DOW

GENERAL
WEED KILL

OIL SOLUBLE, WATER EMULSIFIABLE CONTACT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Dinoseb (2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol) 55%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 45%
Contains 5 pounds of dinoseb per gallon
E.P.A. Registration No. 464-98-AA
E.P.A. Est. No. 464-CA-1 WP ; E.P.A. Est. 464-MI-1 MM .
Superscript used corresponds to letter in Lot No.

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO Si u
producto hasta que la etiqueta le h
TRANSLATION: (TO THE USER If y
this product until the label has bee

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND FARM ANIMALS

DAN R ISON

FLAMMABLE • MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN
Do Not Get in Eyes on Skin on Clothing • Do Not Take Internally • Avoid Breathing Spray Drift • Keep Away from Heat Sparks and Open Flames • Use With Adequate Ventilation
Do Not Wear Contaminated Clothing or Shoes

FIRST AID TREATMENT — AN
SYMPTOMS OF POISONING
FIRST AID Have
CALL A PH
If Splashed in Eyes
If Spilled on Skin
NOTE TO ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product call collect
517-636-4400

AGRICULTURAL CHE
Do Not Ship or Store with Foods, Feed

18.93 L / 5 gal

86-1080 PRINTED IN U.S.A. IN MARCH, 1980.
REPLACES SPECIMEN LABEL 86-1080 PRINTED IN [illegible], 1979.
DISCARD PREVIOUS SPECIMEN LABELS.
REVISIONS INCLUDE: MODIFIED FIRST AID STATEMENT FOR [illegible].

DOW

SPECIMEN L

GENERAL
EED KILLER

BLE, WATER EMULSIFIABLE CONTACT HERBICIDE

-dinitrophenol) 55%
45%
ntains 5 pounds of dinoseb per gallon
4-98-AA
E.P.A. Est. 464-MI-1
to letter in Lot No.

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente
TRANSLATION: (TO THE USER: If you cannot read English, do not use this product until the label has been fully explained to you.)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND FARM ANIMALS

DAN R ISON

BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN
on Clothing • Do Not Take Internally • Avoid Breathing Spray
at, Sparks and Open Flames • Use With Adequate Ventilation
t Wear Contaminated Clothing or Shoes

FIRST AID TREATMENT ANTIDOTE
SYMPTOMS OF POISONING
FIRST AID
If Swallowed
CALL A PHYSICIAN
If Splashed in Eyes
If Spilled on Skin
NOTE TO ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

ndangering life or property involving this product call collect
517-636-4400

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL
Do Not Ship or Store with Foods, Feeds, Drugs or Clothing

18.93 L / 5 gal

MARCH, 1980.
980 PRINTED IN JUNE, 1979.
BELS.
FIRST AID STATEMENT FOR POISONING.

GENERAL WEED KILLER

E.P.A. Registration No. 464-98

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

OTHER USES

Preplant or Preemergence Control of Emerged Weeds in Beans, Soybeans, Potatoes and Corn DOW General Weed Killer may be used [illegible] control of emerged annual weeds [illegible] are encouraged [illegible] broadleaf weeds [illegible] DOW General Weed Killer [illegible] weed [illegible] of DOW General Weed Killer [illegible] gallons of water to give 20 to 40 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Apply after weeds have emerged. Preplant or preemergence control [illegible] spraying [illegible] weeds that are up at time of spraying will be killed [illegible] weed [illegible] that other herbicides should be included. **Note: Any crop plants that are up at time of spraying may be seriously injured or killed.**

Preplant or Preemergence Control of Emerged Weeds in Soybeans Planted Without Tillage in Small Grain Stubble In areas where [illegible] soybeans directly in small grain stubble without tillage is practiced, DOW General Weed Killer can be used to control emerged annual weeds before or just after planting. For general use, use 1 to 2 quarts of DOW General Weed Killer in 3 to 5 gallons of diesel oil per acre. Under dry conditions use 1 to 2 quarts of DOW General Weed Killer plus 2 to 5 gallons of diesel oil per acre and 20 to 30 gallons of water to give 25 to 40 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Only annual weeds that are up at time of spraying will be killed. For season-long weed control, other herbicides will be needed also. **Note: Any crop plants that are up at time of spraying may be seriously injured or killed.**

Control of Weeds and Basal Spike Phase of Downy Mildew on Hops Control of downy mildew is obtained by killing diseased basal parts of bines to prevent further infection. Use 1 quart of DOW General Weed Killer with 5 gallons of diesel oil in enough water to make 100 gallons of spray. Provide continuous agitation when mixing and spraying. Use at the rate of 50 gallons per acre. Make the first application to the ground and the basal two feet of the hop bines when they have reached eight feet or more in height. Repeat as necessary, but use no more than four applications per growing season. Spray as high as the basal 4 feet of bines when the plants have reached ½ of the distance to the top of the trellis using increased volume in proportion to the treated height of bines. These treatments will materially aid in the control of weeds. **Note:** Do not spray entire bines. Do not apply to young replants or mature plantings or to plants in baby yards. Do not apply within 14 days before harvest.

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THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
AND SUBSIDIARIES
MIDLAND, MICHIGAN 48640 USA HORGEN, SWITZERLAND HONG KONG
CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134 USA SARNIA, ONTARIO, CANADA

* Trademark of THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

3·31·80
EPA-PR
3·21·00

GENERAL INFORMATION

DOW General Weed Killer is a [illegible] herbicide designed for control of broadleaf weeds and grasses in certain crops [illegible] recommended on the label and in non crop areas such as [illegible] industrial areas, railroads, farms. DOW General Weed Killer when mixed and used as directed [illegible] control of annual and perennial weeds and grasses through foliar contact and translocation. Effects on seedlings by temporary sterilization. Thorough coverage of weed growth with adequate essential for best results. The rate of DOW General Weed Killer needed depends on the kind of weeds to be controlled: annual grasses such as crabgrass, foxtail and barnyardgrass; perennial broadleaf weeds such as thistle, quackgrass and smartweeds; larger grasses and broadleaf weeds such as [illegible] require the higher recommended rate. This is particularly so when weeds are nearly mature. Larger grasses [illegible] may require use of the higher amounts of DOWPON* M Grass Killer. [illegible] DOW General Weed Killer to improve control of emerged grasses in non crop areas. Perennial weeds usually require the [illegible] weeds will be killed in warm weather when weeds are small and growing well. Thin higher rates. DOW General Weed Killer [illegible] seedlings. Certain irrigation to lower spraying within a week after application.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Following are instructions for preparing each type of spray mixture that may be used.

I. **DOW General Weed Killer Diluted in Oil Only**
(1st) Drain all water from mixing tank. **(2nd)** Rinse the tank with a small quantity of oil. Then drain and scale the cover. **(3rd)** Add the desired amount of oil to mixing tank. **(4th)** With moderate agitation add required amount of DOW General Weed Killer to the desired amount. **(5th)** Mixture is now ready for application. No further agitation is necessary.

II. **DOW General Weed Killer — Oil-Water**
(1st) Put about ½ the desired amount of water in the spray tank. **(2nd)** With agitation add required amount of DOW General Weed Killer. **(3rd)** With continued agitation add the required amount of oil to mix. **(4th)** Add remainder of water to the spray tank to desired amount. **(5th)** Material is now ready to apply. Continue agitation until application is complete.

III. **DOW General Weed Killer — Agricultural Surfactant-Water**
(1st) Add approximately ½ of the desired amount of water to the mixing tank. **(2nd)** With agitation add required amount of approved surfactant such as Triton X-100, Tween 20 or Multi-Film X 77 brands. (Foaming will be less with less agitation.) **(3rd)** With continued agitation add required amount of DOW General Weed Killer. **(4th)** Add remainder of water necessary to bring to desired amount. **(5th)** Mixture is now ready for application. Continue mixing until application is completed.

IV. **DOW General Weed Killer — DOWPON M Grass Killer-Agricultural Surfactant-Water**
(1st) Add approximately ½ of water desired to the mixing tank. **(2nd)** With mild agitation add required amount of DOWPON M. **(3rd)** Add required amount of approved surfactant (see III). **(4th)** With continued agitation add required amount of DOW General Weed Killer. **(5th)** Add remainder of water required to bring to desired spray volume. **(6th)** Mixture is now ready to apply. Continue mild agitation until application is complete.

Note: Follow the above instructions for mixtures listed in precisely. Change in type of mixture may result in very thick viscous emulsions which are difficult to apply.

USE DIRECTIONS

NON-CROP USES: DOW General Weed Killer is highly effective in controlling broadleaf weeds and undesired grasses in non crop areas such as airfields, drainage ditches, industrial building and storage sites, around farm buildings, along fence rows and on rights-of-way for utility installations, railroads and highways.

For different weed problems select the appropriate spray mixture from the following table. Spray to thoroughly wet weed growth using 100 to 200 gallons of spray mixture per acre depending on density and height of the vegetation to be controlled. Repeat as necessary to maintain satisfactory control. Do not allow livestock to graze on treated areas.

Guide to Preparation of 100 Gallons of Spray Mixture for Non-Crop Use

Broadleaf and or Grassy Weed Problem	Mixing Procedure to use	Ingredients and Amounts for Use: DOW GENERAL (qt)	DOWPON M (lb)	Oil (gal)	Agricultural Surfactant (qt)	Water (approx.) (gal)
Mostly grasses but a few broadleaf weeds	II	1 to 1½	0	25 to 50	0	75 to 50
Mostly broadleaf weeds but some grasses also	II	2 to 2½	0	10 to 25	0	90 to 75
Mostly broadleaf weeds, some resistant weed seedlings	[illegible]	3	0	5 to 10	0	95 to 90
Same as above alternate choice	III	2 to 3	0	0	2	99
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	IV	1	5	0	2	99
Perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds	IV	1 to 2	10 to 15	0	2	99

Consult corresponding number under "MIXING INSTRUCTIONS" for procedures to follow in preparing spray mixtures.

When no oil is used, add 2 qt of approved agricultural surfactant such as Triton X-100, Tween-20 or Multi-Film X-77 brands.

CROP USES: DOW General Weed Killer has many uses in the production of agricultural crops when used according to instructions which follow. Observe all directions and follow instructions precisely. Some states issue specific instructions to fit local conditions. Consult your state Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service weed control specialists for more detailed information.

Alfalfa: Apply to established stands during the dormant season or after grazing in winter to control winter annual weeds, or immediately after cutting during the growing season before regrowth starts to control dodder and summer annual weeds. For aerial application use 1½ to 3 quarts of DOW General Weed Killer in 5 to 20 gallons of diesel oil or weed oil per acre. With ground equipment use 1½ to 3 quarts of DOW General Weed Killer plus 10 to 60 gallons of diesel oil or weed oil or water to make 100 gallons of spray mixture. Use at rate of 100 gallons per acre. **Note:** Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas within 6 weeks after application.

Preharvest Spraying of Alfalfa, Trefoil, Clover, Peas and Soybeans to Facilitate Harvest of Crops Grown for Planting Seed. Apply 3 to 6 days before harvest. For airplane application use 2 to 3 pints of DOW General Weed Killer in 4 to 10 gallons of diesel oil or weed oil per acre. With ground equipment use 2 to 3 pints of DOW General Weed Killer in 8 to 15 gallons of diesel oil or weed oil for low volume sprays, or with 5 to 15 gallons of either oil in water to make 30 to 50 gallons of spray per acre for high volume sprays. The higher rates and volumes are suggested for use during cool, cloudy weather or where there is heavy foliage growth. **Note:** Do not allow seed or forage from treatment areas to be used for food or feed purposes. Do not graze new growth in treated areas within 6 weeks after application.

Control of Weeds, Basal Fruit Spurs and New Cane Growth in Caneberries, Including Blackberries, Boysenberries, Loganberries and Raspberries. For weed and cane control apply as a directed spray in the spring when new canes are 3 to 6 inches tall using 2 quarts DOW General Weed Killer plus 1 gal oil or emulsifiable crop oil mixed with water to make 100 gallons of spray. Apply up to 24 inches high on the canes using 100 to 150 gallons of spray per treated acre. **Note:** Crop foliage and fruit buds wet by the spray may be killed. For weed control only, the spray should be directed toward the weeds by spraying across the base of the canes and away from new canes desired for producing fruit next year. After harvest a spray containing 1 quart DOW General Weed Killer and 1 gallon emulsifiable crop oil per 100 gallons of spray can be applied to the lower 18 inches of canes at volumes of 100 to 150 gallons per acre as needed to control weeds and undesired fruiting spurs. Make no more than four applications per season for weed or cane control. **Note:** Do not apply within 30 days before harvest.

Weed Control in Grapes and Bush Fruits Including Blueberries, Currants and Gooseberries. Use 1 to 2 quarts of DOW General Weed Killer plus 10 to 20 gallons of diesel oil or weed oil with water to make 100 gallons of spray and apply at the rate of 100 to 150 gallons per treated acre. Apply when weeds are growing well but before they are 6 inches tall. Use only as a directed spray and apply in such a way as to avoid contacting crop foliage, blossoms or fruit clusters. Direct spray across the base of crop plant stems to treat weeds and soil. Apply three or four times per year as needed. **Note:** Use only on plantings 2 years or older. Do not treat within 20 days before harvest.

Control of Broadleaf Weeds and Grasses in Fruit Orchards and Citrus and Nut Groves: Use 1 to 8 quarts of DOW General Weed Killer with 2 to 20 gallons of diesel oil or weed oil with enough water to make 100 gallons of spray and apply as a floor spray under the following crop plants: **almonds, apples, apricots, cherries, citrus, dates, figs, filberts, nectarines, olives, peaches, pears, pecans, plums (prunes), walnuts.**

Use one of the spray mixtures specified in the following table. The mixture of choice will depend upon nature of the vegetation to be controlled, availability of the materials needed and the economic factors involved in their use. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Station and Extension Service Weed Control Specialists regarding local recommendations.

Period of Fruit and Nut Trees in Planting	Gallons Oil to Use For 100 Gallons Spray when DOW General Used at Per Acre Rates of: 1 quart	2 quarts	4 quarts	8 quarts
1st year	5	4	3	2
2nd year	10	5	5	3
3rd year	15	10	5	5
4th year and older	20	15	10	5

Apply uniformly to the ground cover only using coarse spray directed across the lower 6 to 12 inches of the tree trunks and at a rate to give 100 gallons of spray mixture per treated acre. Wet thoroughly all weed foliage and bare soil areas where residual control is desired. Avoid spraying crop foliage, fruits or nuts. Make three to four applications per year as needed. Best residual control of weed seedlings will result when the application is followed within a few days by rain or surface irrigation (flood or sprinkler). **Note:** Destroy all fruit accidentally sprayed. Do not apply within 30 days before harvest. Do not allow livestock to graze on treated ground cover.

Killing Potato Vines: Spray 10 to 20 days before harvest. The concentration of the spray and the amount to use per acre are determined by vigor of the vines, degree of kill desired and weather conditions at time of application. Use the higher rate and higher spray volume during cool, cloudy weather or where potato vine growth is especially heavy. Thorough coverage of all foliage and stems is essential for good results. With heavy vine growth spray applications usually are more effective than single sprays. Use the suggested rate and repeat the application 5 to 7 days later again using the ½ dosage. To assure good wetting of potato foliage, add diesel oil, emulsifiable crop oil, or an approved agricultural surfactant such as Triton X-100, Tween-20 or Multi-Film X 77 brands. Relative amounts of DOW General Weed Killer and surfactant are shown in the following table.

Type of Application	DOW General at Acre	Amount and Kind of Diluent-Acre
Aerial (3 to 5 gallons total spray per acre)	2 to 3	3 to 5 gallons of diesel oil or 1 to 2 gallons of emulsifiable crop oil plus water or 1 quart of agricultural surfactant plus water
Ground (25 to 40 gallons total spray per acre)	2 to 4	5 gallons of diesel oil plus water or 1 to 2 gallons of emulsifiable crop oil plus water or 1 quart of agricultural surfactant plus water

Use approved agricultural surfactant such as Triton X-100, Tween-20 or Multi-Film X-77 brands.

[illegible] "MIXING INSTRUCTIONS" to ensure good emulsification.

Note: Browning of the vascular ring of potato tubers sometimes occurs when vines are killed rapidly either by frost, mechanically or chemically. Vascular browning occurs most frequently during warm weather when soil is dry. Under these conditions, use lowest recommended dosage or split applications. Do not spray exposed tubers nor graze treated areas.

OTHER USES

Consult supplementary labeling available from your dealer or from the Ag-Organics Department, The Dow Chemical Company, P.O. Box 1706, Midland, Michigan 48640 for registered use directions for DOW General Weed Killer for preplant or preemergence weed control and/or use on hops.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Use this product only as specified on the label. Do not spray or allow spray drift to contact desirable plants except as directed on the label.

IMPORTANT: Do not store at temperatures below 20°F. If stored for extended periods below 20°F, bring the contents of the container up to 32°F and agitate by rolling.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, ponds, and streams. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Do not apply in any manner not specified on the label.

NOTE: Rinse equipment and containers and dispose of wastes by burying in non-crop lands away from water supplies. Containers should be disposed by punching holes in them and burying with wastes.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

10686-056-3 N180

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
AND SUBSIDIARIES
MIDLAND, MICHIGAN 48640, USA HORGEN, SWITZERLAND HONG KONG
CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134, USA SARNIA, ONTARIO, CANADA

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eds and grasses in **certain crops** as
industrial buildings, boneyards and tank
annual broadleaf weeds and grasses
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Weed Killer to improve kill of emerged
control of weeds will be best in warm
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3 Re-treat as necessary to maintain

Non-Crop Use

ents and Amounts for Use

M	Oil (gal)	Agricultural Surfactant (qt)	Water (approx.) (gal)
	25 to 50	0	75 to 50
	10 to 25	0	90 to 75
	5 to 10	0	95 to 90
	0	2	99
	0	2	99
	0	2	99

spray mixtures
to-Film X-77 brands

ordinig to instructions which follow
cal conditions Consult your state
on

annual weeds or immediately after
aerial application use 1½ to 3 quarts
½ to 3 quarts of DOW General Weed
of 100 gallons per acre **Note:** Do not

for Planting Seed. Apply 3 to 6 days
diesel oil or weed oil per acre With
low volume sprays or with 5 to 15
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from treatment areas to be used for

Boysenberries, Loganberries and
hes tall using 2 quarts DOW General
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DOW General Weed Killer with 2 to
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Experiment Station and Extension

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Apply uniformly to the ground cover only using coarse spray directed across the lower 6 to 12 inches of the tree units and at a rate equal 100 gallons of spray mixture per treated acre Wet thoroughly all weed foliage and bare soil areas where residual control is desired Avoid spraying crop foliage fruits or nuts Make three to four applications per year as needed Best residual control of weed seedings will result when the application is followed within a few days by rain or surface irrigation (flood or sprinkler) **Note:** Destroy all oil accidentally sprayed Do not apply within 30 days before harvest Do not allow livestock to graze on treated ground cover

Killing Potato Vines: Spray 10 to 20 days before harvest The concentration of the spray and the amount to use per acre are determined by vigor of the vines degree of kill desired and weather conditions at time of application Use the higher rate and higher spray volume during hot cloudy weather or where potato vine growth is especially heavy Thorough coverage of all foliage and stems is essential for good results With heavy vine growth split applications usually are more effective than single sprays use the suggested rate and repeat the application 5 to 7 days later again using the ½ dosage To assure good wetting of potato foliage add diesel oil emulsifiable crop oil or an approved agricultural surfactant such as Triton X-100 Tween-20 or Multi-Film X-77 brands Relative amounts of DOW General Weed Killer oil or surfactant are shown in the following table

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Use approved agricultural surfactant such as Triton X-100 Tween-20 or Multi-Film X-77 brands

Follow procedure under MIXING INSTRUCTIONS to ensure good emulsification

Note: Browning of the vascular ring of potato tubers sometimes occurs when vines are killed rapidly either by first mechanically or chemically Vascular browning occurs most frequently during warm weather when soil is dry Under these conditions use lowest recommended dosage or split applications Do not spray exposed tubers nor graze treated areas

OTHER USES

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This product is toxic to fish and wildlife Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed Keep out of lakes ponds and streams Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes Do not apply in any manner not specified on the label

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10666-056-3 N180

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
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CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134, USA SARNIA, ONTARIO, CANADA
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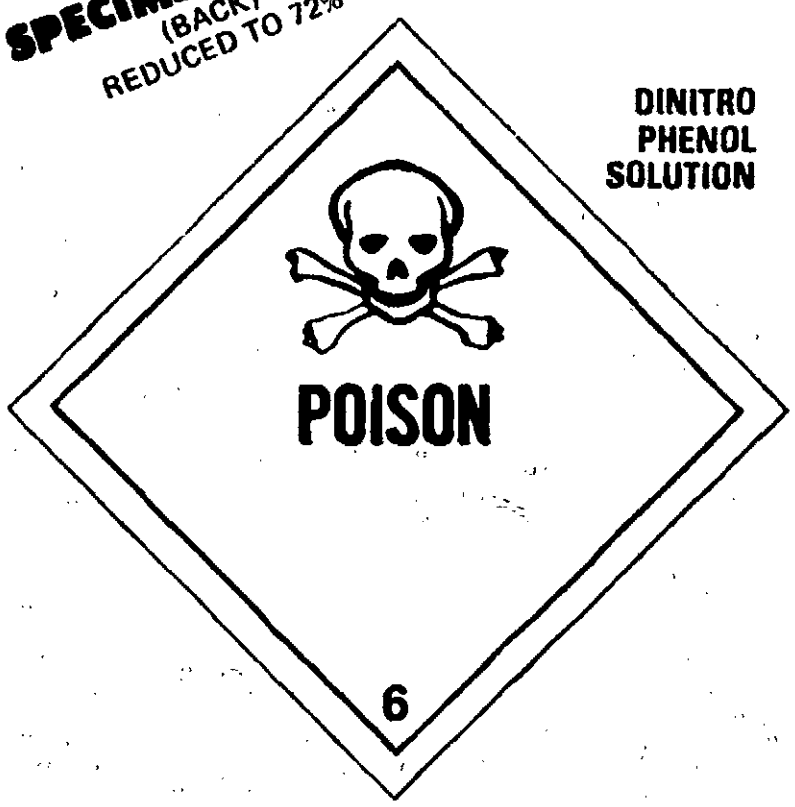
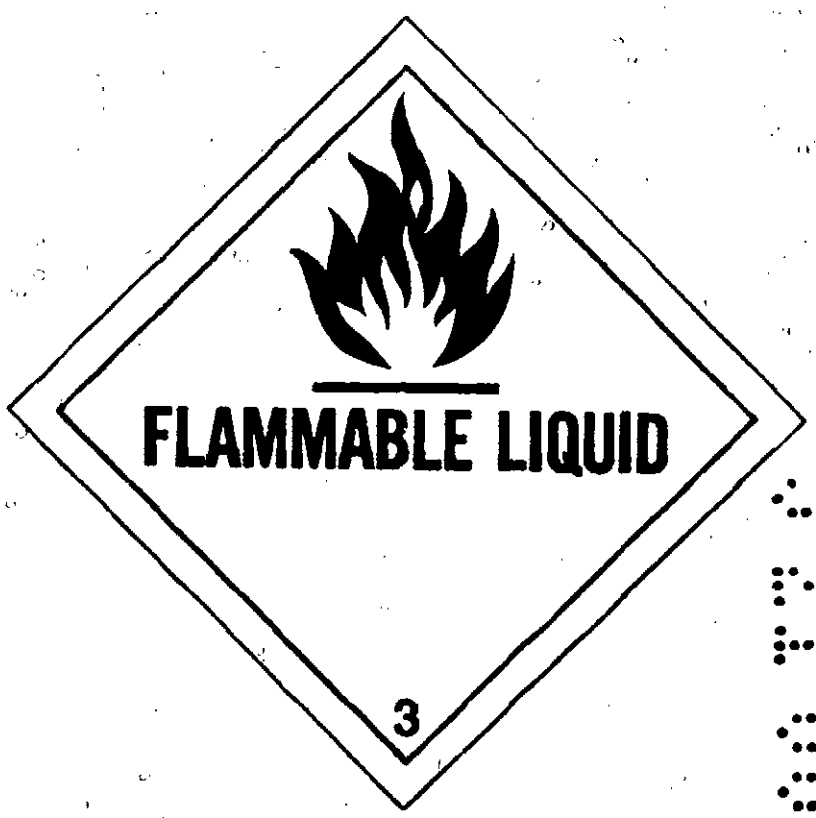
SPECIMEN LABEL
(BACK)
REDUCED TO 72%

DINITRO PHENOL SOLUTION