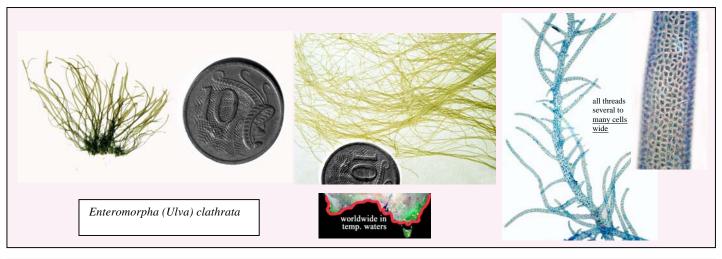
SOUTHERN AUSTRALIAN SPECIES OF ULVA/ENTEROMORPHA AT A GLANCE

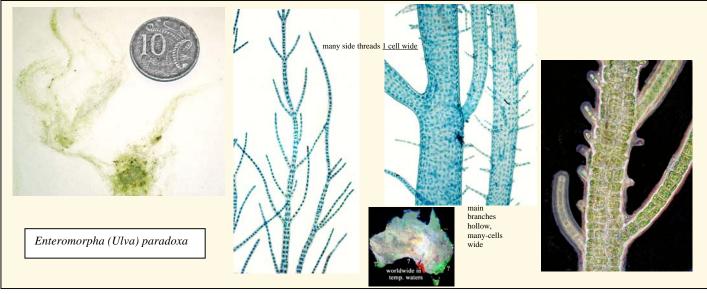
Molecular studies show that separation of *Enteromorpha* from *Ulva* on the basis of a hollow thallus is unwarranted. For ease of identification the separation into hollow species (*Enteromorpha*) and species in which the 2 sheets of cells are firmly adherent (*Ulva*) has been retained. Images stained blue below show microscope details of specimens. Pressed specimens shown below may be darker and browner than fresh ones. The 10c piece used as a scale is 24mm across or almost 1 inch in diameter

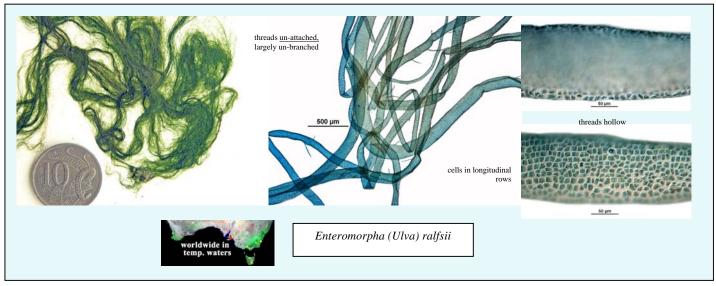
I. Enteromorpha — ribbon- or thread-like, some parts hollow



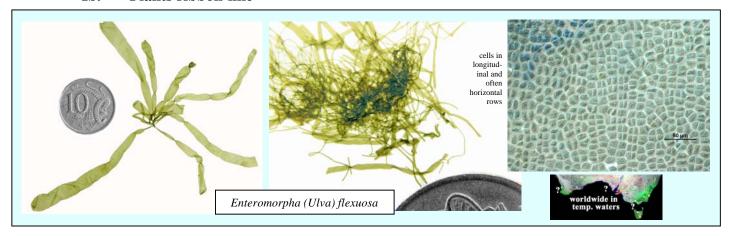
Ia. Plants thread-like







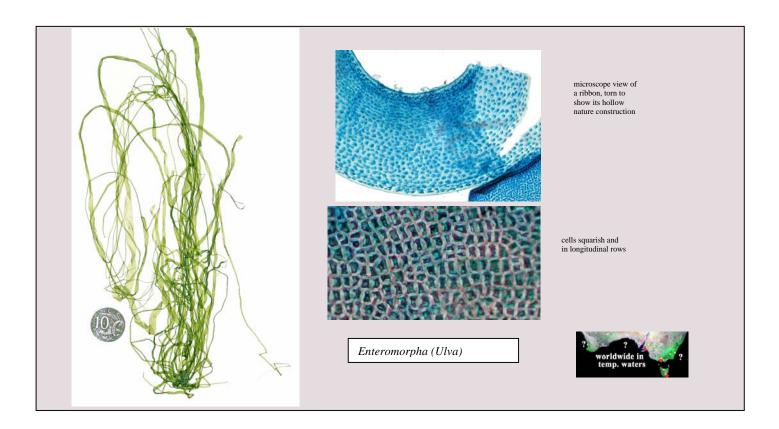
Ib. Plants ribbon-like







Ib. Plants ribbon-like (continued)



Ic. Plants broad, hollow parts only at edge of blades

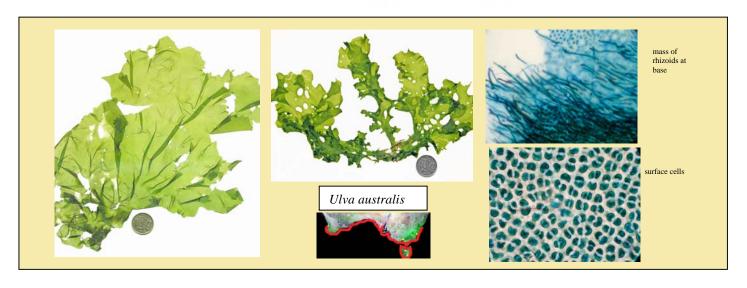


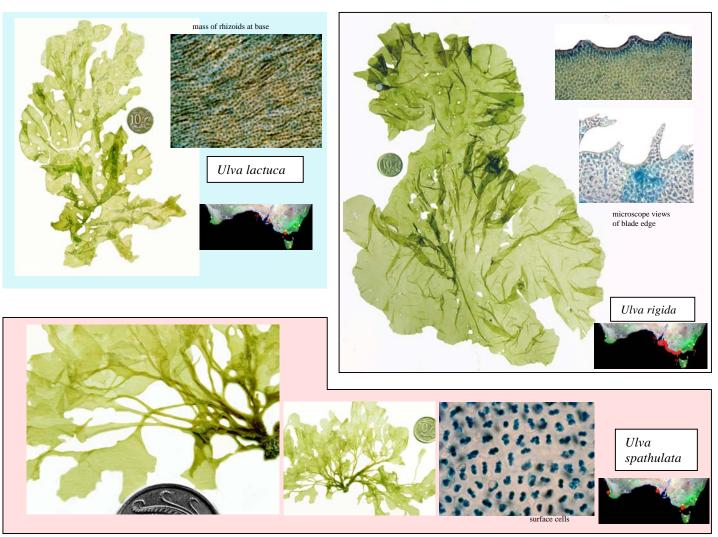
SOUTHERN AUSTRALIAN SPECIES OF *ULVA/ENTEROMORPHA* AT A GLANCE (continued)

Molecular studies show that separation of *Enteromorpha* from *Ulva* on the basis of a hollow thallus is unwarranted. For ease of identification the separation into hollow species (*Enteromorpha*) and species in which the 2 sheets of cells are firmly adherent (*Ulva*) has been retained. Images stained blue below show microscope details of specimens. Pressed specimens shown below may be darker and browner than fresh ones. The 10c piece used as a scale is 24mm across or almost 1 inch in diameter

II. *Ulva* — <u>no</u> hollow parts in blades IIa. blades broad







IIb. blades narrow



