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PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND  
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### MEMORANDUM

**SUBJECT:** REVISED Ecological Risk Assessment for the Prothioconazole Section 3  
New Use on Soybeans and Sugar Beets

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The Environmental Fate and Effects Division (EFED) has reviewed the proposed label for the use of prothioconazole (JAU64746; 2-(2-(1-chlorocylopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-propyl)-2,4-dihydro(1,2,4)-triazol-3-thion; CAS#: 178928-70-6; PC Code: 113961), and its end-use product PROLINE® 480SC (41.0 % a.i.) fungicide on soybeans and sugar beets. This assessment replaces a previous version submitted on December 17, 2007 by correcting the toxicity endpoints and associated risk conclusions for aquatic freshwater non-vascular plants.



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The results of this screening-level risk assessment indicate that the proposed new uses of prothioconazole on soybeans and sugar beets have the potential for direct adverse effects on listed and non-listed estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrates, listed freshwater vascular and non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed saltwater non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed mammals (chronic), and listed semi-aquatic dicot plants.

## **1. Executive Summary**

EFED has completed a review of the Section 3 new use request for the use of prothioconazole (JAU64746; 2-(2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropyl)-2,4-dihydro(1,2,4)-triazol-3-thion; CAS#: 178928-70-6; PC Code: 113961), and its end-use product PROLINE® 480SC (41.0 % a.i.) fungicide on soybeans and sugar beets. Prothioconazole is a broad-spectrum, systemic fungicide. The compound is in the conazole (triazolinethione) class of fungicides and acts through disruption of normal fungal cell membrane structure and function via interaction or inhibition of ergosterol synthesis. Prothioconazole is currently registered for use on barley, canola, chickpea, dried shell peas and beans, lentils, oilseed crop, peanut, and numerous varieties of wheat. An ecological risk assessment of these registered uses was completed in June of 2006 (U.S. EPA, 2006; DP 324660).

The proposed maximum application rates for prothioconazole use on soybeans and sugar beets range from 0.09375 to 0.1781 lbs a.i./A. Prothioconazole may be applied via ground and/or aerial spray, up to three times per year, for both of the proposed new uses. The minimum application intervals for soybeans and sugar beets are 10 and 14 days, respectively. Application rates for the proposed new uses are lower than the maximum seasonal rate currently registered for prothioconazole of 0.71 lbs a.i./A (for peanuts). In addition, the proposed application rate and number of applications for sugar beets (0.1781 lbs a.i./A; 3 applications/year) are the same as currently registered application rates for chickpeas, dried shell peas and beans, and lentils.

Prothioconazole appears to degrade relatively quickly in the environment; however, its degradates, primarily prothioconazole-desthio and prothioconazole-S-methyl, are persistent and of similar toxicity as the parent. Based on uncertainties associated with biotic degradation rates for prothioconazole alone, due to ineffective extraction methods in soil and sediment metabolism studies, a total toxic residues approach was used for aquatic exposure modeling. Combined residues of concern include prothioconazole, prothioconazole-desthio, and prothioconazole-S-methyl.

Although a total toxic residues approach is used for estimation of prothioconazole for aquatic species, the total mass of applied material is used to estimate exposure to terrestrial organisms. Tools are not currently available that would allow terrestrial exposure to be compartmentalized into the contributions of parent and degradates.

The toxicity of prothioconazole is based on registrant-submitted data on the parent, prothioconazole, and its major degradates (-desthio and -S-methyl), as well as open

literature data from the ECOTOX database. Given the uncertainties associated with accurately predicting the concentrations of parent prothioconazole and its degradates, the lowest available toxicity endpoint, regardless of the exposure chemical, is used in this assessment. The acute toxicological profile indicates that prothioconazole and its degradates are practically non-toxic to mammals, birds, and non-target insects, and moderately toxic to freshwater animals. The degrate, prothioconazole-desthio, is highly toxic to some taxa; the most sensitive taxa appear to be aquatic plants followed by estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrates. In addition, prothioconazole-desthio may cause growth and reproductive effects in mammals when chronically exposed.

The results of this screening-level risk assessment indicate that the proposed new uses of prothioconazole on sugar beets and soybeans have the potential for direct adverse effects on listed and non-listed estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrates, listed freshwater vascular and non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed saltwater non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed mammals (chronic), and listed semi-aquatic dicot plants.

Potential effects to federally-listed endangered and threatened species (listed species) based on LOC exceedances require an in-depth listed species evaluation determining the potential co-occurrence of listed species and the areas in which sugar beets and soybeans are grown. Identified potential risks to listed species are summarized in **Table 1.1**.

**Table 1.1. Listed Species Risks Associated with Potential Direct or Indirect Effects Due to the Proposed Applications of Prothioconazole on Sugar Beets and Soybeans**

Listed Species Taxonomic Group of Concern	Direct Effects	Indirect Effects <sup>1</sup>
Aquatic vascular plants	Acute: growth	YES
Non-vascular plants	Acute: cell density	YES
Estuarine/marine non-vascular plants	Acute: biomass	YES
Dicot terrestrial plants <sup>2</sup>	Acute: plant growth	YES
Monocot terrestrial plants	None	YES
Freshwater fish	None	YES
Saltwater fish	None	YES
Freshwater invertebrates	None	YES
Estuarine/marine invertebrates	Acute: mortality Chronic: reproduction	YES

**Table 1.1. Listed Species Risks Associated with Potential Direct or Indirect Effects Due to the Proposed Applications of Prothioconazole on Sugar Beets and Soybeans**

Listed Species Taxonomic Group of Concern	Direct Effects	Indirect Effects <sup>1</sup>
Mollusks	None	YES
Mammals	Chronic: reproduction, growth	YES
Birds	None	YES
Terrestrial invertebrates	None	YES

<sup>1</sup> The potential for adverse effects to those species that rely on a specific plant or animal species (specifically aquatic plants, terrestrial dicots, mammals, or estuarine/marine invertebrates) or multiple plant or animal species (specifically aquatic plants, terrestrial dicots, mammals, or estuarine/marine invertebrates) cannot be precluded. Indirect effects may include general habitat modification, host plant loss, and food supply disruption.

<sup>2</sup> Direct effects to listed dicot plants are relevant for only semi-aquatic plant species. Direct effects to listed terrestrial upland plants are not expected.

## 2. Problem Formulation

This assessment evaluates the potential risks to non-target species associated with the proposed use of prothioconazole (JAU64746; 2-(2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-propyl)-2,4-dihydro(1,2,4)-triazol-3-thion; CAS#: 178928-70-6; PC Code: 113961), and its end-use product PROLINE® 480SC (41.0 % a.i.) fungicide on soybeans and sugar beets. The proposed maximum application rate for soybeans is 0.09375 lbs a.i./acre/application with a minimum interval of 10 days between applications. The maximum proposed single application rate to sugar beets is 0.1781 lbs a.i./acre with a minimum interval of 14 days between applications. The proposed methods of application are ground and aerial sprays, and the maximum number of applications allowed per year for both soybeans and sugar beets is three. Prothioconazole is already labeled as a pre- or post-infection fungicide for barley, canola, chickpea, dried shell peas and beans, lentils, oilseed crop, peanut, and numerous varieties of wheat (USEPA, 2006).

This assessment utilizes environmental fate and toxicity data for prothioconazole and two primary degradates, prothioconazole-desthio and prothioconazole-S-methyl. A total toxics residue approach was used to estimate exposure levels for aquatic organisms. Given the uncertainties associated with accurately predicting the concentrations of parent prothioconazole or its degradates, the lowest available toxicity endpoint, regardless of the exposure chemical (i.e., parent or degrate), is used in this assessment.

## **2.1. Mode of Action**

Prothioconazole is a broad-spectrum, systemic fungicide belonging to the conazole (triazolinethione) class of fungicides. Conazole fungicides act through disruption of normal fungal cell membrane structure and function primarily through interactions or inhibitions of ergosterol synthesis, the predominant membrane sterol component. Specifically, fungicidal activity occurs through inhibiting the action of cytochrome P450 (CYP)-51 (lanosterol 14 $\alpha$ -demethylase), which converts squalene to ergosterol. In mammals, the CYP51 reaction is part of the pathway leading to the biosynthesis of cholesterol (White et al., 1998). Cholesterol is the primary sterol in the cell membrane of mammalian cells, and is also required to make sex steroid hormones (Payne and Hales, 2004).

## **2.2. Use Characterization**

Prothioconazole is currently used as a pre- or post-infection fungicide on barley, canola, chickpea, dried shell peas and beans, lentils, oilseed crop, peanut, and numerous varieties of wheat. Application rates for the proposed new uses are presented below in **Table 2.1**. Application rates for the previously registered uses assessed in the June 2006 ecological risk assessment (U.S. EPA, 2006; DP 324660) are presented in **Table 2.2**.

**Table 2.1. Summary of Use Information for the Proposed New Uses of Prothioconazole**

Crop Type	Maximum Rate per Application (lbs a.i./A) and Max. Number of Applications	Maximum Seasonal Application Rate (lbs a.i./A/season)	Application Interval (days)	Pre-Harvest Interval (days)	Application Methods(s)
Soybeans	0.09375 (3)	0.2813	10-21	21	Aerial and ground spray
Sugar beets	0.1781 (3)	0.5343	14-30	7	Aerial and ground spray

**Table 2.2. Summary of Use Information for Previously Assessed Prothioconazole Uses, Based on PROLINE® 480SC Fungicide Label**

Crop Type	Max. Application Rate (lbs. a.i./A)	Max. No. of Appli.	Max. Seasonal Applic. Rate (lbs. a.i./A)	Applic. Interval (days)	Application Method(s)
Peanut	0.1781	4	0.7124	14	Aerial and ground spray
Chickpea	0.1781	3	0.5343	10 to 14	Aerial and ground spray

Dried shell pea & bean	0.1781	3	0.5343	5 to 14	Aerial and ground spray
Lentil	0.1781	3	0.5343	10 to 14	Aerial and ground spray
Barley	0.1781	2	0.2928	7 to 14	Aerial and ground spray
Canola	0.1781	2	0.3563	5 to 7	Aerial and ground spray
Oilseed crop subgroup	0.1781	2	0.3563	5 to 7	Aerial and ground spray
Wheat	0.1781	2	0.2928	7 to 14	Aerial and ground spray

### 2.3. Conceptual Model

The conceptual model used to depict the potential ecological risk associated with the proposed use of prothioconazole on soybeans and sugar beets assumes that, as a fungicide, prothioconazole is capable of adversely affecting terrestrial and aquatic animals, provided environmental concentrations are sufficiently elevated as a result of proposed label uses. Based on the preliminary risk screening and past ecological risk assessment, the degradate prothioconazole-desthio is highly toxic to aquatic plants and to estuarine/marine invertebrates on an acute exposure basis and causes potential growth and reproductive effects in mammals when chronically exposed.

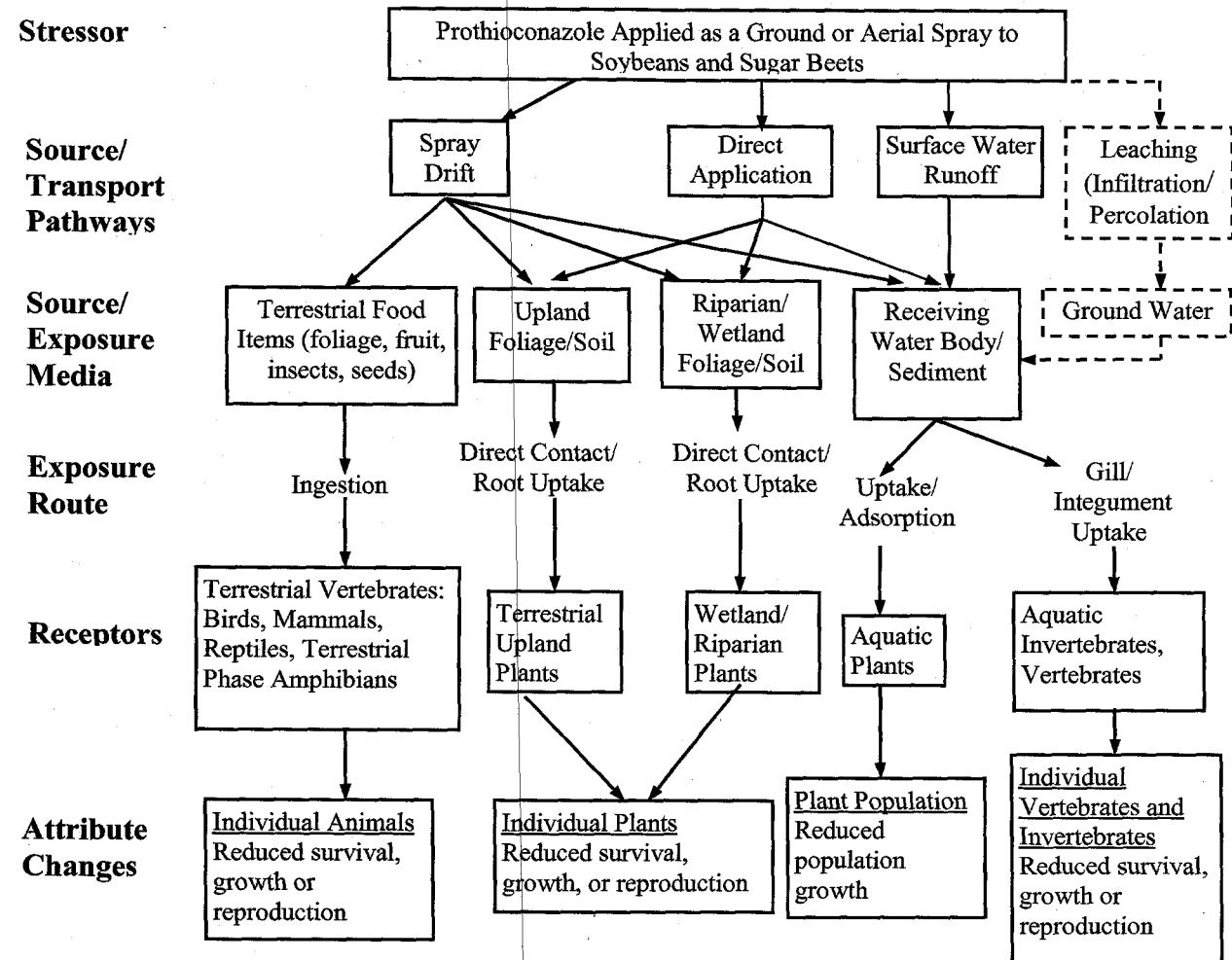
The hypothesis for the risks of prothioconazole to non-target animals (depicted in **Figure 2.1**) focuses on both aquatic and terrestrial environments via potential exposure to the parent and/or its degradate from direct spray, spray drift, and runoff. Risk to terrestrial plants is also considered in this screening-level assessment. For terrestrial organisms, the major route of exposure is consumption of food items, such as plant leaves or insects, which contain prothioconazole residues as a result of direct application and/or spray drift. For aquatic animal species, the major routes of exposure are direct contact via the respiratory surface (gills) or the integument. Aquatic vascular and non-vascular plants may also be exposed via direct uptake and adsorption. Estimated exposure concentrations for all organisms are obtained through the use of several Agency exposure models.

The following risk hypothesis is presumed for this screening level assessment:

*Based on the application method, mode of action, and the sensitivity of non-target aquatic and terrestrial species, the proposed prothioconazole use on soybeans and sugar beets has the potential to reduce survival, reproduction, and/or growth in terrestrial and aquatic organisms.*

In order for a chemical to pose an ecological risk, it must reach non-target organisms at concentrations found to cause adverse effects. The exposure pathway is the means by which a pesticide moves in the environment from the application site to non-target organisms. The assessment of ecological exposure pathways in this assessment includes an examination of the source and routes of transport and dissipation for prothioconazole,

and the determination of potential exposure routes to non-target species, as depicted in **Figure 2.1**.



**Figure 2.1. Conceptual Model of the Transport and Effects of Prothioconazole in the Environment**

\*Dotted lines indicate that, although this exposure route/media was considered, its contribution to the fate and transport of prothioconazole is expected to be negligible

## 2.4. Analysis Plan

### 2.4.1. Integration of Exposure and Effects

Available exposure and toxicity data are used to evaluate the risks of adverse ecological effects on non-target species. For this screening-level assessment, the risk quotient (RQ) method is used to compare exposure and toxicity values. The RQ method involves dividing estimated environmental concentrations (EECs) by acute and chronic toxicity values. The resulting RQs are then compared to the Agency's levels of concern LOCs (U.S. EPA, 2004; **Table 2.3**). These criteria are used to determine whether new uses for

prothioconazole, as directed on the proposed label, have the potential to cause adverse effects to non-target organisms.

**TABLE 2.3. Agency Risk Quotient (RQ) Metrics and Levels of Concern (LOC) Per Risk Class**

RISK CLASS	RISK DESCRIPTION	RQ	LOC
<b>Aquatic Animals (fish and invertebrates)</b>			
Acute	Potential for effects to non-listed animals from acute exposures	Peak EEC/LC <sub>50</sub> <sup>1</sup>	0.5
Acute Restricted Use	Potential for effects to animals from acute exposures Risks may be mitigated through restricted use classification	Peak EEC/LC <sub>50</sub> <sup>1</sup>	0.1
Acute Listed Species	Listed species may be potentially affected by acute exposures	Peak EEC/LC <sub>50</sub> <sup>1</sup>	0.05
Chronic	Potential for effects to non-listed and listed animals from chronic exposures	60-day EEC/NOAEC (fish) 21-day EEC/NOAEC (invertebrates)	1
<b>Aquatic Plants</b>			
Non-Listed	Potential for effects to non-listed plants from exposures	Peak EEC/LC <sub>50</sub> <sup>1</sup>	1
Listed	Potential for effects to listed plants from exposures	Peak EEC/NOAEL	1
<b>Terrestrial Animals (mammals and birds)</b>			
Acute	Potential for effects to non-listed animals from acute exposures	EEC <sup>2</sup> /LC <sub>50</sub> (Dietary) EEC/LD <sub>50</sub> (Dose)	0.5
Acute Restricted Use	Potential for effects to animals from acute exposures Risks may be mitigated through restricted use classification	EEC <sup>2</sup> /LC <sub>50</sub> (Dietary) EEC/LD <sub>50</sub> (Dose)	0.2
Acute Listed Species	Listed species may be potentially affected by acute exposures	EEC <sup>2</sup> /LC <sub>50</sub> (Dietary) EEC/LD <sub>50</sub> (Dose)	0.1
Chronic	Potential for effects to non-listed and listed animals from chronic exposures	EEC <sup>2</sup> /NOAEC	1
<b>Terrestrial and Semi-Aquatic Plants</b>			
Non-Listed	Potential for effects to non-target, non-listed plants from exposures	EEC/ EC <sub>25</sub>	1
Listed Plant	Potential for effects to non-target, listed plants from exposures	EEC/ NOEC EEC/ EC <sub>05</sub>	1

<sup>1</sup> LC<sub>50</sub> or EC<sub>50</sub>.

<sup>2</sup> Based on upper bound Kenaga values.

### 3. Analysis

#### 3.1. Exposure Characterization

##### 3.1.1. Environmental Fate and Transport Characterization

Prothioconazole is stable to hydrolysis and degrades by aqueous photolysis ( $t_{1/2} = 9$  d) to prothioconazole-desthio, which appears to resist further photolytic degradation (combined  $t_{1/2} = 101$  d). Prothioconazole and its degradates are not expected to volatilize (vapor pressure  $< 4 \times 10^{-7}$  Pa). Based on available data, prothioconazole together with its major degradates appear to be persistent to microbial degradation in soil ( $t_{1/2} = 462 - 1386$  d) and water ( $t_{1/2} = 67 - 433$  d). Prothioconazole degrades relatively quickly to two major persistent degradates, prothioconazole-desthio and prothioconazole-S-methyl, which are of similar toxicity to that of the parent. Prothioconazole's mobility is unable to be characterized due to quick degradation in mobility studies, but one major degradate formed in large amounts (prothioconazole-desthio) is moderately mobile ( $K_{oc} = 523 - 625$  ml/g<sub>oc</sub>). The other major degradate formed in smaller amounts (prothioconazole-S-methyl) is slightly mobile ( $K_{oc} = 1973 - 2993$  ml/g<sub>oc</sub>). Because these two major degradates are considered to be of similar toxicity to the parent, they are included in the aquatic exposure estimates. Also, ineffective extraction methods in soil and aquatic metabolism studies resulted in large amounts of unextracted material, leading to uncertainties in the composition and bioavailability of such and precluding accurate determinations of the biotic degradation rate for parent prothioconazole. Therefore, a total toxic residues method, including unextracted material, was utilized for environmental exposure modeling. This adds considerable uncertainty to the assessment regarding the bioavailability and the biotic degradation rates for prothioconazole residues. If additional data regarding the persistence of the degradates and the nature of the unextracted residues become available, the exposure estimates may be refined. Additional details regarding the environmental fate and transport of prothioconazole and its degradates can be found in the June 1, 2006 Ecological Risk Assessment (U.S. EPA, 2006; DP 324660). **Table 3.1** provides a detailed summary table of physical/chemical and environmental fate/transport properties of prothioconazole combined residues of concern. **Tables 3.2** summarizes the major degradation products formed by each degradation process in the studies reviewed.

**Table 3.1. Summary of Physical/Chemical and Environmental Fate and Transport Properties of Prothioconazole Combined Residues of Concern**

PARAMETER	VALUE(S) (units)	SOURCE MRID	COMMENT
Chemical Name	Prothioconazole: 2-[2-(1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropyl]-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione;	46246003 46477401	Prothioconazole-desthio: 2-[2-(1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-propyl]-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole Prothioconazole-S-methyl: alpha-1(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-alpha-[(2-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-(methylthio)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-ethanol

**Table 3.1. Summary of Physical/Chemical and Environmental Fate and Transport Properties of Prothioconazole Combined Residues of Concern**

PARAMETER	VALUE(S) (units)	SOURCE MRID	COMMENT
Molecular Weight	Prothioconazole: 344.264	46246003 46477401	Prothioconazole-desthio: 312.2 Prothioconazole-S-methyl: 358.3
Solubility (pH 4 (20 °C)) (pH 8 (20 °C)) (pH 9 (20 °C))	Prothioconazole: 5 mg/L or ppm 300 mg/L or ppm 2000 mg/L or ppm	46246003	
Vapor Pressure (20 °C and 25 °C)	Prothioconazole: <<4 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> Pa	46246003	Relatively non-volatile under field conditions.
Henry's Law constant (20 °C)	Prothioconazole: <2.96 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> atm·m <sup>3</sup> /mol	46246003	Estimated from vapor pressure and water solubility.
pKa (20 °C)	Prothioconazole: 6.9	46246003	Weak acid, anion at neutral and alkaline pHs.
Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient (log K <sub>ow</sub> , at 20 °C) Unbuffered pH 4 pH7 pH9	Prothioconazole: 4.05 4.16 3.82 2.00	46246003	Potential for bioaccumulation at neutral and acidic pH.
Hydrolysis Half-life (pH 4, 7, 9; (25 °C))	Prothioconazole and Prothiconazole-desthio: stable  (Prothioconazole-S-methyl is not formed from prothioconazole hydrolysis.)	46246505 46246506	
Aqueous Photolysis Half-life (pH 7, at 25 °C)	Prothioconazole: $t_{1/2} = 9.7$ days  Prothioconazole-desthio: Increasing at study termination  Prothioconazole and Prothiconazole-desthio: $t_{1/2} = 101.9$ days  (Prothioconazole-S-methyl is not formed from prothioconazole aqueous photolysis.)	46246507	Value corrected to represent natural sunlight at 40°N latitude;
Soil Photolysis Half-life	Prothioconazole and Prothiconazole-desthio: stable  (Prothioconazole-S-methyl is not formed from prothioconazole soil photolysis.)	46246510	Half-life could not be calculated as parent degraded faster in dark samples than in irradiated samples.
Aerobic Soil Metabolism Half-life	Prothioconazole combined residues of concern: $t_{1/2} = 533.2$ days (silt; phenyl), 866.4 days (silt; triazole), 990.2 days (loamy sand; phenyl), 1386.3 days (loamy sand; triazole), 866.4 days (sandy loam; phenyl), 462.1 days (silty clay loam; phenyl).	46246511 46246512	Half-lives are calculated combining amounts of prothioconazole, prothioconazole-desthio, and prothioconazole-S-methyl per sampling interval. Non-extractable residues included.

**Table 3.1. Summary of Physical/Chemical and Environmental Fate and Transport Properties of Prothioconazole Combined Residues of Concern**

PARAMETER	VALUE(S) (units)					SOURCE MRID	COMMENT
Anaerobic Aquatic Metabolism Half-life	Prothioconazole combined residues of concern: $t_{1/2}$ = stable (total system); 56.8 days (water layer).					46246516	Half-lives are combining amounts of prothioconazole, prothioconazole-desthio, and prothioconazole-S-methyl per sampling interval. Non-extractable residues included.
Aerobic Aquatic Metabolism Half-life	Prothioconazole combined residues of concern: $t_{1/2}$ = 433.2 days (H, total system, p), 346.6 days (H, total system, t), 106.6 days (A, total system, p), 67.3 days (A, total system, t).					46246515	Two systems tested: (H) Honniger Weiher pond (loam/water) and (A) Anglerweiher lake (loamy sand/water). Both phenyl (p) and triazole (t) labels in each system. Half-lives are calculated combining amounts of prothioconazole, prothioconazole-desthio, and prothioconazole-S-methyl per sampling interval. Non-extractable residues included.
Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ )	(mL/g <sub>oc</sub> )	LS	SCL	SL	S		
	Prothioconazole	--	--	--	--	46246539 46246504	Parent mobility cannot be determined due to instability
	Prothioconazole-desthio	523	536	617	625	46246450	Conducted on prothioconazole-desthio Used four soils: loamy sand (LS) at 0.79%OC, silty clay loam (SCL) at 1.66%OC, sandy loam (SL) at 2.02%OC, silt (S) at 2.14%OC.
	Prothioconazole-S-methyl	1973	2484	2772	2995	46246501	Conducted on prothioconazole-S-methyl Used same soils as MRID: 46246450.
Soil Partition Coefficient ( $K_d$ )	(mL/g)	LS	SCL	SL	S		
	Prothioconazole	--	--	--	--	46246539 46246504	Same as for $K_{oc}$ .
	Prothioconazole-desthio	4.13	8.90	12.46	13.38	46246450	Same as for $K_{oc}$ .
	Prothioconazole-S-methyl	15.6	41.2	56.0	64.1	46246501	Same as for $K_{oc}$ .

**Table 3.1. Summary of Physical/Chemical and Environmental Fate and Transport Properties of Prothioconazole Combined Residues of Concern**

PARAMETER	VALUE(S) (units)	SOURCE MRID	COMMENT
Terrestrial Field Dissipation Half-life <sup>1</sup>	<p><b>California (sandy loam/loam):</b>            Prothioconazole:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in surface soil)= 2.2 days;            Not detected above LOD below a depth of 15 cm nor after 7DAT.</p> <p>Prothioconazole-desthio:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in surface soil)= 84.5 days;            Detected above LOD to a depth of 45 cm and through 307DAT.</p> <p><b>Georgia (sand/sandy loam):</b>            Prothioconazole:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in surface soil)= 4.7 days;            Not detected above LOD below a depth of 15 cm nor after 14DAT.</p> <p>Prothioconazole-desthio:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in surface soil)= 96.3 days;            Detected above LOD to a depth of 30 cm through 7DAT.</p> <p><b>New York (loamy sand):</b>            Prothioconazole:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in surface soil)= 96.3 days;            Not detected above LOD below a depth of 15 cm nor after 211DAT.</p> <p>Prothioconazole-desthio:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in surface soil)= 315.1 days;            Not detected above LOD below a depth of 15 cm (except for one sampling interval (211DAT) where detected above LOD to 30 cm); detected above LOD through study completion (567DAT).</p>	46246517 46246518 46246519	Studies conducted on prothioconazole as parent. For half-lives calculated for degradates from parent dissipation studies, day of max concentration of degradate is used as day zero in regression.
Aquatic Field Dissipation Half-life <sup>1</sup>	<p><b>California (clay):</b>            Prothioconazole:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in sediment)= 203.9 days;  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in paddy water)= 1.7 days.</p> <p>Prothioconazole-desthio:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in sediment)= 122 days.</p> <p><b>Arkansas (loam):</b>            Prothioconazole:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in sediment)= too few detections;  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in paddy water)= 0.9 days.</p> <p>Prothioconazole-desthio:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in sediment)= 121.6 days.</p> <p><b>Arkansas-cropped (loam):</b>            Prothioconazole:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in sediment)= too few detections;  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in paddy water)= 0.6 days.</p> <p>Prothioconazole-desthio:  <math>t_{1/2}</math> (in sediment)= 90.0 days.</p>	46246522 46246523 46246524	Studies conducted on prothioconazole as parent. For half-lives calculated for degradates from parent dissipation studies, day of max concentration of degradate is used as day zero in regression.
Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)	Prothioconazole and prothioconazole-desthio do not appear to bioaccumulate.	46246034 46246035	BCF cannot be calculated due to lack of a clear accumulation plateau.

<sup>1</sup>DAT= days after treatment.

**Table 3.2. Summary of Major Degradate Formation from Degradation of Prothioconazole**

STUDY TYPE	MAJOR DEGRADATE and MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION				SOURCE
	Prothioconazole-desthio (SXX0665) (% applied)	Prothioconazole-S-methyl (WAK7861) (% applied)	Prothioconazole-thiazocine (% applied)	1,2,4-triazole (% applied)	
Hydrolysis	5.7% at 168 days	—	—	Not able to be detected.	MRID: 46246505.
Aqueous Photolysis	55.7% at 11 days (triazole label)	—	14.1% at 5 days (phenyl label)	11.9% at 18 days (triazole label)	MRID: 46246507.
Soil Photolysis	39.0 % at 15 days (29.4% max at 15 days in dark control)	—	—	Not able to be detected.	MRID: 46246510.
Aerobic Soil Metabolism	49.4% at 7 days (triazole label)	14.6% at 7 days (triazole label)	—	<2.0% at 120, 272, & 365 days (triazole label)	MRID: 46246511, 46246512.
Aerobic Aquatic Metabolism	26.9% at 14 days in sediment (both labels) 32.3% at 7 days in water (phenyl label) 54.6% at 7 days in total system (phenyl label)	9.6% at 7 days in sediment (triazole label) 3.1% at 7 days in water (triazole label) 12.7 % at 7 days in total system (triazole label)	—	6.1% at 121 days in sediment (triazole label) 37.2% at 121 days in water (triazole label) 41.8 % at 121 days in total system (triazole label)	MRID: 46246515.
Anaerobic Aquatic Metabolism	Not determined; - desthio formation determined to be artifact of storage and, therefore, added to parent (parent+desthio at 95.2% in total system at 0 days),	78.2% at 240 days in sediment 9.9% at 30 days in water 78.2% at 240 days in total system	—	Not able to be detected.	MRID: 46246516.
Terrestrial Field Dissipation	223.9 ug/kg soil at 3 days, 0-15 cm soil depth (CA) 84.9 ug/kg soil at 3 days, 0-15 cm soil depth (GA) 273.0 ug/kg soil at 28 days, 0-15 cm soil depth (NY)	15.9 ug/kg soil at 3 days, 0-15cm soil depth (CA) 12.3 ug/kg soil at 7 days, 0-15 cm soil depth (GA) 58.9 ug/kg soil at 28 days, 0-15 cm soil depth (NY)	—	7.3 ug/kg soil at 29 days, 0-15cm soil depth (CA) 5.3 ug/kg soil at 120 days, 0-15cm soil depth (GA) 3.5 ug/kg soil at 422 days, 0-15 cm soil depth (NY)	MRID: 46246517, 46246518, 46246519.
Aquatic Field Dissipation	32.7 ug/kg sediment at 14 days, 0-3 in.; 50.3 ug/L paddy water at 3 days (CA)	10.2 ug/kg sediment at 122 days, 0-3 in.; 1.04 ug/L paddy water at 3 days (CA)	—	3.3 ug/kg sediment at 364 days, 0-3 in.; 0.13 ug/L paddy water at 7 days (CA)	MRID: 46246522, 46246523, 46246524.

Data are reported in single replicates.

Studies conducted with both phenyl and triazole radiolabels include: aerobic soil metabolism (MRID: 46246511 only), aerobic aquatic metabolism, and aqueous photolysis. All other studies are conducted with phenyl radiolabel only (i.e., hydrolysis, soil photolysis, other aerobic soil metabolism (MRID: 46246512 only), anaerobic aquatic metabolism). The 1,2,4-triazole degradate is not able to be detected in studies using the phenyl radiolabel. (The 1,2,4-triazole degradate column for studies which did not use the triazole label are designated "Not able to be detected".)

Field studies not radiolabelled. The only degradates tracked in field studies are: prothioconazole-desthio, prothioconazole-S-methyl, prothioconazole-thiazocine, and 1,2,4-triazole. Maximum concentrations in the field studies are determined after the 6<sup>th</sup> (CA, NY) or 2<sup>nd</sup> (GA) application. (DAT= days after 6<sup>th</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> treatment); 800 ug/kg, 400 ug/kg, and 1000 ug/kg total prothioconazole applied in CA, GA, and NY, respectively. Blank boxes represent degradates which are not detected above MDL.

### **3.1.2. Measures of Aquatic Exposure**

Tier II modeling for scenarios representing all proposed uses was used to generate EECs. For Tier II, two models are used in tandem: the Pesticide Root Zone Model, (PRZM, Carsel *et al.*, 2005) and the Exposure Analysis Modeling System (EXAMS, Burns, 2004). PRZM (version 3.12.2 dated May 12, 2005) simulates fate and transport on the agricultural field, and EXAMS (version 2.98.04.06 dated April 25, 2005) simulates the fate and resulting daily concentrations in a standard model water body. Simulations are carried out with the linkage program shell, PE 5.0 (November 15, 2006), which incorporates the standard crop and orchard scenarios developed by EFED. Simulations are run for multiple (usually 30) years, and the EECs represent peak values that are expected once every ten years, based on the thirty years of daily values generated during the simulation. Additional information on these models can be found at:  
<http://www.epa.gov/oppefed1/models/water/index.htm>.

For aquatic endpoints, the exposure is estimated for the maximum application pattern to a 10-ha field bordering a 1-ha pond, 2-m deep (20,000 m<sup>3</sup>) with no outlet. Exposure estimates generated using this standard pond are intended to represent a wide variety of vulnerable water bodies that occur at the top of watersheds including prairie pot holes, playa lakes, wetlands, vernal pools, man-made and natural ponds, and intermittent and first-order streams. As a group, there are factors that make these water bodies more or less vulnerable than the standard surrogate pond. Static water bodies that have larger ratios of pesticide-treated drainage area to water body volume would be expected to have higher peak EECs than the standard pond. These water bodies will be either smaller in size or have large drainage areas. Smaller water bodies have limited storage capacity and thus may overflow and carry pesticide in the discharge, whereas the standard pond has no discharge. As watershed size increases beyond 10-ha, it becomes increasingly unlikely that the entire watershed is planted with a non-major single crop that is all treated simultaneously with the pesticide. Headwater streams can also have peak concentrations higher than the standard pond, but they likely persist for only short periods of time and are then carried and dissipated downstream.

#### *Input Parameters*

Input parameters for the PRZM/EXAMS models are listed in **Table 3.3**. Explanations of various model input parameters are discussed below.

**Table 3.3. Input Values Used for Prothioconazole Tier II Surface Water Modeling with PRZM/EXAMS**

Parameter (units)	Value (s)	Source	Comments
PRZM Scenario	MN Sugar beets MS soybeans	--	Standard PRZM crop scenarios
Application Rate (kg a.i./ha)	Sugar beets: 0.2 Soybeans: 0.105	Proposed label.	Represents the maximum single application rate per crop season (year).

**Table 3.3. Input Values Used for Prothioconazole Tier II Surface Water Modeling with PRZM/EXAMS**

Parameter (units)	Value (s)	Source	Comments
Number of Applications	Sugar beets: 3 Soybeans: 3	Proposed label.	Represents the maximum applications per crop season (year).
Interval between Applications (days)	Sugar beets: 14 Soybeans: 10	Proposed label.	Represents the minimum interval between applications per crop season (year).
Molecular weight (g/mol)	344.3	MRID: 46246003, 46477401.	For parent prothioconazole only.
Henry's Law Constant (atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol)	2.96 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>	MRID: 46246003.	For parent prothioconazole only.
Vapor Pressure (Torr)	3 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	MRID: 46246003.	For parent prothioconazole only.
Solubility in Water @ 20 °C, pH 8 (mg/L or ppm)	300	MRID: 46246003.	—
Soil Partition Coefficient (K <sub>OC</sub> (mL/g <sub>OC</sub> ))	523.0	MRID: 46246450.	Represents the lowest non-sand K <sub>OC</sub> value among four values ranging from 523.0 to 625.3 mL/g <sub>OC</sub> for prothioconazole-desthio.
CAM (Chemical Application Method)	2	Proposed label.	Linear foliar based on crop canopy: proposed label allows aerial spray and ground spray.
Depth of Incorporation (inches)	0	Proposed label.	—
Application efficiency (decimal)	Aerial spray: 0.95  Ground spray: 0.99	Input Guidance.	—
Spray drift fraction (decimal)	Aerial spray: 0.05  Ground spray: 0.01	Input Guidance.	—
Application date (day/month)	Sugar beets: 24/August Soybeans: 15/May	Proposed label and PRZM scenarios.	—
Hydrolysis Half-life @ pH 4, 7, 9 (days)	0	MRIDs: 46246505, 46246506.	Two studies show that both prothioconazole and prothioconazole-desthio are stable to hydrolysis.

**Table 3.3. Input Values Used for Prothioconazole Tier II Surface Water Modeling with PRZM/EXAMS**

Parameter (units)	Value (s)	Source	Comments
Aqueous Photolysis Half-life @ pH 7 (days)	101.9	MRID: 46246507.	Maximum, dark-controlled, value for prothioconazole total toxic residues, corrected to represent natural sunlight at 40°N latitude.
Aerobic Aquatic Metabolism Half-life (days)	385.2	MRID: 46246515.	Represents the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile confidence bound on the mean of four total system half-life values (238.4; range: 67.3-346.6) calculated using prothioconazole total toxic residues.
Anaerobic Aquatic Metabolism Half-life (days)	0	MRID: 46246516.	Represents one total system half-life value (stable) or three times one total system half-life value (1386.3) calculated using prothioconazole total toxic residues.
Aerobic Soil Metabolism Half-life (days)	1052.2	MRIDs: 46246511, 46246512.	Represents the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile confidence bound on the mean of six values for the aerobic soil metabolism of prothioconazole total toxic residues.

Currently approved standard PRZM crop scenarios were used in modeling. The MN sugar beets and MS soybean scenarios were used to simulate applications to sugar beets and soybeans. In cases when multiple scenarios from various geographic areas were available, east coast scenarios were chosen, if available, because they generally have greater rainfall which drives off-site transport.

Application methods and rates were obtained from the proposed supplemental labels. Application timing of prothioconazole is related to various fungal pressures. For the purposes of this assessment, it was assumed that applications are made two weeks after crop emergence (as specified in the standard scenarios). Applications were modeled with aerial and ground application input values as specified on the label.

Chemical property input values were chosen in accordance with current input parameter guidance (USEPA, 2002b). The upper 90% confidence bound on the mean of the total residues of concern was selected for the aerobic soil metabolism half-life (1052 d) and aerobic aquatic metabolism half-life (385 d), as per current input parameter guidance. The hydrolysis and anaerobic aquatic metabolism were modeled as stable, and photolysis was modeled at 102 d (total residues of concern). The lowest non-sand K<sub>oc</sub> (523mL/goc) for prothioconazole-desthio was used for PRZM/EXAMS.

#### *Modeling Results*

Proposed use patterns were modeled for surface water exposure estimates, as described above. The maximum use patterns for sugar beets yielded the maximum surface water EECs listed below in **Table 3.4**. Model input/output data for these estimates are attached in **Appendix A**.

**Table 3.4. PRZM/EXAMS-Predicted Aquatic 1-in-10 Year Estimated Environmental Concentrations (EECs) for the Total Residues of Concern Resulting from Application of Prothioconazole**

Uses (modeled rate)	PRZM Scenario	Application	Peak (ppb)	21-d (ppb)	60-d (ppb)
Sugar beets (0.53 lb/A/yr)	MN sugar beets	Aerial	25.0	24.8	24.4
		Ground	21.5	21.2	20.7
Soybeans (0.28 lb/A/yr)	MS soybeans	Aerial	11.4	11.1	10.6
		Ground	10.3	9.89	9.42

### 3.1.3. Measures of Terrestrial Exposure

#### 3.1.3.1. Terrestrial Animals

T-REX (version 1.2.3) is used to calculate dietary and dose-based EECs of prothioconazole for mammals and birds. Input values for T-REX are located in **Table 3.5**. Upper-bound Kenaga nomogram values are used to derive EECs for prothioconazole exposures to terrestrial mammals and birds (**Table 3.6**). An example output from the T-REX model is provided in **Appendix B**. As discussed in the June 2006 ecological risk assessment (U.S. EPA, 2006), a 90<sup>th</sup> percentile foliar dissipation half-life of 6.44 days from the combined parent and prothioconazole-desthio was used in order to be consistent with the approach used for fate input data. Label-specified minimum application intervals of 10 and 14 days were modeled for soybeans and sugar beets, respectively. A 1-year time period is simulated. Consideration is given to different types of feeding strategies for mammals and birds, including herbivores, insectivores and granivores. For dose-based exposures, three weight classes of mammals (15, 35 and 1000 g) and birds (20, 100, and 1000 g) are considered.

**Table 3.5. Input Parameters for Deriving Terrestrial EECs for Prothioconazole Use on Soybeans and Sugar Beets Using T-REX**

Parameter Description	Values	
	Soybeans	Sugar Beets
Prothioconazole Application Rate (lbs a.i./A)	0.09375	0.1781
Foliar Dissipation Half-life (days)	6.44	6.44
Minimum Application Interval (days)	10	14
Number of Applications	3	3

**Table 3.6. T-REX Calculated EECs of Prothioconazole on Food Residues**

Food Type	Maximum EEC (mg/kg)	
	Soybeans	Sugar Beets
Short Grass	32.75	54.32
Tall Grass	15.03	24.89
Broadleaf plants/sm insects	18.44	30.55
Fruits/pods/lg insects	2.05	3.39

### 3.1.3.2. Terrestrial Plants

Prothioconazole exposure to terrestrial and semi-aquatic plants is estimated using the TerrPlant (version 1.2.2) model. The model generates EECs for plants residing near a use area that may be exposed via runoff and/or spray drift. The EECs are generated from one application at the maximum rate for a particular use and compound-specific solubility information. Only a single application is considered because it is assumed that for plants, toxic effects are likely to manifest shortly after the initial exposure and that subsequent exposures do not contribute to the response. Hence, the model estimates EECs based on application rate, the solubility factor, and default assumptions of drift. The EECs for terrestrial and semi-aquatic plants for a single application of prothioconazole at the maximum label rate for the proposed uses on soybeans and sugar beets are presented in **Table 3.7**. An example output from the TerrPlant model is provided in **Appendix C**.

**Table 3.7. EECs for Terrestrial and Semi-Aquatic Plants Near New Prothioconazole Use Areas**

Crop	Single Max. Application Rate (lbs a.i./A)	EECs (lbs a.i./A) (Ground Spray, Aerial Spray)					
		Total Loading to Adjacent Areas (sheet runoff + drift)		Total Loading to Semi-Aquatic Areas (channelized runoff + drift)		Drift EEC	
		Ground spray	Aerial spray	Ground spray	Aerial spray	Ground spray	Aerial spray
Soybeans	0.09375	0.0056	0.0094	0.0478	0.0516	0.0009	0.0516
Sugar Beets	0.1781	0.0107	0.0178	0.0908	0.0979	0.0018	0.0089

## 3.2. Ecological Effects Characterization

The ecological effects characterization for prothioconazole is based on registrant-submitted toxicity data on the parent, prothioconazole, and its major degradates (-desthio and -S-methyl). In addition to the registrant-submitted data, the ECOTOX database (<http://www.epa.gov/ecotox>) was used to identify additional toxicity data from the open literature. Given the complexities associated with the fate, transport, and toxicity of prothioconazole in the environment, a total toxics residue approach is used to evaluate the potential risks of both parent and metabolites. Therefore, the lowest available toxicity

value for a taxon and duration (e.g., acute freshwater fish) is used to calculate RQs. Generally, prothioconazole-desthio was the most toxic chemical tested, and toxicity resulting from exposure to this degradate was predominantly used for RQ calculations. Results from submitted toxicity studies are not likely to capture the toxicity of prothioconazole and metabolites to all species of birds, mammals, plants, or aquatic organisms. Only a few surrogate species are used to represent all fish, birds, mammals, invertebrates, and plants. Furthermore, there are no currently required toxicity tests for amphibians or reptiles; therefore, birds are used as surrogates for reptiles and terrestrial-phase amphibians, and freshwater fish are used as surrogates for aquatic-phase amphibians. In general, the representation of numerous species by a few commonly used laboratory species, which are often chosen for amenability to laboratory study, is a source of uncertainty.

A brief description of available aquatic and terrestrial toxicity data used to calculate RQs is provided below in Sections 3.2.1 and 3.2.2. All toxicity data used to derive RQs is based on registrant-submitted studies. Further details on all of the available toxicity studies for prothioconazole and its degradates, including registrant-submitted studies and open literature data from ECOTOX, are provided in the June 2006 ecological risk assessment (U.S., EPA, 2006).

### **3.2.1. Aquatic Effects Characterization**

Aquatic toxicity data for animals and plants are summarized in **Tables 3.8** and **3.9**, respectively.

For aquatic freshwater animals, prothioconazole and its degradates are moderately toxic. For estuarine/marine fish and invertebrates, the toxicity ranges from slightly to very highly toxic under acute exposure conditions. However, there is uncertainty associated with the very highly toxic designation for estuarine/marine invertebrates because the chronic NOAEC for mysid shrimp is actually higher than the concentration that killed 50% of mysid shrimp following a 96-hr acute exposure, suggesting that the lethal ( $LC_{50}$ ) and sub-lethal (NOAEC) effects occur at similar concentrations for the same chemical. The available acute toxicity data suggest that there is considerable variation in the response of mysids to prothioconazole-desthio, and it is possible that the life cycle test may not have adequately captured the potential sensitivity of mysids. To address this uncertainty, an acute-to-chronic ratio was used to estimate the chronic toxicity endpoint from the lowest available mysid  $LC_{50}$ . The acute-to-chronic ratio from freshwater daphnids is 11.7 (EC<sub>50</sub>/ NOAEC: 1200 ppb/103 ppb). Using this factor and adjusting the mysid  $LC_{50}$  of 60 ppb yields an estimated NOAEC of 5.2 ppb.

On a chronic basis, prothioconazole-desio results in reduced larval/juvenile survival, spawning frequency, and growth of fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) and reduced offspring production in water fleas (*Daphnia magna*) at LOAEC concentrations ranging from 206 to 297 ppb; the corresponding NOAEC values for freshwater fish and invertebrates are 148 ppb and 103 ppb, respectively.

Aquatic plants appear particularly sensitive to both the parent, and especially prothioconazole-desthio. With respect to freshwater aquatic plants, duckweed (*Lemna gibba*) and green algae (*Scenedesmus subspicatus*) are most sensitive to prothioconazole-desthio with respective EC<sub>50</sub> values of 35 ppb and 74 ppb. Non-vascular estuarine/marine diatoms (*Skeletonema costatum*) are most sensitive to prothioconazole with a 96-h EC<sub>50</sub> of 21 ppb.

Species/ Chemical	Acute Toxicity			Chronic Toxicity	
	96-hr LC <sub>50</sub> /EC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ g a.i./L)	48-hr EC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ g a.i./L)	Toxicity Classification (MRID)	NOAEC/ LOAEC ( $\mu$ g a.i./L)	Endpoints (MRID)
Rainbow trout <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Prothioconazole	1690	--	Moderately Toxic (462460-19)	--	--
Fathead Minnow <i>Pimephales promelas</i> prothioconazole-desthio	--	--	--	148 / 296	Survival, spawn freq., growth (462460-33)
Waterflea <i>Daphnia magna</i> Prothioconazole (parent)	--	1200	Moderately Toxic (462460-09)	--	--
Water flea <i>Daphnia magna</i> Prothioconazole-desthio	--	--	--	103 / 206	Reproductive output (462460-29)
Sheepshead minnow <i>Cyprinidion variegates</i> Prothioconazole (parent)	>10300	--	Slightly Toxic (462460-27)	--	--
Eastern Oyster <i>Crassostrea virginica</i> Prothioconazole (parent)	3000	--	Moderately Toxic (462460-14)	--	--
Mysid shrimp <i>Americanysis bahia</i> Prothioconazole-desthio	60	--	Very Highly Toxic (462460-17)	--	--
Mysid shrimp <i>Americanysis bahia</i> Prothioconazole-desthio	--	--	--	64	Reproductive output (462460-30)
Mysid shrimp <i>Americanysis bahia</i>	--	--	--	5.2	Derived using acute-to- chronic ratio

Species/ Chemical	Acute Toxicity			
	96-hr LC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ g a.i./L)	7-day EC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ g a.i./L)	NOAEC/ EC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ g a.i./L)	Endpoints (MRID)
Duckweed <i>Lemna gibba</i> Prothioconazole-desthio	--	35	5.8/3.9	Frond Number (462461-04)
Green algae <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> Prothioconazole-desthio	74	--	<10/11	Cell Density (462461-08)

Diatom <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Prothioconazole	21	--	7.3/7.7	Biomass (462461-10)
--	----	----	---------	------------------------

### 3.2.2. Terrestrial Effects Characterization

Toxicity values for terrestrial animals and plants are summarized in **Tables 3.10** and **3.11**, respectively.

Prothioconazole and its degradates (-desthio, and -S-methyl) are, for the most part, practically non-toxic to mammals, birds, and honeybees under acute exposure conditions. However, it should be noted that 70% mortality was observed in bobwhite quail in the acute dietary study involving exposure to prothioconazole-desthio at the highest exposure level of 5,215 mg/kg-diet; the LC<sub>50</sub> is 4,252 mg/kg-diet, and the compound is classified as slightly toxic. Sub-lethal effects including decreased food consumption and/or body weight were observed in both the acute avian oral and dietary studies. In chronic avian studies, no significant effects of the parent or degradates were reported at concentrations up to 449 mg/kg. In chronic mammalian tests on prothioconazole-desthio, reproductive effects including decreased pup viability and decreased pup weight were observed at a LOAEL of 640 mg/kg-diet with a corresponding NOAEL of 160 mg/kg-diet. The NOAEL is equivalent to a dose of 9.5 mg/kg bw/day in female rats.

Tier I plant studies were conducted with 10 species of plants exposed to 0.272 lbs a.i./A, which is greater than the highest proposed single application rate of 0.178 lbs a.i./A. With the exception of cucumbers, effects did not exceed a 25% inhibition for any other species. For cucumber plants, there was a greater than 25% effect on shoot length and dry weight in the seedling emergence study. Although effects in cucumbers did not exceed 25% in the vegetative vigor study, the percent inhibition for this species was generally among the highest. Based on the results of the Tier I study, a Tier II study for cucumber was required.

In the Tier II study, no effects exceeded a 25% inhibition compared to control for cucumbers for the highest test concentration of 0.272 lbs ai/A. However, there were significant effects on both shoot height and dry weight with the lowest NOAEC associated with shoot height. The NOAEC and EC<sub>05</sub> for shoot height are equivalent to application rates of 0.03 and 0.08 lbs ai/A, respectively; the NOAEC is used to calculate RQs.

**Table 3.10. Summary of Acute and Chronic Toxicity Data for Terrestrial Animals Exposed to Prothioconazole and Prothioconazole-Metabolites**

Species/ Chemical	Acute Toxicity				Chronic Toxicity	
	48-hr LD <sub>50</sub> µg/bee	14-day LD <sub>50</sub> (mg/kg bw)	8-day LC <sub>50</sub> (mg/kg feed (ppm))	Toxicity Classification (MRID)	NOAEC/LOAEC (mg/kg feed (ppm))	Endpoints (MRID)
Bobwhite quail <i>Colinus virginianus</i> Prothioconazole	--	> 2000	--	Practically Non-toxic (462460-19)	--	--
Bobwhite quail <i>Colinus virginianus</i>	--	--	4252	Slightly Toxic (462460-39)	--	--

Prothioconazole-desthio						
Mallard Duck <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> Prothioconazole-desthio	--	--	--	--	449 / >449	No Effects (462460-45)
Laboratory Rat <i>Rattus norvegicus</i> (Sprague-Dawley) Prothioconazole-desthio	--	2506	--	Practically Non-toxic (462462-31)	--	--
Laboratory Rat <i>Rattus norvegicus</i> (Sprague-Dawley) Prothioconazole-desthio	--	--	--	--	160/640 (9.5 mg/kg bw/d)	Offspring (462463-33)
Honeybee <i>Apis mellifera</i> Prothioconazole	>71	--	--	Practically Non-toxic (462460-48)	--	--

**Table 3.11. Summary of the Effects of Prothioconazole and Metabolites on Terrestrial Plants**

Plant Type	Study Species	% Reduction Compared to Controls					
		Seedling Emergence			Vegetative Vigor		
		Seedling Emergence	Shoot Length	Dry Weight	Shoot Length	Dry Weight	
Tier I Results (0.272 lbs a.i./A)							
Monocots	Buckwheat	--	5.2	20.9	--	--	
	Corn	5.0	1.1	4.7	0.2	6.3	
	Onion	2.1	--	--	--	--	
	Ryegrass	8.0	4.5	--	--	--	
	Wheat	2.0	5.1	--	1.9	7.1	
Dicots	Cucumber	--	<b>25.6</b>	<b>31.1</b>	22.0	10.3	
	Soybean	--	9.2	11.1	1.2	6.6	
	Sunflower	7.0	1.8	8.1	--	5.3	
	Tomato	--	12.7	16.1	--	11.2	
	Turnip	--	8.1	7.1	8.1	4.8	
Tier II Results							
Plant Type	Study Species	Shoot Length NOAEC / EC <sub>05</sub> (lbs a.i./A)			Dry Weight NOAEC / EC <sub>05</sub> (lbs ai/A)		
		0.03	0.08	0.272	0.03		
Dicot	Cucumber						

## 4. Risk Characterization

### 4.1. Risk Estimation

#### 4.1.1. Aquatic Organisms

The peak EECs in surface water generated from the PRZM/EXAMS model represents acute exposure to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and aquatic plants, and the highest 21-day and 60-day average EECs represents chronic exposure to aquatic invertebrates and fish, respectively. Scenarios are evaluated for prothioconazole to sugar beets and soybeans via aerial applications, and also for ground applications when RQs derived using aerial EECs

exceed LOCs. Acute and chronic RQs for freshwater and estuarine/marine organisms are summarized in **Tables 4.1** and **4.2**, respectively. RQs for fresh- and saltwater aquatic plants are presented in **Table 4.3**.

#### **4.1.1.1. Freshwater Fish and Invertebrates**

As shown in **Table 4.1**, acute and chronic RQs are well below LOCs (**Table 2.3**) for freshwater fish and invertebrates; therefore, risks associated with exposure to the proposed prothioconazole uses on sugar beets and soybeans are not expected to occur for freshwater fish and invertebrates.

<b>Table 4.1. Acute and Chronic RQs for Freshwater Fish and Invertebrates Exposed to Prothioconazole</b>								
Use (App. Method)	Application Rate lbs a.i./A (#app/interval)	EECs (ppb)			Fish and Amphibian RQs $LC_{50} = 1690$ ppb $NOAEC = 148$ ppb		Invertebrate RQs $LC_{50} = 1200$ ppb $NOAEC = 103$ ppb	
		Peak	21-day	60-day	Acute	Chronic	Acute	Chronic
Sugar beets (aerial)	0.1781 (3/14)	25.0	24.8	24.4	0.01	0.16	0.02	0.24
Soybeans (aerial)	0.09375 (3/10)	11.4	11.1	10.6	<0.01	0.07	0.01	0.11

#### **4.1.1.2. Estuarine/Marine Fish and Invertebrates**

As shown in **Table 4.2**, acute RQs for estuarine/marine fish and mollusks are well below the listed species LOC of 0.05. Chronic toxicity data were not available for estuarine/marine fish; therefore, chronic RQs could not be calculated. Based on the mysid shrimp toxicity data, the listed species LOC (RQ  $\geq 0.05$ ) is exceeded for ground and aerial applications of prothioconazole on sugar beets and soybeans; the non-listed species acute restricted use LOC (RQ  $\geq 0.2$ ) is also exceeded for ground and aerial applications on sugar beets. In addition, the chronic LOC (RQ  $\geq 1$ ) is exceeded for non-molluskan estuarine/marine invertebrates, with RQ values ranging from 1.90 to 4.76.

<b>Table 4.2. Acute and Chronic RQs for Estuarine/Marine Fish and Invertebrates Exposed to Prothioconazole</b>								
Use	Application Rate lbs ai/A (#app/interval)	EECs (ppb)			Fish RQs $LC_{50} = >10300$ ppb $NOAEC = N/A$	Invertebrate RQs $LC_{50} = 60$ ppb $NOAEC = 5.2$ ppb		Mollusk RQs $EC_{50} = 3000$ ppb
		Peak	21-day	Acute		Acute	Chronic	
Sugar beets (aerial)	0.1781 (3/14)	25.0	24.8	<0.01	0.41**	4.76	<0.01	

Sugar beets (ground)		21.5	21.2	<0.01	<b>0.36**</b>	<b>4.08</b>	<0.01
Soybeans (aerial)	0.09375 (3/10)	11.4	11.1	<0.01	<b>0.19*</b>	<b>2.13</b>	<0.01
Soybeans (ground)		10.3	9.89	<0.01	<b>0.17*</b>	<b>1.90</b>	<0.01

\*Exceeds the acute listed species LOC ( $RQ \geq 0.05$ )

\*\*Exceeds the acute listed species LOC ( $RQ \geq 0.05$ ) and the non-listed species acute restricted use LOC ( $RQ \geq 0.2$ )

**Bolded** chronic RQs exceed the listed and non-listed species chronic risk LOC ( $RQ \geq 1.0$ )

#### 4.1.1.3. Aquatic Plants

As shown in **Table 4.3**, RQs for all freshwater and saltwater plants exceed the acute listed species LOC for ground and aerial applications of prothioconazole to sugar beets and soybeans, with the exception of ground application to soybeans. In addition, non-listed species LOCs are also exceeded for saltwater non-vascular plants for prothioconazole use on sugar beets.

**Table 4.3. Acute RQs for Freshwater and Estuarine/Marine Aquatic Plants Exposed to Prothioconazole**

Use	Application Rate lbs (ai/A (#app/interval)	Peak EECs (ppb)	Freshwater Vascular Plant RQs		Freshwater Non-vascular Plant RQs		Saltwater Non-vascular Plant RQs	
			Acute Non-listed Species	Acute Listed Species	Acute Non-listed Species	Acute Listed Species	Acute Non-listed Species	Acute Listed Species
Sugar beets (aerial)	0.1781 (3/14)	25.0	0.71	<b>4.31*</b>	0.34	<b>2.27*</b>	<b>1.19*</b>	<b>3.42*</b>
Sugar beets (ground)		21.5	0.61	<b>3.71</b>	0.29	<b>1.95*</b>	<b>1.02</b>	<b>2.95</b>
Soybeans (aerial)	0.09375 (3/10)	11.4	0.33	<b>1.97*</b>	0.15	<b>1.04*</b>	0.54	<b>1.56*</b>
Soybeans (ground)		10.3	0.29	<b>1.78*</b>	0.14	0.94	0.49	<b>1.41*</b>

\*Exceeds the acute listed species or non-listed species LOC ( $RQ \geq 1.0$ )

#### 4.1.2. Terrestrial Organisms

##### 4.1.2.1. Birds

Prothioconazole is classified as ‘practically nontoxic’ to birds on an acute oral basis, and ‘slightly toxic’ on a sub-acute dietary exposure basis. However, in the submitted avian acute and sub-acute toxicity studies, sublethal effects including decreased food consumption and reduction in body weight were observed. Acute dose- and dietary-based and chronic dietary-based RQs were calculated for prothioconazole use on sugar beets (0.1781 lb a.i.A; 3 applications; minimum application interval of 14 days), which

has the higher application rate and EECs (Table 3.6) of the two proposed uses evaluated as part of this assessment. As shown in **Table 4.4**, the acute and chronic RQs are well below LOCs for avian receptors; therefore, the proposed uses of prothioconazole are not expected to adversely affect birds. An example output of avian RQs from the T-REX model is provided in **Appendix B**.

**Table 4.4. Avian Acute and Chronic RQ Values for Prothioconazole Use on Sugar Beets**

Dietary Category	Acute RQs			Chronic Dietary-based RQs	
	Dose-based RQs				
	20 g	100 g	1000 g		
Short Grass	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.01	
Tall Grass	0.02	0.01	<0.01	0.01	
Broadleaf plants/sm insects	0.02	0.01	<0.01	0.01	
Fruits/pods/seeds/lg insects	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	

The acute LOC for listed avian species is  $RQ \geq 0.1$ .

The chronic LOC for non-listed and listed avian species is  $RQ \geq 1.0$ .

#### 4.1.2.2. Mammals

**Table 4.5** lists dose-based acute mammalian RQs for the proposed use of prothioconazole on sugarbeets because this use pattern results in the highest EECs on food residues (Table 3.6). No acute LOCs are exceeded with RQs ranging from <0.01 to 0.01.

**Table 4.5. Mammalian Dose-Based Acute RQ Values for Uses of Prothioconazole on Sugar Beets**

Use	Application Rate lbs ai/A #app/interval( d)	Body Weight (g)	Avian Acute RQs for Specified Food Items				
			Short Grass	Tall Grass	Broadleaf Plants/Small Insects	Fruits/Pods/ Lg Insects	Seeds
Sugar beets	0.1781 (3/14)	15	0.01	<0.01	0.01	<0.01	<0.01
		35	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
		1000	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

The acute listed species LOC for mammalian species is  $RQ \geq 0.1$ .

**Table 4.6** lists the dose-based chronic mammalian RQs for the proposed uses of prothioconazole. The chronic LOC ( $RQ \geq 1.0$ ) is exceeded for both proposed new uses of prothioconazole on sugar beets and soybeans. However, LOC exceedances are specific to food items including shortgrass (for both uses) and tall grass and broadleaf plants/small insects for the sugar beet use only. RQs are higher for smaller mammals due to an increased food ingestion rate associated with the higher metabolic rate of smaller mammals.

**Table 4.6. Mammalian Dose-Based Chronic RQ Values for Uses of Prothioconazole**

Use	Application Rate lbs ai/A #app/interval(d)	Body Weight (g)	Dose-based Chronic Mammalian RQs for Specified Food Items				
			Short Grass	Tall Grass	Broadleaf Plants/Small Insects	Fruits/Pods/Lg Insects	Seeds
Sugar beets	0.1781 (3/14)	15	<b>2.48</b>	<b>1.14</b>	<b>1.40</b>	0.16	0.03
		35	<b>2.12</b>	0.97	<b>1.19</b>	0.13	0.03
		1000	<b>1.14</b>	0.52	0.64	0.07	0.02
Soybeans	0.09375 (3/10)	15	<b>1.50</b>	0.69	0.84	0.09	0.02
		35	<b>1.28</b>	0.59	0.72	0.08	0.02
		1000	0.69	0.31	0.39	0.04	0.01

Bolded values exceed the chronic risk LOC (RQ ≥ 1.0) for non-listed and listed mammalian species

**Table 4.7** summarizes chronic dietary-based mammalian RQs for proposed uses of prothioconazole. These RQs are based on effects associated with chemical concentrations in feed. The chronic dietary-based RQs do not exceed LOCs for any of the proposed new uses of prothioconazole.

**Table 4.7. Chronic Dietary-Based RQ Values for Mammals Exposed to Prothioconazole**

Use	Application Rate lbs ai/A #app/interval(d)	Food Items	EEC (mg/kg)	Chronic Dietary RQ
Sugar beets	0.1781 (3/14)	Short Grass	54.32	0.34
		Tall Grass	24.89	0.16
		Broadleaf plants / small insects	30.55	0.19
		Fruits, pods, seeds, large insects	3.39	0.02
Soybeans	0.09375 (3/10)	Short Grass	32.78	0.20
		Tall Grass	15.03	0.09
		Broadleaf plants / small insects	18.44	0.12
		Fruits, pods, seeds, large insects	2.05	0.01

The chronic risk LOC for non-listed and listed mammalian species is RQ≥1.0

An example output of mammalian acute and chronic RQs derived from the T-REX model is provided in **Appendix B**.

#### 4.1.2.3. Terrestrial Invertebrates

Prothioconazole is classified as ‘practically nontoxic’ to non-target terrestrial insects including honey bees on an acute exposure basis. Screening-level risk assessments do not typically evaluate risks to terrestrial invertebrates; however, toxicity information for beneficial insects is used to develop precautionary label language where necessary. Based on the available data, precautionary label language for bees does not appear necessary.

#### 4.1.2.4. Plants

**Table 4.8** summarizes the terrestrial and semi-aquatic plant RQs for the proposed new uses of prothioconazole. RQs exceed the listed species LOC (RQ ≥ 1.0) for semi-aquatic listed plants. RQs for non-listed terrestrial and semi-aquatic plant species are not calculated because an EC<sub>25</sub> (> 0.272 lbs a.i./A; highest test concentration) could not be

estimated from the Tier II study. An example output terrestrial and semi-aquatic plant RQs derived from the TerrPlant model is provided in Appendix C.

**Table 4.8 RQ Values for Listed Terrestrial and Semi-Aquatic Plants Exposed to Prothioconazole**

Use(s)	Single Application Rate (lbs a.i./A)	RQs Based on Tier II Seedling Emergence Study on Cucumber (EC <sub>25</sub> >0.272 lbs a.i./A; NOAEC = 0.03 lbs a.i./A)			
		Adjacent		Semi-Aquatic	
		Ground spray	Aerial spray	Ground spray	Aerial spray
Sugar beets	0.178	0.36	0.59	<b>3.03</b>	<b>3.26</b>
Soy beans	0.09375	0.19	0.31	<b>1.59</b>	<b>1.72</b>

**Bolded** values exceed listed plant acute risk LOC (RQ≥1.0)

## 4.2. Risk Description

The results of this screening-level risk assessment indicate that the proposed new use of prothioconazole on sugar beets and soybeans has the potential for direct adverse effects to listed and non-listed estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrates, listed freshwater vascular and non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed saltwater non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed mammals (chronic), and listed semi-aquatic dicot plants. Therefore, the risk hypothesis [*...the proposed prothioconazole uses on sugar beets and soybeans has the potential to reduce survival, reproduction, and/or growth in terrestrial and aquatic organisms*] is supported. These results are based on the maximum application rate for these proposed uses. Although direct adverse effects to freshwater and saltwater fish, freshwater invertebrates, mollusks, birds, and non-target insects from prothioconazole uses are not expected, indirect effects to all animals are possible, given the potential for effects on semi-aquatic and aquatic plant species.

### 4.2.1. Risks to Aquatic Organisms

Acute and chronic RQs for freshwater fish and invertebrates, and acute RQs for estuarine/marine fish and mollusks are well below the listed species LOC of 0.05; therefore, direct effects to these taxonomic groups from the proposed new uses of prothioconazole are not expected. Although no chronic estuarine/marine fish data are available for prothioconazole or its degradates, the likelihood of chronic effects in saltwater fish is expected to be low, given the low potential for acute adverse effects and low potential for chronic effects to freshwater species.

Based on this screening-level analysis, the estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrate acute and chronic RQ values exceed their respective LOCs, with acute RQs ranging from 0.17 to 0.41 and chronic RQs ranging from 1.9 to 4.76. Peak EECs would have to be reduced from estimated modeling concentrations of 25 ppb to < 3 ppb (8.3-fold) to result in an acute RQ that is less than the listed species acute LOC of 0.05. The chronic endpoint for mysids is based on an acute-to-chronic ratio, given uncertainties associated

with the acute LC<sub>50</sub> and NOAEC data for the mysid (i.e., the acute LC<sub>50</sub> for the mysid is lower than the chronic NOAEC). Although repeating the mysid life cycle may reduce uncertainty associated with the NOAEC, any new data would not negate the results of the original mysid acute test, which serves as the basis for risk conclusions regarding saltwater non-molluskan invertebrates. Therefore, the proposed new uses of prothioconazole may cause direct effects to estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrates in areas where sugar beets and soybeans are grown near estuarine/marine environments.

Based on predicted prothioconazole total toxic residue EECs for the modeled new uses and available toxicity data, acute listed species LOCs are exceeded for all freshwater vascular and saltwater non-vascular aquatic plants. In addition, acute listed species LOCs are exceeded for freshwater non-vascular plants for proposed prothioconazole uses on sugarbeets and aerial applications on soybeans. Acute non-listed species LOCs are also exceeded for saltwater non-vascular plants for proposed use on sugarbeets. Based on the available information, it appears that the toxicity of prothioconazole and its degradates to aquatic plants is similar for freshwater vascular and saltwater non-vascular plants, and roughly two times less sensitive than these aquatic taxa for freshwater non-vascular plants.

Modeled aquatic EECs included combined residues of prothioconazole, and two primary degradates, prothioconazole-deshydro and prothioconazole-S-methyl. EECs were then compared to the lowest toxicity value for any given endpoint regardless of the exposure chemical (i.e., parent or degrate). This approach is particularly conservative in cases where one compound is appreciably more toxic than the others. Additionally, because of the considerable uncertainty surrounding soil extraction procedures, the unextracted material in the aerobic soil, aerobic aquatic, and anaerobic aquatic metabolism studies was added to parent in calculation of half-lives used in environmental fate modeling and fate characterization. Therefore, the persistence and bioavailability of prothioconazole is likely overestimated in this assessment; resulting in conservative estimated aquatic exposure.

#### ***4.2.2. Risks to Terrestrial Organisms***

No avian acute or chronic LOCs are exceeded for the proposed new uses of prothioconazole on sugar beets and soybeans; therefore, direct effects to birds are not expected.

Similarly, no acute LOCs are exceeded for mammals, indicating that acute direct effects of the proposed new uses on mammals are unlikely. However, chronic dose-based RQs exceed LOCs for both proposed new uses for a number of combinations of mammalian body size and food item type. Generally, RQs are higher for smaller mammals that consume short grass, followed by consumers of broadleaf plants/small insects, and tall grass. No chronic risk LOCs are exceeded for mammals (35g-1000g) that consume tall grass, fruits, pods, large insects, and/or seeds. In order to reduce dose-based chronic RQs below the LOC for chronic mammalian risk for all new uses of prothioconazole, the application rate would have to be reduced from 0.1781 lb a.i./A to below 0.07 lb a.i./A

(assuming 3 applications with an interval of 14 days) and below 0.09 lb a.i./A (assuming one application). Although the chronic dietary-based RQs did not exceed chronic mammalian LOCs, the basis of the risk conclusion is the dose-based chronic RQs because these values address differential food consumption and are body-weight specific. Adverse chronic effects to mammals are based on reduced pup viability and body weight and increased developmental defects in offspring.

EFED does not currently estimate RQs for terrestrial non-target invertebrates. However, a label statement is required to protect foraging honeybees when the LD<sub>50</sub> is < 11 µg/bee. Based on the acute oral toxicity study to honeybees, the LD<sub>50</sub> for prothioconazole is >71 µg/bee. In addition, available open literature data on the effects of prothioconazole on terrestrial invertebrates were addressed in the June 2006 ecological risk assessment (U.S. EPA, 2006); the results of this analysis show that predicted concentrations of prothioconazole in the soil are approximately 100 times lower than any acute toxicity value. Therefore, direct adverse effects to terrestrial invertebrates are not expected.

Based on the results summarized for terrestrial plants in **Table 4.8**, risks are predicted only for listed semi-aquatic dicot plants. The results of the Tier I plant studies showed no effect greater than 25% in any monocot plant species. In addition, Tier II testing with the only dicot plant species that showed >25% effect (cucumber) in the Tier I study did not show effects >25% up to the highest concentration tested; therefore, an EC<sub>25</sub> could not be calculated. Only RQs for listed species using the NOAEC were presented because there were no effects greater than 25% in the Tier II study on cucumber. Assuming an EC<sub>25</sub> of 0.272 lb a.i./A (the highest test concentration from the Tier I study) for dicots would result in RQs ranging from <0.1 to 0.36, well below the LOC for non-listed species (RQ ≥ 1.0). Therefore, adverse effects associated with the new uses of prothioconazole are unlikely for non-listed terrestrial plants and listed monocot semi-aquatic plants. However, listed semi-aquatic dicot plants may be affected.

#### **4.2.3. Review of Incident Data**

No incidents involving prothioconazole or its degradates were identified in the EIIS (Environmental Incident Information System) database for ecological incidents, based on a search conducted on November 30, 2007.

#### **4.2.4. Federally Threatened and Endangered (Listed) Species Concerns**

The results of this screening-level risk assessment indicate that the proposed new uses of prothioconazole on sugar beets and soybeans have the potential for direct adverse effects on listed and non-listed estuarine/marine non-molluskan invertebrates, listed freshwater vascular and non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed saltwater non-vascular plants, listed and non-listed mammals (chronic), and listed semi-aquatic dicot plants.

Because of the potential risk from direct effects to the listed and non-listed taxa described above, listed species in all taxa may potentially be affected indirectly due to alteration of habitat (e.g., food sources, shelter, and areas to reproduce) should exposure occur.

#### **4.2.4.1. Co-occurrence Analysis**

The goal of the analysis for co-location is to determine whether sites of pesticide use are geographically associated with known locations of listed species [following the convention of the Services, the word ‘species’ in this assessment may actually apply to a ‘species’, ‘subspecies’, or an Evolutionary Significant Unit (ESU)]. At the screening level, this analysis is accomplished using the LOCATES (version 2.10.3) database. The database uses location information for listed species at the county level and compares it to agricultural census data (from 2002) for crop production at the same county level of resolution. The product is a listing of federally-listed species that are located within counties known to produce the crops upon which the pesticide will be used, in this case sugar beets and soybeans. For direct effects, only listed terrestrial plants, aquatic vascular and non-vascular plants, estuarine/marine invertebrates, and mammals are considered, because they were the only taxa to have RQs above the listed species LOC. However, all other taxa are considered for indirect effects, given that there is a potential for indirect effects to taxa that might rely on plants and/or mammals for some stage of their life-cycle.

LOCATES identified a total of 583 listed species that co-occur with areas where sugar beets and soybeans are grown. A total of 47 states have listed species associated with sugar beet and soybean crops on which prothioconazole is proposed for use. Hawaii has the highest number of listed species (108) that may co-occur with the proposed prothioconazole use areas. Alabama and California are second highest with 88 total species each, followed by Tennessee (83). A tabulation of the number of unique listed species in each state associated with the proposed new uses of prothioconazole is provided in **Table 4.9**. A summary of all listed species by state is provided in **Appendix D**.

**Table 4.9. Tabulation by State and Taxonomic Group of Listed Species that Occur in Prothioconazole Use Areas for Sugar Beets and Soybeans**

State	Amphibians	Arachnid	Birds	Bivalve	Conifer/cycads	Crustacean	Dicot	Ferns & allies	Fish	Gastropod	Insect	Lichen	Mammal	Marine	Monocot	Reptiles	Total
Alabama	2	0	3	29	0	1	9	2	15	10	0	0	4	2	3	8	88
Arkansas	0	0	2	5	0	1	3	0	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	17
California	4	0	9	0	1	4	29	0	13	0	4	0	8	5	4	7	88
Colorado	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	11
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	6	9
Delaware	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	6	14
Florida	1	0	7	7	1	0	23	0	2	0	0	1	4	5	1	8	60
Georgia	1	0	4	15	1	0	9	2	11	0	0	0	2	4	4	6	59
Hawaii	0	1	13	0	0	1	72	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	11	4	108
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Illinois	0	0	2	7	0	1	7	0	1	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	25
Indiana	0	0	2	11	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	1	23
Iowa	0	0	2	2	0	0	3	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	14
Kansas	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	12
Kentucky	0	0	6	22	0	1	10	0	5	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	48
Louisiana	0	0	5	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	6	22
Maine	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	1	11
Maryland	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	0	2	0	2	0	2	3	2	5	22
Massachusetts	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	5	13
Michigan	0	0	2	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	0	3	0	3	1	18
Minnesota	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	11
Mississippi	0	0	5	9	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	9	34
Missouri	0	0	2	6	0	1	7	0	7	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	29
Montana	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	7
Nebraska	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	10
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
New Jersey	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	3	5	17
New Mexico	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
New York	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	1	6	22
North Carolina	0	1	4	8	0	0	20	0	3	0	1	1	2	4	5	5	54
North Dakota	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5
Ohio	0	0	1	6	0	0	4	0	1	0	4	0	2	0	2	2	22
Oklahoma	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	3	0	2	0	18
Oregon	0	0	4	0	0	1	8	0	17	0	2	0	1	2	1	3	39
Pennsylvania	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	8
Rhode Island	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	4	11
South Carolina	1	0	3	1	0	0	12	1	1	0	0	1	1	4	6	6	37
South Dakota	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	8
Tennessee	0	1	3	37	0	1	16	1	15	3	0	1	3	0	2	0	83
Texas	3	7	12	0	0	1	14	0	3	0	6	0	4	2	2	6	60
Utah	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5
Vermont	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
Virginia	1	0	2	16	0	2	12	0	06	1	2	0	5	3	4	5	59
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	16
West Virginia	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	0	11
Wisconsin	0	0	3	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	15
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	6
<b>Total Unique Species</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>583</b>

This preliminary analysis indicates that there is a potential for prothioconazole use on sugar beets and soybeans to overlap with listed species (and their designated critical habitat, if applicable) and that a more refined assessment is warranted. The more refined

assessment should involve clear delineation of the action area associated with fenarimol uses and best available information on the temporal and spatial co-location of listed species with respect to the action area. This analysis has not been conducted for this assessment.

## **5. Literature Cited**

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- U.S. EPA. 2004. Overview of the Ecological Risk Assessment Process in the Office of Pesticide Programs, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Endangered and Threatened Species Effects Determinations. Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Office of Pesticide Programs, Washington, D.C. January 23, 2004. Online at: <http://www.epa.gov/oppfead1/endanger/consultation/ecorisk-overview.pdf>
- U.S. EPA. 2006. Environmental Fate and Ecological Risk Assessment for the Registration of Prothioconazole. DP Barcode: 324660. Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Fate and Effects Division. June 2006.

## Appendix A. Modeling Input and Output

stored as MNsugarbeets.out

Chemical: prothioconazole

PRZM environment: MNsugarbeetSTD.txt modified Tuesday, 29 May 2007 at 12:57:22

EXAMS environment: ir298.exv modified Thursday, 29 August 2002 at 16:34:12

Metfile: w14914.dvf modified Wednesday, 3 July 2002 at 10:05:52

Water segment concentrations (ppb)

Year	Peak	96 hr	21 Day	60 Day	90 Day	Yearly
1961	5.178	5.1	4.825	4.535	4.31	1.345
1962	7.911	7.831	7.538	7.127	6.852	4.969
1963	9.076	8.989	8.649	8.215	7.952	6.405
1964	12.14	12.06	11.67	11.25	10.98	8.941
1965	16.91	16.74	16.06	15.04	14.36	11.97
1966	12.37	12.32	12.08	11.74	11.47	10.83
1967	12.18	12.09	11.8	11.25	10.82	9.754
1968	11.98	11.88	11.63	11.09	10.7	9.709
1969	15.54	15.43	14.85	13.78	13.62	11.87
1970	21.45	21.22	20.37	18.9	18.03	13.44
1971	20.95	20.76	20.31	19.55	18.74	14.47
1972	17.11	17.02	16.64	15.88	15.66	14.06
1973	19.44	19.23	18.61	17.44	16.61	11.98
1974	18.08	17.94	17.45	16.43	15.78	13.96
1975	16.03	15.94	15.4	15.08	14.9	14
1976	13.16	13.11	12.88	12.48	12.44	10.66
1977	22.64	22.36	21.31	20.87	20.49	16.24
1978	19.07	18.98	18.58	17.77	17.3	15.84
1979	20.6	20.43	19.79	18.59	17.36	15.38
1980	17.88	17.72	17.26	16.59	16	14.29
1981	13.57	13.51	13.27	12.77	12.42	11.76
1982	25.07	24.78	23.64	21.64	20.19	12.48
1983	17.7	17.59	17.16	16.31	15.99	13.82
1984	22.51	22.26	21.37	19.8	18.21	12.59
1985	16.7	16.6	16.2	15.43	15.04	13.96
1986	15.99	15.87	15.49	14.84	14.52	13.08
1987	12.23	12.18	11.97	11.53	11.25	10.19
1988	13.48	13.34	12.81	11.93	11.37	8.941
1989	14.71	14.58	14.1	13.61	13.12	10.79
1990	11.3	11.21	10.86	10.7	10.48	9.765

Sorted results

Prob.	Peak	96 hr	21 Day	60 Day	90 Day	Yearly		
0.032258064516129	25.07	24.78	23.64	21.64	20.49	16.24		
0.0645161290322581	22.64	22.36	21.37	20.87	20.19	15.84		
0.0967741935483871	22.51	22.26	21.31	19.8	18.74	15.38		
0.129032258064516	21.45	21.22	20.37	19.55	18.21	14.47		
0.161290322580645	20.95	20.76	20.31	18.9	18.03	14.29		
0.193548387096774	20.6	20.43	19.79	18.59	17.36	14.06		
0.225806451612903	19.44	19.23	18.61	17.77	17.3	14		
0.258064516129032	19.07	18.98	18.58	17.44	16.61	13.96		
0.290322580645161	18.08	17.94	17.45	16.59	16	13.96		
0.3225806451612917.88	17.72	17.26	16.43	15.99	13.82			
0.354838709677419	17.7	17.59	17.16	16.31	15.78	13.44		
0.387096774193548	17.11	17.02	16.64	15.88	15.66	13.08		
0.419354838709677	16.91	16.74	16.2	15.43	15.04	12.59		
0.451612903225806	16.7	16.6	16.06	15.08	14.9	12.48		
0.483870967741936	16.03	15.94	15.49	15.04	14.52	11.98		
0.516129032258065	15.99	15.87	15.4	14.84	14.36	11.97		
0.548387096774194	15.54	15.43	14.85	13.78	13.62	11.87		
0.580645161290323	14.71	14.58	14.1	13.61	13.12	11.76		

0.612903225806452	13.57	13.51	13.27	12.77	12.44	10.83
0.645161290322581	13.48	13.34	12.88	12.48	12.42	10.79
0.67741935483871	13.16	12.81	11.93	11.47	10.66	
0.709677419354839	12.37	12.32	12.08	11.74	11.37	10.19
0.741935483870968	12.23	12.18	11.97	11.53	11.25	9.765
0.774193548387097	12.18	12.09	11.8	11.25	10.98	9.754
0.806451612903226	12.14	12.06	11.67	11.25	10.82	9.709
0.838709677419355	11.98	11.88	11.63	11.09	10.7	8.941
0.870967741935484	11.3	11.21	10.86	10.7	10.48	8.941
0.903225806451613	9.076	8.989	8.649	8.215	7.952	6.405
0.935483870967742	7.911	7.831	7.538	7.127	6.852	4.969
0.967741935483871	5.178	5.1	4.825	4.535	4.31	1.345

0.1      22.404    22.156    21.216    19.775    18.687    15.289

Average of yearly averages: 11.5829666666667

Inputs generated by pe5.pl - November 2006

Data used for this run:

Output File: MNsugarbeets

Metfile: w14914.dvf

PRZM scenario: MNsugarbeetSTD.txt

EXAMS environment file: ir298.exv

Chemical Name: prothioconazole

Description	Variable Name	Value	Units	Comments
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Molecular weight mwt 344.3 g/mol

Henry's Law Const.henry 2.96e-10 atm-m^3/mol

Vapor Pressure vapr 3e-9 torr

Solubilitysol 300 mg/L

Kd Kd mg/L

Koc Koc 523 mg/L

Photolysis half-life kdp 101.9 days Half-life

Aerobic Aquatic Metabolism kbacw 385.2 days Half-life

Anaerobic Aquatic Metabolism kbacs 0 days Half-life

Aerobic Soil Metabolism asm 1052.2 days Half-life

Hydrolysis: pH 7 0 days Half-life

Method: CAM 2 integer See PRZM manual

Incorporation Depth: DEPI cm

Application Rate: TAPP 0.2 kg/ha

Application Efficiency: APPEFF 0.95 fraction

Spray Drift DRFT 0.16 fraction of application rate applied to pond

Application Date Date 24/8 dd/mm or dd/mmm or dd-mm or dd-mmm

Interval 1 interval 14 days Set to 0 or delete line for single app.

app. rate 1 apprate kg/ha

Interval 2 interval 14 days Set to 0 or delete line for single app.

app. rate 2 apprate kg/ha

Record 17: FILTRA

IPSCND 1

UPTKF

Record 18: PLVKRT

PLDKRT

FEXTRC 0.5

Flag for Index Res. Run IR Reservoir

Flag for runoff calc. RUNOFFtotal none, monthly or total(average of entire run)

stored as MSSoybeans.out

Chemical: prothioconazole

PRZM environment: MSSoybeanSTD.txt modified Tuesday, 29 May 2007 at 12:58:06

EXAMS environment: ir298.exv modified Thursday, 29 August 2002 at 16:34:12

Metfile: w03940.dvf modified Wednesday, 3 July 2002 at 10:05:46

Water segment concentrations (ppb)

Year	Peak	96 hr	21 Day	60 Day	90 Day	Yearly
1961	5.565	5.362	4.644	3.87	3.267	1.205
1962	2	1.932	1.747	1.433	1.385	0.8182
1963	8.812	8.492	7.321	5.461	4.712	1.922
1964	3.15	3.065	2.745	2.416	2.305	1.283
1965	3.011	2.909	2.538	1.963	1.662	0.9639
1966	5.199	5.02	4.712	3.848	3.531	1.765
1967	5.071	4.902	4.586	4.249	3.875	1.791
1968	3.779	3.65	3.418	2.699	2.349	1.21
1969	2.552	2.468	2.157	1.81	1.694	0.9859
1970	2.241	2.164	1.889	1.517	1.397	0.9188
1971	2.69	2.601	2.365	2.016	1.988	1.001
1972	1.943	1.877	1.677	1.435	1.372	0.7693
1973	2.111	2.037	1.78	1.464	1.26	0.7102
1974	7.133	6.876	5.935	4.429	3.823	1.618
1975	4.891	4.765	4.223	3.761	3.473	1.616
1976	5.919	5.719	5.095	4.73	4.325	1.895
1977	3.94	3.81	3.396	3.052	2.96	1.507
1978	3.307	3.195	2.874	2.477	2.357	1.294
1979	12.55	12.16	10.79	9.062	8.42	3.384
1980	4.119	3.988	3.795	3.539	3.234	1.758
1981	10.19	9.957	8.642	6.514	5.899	2.585
1982	10.64	10.26	8.927	7.647	6.59	2.729
1983	6.127	5.923	5.611	4.573	3.99	1.968
1984	3.334	3.26	2.867	2.717	2.534	1.341
1985	3.512	3.394	2.963	2.4	2.254	1.202
1986	9.087	8.762	7.923	6.409	5.545	2.205
1987	9.974	9.615	8.543	6.504	5.496	2.266
1988	2.916	2.829	2.531	2.262	2.187	1.417
1989	10	9.648	8.766	6.941	5.955	2.511
1990	3.154	3.048	2.719	2.309	1.995	1.169

Sorted results

Prob.	Peak	96 hr	21 Day	60 Day	90 Day	Yearly
0.032258064516129	12.55	12.16	10.79	9.062	8.42	3.384
0.0645161290322581	10.64	10.26	8.927	7.647	6.59	2.729
0.0967741935483871	10.19	9.957	8.766	6.941	5.955	2.585
0.129032258064516	10	9.648	8.642	6.514	5.899	2.511
0.161290322580645	9.974	9.615	8.543	6.504	5.545	2.266
0.193548387096774	9.087	8.762	7.923	6.409	5.496	2.205
0.225806451612903	8.812	8.492	7.321	5.461	4.712	1.968
0.258064516129032	7.133	6.876	5.935	4.73	4.325	1.922
0.290322580645161	6.127	5.923	5.611	4.573	3.99	1.895
0.32258064516129 5.919	5.719	5.095	4.429	3.875	1.791	
0.354838709677419	5.565	5.362	4.712	4.249	3.823	1.765
0.387096774193548	5.199	5.02	4.644	3.87	3.531	1.758
0.419354838709677	5.071	4.902	4.586	3.848	3.473	1.618
0.451612903225806	4.891	4.765	4.223	3.761	3.267	1.616
0.483870967741936	4.119	3.988	3.795	3.539	3.234	1.507
0.516129032258065	3.94	3.81	3.418	3.052	2.96	1.417
0.548387096774194	3.779	3.65	3.396	2.717	2.534	1.341
0.580645161290323	3.512	3.394	2.963	2.699	2.357	1.294
0.612903225806452	3.334	3.26	2.874	2.477	2.349	1.283
0.645161290322581	3.307	3.195	2.867	2.416	2.305	1.21

0.67741935483871	3.154	3.065	2.745	2.4	2.254	1.205
0.709677419354839		3.15	3.048	2.719	2.309	2.187
0.741935483870968		3.011	2.909	2.538	2.262	1.995
0.774193548387097		2.916	2.829	2.531	2.016	1.988
0.806451612903226		2.69	2.601	2.365	1.963	1.694
0.838709677419355		2.552	2.468	2.157	1.81	1.662
0.870967741935484		2.241	2.164	1.889	1.517	1.397
0.903225806451613		2.111	2.037	1.78	1.464	1.385
0.935483870967742		2	1.932	1.747	1.435	1.372
0.967741935483871		1.943	1.877	1.677	1.433	1.26
0.1	10.171	9.9261	8.7536	6.8983	5.9494	2.5776

Average of yearly averages: 1.59361

Inputs generated by pe5.pl - November 2006

Data used for this run:

Output File: MSSoybeans

Metfile: w03940.dvf

PRZM scenario: MSSoybeanSTD.txt

EXAMS environment file: ir298.exv

Chemical Name: prothioconazole

Description	Variable Name	Value	Units	Comments
Molecular weight	mwt	344.3	g/mol	
Henry's Law Const.	henry	2.96e-10	atm-m^3/mol	
Vapor Pressure	vapr	3e-9	torr	
Solubility	sol	300	mg/L	
Kd	Kd		mg/L	
Koc	Koc	523	mg/L	
Photolysis half-life	kdp	101.9	days	Half-life
Aerobic Aquatic Metabolism	kbacw	385.2	days	Halfife
Anaerobic Aquatic Metabolism	kbacs	0	days	Halfife
Aerobic Soil Metabolism	asm	1052.2	days	Halfife
Hydrolysis:	pH 7	0	days	Half-life
Method:	CAM	2	integer	See PRZM manual
Incorporation Depth:	DEPI		cm	
Application Rate:	TAPP	0.105	kg/ha	
Application Efficiency:	APPEFF	0.95	fraction	
Spray Drift	DRFT	0.16	fraction of application rate applied to pond	
Application Date	Date	15-5	dd/mm or dd/mmm or dd-mm or dd-mmm	
Interval 1 interval	10	days	Set to 0 or delete line for single app.	
app. rate 1	apprate		kg/ha	
Interval 2 interval	10	days	Set to 0 or delete line for single app.	
app. rate 2	apprate		kg/ha	
Record 17:	FILTRA			
	IPSCND	1		
	UPTKF			
Record 18:	PLVKRT			
	PLDKRT			
	FEXTRC	0.5		
Flag for Index Res. Run	IR	Reservoir		
Flag for runoff calc.	RUNOFF	total	none, monthly or total(average of entire run)	

## Appendix B. Example Output of T-REX for Prothioconazole Use on Sugar Beets

### Summary of Risk Quotient Calculations Based on Upper Bound Kenaga EECs – Prothioconazole Use on Sugar Beets

Table B-1. Upper Bound Kenaga, Acute Avian Dose-Based Risk Quotients									
Size Class (grams)	Adjusted LD50	EECs and RQs							
		Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects	
		EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ
20	1440.86	61.86	0.04	28.35	0.02	34.80	0.02	3.87	0.00
100	1834.29	35.28	0.02	16.17	0.01	19.84	0.01	2.20	0.00
1000	2591.00	15.79	0.01	7.24	0.00	8.88	0.00	0.99	0.00

Table B-2. Upper Bound Kenaga, Subacute Avian Dietary Based Risk Quotients									
LC50	EECs and RQs								
	Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects		
	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	
4252	54.32	0.01	24.89	0.01	30.55	0.01	3.39	0.00	

Size class not used for dietary risk quotients

Table B-3. Upper Bound Kenaga, Chronic Avian Dietary Based Risk Quotients									
NOAEC (ppm)	EECs and RQs								
	Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects		
	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	
449	54.32	0.12	24.89	0.06	30.55	0.07	3.39	0.01	

Size class not used for dietary risk quotients

Table B-4. Upper Bound Kenaga, Acute Mammalian Dose-Based Risk Quotients									
Size	Adjusted	EECs and RQs							

Class (grams)	LD50	Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects		Granivore	
		EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ
15	5507.76	51.79	0.01	23.74	0.00	29.13	0.01	3.24	0.00	0.72	0.00
35	4456.37	35.79	0.01	16.40	0.00	20.13	0.00	2.24	0.00	0.50	0.00
1000	1927.52	8.30	0.00	3.80	0.00	4.67	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.12	0.00

**Table B-5. Upper Bound Kenaga, Acute Mammalian Dietary Based Risk Quotients**

LC50 (ppm)	EECs and RQs							
	Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects	
	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ
0	54.32	#####	24.89	#####	30.55	#####	3.39	#####

Size class not used for dietary risk quotients

**Table B-6. Upper Bound Kenaga, Chronic Mammalian Dietary Based Risk Quotients**

NOAEC (ppm)	EECs and RQs							
	Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects	
	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ
160	54.32	0.34	24.89	0.16	30.55	0.19	3.39	0.02

Size class not used for dietary risk quotients

**Table B-7. Upper Bound Kenaga, Chronic Mammalian Dose-Based Risk Quotients**

Size Class (grams)	Adjusted NOAEL	EECs and RQs									
		Short Grass		Tall Grass		Broadleaf Plants/ Small Insects		Fruits/Pods/ Seeds/ Large Insects		Granivore	
		EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ	EEC	RQ
15	20.88	51.79	2.48	23.74	1.14	29.13	1.40	3.24	0.16	0.72	0.03
35	16.89	35.79	2.12	16.40	0.97	20.13	1.19	2.24	0.13	0.50	0.03
1000	7.31	8.30	1.14	3.80	0.52	4.67	0.64	0.52	0.07	0.12	0.02

## Appendix C. Example Output of TerrPlant for Aerial Application of Prothioconazole on Sugar Beets

**Table 1. Chemical Identity**

Chemical Name	Prothioconazole
PC code	x
Use	sugar beets
Application Method	aerial
Application Form	liquid
Solubility in Water (ppm)	300

**Table 2. Input parameters used to derive EECs.**

Input Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Application Rate	A	0.178	y
Incorporation	I	1	none
Runoff Fraction	R	0.05	none
Drift Fraction	D	0.05	none

**Table 3. EECs for Prothioconazole. Units in y.**

Description	Equation	EEC
Runoff to dry areas	(A/I)*R	0.0089
Runoff to semi-aquatic areas	(A/I)*R*10	0.089
<b>Spray drift</b>	<b>A*D</b>	<b>0.0089</b>
<b>Total for dry areas</b>	<b>((A/I)*R)+(A*D)</b>	<b>0.0178</b>
<b>Total for semi-aquatic areas</b>	<b>((A/I)*R*10)+(A*D)</b>	<b>0.0979</b>

**Table 4. Plant survival and growth data used for RQ derivation. Units are in y.**

Plant type	Seedling	Emergence	Vegetative Vigor	
	EC <sub>25</sub>	NOAEC	EC <sub>25</sub>	NOAEC
Monocot	x	x	x	x
Dicot	0.272	0.03	x	x

**Table 5. RQ values for plants in dry and semi-aquatic areas exposed to Prothioconazole through runoff and/or spray drift.**

Plant Type	Listed Status	Dry	Semi-Aquatic	Spray Drift
Monocot	non-listed	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	#DIV/0!
Monocot	listed	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	#DIV/0!
Dicot	non-listed	<0.1	0.36	<0.1
Dicot	listed	0.59	3.26	0.30

\*If RQ > 1.0, the LOC is exceeded, resulting in potential for risk to that plant group.

## Appendix D. LOCATES Output of Listed Species by State

### *Species Listing by State with Use Criteria*

No species were excluded

Minimum of 1 Acre.

All Medium Types Reported

*Mammal, Marine mml, Bird, Amphibian, Reptile, Fish, Crustacean, Bivalve, Gastropod, Arachnid, Insect, Dicot, Monocot, Ferns, Conf/cycds, Coral, Lichen*  
soybeans for beans, sugarbeets for seed, sugarbeets for sugar

<b>Alabama</b>	(88) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Salamander, Flatwoods  ( <i>Ambystoma cingulatum</i> )	Threatened	Amphibian	No
Salamander, Red Hills  ( <i>Phaeognathus hubrichti</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater, Vernal pool, Terrestrial	Amphibian
Plover, Piping  ( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial	Bird
Stork, Wood  ( <i>Mycteria americana</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Bird
Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  ( <i>Picoides borealis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Bird
Combshell, Southern (=Penitent mussel)  ( <i>Epioblasma penita</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Combshell, Upland  ( <i>Epioblasma metastriata</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Kidneyshell, Triangular  ( <i>Ptychobranchus greenii</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mucket, Orangenacre  ( <i>Lampsilis perovalis</i> )	Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel)  ( <i>Lampsilis abrupta</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Acornshell Southern  ( <i>Epioblasma othcaloogensis</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Alabama Moccasinshell  ( <i>Medionidus acutissimus</i> )	Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Coosa Moccasinshell  ( <i>Medionidus parvulus</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Cumberland Combshell  ( <i>Epioblasma brevidens</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Dark Pigtoe  ( <i>Pleurobema furvum</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Fine-lined Pocketbook  ( <i>Lampsilis altilis</i> )	Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater
Mussel, Fine-rayed Pigtoe  ( <i>Fusconaia cuneolus</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater

**Alabama** (88) species:

Mussel, Heavy Pigtoe (=Judge Tait's Mussel)  
*(Pleurobema taitianum)*

Mussel, Heelsplitter Inflated  
*(Potamilus inflatus)*

Mussel, Ovate Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema perovatum)*

Mussel, Ring Pink (=Golf Stick Pearly)  
*(Obovaria retusa)*

Mussel, Rough Pigtoe  
*(Pleurobema plenum)*

Mussel, Shiny Pigtoe  
*(Fusconaia cor)*

Mussel, Shiny-rayed Pocketbook  
*(Lampsilis subangulata)*

Mussel, Southern Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema decisum)*

Mussel, Southern Pigtoe  
*(Pleurobema georgianum)*

Pearlmussel, Alabama Lamp  
*(Lampsilis virescens)*

Pearlmussel, Cracking  
*(Hemistena lata)*

Pearlmussel, Cumberland Monkeyface  
*(Quadrula intermedia)*

Pearlmussel, Orange-footed  
*(Plethobasus cooperianus)*

Pearlmussel, Pale Lilliput  
*(Toxolasma cylindrellus)*

Pearlmussel, Turgid-blossom  
*(Epiochasma turgidula)*

Pearlmussel, White Wartyback  
*(Plethobasus cicatricosus)*

Stirrupshell  
*(Quadrula stapes)*

Shrimp, Alabama Cave  
*(Palaemonias alabamae)*

Barbara Buttons, Mohr's  
*(Marshallia mohrii)*

Bladderpod, Lyrate  
*(Lesquerella lyrata)*

Clover, Leafy Prairie  
*(Dalea foliosa)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Threatened	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No

<b>Alabama</b>	( 88) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Harperella		Dicot	No
( <i>Ptilimnium nodosum</i> )	Freshwater		
Leather-flower, Alabama	Dicot	No	
( <i>Clematis socialis</i> )	Terrestrial		
Leather-flower, Morefield's	Dicot	No	
( <i>Clematis morefieldii</i> )	Terrestrial		
Pitcher-plant, Alabama Canebrake	Dicot	No	
( <i>Sarracenia rubra alabamensis</i> )	Freshwater, Terrestrial		
Pitcher-plant, Green	Dicot	No	
( <i>Sarracenia oreophila</i> )	Terrestrial, Freshwater		
Potato-bean, Price's	Dicot	No	
( <i>Aipos priceana</i> )	Terrestrial		
Fern, American hart's-tongue	Ferns	No	
( <i>Asplenium scolopendrium var. americanum</i> )	Terrestrial		
Quillwort, Louisiana	Ferns	No	
( <i>Isoetes louisianensis</i> )	Freshwater, Terrestrial		
Cavefish, Alabama	Fish	Yes	
( <i>Speoplatyrrhinus poulsoni</i> )	Freshwater		
Chub, Spottin	Fish	Yes	
( <i>Erimonax monachus</i> )	Freshwater		
Darter, Boulder	Fish	No	
( <i>Etheostoma wapiti</i> )	Freshwater		
Darter, Goldline	Fish	No	
( <i>Percina aurolineata</i> )	Freshwater		
Darter, Slackwater	Fish	Yes	
( <i>Etheostoma boschungi</i> )	Freshwater		
Darter, Snail	Fish	No	
( <i>Percina tanasi</i> )	Freshwater		
Darter, Vermilion	Fish	No	
( <i>Etheostoma chermocki</i> )	Freshwater		
Darter, Watercress	Fish	No	
( <i>Etheostoma nuchale</i> )	Freshwater		
Madtom, Yellowfin	Fish	Yes	
( <i>Noturus flavipinnis</i> )	Freshwater		
Sculpin, Pygmy	Fish	No	
( <i>Cottus paulus (=pygmaeus)</i> )	Freshwater		
Shiner, Blue	Fish	No	
( <i>Cyprinella caerulea</i> )	Freshwater		
Shiner, Cahaba	Fish	No	
( <i>Notropis cahabae</i> )	Freshwater		
Shiner, Palezone	Fish	No	
( <i>Notropis albizonatus</i> )	Freshwater		

<b>Alabama</b>	( 88) species:
Sturgeon, Alabama	
	( <i>Scaphirhynchus suttkusi</i> )
Sturgeon, Gulf	
	( <i>Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi</i> )
Campeloma, Slender	
	( <i>Campeloma decampi</i> )
Elminia, Lacy	
	( <i>Elminia crenatella</i> )
Pebblesnail, Flat	
	( <i>Lepyrium showalteri</i> )
Riversnail, Anthony's	
	( <i>Athearnia anthonyi</i> )
Rocksnail, Painted	
	( <i>Leptoxis taeniata</i> )
Rocksnail, Plicate	
	( <i>Leptoxis plicata</i> )
Rocksnail, Round	
	( <i>Leptoxis ampla</i> )
Snail, Armored	
	( <i>Pyrgulopsis (=Marstonia) pachytia</i> )
Snail, Lioplax Cylindrical	
	( <i>Lioplax cyclostomaformis</i> )
Snail, Tulotoma	
	( <i>Tulotoma magnifica</i> )
Bat, Gray	
	( <i>Myotis grisescens</i> )
Bat, Indiana	
	( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )
Mouse, Alabama Beach	
	( <i>Peromyscus polionotus ammobates</i> )
Mouse, Perdido Key Beach	
	( <i>Peromyscus polionotus trissyllepsis</i> )
Whale, Finback	
	( <i>Balaenoptera physalus</i> )
Whale, Humpback	
	( <i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i> )
Grass, Tennessee Yellow-eyed	
	( <i>Xyris tennesseensis</i> )
Trillium, Relict	
	( <i>Trillium reliquum</i> )
Water-plantain, Kral's	
	( <i>Sagittaria secundifolia</i> )

	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Endangered	Fish	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial, Coastal (neritic)	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Coastal (neritic)	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Freshwater	

<b>Alabama</b>	( 88 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Sea turtle, hawksbill ( <i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i> )	Endangered	Reptile	Yes
Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley ( <i>Lepidochelys kempii</i> )	Endangered	Saltwater	No
Sea turtle, leatherback ( <i>Dermochelys coriacea</i> )	Endangered	Saltwater	Yes
Sea turtle, loggerhead ( <i>Caretta caretta</i> )	Threatened	Saltwater	No
Snake, Eastern Indigo ( <i>Drymarchon corais couperi</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	No
Tortoise, Gopher ( <i>Gopherus polyphemus</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	No
Turtle, Alabama Red-bellied ( <i>Pseudemys alabamensis</i> )	Endangered	Reptile	No
Turtle, Flattened Musk ( <i>Sternotherus depressus</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	No
<b>Arkansas</b>	( 17 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Tern, Interior (population) Least ( <i>Sterna antillarum</i> )	Endangered	Bird	No
Woodpecker, Red-cockaded ( <i>Picoides borealis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Fatmucket, Arkansas ( <i>Lampsilis powelli</i> )	Threatened	Bivalve	No
Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel) ( <i>Lampsilis abrupta</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Mussel, Scaleshell ( <i>Leptodea leptodon</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Pearlymussel, Fat Pocketbook ( <i>Potamilus capax</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Rock-pocketbook, Ouachita (=Wheeler's pm) ( <i>Arkansas wheeleri</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Crayfish, Cave ( <i>Cambarus aculabrum</i> ) ( <i>Cambarus aculabrum</i> )	Endangered	Crustacean	No
Fruit, Earth (=geocarpon) ( <i>Geocarpon minimum</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Harperella ( <i>Ptilimnium nodosum</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Pondberry ( <i>Lindera melissifolia</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Cavefish, Ozark ( <i>Amblyopsis rosae</i> )	Threatened	Fish	No
Darter, Leopard ( <i>Percina pantherina</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	Yes

**Arkansas**

( 17) species:

- Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Shagreen, Magazine Mountain  
*(Mesodon magazinensis)*  
 Beetle, American Burying  
*(Nicrophorus americanus)*  
 Bat, Gray  
*(Myotis grisescens)*

**California**

( 88) species:

- Frog, California Red-legged  
*(Rana aurora draytonii)*  
 Salamander, California Tiger  
*(Ambystoma californiense)*  
 Salamander, Santa Cruz Long-toed  
*(Ambystoma macrodactylum croceum)*  
 Toad, Arroyo Southwestern  
*(Bufo californicus (=microscaphus))*  
 Condor, California  
*(Gymnogyps californianus)*  
 Flycatcher, Southwestern Willow  
*(Empidonax traillii extimus)*  
 Murrelet, Marbled  
*(Brachyramphus marmoratus marmoratus)*  
 Pelican, Brown  
*(Pelecanus occidentalis)*  
 Plover, Western Snowy  
*(Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus)*  
 Rail, California Clapper  
*(Rallus longirostris obsoletus)*  
 Rail, Yuma Clapper  
*(Rallus longirostris yumanensis)*  
 Tern, California Least  
*(Sternula antillarum browni)*  
 Vireo, Least Bell's  
*(Vireo bellii pusillus)*  
 Cypress, Gowen  
*(Cupressus goveniana ssp. goveniana)*  
 Fairy Shrimp, Conservancy Fairy  
*(Branchinecta conservatio)*  
 Fairy Shrimp, Longhorn  
*(Branchinecta longiantenna)*  
 Fairy Shrimp, Vernal Pool  
*(Branchinecta lynchi)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Fish	No
Threatened	Gastropod	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Amphibian	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Amphibian	No
Endangered	Terrestrial, Vernal pool	
Endangered	Amphibian	No
Endangered	Freshwater, Vernal pool, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Amphibian	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Threatened	Conf/cycds	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Crustacean	Yes
Endangered	Vernal pool	
Threatened	Crustacean	Yes
Threatened	Vernal pool	
Threatened	Crustacean	Yes
Threatened	Vernal pool	

**California**

( 88 ) species:

Tadpole Shrimp, Vernal Pool ( <i>Lepidurus packardi</i> )	Endangered	Crustacean	Yes
Adobe Sunburst, San Joaquin ( <i>Pseudobahia peirsonii</i> )	Threatened	Vernal pool	No
Bird's-beak, Palmate-bracted ( <i>Cordylanthus palmatus</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Cactus, Bakersfield ( <i>Opuntia treleasei</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Checker-mallow, Keck's ( <i>Sidalcea keckii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Clarkia, Springville ( <i>Clarkia springvillensis</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	Dicot
Clover, Fleshy Owl's ( <i>Castilleja campestris ssp. succulenta</i> )	Threatened	Vernal pool	No
Clover, Monterey ( <i>Trifolium trichocalyx</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Dudleya, Santa Clara Valley ( <i>Dudleya setchellii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Evening-primrose, San Benito ( <i>Camissonia benitensis</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	Dicot
Fiddleneck, Large-flowered ( <i>Amsinckia grandiflora</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Gilia, Monterey ( <i>Gilia tenuiflora ssp. arenaria</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Golden Sunburst, Hartweg's ( <i>Pseudobahia bahiifolia</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Goldfields, Contra Costa ( <i>Lasthenia conjugens</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Grass, Hairy Orcutt ( <i>Orcuttia pilosa</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Jewelflower, California ( <i>Caulanthus californicus</i> )	Endangered	Vernal pool	Yes
Layia, Beach ( <i>Layia carnosa</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Lupine, Clover ( <i>Lupinus tidestromii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Mallow, Kern ( <i>Eremalche kernensis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Milk-vetch, Coastal Dunes ( <i>Astragalus tener var. titi</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
Milk-vetch, Pierson's ( <i>Astragalus magdalena var. peirsonii</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	Yes

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Vernal pool	Crustacean	Yes
Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Terrestrial	Dicot	Yes
Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Terrestrial, Coastal (neritic)	Dicot	No
Coastal (neritic)	Dicot	No
Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Terrestrial	Dicot	Yes

<b>California</b>	( 88) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Potentilla, Hickman's ( <i>Potentilla hickmanii</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Pussypaws, Mariposa ( <i>Calyptidium pulchellum</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Dicot	No
Spineflower, Monterey ( <i>Chorizanthe pungens var. pungens</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Dicot	Yes
Spineflower, Robust ( <i>Chorizanthe robusta var. robusta</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Dicot	Yes
Spurge, Hoover's ( <i>Chamaesyce hooveri</i> )	Threatened	Vernal pool Dicot	Yes
Tarplant, Santa Cruz ( <i>Holocarpha macradenia</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Dicot	Yes
Tectoria, Green's ( <i>Tectoria greenei</i> )	Endangered	Vernal pool Dicot	Yes
Wallflower, Menzie's ( <i>Erysimum menziesii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Dicot	No
Woolly-threads, San Joaquin ( <i>Monolopia (=Lembertia) congodonii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Dicot	No
Chub, Bonytail ( <i>Gila elegans</i> )	Endangered	Fish	Yes
Chub, Mohave Tui ( <i>Gila bicolor mohavensis</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Goby, Tidewater ( <i>Eucyclogobius newberryi</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Pupfish, Desert ( <i>Cyprinodon macularius</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Salmon, Chinook (Central Valley Fall Run) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha</i> )	Threatened	Fish	No
Smelt, Delta ( <i>Hypomesus transpacificus</i> )	Threatened	Brackish, Freshwater, Saltwater Fish	Yes
Squawfish, Colorado ( <i>Ptychocheilus lucius</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Steelhead, (California Central Valley population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Steelhead, (South-Central California population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Brackish, Freshwater, Saltwater Fish	Yes
Sucker, Razorback ( <i>Xyrauchen texanus</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish Fish	Yes
Trout, Lahontan Cutthroat ( <i>Oncorhynchus clarki henshawi</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Trout, Little Kern Golden ( <i>Oncorhynchus aguabonita whitei</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
		Freshwater	

<b>California</b>	( 88) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Trout, Paiute Cutthroat  ( <i>Oncorhynchus clarki seleniris</i> )	Threatened	Fish	No
Beetle, Valley Elderberry Longhorn  ( <i>Desmocerus californicus dimorphus</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater Insect	Yes
Butterfly, Smith's Blue  ( <i>Euphilotes enoptes smithi</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Insect	No
Fly, Delhi Sands Flower-loving  ( <i>Rhaphiomidas terminatus abdominalis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Insect	No
Moth, Kern Primrose Sphinx  ( <i>Euproserpinus euterpe</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Insect	No
Fox, San Joaquin Kit  ( <i>Vulpes macrotis mutica</i> )	Endangered	Mammal	No
Kangaroo Rat, Fresno  ( <i>Dipodomys nitratoides exilis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	Yes
Kangaroo Rat, Giant  ( <i>Dipodomys ingens</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	No
Kangaroo Rat, Tipton  ( <i>Dipodomys nitratoides nitratoides</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	No
Rabbit, Riparian Brush  ( <i>Sylvilagus bachmani riparius</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	No
Sheep, Peninsular Bighorn  ( <i>Ovis canadensis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	Yes
Shrew, Buena Vista Lake Ornate  ( <i>Sorex ornatus relictus</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	Yes
Woodrat, Riparian  ( <i>Neotoma fuscipes riparia</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	No
Otter, Southern Sea  ( <i>Enhydra lutris nereis</i> )	Threatened	Marine mml Saltwater	No
Seal, Guadalupe Fur  ( <i>Arctocephalus townsendi</i> )	Threatened	Marine mml Coastal (neritic), Saltwater	No
Sea-lion, Steller (eastern)  ( <i>Eumetopias jubatus</i> )	Threatened	Marine mml Saltwater	Yes
Whale, Finback  ( <i>Balaenoptera physalus</i> )	Endangered	Marine mml Saltwater	No
Whale, Humpback  ( <i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i> )	Endangered	Marine mml Saltwater	No
Amole, Purple  ( <i>Chlorogalum purpureum var. purpureum</i> )	Threatened	Monocot Terrestrial	Yes
Grass, Colusa  ( <i>Neostapfia colusana</i> )	Threatened	Monocot Vernal pool	No
Grass, San Joaquin Valley Orcutt  ( <i>Orcuttia inaequalis</i> )	Threatened	Monocot Vernal pool	Yes

**California**

( 88) species:

- Piperia, Yadon's  
*(Piperia yadonii)*  
 Lizard, Blunt-nosed Leopard  
*(Gambelia silus)*  
 Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Sea turtle, olive ridley  
*(Lepidochelys olivacea)*  
 Snake, Giant Garter  
*(Thamnophis gigas)*  
 Tortoise, Desert  
*(Gopherus agassizii)*

**Colorado**

( 11) species:

- Crane, Whooping  
*(Grus americana)*  
 Owl, Mexican Spotted  
*(Strix occidentalis lucida)*  
 Butterfly Plant, Colorado  
*(Gaura neomexicana var. coloradensis)*  
 Chub, Bonytail  
*(Gila elegans)*  
 Chub, Humpback  
*(Gila cypha)*  
 Squawfish, Colorado  
*(Ptychocheilus lucius)*  
 Sucker, Razorback  
*(Xyrauchen texanus)*  
 Trout, Greenback Cutthroat  
*(Oncorhynchus clarki stomias)*  
 Ferret, Black-footed  
*(Mustela nigripes)*  
 Mouse, Preble's Meadow Jumping  
*(Zapus hudsonius preblei)*  
 Ladies'-tresses, Ute  
*(Spiranthes diluvialis)*

**Connecticut**

( 9) species:

- Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered		Monocot	No
	Terrestrial		
Endangered		Reptile	No
	Terrestrial		
Endangered		Reptile	No
	Saltwater		
Endangered		Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater		
Threatened		Reptile	No
	Saltwater		
Threatened		Reptile	No
	Saltwater		
Threatened		Reptile	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial		
Threatened		Reptile	Yes
	Terrestrial		
		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered		Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial, Freshwater		
Threatened		Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial		
Threatened		Dicot	Yes
	Terrestrial		
Endangered		Fish	Yes
	Freshwater		
Endangered		Fish	Yes
	Freshwater		
Endangered		Fish	Yes
	Freshwater		
Endangered		Fish	Yes
	Freshwater		
Threatened		Fish	No
	Freshwater		
Endangered		Mammal	No
	Terrestrial		
Threatened		Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial		
Threatened		Monocot	No
	Terrestrial		
		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered		Mammal	Yes
	Subterraneous, Terrestrial		

**Connecticut**

( 9 ) species:

- Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*
- Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*
- Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*
- Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*
- Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*
- Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*
- Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*
- Turtle, Bog (Northern population)  
*(Clemmys muhlenbergii)*

**Delaware**

( 14 ) species:

- Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*
- Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*
- Squirrel, Delmarva Peninsula Fox  
*(Sciurus niger cinereus)*
- Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*
- Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*
- Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*
- Pink, Swamp  
*(Helonias bullata)*
- Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*
- Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*
- Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*
- Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*
- Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*
- Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	

<b>Delaware</b>	( 14) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Turtle, Bog (Northern population)		Reptile	No
( <i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i> )			
<b>Florida</b>	( 60) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Salamander, Flatwoods		Amphibian	No
( <i>Ambystoma cingulatum</i> )			
Caracara, Audubon's Crested		Bird	No
( <i>Polyborus plancus audubonii</i> )			
Kite, Everglade Snail		Terrestrial	
( <i>Rostrhamus sociabilis plumbeus</i> )			
Plover, Piping		Bird	Yes
( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )			
Scrub-Jay, Florida		Terrestrial	Yes
( <i>Aphelocoma coerulescens</i> )			
Sparrow, Florida Grasshopper		Bird	No
( <i>Ammodramus savannarum floridanus</i> )			
Stork, Wood		Terrestrial	
( <i>Mycteria americana</i> )			
Woodpecker, Red-cockaded		Bird	No
( <i>Picoides borealis</i> )			
Bankclimber, Purple		Terrestrial	
( <i>Elliptioideus sloatianus</i> )			
Mussel, Gulf Moccasinshell		Bivalve	No
( <i>Medionidus penicillatus</i> )			
Mussel, Ochlockonee Moccasinshell		Freshwater	No
( <i>Medionidus simpsonianus</i> )			
Mussel, Oval Pigtoe		Bivalve	No
( <i>Pleurobema pyriforme</i> )			
Mussel, Shiny-rayed Pocketbook		Freshwater	No
( <i>Lampsilis subangulata</i> )			
Slabshell, Chipola		Bivalve	No
( <i>Elliptio chipolaensis</i> )			
Threeridge, Fat (Mussel)		Freshwater	No
( <i>Amblema neislerii</i> )			
Torreya, Florida		Conf/cycds	No
( <i>Torreya taxifolia</i> )			
Blazing Star, Scrub		Terrestrial	
( <i>Liatris ohlingerae</i> )			
Bonamia, Florida		Dicot	No
( <i>Bonamia grandiflora</i> )			
Buckwheat, Scrub		Terrestrial	No
( <i>Eriogonum longifolium var. gnaphalifolium</i> )			
Campion, Fringed		Dicot	No
( <i>Silene polypetala</i> )			

<b>Florida</b>	( 60 ) species:
Chaffseed, American ( <i>Schwalbea americana</i> )	
Fringe Tree, Pygmy ( <i>Chionanthus pygmaeus</i> )	
Gooseberry, Miccosukee ( <i>Ribes echinellum</i> )	
Harebells, Avon Park ( <i>Crotalaria avonensis</i> )	
Hypericum, Highlands Scrub ( <i>Hypericum cumulicola</i> )	
Lupine, Scrub ( <i>Lupinus aridorum</i> )	
Mint, Longspurred ( <i>Dicerandra cornutissima</i> )	
Mustard, Carter's ( <i>Warea carteri</i> )	
Pinkroot, Gentian ( <i>Spigelia gentianoides</i> )	
Plum, Scrub ( <i>Prunus geniculata</i> )	
Polygala, Lewton's ( <i>Polygala lewtonii</i> )	
Rhododendron, Chapman ( <i>Rhododendron chapmanii</i> )	
Rosemary, Short-leaved ( <i>Conradina brevifolia</i> )	
Sandlace ( <i>Polygonella myriophylla</i> )	
Warea, Wide-leaf ( <i>Warea amplexifolia</i> )	
Whitlow-wort, Papery ( <i>Paronychia chartacea</i> )	
Wings, Pigeon ( <i>Clitoria fragrans</i> )	
Wireweed ( <i>Polygonella basiramia</i> )	
Ziziphus, Florida ( <i>Ziziphus celata</i> )	
Darter, Okaloosa ( <i>Etheostoma okaloosae</i> )	
Sturgeon, Gulf ( <i>Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi</i> )	

	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	No
	Saltwater, Freshwater	Yes

**Florida**

( 60) species:

Cladonia, Florida Perforate  
*(Cladonia perforata)*  
 Bat, Gray  
*(Myotis grisescens)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Mouse, Perdido Key Beach  
*(Peromyscus polionotus trissyllepsis)*  
 Panther, Florida  
*(Puma (=Felis) concolor coryi)*  
 Manatee, West Indian  
*(Trichechus manatus)*  
 Seal, Caribbean Monk  
*(Monachus tropicalis)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Beargrass, Britton's  
*(Nolina brittoniana)*  
 Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Skink, Blue-tailed Mole  
*(Eumeces egregius lividus)*  
 Skink, Sand  
*(Neoseps reynoldsi)*  
 Snake, Eastern Indigo  
*(Drymarchon corais couperi)*

**Georgia**

( 59) species:

Salamander, Flatwoods  
*(Ambystoma cingulatum)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Lichen	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Coastal (neritic)	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Coastal (neritic), Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Amphibian	No
	Freshwater, Vernal pool, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	

**Georgia** ( 59) species:

Stork, Wood  
*(Mycteria americana)*  
 Warbler (=Wood), Kirtland's  
*(Dendroica kirtlandii)*  
 Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
*(Picoides borealis)*  
 Bankclimber, Purple  
*(Elliptoideus sloatianus)*  
 Combshell, Upland  
*(Epioblasma metastriata)*  
 Kidneyshell, Triangular  
*(Ptychobranchus greenii)*  
 Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel)  
*(Lampsilis abrupta)*  
 Mussel, Acornshell Southern  
*(Epioblasma othcaloogensis)*  
 Mussel, Alabama Moccasinshell  
*(Medionidus acutissimus)*  
 Mussel, Coosa Moccasinshell  
*(Medionidus parvulus)*  
 Mussel, Fine-lined Pocketbook  
*(Lampsilis altilis)*  
 Mussel, Gulf Moccasinshell  
*(Medionidus penicillatus)*  
 Mussel, Oval Pigtoe  
*(Pleurobema pyriforme)*  
 Mussel, Ovate Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema perovatum)*  
 Mussel, Shiny-rayed Pocketbook  
*(Lampsilis subangulata)*  
 Mussel, Southern Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema decisum)*  
 Mussel, Southern Pigtoe  
*(Pleurobema georgianum)*  
 Threeridge, Fat (Mussel)  
*(Amblema neislerii)*  
 Torreya, Florida  
*(Torreya taxifolia)*  
 Amphianthus, Little  
*(Amphianthus pusillus)*  
 Barbara Buttons, Mohr's  
*(Marshallia mohrii)*

		Taxa	Critical Habitat
	Endangered	Bird	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Bird	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Threatened	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Threatened	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Threatened	Bivalve	Yes
	Threatened	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Threatened	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Threatened	Dicot	No
	Threatened	Freshwater	
	Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial		

<b>Georgia</b>	( 59) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Campion, Fringed ( <i>Silene polypetala</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Dropwort, Canby's ( <i>Oxypolis canbyi</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Pitcher-plant, Green ( <i>Sarracenia oreophila</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Pondberry ( <i>Lindera melissifolia</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Rattleweed, Hairy ( <i>Baptisia arachnifera</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Skullcap, Large-flowered ( <i>Scutellaria montana</i> )	Threatened	Dicot	No
Spiraea, Virginia ( <i>Spiraea virginiana</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	
Quillwort, Black-spored ( <i>Isoetes melanospora</i> )	Endangered	Ferns	No
Quillwort, Mat-forming ( <i>Isoetes tegetiformans</i> )	Endangered	Vernal pool	
Chub, Spotfin ( <i>Erimonax monachus</i> )	Threatened	Ferns	No
Darter, Amber ( <i>Percina antesella</i> )	Endangered	Fish	Yes
Darter, Cherokee ( <i>Etheostoma scotti</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	
Darter, Etowah ( <i>Etheostoma etowahae</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Darter, Goldline ( <i>Percina aurolineata</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	
Darter, Snail ( <i>Percina tanasi</i> )	Threatened	Fish	No
Logperch, Conasauga ( <i>Percina jenkinsi</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Madtom, Yellowfin ( <i>Noturus flavipinnis</i> )	Threatened	Fish	
Shiner, Blue ( <i>Cyprinella caerulea</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Sturgeon, Gulf ( <i>Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Sturgeon, Shortnose ( <i>Acipenser brevirostrum</i> )	Endangered	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Bat, Gray ( <i>Myotis grisescens</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
		Mammal	
		Subterranean, Terrestrial	No

<b>Georgia</b>	( 59 ) species:
Bat, Indiana	
( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )	
Manatee, West Indian	
( <i>Trichechus manatus</i> )	
Whale, Finback	
( <i>Balaenoptera physalus</i> )	
Whale, Humpback	
( <i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i> )	
Whale, northern right	
( <i>Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis)</i> )	
Grass, Tennessee Yellow-eyed	
( <i>Xyris tennesseensis</i> )	
Pogonia, Small Whorled	
( <i>Isotria medeoloides</i> )	
Trillium, Relict	
( <i>Trillium reliquum</i> )	
Water-plantain, Kral's	
( <i>Sagittaria secundifolia</i> )	
Sea turtle, green	
( <i>Chelonia mydas</i> )	
Sea turtle, hawksbill	
( <i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i> )	
Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley	
( <i>Lepidochelys kempii</i> )	
Sea turtle, leatherback	
( <i>Dermochelys coriacea</i> )	
Sea turtle, loggerhead	
( <i>Caretta caretta</i> )	
Snake, Eastern Indigo	
( <i>Drymarchon corais couperi</i> )	

<b>Hawaii</b>	( 108 ) species:
Spider, Kauai Cave Wolf	
( <i>Gopherus polyphemus</i> )	
'Akia Loa, Kauai ( <i>Hemignathus procerus</i> )	
( <i>Hemignathus procerus</i> )	
Coot, Hawaiian (=Alae keo keo)	
( <i>Fulica americana alai</i> )	
Duck, Hawaiian (Koloa)	
( <i>Anas wyvilliana</i> )	
Goose, Hawaiian (Nene)	
( <i>Branta (=Nesochen) sandvicensis</i> )	
Moorhen, Hawaiian Common	
( <i>Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis</i> )	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	

<b>Hawaii</b>	( 108) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Nuku Pu'u		Bird	No
	( <i>Hemignathus lucidus</i> )	Terrestrial	
'O'o, Kauai (=A'a)		Bird	No
	( <i>Moho braccatus</i> )	Terrestrial	
'O'u (Honeycreeper)		Bird	No
	( <i>Psittirostra psittacea</i> )	Terrestrial	
Petrel, Hawaiian Dark-rumped		Bird	No
	( <i>Pterodroma phaeopygia sandwichensis</i> )	Terrestrial	
Shearwater, Newell's Townsend's		Bird	No
	( <i>Puffinus auricularis newelli</i> )	Terrestrial, Saltwater	
Stilt, Hawaiian (=Ae'o)		Bird	No
	( <i>Himantopus mexicanus knudseni</i> )	Terrestrial	
Thrush, Large Kauai		Bird	No
	( <i>Myadestes myadestinus</i> )	Terrestrial	
Thrush, Small Kauai (Puaohi)		Bird	No
	( <i>Myadestes palmeri</i> )	Terrestrial	
Amphipod, Kauai Cave		Crustacean	Yes
	( <i>Spelaeorchestia koloana</i> )	Freshwater, Subterranean	
A'e ( <i>Zanthoxylum hawaiiense</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Zanthoxylum hawaiiense</i> )	Terrestrial	
'Aiea ( <i>Nothocestrum peltatum</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Nothocestrum peltatum</i> )	Terrestrial	
'Akoko ( <i>Euphorbia haeeleleana</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Euphorbia haeeleleana</i> )	Terrestrial	
Alani ( <i>Melicope haupuensis</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Melicope haupuensis</i> )	Terrestrial	
Alani ( <i>Melicope knudsenii</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Melicope knudsenii</i> )	Terrestrial	
Alani ( <i>Melicope pallida</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Melicope pallida</i> )	Terrestrial	
Alani ( <i>Melicope quadrangularis</i> )		Dicot	No
	( <i>Melicope quadrangularis</i> )	Terrestrial	
Alsinidendron viscosum (ncn)		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Alsinidendron viscosum</i> )	Terrestrial	
Aupaka ( <i>Isodendron laurifolium</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Isodendron laurifolium</i> )	Terrestrial	
Aupaka ( <i>Isodendron longifolium</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Isodendron longifolium</i> )	Terrestrial	
'Awiwi ( <i>Centaurium sebaeoides</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Centaurium sebaeoides</i> )	Terrestrial	
'Awiwi ( <i>Hedyotis cookiana</i> )		Dicot	Yes
	( <i>Hedyotis cookiana</i> )	Terrestrial	

<b>Hawaii</b>	( 108) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
		Dicot	Yes
Bonamia menziesii (ncn) <i>(Bonamia menziesii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Chamaesyce Halemanui (ncn) <i>(Chamaesyce halemanui)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Cyanea undulata (ncn) <i>(Cyanea undulata)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Delissea rhytidisperma (ncn) <i>(Delissea rhytidisperma)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Dubautia latifolia (ncn) <i>(Dubautia latifolia)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Dubautia pauciflorula (ncn) <i>(Dubautia pauciflorula)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Gouania meyenii (ncn) <i>(Gouania meyenii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Haha (Cyanea asarifolia) <i>(Cyanea asarifolia)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Haha (Cyanea recta) <i>(Cyanea recta)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	Yes
Haha (Cyanea remyi) <i>(Cyanea remyi)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Ha'Iwale (Cyrtandra limahuliensis) <i>(Cyrtandra limahuliensis)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	Yes
Hau Kauhiwi ( <i>Hibiscadelphus woodii</i> ) <i>(Hibiscadelphus woodii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Hau Kuahiwi ( <i>Hibiscadelphus distans</i> ) <i>(Hibiscadelphus distans)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Heau ( <i>Exocarpos luteolus</i> ) <i>(Exocarpos luteolus)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Hedyotis St.-Johnii (ncn) <i>(Hedyotis st.-johnii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Hesperomannia lydgatei (ncn) <i>(Hesperomannia lydgatei)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Hibiscus, Clay's <i>(Hibiscus clayi)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Iliau ( <i>Wilkesia hobdyi</i> ) <i>(Wilkesia hobdyi)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Kamakahala ( <i>Labordia lydgatei</i> ) <i>(Labordia lydgatei)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Kamakahala ( <i>Labordia tinifolia</i> var. <i>wahiawaen</i> ) <i>(Labordia tinifolia</i> var. <i>wahiawaensis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Kaulu ( <i>Pteralyxia kauaiensis</i> ) <i>(Pteralyxia kauaiensis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes

<b>Hawaii</b>	( 108) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
		Dicot	Yes
Koki'o (Kokia kauaiensis) <i>(Kokia kauaiensis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Koki'o Ke'oke'o (Hibiscus waimeae ssp. hannerae) <i>(Hibiscus waimeae ssp. hannerae)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Kolea (Myrsine linearifolia) <i>(Myrsine linearifolia)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	Yes
Kuawawaenohu (Alsinidendron lychnoides) <i>(Alsinidendron lychnoides)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Laukahia Kuahiwi (Plantago princeps) <i>(Plantago princeps)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Laulihilihi (Schiedea stellaroides) <i>(Schiedea stellaroides)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Lobelia niihauensis (ncn) <i>(Lobelia niihauensis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Lysimachia filifolia (ncn) <i>(Lysimachia filifolia)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Mahoe (Alectryon macrococcus) <i>(Alectryon macrococcus)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Makou (Peucedanum sandwicense) <i>(Peucedanum sandwicense)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	Yes
Ma'oli'oli (Schiedea apokremnos) <i>(Schiedea apokremnos)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Mapele (Cyrtandra cyanoides) <i>(Cyrtandra cyanoides)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Mehamehame (Flueggea neowawraea) <i>(Flueggea neowawraea)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Munroidendron racemosum (ncn) <i>(Munroidendron racemosum)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Nani Wai'ale'ale (Viola kauensis var. wahiawaensis) <i>(Viola kauensis var. wahiawaensis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Nehe (Lipochaeta fauriei) <i>(Lipochaeta fauriei)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Nehe (Lipochaeta micrantha) <i>(Lipochaeta micrantha)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
Nehe (Lipochaeta waimeaensis) <i>(Lipochaeta waimeaensis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
'Oha (Delissea rivularis) <i>(Delissea rivularis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
'Ohai (Sesbania tomentosa) <i>(Sesbania tomentosa)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes
'Olulu (Brighamia insignis) <i>(Brighamia insignis)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	Yes

<b>Hawaii</b>	(108) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Phyllostegia knudsenii (ncn) <i>(Phyllostegia knudsenii)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Phyllostegia waimeae (ncn) <i>(Phyllostegia waimeae)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Phyllostegia wawrana (ncn) <i>(Phyllostegia wawrana)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Popolo 'Aiakeakua (Solanum sandwicense) <i>(Solanum sandwicense)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Remya kauaiensis (ncn) <i>(Remya kauaiensis)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Remya montgomeryi (ncn) <i>(Remya montgomeryi)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Schiedea helleri (ncn) <i>(Schiedea helleri)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Schiedea kauaiensis (ncn) <i>(Schiedea kauaiensis)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Schiedea membranacea (ncn) <i>(Schiedea membranacea)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Schiedea nuttallii (ncn) <i>(Schiedea nuttallii)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Schiedea spergulina var. leiopoda (ncn) <i>(Schiedea spergulina var. leiopoda)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Schiedea spergulina var. spergulina (ncn) <i>(Schiedea spergulina var. spergulina)</i>	Threatened	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Silene lanceolata (ncn) <i>(Silene lanceolata)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Spermolepis hawaiiensis (ncn) <i>(Spermolepis hawaiiensis)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Stenogyne campanulata (ncn) <i>(Stenogyne campanulata)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Vigna o-wahuensis (ncn) <i>(Vigna o-wahuensis)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Viola helenae (ncn) <i>(Viola helenae)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Xylosma crenatum (ncn) <i>(Xylosma crenatum)</i>	Endangered	Dicot Terrestrial	Yes
Diellia pallida (ncn) <i>(Diellia pallida)</i>	Endangered	Ferns Terrestrial	Yes
Fern, Pendant Kihi (Adenophorus periens) <i>(Adenophorus periens)</i>	Endangered	Ferns Terrestrial	Yes
Snail, Newcomb's <i>(Erinna newcombi)</i>	Threatened	Gastropod Freshwater	Yes

**Hawaii** ( 108) species:

Bat, Hawaiian Hoary  
*(Lasiurus cinereus semotus)*

Seal, Hawaiian Monk  
*(Monachus schauinslandi)*

Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*

Bluegrass, Hawaiian  
*(Poa sandvicensis)*

Bluegrass, Mann's (*Poa mannii*)  
*(Poa mannii)*

Hilo Ischaemum (*Ischaemum byrone*)  
*(Ischaemum byrone)*

Lau'ehu (*Panicum niihauense*)  
*(Panicum niihauense)*

Lo`ulu (*Pritchardia napaliensis*)  
*(Pritchardia napaliensis)*

Lo`ulu (*Pritchardia viscosa*)  
*(Pritchardia viscosa)*

Mariscus pennatiflorus (ncn)  
*(Mariscus pennatiflorus)*

Platanthera holochila (ncn)  
*(Platanthera holochila)*

Poa siphonoglossa (ncn)  
*(Poa siphonoglossa)*

Pu'uka'a (*Cyperus trachysanthos*)  
*(Cyperus trachysanthos)*

Wahane (*Pritchardia aylmer-robinsonii*)  
*(Pritchardia aylmer-robinsonii)*

Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*

Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*

Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*

Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*

**Idaho** ( 9) species:

Trout, Bull  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*

Trout, Bull (Columbia River population)  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*

Trout, Bull (Klamath River population)  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Mammal	No
Endangered	Terrestrial, Subterranean	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
Endangered	Coastal (neritic), Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Threatened	Reptile	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	Yes
Threatened	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
Threatened	Saltwater	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Fish	No
Threatened	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
Threatened	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
Threatened	Freshwater	

***Idaho***

( 9 ) species:

- Limpet, Banbury Springs  
(*Lanx sp.*)  
Snail, Bliss Rapids  
(*Taylorconcha serpenticola*)  
Snail, Snake River Physa  
(*Physa naticina*)  
Snail, Utah Valvata  
(*Valvata utahensis*)  
Springsnail, Bruneau Hot  
(*Pyrgulopsis bruneauensis*)  
Springsnail, Idaho  
(*Fontelicella idahoensis*)

***Illinois***

( 25 ) species:

- Plover, Piping  
(*Charadrius melanotos*)  
Tern, Interior (population) Least  
(*Sterna antillarum*)  
Fanshell  
(*Cyprogenia stegaria*)  
Mucket, Pink (Pearl mussel)  
(*Lampsilis abrupta*)  
Mussel, Clubshell  
(*Pleurobema clava*)  
Pearl mussel, Fat Pocketbook  
(*Potamilus capax*)  
Pearl mussel, Higgins' Eye  
(*Lampsilis higginsii*)  
Pearl mussel, Orange-footed  
(*Plethobasus cooperianus*)  
Pearl mussel, White Wartyback  
(*Plethobasus cicatricosus*)  
Amphipod, Illinois Cave  
(*Gammarus acheronodus*)  
Aster, Decurrent False  
(*Boltonia decurrens*)  
Clover, Leafy Prairie  
(*Dalea foliosa*)  
Clover, Prairie Bush  
(*Lespedeza leptostachya*)  
Daisy, Lakeside  
(*Hymenoxys herbacea*)  
Milkweed, Mead's  
(*Asclepias meadii*)

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Freshwater		
Threatened	Gastropod	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Terrestrial		
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Terrestrial		
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Freshwater		
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Terrestrial		
Endangered	Bird	No
Terrestrial		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Freshwater		
Endangered	Crustacean	No
Subterranean, Freshwater		
Threatened	Dicot	No
Terrestrial, Freshwater		
Endangered	Dicot	No
Terrestrial		
Threatened	Dicot	No
Terrestrial		
Threatened	Dicot	No
Freshwater		
Threatened	Dicot	No
Terrestrial		

<b>Illinois</b>	( 25 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Potato-bean, Price's ( <i>Apios priceana</i> )	Threatened	Dicot	No
Thistle, Pitcher's ( <i>Cirsium pitcheri</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Dicot	No
Sturgeon, Pallid ( <i>Scaphirhynchus albus</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Snail, Iowa Pleistocene ( <i>Discus macclintocki</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Gastropod	No
Butterfly, Karner Blue ( <i>Lycaeides melissa samuelis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Insect	No
Dragonfly, Hine's Emerald ( <i>Somatochlora hineana</i> )	Endangered	Insect	No
Bat, Gray ( <i>Myotis grisescens</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial Mammal	No
Bat, Indiana ( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )	Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial Mammal	Yes
Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed ( <i>Platanthera leucophaea</i> )	Threatened	Subterranean, Terrestrial Monocot	No
Pogonia, Small Whorled ( <i>Isotria medeoloides</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No
<b>Indiana</b>	( 23 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Plover, Piping ( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Tern, Interior (population) Least ( <i>Sterna antillarum</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Bird	No
Fanshell ( <i>Cyprogenia stegaria</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Bivalve	No
Mucket, Pink (Pearlmussel) ( <i>Lampsilis abrupta</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Mussel, Clubshell ( <i>Pleurobema clava</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Mussel, Ring Pink (=Golf Stick Pearly) ( <i>Obovaria retusa</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Mussel, Rough Pigtoe ( <i>Pleurobema plenum</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Pearlmussel, Fat Pocketbook ( <i>Potamilus capax</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Pearlmussel, Orange-footed ( <i>Plethobasus cooperianus</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Pearlmussel, Tuberclad-blossom ( <i>Epioblasma torulosa torulosa</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No
Pearlmussel, White Cat's Paw ( <i>Epioblasma obliquata perobliqua</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No

**Indiana** ( 23 ) species:

Pearlmussel, White Wartyback  
*(Plethobasus cicatricosus)*  
 Riffleshell, Northern  
*(Epioblasma torulosa rangiana)*  
 Clover, Running Buffalo  
*(Trifolium stoloniferum)*  
 Goldenrod, Short's  
*(Solidago shortii)*  
 Milkweed, Mead's  
*(Asclepias meadii)*  
 Thistle, Pitcher's  
*(Cirsium pitcheri)*  
 Butterfly, Karner Blue  
*(Lycaeides melissa samuelis)*  
 Butterfly, Mitchell's Satyr  
*(Neonympha mitchellii mitchellii)*  
 Bat, Gray  
*(Myotis grisescens)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera leucophaea)*  
 Snake, Northern Copperbelly Water  
*(Nerodia erythrogaster neglecta)*

**Iowa** ( 14 ) species:

Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sternula antillarum)*  
 Pearlmussel, Fat Pocketbook  
*(Potamilus capax)*  
 Pearlmussel, Higgins' Eye  
*(Lampsilis higginsii)*  
 Clover, Prairie Bush  
*(Lespedeza leptostachya)*  
 Milkweed, Mead's  
*(Asclepias meadii)*  
 Monkshood, Northern Wild  
*(Aconitum noveboracense)*  
 Fern, American hart's-tongue  
*(Asplenium scolopendrium var. americanum)*  
 Shiner, Topeka  
*(Notropis topeka (=tristis))*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterraneous, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterraneous, Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Ferns	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater	

<b>Iowa</b>	( 14 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Sturgeon, Pallid  ( <i>Scaphirhynchus albus</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Snail, Iowa Pleistocene  ( <i>Discus macclintocki</i> )	Endangered	Gastropod	No
Bat, Indiana  ( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	Yes
Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed  ( <i>Platanthera leucophaea</i> )	Threatened	Subterraneous, Terrestrial Monocot	No
Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  ( <i>Platanthera praecox</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No
<b>Kansas</b>	( 12 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Crane, Whooping  ( <i>Grus americana</i> )	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Plover, Piping  ( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater Bird	Yes
Tern, Interior (population) Least  ( <i>Sterna antillarum</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Bird	No
Milkweed, Mead's  ( <i>Asclepias meadii</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Dicot	No
Madtom, Neosho  ( <i>Noturus placidus</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater Fish	No
Shiner, Arkansas River  ( <i>Notropis girardi</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater Fish	Yes
Shiner, Topeka  ( <i>Notropis topeka (=tristis)</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Fish	Yes
Sturgeon, Pallid  ( <i>Scaphirhynchus albus</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater Fish	No
Beetle, American Burying  ( <i>Nicrophorus americanus</i> )	Endangered	Insect	No
Bat, Gray  ( <i>Myotis grisescens</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	No
Ferret, Black-footed  ( <i>Mustela nigripes</i> )	Endangered	Subterraneous, Terrestrial Mammal	No
Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  ( <i>Platanthera praecox</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No
<b>Kentucky</b>	( 48 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Plover, Piping  ( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Tern, Interior (population) Least  ( <i>Sterna antillarum</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Bird	No
Warbler (=Wood), Kirtland's  ( <i>Dendroica kirtlandii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial Bird	No

<b>Kentucky</b>	( 48) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Warbler, Bachman's ( <i>Vermivora bachmanii</i> )	Endangered	Bird	No
Woodpecker, Ivory-billed ( <i>Campephilus principalis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Woodpecker, Red-cockaded ( <i>Picoides borealis</i> )	Endangered	Bird	No
Fanshell ( <i>Cyprogenia stegaria</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel) ( <i>Lampsilis abrupta</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Mussel, Clubshell ( <i>Pleurobema clava</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	
Mussel, Cumberland Combshell ( <i>Epioblasma brevidens</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
Mussel, Cumberland Elktoe ( <i>Alasmidonta atropurpurea</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Oyster ( <i>Epioblasma capsaeformis</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
Mussel, Ring Pink (=Golf Stick Pearly) ( <i>Obovaria retusa</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Mussel, Rough Pigtoe ( <i>Pleurobema plenum</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Mussel, Winged Mapleleaf ( <i>Quadrula fragosa</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Pearlymussel, Appalachian Monkeyface ( <i>Quadrula sparsa</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cracking ( <i>Hemistena lata</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Pearlymussel, Cumberland Bean ( <i>Villosa trabalis</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Dromedary ( <i>Dromus dromas</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Pearlymussel, Fat Pocketbook ( <i>Potamilus capax</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Little-wing ( <i>Pegias fabula</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Pearlymussel, Orange-footed ( <i>Plethobasus cooperianus</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Purple Cat's Paw ( <i>Epioblasma obliquata obliquata</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Pearlymussel, Tuberclad-blossom ( <i>Epioblasma torulosa torulosa</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	

**Kentucky** ( 48 ) species:

Pearlmussel, White Wartyback  
*(Plethobasus cicatricosus)*

Pearlmussel, Yellow-blossom  
*(Epioblasma florentina florentina)*

Riffleshell, Northern  
*(Epioblasma torulosa rangiana)*

Riffleshell, Tan  
*(Epioblasma florentina walkeri (=E. walkeri))*

Shrimp, Kentucky Cave  
*(Palaeomonias ganteri)*

Chaffseed, American  
*(Schwalbea americana)*

Clover, Running Buffalo  
*(Trifolium stoloniferum)*

Goldenrod, Short's  
*(Solidago shortii)*

Goldenrod, White-haired  
*(Solidago albopilosa)*

Potato-bean, Price's  
*(Apios priceana)*

Rock-cress, Large (=Braun's)  
*(Arabis perstellata E. L. Braun var. ampla Rollins)*

Rock-cress, Small  
*(Arabis perstellata E. L. Braun var. perstellata Fernald)*

Rosemary, Cumberland  
*(Conradina verticillata)*

Sandwort, Cumberland  
*(Arenaria cumberlandensis)*

Spiraea, Virginia  
*(Spiraea virginiana)*

Dace, Blackside  
*(Phoxinus cumberlandensis)*

Darter, Bluemask (=jewel)  
*(Etheostoma /)*

Darter, Relict  
*(Etheostoma chienense)*

Shiner, Palezone  
*(Notropis albizonatus)*

Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*

Beetle, American Burying  
*(Nicrophorus americanus)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bivalve	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Bivalve	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Bivalve	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Bivalve	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Crustacean	Yes	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Endangered	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Threatened	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Threatened	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Threatened	Dicot	Yes	
Terrestrial			
Endangered	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Threatened	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Threatened	Dicot	No	
Terrestrial			
Threatened	Fish	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Fish	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Fish	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Fish	No	
Freshwater			
Endangered	Insect	No	
Terrestrial			

**Kentucky**

( 48) species:

- Bat, Gray  
*(Myotis grisescens)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Bat, Virginia Big-eared  
*(Corynorhinus (=Plecotus) townsendii virginianus)*

**Louisiana**

( 22) species:

- Pelican, Brown  
*(Pelecanus occidentalis)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, California Least  
*(Sternula antillarum browni)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sternula antillarum)*  
 Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
*(Picoides borealis)*  
 Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel)  
*(Lampsilis abrupta)*  
 Mussel, Heelsplitter Inflated  
*(Potamilus inflatus)*  
 Pearlshell, Louisiana  
*(Margaritifera hembeli)*  
 Chaffseed, American  
*(Schwalbea americana)*  
 Fruit, Earth (=geocarpon)  
*(Geocarpon minimum)*  
 Sturgeon, Gulf  
*(Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi)*  
 Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Bear, Louisiana Black  
*(Ursus americanus luteolus)*  
 Manatee, West Indian  
*(Trichechus manatus)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial, Subterranean	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	

<b>Louisiana</b>	( 22 ) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley <i>(Lepidochelys kempii)</i>	Endangered	Reptile	No
Sea turtle, leatherback <i>(Dermochelys coriacea)</i>	Endangered	Saltwater	Yes
Sea turtle, loggerhead <i>(Caretta caretta)</i>	Threatened	Saltwater	No
Tortoise, Gopher <i>(Gopherus polyphemus)</i>	Threatened	Reptile	No
		Terrestrial	
<b>Maine</b>	( 11 ) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Plover, Piping <i>(Charadrius melanotos)</i>	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Tern, Roseate <i>(Sternula dougallii dougallii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Lousewort, Furbish <i>(Pedicularis furbishiae)</i>	Endangered	Bird	No
Salmon, Atlantic <i>(Salmo salar)</i>	Endangered	Dicot	No
Lynx, Canada <i>(Lynx canadensis)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	
Whale, Finback <i>(Balaenoptera physalus)</i>	Endangered	Fish	No
Whale, Humpback <i>(Megaptera novaeangliae)</i>	Endangered	Brackish, Saltwater, Freshwater	
Whale, northern right <i>(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))</i>	Endangered	Mammal	No
Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed <i>(Platanthera leucophaea)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	
Pogonia, Small Whorled <i>(Isotria medeoloides)</i>	Threatened	Marine mml	No
Sea turtle, leatherback <i>(Dermochelys coriacea)</i>	Endangered	Saltwater	No
		Monocot	
<b>Maryland</b>	( 22 ) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Plover, Piping <i>(Charadrius melanotos)</i>	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Mussel, Dwarf Wedge <i>(Alasmidonta heterodon)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Dropwort, Canby's <i>(Oxypolis canbyi)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Gerardia, Sandplain <i>(Agalinis acuta)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	
Harperella <i>(Ptilimnium nodosum)</i>	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
		Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
		Freshwater	

**Maryland**

( 22) species:

Joint-vetch, Sensitive  
*(Aeschynomene virginica)*  
 Darter, Maryland  
*(Etheostoma sellare)*  
 Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*  
 Beetle, Northeastern Beach Tiger  
*(Cicindela dorsalis dorsalis)*  
 Beetle, Puritan Tiger  
*(Cicindela puritana)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Squirrel, Delmarva Peninsula Fox  
*(Sciurus niger cinereus)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Bulrush, Northeastern (=Barbed Bristle)  
*(Scirpus ancistrochaetus)*  
 Pink, Swamp  
*(Helonias bullata)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Turtle, Bog (Northern population)  
*(Clemmys muhlenbergii)*

**Massachusetts**

( 13) species:

Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Starling, Ponape Mountain  
*(Aplonis pelzelni)*  
 Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*  
 Beetle, Puritan Tiger  
*(Cicindela puritana)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial, Brackish	
Endangered	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Threatened	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Insect	No
	Terrestrial, Coastal (neritic)	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterraneous, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Threatened	Insect	No
	Terrestrial, Coastal (neritic)	

**Massachusetts**

( 13) species:

- Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Turtle, Bog (Northern population)  
*(Clemmys muhlenbergii)*

**Michigan**

( 18) species:

- Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Warbler (=Wood), Kirtland's  
*(Dendroica kirtlandii)*  
 Mussel, Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema clava)*  
 Riffleshell, Northern  
*(Epiochasma torulosa rangiana)*  
 Goldenrod, Houghton's  
*(Solidago houghtonii)*  
 Monkey-flower, Michigan  
*(Mimulus glabratus var. michiganensis)*  
 Thistle, Pitcher's  
*(Cirsium pitcheri)*  
 Beetle, Hungerford's Crawling Water  
*(Brychius hungerfordi)*  
 Butterfly, Karner Blue  
*(Lycaeides melissa samuelis)*  
 Butterfly, Mitchell's Satyr  
*(Neonympha mitchellii mitchellii)*  
 Dragonfly, Hine's Emerald  
*(Somatochlora hineana)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	

**Michigan**

( 18) species:

- Lynx, Canada  
*(Lynx canadensis)*  
 Wolf, Gray  
*(Canis lupus)*  
 Iris, Dwarf Lake  
*(Iris lacustris)*  
 Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera leucophaea)*  
 Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*  
 Snake, Northern Copperbelly Water  
*(Nerodia erythrogaster neglecta)*

**Minnesota**

( 11) species:

- Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Mussel, Winged Mapleleaf  
*(Quadrula fragosa)*  
 Pearlmussel, Higgins' Eye  
*(Lampsilis higginsii)*  
 Clover, Prairie Bush  
*(Lespedeza leptostachya)*  
 Roseroot, Leedy's  
*(Sedum integrifolium ssp. leedyi)*  
 Shiner, Topeka  
*(Notropis topeka (=tristis))*  
 Butterfly, Karner Blue  
*(Lycaeides melissa samuelis)*  
 Lynx, Canada  
*(Lynx canadensis)*  
 Wolf, Gray  
*(Canis lupus)*  
 Lily, Minnesota Trout  
*(Erythronium propullans)*  
 Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera praeclara)*

**Mississippi**

( 34) species:

- Crane, Mississippi Sandhill  
*(Grus canadensis pulla)*  
 Pelican, Brown  
*(Pelecanus occidentalis)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Mammal	No	
Endangered	Terrestrial Mammal	Yes	
Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Reptile	No	
	Freshwater, Terrestrial		
Endangered	Bird	Yes	
Endangered	Terrestrial Bivalve	No	
Endangered	Freshwater Bivalve	No	
Threatened	Freshwater Dicot	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Dicot	No	
Endangered	Freshwater Fish	Yes	
Endangered	Terrestrial Insect	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Mammal	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Mammal	Yes	
Endangered	Terrestrial Monocot	No	
Threatened	Terrestrial Monocot	No	
	Terrestrial		
Endangered	Bird	Yes	
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater Bird	No	
Endangered	Terrestrial Bird	Yes	
	Terrestrial		

**Mississippi**

( 34 ) species:

Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sternula antillarum)*  
 Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
*(Picoides borealis)*  
 Combshell, Southern (=Penitent mussel)  
*(Epioblasma penita)*  
 Mucket, Orangenacre  
*(Lampsilis perovalis)*  
 Mussel, Alabama Moccasinshell  
*(Medionidus acutissimus)*  
 Mussel, Black (=Curtis' Mussel) Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema curtum)*  
 Mussel, Heavy Pigtoe (=Judge Tait's Mussel)  
*(Pleurobema taitianum)*  
 Mussel, Heelsplitter Inflated  
*(Potamilus inflatus)*  
 Mussel, Ovate Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema perovatum)*  
 Mussel, Southern Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema decisum)*  
 Pearlymussel, Fat Pocketbook  
*(Potamilus capax)*  
 Pondberry  
*(Lindera melissifolia)*  
 Potato-bean, Price's  
*(Apis priceana)*  
 Quillwort, Louisiana  
*(Isoetes louisianensis)*  
 Darter, Bayou  
*(Etheostoma rubrum)*  
 Sturgeon, Gulf  
*(Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi)*  
 Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Bat, Gray  
*(Myotis grisescens)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Bear, Louisiana Black  
*(Ursus americanus luteolus)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Terrestrial	No
Endangered	Bird	Terrestrial	No
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater	Yes
Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater	Yes
Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Threatened	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater	Yes
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater	Yes
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater	No
Endangered	Dicot	Terrestrial	No
Threatened	Dicot	Terrestrial	No
Endangered	Ferns	Freshwater, Terrestrial	No
Threatened	Fish	Freshwater	No
Threatened	Fish	Saltwater, Freshwater	Yes
Endangered	Fish	Freshwater	No
Endangered	Mammal	Subterranean, Terrestrial	No
Endangered	Mammal	Subterranean, Terrestrial	Yes
Threatened	Mammal	Terrestrial	No
Endangered	Marine mml	Saltwater	No

**Mississippi**

( 34 ) species:

Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Snake, Eastern Indigo  
*(Drymarchon corais couperi)*  
 Tortoise, Gopher  
*(Gopherus polyphemus)*  
 Turtle, Ringed Sawback  
*(Graptemys oculifera)*  
 Turtle, Yellow-blotted Map  
*(Graptemys flavimaculata)*

**Missouri**

( 29 ) species:

Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sternula antillarum)*  
 Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel)  
*(Lampsilis abrupta)*  
 Mussel, Scaleshell  
*(Leptodea leptodon)*  
 Mussel, Winged Mapleleaf  
*(Quadrula fragosa)*  
 Pearlymussel, Curtis'  
*(Epioisma florentina curtisi)*  
 Pearlymussel, Fat Pocketbook  
*(Potamilus capax)*  
 Pearlymussel, Higgins' Eye  
*(Lampsilis higginsii)*  
 Crayfish, Cave (*Cambarus acutabrum*)  
*(Cambarus acutabrum)*  
 Aster, Decurrent False  
*(Boltonia decurrens)*  
 Bladderpod, Missouri  
*(Lesquerella filiformis)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Crustacean	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	

**Missouri**

( 29 ) species:

- Clover, Running Buffalo  
(*Tritolium stoloniferum*)
- Fruit, Earth (=geocarpon)  
(*Geocarpon minimum*)
- Milkweed, Mead's  
(*Asclepias meadii*)
- Pondberry  
(*Lindera melissifolia*)
- Sneezeweed, Virginia  
(*Helenium virginicum*)
- Cavefish, Ozark  
(*Amblyopsis rosae*)
- Chub, Humpback  
(*Gila cypha*)
- Darter, Niangua  
(*Etheostoma nianguae*)
- Madtom, Neosho  
(*Noturus placidus*)
- Shiner, Topeka  
(*Notropis topeka* (=*tristis*))
- Sturgeon, Gulf  
(*Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi*)
- Sturgeon, Pallid  
(*Scaphirhynchus albus*)
- Cavesnail, Tumbling Creek  
(*Antrobia culveri*)
- Beetle, American Burying  
(*Nicrophorus americanus*)
- Dragonfly, Hine's Emerald  
(*Somatochlora hineana*)
- Bat, Gray  
(*Myotis grisescens*)
- Bat, Indiana  
(*Myotis sodalis*)
- Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  
(*Platanthera praecox*)

**Montana**

( 7 ) species:

- Crane, Whooping  
(*Grus americana*)
- Plover, Piping  
(*Charadrius melanotos*)
- Tern, Interior (population) Least  
(*Sterna antillarum*)

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
Threatened	Vernal pool	
Threatened	Fish	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
Threatened	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	No
Threatened	Freshwater	
Endangered	Fish	Yes
Threatened	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
Endangered	Fish	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Gastropod	No
Endangered	Subterranean, Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Threatened	Mammal	Yes
Threatened	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	

**Montana** ( 7 ) species:

Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Bear, Grizzly  
*(Ursus arctos horribilis)*  
 Ferret, Black-footed  
*(Mustela nigripes)*  
 Wolf, Gray  
*(Canis lupus)*

**Nebraska** ( 10 ) species:

Crane, Whooping  
*(Grus americana)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sturna antillarum)*  
 Butterfly Plant, Colorado  
*(Gaura neomexicana var. coloradensis)*  
 Penstemon, Blowout  
*(Penstemon haydenii)*  
 Shiner, Topeka  
*(Notropis topeka (=tristis))*  
 Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Beetle, Salt Creek Tiger  
*(Cicindela nevadica lincolniana)*  
 Ferret, Black-footed  
*(Mustela nigripes)*  
 Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera praeclara)*

**New Hampshire** ( 2 ) species:

Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*

**New Jersey** ( 17 ) species:

Curlew, Eskimo  
*(Numenius borealis)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Chaffseed, American  
*(Schwalbea americana)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Fish	No
Threatened	Freshwater	
Endangered	Mammal	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Fish	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Fish	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	

**New Jersey**

( 17) species:

- Joint-vetch, Sensitive  
*(Aeschynomene virginica)*  
 Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Beaked-rush, Knieskern's  
*(Rhynchospora knieskernii)*  
 Pink, Swamp  
*(Helonias bullata)*  
 Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Turtle, Bog (Northern population)  
*(Clemmys muhlenbergii)*

**New Mexico**

( 2) species:

- Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sternia antillarum)*  
 Ferret, Black-footed  
*(Mustela nigripes)*

**New York**

( 22) species:

- Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, Roseate  
*(Sternia dougallii dougallii)*  
 Mussel, Dwarf Wedge  
*(Alasmidonta heterodon)*  
 Amaranth, Seabeach  
*(Amaranthus pumilus)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial, Brackish	
Endangered	Fish	No
Endangered	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
Endangered	Subterraneous, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	Yes
Threatened	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
Threatened	Reptile	No
Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Threatened	Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
Threatened	Coastal (neritic)	

**New York**

( 22) species:

Gerardia, Sandplain  
*(Agalinis acuta)*  
 Monkshood, Northern Wild  
*(Aconitum noveboracense)*  
 Roseroot, Leedy's  
*(Sedum integrifolium ssp. leedyi)*  
 Fern, American hart's-tongue  
*(Asplenium scolopendrium var. americanum)*  
 Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*  
 Snail, Chittenango Ovate Amber  
*(Succinea chittenangoensis)*  
 Butterfly, Karner Blue  
*(Lycaeides melissa samuelis)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*  
 Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Turtle, Bog (Northern population)  
*(Clemmys muhlenbergii)*

**North Carolina**

( 54) species:

Spider, Spruce-fir Moss  
*(Microhexura montivaga)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Stork, Wood  
*(Mycteria americana)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Ferns	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Fish	No
Threatened	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Threatened	Gastropod	No
Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
Threatened	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
Threatened	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Arachnid	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	

**North Carolina**

( 54 ) species:

Tern, Roseate  
*(Sterna dougallii dougallii)*  
 Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
*(Picoides borealis)*  
 Elktoe, Appalachian  
*(Alasmidonta raveneliana)*  
 Mussel, Dwarf Wedge  
*(Alasmidonta heterodon)*  
 Mussel, Heelsplitter Carolina  
*(Lasmigona decorata)*  
 Mussel, Oyster  
*(Epioblasma capsaeformis)*  
 Pearlmussel, Little-wing  
*(Pegias fabula)*  
 Purple Bean  
*(Villosa perpurpurea)*  
 Spiny mussel, James River  
*(Pleurobema collina)*  
 Spiny mussel, Tar River  
*(Elliptio steinstansana)*  
 Amaranth, Seabeach  
*(Amaranthus pumilus)*  
 Avens, Spreading  
*(Geum radiatum)*  
 Bittercress, Small-anthered  
*(Cardamine micrantha)*  
 Blazing Star, Heller's  
*(Liatris helleri)*  
 Chaffseed, American  
*(Schwalbea americana)*  
 Coneflower, Smooth  
*(Echinacea laevigata)*  
 Dropwort, Canby's  
*(Oxypolis canbyi)*  
 Goldenrod, Blue Ridge  
*(Solidago spithamea)*  
 Harperella  
*(Ptilimnium nodosum)*  
 Heartleaf, Dwarf-flowered  
*(Hexastylis naniflora)*  
 Heather, Mountain Golden  
*(Hudsonia montana)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
	Endangered	Bird	No
		Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Bird	No
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Endangered	Freshwater	
	Threatened	Dicot	No
	Endangered	Dicot	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
	Threatened	Dicot	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
	Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
	Threatened	Dicot	No
	Endangered	Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
	Threatened	Terrestrial	
	Threatened	Dicot	No
	Threatened	Terrestrial	
	Threatened	Dicot	Yes
		Terrestrial	

**North Carolina** ( 54) species:

Joint-vetch, Sensitive  
*(Aeschynomene virginica)*  
 Loosestrife, Rough-leaved  
*(Lysimachia asperulaefolia)*  
 Meadowrue, Cooley's  
*(Thalictrum cooleyi)*  
 Pitcher-plant, Green  
*(Sarracenia oreophila)*  
 Pitcher-plant, Mountain Sweet  
*(Sarracenia rubra ssp. jonesii)*  
 Pondberry  
*(Lindera melissifolia)*  
 Spiraea, Virginia  
*(Spiraea virginiana)*  
 Sumac, Michaux's  
*(Rhus michauxii)*  
 Sunflower, Schweinitz's  
*(Helianthus schweinitzii)*  
 Shiner, Cape Fear  
*(Notropis mekistocholas)*  
 Silverside, Waccamaw  
*(Menidia extensa)*  
 Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*  
 Butterfly, Saint Francis' Satyr  
*(Neonympha mitchellii francisci)*  
 Lichen, Rock Gnome  
*(Gymnoderma lineare)*  
 Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*  
 Squirrel, Carolina Northern Flying  
*(Glaucomys sabrinus coloratus)*  
 Manatee, West Indian  
*(Trichechus manatus)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Arrowhead, Bunched  
*(Sagittaria fasciculata)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened		Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial, Brackish	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	Dicot	No
Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Fish	Yes
Threatened	Freshwater	Fish	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	Fish	No
Endangered	Saltwater, Freshwater	Insect	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Lichen	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Mammal	Yes
Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial	Mammal	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Marine mml	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	Marine mml	No
Endangered	Saltwater	Marine mml	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	Monocot	No
	Freshwater		

**North Carolina** ( 54) species:

Irisette, White  
*(Sisyrinchium dichotomum)*  
 Pink, Swamp  
*(Helonias bullata)*  
 Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*  
 Sedge, Golden  
*(Carex lutea)*  
 Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*

**North Dakota** ( 5) species:

Crane, Whooping  
*(Grus americana)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sterna antillarum)*  
 Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera praeclara)*

**Ohio** ( 22) species:

Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Fanshell  
*(Cyprogenia stegaria)*  
 Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel)  
*(Lampsilis abrupta)*  
 Mussel, Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema clava)*  
 Pearlymussel, Purple Cat's Paw  
*(Epioblasma obliquata obliquata)*  
 Pearlymussel, White Cat's Paw  
*(Epioblasma obliquata perobliqua)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered		Monocot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	Monocot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	Monocot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Monocot	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	Reptile	No
Endangered	Saltwater	Reptile	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	Reptile	No
Endangered	Saltwater	Reptile	Yes
Threatened	Saltwater	Reptile	No
Threatened	Saltwater	Reptile	No

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Fish	No
Threatened	Freshwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	

<b>Ohio</b>	( 22) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Riffleshell, Northern ( <i>Epioblasma torulosa rangiana</i> )	Endangered	Bivalve	No
Clover, Running Buffalo ( <i>Trifolium stoloniferum</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	
Daisy, Lakeside ( <i>Hymenoxys herbacea</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	
Monkshood, Northern Wild ( <i>Aconitum noveboracense</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	
Spiraea, Virginia ( <i>Spiraea virginiana</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	
Madtom, Scioto ( <i>Noturus trautmani</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Beetle, American Burying ( <i>Nicrophorus americanus</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Butterfly, Karner Blue ( <i>Lycaeides melissa samuelis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Butterfly, Mitchell's Satyr ( <i>Neonympha mitchellii mitchellii</i> )	Endangered	Insect	No
Dragonfly, Hine's Emerald ( <i>Somatochlora hineana</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Bat, Gray ( <i>Myotis grisescens</i> )	Endangered	Insect	No
Bat, Indiana ( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial	No
Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed ( <i>Platanthera leucophaea</i> )	Threatened	Mammal	Yes
Pogonia, Small Whorled ( <i>Isotria medeoloides</i> )	Threatened	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Snake, Lake Erie Water ( <i>Nerodia sipedon insularum</i> )	Threatened	Subterranean, Terrestrial	No
Snake, Northern Copperbelly Water ( <i>Nerodia erythrogaster neglecta</i> )	Threatened	Monocot	No

<b>Oklahoma</b>	( 18) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Crane, Whooping ( <i>Grus americana</i> )	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Curlew, Eskimo ( <i>Numenius borealis</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	No
Plover, Piping ( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )	Endangered	Bird	Yes
Tern, Interior (population) Least ( <i>Sterna antillarum</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Vireo, Black-capped ( <i>Vireo atricapilla</i> )	Endangered	Bird	No

**Oklahoma**

( 18 ) species:

- Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
(*Picoides borealis*)
- Mussel, Scaleshell  
(*Leptodea leptodon*)
- Rock-pocketbook, Ouachita (=Wheeler's pm)  
(*Arkansas wheeleri*)
- Cavefish, Ozark  
(*Amblyopsis rosae*)
- Darter, Leopard  
(*Percina pantherina*)
- Madtom, Neosho  
(*Noturus placidus*)
- Shiner, Arkansas River  
(*Notropis girardi*)
- Beetle, American Burying  
(*Nicrophorus americanus*)
- Bat, Gray  
(*Myotis grisescens*)
- Bat, Indiana  
(*Myotis sodalis*)
- Bat, Ozark Big-eared  
(*Corynorhinus (=Plecotus) townsendii ingens*)
- Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed  
(*Platanthera leucophaea*)
- Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  
(*Platanthera praecox*)

**Oregon**

( 39 ) species:

- Murrelet, Marbled  
(*Brachyramphus marmoratus marmoratus*)
- Owl, Northern Spotted  
(*Strix occidentalis caurina*)
- Pelican, Brown  
(*Pelecanus occidentalis*)
- Plover, Western Snowy  
(*Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus*)
- Fairy Shrimp, Vernal Pool  
(*Branchinecta lynchii*)
- Checker-mallow, Nelson's  
(*Sidalcea nelsoniana*)
- Daisy, Willamette  
(*Erigeron decumbens var. decumbens*)
- Lomatium, Bradshaw's  
(*Lomatium bradshawii*)

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial, Subterranean	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Bird	Yes
	Freshwater, Terrestrial, Saltwater	
Threatened	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Crustacean	Yes
	Vernal pool	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	

<b>Oregon</b>	( 39) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Lomatium, Cook's ( <i>Lomatium cookii</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Lupine, Kincaid's ( <i>Lupinus sulphureus (=oreganus) ssp. kincaidii (=var. kincaidii)</i> )	Threatened	Vernal pool Terrestrial	No
Meadowfoam, Large-flowered Woolly ( <i>Limnanthes floccosa ssp. Grandiflora</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Popcornflower, Rough ( <i>Plagiobothrys hirtus</i> )	Endangered	Vernal pool Dicot	No
Thelypody, Howell's Spectacular ( <i>Thelypodium howellii spectabilis</i> )	Threatened	Vernal pool Terrestrial	No
Chub, Oregon ( <i>Oregonichthys crameri</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Salmon, Chinook (Lower Columbia River) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Salmon, Chinook (Snake River Fall Run) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater, Brackish, Saltwater	No
Salmon, Chinook (Snake River spring/summer) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish	Yes
Salmon, Chinook (Upper Columbia River Spring) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish	Yes
Salmon, Chinook (Upper Willamette River) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Salmon, Chum (Columbia River population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) keta</i> )	Threatened	Saltwater, Brackish, Freshwater	Yes
Salmon, Coho (Southern OR/Northern CA Coast) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) kisutch</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Salmon, Sockeye (Snake River population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) nerka</i> )	Endangered	Brackish, Freshwater, Saltwater	No
Steelhead, (Lower Columbia River population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Steelhead, (Middle Columbia River population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Brackish, Freshwater, Saltwater	Yes
Steelhead, (Snake River Basin population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish	Yes
Steelhead, (Upper Columbia River population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Steelhead, (Upper Willamette River population) ( <i>Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss</i> )	Threatened	Brackish, Freshwater, Saltwater	Yes
Trout, Bull ( <i>Salvelinus confluentus</i> )	Threatened	Fish	No
Trout, Bull (Columbia River population) ( <i>Salvelinus confluentus</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	Yes

**Oregon** (39) species:

Trout, Bull (Klamath River population)  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*

Butterfly, Fender's Blue  
*(Icaricia icarioides fenderi)*

Butterfly, Oregon Silverspot  
*(Speyeria zerene hippolyta)*

Deer, Columbian White-tailed  
*(Odocoileus virginianus leucurus)*

Sea-lion, Steller (eastern)  
*(Eumetopias jubatus)*

Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*

Fritillary, Gentner's  
*(Fritillaria gentneri)*

Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*

Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*

Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*

**Pennsylvania** (8) species:

Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*

Mussel, Clubshell  
*(Pleurobema clava)*

Riffleshell, Northern  
*(Epioblasma torulosa rangiana)*

Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*

Squirrel, Delmarva Peninsula Fox  
*(Sciurus niger cinereus)*

Bulrush, Northeastern (=Barbed Bristle)  
*(Scirpus ancistrochaetus)*

Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*

Turtle, Bog (Northern population)  
*(Clemmys muhlenbergii)*

**Rhode Island** (11) species:

Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*

Gerardia, Sandplain  
*(Agalinis acuta)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Fish	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	No
Threatened	Insect	Terrestrial
Threatened	Insect	Yes
Endangered	Mammal	Terrestrial
Threatened	Marine mml	Terrestrial
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
Endangered	Saltwater	Saltwater
Threatened	Monocot	Terrestrial
Endangered	Reptile	Reptile
Endangered	Saltwater	No
Threatened	Saltwater	Yes
Threatened	Reptile	Saltwater
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	Freshwater
Endangered	Bivalve	Bivalve
Endangered	Bivalve	Freshwater
Endangered	Mammal	Subterranean, Terrestrial
Endangered	Mammal	Terrestrial
Endangered	Monocot	Terrestrial, Freshwater
Threatened	Monocot	Terrestrial
Threatened	Reptile	Terrestrial, Freshwater
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	Dicot
	Terrestrial	Terrestrial

**Rhode Island** (11) species:

Sturgeon, Shortnose  
*(Acipenser brevirostrum)*  
 Beetle, American Burying  
*(Nicrophorus americanus)*  
 Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*  
 Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*  
 Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*  
 Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*  
 Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*

**South Carolina** (37) species:

Salamander, Flatwoods  
*(Ambystoma cingulatum)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Stork, Wood  
*(Mycteria americana)*  
 Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
*(Picoides borealis)*  
 Mussel, Heelsplitter Carolina  
*(Lasmigona decorata)*  
 Amaranth, Seabeach  
*(Amaranthus pumilus)*  
 Amphianthus, Little  
*(Amphianthus pusillus)*  
 Chaffseed, American  
*(Schwalbea americana)*  
 Coneflower, Smooth  
*(Echinacea laevigata)*  
 Dropwort, Canby's  
*(Oxypolis canbyi)*  
 Gooseberry, Miccosukee  
*(Ribes echinellum)*  
 Harperella  
*(Ptilimnium nodosum)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Fish	No
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Amphibian	No
	Freshwater, Vernal pool, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Coastal (neritic)	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Freshwater	

<b>South Carolina</b>	(37) species:
Heartleaf, Dwarf-flowered <i>(Hexastylis naniflora)</i>	
Loosestrife, Rough-leaved <i>(Lysimachia asperulaefolia)</i>	
Pitcher-plant, Mountain Sweet <i>(Sarracenia rubra ssp. jonesii)</i>	
Pondberry <i>(Lindera melissifolia)</i>	
Sunflower, Schweinitz's <i>(Helianthus schweinitzii)</i>	
Quillwort, Black-spored <i>(Isoetes melanospora)</i>	
Sturgeon, Shortnose <i>(Acipenser brevirostrum)</i>	
Lichen, Rock Gnome <i>(Gymnoderma lineare)</i>	
Bat, Indiana <i>(Myotis sodalis)</i>	
Manatee, West Indian <i>(Trichechus manatus)</i>	
Whale, Finback <i>(Balaenoptera physalus)</i>	
Whale, Humpback <i>(Megaptera novaeangliae)</i>	
Whale, northern right <i>(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))</i>	
Arrowhead, Bunched <i>(Sagittaria fasciculata)</i>	
Irisette, White <i>(Sisyrinchium dichotomum)</i>	
Pink, Swamp <i>(Helonias bullata)</i>	
Pogonia, Small Whorled <i>(Isotria medeoloides)</i>	
Trillium, Persistent <i>(Trillium persistens)</i>	
Trillium, Relict <i>(Trillium reliquum)</i>	
Sea turtle, green <i>(Chelonia mydas)</i>	
Sea turtle, hawksbill <i>(Eretmochelys imbricata)</i>	

	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Ferns	No
	Vernal pool	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Lichen	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterraneous, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	

**South Carolina** ( 37) species:

Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*  
 Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*  
 Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*  
 Snake, Eastern Indigo  
*(Drymarchon corais couperi)*

**South Dakota** ( 8) species:

Crane, Whooping  
*(Grus americana)*  
 Plover, Piping  
*(Charadrius melanotos)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sturna antillarum)*  
 Shiner, Topeka  
*(Notropis topeka (=tristis))*  
 Sturgeon, Pallid  
*(Scaphirhynchus albus)*  
 Beetle, American Burying  
*(Nicrophorus americanus)*  
 Ferret, Black-footed  
*(Mustela nigripes)*  
 Orchid, Western Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera praeclara)*

**Tennessee** ( 83) species:

Spider, Spruce-fir Moss  
*(Microhexura montivaga)*  
 Stork, Wood  
*(Mycteria americana)*  
 Tern, Interior (population) Least  
*(Sturna antillarum)*  
 Woodpecker, Red-cockaded  
*(Picoides borealis)*  
 Combshell, Upland  
*(Epioibasma metastriata)*  
 Fanshell  
*(Cyprogenia stegaria)*  
 Kidneyshell, Triangular  
*(Ptychobranchus greenii)*  
 Mucket, Pink (Pearlymussel)  
*(Lampsilis abrupta)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
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Endangered	Reptile	No
Endangered	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
Threatened	Saltwater	
	Reptile	No
	Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
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Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Fish	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Fish	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Insect	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
Threatened	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
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Endangered	Arachnid	Yes
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
Endangered	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	

<b>Tennessee</b>	( 83) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Mussel, Alabama Moccasinshell <i>(Medionidus acutissimus)</i>	Threatened	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Clubshell <i>(Pleurobema clava)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Mussel, Coosa Moccasinshell <i>(Medionidus parvulus)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Cumberland Combshell <i>(Epioblasma brevidens)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Cumberland Elktoe <i>(Alasmidonta atropurpurea)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Cumberland Pigtoe <i>(Pleurobema gibberum)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Mussel, Fine-lined Pocketbook <i>(Lampsilis altilis)</i>	Threatened	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Fine-rayed Pigtoe <i>(Fusconaia cuneolus)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Mussel, Ovate Clubshell <i>(Pleurobema perovatum)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Oyster <i>(Epioblasma capsaeformis)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Ring Pink (=Golf Stick Pearly) <i>(Obovaria retusa)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Mussel, Rough Pigtoe <i>(Pleurobema plenum)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Mussel, Shiny Pigtoe <i>(Fusconaia cor)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Mussel, Southern Pigtoe <i>(Pleurobema georgianum)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	Yes
Pearlymussel, Alabama Lamp <i>(Lampsilis virescens)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Appalachian Monkeyface <i>(Quadrula sparsa)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Birdwing <i>(Conradilla caelata)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cracking <i>(Hemistena lata)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cumberland Bean <i>(Villosa trabalis)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cumberland Monkeyface <i>(Quadrula intermedia)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Dromedary <i>(Dromus dromas)</i>	Endangered	Bivalve Freshwater	No

**Tennessee** (83) species:

Pearlymussel, Green-blossom  
*(Epioblasma torulosa gubernaculum)*

Pearlymussel, Little-wing  
*(Pegias fabula)*

Pearlymussel, Orange-footed  
*(Plethobasus cooperianus)*

Pearlymussel, Pale Lilliput  
*(Toxolasma cylindrellus)*

Pearlymussel, Purple Cat's Paw  
*(Epioblasma obliquata obliquata)*

Pearlymussel, Tuberclad-blossom  
*(Epioblasma torulosa torulosa)*

Pearlymussel, Turgid-blossom  
*(Epioblasma turgidula)*

Pearlymussel, White Wartyback  
*(Plethobasus cicatricosus)*

Pearlymussel, Yellow-blossom  
*(Epioblasma florentina florentina)*

Purple Bean  
*(Villosa perpurpurea)*

Rabbitsfoot, Rough  
*(Quadrula cylindrica strigillata)*

Riffleshell, Tan  
*(Epioblasma florentina walkeri (=E. walkeri))*

Crayfish, Nashville  
*(Orconectes shoupi)*

Aster, Ruth's Golden  
*(Pityopsis ruthii)*

Avens, Spreading  
*(Geum radiatum)*

Bladderpod, Spring Creek  
*(Lesquerella perforata)*

Bluet, Roan Mountain  
*(Hedyotis purpurea var. montana)*

Chaffseed, American  
*(Schwalbea americana)*

Clover, Leafy Prairie  
*(Dalea foliosa)*

Coneflower, Tennessee Purple  
*(Echinacea tennesseensis)*

Goldenrod, Blue Ridge  
*(Solidago spithamea)*

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	Yes
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Crustacean	No
		Freshwater	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Floodplain	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
	Endangered	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
	Threatened	Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	

<b>Tennessee</b>	( 83) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Ground-plum, Guthrie's ( <i>Astragalus bibullatus</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Pitcher-plant, Green ( <i>Sarracenia oreophila</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Potato-bean, Price's ( <i>Apios priceana</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial, Freshwater	No
Rock-cress, Large (=Braun's) ( <i>Arabis perstellata E. L. Braun var. ampla Rollins</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	Yes
Rosemary, Cumberland ( <i>Conradina verticillata</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	No
Sandwort, Cumberland ( <i>Arenaria cumberlandensis</i> )	Endangered	Dicot	No
Skullcap, Large-flowered ( <i>Scutellaria montana</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	No
Spiraea, Virginia ( <i>Spiraea virginiana</i> )	Threatened	Dicot	No
Fern, American hart's-tongue ( <i>Asplenium scolopendrium var. americanum</i> )	Threatened	Terrestrial	No
Chub, Slender ( <i>Erimystax cahni</i> )	Threatened	Ferns	No
Chub, Spotfin ( <i>Erimonax monachus</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Dace, Blackside ( <i>Phoxinus cumberlandensis</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Darter, Amber ( <i>Percina antesella</i> )	Endangered	Fish	Yes
Darter, Bluemask (=jewel) ( <i>Etheostoma /</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Darter, Boulder ( <i>Etheostoma wapiti</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Darter, Duskytail ( <i>Etheostoma perconurum</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Darter, Slackwater ( <i>Etheostoma boschungi</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Darter, Snail ( <i>Percina tanasi</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Logperch, Conasauga ( <i>Percina jenkinsi</i> )	Endangered	Fish	Yes
Madtom, Pygmy ( <i>Noturus stanauli</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Madtom, Smoky ( <i>Noturus baileyi</i> )	Endangered	Fish	Yes
		Freshwater	

<b>Tennessee</b>	( 83) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Madtom, Yellowfin  ( <i>Noturus flavipinnis</i> )	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Shiner, Blue  ( <i>Cyprinella caerulea</i> )	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Sturgeon, Pallid  ( <i>Scaphirhynchus albus</i> )	Endangered	Fish	No
Marstonia, Royal (=Royal Snail)  ( <i>Pyrgulopsis ogmorhaphe</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Riversnail, Anthony's  ( <i>Atheamia anthonyi</i> )	Endangered	Gastropod	No
Snail, Painted Snake Coiled Forest  ( <i>Anguispira picta</i> )	Threatened	Gastropod	No
Lichen, Rock Gnome  ( <i>Gymnoderma lineare</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Bat, Gray  ( <i>Myotis grisescens</i> )	Endangered	Gastropod	No
Bat, Indiana  ( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )	Threatened	Lichen	No
Squirrel, Carolina Northern Flying  ( <i>Glaucomys sabrinus coloratus</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Grass, Tennessee Yellow-eyed  ( <i>Xyris tennesseensis</i> )	Endangered	Mammal	No
Pogonia, Small Whorled  ( <i>Isotria medeoloides</i> )	Threatened	Subterranean, Terrestrial	Yes
<b>Texas</b>	( 60) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Salamander, San Marcos  ( <i>Eurycea nana</i> )	Threatened	Amphibian	Yes
Salamander, Texas Blind  ( <i>Typhlomolge rathbuni</i> )	Endangered	Freshwater, Terrestrial	No
Toad, Houston  ( <i>Bufo houstonensis</i> )	Endangered	Amphibian	No
Harvestman, Bee Creek Cave  ( <i>Texella reddelli</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial, Freshwater	Yes
Harvestman, Robber Baron Cave  ( <i>Texella cokendolpheri</i> )	Endangered	Arachnid	No
Meshweaver, Braken Bat Cave  ( <i>Cicurina venii</i> )	Endangered	Terrestrial, Subterranean	Yes
Spider, Government Canyon Cave  ( <i>Neoleptoneta microps</i> )	Endangered	Arachnid	Yes
Spider, Madla's Cave  ( <i>Cicurina madla</i> )	Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial	Yes
Spider, Robber Baron Cave  ( <i>Cicurina baronia</i> )	Endangered	Arachnid	Yes

<b>Texas</b>	( 60 ) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Spider, Vesper Cave		Endangered	Arachnid
( <i>Cicurina vespера</i> )			Subterranean, Terrestrial
Crane, Whooping		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Grus americana</i> )			Terrestrial, Freshwater
Curlew, Eskimo		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Numenius borealis</i> )			Terrestrial
Falcon, Northern Aplomado		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Falco femoralis septentrionalis</i> )			Terrestrial
Flycatcher, Southwestern Willow		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Empidonax traillii extimus</i> )			Terrestrial
Owl, Mexican Spotted		Threatened	Bird
( <i>Strix occidentalis lucida</i> )			Terrestrial
Pelican, Brown		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i> )			Terrestrial
Plover, Piping		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Charadrius melanotos</i> )			Terrestrial
Prairie-chicken, Attwater's Greater		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Tympanuchus cupido attwateri</i> )			Terrestrial
Tern, Interior (population) Least		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Sterna antillarum</i> )			Terrestrial
Vireo, Black-capped		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Vireo atricapilla</i> )			Terrestrial
Warbler (=Wood), Golden-cheeked		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Dendroica chrysoparia</i> )			Terrestrial
Woodpecker, Red-cockaded		Endangered	Bird
( <i>Picoides borealis</i> )			Terrestrial
Amphipod, Peck's Cave		Endangered	Crustacean
( <i>Stygobromus (=Stygonectes) pecki</i> )			Subterranean, Freshwater
Ambrosia, South Texas		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Ambrosia cheiranthifolia</i> )			Terrestrial
Ayenia, Texas		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Ayenia limitaris</i> )			Terrestrial
Bladderpod, Zapata		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Lesquerella thamnophila</i> )			Terrestrial
Cactus, Black Lace		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Echinocereus reichenbachii</i> var. <i>albertii</i> )			Terrestrial
Cactus, Sneed Pincushion		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Coryphantha sneedii</i> var. <i>sneedii</i> )			Terrestrial
Cactus, Star		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Astrophytum asterias</i> )			Terrestrial
Cactus, Tobusch Fishhook		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Ancistrocactus tobuschii</i> )			Terrestrial

<b>Texas</b>	( 60 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Dawn-flower, Texas Prairie (=Texas Bitterweed)		Endangered	Dicot
( <i>Hymenoxys texana</i> )			No
Dogweed, Ashy		Endangered	Terrestrial
( <i>Thymophylla tephroleuca</i> )			Dicot
Frankenia, Johnston's		Endangered	Terrestrial
( <i>Frankenia johnstonii</i> )			Dicot
Manioc, Walker's		Endangered	Terrestrial
( <i>Manihot walkerae</i> )			Dicot
Phlox, Texas Trailing		Endangered	Terrestrial
( <i>Phlox nivalis ssp. texensis</i> )			Dicot
Sand-verbena, Large-fruited		Endangered	Terrestrial
( <i>Abronia macrocarpa</i> )			Dicot
Snowbells, Texas		Endangered	Terrestrial
( <i>Styrax texanus</i> )			Dicot
Darter, Fountain		Endangered	Fish
( <i>Etheostoma fonticola</i> )			Freshwater
Gambusia, San Marcos		Endangered	Fish
( <i>Gambusia georgei</i> )			Freshwater
Shiner, Arkansas River		Threatened	Fish
( <i>Notropis girardi</i> )			Freshwater
Beetle, American Burying		Endangered	Insect
( <i>Nicrophorus americanus</i> )			Terrestrial
Beetle, Comal Springs Dryopid		Endangered	Insect
( <i>Stygoparmus comalensis</i> )			Subterraneous, Freshwater
Beetle, Comal Springs Ripple		Endangered	Insect
( <i>Heterelmis comalensis</i> )			Subterraneous, Freshwater
Beetle, Helotes Mold		Endangered	Insect
( <i>Batriscodes venyivi</i> )			Subterraneous
Rhadine exilis (ncn)		Endangered	Insect
( <i>Rhadine exilis</i> )			Terrestrial, Subterraneous
Rhadine infernalis (ncn)		Endangered	Insect
( <i>Rhadine infernalis</i> )			Terrestrial, Subterraneous
Bear, Louisiana Black		Threatened	Mammal
( <i>Ursus americanus luteolus</i> )			Terrestrial
Jaguarundi, Gulf Coast		Endangered	Mammal
( <i>Herpailurus (=Felis) yagouaroundi cacomitli</i> )			Terrestrial
Jaguarundi, Sinaloan		Endangered	Mammal
( <i>Herpailurus (=Felis) yagouaroundi tolteca</i> )			Terrestrial
Ocelot		Endangered	Mammal
( <i>Leopardus (=Felis) pardalis</i> )			Terrestrial
Whale, Finback		Endangered	Marine mml
( <i>Balaenoptera physalus</i> )			Saltwater

<b>Texas</b>	( 60 ) species:	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Whale, Humpback <i>(Megaptera novaeangliae)</i>	Endangered	Marine mml	No
Ladies'-tresses, Navasota <i>(Spiranthes parksii)</i>	Endangered	Saltwater	
Wild-rice, Texas <i>(Zizania texana)</i>	Endangered	Monocot	No
Sea turtle, green <i>(Chelonia mydas)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	
Sea turtle, hawksbill <i>(Eretmochelys imbricata)</i>	Endangered	Monocot	Yes
Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley <i>(Lepidochelys kempii)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	
Sea turtle, leatherback <i>(Dermochelys coriacea)</i>	Endangered	Reptile	No
Sea turtle, loggerhead <i>(Caretta caretta)</i>	Endangered	Saltwater	
Snake, Concho Water <i>(Nerodia paucimaculata)</i>	Threatened	Reptile	Yes
<b>Utah</b>	( 5 ) species:	Saltwater	
Cactus, Wright Fishhook <i>(Sclerocactus wrightiae)</i>	Threatened	Reptile	No
Milk-vetch, Heliotrope <i>(Astragalus montii)</i>	Threatened	Dicot	Yes
Townsendia, Last Chance <i>(Townsendia aprica)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	
Trout, Lahontan Cutthroat <i>(Oncorhynchus clarki henshawi)</i>	Threatened	Dicot	No
Prairie Dog, Utah <i>(Cynomys parvidens)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	
<b>Vermont</b>	( 3 ) species:	Fish	No
Mussel, Dwarf Wedge <i>(Alasmidonta heterodon)</i>	Threatened	Freshwater	
Milk-vetch, Jesup's <i>(Astragalus Robbinsii var. jesupi)</i>	Threatened	Dicot	No
Bat, Indiana <i>(Myotis sodalis)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	
<b>Virginia</b>	( 59 ) species:	Mammal	Yes
Salamander, Shenandoah <i>(Plethodon shenandoah)</i>	Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Plover, Piping <i>(Charadrius melanotos)</i>	Endangered	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
		Bivalve	No
		Freshwater	
		Dicot	No
		Terrestrial	
		Mammal	Yes
		Subterranean, Terrestrial	
		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
		Amphibian	No
		Freshwater, Terrestrial	
		Bird	Yes
		Terrestrial	

**Virginia**

( 59) species:

Woodpecker, Red-cockaded <i>(Picoides borealis)</i>	Endangered	Bird	No
Mussel, Cumberland Combshell <i>(Epioblasma brevidens)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Dwarf Wedge <i>(Alasmidonta heterodon)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Mussel, Fine-rayed Pigtoe <i>(Fusconaia cuneolus)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Mussel, Oyster <i>(Epioblasma capsaeformis)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Mussel, Shiny Pigtoe <i>(Fusconaia cor)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Appalachian Monkeyface <i>(Quadrula sparsa)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Birdwing <i>(Conradilla caelata)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cracking <i>(Hemistena lata)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cumberland Bean <i>(Villosa trabalis)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Cumberland Monkeyface <i>(Quadrula intermedia)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Dromedary <i>(Dromus dromas)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Pearlymussel, Little-wing <i>(Pegias fabula)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Purple Bean <i>(Villosa perpurpurea)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Rabbitsfoot, Rough <i>(Quadrula cylindrica strigillata)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	Yes
Riffleshell, Tan <i>(Epioblasma florentina walkeri (=E. walkeri))</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Spiny mussel, James River <i>(Pleurobema collina)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Isopod, Lee County Cave <i>(Lirceus usdagalun)</i>	Endangered	Crustacean	No
Isopod, Madison Cave <i>(Antrolana lira)</i>	Threatened	Crustacean	No
Amaranth, Seabeach <i>(Amaranthus pumilus)</i>	Threatened	Dicot	No
Birch, Virginia Round-leaf <i>(Betula uber)</i>	Threatened	Coastal (neritic)	No
		Dicot	No
		Floodplain	

		<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Terrestrial	Bird	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	Yes
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Endangered	Freshwater	Bivalve	No
Threatened	Freshwater	Crustacean	No
Threatened	Freshwater	Crustacean	No
Threatened	Dicot	Dicot	No
Threatened	Coastal (neritic)	Dicot	No
Threatened	Floodplain		

<b>Virginia</b>	( 59 ) species:	<b>Taxa</b>	<b>Critical Habitat</b>
Bittercress, Small-anthered <i>(Cardamine micrantha)</i>	Endangered	Dicot	No
Chaffseed, American <i>(Schwalbea americana)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Coneflower, Smooth <i>(Echinacea laevigata)</i>	Endangered	Dicot	No
Harperella <i>(Ptilimnium nodosum)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Joint-vetch, Sensitive <i>(Aeschynomene virginica)</i>	Threatened	Freshwater	No
Rock-cress, Shale Barren <i>(Arabis serotina)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial, Brackish	No
Sneezeweed, Virginia <i>(Helenium virginicum)</i>	Threatened	Dicot	No
Spiraea, Virginia <i>(Spiraea virginiana)</i>	Threatened	Vernal pool	No
Sumac, Michaux's <i>(Rhus michauxii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Sunflower, Schweinitz's <i>(Helianthus schweinitzii)</i>	Endangered	Terrestrial	No
Chub, Slender <i>(Erimystax cahni)</i>	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Chub, Spotfin <i>(Erimonax monachus)</i>	Threatened	Freshwater	Yes
Dace, Blackside <i>(Phoxinus cumberlandensis)</i>	Threatened	Fish	No
Logperch, Roanoke <i>(Percina rex)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Madtom, Yellowfin <i>(Noturus flavipinnis)</i>	Threatened	Fish	Yes
Sturgeon, Shortnose <i>(Acipenser brevirostrum)</i>	Endangered	Freshwater	No
Snail, Virginia Fringed Mountain <i>(Polygyruscus virginianus)</i>	Endangered	Saltwater, Freshwater	No
Beetle, Northeastern Beach Tiger <i>(Cicindela dorsalis dorsalis)</i>	Threatened	Gastropod	No
Butterfly, Mitchell's Satyr <i>(Neonympha mitchellii mitchellii)</i>	Threatened	Terrestrial	No
Bat, Gray <i>(Myotis grisescens)</i>	Endangered	Insect	No
Bat, Indiana <i>(Myotis sodalis)</i>	Endangered	Mammal	No
	Endangered	Subterranean, Terrestrial	Yes
	Endangered	Mammal	Subterranean, Terrestrial

**Virginia** ( 59 ) species:

Bat, Virginia Big-eared  
*(Corynorhinus (=Plecotus) townsendii virginianus)*

Squirrel, Delmarva Peninsula Fox  
*(Sciurus niger cinereus)*

Squirrel, Virginia Northern Flying  
*(Glaucomys sabrinus fuscus)*

Whale, Finback  
*(Balaenoptera physalus)*

Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*

Whale, northern right  
*(Eubalaena glacialis (incl. australis))*

Bulrush, Northeastern (=Barbed Bristle)  
*(Scirpus ancistrochaetus)*

Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed  
*(Platanthera leucophaea)*

Pink, Swamp  
*(Helonias bullata)*

Pogonia, Small Whorled  
*(Isotria medeoloides)*

Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*

Sea turtle, hawksbill  
*(Eretmochelys imbricata)*

Sea turtle, Kemp's ridley  
*(Lepidochelys kempii)*

Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*

Sea turtle, loggerhead  
*(Caretta caretta)*

**Washington** ( 16 ) species:

Salmon, Chinook (Snake River Fall Run)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha)*

Salmon, Chinook (Snake River spring/summer)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha)*

Salmon, Chinook (Upper Columbia River Spring)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) tshawytscha)*

Salmon, Sockeye (Snake River population)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) nerka)*

Steelhead, (Middle Columbia River population)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss)*

Steelhead, (Snake River Basin population)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial, Subterranean	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	
Threatened	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Fish	No
	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Brackish, Saltwater, Freshwater	
Endangered	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish	
Endangered	Fish	No
	Brackish, Saltwater, Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater, Saltwater, Brackish	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater, Brackish, Saltwater	

**Washington**

( 16) species:

- Steelhead, (Upper Columbia River population)  
*(Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss)*
- Steelhead, Puget Sound  
*(Oncorhynchus mykiss)*
- Trout, Bull  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*
- Trout, Bull (Columbia River population)  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*
- Trout, Bull (Klamath River population)  
*(Salvelinus confluentus)*
- Rabbit, Pygmy  
*(Brachylagus idahoensis)*
- Sea-lion, Steller (eastern)  
*(Eumetopias jubatus)*
- Whale, Humpback  
*(Megaptera novaeangliae)*
- Sea turtle, green  
*(Chelonia mydas)*
- Sea turtle, leatherback  
*(Dermochelys coriacea)*

**West Virginia**

( 11) species:

- Salamander, Cheat Mountain  
*(Plethodon nettingi)*
- Mucket, Pink (Pearlmussel)  
*(Lampsilis abrupta)*
- Clover, Running Buffalo  
*(Trifolium stoloniferum)*
- Harperella  
*(Ptilimnium nodosum)*
- Rock-cress, Shale Barren  
*(Arabis serotina)*
- Snail, Flat-spired Three-toothed  
*(Triodopsis platysayoides)*
- Bat, Gray  
*(Myotis grisescens)*
- Bat, Indiana  
*(Myotis sodalis)*
- Bat, Virginia Big-eared  
*(Corynorhinus (=Plecotus) townsendii virginianus)*
- Squirrel, Virginia Northern Flying  
*(Glaucomys sabrinus fuscus)*
- Bulrush, Northeastern (=Barbed Bristle)  
*(Scirpus ancistrochaetus)*

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Brackish, Saltwater, Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Fish	Yes
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Marine mml	Yes
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Marine mml	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	No
	Saltwater	
Endangered	Reptile	Yes
	Saltwater	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Amphibian	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Gastropod	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Subterranean, Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial, Subterranean	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	

**Wisconsin**

( 15 ) species:

- Crane, Whooping  
(*Grus americana*)
- Plover, Piping  
(*Charadrius melanotos*)
- Warbler (=Wood), Kirtland's  
(*Dendroica kirtlandii*)
- Mussel, Winged Mapleleaf  
(*Quadrula fragosa*)
- Pearlmussel, Higgins' Eye  
(*Lampsilis higginsii*)
- Clover, Prairie Bush  
(*Lespedeza leptostachya*)
- Locoweed, Fassett's  
(*Oxytropis campestris var. chartacea*)
- Monkshood, Northern Wild  
(*Aconitum noveboracense*)
- Thistle, Pitcher's  
(*Cirsium pitcheri*)
- Butterfly, Karner Blue  
(*Lycaeides melissa samuelis*)
- Dragonfly, Hine's Emerald  
(*Somatochlora hineana*)
- Lynx, Canada  
(*Lynx canadensis*)
- Wolf, Gray  
(*Canis lupus*)
- Iris, Dwarf Lake  
(*Iris lacustris*)
- Orchid, Eastern Prairie Fringed  
(*Platanthera leucophaea*)

**Wyoming**

( 6 ) species:

- Butterfly Plant, Colorado  
(*Gaura neomexicana var. coloradensis*)
- Yellowhead, Desert  
(*Yermo xanthocephalus*)
- Bear, Grizzly  
(*Ursus arctos horribilis*)
- Ferret, Black-footed  
(*Mustela nigripes*)
- Mouse, Preble's Meadow Jumping  
(*Zapus hudsonius preblei*)
- Wolf, Gray  
(*Canis lupus*)

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial, Freshwater	
Endangered	Bird	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bird	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Endangered	Bivalve	No
	Freshwater	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Insect	No
	Freshwater, Terrestrial	
Threatened	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Monocot	No
	Terrestrial	

	<u>Taxa</u>	<u>Critical Habitat</u>
Threatened	Dicot	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Dicot	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	No
	Terrestrial	
Threatened	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial	
Endangered	Mammal	Yes
	Terrestrial	