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**CERRAMIENTOS**

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TODO ELEMENTO **MATERIAL** QUE INTERVIENE EN LA LIMITACION DE UN ESPACIO.



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**CERRAMIENTOS**

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## CERRAMIENTOS

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## CERRAMIENTOS

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## CERRAMIENTOS

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## MATERIAL

CONJUNTO DE SUSTANCIAS QUE A TRAVES DE DISTINTAS TRANSFORMACIONES FISICO-QUIMICAS PERMITE OBTENER UN ELEMENTO CONSTRUCTIVO.



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## MATERIAL



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## MATERIAL



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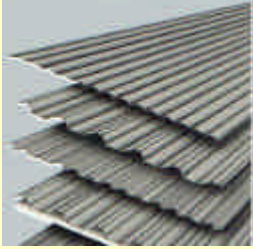
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## MATERIAL

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## MATERIAL

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## MASA

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LA **MASA** ES LA CANTIDAD DE MATERIA CONTENIDA EN UN CUERPO.

## CARGA

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EL PESO DEL MATERIAL ES EL PRODUCTO DE LA MASA DEL CUERPO POR EL VALOR DE LA FUERZA GRAVITACIONAL Y LA DENOMINAMOS **CARGA**.

Se expresa en unidades del sistema internacional (el Kg. o sus múltiplos)

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## TIPOS DE CARGA

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- **CARGA PERMANENTE**

elementos estructurales, mampostería, revestimientos y lo que se incorpora en forma permanente

- **CARGAS EVENTUALES**

Equipamiento, usuarios, vehículos y todo aquello que pueda ser trasladado sin afectar la integridad del edificio.

- **CARGAS TERMICAS**

Modificación dimensional por afectación de las radiaciones.

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## CARGAS

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### CONDICIONES A CUMPLIR POR EL CERRAMIENTO FRENTE A LAS CARGAS.

1. Que las transmita a los apoyos manteniendo el **EQUILIBRIO** (acción – reacción).
2. Que no sufra desplazamiento con respecto a su posición inicial, manteniendo la **ESTABILIDAD**.
3. Que no sufra deformaciones inconvenientes que afecten su **RESISTENCIA**.

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## CARGAS

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CONDICIONES A CUMPLIR POR EL CERRAMIENTO FRENTE A LAS CARGAS.

**EQUILIBRIO**  
**ESTABILIDAD**  
**RESISTENCIA**



**CUERPO ESTRUCTURADO**

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## ESTRUCTURA

CONJUNTO ORGANIZADO PARA CUMPLIR UNA DETERMINADA FINALIDAD, EN NUESTRO CASO CONSTRUCTIVA.



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## ESTRUCTURA



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## ESTRUCTURA - CERRAMIENTO

### RELACIONES DE LA ESTRUCTURA VINCULADAS AL CERRAMIENTO.

1. QUE LA ESTRUCTURA Y EL CERRAMIENTO CONFORMEN UNA UNIDAD.
2. QUE LA ESTRUCTURA **FORME PARTE** DEL CERRAMIENTO.
3. QUE LA ESTRUCTURA **SEA EXCENTA** DEL CERRAMIENTO.

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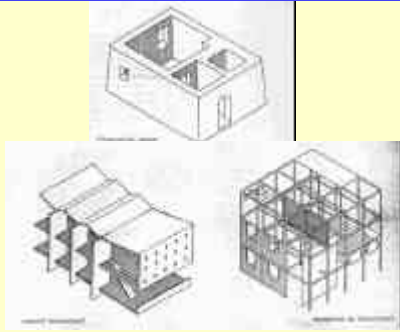
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## ESTRUCTURA



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## ESTRUCTURA - CERRAMIENTO

POSICION QUE PUEDEN ADOPTAR LOS CERRAMIENTOS.

	PESADOS	LIVIANOS
SUPERIORES	HORIZONTALES	
	CONFORMADOS	
INTERMEDIOS	HORIZONTALES	
	"CONFORMADOS"	
INFERIORES	** no se incluirán en esta presentación.	
LATERALES PESADOS	VERTICALES	
	INCLINADOS	

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## MATERIALES

- HORMIGON ARMADO
- HORMIGON EN MASA (CICLOPEO)
- CERAMICA ARMADA O MAMPOSTERIA
- ACERO
- MADERA
- VIDRIO

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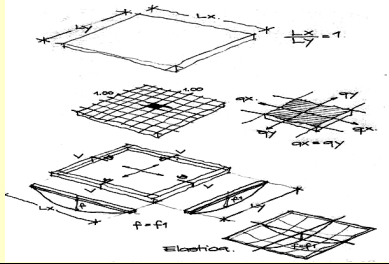
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# ESTRUCTURA

## ANÁLISIS PARA UN CRITERIO DE SELECCIÓN.

### 1.- CERRAMIENTOS SUPERIOR HORIZONTAL PESADO.



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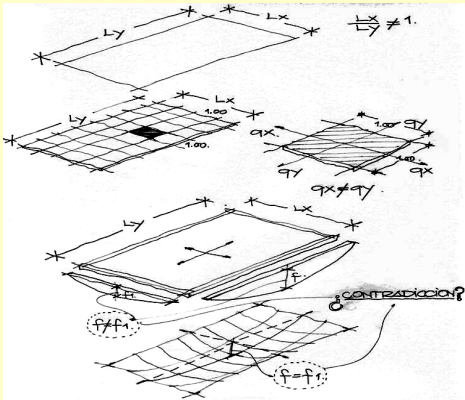
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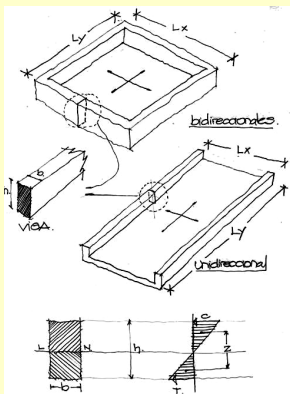
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$L_y \leq 2 L_x$   
bidireccional

$L_y > 2 L_x$   
unidireccional

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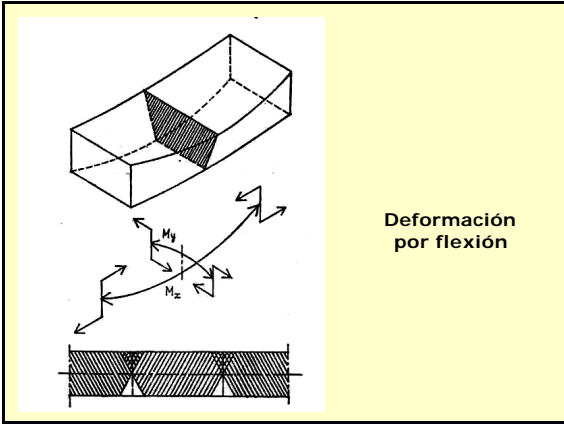
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Deformación por flexión

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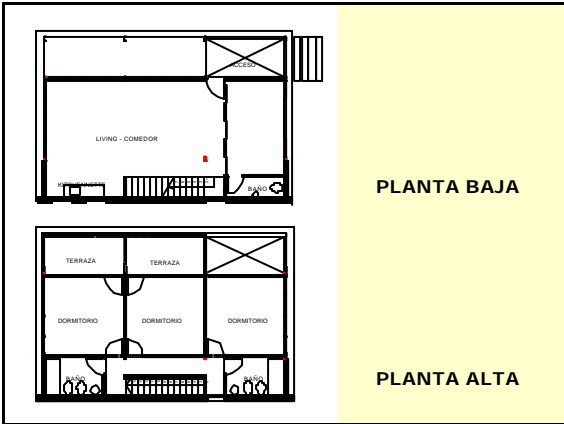
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PLANTA BAJA

PLANTA ALTA

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## SOLUCIONES CONSTRUCTIVAS

- 1.- LOSAS MACIZAS.
- 2.- LOSAS NERVADAS.
- 3.- CASERONADOS.
- 4.- LOSAS FUNGIFORMES.
- 5.- STEEL DECK.
- 6.- PREFABRICADOS.

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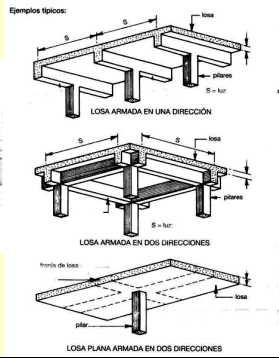
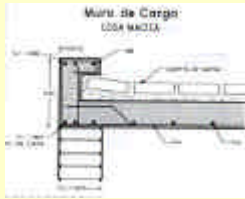
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## LOSAS MACIZAS



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## LOSAS MACIZAS



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## LOSAS MACIZAS



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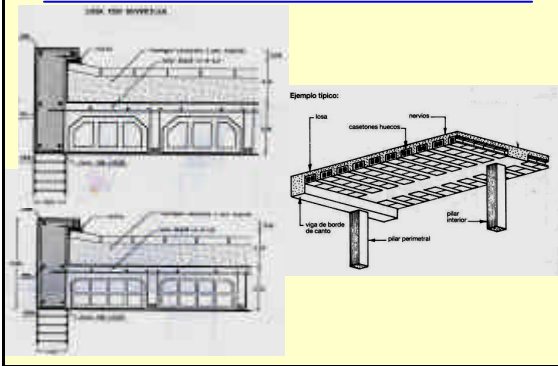
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## LOSAS NERVADAS



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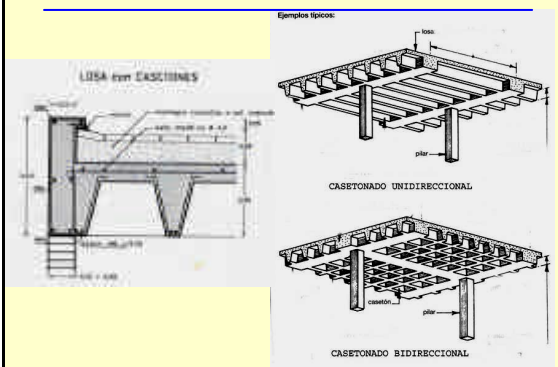
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## LOSAS NERVADAS - CASETONADO



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## LOSAS NERVADAS - CASETONADO



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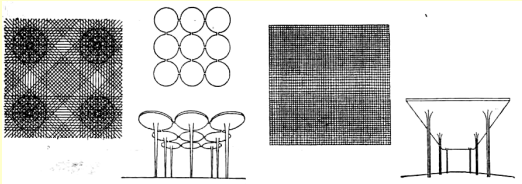
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## LOSAS FUNGIFORMES



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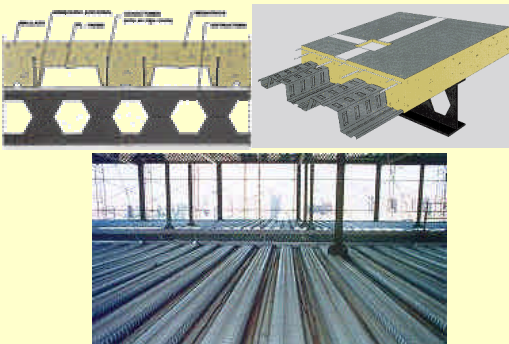
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## STEEL DECK



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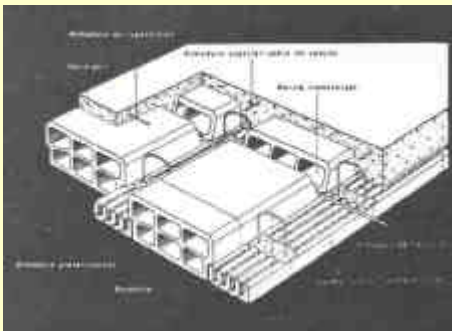
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## PREFABRICADOS



Sistemas de viguetas pretensadas

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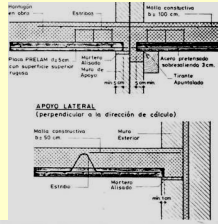
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# PREFABRICADOS

Sistemas de placas pretensadas.



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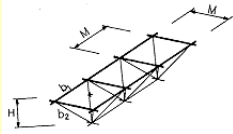
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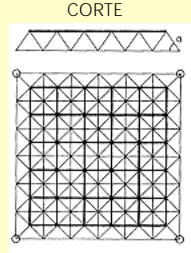
# ESTRUCTURA

ANÁLISIS PARA UN CRITERIO DE SELECCIÓN.

2- CERRAMIENTOS SUPERIOR HORIZONTAL LIVIANO



MODULO



PLANTA

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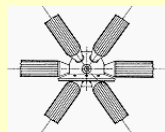
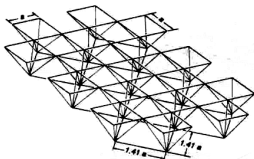
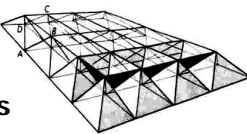
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# ESTEREO ESTRUCTURAS

ESTRUCTURAS FORMADAS POR UN SISTEMA DE BIELAS CORTAS CONVERGENTES POR UN SISTEMA DE NUDOS ARTICULADOS O NO



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**3-CERRAMIENTO SUPERIOR CONFORMADO PESADO DE EJE RECTO**

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Proceso de rigidización de elementos laminares

 <p>Máxima deformación</p>	 <p>Rigidización por viga</p>	 <p>Rigidización por nervios</p>
 <p>Rigidización por pliegue</p>		

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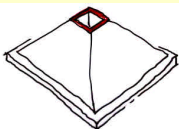
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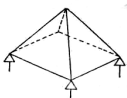
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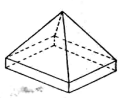
## PLEGADURAS PIRAMIDALES



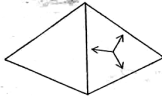
**Variante truncada  
para iluminación superior**



Apoyo en cuatro puntos.  
Losa apoyada por dos  
de sus lados.



Apoyo continuo.  
Losa apoyada en sus  
tres lados.



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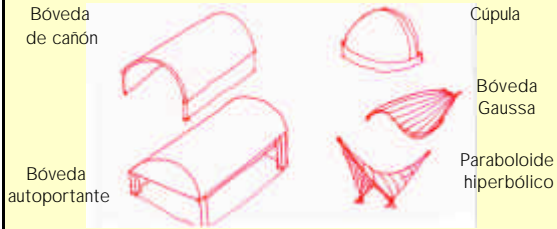
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## 4-SUPERFICIES ESTRUCTURALES

Son aquellas en las cuales los esfuerzos se distribuyen a través de las formas



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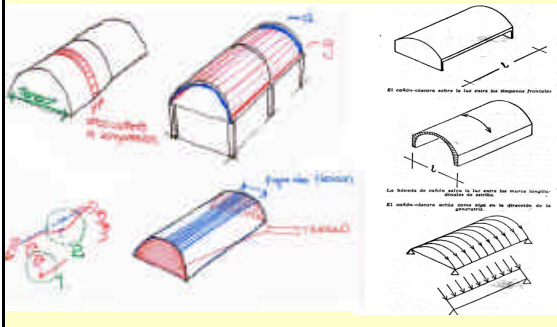
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## FORMAS DE TRABAJO DE LAS BOVEDAS



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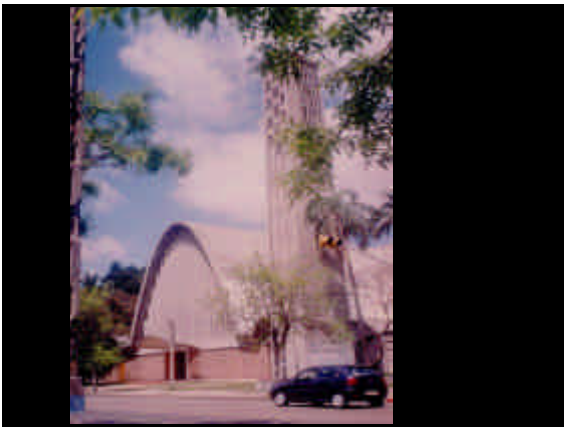
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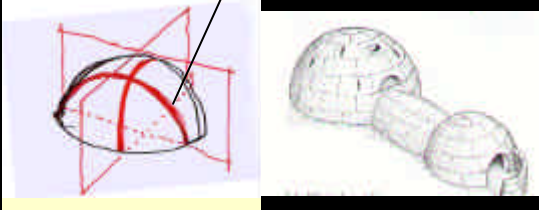
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## CUPULA SUPERFICIE DE DOBLE CURVATURA

TIPOS: CUPULA ESFERICA  
PARABOLICA  
ELIPTICA ETC

generatriz



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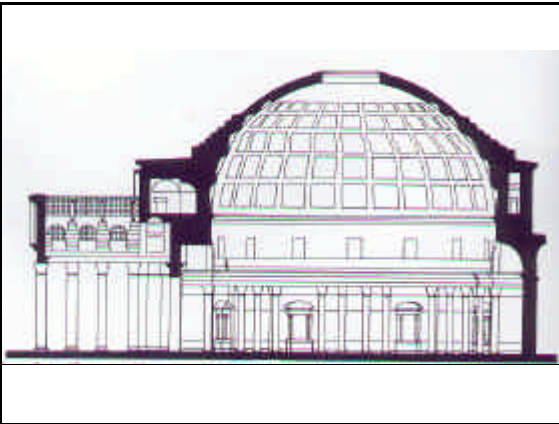
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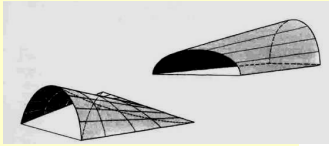
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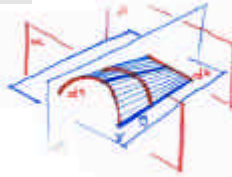
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## CONOIDES

Superficies de doble curvatura



Condiciones Geometricas



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## VARIANTES FORMALES



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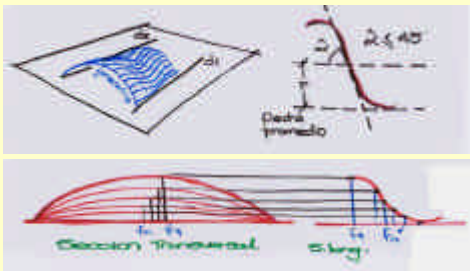
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## BOVEDA GAUSSA

Superficie de doble curvatura de gran rigidez



Variación de la flecha

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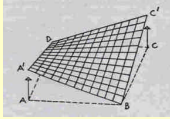
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## PARABOLOIDE HIPERBOLICO

Combinación de cuatro unidades  
(modulo)



Alabeo del plano

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