."

Sirius recommends placing the antenna on the roof and adding an extension cable if necessary. Most people aren't going to do that. Their second choice is to place it outside somewhere preferably in the direction best suited for your location as described by their antenna reception map. And, finally, they recommend placing it near a window, again facing the direction as indicated by their map. I recommend extensive placement experimenting. I found that I could simply set the antenna on the top of the bookshelf over the stereo and it worked just fine.

Then I had to move the stereo across the room and had a tough time finding another "sweet spot" for reception. Eventually I placed it on a valance over a window, of all places. But, in roaming around the house to test other places to put the antenna I found it could often just sit beside a radio into which the audio output was plugged. One thing to remember is to use the tilt function on the antenna, as sometimes just raising the angle is enough to fill the three bars on the antenna signal meter.



Ask Bob

Getting Started

Bob Grove, W8JHD bobgrove@monitoringtimes.com

- **Q.** I recently purchased a frequency counter, but I don't know if it's working properly. I've tried to see frequencies at the base of a cell tower, my wireless 2.4 GHz router, and my cordless phone; the phone seemed to show the proper frequency, but the LCD signal-strength bar graph never moved. (David Jolly, email)
- **A.** I suspect that the frequency counter is working properly. A frequency counter does not have the sensitivity or tuning selectivity of a receiver; if it had high sensitivity, it would respond to all signals at once and the display would randomly flash numbers, a summing of all the signals (like the cell tower), and a wireless network router continuously changes channels back and forth.

Try taking it to a more powerful, stable signal source such as a local broadcasting station (FM or AM) or even a police station; I think you will get much better results!

- **Q.** Just as an experiment I recently connected a 100 foot random-wire antenna to my scanner. To my amazement, I was hearing VHF and UHF signals stronger than with my Radio Shack discone and an Antenna Warehouse log-periodic. Does this make sense? (Steve O'Connor, email)
- **A.** It's not unusual for a random-wire antenna to receive signals on VHF and even UHF, and especially well on 30-50 MHz low band, but the fact that they are stronger on higher frequencies than with your previous antennas probably points out their deficiencies, not the superiority of the wire.

Although a long wire intercepts more signal voltage than a small antenna, that doesn't mean it all gets to the receiver. There are many other factors that come into play such as impedance, wavelength, directivity, phase relationships, gain, reflected power, and polarization.

I suspect that your wire is receiving signals from specific directions conditionally, especially on low band, but not as well on high VHF and UHF as a good scanner antenna such as the well-respected ScanTenna would provide. However, if it is hearing what you want to hear, it's adequate.

- **Q.** Here in Illinois we have a toll-way transponder system to automatically detect and charge users from their prepaid accounts; it uses a frequency of 802.11 MHz. How does it work? (Ron Blocker, Glenwood, IL)
- **A.** The iPass system is a form of radio-frequency identification (RFID) which automatically polls active stickers on bumpers or inside windshields as the vehicle passes a toll booth. 802.11 is not a frequency, it's a reference to an FCC regulation which provides for license-free digital communications, telemetry and data exchange in the 2.4 and 5.8 GHz spectrum; the most commonly-used protocols are known as Bluetooth and Wi-Fi.

The tiny package contains an antenna, a receiver, a transmitter, and a coin cell for power. When it detects the polling transmitter, it fires back its identification number and a computer deducts a toll from a prepaid account.

Details are difficult to find on this system, so some of this is speculation on my part; corrections and additions from our readers are always welcome.

- **Q.** I remember reading some time ago in MT your explanation of how to reduce or eliminate electrical spark interference to a shortwave radio from an aquarium heater; would you mind telling me again? And do I really need to take the preventive step if the aquarium is several feet away from the radio? (Terry Powers, La Mesa, CA)
- **A.** The modification is a simple matter of soldering a 0.1-0.47 microfarad, 400-600 working-volt capacitor across the thermostat contacts to reduce the spark that's responsible for generating the interference. You can solder it most anywhere along the wiring that attaches to the two contacts with the same results. And yes, even at a distance of several feet away, you'll hear the interference since it radiates to your antenna, not to the radio itself.
- **Q.** I recently replaced a gas valve and thermocouple on a gas furnace. I know that the dissimilar metal of a thermocouple produces

electricity when heated, but how does it control gas flow? (Mark Burns, Terre Haute, IN)

- **A.** You're overlooking one other interesting characteristic displayed by two dissimilar metals when they are bonded together they bend! Thus the heated metal acts as a valve gate, automatically controlling gas flow.
- **Q.** My old scanner has poor audio filtering, so I hear distracting humming and tones right along with the communications. Is there some way I can filter this out at the speaker itself? (Paul Kamalsky, email)
- **A.** Yes. To reduce low-pitched hum from subaudible squelch tones (CTCSS) or even AC ripple from the power supply, you can put a small, low-voltage, electrolytic capacitor in series with either speaker lead; experiment with values in the 10-100 uF range. Similarly, if the tone is a high pitch, try placing the capacitor across the speaker terminals.
- **Q.** Can the voice-recognition software, IBM Via Voice, display and print out a transcription of an off-the-air transmission heard on a shortwave receiver or scanner? (Brian Bowie, Medford, OR)
- **A.** Any voice-recognition program can process analog voice from a mike, tape recorder, or even off the air from an external speaker jack on a scanner or shortwave receiver. The problem comes in its learning the particular voice. Some programs, like *Dragon Naturally Speaking*, are much better than others doing this.

If you are listening to a well-spoken broadcaster observing the rules of enunciation and diction, then all is well, but if you come across a twangy, inarticulate "Tain-fower good buddy," you're in trouble!

Questions or tips sent to Ask Bob, c/o MT are printed in this column as space permits. If you desire a prompt, personal reply, mail your questions along with a self-addressed stamped envelope (no telephone calls, please) in care of MT, or e-mail to bobgrove@monitoringtimes.com. (Pleose include your name and address.) The current Ask Bob is now online at our website: http://www.monitoringtimes.com

Getting Started

Bright Ideas

Gary Webbenhurst
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garywebbenhurst@monitoringtimes.com

Modify your FRS radio to receive 800 MHz cellular frequencies!
Open the radio, and look for the purple wire. Cut it, and tape the ends. Now do a master CPU reset. There, you accomplished nothing. There is no such modification possible. But I did get your attention!

In most of my scanners, I have a bank especially dedicated for the FRS, GMRS, and MURS frequencies. You never know what you will hear. Hang-gliders can often be heard on 151.625, 151.925, and 151.995. I also use my FRS radio to scan all the FRS frequencies. I use my FRS radio in scanning mode with the PL tone set to off. The really bright idea? Be prepared for April Fool's Day.

Egad! I offered to email my list of "correct answers only" question pool for the FCC Technician class exam. I was swamped. No more requests please. Instead, we have posted the file on the MT website at http://www.monitoringtimes.com/html/mttechanswers.html. MFJ must also read this column closely, because they now offer the questions in the same format for the General and Extra class licenses as well as Technician. Contact them at 1-800 647-1800 or http://www.mfjenterprises.com. Go for it! You can do it!

exciting and unique radio traffic? Did you say, I should have recorded that? I realize many listeners already make use of tape recorders, but I found a new, cheap digital recorder. I was browsing at Radio Shack and spotted a small device about the size of a cheap cigar. This all-digital recorder (no tapes) was so small I could set it in my coffee cup that holds my pens, and extra rubber duck antennas. Just click it on, and lay it near the speaker. It has 125 minutes of record time. Always at your fingertips. All for under \$40. When tabletop space is at a premium, this is the answer. I think I will get another one for the car. I often have great ideas while traveling, but I forget them by the time I get

Have you ever heard some really

Power Strips:

all the time.

A few columns back, I noted the fantastic new RigRunnerTM DC power strip from West Mountain Radio. This device uses the new Anderson Power PolesTM, and makes DC power connections a snap. Literally. I lamented that it did not have an off/on switch. Well, those

home. Last minute follow-up. These digital record-

ers are so useful, I now carry another in my pocket

guys must have reading the column, because they came out with a new product that had the on/off switch.

They even went one better, and added a feature where you could plug your main radio into the "Master" switch. When you turn off your radio, it automatically turns off all the other connections, without touching the power strip itself. Very helpful if you place the power strip out of sight, or in an inaccessible space. Besides this "Auto" mode, you also can control it with a standard single pole off/on switch.

They also sell a separate, but expensive, voltmeter and analyzer. It connects inline, and uses Anderson power poles naturally. Manufactured by Astroflight Inc., it display volts, amps, watts, and milliamp hours. It should, because it costs \$70. Naturally, I had to have one. Writing this column is an expensive venture!

MFJ had been sleeping for a while, but they awoke and created a new DC power strip that incorporates their old features with the new technology. I purchased model# 1126. It uses a permanently attached power cord to connect to your power source. And what a cable. This monster must be a gauge six or eight. It handles a maximum of 40 amps. Connections 1, 2, and 3 are always hot. Connections 4-8 are controlled with an Off/ On switch. This model also includes a voltmeter. The Instruction Manual was very helpful.

Another DC power distribution product has emerged from Saratoga Amateur Radio Products. At http://www.hamstop.com, I purchased their "Power Panel 8." One position for DC power in, and seven for DC out. No meter, no manual, no connection cord, no switches. But that is OK. For simple DC power hookups, you can get by without all those bells and whistles. If all you are going to do is power up some scanners and accessories,





this will work great for about \$54.00. Even less if you buy it as a kit, which includes a CD with manual, and instructions. Hard to imagine what could be added to any of these products, but I suspect their engineers will find some new features. I give them all high marks in every category commensurate with their cost.

http://www.hamstop.com/

http://www.mfjenterprises.com/index.php http://www.westmountainradio.com/

Ever buy a used ham radio that had no operating manual? Try the Lost User Manual from Artsci at 1-(818) 843-4080 or http://www.artscipub.com/. You can also post a message with the Yahoo group

for that particular radio, and see if a manual is posted in the files section. You can also ask if anyone is willing to make a copy of the operating manual. You should, of course, offer to pay for the photocopying and postage to your home location (QTH.)

My new Radio Shack voltmeter #22-810 had a design problem. The black and red wire leads were too long. They would not fit back into the case easily. I had two options: shorten them by unsoldering and cutting a short piece off, then resoldering,

or curl up some extra cord length inside the compartment. Either way it works great. If you think creatively, it is amazing how many problems you can solve. Remember, if you have a problem, or a better solution, let me know.

Try something new. We all get lazy, and tend to use the same search engine for all our web surfing. Well, I added several more as buttons to my Links toolbar. Here are some possible new search engines. Now I try several when researching a topic. That

accomplished, I feel I have truly searched the net for my topic. Tip: Check these websites out in exact order.

http://www.search.com/

http://www.searchenginecolossus.com/

http://searchenginewatch.com/

http://www.dogpile.com/

http://www.google.com/ http://www.altavista.com/

http://www.metacrawler.com/

http://www.mamma.com/

http://www.lycos.com/

http://www.webcrawler.com/

http://www.msn.com/

If you are reading the downloadable electronic version of *Monitoring Times*, you can just click on the URLs above and be magically delivered to the desired website. That is all I have room for this month. Send me your bright ideas, problems, or solutions.

Scanning Report

The World Above 30 MHz

Dan Veeneman

danveeneman@monitoringtimes.com

Internet-Enhanced Scanning

he Internet has become an important resource for scanner listeners. Frequencies and system descriptions can be found on numerous web pages, easily accessible through major search engines like Google and Yahoo! The Internet can also provide actual scanner audio from a wide selection of hobbyist broadcast servers.

Scanning via the Internet

Dan,

I found your piece on-line regarding "Computer Interfacing Your Scanner." I am trying to set up a system where I can have a computer in Los Angeles (in a relative's home) connected to a couple of scanners tuned to police, fire and rescue frequencies and send the audio via the Internet to me in Minneapolis where I now live. Do you know of a way I can accomplish that and where would I go to get the hardware required?

Thanks a million for your help! Ron in Minnesota

There are two different ways Ron can satisfy his desire to listen to Los Angeles scanner activity while he's in Minneapolis, or anywhere else he has access to the Internet.

Audio On-Line

The easiest way is to locate an existing audio feed that carries L.A. traffic. There are several web "broadcasters" that operate from Southern California and may already be delivering the public safety activity that Ron is looking for. Listening to these broadcasters is a matter of entering their address into a web browser and following a few simple directions. In some cases you may have to download a "helper" audio application, depending on the particular broadcaster.

Feeds from the Burbank, Glendale and Pasadena area are available from http://verdugo.ci.glendale.ca.us/radio.html which is coming from the Verdugo Fire Communications Center in Glendale. Their audio feed requires the latest RealOne Player Software, but it's a free download and installs easily.

A hobbyist in Monrovia runs a site at http://members.101freeway.com/gmitch/feed.htm which appears to work from the Microsoft web browser Internet Explorer

without any additional downloads.

Verdugo and Los Angeles County Fire can be heard from http://www.k6ccc.org, which has a selection for Windows Media Player (a software utility that comes with recent Microsoft Windows operating systems like Windows 2000 and Windows XP).

Over time some of the hobbyist-run web sites seem to come and go, and may occasionally be out of service due to some kind of technical difficulty. In case these links stop working at some future time you can check a large list of Internet-based scanners at http://www.ku4ay.net/netscanners.html At last count it had more than 30 audio links. You can also use a general search engine like http://www.google.com with search terms like "Internet", "audio" and "scanner" to locate additional feeds.

Computer Aided Dispatch

As an aside, there are also a number of municipalities that provide Computer-Aided Dispatch (CAD) information on the Internet. The sites continuously update screens that contain basic call information such as address, type of call, responding units and current status. For instance, the California Highway Patrol maintains traffic accident and incident information at http://cad.chp.ca.gov. From there you can select among more than 20 dispatch centers across the state, including Los Angeles. This will allow you to keep tabs on incidents and events without needing to listen all the time. Other cities have similar versions of this service on-line, including

Dallas (Fire-Rescue incidents at http://www.dallasfirerescue.com/fadata/fdindex.html),

Martin County, Florida (http://www.sheriff.martin.fl.us/cad/cad2.html for police and http://www.martin.fl.us/GOVT/depts/esd/livecad/esdcad.html for fire),

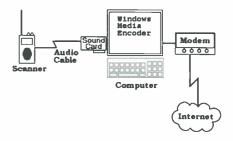
Miami-Dade County, Florida (http://www.co.miami-dade.fl.us/firecad/www.cipnew.asp for Fire-Rescue) and Ventura County, California (http://fire.countyofventura.org/fireline/frameset/f_pages/index.asp).

Do It Yourself

If you'd like to set up your own scanner audio feed, whether for broadcast to the world or for your own personal link, there are few things you'll need.

Hardware

You will need a fast personal computer, preferably one dedicated to this task. The software audio encoder (see below) will determine the specific speed and memory requirements. The computer will also need a sound card with *Line In* or *Microphone In* jacks.



Radio

Obviously you'll need a scanner that can provide good quality audio via an *External Speaker* jack. Some web sites use a computer-controlled scanner to provide current channel and frequency information to the listener, but it isn't a requirement.

Audio Cable

You'll need the proper audio cable to connect the audio output of your scanner to the input of the sound card.

Software

You will need to run a software program on the computer to take the scanner audio and encode it for transmission over the Internet. A free download from Microsoft (http://www.microsoft.com) will get you the latest version of Windows Media Encoder (Version Series 9 is current as of this writing). This program runs under the Windows 2000 and Windows XP operating systems and provides all of the capability you'll need. The recommended configuration for broadcasting scanner output is a machine running at least an 866 MHz processor with 256 MB (megabytes) of RAM, although slower machines may work well enough for your purpose.

Internet Connection

Finally, you'll need a high-speed connection to the Internet, such as cable or digital subscriber line (DSL). It will help if you have a static IP address, in order for listeners to easily locate your audio stream.

Internet Broadcasting

After downloading and installing Windows Media Encoder, you'll want to set it up for a broadcast using the following steps.

In the New Session Wizard:

- Select the "Broadcast a live event" option;
- Select the audio device (this must match the sound card and input your scanner is hooked up to)
- Choose "Pull from the encoder"
- Select the HTTP port (choose the defaults for now)
- Select Encoding Rates (choose the defaults for now)
- Select whether to archive the "broadcast"
- Enter Display Information to identify the details of the content (your location, radio hardware, etc.)
- · Review the settings, then click on 'Finish'
- Click on the 'Start Encoding' (green ball) tab at the top

At this point you should be encoding the audio from your scanner and are ready to accept connections. At the receiving end, listeners will need to enter your static IP address and the port number you selected in the encoder. If they're running an up-to-date browser under Windows they should be able to start Windows Media Player and hear your broadcast!

If any readers are currently providing scanner audio over the Internet, I'd love to hear about your hardware and software setup. Drop me an e-mail and let me,know what you're up to!

◆ Monroe County, Michigan

Monroe County, located in southeast Michigan on the Ohio border, recently voted to take out a \$3 million load to pay for a part of a new \$9.3 million radio system. The rest of the bill will be paid by a grant from the federal Department of Homeland Security. The county hopes to pass a monthly surcharge on local telephone service in order to repay the loan.

Monroe County intends to replace their 1950's-era radio system and join Michigan's existing statewide APCO Project 25 system. The money will buy towers and dispatching equipment as well as nearly a thousand mobile and portable radios.

Since the state charges \$200 per radio as a system maintenance fee, local governments will have to pay for that on top of any repair or replacement costs for their new radios.

Until the replacement occurs, you can hear the Monroe County Sheriff's Department dispatching on 460.175. They also use 453.275, 453.525, 453.625 and 460.425 MHz. Monroe County Fire is on 154.430



MHz, with Fireground on 154.355 and Emergency Medical Services on 155.235 MHz.

◆ Ingham County, Michigan

To the northwest of Monroe County, Michigan's Ingham County is taking a different path. They have contracted with M/A-COM to build a \$10 million EDACS (Enhanced Digital Access Communications System) radio system for their public safety personnel. They plan on having four repeater sites and ten radio frequencies to provide coverage for about 1,600 mobile and portable radios.

Ingham County has a population of nearly 300,000 people, with a third of those living in the state capital of Lansing. The county is also home to Michigan State University, with a student population of more than 40,000.

The choice of EDACS rather than an APCO

Project 25 system means that Ingham County will need additional equipment to talk with other counties and with the state's digital system. Instead of being able to communicate directly, converters will be needed to translate between the EDACS protocol and the P-25 standard.



For now, you can hear the Ingham County Sheriff on 460.350 (Primary), 460.075, 453.325 and 460.300 MHz. Ingham County Fire uses 154.040, 154.415 and 154.430 MHz. Fire activity in the southern part of the county can be heard on 155.940 MHz.

The city of Lansing uses several frequencies, as follows:

Lansing City Police (North)	460.200
Lansing City Police (Information)	460.300
Lansing City Police (Tactical)	460.400
Lansing City Police (South)	460.500
Lansing City Police (Administrative)	453.050

The Michigan State University Police are reportedly heard on 460.275, 460.375 and 460.450 MHz. The county's Regional Medical Center has two main frequencies, 152.010 and 163.250 MHz.

Westport, Massachusetts

The Westport Police Department, located in southeastern Massachusetts about 50 miles south of Boston, has been operating on a new UHF radio channel since the end of January. As with many other systems across the country, funding came (in part) from the Department of Homeland Security.

Police officers had been complaining for some time about "dead zones" where they had poor or no radio coverage. Police now have new radios along with a new repeater, which is now sharing space on a cellular telephone tower.

The new frequency for police operations is 471.400 MHz, replacing the old 155.370 that was shared with the town of Warren, Rhode Island (just across Mount Hope Bay). Westport was also licensed to use 153.095 and 158.745 MHz, but I don't have any reports about current activity on those frequencies. Countywide

fire can be heard on low band at 46.18 MHz and in UHF at 460.8375 MHz.

South Dakota

I enjoyed your February 2004 article in Monitoring Times on the statewide VHF trunking system in South Dakota. Checking your web site I found the frequencies list great but... what type of radios are they using or who makes the system and which trunk tracker scanner will work it?

Jim

South Dakota is using a mix of radio manufacturers, but all of the equipment follows the APCO Project 25 standard for the "air interface." What that means is that any of the digital scanners currently on the market should work. However, in South Dakota the biggest problem might be how to get it home from the store.

Apparently there is a state law from 1965 that prohibits the possession of police scanners in non-law enforcement vehicles. It's not clear how well this law is being enforced, but the state attorney general seems to

believe that the intent of the law is to keep scanners out of vehicles. That same law also requires business owners to get written permission from the county sheriff or



state attorney general before having a scanner in their business, which makes me wonder how Radio Shack manages to legally sell scanners in South Dakota. Do they have written permission? The statute in question, taken from the South Dakota legislature website, is:

23-4-5. Unlawful possession of receiving set or converter without permission — Seizure by peace afficer. The possession of any receiving set or converter described in § 23-4-2 in any vehicle or business establishment, without permission pursuant to § 23-4-3, will constitute prima focie evidence of possession for unlawful purposes, and such receiving set shall be deemed contraband and shall be confiscated by any peace officer of this state and delivered to the attorney general for disposition.

So in South Dakota, if you have a scanner in your car or in your business without permission (or unless you are a licensed amateur radio operator), it is assumed to be for unlawful purposes. On top of that, if you've been convicted of a felony within the past ten years, you can't have one at all:

23-4-2. Possession by felon of police radio as misdemeanor — Radio stations unaffected. No person who has been convicted of a felony in this state or elsewhere within the past ten years shall possess any frequency modulation receiving equipment capable of being so adjusted or tuned as to receive messages or signals on frequencies assigned by the Federal Communications Commission to local or state law enforcement officers, or to the state or any of its agencies. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any radio station licensed by the Federal Communications System.

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Southern Wisconsin

I received the following e-mail from a reader in Wisconsin who was working out some of the non-public safety systems in his area.

I want to share with you and your readers in Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin what I have learned about Logic Trunking Radio systems. I found a way to do an LTR frequency search with my Uniden BC780XLT scanner with a Scantenna antenna mounted on a twenty-foot tower. The Bearcat manual doesn't tell you how to do a frequency search.

I found several new Logic trunking systems that are not listed in the new 2004 Police Call frequency guide. All the frequencies must be programmed in their proper order. These are the systems that I found so far:

1) Kenosha and Walworth counties LTR system

```
02 451.4000

04 452.8000

05 463.5625

09 464.5875

10 451.7000

2) Milwaukee and Waukesha county system

01 860.0875

02 860.5875

05 859.0875

06 859.5875

09 858.0875

10 858.5875

13 857.0875

14 857.5875

17 856.0875
```

Don't program 858.5875 because all the mobile id's have their own id numbers, and you can't follow a conversation with the base stations

```
3) Milwaukee and Waukesha counties LTR system
```

01 451.5500

01 451.6000

02 451.7500

04 452.2500

05 452 1750

4) Milwaukee county LTR system

01 452.2125

02 451.9875 03 452.9875

5) Milwaukee county LTR system 05 451.8625

15 452.3375

I think this system needs more frequencies.

Please let me know if you have any more information on any of these LTR systems that I have sent you. Thank you.

Joel in Milwaukee

Since I don't live in Wisconsin to check the frequencies directly, my first stop was the Federal Communications Commission wireless database at

http://gullfoss2.fcc.gov/cgi-bin/ws.exe/genmen/index.hts

It reports that the frequencies for the first system are assigned to two different licensees. First, General Communications Inc. out of Madison is assigned 464.0000, 451.4000,

451.6000 as well as 463.2625, 463.5625 and 464.5875 MHz. A second license holder by the name of Richard Manthy transmits out of Brighton on the following frequencies: 452.7500, 452.7000, 452.8250, 452.8750, 461.5000, 461.9000, 461.9500, 464.7000, 451.7000, 451.9000, 452.6500, 452.7250, 452.7750, 452.8000 and 452.0750 MHz.

The second system on the list is licensed to Jack D. Warden out of West Allis. A transmitter site in Milwaukee uses 856.0875, 857.0875, 858.0875, 859.0875 and 860.0875 MHz. A separate call sign has 856.5875, 857.5875, 858.5875, 859.5875 and 860.5875 MHz listed.

The third and fourth systems are both under a license to General Communications. A Platteville transmitter site has 451.55, 451.35 and 451.225; a Milwaukee site uses 451.7500, 452.0500 and 452.5000 MHz, and in Muskego we have 451.5500, 451.7500, 452.1750, 452.2500 and 452.9750 MHz. The fourth system falls under two Milwaukee sites with 451.9875, 452.2125, 452.2375, 452.9875 and 461.4500 MHz.

Viking Clear Channel out of Milwaukee owns the last system. A site in New Berlin is licensed for 463.8125, 461.3875, 463.8125 and 453.0125 MHz while a West Milwaukee site lists 464.4375, 463.9375, 451.8625, 452.0125 and 461.4625 MHz. A second license covers 452.3375 and 452.7375 MHz from Milwaukee.

I forwarded this information to Joel so he could check it out and he soon responded with the letter below, explaining his process for working out LTR frequency order.

I have been going through the frequency list you sent me, and 464,000 works on channel 03 for the Kenosha & Walworth counties LTR system. Thank you. I would have had a hard time to find this one on my own. I see the 01 id's

from 01 451.6000 drop to 03 464.000 as people talk. Also, the 02 id's on 02 451.4000 drop to 04 452.8000 as the id's talk.

Dan, checking frequencies for LTR id numbers is a very time consuming process. The id number 1-18-189, for example, means the frequency showing this id number gets programmed on channel 18. The home repeater #18 indicates the channel number placement between 1 and 20.

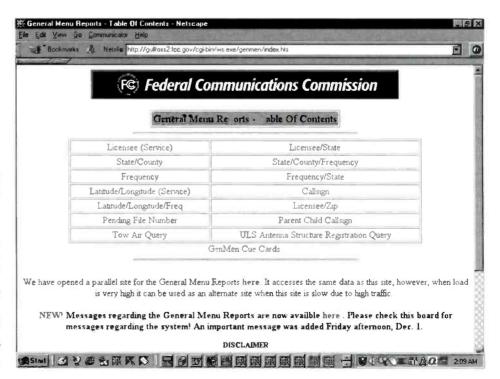
To do this, one scanner bank must be programmed for LTR trunking. Enter the frequency to be checked on one of the channels 1 through 20. Then press trunk twice to make it an LTR frequency. Then press trunk again to start the checking process. Wait until a person speaks, and the LTR number will come up. Or wait for a repeater confirmation beep of 253—like 0-03-253. This means it gets programmed on channel 03.

Sometimes, you will see 01, 02, 03, or more. There are frequencies that have no home repeater id's. There are three of these in most LTR systems. These are hard to place in the proper channel order. There are two ways to do this. The first is to sit and wait for a repeater heep of 253. It will show up like 1-04-253. Program it on channel 04. The other way is to program all 20 channels with the frequency and watch for the indicator light where it lights up and remove all the extra ones until the right place is found.

I wish I had a better way to do this search, but this is the only way I know to do this.

Joel in Milwaukee

That's all I have for this month. More information and links can be found on my web site at http://www.signalharbor.com. I also welcome your questions, comments and activity reports via electronic mail to danveeneman@monitoringtimes.com. Until next time, happy scanning!





Scanning Canada

John David Corby, VA3KOT johncorby@monitoringtimes.com

The Bloom Boom

bout fifty kilometers northwest of Toronto is a city with a colorful history. "Brampton is Blooming" is a city motto that reflects its history as "Flowertown." The blooming business has largely moved away, although remnants can be found if you know where to look.

The city has outgrown its humble beginnings in the flower trade while other industries have boomed here. For example, it hosts the world headquarters of a major international telecom equipment vendor. Brampton represents the southern terminus of the Orangeville and Brampton Railway that we have been following for the last three months. The tracks go on to link up with the main lines further south in Streetsville, but our journey ends here.

Frequencies to monitor

in Brampton, Ontario

Fast Food Restaurants

Tim Hortons 30.58 KFC, Country Style Donuts 30.84 Wendys 33.40 30.84 464.2125 Burger King 33.40 McDonalds 464.6250 Harveys 464.6250

School Buses

Laidlaw Transit 141.030 167.265 408.1625 Parkinson Coach Lines 158.505 Stock Transportation 165.360

Province of Ontario (GMCO)

148.600 149.170 149.200 149.335 149.440 149.605 150.100 152.000 414.4125 414.6125

Canadian National Railway

Intermodal Terminal 160.665 160.785 161.025 161.415 **Brampton Container Yard 459.2250** Bramalea GO Station 161.415

City Of Brampton

Transit System 410.0125 411.2375 Parks & Recreation 413.5875 418.5875 418.7125

Works & Transportation 413.7125

Works & Transportation Canada-Wide (DGPS) 440.2875 440.2875

Regional Municipality Of Peel 928.84375

shared with Hydro One Brampton Networks 821.0875 821.1875 821.2125 821.3375 821.4375 821.4625 821.5875 821.6875 821.7125 821.8375 821.9375 821.9625 822.0875 822.1875 822.2125 822.3375 822.4375 822.5875 822.6875 822.8375 822.9375

Hydro One Brampton Networks 49.43 167.040 , 928.63125 952.63125

Enbridge Gas Distribution 419.9375 932.19375

Radio Stations

CKMW Radio Ltd. O/A CIAO Radio 450.0625 CFNY FM 450,4000

Miscellaneous

William Osler Health Centre 451.7875 Sheridan College Of Applied Arts and Technology 454.2000

St. John Ambulance 158.535

Nortel Networks World Headquarters: 452.5375 454.2250

Peel Amateur Radio Club repeaters (VE3PRC) 53.190 146.88 443.5500

T-New

Lester B. Pearson airport in Toronto has a new terminal building. Now officially labeled "Terminal One" it replaces the very outdated, over-capacity, old terminal with the same identity. For months this huge building was surreptitiously referred to as "T-New." It is a huge build-

ing that rivals some smaller Canadian urban centers for the amount of real estate that

it occupies.

In December of 2003, the Greater Toronto Airports Authority invited the general public to tour the facility which is slated to open this month. The new Terminal One Open House attracted many visitors who came to see what billions of our dollars have been spent Digital radio at on. The terminal building Toronto's New Airalone is impressive, but a port Terminal major re-development of the



approach highways and airport campus roads also took place.

ScanCan took advantage of the occasion to visit the Open House with a camera. I wanted find out more about the new radio system that has been installed. One of the security guards had conveniently left his new Motorola 900MHz handheld radio on a desk while he propped up a nearby wall. The photograph that I took of it is this month's Scanning Canada column picture.

Morse Code – an Official Language?

The Morse Code question is firmly on the front burner again in Canada. Should the Morse Code test be abolished for amateur radio licensing? ScanCan has learned that the Federal government has a new plan to promote bi-lingualism in Canada. Effective April 1st, 2004, all amateur radio licensees will be required to demonstrate proficiency in both of Canada's official languages. Furthermore, hams will be required to keep a log of their transmissions and be able to demonstrate to Industry Canada (Canada's radio licensing body) that they have conducted fifty percent of their contacts in each of Canada's two official languages (French and English). As a special dispensation, hams may elect to substitute Morse Code for one of the official languages if they so desire.

Your humble columnist from the Great White North stood up on his hind legs to propagate this story at his local club meeting recently. Despite managing to keep an entirely straight face throughout, I was deservedly greeted with howls of derision from the audience. Of course my mischievous April Fool's tale is entirely fictional, even though it does bear a suspicious resemblance to the bizarre antics of our politicians in that icy burgh known locally as "Disneyland-On-The-Rideau" (Ottawa). The following true story illustrates that suspicion.

HMCS Haida "Sunk" in **Hamilton Harbor**

Canada's World War II vintage, tribal class destroyer, HMCS Haida, is a museum ship that in happier days floated merrily in Toronto Harbor. Local radio enthusiasts were welcomed into her radio room to view her equipment at close range. Licensed enthusiasts were even allowed to take over the radio room at weekends and operate from the ship.

As recently reported in this column, the ship was moved to Hamilton, renovated and, according to some distressed veterans, "captured by pirates." Actually, the ship was acquired by an autonomous body of the federal government called Parks Canada. A high official at Parks Canada recently replied to ScanCan's formal letter of protest concerning the closure of the radio room to hobbyists. In his letter, the official identified his disdain for amateur radio and indifference to the wishes of voters to whom his department is not answerable. Hobby radio on board HMCS Haida has been sunk, and democracy may have earned a purple heart in the skirmish.

Next Month

Spring is officially here, even though the weather may not consistently support that observation. In May, ScanCan will examine the efforts of a volunteer group that provides emergency communications support. No, this is not the Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES). Pick up a copy of next month's MT to find out more.



HF Communications

Hugh Stegman

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Shining Some Sun on 4XZ

NIGMA is the European Numbers Intelligence Gathering and Monitoring Association. It dropped its print newsletter some time back, but it remains very much alive on the Internet as ENIGMA 2000. They're best known for issuing the twice yearly "control list," which brings considerable order from what would otherwise be chaos in the "numbers" scene.

"Numbers," of course, are those mysterious broadcasts of deeply encrypted messages, presumably from intelligence agencies, and usually with high power and no attempt to conceal their existence. Quite the contrary, numbers stations tend to play music, bang drums, blow trumpets, beep, or repeat hours of tuning markers. They don't care who listens.

The one identifying as "4XZ," while a

commonly reported station, is a lot more prosaic. In fact, it isn't really a numbers station at all, though ENIGMA maintains it as M22. The M is for Morse, as the station uses the International Morse Code in CW mode (Continuous Wave telegraphy).

It's now thought that 4XZ is the Israeli Navy in Haifa. While intelligence messages can't be ruled out, most traffic seems to be for the fleet of missile ships, patrol boats, and submarines.

4XZ Frequencies

Like many such stations, a great many frequencies are used. Here are some recent hits, all in kilohertz (kHz): 2680, 2800, 2922, 4241, 4331, 5159, 5911, 6739, 6797, 8000, 8103, 8436, 9255, 10046, 12984, 13966, 18004, and 18427.5. The best time is between 2200 and the subsequent day at 0500 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

The station runs hours of channel markers, just "VVV" (a standard test group) then "DE" (from) "4XZ 4XZ." There is usually a parallel transmission on at least one additional frequency, and sometimes many more than that. The marker is occasionally interrupted for a message.

Messages come in three types. There are the encrypted ones using letter groups, the ones in plaintext Hebrew, and the ones in five-number groups.

It's the third type which is by far the

most interesting. This stuff looks as if it would only be readable to spies. However, it's merely talking about the weather.

4XZ Weather Broadcasts

There used to be a lot more weather broadcasts flying around shortwave in Morse code and radio teletype (RTTY). The ones that remain, though, are still usually in one of many very tight, and entirely public, codes. These were designed to move a maximum amount of information over low-speed circuits in a minimum of time. The secret is in their use of symbols, which are letters and numbers standing for entire paragraphs of highly standardized weather text or data.

Everyone has, at one time or another, run across such a weather broadcast and taken

it for "numbers." These can look pretty cryptic. For a long time, it was assumed this was the case on 4XZ. Someone, though, finally recognized some standard data in all this, and puzzled it out. The 4XZ 5-number format gave up its mystery. Now it's known to be an old weather

code, dating back to at least 1947.

This one isn't used much on the air any more, but it's still in all the books. It's number FM-46, also known by its old name of "IAC FLEET." IAC stands for International Analysis Codes, and "fleet" refers to its use

by navy ships. "FM" stands for Field Meteorological, on the long list of similarly numbered FM codes maintained by the World Meteorological Organization, a United Nations agency.

FM-46, currently in its FM-46-IV revision, is a greatly condensed version of a larger code called FM-45, with old name of "IAC." It's one of several codes that are so concise that they even leave out their own designators at the

beginning, further confusing listeners.

Let's do a little traffic analysis ourselves. Following the usual CW traffic headers and such, every FM-46 message will always begin with 10001or 65556, 10001 indicates that

the data is to be used for surface analysis (the weather chart), and 65556 means it's for a surface prognosis (the weather forecast).

The rest of the preamble consists of a position group, and then a date/time group beginning with a 0. If the preamble started with 65556, there'll be a second time group, which is an hour offset for the valid time of the forecast.

The preamble ends with another break sign. There will then be as many following sections as are necessary to send the data. These sections are standard, and begin with 999xx, 888xx, or 777xx.

The end of a data set will always be 19191, another sure tip-off.

As mentioned, this is an old code, best suited to Morse telegraphy, but that doesn't mean it's not a good one. The numbers expand to huge amounts of information, the precise nature of which varies with the section of the message. It is even possible to encode isobars, those squiggly lines of equal barometric pressure around the "H" and "L" on the weather chart. A trained decoder can produce a very complex looking chart, almost as if it had been faxed or e-mailed.

Newer weather codes do something similar, but the trend is toward plotting the information from raw data, in "gridded" format or even encoded binary (computer ones and zeroes). Both of these also look like gibberish, but a different sort of gibberish.

Everyone knows it's a pain copying long strings of numbers in CW, but it's

good practice for you or your computer. Those wanting to bang their heads up against some more FM-46 code can get the whole standard, starting on page 105 of WMO Publication 306. Part A. The whole 492-page document is available in Adobe Acrobat form on the Internet. It's a good thing to have around, because it also explains more commonly encountered formats, such as TAF (Terminal Aerodrome Forecast) and METAR (Aviation Routine Weather).

Several of these weather codes have always been on this column's web site. FM-46 was not one of them, but it has recently been added. Happy decoding.







Utility Logs

Hugh Stegman

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ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS COLUMN

AFB	Air Force Base
	Automatic Link Establishment
	Amplitude Modulation
	Automatic Repeat Request teleprinting system
	French single-channel ARQ teleprinting system
	Airborne Warning And Control System
	. Communication Area Master Station, Atlantic
	Communication Area Master Station, Pacific
	Morse code telegraphy ("Continuous Wave")
	US Drug Enforcement Administration
	Differential Global Positioning System
	Digital Selective Calling
	UK Lincolnshire Poacher numbers, Cyprus
	UK Cherry Ripe, like Poacher, Guam
	Old designator for E3a
	Emergency Action Message
	Radiofacsimile
	Forward Error Correction teleprinting system
	Gridded weather observations, sent as text code
	High-Frequency Data Link
	High-Frequency Global Communications System
	US Joint Interagency Task Force, South
	Cuban numbers. Morse code version of V2
	4XZ, Israeli CW "numbers" and weather
	Military Affiliate Radio System
	Meteorological
	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
	Minimum Shift Keying
	Major World Air Route Area
	Russian single-letter beacons/channel markers
	Republic of South Africa
	Radio Teletype
	UZB76, Russian numbers with buzzy marker
	Russian numbers with beep marker
	State Emergency Capability Using Radio Effectively
	Simplex Teleprinting Over Radio, ARQ mode
	Simplex Teleprinting Over Radio, FEC mode
	United Kingdom
Unid	
	United States
	Cuban numbers, Spanish callup "Atencion!"
	Scheduled broadcasts of airport weather
	Russian "Polytone," tone-coded numbers
	The state of the s

All transmissions are USB (upper sideband) unless otherwise indicated. All frequencies are in kHz (kilohertz) and all times are UTC (Coordinated Universal Time). "Numbers" stations (encrypted, usually unidentified, broadcasts thought to be intelligence-related) are identified in () with their ENIGMA station designators, as issued by the European Numbers Intelligence Gathering and Monitoring Association.

MSK, at 1930. (Day Watson-UK)

(Watson-UK)

291.0

299.0

439-DGPS beacon, Wormleighton, corrections and almanac in

460-DGPS beacon, La Hague, carrections in MSK, at 1924.

5 440-DGPS beacon, St. Catherines Point, corrections in MSK, at
1936. (Watson-UK)
5 449-DGPS beacon, Nash Point, corrections and almanac in MSK,
at 1915. (Watson-UK)
3.0 La Coruna Radio, Spain, running crew phane patches in Spanish,
at 2215. (Patrice Privat-France)
2.0 SPS-Witowo Radio, Poland, annauncing upcoming navigation
warnings on 2720, at 2134. (Privat-France)
2.0 Bermuda Harbor Radio-Bermuda Marine Information Bulletins,
at 0038. (Ron Perron-MD)
3.0 VOJ-Canadian Coast Guard, Port-au-Basques, NFD, weather in
English and French, at 0209. (Perran-MD)
0.0 Coast Guard Group Moriches-US Coast Guard, NY, Marine Infor-
mation Broadcast at 0028. (Perron-MD) NMN13-US Coast Guard
Group, Cape Hatteras, NC, Marine Information Broadcast, at
2345. (Watson-UK)

2680.0	4XZ-Israeli Navy, Haifa (M22), CW marker, simulkeying on 4241,
	4331, 5159, 6739, 8103, and 10046, all at 2148. (Ary Boender-
	Netherlands)

- 2749.0 VAR-Canadian Coast Guard, Fundy, with weather and fishing warnings in English and French, at 1048. (Perron-MD)
- Gander-MWARA North Atlantic net B, Canada, working KLM 2872.0 471, at 0248. (Perron-MD)
- Santa Maria-MWARA North Atlantic net, weather for unheard 2962.0 aircraft at 0500. (Barry Williams-AL)
- 3016.0 Santa Maria-MWARA North Atlantic net A, working Delta 118 at 0207. (Perron-MD) 3336.2 "L"-CW single-letter channel marker, "solitary" type (MX), Tirana,
- Albania, at 2116. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 3413.0 Shannon VOLMET, Ireland, aviation weather at 0412. (Williams-
- Gander VOLMET, NFD, North Atlantic aviation weather, simulcast 3485.0 on 6604 and 10051, at 2350. (Ken Maltz-NY)
- "C"-Russian CW single-letter beacon, "cluster" type (MX), Mos-3495.0 cow, sent faster than normal, also on 4558, 5154, and 7039, at 2157. (Boender-Netherlands)
- "The Pip"-Regular CW ticks (\$30 marker), at 2140. (Boender-3756.0 Netherlands) [Formerly XT, The Pip was reclassified from an oddity to a real numbers station after a Slavic male voice appeared. Hugh]
- 3828.9 "The Squeaky Wheel"-Weird channel marker, possibly Russian, unknown mode at 2201. (Boender-Netherlands)
- FAV22-French Army, Mont Valerien, CW Morse code practice 3881.0 with exercises and text, at 0940. (Watson-UK)
- 4027.0 Unid-Cuban AM female voice in Spanish (V2), 5-number groups at 0528. (Perron-MD)
- Cuban AM Spanish "female" (V2), 5-number groups at 0408. 4035.0 (Williams-AL)
- Papa Charlie-US military, working Kilo at 0812. (Jeff Haverlah-4223.5
- 4319.0 Cuban "Cut Numbers" station (M8), CW letter substitution groups at 0442. (Perron-MD)
- 4369.0 WLO-Mobile Radio, AL, announcements and weather at 0507. (Perron-MD)
- 4435.0 9AR-Rijeka Radia, Craatia, Slavic voice tape at 2150. (Privat-
- 4585.0 Kitty Hawk 423-US Civil Air Patrol, NC, working Kitty Hawk 30 and Jefferson 26 (VA), at 2305. (Perron-MD) Columbus 1-Civil Air Patrol, OH, net with Columbus 4, Kentucky
- 4604.0 CAP 54, and Red Bird 24 (MI), at 2350. (Perron-MD)
- "The Buzzer"-Noisy Russian marker (\$28), tone keying at 2100. 4625.0 (Boender-Netherlands) [Formerly XB, another oddity now considered a Slavic numbers station, because voice has been heard. -Hugh]
- Fighting Tiger 22-US Navy aircraft, warking Goldenhawk (Tacti-4739.0 cal Support Center, ME) at 0044, then Fiddle (USN, FL), at 0105. (Mark Cleary-SC)
- USAIS1012-US Army/government weekly net, calling USANG2409 5088.5 in ALE, also used 6985, 7448.5, and 7510, at 1607. (Perron-MD)
- MIW2-Israeli Intelligence (E10a), AM null-message format, at 5339.0 2015 and 2210. (Boender-Netherlands)
- "R"-Russian CW single-letter channel marker, "solitary" type (MX), 5465.8 Izhevsk, at 1959. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 5696.0 NMC-US Coast Guard CAMSPAC Pt. Reyes, CA, working Coast Guard 1704, at 0049. (Rick Baker-OH) "B-6-S"-JIATF-S, working CAMSLANT at 0200. (Cleary-SC)
- 5708.0 Reach 3079-US Air Force Air Mobility Command, ALE-initiated voice patch to Hilda Global, at 2046. (Cleary-SC)
- 5732.0 Coast Guard 1502-US Coast Guard, patch via Service Center (US Customs) to JIATF-S, at 2242. (Cleary-SC)
- 5738.0 Polytone-Weird AM station (XP), 5-number groups in sequential tones, at 2120. (Privat-France)
- 5746.0 Lincolnshire Poacher-UK intelligence (E3), callup "87133," simulcast on 6959, at 2208. (Boender-Netherlands) NMN-US Coast Guard CAMSLANT Chesapeake, VA, unsuccess-6234.5
- fully trying to go secure with Coast Guard 1712, at 1712. (Baker-OH) Bravo Foxtrot, link-11/16 tracking coordination at 1428. (Cleary-6235.0
- 4XZ-Israeli Navy, Haifa (M22), encrypted CW message in 5-let-6379.0 ter-groups, then back to marker at 1450. (Watson-UK)

April 2004

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Utility Logs

Continued



- 6550.0 PBDO-Dutch Coast Guard vessel Visarend, working Coast Guard 03 at 1331. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 6604.0 Gander VOLMET, NFD, North Atlantic aviation weather, simulcast on 10051 and 13270, at 1305. (Maltz-NY)
- 6712.0 5115-French Air Force, position for Circus Vert, Villacoublay, at 1638. (Privat-France)
- 6765.0 AAR7AL-US Army MARS, Central Region Coordination Station, checking AAT7WE into a net at 2349. (Baker-OH)
- 6825.0 FAV22-French Army, Mont Valerien, CW marker for code practice here and 3881, then letter-group exercises at 0931. FAV22, slow encrypted CW message, then text in French, at 0950. (Watson-UK)
- 6959.0 Lincolnshire Poacher UK intelligence (E3), numbers groups at 2245. (Cleary-SC)
- 6985.0 USAIS1012-US Army/government weekly net, calling USAMC2120 in ALE, at 1647. (Perron-MD)
- 7508.0 ZSJ-South African Navy, Silvermine, FAX weather forecast at 1100. (Bob Hall-RSA)
- 7510.0 USAIS1012- US Army/government weekly net, calling USAPC1010 in ALE, at 1628 and 1634. (Perron-MD)
- 8000.0 4XZ-Israeli Navy, Haifa (M22), with coded weather observations in CW, at 1641. (Watson-UK) [Yes, some apparent M22 "numbers" traffic is actually a weather code. -Hugh]
- 8103.0 4XZ-Israeli Navy, Haifa (M22), CW marker at 2153. (Perron-MD) 8152.0 Cruiseheimer Net-Control station working various small vessels in Atlantic and Caribbean, at 1330. (Perron-MD)
- 8414.5 GBQM-UK cruise ship Queen Mary 2, routine DSC call (on the alert channel) to vessel Tyco Decisive (V7DI7), went to 2182, at 0116. (Watson-UK)
- 8602.0 Cuban "Cut Numbers" station (M8), CW code groups in progress at 2333. (Perron-MD)
- 8670.0 IAR-Rome Radio, Italy, CW announcements at 0110. (Perron-MD) 8971.0 Golden Hawk-US Navy, ME, working Trident 743 at 1316. (Baker-OH)
- 8980.0 Coast Guard 2118-US Coast Guard, patch to Group New Orleans via CAMSLANT, at 2122. (Cleary-SC)
- 8983.0 Coast Guard 1503-US Coast Guard, telling CAMSLANT they have radio guard with JIATF-S, at 2300. (Cleary-SC)
- 9341.7 Unid-Egyptian MFA, Cairo, SITOR-A call to TVVC (Baghdad, Iraq), no joy, at 1547. (Watson-UK)
- 9360.0 OXT-Copenhagen Meteo, Denmark, callup in frequency-shifted Morse, then a FAX ice chart, supposed to have been discontinued at this station, at 1155. (Watson-UK)
- 10046.0 4XZ-Israeli Navy, Haifa (M22), with CW weather codes, then back to marker at 1545. (Watson-UK)
- 10100.8 DDK9-Hamburg Meteo, RTTY navigation warnings in English and German, at 1723. (Hall-RSA)
- 10373.6 NODY-US Coast Guard Cutter Acacia, calling GGD9, District 9, OH, in ALE, also on 07621.6, at 1643. (Perron-MD)
- 10555.3 VMW-Wiluna Meteo, Australia, clear FAX weather chart at 1520. (Hall-RSA)
- 10945.0 CFH-Canadian Forces, Halifax, NS, RTTY marker giving listening frequencies 2822, 3394, 4158, 6254, 8303, 12380, 16576, and 22182, at 1915. (Watson-UK)
- 11039.0 DDH9-Hamburg Meteo, RTTY weather in German, then back to marker at 1010. (Watson-UK) DDH8/9-Hamburg Meteo, RTTY test loop, simulkeying on 14467.3, at 1707. (Hall-RSA)
- 11175.0 Chalice Hotel-US military AWACS, calling Pig Iron, no joy at 1554. Doom 91-US Air Force, unsuccessful call to Mainsail (any ground station), at 2034. Doom 93, calling Mainsail and raising Puerto Rico HF-GCS, went to 13200, no joy there, at 2055. (Haverlah-TX)
- 11184.0 SU0265-Aeroflot Airbus A319, attempting to get Zurich weather via HFDL, at 0950. (Privat-France)
- 11206.0 LOV-Argentine Navy, Ushuaia, encrypted RTTY 5-leter-group message, then weather in GRID code, at 2040. LOV, with plaintext weather in Spanish, at 2047. (Watson-UK)
- 11229.0 Bank Witch-US military, calling Necessary, no joy at 2000. (Dwight Simpson-WI)
- 11232.0 Shadow 38-US Air Force C-130, patch via Canadian Forces Trenton Military to Coyote Ops and Kirtland AFB Meteo, at 1836. (Simpson-WI)
- 11244.0 Chalice Hotel-US military AWACS, calling Fortunate, no joy at 1708. (Haverlah-TX)

- 11253.0 Unid-UK Royal Air Force, continuous VOLMET at 0430. (Williams-AL)
- 11387.0 Sydney VOLMET-Australian voice synthesized aviation weather, at 0734. (Perron-MD)
- 11545.0 Lincolnshire Poacher-UK intelligence (E3), in progress at 2017. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 11563.0 Unid-Spanish 5-number groups, AM but buzzy audio and no carrier between groups, at 0340. (Williams-AL) [Sounds like another bad night in Cuba. -Hugh]
- 12579.0 Unid-US Navy, Yokosuka, Japan, weather in SITOR-B for Arabian Sea and Indian Ocean, at 1535. (Hall-RSA)
- 12603.5 SVO5-Olympia Radio, Greece, Greek SITOR-B maritime news, at 1320. (Watson-UK)
- 12735.0 URL-Sevastopol Radio, Ukraine, fast CW to vessel Konstruktor, at 1550. (Watson-UK)
- 12745.5 JJC-Takyo Radio, slow (60/576) Kyodo newspaper FAX in Japanese, at 1600. (Watson-UK)
- 12763.5 DAO12-Kiel Radio, Germany, CW identifier every 3 minutes, at 1606. (Watson-UK)
- 12903.0 VTH1/5/7-Indian Navy, Bombay, RTTY messages to warships in 4-letter code groups, at 1712 and 2014. (Hall-RSA)
- 12965.0 UUSJ-Ukrainian vessel Vadim Glazunov, working USO5, Izmail Radio, in CW at 0945. (Privat-France)
- 13050.0 UDK2-Murmansk Radio, Russia, third-shift Cyrillic RTTY traffic, then working ships in CW, at 1405. (Watson-UK)
- 13155.0 Shin Bone-US military, 28-character EAM simulcast on 6697, 8992 and 11244, at 1609. (Haverlah-TX)
- 13375.0 Cuban "Cut Numbers" station (M8), CW letter substitution code in progress at 1825. (Perron-MD)
- 13444.0 RFQPT-French Forces, Djibouti, ARQ message in French to RFFNC, French naval base at Lorient, at 1545. (Hall-RSA)
- 13510.2 CFH-Canadian Forces, Halifax, NS, clear FAX weather chart at 2019. (Hall-RSA)
- 13927.0 Reach 268-US Air Force, patch via MARS AFN2AC to Westover, ordering 18 pizzas, at 1806. (Cleary-SC)
- 14467.3 DDH8-Hamburg Meteo, Germany, RTTY traffic in German, at 0935. (Watson-UK)
- 15867.0 Coast Guard 15C-US Coast Guard helicopter, working Panther (DEA, Bahamas), at 1932. (Cleary-SC)
- 16806.5 NRV-US Coast Guard, Guarn, SITOR-B gale warnings for Sea of Japan at 1525. (Hall-RSA)
- 16976.5 PWZ33-Brazilian Navy, Rio De Janeiro, RTTY weather and information in Portuguese, at 2145. (Perron-MD)
- 17010.0 ERMRGD-Brazilian Navy, Rio Grande, colling FTEROI (Frigate Niteroi) in ALE, at 0049. (Perron-MD)
- 17069.7 JJC-Tokyo Radio, Japan, FAX Kyodo newspaper in Japanese, also on 12745.5, at 1515. (Hall-RSA)
- 17362.0 WLO-ShipCom, Mobile, AL, voice-synthesized "female" announcing availability for commercial phone patches and Telexes, at 2000. (Maltz-NY)
- 17982.0 "Aircraft 2427"-Brazilian Air Force, unsuccessfully calling Belem, Galeao, Manaus, Aquarius, Tamoio, and (possibly) Profeta, all in Portuguese, at 2130. (Perron-MD)
- 18004.0 4XZ-Israeli Navy, Haifa (M22), encrypted CW message in 5-letter-groups, at 1450, coded weather sent later. (Perron-MD) [New frequency for this one. -Hugh]
- 19131.0 Flint Base-DEA Air Ops, Dallas, TX, working Flint 543, DEA aircraft landing in Laredo, TX, at 1900. (Perron-MD)
- 19441.7 SYE-Nairobi Meteo, Kenya, 100 baud RTTY test loop at 1800. (Hall-RSA)
- 19884.0 Cherry Ripe-UK intelligence numbers (E3a/E4), female voice with 5-number groups, at 0108. (Perron-MD)
- 20678.0 R26301-US Army helicopter, ALE sounding at 1207. (Privat-France)
 20890.0 Coast Guard 28C-US Coast Guard helicopter, vessel tracking with Panther (DEA, Bahamos), at 1925. (Cleary-SC)
- 20906.0 NBGNGB-US Army National Guard, ALE sound at 1516. (Perron-MD)
- 22376.0 NMC-US Coast Guard CAMSPAC, CA, weather in SITOR-B, also NMO, HI, at 2040. (Perron-MD)
- 24711.7 RFTJ-French Forces, Dakor, Senegal, with ARQ-E3 idler at 1621. (Hall-RSA)
- 26441.7 RFFA-French Ministry of Defense, Paris, with ARQ idler at 1445. (Hall-RSA)



Digital Digest

Mike Chace

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Gulf of Maine CODAR

ack in the July 2003 issue of MT, we profiled the various CODAR (ocean sensing radar) stations located throughout the US coastline and how they can be heard on your shortwave radio. Among the largest of these CODAR networks is that operated by Rutgers University from various sites on the coast of New Jersey and Massachusetts.

I recently came across the webpages operated School of Marine Science at the University of Maine which also appears to be running an expanding network of CODAR stations that can be heard on HF radio. The map in Figure 1 shows the current and proposed sites providing coverage across the Gulf of Maine.

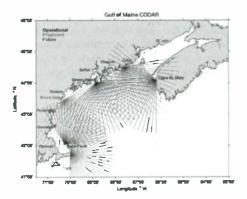


Figure 1: Gulf Of Maine CODAR sites

A check of the FCC database shows at least one experimental license granted to the Maine's School of Marine Sciences using callsign WC2XQH. The license details only one site at Heron Neck Lighthouse, Vinalhaven, ME.

The operating frequencies are given as 4440-4490kHz, 4580-4630, 4750-4800, 4830-4880 and 4920-4970 kHz.

Updates at UMC

I'm indebted to Mike Agner who finally did in a few weeks what I still hadn't gotten around to: adding a few pages to Utility Monitoring Central covering digital decoder Hardware, Software and Links to other websites of interest.

Mike's Hardware page provides links to as many hardware-based HF decoders as he has been able to track down over the years; many of course still provide sterling service to their owners despite their vintage. Naturally, the Software page covers decoders implemented as computer software, soundcard-based systems and some hybrids using a combination of software and minimal hardware interface unit.

The Links page covers key retailers, publishers of HF radio guides, mailing lists and other important places on the web. Point your web

browser at UMC and take a look for yourself.

Stan Scalsky, for a few years your co-author of this column, is also busy working on a new release of the Digital Signals FAQ. This legendary document, currently housed at the WUN website, is a comprehensive guide to HF digital systems that has been seen on the training curricula and operating desks of many of the world's top signals intelligence organizations. Now, somewhat long in the tooth, and predating the shift to HF PSK systems that has taken place in recent years, an update has been long-awaited by digital enthusiasts everywhere. Hopefully Stan will be finished some time soon.

Decoder Round Up

It's probably time that we surveyed the world of digital decoding equipment and let you know of the latest developments.

Hoka have updated their top-of-the-line Code300-32 system which now offers bitstream output, enhanced audio recording functions and the ability to send multiple inputs to a selection of decoding modules. This latter function is quite interesting since it allows for diversity decoding by feeding the different signals from two separate receivers and antennas tuned to the same frequency. The new version of software can also be remotely controlled via a TCP/IP from a LAN connection.

For those Mac enthusiasts among you, Black Cat Systems' Multimode v4.5.0 now offers CW, RTTY, Slow Scan TV, Fax, SITOR-A & B, NAVTEX, ACARS, AX.25 Packet Radio, PSK31, MIL-188-141A ALE, DTMF, EIA, CCIR, ICAO SELCAL, CTCSS, Hellschreiber and LORAN-C decoding. At US\$89, Multimode is not a bad proposition for those of you with the wonderful Apple OS X operating system.

Skysweep Technologies have also updated their offering for Windows operating systems and split their product line-up at the same time. Skysweeper Lite is the name of the base offering and is tailored towards those interested in listening to amateur digital modes. Lite offers decoding of CW, RTTY, PSK31, PSK63, PSK125, MFSK16, 2MFSK16, 4MFSK16 and SkyBoost modes. Lite will set you back a very reasonable EU39 (about US\$50).

Skysweep's Standard package offers ACARS, AX.25 packet, DGPS, GMDSS/DSC (HF), GMDSS/DSC (VHF), HFDL (HF ACARS), HF-FAX, MIL-STD-188-141A ALE, PACTOR-1, ICAO SELCAL, SITOR-A (AMTOR), SITOR-B (NAVTEX), SHIP, SYNOP and WEFAX (NOAA/TIROS). These are in addition to the modes supported by the Lite package. Standard also includes a number of useful DSP (Digital Signal Processing) func-

tions to clean up, filter and "denoise" your signal of interest. Standard is priced at about US\$100. Figure 2 shows the software decoding a DGPS navigation signal.

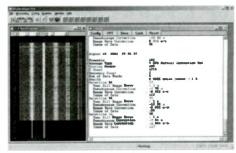


Figure 2: DGPS Screenshot

The Skysweep Standard Plus package adds Coquelet-8 and 13, Piccolo-6 and 12 and the Russian Intelligence and Diplomatic Service CROWD-36 system in addition to more filtering and DSP tools. Standard Plus will set you back about US\$250.

Finally, the **Professional** system adds many generic, configurable decoders to the mix making for a very flexible set up at a cost of about US\$630.

Perhaps most interestingly, the company also plans to add MIL-188-110A and STANAG4285 capabilities to the Standard Plus and Professional packages. It will be interesting to see the first of these complex modes in a moderately priced package.

Wavecom appear to have added various INMARSAT modes, MIL-188-110B (Appendix C), Globe Wireless versions of PacTOR and Clover and NATO STANAGS 4285, 4415, 4529, 4539 and 5066 to the complement of modes supported by their **Professional** series of decoders. A very nice mix of modern systems.

Until next month, enjoy your listening and feel free to write or email with your questions and comments.

Resources

Gulf of Maine CODAR System
http://gyre.umeoce.maine.edu/gomoos/
codar
Hoka Code 300-32
http://www.hoka.net/code300-32/
code300-32.htm
Multimode

http://www.blackcatsystems.com/software/multimode.html SkySweeper

http://www.skysweep.com
Utility Monitoring Central
http://www.chace-ortiz.org/umc
Wavecom http://www.wavecom.ch

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Shortwave Broadcasting

P.O. Box 1684-MT, Enid. OK 73702 glennhauser@monitoringtimes.com www.worldofradio.com

Neat New Websites

Tests of Computer Noise Effects on SW Radios

Steve Waldee has compiled a systematic report on various computer gadgets as they affect my shortwave radios: "ferrite RF suppressers" that so many people have recommended have little effect. Instead use systems that have low intrinsic noise generating capacity. especially displays with excellent RF noise-avoidance design; be cautious of some types of unshielded power supplies used in certain routers and peripherals; and employ a *balanced* antenna system and shielded, well-grounded coax:

http://www.home.earthlink.net/~srw-swling/sw-comput.htm

Jamming

Bernd Trutenau and Sergei Sosedkin recommend this: Rimantas Pleikys, author of the books "Jamming" and "Radiotsenzura" and his team at Radio Baltic Waves in Vilnius, Lithuania, have opened a comprehensive website with material about the past and present of jam-

http://www.radiojamming.info

Clandestineradio.Com Relaunch http://www.clandestineradio.com

Martin Schöch tells us that ClandestineRadio.com has been relaunched. "Over the past year we have worked hard to develop a unique content management system from scratch that delivers information and data in a more sensible and accessible fashion than before. It will remain a free service to archive and, when possible, analyze the living history of these mysterious and elusive broadcast outlets.'

To visit the group on the web: http://groups.yahoo.com/group/crwatch/ Also check out link to Martin's QSL Information Pages (QIP)

http://www.dxasia.info

Media Network advises: Alok Dasgupta and Victor Goonetilleke are pleased to announce the launch of their new Web site, DXAsia. The aim is to provide accurate and timely schedule information for listeners interested in radio broadcasting to and from the South Asian region: India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and surrounding countries.

ALASKA KNLS Construction Update: The effort to install a second antenna system and transmitter at the Anchor Point site went very well last summer. All tower and antenna foundations were completed and electrical service put in place. During the winter months the interior of the transmitter building was refurbished and space cleared for new equipment to arrive in the spring. A new Continental transmitter is being built and scheduled for delivery soon. It is planned that the tower be installed during July and the antenna be erected in September of this year (Alosko Colling, Jan vio BC-DX)

OLA On 7216.8, R. Nacional, Luondo, at 1445-1500, vernaculor with

local rhythmical music and some talks, foir but weok. Must be using small fraction of roted 100 kW as barely audible here most of the time.

11955v not heard lately, irregular of best. So the only active Angolon
SW frequencies are 4950 and 7216.8, different programs (Voclov Korinek,

RSA, DSWCI DX Window)

AUSTRALIA Dreams and goals of HCJB: by the end of Moy to start broadcasting to East Asia - China, Hong Kong, Toiwon, etc. Woiting for on antenna to be developed, then begin morning broadcasts to there. Later in year with second transmitter on line, will begin extensive evening broadcasting to EAs as well. Towards end of 2005, hope to have first digital transmitter avoilable, and doing some digital broadcasting into SEAs, Singapore, Kuolo Lumpur, Hong Kong, Bangkok, where all the young technocrots are, first in world to buy digital receivers. Plans a dedicated youth service, for the teeming millions of young people in that part of world (Dennis Adams, HCJB Australia, on DX Portyline)

BAHRAIN 9745 at 1322-1325, Rodio Bahrain, Abu Hayan with good signal,

really USB, audible os distorted signal in AM (SSS in Sotkamo, Finland, hard-core-dx online log) 9745-USB, R. Bahrain, 1207 very weak, much better at 1335 with news read rapidly by man with fanfore in the background. Quick IDs 1344 os "Itho' Bohroin." (Hans Johnson, Naples

FL, Cumbredx)

BRAZIL Since Dec 18, Rádio Municipol, de São Gobriel da Cochoeira, Amazonas, 3375, is off the air, leaving the frequency open for the other Brazilian, Rádio Educodora, de Guojorá-Mirim, Rondônio. Paulo Roberto e Souzo, Tefé heard it ot 0940-1006 with "Brosil Coboclo", sertonejo music, greetings to listeners; report to educodora@osite.com.br

There are still two stations on 4885, as Sarmento Campos notes: Rádio Difusoro Acreona, de Rio Bronco, Acre ond R. Clube do Porá, Belém, ot 2325 the former with religious programming, the lotter with

jesting music (Célio Romais, Panoromo, @tividode DX) Rádio Clube do Porá, good from 0250 until 0400° leoving Acreano in the clear on 4885, good until it signed off ot 0502 (John Sgrulletto, NY, Cumbredx)

CANADA RCI is repositioning programming to provide listeners with a unique North American perspective that embraces the world, with on eye to better meet-

ing the expectations of foreign audiences. Starting in March, RCI's lineup will include new Portuguese programming specially tailored to Brazilian audiences, bringing RCI's languages to nine. Specific pro-grams will be aired for French-speaking listeners in North and sub-Saharan Africa, and for English-speakers in sub-Saharan Africa and India (RCI website)

Abandoning the principle of multi-target or generic broadcasts in English and French - adopted as a necessary evil after the massive cuts of 1991 - RCI will again produce broadcasts specifically torgeted for the region to which they are beomed. The best of CBC/Rodio-Canada programming will be beamed to the Americas, where it is already known and popular, allowing RCI to concentrate its own production resources in English on Europe, Africa and India. A seamless mix of news, field reporting, analysis, dialogues, and opinion is due to be completed by April 2005 (Andy Sennitt, Medio Network blog)

Portuguese to Brozil will return, but may not be on shortwave. New longuage will be "paid for" by cuts to Ukrainian service. Targeted programming for Europe, Africa, Indio, Mid-East, but not the U.S. (Bill Westenhaver & Sheldon Harvey, CKUT International Radio Report, notes by Ricky Leong) Portuguese was dropped from SW only a year or two

CHINA [non] CRI's Spanish broodcast at 2200 UT on 13700 is definitely coming vio Sackville, since I caught fragments of the RCI IS before the carrier was cut at 2259, unlike some other occasions when there was no such clue. Broadcast closed with schedule giving wavelengths in metres (to two decimal places, not just bands)! Do they really think any significant fraction of their audience now has radios calibrated in meters? CRI Portuguese relay at 2300 on 13650 is surely vio Cubo, poor quolity with audio fading in and out, crosstalk from CRI English one day, Chinese another (Glenn Houser, OK, DX Listening Digest)

COLOMBIA 2020.18 kHz, HJZD, Radio Panzeno, Monterio, at 1020, frequent

IDs ond ads, 2 x 1010 (Björn Malm, Quito, Ecuador, SWB Américo Lotino) 2020.19 (tentative), HJZD, at 0946-1054*, many mentions of "Monteria", abrupt sign-off at 1054 in mid tolk, good signal until fade at 1000 (Mark Mohrmann, VT, DX Listening Digest)
5019.64, Radio Net, Quibdo at 0330, a very rore station but active

one Mondoy evening with, os alwoys, news. Wos previously known os Ecos del Atroto, but very difficult to get that ID (Björn Molm, Quito, Ecuador, SWB América Latina) This station is the "queen" of relays, of

vorious Corocol networks - Caracol Básico, Radio Reloj, Tropicano Estéreo, La Vallenata, etc. Very irregulor on SW; hod not heord it for months. Also is one of the worst verifiers (Rafoel Rodríguez, Bogotá, Conexión Digital) Bewore of Peruvion on almost some frequency CONGO DR 5066.330 at 1715, unID, most likely La Voix du Peuple, Bunio. Choir singing, sometimes tolk in French. Heard regularly, weok and close down usually at 1730-

All times UTC; All frequencies kHz; * before hr = sign on, * after hr = sign off; // = parallel programming; + = continuing but not monitored; 2 x freq = 2nd harmonic;B-03=winter season; [non] = Broadcast to or for the listed country, but not necessarily originating there; u.o.s. = unless otherwise stated

1735. Varies circa 10 Hz in frequency from day to day (Stig Adalfsson, Sweden, SW Bulletin)

"Last November, the United Nations stood idly by while a band COSTA RICA of armed men shut down Costa Rica's Radio For Peace International...." So begins an article by "Earth Island Journal" and "The Edge" on the eviction of RFPI by the University for Peace. Read the full text by visiting the link at the RFPI website: http://www.rfpi.org (Joe Bernard, RFPI)

From The Edge story about what happened to RFPI: The standoff lasted 5 months; RFPI staff were protecting \$400,000 worth of equipment. Finally in early November was forced off the air by machetewielding university personnel who cut the power cables. However, a UPAZ groundskeeper refused to cut the antenno tower guy wires. RFPI quickly got support from R. Habana Cuba, and Pacifica, and olso, listeners aboord yachts cruising in the Caribbean, which RFPI had never known about. Even before this, Maurice Strong was purging members of the faculty and board at UPAZ who didn't agree with him. After numerous appeals, UN Secretary Generol Kofi Annan finally responded and instructed staff of the local UN Development Program office to intercede and resolve the standoff. But when UNDP contacted the University, UPAZ refused to negotiate. James Lathom says the UN backed off from the dispute (Glenn Hauser, DX Listening Digest)

RFPI and partner to offer month-long Peace Journalism/Spanish language courses - a study partnership with the San José-based Institute for Central American Development Studies, Central America's leading longuage institute. Interested participants will enroll in a course combining the concept of Peace Journalism with Spanish language studies. As in the past, proceeds from the course will assist in the upkeep of Rodio For Peace International. Courses set to begin in March 2004. More information: http://www.ipccr.org and http://

www.icadscr.com

RFPI is planning to begin streaming audia on the Internet again in the near future, while the search continues for a new site to reconstruct our studio and install transmitting equipment to get the shortwave radio back on the air. Listeners can count on hearing a lot of their old favorite shows, as well as a new special focus on regional Costa Rican and Central American issues. As RFPI continues its reconstruction efforts, listener support is crucial – now more than ever – to keeping the station alive. You may send donations securely and immediately by clicking on the PayPal icon on our web site on http://www.rfpi.org or you may send a check or postal order to Rodio For Peace International, P O Box 3165, Newberg, OR 97132, USA (RFPI Vista)

CUBA UT Sat at 0645, RHC 9550, 9820 was carrying a show which used to be

on RFPI, Making Contact (gh) Not a regulor feature, just something run when enough people are on vacation or are covering an event (Michael L. Semon, FL, DX Listening Digest)

R. Rebelde, 5025 with much stronger signal than before, at 2338 with Mesa Redonda about the five Cuban political prisoners in the US. New transmitter? (Adán González, Venezuela, DX Listening Digest) Also at 0954-1001, humongous signol here now. They either got a new transmitter or fixed up the old one. Must be at least 50 kW. Pounding in at S-35+III Nice ID over organ music at 0959 "Rebelde, la Habana, la emisora de la Revolución" (Dave Valko, PA, Cumbredx)

DENMARK I hove moved my Danish QSL Gallery to: http://www.qsl.net/ oz3yi/QSL.html (Erik Køie, ex-R. Denmark, DX Listening Digest)

[non] On WRN via WRMI, you can hear a weekly show in English from Denmork! Copenhagen Calling has been running for some eight years, since R. Denmark quit English long before they quit SW completely at yearend. In Jan it was at 0630 UT Sun on 7385, 1830 on 15725 (One hour eorlier from April if still running). WRN lists it under Banns Radio International. Its own site http://www.euroaudio.dk/includes audio on demand (Glenn Hauser, OK, DX Listening Digest)

ECUADOR [and non] DX Partyline host Allen Graham is on home ministry in the US through April, entailing delays in uploading DXPL audio to the HCJB website. If you get tired of waiting for it, Alex records this and other DX programs off the oir each week and makes them available at

http://www.piratearchive.com/dxprograms.htm (gh)

unID on 6760.14 turned out to be Centro Radiofónico de Imbabura, lbarra, at 0100, very good strength, same as on the fundamental 3380.07. Then also heard it at 0055 on 4609.99, which is the sum of 3380.07 and its MW frequency 1229.92 (Björn Malm, Quito, Ecuador, SWB América Latina)

EGYPT R. Cairo in English 1600-1645 (not in Zulu) on 15620, first noted on Dec 27 (Rumen Pankov, Bulgaria, BC-DX) Substitute, with Zulu deport-

ment on holiday?? Please check it now (gh)

ERITREA [non] EPLF-DP announces the birth of "Voice of Liberty". To coincide with its founding congress, VOL will be launched on 22 February 2004 on 15675 at 0400-0500 UT Sundays. During the first and second quarter, transmissions will be made in Tigrinya. Work for the Arabic program is already under way (http://www.eritrea1.org) Via Germany?

INDIA AIR READIES AXE FOR FOREIGN BROADCAST — It's perhaps the last

outpost of the Raj: a full division dedicated to radio transmission in 16 non-Indian languages at an annual cost of Rs 57 crore. Now, though, Prasar Bharati-- realizing that there may not be anyone out there actually listening to the programs - is planning to pull the plug on its External Services Division. CEO of Prasar Bharati Corporation K. S. Sarma said, "The division was set up when there was no television. Today, it takes effort to tune in to short wave. We have to overhaul the entire system first"

The first broadcast was an October 1, 1939; the British used it for wartime propaganda in languages their allies/soldiers understood well, including Pashto, Burmese, Chinese, Dori. Other languages were added over the years - including Burmese, Thai and Bahasa Indonesia - but none was removed from service. Taday, the broadcasts eat up Rs 50 crore annually on maintenance af transmitters and Rs 7 crore on software. The broadcasts are aired through 19 transmitters in the country which, officials say, have outlived their purpose and stretched their budgets.

An old ESD hand says it isn't a revenue-generating service. The only measure of its success, he says, used to be the letters received from the world over. "There was a time when we received 300 letters a

month, now we get one or maybe nothing for months".

The foreign language does lend itself to absurd situations. Officiols speak of how a Persian anchor/translator insisted on airing - for an entire year - news on problems associated with the gall bladder, as he suffered from a similar complaint. The anchor was, in effect, giving free publicity to his doctor before he was discovered.

Going the cable route [webcosting] will definitely cut costs as no transmitter will be required for transmission. More important, world over, SW transmissions are being shut down giving woy to far more sophisticated meons of radio broadcast cutting costs in the process (newindpress.com via Swopan Chakroborty, Kalkato, DX Listening Di-

Transpolor AIR will be missed on SW least of all in NAm, because they never bothered to try to reach us despite the large number of potential relay boses in Europe, Africa, and the Americos (gh)

Problem is that AIR has never given journalists the freedom to

moke interesting programs - it is records and talks, very little in the way of interaction. And, AIR was notorious for NEVER replying to letters even requests for a program schedule! (Jonathan Marks, in his Critical

Distance blog)

All India Radio HQ are currently interested in receiving reception reports on their External Services targeted towards UK & Western Europe, SE Asia, China and Middle East. The reports may be sent to: spectrum-manager@air.org.in or: Director (Spectrum Management & Synergy), All India Radio, Room No. 204, Akashvani Bhawan, New Delhi 110001. Telefax: 91-11-23421062, 91-11-23421145. QSL Cards will be issued for all correct reception reports. The External Service schedule is available at: http://allindiaradio.org/schedule/ fasch.html and also in http://www.geocities.com/bcdxnet (Jose Jacob, VU2JOS, dx india)

LIBERIA On 2 Feb at 1545 tune in heard Voice of Liberty in Monrovia on 11514.4 with fair signal. Later reception improved and was audible past 1800, but audio distorted at times. Sounds like they announce "LCBN Radio", olso "Voice of Liberty". FM 102.3 and shortwave mentioned. Four days later, I received a jpg e-mail QSL sent by Morgan Freemen of WJIE (morgan@wjie.org). I got impression that he wants to handle the reception reports of this Liberian station and wishes the staff in Liberia not to be bathered with reports. Said it was the very first one, to be followed up in the mail. Then not heard for a few doys on/oround 11515, so maybe transmitter problems again (Jari Savolainen, Finland, DX Listening Digest)

The Swiss-based Hirondelle Foundation is planning to re-lounch Star Radio, a unique independent media outlet located in Monrovia and broadcasting throughout Liberia until its forced closure by former president Charles Taylor in 2000. The Foundation says Star Radio's mission is to be an essential information tool to help the Liberian peace process, and it should also rapidly become a tool far the homolitarion of the control agencies, in order to enhance better understanding among Liberian audiences of relief and protection operations (Relief Web, Clandestine Radia Watch via Media Network blog) On SW? From 1997 to 2000 it was

on 3400 and/or 5880 but seldom reported (gh)

MALAYSIA RTM Radio 6 in Tamil, usually strong here, missing from 4845 for a couple of weeks (Jori Savolainen, Finland, Cumbredx) But Radio Satu in Malay still good an 5965v; Radio 4 in English strong on 7295 but often poor to unintelligible audio and frequent audio breaks. Radio Malaysia Sorawak heard on 7270, 6050, 7130, but not 4895, 5030 (Alan Davies, Indonesia, Cumbre DX)

MÉXICO R. Mil was on 6016 instead of 6010 for three days in January due

to a technical fault (Jesús Martínez Miranda, Uruapan, Michoacán, México, XE1HMW, DX Listening Digest) At 0000-0100 only, BBC DRM via Sackville also moved from 6010 to 6015, perhaps following complaint from Cuba about interference to 6000; obliterating XEOI wherever it is

(gh)
NETHERLANDS Someone in Northern Ireland set up a bunch of new yohoogroups centered around SW programs, past and present including http://groups.yahoo.com/group/thehappystation/ "a new chat group for people who remember the good old days of the happy station presented by tom meyers [sic] every sunday on radio nederlands [sic] (gh and Andy Sennitt) Among those joining was Tom Meijer himself who also posted a recent photo: "I found out about this group through my former loyal secretary (Helmo) who still works for RN. I am alive and kicking. Healthy, happy and spending my time (of which there never seems to be enough) doing the things I love (too many to mention)." (Tom Meijer, Happy Station and La Estación de la Alegría host from 1970 until 1993)

NICARAGUA According to a personal letter dated January 19, 2004, from Sr. Evaristo Mercado P., Director Radio Miskut, their shortwave transmitter [5770] has been out of service since August 2003, damaged by fluctuating power supply. Dr. Freeman will visit the station in March in order to bring the transmitter back to US for repair. He will also help them to increase power of a small FM transmitter (Tetsuya Hirahara,

Tokyo, Radio Nuevo Mundo)

PHILIPPINES On Feb 7, R. Veritas Asia held its annual listeners meeting, at Krishnanagar, Nadia, West Bengal, India, with more than 80 attending

Shortwave Broadcasting

from different parts of India and Bangladesh. Swopan Chakroborty was selected best DXer of the year 2003 and awarded a Filipino national dress along with a certificate. Proposal was also given for a commemorative QSL card for RVA's 25th anniversary next year and 400th edition of Bengali DX program "Ajker Ganamadhyam". A big listeners meet is planned then at Chittagaon, Bangladesh (Rajdeep

Das, Kolkata, India, GRDXC)
SLOVAKIA I like Radio Slovakia International. Their programming has a hand-made quality to it. They do a lot of reports where they take microphones out on the street and capture sounds and voices live, as in their "Regional News". They have a sense of humor about what they do "in the upside down pyramid" (the RSI building in Bratislava), and the presence of a British announcer (Pete Miller) on the stoff gives their descriptions of Slovak life a touch of ironic detachment. They have a cooking show on Saturdays, "Cooking with Andrea". How many of the other Eastern Europe broadcasters do that? I'm a big fan of RSI. or the other Edstern Europe broadcasters do that? I'm a big fan of RSI.

I have listened to them regularly since 1993, and they are getting
more professional without losing a personal touch. And the "QSL
Gallery" on their website is nice too (Scott Walker, PA, swprograms)

SOMALIA [non] Somali at 1200-1230 on 17565 is an educational program
called "Mustaqbal". Like Sudan Radio Service, it is run by the Education Development Centre, EDC, a large US NGO that specializes in
using the media to educate and inform disadvantaged accounting

using the media to educate and inform disadvantaged communities. Good reception here in Nairobi. Wolfgang Büschel found a registra-tion that this is via South Africa, Mon/Tue/Thu only; also supposed to air at 0630-0700 on 17565 via UAE (Chris Greenway, Kenya, BC-DX

and DXLD)

SPAIN REE announces that it no longer sends QSLs. Yet, one of its programs, Españoles en la Mar, confirms reports sent directly to studios in the Canary Islands. QTH: R.E.E., Programa "Españoles en la Mar", Aportado 1233, 38080 Santa Cruz de Tenerife, Islas Canarias, España (José Moacir Portera de Melo, Brasil, Conexión Digital) Full data QSL ond Modeli Portera de Meio, Brasii, Conexion Digital; Puil aara QSL ona form letter, both in Spanish, received for 11625, plus two stickers, in 16 days for 1 IRC and an English report, V/S Mary Cortés (Scott R. Barbour, Jr., NH, DX Listening Digest) For B-03 until March 28 this is scheduled: Mon-Sat 1510 on 21700, 21610, 21570, 17755, 15585 y 15385; Mon-Fri 2105 on 11625 y 7275; Sat 2205 on 17850, 15125, 15110, 11625, 9765, 7275 and 7270 (Lic. Guillermo Glenn Hauser, N. Padio English and Padio Probably one house parties for A.O.A. RN Radio Enlace y Mundo Radial) Probably one hour earlier for A-04,

with other changes; see website

SUDAN Sudan Radio Service in English, Arabic, Sudanese Arabic, Shona,
Nuer, Dinka, Mon-Fri 1500-1700 on 15530 heard on additional 15290, both very strong (Observer, Bulgaria) No sign of 15290 here when 15530 was coming in well, with news about Sudan in English at 1515. I believe I have found the explanation, assuming 15530 is via Woofferton, UK, as reported: A leapfrog mixing product with another Woofferton transmitter halfway between, on 15410, for the IBB at 1400-1700, aimed 105 degrees (gh) SRS station manager Mike Kuenzli at their studios here in Nairobi, confirms they are on 15530 at 1500-1700, and 9625 at 0300-0500, both Monday-Friday only. Kuenzli says they hope to increase output to six hours a day by March or April (Chris

Greenway, Kenya, DX Listening Digest)

USA I am very sad to have let you know that we will cease our shortwave broadcasts on February 29, 2004. We are hoping that someone will come forward and purchase the station so that we may continue our broadcasts, but so for we have not found anyone. Should we be successful in finding a buyer, I will let you know as soon as I can (WSHB Station Manager via Don Putnick, rec.radio.shortwave via John Norfolk) It seems there was not as much demand for Christian "Science" teaching as imagined. Nothing about this was on the website still showing B-03 frequencies effective until March 27. Take a look at their photo gallery:

http://www.tfccs.com/GV/shortwave/photo.jhtml (gh)
Ragam, a two-hour show of Tomil music and comedy(?) was
heard in January and February on WWCR-3, Sundays at 1300. 12160 was not propagating well enough to suit the client, so moved to 9985 for this broadcast only, then shifted to 1400-1600, bumping Sing for Joy from 1500 to 1300. For A-04 Ragam might be back to 1300-1500 on 12160? Check http://www.ragamradio.com which is extremely uninformative obout who MediaWave LLC is and where. One program mentioned Malaysia; music sounds fine, but mike announce-ments obviously with unprofessional equipment. They recommend a \$9.95 SW radio and seek to sell advertising (Glenn Hauser, OK, DX Listening Digest)

World of Radio on WWCR, projected time-shifted schedule with DST from April 4: Thu 2030 15625, Sat 1030 5070, Sat 2030 12160, Sun 0230 5070, Sun 0630 3210, Wed 0930 9475. On WBCQ: Wed 2200 7415, 17495-CUSB, Sat 2030 17495-CUSB, Sun 0030 9330-CLSB, Mon 0415 7415.

You have to seek out Secular Bible Study on WBCQ, 7415, UT Tue 0200-0300 [0100-0200 from April] because you wouldn't normally be listening to the despicoble programs before and after it. A low-key and methodical analysis of the Bible, KJV, referring to other versions, and commentaries upon it. First half Old Testament, second half New Testament. Contact info as announced at end of each segment, and I am not at all positive of the spellings: Dr. Elliott Lesser, Bible Review S.S., P O Box 31009, Phoenix AZ 85046-1009; brelradio@aol.com He does not ask for contributions, but sells his 591-page, 8.5 x 11 inch hardbound book, "The Gospels and Acts - Questions and Problems", (list \$38.95) for \$29 ppd. in US only. Transcript of any program available for \$5 (Glenn Hauser, OK, DX Listening Digest)

WWRB is pleased to announce the acquisition of another Harris 100 kW fully frequency agile transmitter (100C). The seller's identity cannot be released. WWRB has signed an option to purchase 4 additional 100 kW units if and when they cease operations. WWRB has 5 shortwave transmitters and 6 major individual antenna systems with shortwave transmitters and o major inalviaual anterina systems with these azimuths: 360 045 090 150 270 340 degrees. For more info, visit http://www.wwrb.org (Dave Frantz, WWRB, World of Radio) [and non] Voice of the NASB, in DRM vio Merlin UK, changed in Feb to 9565, Sundays 1330 UT, adding a jazz program from HCJB at

1300; due to some technical problems with the DRM transmitter during some of our programs, they are extending our Voice of the NASB series from six to nine months at no additional charge. So our contract will now end on July 18th. The analog version of the program can be heard in North America UT Sundays of 0330 on WRMI 7385 (Jeff White, DX Listening Digest) One or both one UT hour

earlier for DST?

RFE/RL President Thomas A. Dine thanked the broadcasters and staff of six RFE/RL European language services for o "job well-done," in a message announcing the imminent end of broadcasts to those countries — Estonian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Slovak, Bulgarian, and Croatian. Acting President Bush signed on January 23 the FY2004 Consolidated Appropriations Act which eliminates broadcasting in those languages. More than 100 positions were cut at Prague, and news bureaux in Tallinn, Riga, Vilnius, Bratislava, Bucharest, Sofia, and Zagreb, effective Jan. 31. The reductions stemmed from the Bush Administration's proposal to end broadcasting to countries that are preparing to join NATO and the European Union. Congress accepted the proposal in endorsing the appropriations act (RFE/RL press release) Four days later:

With a mixture of sadness and pride, I om announcing today that VOA will end regularly scheduled programs in Bulgarian, Estonian, Czech, Hungarian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Polish, Romanian, Slovak, and Slovenian, olong with many of our broadcast feeds to affiliate stations in Central and Southeastern Europe, effective February 27, 2004, is in accordance with the FY 2004 federal budget, which endorsed the Administration's proposal to close these services. Other changes will affect our Ukrainian radio service, which will reduce its daily broadcast from two hours to one hour per day, beginning March 1. VOA Ukrainian will retool its programming and expand its multimedia capabilities. Finally, VOA's Armenian language broadcast staff will be reduced to two positions. A review of the Service is underway to determine how best to use its remaining resources to maximize its impact in the target region (VOA Director David Jackson, via Dan Robinson)

As the Union has exposed, the BBG is intent on attacking the English Broodcasts at the Voice of America. The first round of cuts will happen in October and will reduce the Broadcasts from 19 to 14 hours a day. The larger question is how many broadcasters and journalists they are planning on throwing out of work. They don't save much money by reducing broadcast hours. They reduce costs by throwing people out of work. They know how many they plan to throw out of work; they just are not sharing that information (AFGE

Local 1812)

VENEZUELA [and non] One of the most prodigious voices in Venezuelan radio, Ezequiel Suárez Avendaño, ceased to exist Jan. 17, after a serious illness. For many years he worked as the official voice of presidential events, and was an announcer on Venezolana de Televisión and Radio Nacional de Venezuela. For those Venezuelans who use the correct time 119 telephone service; and DXers abroad hearing the timesignals of YVTO 5000, and HD2IOA in Ecuador, we shall always remember him. May he rest in peace (Jorge García

Rangel, Barinas, Venezuela, Conexión Digital)

VIETNAM [non] KWHR Hawaii carries two unrelated clandestine broadcasts called Radio Free Vietnam, both identifying as "Dai Phot Thanh Viet Nam Tui Do": Radio Free Vietnam (California based), Tue & Thu 1600-1700 on 9930. And Radio Free Vietnam (Washington based, New Orleans maildrop), Mon-Sat 1230-1300 on 9930 (Silvain Domen, Relation DY Lietning Direct)

Belgium, DX Listening Digest)
WESTERN SAHARA [non] Listening to the Polisorio station on 7460 could be especially interesting now, in Arabic until 2300, then Spanish until 2400° and perhaps around 0600 (gh)

The UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO) will be extended until April 30 if the Security Council approves the peace plan, even lacking a response from Morocco, since the Polisario Front accepted it last July. This "Baker plan" establishes a 5-year transition period during which Morocco will have sovereignty over the former Spanish colony, although institutions elected by the Saharan population would be in charge of local affairs. At the end of this period, the UN would organize a referendum of self-determination, in which it would be decided if Western Sahara would ochieve independence, or continue belonging to the Kingdom of Morocco. Meanwhile, Radio Nacional de la República Arabe Saharaui Democratica will remain one of the authentic clandestine stations, presently operating its transmitter from Tindouf, Algeria (Gabriel Iván Barrera, Argentina, Conexión Digital)

ZIMBABWE ZBC reactivated 3306 in early Feb, an old frequency not used

for several years. It is being heard in the early morning and evening.

During the daytime they are still on 6045. These SW frequencies are relaying the "Radio Zimbabwe" (formerly Radio 2) service in Shona and Ndebele (Chris Greenway, Zambia, DX Listening Digest)

Until the Next, Best of DX and 73 de Glenn!

Broadcast Logs

Gayle Van Horn

gaylevanhorn@monitoringtimes.com

SPAIN: Radio Exterior-Espana. English. Arts and Performances program. (Bob Fraser, Belfast, ME) 6055, 0350 //6040. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

0035 UTC on 11600

BULGARIA: Radio Bulgaria. Spanish features and music // 9500 blocked by WYFR on 9505. (Stewart MacKenzie, Huntington Beach, CA) Bulgaria Calling 15700, 1300-1315. (David W. Weronka, Benson, NC) 7300, *2200 Spanish identification. (Frodge, MI) 0048 UTC on 11780

EGYPT: Radio Cairo. Spanish interview followed by regional music at 0053, // 11755. (MacKenzie, CA)

0105 UTC on 4924.91

BRAZIL: Radiodifusora Taubate. Portuguese. Music program of pops and romantic ballads. Local time check to ID, SINPO 34333. (Arnaldo Slaen, Buenos Aires, ARG) Brazilian's audible; Radio Cultura 3365, 0554-0604+; Radio Cancao Nova (tentative) 4824.95, 2349-0004; Radio Difusora Roraima 4874.9, 0314-0330+; Radio Brasil Central 4985, 0105-0109+ (Frodge, MI) Radio Guaruja Paulista 5045, 2342+ (Slaen, ARG) 2325-2359. (Barbour, NH) Radio Aparecida 6135, 2101+. (Slaen, ARG) Radio Inconfidencia 6010.2, 22452-2256+. (Frodge, MI)

0110 UTC on 4950

ANGOLA: Radio Nacional. Portuguese. Rap music to discussion and phone-ins. Promo for musical festival in Africa do Sul. Plenty mentions of disco prior to newscast at 0204. SIO 3+43. (Frodge, (MI) 7216.8, 1445-1500 Vernacular text to rhythmical music. (Vashek Korinek, South Africa/DX Window) 4950, 2325-2345. Portuguese music and listeners' phone-ins. "Luanda-Luanda" IDs. (Carlos Goncalves, Portugal/DX Window)

0112 UTC on 7255

MOROCCO: VOA Tangier relay. VOA News Now, // 5995 Greenville, NC. VOA-Botswana relay 9885, 0400 VOA News Now. (David Ross, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada) Morocco's Radio Medi Un 9575, 2233-2239+ station ID, best monitored in LSB. (Frodge, DXpedition)

0125 UTC on 4901.93

BOLIVIA: Radio San Miguel. Spanish. Regional news and comments to musical program. "Radio San Miguel" ID, SINPO 24332. Bolivia's Radio Pio XII with Aymara comments and ID. (Nicholas Eranmo, Villa Lynch, Argentina/DX Window)

0220 UTC on 5009.67

PERU: Radio Altura. Special transmission logged covering an accident in Chaupimarca, to ID. Peruvians logged; Radio Imperial (tentative) 4386.6, 0019+. (Slaen, ARG; Frodge, MI) Radio Horizonte 5019.9, 1134-1155. (Rich D'Angelo, PA/NASWA Flash Sheet) Radio Santa Monica 4964.97, 0945. (Tom Banks, Dallas, TX)

0335 UTC on 6010.2

COLOMBIA: La Voz de tu Conciencia. Spanish. Musical variety program. Station ID at 0343, SIO 322+. (Frodge, MI)

0335 UTC on 9770

SOUTH AFRICA: Channel Africa. Listener call-in show of fair quality. BBC-Meyerton, South Africa relay 21490 at 1505; 11765, 0419 (Ross, CAN) FEBA-Meyerton 11885, 1623-1634, best in LSB. (Barbour, NH) Channel Africa 3345, 0359+. (Slaen, ARG)

0403 UTC on 4910

ZAMBIA: ZNBC/Radio One. Regional vocals to vernacular talk. "Radio One" identification booming in tonight. (D'Angelo/NASWA Flash Sheet) Tentative on ZNBC 4910, 2145-2202°. (Frodge, DXpedition)

0405 UTC on 15340

NEW ZEALAND: Radio NZ Intl. Sports scores followed by national weather forecast. 9850 at 1300 with Wayne's Music program. (Ross, CAN) 9870, 1514-1518+ News About New Zealand program; 11980, 1805-1811; 15264, 2103-2118+. (Frodge, MI)

04C6 UTC on 3340

HONDURAS: HRMI. Spanish religious program to contact info/address. Quick ID at 0415, followed by ballads and brief talk segments. (Scott Barbour, Intervale, NH) Tentative on Honduran Radio Litoral 4830, 1109-1115+. (Frodge, MI); 0441-0503* (Barbour, NH) Radio Luz y Vida 3249.34, 1121-1134. (Borbour, NH)

0858 UTC on 13840

ITALY: IRRS. Sign-on ID to English language lessons at 0900, followed by UN speech from Kofi Annan. SINPO 33333. (Bjarke Vestesen, Blommenslyst, Denmark/DX Window)

0910 UTC on 6010

CHILE: Radio Cooperativa via Radio Parinacota. Spanish. News program to national news. Identification as "Radio Cooperativa". SINPO 32432. (Slaen, ARG)

1011 UTC on 5925

VIETNAM: Voice of. Vietnamese for two males's conversation. Lady with presumed station ID over poor-fair copy. (Barbour, NH) 12020, 1235-1240+ with news and IDs. (Frodge, MI)

1256 UTC on 11500

TAJIKSTAN: Radio Rossi. Russian text to somber music tunes. Clear 'Radio Rossii" identification with email address at 1300. SIO 353. (Frodge, Dxpedition) Tajik Radio 4635, 2252-2317 in presumed Tajik service. (Barbour, NH)

1332 UTC on 9770

SRI LANKA: SLBC. Heavily accented male/female duo in English on marriage life and baby care, // 15745 covered by Spanish station. (Frodge, DXpedition)

1400 UTC on 6035

BHUTAN: Bhutan BS. World news in English and return to local music program. First time noted English news on a Sunday at 1400. (Swopan Chakroborty, Kolkata, India/DX Window)

1413 UTC on 9560

THAILAND: Radio. English segment on Thai exports to ID and time check at 1417. Audible 9810, 1230. (Frodge, MI) 9680, 0012. (MacKenzie, CA) 9535, 2038-2046+; 9810, 1250-1300+. (Frodge, MI) 9535, 1955-2002; 6040, 1136-1148 (Barbour, NH)

1450 UTC on 17820

CANADA: Radio Canada Int'l. Sounds Like Canada show featuring problems with ATVs. (Fraser, ME) RCI 9770, 2110-2125 // 11835, 13650 fair. (Barbour, NH)

1506 UTC on 15205

GREECE: VOA relay. News Now program of fair quality. (Ross, CAN) Voice of Greece, Greek service 9420 at 2040 // 17705. (Fraser, ME) VOG 12105, 1626-1632+ ID as "Radio Athena" at 1630. (Frodge, Dxpedition) Radio Thessalonki 9935, 1430-1530. Greek music, local talk to ID 1459, fair-good. (Joe Talbot, Red Deer, Alberta, Conada/DX Window)

1515 UTC on 15725

UK: Radio Wales Int'l. Travelogue program with good signal. (Weronka, NC) Station 7110, 2150-2159:30. Feature on Celtic and national symbols of Wales. \$10 433. (Frodge, DXpedition)

1518 UTC on 11690

JORDAN: Radio. English text to pop tunes and "96.3 FM" spot to time check. "RJ" identification at 1528. (Frodge, MI) 11690, 1645 with RTTY interference. (Rossetti, MA)

1630 UTC on 21470

ASCENSION ISLANDS: BBC relay. News update on African sports scene. [Rossetti, MA] FEBA Radio-Ascension Is. Relay 15125, 1838-1848. (Barbour, NH)

1700 UTC on 15355

GABON: Radio Japan relay. Current Affairs program discussion on President Bush, followed by Japanese music. (Rossetti, MA)

1917 UTC on 15120

NIGERIA: Voice of. Vernaculars to continuous Afro pops. No identification or announcements // 9690. Both freqs signal good. (Barbour, NH)

2220 UTC on 6250.4

EQUATORIAL GUINEA: Radio Nacional. Spanish/Vernaculars. Fair signal quality for announcements, IDs and Afro pops music. (Slaen, ARGI

2238 UTC on 5030

BURKINA FASO: Radio Burkina. French text to tribal vocals and drum music. Fair-poor quality during ID. (D'Angelo, PA/DX Window) 5030, 2317-2332+; 5030, 0627-0642+ (Frodge, MI)

2349 UTC on 2390

MEXICO: XEJN-Radio Huayococotla. Spanish. Musical variety tunes to name/phone numbers announcement segment. XEOI-Radio Mil 6010, 0222 with Musica Mexicana. (Frodge, MI) XERTA 4810, 1126-1151 English/Spanish IDs to religious music. (Barbour, NH; Frodge, MI)

Thanks to our contributors - Have you sent in YOUR logs? Send to Gayle Van Horn, c/o Monitoring Times (or e-mail gaylevanhorn@monitoringtimes.com) Please note: paper strips and cassette recordings will no longer be accepted. English broadcast unless otherwise noted.

Global Forum

The QSL Report

Gayle Van Horn

gaylevanhorn@monitoringtimes.com

Tentative Reports

Have there been times while listening, when you were not positively certain a station was the one you thought it might be? Perhaps the station did not identify itself, but everything else points to this being your sought-after station. The programming style, frequency and language fit correctly, plus other DXers are hearing the station, while your logging remains "tentative."

This could be a perfect opportunity to compose a *Tentative Report* – one that should, however, be used with caution. A *Tentative Report* is used only when there is little hope of obtaining further reception within a reasonable length of time. It could be necessitated by the time and location constraints of a DXpedition or by rare reception of a low-power domestic station, probably in a foreign language. By reporting the programming details, you must make it clear to the station

that, while you are not positively certain, based on monitoring you believe it to be the station in question.

Tentative Reports should not be used if there is a good chance of hearing the station again, where programming may include an identification. If possible, try monitoring the station over several sessions in order to include as many program details, date, frequency, parallel frequencies, language and signal conditions as you can.

Occasionally, you have no choice but to report the log as "tentative," but don't rely exclusively on the station to confirm what "you think" you heard. It is a method that has been used successfully, but don't overuse it. Most listening situations, with enough effort, will result in certainty of the station.

AMATEUR RADIO

Assateague Island, MD (NA-139), 20 meters SSB. Full data card received in 20 days for a SASE to; Stanley J. larosis N2US, 3105 Teton Lane, Bowie, MD 20715. (Larry Van Horn, NC)

Czech Rep. OK1BNS, 10 meters SSB. B&W full data card. Received in ten days via ARRL. (Van Horn, NC)

France, F8CTY, 10 meters SSB. Full data foldout card. Received in ten months via ARRL. (Van Horn, NC)

CLANDESTINE

SW Radio Africa, 4880 kHz (100 kW). Full data email verification for test broadcast, signed by Technical Manager noting, "transmitter location is restricted for security reasons." Email:tech@swradioafrica.com. Website: http://www.swradioafrica.com. Station address: SW Radio Ltd., P.O. Box 243, Borehamwood, Herts, WD6 4WA United Kingdom. (Jari Savolainen, Kuusankoski, Finland/HCDX)

Dejan Radio (anti-Ethiopian government, via Russia) 12120 kHz. Full data verification card with illegible signature. Received in 13 months for an English report. Station address: TDP, P.O. Box 1, 2310 Rijikevorsel, Belgium. Website: http://www.ethiopiancommentator.com/dejenradio/index2.html. (Arnaldo Slaen, Buenas Aires, Argentina.

CYPRUS

Cyprus Broadcasting Carp., 7205 kHz. Full data color studia card signed by Directar General. Received in 68 days for an En-



glish report and mint stamps. Station address: P.O. Box 24824, Nicasia 1397, Cyprus. Website: http://www.cybc.com. (Frank Hillton, Charleston, SC)

ECUADOR

ADDX (Assoziation Deutschepacachinger Kurzwellhorer) 17795 kHz. Full data QSL card signed by Hans W. Lange, plus station stickers. Verification for DX program via HCJB. Received in 12 days for an English report. Station address: ADDX e.V., Stichwort: Radio HCJB, Postfach 130 124, 40551 Dusseldorg, Germany. (Slaen, ARG)

FRANCE

Voice of Africa 15660, 17880 kHz. Full data multicolored QSL card with illegible signature, plus a blank reception report form. Received in 47 days for an English report. QSL address: P.O. Box 17, Hamrun, Malta. (Sam Wright, Biloxi, MS) Station address: P.O. Box 4677, Saug al Jama, Tripoli, Libya. VO Africa is the external service of Libyan Jamahiriyah Broadcasting -ed.

HONDURAS

HRMI, 3129 kHz. Full data card with reference to "5010 to be restored later." Received for an English report. Station address: IMF World Missions, P.O. Box 6321, San Bernardino, CA 92412 USA. (Gerry Bishop, Niceville, FL/DXLD)

INDIA

All India Radio-Mumbai 4840 kHz. Full data verification letter signed by Mr. M. Indiran-Superintending Engineer. Received in six days far an English repart. Statian address: All India Radia, Backbay Reclamatian, H.T. Parekha Magr, Mumbai 400020, India. (Jose Jacob VU2JOS, India/WOR, DXLD)

MEDIUM WAVE

New Zealand, 2XP 711 kHz AM (5kW). Full data verification letter signed by Richie Fullard-Netwark Pramotians Manager, plus bumper stickers, and a beautiful long sleeved Radio Pacific shirt. Package cost almost \$18 NZ to air mail, plus they phoned me for an an-air interview. Received in 30 days for an AM report. Station address: Radio Pacific, Private Bag, Ponsanby, Auckland, New Zealand. NZ medium wave # 111. (Patrick Martin, Oceanside, OR) I'll say it again falks, na one QSLs medium wave like Pat! -ed.

KAZA, 1290 kHz AM. Verification letter signed by Veranica Yanez-General Manager. Received in 350 days for an AM report. Station address: 765 Story Road, San Jose, CA 95122. (Martin, OR)

KCAL, 1410 kHz AM. Verification letter signed by Alfredo Gonzalez-Public Relations, plus bumper sticker and business card. Received in 13 days for an AM report. Station address: S. Sunwest Lane # 302, San Bernardino, CA 92408. (Martin, OR)

SPAIN

Radio Exterior Espana, 11625 kHz. Full data Spanish verification letter signed by Mary Cortes and Spanish station form letter, plus station stickers. Received in 16 days for an English report and one IRC. QSL address: Programa Espanales en la Mar, Postal 1233, Santa Cruz de Tenerife, Spain. (Scott Barbour, Intervale, NH) Website: http://www.ree.rne.es. REE has temporarily suspended QSLing due to budget and staffing constraints, and request reparts be sent to the above address. - ed.

SURINAME

Radio Apintie, 4990 kHz. Full data email verification letter from Charles Vervuurt-Director. Received in ten haurs for an English email report. Letter indicates the station's six element log periodic antenna is beamed to their interior; they are however, very pleased to hear from listeners outside their country. Email:apintie@sr.net. Station address: P.O. Bax 595, Verl Gemenelansweg # 37, Paramiriba, Suriname. (Slaen, ARG)

April Holiday DXing

Iran Republic, April 1
Georgia Independence Day (from Soviet Union), April 9
Senegal Independence Day, April 14
American Samoa Flag Day, April 17
Syria Independence Day, April 17
Zimbabwe Independence Day, April 18
Tanzania Union Day, April 26
Sierra Leone Independence Day, April 27
South Africa Freedom Day, April 27
Togo Independence Day, April 27



Programming Spotlight

John Figliozzi

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Random Thoughts

I'm having a hard time focusing again.

Managing Traffic & Magic

On a February installment of *Write On*, the Operations Manager of BBC World Service English Networks and News, Mark Flashman (at least that's how his name sounded), explained to a listener why the same program continuity error persisted over the course of a day. The listener wanted to hear *Health Matters*, but an additional broadcast of *Just A Minute* aired in its place – twice! He was frustrated that no one at the BBC caught the problem and wanted to know why.

Curiously, Mr. Flashman cited human error as the culprit. *Just A Minute* was inadvertently loaded into the time slot for *Health Matters* as well as into its own timeslot on the computer playout system that now serves as the network's traffic manager. To compound matters, the two programs are actually scheduled to run consecutively. So, the same edition of *Just A Minute* succeeded itself twice over a period of twelve hours.

In years past when the BBC experienced any anomaly, there was always an announcer at the ready to set things right and apologize to the listener for the inconvenience. But Mr. Flashman explained that the World Service now has eight regional streams in place to ensure that listeners all over the world receive their programs at convenient local listening times. It's just not possible, he said, to have a "live body" on hand to monitor all of this content, so the computers are relied upon to maintain order. When there's a glitch, it can take some time to catch up with it. He apologized, of course – perhaps reasoning "better late than never."

It was nice to finally hear a forthright explanation for this state of affairs. It's simply an ordering of priorities. The former courtesies and the practice of having someone minding the store have been deemed expendable in the effort to (how to put it?) serve listeners better – with more convenient timings and, as well it seems, better shortwave signals.

In this latter regard, the use of relays and shared transmission facilities have grown markedly. Coordinately, the use of interval signals and continuity announcements (such as retuning instructions or simple hellos and good-byes when transmitters come on and go off) have been sharply curtailed. Arguably, such tools are less required in the digital tuning age; but efficiency is at work in this instance, as well. Scheduling is tight and air time is expensive. Better to have all available time devoted to matters of

substance and necessity. In truth, this is as valid and persuasive an argument as that offered by the BBC.

But it is so impersonal and radio is, at its core, an *intensely* personal medium. The loss of human traffic managers, continuity announcers, tuning instructions, interval signals and – yes – the simple act of saying good-bye before the transmitter goes dark has allowed an unwelcome, mechanistic quality to creep into our radio. We may suspect that the computers are there, but to be continually confronted with that reality spoils the experience.

A big part of radio's magic is the illusion that it's just you and the announcer. Undervaluing that illusion – even for all the good reasons stated – just may be costing radio far more than what its current managers think they are gaining.

♦ The Platform Migration Era

It's hard not to feel a sharp pain when any international broadcaster decides to reduce or end its use of shortwave. And so it was when RTE Ireland summarily decided – after a perfunctory, last minute and (let's be honest) totally inconsequential survey of its listeners – to dispense with shortwave entirely at the end of 2003.

But, by now, it should come as no surprise that broadcasters are actively reevaluating their distribution strategies. As we've said numerous times in this space, times have changed markedly – the loss of international radio's "automatic" rationale when the Cold War ended, the creation of new delivery platforms, new resource pressures, the increased intrusion of commercial principles into (and active skepticism toward) public service values.

On shortwave, we've witnessed the deemphasis of tropical band radio in developing regions and the loss of several international broadcasting stations and services entirely (or, at least, many language and geographically targeted services – especially those toward North America and Australasia.) Many broadcasters are hedging their bets; some are changing the mix or putting their eggs in one or two baskets and throwing other baskets away (RTE and Swiss Radio International, to illustrate); others (Radio Norway/NRK, Radio Denmark/DR are recent examples) are deciding to drop out of the game altogether.

But in many cases, overall services are not being reduced and actually may be expanding. RTE is no longer on shortwave, but it has increased its presence on satellite radio – such as via WRN to North America – to two hours per day. Radio Polonia has never broadcast to North America via shortwave; but it does now via WRN. In a similar vein, CBC domestic radio has largely migrated from MW to FM, so very few U.S. listeners can now "eavesdrop" (as they once did) on CBC programs with their AM radios. But all major CBC regional outlets now stream and archive their audio on the Internet which means that U.S. (and, indeed, worldwide) listeners (with a computer) have greatly increased access to CBC programs.

We are seeing many shifts like this and are likely to see more. One suspects that none of these decisions is permanent. Interestingly, though, there are still newcomers to international radio. China's Radio Guangdong and Copenhagen's Banns Radio International are two. They are a testament to the new era of multiple platforms in that they have chosen means other than shortwave (satellite and WRN in these cases) to make their debut. That doesn't mean that shortwave can't be part of their mix sometime in the future.

There's truly *only* one distressing aspect in all this "churn." It is that some decisions are made on less than objective or convincing evidence, often with unrealistic expectations, and without genuine opportunity or regard for meaningful listener input. Could it be that, in certain situations, concerns over survival have led some station managements to immediately cater to the uninformed biases of their paymasters rather than insist on serving the best interests of their listeners?

It's just a thought.

Until May, good listening – wherever you find it!

Software for the Shortwave Listener...

Radio Listener's Database	NOW FREE
SWBC Schedules - Broadcast frequencies updated inonthly+	and programsNOW FREE
Smart R8 Control - for the Drake R8/R8A/R8B	\$60
Smart Icom Control - for IC-R75	\$60
Smart NRD Control - for NRD-535/545	\$60
Smart Kenwood Control - for R-5000	\$60
Smart Audio Control - Scope, spectrum analyz	er\$35
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11252 Cardinal Drive * Remington, VA 22734-2032

How to Use the Shortwave Guide

0000-0100 twhfa USA, Voice of America ① ② ⑤ 6 7

Convert your time to UTC.

Broadcast time on 10 and time off 2 are expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) the time at the 0 meridian near Greenwich. England. To translate your local time into UTC. first convert your local time to 24-hour format, then add (during Daylight Time) 4, 5, 6 or 7 hours for Eastern, Central, Mountain or Pacific Times, respectively. Eastern, Central, and Pacific Times are already converted to UTC for you at the top of each hour.

Note that all dates, as well as times, are in UTC; for example, a show which might air at 0030 UTC Sunday will be heard on Saturday evening in America (in other words, 8:30 pm Eastern, 7:30 pm Central, etc.).

Find the station you want to

Look at the page which corresponds to the time you will be listening. On the top half of the page English broadcasts are listed by UTC time on ① , then alphabetically by country ③, followed by the station name . (If the station name is the same as the country, we don't repeat it, e.g., "Vanuatu, Radio" [Vanuatu].)

If a broadcast is not daily, the days of broadcast 5 will appear in the column following the time of broadcast, using the following codes:

Day Codes s/S

Sunday m/M Monday t/T Tuesday w/W Wednesday h/H Thursday f/F Friday a/A Saturday D Daily mon/MON monthly occ: occasional

DRM: Digital Radio Mondiale

In the same column 5, irregular broadcasts are indicated "tent" and programming which includes languages besides English are coded "vl" (various languages)

Choose the most promising frequencies for the time. location and conditions.

The frequencies (6) follow to the right of the station listing; all frequencies are listed in kilohertz (kHz). Not all listed stations will be heard from your location and virtually none of them will be heard all the time on all frequencies.

Shortwave broadcast stations change some of their frequencies at least twice a year, in April and October, to adapt to seasonal conditions.

But they can also change in response to short-term conditions, interference, equipment problems, etc. Our frequency manager coordinates published station schedules with confirmations and reports from her monitoring team and MT readers to make the Shortwave Guide up-to-date as of one week before print deadline.

To help you find the most promising signal for your location, immediately following each frequency we've included information on the target area O of the broadcast. Signals beamed toward your area will generally be easier to hear than those beamed elsewhere, even though the latter will often still be audible.

Target Areas

Africa

alternate frequency al:

(occasional use only) am: The Americas

as: Asia

Australia au:

Central America ca:

do: domestic broadcast

Europe en.

irregular (Costa Rica RFPI) irr:

Middle East me: North America na:

omnidirectional om:

pa: Pacific

South America sa:

va: various

Choose a program or station you want to hear.

Selected programs for prime listening hours appear following the frequencies - space does not permit 24 hour listings nor can every station be listed. However, listings for the most popular stations and selected lesser-known stations illustrate the variety available on shortwave. The format of the listings alternates among three different styles - by station, by genre and by day - month by month. Times listed are approximate and programs are subject to change

The program listings emphasize broadcasts targeted to North America. In most cases, the stations and programs listed should be readily receivable in North America using a portable radio. Most broadcasters produce one broadcast in English per day that is repeated over a 24 hour period to all areas. If you are able to listen to transmissions to other areas of the world during "nonprime time" hours, referring to the prime time listings for those stations will likely be helpful in determining what programs will be broadcast.

Occasionally, a program or station listing may be followed by a reference to another listing for the same program or station at a different time. This is done to conserve space and make it possible to provide more listings.

MT MONITORING TEAM

Gayle Van Horn John Figliozzi Frequency Manager Program Manager gaylevanhorn@monitoringtimes.com johnfigliozzi@monitoringtimes.com

Mark Fine, VA markfine@monitoringtimes.com

Program Highlights

John Figliozzi

The Death of the VOA?

There are reports that the Voice of America in English, already reduced to 19 hours a day, will soon be further cut to 14 hours a day. Other languages are also being cut. This is an incredible development given the international situation today. It is even more incredible given the reputation that the VOA holds internationally for integrity and reliability.

Thanks to the Smith-Mundt Act (see November's MT), this is all taking place out of public view. The primary culprits appear to be the Broadcasting Board of Governors, an assemblage of commercial broadcasting denizens and political patronage appointees who apparently favor lavishing resources on obscure commercialsounding propaganda outlets at the expense of this nation's longtime most identifiable and trusted international public broadcaster. (Could this be because the VOA has a Charter ensuring integrity and protecting it from governmental interference, which these new entities lack?)

What can you do? Write to your respective lawmakers (House and Senate) asking these questions and making these points:

Why reduce trusted and relied-upon VOA English and foreign language programming at a time when this country faces such unprecedented challenges abroad?

Why does the Smith-Mundt Act remain U.S. law, effectively preventing U.S. citizens from hearing and seeing first hand what its government is saying and showing to those abroad?

- Demand that this nation's primary international broadcaster, the VOA not be broken up or continue to suffer a "death of a thousand cuts" at the hands of those intent on breaking up in favor of propagandistic region-specific entities (Radio Free Asia, Radio Farda, Radio Sawa, etc) which will never achieve the status or reputation of the VOA and do not exemplify the cherished principles of our nation.
- Emphasize the importance of maintaining and safeguording VOA's independent journalistic functions - free of interference from the U.S. government (whether Republican or Democrat)

If I can help you do this, e-mail me. It's important.

0000 UTC - 8PM EDT / 7PM CDT / 5PM PDT (Daylight Savings Time)

	00 01		7711110517011111511051	9	95
0000 0000 0000	0007 0015 0015 0030	٧l	Japan, Radio 13650as Fayot, Radio Cairo 11725na	11940as 17810as	
0000	0030 0030		Thailand, Radio 9680af UK, BBC World Service 17615as	3915as	11945as
0000	0030		USA, Voice of America 11760va 15185va 17820va	7215va 15290va	9890va 17740va
0000	0045		India, All India Radio 11620as 11645as	9705as 13605as	9950as
0000	0055 0057		Netherlands, Radio 9845na Canada, Radio Canada Intl 9755as 11895as	5960na	9590nc
0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0059 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	DRM	UK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennon Creek Australia, Radio 9660pa	6015na 6090am 2310irr 5025do 4910do 12080va	4835do 13630po
0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	lst a	15240pa 15415as 17795va 21725as Bulgaria, Radlo 7400na Canado, CBC Northern Service Canado, CFKP Toronto ON Canado, CFVP Calgary AB Canado, CKZN St John's NF	17750as 9400na 9625da 6070da 6030da 6160da 6160da 5030am 11870am	17775va
0000	0100	131 0	11690eu	7290os	9880as
0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100		Germany, Deutsche Welle Guyana, Voice of 3291do Japan, Radio 6145na Molaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Nomibian BC Corp	5950do 7295do 3270of	3290af
0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	vl	6060af New Zeoland, Radio NZ Intl Sierra Leone, Radio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solaman Islands, SIBC Spain, Radio Exterior Espano UK, BBC Warld Service 61950s9410os 9740as 12095os 15280as	17675po 6139of 6150do 5020do 6055am 5970as 9825sa 15310as	9545do 5975ca 11955os 15360os
0000	0100		17790as USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb 10320usb 13855usb
0000 0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100	twhfa	USA, KAIJ Dollos TX 13815va USA, KTBN Solt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naolehu HI USA, Voice of Americo 7405am 9455am 13790am	7505na 17510as 5995am 9775am	6130am 11695am
0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 010	mtwhfa	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJE Louisville KY	7415na 5105na 5920am 5825va 7580va 5745va 9320am 7490am	9330na 7315am 11515va
0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	sm twhfa sm	13595am USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWBS Macon GA USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9955am 7385na 9370na 11900na 3210na	507 0 na
0000	0100		5935na 7465na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5050na	5085na
0000	0100		6890na USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 11720sa	6085na	9505n o
0000 0000 0015 0030 0030 0030 0030 0030	0100 0100 0030 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	vl twhfa mtwhf	Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Zambio, Christlan Voice Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Lithuania, Radio Vilnius Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as Thailand, Radio 13695na UK, BBC World Service Austria, Radio Austria Intl	9770as 9580as 13730sa	7105as 7325na 15745as
0055	0100		Italy, RAI Intl 9675na	11800na	

0100 UTC - 9PM EDT / 8PM CDT / 6PM PDT

	- Old Old Stime Diff of int Diff						
	0100 0100 0100	0115 0127 0127		Italy, RAI Iml 9675na Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Slovakia, Radio Slovakia Intl 9440sa	11800na 6200na 5930na	7345na 7230ca	
	0100 0100 0100 0100	0127 0130 0130 0130	s mtwhfa twhfa	Vietnam, Voice of 6175na Germany, Universal Life Serbia & Montenegro, Intl Radio USA, Voice of America 7405am 9455am	9435as 7115na 5995am 9775am 5975as	6130am 13790am 6165as	
	0100 0100 0100	0130 0155 0156		Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl 7160as Netherlands, Radio 6165na China, China Radio Intl	6140va	9580na	
	0100	0156		9790na North Korea, Voice of	3560as	6195as	
	0100	0156		7140am 9345as Romania, Radio Romania Intl	11735am 6040na	9510no	
	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	0159 0200 0200 0200 0200 0200	DRM	9530na 11740na China, China Radio Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, HCJB 15560pa Australia, Radio 9660pa	6140na 6090am 5025do 4910do	13630pa	
	0100	0200		15240po 15415as 17795vo 21725as	17750as	17775va	
	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	0200 0200 0200 0200 0200 0200		Canada, C3C Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Casto Rico, University Network 7375an	9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na	
	0100 0100	0200 0200	1st a	Cuba, Rodio Havana Finland, Scandinovian Weekend	6000na	9820no 5990eu	
	0100 0100 0100	0200 0200 0200		11690eu Guyana, Voice of 3291do Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep Japan, Radio 11860as 17560va 17685pa 17845as	5950do 6120no 11880vo 17810os	9580na 15325as 17835as	
	0100 0100	0200 0200		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp	7295do 3270af	3290of	
	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	0200 0200 0200 0200 0200 0200 0200	vI	6060af New Zealond, Rodio NZ Intl Sierra Leone, Rodio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Isands, SIBC Sri Lonko, SLBC 6005as UK, BBC World Service 9410as9525co 9825so 15280as 15310as	17675pa 6139af 6150do 5020do 9770as 5975co 11955os 15360as	9545do 15745os 6195as 12095sa 17790as	
	0100 0100	0200 0200		Ukraine, Radio Ukraine Intl USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb USA, KAIJ Dollas TX 13815va	5910no 4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb 10320usb 13855usb	
	0100 0100 0100	0200 0200 0200		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America 9850va 11705va 15290va 17740va	7505na 17510as 7200va 11820va 17820va	7255va 15250va 7415na	
1		0200		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 9330na	5105na	/413na	
	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	0200 0200 0200 0200 0200 0200		USA, WBCH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	5920om 5825vo 7580va 5745vo 9320am 7490am	7315am 11515va	
	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	0200 0200 0200 0200 0200	sm twhfa sm	USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WRMI Mlami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWBS Macon GA USA, WWCR Noshville TN	9955am 7385no 9370na 11900n o 3210na	5070na	
	0100	0200		5935na 7465na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5050na	5085na	
	0100	0200		6890na USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 15060as	6065na	9505na	
	0100 0100 0105 0115 0115	0200 0200 0115 0120 0130 0200	sm mtwhf	Vonuatu, Radia 3945al Zambio, Christian Voice Austria, Radio Austria Intl Kyrgystan, Radio Kyrghyz Austria, Radio Austria Intl Sweden, Radia 9435va	7260do 4965do 7325am 4010irr 7325am	9870am 4795irr 9870am 6130om	
	0130	0200	twhfo	USA, Vaice of America 9455va 13740am	7325am	9870am	
	0135 0140 0145	0145 0200 0200	sm	Austria, Radio Austria Intl Vatican City, Vatican Radia Austria, Radio Austria Intl	7325am 7335as 7325am	9865as 9870am	

0200 0200 0200	0227		Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Hungary, Radio Budapest	6200na 9835na	7345na
0200 0200 0200 0200	0230 0230 0230 0230		Austria, AWR Europe Iran, Vaice of the Islamic Rep Serbia & Mantenegro, Intl Radia USA, KJES Vado NM	7230as 6120na 7130na 7555na	9580na
0200	0256		North Koreo, Voice of 11335as	4405as	9325as
0200	0256		South Korea, Radio Korea Intl 15575na	9560na	11810sa
0200 0200	0259 0300		Canada, Radio Canado Intl 11725am 15150as Anguillo, Caribbean Beacon	6040am 17860am 6090am	9755am
0200 0200 0200 0200 0200		twhfa	Argentina, RAE 11710am Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, HCJB 15560pa	2310irr 5025do 4910do	4835do
0200	0300		Australia, Radio 9660pa 15240pa 15415as 21725as	12080va 15515va	13630pa 17750os
0200 0200 0200 0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300 0300		Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Casta Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030am	6150am
0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300	lst a	Cuba, Radio Havana Egypt, Radio Coiro 11780na	11870am 6000na	13750na 9820na
			Finland, Scandinavian Weekend		5980eu
0200 0200 0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300	os	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcasti Guyana, Voice of 3291do Indonesia, Voice of 9525as Molaysia, RTM Radio 4 Myanmar, Radio 7185do	ng 5950do 11785as 7295do	17540as
0200	0300		Myanmar, Radio 7185do Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6090af New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	3270af 17675pa	3290af
0200	0300	as	Philippines, Radio Pilipinas 15270me	12015me	15120me
0200	0300		Russia, Voice of 5995me 9765na 15445na	6155na 15595na	7180no
0200 0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300 0300	vl	Sierra Leone, Radio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Islonds, SIBC Srı Lanka, SLBC 6005as	6139af 6150do 5020do 9770as	9545do 15745as
0200	0300		Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl 11875os 15320as	5950na 15465as	9680na
0200	0300		UK, BBC World Service 9410me 9525ca 11955as 12095sa 15360as 17790as	5975ca 9750af 15280as	6195eu 9825sa 15310as
0200	0300		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb 10320usb 13855usb
0200 0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300 0300		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 5755va USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America 9850vo 11705va 15250va 15290va	7505na 17510os 7200va 11705va 17740va	7255va 11820va 17820va
0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300	mtwhfa	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	5105na 5920am 5825vo 7580va 5745va	7315am
0200 0200	0300 0300		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	9320am 7490am	11515va
0200 0200 0200	0300 0300 0300	twhfa	USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	7385na 9370na 3210na	5070na
0200	0300		USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5050na	5085na
0200	0300		6890na USA, WYFR Okeechabee FL 9505na 9985sa	5985na	6065na
0200 0200 0215	0300 0300 0220	νl	Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Zambia, Christian Voice Nepol, Radio 3230as 7164as	11855ca 7260do 4965do 5005as	6100as
0230 0230 0245 0245	0257 0300 0300 0300	twhfas	Vietnam, Voice of 6175na Sweden, Radio 9495na Albania, Radio Tirana Intl	6115na 9610af	7160na
0250 0250	0300 0300		Vatican City, Vatican Radio Zambia, Radio 4910do	7305am	9605am

0300 UTC - 11PM EDT / 10PM CDT / 8PM PDT

I	0300	0310		Vatican City, Vatican Radio 9660af 17665as	7305am	9605am
	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300	0315 0330 0330 0330 0330	sm w fa	Croatia, Voice af 7285na Australia, HCJB 15560pa Belarus, Radio Belarus Intl Egypt, Radio Caira 11780na Philippines, Radio Pilipinas	5970eu 12015me	7210eu
	0300	0330		15270me Thailand, Radio 15460na		101201110
	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300	0330 0330 0355 0356 0356	a	UK, Wales Radio Intl9735na USA, KJES Vado NM South Africa, Channel Africa China, China Radio Intl North Korea, Voice of 7140as9345as	7555na 3345af 9690na 3560as	9770af 9790na 6195as
	0300 0300	0356 0400		Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon	6040na 6090am	9515na
	0300	0400		Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs	2310irr 5025do	4835do
	0300 0300	0400 0400		Australia, Radio 9660pa	: 4910do	13630pa 17750as
	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300 0300 0300 030	0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 040	vl	Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network	6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030am	7255do 6150om
l	0300	0400		7375am 9725sa 17645as Cuba, Radio Havana	11870am 6000na	13750na 9820na
	0300	0400	lst a	Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11720eu	Radio	5980eu
	0300 0300 0300	0400 0400 0400		Guyana, Voice of 3291do Japan, Radio 21610pa	5950do	
	0300	0400		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6090af	7295do 3270af	3290af
l	0300 0300	0400 0400		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	17675pa	
	0300	0400		15445na 15595na	7180na	7350na
	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300	0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 0400	vl mtwhf	Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as Sudan, Sudan Radio Service Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	6139of 6150do 5020do 9770as 9625af 5950na	9545do 15745as 9680na
	0300 0300	0400 0400		12035af 15280as 15410af 15575me	15320as 5026do 3255af 7160af 11760me 15310as 17760as	7196do 5975ca 9410eu 11765af 15360as 17790as
	0300	0400		21660as USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb 10320usb 13855usb
	0300 0300 0300 0300	0400 0400 0400 0400		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 5755va USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America 6080af 7265af 7290af	7505na 17510os 4960af 7340af	6035af 7415af
	0300 0300 0300 0300 0300 0300	0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 0400	mtwhfa	USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA	7415na 5105na 5920am 5825va 7580va 5745va 9320am	9330na 7315am
	0300	0400		13595am	7490am 7385na	11515va
	0300 0300	0400 0400		USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na 3210na	5070na
	0300	0400		5935na 7465na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5050na	5085na
	0300	0400		6890na USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 11740sa	6065na	9505na
	0300	0400 0400	٧l	Vanuatu, Radia 3945al Zambia, Radia 4910do	7260do	
	0300 0300 0310 0330	0400 0400 0330 0357	vI	Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Vatican City, Vatican Radio	6065do 5975do 9660af	17665as
	0330 0330 0330 0330 0330	0357 0358 0400 0400 0400	twhfos		9835na 6165eu Kinabalu	7160eu 5979do

0330	0400		13675na	15400no
0330	0400	17890na UK, BBC World Service	7130eu	7265ευ
0345	0400	9670eu Tajikistan, Radio 7245irr		

0400 UTC - 12AM EDT / 11PM CDT / 9PM PDT

	0400 UTC - 12AM EDT / 11PM CDT / 9PM PDT					
0400 0400	0427 0430 0430		Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl France, Radio France Intl South Africa, Channel Africa	6200na 9805af 3345af	7345na 11995af	
0400 0400 0400 0400	0430 0450 0455 0456		Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as Turkey, Voice of 6020va Netherlands, Radio 6165na China, China Radio Intl 9755na	9770as 7240eu 9590na 6190na	15745as 9560na	
0400 0400 0400 0400	0500 0500 0500 0500		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek	6090am 2310irr 5025do	4835da	
0400	0500		Australia, Radio 9660pa	12080va 15515va	13630pg 17750as	
0400 0400 0400 0400 0400 0400	0500 0500 0500 0500 0500 0500	vl	Botswana, Radio 4820co Canada, CBC Narthern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancauver BC Costa Rica, University Network	4830al 9625do 6070do 6160do 6160do 5030am	7255do	
0400 0400	0500 0500	1st o	7375am 9725sa 17645as Cuba, Radio Havana Finland, Scandinavian Weekend	11870am 6000na Radio	9820na 5980eu	
0400	0500	13. 0	11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle	6180af	9545af	
0400	0500		9710of	9770au		
0400 0400	0500 0500		Germany, Overcomer Ministries Guyana, Voice of 3291da Malaysia, Radio Malaysia Kcta	5950da Kinabalu	5979do	
0400 0400	0500 0500		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6090af	7295do 3270af	3290af	
0400 0400	0500 0500		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Russia, Voice of 7125na 7350na 12010na	15340po 7180na 15445na	7240na 15595na	
0400 0400	0500 0500		Sierra Leone, Radia UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Racio	6139af 6150da	13373113	
0400	0500 0500	vl mtwhf	Solomon Islands, SIBC Sudan, Sudan Radio Service	5020do 9625af	9545do	
0400 0400	0500 0500		Uganda, Radio 4976do UK, BBC World Service 6005af6135ca 6190af 9410eu 11760me 15280as 15310as	5026do 3255af 6195eu 11765af 15360as	7196do 5975am 7160af 12035at 15420at	
0400	0500 0500 0500	DRM	15575me 17760as UK, BBC World Service Ukraine, Radio Ukraine Intl USA, Armed Forces Radia	17790as 6010na 5910na 4319usb	21660as 5446usb	
0400	0500		5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 5755va	7507usb 13362usb	10320usb 13855usb	
0400 0400 0400	0500 0500 0500		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America	7505na 17780as 4960af	6080 af	
			7170va 7290af 9575af 9885af 15205v a	7415of	9475of	
0400 0400 0400 0400 0400	0500 0500 0500 0500 0500	mtwhfa s	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birminghom AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	5105na 9330na 5920am 5825na 7580va	7415na	
0400 0400	0500 0500		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA	5745va 9320am	7315am	
0400	0500		USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	7490am	11515va	
0400 0400	0500 0500	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miomi FL	9465eu 7385na		
0400 0400	0500 0500		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na 3210na	5070no	
0400	0500		5770na 5935na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5050na	5085na	
0400	0500		6890na USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 7355va 9505na	6065na	6855va	
0400	0500 0500	vl	Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Zambia, Radio 4910do	7260do		
0400 0400 0415 0430 0430	0500 0500 0420 0457 0500	vl mtwhf	Zombio, Radio Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Kyrgystan, Radio Kyrghyz Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Nigeria, Radio/Enugu	6065do 5975do 4010irr 9865va 6025do	4795irr 11600va	
0430 0430 0430	0500 0500 0500		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadon Nigeria, Radio/Koduno Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Swaziland, TWR 4775af	6050da 4770do 3326do 6120af	6090dc 4990dc	
0430 0445	0500 0500		Italy, RAI Intl 5965af	6100af	7230of	

0500 UTC - 1AM EDT / 12AM CDT / 10PM PDT

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	0500	0515		Israel, Kol Israel 6280va	7545va	17600va
l	0500 0500	0529 0530		France, Radio France Intl	9590na 11850af	13610af 17885af
l	0500 0500	0530 0530	as	UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service	15280as 7295eu	9670eu
l	0500	0530		11845eu Vatican City, Vatican Radio 11625af	7360af	9660af
I	0500 0500	0556 0600		China, China Radio Intl	6190na 6090am	9560na
	0500 0500 0500	0600		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine	2310irr 5025do	4835do
	0500 0500	0600		Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 9660pa		13630pa
١	0500	0600	⊽l	15160as 15240pa Botswana, Radio 4820do	15515va 4830al	17750as 7255do
l	0500 0500	0600	**	Canada, CBC Northern Service	9625do 6070do	
١		0600		Canada, CKZN St John's NF	6160do 6160do	
	0500	0600		Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na
	0500	0600		17645as Cuba, Radio Havana	9550am	9820na
	0500	0600	lst a	11760na Finland, Scandinavian Weekend	Radio	6170eu
	0500	0600		11690eu 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle	9565af	11805af
	0500	0600	vI.	12045af 15410af Greece, Voice of 9420eu	12105eu	
l	0500 0500	0600 0600		Guyana, Voice of 3291do Japan, Radio 5975eu 11715eu 11760as	5950do 6110no	7230eu
				21/55pa	15195as	17810as
	0500 0500	0600		Kuwait, Radio 15110as Malaysia, Radio Malaysia Kota	Kinabalu	5979do
	0500 0500	0600	2011/	Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp	7295do 6060af	6175al
	0500	0600	DRM/ as	Netherlands, Radio 15255au New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	15340pa 6025do	
	0500	0600		Nigeria, Radio/Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna	6050do 4770do	6090do
	0500 0500 0500	0600 0600 0600		Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 17800af	3326do	4990do
	0500	0600		Russia, Voice of 7125na 12010na 15445na	7180na 15595na	7240na
	0500 0500	0600 0600		Sierro Leone, Radio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Radio	6139af 6150do	
	0500 0500	0600 0600	٧l	Soloman Islands SIBC	5020do 9525of	9545da 11710af
	0500 0500	0600 0600		South Africa, Channel Africa Swaziland, TWR 6120af Uganda, Radio 4976da	7205of 5026do	9500af 7196do
	0500	0600		0K, BBC World Service 6190of6195eu 7160of	6005af 9410eu	6135ca 11760me
				11765af 11940af 15360as 15420af 17640af 17760as	11955as 15565eu 17790as	15310as 15575me 21660as
	0500	0600		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7507usb	
	0500	0600		12133usb 12579usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 5755va	13362usb	13855usb
	0500 0500	0600		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	7505na 17780as	
	0500	0600		USA, Voice of America 6105af7170va 7295af	6035af 9700va	6080af 11825va
	0500	0600		11835af 13710af USA: WBCG: Kennebunk ME	15205va 7415na	
	0500 0500	0600 0600	twhfa m	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	9330na 5105na	
	0500 0500	0600 0600		IISA WEWE Hirmingham Al	5920am 5825na	7570vo
	0500 0500	0600		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Touisville KY	7580af 5745va	7315am
	0500 0500	0600 0600		USA, WINB Ked Lion PA USA, WJIE Touisville KY	9320am 7490am	11515va
	0500	0600 0600	mtwhf	13595am USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC	9465eu 7385na	
	0500 0500 0500	0600		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na 3210na	5070na
	0500	0600		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 5770na 5935na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5050no	5085na
	0500	0600		6890na USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL	6855eu	7520eu
	0500 0500	0600 0600	vl	Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Zambia, Radio Christian Voice	7260do 6065do	
	0500	0600 0525	vl	Zimbabwe, Z8C Carp Rwanda, Radio 6005do	5975do	1015
	0525 0530	0600 0545	vI	Ghana, Ghana BC Corp UK, BBC World Service	3366dc 6010eu	4915do 9865eu
	0530	0550		UAE, Radio Duboi 13675au 21700au Thailead Badia 13780au	15435cu	17830au
	0530 0530	0600 0600	mtwhf	Thailand, Radio 13780eu UK, BBC World Service	17885af	

0600 UTC - 2AM EDT /	1AM CDT	/ 11PM PDT
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0600 0600	0615 0620		South Africa, TWR 11640af Vatican City, Vatican Radio	4005eu	5890eu
0600	0630		7250eu France, Radio France Intl	11725af	15155af
0600	0630		17800af Swaziland, TWR 6120af	7205af	9500af
0600 0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700 0700 0700		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, A8C NT Tennont Creek Australia, Radio 9660pa	6090am 2310irr 5025do 4910do 11880pa	4835do 12080va
0600 0600 0600 0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700 0700	vl	15160as 15240pa Botswana, Radio 4820do Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Conada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZV St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver 8C Costa Rica, University Network	15515va 4830al 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030am	17750os 7255do 6150am
0600	0700		7375am 9725sa 17645as Cuba, Radio Havana	11870am 9550am	13750na 9820na
0600	0700	1st a	11760na Finland, Scandinavian Weekend		6170eu
0600 0600	0700 0700		Georgia, Radio Georgia	11805eu	7005 (
0600	0700	vl	Germony, Deutsche Welle 11785af 15410af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	6140eu 3366do	7225af 4915do
0600 0600	0700 0700		Guyana, Voice of 3291do Jopan, Radio 7230eu	5950do 11690am	11740as
0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700		15195as 17870pa Kuwait, Radio 15110as Liberia, ELWA 4760do	21755pa	
0600	0700		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Malaysia, Voice of 6175as 15295au	7295do 9665as	9750as
0600 0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700 0700			6060af 15340pa 6025do 6050do	6175al
0600 0600	0700 0700		Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 17800af	4770do 3326do	6090do 4990do
0600 0600	0700 0700 0700		Papua New Guinea, NBC Russia, Voice of 21790pa	4890do	9675irr
0600 0600 0600 0600 0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700 0700 0700 0700 0700	vl as	Sierra Leone, Radio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC South Africo, Channel Africo Swaziland, TWR 7205af UK, BBC World Service	6139af 6150do 5020do 9525of 9500af 17885af 6055af 9410eu 12095eu	9545do 15215af 6190af 11765af 15310as
0600	0700		15360as 15400af 17640af 17760as USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	15565eu 17790as 4319usb 7507usb	15575me 21660as 5446usb 10320usb
0600 0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700 0700		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 5755va USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naolehu HI USA, Voice of America 6080af6105af 7170va	13362usb 7505na 17780as 5995va 7295af	13855usb 6035af 11825va
0600 0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700 0700	m twhfa	USA, WBOH Newport NC	11995af 5105na 9330na 5920am 5825na	15205va 7570va
0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WJIE Louisville KY	7580af 5745va 7490am	7315am 11515va
0600 0600 0600	0700 0700 0700		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	7385na 9370na 3210na	5070na
0600	0700		5770na 5935na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 6890na	5050na	5085no
0600	0700			7355eu	11530eu
0600 0600 0600 0600 0605	0700 0700 0700 0700 0630	vl vl s	Vanuatu, Rodio 3945al Yemen, Rep of Yemen Rodio Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Austrio, Radio Austria Intl	4960do 9780me 9865do 5975do 17870me	7260irr
0630 0630	0645 0700	as	Vaticon City, Vaticon Radio	9875eu 9660af	11625af
0635	0700	s	13765af Austria, Radio Austria Intl	17870me	

0700 UTC - 3AM EDT / 2AM CDT / 12AM PDT

	0715 0726 0727		Croatia, Voice of 13820pa Romania, Radio Romania Intl Slovakia, Radio Slovakia Intl 17550au	11775na 13715au	15105na 15460au
0700	0730		Tibet, Xizang PBS 9490as	9580as	
0700		as	UK, BBC World Service	17885af	
0700 0700			USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon	7355eu 6090am	9985af
0700	0800		Australia, A8C NT Alice Springs	2310irr	4835do
	0800 0800		Australia, ABC NI Katherine	5025do	
0700	0800		Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 9660 po 13630 pa 15160 as Botswana, Radio 4820 do Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU St John's NF Canada, CKZU Voncouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375 am 9725 sa 17445 as	11880pg	12080va
0700	0000		13630pa 15160as	15240va	17750as
0700	0800	vl	Botswana, Radio 4820do	4830al	7255do
0700	0800		Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6030do	
	0800		Canada, CKZN St John's NF	6160do	
0700	0800		Costa Rica University Network	6160do	6150om
			7375am 9725sa	11870am	13750na
0700	0800		1704303		
0700		1st a	Eqt Guineo, Radio Africa Finland, Scondinavian Weekend	15184af Radio	6170eu
			11690au		3.,000
	0800 0800		Germany Deutsche Welle	15605af	
0700	0800	vl	Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	3366do	4915do
0700	0800		Guyano, Voice of 3291do	5950do	
0700 0700	0800 0800		Fronce, Radio France Intl Germany, Deutsche Welle Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Guyano, Voice of 3291do Kuwait, Radio 15110as Liberia, ELWA 4760do		
0700	0800		Malaysia, Radio Malaysia Kota Malaysia, RTM Radio 4	Kinabalu	5979do
	0800 0800		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Malaysia, Voice of 6175as	7295do 9665as	0750
			15205		9750as
	0800		Myanmar, Rodio 9730do New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	150:0	
0700	0800		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Nigeria, Radio Enugu	15340pa 6025do	
0700	0800		Nigeria, Radio/Ibodan	6050do	
0700 0700			Nigeria, Radio/Ibodan Nigeria, Radio/Ibodan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 17800af	4770do	6090do
0700	0800		Nigeria, Kagio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 17800nf	3326do	4990do
0700	0800				9675irr
	0800 0800		Kussia, Voice of 21790pa	4130-4	
0700	0800		Russia, Voice of 21790pa Sierra Leone, Radio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC	6150do	
0700 0700	0800	v.	Solomon Islands, SIBC	5020do	9545do
0700	0800		Swaziland, TWR 7205af	9525af 9500af	
0700	0800		Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	5950na	
0700	0800		UK, BBC World Service	6190af	6195eu
			9410eu 11760me 11955as 12095eu 15400af 15485eu 17760as 17790as	6190af 11765af 15310as	15360as
			15400af 15485eu	15565eu	17640eu
0700	0800		17760as 17790as USA, Armed Forces Radio	21660as 4319usb	5446usb
5. 50			3/03usb 0350usb	/50/usb	10320usb
0700	0800		12133usb 12579usb	13362usb	13855usb
	0800		LICA MAKED NI. I.L. LII	7505na 11565pa	17780as
0700	0800	m	USA, W8CQ Kennebunk ME	5105na 7415na	. , , 5005
	0800 0800		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME	7415na	
0700	0800		USA, WEWN Birminaham Al	5920om 5825na	7570va
0700	0800		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	7580af	
0700 0700	0800	mtwhf	USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WMLK Bethel PA	5745va 9465eu	7315am
0700	0800	voice in I	USA, WRMI Miami FL	7385na	
0700	0800		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na	
0700	0800		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 5770na 5935na	3210na	5070na
0700	0800	vl	Vanuatu, Radio 3945al	4960do	7260irr
0700	0800			9865do	
0700			ON, DDC FFORIG SERVICE	6005af	
0700 0705 0715	0720 0730		UK, BBC World Service	15575me	
0700 0705	0720	mtwhf	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio	15575me 4005eu	5890eu
0700 0705 0715	0720 0730	mtwhf	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu		5890eu 11740eu
0700 0705 0715 0730	0720 0730 0745	mtwhf	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa	4005eu 9645va	
0700 0705 0715 0730 0730 0730	0720 0730 0745 0800 0800		Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu	4005eu	
0700 0705 0715 0730	0720 0730 0745	mtwhf as	Valicon City, Valican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205os	4005eu 9645va 13600eu	11740eu
0700 0705 0715 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730	0720 0730 0745 0800 0800 0800 0800	as	Valicon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205os Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl 17665af	4005eu 9645va 13600eu 9885of	11740eu 13790of
0700 0705 0715 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730	0720 0730 0745 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800	as	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205os Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl 17665af UK, BBC World Service	4005eu 9645va 13600eu	11740eu 13790of
0700 0705 0715 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0740 074	0720 0730 0745 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 08	as	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205os Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl 17665af UK, BBC World Service Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205as	4005eu 9645va 13600eu 9885of	11740eu 13790of
0700 0705 0715 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0740 074	0720 0730 0745 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 08	as as mtwhf as	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205os Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl 17665af UK, BBC World Service Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205as Albania, TWR 12070eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15330as	4005eu 9645va 13600eu 9885of	11740eu 13790of
0700 0705 0715 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0730 0740 074	0720 0730 0745 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 0800 08	as as mtwhf	Vaticon City, Vatican Radio 6185eu 7250eu 15595va Australia, HCJB 11750pa Bulgaria, Radio 11600eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205os Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl 17665af UK, BBC World Service Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205as	4005eu 9645va 13600eu 9885of	11740eu 13790of

0800 UTC - 4AM EDT / 3AM CDT / 1AM PDT

0800 0804 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu 21465eu 0800 0825 Maloysia, Voice of 6175as 9665as 9750as

0800	0827		15295au Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl	7345eu	9880eu	0900	1000		Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine	2310do 2485do	4835irr
0800 0800 0800	0829 0830 0830		Belgium, Radio Vlaanderen Intl Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek		5070±-	0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creel Australia, HCJB 11750pa Australia, Radio 9580va	k 2325do 9590as	11880as
0800 0800 0800 0800 0800	0830 0830 0850 0900 0900	a smtwhf	Malaysia, Radio Malaysia Kota Myanmar, Radio 9730da Monaco, TWR 9870eu Albania, TWR 12070eu Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon	6090am	5979do	0900 0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000 1000	vl	15240va 15415as Australia, Voize Intl 11955as Botswana, Radia 4820do Canada, CFFX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	4830al 6070do 6030do	7255do
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900 0900		Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, HCJB 11750aa Australia, Radio 5995na 9710pa 12080va	2310irr 9580va 13630as	4835do 9590as 15240va	0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, Jniversity Netwark 7375am 9725sa	6160do 6160do 5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na
0800	0900	vI	15415as Botswana, Radio 4820do	4830al	7255do	0900	1000		17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa	15184af	
0800 0800	0900 0900		Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070do 6030do		0900	1000	1st a	Finland, Scandinavian Weekens		6170eu
0800	0900		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	6160do 6160do	6150am	0900	1000	DRM/ m-f	Germany, Deutsche Welle 21675af Germany, Deutsche Welle	15440af 6140eu	17700af 15440af
0800	0900		Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as Egt Guinea, Radio Africa	5030am 11870am 15184af	13750na	0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		Guyona, Voice of 3291do Malaysia, RT: Radio 4 New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	5950do 7295do 9885pa	1344001
0800	0900	1st a	Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu	Radio	6170eu	0900 0900	1000		Nigeria, Radio Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan	6025do 6050do	4000 1
0800 0800	0900 0900	5011	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Deutsche Welle	6140eu	5975eu	0900	1000		Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Racio/Lagos	4770do 3326do	6090do 4990do
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900	DRM vI	Germany, Deutsche Welle Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205as	15440af 3366do	21675af 4915do	0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		Nigeria, Voice of 17800af Palua, KHBN 15725as Papua New Guinea, NBC	4890do	9675irr
0800	0900 0900 0900	as mtwhł	Guam, TWR/KTWR 15205as Guyana, Voice of 3291do	15330as 5950do		0900 0900	1000		Russia, Voice of 17495pa Singapore, Mediacorp Radio	17525pa 6150do	17665pa
0800	0900 0900		Indonesia, Voice of 9525pa Liberia, ELWA 4760do	15150as		0900 0900	1000	v 5	Solomon Islands, SIBC UAE, Radio UNMEE21460af	5020do	9545do
0800 0800	0900 0900	mtwhfs	Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Monaco, TWR 9870eu	7295do		0900	1000		UK, BBC Warld Service 9605as9740as 11760me	6190af 11940af	6195as 12095eu
0800 0800	0900 0900		New Zealand, Radio NZ In I Nigeria, Radio Enugu	9885pa 6025do					15190sa 15310as 15485eu 15565eu	15360as 15575me	15400af 17640eu
0800	0900		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna	6050do 4770do	6090co	0000	1000		17760as 17790as 21470af 21660as	17830af	17885af 5446usb
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900 0900		Nigeria, Rodio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 17800af Papua New Guinea, NBC	3326do 4890do	4990co 9675ı·r	0900	1000		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	10320usb 13855usb
0800	0900		Russio, Voice of 17495pa 21790pa	17525pa	17665pa	0900 0900	1000		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	7505na 9930as	11565pa
0800 0800	0900 0900		Sierra Leone, Radio UNAMSIL Singapore, Mediocorp Radio	6139af 6150do		0900 0900	1000 1000		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5920am 5825na	
0800 0800	0900 0900	vI s	Solomon Islands, SIBC South Africa, Amateur Radio Leo	5020do gue	9545do 9750af	0900 0900	1000		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	7580af 5745va	7315am
0800	0900	а	17780af South Africo, Radio League	9750af	17780af	0900	1000		USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am USA, WRMI Miami FL	7490am 7385na	11515vo
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900 0900		South Korea, Radio Koreo Intl Swoziland, TWR 7205af Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	9570as 9500of 9610au	1367Ceu	0900 0900	1000		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na 3210na	5070na
0800	0900		UK, BBC World Service 11760me 11940af	6190of 11955as	9410eu 12095eu	0900	1000	٧l	5770na 5935na Vanuatu, Radio 3945al	4960do	7260irr
			15310as 15360as 15565eu 17640eu 17830af 17885af	15400af 17760as 21470of	15485eu 1779Cos 2166Cos	0900 0910 0930	1000 0930 1000	S	Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Armenia, Voice of 4810eu Georgia, Radio Georgia	9865do 15270as 11910me	
0800 0800	0900o 0900	sUK, BBC W		4319usb	5446LSb	0930 0930	1000		Greece, Voice of 9420eu Lithuania, Rodio Vilnius	12105eu 9710eu	15630eu
0000	0,00		5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	7507usb 13362usb	10320usb 13855usb	0945 0945	0959 1000	DRM	Netherlands, FEBA 9850eu Serbia & Mantenegro, Intl Radio	9850eu	
	0900 0900		USA, KNLS Anchor Point AK USA, KTBN Solt Lake City UT	11765as 7505no	115/6			4000 I	JTC - GAM EDT / SAM CDT / 3	AM DDT	
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900 0900		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	9930as 5920om 5825na	11565pa			10001	JIC - OAM EDI / JAM CDI / 3	AM PDI	
0800 0800	0900 0900		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	5745va 7490am	7315am 11515va	1000 1000 1000	1027 1029 1030		Vietnam, Voice of 9840as Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Germany, Deutsche Welle 17820as	12020as 21745va 6205as	15190as
0800	0900	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL	9465eu 7385na		1000	1030 1030		Guom, AWR/KSDA 11705os Mongolia, Vaice of 12085os	11900os	
0800 0800	0900 0900		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 5770na 5935na	9370na 3210na	5070na	1000	1030	os	UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service	9605as 15190sa	1 5360as 1 5400af
0800 0800 0800 0815	0900 0900 0900 0900	vl os	USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL Vonuatu, Radio 3945al Zambio, Radio Christian Voice Guam, TWR/KTWR 15330as	9985eu 4960do 9865do	7260ırr	1000 1000	1045 1055		17830af USA, KWHR Naalehu HI Netherlands, Radio 7315as 12070pa 12080pa	9930as 9785au 13820as	11565pa 12065os 15595po
0830 0830	0900 0900	03	Austrolia, ABC NT Katherine Austrolio, ABC NT Tennant Creel			1000 1000 1000	1055 1056 1056	DRM	Netherlands, Radio 9850pa China, China Radio Intl North Korea, Voice of	15210pa 3560as	17690pa 9335am
0830 0830	0900 0900 0900		Austria, AWR Europe Georgia, Radio Georgio Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl	9660of 11910eu 21770af		1000	1100		9850as11709om 11735as Anguilla, Caribbeon Beocon	11775am	, 0000111
		0900	UTC - 5AM EDT / 4AM CDT / 2			1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100		Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cree	2310do 2485do k 2325do	4835irr
0900	0915	as	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast	ing	5975eu	1000	1100		Australia, HCJB 11750pa Australia, Radio 9580va 15240va 15415as	9590os	11880as
0900 0900	0915 0920	vl smtwhf	Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Albania, TWR 12070eu	3366do	4915do	1000	1100 1100		Australia, Voice Intl 11955as Canado, CFRX Toronto ON	13685as 6070do	
0900 0900	0920 0930	s mtwhf	Monaco, TWR 9870eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 15330os			1000	1100		Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	6030do 6160do	
0900 0900 0900	0930 0956 1000	as/vl	Italy, IRRS 13840va Chino, China Radio Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon	15210pa 6090am	17690po	1000	1100		Canada, CKZU Vancauver BC Costa Rica, Jniversity Network 7375am 9725sa	6160do 5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na

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1000 1100 1000 1100 1st o	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weeken 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle	1 <i>77</i> 00va	6170eu	1100 1100 1100 1100 1100	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Papua New Guinea, NBC Singopore, Radio Singapore Intl South Africa, Chonnel Africa South Africa, Radio Veritas	9525af 7240of	9675irr 9600as
1000 1100 DRM/ m 1000 1100 DRM 1000 1100 1000 1100	Germany, Deutsche Welle Guyana, Voice of 3291do India, All India Radio 15020as 15235as 17800as 17895au	15440eu 6140eu 5949do 7270as 15260as	17700eu 13710os 17510au	1100 1100 1100 1100	1200 1200 1200 1200	DRM/ os DRM	Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service 9740os11760me 11940af 15310as 15485eu	7445os 9410eu 7320eu 6190af 12095eu 15565eu	21780eu 6195vo 15190om 15575me
1000 1100 os/vl 1000 1100 1000 1100	Italy, IRRS 13840va Japan, Radio 6120na 17585eu 21755pa Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	9695as 7295do 9885pa	11730as	1100	1200		17640eu 17760as 17885af 21470af USA, Armed Forces Rodio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	17790as 4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	17830af 5446usb 10320usb 13855usb
1000 1100 1000 1100 1000 1100 1000 1100 vl 1000 1100 1000 1100	Palau, KHBN 15725as Papuo New Guinea, NBC Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC South Africa, Radio Veritas UK, BBC World Service 9740as11760me 12095eu 15485eu 15565eu	4890do 6150do 5020do 7240af 6190af 15190sa 15575me	9675irr 9545do 6195va 15310as 17640eu	1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	as mtwhf	USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY	7505na 11565pa 9930as 5920am 5825na 9495am 9320am 7490om	9840na 11515va
1000 1100 DRM 1000 1100 DRM/ m 1000 1100	17760as 17790as UK, BBC World Service UK, Christion Voice 9760eu USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	17885af 7320eu 4319usb 7507usb	21470af 5446usb 10320usb	1100 1100 1100	1200 1200 1200		13595am USA, WRMI Miomi FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Noshville TN 5935na 15825na	9955am 9370na 5070na	5770na
1000 1100 1000 1100 1000 1100	12133usb 12579usb USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	13362usb 7505na 5920am 5825no 9495am	13855usb 9840na	1100 1100 1110 1115	1200 1200 1120 1145		USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 9555so 11725sa 11830na Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Israel, Kol Isroel 15640va Nepal, Radio 3230as	5950na 9865do 17535va 5005as	7355na 6100as
1000 1100 1000 1100 1000 1100 1000 1100	USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Noshville TN 5935na 9435na	7490am 9955am 9370na 5070na	11515vo 5770na	1130 1130 1130 1130 1130	1145 1145 1157 1159 1200		7164as Germony, Bible Voice Broadcasti UK, BBC World Service Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Belgium, Radio Vlaanderen Intl South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl	ng 71350s 11640eu 9945as 9650na	13590as 11920as 21745va
1000 1100 1000 1100 mtwhfa.v 1000 1100 1030 1045 mtwhf	USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL Vanuatu, Rodio 3945al Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Ethiopia, Radio 5990do Germany, Deutsche Welle	5950na 4960do 9865do 7110do 15440va	7260irr 9704do	1130 1130 1145		ł a	UK, Wales Radio Intl 17625au Vatican City, Vaticon Radio Rwanda, Radio 6055do Germany, Bible Voice Broadcasti	15595va	17515va 13590as
1030 1100 mt hfa 1030 1100 1030 1100	Guam, AWR/KSDA 11900as Iran, Voice of the Islomic Rep UAE, Rodio Dubai 13675eu	15480as	15550as			1200	JTC - 8AM EDT / 7AM CDT / 5/	AM PDT	
1030 1100 t	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as	9605as	17865eu 11945as	1200 1200 1200	1215 1230 1230	γl	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep	11940os 17815of 15480os	25820af 15550as
	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service			1200	1230	vl as	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl	17815of	
1030 1100 1030 1100 as 1030 1100 mt hfa 1045 1100 1045 1100 as	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatican Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa	11945as	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230		France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl 6025as9715as Netherlands, Rodio 5965na China, China Rodio Intl	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060as	15550as 15190am
1030 1100 1030 1100 as 1030 1100 mt hfa 1045 1100 as 1100 1104 1100 1115 mtwhfa.v	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI DUTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa	11945as	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255		France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl 6025as 9715as Netherlands, Rodio 5965na	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060os 9730as 15415pa 9795as 11775am 2310do	15550as 15190am 5975as
1030 1100 as 1030 1100 as 1030 1100 as 1100 as 1100 as 1100 as 1100 as 1100 as 1100 1130 as 1100 as	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI UTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT	11945as 17830af	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300		France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl 6025as9715as Netherlands, Radio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060as 9730as 15415pa 9795as 11775am 2310do 2485do 2325do 6020pa 11880as	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as
1030 1100 as mt hfa 1045 1100 as 1100 1155 1100 1130 1100 1130 1100 1130 1100 1130 1100 1130 1100 1130 1100 1130 1100 1155 1100 1155 1100 1155 1100 1200 1100 1200 1100 1200 1100 1200 1100 1200 1100 1200 1100 1200	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI **DUTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4* **Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Radio 9850va f UK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do k 2325do	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca 4835irr	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300		France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl 6025as9715as Netherlands, Radio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as9580va 9590as Austrolia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060os 9730os 15415pa 9795os 11775om 2310do 2485do 2325do 6020pa 11880os 9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030om	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va
1030 1100 as mth had 1045 1100 as 1100 1115 and 1100 1130 as 1100 1130 as 1100 1130 at 1100 1200 at 1100 a	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI DITC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Radio 9850va f UK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Austrolia, ABC NT Alice Springs Austrolia, ABC NT Katherine Austrolia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Austrolia, Vaice Intl 13685as	9605as 15400af 5890eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do k 2325do 6020pa 11880as	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	OS .	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl 6025as9715as Netherlands, Radio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFXT Toronto ON Canada, CFXT St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 7725sa 17645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060os 9730os 15415pa 9795os 11775om 2310do 2485do 2325do 6020pa 11880os 9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030om 11870om	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va
1030 1100 as mth had 1100 as 1100 1127 and 1130 at 1100 1200 at 1100 at 110	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI **DUTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4* **Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Radio 9850va f UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Rodio 9850va f UK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Austrolia, ABC NT Tennant Cree Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Vaice Intl 13685as Canada, CFXP Calgary AB Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	9605as 15400af 5890eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do k 2325do 6020pa 11880as 6070do 6030do 6160do	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca 4835irr 6035va	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130		France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl 6025as 9715as Netherlands, Rodio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFVY Calgary AB Canada, CFVY Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060os 9730os 15415pa 9795os 11775om 2310do 2485do 2325do 6020pa 11880os 9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030om 11870om	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va
1030 1100 as mt hfa 1045 1100 as 1100 1130 as 1100 1200 as 1100 12	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI DUTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Radio 9850va IUK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Austrolia, ABC NT Alice Springs Austrolia, ABC NT Alice Springs Austrolia, ABC NT Katherine Austrolia, Radio 5995pa 9475as9580va 9590as Australia, Vaice Intil 13685as Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFXV Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as	9605as 15400af 5890eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do ik 2325do 6020pa 11880as 6070do 6030do	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca 4835irr 6035va	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	as	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl 6025as 9715as Netherlands, Rodio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11720eu	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060os 9730os 15415pa 9795os 11775om 2310do 2485do 2325do 6020pa 11880os 9625do 6070do 6160do 6160do 6160do 5030om 11870om	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va 6150am 13750na 6170eu
1030 1100 as mth had 1045 1100 as 1100 1127 and 1130 and 1100 1130 at 1100 1200 at 1100	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI DUTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Rodio 9850va I WK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alce Springs Austrolia, ABC NT Kotherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cree Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cree Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Vaice Intl 13685as Canada, CFXP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va Finland, Scandinavian Weeken 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do ik 2325do 6020pa 11880as 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 6160do 5030am 11870am d Radio 17670as	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca 4835irr 6035va 15240vo	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	lst o DRM as/vl	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl 6025as 9715as Netherlands, Radio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Rodio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 77645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle Italy, IRRS 13840va Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Netherlands, Radio 21780eu New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Papua New Guinea, NBC Singapare, Radio Singapore Intl South Africa, Channel Africa South Africa, Channel Africa South Africa, Channel Africa South Africa, Channel Africa South Africa, Radio Veritas	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060as 9730as 15415pa 9795as 11775am 2310do 2485do 2325do 6020pa 11880as 9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 6160do 6160do 5030am 11870am Radio 9655eu 7295do 15530pa 4890do 6150as 9525af 7240of	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va 6150am 13750na 6170eu
1030 1100 as mt hfa 1045 1100 as 1100 1130 as 1100 1200 as 1100 a	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voticon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI DUTC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4 Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 1750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service Netherlands, Radio 9850va IUK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Austrolia, ABC NT Katherine Austrolia, ABC NT Katherine Austrolia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Austrolia, Vaice Intl 13685as Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFXV Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va Finland, Scandinavian Weeken 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministries 9610eu 11950eu 117485af 17735os	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do k2325do 6020pa 11880as 6070do 6160do 6160do 5030am 11870am d Radio 17670as 15440eu 6110eu 13820eu 21720af	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca 4835irr 6035va 15240vo 6150am 13750na 6170eu 21650as 9485eu 15235me	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	lst o DRM as/vl	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Karea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl 6025as 9715as Netherlands, Radio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Colgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZV Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle Italy, IRRS Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Netherlands, Radio 21780eu New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Papua New Guinea, NBC Singapare, Radio Singapare Intl South Africa, Channel Africa Sauth Africa, Channel Africa Sauth Africa, Radio Veritas Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC Warld Service UK, BBC Warld Service UK, BBC Warld Service UK, BBC Warld Service	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060as 9730as 15415pa 9795as 11775am 2310do 2485do 6020pa 11880as 9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 6160do 6160do 6160do 6150as 9655eu 7295do 15530pa 4890do 6150as 9525af 7240af 7210as 9720as 1180as	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va 6150am 13750na 6170eu 15440eu 9675irr 9600as 21780eu 6195as
1030 1100 as mt hfa 1045 1100 as 1100 1127 at 1100 1130 as 1100 1130 at 1100 1200 at 1100	21605eu UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service 15285as 21660as UK, BBC World Service Voficon City, Vatrcan Radio USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, KWHR Naalehu HI **DITC - 7AM EDT / 6AM CDT / 4* Pakistan, Radio 17835eu Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Vietnam, Voice of 7285as Austrolia, HCJB 11750pa Tibet, Xizang PBS 4920as UAE, Radio UNMEE21550af UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alce Springs Austrolia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cree Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cree Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cree Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as 9580va 9590as Australia, Vaice Intl 13685as Canada, CFXP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as Ecuador, HCJB 21455va Finland, Scandinavian Weeken 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministries 9610eu 11950eu	9605as 15400af 5B90eu 9930as 11565pa AM PDT 21465eu 4960do 6110as 15400af 6195ca 17710eu 11775am 2310do 2485do ik 2325do 6020pa 11880as 6070do 6030do 6160do	11945as 17830af 7260irr 9490os 15190ca 4835irr 6035va 15240vo 6150am 13750na 6170eu 21650as 9485eu	1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1230 1255 1256 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	lst o DRM as/vl DRM	France, Rodio France Intl Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 21470as 21730as South Korea, Rodio Korea Intl UAE, AWR Africa 15135as UK, BBC World Service Uzbekistan, Rodio Tashkent Intl 6025as9715as Netherlands, Radio 5965na China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11980as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as9580va 9590as Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475as9580va 9590as Australia, Voice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Casta Rica, University Network 7375am 77645as 17645as Fundad, Scandinavian Weekend 11720eu Germany, Deutsche Welle Italy, IRRS 13840va Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Netherlands, Radio 21780eu New Zeoland, Radio NZ Intl Papua New Guinea, NBC Singapare, Radio Singapore Intl South Africa, Channel Africa Sauth Africa, Channel Africa Sauth Africa, Channel Africa Sauth Africa, Radio Veritas Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service	17815of 15480os 9650na 6195ca 5060as 9730as 15415pa 9795as 11775am 2310do 2485do 6020pa 11880as 9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 5030am 11870am Radio 9655eu 7295do 15530pa 4890do 6150as 9525of 7240af 7130as 7320eu 9410eu	15550as 15190am 5975as 9760pa 11730as 4835irr 6035va 15240va 6150am 13750na 6170eu 15440eu 9675irr 9600as 21780eu

			5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	7507usb 13362usb	10320usb 13855usb	1300	1400		12160na 15825na USA, WYFR Okeechabee FL	7355na	11560as
1200 1200	1300 1300		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naolehu HI	7505na 9930as		1300	1400		11740na 11830na Zambia, Radia Christian Vaice	11970na 9865do	13695na
1200 1200	1300 1300	as	USA, Voice of America	11565pa 6110va	9645va	1305 1305	1315	mtwhfa as	Turkmenistan, Turkmen Radio Austria, Radia Austria Intl	5015as 6155eu	13730eu
			15425va	11715va	15250va	1315	1320 1345	mtwhf	Austria, Radia Austria Intl UK, BBC World Service	17855as 15105af	21640af
1200 1200	1300 1300		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5920am 5825na		1330	1350		UAE, Radia Dubai 13630eu 17865eu 21605eu	13675eu	15395eu
1200 1200	1300 1300		USA, WINB Red Lion PA	9495am 9320am	9840na	1330	1357		Vietnam, Vaice of 7280eu Australia, HCJB 15405pa	9730eu	
1200	1300		13595am	7490am	11515/a	1330	1400	mt hfa	Guam, AWR/KSDA 11980as Guam, AWR/KSDA 15660as	0.400	11/00
1200 1200	1300 1300		USA, WTJC Newport NC	15725na 9370na		1330	1400		India, All India Radio 13710os	9690as	11620as
1200	1300		USA, WWCR Noshville TN 5935na 15825na	5070na	5770na	1330	1400		Laos, National Radio Serbia & Montenegra, Intl Radio		100/0
1200	1300			5950na 13695na	7355na	1330	1400	DRM	Sweden, Radio 9430va Sweden, Radia 9815eu	17505va	18960va
1200 1215	1300 1245	m	Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Germany, Bible Voice Broadcastii		13590as	1330 1330	1400 1400		Turkey, Voice of 15155va Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl	15195eu 5060os	5975as
1215 1230	1300 1245			17670os 15425af	17780of	1335	1345	as	6025as 9715as Austria, Radia Austria Inti	6155eu	13730eu
1230	1257		Vietnam, Voice of 9840as	12020os		1345 1345	1400 1400	mtwhf	Austria, Radia Austria Intl Austria, Radia Austria Intl	6155eu 17855as	13730eu
1230 1230	1300		Australia, HCJB 15405po Bangladesh, Bangla Betar	7185as	9550as			4400 II	TC - 10AM EDT / 9AM CDT / 7/	AM DDT	
1230 1230	1300		Bulgaria, Rodio 11700eu Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as	15700eu 9770as	15745as			1400 0	TC TORM EDT / SAM CDT / 71		
1230	1300		Thoiland, Radio 9810as			1400	1415 1415	fc	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcastii Seychelles, FEBA 9445as	ng	7485os
		1300 U	TC - 9AM EDT / 8AM CDT / 6A	M PDT		1400	1415	mtw	UK, BBC World Service 21490of	11860af	15420af
1300	1330		Ecuador, HCJB 21455va			1400	1420 1425		Turkey, Voice of 15155as Bhutan, Bhutan BC Service	15195eu 5030al	6035do
1300	1330 1355		Egypt, Rodio Cairo 15445al Paland, Radio Polonia	17670as 9525eu	11820eu	1400	1429 1430	DRM	Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Canada, Radio Canada Intl	21745va 9815eu	
1300	1356		China, China Radio Intl 11760pa 11900as	9570na 11980as	9755pa 15180as	1400	1430 1430		Netherlands, Radio 12070as Thailand, Radio 9560as	12080os	15595as
1300	1356		North Korea, Voice of 9335na 11335eu	4405as 11710am	7505eu	1400	1456		China, China Radio Intl 11765af 13685af	9755na 15125na	11675as 17720na
1300 1300	1356 1400		Ramania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon	15105eu 11775am	17745eu	1400	1500 1500		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, HCJB 15405pa	11775am	
1300	1400		Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580va 9590as	6020pa	6035va	1400	1500		Australia, Radia 5995va 9475as9590va 11750as	6080pa	7240as
1300 1300	1400 1400		Australia, Vaice Intl 13685as Canada, CBC Northern Service	9625do		1400	1500 1500		Australia, Voice Intl 13635as Canada, CBC Northern Service	9625do	
1300 1300	1400 1400		Canada, CFRX Toronta ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070do 6030do		1400	1500 1500		Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070do 6030do	
1300 1300	1400 1400		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	6160do 6160do		1400	1500 1500		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	6160do 6160do	
1300	1400	mtwh ²	Canada, Radio Canada Inti 17820am	9515am	13655am	1400	1500		Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17820am	9515am	13655am
1300	1400		Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	5030am 11870am	6150cm 1375Cna	1400	1500		Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na
1300	1400	1st o	17645as Finland, Scandinavian Weekend	Radia	6170eu	1400	1500	lst o	17645as Finland, Scondinavian Weekend 11720eu	Radio	6170eu
1300	1400	DRM	Germany, Deutsche Welle	9655eu 6140eu	15440eu 9655va	1400	1500		France, Radio France Intl 17515as 17620as	7175as	11610as
1300	1400		Germany, Deutsche Welle 15440va Germany, Overcomer Ministries		13810me	1400 1400	1500 1500		Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministries	6140eu	13810me
1300	1400	as/vl	Italy, IRRS 13840va Jordan, Radio 11690eu	011060	130101116	1400	1500		15620as 21590sa India, All India Radio	9690as	11620as
1300	1400		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	7295do 9870pa		1400	1500		13710as Japan, Radia 7200as	9845as	11840va
1300	1400		Papua New Guinea, NBC	4890do 6150as	9675irr 9600as	1400	1500		17755va Jordan, Radio 11690eu		
1300	1400		South Africa, Radio Veritas South Korea, Radio Korea Intl	7240af 9570as	13670as	1400	1500 1500		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Oman, Radio 15140eu	9870pa	
1300	1400	DRM	Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as UK, BBC World Service	9770as 7320eu	15745as	1400	1500 1500	DRM	Russia, Voice of 9495eu Singapore, Mediacorp Radio	6150do	
1300	1400	DRM/ m-f	UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service	9410eu 6190af	6195va	1400	1500 1500	as	South Africa, Channel Africa Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as	9525af 9770as	15745as
1300	1400		9740as11760me 11940af 15310as 15420af	12095eu 15485eu	1519Cam 15565eu	1400	1500 1500	DRM	Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC World Service	15265as 7320eu	9410eu
			15575me 17640eu 17830af 17885af	17760os 21470of	1779Cas	1400	1500		UK, BBC World Service 7160as974Das 11940af	6190af 12095eu	6195as 15190am
1300	1400		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7507usb	5446usb 10320usb				15310as 15485eu 17640eu 17790as	15565eu 17830af	15575me 21470af
1300	1400		12133usb 12579usb USA, KNLS Anchor Point AK	13362usb 9780as	13855usb	1400	1500		21660af USA, Armed Forces Radio	4319usb	5446usb
1300	1400		USA, KTBN Solt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Noolehu HI	7505na 9930as					5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	7507usb 13362usb	10320usb 13855usb
1300	1400		USA, Voice of America 11705va 15425va	6110va	9760va	1400 1400	1500 1500		USA, KJES Vado NM USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	11715na 7505na	
1300 1300	1400 1400	mtwhf	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	17495na 5920am		1400	1500 1500		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America	9930as 6110va	7125vo
1300 1300	1400 1400		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	9955na 17560af					9645va 9760va 15425va	11705va	15205va
1300 1300	1400		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA	9840na 9930am	15105am	1400	1500	mtwhf	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	17495na 5920am	
1300	1400		USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	7490am	11515va	1400	1500		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	9955na 17560af	15105
1300	1400		USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC	15725na 9370na	0.475	1400	1500		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA	9840na 9930am 7490am	15105am
1300	1400		USA, WWCR Nashville TN	5935na	9475ra	1400	1500		USA, WJIE Louisville KY	7490am	11515va

			13595am		
1400	1500		USA, WRMI Miami FL	15725na	
1400	1500		USA, WTJC Newpart NC	9370na	
1400	1500		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na	9475na	12160na
1400	1500	mtwhf	USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9320na	12172na
1400	1500		USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 11830na 17760am	11560as	11740na
1400	1500		Zambia, Radio Christian Voice	9865do	
1415	1420		Nepal, Radio 3230as 7164as	5005as	6100as
2 4 2 5	1 100				
1415	1430	ha	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast	ing	7485as
1415	1445		Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast		7485as 7485as
				ing	
1430	1445	s ha	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast	ing 13605me	
1430 1430 1430	1445 1500	s ha	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Pan American BC	ing 13605me	
1430 1430 1430 1430 1430	1445 1500 1500 1500 1500	s ha s	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Pan American BC Myanmar, Radio 5040do	ing 13605me 5985do	
1430 1430 1430 1430	1445 1500 1500 1500	s ha s	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Pan American BC Myanmar, Radio 5040do Netherlands, Radio 9815eu	13605me 5985do 12080as	7485as
1430 1430 1430 1430 1430 1430 1445	1445 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	s ha s	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Pan American BC Myanmar, Radio 5040do Netherlands, Radio 9815eu Netherlands, Radio 12070as Sweden, Radio 17505va Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast	13605me 13605me 5985do 12080as 18960va	7485as
1430 1430 1430 1430 1430 1430 1445	1445 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	s ha s DRM	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcast Germany, Pan American BC Myanmar, Radio 5040do Netherlands, Radio 9815eu Netherlands, Radio 12070as Sweden, Radio 17505va	13605me 13605me 5985do 12080as 18960va	7485as 15595as

1500 UTC - 11AM EDT / 10AM CDT / 8AM PDT

1500 1500	1530 1530		Mongolia, Voice of 9720as UK, BBC World Service 21490af	11860af	15420af
1500 1500 1500	1545 1555 1556		Guam, TWR/KTWR 15330as Netherlands, Radio 12070as China, China Radio Intl 11675as 11765as	12080as 7160as 13685af	15595as 9785as 15125of
1500	1556		North Korea, Voice of	4405as	7505eu
1500	1559		9335am 11335eu Canada, Radio Canada Intl 11935as 13655am	11710am 9515am 17820am	9635as
1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, HCJB 15405pa Australia, Radio 5995va	11775am 6080pa	7240as
1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600 1600		9475as9590as 11750as Australia, Voice Intl 13635as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do	
1500 1500	1600 1600		Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as	6160do 5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na
1500	1600	lst a	Finland, Scandinavian Weekend	Radio	5990eu
1500 1500	1600 1600		Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministries 21590sa	6140eu 6110eu	13810eu
1500 1500	1600 1600	S	Germany, Pan American BC Japan, Radio 7200as 9845as	12015me 9505am	9750as
1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600 1600 1600	DRM	Jordan, Radio 11690na Myanmar, Radio 5040do New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Russia, Voice of 9495eu Russia, Voice of 6205as	5985do 9870pa 7260as	7315as
1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600	mtwhf	7350as11500as Seychelles, FEBA 7340as Singapore, Mediacorp Rodio South Africa, Channel Africa Sri Lanka, SLBC 6005as Sudan, Sudan Radio Service UK, BBC World Service 6195as7160as 9410eu 12095eu 15190am 15485eu 15565eu	6150do 9525af 9770as 15290af 5975as 9740as 15310as 17790as	17770af 15745as 15530af 6190af 11940af 15400af 17830af
1500	1600		21470af 21660af USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7507usb	5446usb 10320usb
1500 1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600 1600		12133usb 12579usb USA, KJES Vado NM USA, KTBN Solt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America 9575va 9645va	13362usb 11715na 15590na 9930as 6110va 9760va	13855usb 7125va 9765va
1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600 1600	mtwhf	9825va 15205va USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHR Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595pa	15395va 17495na 5920am 9955na 17650af 9840na	15460va
1500 1500	1600 1600		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY	9930am 7490am	11515va
1500 1500 1500	1600 1600 1600		USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	15725no 9370na 9475no	12160na
1500 1500	1600 1600	mtwhf	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL	9320na 6280as	12172na 11830na

ı				15520as 17760na		
	1500	1600		Zambia, Radio Christian Vaice	4965do	
	1515	1530	as	Germany, Bible Voice Braadcas	stina	9B60me
	1515	1530		Vatican City, Vatican Radia		13765as
				15235as		
	1530	1600		Germany, Bible Voice Broadcas	sting	12005me
	1530	1600	m whfa	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcas	sting	9705as
	1530	1600		Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep		9610as
	1530	1600		UAE, AWR Africa 15225as		
	1530	1600		UK, BBC World Service	11685as	15540as
	1530	1600	а	Vatican City, Vatican Radio	9865af	13765af

1600 UTC - 12PM EDT / 11AM CDT / 9AM PDT

		1000 01	——————————————————————————————————————	AMIPUI	
1600	1615		Pakistan, Radio 9395me 15725af 17820af	11570me	11640af
	1627		Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep	7190as	9610as
		s	Hungary, Radio Budapest	9730as 6025eu	9585eu
1600	1630 1630 1635		UAE, Radio Dubai 13630eu	9770as 13675eu	15745as 15395eu
1600	1656		China, China Radio Intl	7190af	9570af
1600	1656			3560as	9975af
1600	1659	as	11735af Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17820am	9515am	13655am
	1700		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon	11775am	
1600	1700 1700		9475as	6080pa	7240as
1600 1600 1600 1600	1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700		Australia, Voice Intl 13635as Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa 17645as	6070do	6150am 13750na
1600	1700		Ethiopia, Radio 5990af 9560af 9704af 11800af	7110af	7165af
1600	1700	1st a	Finland, Scandinavian Weekend	Radio	5990eu
1600	1700		France, Radio France Intl	9730af 17605af	11615af 17850af
	1700 1700	DRM	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcastii Germany, Deutsche Welle	ng 6140eu	9860me
1600	1700		11695as	6170as	7225as
1600 1600 1600	1 700 1 700 1 700		Russia, Voice of 4940va	9870pa 4965va 9830me	4975va
1600 1600	1700 1700	DRM	Russia, Voice of 9495eu South Korea, Radio Korea Intl 9870va	5975om	7255va
	1700 1700	mtwhf	Sudan, Sudan Radio Service	15290af 11550as	15530af
1600	1700		Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC World Service 6190af 6195as 7160as 11940af 12095eu 15400af 15485eu 17830af 21470af	3915as 9410eu 15190am 15565eu 21660af	5975as 9510as 15310as 17790as
1600	1700		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7507usb	5446usb 10320usb
1600 1600 1600	1700 1700 1700		12133usb 12579usb USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America 7125va 9575va 13600va 13710af 15395va 15240af 17715af 17895af	15590na 9930as 6035af 9645va 15205va 15445va	13855usb 6110va 9760va 15225af 17640va
1600 1600 1600 1600	1700 1700 1700 1700	mtwhf	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	17495na 5920am 13615na 17650af	17840af
1600 1600	1700 1700		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	13760va 9930am	15105am
1600	1700		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	7490am	11515va
1600 1600 1600 1600	1700 1700 1700 1700	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9465eu 15725na 9370na 9475na	12160na
1600 1600	1700 1700	mtwhf	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Monchester TN USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 15520na 17760na	9320na 11830na 17790of	12172na 11865na 18980eu
1600 1605 1610	1700 1610 1625	as	21455eu Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Austria, Radio Austria Intl Austria, Radio Austria Intl	4965do 17865na 17865na	
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1625 1630	1630 1700	as	Austria, Radio Austria Intl Egypt, Radio Caira 9855af	17865na	
1630 1630	1700 1700		Georgia, Radio Georgia Guam, AWR/KSDA 11980as	6180me 15495as	
1630	1700	5	Ireland, Reflections Europe 12255eu	3910eu	6295eu
1630	1700		UK, BBC World Service	15420af	
1630	1700	as	UK, BBC World Service	11860af	21490af
1635	1640	as	Austria, Rodio Austria Intl	17865na	
1640	1650	mtwhfa	Turkmenistan, Turkmen Rad o	4930as	
1640	1655		Austria, Radio Austria Intl	17865na	
1645	1700		Tajikistan, Radio 7245irr		
1655	1700	as	Austria, Radio Austria Intl	17865na	

1700 UTC - 1PM EDT / 12PM CDT / 10AM PDT

1700 1700 1700 1700	1715 1727 1727 1730	vl	Somalia, Radio Galkayo Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Vietnam, Voice of 9725eu Azerbaijan, Voice of 6110eu	6985va 5930eu 9155eu	9615va 17485of
1700 1700 1700 1700	1730 1730 1730 1745	mtwhf	France, Radio France Intl Jordan, Radio 11690no Moldovo, Radio Pridnestrovye UK, BBC World Service	11615af 5960eu 6005eu	15605af
1700 1700	1750 1756		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl China, China Radio Intl 13685af 15125af	9870pa 7190af	9570of
1700 1700	1800 1800		Anguilla, Caribbean Beocon Australia, Radio 5995va 9475as9710vo 11880va	11775am 6080pa	7240as
1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700	1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800		Australia, Voice Intl 13635as Canada, CBC Northern Service Conada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do 5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na
1700 1700 1700	1800 1800 1800	lst a	17645os Egypt, Radio Cairo 9855af Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend	7189af	15184al 5990eu
1700	1800	a w fa	11720eu Germony, Bible Voice Broadcasti		9860me
1700 1700 1700	1800 1800 1800	DRM	Germany, Bible Voice Broodcasti Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministries	6140eu	11650me
1700 1700 1700	1800 1800 1800	3 5		11735af 15630eu 3910eu	13820af 17705na 6295eu
1700 1700	1800 1 8 00	DRM	Japan, Rodio 9535am Russia, Vaice af 9495eu	11970eu	15355af
1700 1700 1700 1700	1800 1800 1800 1800		Russia, Voice of 5910as Swaziland, TWR 3200af Taiwan, Rodio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC World Service 5975as6190af 6195eu	5945as 9500af 11550as 3255af 7160as	9830af 3915os 9410eu
1700	1800		9510as9630af 12095eu 15420af 15565eu USA, Armed Forces Radio	15310as 17830af 4319usb	15400af 21470af 5446usb
1700	1800		5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb USA, KTBN Solt Lake City UT	7507usb 13362usb 15590na	10320usb 13855usb
1700	1800		USA, Voice of America 7125va 9645va 15205va 15240af 17895af	6040va 9760va 15395va	6110va 13710of 15445of
1700	1800	mtwht	USA, Voice of America 9525va 9795va 13600af 15255va	5990va 11955va	6045va 12005va
1700 1700 1700	1800	mtwhf	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	9330na 5920am 13615na	17495na 17840af
1700 1700	1800 1800 1800		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	17650of 13760va	15105am
1700 1700	1800 1800		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	9930am 7490am	11515va
1700 1700 1700 1700	1800 1800 1800 1800	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9465eu 15725no 9370na 9475na	12160na
1700 1700	1800 1800	smtwhf	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL	9320na 18980eu	12172na 21455eu
1700 1715	1800 1730		21680af Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Vatican City, Vatican Radio	4965do 4005eu	5890eu
1730 1730	1726 1740	٧l	7250eu 9645eu Romania, Radio Romania Intl Libyo, Voice of Africa	15595va 9570eu 15220irr	11940eu 15615irr
1730	1745	mtwht	15660irr 17880irr UK, United Nations Radio	15495me	17810af
1730 1730 1730	1800 1800 1800		Guam, AWR/KSDA 11560me Liberia, ELWA 4760da Philippines, Radio Pilipinas	11730me	11890me

			15190me		
1730	1800		Slovakia, Racia Slavakia Intl 7345eu	5915eu	6055eu
1730	1800		Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl 15555 skd1203	9755af	11810af
1730	1800		UK, BBC World Service 7105eu 7230of	3390af 9530eu	5875eu 9685af
1730	1800		Votican City, Vatican Radio	13765af	15570af
1735	1745	v /th	Paraguay, Rodio Nacional	9739so	
1745	1755	mtwhfa	Turkmenistan, Turkmen Radio	4930as	
1745	1800		Bang adesh, Bangla Betar	7185eu	15550eu
1745	1800		India All India Radio	7410eu	9445af
			9950eu 11620eu 15075of 15155af	11935af 17670af	13605af
1751	1800		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	11980pa	

1800 UTC - 2PM EDT / 1PM CDT / 11AM PDT

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	1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800	1810 1815 1815 1815 1827 1827 1830	а	Zanzibar, Voice of Tonzania Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice Broadcostii Israel, Kol Israel 9435va Czech Rep, Radia Prague Intl Vietnam, Voice of 7280eu Egypt, Radio Cairo 9855of	11734do 7185eu ng 11585va 5930eu 9725eu	15520eu 13845me 17535va 9415va 9730al
	1800 1800	1830 1830	\$	Germany, Universal Life South Africa, AWR Africa 11985af	11840af 5960af	7265af
	1800 1800 1800 1800 1800	1830 1855 1900 1900	mtwhf	UK, BBC World Service Polard, Radio Polonia Anguilla, Coribbean Beacon Argentina, RAE 9690eu Austrolia, HCJB 11765pa	5975as 5995eu 11775am 15345eu	9510as 7150eu
	1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900		Australia, Radio 6080 pa 9580 va 9710 pa Australia, Voice Intl 11685 as Conada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRY Colgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	7240va 11880va 9625do 6070da 6030do 6160do 6160do	9475as
	1800	1900		Costc Rica, University Network 7375om 9725so 17645as	5030am 11870am	6150am 13750na
	1800 1800	1900 1900	1st o	Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinovian Weekend 11720eu	7189af Radio	15184al 6170eu
	1800 1800	1900 1900		Germany, Radio Africa Intl India, All India Radio 9950eu 11620eu 15075af 15155af	11735af 7410eu 11935af	13820af 9445af 13605af
	1800	1900	S	Ireland, Reflections Eurape	17670af 3910eu	6295eu
	1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900		Kuwait, Radio 11990va Lotvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Netherlands, Radio 6020af New Zeoland Radio NZ Intl Nigeria, Voice of 15120af Philippines, Radio Pilipinas 15190me	9895af 11980pa 17800al 11730me	11655af 11890me
l	1800	1900		Russia, Voice of 5910as 9830af 11510of	5945as	7290eu
	1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	as as	Russia, Voice of 5950eu Sierra Leone, Radio UNAMSIL	6175eu 6139af 15265af 3345af 9500af 3955eu 3255af 9630af 15420of	6055af 12095eu 17830af
	1800	1900		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb 10320usb 13855usb
	1800 1800	1900 1900		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, Voice of America 9760va 9885va 15240af 15580af	15590no 6035of 11975af 17895af	6040va 13710af
	1800 1800	1900 1900	mtwhfa	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	9330na 5920am	17495na
	1800 1800	1900 1900		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	13615na 17650af	17840af
	1800 1800 1800	1900 1900 1900		USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	9495am 9930am 7490am	13760va 11515va
	1800 1800 1800 1800	1900 1900 1900 1900	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9465eu 15725na 9370na 9475na	12160na
	1800 1800 1800	1900 1900 1900	smtwhf	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio	9320na 18980eu 9780me	12172na

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1800 1815	1900 1900			4965da 7185eu	9550eu	1900 1900	2000 2000		USA, WBOH Newpor USA, WEWN Birming		5920am 13615na	17840af
1820	1830	vl	15550eu Libya, Voice of Africa	11635irr	11715irr	1900 1900	2000 2000		USA, WHRA Greenbi	lle IN		13760va
1830 1830	1845 1845	m w		9520af 6050eu	7105eu	1900 1900	2000 2000		USA, WINB Red Lion USA, WJIE Louisville 13595am		9930am 7490am	11515va
1830	1859	171 W	9685eu	5910va	7330eu	1900	2000 2000	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel P USA, WRMI Miami F		9465eu 15725na	
1830 1830	1900		Austria, AWR Europe Bulgaria, Radio 5800eu	11865af 7500eu		1900 1900	2000 2000		USA, WTJC Newport USA, WWCR Nashvil	lle TN	9370na 9475na	12160na
1830 1830 1830	1900 1900 1900	mtwhfa		11910eu 11985af		1900 1900	2000 2000	smitwhf	USA, WWRB Manche USA, WYFR Okeecho		9320na 3230af	12172na 15115af
1845	1900			4765af	5985af	1900	2000	vl	15565eu Vanuatu, Radio	18980eu 3945al	7260do	
		1900 U	TC - 3PM EDT / 2PM CDT / 121	PM PDT		1900 1900 1915	2000 2000 1925	vl	Zambia, Radio Chris Zimbabwe, ZBC Cor Rwanda, Radio		4965do 5975da	
1900 1900	1915 1915	smtwhf	Congo, RTV Congolaise Germany, Bible Voice Broadcastii	4765af	5985af 6015eu	1915 1915		s t s fa	Germany, Bible Voic Germany, Bible Voic			6015eu 7295af
1900	1915 1927	a fa	Germany, Bible Voice Broadcastii Vietnam, Voice of 7280eu		9470me	1915 1923	1930 1930	vl	9470me UK, BBC World Serv Libya, Voice of Africa		15105af 15105af	17885af 15315af
1900 1900	1930 1930	s s	Germany, Universal Life Greece, Voice of 7475eu	7105me 9420eu	15630eu	1930 1930	1945 1945	mtwhf a	Germany, Bible Voic Germany, Bible Voic	e Braadcastır	ng	6015eu 7295af
1900	1930		17705na Philippines, Radio Pilipinas 15190me	11730me	11890me	1930		mtwh a	Georgia, Radio Geo Germany, AWR Euro	оре	11760eu 11845eu	0470
1900	1945		India, All India Radio 9950eu 11620eu	7410eu 11935af	9445af 13605af	1930 1930 1930	2000	s fa	Germany, Bible Voic Greece, Voice of Greece, Voice af	5865eu 7475eu	9420eu	9470me 15630eu
1900	1950		15075af 15155af New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	17670af 11980pa	0505-1	1930	2000		17705na Iran, Voice of the Isl	amic Rep	11695eu	15140eu
1900	1956 1956		China, China Radio Intl North Korea, Voice of 11335eu 11710eu	9440af 4405as	9585af 7505eu	1930 1930 1930	2000 2000 2000		Papua New Guinea, Serbia & Montenegro Slovakia, Radio Slov	o, Intl Radia	4890do 6100eu 5915eu	9675irr 6055eu
1900 1900	2000 2000		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, HCJB 11765pa	11775am	25.00	1930	2000		7345eu Switzerland, Swiss Ro		9820va	11920va
1900	2000		Australia, Radia 6080pa 9580va 9710pa Australia, Voice Intl 11685as	7240va 11880va	9500as	1930	2000 1955		13660va Turkey, Voice of	17660va 6055eu	9755eu	
1900 1900	2000 2000	vl	Botswana, Radio 4820do Canada, CBC Northern Service	4830al 9625do		1935 1945 1945	2000	mtwhfa a	Italy, RAI Intl Albania, Radio Tiran Germany, Bible Void		7210eu	9510eu 6015eu
1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000		Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070do 6030do 6160do		1951	2000		7295al New Zealand, Radio		15265pa	
1900	2000		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Casta Rica, University Network	6160do 5030am	6150am			2000	JTC - 4PM EDT / 3P	PM CDT / 1F	M PDT	
1000	2000		7375am 9725sa 17645as	11870am	13750na	2000	2015					0470ma
1900 1900	2000 2000	lst a		7189af	13750na 15184al 5990eu	2000 2000 2000 2000	2015 2020 2028	as	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of	ce Broadcasti 6055eu		9470me 6025eu
1900 1900	2000 2000 2000		17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af	7189af Radio 6180af	15184al 5990eu 11865af	2000 2000 2000 2000	2020 2028 2030 2030		Germany, Bible Voic Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Buc Germany, Bible Voic Iran, Voice of the Isl	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep	ng 3975eu ng 6110eu	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu
1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	lst a	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va	7189af Radio	15184al 5990eu	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030	a\$	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Bud Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as	ng 3975eu ng 6110eu 11585va	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030	a\$	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Buc Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ro 13660af Votican City, Votican	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as adia Intl 17660af	ng 3975eu ng 6110eu	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	as s	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Bud Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ro 13660af Vatican City, Vatican 11625af Swaziland, TWR	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as adia Intl 17660af n Radio	ng 3975eu ng 6110eu 11585va 9820af 7365af	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va 11920af 9660af
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af Netherlands, Radio 7120af 17810af Netherlands, Radio 15315na	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af 9895af 17725na	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	a\$	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Buc Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ro 13660af Vatican City, Vatican 11625af Swaziland, TWR USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kennel Netherlands, Radio	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as adia Intl 17660af n Radio 3200af bunk ME bunk ME	3975eu ng 6110eu 11585va 9820af	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	vI	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Nambia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af Netherlands, Radio 7120af 17810af Netherlands, Radio 15315na Nigeria, Radio/Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Ebadan	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af 9895af 17725na 6025do 6050do	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do 3290af 11655af 17875na	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	as s m·whfa	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Bud Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ra 13660af Vatican City, Vatican 11625af Swaziland, TWR USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kennel Netherlands, Radio Netherlands, Radio	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as adia Intl 17660af n Radio 3200af bunk ME bunk ME 7120af	9820af 7365af 9330na 7415na 9895af	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va 11920af 9660af 17495na 11655af 17875na
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	vI	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 2290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Nambia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af Netherlands, Radio 7120af 17810af Netherlands, Radio 15315na Nigeria, Radio/Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 15120af	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af 9895af 17725na 6025do	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do 3290af 11655af	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	as s m·whfa s	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Buc Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ra 13660af Vatican City, Vatican 11625af Swazıland, TWR USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kennel Netherlands, Radio 17810af	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720s adia Intl 17660af n Radio 3200af bunk ME bunk ME 7120af 15315na 111640af	9895af	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va 11920af 9660af 17495na
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	vI	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af Netherlands, Radio 7120af 17810af Netherlands, Radio 15315na Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 15120af Russia, Voice of 15120af Russia, Voice of 175eu 7360eu 7290eu	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af 9895af 17725na 6025do 6050do 4770do 3326do 17800al 6235eu 11510af	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do 3290af 11655af 17875na	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	as s m·whfa s	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Buc Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Radio China City, Vaticar 11625af Swazıland, TWR USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kennel Netherlands, Radio 1781 0af Netherlands, Radio China, China Radio P840eu Spain, Radio Externa Anguilla, Caribbean Australia, ABC NT A	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720s adia Intl 17660af n Radio 3200af bunk ME bunk ME 7120af 15315na 111640af or Espana Beacon Nice Springs	9820af 7365af 9330na 7415na 9895af 17725na 5965eu 13630af 9595af 11775am 2310do	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va 11920af 9660af 17495na 11655af 17875na 9440af
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	vl as	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Nambia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af Netherlands, Radio 7120af 17810af Netherlands, Radio 15315na Nigeria, Radio/Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Enugu Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 6175eu 7360eu 7290eu Sierra Leone, Ralio UNAMSIL Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af 9895af 17725na 6025do 6050do 4770do 3326do 17800al 6235eu 11510af 6139af	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do 3290af 11655af 17875na 6090do 4990do 7335af	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	as s m·whfa s	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Bus Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ro. 13660af Vatican City, Vatican 11625af Swazıland, TWR USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kenn	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as adai ntl 17660af n Radio 3200af bunk ME bunk ME 7120af 15315na 1 Intl 11640af or Espana Beacon kice Springs (atherine ennant Creek	9820af 7365af 9830na 7415na 9895af 17725na 5965eu 13630af 9595af 11775am 2310do 2485do 2485do 2325do	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va 11920af 9660af 17495na 11655af 17875na 9440af 9680eu 4835irr
1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	vl as vl m	17645as Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Finland, Scandinavian Weekend 11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 13590af 13780af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Kuwait, Radio 11990va Latvia, Laser Radio 9290eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060af Netherlands, Radio 7120af 17810af Netherlands, Radio 15315na Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Siadio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Siadio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Siadio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria,	7189af Radio 6180af 3366do 7295do 3270af 9895af 17725na 6025do 6050do 4770do 3326do 17800al 6235eu 11510af 6139af 5020do guarante se	15184al 5990eu 11865af 4915do 3290af 11655af 17875na 6090do 4990do	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2020 2028 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	as s m·whfa s	Germany, Bible Void Turkey, Voice of Hungary, Radio Bus Germany, Bible Void Iran, Voice of the Isl Israel, Kol Israel Mongolia, Voice of Switzerland, Swiss Ro. 13660af Vatican City, Vatican 11625af Swazıland, TWR USA, WBCQ Kennel USA, WBCQ Kenn	ce Broadcasti 6055eu dapest ce Broadcasti lamic Rep 6280va 9720as adia Intl 17660af n Radio 3200af bunk ME 7120af 15315na 1 Intl 11640af or Espana Beacon Nice Springs (atherine ennant Creek 9500as 12080va	9820af 7365af 9330na 7415na 9895af 17725na 5965eu 13630af 9595af 11775am 2310do 2485do	6025eu 6015eu 7320eu 15640va 11920af 9660af 17495na 11655af 17875na 9440af 9680eu
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2000 2000 2000	2100 2100 2100		Syria, Radio Damascus Uganda, Radia 4976do	12085eu 5026do	13610eu 7196do 4005-4	2100 2100	2200 2200	vI	15410af Ghana, Ghana BC (3366da	4915do
2000	2100		UK, BBC World Service 6190af 6195eu 9410eu 15400af 17830af	3255af 9630af	6005of 12095of	2100	2200		Guyana, Voice of S Indio, All India Radio 9575au		7410eu 9950eu	9445eu 11620va
2000	2100		USA, Armed Forces Radio 6350usb 7507usb 12579usb 13362usb	4319usb 10320usb 13855usb	5446usb usb 12133usb	2100	2200	\$	11715ou Ireland, Reflections E 12255eu	urope	3910eu	6295eu
2000 2000	2100 2100		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 13815va USA, KTBN Salt Loke City UT	15590na		2100	2200		Jopan, Rodi⇔ 11920va	6090eu 17825na	6180eu 21670as	11855af
2000	2100		USA, Voice of America 6095va 7415af 9690va 9760va 13710af 15240af 17895af	4950af 9690va 11855af 15580of	6035of 7415af 11975af 17885af	2100 2100 2100 2100	2200 2200 2200 2200		Latvia, Laser Radio (Liberio, ELWA Malaysia, RTM Radio Namibia, Namibian 6060af	4760do 4	7295do 3270of	3290af
2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	2100 2100 2100 2100 2100		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN USA, WINB Red Lion PA	5920am 13615na 17650as 5745va 9930am	17595of 9495am	2100 2100 2100 2100 2100	2200 2200 2200 2200 2200		New Zealanc, Radio Nigeria, Radio/Enug Nigeria, Radio/Ibado Nigeria, Radio/Kadu Nigeria, Radio/Lagos	u an ina	15265pa 6025do 6050do 4770do 3326do	6090do 4990do
2000	2100	. 16	USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	7490am	11515va	2100 2100	2200 2200		Nigeria, Voice of Papua New Guinea,	17800af NBC	4890do	9675irr
2000 2000 2000 2000	2100 2100 2100 2100	mtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na	9465eu 15725na 9370na 9475na	12160na	2100 2100 2100 2100 2100	2200 2200 2200 2200 2200		Russia, Voice of Sierra Leone, Radio Sierra Leone, SLBS South Africa, Channe Syria, Radio Damasc	3316do 1 Africa	7290eu 6139af 3345af 12085eu	7360eu 13610eu
2000 2000 2000	2100 2100 2100	smtwhf vl	USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 7580eu 15195sa Vanuatu, Radio 3945al	9320na 3230af 15565sa 7260do	12172na 5810eu 17575sa	2100	2200		UK, BBC World Servi		3255af 6110as 9605af	3915as 6190af 12095sa
2000 2000 2000 2025 2030	2100	vI	Zambia, Radio Christian Voce Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Italy, RAI Intl 5985af Thailand, Radio 9535eu	4965do 5975do 9515of	11880af	2100	2200		USA, Armed Forces R 5765usb	6350usb 12579usb	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb •10320usb 13855usb
2030 2030 2030 2030 2030	2056 2057 2059 2100 2100	t h	Romanio, Radio Romanio Intl Vietnom, Voice of 7280eu Belgium, Radio Vlaanderen Intl Belarus, Radio Belorus Intl Cuba, Radio Havana	6110eu 9730eu 7330eu 7105eu 9505eu	7105eu 7210eu 11760eu	2100 2100	2200 2200		USA, KTBN Salt Lake USA, Voice of Americ 6095va 9760va 15185va	City UT a 7415af 11870vo 15240of	15590na 6035af 9595va 11975of 15580af	6040va 9670va 13710af 17735va
2030 2030 2030	2100 2100 2100	as	Egypt, Radio Corro 15375af Sweden, Radio 6065va USA, Voice of America	9400va 4950af		2100 2100	2200 2200		USA, WBCQ Kenneb USA, WBOH Newpor		7415na 5920am	17495na
2030	2100		Uzbekistan, Radio Tashkent Intl 11905eu	5025eu	7185eu	2100 2100	2200 2200		USA, WEWN Birming USA, WHRA Greenbu	ham AL ish ME	13615no 17650af	17595af
2040 2045	2100	mtwhla	Armenia, Voice of 4810eu India, All India Radio 9575au 9910au 11715au	9960eu 7410eu 9950eu	9445eu 11620va	2100 2100 2100	2200 2200 2200		USA, WHRI Noblesvill USA, WINB Red Lion USA, WJIE Louisville 13595am	PA KY	5745va 9930am 7490am	9495am 11515va
2045 2045	2100 2100	mtwhła	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 17495na	7415na 5105na	9330na	2100 2100 2100	2200 2200 2200		USA, WRMI Miami F USA, WTJC Newport USA, WWCR Nashvill	NC	15725na 9370na 7465na	9475no
2050	2100	DBM	Vatican City, Vatican Radio 7250eu	4005eu	5890eu	2100	2200 2200	smtwhf		13845na ster TN	9320na	12172na
2055	2100	DRM	Vatican City, Votican Radio	9800eu		2100	2200	٧l	11740na Vanuatu, Redio	15565af 3945al	5810eu 17575sc 7260do	7580eu
		2100 U	TC - 5PM EDT / 4PM CDT / 2F			2100 2100 2115	2200 2200 2130	vl mtwhf	Zambia, Radio Christ Zimbobwe, ZBC Corp UK, BBC World Servi	p	4965do 5975do 5975ca	11675co
2100	2110		Votican City, Votican Radio 7250eu Egypt, Radio Cairo 15375af	4005eu	5890eu	2115	2200		15390ca Egypt, Rodic Coiro	9989eu	15375of	
2100 2100 2100 2100	2115 2127 2130 2130	mtwhl	UK, BBC World Service Czech Rep, Radio Progue Intl Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek	5975co 5930eu 2485do 2325do	9430va	2123 2130 2130 2130 2130	2130 2156 2200 2200 2200	vl t h	Libyo, Voice of Africa China, China Rodio Austrolio, ABC NT Ko Australia, ABC NT Te Belarus, Radio Belaru	Intl otherine onnant Creek	15105af 5965eu 5025do 4910do 7105eu	15315af 9840eu 7210eu
2100	2130		China, China Radio Intl 11640af 13630af	5965eu	9840eu	2130 2130	2200 2200	t/vl	Guam, AWIL/KSDA Italy, IRRS	11980as 5775va	12010as	. 2 . 000
2100 2100 2100 2100	2130 2130 2130 2130	vl mtwht mtwhta	Cuba, Radio Havana Italy, IRRS 5775va Nigeria, Radio Jakada Intl USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME	9505na 7380af 5105na	11760eu 9330na	2130 2130 2130 2130	2200 2200 2200 2200	DRM : ntwhfa	UK, Wales Radio Intl USA, WBCG Kenneb	9525as 7110eu	5105na	9330na
2100 2100	2130 2155	DRM DRM	17495na Vatican City, Vatican Radio Netherlands, Radio 11730eu	9800eu	7505	2130	2200		17495na Uzbekistan, Radio Tai 11905eu	shkent Intl	5025eu	7185eu
2100	2156 2159		North Korea, Voice of 11335eu Canada, Radio Canada Intl	4405as 5850va	7505eu 7235va							
1.00	,		7425va 9770va	9805va	13650va							

_		2200 II	TTC - 6PM EDT / 5PM CDT / 3P	M PDT		2230 2230	2300 2300	mtwhfa f/occasional	Albania, Radio Tirano Intl Italy, IRRS 5775va	7130eu	9530eu
2200 2200			Turkey, Voice of 9525as Hungary, Radio Budapest	6025eu	11965af	2230 2241 2245	2300 2300 2300	,, 00003101101	Sweden, Rodio 6065va New Zeoland, Radio NZ Intl India, All India Radio 11620as 13605as	17675pa 9705as	9950os
2200 2200			Belgium, Radio Vlaanderen Intl Canada, Radio Canada Intl	11730na 5850va	6045va						
2200	2230		India, All India Radio 9575au 9910au	7410eu 9950eu	9445eu 11620va			2300 U	ITC - 7PM EDT / 6PM CDT / 4I	PDT	
2200	2230	\$	11715au Ireland, Reflections Europe 12255eu	3910eu	6295eu	2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000		Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australia, ABC NT Alice Springs Australia, ABC NT Katherine	6090om 2310do 5025do	4835irr
2200	2230	twhfas/vI	Italy, IRRS 5775va Liberia, ELWA 4760do	(100		2300	0000		Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creel Australia, Radio 9660po	k 4910do 11695os	12080va
2200 2200 2200	2230	mtwhf	Serbia & Montenegro, Intl Rodio South Koreo, Rodio Korea Intl USA, Voice of America	3955eu 6035af	7415of	2300	0000		13620as 13630as 17795va 21740va Australia, Voice Intl 13620as	15230as	17750as
2200 2200 2200 2200	2245 2256		11655af 11975af New Zeoland, Rodio NZ Intl Egypt, Radio Carro 9989eu China, China Radio Intl	13710af 15265pa 7170eu	72500	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000	νĺ	Botswana, Radio 4820do Canada, CBC Northern Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	4830al 9625do 6070do 6030do	
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300		Romonia, Rodio Romanio Intl 9550na 11830na Anguilla, Caribbean Beacon Australio, ABC NT Alice Springs Austrolio, ABC NT Kotherine	5975eu 6090om 2310do 5025do	7250eu 4835irr	2300 2300 2300	0000 0000		Conada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	6160do 6160do 5030om 11870am	6150am 13750na
2200 2200	2300 2300		Austrolia, ABC NT Tennant Creek Australia, Radio 9660va 13620va 13630va		12080va 21740va	2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000	1st f	17645as Cuba, Radio Havona Egypt, Rodio Cairo 11725na Fınland, Scandinavian Weekend	9550am d Radio	5980eu
2200 2200 2200	2300	vl	Australia, Voice Intl 9795os Botswana, Radio 4820do Bulgaria, Radio 5800eu	4830al 7500eu		2300	0000		11690eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 12035as	7250as	9815as
2200 2200 2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300		Canada, CBC Northern Service Conada, CFRX Toronto ON Canado, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	9625do 6070do 6030do 6160do 6160do		2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000	DRM vI	Germany, Deutsche Welle Ghana, Ghono BC Corp Guyana, Voice of 3291do India, All India Radio 11620as 13605as	9800as 3366do 5949do 9705as	4915do 9950as
2200 2200	2300	DRM	Canada, Radio Canada Intl Costa Rica, University Network 7375am 9725sa	9800eu 5030am 11870om	6150am 13750na	2300 2300	0000		Malaysia, RTM Radio 4 Namibia, Namibian BC Corp	7295do 3270af	3290af
2200 2200		1 st f	17645as Eqt Guineo, Radio Africa Finland, Scondinavian Weekend 11720eu	7189af	15184al 5980eu	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000 0000		6060af New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Popua New Guineo, NBC Sierra Leone, Rodio UNAMSIL Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do	17675pa 4890do 6139af	9675irr
2200 2200	2300 2300		Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, 6045 na 7145ca 9480sa 9730as	6180as 5905af 6175as 9490as	6225as 5985as 7105sa 9695af	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000	vl	Singapore, Mediacorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC UK, BBC World Service 6035os6195va 9740as 12095so 15280as	6150do 5020do 3915as 11945as	9545do 5965as 11955os
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300	vł	Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Guyana, Voice of 3291do Maloysio, RTM Rodio 4 Namibia, Namibion BC Corp	3366do 5949do 7295do 3270of	4915da 3290af	2300	0000		USA, Armed Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 13815va	4319usb 7507usb 13362usb	5446usb 10320usb 13855usb
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300	DRM	6060af Netherlands, Radio 15530na Netherlands, Radio 15530eu Nigeria, Radio/Enugu	6025do		2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 9330na	15590na 17510as 5105na	7415na
2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigerio, Rodio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 15120af	6050do 4770do 3326da 17800al	6090do 4990do	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000 0000		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	5920am 9975no 7580va 5745vo	17595af 9495am
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300	٧١	Papua New Guinea, NBC Sierra Leone, Rodio UNAMSIL Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do Solomon Islands, SIBC	4890do 6139of 5020do	9675irr 9545do	2300 2300 2300	0000		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am USA, WRMI Miami FL	9320am 7490am 15725na	11515va
2200 2200 2200	2300	as	Spain, Rodio Exterior Espana Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC Warld Service 6195vo 7105as 11955as 12095so	9595of 9355eu 5965os 9605af 15400af	9680eu 5975ca 9740as	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000 0000	mtwhf as	USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWBS Macon GA USA, WWCR Nashville TN	15725na 9370na 11910na 3210na	5070na
2200 2200			Ukraine, Radio Ukraine Intl USA, Armed Forces Radio	5840eu 4319usb	5446usb	2300	0000		7465no 13845na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 6890na	5050na	5085na
2200	2300		5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12579usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 13815va	7507usb 13362usb	10320usb 13855usb	2300	0000		USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL 11855sa 15170sa USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL	5985sa 15400sa 5985ca	11740na 11855ca
2200 2200 2200	2300		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu Hl USA, Voice of America 9890va 11760va	15590na 17510as 7215va 15185va	9705va 15290va	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 2329	vl	15170af Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Zambia, Radio Christian Voice Canada, Radio Canada Intl	7260do 4965do 5960am	9590am
2200	2300	mtwhfa	15305va 17735va USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME	17820va 5105na	7415na	2300	2330		11865am USA, Voice of America	6180va	7205va
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300		9330na 17495na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Noblesville IN	5920am 9975na 17650af 5745va	17595af 9495am	2300 2300 2300	2330 2350 2356	W	9780va 11655va USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME Turkey, Voice of 6015va China, China Radio Intl 13680no	15150va 17495na 9655va 5990ca	6040na
2200	2300		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WJIE Louisville KY 13595am	9930am 7490am	11515va	2300	2356		Romania, Radia Romania Intl 15145au 15370ou	11840au	11940au
2200 2200 2200	2300		USA, WRMI Miamı FL USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	15725na 9370na 5070na	7465na	2304 2315 2330 2330	0000 2330 0000 0000		USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL Crootia, Voice of 7285sa Canado, Radio Canado Intl Lithuania, Radio Vilnius	15400sa 5960na 9875no	9590na
2200 2200		smtwhf	9475na 13845na USA, WWRB Monchester TN USA, WYFR Okeechobee FL	9320no 7580eu	12172na 11740na	2330 2330 2330	0000		Switzerland, Swiss Radio Intl USA, Voice of America 7205va 9620va	9885sa 6180va 9780va	11660sa 7130va 11735va
2200 2200 2200 2200 2230	2300 2300 2300 2230	vl	21525af Vanuatu, Radio 3945al Zambio, Radio Christian Voice Itoly, RAI Intl 11895as Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl	7260do 4965do 7345na	9435af	2330 2330 2330	2357 2357 2359	DRM	11805va 13640va Czech Rep, Radio Prague Intl Vietnam, Voice of 9840as Sweden, Radio 9800na	15110va 5915na 12020as	15205va 7345na

Headnotes:

- 1. Reception of the Deutsche Welle 2100 broadcast has been consistently reliable, so we list the programs available at this time for North America listeners. Cansult the frequency section of the SWG for where to tune.
- 2. Listings for US-based independent shortwave broadcasters are limited to general interest programming that departs from their largely primary farmats of religious and palitical fare. Please be aware that the schedules of these stations can be quite fluid and are highly subject to change with little or na advance notice
- 3. BBCWS stream abbreviations: (am) = Americas; (eas) = East Asia. These are the streams recommended by Bush House for North American listeners and bath are included in the program schedules when identified by the BBC as potentially receivable on shortwave in North America
- 4. Just a reminder, if you were expecting a different layout this month, we've decided to start each new season (April begins AO4) with the "by hour, by station" format.

0000 UTC/ 8pm EDT/5pm PDT - Page 45 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
0000 D News; 0006 S Top of the Pops (British music charts), M Everywoman, T/H Documentaries, W Masterpiece (artistic ideas), F Assignment, A Sports International; 0032 M Westway Omnibus, T Music Feature, W White Label (new music), H Charlie Gillett (world music), F Music Biz, A John Peel (eclectic).

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0000 D News; 0005 S Keys to Music (enjoying the classics), A Business Report; 0010 M AWAYE! (Aboriginal culture), T The Science Show, W The National Interest (Australian politics), H Background Briefing (documentary), F Hindsight (Australian history); 0030 A Ockham's Razor (science opinion); 0045 A Lingua Franca (about language).

RADIO EXTERIOR ESPANA

0000 S Visitors Book (travelers to Spain), M Window on Spain (culture), T-A News (international, Spain, Latin America); 0015 S/M Spanish history or culture series; 0025 S/M Rebroadcast of 0035 weekday programs, T-A Spanish pop music; 0030 T-A Press Review; 0035 S/T Radio Waves, W Chronicles (Spain & the US), H Entremeses (food & travel), F Africa Today, A Radio Club (letters); 0045 T-A A Language Without Bounds (Spanish lesson).

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

0000 D News; 0010 S Hello from Tokyo (listener contact), M Weekend Japanology, T-A Songs for Everyone; 0015 T-A 44 Minutes (magazine); 0054 M Japan: Take 5.

RADIO NETHERLANDS

0000 S/M News; T-A Newsline; 0005 S Wide Angle (in-depth), M Europe Unzipped; 0025 S The Week Ahead (on RN), M Insight (commentary); 0030 S Amsterdam Forum (conversations), M Vox Humana (culture, T Research File (science), W EuroQuest (Europe in context), H Documentary, F Dutch Horizons, A A Good Life (development).

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL 0000 S-H Midday Report, F/S News; 0012 F Focus on Politics, A This Week in Parliament; 0033 F The Sampler (latest CDs), A Spectrum (life in NZ).

RADIO PRAGUE

0000 D News; 0005 S Magazine, M Mailbox, T-A Current Affairs; 0010 S Letter from Prague, M ABC of Czech (the language), W Czech Science, H or Czech (the language), W Czech Science, H Witness (eyewitness to history), A The Arts; 0015 S/W One on One (interview), M Encore [or] Magic Carpet (both monthly) [or] Czech Books (biweekly), T Talking Point (Czech issues), H Czechs in History [or] Czechs Today (both monthly) [or] Spotlight (travelogue), F Economic Report, A Stepping Out (Prague nightlife).

VOICE OF AMERICA (News Now) 0000 T-A News and Reports; 0023 T-A Sparts; 0030 T-A News Headlines; 0033 T-A Coast to Coast (American life)

WBCQ, Maine

5105 kHz.: 0000 M Firesign Theatre Hour (classic satire)

7415 kHz.: 0000 S Different Kind of Oldies Show, M Radio New York International, A Allan Weiner Worldwide

9330 kHz.: 0030 S World of Radio.

WHRA, Maine

7580 kHz. 0005 T-A For the People (continued).

WHRI, Indiana

7315 kHz.: 0030 S DXing with Cumbre.

0100 UTC/ 9pm EDT/6pm PDT - Page 45 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
0100 D News; 0106 S Play of the Week (radio theatre), M The T cket (global arts survey), T Health Matters, W Ga Digital, H Discovery (science), F One Planet (ecology), A Science in Action; 0132 T Quiz or panel game, W Music Review, H/A Westway, F The Word (writing & writers) [exc. 27th, World Rook Club (discussion)]: 0145 H Heart & World Book Club (discussion)]; 0145 H Heart & Soul (beliefs & values), A What's the Problem (advice).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

0100 D News & Reports; 0110 S Report on Developing Countries; 0115 A Cutting Edge (sci/ tech); 0120 S CRI Roundup; 0130 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know (China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), 4 Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners' Garden.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0100 D News; 0105 S Correspondents' Report, A Asia Pacific (regional current affairs); 0110 M-F Asia Pacific; 0130 S In Conversation (about science), M Heath Report, T Law Report, W Religion Report, H Media Report, F The Sports Factor, A The Chat Room (interviews).

RADIO AUSTRIA INTERNATIONAL

0105 S/M Insight Central Europe; 0115 T-A Report from Austria; 0125 S/M Listener Letters; 0135 S/M Insight Central Europe; 0145 T-A Report from Austria; 0155 S/M Listener Letters.

RADIO BUDAPEST

0100 D News; 0105 S Insight Central Europe; M Europe Unlimited (trade) or Heading for Hungary (travel) or Spotlight (culture) or And the Gatepost (letters), T-A Hungary Today (current events magazine); 0120 A DX Corner.

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

0100 D News; 0105 S Business Sense, M Maple Leaf Mailbag (w/CIDX report bimonthly); 0110 T-A Canada Todoy :current events magazine); 0135 S/ A Sci-Tech File, M/H Spotlight (arts & culture), T Media Zone (journalists discuss), W Maple Leaf Mailbag (w/CIDX report bimonthly), F Business Sense.

RADIO HABANA CUBA

0100 D International News; 0110 M Weekly Review, T-S National News; 0115 T-S Viewpoint; 0130 M Reports & Music, T-S News Bulletin; 0135 T-A Time Out (sports); 0140 S/W DXers Unlimited, M Mailbag Show, T/H/F Caribbean Outlook, A Weekly Review; 0150 M Breakthrough (science report).

RADIO NETHERLANDS

0100 S/M News; T-A Newsline; 0105 S Wide Angle

(in-depth), M Europe Unzipped; 0125 S The Week Ahead (on RN), M Insight (commentary); 0130 S Amsterdam Forum (conversations), M Vox Humana (culture), T Research File (science), W EuroQuest (Europe in context), H Documentary, F Dutch Horizans, A A Good Life (development).

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

0100 S/A RNZ News, M-F Pacific Regional News; 0106 S At the Movies, M-F Wayne's Music (favorities), A Digital Life; 0130 S Bookmarks, A Saturday Comedy Zone.

RADIO PRAGUE

0100 D News; 0105 S Magazine, M Mailbox, T-A Current Affairs; 0110 S Letter from Prague, M ABC of Czech (the language), W Czech Science, H Witness: (eyewitness to history), A The Arts, 0115 S/ W One on One (interview), M Encore [or] Magic Carpet (both monthly) [or] Czech Books (biweekly), T Talking Point (Czech issues), H Czechs in History [or] Czechs Today (both monthly) [or] Spotlight (travelogue), F Economic Report, A Stepping Out (Prague nightlife).

RADIO SLOVAKIA INTERNATIONAL

NADIO SLOVAKIA INTERNATIONAL
0100 D News; 0105 S Front Page Review (Slovak
press), M Weekly Newsreel T-A Topical Issue; 0110
S Variaus features, M Listeners' Tribune (letters,
magazine, Slovak music), T Insight Central Europe,
W Tourism News or Environmental Update, H
Business News, F Culture News or Back Page News
(the offices), A Education Science and Regional (the offbeat), A Education, Science and Regional

VOICE OF AMERICA (News Now)

0100 T-A News and Reports; 0115 Focus (one news story in depth); 0123 T-A Sports; 0130 T-A News Headl nes; 0133 T-F Business Report, A Our World (science magazine); 0145 T-F Dateline (daily short documentary); 0155 T-F Opinion Roundup.

VOICE OF RUSSIA

0100 D News; 0111 S/M Moscow Moilbag, T-A Commonwealth Update; 0130 D News in Brief; 0132 S Moscow Yesterday & Today, M Timelines, T Folk Box, W Jazz Show, H Musical Portraits, F Moscow Calling, A Christian Message from Moscow; 0146 F Music At Your Request; 0154 H Russia: People & Events.

VOICE OF VIETNAM

0100 D News; 0105 D Current Affairs; 0110 S Weekly Review, M Sunday Show, T/W/F/A Press Review, H Talk of the Week; 0115 T Vietnam: Land & People, W Culture & Society, H Letterbox, F Vietnam Economy, A Rural Vietnam; 0120 S Music, A Literature and Arts.

RADIO SWEDEN

0130 S Network Europe (Europe magazine-1st week)/ Sweden Today (2nd)/Spectrum (arts magazine-3rd)/ Studio 49 (topical discussion-4th), M In Touch with Stockholm (listener contact-1 st)/Sounds Nordic (rock music-exc. 1st), T-A Sixty Degrees North (regional report); 0145 T Sports Scan, W Close Up (prof les of Swedes-1st), F Nordic Lights (1st)/ Green Scan (ecology-2nd)/Heart Beat (health-3rd)/ The S-Files (things Swedish-4th), A Review of the Newsweek.

VOICE OF AMERICA (Special English) 0130 T-A News; 0140 T Agriculture Today, W/H Science Report, F Environment Report, A In the News; 0145 T Science in the News, W Explorations, H Making of a Nation, F American Mosaic; A American Stories.

WBCQ, Maine

5105 kHz.: 0100 M Tesla's Ear.

7415 kHz.: 0100 S Marion's Attic (vintage recordings), M Radio New York International (cont'd), T The Secular Bible Study, A Tasha Takes Control. 9330 kHz.: 0100 M Odin Lives (old Norse legends/

music)

WHRA, Maine

7580 kHz.: 0105 S Turn Your Radio On (southern gospel music).

WHRI, Indiana

7315 kHz.: 0105 S Turn Your Radio On (southern gospel music).

0200 UTC/ 10pm EDT/7pm PDT - Page 46 Fregs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am) 0200 S/A News, M-F The World Today; 0232 § The Interview (trends), M World Business Review, T-A World Business Report; 0245 M Instant Guide (background), T/W/F/A Analysis, H From Our Own Correspondent.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0200 D News; 0205 S Margaret Throsby (interviews and music), A Background Briefing (documentary); 0210 M-F The World Today (ABC Radio flagship news program); 0255 T-F Stock Market Report, A Reporter's Notebook.

[Special service: 0205 S/A Grandstand (live sports action) on 9660, 12080, 17580, 21725 kHz.

RADIO BULGARIA

0200 D News; 0210 S Views Behind the News, M Folk Studio (Bulgarian folk music), T-A Events and Developments; 0220 T Sports; 0225 W-S Timeout for Music; 0230 T Bulgarian Plaza (cultural magazine) or Walks and Talks (interesting places); 0235 T Answering Your Letters, W-M Keyward Bulgaria (Bulgaria and things Bulgarian); 0245 S Radio Bulgaria Calling (for radio hobbyists), W Magazine Economy, H Arts and Artists, F History Club, A The Way We Live.

RADIO HABANA CUBA

0200 D International News; 0210 M From Habana (Cuban musicians), T-S National News; 0215 T-S Reports and music; 0230 M The Jazz Place or Top Tens, T-S News Bulletin; 0235 S World of Stamps, T-A Reports and music; 0250 S Cuban music.

RADIO KOREA INTERNATIONAL

0200 D News; 0210 S Worldwide Friendship (letters, DX news), M Korean Pop Interactive (requests), T-A News Commentary; 0215 T-A Seoul Calling (magazine); 0230 T Korea Today & Tomorrow (peninsular relations), W Korean Kaleidoscopi (society), H Wonderful Korea (travelogue), F Seoul

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

0200 D RNZ News; 0205 S Feature, M-F In Touch with New Zealand (music, interviews, variety), A Eureka! (science)*; 0230 A Health Matters [or] Environment Matters.

[*may be preempted by live sport]

RADIO ROMANIA INTERNATIONAL

0200 D Radio Newsreel; 0210 S The Week, M Focus, T-A Commentary; 0215 S World of Culture, M Sunday Studio, T Pro Memoria (history), W Business Club, H Society Today, F Cards on the Table (debate), A Challenge for the Future or Terra 21st Century (programs alternate); 0220 S RRI Encyclopedia, T Political Flash, W European Horizons; 0225 S Roots (culture/traditions), T/H Business Update, W Tourist News, F Listeners' Letterbox, A Practical Guide; 0230 S Radio Pictures, M Romanian Hineraries, H Visit Romania, A Cultural Survey; 0235 S Romanian Hineraries, M Listeners' Letterbax, T Performing Arts, W Talking Points or Living Romania [programs alternate], H Partners in a Changing World, F Guest at the Microphone, A Over Coffee (with artists); 0240 S, Bucharest Along the Centuries, T Pages of Romanian Literature, M/F Skylark (folk music), H Stage and Screen, A Off Bucharest; 0245 S DX Mailbag, T Romanian Hits, H Romanian Musicians, A Folk Music Box; 0250 M Romanian Folk Music

At Its Best, T Sparts Raundup, W Athlete of the Week, H Sports Club, F Football Flash, A Sports Weekend.

RADIO TAIWAN INTERNATIONAL

0200 D News; 0215 S News Talk, M Jade Bells & Bamboo Pipes (traditional music), T Culture Express, W Taiwan Today, H Discover Taiwan, F Taipei Magazine, A Groove Zone; 0230 S Hakka World (Hakka culture), T Trends, W Instant Noodles (the wacky), H Confuscius & Inspiration Beyond, F People; 0240 S Mailbag Time; 0245 M-F Let's Learn Chinese (M/W/F elementary, T/H intermediate), A Kaleidoscope (life in Taiwan).

[This schedule also airs at 0700 for western North America.]

VOICE OF RUSSIA

0200 D News; 0211 M Sunday Panorama, T-S News & Views; 0230 D News in Brief; 0232 S Songs from Russia, M/F Russian by Radio, T Kaleiaoscope (Russian events), W Musical Portraits, H Moscow Yesterday & Today, A Audio Book Club (Russian lit.); 0246 S You Write to Moscow; 0254 S/W Russia: People & Events.

WBCQ, Maine

5105 kHz.: 0200 M Squad 51. 7415 kHz.: 0200 S Pan Global Wireless, M Radio New Yark International (cont'd).

WHRA, Maine 7580 kHz.: 0230 S World Harvest Country Style, M DXing with Cumbre.

WRMI, Florida

7385 kHz: 0200 S Wavescan; 0230 S Voice of the NASB (US sw broadcasters consortium), M Wavescan.

WWCR, Tennessee

3210 kHz.: 0200 M Cyber Line (digital communications)

5070 kHz.: 0200 S DX Partyline; 0230 S World of Radio.

RADIO BUDAPEST

0230 D News; 0335 S Insight Central Europe; M Europe Unlimited (trade) or Heading for Hungary (travel) or Spotlight (culture) or And the Gatepost (letters), T-A Hungary Today (current events magazine); 0250 A DX Corner.

RADIO SWEDEN

0230 S Network Europe (Eurape magazine-1st week)/ Sweden Today (2nd)/Spectrum (arts magazine-3rd)/ Studio 49 (topical discussion-4th), M In Touch with Stockholm (listener contact-1st)/Sounds Nordic (rock music-exc. 1st), T-A Sixty Degrees North (regional report); 0245 T Sports Scan, W Close Up (profiles of Swedes-1st), F Nordic Lights (1st)/ Green Scan (ecology-2nd)/Heart Beat (health-3rd)/ The S-Files (things Swedish-4th), A Review of the Newsweek.

VOICE OF VIETNAM

0230 D News; 0235 D Current Affairs; 0240 Su Weekly Review, M Sunday Show, T/W/F/A Press Review, H Talk of the Week; 0245 T Vietnam: Land & People, W Culture & Society, H Letterbox, F Vietnam Economy, A Rural Vietnam; 0250 S Music, A Literature and Arts.

0300 UTC/ 11pm EDT/8pm PDT - Page 46 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (om)

0300 S World Briefing, M-A News; 0306 M Talking Point (phone-in)[taped S 1406], T-F Outlook (magazine), A Pick of the World (BBC's best); 0332 S Global Business; 0345 M-F Off the Shelf (book readings), A Write On (letters).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL 0300 D News & Reports; 0310 S Report on Developing Countries; 0315 A Cutting Edge (sci/ tech); 0320 S CRI Roundup; 0330 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know (China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), H Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners' Garden.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0300 D News; 0305 S Verbatim (oral histories), A Rural Reporter; 0310 M-F Regional Sports Report; 0320 M-F Life Matters (social issues); 0330 S Jazz Notes, A Australian Country Style; 0354 Heywire (young rural Australian opinion).
[Special service: 0305 S/A Grandstand (live sports

action) on 9660, 12080, 17580, 21725 kHz.

only.]

RADIO HABANA CUBA

O300 D International News; 0310 M Weekly Review, T-S National News; 0315 T-S Viewpoint; 0330 M Reports & Music, T-S News Bulletin; 0335 T-A Time Out (sports); 0340 S/W DXers Unlimited, M Mailbag Show, T/H/F Caribbean Outlook, A Weekly Review; 0350 M Breakthrough (science report).

radio new zealand international

0300 S/A* RNZ News, M-F Pacific Regional News; 0305 S Feature*, A Home Grown (NZ music)*; 0308 M-F Dateline Pacific; 0330 M New Music Releases, T Mailbox (letters & DX news) or RNZI Talk (station info), W Tradewinds (Pacific com-merce), H The World in Sport, F Pacific Correspondent, A Musical Chairs (artist spotlight)*. [*may be preempted by live sport]

RADIO PRAGUE

0300 D News; 0305 S Magazine, M Mailbox, T-A Current Affairs; 0310 S Letter from Prague, M ABC of Czech (the language), W Czech Science, H or Czech (ine language), w Czech Science, H Witness (eyewitness to history), A The Arts; 0315 S/W One an One (interview), M Encore [or] Magic Carpet (both monthly) [or] Czech Books (biweekly), T Talking Point (Czech issues), H Czechs in History [or] Czechs Today (both monthly) [or] Spotlight (travelogue), F Economic Report, A Stepping Out (Pzague piohtlife) (Prague nightlife).

RADIO TAIWAN INTERNATIONAL

0300 D News; 0315 S Hakka World (Hakka culture), M Taiwan Economic Journal, T Jade Bells & Bamboo Pipes (traditional music), W New Music Chat Room, H Instant Noodles (the wacky), F Farmosa Outlook, A News Talk; 0325 A Kaleidoscope (life in Taiwan), 0330 S Asia Pacific Kaleidoscope (iire in Talwari); V330 3 7510 Tacinc (from Radio Australia), M Stage, Screen & Studia, H Life Unusual, F Bookworm; 0340 A Mailbag Time; 0345 M-F Let's Learn Chinese (M/W/F elementary, T/H intermediate).

RADIO UKRAINE INTERNATIONAL

0300 D News; 0310 S Ukrainian Diary (weekly review), M Music from Ukraine, T-A Ukraine Today (magazine); 0315 S The Whole World on the Radio Dial (DX program); 0330 S Hello From Kiev (listener letters/music), M Roots (culture & education); 0345 T-A Closeup (current issues).

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service

0300 S/A News & Reports, M-F Daybreak Africa (morning newsmagazine); 0323 S/A Sports; 0330 D News Headlines; 0333 S Encounter (topical debate), M-F Business Report, A Our World (ecology, science & technology); 0345 M-F Dateline (documentary); 0355 M-F Opinion Roundup.

VOICE OF RUSSIA

0300 D News; 0311 S Music & Musicians, M This is Russia, T Musical Portraits, W/A Moscow Mailbag, H Science Plus, F Newmarket; 0330 D News in Brief; 0332 M Moscow Calling, T/H/A The River of Time, W Guest Speaker, F Russian history/culture; 0347 W Ladies of Character.

VOICE OF TURKEY

0300 D News; 0310 D Press Review; 0315 S Outlook, M Tunes Spanning Centuries, T Last Week, W Live From Turkey, H Review of the Foreign Media, F Big Powers & the Armenian Problem, A Archaeological Settlements in Turkey; 0320 S The Stream of Love or DX Corner, T Hues & Colors of Anatolia, H Letterbox; 0325 M/A Music, F In the Wake of a Contest; 0330 S/T Music; 0335 S Turkish Arts, M Turks in the Mirror of Centuries, T From Past to Present, H Turkey's Off the Beaten Track Sites, F The Culture Parade, A The Travel Itinerary of Anatolia.

WBCQ, Maine

5105 kHz.: 0300 M The Pirate's Cove. 7415 kHz.: 0300 S Michael Ketter Show (satire/free

form), M Radio New York International (cont'd). 9330 kHz.: 0300 S Radio Timtron Worldwide.

WHRL Indiana

7315 kHz.: 0302 \$ 20 The Countdown Magazine (Christian rock charts);

5745 kHz.: 0300 S Powersource Top 20 (Christian rock music)

WRMI, Florida

7385 kHz.: 0300 S World Radio Network (relay), M VCS Radio (Christian hard rock).

VOICE OF VIETNAM

0330 D News; 0335 D Current Affairs; 0340 Su Weekly Review, M Sunday Show, T/W/F/A Press Review, H Talk of the Week; **0345** T Vietnam: Land & People, W Culture & Saciety, H Letterbox, F Vietnam Economy, A Rural Vietnam; 0350 S Music, A Literature & Arts.

0400 UTC/ 12am EDT/9pm PDT - Page 47 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)

0400 D World Briefing; 0420 D Sports Roundup; 0432 S Reporting Religion, M-F The World Today, A People & Politics.

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

0400 D News & Reports; 0410 S Report on Developing Countries; 0415 A Cutting Edge (sci/ tech); 0420 S CRI Roundup; 0430 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know (China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), H Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners' Garden.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0400 D News; 0405 S The Europeans, A The Music Show; 0410 M-F Margaret Throsby (interviews and music); 0430 S The Chat Room (interviews); 0455 M-F Perspective (commentary).

[Special service: 0405 S/A Grandstand (live sports action) on 9660, 12080, 17580, 21725 kHz. only.]

RADIO HABANA CUBA

0400 D International News; 0410 M From Habana (Cuban musicians), T-S National News; 0415 T-S Reports and music; 0430 M The Jazz Place or Top Tens, T-S News Bulletin; 0435 S World of Stamps, T-A Reports and music; 0450 S Cuban music.

RADIO NETHERLANDS

0400 S/M News; T-A Newsline; 0405 S Wide Angle (in-depth), M Europe Unzipped; 0425 S The Week Ahead (on RN), M Insight (commentary); 0430 S Amsterdam Forum (conversations), M Vox Humana (culture, T Research File (science), W EuroQuest (Europe in context), H Documentary, F Dutch Horizons, A A Good Life (development).

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

0400 S/A RNZ News; 0405 S Sunday Drama* (radio plays), M-F In Touch with NZ (continues from 0205), A Home Grown (cont'd from 0305)

RADIO ROMANIA INTERNATIONAL

0400 D Radio Newsreel; 0410 S The Week, M Focus, T-A Cammentary; 0415 S Warld of Culture, M Sunday Studio, T Pro Memoria (history), W Business Club, H Saciety Today, F Cards on the Table (debate), A Challenge for the Future or Terra 21st Century [programs alternate]; 0420 S RRI Encyclopedia, T Political Flash, W European Horizons; 0425 S Raots (culture/traditions), T/H Business Update, W Taurist News, F Listeners Letterbox, A Practical Guide; 0430 S Radio Pictures, M Romanian Itineraries, H Visit Romania, A Cultural Survey; 0435 S Romanian Itineraries, M Listeners' Letterbax, T Performing Arts, W Talking Points or Living Romania (programs alternate), H Partners in a Changing World, F Guest at the Microphone, A Over Coffee (with artists); 0440 S, Bucharest Along the Centuries, T Pages of Romanian Literature, M/F Skylark (folk music), H Stage and Screen, A Off Bucharest; **0445** S DX Mailbag, T Romanian Hits, H Romanian Musicians, A Folk Music Box; 0450 M Romanian Folk Music At Its Best, T Sports Roundup, W Athlete of the Week, H Sports Club, F Football Flash, A Sports Weekend.

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service 0400 D News & Reports; 0415 M-F Focus (a topic in-depth); 0423 D Sports; 0430 S/A News Headlines, M-F Daybreak Africa (morning newsmagazine); 0433 S/A Main Street (life in America).

VOICE OF RUSSIA

0400 D News; 0411 S/M Musical Partraits, T/F Moscow Mailbag, W/A Science Plus, H Newmarket (business); 0430 D News in Brief; 0432 S Kaleidoscope, M Audio Book Club, T Music Around Us, W Moscow Yesterday & Today, H Folk Box, F Audio Baok Club (Russian lit.), A Timelines; 0447 T Music At Your Request.

WBCQ, Maine

7415 kHz.: 0400 S Tom & Darryl (electronic media), M-A Amos 'n Andy; 0415 M World of Radio, T Odin Lives (old Norse myths/music).

WHRI, Indiana

7315 kHz.: 0400 S 20 The Countdown Magazine (continued)

5745 kHz.: 0400 S Powersource Top 20 (continued).

WRMI, Florida

7385 kHz.: 0400 S/M World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR Tennessee

5070 kHz.: 0400 S Cyber Line (digital communications).

0500 UTC/ 1am EDT/10pm PDT - Page 47 Freqs

CHANNEL AFRICA, South Africa

0500 S Network Africa (week in review), M-F Dateline Africa (news magazine), A Channel Africa Spart.

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

0500 D News & Reports; 0510 S Report on Developing Countries; 0515 A Cutting Edge (sci/tech); 0520 S CRI Roundup; 0530 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know (China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), H Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners'

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0500 D News; 0505 S All in the Mind (the brain), A The Music Show (cont'd); 0510 M-F Pacific Beat (Pacific islands magazine with regional sports report @ 0530); 0530 S The Ark (religious history);

0549 S The Pulse (Aussie music now). [Special service: 0505 S/A Grandstand (live sports action) on 9660, 12080, 17580, 21725 kHz. only.]

RADIO HABANA CUBA

0500 D International News; 0510 M Weekly Review, T-S National News; 0515 T-S Viewpaint; 0530 M Reports & Music, T-S News Bulletin; 0535 T-A Time Out (sports); 0540 S/W DXers Unlimited, M Mailbag Show, T/H/F Caribbean Outlook, A Weekly Review; 0550 M Breakthrough (science report).

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

0500 D News; 0510 S Pop Joins the World, A Hello from Tokyo (listener contact); 0515 M-F 44 Minutes (magazine).

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

0500 S/A RNZ News; M-F Checkpaint; 0510 S Religion feature or series, A Tagata O Te Moana (Pacific magazine); 0540 S Jazz Spotlight

RVi, Belgium

0500 S Music from Flanders, M Radio Warld, T-A News; 0504 T-A Flanders Today (incl. press review, reports & CD of the Week); 0508 M Tourism in Flanders; 0514 M Brussels 1043 (letters).

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service

0500 S News, M-A News & Reports; 0523 M-A Sports Repart; 0530 D News Headlines; 0533 S Issues in the News, M-F Business Report, A Press Conference USA; 0545 M-F Dateline (documentary); 0555 M-F Opinion Roundup.

VOICE OF NIGERIA

0500 S/A News Summary, M-F VON Scope (news magazine); 0505 S This Week on VON, A VON Link-up (music requests); 0530 D Moving On (variety magazine).

WBCQ, Maine

7415 kHz.: 0500 S Juliet's Wild Kingdom, M Joe Mazza Show (everything but politics).

WHRI Indiana

7315/5745 kHz.: 0500 A DXing with Cumbre; 0530 A World Harvest Country Style.

WRMI, Florida

7385 kHz.: 0500 S/M World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

5070 kHz.: 0530 M-F Natural Health Clinic.

0600 UTC/ 2am EDT/11pm PDT - Page 47 Freqs

CHANNEL AFRICA, South Africa

0600 S Network Africa (week in review), M-F Dateline Africa (news magazine), A Channel Africa Sport.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

0600 D News; 0605 S The Arts on RA, A Verbatim (oral histories); 0610 M-F Regional Sports Report; 0620 M Ockham's Razor (science opinion), T In Conversation (about science), W Lingua Franca (about language), H The Ark (religious history), F The Makers (artists); 0630 S Hit Mix (pop/rock), A In Conversation; 0635 M Hit Mix, T Music Deli (diverse world/folk), W Jazz Notes, H Australian Country Style, F The Chat Room (interviews).

[Special service: 0605 S/A Grandstand (live sports)

action) on 9660, 12080, 17580, 21725 kHz. only.]

RADIO HABANA CUBA

0600 D International News; 0610 M From Habana (Cuban musicians), T-S National News; 0615 T-S Reports and music; 0630 M The Jazz Place or Top Tens, T-S News Bulletin; 0635 S World of Stamps, T-A Reports and music; 0650 S Cuban music.

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

0600 D News; 0610 S Weekend Square (Japanese life), M-F Songs for Everyone, A Pop Joins the World; 0615 M-F Asian Top News (headlines from region's radio); 0625 M Japan Music Treasure Box,

T Basic Japanese for You, W Japan Musicscape, H Brush Up Your Japanese, F Music Beat; 0654 S Japon: Ťake Five.

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

0600 D RNZ News; 0607 S Mana Korero (Maori magazine), M-F Worldwatch & Pacific Report, A The Mix ('live' music acts); 0630 M Letter from America (Alistair Cooke); 0645 M-F Storytime.

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service 0600 S/A News & Reports, M-F Daybreak Africa

(morning newsmagazine); 0623 S/A Sports; 0630 S/A News Headlines; 0633 S/A Main Street (life in America).

VOICE OF NIGERIA

0600 D Nigeria/Africa/World News (magazine); 0630 S In the News, A News Maker; 0645 A Window on

WBCQ, Maine

7415 kHz.: 0600 M Joe Mazza Show (cont'd)

WHRI, Indiana

7315 kHz.: 0605 A Turn Your Radio On (southern

gospel music)

5745 kHz.: 0630 S DXing with Cumbre.

WRMI, Florida

7385 kHz.: 0600 S/M World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

3210 kHz.: 0630 S World of Radio.

1000 UTC/ 6am EDT/3am PDT - Page 49 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)(eas)

1000 S/A News, M-F World Briefing; 1006 S From Our Own Correspondent, A Assignment; 1032 S Reporting Religion, M-F World Business Report, A The Interview (trends); 1045 M-H Sports Roundup, F Football Extra.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1000 D News; 1005 S Keys to Music (enjoying the classics), M-F Asia Pacific (regional current affairs), A Background Briefing; 1030 M Health Report, T Law Report, W Religion Report, H Media Report, F The Sports Factor; 1055 A Reporter's Notebook.

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

1000 D News; 1012 S New Music Releases, M-F Late Edition (the day's news), A Deep Purple (relaxing music/nostalgia).

WHRI, Tennessee

9495 kHz.: 1005 S Turn Your Radio On (southern gospel music).

WWCR, Tennessee

15825 kHz.: 1000 M-F Worldwide Country Radio; 1015 S Ask WWCR.

5070 kHz.: 1010 S A View from Europe; 1030 A World of Radio

1100 UTC/ 7am EDT/4am PDT - Page 50 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)

1100 D World Briefing; 1105 M-F Caribbean Morning Report; 1110 M-F Sports Caribbean; 1115 M-F Caribbean Magazine; 1120 D British News; 1132 S Instant Guide (background), M Letter from America, TWF Analysis, H From Our Own Correspondent, A World Football; 1145 S-F Sports Roundup.

BBC WORLD SERVICE (eas)

1100 S World Briefing, M-A News; 1106 M-F Outlook (magazine), A The Ticket (global arts survey); 1120 S British News; 1132 S Play of the Week (radio theatre); 1145 M-F Off the Shelf (book readings).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

1100 D Real Time Beijing (world/national/city news, business, sports, press, sci-tech, culture, show-biz, music, features); 1115 S China Beat (popular music), A China Roots (traditional music).

HCJB ECUADOR

1100 S Let My People Think, M-F Insight for Living, A Down Gilead Lane; 1130 S Renewing Your Mind, M-F Family Life Today, A Adventures in Odyssey.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1100 D News; 1105 S Correspondents' Report, M-A Asia Pacific (regional current affairs); 1130 S The Arts on RA, M-F Bush Telegraph (rural life), A All in the Mind (the brain).

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

1100 D News; 1110 S Hello from Tokyo (listener contact), M-F Songs for Everyone, A Pop Joins the World; 1115 M-F Asian Top News (headlines from region's radio); 1125 M Japan Music Treasure Box, T Basic Japanese for You, W Japan Musicscape, H Brush Up Your Japanese, F Music Beat.

RADIO KOREA INTERNATIONAL

1130 D News; 1140 S Korean Pop Interactive (requests), M-F News Commentary, A Worldwide Friendship (letters, DX news); 1145 M-F Seou Calling (magazine).

RADIO NETHERLANDS

1100 S Aural Tapestry (culture), M EuroQuest (Europe in context), T A Good Life (development issues), W Dutch Horizons, H Research File (science), F Documentary, A Amsterdam Forum (conversations); 1130 S Dutch Horizons, M Research File, T/A Music 52-15 (international music), W Documentary, H Aural Tapestry, F A Good Life.

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

1100 S/A RNZ News, M-F Pacific Regional News; 1105 S/A Forces Programme (for NZ personnel serving in PNG & E. Timor); 1108 M-F Dateline Pacific; 1130 M New Music Releases, T Mailbox (letters & DX news) or RNZI Talk (station info), W Tradewinds (Pacific commerce), H The World in Sport, F Pacific Correspondent.

RADIO SWEDEN

1130 S In Touch with Stockholm (listener contact-1st)/ Sounds Nordic (rock music-exc. 1st), M-F Sixty Degrees North (regional report), A Network Europe (Europe magazine-1st week)/Sweden Today (2nd)/ Spectrum (arts magazine-3rd)/Studio 49 (topical discussion-4th); 1145 M Sports Scan, T Close Up (profiles of Swedes-1st), H Nordic Lights (1st)/ Green Scan (ecology-2nd)/Heart Beat (health-3rd)/ The S-Files (things Swedish-4th), F Review of the Newsweek.

WRMI, Florida

9955 kHz.: 1100 W Voice of the NASB (US sw broadcasters consortium), T/F Viva Miami (magazine/letters/DX news); 1130 F Wavescan

WWCR, Tennessee

5070 kHz.: 1110 A A View from Europe.

1200 UTC/ 8am EDT/5am PDT - Page 50 Fregs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
1200 D Newshour; 1205 M-F Caribbean Business; 1210 M-F Caribbean Morning Report 2nd Edition; 1220 M-F Caribbean Magazine; 1230 M-F Newshour (cont'd.).

BBC WORLD SERVICE (eas)

1200 S Play of the Week (continues), M-A News; 1201 A In Concert (performances); 1206 M/W Documentaries, T Masterpiece (arts ideas), H Assignment, F Sports International; 1232 S

Reporting Religion, M Music Feature, T White Label (new music), W Charlie Gillett (world music), H Music Biz, F John Peel (eclectic).

HCJB ECUADOR

1200 S Moody Presents, M-F Precept, A Hour of Decision; 1215 M-F Proclaim; 1230 S The Living Word, M-F Renewing Your Mind, A DX Partyline.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1200 D News; 1205 S The Spirit of Things (spiritual matters), M-H Late Night Live (discussion & interviews), F Sound Quality (innovative music), A The Music Show; 1255 S The Pulse (Aussie music

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

1200 M-F News; 1205 M-F The Current (current affairs-joined in progress).

RADIO KOREA INTERNATIONAL

1200 S Korean Pop Interactive (cont'd), M-F Seoul Calling (cont'd), A Worldwide Friendship (cont'd); 1215 M Korea Today & Tomorrow (peninsula issues), T Korean Kaleidoscope (Korean society), W Wonderful Korea (tourism), H Seoul Report (interviews).

RADIO NETHERLANDS

1200 S/A News, M-F Newsline; 1205 S Wide Angle (in-depth), A Europe Unzipped; 1225 S The Week Ahead (on RN), A Insight (comment); 1230 S Vox Humana (culture), M Research File (science), T EuroQuest (Europe in context), W Documentary, H Dutch Horizons, F A Good Life (development issues), A Amsterdam Forum (conversations).

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

1200 S-F RNZ News, A Forces Programme (cont'd.); 1205 S Sportsworld (recap magazine), M-F Late Edition.

RADIO SWEDEN

1230 S In Touch with Stockholm (listener contact-1st)/ Sounds Nordic (rock music-exc. 1st), M-F Sixty Degrees North (regional report), A Network Europe (Europe magazine-1st week)/Sweden Today (2nd)/ Spectrum (arts magazine-3rd)/Studio 49 (topical discussion-4th); 1245 M Sports Scan, T Close Up (profiles of Swedes-1st), H Nordic Lights (1st)/ Green Scan (ecology-2nd)/Heart Beat (health-3rd)/ The S-Files (things Swedish-4th), F Review of the Newsweek.

WHRI, Indiana

9495 kHz.: 1230 A DXing with Cumbre. 9840 kHz.: 1205 A Turn Your Radio On (southern gospel music).

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1200 A World Radio Network (relay)

1300 UTC/ 9am EDT/6am PDT - Page 51 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
1300 D News; 1306 S Documentaries, M-F Outlook
(magazine), A Pick of the World (BBC's best);
1332 S In Praise of God; 1345 M-F Off the Shelf (book readings), A Write On (letters).

BBC WORLD SERVICE (eas) 1300 D Newshour.

CHANNEL AFRICA, South Africa 1300 S/A Channel Africa Extra (weekend variety magazine).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

1300 D News & Reports; 1310 S Report on Developing Countries; 1315 A Cutting Edge (sci/ tech); 1320 S CRI Roundup; 1330 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know

(China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), H Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners' Garden.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1300 D News; 1305 S Encounter (religion in Australia), M-F The Planet (diverse music from around the world), A The Music Show (cont'd); 1355 S Perspective (commentary).

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

1300 D News; 1305 S The Sunday Edition, M-F Sounds Like Canada (Canadian magazine); A The House (Canadian politics).

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

1300 S/A RNZ News, M-F Pacific Regional News; 1305 S Tagata o te Moana, A New Music Releases; 1308 M-F Dateline Pacific; 1330 M New Music Releases, T Mailbox (letters & DX news) or RNZI Talk (station info), W Tradewinds (Pacific com-merce), H The World in Sport, F Pacific Correspon-

RADIO SWEDEN

1330 S In Touch with Stockholm (listener contact-1st)/ Sounds Nordic (rock music-exc. 1st), M-F Sixty Degrees North (regional report), A Network Europe (Europe magazine-1st week)/Sweden Today (2nd)/ Spectrum (arts magazine-3rd)/Studio 49 (topical discussion-4th); 1345 M Sports Scan, T Close Up (profiles of Swedes-1st), H Nordic Lights (1st)/ Green Scan (ecology-2nd)/Heart Beat (health-3rd)/ The S-Files (things Swedish-4th), F Review of the Newsweek

WHRA, Maine

17560 kHz.: 1330 S World Harvest Country Style.

WHRL Indiana

15105 kHz.: 1303 S World Harvest Country Style.

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1300 A World Radio Network (relay); 1330 S Viva Miami!

WWCR Tennessee

15825 kHz.: 1300 M-F Worldwide Country Radio.

1400 UTC/ 10am EDT/7am PDT - Page 51 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
1400 D News; 1406 S Talking Point (live phone-in), M/W Documentaries, T Masterpiece (arts ideas), H Assignment, F Sports International, A Sportsworld (live action); 1432 M Music Feature, T White Label (new music), W Charlie Gillett (world music), H Music Biz, F John Peel (eclectic).

BBC WORLD SERVICE (eas)

1400 S/A News, M-F East Asia Today; 1406 S Talking Point (live phone-in), A Sportsworld (live action); 1432 M-F British News; 1445 M-H Sports Roundup, F Football Extra.

CHANNEL AFRICA, South Africa 1400 S/A Channel Africa Extra (cont'd from 1300).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

1400 D News & Reports; 1410 S Report on Developing Countries; 1415 A Cutting Edge (sci/tech); 1420 S CRI Roundup; 1430 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know (China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), H Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners Garden.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1400 D News; 1405 S The Science Show, M-F

Margaret Throsby (interview/music), A Background Briefing (documentaries)

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

1400 D News; 1405 S The Sunday Edition (cont'd.) M-F Sounds Like Canada (cont'd., including 1430 F C'est La Vie (life in French Canada), 1445 T-F Out Front (first person views of life), A Vinyl Cafe

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

1400 D News; 1410 S Pop Joins the World, A Weekend Japanology; 1415 M-F 44 Minutes (feature magazine); 1454 A Japan: Take Five.

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL 1400 D RNZ News; 1405 S In a Mellow Tone, M-F Wayne's Music, A Spiritual Outlook.

RADIO SWEDEN

1430 S In Touch with Stockholm (listener contact-1st)/ Sounds Nordic (rock music-exc. 1st), M-F Sixty Degrees North (regional report), A Network Europe (Europe magazine-1st week)/Sweden Today (2nd)/ Spectrum (arts magazine-3rd)/Studio 49 (topical discussion-4th); 1445 M Sports Scan, T Close Up (profiles of Swedes-1st), H Nordic Lights ('st)/ Green Scan (ecology-2nd)/Heart Beat (health-3rd)/ The S-Files (things Swedish-4th), F Review of the Newsweek.

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1400 S Wavescan, A World Rodio Network (relay).

1500 UTC/ 11am EDT/8am PDT - Page 52 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (om)

1500 D News; 1506 S Assignment, M Health Matters, T Go Digital, W Discovery (science), H One Planet (ecology), F Science in Action, A Sportsworld (live action from 1406); 1532 S People & Politics, M Quiz or panel game, T Music Review, W/F Westway (drama serial), H The Word (writers & writing) [exc. last Thu., World Book Club (discussion)]; 1545 W Heart & Soul (beliefs & values), F What's the Problem? (advice).

BBC WORLD SERVICE (eas)

1500 D News; 1501 S In Concert (performances); 1506 M Health Matters, T Go Digital, W Discovery (research), H One Planet (ecology), F Science in Action, A Sportsworld (live action from 1406); 1532 S/M Quiz or panel game, T Music Review, W/F Westway, H The Word (writers & writings) [exc. last Thu., World Book Club (discussion)]; 1545 W Heart & Soul (beliefs & values), F What's the Problem? (advice).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

1500 D News & Reports; 1510 S Report on Developing Countries; 1515 A Cutting Edge (sci/ tech); 1520 S CRI Roundup; 1530 S In the Spotlight (cultural magazine), M People in the Know (China's leading personalities), T Biz China, W China Horizons (China outside Beijing), H Voices from Other Lands, F Life in China, A Listeners' Garden.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1500 D News; 1505 S The National Interest, M-F Asia Pacific (regional current affairs), A Educational series: 1530 M Health Report, T Law Report, W Religion Report, H Media Report, F The Sports Factor; 1555 S The Pulse (Aussie new music), A Business Weekend.

RADIO AUSTRIA INTERNATIONAL

1505 S/A Insight Central Europe; 1515 M-F Report from Austria; 1525 S/A Listener Letters; 1535 S/A Insight Central Europe; 1545 M-F Report from Austria: 1555 S/A Listener Letters.

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

1500 D News; 1505 S The Sunday Edition (cont'd.), A Quirks & Quarks (science).

RADIO JAPAN

1500 D News, 1505 S Hello from Tokyo (letters), M-F Songs for Everyone, A Pop Joins the World; 1515 M-F Asian Top News (reports from region's radio); 1525 M Japan Music Treasure Box, T Basic Japanese for You, W Japan Musicscape, H Brush Up Your Japanese, F Music Beat.

RADIO NEW ZEALAND INTERNATIONAL

1500 S/A RNZ News, M-F Pacific Regional News; 1505 S/A Forces Radio; 1508 M-F Dateline Pacific; 1530 M New Music Releases, T Mailbox (letters & DX news) or RNZI Talk (station info), W Tradewinds (Pacific commerce), H Tne World in Sport, F Pacific Correspondent.

WHRI, Indiana

15105 kHz.: 1530 S DXing with Cumbre. 13760 kHz.: 1500 A DXing with Cumbre.

WRMI. Florida

15725 kHz.: 1500 A World Radio Network (relay).

1600 UTC/ 12pm EDT/9am PDT - Page 52 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)

1600 S/A News, M-F Europe Today; 1606 S Sunday Sportsworld, A Sportsworld (live action from 1406).

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1600 D News; 1605 S Books & Writing, M-F Bush Telegraph (rural/outback Australia), A Hindsight (social history); 1635 Book Talk.

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service

1600 S/A Nightline Africa (weekend newsmagazine), M-F News & Reports; 1615 M-F Focus (a topic indepth); 1623 M-F Sports; 1630 M-F Africa World

WBCQ, Maine

17495 kHz.: 1600 A Allan Weiner Worldwide.

WHRI, Indiana

15105 kHz.: 1600 A Sports Spectrum Live

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1600 A World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

15825 kHz.: 1600 S Latin Catholic Mass, M-F Worldwide Country Radio.

1700 UTC/ 1pm EDT/10am PDT - Page 53 Freqs

CHANNEL AFRICA, South Africa

1700 S Network Africa (week in review), M-F Dateline Africa (news magazine), A Channel Africa Sport.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1700 D News; 1705 S Sound Quality (innovative music), M-F Australia Talks Back (phone-in), A The Spirit of Things (spiritual matters); 1755 M-F Perspective (commentary), A The Pulse (Aussie new music)

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

1700 D News; 1710 S Pop Joins the World, M-F Songs for Everyone, A Hello from Tokyo (listener contact); 1715 M-F 44 Minutes (feature magazine).

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service

1700 S Reporters' Roundtable, M-A News; 1706 M-F Talk to America (global phone-in), A (no information available from VOA); 1730 S Music Time in Africa; 1755 A Government Editorial.

VOICE OF GREECE

1700 A All Greek to Me (Greek popular & traditional music)

ALL INDIA RADIO

1745 M Light Music, T Karnatak Instrumental Music, W Folk Songs, H-S Devotional Music.

WBCQ, Maine

17495 kHz.: 1700 A Zombo's Mondo Record Party.

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1700 A World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

15825 kHz.: 1715 W Ask WWCR (exc. 2nd/3rd W). 12160 kHz.: 1710 S A View from Europe; 1730 S Ask WWCR

1800 UTC/ 2pm EDT/11am PDT - Page 53 Freqs

ALL INDIA RADIO

1800 D News; 1810 D Commentary; 1815 W Instrumental Music—Old Masters, H-T Hindustani Classical Vocal Music; 1830 S Sports Roundup (1st Classical Vocal Mosic, 1830 3 Spons Roundup (187 wk)/Feature (2nd)/Film Story (3rd)/Discussion (4th), M Faithfully Yours (letters), T Cultural Talk, W Book Review (1st)/Window on Science (2nd/4th)/Times & Lives (biography-3rd), H General Talk, F Focus (magazine-1st)/Horizon (literature-2nd/4th)/Music (3rd), A For Youth (1st)/Indian Classics (books-2nd)/From the Archives (3rd)/Quiz Time (4th); 1840 M DXers Corner (2nd/4th), T Film Songs of Yesteryears, W Hits from Films, H Light Karnatak Music, F Light Instrumental Music; 1850 M Film Songs, F Light Music.

CHANNEL AFRICA, South Africa

1800 S Network Africa (week in review), M-F Dateline Africa (news magazine), A Channel Africa Sport.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1800 D News; 1805 S-H Pacific Beat (Pacific islands magazine), F Pacific Review, A Best of 'Late Night Live' (interviews); 1830 F Country Breakfast (rural life)

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service

1800 S/A News & Reports, M-F Africa World Tonight; 1805 S On the Line (US foreign policy), A Our World (science magazine); 1830 S/A News Headlines, W Straight Talk Africa (continental phone-in); 1833 S Encounter (issues debated), A On the Line (US foreign policy); 1855 S/A Government Editorial.

WBCQ, Maine

17495 kHz.:1800 A Radio Timtron Worldwide.

WHRI, Indiana

9495 kHz.: 1800 A World Harvest Country Style; 1805 S Pat Boone (variety), M-F Chuck Harder (populist political phone-in)

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1800 A World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

12160 kHz.: 1800 M-F Natural Health Clinic, A Real Talk Radio; 1830 M-F Stairway to Health.

1900 UTC/ 3pm EDT/12pm PDT - Page 54 Freqs

ALL INDIA RADIO

1900 D News; 1905 D Press Review; 1910 S Women's World, M/W/F Radio Newsreel, T Of Persons, Places & Things (1st/3rd wk)/Our Guest (interviews-2nd/4th), H Panorama of Progress, A Mainly for Tourists (1st/3rd)/Indian Cinema (2nd)/ On the Export Front (4th); 1920 S/M/W/F Film Songs, T Light Classical Music, H Light Instrumental Music, A Karnatak Classical Music; 1930 D Commentary; 1935 S/H/F Film Songs, M Karnatak Vocal Music, T Folk Songs, W/A Light Music.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

1900 D News; 1905 F Rural Reporter, A Australia All Over; 1910 S-H Pacific Beat (regional magazine w/ Sport @ 1929); 1930 F Australian Country Style (music).

RADIO NETHERLANDS

1900 S Documentary, A Vox Humana (culture): 1930 S/A News; 1935 S Wide Angle (in-depth), A Europe Unzipped; 1955 S The Week Ahead (on RN), A Insight (commentary).

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service
1900 S News & Reports, M-F News, A Hip Hop
Connections (music); 1906 M-F Border Crossings (music-exc. W Straight Talk Africa cont'd.); 1923 S Sports; 1930 S Music Time in Africa (part 2), M-F World of Music, A News Headlines; 1933 A Press Conference USA.

VOICE OF NIGERIA

1900 S Youth Forum, M Our Cities, T Our Environment, W Who Are the Nigerians?, H Listeners' Letters, F Nigerian Scene, A Folktales; 1915 H Wheel of Progress, F Business Weekly, A Nigerian Newsletter; 1930 S Window on Abuja, M Perspectives, T African Monarchy, W Theatre on the Air, H Women and Development, F Weekend Magazine, A Time for Highlife; 1945 S From the Bookshelf, T Listeners' Letters.

WBCQ, Maine

7415 kHz.: 1945 H Planet World News. 9330 kHz.: 1945 A Planet World News.

WHRI, Indiana

9495 kHz.: 1905 M-F Chuck Harder (continued); 1930 A DXing with Cumbre.

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 1900 A World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

15825 kHz.: 1900 A U.S. Presidential Radio Address/ Democratic Response. 12160 kHz.: 1900 A Real Talk Radio (continues);

1930 S Ken's Country Classics.

2000 UTC/ 4pm EDT/1pm PDT - Page 54 Fregs

RADIO AUSTRALIA

2000 D News; 2005 F Pacific Review, A Austral a All Over; 2010 S-H Pacific Beat (regional magazine w/ Sport @2029), 2030 F The Buzz (technology).

RADIO NETHERLANDS

2000 S Vox Humana (culture), A Amsterdam Forum (conversations); 2030 S/A News; 2035 S Wide Angle (in-depth), A Europe Unzipped; 2055 S The Week Ahead (on RN), A Insight (commentary).

VOICE OF NIGERIA

2000 S News Bulletin, M-F Sixty Minutes, A African Hour; 2015 S Sports Roundup; 2030 S In the **News**

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service 2000 S/A Nightline Africa (weekend magazine), M-F Africa World Tonight.

ALL INDIA RADIO

2045 D Press Review; 2050 S/T Instrumental Music, M/F Folk Songs, W Light Music, H Classical Indian Vocal Music, A Regional Indian Devotional Music.

WBCQ, Maine

7415 kHz.: 2000 S/A The Last Roundup. 17495 kHz.: 2030 A World of Radio.

WHRI, Tennessee

5745 kHz.: 2000 S World Harvest Country Style.

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 2000 A World Radio Network (relay).

WWCR, Tennessee

15825 kHz.: 2000 H DX Partyline; 2030 H World of Radio, F Ask WWCR.

12160 kHz.: 2000 S Worldwide Country Radio; 2030 A World of Radio.

2100 UTC/ 5pm EDT/2pm PDT - Page 55 Freqs

ALL INDIA RADIO

2100 D News; 2105 D Commentary; 2111 S Regional Film Songs, M/A Classical Indian Vocal Music, T Karnatak Vocal Music, W/H Instrumental Music, F Orchestral Music; 2120 S Sports Roundup (1st wk)/Feature (2nd)/Film Story (3rd)/Discussion (4th), M Faithfully Yours (letters), T Cultural Talk, W Radio Newsreel, H Panorama of Progress, F Focus (magazine-1st wk)/Horizon (literature-2nd/4th)/ Indian Music (3rd), For Youth (1st)/Indian Classics (books-2nd)/From the Archives (3rd)/Quiz Time (4th); 2130 M DXers Corner (2nd/4th), T/W Film Songs, H Classical Half-Hour, A Old Film Songs; 2140 F Film Songs; 2145 M Film Songs; 2150 S Karnatak Vocal Music.

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
2100 D News; 2101 A Play of the Week; 2106 S
Documentaries, M Health Matters, T Go Digital, W Documentaries, M Health Matters, T Go Digital, W Discovery, H One Planet, F Science in Action; 2132 M Quiz or panel game, T Music Review, W/F Westway (drama serial), H The Word (writers & writings) [exc. last Thu., World Book Club (discussion)]; 2145 W Heart & Soul (beliefs & values), F What's the Problem? (advice).

("Special service to the Caribbean on 5975, 11675, 15390 kHz.: 2115 M-F Caribbean Report. Special service to the Falklands on 11680 kHz.: 2130 T/F Calling the Falklands.]

DEUTSCHE WELLE

DEUTSCHE WELLE
2100 News; 2105 S Hard to Beat (sport), M-F
Newslink Africa, A Religion & Society; 2115 S
Inspired Minds, A German by Radio; 2130 S Hits in
Germany [or] Melody Time, M A World of Music, T
Arts on the Air, W Living in Germany, H Cool (youth
culture), F Focus on Folk, A Africa This Week; 2145 W Europe in Capitals.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

2100 D News; 2105 F Verbatim (oral history), A Australia All Over (cont'd); 2110 S-H AM (morning news magazine); 2130 S Country Breakfast (rural life), M Earthbeat (ecology), T Innovations (new products), W Educational series, H All in the Mind (the brain), F In Conversation (about science); 2145 A Asia Sunday.

RADIO JAPAN - NHK WORLD

2100 D News; 2110 S Pop Joins the World, M-F Songs for Everyone, A Weekend Japanology; 2115 Asian Top News (headlines from region's radio); 2125 M Japan Music Treasure Box, T Basic Japanese for You, W Japan Musicscape, H Brush Up Your Japanese, F Music Beat; 2154 A Japan:

RADIO PRAGUE

2130 D News; 2135 S Mailbox, M-F Current Affairs, 30 D News; 2133 S Molloox, which current Adits, A Insight Central Europe; 2140 S ABC of Czech (the language), T Czech Science, W Witness (eyewitness to history), F The Arts; 2145 S Encore [or] Magic Carpet (both monthly) [or] Czech Books (biweekly), M Talking Point (Czech issues), T One on One (interview), W Czechs in History [or] Czechs Today (both monthly) [or] Spotlight (travelogue), H Economic Report, F Stepping Out (Prague nightlife).

VOICE OF AMERICA, Africa Service

2100 D News; 2106 S/A Jazz America, M American Gold, T Roots and Branches, W Classic Rock, H Top 20, F Country Hits.

WBCQ, Maine

7415 kHz.: 2100 S Radio Free Euphoria/Radio Three, M Jean Shepherd, H Planet World News Roundup, F Frankie V Radio Show; 2130 H The Last Roundup, F Pab Sungenis Project.

9330 kHz.: 2100 S Frankie V Radio Show, A Allan Weiner Worldwide.

WHRA, Maine

17650 kHz.: 2100 F DXing with Cumbre.

WHRI, Indiana

9495 kHz.: 2130 A DXing with Cumbre. 5745 kHz.: 2100 S DXing with Cumbre; 2105 M-H For the People (populist political phone-in).

2200 UTC/ 6pm EDT/3pm PDT - Page 56 Freqs

ALL INDIA RADIO

2200 D News; 2210 D Commentary; 2215 S Women's World, M/F Radio Newsreel, T Of Persons, Places & Things (1st/3rd wk)/Our Guest (interview-2nd/4th), W Book Review (1st)/Window on Science (2nd/4th)/Times & Lives (biography-3rd), H General Talk, A Mainly for Tourists (1st/ 3rd)/Indian Cinema (2nd)/On the Export Front (4th); 2225 D Film Tune.

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)

2200 D The World Today; 2232 F Global Business, A The Interview.

RADIO AUSTRALIA

2200 D News; 2205 F Asia Pacific (regional current affairs), A Correspondents' Report; 2210 S-H AM (morning news magazine); 2230 F AM Saturday (morning news magazine), A Music Deli (international); 2240 S-H Australia Wide (national report); 2254 A-H Perspective (commentary).

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

2200 S/A The World This Weekend, M-F The World at 6; 2230 S Inside Track (sports anthologies) M-F As It Happens (interviews with newsmakers), A Madly Off in All Directions.

RADIO PRAGUE

2230 D News; 2235 S Mailbox, M-F Current Affairs, A Insight Central Europe; 2240 S ABC of Czech (the language), T Czech Science, W Witness (eyewitness to history), F The Arts; 2245 S Encore [or] Magic Carpet (both monthly) [or] Czech Books (biweekly), M Talking Point (Czech issues), T One on One (interview), W Czechs in History [or] Czechs Today (both monthly) [or] Spotlight (travelogue), H Economic Report, F Stepping Out (Prague nightlife).

RVi. Belaium

2200 S Radio World, M-F News, A Music from Flanders; 2204 M-F Flanders Today (incl.press review, reports & 'CD of the Week'); 2208 S Tourism in Flanders; 2214 S Brussels 1043 (letters).

VOICE OF TURKEY

2200 D News; 2210 D Press Review; 2215 S Tunes Spanning Centuries, M Last Week, T Live From Turkey, W Review of the Foreign Media, H Big Powers & the Armenian Problem, F Archaeological Settlements in Turkey, A Outlook; 2220 M Hues & Colors of Anatolia, W Letterbox, A The Stream of Love or DX Corner; 2225 S/F Music, H In the Wake of a Contest; 2230 M/A Music; 2235 S Turks in the Mirror of Centuries, M From Past to Present, W Turkey's Off the Beaten Track Sites, H The Culture Parade, F The Travel Itinerary of Anatolia, A Turkish Arts.

WBCQ, Maine

5105 kHz.: 2200 S Jean Shepherd.

7415 kHz.: 2200 W World of Radio, H The Last Roundup (cont'd), F Pab Sungenis Project (cont'd), A Radio Timtron Worldwide; 2230 W Think Tank North America (the bizarre), H Uncle Ed's Musical Memories, F Wanton Display of Control & Disruption.

9330 kHz.: 2200 A The Country Music Hour; 2230 S The Alternative Transportation Show. 17495 kHz.: 2200 W World of Radio.

WHRL Indiana

5745 kHz.: 2205 A Turn Your Radio On (southern gospel music).

WRMI, Florida

15725 kHz.: 2230 A Viva Miami (magazine/letters/ DX news).

2300 UTC/ 7pm EDT/4pm PDT - Page 56 Freqs

BBC WORLD SERVICE (am)
2300 D News; 2306 S Age of Empire (America in the modern world), M-F Outlook (magazine), A Pick of the World (BBC's best); 2332 S Quiz or ponel game; 2345 M-F Off the Shelf (book readings), A Write On (letters).

CHINA RADIO INTERNATIONAL

2300 D News & Reports; 2310 A Report on
Developing Countries; 2315 F Cutting Edge (sci/ tech); 2320 A CRI Rooundup; 2330 S People in the Know (China's leading personalities), M Biz China, T China Horizons (China outside Beijing), W Voices from Other Lands, H Life in China, f Listeners' Garaen, A In the Spotlight (cultural magazine).

RADIO AUSTRALIA

2300 D News; 2305 F Country Breakfast (rural life), A The Europeans; 2310 S-H Asia Pacific (regional current affairs); 2330 S Business Report, M The Europeans, T Rural Reporter, W The Arts on RA, H The Buzz (technology issues), F Hit Mix (pop/rock), A Innovations (new products).

RADIO AUSTRIA INTERNATIONAL

2305 S/A Insight Central Europe; 2315 M-F Report from Austria; 2325 S/A Listener Letters; 2335 S/A Insight Central Europe; 2345 M-F Report from Austria; 2355 S/A Listener Letters.

RADIO BULGARIA

2300 D News; 2310 A Views Behind the News, S Folk Studio (Bulgarian folk music), MF Events and Developments (current affairs review); 2320 M Sports; 2325 M-F Timeout for Music; 2330 F Bulgarian Plaza (cultural magazine) or Walks and Talks (interesting places); 2335 M-F Keyword Bulgaria (Bulgaria and things Bulgarian), H Answering Your Letters; 2345 M Magazine Economy, T Arts and Artists; W History Club, H The Way We Live, F Radio Bulgaria Calling (for radio hobbyists).

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL 2300 D CBC News; 2305 A Quirks & Quarks (science), S Global Village (world music), M-F As It Happens (interviews with newsmakers)[began at 22301: 2330 W Dispatches (world events in Canadian perspective).

RADIO ROMANIA INTERNATIONAL

2300 D Radio Newsreel; 2310 A The Week, S Focus, M-F Commentary; 0415 A World of Culture, S Sunday Studio, M Pro Memoria (history), T Business Club, W Society Today, H Cards on the Table (debate), F Challenge for the Future or Terra 21st Century [programs alternate]; 0420 A RRI Encyclopedia, M Political Flash, T European Horizons; 0425 A Roots (culture/traditions), M/W Business Update, T Tourist News, H Listeners' Letterbox, F Practical Guide; 0430 A Radio Pictures, S Romanian Itineraries, W Visit Romania, F Cultural Survey: 0435 A Romanian Itineraries, S Listeners' Letterbox, M Performing Arts, T Talking Points or Living Romania [programs alternate], W Partners in a Changing World, H Guest at the Microphone, F Over Coffee (with artists); 0440 A Bucharest Along Wer Corree (with artiss), 0440 A buchiers Abrily the Centuries, M Pages of Romanian Literature, S/H Skylark (folk music), W Stage and Screen, F Off Buchcrest; 0445 A DX Mailbag, M Romanian Hits, W Romanian Musicians, F Folk Music Box; 0450 S Romanian Folk Music At Its Best, M Sports Roundup, T Athlete of the Week, W Sports Club, H Football Flash F Sports Weekend.

RADIO UKRAINE INTERNATIONAL

2300 D News; 2310 S Music from Ukraine, M-F Ukraine Today (magazine), A Ukrainian Diary (weekly review); 2315 S The Whole World on the Radia Dial (DX program); 2330 S Roots (culture & education), A Hello From Kiev (listener letters/ music); 2345 M-F Closeup (current issues).

WBCQ, Maine

5105 kHz.: 2300 S Radio Reaction Theatre. 7415 kHz.: 2300 A The Real Amateur Radio Show, S Le Show (humor/entertainment), W Off the Hook (public telecommunications issues), H Goddess Irean I Music Show, F The Lost Discs Radio Show; 2330 T Duhh News, A Fred Flintstone Music Show. 9330 kHz.: 2300 A Tampon Tea Bingo Hour.

WHRA, Maine

7580 kHz.: 2305 S Turn Your Radio On (southern gospel music), M-F For the People (populist political phone-in)

WHRI, Indiana

9495 kHz.: 2330 A DXing with Cumbre. 5745 kHz.: 2330 A World Harvest Country Style.

WWCR, Tennessee 5070 kHz.: 2345 A Ask WWCR.

Thank You ...

Additional Contributors to This Month's Shortwave Guide:

Rich D'Angelo, NASWA Flash Sheet; Glenn Hauser, Enid, OK, DX Listening Digest, World of Radio; Jose Jacob VU2JOS, India; Anker Petersen, DX Window; Harold Sellers, Canada, ODXA/DX Ontario; Adrian Sainsbury, Radio New Zealand Intl; Klaus Schneider, Germany; Larry Van Horn, MT Asst. Editor; BBC On Air; BCL News; BCDXC; CIDX; Cumbre DX; DX News; Fineware; Hard Core DX; NASWA Journal; Observer; Worldwide DX Club.



Military Frequency Spectrum Holes

ver my many years of monitoring the radio spectrum I have developed a somewhat greater fascination with what is not being heard than with what is being heard in a given frequency range.

Confused? Then let me explain what a spectrum hole is.

In order to reduce interference in the radio spectrum, frequency managers develop a band plan which, among other things, indicates who owns or is allowed to use a particular frequency, and establishes the interval (spacing) between each frequency.

Once the spacing interval is set in a given band plan, any of the frequencies authorized in that plan that has no agency assignment in the official records nor any reported activity by monitors is considered a frequency "spectrum hole."

225-400 MHz

For instance, for many years in the 225-400 MHz military aircraft band the interval between frequencies was 100 kHz. Several years ago that spacing was changed to 25 kHz (increasing the number of frequencies for use by the military by a factor of four). So now, instead of only 1750 frequencies in use within the military aircraft band, we have 7000 frequencies on which to look for activity.

Federal agencies make extensive use of the 225-400 MHz band for aeronautical mobile operations. This band is used primarily for military functions, including air-ground communications and Air Traffic Control (ATC) for military aircraft. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) provides ATC functions for military aircraft which are essentially identical to the ATC communications conducted in the civilian VHF aircraft band (108-137 MHz). In fact, in most areas the FAA transmits ATC information simultaneously on VHF and on UHF channels so that military aircraft not VHF-equipped remain aware of civilian aircraft, and vice versa. Military uses include, but are not limited to, coordination of in-flight refueling, vectoring of aircraft to targets, and large scale training exercises. Military ATC (i.e., ground control, approach control, training flights, combat, etc.) typically use UHF exclusively. The FAA. Air Force, Army and Navy account for nearly all of fixed and mobile spectrum use in this band.

Back in the days when the 255-400 MHz band was spaced at 100 kHz as mentioned above, I had several frequencies that never had any activity reported and no assignment on them in official files. These were dubbed by radio hobbyists as "spectrum holes." At the present time, 43 of these

mystery frequencies remain that have never had activity on them. Here are those 100 kHz milair spectrum holes:

225.200 242.800 246.400 252.300 293.900 322.200 364.400 373.200 387.600 391.600	230.600 243.100 246.600 252.600 298.200 336.700 370.800 374.600 390.700 392.300	237.100 243.700 246.900 256.100 316.000 345.300 371.300 378.700 391.300 392.400	240.400 246.100 247.100 293.300 316.600 345.700 372.400 382.300 391.400
391.600 396.400	392.300 398.300 39		392.700

I hope you MT Milcom readers will plug the frequencies above into a bank in their scanner and let us know what you hear.

138.0-150.8 MHz

Another popular military frequency range to explore is the non-tactical land mobile bands from 138.0 to 150.8 MHz (less the two meter ham band). Up until 1998 those frequencies were spaced at 25 kHz intervals. By the end of this year all land mobile systems in this band will have to utilize equipment capable of 12.5 kHz spacing. We believe that the air mobile communications authorized in this portion of the spectrum will continue to use 25 kHz spacing.

The result of all of this is that now, as government agencies purchase new radio systems, they are authorized to use these new frequencies with narrower spacing, which in effect doubles the amount of users in a particular spectrum.

Reorganizing the Land Mobile Spectrum

In the fall of 1992, Congress requested that National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) develop and implement a plan for Federal agencies to use wireless technologies that are at least as spectrum efficient and cost effective as readily available commercial mobile radio systems. In response, NTIA began its efforts by analyzing the current Federal land mobile infrastructure with respect to spectrum efficiency and cost effectiveness. NTIA selected 12.5 kHz channel width for this rechanneling, and as of this writing the government land mobile bands are being converted over using the following time line.

Narrowband (12.5 kHz) Transition Dates: 138.0-150.8 MHz (less 144-148 MHz 2 meter ham band)

New systems must use the new 12.5 kHz channel spacing as of January 1, 1995 Existing systems must be converted by January 1, 2005

162.0-174.0 MHz

New systems must use the new 12.5 kHz channel spacing as of January 1, 1998 Existing systems must be converted by January 1, 2008

406.1-420.1 MHz

New systems must use the new 12.5 kHz channel spacing as of January 1, 1995 Existing systems must be converted by January 1, 2008

So what does this mean for you, the military/federal monitoring buff? From this moment forward you need to be scanning the bands above using 12.5 kHz and you need to do it on a regular basis looking for new activity in your area. In addition, you need to seriously consider the purchase of one of the new APCO-25 digital capable scanners. This will allow you to monitor those agencies utilizing APCO-25 digital technology in conjunction with the new narrowband spacing.

From the radio hobbyist point of view, until a particular band has been fully populated using these new spacing requirements and those users have been fully identified, there will be quite a few of the newer splinter frequencies whose ownership and local activity status is unknown. These unpopulated splinter frequencies also qualify as "spectrum holes."

♦ HF Military Spectrum Holes

The VHF/UHF government spectrum isn't the only place where spectrum holes occur.

Over 90 percent of the Federal HF spectrum use is accounted for by the Air Force and Navy. The Department of Defense (DoD) uses the HF band for a variety of functions, including but not limited to, tactical air-ground communications,



Air Force Maj. Jim Shaw banks his F-15D Eagle as he looks for opposition aircraft while flying a training mission.

command and control communications, and for communications supporting disaster relief operations. HF communications is the only communications means available between DoD aircraft transiting oceanic regions and many continental land masses lacking in other modes of communications.

Some specific examples of HF aeronautical mobile service spectrum include National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) support of the space shuttle operations. The U.S. Air Force uses HF for their global command and control stations, flight testing, tactical communications, data coordination and satellite recovery operations. The U.S. Navy utilizes the HF aeronautical mobile spectrum for close air support, tactical support for anti-submarine warfare communications, and training.

HF History Revisited

In my February 1995 MT Utility World column, we made a historic announcement that major changes were occurring in a portion of the spectrum used by the military to conduct aeronautical communications. In something akin to the rechannelization of the VHF/UHF military spectrum noted above, the portion of the HF spectrum set aside for military aviation communications was standardized to 3 kHz spacing between frequencies. The following text is from that February 1995 column:

In 1992, a World Administrative Radio Conference (WARC) was conducted by the International Telecommunications Union (ITU) in Malaga, Spain. Diplomats from around the world gathered at this conference to establish the rules and regulations that govern the radio frequency spectrum.

At the time, all of us that listen in the utility bands overlooked an appendix in the final acts of WARC 92 that made a significant change to the shortwave spectrum. This conference finally channelized the one remaining aeronautical subband not previously addressed in previous WARC conferences.

For the folks new to the ute world, the aeronautical bands located in the high frequency spectrum is divided into two distinct sub-bands. The first sub-band is most familiar to HF aviation buffs – the R or routed frequencies. This sub-band has communications associated with aircraft (civilian and military) that are flying on established aeronautical routes anywhere in the world. Communications in these frequencies consist of air traffic control, weather information, and private airline company traffic. The routed sub-band was rechannelized several years ago and spacing was established at 3 kHz between frequencies at an earlier WARC conference.

The other aeronautical mobile sub-band traditionally has been more obscure to all but military monitors. Dedicated readers to the yearly Klingenfuss Guide to Utility Stations books will recognize the term "off-route" or OR. Military listeners have prowled the OR sub-bands for years listening to the heavy concentration of military aeronautical traffic that occurs in them. The military does a lot more off-route flying than the civilian aviation population.

In the final acts of WARC 92, Appendix 26, the aeronautical mobile OR frequencies were channelized and standardized to a spacing of 3 kHz like its civilian cousin, the routed frequencies. Administrations had until December 15, 1997, to implement this change. In the middle of November 1994, something happened to change all that. One source that I talked to said that NATO and European military officials decided to implement the change early. The results of only one region implementing this change would be chaotic. The rest of the world would have to execute their changes as well.

On November 10, 1994, the SPEEDX Utility Notes editor Richard Baker and MT Utility World column regular, Jeff Haverlah, both noted that US Coast Guard air to ground frequencies in the OR sub-bands appeared to have changed frequencies. We concluded at this point that something was obviously up, we just didn't know what for sure. While it looked like a change to standard channel

spacing was being attempted by these agencies, the two biggest users in this part of the world, the U.S. Air Force and U.S. Navy, had not changed their frequencies.

The big break came on December 22, 1994, when the Global HF System or GHFS changed to their new OR frequencies. Listening to the GHFS frequencies on that evening was indeed a treat to all those that participated.

The frequency ranges that were affected by this change are:

23
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Since the time of that column, monitors have carefully scanned the aero OR frequencies for activity and almost three-quarters of the frequencies have been determined to be active. But we still have 70 frequencies which remain a mystery. We invite our *MT* readers to let us know what you are hearing on the following HF aero spectrum holes.

Region 1 Off Route spectrum holes 3918 3903 3906 3909 3912 3915 3927 3930 3936 3939 3921 3924 3942 3945 **US Air Force** 3059 3062 3065 3080 3140 6709 8986 9013 11238 13248 15037 15040 17997 18030 **US Coast Guard** 4730 4733 6742 8983 11196 13221 15082 15085 15088 17988 US Novy 3035 3050 3083 3086 3098 3104 6703 8995 4712 4715 5723 3152 13230 13239 13251 15019 11193 15022 15028 15052 15055 15058 15076 15061 15064 15067 15070 17970 17979 17985 18015 15079

And that will do it for this month. Whether you prowl the HF bands or VHF/UHF spectrum for military activity, you have some new territory to explore if you use the information provided in this month's column. Be sure to let us know what you are hearing. In future editions of this column we will pass along additional UHF military aircraft band spectrum holes. It will take us some time and space to do this, so please be patient. Until next time, 73 and good hunting.



An F/A-18 Hornet launches towards the sun from the flight deck of the aircraft carrier USS Constellation.

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Gary Sturm

garysturm@monitoringtimes.com

Lingo of the Rails

t's an unusual language. The language, or lingo, of railroaders differs much from that which is heard on the public service bands.

The police and fire channels have 10-codes such as 10-7 and 10-8 for being in and out of service, and also many departments use signal codes for responses. The railroad police, or special agents, also use these codes and signals, since they are commissioned police officers. But the lingo of the railroaders usually differs - not only from 10-codes, but also from company to company.

Become familiar with the railroads

Familiarizing yourself with the various locations on the railroad and the specialized terms the railroaders use can be very helpful in finding trains. Trying to learn the language comes in handy when listening to railroad conversations. Many words and terms are local terminology or geography and others are specialized to the railroad itself.

Train orders

Train orders are often read over the air to the train crews by the dispatcher. The dispatcher may tell the crew to check box three - words that could mean any number of things to the new listener. In this case, it means exactly what he says: it's the instruction to the conductor on the train to place a check mark in box number three on his train order sheet. The train order that is given will then grant the rights for movement over certain trackage. Listen carefully to what is said with regard to loca-

Rail Talk

Talk about the Pig's Tail, the Snake Track, Four Mile and the Early Bird will be heard when you're listening to the rail frequencies in both Elkhart and Fort Wayne, Indiana, on the Norfolk Southern. Knowing the nicknames for these various locations on the railroads assists in finding trains. Spencerville, Saint Joe and Grabill siding are named for actual locations that can be found on the Indiana State map.

Many other railroad abbreviations come from the time when Morse Code was used for the towers and sidings; i.e. "JK" is the junction between the CSX and Norfolk Southern at Saint Joe, Indiana. The CSX crews call this junction either Saint Joe or "JK", while the Norfolk Southern crews

Adams and Junction are names of old interlocking towers on the former Pennsylvania Railroad line through Fort Wayne, Indiana. The actual towers were removed years ago, but the names still exist. Hill and Sand are control points which were added a few years ago and never existed before right-of-way restructuring occurred in Fort Wayne.

Highball!

The dispatcher may tell the crew of train #411 to highball! Highball does not mean that the crew is allowed to drink alcoholic beverages while on duty! (This would be in violation of, typically, Rule G on many railroads.) The term "Highball" comes from a historic track signal, where a ball was hoisted in the air on a pole to indicate the track ahead of the train was clear for passage. A

lowered ball meant a train was ahead and to stop and wait for clearance. Many railroads still use this old expression when signaling a train for departure.

Defect detectors

Knowing various Mileposts (MP) and Control Points (CP), on the railroads comes in handy. as does recognizing junctions, sidings and yard names, while monitoring rail radio traffic. MP 360.5 on the Norfolk Southern's New York-to-Chicago mainline has a talking hot box detector (HBD) west of Butler, Indiana, which monitors the passing trains for defects. This HBD speaks on the 160,800 MHz road channel and gives the crew the condition of their passing train.

CSX's double-tracked Chicago-to-Willard, Ohio, mainline has an HBD at MP 121.0 broadcasting on radio frequency 160.230 MHz. This "talker" announces the train's speed, track number and the number of the cars in the train's consist (manifest of cars), and whether a defect exists. HBD and dragging equipment detectors (DED) on other railroads will announce the train's direction and the temperature, too.

One term the Norfolk Southern uses is RWIC and a person's name. The first time I heard RWIC Dize at Grabill, I hurried and drove to the siding expecting a train, but instead found a hi-rail truck. A hi-rail truck is a standard pickup with steel flanged wheels that can be lowered onto the track to guide the vehicle. I soon realized that RWIC Dize was a Right-of-Way Inspection Car with Mr. Dize as the driver.

Motors?

Locomotives on the railroads are typically called engines, but the CSX crews call their locomotives "motors," as do other railroads. Listening to the particular terms of each railroad helps in understanding the operations of that railroad.

Mobile telephones

Railroads use mobile telephone systems along with cellphones for communications today. The mobile telephone system on the Norfolk Southern is called the ARN, or Area Radio Network. Each railroad has a different acronym for their mobile telephone systems, which you will recognize after listening for a while to the "lingo" of the railroads in your area.

Lunar light?

Westbound Norfolk Southern trains heading toward East Wayne Yard in New Haven, Indiana, sometimes stop at the *lunar light* to wait



A Norfolk Southern westbound heads past me this frigid afternoon as led by two ex-Conrail engines.

clearance into the yard. You may wonder how the train crews see the light from the moon when it is cloudy or daytime!

The lunar light is just the name for the bright white signal at West New Haven pass and is called such, since it appears white like the light from the moon - thus lunar. Every railroad has terms that are meaningful to the railroad, but not obvious to the casual railroad listener. Sometimes a drive along the tracks (without trespassing) can be helpful in deciphering the meaning. Take your scanner along, if lawful, to listen to the railroad communications trackside.

For example, just as West New Haven Pass is the name for the passing siding that exists in New Haven, hearing "Dawkins" on the radio means that a train is at Dawkins Pass several miles east of New Haven, Dawkins Pass is where the trains switch radio frequencies from Road channel 161.250 MHz heading west to the Terminal channel 160,380 MHz, and vice versa.

Cabooses

Cabooses are almost non-existent today, except for use in terminal areas and on switching runs. Cabooses are also referred to as vans, cabs. way cars, hacks, or cabin cars. Today these cars, which used to carry the conductor and rear-end brakeman, have been replaced by the EOT, or end-of-train device.

These EOTs have a flashing red lamp and a radio to transmit the air pressure reading for the brakes to a receiver in the cab of the lead locomotive. Railroad enthusiasts (or railfans as we are called) commonly refer to these EOTs as FREDs, FRED is short for "Flashing Rear-End Detector.'

The radio signal from an EOT can also be useful for finding trains. In railroad territories, where the engineer does not voice repeat the signal indications of trackside signals like on the Norfolk Southern and CSX, the digital squawk heard from the EOT can signal that a train is nearby. The EOT, or ETM (end-of-train monitor), usually transmits a low-power signal on 457,9375 MHz, which is a UHF (ultra high frequency) channel. The Norfolk Southern typically uses VHF (very high frequency) channel AAR (Association of American Railroads) Channel 67, which is 161.115 MHz.

Today's Trains

Various types of freight cars make up the consist, which is the equipment assembled in a train's manifest. TOFC is short for a trailer on flat car. Pig trains are piggyback or TOFC consists, and are normally expedited trains on the mainline railroads. COFC is the abbreviation for a container on a flat car.

Stack trains consist of containers on specialized cars loaded with goods mostly from foreign nations. These containers arrive from across the oceans by cargo ships and are unloaded at huge container terminals at east and west coast seaports. Whole trains of these containers will travel in special trains to yards near Chicago and other large cities for unloading. These containers are placed onto specialized trailers for transport to the customer. Hundreds of containers can be hauled by one train for great distances and then



A Norfolk Southern train with Union Pacific power awaits the signal to head through NE Junction in New Haven, Indiana.

by tractor truck for the terminal delivery.

My buddy John Reitz and I found a westbound train in the Grabill passing siding today. He was awaiting the passing of #196 heading eastbound. The burley conductor ambled down from the cab of the engine and proceeded to do a "roll-by inspection" of #196. After #196 rolled by, the conductor on the ground radioed to the engineer of #196 that "he was looking good!" The engineer on #196 radioed back, "Thanks for the report, but how does my train look? I know Hook good!"

Sometimes the language used by the railroaders can be a little vulgar. The life of a modern railroader is rough and the language can be a little rough at times, too. Each railroad has rules for using the radios, but these rules seem to be bent a little from time-to-time.

I can remember one night when a dispatcher friend of mine was a little short with a crew which refused to listen to his exacting order. My friend finally just told them to do what he said in no uncertain terms and that was it! Communications ended!

We'll continue with more on "lingo of the railroads" in future columns.

New Radio Frequencies

Larry Waggoner of Wichita, Kansas, emailed a copy of the radio frequency card given him by the crew on the Grand Canyon Railway. The Grand Canyon runs both steam and diesel excursion trains from Williams, Arizona, to the Canyon's edge. Larry took the ride on a vacation last year. The GCRY radio frequencies are:

161.565 MHz Dispatch repeater (1&2) 160.485 MHz Switching (3) Maintenance of Way (4) 160.830 MHz 157 680 MHz Administrative (5) 160.350 MHz Train Crew

Dale Rothert sends along the radio frequencies for the regional railroad, Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway in Ohio, and also for the shortline, Ohio Central.

W&LE Railway

161.025 MHz 161.250 MHz

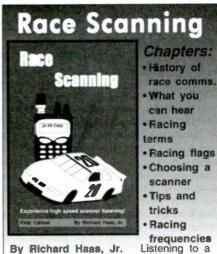
Road and dispatcher Secondary channel

Ohio Central Railway

160.215 MHz General Operations Repeater (Output) 160.845 MHz 160.215 MHz Repeater (Input)

We welcome your railroad radio frequencies - new and old - for publication in this column to share with other readers. Please feel free to email news concerning radio communications on the railroads and also verified radio frequencies for publication. Please be sure to send accurate listings, so we do not pass along data with

Happy train hunting!



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dougsmith@monitoringtimes.com

IBOC Implementation Update

he development every DXer loves to hate is taking another turn this month... Radio World is reporting that the National Association of Broadcasters (NAB) wants interim authority for AM stations to use IBOC digital radio at night. Last year, the FCC adopted a notification procedure, allowing stations (both AM and FM) to begin digital broadcasts at will, provided a letter is filed within ten days notifying the Commission of the move. The procedure states that IBOC operation is only permitted during daytime hours (then, confusingly, suggests that stations authorized to operate in analog at night may operate IBOC between 6am and 6pm...)

WOR-710 New York and WSAI-1530 Cincinnati have run some nighttime IBOC tests under special temporary authority, tests that have led to severe interference to DX signals. The NAB says "The dramatically improved audio quality from IBOC service at night is well worth the predicted and limited reductions in analog coverage."

Bad News All Around?

Obviously, this is not good news for the DXer. DXers believe the widespread adoption of IBOC will limit the coverage of the 50,000-watt clear channel stations to their own metropolitan areas; the extended regional coverage of stations like WSM-650 will be lost. Smaller regional- and local-channel stations would suffer even greater reductions in usable coverage. Broadcasters seem to agree – many saying that stations can't sell advertising outside their metropolitan areas, so they really don't care if they lose their outlying coverage. (Others aren't sure their colleagues realize just how much coverage they may be losing...)

I'm not personally convinced it will get that far. The Ibiquity equipment is not cheap. Many directional stations will need to make expensive adjustments to their antennas before they can broadcast in digital. Many AM stations are just barely capable of paying the bills – an optional IBOC encoder (and the engineering time to install it) will be out of the question. A table on the NAB website indicates 272 AM stations went permanently silent between 1992 and 2001.

I think that's a pretty good indicator of how much money there is (isn't!) in smallmarket AM. My prediction is that IBOC will be rare on the regional and local channels. The clear channels where we hear the most exotic DX today will fill up with interference – and the best DX will be on the frequencies that are *least* DXed today.

IBOC's First Customer

On January 5th, Nathan Franzen of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, became the first consumer to purchase an IBOC radio. The radio, a Kenwood KTC-HR100, was installed in Franzen's car and used to listen to top-40 station KZIA-102.9. According to the FCC's database, KZIA is the only IBOC station in Cedar Rapids ... so I hope Mr. Franzen really likes top-40<

IBOC ("HD Radio") promoters really hyped this event. Ibiquity managed to get a quote from the mayor of Cedar Rapids. And much was made of past developments in radio technology by a local Cedar Rapids firm, Collins Radio. (It may be of interest that nobody from Collins commented.) The article doesn't say how much Franzen paid for his radio, nor whether it will also tune IBOC AM stations.

DXers are reporting two more major stations with IBOC. WBZ-1030 Boston and KCBS-740 San Francisco are both reported testing with digital, so far only during the day. See the sidebar for a list of 50kW clear-channel AM stations authorized for IBOC as of the beginning of February.

Bits and Pieces

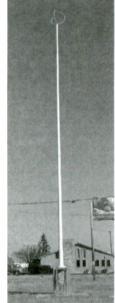
Legal and Illegal Intruders: Another source of interference are new stations in Mexico. A station appeared in the Tecate area of Baja California on 550 around the first of the year. KFYI in Phoenix and KUZZ Bakersfield both suffered severe interference. The station then moved to 560 – much better for KFYI and KUZZ but a problem for KBLU-560 in Yuma.

Then, there are pirates. An unlicensed FM station appeared in Brattleboro, Vermont, in 2003. In late June, the FCC closed the station – and in late August it returned. According to a Troy, NY, *Record* report forwarded by Chuck Porter, Radio Free Brattleboro believes 2,000 signatures in support of the station from local residents constitute legal authority to operate. (I have my doubts the FCC and federal courts would agree!)

TIS Proliferation: Kraig Krist KG4LAC has another batch of Travelers Information Station (TIS) loggings. Stations heard at his northern Virginia location include WTEZ462-530 at National Airport; WPBJ590-590 in Montgomery County, Maryland; KJI955-1640; and two that weren't giving calls – one on 1650 with

out-of-date Washington, DC, traffic alerts and another on 1660 simulcasting Manassas Weather 162MHz Service weather radio. KJI955 is being reported across much of the East Coast, but nobody's yet been able to figure out where it is! - It's not in any of the online databases. In the regular stations department, Kraig also logged WJAS-1320 Pittsburgh. This station (and KQV-1410) are frequent reception here in Tennessee as well.

Arnal Cook has been shooting pictures of several TIS stations in Indiana. The station in the picture is signing WT2339605 (a rather



WT2339605-530, a TIS near Kokomo, Indiana

strange callsign, even for a TIS!) on 530kHz near Kokomo. Note the unusual design of the antenna. By comparing it to the building in the background, you can tell it's probably only about 30 feet tall. FCC regulations would require the tower of a regular (non-TIS) station on 530 to be 95 meters – over 300 feet – in height.

The loops at the top of the antenna (along with four radial wires that don't show up in the picture) form a "capacity hat" which causes this antenna to be more efficient than its short design would otherwise be. Note also the grey box behind the antenna – this box contains the transmitter. Obviously, low-power TIS transmitters are much smaller than those used at full-powered stations!

Write me at 7540 Highway 64 West, Brasstown NC 28902-0098, or by email to dougsmith@monitoringtimes.com. Good DX!

50kW clear-channel IBOC stations

KCBS-740 KNX-1070 KTNQ-1020 KXNT-840 WBZ-1030 WOR-710 San Francisco Los Angeles Los Angeles Las Vegas Boston

WBZ-1030 Boston WOR-710 New York WSB-750 Atlanta

georgezeller@monitoringtimes.com

Radio Free Brattleboro vs. FCC

ne of the most interesting pirate radio stories of 2004 has been the ongoing battle between the FCC and Radio Free Brattleboro in Vermont. This unlicensed station openly operates on 107.9 MHz FM in Brattleboro. They also maintain a web site at http://www.rfb.fm/ on the internet, where they sometimes broadcast an internet stream simulcast of their over the air broadcast. FM DXers who are lucky enough to hear this one can send their reception reports to Radio Free Brattleboro, PO Box 1941, Brattleboro, VT 05302.

The station views itself as a community radio station in Brattleboro. Programming is a mix of public affairs shows and a diverse collection of musical styles, with an emphasis on local programming. But, given the fact that the station is unlicensed, the FCC has been sending correspondence to the station with threats that they may be closed down.

Interestingly, the station and many Brattleboro citizens have been resisting the FCC's investigation. In fact, on March 2, local voters will vote in a referendum on whether or not **Radio Free Brattleboro** should be allowed to remain on the air. This referendum is a response to a petition drive that was started in Vermont. The text of the petition was: "We, the undersigned registered voters of Brattleboro, Vermont, request that the following advisory question appear for vote by Australian ballot on the Town Meeting Ballot at the March 2, 2004 election:

"Shall the voters of Brattleboro give to radio free brattleboro (rfb) authority to broadcast until such a time that a Low-Power FM license is issued to radio free brattleboro or to another non-profit, locally-based, community group which is prepared to offer to the Town of Brattleboro diverse, all-access, non-commercial, community radio?"

This unusual controversy continues to be breaking news at this time. You might want to check the station's web site for the latest details in the battle between Brattleboro, Vermont, voters and the Federal Communications Commission.

The issue of local low power broadcasting was obviously not resolved by the FCC's protracted and agonizing process for setting up Low Power FM stations in the United States. Literally hundreds of other low power pirates continue to operate across the United States, with a noted concentration of them in Florida.

Unusual QSL

Last month we mentioned a variety of unusual pirate radio QSLs in this column. In response, our readers frequently mentioned the all-time champion in unusual pirate QSL lore. Spam

Radio, a currently inactive pirate station, crossed every line in the book with the QSL that we see a portion of this month. Postal regulations and plain common sense prohibit us from printing the entire Spam Radio QSL in this magazine. Last month we indicated that we could not discuss this QSL in Monitoring Times, but given popular demand, we show the logo from this notorious QSL here this month.



SPAM!

The rest of the QSL showed perverted activities by the woman in the photo and an unidentified man. The photo was so disgusting that many DXers discarded the copies of the QSL that arrived in their mailboxes. Other DXers had some explaining to do when their spouses and/or children opened the mail to discover this QSL.

Almost all pirate QSLs do not fit this horrible description, so most of us don't have to worry about unpleasant experiences like this. But, the Spam Radio QSL incident was certainly an example of creativity in the unlicensed broadcasting field, even if in this case it ended up being creativity gone bad.

Of course, unseemly activity has not been limited to pirate broadcasting stations this year. Virtually everyone has now heard about the half-time incident at the NFL Super Bowl when portions of singer Janet Jackson's costume were "accidentally" removed on CBS Sports nationwide television. The FCC has decided to spend tax-payers' money to launch a formal investigation of this event. Interestingly the MTV web site posted the following promotional announcement on the day before the Super Bowl: "Janet Jackson's Super Bowl Show Promises 'Shocking Moments."

Several MT readers wrote in this month to talk about the incident where WKBN-TV's Youngstown, Ohio, news anchorwoman Catherine Bosely decided to resign after nude photos of her appeared on the internet, taken while she danced in Key West, FL. It is clear that poor taste is not limited only to pirate radio stations. But, from time to time, pirate radio fare can be even racier than the notorious incidents on licensed broadcasters in 2004.

Clandestine Radio com

Martin Schoech has announced that Clandestine Radio com has revamped its literally phenomenal web site that covers political clandestine broadcasting on a worldwide basis. If you have

been looking for this absolutely vital resource, you need to check out its new location at http://www.clandestineradio.com on the internet. Martin also operates an interesting web site about QSLs, both from clandestines and from other broadcasters. You may want to check out this interesting radio resource at http://www.schoechi.de/qip.html on your internet dial.

♦ Europirate Frequencies

During the early part of 2004 there have been quite a few confirmed loggings of European pirate stations in North America. Recent broadcasts that made it across the ocean to North America were Cupid Radio from the Netherlands on 21894.8 kHz, Radio Casanovas from the Netherlands on 6265 kHz, Radio Alpha Lima International on 15070 kHz, European Music Radio on 9290 kHz, Radio Omroep Zuid from the Netherlands on 21890 kHz, Radio Spaceman from the Netherlands on 3927 kHz, Laser Hot Hits from the UK on 8219 kHz, and an unidentified station on 6267 kHz. These frequency ranges are worth a bandscan during weekend evenings when propagation is appropriate between Europe and North America.

♦ What We Are Hearing

Our readers heard all of these North American pirate broadcasters this month, with apparently somewhat reduced volumes of shortwave pirate broadcasting lately. All pirates operate on a sporadic schedule, but shortwave pirate broadcasting increases noticeably on weekends, and during major holiday periods. You have to tune your dial through the pirate radio band to find the stations, but the new main North American pirate frequency of 6925 kHz, plus or minus 30 or 40 kHz is the place to scan for the pirates. The old 6955 and 6950 kHz frequencies are increasingly abandoned by pirates because of interference from licensed stations, but there are occasional broadcasts there.

Big Thunder Radio- The young boy who serves as the announcer on this station hosts rock music programming. (Uses bigthunderradio@yahoo.com e-mail)

Border Radio-This station is primarily a comedy operation. (None)

Grasscutter Radio- This was a new pirate last year, but by now they are almost a veteran with discussions of pirate radio and rock music. (Uses grasscutterradio@yahoo.com e-mail)

KIPM- The existential dramas on Alan Maxwell's station have been heard on a nationwide and worldwide basis from what appears to be a powerful transmitter. (Elkhorn)

Radio FCC- It is extremely doubtful that the Federal Communications Commission is actually responsible for this oldies rock pirate. (none)

continued on page 75

All Frequencies MHz

Robert Smathers

robertsmathers@monitoringtimes.com

Satelites Mexicanos SATMEX-5

	1140	
		degrees West langitude
1(V)	3720	Data Transmissions
2(H)	3740	Data Transmissians
3(V)	3760	Data Transmissions
4(H)	3780	Data Transmissions
5(V)	3800	PCTV – Television Par Cable (digital)
6(H)	3820	Data Transmissions
7(V)	3840	PCTV – Television Par Cable (digital)
8(H)	3860	Data Transmissians / CB Televisian (digital)
9(V)	3880	Data Transmissions
10(H)		Data Transmissians
11(V)	3920	Data Transmissians / Canal 11 Sotel (digital) /
		Sports Book (digital)
12(H)	3940	Visat (digital)
		De Pelicula Clasica USA, Telehit, Ritmason,
		Telenavelas, Golden I, Golden II, Unicable, De
		Pelicula, Bandamax, XEW-TV Canal 2, Telehit
		USA, De Pelicula USA, Ritmason USA
13(V)	3960	TV Azteco, Azteco Americo (digital)
14(H)	3980	Data Transmissions
15(V)	4000	Teve-De-Mente (digital) / RGT (digital) / XEIMT-
- , ,		TV Canal 22 (digital) / XHAW-TV Monterrey (digi-
		tal) / XHSAW-TV Monterrey (digital)
16(H)	4020	Occasional video
17(V)	4040	Data Transmissions / VideoRala (digital)
18(H)	4060	Mexica City services (digital)
,		Canal del Canareso
		XEIPN-TV Canal Once
		Gobierno de la Republica feeds
19(V)	4080	Telefe International (digital)
20(H)	4100	Data Transmissions / NatiCalambia (digital) /
(,		Guatevision (digital)
21(V)	4120	MVS Television Empresorial (digital)
22(H)	4140	Data Transmissions / XHAOX-TV Oaxaca (digi-
		tal)
23(V)	4160	PCTV – Televisian Par Cable (digital)
24(H)	4180	Edusat (digital)

Satelites Mexicanos SATMEX-5

Ku-Ban		degrees West langitude
1 (H)	11720	Data Transmissions
2(V)	11740	Data Transmissions
3(H)	11760	Data Transmissions
4(V)	11780	Data Transmissions
5(H)	11800	Data Transmissions
6(V)	11820	Data Transmissions
7(H)	11840	Data Transmissions
8(V)	11860	Data Transmissions
9(H)	11880	Data Transmissions
10(V)	11900	Data Transmissions / Occasional video
11(H)	11920	Occasional video
12(V)	11940	Data Transmissions
13(H)	11960	Data Transmissions
14(V)	11980	Data Transmissions
15(H)	12000	Data Transmissions
16(V)	12020	Data Transmissions
17(H)	12040	Data Transmissions / El Sembradar Nueva
		Evangelizacian (digital) / Almavision (digital)
18(V)	12060	Data Transmissions
19(H)	12080	International services (digital)
		Power TV, TV Polania, Tzu Chi, CCTV-4, Mac TV,
		ATV, Hwazan, ERA News, Azia TV, Senal Colom-
		bia, two Colambian radia services
20(V)	12100	Data Transmissions
21(H)	12120	Data Transmissions
22(V)	12140	Data Transmissions / Occasional video
23(H)	12160	Data Transmissions / Latter Day Saints (LDS) Tele-
		vision – Mexica feed (digital)
24(V)	12180	Sistema Tecnologico de Monterrey (digital) /
		Universidad Virtual Empresarial (digital)

Telesat Canada Anik E2

C-Band	- 118.7	degrees West langitude
1A(H)	3720	Inactive transponder
1B(V)	3740	Occasional video
2A(H)	3760	Occasional video
2B(V)	3780	Occasional video
3A(H)	3800	Occasional video
3B(V)	3820	Occasional video
4A(H)	3840	Occasional video
4B(V)	3860	Occasional video
5A(H)	3880	Occasional video
5B(V)	3900	Occasional video
6A(H)	3920	Occasional video
6B(V)	3940	Occasional video
7A(H)	3960	Inactive transponder
7B(V)	3980	Occasional video

I		
8A(H)	4000	Occasional video
8B(V)	4020	Occasional video
9A(H)	4040	Occasional video
9B(V)	4060	Inactive transponder
10A(H)	4080	Occasional video
10B(V)	4100	Occasional video
11A(H)	4120	Occasional video
11B(V)	4140	Occasional video
12A(H)	4160	Occasional video
128(V)	4180	Inactive transponder
_ ` '		F : =

Telesat Canada Anik E2

Ku-Ban	d - 118.7	danman Marat Innaite da
T01(V)	11717	degrees West langitude Occasional video
	11743	Occasional video
T02(V)	11778	Occasional video
T03(V)		Occasional video
T04(V)	11804	
T05(V)	11839	Occasional video
T06(V)	11865	Occasional video
T07(V)	11900	Occasional video
T08(V)	11926	Occasional video
T09(V)	11961	Occasional video
T10(V)	11987	Occasional video
T11(V)	12022	Occasional video
T12(V)	12048	Occasional video
T13(V)	12083	Occasional video
T14(V)	12109	Occasianal video
T15(V)	12144	Inactive transponder
T16(V)	12170	Inactive transponder
T17(H)	11730	Occasianal video
T18(H)	11756	Occasional video
T19(H)	11791	Occasional video
T20(H)	11817	Occasional video
T21(H)	11852	Occasional video
T22(H)	11878	Occasional video
T23(H)	11913	Occasional video
T24(H)	11939	Occasional video
T25(H)	11974	Occasional video
T26(H)	12000	Occasional video
T27(H)	12035	Occasional video
T28(H)	12061	Occasional video
T29(H)	12096	Occasional video
T30(H)	12122	Occasional video
T31(H)	12157	Inactive transponder
T32(H)	12183	Inactive transponder

Loral Skynet Telstar 13

101 /	144	
		est langitude
1(H)	3720	Occasional video
2(V)	3740	Occasional video
3(H)	3760	Occasional video
4(V)	3780	Occasional video
5(H)	3800	Occasional video
6(V)	3820	Occasional video
7(H)	3840	Occasional video
8(V)	3860	Occasional video
9(H)	3880	Occasional video
10(1)	3900	Occasional video
11(H)	3920	Occasional video
12(V)	3940	Occasional video
13(H)	3960	Occasional video
14(V)	3980	Occasional video
15(H)	4000	Occasional video
16(V)	4020	Occasional video
17(H)	4040	Occasional video
18(V)	4060	Occasional video
19(H)	4080	Occasional video
20(1)	4100	Occasional video
21(H)	4120	Occasional video
22(V)	4140	Occasional video
23(H)	4160	Occasional video
24(V)		
∠4(∀)	4180	Occasianal video

Echostar Communications Echostar-IX

Ku-Band - 11720(V) 11735(H)	121 degrees West langitude Dish Netwark (digital) Dish Netwark (digital)
11750(V)	
11765(H)	
11780(V)	
11795(H)	
11810(V)	Dish Network (digital)
11825(H)	Dish Network (digital)
11840(V)	
11850(H)	
11870(V)	
11880(H)	Dish Network (digital)
11900(V)	Dish Network (digital)
11910(H)	Dish Network (digital)
11930(V)	Dish Network (digital)

11945(H)	
11960(V)	
11970(H)	
11985(V)	Dish Network (digital)
12000(H)	
12015(V)	
12030(H)	Dish Network (digital)
12045(V)	
12060(H)	
12075(V)	
12090(H)	
12105(V)	
12120(H)	
12135(V)	
12160(H)	
12165(V)	

Panamsat Galaxy 10R

C D	100 /	
	3720	egrees West langitude Data Transmissions
1(V)		Data Transmissions
2(H)	3740	
3(V)	3760	Data Transmissions
4(H)	3780	Data Transmissions
5(V)	3800	Shawtime – West, Shawtime Taa – West,
		Shawtime Shawcase – West, The Movie Chan-
		nel – west, Flix – West, Sundance Channel – West,
		The Movie Channel Xtra – West, Shawtime Be-
		yond – West, Showtime Extreme – West (digital)
6(H)	3820	Data Tronsmissions
7(V)	3840	TVN Pay-Per-View Theaters, TEN – The Erotic Net-
		work, Pleasure (digital)
8(H)	3860	Data Transmissions
9(V)	3880	TVN Pay-Per-View Theaters, Hat Body 2, TEN
		Clips, TVN UrbanXtra, TVN Direct (digital)
10(H)	3900	Data Transmissions
11(V)	3920	Toon Disney – East, Toon Disney – West, Soapnet
		– East, Soapnet – West (digital)
12(H)	3940	TVN Pay-Per-View Theaters (digital)
13(V)	3960	TVN Direct, DMX Audia Services, TVN Pay-Per-
		View Theaters, Hat Bady, Scorch, TVN
		TeleNuestros, Cable Radio Network (CRN) 1, CRN
		2, CRN 3 – Talk Radio Network, CRN 4 – CSPAN
		Radio, CRN 5 – Radio America and i.e. America
		Radia Networks, CRN 6 – Langer Broadcast-
		ing/Lifestyles Radio (digital)
14(H)	3980	Showtime HDTV – West, Showtime Next – West,
		Shawtime Family Zone – West, Shawtime
		Women – West (digital)
15(V)	4000	Showtime – West (VC2+)
16(H)	4020	TV Land – East (VC2+)
17(V)	4040	Nickelodeon – West (VC2+)
18(H)	4060	The Movie Channel – West (VC2+)
19(V)	4080	MTV – West (VC2+)
20(H)	4100	Data Transmissions
21(V)	4120	(none)
22(H)	4140	Data Transmissions
23(V)	4160	A&E – East, A&E – West, The History Channel –
		East, The History Channel – West (digital)
24(H)	4180	Outdoor Channel

Panamsat Galaxy 10R

Ku-Ban	d - 123 d	legrees West langitude
1(V)	11720	Occasional video
2(H)	11740	Data Transmissions
3(V)	11760	Data Transmissions
4(H)	11780	Data Transmissions
5(V)	11800	Equity Broadcasting (digital)
6(H)	11820	University of Washington TV, KEXP-FM 90.3 Se-
		attle, WA (digital) / Data Transmissions
7(Y)	11840	Data Transmissions
B(H)	11860	Data Transmissions
9(V)	11880	Occasional video
10(H)	11900	Data Transmissions
11(V)	11920	TARBS World Television: MAD TV, Alpha Inter-
		national, MTB - MKTV Sot, RTS, NBN World,
		Leonardo, VIT, TV Moda, Telepoce, Syria TV, RIK
		TV, Najoom TV, Radio Melodia, Radio Italia, Ra-
		dia Anni 60, Radia Greece (digital)
12(H)	11940	Data Transmissions
13(V)	11960	iskycom.tv: TV Korea, SBS Koreo, YTN, iskycom
		tv, Radio Kareo, Koreon Gospel Radio (digital)
14(H)	11980	Data Transmissions
15(V)	12000	California Community Callege distance leorn-
1/00	10000	ing (digital)
16(H)	12020	Data Transmissions
17(V)	12040	Data Transmissions
18(H)	12060	Data Transmissions
19(V)	12080	Occasional video Data Transmissions
20(H)	12100	
21(V) 22(H)	12120 12140	Equity Broadcasting (digital) Occasional video
22(M) 23(V)	12140	Occaisonal video
23(Y) 24(H)	12180	Occasional video / Jason Praject (digital – oc-
((1)	12100	casional)
		costoriui

Mystery Beacon

n unidentified beacon – TRY, 263 kHz – has appeared on longwave. Cliff Watts (TX) was among the first to report this station to *Below500 kHz*. He began hearing the station in mid-January and notes that it is very strong at his Southeast Texas location. Listeners in Arizona, South Carolina, and Florida have also reported hearing TRY.

Because of where it's being heard, one theory is that TRY is a new platform beacon located in the Gulf of Mexico. Other possibilities include an intentional ID change or miskeying of an existing station. The latter scenario seems unlikely because of the clarity of the Morse ID. At this writing (early February), all possibilities remain open, so I'd like to hear from any readers who are able to hear TRY. Perhaps by coordinating the locations of listeners and signal strengths, we can come up with some answers.

♦ Thrown for a Loop

Tony Straka (PA) posed an interesting question regarding the use of AOR loop elements with his Palomar LA-1 amplifier base. Although they looked almost identical to Palomar loops, would the AOR elements be electrically compatible? An opportunity came up to purchase them in an online auction, and he decided to give it a try.

Tony was delighted to find that the loops work just fine, with only a slight downward shift in frequency coverage. As a result, he now has LF coverage from 150-450 kHz, and he finds the directionality to be a huge advantage in pulling in weak signals and nulling interference.

Tony also sent a picture of beacon NXX on 388 kHz (Figure 1), which is located at the Willow Grove Naval Air Station in Willow Grove. PA. This beacon is frequently logged in the Northeastern U.S., and uses the somewhat unusual ID pitch of 1100 Hz. Most beacons in the U.S. use a 1020 Hz pitch. The difference is not huge, but it is noticeable, reports Tony.



Figure 1. NXX/388 kHz, Willow Grove, PA – Transmitter is housed in the small shed; antenna wire is strung between the utility poles.

Beacon Loggings

Alex Hagerty, KG4VXP(VA), sent along a list of loggings from the Washington DC area, which he heard using a Raytheon RAF DF-20 marine direction finding radio. DFing units make excellent receivers for longwave, and they are becoming a more common at swapmeets with the demise of maritime beacons. Another benefit to these rigs is that they contain a built-in directional antenna, and a compass scale that tells you the bearing of stations you hear.

Alex says he enjoys the *Below500 kHz* column and has placed many clippings from it in his LW DXing "cheat sheet." Welcome aboard, Alex, and we look forward to hearing from you often.

Table 1. Selected Beacon Loggings

Freq	.ID	Location
198	DIW	Dixon, NC
216	CLB	Wilmington, NC
223	DA	Ft. Belvoir, VA
237	EZF	Fredericksburg, VA
323	GTN	Washington, DC
332	DC	Washington, DC
346	IA	Washington, DC
355	CGE	Cambridge, MD
360	RW	Camp Springs, MD
363	RNB	Millville, NJ
371	FND	Baltimore, MD
385	GAI	Gaithersburg, MD

◆ ODXA Milestone

Congratulations to the Ontario DX Association (ODXA) on 30 years of service! Since 1974, this all-volunteer group has promoted the radio hobby with a focus on SW broadcasting, as well as utility, scanner, ham radio and FM/TV DXing topics. The club's journal, *Listening In* (Formerly *DX Ontario*) is a respected source of information on all fronts of the monitoring hobby.

The ODXA's roster includes many U.S. members, particularly from Northeastern states, and for good reason; The ODXA has a longstanding policy of listing only stations that have been logged in Ontario. Because of this, you can be quite certain of hearing the same stations in the Northeastern U.S.

I first learned of this club when they had a booth set up at the Rochester Hamfest back in the mid-1980s. Until this point, my radio interests had been pretty much ham-related, but the ODXA display showed me that there was more to the radio hobby, and that listening was not merely a stepping stone into

amateur radio. For more information on the ODXA, check out the club's website at: www.odxa.on.ca/.

♦ What the Others are Saying

The February issue of *The Lowdown*, journal of the Longwave Club of America, contained a useful summary of Natural Radio receivers currently available to hobbyists. Firms like LF Engineering (http://www.lfengineering.com) and Kiwa Electronics (http://kiwa.com) have offered receivers for a long time and are well known to most hobbyists, but here are a few more sources that may be of interest to *MT* readers:

Inspire VLF-3 Kit, http://
image.gsfc.nasa.gov/poetry/inspire/
S.P. McGreevy Productions WR-3, http://
www.auroralchorus.com/wr3info.htm
North Country Radio ELF Earth Receiver Kit,
http://www.northcountryradio.com

Do you prefer to "roll your own?" Here are some websites that have plans for building Natural Radio receivers from scratch:

BBB-4 Bare Bones Basic Receiver, http://www.auroralchorus.com/bbb4b.htm
RS-4 Receiver, http://library.thinkquest.org/2784/inspire/schematic.html
IC Whistler Receiver, http://www.lwca.org/library/hardware/whistlrx.htm
Dual FET Whistler Receiver, http://home.flash.net/~evogel/p1.html

The websites listed here were tested at the time of writing, but no guarantee can be made that they are still active, or that they still carry the information described.

The February issue of the Antique Wireless Association's *Old Timer's Bulletin* carried an interesting article on the use of Power Line Carriers (PLC) for data communication. Much of this activity takes place in the LF spectrum and the article explored the history of PLC and its potential effects on amateur and experimental transmissions. Part 2 is slated for the May issue and will discuss large-scale PLC systems, such as those being proposed to carry broadband over power lines (BPL).

Another article carried plans for building a low power AM Broadcast transmitter (with tubes, of course). The design could be scaled for LF operation with only a few modifications. For more information on the AWA and the *Old Timer's Bulletin*, please visit http://www.antiquewireless.org.

See you next month!

tjarey@monitoringtimes.com

Great Ham Radio Reads

ell, judging from the returning birds and the budding branches I guess it must be coming on spring. But, there are other signs of springtime around the Ham Bands . . . that being, Uncle Skip's more or less annual book review column.

There are always a number of excellent new books coming out relating new and exciting ideas in amateur radio. As often as I can, I try to get a look at the best of these to pass on to the group. In this age of computer based media, I run across some interesting digital publications

Back when I was learning to be a ham, I went to a class offered by the West Jersey Radio Amateurs. This was taught by a group of volunteers who each took a chapter of the good old "red & black" ARRL Radio Amateurs License Manual. There was a lot of information packed into the book for the cover price of a mere dollar. The problem was, as with any group of volunteers, not everyone was as skilled at either the information or, more importantly, how to teach the subject of ham radio. Somehow we all got through, but even today I wonder how it all worked out.

Training methods have come a long way and, as always, The Amateur Radio Relay League has led the pack in advancing ham license preparation tools. One of the best is their latest offering.

The ARRL Technician Class Video Course for Ham Licensing

4th Edition Produced by King Schools for the ARRL 2 DVDs, 1 CD and a 127 page manual \$149.00 plus shipping and handling The American Radio Relay League 225 Main Street Newington, CT 06111-1494 www.arrl.org/ 1-888-277-5289

IS8N: 0-87259-884-5

Over the years I have taken great pride in helping a lot of folks get their ham tickets. And along the way I have been helped by the training videos produced by John KD6SCY and

Martha KD6SCZ King. The Kings are well known for their excellent training tapes designed for folks seeking to get or upgrade their FAA aircraft credentials. They have taken their proven techniques and applied them to the Technician Class Amateur Radio li-



cense with equal aplomb. I have used their video tools for this purpose for over 10 years and I have recommended them to many clubs who were looking to start a ham training program.

By utilizing the skills and information that the King's supply in their video courses, your training organization no longer needs to worry about "weak links" or folks who miss their lecture because they had to work late or just forgot to show up to teach the class. The Kings are always there, in this new edition on DVD, to go through the essential theory and regulations needed to ace the 35 question. Element 2 Exam that leads to the Technician ticket.

The two DVDs divide the training up into 14 sections. The sections have varied "running times" but the manual makes some suggestions as to how to divide the subject matter up into regular classes. I've found by experience that the course information in the DVDs can be divided up into a nice 6 week, 1 session per week program that can fit into most folk's schedules. You and your training group can break the lessons up to suit your own needs.

On DVD disc one, the first two sections. Getting the Most Out of Your Course and The Magic of Radio basically set the mood and get people oriented to the King's teaching style. They are very excited about this subject and their enthusiasm is infectious. From there the class digs right in to the "meat and potatoes" topics of Types of Emissions, Electrical Principals and Practical Electronics. These topics are covered in a non threatening manner with memorable graphical support to help drive the key points home.

Next comes a section on Operating Considerations followed by the essential theory on Antenna and Feedlines.

DVD disc two goes on to cover the subjects of Repeaters, Safety Practices, and RF Radiation Safety. With all that under your belt, the disc moves on to the pertinent FCC Regulations that a student must master to get through Element 2. More depth is given to this area in the section related to Frequency Privileges, followed by Repeater, RTTY and Packet Rules.

Finally, the Kings give their suggestions on how to get through the examination process with their Test Taking Hints.

The move to take the King classes to DVD was a good choice on the League's part. One of the dangers of video tape is you can't always count on the reliability of the tape machine that may make itself available for a classroom situation. I've seen more than one tape get "eaten"

by a rogue VCR. The DVD format provides far less trouble in this area. As long as the discs are properly maintained they should last through many uses.

The video course is supported by a course book that highlights the essential topics that will turn up in the FCC Technician Class exam. The book contains the entire Element 2 Question Pool along with 3 practice exams.

A person, or a group, could sit down with this course and, at their own speed, take in all the information needed to sit for the test. But just like those late night TV commercials say, "But Wait! There's More!" Also included is a CD-ROM containing the ARRL Computerized Exam Review program. This program allows the student to practice taking any number of exams utilizing the entire Element 2 Question Pool until he or she feels confident to head over to the VE examination session. The computer keeps track of the student's progress towards being fully prepared on examination day. The CD-ROM requires Microsoft Windows as its operating environment.

At \$149, this course system is no casual purchase. But the price is well within the means of most ham clubs seeking to set up a class in their area. But if you are so inclined, the course is structured to be used by an individual. A club could purchase the series for their lending library. A civic minded ham could also purchase the course for their local public library. Regardless, the information provided and the manner in which it is presented make it well worth the cost.

Many thanks to the League and the Kings for their continued efforts in basic amateur radio training. I think that if I had John and Martha in my corner way back in 1976 I would have had a lot less butterflies in my stomach when I sat for my first ham ticket.

Next up we have a book that is a joint project by the Radio Society of Great Britain and The American Radio Relay League.

The International Antenna Collection Edited by Dr. George 8rown M5ACN 248 pages \$19.95 plus shipping and handling The American Radio Relay League (see contact info above) ISBN: 1-872309-93-3

This may not be a completely fair comparison, but over the years, as I have read ham radio books produced in both U.S. and UK, I have noticed a trend in relation to antenna designs. U.S. publications seem to most often (no pun intended) reflect "optimum" antenna designs. But the UK publications always seem to emphasize purely practical designs that take into account that the operator may not have a "best possible case" antenna location.

There are advantages to both strategies. We'd all like a double stack of tribanders at 60 and 120 feet but only the lucky few have the real estate and the cash flow to pull it off. The International Antenna Collection draws on the best thinking of both of these worlds to produce a great antenna book in both areas of theory and practice.

The International Antenna Collection covers everything from the more traditional antenna design to portable and "stealthy" designs for those folks who need to keep a low profile due to location. Every antenna in the book can be built with

common tools and materials. I also believe that anyone with basic skills and with said tools and materials can get any of these designs up and operational in short order.



It's hard to pick out specific antennas to highlight in a review such as this because everyone's needs and

desires are different when it comes to antenna building. Since my way of radio play leans toward getting out to the field, I will point out a few that caught my fancy enough to send me out to the hardware store to get busy building them. The N1TKS *Paint Pole Aerial* is just the ticket for portable operation for 17 and 20 meters. I'm putting one of these together for my next trips to the beach this summer. I will probably also experiment with the W3JIP *Portable Aerial*, good for operation from 6 through 40 meters.

Amongst all these practical antenna projects are a number of excellent theory pieces. The VE2CV article on A Brief Overview of the Performance of Wire Aerials in Their Operating Environments sheds a great deal of light on what works and why in the "real word" environment where most of us live. Within this article is a case study of the often used but equally controversial G5RV dipole that should serve to clear the air about this design for many people.

Another excellent theory article is G3LHZ's *The Truth About Loops*. My experiments with loop designs over the years have been largely based on guesses and folklore. To finally come across an article that gives the practical math behind loops has renewed my interest. Now I can move beyond "cut and try" techniques to something that might actually load the first time I put power to it.

With everything from HF to UHF and all materials from metal to wire, this book has something for everyone who wants to put up their own "home brew" antennas.

And here is another antenna book worth giving a good look.

ARRL's VHF/UHF Antenna Classics Compiled by Steve Ford WB8IMY 125 pages \$14.95 plus shipping and handling The American Radio Relay League (see contact info obove) ISBN: 0-87259-907-8

It's a funny thing. I often run across folks who will go through all sorts of effort to string up HF antennas. But when you start to talk about doing anything yourself above

10 meters these same folks seem to just stare at their shoes. I never quite got this. The very fact that most VHF and UHF antennas are usually so much smaller than their HF counterparts would seem to mean that you could have a whole lot more fun playing around with them.



Also, given that most designs can be built right out of the aisles of any well stocked home improvement center only further supports my thinking on this.

If those antenna Fraidy Cats would just take a few minutes to go through the ARRL's VHF/UHF Antenna Classics I am sure they would stop looking at their shoes and start looking up on their roofs and towers for places to put these designs. Here you have 30 designs to choose from running from 50 MHz through 902 MHz. Most of which are true gain designs that will take a wimpy

UNCLE SKIP'S CONTEST CORNER

Kids Roundup Apr 3 1400 UTC - Apr 4 2200 UTC

Missouri QSO Party
Apr 3 1800 UTC - Apr 4 0500 UTC
Apr 4 1800 UTC-2400 UTC

QCWA QSO Party Apr 3 1800 UTC - Apr 4 1800 UTC

ARS Spartan Sprint
Apr 6 0100 UTC - 0300 UTC

ARCI Spring QSO Party Apr 10 1200 UTC - Apr 11 2400 UTC

Georgia QSO Party

Apr 10 1800 UTC - Apr 11 0359 UTC

Apr 11 1400 UTC-2359 UTC

Michigan QSO Party
Apr 17 1600 UTC - Apr 18 0400 UTC

Ontario QSO Party Apr 17 1800 UTC - Apr 18 1800 UTC

World Amateur Radio Day Party Apr 18 0000 UTC - 2359 UTC

QRP to the Field Apr 24 1500 UTC - 2400 UTC

Florida QSO Party
Apr 24 1600 UTC - Apr 25 0159 UTC
Apr 25 1200 UTC - 2159 UTC

Nebraska QSO Party Apr 24 1700 UTC - Apr 25 1700 UTC handheld signal and make it roar!

I am always interested in VHF/UHF antennas that can be quickly put up and torn down for ARES/RACES use. This book includes the excellent WA9GDZ/6 Portable Quad for 2 Meters. The resultant gain and directivity of this lightweight purpose bred antenna could really make the difference in getting a signal back to Net Control from a remote location.

Antennas for 432 MHz lend themselves to stacking into arrays. A number of articles in this collection help show you the advantages (and potential problems) of pulling together a multiple antenna array for DXing, and even Moon Bouncing.

So there you have it. Three great radio reads. One to get you into the hobby and two to help you get your signal out once you get your ticket. Have fun! I'll see you on the bottom end of 40 meters.

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SWL IR Remote for ICOM IC-R75 ... \$79.95

SWL IR Remote for JRC NRD-535 ... \$89.95

SWL IR Remote for Lowe HF-225 ... \$99.95

SWL IR Remote for Kenwood R-5000 ... \$99.95

• SWLIR Remote for Uniden Scanners \$89.95

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Choosing a Scanner Antenna

hoosing an antenna for monitoring scanner activity is not difficult if you know a few basics about which antenna designs offer what kind of performance. Of course you must first decide what kind of performance you want from your antenna. So this month let's discuss these two questions: What are your goals in scanning, and which antennas can help you best achieve those goals? As you will notice from comments below, much of what we discuss can also be applied to shortwave listening or monitoring in general.

♦ Some Basics

In choosing an antenna for use in scanning or in any other kind of communications monitoring, you must consider the nature of the signals which you want to monitor. If you simply want to scan local stations then you are in luck. Chances are that locals will have relatively strong signals at your antenna, and in this case just about any piece of wire or metal rod one to three feet (a meter or less) in length will likely suffice.

A similar approach to an easy antenna on the HF and lower bands is the randomlength antenna. The random-length antenna is simply any length of wire held in the air any way you decide to do it. See the antennarelated web sites listed below for information on building this antenna.

If, on the other hand, you want to monitor non-local stations with weaker signals, then an antenna with some gain may be what you need. Antennas with more than average gain tend to be directional, and directionality can be useful both for directing the antenna's maximum gain toward the weak signal you seek, and for minimizing interference that comes from directions other than that of the station which you seek.

Antennas can exhibit directivity in both the horizontal plane (compass directions), and in the vertical plane (the degree to which they aim upwards). Graphs representing an antenna's performance in different directions are called its "radiation pattern." For scanning, which is most commonly practiced on VHF, UHF, or microwave frequencies, horizontal directivity is utilized by orienting the antenna's main horizontal lobe in the direction of the desired station. The same is true

On the VHF, UHF, and microwave bands, it is desirable to orient directivity in the vertical plane toward the horizon to maximize the distance over which these relatively lineof-sight bands can be utilized. On HF, however, as your signal skips from earth to ionosphere and back to earth, the best vertical angle for optimizing your communications depends on the distance you want to cover, on the state of the ionosphere, and on the frequency on which you are working. Veryhigh vertical angles can support close-in HF communication up to a few hundred miles. This assumes that the signal is below the

maximum usable frequency of the moment so that the signal doesn't punch through the ionosphere into outer space. For long-distance HF communication very low vertical angles are

♦ Some Popular Antenna Designs

The Quarter-Wave Ground-Plane Antenna:

This antenna consists of a vertical, quarter wavelength element with two or more quarter wavelength radials just beneath the bottom of that vertical element (fig. 1A). This antenna has an omnidirectional horizontal radiation pattern which gives good coverage in all compass directions, with little signal wasted in the vertical direction. On VHF and higher frequencies, this supports line-of-sight communication to the horizon. On HF it provides the low-angle vertical pattern that supports DX so well.

While the low gain of this antenna is quite adequate for many applications, more gain and vertical directivity can be had by utilizing versions with a longer vertical element (see below).

This antenna functions well only on one band unless it is made multi-band by the addition of traps or of elements for additional bands. It is a good choice for a base station when you want to receive signals from all directions. See the antenna-related web sites for information on building this antenna.

The Discone Antenna:

The discone antenna (fig. 1B) offers a much wider bandwidth than the ground plane antenna, while retaining essentially the same sort of vertical and horizontal patterning. It is also a low-gain antenna, but useful for many applications.

One variant of this design utilizes a vertical element atop the disk. The disk serves as a ground plane for this vertical element, which allows adding another band to the antenna's coverage.

The Half-Wavelength Dipole:

The half-wavelength dipole (fig. 1C) is utilized from MF on into the microwave bands. When used at frequencies above the HF band, dipoles are usually one part of an overall antenna system such as a dish antenna, or an array such as the Yagi-Uda. Dipoles are primarily one-band antennas, or they may

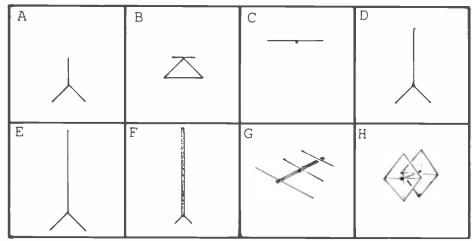


Fig. 1. A quarter-wavelength ground plane antenna (A), a discone antenna (B), a half-wavelength dipole antenna (C), a 1/2 wavelength ground-plane antenna (D), a 5/8 wavelength groundplane antenna (E), a collinear ground-plane antenna (F), a Yagi-Uda beam (G), and a cubicalquad beam (H).

This Month's Interesting Antenna-Related Web site:

I have posted plans for building a various antennas at the

http://www.monitoringtimes.com web site. Random-length antenna at /html/mtantennaprimer1.html dipole antenna at /html/mtantennaprimer2.html and a ground plane antenna at /html/mtantennaprimer3.html.

cover only part of one band. They do function well, but with more nulls near odd harmonics of their design frequency. They can be made multi-band by use of traps, or multiple elements.

Commonly, dipoles are mounted with their length horizontal to the earth, but vertical mounting is also used. When mounted vertically, they have an omnidirectional radiation pattern. Although a half wavelength dipole in space would have deep nulls off its ends, here on earth many horizontal dipole installations have relatively shallow nulls, and provide a somewhat non-directional horizontal pattern.

Half-wavelength dipoles have a medium gain level which is often used as a standard of reference for measuring the gain of other antennas. See the antenna-related web sites for information on building a dipole antenna.

Gainer-Type Ground-Plane Antennas:

The half-wavelength, 5/8 wavelength, and collinear ground plane antennas (fig. 1D,E,F), in that order, offer progressively more gain and more vertical directivity than the quarter-wavelength ground plane antenna. At VHF and higher frequencies both increased gain and increased vertical directivity are useful. On these relatively noise-free bands, increased gain is useful in receiving weak signals. The increased vertical directivity lowers the angle of the antenna's vertical pattern. This gives more concentration of the antenna's performance toward the distant horizon and to points in between the horizon and the antenna.

On HF and MF, due to the relatively high received noise level, increased gain is seldom of value. However, lowering the vertical angle of the antenna's patterning provides increased earth-to-ionosphere-to-earth skip distance and increases the antenna's DX potential. These antennas are an excellent choice for scanner base stations where reception of signals from both local and beyond-local stations from many different directions is desired.

Beam Antennas:

The Yagi-Uda (fig. 1G) is the most common beam for scanning use. Compared to other beam designs it is fairly rugged, and compact. High levels of gain and directivity are attainable with these beams. Again, increased gain and directivity are useful for VHF and higher frequencies. Directivity with the Yagi-Uda is, however, in the horizontal patterning, and thus allows pointing that gain

in the direction of the desired station while reducing noise and other interference from non-desired directions.

On VHF these beams are typically mounted with their elements vertical to match the typical signal polarization on that band. On HF horizontal mounting is typical. The vertical-angle patterning of these antennas is determined primarily by their height above earth. Mounting them at a quarter wavelength or less gives high vertical angles, and mounting at a half wavelength or more gives the desirable lower vertical angles.

The cubical Quad beam (fig. 1H) and its variants are also found on the HF and VHF bands. Most of these designs are less rugged and less compact than the Yagi-Uda; however, the quad design is preferred by some HF operators for its reputation of giving better service at low mounting heights than the Yagi-Uda.

Log-periodic directive-array beams (LPDAs) offer essentially the function of a Yagi-Uda beam, yet give multi-band coverage. These beams are larger than a Yagi-Uda of the same gain and directivity; however, they may be worth the extra cost and effort if you need that extra bandwidth.

Outdoor TV and FM Antennas

Some operators report that their outside TV or FM antennas give satisfactory support for scanning. It's an inexpensive solution if it works for you.

RADIO RIDDLES

Last Month:

I said that the height of the wave front of a 100 kHz signal is well over a mile tall. I also said that the physical length of one wavelength of the 100 kHz signal is well over a mile. Then I asked: "Is this the reason the wave front is over a mile tall?"

Well, visualize a wave moving across the earth. Its front is the expanded surface of that energy which left the antenna at a particular moment. But the wavelength of that wave is the distance that front will travel in the time it takes to complete one cycle of the signal. So, no, wavelength does not directly determine the height of the wave front.

This Month:

I mention above that antennas with more than average gain tend to be directional. Is this really true for practical antennas? If not, why not, and if so, why?

You'll find an answer to this month's riddle, another riddle, another antenna-related web site or so, and much more, in next month's issue of *Monitoring Times*. 'Til then Peace, DX, and 73.

Outer Limits continued from page 69

Radio Free Speech - Veteran pirate broadcaster Bill O. Rights keeps the focus of his programming on the promotion of individual freedom, but he normally adds comedy to this serious subject. (Blue Ridge Summit)

Radio Pigmeat International - This station's classic rock music has already been heard several times in 2004 on the pirate bonds. (Belfast)

2004 on the pirate bands. (Belfast)
Ragnar Radio- Their programming normally consists of rock music, announced to be coming from the Great Lakes. (Uses rangarradio@yahoo.com e-mail)

Sunshine Radio- Their rock music is still announced by a young boy with an odd southern accent. Sometimes the accent makes it difficult to copy the ID's. (None, but some replies have resulted via the grasscutterradio@yahoo.com e-mail address)

Take it Easy Radio - They still use their namesake Eagles rock tune as a theme song, but they also feature other classic rock. Early this year they also relayed old time radio dramas. (Uses takeiteasyradio@yahoo.com e-mail)

Undercover Radio - Dr. Benway, has broadened the significance of his slogan, "broadcasting from the middle of nowhere," by adding programming from Mars. (Merlin and undercoverradio@mail.com e-mail)

Voice of Captain Ron Shortwave- Captain Ron normally mixes rock music and comedy in what is a classic pirate station format. (Uses Captainron6955@hotmail.com e-mail)

WEAK- Veteran broadcaster Leonard Longwire has been hosting pirate broadcasts with a new call sign lately. (None known)

WJFK- This Kennedy memorial station often reappears around November 22 or on holidays related to the USA Presidency. Once again this year some of our listeners report that they received QSLs from them, even though they did not hear the station. We received no logs of them this month. (Apparently none needed)

WHYP- The James Brownyard's memorial station has probably been the most active pirate over the last couple of years. Most of the shows on this one are humor about DXers and DXing. (Providence)

WMPR- The techno rock "dance party" music station is still a frequent visitor to the pirate bands. Unconfirmed rumors say that they could be respansible for various utility RTTY-like noises on the pirate bands lately. (None)

QSLing Pirates

Reception reports to pirate stations require three first class stamps for USA maildrops or \$2 US to foreign locations. The cash defrays postage for mail forwarding and a souvenir QSL to your mailbox. Letters go to these addresses, identified above in parentheses: PO Box 1, Belfast, NY 14895; PO Box 28413, Providence, RI 02908; PO Box 69, Elkhorn, NE 68022; and PO Box 109, Blue Ridge Summit, PA 17214. Some pirates prefer e-mail, bulletin logs or internet web site reports instead of snail mail correspondence. The best bulletins for sending pirate loggings with a hope that pirates might QSL them remain The ACE (\$2 US for sample copies via the Belfast address above) and the emailed Free Radio Weekly newsletter, still free to contributors via niel@ican.net. The Free Radio Network web site, another outstanding source of content about pirate radio, is found at http:// www.frn.net on the internet.

Thanks

Your loggings and news about unlicensed broadcasting stations are always welcome via 7540 Highway 64 W, Brasstown, NC 28902, or via the e-mail address atop the column. We thank this month's valuable contributors: Artie Bigley, Columbus, OH; Cachito, Santiago, Chile; Ross Comeau, Andover, MA; Rich D'Angelo, Wyomissing, PA; Rudy Elsen, Castro Valley, CA; Harold Frodge, Midland, MI; William T. Hassig, Mount Prospect, IL; Chris Lobdell, Stoneham, MA; Greg Majewski, Oakdale, CT; Brent Pollack, Mariottville, MD; Mike Prindle, New Suffolk, NY; Lee Reynolds, Lempster, NH; Fred Roberts, Germany; Robert Ross, London, Ontario; Martin Schoech, Merseburg, Germany; John Sedlacek, Omaha, NE; and Niel Wolfish, Toronto, Ontario.

BRINGING OLD RADIOS BACK TO LIFE

marcellis@monitoringtimes.com

Book Reviews and Reader Comments

ast month, I mentioned the bizarre audio effects I had encountered on powering up our "All American Five" restoration project for the first time. I've since spent a couple of afternoons trying to find the cause of the motorboating and feedback that are distorting incoming signals beyond recognition, but I'm still stumped.

I've apparently localized the problem in the oscillator/mixer (otherwise known as the first detector) stage, but this could be illusory. Sometimes several stages interact in creating such problems – so if deactivating a stage seems to eliminate the problem, it might only mean that a feedback loop was interrupted.

Classical causes of motorboating are an open grid resistor, or grid circuit, in one of the stages – including an open loop antenna at the first detector stage. However, I've found no sign of anything like that. Other possibilities are an open bypass capacitor or a power supply output electrolytic that has lost capacity. These are also unlikely, since I've completely recapped the radio.

Removing plate voltage from the final audio tube (50L6), I could still hear the audio artifacts on headphones connected across the output of the first audio amplifier (12SQ7). Turning to a signal tracing technique, I found that a modulated 455 kHz signal sounded normal in the speaker when inserted at the i.f. amplifier (12SK7) grid, but sounded distorted when inserted at the first detector (12SA7) mixer grid. When the mixer plate was disconnected from the first i.f. transformer, the nasty noises did stop – as of course did the incoming signals.

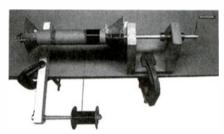
Looking for trouble in the first detector stage, I tuned in the receiver's oscillator in another receiver. Though it sounded a little rough, the oscillator did come in at the right frequency (455 kHz above the indication on the problem radio's dial). I also checked for continuity in the oscillator and loop antenna coils and tested the resistors in the circuit to make sure they were at or near the correct values.

That's the extent of the testing I've done so far, but if the trouble is really somewhere in this stage, there are very few places left to look! Perhaps there is a ground connection somewhere that has corroded and become inadequate for r.f. but not poor enough to show on an ohmmeter. I hope to be able to report a resolution of this problem in the next issue. But for now let's take care of some unfinished business.

♦ Book Reviews

Here are some interesting books that have come across my desk in the past few months. I've been waiting until I had space to do them justice, and it looks like this is my opportunity.

The Impoverished Radio Experimenter No. 5. Published 2003 by Lindsay Publications, P.O. Box 538, Bradley, IL 60915-0538, Phone 815/935-5353. 5-1/2" X 8-1/2". 41 Pages. Soft Cover. ISBN 1-55918-293-8. Available directly from the publisher at \$6.95 + \$1.50 s&h. For on-line ordering, visit http://www.lindsaybks.com.



Home-built coil winding machine from The Impoverished Radio Experimenter #5.

This is another of the slim, but information-packed, volumes in the Lindsay series about how to recreate interesting vintage electronic devices on the cheap. It deals mainly with building a superheterodyne receiver, taking the mystery and mysticism out of a project that many have hesitated to undertake.

If you follow Lindsay's directions to the letter, you'll not only build the receiver, but also wind the i.f. transformers and other required coils. During the discussion, the reader is given a short course in superhet theory and is shown how to build coil winding gear and alignment instruments. Like all the books in the "Impoverished" series, this is a fun and educational read even if you decide not to pick up your soldering iron.

The Complete Price Guide to Antique Radios: Tabletop Radios Volume 4 by Mark Stein. Published 2003 by Radiomania Books, 2109 Carterdale Rd., Baltimore, MD 21209, 8-1/2" X 11". 239 Pages. Soft Cover. ISBN 0-9647953-6-1. Discounted price when ordered directly from the publisher is \$24.95 + s&h of \$7.50 (U.S. and Canada) or \$15.00 (International). For on-line ordering, visit http://www.radiomania.com.



Sample thumbnails from The Complete Price Guide to Antique Radios: Tabletop Radios Volume 4. Note icons representing Ingraham cabinet (lower right) and radio by known industrial designer (upper left).

This is the latest offering in Mark Stein's indispensable radio identification and price guide series. It adds 2,500 new listings – including 1500 new thumbnail illustrations – to the 9000-odd listings included in volumes one through three. The new and expanded format includes special icons to indicate Canadian radios, sets with Ingraham cabinets or by noteworthy industrial designers, and sets commemorating (or at least sold at) the Chicago (1933) or New York (1939) world's fairs. As before, each listing also includes tube and band counts, options, variations and estimates of current value.

The introduction to this volume includes some helpful information that should be of special benefit to new collectors – including issues that determine value and things to consider when buying and restoring radios. There are separate categories for "Chassis and Trim" as well as for plastic and metal cabinets. A section on resources includes advice on finding sets, sources of parts, supplies and information, and vintage radio club listings.

Charles Herrold, Inventor of Radio Broadcasting by Gordon Greb and Mike Adams.

Published 2003 by McFarland Company, Inc.,
Box 611, Jefferson, NC 28640. Phone 1-800253-2187. 7" X 10". 259 Pages. Soft Cover. ISBN
0-7864-1690-4. Available directly from the publisher at \$45.00 + s&h of \$4.00 (U.S.) or \$6.00 (Canada and International). NC residents add
7% sales tax. For on-line ordering, visit http://
www.mcfarlandpub.com.



Charles Herrold's San Jose radio station about 1912 from Charles Herrold, Inventor of Radio Broadcasting. Herrold stands in doorway. Perham Electronics Foundation Electronics Museum photo

Where did the first regularly scheduled radio broadcasts take place? There are several claimants to the honor, but most people think of station KDKA in Pittsburgh, which began in 1920. However, Charles Herrold was broadcasting radio entertainment and education to a mass audience around San Jose, California, as early as 1909. This biography focuses on how he used primitive technology to put on the air the station that eventually became the 50,000-watt KCBS (San Francisco).

Beginning with early family history, the well-illustrated and documented volume moves on to trace the career of this visionary man from the opening of his wireless school and radio station in 1909, through his training of radio operators for World War I, becoming licensed as station KQW following the war, and eventually running out of money and being forced to take menial jobs a few years later. Having been more adept at innovation than gaining recognition for his work, Herrold spent most of the rest of his life attempting to prove he was the "father of ra-This book is not only engrossing reading for those who enjoy following the work of the early inventors, it is also a valuable reference for serious radio historians.

From the Readers

Besides the little backlog of books I've been saving up, there are also several reader comments I've been holding for a good opportunity to discuss. Many of these touched on the recent S-40-A restoration project.

Judy May wondered about my choice of gasoline as a solvent for cleaning tuning capacitors. She felt that it might have additives that would be damaging to the electrical characteristics of these parts. As alternate possibilities, she suggested automotive carburetor cleaner or perhaps brake shoe cleaner - which come in convenient aerosol cans. I haven't tested these yet, though I really like the idea of the aerosol cans. I did try some engine starter fluid I happened to have on hand by spraying it on a glass surface. That stuff seemed to leave behind an oily residue after ample drying time was allowed.

Perry Crabill corrected a slip 1 made in last December's issue during an S-40A troubleshooting discussion. I had mentioned that the a.v.c. voltage was developed across the 2.2megohm resistor shown in my example drawing. The voltage is, in fact, developed across the 500ohm potentiometer; the resistor, with its associated capacitor, forms a filtering circuit that keeps audio voltage off the a.v.c. bus. Paul Hart, who was suggesting possible causes for my "strange audio" problem wrote to suggest checking for gassy tubes by observing whether a voltage drop was appearing across that same filter resistor (it wasn't). He advises that this is a much more sensitive test for gas than a tube tester usually provides.

A. Joseph Ross has a Hallicrafters S-77 that is physically identical to an S-40B whose picture I showed in one issue and wondered how it might be related. After a little research, I was able to tell him that the S-77 is an a.c.d.c. version of the S-40B, using a different series of tubes whose heaters could be operated directly from the a.c. line. J. Hartland has owned and restored a couple of S-40s. and passed them along to prospective hams who used them to develop Morse code skills. He has also restored several variations of the S-38. Tom Kneitel, who wrote the CB columns for the original Popular Electronics magazine and the scanner columns for the Gernsback revival of PE, writes that the S-40A was his "dream receiver" (not counting the SX-42, to which he could not aspire). He upgraded from an S-38 to an S-40A at age 15 and had a lot of fun with it.

I have to apologize to the retired broadcast engineer who wrote me about the S-40 he converted for use in a shortwave link for a remote broadcast. Host his note and so don't have his name. But he reported that the original audio output section was torn out and replaced with a broadcast-standard 600-ohm output for interconnecting with the studio equipment. He still has the radio.

David Tomlin enjoys the "boat anchor" coverage we've been doing in recent issues and likes the choice of test equipment that has been selected to restore. Roger, K7DDG, feels the same way about boat anchors and particularly enjoys restoring military ones. In this activity he finds "an escape from the tensions and stress of the modern world." Twisting the knobs on his Icom, he says, "just wasn't good enough."

In a letter harking back to my discussion about Loktal tubes many months ago, Doug Robertson, who worked on auto radios in the 1940s, remembers how helpful the design was in keeping the tubes in their sockets in spite of the poor suspensions and cobblestone streets of the era.

Finally, commenting on one of my last columns, John Malley, N1LZI highly recommends "Gojo" hand cleaner as a cleaning agent for Bakelite and other types of radio cases. He's been using it successfully for years. It's available at most auto supply stores and the auto section at Wal-Mart. Use generous amounts to cover the case and wipe it off with a cloth after 10 minutes or so. But be sure to use the cream version of this hand cleaner; not the one with Pumice.



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Bob Parnass, AJ9S

bobparnass@monitoringtimes.com http://www.parnass.org

Uniden BC296D Portable Scanner

e reviewed the Uniden BC250D handheld scanner in May 2003. The new Uniden BC296D model is basically a BC250D fitted with enhanced firmware to add new capabilities. Both models compete with the Radio Shack PRO-96 (Dec. 2003 MT).

Both the BC250D and BC296D share the same wide frequency coverage, including the UHF military air band. Both models can follow conversations in conventional and several different types of trunked systems, but trunk tracking is where the two scanners differ.

The earlier BC250D could demodulate APCO P-25 digital signals only when fitted with an optional BCi 25D card. The BC296D scan-

ner contains a new digital card which is furnished with the radio. The Radio Shack PRO-96 is designed to demodulate C4FM signals. Both Uniden models can detect both C4FM and the newer, less common CQPSK type modulation.

The BC296D and PRO-96 are able to track APCO 25 systems which employ a control channel with either a 3600 or 9600 bps (bits per second) rate. The BC250D does not support the 9600 bps control channel.

There are no APCO 25 digital trunked systems located within our reception range, so we could test BC296D only with analog systems.

The BC296D has more features than we will cover, therefore we recommend you download an electronic copy of the owner's manual from the Support section at http://uniden.com.

Like the BC250D, the BC296D tunes 25 - 512, 806 - 956 (minus cellular phone), and 1240 - 1300 MHz.

The BC296D provides 8 step sizes plus an AUTO setting, the latter being determined by frequency. A 6.25 kHz step has been added beyond the choices available in the older BC250D, though a 8.33 kHz step is not supported by either model. The PRO-96 steps sizes are "hard coded" and not user selectable.

The BC296D Service Search, Limit Search, and Auto Store implementations rank among the best of any handheld model we've tested. There

are 10 limit search ranges which can be "chained" together. The BC296D user can choose the frequency step in each limit search bank.

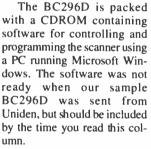
The 12 Service Search banks are weather, public safety, news, television broadcast audio, ham radio, marine, railroad, air, CB, FRS/GMRS, racing, and special. The "special" bank consists of low power, itinerant, and interstitial frequencies. We heard fast food drive up window intercoms in this bank, for example.

What You Get

Uniden

The BC296D comes with a user manual and two frequency guides. The supplied 6 inch, rubber covered antenna looks to be the same helical antenna used by other recent Uniden

models.



Uniden includes a cable to connect the BC296 to a computer's 9-pin serial port. One BC296D may be cloned to another using the furnished cable together with an optional adapter.

Uniden's custom 4.8 volt, 1500 mAH NiMH rechargeable battery pack (see photo) is packed inside the radio. The included AD-600U wall wart power supply is used to recharge the internal battery in 14 to 16 hours. You can listen to the scanner while recharging, but the manual warns that you should disconnect the wall wart after charging completes.

Radio Shack's GRE-made scanners have a superior battery setup. They are powered by four individual AA batteries and you, the customer, get to choose your favorite style alkaline, NiCD, or NiMH batteries. GRE-made scanners like the PRO-92 and PRO-95 are supplied with two battery holders; one for rechargeable and another for alkaline cells,

A regulated supply could be connected to the BC296D via the optional UA502 DC power



cord, available at the Uniden web site for \$6.60.

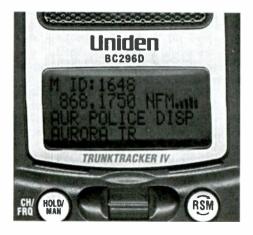
The snap on plastic belt clip is the same type which comes with the BC250D. Four fingers clamp into notches on the sides of the radio and a spring loaded clip grabs your belt.

Memory

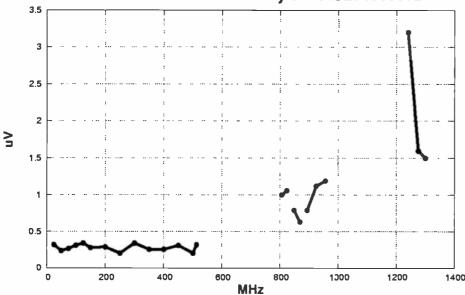
The BC296D's 1000 memory channels are separated into 10 banks of 100 channels each. Each conventional channel may be programmed with these attributes: a frequency and mode (AM, FM, WFM, NFM), a 16 character label, step size, rescan delay on/off, lockout, attenuator on/off, CTCSS or DCS tone squelch, and beep alert.

Trunked Systems

There are a wide variety of trunked systems in use and the BC250D is designed to track conversations in these systems: Motorola Types 1, 2 (VHF, 400, 800, and 900 MHz), EDACS (Wideband 9600 baud, Narrow 4800 baud, and SCAT), and LTR. SCAT stands for Single Channel Autonomous Trunking and is an EDACS configuration in which a single frequency serves



Uniden BC296D FM 12 dB SINAD Sensitivity s/n 319Z34000012



as both as a control and voice channel.

The BC296D can demodulate APCO 25 digital voice on conventional and trunked systems employing 3600 and 9600 baud control channel signaling, with C4FM or CQPSK modulation.

Measurements

Uniden BC296D Scanner S/N 319Z34000012

List price \$999.99 Uniden America Corp. 4700 Amon Carter Blvd. Fort Worth, TX 76155 tel. (800) 554-3988 http://www.uniden.com

Frequency coverage (MHz):

25 - 512 806 - 823,9875 849,0125 - 868

849.0125 - 868.9875 894.0125 - 956 1240 - 1300

Step sizes (kHz): 5, 6.25 7.5, 10, 12.5, 25, 50, and 100, AUTO

Modes:

AM, WFM, FM, NFM, conventional digital APCO 25, user selectable

Trunking:

Motorola Type I, II, IIi Hybrid, APCO 25 Phase 1 digital (3600 and 9600 bps control channel), EDACS, EDACS SCAT, LTR.

NFM modulation acceptance:

12.5 kHz

Audio output at earphone jack:

0.11 watts @ 9% distortion

Attenuator:

1 dB @ 40 MHz

10 dB @ 155 MHz

23 dB @ 460 MHz

27.5 dB @ 860 MHz

Image Rejection Due to 1st IF (380.7 MHz):

39 dB @ 40 MHz

46 dB @ 155 MHz

92 dB @ 460 MHz

74 dB @ 860 MHz

As with the earlier Uniden models, EDACS and LTR frequencies must be programmed into memory channels in the proper sequence.

Construction

The BC296D is a large scanner – near in size to the Radio Shack PRO-92. Rubber grips along the side of the BC296D make it easier to hold without slipping from the hand.

The BC296D's liquid crystal display is a dot matrix, i.e., composed entirely of small dots. The display options are essentially the same as the BC250D. Pressing the lamp key causes the display to be lit in an orange color and there are menu options for two brightness levels. The lamp times out after 15 seconds or may be set to remain on continuously.

Missing from the display are indicators for Tone Squelch, Attenuator, and Rescan Delay, so you cannot tell at a glance whether these options are enabled or disabled on a particular channel. To view a channel's configuration, push and hold the Menu/Back key for a couple of seconds. You can then see the channel settings, but you must scroll through them because the screen shows only three settings at a time.

The keypad can be backlit, which makes it easy to use the BC296D in the dark. The keys have tactile feedback, but require more pressure than other models. It's a good idea to enable the keypad confirmation beep tone.

Usability

You can program conventional memory channel frequencies using one of two procedures:

1) By positioning to the desired channel, then typing in the frequency followed by pressing the E key, or 2) Navigating the menu system.

The simpler, direct method works, but only for frequencies which coincide with the default step size. For example, the default step size is 50 kHz in the 225 - 399.95 MHz military air band. If you enter 335.525 MHz directly, the BC296D will coerce the frequency to 335.55. You can then use the menu system to "drill

down" to the STEP submenu, change the step size to 25 kHz, then re-enter the 335.525 frequency. Now, the BC296D will accept the frequency without rounding.

You can program alphanumeric labels for memory channels, banks, and talk groups. The BC296D makes it easier to distinguish "new hits" from previously programmed talk groups. If a programmed talk group becomes active while searching for new talk groups, the BC296D will display both the ID and the group label. This is an improvement over the earlier BC250D which would show the ID but not the label while searching. If the BC296D detects activity on a talk group not previously programmed, the word NEW is displayed.

You can tune the BC296D to a frequency without programming it in a memory channel using the following procedure:

1. From normal SCAN mode, momentarily press HOLD/MAN.

Then press and hold the HOLD/MAN button until the display changes to ROTARY: FREQUENCY.

 Then type in the freq you want to tune to without hitting E/enter (i.e. 1, 6, 2, ., 5 for 162.5 MHz)

 Finally, push the rotary up or down and the radio tunes to your frequency.

Other Observations

Our BC296D has loud audio, better than the tiny palm sized scanners we usually carry. The user manual does a fair job covering the BC296D's features, though we found the instructions for programming a trunked system had some gaps.

Overall

The BC296D strikes us as more powerful than the PRO-96 for general purpose scanning due to the Uniden's wider frequency coverage, richer search capabilities, selectable step sizes, C4FM/CQPSK demodulator, FM bandwidth choices, and other features.

That said, the PRO-96 has a better battery arrangement, multiple configurations (virtual folders), and an instant CTCSS display.

♦ Trunkito MPT1327 Trunk Tracking Software

MPT1327 is the trunking standard in Europe and popular in other parts of the world, except for the USA. Several manufacturers build MPT1327 compliant radio equipment, but there are no hobbyist scanning receivers designed to track MPT1327 systems.

Javier Moreno wrote in to alert us to Trunkito, new MPT1327 trunk tracking software for hobbyists. Trunkito decodes and tracks MPT1327 trunked systems and runs on computers equipped with the Linux operating system, a sound card, and an ICOM receiver. Trunkito may be used with a single ICOM scanner or with two scanners; an ICOM for tracking calls and a generic scanner for decoding the control channel.

Trunkito is free, open source software. See the http://unixforge.org/~tronkito web page for more information.

The Uniden BC-296D is available for \$524.95 plus shipping from Grove Enterprises (1-800-438-8155 or visit http://www.grove-ent.com).

johncatalano@monitoringtimes.com

John Catalano, PhD

Useful Programs for Radio Users

TRX-Manager

First, my apologies to the author of this ambitious program for logging, receiver control and so much more. I have been holding it for review for such a long time that a number of new revisions have been issued. We will look at the latest version 3.6.1. But be warned: This program does so much we will just barely scratch the surface of its capabilities.

TRX Manager allows computer control of just about everything in the monitoring shack, including radios (both transmit and receiver), decoder, logging and antenna rotator control. Using its Remote features TRX-Manager can also control stations outside your shack via the Internet, LAN or a packet link. In addition it keeps track of DX spotting, award tracking and satellites.

What You'll Need

The 12.5 MB Zip file took a while to download but then installed quickly and without a problem using WinZip. The computer requirements are modest:

- PC or compatible, Windows 95/98/ME/NT4/ 2000/XP - 32 M RAM - Pentium 200 MHz or higher
- X-VGA monitor (in preference to a S-VGA)

For Computer Control you'll also need:

- 1 serial port for radio interface (Com 1-16)
- Level converter (except FT-847/920/1000MP TS-570/870/2000)
- 32 bits connection to Internet (optional)
- TNC or multimode controller + serial port (optional)

- Rotator interface + serial port (optional)
- a free parallel port for the band decoder (optional)
- Yaesu, ICOM, Kenwood, TenTec, JST and Alinco transceivers are supported. Supported receivers include Yaesu (FRG-9600, FRG-100 & VR5000), ICOM (R75, R7000, R7100, R8500 and R9000), Kenwood (R5000) and JST (NRD545).

Lots to Control!

In order to take full advantage of TRX Manager's capabilities you will also need a computer-controlled receiver/transceiver and the appropriate computer-to-radio interface cable.

Figure 1 is the business screen of TRX-Manager. Although I tested TRX-Manager with an R7000 and an FRG-9600, for the figures I've used the R7000 screens. As you can see, a lot is happening here. Using the command key at the top of the screen, I've opened the "Monitoring" and "Control Panel" screens which are shown in the bottom 3/4 of the display.

All receiver (or transceiver) parameters can be set from this display. Tuning can be accomplished in a number of ways: direct numeric input, tuning knob (shown on left), up/down arrows and from stored memories (QMB) or VFO (A,B,C). Using the QMB buttons bring up the "Quick Memories" display which shows all stored frequencies.

I Command You!

The command line at the top of the screen is where all the setup information is customized to your radios and hardware. Below this line are two rows of Command Keys that are used to

display many different function screens. These special function/displays include: Monitoring (as shown), Band Scope, Terminal Screen, Command Panel, DX Bar, Scan Memories, Log Book, Internet Web Cluster, Audio Recorder Control and Shortwave Listening Screen.

Shortwave Listening

We perverted the use of the Shortwave Listening screen by using it with the R7000, which is a VHF/UHF receiver. Figure 2 displays the logging screen. Here you can see where we have manually tuned the R7000 to a number of NOAA weather stations and aircraft frequencies. Once tuned, a click of the "+" automatically logs the frequency and mode. The user can then add info to the database as desired. The user can choose which column titles are to be included in their custom database.

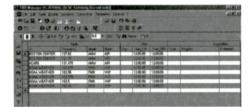


Figure 2- TRX Manager's Shortwave Screen Being Used for VHF/UHF Monitoring

Once logged, the stations can be scanned by the radio using the "<>" keys at the top of the log area. TRX Manager does so much that each time I look at a screen I find more functions!!

The extensive Help file quite honestly points out that with all the different computer interfaces, functions and radios that are trying to be accommodated some commands will act "buggy." I did experience some unexpected results when I tried to use the edit functions on the Shortwave screen. The program seemed to get stuck in the edit mode. I had to close and then re-open the Shortwave screen in order to achieve normal operation. I also found that my R7000 sometimes went into the SSB mode instead of the program chosen FMn mode.

Some of these problems may be a result of my R7000 being one of the first off the production line many years ago. I think the R7000 product line had a number of firmware updates during its life. Secondly, the interface I am using is not an ICOM product, but one which I built. However, this interface has performed flawlessly in the past with both my R71 and R7000.

DX beacon frequencies, maps, Internet web

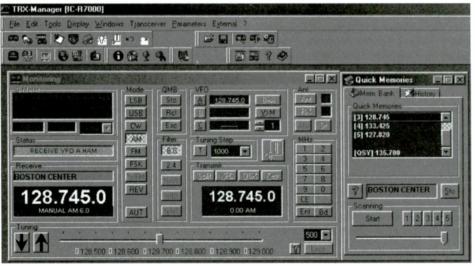


Figure 1- TRX-Manager's "Monitoring" and "Control Panel" Screen

cluster connections, terminal screen for decoders, and a sound recorder that stores audio in a file on the computer's hard drive are included in TRX Manager. How about a programmable timer/recorder function? It's included, too. TRX Manger has so much, anyone with a computer controlled receiver/transceiver should definitely download the demo version.

Although primarily aimed at the Ham radio user, TRX-Manager has so many features that it will be useful to radio monitors as well. Before you spend the 70 Euros for TRX-Manager version 3.6.1, try the free demo version, which is limited to 30 minutes of serial port time per session and 30 days. It is available at http://www.trx-manager.com/.

Did You SEA What I See?

A while back we looked at the nifty SeaTTY program. As the promo states, "This program is designed to receive weather reports, navigational warnings and weather charts transmitted in RTTY, NAVTEX and HF-FAX (WEFAX) modes on longwave and shortwave bands. Additional hardware is not required you need only receiver and computer with sound card. Minimal requirement for computer speed is about Pentium-100." That just about says it all, except that it runs on Windows 9x/ NT/2000/XP.

The program has had a number of versions since we first looked at it. The latest is version 1.35. Some minor bugs have been fixed. Since the original release all of the decoders have been rewritten with a noticeable increase in performance. Lock-on times seem much quicker and decoding more forgiving of signal fading, which may be a result of the decoder rewrites and AFC modifications. Another added feature is the program's capability of decoding recorded "wav" files, very handy for archived signals.

The HF-FAX mode was added long ago but continued to be the subject of modifications, even in the last few versions.

I should point out that none of the previous problems prevented decoding. It worked pretty good in the previous version I tried, but the author has continued to make SeaTTY bet-

Find HF RTTY?

Perhaps it was just propagation, but I found it quite difficult to find an unencrypted RTTY signal on shortwave. Gone are the days of hundreds of unencrypted RTTY stations.



Figure 3 - SeaTTY 1.3 NAVTEX Screen

However, even NAVTEX signals on 518 and 490 kHz were nowhere to be found, either. So perhaps propagation made an already bad situation worse. An HF Fax station was booming in at 5.110 kHz. After a few days of trying I finally was able to find a NAVTEX station at 518 kHz with reasonable signal strength. This is shown in Figure 3.

Using SeaTTY

The 1.6 Meg program is in a Zip format and takes about 15 minutes to download via dial-up. Figure 3 shows a typical SeaTTY v1.35 RTTY/Navtex screen with lots of information being displayed. The top section is where the input signal characteristics are defined: shift, speed and mode. Also, the important AFC and Squelch (SQL) are controlled from this section.

AFC

The AFC, or automatic frequency control, is really an auto shift. In RTTY the shift is defined as the difference in frequency between the signal's two audio tones representing digital "1"s and "0"s. When on this function it sets the shift to the difference in frequency of audio peaks that it hears. Using the Squelch, a noise floor can be set, below which the decoder will not listen. However, in Figure 3 we have disabled the Squelch. The input signal can be "seen" in the graph with its two peaks marked by the vertical lines.

Viewing the Decoder

Decoded RTTY/NAVTEX is displayed in the next section down the screen. The user can choose to store the files displayed to the hard drive automatically for recall at a later time. The very bottom of the screen displays a graph of the decoded data stream. Once I had a NAVTEX signal, decoding was effortless.

Weather Maps, Too

The HF FAX screen can be seen in Figure 4 which is taken from their website. Operation is pretty straightforward as far as FAX operation goes. Clicking the "S" button allows you to automatically start the FAX by listening for the

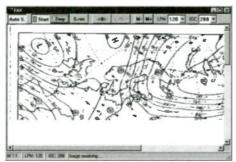


Figure 4 - SeaTTY HF FAX Display

APT tone. The "M" buttons are used to change the scale of the received image.

The "->||<-" button rotates the image horizontally, while the "<-/\->" button is used for slant correction. Slant correction is the difference between your computer's internal clock frequency relative to the atomic standards used by the transmitting stations. If this correction is not made, the FAX image appears to be

slanted. SeaTTY has one of the simplest slant correction methods that I have seen. All the user has to do is to click on the top and then the bottom of a slanted line on the FAX screen that should be vertical. The program makes the clock correction calculation and then stores it for future use. Pretty smart, and easy.

Version 1.35 of SeaTTY is available at http://www.dxsoft.com for a registration fee of

Summing It Up

I suggest you go to TRX Manager and SEATTYs websites and you be the judge. But I predict that if you try 'em, you'll like 'em. Till next time, Happy Spring to all.

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AOR's Top-End AR-ONE

By Bob Grove

new, high-end receiver has been released from AOR, the AR-ONE with continuous 10 kHz-3.3 GHz frequency coverage. While hobby monitoring enthusiasts might wonder why some familiar features are missing from this high-end product, the fact that AOR is constantly out of stock on this receiver would indicate that the intended market is well satisfied.

The AR-ONE is a compact (6-1/4"W x 2-1/2"H x 9"D), mobile-styled receiver weighing 4.5 lbs. Operating power is a nominal 13.5 VDC at 2 amps (max.), available from the user's mobile battery (cable connector provided) or an optional 120 VAC power supply. One single antenna connector (N style) is provided for the entire tuning range. For compact, portable deployment, AOR recommends their SA-7000 wideband antenna.

While the receiver does offer some remarkable perks, its few shortcomings will be discussed throughout this review.

The AR-ONE's incredible frequency range is the widest on the general market, covering more than 99% of all the listening targets that one would normally monitor throughout the spectrum, including wideband 802.11B allocations. But this receiver also scans cellular telephone frequencies, making it unavailable to the general public, and it has a substantial price tag—\$4495.

So who is the intended market? The receiver is directed to government, military, and other professional monitoring organizations as well as non-U.S. clients conducting signal surveillance.

Its frequency stability (0.1 ppm -10 to +50 C.) is lab quality, assuring drift-free reception; for even closer tolerances, a rear-panel input jack allows connection to an external 10 MHz reference oscillator. An optional spectrum display unit (SDU) like AOR's SDU5600 or AVCOM's SDM42A or B can be attached to its 10.7 MHz IF output jack. For more detailed signal analysis, a 455 kHz output is also provided.

The receiver can scan 1000 memory channels as well as search between frequency limits, and there are 10 separate VFOs. Modes include AM, NFM, WFM, USB, LSB, CW and data, but no synchronous AM detection. But users wishing to have the benefit of narrow-band SSB detection of full-carrier AM may do it the old-fashioned way: choose USB or LSB for minimum interference, and adjust the remarkably-stable fine tuning for natural sound ("zero beat").

The receiver may be operated as a stand-



alone system, or remotely operated via two RS-232C ports. Up to 99 separate receivers may be controlled by one PC. No OEM software is available, but the operating manual contains a command set for all functions.

The receiver is designed with triple-conversion architecture, and has a third-order intercept of +2 dBm up to 2.5 GHz (-1 dBm above). Dynamic range is 90 dB or better. Sensitivity is specified as 0.5 microvolts at VHF/UHF NFM. Signal strengths are displayed in either dBm or S units.

Standard frequency steps are 1, 10, 50, 100 and 500 Hz, as well as 1, 2, 5, 6.25, 9, 10, 12.5, 25, 50 and 100 kHz. The user may also configure any step in 1 Hz increments up to 1 MHz to assist in automatic tracking of band plans while tuning, searching or scanning. An on-screen menu also permits automatic determination of appropriate frequency steps and modes for the bands selected.

Intermediate Frequency -6dB selectivity and -60 dB rejection points are: 0.5 kHz @ <2 kHz; 3 kHz @ <6 kHz; 6 kHz @ <20 kHz; 8.5 kHz @ <30 kHz; 16 kHz @ <40 kHz; 30 kHz @ <70 kHz; 100 kHz @ <450 kHz; 200 kHz @ <600 kHz; and 300 kHz @ <900 kHz.

Let's try it out

When switched on, it takes a full five seconds to observe anything happening, leading some initial users to suspect something's wrong. But after the initialization period, the radio is fully awake and ready to go. And once you've done this, you won't be concerned about the waiting period next time you turn it on!

Although the LCD is edge-lighted and allows user-adjustable contrast, the user must look at it nearly straight-on, as characters disappear rapidly with increased viewing angle. Rubberbumper feet invite desktop listening, but there is no tilt bail to prop the receiver up toward the user so he can see the readout. Of course mobile mounting at an angle is a cinch, and the receiver can be elevated to or suspended from a shelf, rack mounted, or tilted with a block for fixed use.

Attaching the receiver's single N connector to an appropriate antenna system for its full frequency range means either externally switching antennas, or using an external multicoupler. Our test antennas were a GAP Titan vertical below 30 MHz, and a CREATE log-periodic above. The A/B test was measured against an ICOM R8500 wide-coverage receiver.

Sensitivity was now virtually identical to that of the ICOM, although we had to return our first test unit which had profoundly-deficient sensitivity below about 200 MHz that worsened the lower in frequency it was tuned. The replacement unit performed as it should.

Spurious signal rejection was better on the AOR. SSB detection was very good, but strong signals pumped the AGC noticeably, and no setting of the AGC timing configuration made any difference. The only way to stop the distortion from the pumping was to reduce the RF gain. The factory has been notified of this apparent deficiency.

Audio power is a substantial 2 watts, certainly enough to drive the internal 2-inch speaker to distortion (although sound is good at reasonable listening levels). An external speaker jack allows the full output to drive a larger speaker. An on-screen menu prompts custom contouring of the audio passband, as well as massaging of other options.

The volume control has a peculiar characteristic of suddenly coming alive as it is rotated clockwise, then incrementally shifting levels of audio rather than smoothly gliding. This is most noticeable on background hiss.

The AR-ONE has no noise-reduction circuitry, making its intended mobile installation, or even a fixed/portable application in a noisy location, questionable without the use of an ancillary noise-canceling system.

The illuminated, rubberized keypad is small, but easy to see and use; the tuning knob is also small, but it is rubberized, making it quite manageable.

♦ The Bottom Line

So do the wide frequency coverage, high intermod rejection, PC control flexibility, small size, and available IF outputs justify the cost? Apparently so, if current government and military sales are any indicator.

Available accessories (not included): 120 VAC Adapter, MM8600 mobile mounting kit.

The AOR AR-ONE is available from Grove Enterprises for \$4495 plus shipping.

Top 1000 continued from page 25 Aera Off Route US Air Force Worldwide (USB/ALE) - Airborne Command Post Netwark < Z-165> Aero Off Route US Air Farce Worldwide – French Navy Tactical Network/NATO AWACS Discrete DHN66 Geilemkirchen "Magic" DHNOS Geilemiktchen "Magic US Air Farce Air Refueling Tactical Worldwide Bellcare/Power Utility Network Nationwide (USB/ALE) US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)/Interiar Department Network Nationwide US Army Carps of Engineers Point to Point Network Nationwide (USB/ALE) < Channel 7 > 6763 6785 6800 US Gavernment SHARES SCN BBS Network Nationwide (USB/ALE) < Channel 9> AT&T Point to Point Network Nationwide 6802 6809 Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) FNARS Network Nationwide (USB/LSB) 6815 US Coast Guard Tactical US Air Force Western Missile Range "Aria Control"
Environmental Protection Agency Point to Paint Network Nationwide
US Navy FACSFAC Frequency Pensacola, FL "Seabreeze"
Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Network Nationwide (USB/ALE) 6820 6821 6840 6845 National Communications System (NCS) Nationwide 6858 6870 American Red Cross Disaster Network Nationwide Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Network Nationwide (USB/ALE) 6910 US Army National Guard Nationwide (USB/ALE)
US Air Force E-8 JStars aircraft discrete 6911 US Air Force E-8 Jstars aircraft discrete
US Navy Space Shuttle Support Network Atlantic Ocean
Canadian Forces Affiliate Radio System (CFARS) Worldwide <Xray >
Canadian Forces Affiliate Radio System (CFARS) Worldwide <Alpha >
NASA Point to Point Netwark Nationwide
Canadian Forces Affiliate Radio System (CFARS) Worldwide <Whiskey >
US Air Force Mystic Star VIP Support Network Worldwide 6937 6962 6978 6981 6982 6993 6996 7300 International Red Cross Worldwide (Various)
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US Air Force Hurricane Contingency Support Net Eastern Test Range 7381 Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Network <F-03> US Coast Guard Tactical 7421 7428 Energy Department Network Nationwide
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N THE BENCH PROJECTS, REVIEWS, TIPS & TECHNIQUES

BYOB - Bend Your Own Brackets

By Jim Hackett, KB1HWF

fter months of trying to figure out how I was going to mount both my 2-meter rig and my wide-band scanner into the limited confines of my '87 Honda Accord (photo 1), I was on the verge of resorting to spending mega-bucks on a multiradio mounting bracket and drilling holes through the floor boards. Then I heard about a low cost tool that would allow me to make my own professional quality bracket. Not only would I save a bunch of money, and avoid promoting the inevitable invasion of the New England Rust Monster, but, when the next car needs to be rigged up I'll be ready to bend another custom bracket.



As luck would have it, I attended the "Emergency Communications Training Course SC-1," as presented by Dr. John Allocca (WB2LUA), to my fellow members of the Waterbury Area Radio Club (http://www.qsl.net/wllas/), in Prospect, CT. John brought with him his, "Emergency Communications Portable Base Station II," which is pictured on The Larkfield Amateur Radio Club's web site http://www.larkfield.org/emergency_station.htm. This is a sweet set up – lift it out of the component case, plug in the power source and antenna coax, have a seat, and go. Talk about prepared!

When John mentioned that he uses a metal bending tool that he got from McMaster-Carr to bend flat stock into mounting brackets, that was when I solved my mobile mounting mystery. (I came across a McMaster-Carr catalog in an abandoned concrete plant back when I was a 13-year-old CBer, and "Convoy" topped the pop charts. I remember spending hours looking through its thousands of pages and being totally amazed at what you could actually buy if you had a really good allowance.)

After the course presentation, I went home, got on-line, and surfed to http://www.mcmaster.com to find a Bench-Mount Press Brake (item number 2409A11) for just \$29.97. It's 18" wide and handles brass or

steel flat stock up to 16 ga. Now, I'm no expert, but the 16 ga. steel looks exactly like the material used for the stock bracket that came with my Yaesu FT-2600M. The catalog states that you will also need to purchase a pair of C-clamps

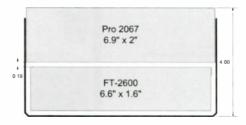
for operation. A trip to my favorite hardware store's bargain bin proved fruitful here for a couple of bucks.

Pro 2067 SA11) for just deles brass or FT-2600 6.6" x 1.6"

Proof it on Paper

While my new tool was in transit, I created a template for the bracket-to-be. This was a multi-step process that allowed me to proof my initial measurements and make adjustments without wasting flat stock in aggravation-filled trial and error. I used my computer, running Microsoft's Visio software, but a decent word processor with line and shape drawing functionality will do (as will a ruler and pencil, for that matter).

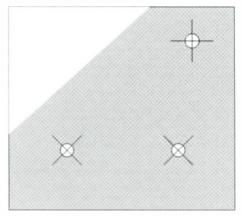
First, I drew a front-view silhouette of the radios. Knowing that I had a height of just over 4" to fit them into, I was able to figure how best to space them above the mounting surface and between each other for good ventilation. Also, I could estimate what size spacers I would need for the smaller radio (see fig. 1).



Second, I made drawings of the side-profile of each radio. After positioning the mounting points of each, I combined them into a profile of the two radios together, as they would be positioned when installed (fig. 2). I printed this out and cut off the excess paper to confirm that my initial configuration would actually fit where I thought it might. I got

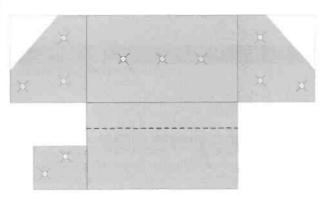
lucky first time on this one.

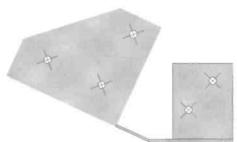
Third, using the mounting holes established in the previous step, I determined what size and shape the vertical tabs of the bracket would need to be. After printing this out, I used a hole-punch to open the mounting points and confirmed that they were positioned correctly by placing it against the radios. Good thing I used a paper template on this one, since I had to adjust the width between the points for the Yaesu a little bit for the final configuration. The resultant shape (fig. 3) was mirrored and attached onto each end of a rectangle wide enough to form the base.



Finally, I extended the base beyond the rear of the radios to provide additional support, deflect heat away from the carpet, and to create another vertical tab for an external speaker mounting point (fig 4). The three mounting points for the base of the rack were determined by copying the Yaesu stock mount's configuration.

The dotted line in Figure 4 shows where





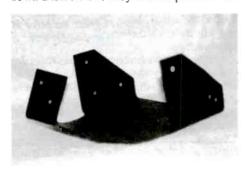
I put a 30° bend to conform to the installation location. Figure 5 shows the side view of what the finished product would look like.

Letting the Sparks Fly

I purchased an 8" x 24" piece of 16 ga. flat stock steel, and used a table saw with a metal cutting blade for most of my cuts. I used a saber saw with a metal cutting blade for the tighter cuts. Next, I used a rat-tail file and my Dremel MultiPro tool, fitted with an aluminum oxide grinding wheel to de-burr and round off the edges. Before taping my template onto the blank and drill-pressing all the holes, I cleaned the metal blank with a brass wire-wheel and steel wool. Once the holes were drilled I de-burred those areas and bent the bracket into shape.

Since I did not want to have the knobs that came with the Radio Shack^o Pro-2067 protruding from the sides of my rack, I found a pair of machine screws with the same threading, and a couple of metal washers to mount the scanner in place. I placed the rubber washers that came with the scanner between the bracket and the unit to dampen vibration.

To mount the Yaesu, I found some bolts with the same threading as the stock bolts (careful here; these are metric!), but longer to compensate for the space between my mount and the chassis. These had to be cut down a little bit so they did not protrude too



far into the radio chassis, and then de-burred with the Dremel grinding stone. I purchased four nylon spacers and cut them to size to center the rig into its new home. While doing a trial fitting, I mounted the microphone clip using one of the Yaesu mounting bolts, and marked where I would have to drill my final hole to finish the rack.

Finally, once that last hole was drilled and de-burred. I

applied several very thin coats of Rustoleum flat black enamel, and the bracket was ready for prime time (photo 2).

I suggest you take your time applying the several coats of paint. You'll be surprised what shows up after a day or two of drying time – missed that spot, a piece of dust got painted over here, etc. And, even if it looks perfect, one more coat can make a big difference in appearance, and adds to the overall durability of the finish.

A Mounting Theory

My goal here was to be able to bolt the bracket to the plastic center console, without having to drill holes in the floor of the car, and without cracking the plastic after a few

months of shakes and rattles on the road. The angled extension of the base would sit on the floor, acting as a heel to prevent the unit from flexing the console, or at least minimizing any flex. In order to strengthen the point where the bracket is bolted to plastic, I used a 4-1/2" x 1-1/2" strip of 1/4" plywood to brace the under-side. This distributes the load across a wider footprint (as opposed to just three points) to reduce the possibility of cracking the console.

I also used over-sized washers (5/16 X 1") between the nuts and the wood to further dissipate any stress on the wood itself (see photo 3). To help keep the bracket from jostling loose over time, I used stop nuts to secure things nicely. If the plastic console had a significant arc to it, I would have cut grooves through the top layer of the plywood to allow for some flex in the wooden brace.

Bolt it Down

To install everything in place, I removed the center console, and bolted the bracket onto it. Next, I bolted the speaker bracket to the radio bracket and the console was then fitted back into position and re-secured. Finally, the radios were installed, the speaker was bolted into its



bracket, and all the wiring connected.

Photos 4 & 5 show the final results. The radios are solidly installed into the small space available with nothing getting in the way when I drive my new shack to work and back. Maybe it's just me, but I love being simultaneously tuned into my favorite AM broadcast station, one of the local 2-meter repeaters, and the local public safety groups. An informed rag chewer is a happy rag chewer.

The installation of the radios was completed as it was getting cold here in the North-East, so I planned to wait until this spring to install a couple of accent lights to illuminate their face plates, and a custom power distribution unit complete with a 20-amp noise filter and dual-fused power connection points. Good thing I still have some flat stock left over!



This is your equipment page. Monitoring Times pays for projects, reviews, radio theory and hardware topics. Contact Rachel Baughn, 7540 Hwy 64 West, Brasstown, NC 28902; email editor@monitoringtimes.com.

jockelliott@monitoringtimes.com

The Well-Dressed First-Responder

efore we plunge into this month's subject, a big tip of the hat and a ceremonial hoisting of the coffee mug to Bill Schweikert of Northfield, MA, who emailed me back in October, referring me to Moore Manufacturing in Skykomish, WA (http:// www.mooremfg.com). Most of what follows is a direct result of Bill's suggestion.

If there is one thing that sets MT readers apart from the general population in their apparel, it's that MT readers, on occasion, like to wear radios. Of the folks who wander the planet, the guys and gals who subscribe to MT are high on the list of people who are likely to be found with a scanner, an amateur radio handitalkie or an FRS/GMRS two-way on their person. Some of them, I suspect, have the nagging feeling that they are only partially dressed if they leave the house without some familiar piece of radio gear stuffed into a pocket or hanging from a belt.

As a sometime radio wearer, I have come to realize that the portable radio as a fulltime companion is a mixed blessing. If you have a teensy handitalkie tucked into a shirt pocket, it tends to fall out if you bend over . . . to tie your shoe, for example. It you have a big HT - like my beloved Icom 2SRA – attached to your belt with a radio holster, belt clip or one of those other attachment gizmos, it tugs inexorably at your pants. (I once asked a surveyor why he was wearing a pair of wide red suspenders. 'To keep from mooning people,' he said, and then went on to point out all the gear that hung from his belt. The total weight must have been seven or eight pounds. While our radios weigh less, the principle is the same; gravity always wins.)



The CM Pro will hold a bunch of gear very comfortably for first responders.

And if you're in a situation where you have to get in and out of vehicles or amusement park rides, you don't have to be Einstein to figure out that a radio on your hip can be a real pain. The annoyances can range from jamming the radio against you to inadvertently detaching the radio when the belt clip slides up and off your belt. I've nearly lost a couple of FRS radios that way at amusement parks.

And that brings us neatly to Moore Manufacturing. They manufacture the CM Pro radio harness, which is just the ticket for first-responders - like members of search and rescue teams, ski patrol, and so forth - or anyone wants their radios securely attached to them but instantly available. The CM Pro straps to your chest and is lightly padded. It has two two-inch-wide shoulder straps and a strap that goes around your waist. All the straps are fitted with plastic

snap clips so that the harness is easy to remove, and quick adjusters so that the harness can be fitted close to your body and won't flop and bang around when you're moving.

The CM Pro has one radio holder that is Velcro-adjustable to fit virtually any radio, including very large HTs. In addition, there is a second pocket that can be used to hold a cell phone, GPS, scanner or second HT. There are also a pen holder, a mini mag light holder, and a remote microphone loop, plus twin elastic antenna keepers. At the top of the harness is a good-sized zippered pocket where you can stash a map, extra batteries, and other possibles. (It's also available in breathable mesh, custom colors,

> left-hand models and with reflective trim.) It seems to me this is an excellent piece of gear, well-made and well worth the price of \$39.95.

When Less is

Yeah, but maybe you don't want all that capability, maybe you just need a convenient way to carry and use your FRS two-way. No problem. Moore Manufacturing is also a distributor for the Hands-Free radio harness. The Model 103 is a threepoint fully adjustable harness that holds your FRS handitalkie high enough on



The Hands-Free 103 harness makes wearing an FRS radio quick and easy.

the left side of your chest that you can simply click the button and talk.

And, of course, the speaker is near enough to your head to make hearing transmissions easy as well. Everything adjusts to hold your radio snugly and to hold it comfortably close to your body. Again, this is one terrific piece of gear and that easily justifies its \$25 price tag. For more info on either of these harnesses, contact Moore Manufacturing at 360-677-2442 or visit http:// www.mooremfg.com.

Soft Touch

And that brings us to our last gadget for this month. If you want to listen privately while you are wearing your radio harness or to simply listen

quietly in any situation (I like to listen to shortwave while my wife sleeps next to me), let me commend to you C. Company's Crane Voz™ Earpiece. It has a very - I mean very - soft flexible loop that wraps around your ear, a crisp mono speaker, a 49.5' cord, a 1/8" stereo plug and adjusts for either right or left ear.



The Voz earpiece is super comfortable.

When C. Crane claims you can listen for hours in comfort, they're right. It really is so soft and gentle on the ear that you hardly know it's there. The Voz has now replaced my headphones at my nighttime listening post, and I can recommend this earpiece without reservation. The cost is just \$12.95. For more info, contact C.Crane at 800-522-8863 or visit http:// www.ccrane.com.

Did your antenna system survive the harsh winter weather? Do Your Signals Seem a Little Weak?

Order ANT 5

plus \$3 UPS

Ground

It's Time to Upgrade Your Reception with These Fine Grove Products!



Grove OMNI II

Designed by Bob Grove, this exclusive Grove product offers 25-1300 MHz coverage: lightweight, compact design, high performance. and low cost! Designed especially for wide-area metropolitan listeners, the 68" Omni can be mounted on a mast, in an attic crawl space, against a wall-just about anywhere convenient.

BONUS FEATURE! Although the Omni is essentially non-directional, a metal mast gives it useful directional properties. Overload

interference from paging transmitters, weather stations. FM or TV broadcasters, or other sources may be reduced or eliminated when positioning the antenna on the mast at the time of installa-

tion! Similarly, a distant, weak signal may be peaked by the same technique!

Balun transformer with F connector, offset pipe, mounting hardware and full instructions included.

SCANNER BEAM II

A standard of unexcelled performance for more than 20 years, our world-renowned Scanner Beam has been improved to provide better directivity!

Ideal for 30-50 MHz low band reception. 54-800 MHz FM Broadcast and TV, 108-137 MHz aircraft, 137-174 MHz high band, 225-400 MHz military aircraft and satellites. 406-

512 MHz UHF, and 698-960 MHz extended microwave mobile.

The major lobe pattern is directional from 100-900 MHz. non-directional outside of that range.

HAMS NOTE: The Scanner Beam can be used • for transmitting up to 25 watts on VHF/UHF with the following average VSWR: 50 MHz @

1.9:1, 144 MHz @ 3:1, 222 MHz @3:1, and 430 MHz @ 1.5:1. 50-72 ohms nominal impedance.

May be used with inexpensive TV antenna rotator or fixed in favored direction. Local signals still come in loud and clear from all directions. Balun transformer, offset

pipe and all mounting hardware included (requires TV type F connector on your coax).

Order ANT 18

plus \$8.95 UPS Ground

THE SCANTENNA

This omnidirectional scanner antenna will equal or outperform any competitor on the market. Its dipole-cluster design utilizes broadhand techniques to provide continuous frequency coverage from 25-1300 MHz, offering superb reception of public safety, civilian and military aircraft, hams, personal communication devices, maritime. CB- anything in its frequency range! Approximate size 7-1/2'H x 4-1/2'W.

SPECIAL: Now imeludes 50° of coax cable plus Motorola and BNC connectors!

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Professional Wideband Discone

The discone antenna is used by government and military agencies worldwide because of its wide bandwidth characteristics and non-directional

grade discone at a popular price. Designed for use with wide-frequency coverage VHF/UHF scanners and receivers. the Diamond D130J discone consists of 16 rugged, stainless steel elements and is capable of transmitting up to 200 watts in the amateur 50, 144, 220, 432, 900, and 1200 MHz bands.

coverage. Now Diamond offers a professional

As a receiving antenna, the D130J is

omni-directional for continuous 25-1000 MHz (and above) coverage. A base-loaded, vertical top element is used as a low band (30-50 MHz) frequency extender.

The elements are arranged on a 24-inch support pipe equipped with two strong mounting brackets to accomodate any standard mast-pipe (1"to 2-1/8" diameter).

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Grove Skywire Dipole

High performance and low cost—an unbeatable combination! Why restrict your frequency coverage with the gaps found in expensive trap dipoles or unpredictable random wire when you can get unsurpassed full-frequency reception with the Grove Skywire? Comes assembled

with Budwig center connector ready for your PL-259 (UHF male) equipped coaxial cable (50 or 75 ohm); includes two professional porcelain end insulators and complete instructions

HAMS! Ideal for transmitting when used with a transmatch. (1.8-30 MHz at up to 250 watts)

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What's NEW Tell them you saw it in Monitoring Times

Two Books for Grundig Fans

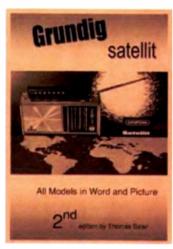
- Review by Kevin Carey I've always had a soft spot for Grundig radios. When I was first getting started in the longwave hobby, I scoured many hamfests looking for a receiver – any receiver – that would allow me to hear the mysterious signals below 500 kHz. Like most 16-year olds, my budget was quite limited. I couldn't afford a \$500+receiver to get on the band – that was something I could only dream of. I'd need to settle for something used.

At the time (late 1970s), longwave coverage was uncommon even on higher end receivers, so I was not having much luck finding that special rig at the local hamfest. I was about to suspend my search, when I spotted a "\$2 Grab Box" laying on the ground. In the bottom of the box I found an old, dusty portable radio that bore the label "Grundig" and the dial markings SW, MW, and LW. The "LW" selection was the only one that mattered to me. Immediately upon getting home. I loaded the set with batteries, turned it on, and was delighted to find that it worked just fine. I was finally hearing beacons!

It was with this fond memory that I took a keen interest in two recently published books by Thomas Baier, both dealing specifically with Grundig radios. They are titled Grundig Satellit—All Models in Word and Picture, and The Great Grundig Satellit 700. Both books are storehouses of information for anyone who collects, operates, or simply appreciates the quality of Grundig Satellit receivers.

Grundig Satellit—All Models in Word and Picture is, as the name implies, a comprehensive listing of all Satellit series radios from 1964 on. I say "listing," because the book is not a coffee table-type tome with glossy photos and lots of flowery editorial. It takes a matter of fact approach to covering the series with no excessive fanfare. What you do get, are front, side, and rear views of

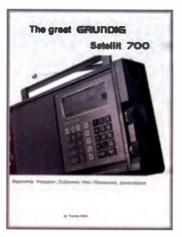
19 different models, tuning string diagrams for many sets, technical specifications, and some commentary on each model. The author does a good job of discussing the lineage and variations of each model. He also includes a helpful "Before you Buy" section with a grading system for determining a set's worth and rarity, with all values based in U.S. dollars.



An "Extra Pics" section at the back of the book includes supplementary photos of Grundig advertising, views of the factory, and even some pictures of Max Grundig himself. While the book is printed in black and white, the author maintains a website where color photos of many models may be viewed. You'll find this site at: http://www.grundigsatellit.de.

Grundig Satellit—All Models in Word and Picture, 2nd ed., by Thomas Baier, September 2001, 143 pages, b/w, Softcover, Price: \$19.95

The Great Grundig Satellit 700 is a much more detailed book, focusing squarely on the 700 model. It contains lots of historical background, operating tips (and tricks) as well as large reprint sections from the instruction and service manuals for the model. Indeed, if you lack a user's manual for the set, this book would probably fill the need quite nicely. By the way, it includes full schematics and a parts list for the radio.



As with the previous book, you probably won't use this one to adorn the coffee table. It's very much a technical treatise for the venerable 700.

I found both books to be very useful for their intended audience, and would recommend them for the bookshelf of any Grundig aficionado. My English versions suffer from somewhat from rough translations here and there, but there are no major gaffs that can't be figured out from the context.

The Great Grundig Satellit 700, 1st ed., by Thomas Baier, April 2002, 124 pages, b/w, Softcover, Price: \$24.95

Both books are available from Universal Radio, Inc., 6830 Americana Pkwy., Reynoldsburg, OH 43068-4113. To order, call (800) 431-3939, or visit Universal Radio online at: http://www.universalradio.com.

Zenith: The Glory Years, 1936-1945

by Harold Cones, John Bryant and Martin Blankinship

Among the prize collectibles in the antique radio market, the name Zenith stands by itself, a monument to quality and satisfaction in broadcast listening for American households and worldwide as well.

This newly-published pair of books is part of a succession of volumes which began in 1997



with Zenith Radio, the Early Years, 1919-1935, and the 1994 publication, The Zenith Trans oceanic, the Royalty of Radios.

This newest compendium focuses on two areas of Zenith: its history and people, and an illustrated database and catalog of its products.

Volume 1 treats us to a visual feat of day-to-day operations of the Zenith Corporation, with excellent photos of in key personnel, assembly lines, test equipment, advertising, engineering, war contracts, official correspondence, original artwork for designs of radios, and a fine color collection of radios. Representative market prices for each model are included for collectors to gauge values.

Volume 2 is a comprehensive collection of images of virtually every product ever produced by Zenith during the period 1936-1945. It contains a large collection of original ads, and its tables reflect years of manufacture, frequency coverage, list price, model and chassis number, speaker size, name, quantity produced, style, number of tubes, power source, relative rarity, and a collector's value guide.



For the consummate collector of antique radios, this series is bound to please.

Volume 1 (History and Products), \$29.95; Volume 2 (Illustrated Catalog and Database), \$34.95. From Schiffer Publishing,

What's NEW

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Ltd., 4880 Lower Valley Rd., Atglen, PA 19310; phone (610) 593-1777, fax (610) 593-2002, or email schifferbk@aol,com.

- Review by Bob Grove

ARRL Periodicals on CD-ROM

The American Radio relay League has released their 2003 anthology of their popular journals on a compact, fully-searchable CD-ROM. Every word and photo published throughout the year is included for QST – The official membership journal of ARRL; NCJ – National Contest Journal; and QEX Forum for Communications Experimenters.

Using the Adobe Acrobat engine you can search the full text of every article by entering titles, call signs, names – almost any word. You can see every word, photo (including color images), drawing and table in technical and general-interest features, columns and product reviews, plus all advertisements. You can print what you see, or copy it into other applications.

Web links appearing in any article can be used to launch your existing Web browser to view additional information (feature available for versions beginning with 1996).

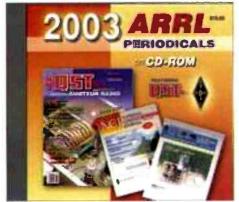
System Requirements:

1995-1998, Microsoft Windows 3.1 or later

1999-2002, Microsoft Windows 95 or later; or Apple Power Macintosh computer, Apple System Software version 7.1.2 or later.

2003, Microsoft Windows 98SE, ME, NT 4.0 with Service Pack 5, Windows 2000, or Windows XP; Macintosh PowerPC, MAC OS software version 8.6(*), 9.0.4, 9.1, or OS X(*) A * denotes that some features may not be available due to OS limitations

ARRL periodical anthologies on CD-ROM are available for 1995-2003 at \$19.95 plus shipping and handling and can be ordered from the ARRL website (http://www.arrl.org), on their toll-free telephone



line 1-888-277-5289 (Outside US +1-860-594-0355), or via snail mail at ARRL Publication Sales Department, 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111-1494 USA.

Galapagos Islands DX Diploma

Issued by the DX-TA-SEA DX CLUB (WW8DX), the Galapagos Islands "HC8/HD8 DX Diploma" multicolored diploma measuring 8.5 x 11 inches (21.5 x 28 cm) is awarded to Amateur Radio Operators and Short Wave Listeners for confirming contacts with (or SWL reception of) a minimum of three different HC8 or HD8 stations in the Galapagos Islands.

This award has been developed to recognize past Amateur Radio activities from the Galapagos Islands as well as to promote future DX operations from the two different HC8 & HD8 prefixes.

A special endorsement is available for those confirming QSOs with (or reception of) "8" different Galapagos Islands callsigns, one of which must be an HD8 callsign.

"Equatorial Line Diploma"

Also issued by the DX-TA-SEA DX CLUB (WW8DX), is the Republic of Ecuador-HC/HD DX Award "Equatorial Line Diploma" LATITUDE 0°0'0". This multicolored diploma is awarded to Amateur Radio Operators and Short Wave Listeners for confirming contacts with (or SWL reception of) the 20 different Ecuadorean HC & HD prefix areas, HC1-HC0 and HD1-HD0 (including HC8/HD8-Galapagos Islands and HC9/HD9 & HC0/HD0-Special Event and Contest Prefixes).

Class D-(Brass) - contacts with (reception of) 1-5 prefixes

Class C-(Bronze) - contacts with (reception of) 6-10 prefixes

Class B-(Silver) - contacts with (reception of) 11-15 prefixes

Class A-(Gold) - contacts with (reception of) 16-20 prefixes

A special trophy will be awarded free of charge to those holding the Class A (Gold) Diploma + confirming all 20 prefixes.

The following application information applies to both diplomas:

All contacts or SWL reports must be made after November 20, 1945. Contacts may be made using different personal callsigns, but, they must be made from within the same DXCC country. Endorsements are available by BAND, MODE or QRP <5W.

Fees: Basic diploma with any amount of endorsement stickers-\$5.00 U.S. (or equivalent – foreign currency accepted at current exchange rate) or 10 IRC's (valid ONLY if

properly stamped).

Class endorsements: (any amount) at later dates: SAE + \$2.00 U.S. (or equivalent) or 4 IRC's.

All awards and endorsements are free to Ecuadorean (HC & HC8) Amateur Radio Operators and SWLs.

DO NOT SEND QSLs: Send list of QSO's or GCR list indicating: Station Worked (or heard), Date, Band, Mode & special endorsement requested to:

Dr. Rick Dorsch, NE8Z/HC1MD, P.O. Box 616, Hamburg, MI 48139-0616 USA

Books and equipment for announcement or review should be sent to "What's New?" c/o Monitoring Times, 7540 Highway 64 West, Brasstown, NC 28902. Press releases may be faxed to 828-837-2216 or emailed to Rachel Baughn, editor@monitoringtimes.com

NOTICE: It is unlawful to buy cellular-capable scanners in the United States made after 1993, or modified for cellular coverage, unless you are an authorized government agency, cellular service provider, or engineering/service company engaged in cellular technology.



Weather Satellite Reception Basics

Ithough I would hope that anyone reading this column for the first time would be able to understand the terms used, I am sure that an updated background description should occasionally be included. The column is about weather satellites (WXSATs) and summarizes the status of the current satellite constellations, together with notes about any recent problems.

There are literally thousands of people around the world who have set up receiving stations. Some stations include basic systems that receive the relatively simple APT (automatic picture transmission) telemetry, WEFAX (weather facsimile) image reception, or the much more advanced high resolution picture telemetry (HRPT) or even Primary Data reception. The choice is usually dictated by one's available funds. In many cases, users start by setting up a simple APT station, and find the results so amazing that they often install more advanced equipment at a later time.

I set up my first APT station during the late 1980s, after leaving the world of professional satellite monitoring (an oft regretted decision). After extensive reading about the NOAA and Meteor satellites, I could hardly wait to receive and decode my first picture. Much has changed since that time because computers have developed enough to be used for the signal decoding process. We no longer need to build a hardware decoder equivalent (the framestore).

For APT reception we require a suitable antenna for the 137 MHz right-circularly polarized telemetry from the NOAA satellites (see the list of frequencies at the end of this column). You can buy a crossed dipole or, if funds are available, a quadrifilar helix antenna. By mounting this as high as possible, you should receive a good signal from NOAA-12, NOAA-15 and NOAA-17 when they pass over your

Weather satellite receivers are specialized and not to be confused with standard utility receivers. You can sometimes find one for sale at a discount from members of local radio clubs, or you can search the web for a dealer. Software is usually included with a complete system. With little more than an antenna and receiver to buy, APT reception is inexpensive and very popular.

Each NOAA satellite is in a near polar orbit, conveniently spaced so that we receive about three passes from each, traveling southbound and then several hours later traveling northbound. The satellites are a few hundred kilometers above the earth, and provide us with a view that presents a wide perspective of the region

surrounding our stations, yet detailed enough to show cloud fronts and even different types of cloud. Hardly surprising that once you have seen a few live pictures, you want to stay and watch the others coming in!

♦ NOAA-16 on the mend

Although evidence of a problem with the high resolution picture telemetry (HRPT) from NOAA-16 was detectable as long ago as September last year, I had not noticed it. The evidence took the form of a slightly wavy feature on the left-hand side (of ascending pass images). The feature began to increase and a sharpeyed observer commented on it via one of the Internet mailing lists.

The Spacecraft Operations Control Center (SOCC) reported that NOAA-16 AVHRR/ MIRP re-synchronization commands were being executed daily. Next, the Temperature Control Electronics (TCE-24) of the AVHRR heater/ louver was turned off in an attempt to raise the temperature of the local area in an attempt to recover additional lubricant for the scan motor. This early stage in the recovery procedure led to a welcome improvement.

For several weeks following this procedure, imagery stayed nominal. The 'wavy lines' feature apparently developed later and was acknowledged by NOAA. They announced that on January 16, the TCE-24 (heater/louver) would be turned back on. With the AVHRR (scanner) running at record high temperatures, the scan motor surged to high values and imagery degraded significantly, producing a bar code pattern. The significant deterioration in image quality left NOAA-16 images appearing similar to those being received from NOAA-14.

NOAA-16's scanner TCE-24 was re-enabled, and after three days of operations, the instrument stabilized with a temperature about 4 degrees lower (~21.0° C versus ~16° C). The scan motor current indicated a decreasing trend with slightly improved performance apparent at about 17.5° C. The images are again usable and the current operations plan is to leave the AVHRR in the current configuration with the TCE enabled.

NOAA-14 monitoring

Patrick Prokop is a meteorologist with his own extremely well equipped WXSAT monitoring station. Patrick's facilities include a homebased quadrifilar antenna for APT reception, and an HRPT dish on controlled mount located at the local TV station. Patrick's own house has some very large trees nearby that cause severe interference to reception, hence his decision to reposition.

Patrick's NOAA-14 image see figure 1 – shows the interference patterns seen in most recent images. Sometimes the image is unusable, and sometimes, as in this example, the picture is largely of good quality. Patrick has an extensive web site that carries recent images from all the active NOAA pages with links to Patrick Prokop WXSAT-related



http://www.savannah weather.com Fig 1: NOAA-14 HRPT WXSATs, and also January 29 image from

sites, both official and amateur.

Chuck Vaughn actively monitors the Chinese Fengyun WXSATs that transmit HRPT. He recorded the morning pass on February 2 that "revealed extensive ground coverage of snow in the northern plains states and southern Canada." Chuck added country/state outlines to put the picture into context.

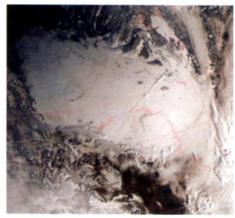


Fig 2: Fengyun-1D shows extensive snow cover on February 2 from Chuck Vaughn

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Evolution of Technology: It's Not What You Think

By Ken Reitz

Whether or not you believe in Evolutionary Science, you know you believe in the evolution of technology. But, I'd like to challenge that view. First, a review to see where we are and how we got here.

It's 1876, Alexander Bell tells Watson he needs him and nobody's been able to get through dinner since. The phone has gone from a 25 pound wooden box on the wall, which for some reason you needed a step ladder to reach, to a 2 ounce piece of plastic with a video screen, caller ID, call waiting, voice mail, text messaging and Internet access. Evolution, so far, intact.

Now consider the radio. It's 1901 and Marconi builds an antenna system half the size of Newfoundland, houses tons of equipment in a shack just to tune in the only functioning transmitter on the globe which is sending static bursts of Morse Code from across the Atlantic. It's front page news. Today a tiny little tuner uses an antenna the size of a cigarette pack to pick up 100 channels of stereo programming from a satellite 20,000 miles away. Still going in the right direction.

What about TV? Seventy years ago folks clustered around a set the size of an old ice box to watch a round 3" TV tube and mostly what they got to see was a black & white test pattern! Today you can watch a dozen channels of color TV on a 3" LCD screen on a set small enough to fit into your shirt pocket and still have room for the cell phone. Full speed ahead!

Then there's recordings. Once again, it's 1877 and Tom Edison is rasping a child's poem into the horn of a contraption which reproduces his voice onto a wax cylinder. He plays it back and a wobbly, tinny voice comes squeaking back at him through the horn. Today plastic discs, electronically imbedded with 1's and 0's, whirl around at the speed of a dentist's drill inside playing units barely bigger than the disc itself giving nearly flawless reproduction of the sound as originally recorded. It's the pinnacle of audio progress, isn't it?

Now comes word from a media think tank called Forrester Research which, in a widely reported study, says that CDs are about to disappear faster than America's once celebrated Treasury surplus. Not only that, but, as Forrester's chief analyst Josh Bernoff told CNN.com"...CDs, DVDs, and any other forms of physical media will become obsolete."

Wait a minute! Half the country hasn't even gotten DVD players yet and they're going to be obsolete? We're finally

getting rid of wobbly, cumbersome video tapes with their herky-jerky video, weird features none of us could figure out, and we're replacing them with crystalline DVD images on players even old folks could use and now they're going to be obsolete? Do you call that progress?

In the same CNN.com piece a pop music magazine editor is quoted as saying that "The CD is turning out to be a transitory sort of item..." Really? Too bad they didn't print that on the CD player box or put it in the ad literature before you bought it. Hold it, I'm sensing a trend!

The dreary news of the demise of the CD falls directly on the heels of the announcement that the entire fleet of those elegant, supersonic Concorde airplanes is to be scrapped. Are you kidding? We're going to give up on the dream of air travel at twice the speed of sound in favor of big, lumbering planes with all the appeal of a cattle car. That can't be progress!

Then, finally, word from Detroit: General Motors has pulled the plug on hybrid vehicles. They're crushing all but a few of their advanced design cars which would have at last given us the chance to get high gas mileage *and* dramatically reduce pollution. Say it ain't so!

To those of you still clinging to your old cassette decks, Betamax VCRs, LazerDisc players, and analog TV sets I say: make room for your old CD and DVD players. Don't even bother having a yard sale.

Now, take a look at the TV industry which is in the process of a total makeover where the buzzwords are "on-demand, upscale formats and enhanced technologies." We're now in a time where the life span of the new technology is half its predecessor. And that's a good thing because construction on the new technology is often so poor it just barely survives until the replacement technology comes on-line.

Well, nothing lasts forever, except Bakelite telephones and wooden box radios, but if this really is the direction we're going I think we'd better open up a few more landfills.

This page is open to thoughtful opinions on radio-related topics. Views expressed on this page do not necessarily reflect the opinion of Monitoring Times or Grove Enterprises.



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