# Math 502 Mathematical Logic 

Problem Set 2

## Due Monday September 14

Do Exercise 2.19 from the Lecture Notes

1) Let $T$ and $T^{\prime}$ be $\mathcal{L}$-theories with $T^{\prime} \subseteq T$. We say that $T^{\prime}$ axiomatizes $T$ if every model of $T^{\prime}$ is a model of $T$. Suppose $T^{\prime}$ axiomatizes $T$. Prove that $T \models \phi$ if and only if $T^{\prime} \models \phi$ for all $\mathcal{L}$-sentences $\phi$.
2) Let $\mathcal{L}=\{+, 0\}$. Prove that $\operatorname{Th}(\mathbb{Z}) \neq \operatorname{Th}(\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z})$.
3) Let $\mathcal{L}=\{R\}$. Let $T_{0}$ be the theory:
$\forall x \neg R(x, x) \quad$ ( $R$ is irreflexive)
$\forall x \forall y(R(x, y) \rightarrow R(y, x)) \quad(R$ is symmetric)
$T_{0}$ is the theory of graphs. Show how to axiomatize the following classes:
a) complete graphs;
b) acyclic graphs;
c) graphs of valence 2 (i.e,. graphs where every element has an edge to exactly two other elements);
d) ${ }^{\dagger}$ bipartite graphs. (Hint: First prove that a graph is bipartite if and only there are no cycles of odd length.]
4) a) Let $\mathcal{L}$ be the language $\{+, 0\}$ and consider the structure $\mathcal{R}$ with universe $\mathbb{R}$ where + is interpreted as the usual addition and 0 as zero. Show that there is no formula $\phi(v, w)$ such that $\mathcal{R} \models \phi(a, b)$ if and only if $a<b$ for all $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$. [Hint: Find an $\mathcal{L}$-isomorphism not preserving $<$ ]
5) If $\phi$ is a sentence, the spectrum of $\phi$ is the set of all natural numbers $n$ such that there is a model of $\phi$ with exactly $n$ elements.
a) Let $\mathcal{L}=\{E\}$ where $E$ is a binary relation. Write down a sentence $\phi$ asserting that $E$ is an equivalence relation and every equivalence class has exactly three elements. Show that the spectrum of $\phi$ is $\{n>0: 3$ divides $n\}$.
b) Let $\mathcal{L}=\{P, Q, f\}$ where $P$ and $Q$ are unary predicates and $f$ is a binary function. Let $\phi$ be the conjuction of:
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\(\exists x \exists y x \neq y \wedge P(x) \wedge P(y)\)
\(\exists x \exists y x \neq y \wedge Q(x) \wedge Q(y)\)
\(\forall z \exists x \exists y P(x) \wedge Q(y) \wedge f(x, y)=z\)
\(\forall x_{1} \forall x_{2} \forall y_{1} \forall y_{2}\left[\left(P\left(x_{1}\right) \wedge P\left(x_{2}\right) \wedge Q\left(y_{1}\right) \wedge Q\left(y_{2}\right) \wedge f\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)=f\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)\right) \rightarrow\right.\)
\(\left.\left(x_{1}=x_{2} \wedge y_{1}=y_{2}\right)\right]\)
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Show that the spectrum of $\phi=\{n>3: n$ is not prime $\}$.
c) Find a sentence with the spectrum $\{n>0: n$ is a square $\}$.
d) Find a sentence with the specturm $\left\{p^{n}: p\right.$ prime $\left.n>0\right\}$.
e) $)^{\dagger \dagger}$ Find a sentence with spectrum $\{p: p$ is prime $\}$.

