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## Compilation of canthariphilous insects

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### Summary

A list of insects attracted to cantharidin is given. Most canthariphilous insects are found within the heteromeran beetle family Anthicidae with 190 species in the three subfamilies Anthicinae (184), Lemodiinae (1) and Tomoderinae (5). Further cantharidin baited species are known from the beetle families Endomychidae (5), Cleridae (4), Chrysomelidae (3), and Staphylinidae (1). In the beetle family Pyrochroidae 23 species from the subfamily Pedilinae and 6 species of the Pyrochroinae are canthariphilous. The insect order Diptera is represented by the families Anthomyiidae (3), Cecidomyiidae (2), Ceratopogonidae (22) Chloropidae (1), Platystomatidae (1) and Sciaridae (5). Many species from the heteropteran family Miridae (29) are known to be attracted by cantharidin, also one species from the families Lygaeidae and Tingidae respectively. Parasites of the hymenopteran family Braconidae (6) show a positive reaction to cantharidin as well as species from the subfamily Diapriinae of the family Diapriidae. Chemical analyses of a fulgorid and a cicadid species revealed that also species of Homoptera may contain cantharidin.

### Keywords

cantharidin; canthariphilous insects; Coleoptera; Diptera; Heteroptera; Homoptera

### Zusammenfassung

Die durch Cantharidin angezogenen Insekten werden aufgelistet. Die meisten Cantharidin-abhängigen Insekten sind in der Käferfamilie Anthicidae mit 190 Arten in den drei Unterfamilien Anthicinae (184), Lemodiinae (1) und Tomoderinae (5) gefunden worden. Weitere Cantharidin-abhängige Arten sind bekannt aus den Käferfamilien Endomychidae (5), Cleridae (4), Chrysomelidae (3) und Staphylinidae (1). In der Familie Pyrochroidae sind 23 Arten aus der Unterfamilie Pedilinae und 6 Arten aus den Pyrochroinae Cantharidin-beeinflußt. Bei den Dipteren sind dies in den Familien Anthomyiidae (3), Cecidomyiidae (2), Ceratopogonidae (22), Chloropidae (1), Platystomatidae (1) und Sciaridae (5). Manche Arten der Heteropterenfamilie Miridae (29) sind bekannt wegen des Einflusses von Cantharidin ebenso jeweils eine Art aus den Familien Lygaeidae und Tingidae. Parasiten der Hymenopterenfamilie Braconidae (6) zeigen eine positive Reaktion auf Cantharidin, ebenso wie Arten der Unterfamilie Diapriinae der Familie Diapriidae. Chemische Analysen von Arten der Fulgoridae und Cicadidae zeigen, dass auch Arten der Homoptera Cantharidin-abhängig scheinen.

### Introduction

Cantharidin, a formal monoterpene anhydride, is known to humans for its toxic properties for over 2000 years. Applied on the human skin it induces serum filled blisters, which gave blister beetles (Coleoptera: Meloidae) their common name, beside Oedemeridae the only known natural sources of this chemical. Used internally cantharidin acts as diuretic and abortifacient. It may induce priapism, which made cantharidin one of the most well known aphrodisiacs.

In meloid and oedemerid beetles cantharidin is used as an effective haemolymph poison (CAVILL & CLARK 1971, CAPINERA et al. 1985, CARREL et al. 1986, BLODGETT et al. 1991, NICHOLLS et al. 1990, HOLZ et al. 1994), which protects the adults as well as larval stages and eggs.

Another interesting phenomenon in connection with cantharidin is its attractancy on other insects, which perceive this insecticide partly over great distances (GÖRNITZ 1937, WIRTH 1980, YOUNG 1984 a, b). Many of these so-called canthariphilous insects ingest cantharidin without any obvious damage.

This paper gives a compilation of insects attracted to cantharidin on species level. Canthariphilous species are known from following orders and families: Coleoptera (Anthicidae, Cleridae, Chrysomelidae, Endomychidae, Pyrochroidae, Staphylinidae), Diptera (Anthomyiidae, Cecidomyiidae, Ceratopogonidae, Chloropidae, Platystomatidae, Sciaridae), Heteroptera (Miridae, Lygaeidae, Tingidae), and Hymenoptera (Braconidae, Diapriidae). Analysis of Homoptera species proved, that cantharidin containing species can also be found in these order of insects.

### Possible function of cantharidin in the life cycles of canthariphilous insects

#### Coleoptera

Most canthariphilous species are found in the beetle family Anthicidae with 190 recorded species. Mostly *Notoxus* and *Aulacoderus* species are attracted. Conspicuous in many anthicid genera associated with cantharidin are notches at the tips of the elytra in males which function as test organs. Females bite into these structures and choose their sexual partner by the amount of cantharidin a male has taken up (SCHÜTZ & DETTNER 1992). Ingested cantharidin is stored in the reproductive organs of the males and transmitted to females during copulation. The nuptial gift is secreted into eggs and thus provides protection for the offspring.

From the family Cleridae *Pallenothriocera rufimembris* is attracted to the terpenoid cantharidin (HEMP et al. 1999b). Also single specimens of other clerid species were collected in cantharidin traps put out in southern Europe. Further clerids were suggested to be canthariphilous (CHANDLER 1976, BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984) or reported to contain cantharidin (JUANJIE et al. 1995, DETTNER, in prep.). Gland-like structures on the elytra of male *Pallenothriocera rufimembris* suggests an analogous cycle as found in anthicids. Specimens of a up to now unidentified clerid species attracted to cantharidin baits near Nairobi, Kenya were observed to remain several hours in the open traps, attacking there other arriving canthariphilous species (mostly *Notoxus* sp.), killing and feeding on them. Remaining elytra of the preys showed that one clerid often fed more than 10 *Notoxus* during the day hours.

Canthariphilous pyrochroid beetles show a similar cycle for cantharidin as discussed above for anthicids (HOLZ et al. 1994, EISNER et al. 1996b). Test organs for cantharidin titres are present on the head of the male in form of grooves (EISNER et al. 1996a). As in anthicid beetles the females bite into these structures to inform themselves about the amount of cantharidin the would-be partner has taken up.

For all other beetles families (Chrysomelidae, Endomychidae, Staphylinidae) with canthariphilous species only the phenomenon that members are attracted to the natural product cantharidin is known. No investigations have been undertaken up to now to illuminate life cycles and function of cantharidin for these insects.

### Diptera and Heteroptera

Ceratopogonids are an ever present group as soon as cantharidin is put out. Studies on the function of cantharidin in the biology of canthariphilous ceratopogonids have been made by FRENZEL & DETTNER (1994). Both sexes of the investigated canthariphilous gnats are attracted to cantharidin, ingesting the terpenoid readily. Maximal concentrations in tissues of ceratopogonids analysed are similar to those detected in the cantharidin producing species of the heteromeran beetle families Meloidae and Oedemeridae. High concentrations of cantharidin in the haemolymph of European ceratopogonids proved to deter Empididae, which prey on these gnats.

As for most beetle families only the phenomenon that dipterans and heteropterans from families like Anthomyiidae, Cecidomyiidae, Chloropidae, Platystomatidae, Sciaridae (Diptera) and Miridae, Lygaeidae and Tingidae (Heteroptera) are attracted, is noted.

### Hymenoptera

Braconids are parasitoids of other insects. Females are capable of sensing their host for egg-deposition via kairomones. This may also be the case in canthariphilous species that are attracted by the cantharidin smell of their hosts as suggested for *Perilitus plumicornis* which is a parasite of the anthicid *Notoxus monoceros* (GÖRNITZ 1937).

### List of insects attracted to cantharidin

#### Coleoptera

Anthicidae  
Anthicinae

<i>Acanthinus scitulus</i> (LECONTE)	CHANDLER 1976, YOUNG 1984a, b
<i>Anthicus lutulentus</i> CASEY	CHANDLER 1976, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Anthicus nanus</i> LECONTE	CHANDLER 1976, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Anthicus punctulatus</i> LECONTE	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Anthicus sonoranus</i> WERNER	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Aulacoderus albitarsis</i> (LAFERTÉ) <sup>1</sup>	VAN HILLE 1954
<i>Aulacoderus apterus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus asymmetricus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus bicoloritarsis</i> (PIC) <sup>2</sup>	VAN HILLE 1954

<i>Aulacoderus bilineatus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus bonadonai</i> (VAN HILLE)	FORCHHAMMER 1985
<i>Aulacoderus bradfordi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus brevicornis</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984b
<i>Aulacoderus bryanti</i> (PIC)	pers. comm. <sup>3</sup>
<i>Aulacoderus canariensis</i> (WOLLASTON)	SCHÜTZ & DETTNER 1992
<i>Aulacoderus canthariphilus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus cecileae</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1985
<i>Aulacoderus chappuisi</i> (PIC)	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Aulacoderus citernii</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus colletti</i> (VAN HILLE)	pers. observ., 49
<i>Aulacoderus dorsalis</i> (LAFERTÉ)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus flavitaris</i> (FAHRAEUS) <sup>4</sup>	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus flavopictus</i> (LAFERTÉ)	VAN HILLE 1954, 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus forchhammeri</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1985
<i>Aulacoderus formicomisternus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus forsythi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus fragilis</i> (FAHRAEUS)	VAN HILLE 1984a, pers. observ. <sup>5</sup>
<i>Aulacoderus govenderi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984b
<i>Aulacoderus halleyi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1988
<i>Aulacoderus inopinans</i> (KREKICH)	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Aulacoderus kochi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1985
<i>Aulacoderus maccheryi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus martini</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus mediofasciatus</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus milleri</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984b
<i>Aulacoderus mogotoensis</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus multidenticulatus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus munroi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus mutatus</i> (GEMMINGER)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus orangensis</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus pedester</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus perlucidus</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1971, 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus poweri</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus ranchbodi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus recognitus</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus reverendus</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus rotundipennis</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1971
<i>Aulacoderus scydmaenoides</i> (WOLLASTON)	HEMP 1994 <sup>6</sup>
<i>Aulacoderus serowensis</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1985
<i>Aulacoderus sibayensis</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1971, 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus simoni</i> (PIC) <sup>7</sup>	VAN HILLE 1954, 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus smithersi</i> (VAN HILLE)	VAN HILLE 1984a
<i>Aulacoderus techowi</i> (PIC)	VAN HILLE 1985, pers. observ. <sup>8</sup>
<i>Cordicomus instabilis</i> (SCHMIDT)	pers. comm. <sup>9</sup>
<i>Cyclodinus basilewskyi</i> BUCK	pers. comm. <sup>10</sup>

- Endomia tenuicollis* (ROSSI) BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
- Formicilla munda* (LECONTE) YOUNG 1984b
- Formicomus caeruleus* (THUNBERG) VAN HILLE 1954, 1985
- Formicomus canaliculatus* LAFERTÉ VAN HILLE 1971, HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus chappuisi* PIC pers. observ. <sup>11</sup>
- Formicomus consul* LAFERTÉ YOUNG 1984b
- Formicomus gestroi* PIC SCHÜTZ & DETTNER 1992, HEMP et al. 1997,  
HEMP & DETTNER 1997, HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus lacustris* KREK. VAN HILLE 1971, HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus linnavouri* VAN HILLE pers. observ. <sup>50</sup>
- Formicomus millerianus* PIC HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus opaculus* KOLBE HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus pedestris* (ROSSI) GÖRNITZ 1937, BOLOGNA & HAVELKA  
1984, HEMP & DETTNER 1997
- Formicomus rubricollis* LAFERTÉ SCHÜTZ & DETTNER 1992, HEMP et al. 1997,  
HEMP & DETTNER 1997, HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus* sp. (*lewisi* MARSEUL?) YOUNG 1984b
- Formicomus spatulatus* VAN HILLE HEMP et al. 1999a
- Formicomus tropicalis* KREK. VAN HILLE 1971
- Hirticomus biplagiatus* (LAFERTÉ) pers. observ. <sup>51</sup>
- Hirticomus hispidus* (ROSSI) pers. observ. <sup>12</sup>
- Hirticomus quadrigitatus* (ROSSI) BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984, pers.observ. <sup>13</sup>
- Mecynotarsus balsasensis* WERNER CHANDLER 1976, 1977b
- Mecynotarsus casperi* PIC pers. comm. <sup>14</sup>
- Mecynotarsus falcatus* CHANDLER YOUNG 1984b
- Mecynotarsus lacustris* VAN HILLE VAN HILLE 1971
- Mecynotarsus nevermanni* WERNER HEMP et al. 1999a
- Mecynotarsus nigronotatus* PIC HEMP et al. 1999a
- Mecynotarsus obliquemaculatus* MARSEUL YOUNG 1984b
- Mecynotarsus obliteratedus* PIC HEMP et al. 1999a
- Mecynotarsus serricornis* (PANZER) BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
- Mecynotarsus vagepictus* FAIRMAIRE YOUNG 1984b
- Microboria aspelia* (TRUQUI) pers. comm. <sup>15</sup>
- Microboria aubei* (LAFERTÉ) <sup>16</sup> GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a
- Microboria biauriculatus* (PIC) <sup>17</sup> GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a
- Microboria calliger* (MARSEUL) pers. comm. <sup>18</sup>
- Microboria chobauti* (PIC) <sup>19</sup> GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a
- Microboria cinctuta* (MARSEUL) <sup>20</sup> GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, BOLOGNA  
& HAVELKA 1984, YOUNG 1984a
- Microboria fairmairei* (BRISOUT) <sup>21</sup> GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a
- Microboria fasciata* (CHEVROLAT) BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
- Microboria fasciata* (CHEVROLAT) *codinae* PIC BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984

- Microhoria ghilianii* (LAFERTÉ)  
*Microhoria insignis* (LUCAS)<sup>22</sup>  
*Microhoria insignis* (LUCAS) var. *panousei* (PIC)<sup>23</sup>  
*Microhoria obscuripes* (PIC)<sup>24</sup>  
*Microhoria plagifer* (KREKICH)  
*Microhoria syrensis* (PIC)  
*Microhoria terminata* (SCHMIDT)  
  
*Microhoria tortiscelis* (MARSEUL)<sup>27</sup>  
*Microhoria venusta* (VILLA)  
  
*Notoxus allansoni* VAN HILLE  
*Notoxus alluaudi* PIC  
*Notoxus amaculatus* VAN HILLE  
*Notoxus anchora* HENTZ  
*Notoxus bifasciatus* (LECONTE)  
*Notoxus brutoni* VAN HILLE  
*Notoxus buraensis* UHMANN  
*Notoxus calcaratus* HORN  
*Notoxus candatus* FALL  
*Notoxus cavicornis* LECONTE  
*Notoxus celatus* CHANDLER  
*Notoxus conformis* LECONTE  
*Notoxus constrictus* CASEY  
*Notoxus cornutus* THUNBERG  
*Notoxus cucullatus* LAFERTÉ  
*Notoxus cumanensis* LAFERTÉ  
*Notoxus daressalaamensis* UHMANN  
*Notoxus decorus* VAN HILLE  
*Notoxus denudatus* HORN  
*Notoxus desertus* CASEY  
*Notoxus filicornis* CASEY  
*Notoxus fraternus* CHAMPION  
*Notoxus guttulatus* BUCK  
*Notoxus hageni* CHANDLER  
*Notoxus hiltoni* VAN HILLE  
*Notoxus hirsutus* CHAMPION  
*Notoxus hirsutus* PIC  
*Notoxus hirtus* LAFERTÉ  
*Notoxus holmi* UHMANN  
*Notoxus intermedius* FALL  
*Notoxus lateralis* CHANDLER  
*Notoxus lesnei* PIC  
*Notoxus lunulifer* PIC  
*Notoxus marginatus* LECONTE  
*Notoxus mauritanicus* LAFERTÉ  
*Notoxus mexicanus* CHAMPION  
*Notoxus mkuziensis* VAN HILLE  
  
BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984  
GÖRNITZ 1937, YOUNG 1984a  
YOUNG 1984a  
ABDULLAH, 1964, YOUNG 1984a  
pers. observ.<sup>25</sup>  
pers. comm.<sup>26</sup>  
SCHÜTZ & DETTNER 1992, HEMP &  
DETTNER 1997  
YOUNG 1984a  
BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984  
  
VAN HILLE 1971  
HEMP et al. 1999a  
VAN HILLE 1971  
CHANDLER 1977a, 1982  
YOUNG 1984b  
VAN HILLE 1985  
HEMP et al. 1999a  
CHANDLER 1976, 1982, YOUNG 1984a  
CHANDLER 1982  
CHANDLER 1982  
CHANDLER 1977a  
CHANDLER 1977a, 1982  
CHANDLER 1977a, YOUNG 1984a  
ABDULLAH 1964  
VAN HILLE 1971  
CHANDLER 1977a  
HEMP et al. 1999a  
SCHÜTZ & DETTNER 1992, HEMP et al. 1999a  
CHANDLER 1982  
CHANDLER 1977a, 1982, YOUNG 1984a  
YOUNG 1984b  
CHANDLER 1977a  
ABDULLAH 1964, pers. comm.<sup>28</sup>  
CHANDLER 1982  
VAN HILLE 1971  
CHANDLER 1977a, 1982  
pers. observ.<sup>52</sup>  
BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984  
VAN HILLE 1985  
CHANDLER 1982  
CHANDLER 1977a  
pers. comm.<sup>29</sup>  
VAN HILLE 1971, HEMP et al. 1999a  
CHANDLER 1976, 1977a, 1982  
ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a  
CHANDLER 1976, 1977a  
VAN HILLE 1971

<i>Notoxus monoceros</i> (LINNÉ)	GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a, BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Notoxus monodon</i> (FABRICIUS)	CHANDLER 1976, 1982
<i>Notoxus montanus</i> CASEY	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus murinipennis</i> (LECONTE)	CHANDLER 1976, 1977a, 1982
<i>Notoxus namibianus</i> UHMANN	pers. observ. <sup>30</sup>
<i>Notoxus nevadensis</i> CASEY	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus nuperus</i> HORN <i>haustrus</i> CHANDLER	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus nuperus</i> HORN	CHANDLER 1976
<i>Notoxus opacus</i> CHAMPION	CHANDLER 1977a
<i>Notoxus ornatus</i> VAN HILLE	VAN HILLE 1971
<i>Notoxus photus</i> CHANDLER	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Notoxus pictus</i> CASEY	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus planicornis</i> LAFERTÉ	pers. comm. <sup>31</sup>
<i>Notoxus pretiosus</i> VAN HILLE	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Notoxus pygidialis</i> CHANDLER	CHANDLER 1977a
<i>Notoxus reavelli</i> VAN HILLE	VAN HILLE 1984b
<i>Notoxus recticornis</i> VAN HILLE	pers. comm. <sup>32</sup>
<i>Notoxus robustus</i> CASEY	CHANDLER 1982, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Notoxus roebri</i> UHMANN	VAN HILLE 1985, pers. comm. <sup>33</sup>
<i>Notoxus rothschildi</i> PIC	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Notoxus rufomaculatus</i> PIC	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Notoxus seminole</i> CHANDLER	YOUNG 1984a, b
<i>Notoxus serratus</i> (LECONTE)	CHANDLER 1977a, 1982
<i>Notoxus sparsus</i> LECONTE	CHANDLER 1977a, 1982, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Notoxus spatulifer</i> CASEY	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus talpa</i> LAFERTÉ	CHANDLER 1976, 1977a
<i>Notoxus tansanianus</i> UHMANN	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Notoxus toltecorum</i> CHANDLER	CHANDLER 1977a
<i>Notoxus vanhillei</i> UHMANN	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Notoxus whartoni</i> CHANDLER	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus walteri</i> VAN HILLE	pers. observ. <sup>53</sup>
<i>Notoxus youngi</i> CHANDLER	CHANDLER 1982
<i>Notoxus zapotecorum</i> CHANDLER	CHANDLER 1977a
<i>Omonadus bottegoi</i> PIC	pers. comm. <sup>34</sup>
<i>Pseudoleptaleus unifasciatus</i> (DESBR.)	FORCHHAMMER 1985, HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Pseudonotoxus testaceus</i> (LAFERTÉ)	VAN HILLE 1985
<i>Sapintus javanus</i> (MARSEUL)	YOUNG 1984b, pers. comm. <sup>35</sup>
<i>Sapintus malayensis</i> (PIC) <sup>36</sup>	GÖRNITZ 1937
<i>Sapintus plectilis</i> (PIC)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Sapintus pollocki</i> UHMANN	pers. comm. <sup>37</sup>
<i>Sapintus tavetanus</i> (PIC)	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Tenuicomus babaulti</i> (PIC)	HEMP et al. 1999a

<i>Tenuicomus barnevillei</i> (PIC)	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Tenuicomus pumilus</i> (BAUDI) <sup>38</sup>	GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Vacusus infernus</i> (LAFERTÉ)	CHANDLER 1976
Lemodiinae	
<i>Trichananca aptera</i> LEA	pers. observ. <sup>39</sup>
Tomoderinae	
<i>Tomoderus</i> sp.	CHANDLER 1976, YOUNG 1984b
<i>Tomoderus alluaudi</i> PIC	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Tomoderus brevicornis</i> CHAMPION	pers. observ. <sup>40</sup>
<i>Tomoderus congoanus</i> PIC	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Tomoderus kolbei</i> PIC	HEMP et al. 1999a
Endomychidae	
<i>Aphorista laeta</i> (LECONTE)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Aphorista vittata</i> (FABRICIUS)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Danae testacea</i> (ZIEGLER)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Lycoperdina ferruginea</i> LECONTE	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Xenomycetes morrisoni</i> HORN	YOUNG 1989, DETTNER 1997
Cleridae	
<i>Cymatodera</i> sp.	CHANDLER 1976
<i>Pallenothriocera rufimembris</i> PIC	HEMP et al. 1999a, HEMP et al. 1999b
Gen. sp.	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
Cleridae sp.	pers. observ. <sup>41</sup>
Chrysomelidae	
<i>Aristobrotica angulicollis</i> (ERICHSON)	MAFRA-NETO & JOLIVET 1994
<i>Barombiella</i> (Bonesioides) <i>vicina</i> LABOISSIERE	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Barombiella</i> (Bonesioides) ssp.	HEMP et al. 1999a
Pyrochroidae	
Pedilinae	
<i>Anisotria shooki</i> YOUNG	YOUNG 1984a
<i>Pedilus abnormis</i> (HORN)	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus bardi</i> (HORN)	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus canaliculatus</i> (LECONTE)	YOUNG 1981



<i>Pedilus cavatus</i> FALL	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus collaris</i> (SAY)	BUTLER 1984
<i>Pedilus crotchi</i> (HORN)	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus elegans</i> (HENTZ)	YOUNG 1981, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Pedilus impressus</i> (SAY)	ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1981, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Pedilus inconspicuus</i> (HORN)	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus joanae</i> YOUNG	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus johnsonorum</i> YOUNG	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus labiatus</i> (SAY)	ABDULLAH 1964, YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus lenisi</i> (HORN)	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus longilobus</i> FALL	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus lugubris</i> (SAY)	YOUNG 1981, YOUNG 1984a
<i>Pedilus monticolus</i> (HORN)	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus oregonus</i> FALL	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus picipennis</i> FALL	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus punctulatus</i> LECONTE	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus serratus</i> FALL	YOUNG 1981
<i>Pedilus</i> sp. nov.	YOUNG 1984a
<i>Pedilus terminalis</i> (SAY)	YOUNG 1981, YOUNG 1984a

#### Pyrochroinae

<i>Neopyrochroa femoralis</i> (LECONTE)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Neopyrochroa flabellata</i> (FABRICIUS)	YOUNG 1984a
<i>Pyrochroa coccinea</i> LINNÉ	HOLZ et al. 1994
<i>Pyrochroa serraticornis</i> (SCOPOLI)	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984

<i>Schizotus cervicalis</i> NEWMANN	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Schizotus pectinicornis</i> LINNÉ	HOLZ et al. 1994

#### Staphylinidae

<i>Eusphalerum minutum</i> (F.)	DETTNER 1997
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#### Diptera

##### Anthomyiidae

<i>Anthomyia benguellae</i> MALLOCH	HEMP et al. 1999a
<i>Anthomyia pluvialis</i> (LINNÉ)	GÖRNITZ 1937, BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984, FRENZEL & DETTNER 1994
<i>Delia</i> ( <i>Hylemyia</i> ) <i>trispinosa</i> KARL	GÖRNITZ 1937, DETTNER 1997

##### Cecidomyiidae

Gen. sp. Cecidomyiinae	DETTNER 1997
Gen. sp. Lestremiinae	DETTNER 1997

##### Ceratopogonidae

<i>Atrichopogon brunnipes</i> MEIGEN	GÖRNITZ 1937 <sup>42</sup> , FRENZEL et al. 1992
<i>Atrichopogon downesi</i> WIRTH	WIRTH 1980

<i>Atrichopogon epicantae</i> WIRTH	WIRTH 1980
<i>Atrichopogon favri</i> WIRTH	WIRTH 1980
<i>Atrichopogon geminus</i> BOESEL	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Atrichopogon illiesi</i> HAVELKA	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Atrichopogon levis</i> (COQUILLET)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Atrichopogon lindneri</i> WIRTH	WIRTH 1980
<i>Atrichopogon lucorum</i> (MEIGEN)	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984, FRENZEL et al. 1992
<i>Atrichopogon maculosus</i> EWEN	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Atrichopogon meloesugans</i> KIEFFER	WIRTH 1980, BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Atrichopogon mittmanni</i> HAVELKA	pers. observ. <sup>43</sup>
<i>Atrichopogon oedemerarum</i> STORA	FRENZEL et al. 1992, FRENZEL & DETTNER 1994
<i>Atrichopogon rostratus</i> (WINNERTZ)	WIRTH 1956
<i>Atrichopogon ruediger</i> HAVELKA	pers. observ. <sup>44</sup>
<i>Atrichopogon setosipennis</i> KIEFFER	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Atrichopogon</i> sp.	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Atrichopogon</i> sp. near <i>websteri</i> (COQUILLET)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Atrichopogon trifasciatus</i> KIEFFER	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984, FRENZEL et al. 1992, FRENZEL & DETTNER 1994
<i>Atrichopogon websteri</i> (COQUILLET)	YOUNG 1984b
<i>Culicoides obsoletus</i> MEIGEN	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
<i>Forcipomyia crinita</i> SAUNDERS	BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984
Chloropidae	
<i>Goniopsita</i> spec.	DETTNER 1997
Platystomatidae	
<i>Peltacanthina</i> near <i>mythodes</i> HENDEL	HEMP et al. 1999a
Sciaridae	
ssp.	YOUNG 1984b
Gen. sp.	DETTNER 1997 <sup>45</sup>
<i>Bradysia optata</i>	RUDZINSKI, FRANK & DETTNER, 2001
<i>Heterosciara</i> sp.	pers. observ. <sup>46</sup>
<i>Schwenkfeldina</i> sp.	pers. observ. <sup>47</sup>
<i>Scythropochroa</i> sp.	pers. observ. <sup>48</sup>

**Heteroptera**

## Lygaeidae

*Dieuches* sp.HEMP & DETTNER, in press, HEMP et al.  
1999a

## Miridae

*Caulotops* ssp.

YOUNG 1984b

*Cryptocapsus paraensis* (CARVALHO)

MAFRA-NETO &amp; JOLIVET 1994

*Cryptocapsus* sp.

DETTNER 1997

*Cyrtocapsus caliginus* (STAL)

HEMP &amp; DETTNER, 2000

*Eurychilella* sp. near *pallida* REUTER

YOUNG 1984b

*Hadronema bispinosa* KNIGHT

PINTO 1978

*Hadronema breviata* KNIGHT

YOUNG 1984b

*Hadronema militaris* UHLER

FOX 1943

*Hadronema princeps* UHLER

YOUNG 1984b

*Hadronema* sp.

PINTO 1978

*Hadronema uhleri* VANDUZEE

PINTO 1978, YOUNG 1984b

*Hadronema uniformis* KNIGHT

YOUNG 1984b

*Halticotoma nicholi* KNIGHT

PINTO 1978

*Halticotoma* sp.

YOUNG 1984b

*Halticotoma valida* TOWNSEND

YOUNG 1984b

*Neuleucon sulinus* (CARVALHO)

MAFRA-NETO &amp; JOLIVET 1994

*Pachymerocista pilosus* (CARVALHO)

HEMP &amp; DETTNER, 2000

*Pycnoderes quadrimaculatus* (GUERIN-  
MELNEVILLE)

YOUNG 1984b, HEMP &amp; DETTNER, 2000

*Pycnoderes* sp.

YOUNG 1984b

*Pycnoderes vanduzeei* REUTER

HEMP &amp; DETTNER, 2000

*Sixeonotus brevirostris* KNIGHT

YOUNG 1984b

*Sixeonotus insignis* REUTER

YOUNG 1984b

*Sixeonotus* sp.PINTO 1978, YOUNG 1984b, HEMP &  
DETTNER, 2000*Sixeonotus* sp. near *brevirostris* KNIGHT

YOUNG 1984b

*Sixeonotus tenebrosus* (DISTANT)

YOUNG 1984b

*Sysinas fulvicollis* (FABRICIUS)

MAFRA-NETO &amp; JOLIVET 1994

*Sysinas linearis* DISTANT

YOUNG 1984b

*Sysinas signaticollis* (REUTER)

MAFRA-NETO &amp; JOLIVET 1994

*Thentecoris* sp.

DETTNER 1997

Tingidae  
sp. MAFRA-NETO & JOLIVET 1994, DETTNER 1997

**Hymenoptera**

Braconidae

*Blacus ruficornis* (NEES) YOUNG 1984b

*Perilitus plumicornis* RUTHE GÖRNITZ 1937

*Streblocera* near *pubvilicornis* WALLEY & MACKAY YOUNG 1984b

*Syrphizus agilis* (CRESSON) YOUNG 1984b

*Microtonus* sp. DETTNER 1997

*Melittobia* sp. BOLOGNA 1991

Diapriidae

Gen. sp. (Diapriinae) DETTNER 1997

<sup>1</sup> *Anthicus albitarsis* in VAN HILLE 1954

<sup>2</sup> *Anthicus bicoloritarsis* in VAN HILLE 1954

<sup>3</sup> collected by Dr. POLLOCK at cantharidin in Australia (pers. comm UHMANN)

<sup>4</sup> *Anthicus flavopictus* in VAN HILLE 1954 and 1984a

<sup>5</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)

<sup>6</sup> attracted to cantharidin on the canary island Tenerife

<sup>7</sup> *Anthicus simoni* in VAN HILLE 1954 and 1984a

<sup>8</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)

<sup>9</sup> collected by Dr. SCHAWALLER in Nepal, feeding on meloids

<sup>10</sup> collected by Dr. T. WAGNER at cantharidin in Uganda, East Africa

<sup>11</sup> attracted to cantharidin bait in March 1999 at the Tanzanian coast near Pangani

<sup>12</sup> attracted to cantharidin bait on the mediterranean island Mallorca 7.90

<sup>13</sup> attracted to cantharidin at the mediterranean island Mallorca 7.90

<sup>14</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)

<sup>15</sup> collected at cantharidin by C. KOCH in Cyprus

<sup>16</sup> *Anthicus aubei* in GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>17</sup> *Anthicus bianriculatus* in GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>18</sup> collected at cantharidin bait by Dr. W. ARENS in Greece, Olympia

<sup>19</sup> *Anthicus chobauti* in GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>20</sup> *Anthicus cinctutus* in GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964, BOLOGNA & HAVELKA 1984 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>21</sup> *Anthicus fairmairei* in GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>22</sup> *Anthicus insignis* in GÖRNITZ 1937 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>23</sup> *Anthicus panousei* in YOUNG 1984a

<sup>24</sup> *Anthicus obscuripes* in ABDULLAH 1964 and YOUNG 1984a

<sup>25</sup> at cantharidin on the mediterranean island Mallorca, July 1990

<sup>26</sup> collected at cantharidin by C. KOCH in Cyprus

<sup>27</sup> *Anthicus tortiselis* in YOUNG 1984a

<sup>28</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)

<sup>29</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)

- <sup>30</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)  
<sup>31</sup> personal communication with Prof. CHANDLER, USA  
<sup>32</sup> around 150 specimens at cantharidin in December 1998 and April 1999 in the suburb Karen of Nairobi, Kenya  
<sup>33</sup> Expedition of the Museum Berlin to southern Africa (pers. comm UHMANN)  
<sup>34</sup> caught by Dr. T. WAGNER at cantharidin in Uganda, East Africa  
<sup>35</sup> collected at cantharidin by Prof. CHANDLER on the Phillipines, Cebu, Inayagan and Naga  
<sup>36</sup> *Anthicus malayensis* in GÖRNITZ 1937  
<sup>37</sup> collected at cantharidin by Dr. POLLOCK, Australia (pers. comm UHMANN)  
<sup>38</sup> *Anthicus pumilus* in GÖRNITZ 1937, ABDULLAH 1964 and YOUNG 1984a  
<sup>39</sup> specimen labeled „at cantharidin“, coll. POLLOCK, Australia  
<sup>40</sup> baited with cantharidin, southcoast, Dominican Republic, 1.95  
<sup>41</sup> in December 1998 about 50 specimens of a up to now not identified clerid species were attracted to cantharidin baits from a piece of indigenous *Olea*-forest at Karen near Nairobi, Kenya  
<sup>42</sup> *Kempia brunripes* in GÖRNITZ 1937  
<sup>43</sup> new species from Tanzania, Kilimanjaro, mentioned in FRENZEL et al. (1998), species description by HAVELKA, in prep.; listed in HEMP et al. 1999a under *Atrichopogon* spec. 1  
<sup>44</sup> new species from Tanzania, Kilimanjaro, mentioned in FRENZEL et al. (1998), species description by HAVELKA, in prep.; listed in HEMP et al. 1999a, under *Atrichopogon* spec. 2  
<sup>45</sup> 3 males were collected at Mistelbach/Bayreuth (August 90) at cantharidin  
<sup>46</sup> 21 males and 2 females were collected at Bayreuth (June 1991) at cantharidin. According to MENZEL & MOHRIG (1997) *Heterosciara* is a synonym of *Scatopsiara*  
<sup>47</sup> 1 male was collected at Bayreuth (June 1991) at cantharidin  
<sup>48</sup> 4 males and 1 female were collected at Mistelbach/Bayreuth (August 1990) at cantharidin  
<sup>49</sup> attracted to cantharidin in savannah grassland at 1400 m near Mt. Kitumbeine, Tanzania (11/99)  
<sup>50</sup> attracted to cantharidin in coastal grassland near Pagani, Tanzania (1/00)  
<sup>51</sup> attracted to cantharidin in coastal grassland near Pagani, Tanzania (3/00)  
<sup>52</sup> attracted to cantharidin in savannah grassland near Mt. Kitumbeine, Tanzania (11/99)  
<sup>53</sup> attracted to cantharidin in savannah grassland near Mt. Kitumbeine, Tanzania (11/99)

## Homoptera

First results in analysing cantharidin contents in fulgorids suggest, that there are also members in the order Homoptera associated with cantharidin. The lantern fly *Lycorma delicatula* proved to contain cantharidin, which probably was taken up by host plants (FENG et al. 1988, DETTNER 1997). There was also suggested the Cicadidae species *Huechys sanguinea* (DE GEER) would contain cantharidin (JUANJIE et al. 1995).

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