



IUGONET

Inter-university Upper atmosphere Global Observation NETwork



Metadata Database
& Data Analysis Software

<http://www.iugonet.org/en/>

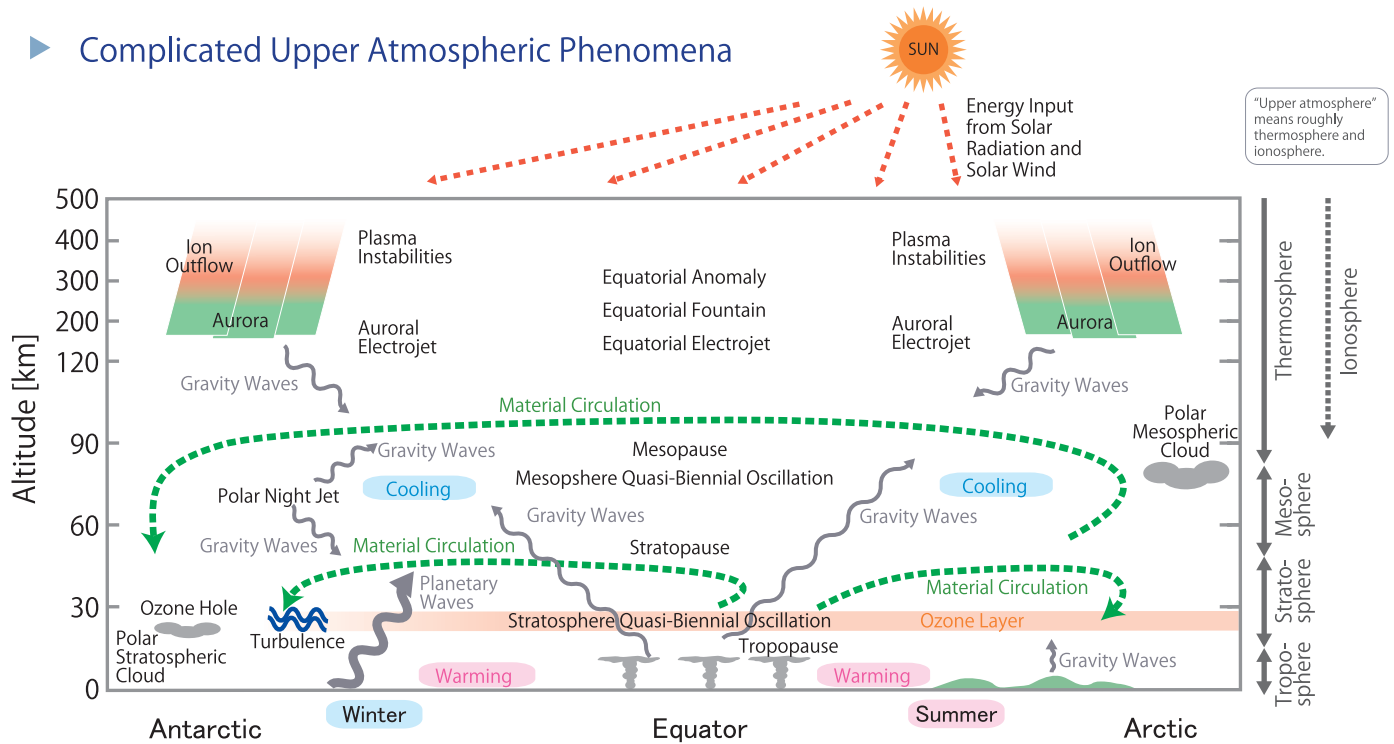
Cross-Database Search and Integrated Analysis System for a Wide Variety of Data from Long-Term Ground-Based Observations to Promote Upper Atmosphere Physics Science and Interdisciplinary Research

WHAT DOES IUGONET DO?

Cross-Database Search and Integrated Analysis System for Long-Term

BACKGROUND OF IUGONET

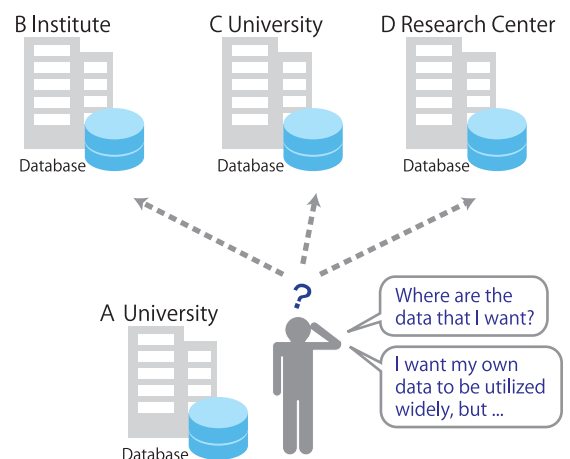
► Complicated Upper Atmospheric Phenomena



The energy source of various phenomena in the Earth's atmosphere and geospace, such as geomagnetic disturbances, auroral phenomena, meteorological phenomena, etc., originates primarily from solar radiation and solar wind. Energy transported from the Sun changes in form and causes various physical phenomena as it propagates through the space surrounding the Earth's upper atmosphere. Since the Earth is a globally complex system, the coupling of various atmospheric regions is also important. Therefore, understanding the mechanisms of long-term variations in the upper atmosphere associated with changes in solar activity and global warming requires an interdisciplinary integrated analysis of various long-term observational data, such as neutral/ionized densities, temperature and composition, auroral/geomagnetic phenomena, solar wind, and solar UV radiation, from global ground-based networks.

► Difficulty in Promoting Interdisciplinary Research

- Each research group has its own observation database.
- Most observation data are used only in a particular institute or domain, and some data remain undisclosed.
- Extra time and troublesome procedures are required for external researchers to access databases of observation data.
- Interdisciplinary research requiring various observation data is inhibited.



Inter-university Upper Atmosphere Global Observation Data of the Upper Atmosphere

OUR MISSION

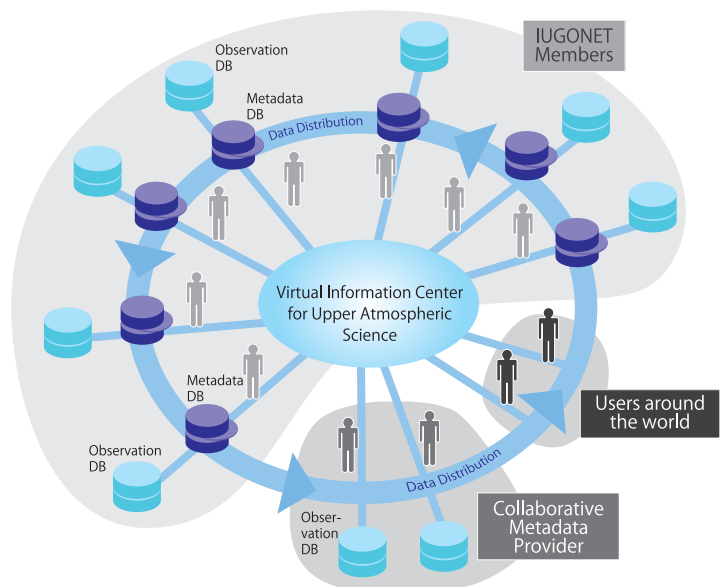
The Inter-university Upper atmosphere Global Observation NETwork (IUGONET) provides a new research platform that enables metadata extracted from ground-based observation data to be shared, which IUGONET institution members have been collecting since the International Geophysical Year (1957-1958). In addition, IUGONET developed analysis software to access and analyze data in an integrated fashion. The efforts of IUGONET not only lead to the establishment of a research platform to better understand global upper atmospheric phenomena, but also help to facilitate interdisciplinary researches.

OUR APPROACH

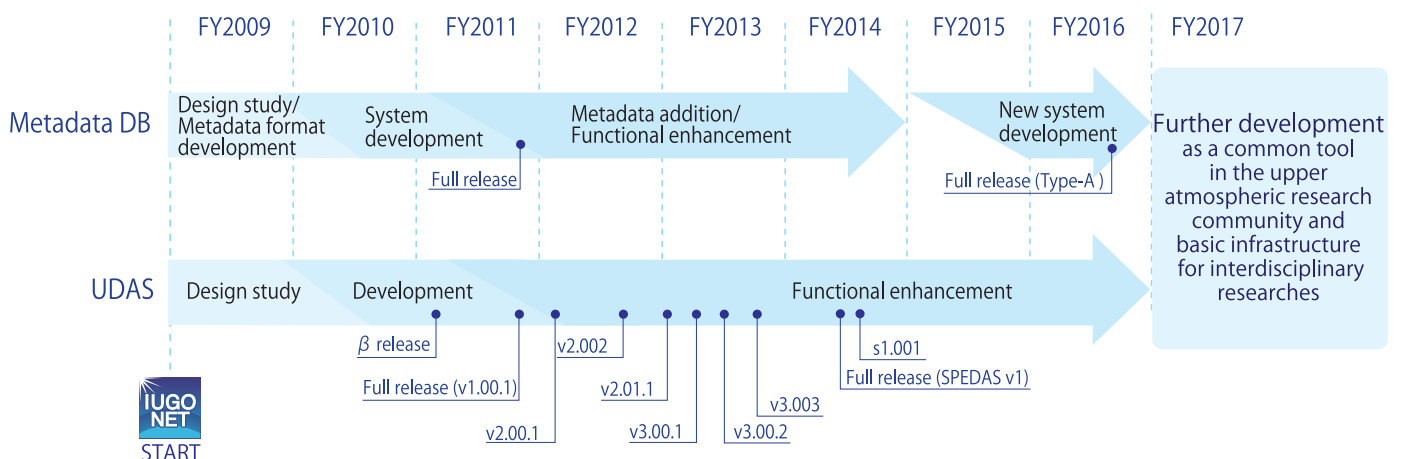
IUGONET is a six-year inter-university project implemented by seven research groups of the following five Japanese institutes/universities: National Institute of Polar Research, Tohoku University, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, and Kyushu University. This joint research project was initiated in 2009, and was centered on the development of the following two products:

- ▶ IUGONET Metadata Database (DB) → pgs. 5-6
- ▶ iUgonet Data Analysis Software (UDAS) → pgs. 7-8

These products were released at the end of the 2011 fiscal year and are available on the project's website. IUGONET's current objectives are to enhance the functions of the above-mentioned products and increase the number of metadata registered by the IUGONET members and collaborative metadata providers.



▶ IUGONET Timeline

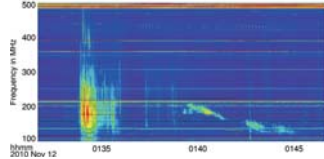


Tohoku University

Planetary Plasma and Atmospheric Research Center (PPARC)/
Planetary Plasma Physics Laboratory/ Planetary Atmosphere Physics Laboratory



Iitate Planetary Radio Telescope (IPRT)



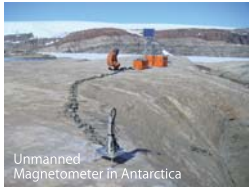
Solar radio burst observed by IPRT

At the Iitate Observatory, which is part of Tohoku University, the Iitate Planetary Optical Telescope, Iitate Planetary Radio Telescope (IPRT), and the Jupiter/galaxy decimeter radio receiver are currently in operation to help clarify certain aspects of planetary phenomena and environment via radio and optical observations. Magnetospheric and ionospheric dynamics are also studied by using auroral optical instruments, magnetometers, and conducting low frequency (LF) radio observations of the world.

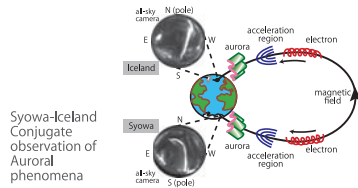
http://c.gp.tohoku.ac.jp/index_e.html

National Institute of Polar Research

Space and Upper Atmospheric Sciences Group



Unmanned Magnetometer in Antarctica



Syowa-Iceland Conjugate observation of Auroral phenomena

This group has been conducting various ground-based observations at Syowa Station and other stations in Antarctica, Iceland and Northern Europe using cameras, radars, lidars, magnetometers, etc. The observed data have been used for topics of intense scientific interest, such as magnetosphere-ionosphere coupling, auroral phenomena, and coupling and variability of the polar upper atmosphere.

<http://spuas.nipr.ac.jp/english/>

Nagoya University

Institute for Space-Earth Environment Research



The radiotelescope at Fuji to observe the interplanetary scintillation.



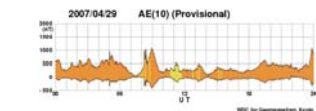
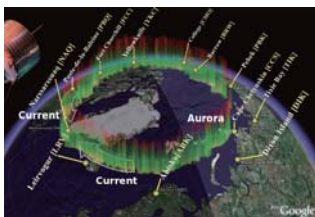
SuperDARN Hokkaido HF radar

ISEE has been conducting observations of the vast region between the Sun and Earth's atmosphere by using atmospheric and ionospheric radars, radiotelescopes, cosmic ray telescopes, optical imagers, and ground magnetometers. By combining observational data with theories and simulations, we investigate the various transport/conversion processes of energies and materials between the Sun and the Earth.

<http://www.isee.nagoya-u.ac.jp/en/>

Kyoto University

Data Analysis Center for Geomagnetism and Space Magnetism



Geomagnetic Auroral Electrojet (AE) index: An example of geomagnetic indices which this center collects, calculates and provides

Observatories for calculating the AE indices.

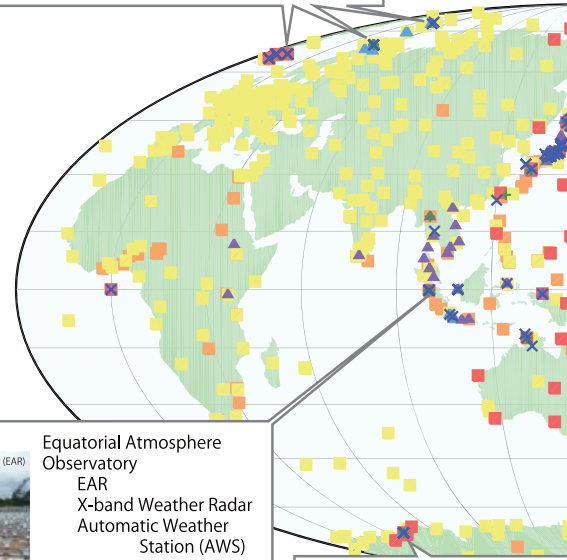
As one of the World Data Centers (WDCs), this center is currently collecting/preserving data from approximately 150 of the world's geomagnetic observatories. We calculate three types of geomagnetic indices: AE, ASY/SYM, and Dst, and provide them free to the global scientific community.

<http://wdc.kugi.kyoto-u.ac.jp/>



EISCAT Svalbard Radar

North Europe
Auroral Imager
Magnetometer
ELF/VLF Receiver
Riometer
Meteor Radar

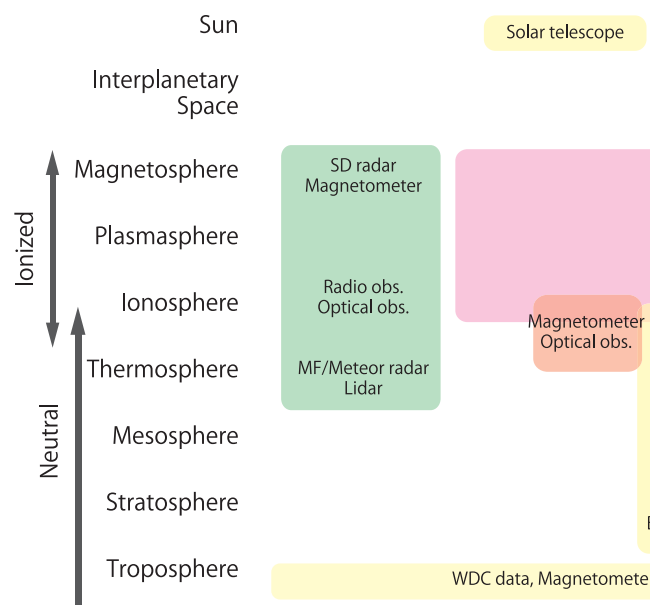


Equatorial Atmosphere Radar (EAR)

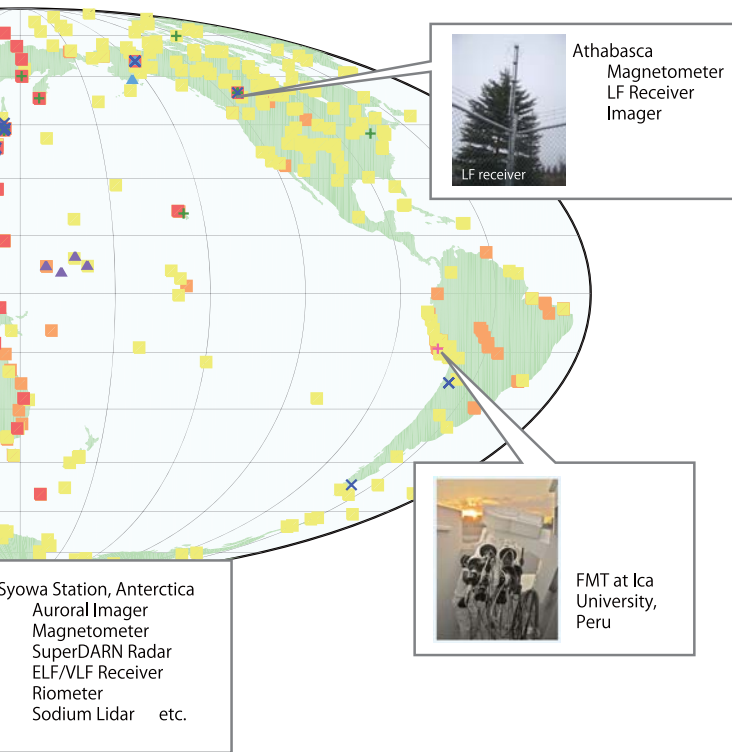
Equatorial Atmosphere Observatory
EAR
X-band Weather Radar
Automatic Weather Station (AWS)
Ceilometer
etc.



IUGONET Global Ground-Based



- WDC magnetometer
- MAGDAS/CPMN/EMN magnetometer
- other magnetometer
- ▲ GNU radio beacon receiver
- ▲ various radars
- + solar observations
- + OMTI imager
- × other observations



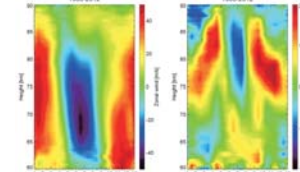
The members of IUGONET conduct ground-based observations of a wide region from the ground surface to the Sun through interplanetary space all over the world from the equator to both polar regions. While using the IUGONET metadata database, you can easily search for various observational data collected and provided by IUGONET members.

Kyoto University

Research Institute for Sustainable Humanosphere (RISH)



Time-height plots of averaged zonal (left panel) and meridional (right panel) winds in the mesosphere taken by the MU radar for 1986-2012.

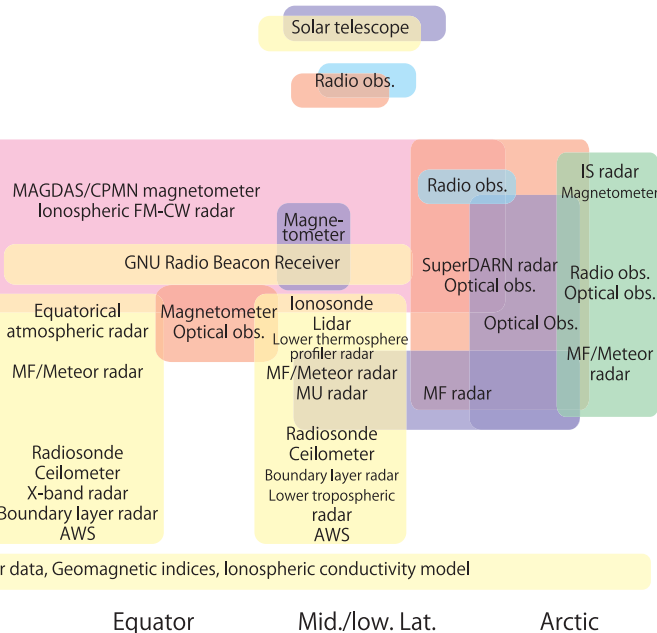


Time-height plots of averaged zonal (left panel) and meridional (right panel) winds in the mesosphere taken by the MU radar for 1986-2012.

The Shigaraki Middle and Upper atmosphere (MU) radar and Equatorial Atmosphere Radar (EAR) have been observing winds and turbulence phenomena from the troposphere to the lower thermosphere and ionosphere for many years. On the basis of such observation data of various altitude ranges, we investigate a coupling process between different atmospheric layers via atmospheric waves.

<http://www.rish.kyoto-u.ac.jp/?lang=en>

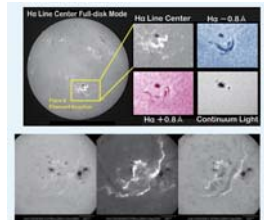
Global Network of Observations



hoku Univ. Kyoto Univ. Nagoya Univ. Kyushu Univ. Collaborative Members

Kyoto University

Kwasan and Hida Observatories



These observatories have operated three ground-based solar optical telescopes: the Solar Magnetic Activity Research Telescope (SMART), Domeless Solar Telescope (DST) at the Hida Observatory in Japan, and the Flare Monitoring Telescope (FMT) at Ica University in Peru. Our goal is to promote research on space weather and the solar-terrestrial environment by providing metadata of solar imaging data, solar spectroscopic data, event lists, and videos of solar active phenomena from such databases.

http://www.kwasan.kyoto-u.ac.jp/index_en.html

Kyushu University

International Center for Space Weather Science and Education (ICSWSE)



MAGDAS is a world-wide ground magnetometer network. It consists mainly three magnetometer chains: 210MM Chain, Magnetic Equator, and 96 MM Chain.



FM-CW radar: for understanding the global disturbance of electric and magnetic field.

ICSWSE operates the Magnetic Data Acquisition System (MAGDAS), which is a global array of 70 magnetometers and several radars, to monitor the Earth's magnetic and electric field for the purpose of studying space weather. In addition, many geomagnetic indices and empirical models are calculated based on MAGDAS data.

<http://www.icswse.kyushu-u.ac.jp/>

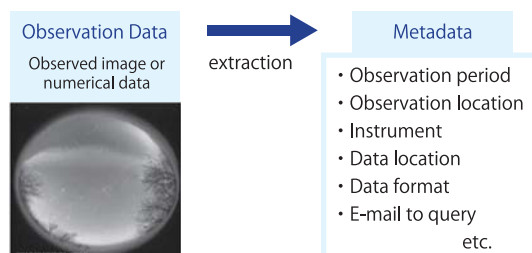
IUGONET Metadata Database (DB)

IUGONET builds and maintains an online database of metadata extracted from ground-based observation data to facilitate cross-database search.

WHAT IS THE IUGONET METADATA DB?

► What Is Metadata?

Metadata are defined as data that describe certain aspects of information of other data, such as observation location and period, instrument(s) used, and data location for ground-based observation data of the upper atmosphere.



► Basic Objectives of the IUGONET Metadata DB

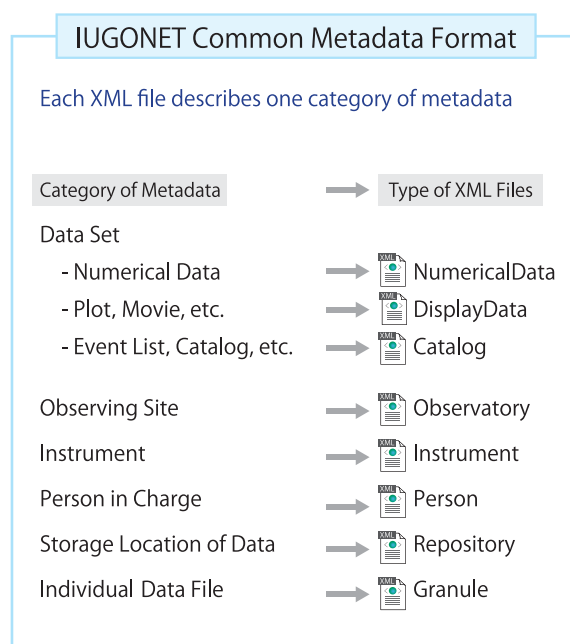
The IUGONET metadata DB is a system that shares metadata extracted from the databases of ground-based observation data which have been individually managed by each IUGONET institution member. This cross-search system allows you to simultaneously search the dispersion-managed databases, which are owned by multiple institutes, with a single query. Such a system also facilitates the accessibility of observation data, whose location is shown in the provided metadata.

The first version of the metadata DB is a modified system based on DSpace, an open-source software that creates open digital repositories. In November 2016, we released the new metadata DB, IUGONET Type-A, which is more user-friendly than the old version and has the capability to plot and analyze data with UDAS (see pages 7 and 8).

► IUGONET Common Metadata Format

A common metadata format is needed to create a metadata database for disparate types of observation data. IUGONET's common metadata format was created on the basis of the metadata model developed by the Space Physics Archive Search and Extract (SPASE) Consortium, which is composed of representatives of the international heliophysics data community. IUGONET added modifications to the SPASE metadata model to suit data from ground-based upper atmospheric and solar observations. The use of the existing dominant metadata format makes it possible to exchange or share metadata with other communities around the world.

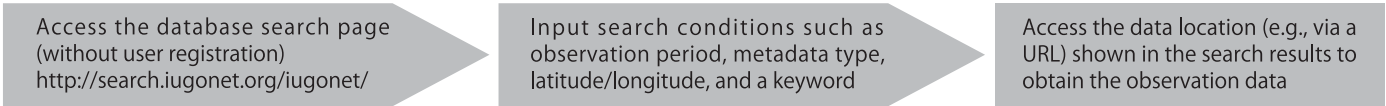
In accordance with IUGONET's common metadata format, each category of metadata, such as data set, instrument, observing site, person, and storage location of data, is described in a single XML file, and the XML files are cross-linked in the metadata database. In addition, XML files that refer to an individual observation data file (Granule) are also archived, which allows individual data files to be searched.



HOW TO APPLY THE IUGONET METADATA DB TO YOUR RESEARCH

► Search the IUGONET Metadata DB to Find Observation Data You Need

How to Perform a Search



Merit

- ◆ The IUGONET metadata DB provides an easy-to-use interface for cross-searching metadata of observation data from ground-based instruments owned by IUGONET members and the collaborative metadata providers

Search by selecting the word(s) from the instrument/ project list.

Type the word(s) you wish to search. You can use the Boolean operators, "AND" and "OR". The operator "-" narrows the search by excluding unwanted words (Example: ISEE -magnetometer).

Specify the observation period.

You can choose a text list or thumbnail of QL plots for the display of the search results.

The world map interface is available to search data from the observatories.

Open the UDAS web window, in which you can plot and analyze the selected data by using SPEDAS/UDAS.

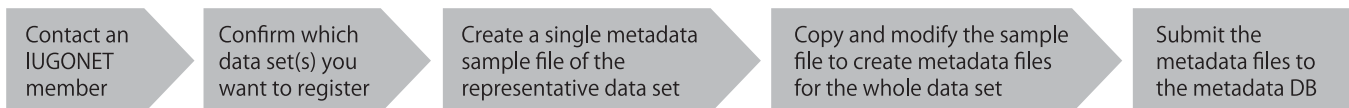
The search results are shown here as a text list or thumbnail of QL plots.

The detailed information of the data can be seen by clicking one of the search results.

<http://search.iugonet.org/>

► Register the Metadata of Your Observation Data to Facilitate Their Distribution

How to Register Metadata for Your Data



Merit

- ◆ The metadata DB leads those who are unfamiliar with your data or outside your domain to the necessary information regarding your data.
- ◆ The metadata DB provides information on analog recorded data as well as digital data.

For Who Interested in Registering Your Data

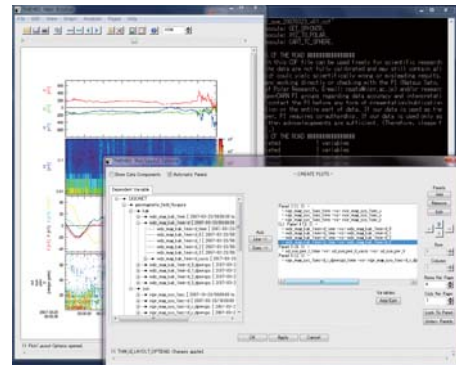
IUGONET members will support you!
Please send an e-mail to:
iugonet2009@gmail.com

UDAS - iUgonet Data Analysis Software

IUGONET developed an integrated analysis system known as "UDAS," which provides time-series plots and an analysis of various ground-based observation data. UDAS has been released and can be downloaded from our website.

WHAT IS UDAS?

The iUgonet Data Analysis Software (UDAS) is a plug-in software for the Space Physics Environment Data Analysis Software (SPEDAS, former TDAS), which is written in Interactive Data Language (IDL). UDAS provides dedicated routine programs to load various ground-based observation data provided by IUGONET and enables users to plot and analyze the data using SPEDAS. SPEDAS/UDAS consists of CUI and GUI tools. The GUI tool (shown right) provides an intuitive operation for IDL beginners.

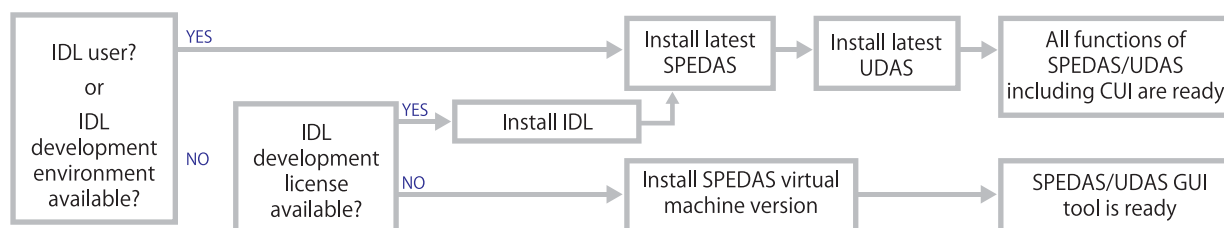


▲ An example of screenshot of the SPEDAS/UDAS-GUI tool

FEATURES OF UDAS

- Automatic data download without specifying the data's location
- Data analysis without regard to the file format of the data
- Parallel display of different types of data including SPEDAS-loading data (THEMIS, ACE, GOES, etc.)
- Utilization of various analysis functions equipped in SPEDAS (e.g., frequency analysis, filtering)
- Output into an ASCII file or image files (e.g., PNG, JPEG, GIF)

UDAS INSTALLATION FLOW CHART

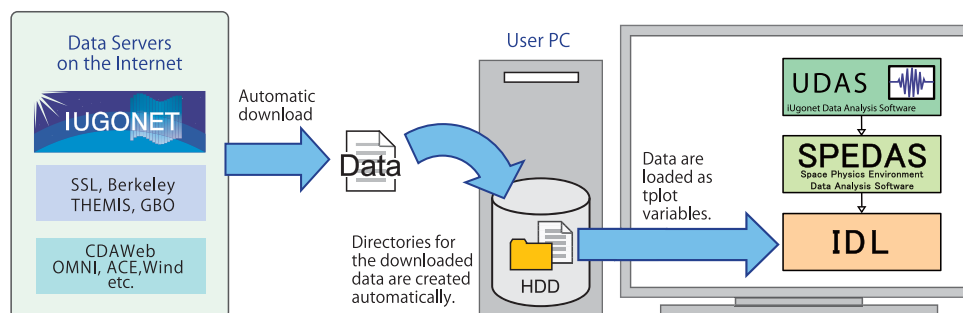


INSTRUCTION & DOWNLOAD PAGES

- ▶ UDAS
- ▶ SPEDAS & its virtual machine version
- ▶ IDL

IUGONET Web <http://www.iugonet.org/en/software/>
 THEMIS Web <http://themis.ssl.berkeley.edu/software.shtml>
 Exelisvis Web <http://www.exelisvis.com/>

OUTLINE OF LOADING/PLOTTING DATA USING UDAS



Data can be easily plotted, for example, by only three basic commands with the SPEDAS/UDAS-CUI tool. If using the GUI tool, only a few simple clicks of your mouse are required to produce the same plot.

- 1 Set a time period: `timespan, 'yyyy-mm-dd'`
- 2 Load `○○○` data: `iug_load_○○○`
- 3 Plot the loaded data: `tplot, △△△`

UDAS LOAD ROUTINES

UDAS incorporated into SPEDAS enables the following ground-based observation data provided by IUGONET in addition to data from THEMIS and various satellite missions (ACE, GOES, etc.) to be loaded and analyzed.

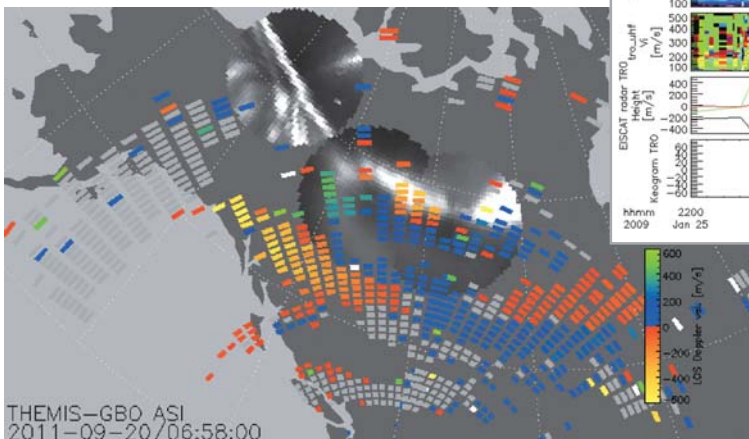
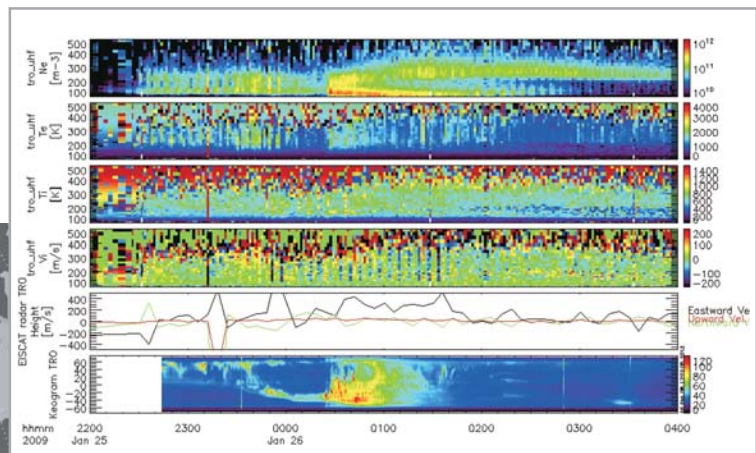
Since SPEDAS includes UDAS by default, you can use UDAS load routines, immediately, by installing the latest SPEDAS. Newly-created UDAS load routines are released frequently from the above IUGONET web site, and extra installation of them enables you to utilize the latest UDAS load routines before the next SPEDAS update.

▼ List of load routines included in UDAS s1.00.1 (SPEDAS v1.00-compliant version)

UDAS Load Routines	Observation Data	Providers
iug_load_smart	Solar images obtained by the SMART telescope	Kwasan & Hida Obs, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_iprt	Solar HF radio spectrum	Tohoku Univ.
iug_load_hf_tohokuu	Jupiter's/solar wide band spectral data in HF-band	Tohoku Univ.
iug_load_aws_rish	Surface meteorology data taken by the Automatic Weather Station (AWS)	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_blr_rish	Boundary layer radar data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_ltr_rish	L-band lower troposphere radar data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_ear	Equatorial Atmosphere Radar (EAR) data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_mu	MU radar data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_meteor_rish	Meteor radar data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_mf_rish	MF radar data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_wpr_rish	Wind profiler radar data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_ionosonde_rish	Ionogram data taken by the Ionosonde at Shigaraki	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_radiosonde_rish	Radiosonde data	RISH, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_sdfit	SuperDARN radar data	NIPR, Nagoya Univ., Other SuperDARN-Related Organizations
iug_load_eiscat	EISCAT radar data	NIPR, Nagoya Univ.
iug_load_eiscat_vief	EISCAT radar data (ion velocity and electric field vectors)	NIPR, Nagoya Univ.
iug_load_iriio_nipr	Imaging riometer data at Syowa Station, Antarctica	NIPR
iug_load_lfrto	Low frequency radio transmitter observation data	Tohoku Univ.
iug_load_avon_vlfb	Asia VLF Observation Network (AVON/VLF-B) data	Tohoku Univ.
iug_load_camera_omti_asi	Optical Mesosphere Thermosphere Imagers (OMTI) all-sky imager data	Nagoya Univ.
iug_load_asi_nipr	All-sky imager data	NIPR
iug_load_ask_nipr	All-sky imager keogram data	NIPR
iug_load_gmag_wdc	AE, Dst, ASY/SYM indices, geomagnetic field data at the observatories	WDC, Kyoto Univ.
iug_load_gmag_nipr	Geomagnetic field data (Syowa, Iceland, and automated magnetometer network near the Syowa Station)	NIPR
iug_load_gmag_mm210	210° Magnetic Meridian magnetometer network data	Nagoya Univ., Kyushu Univ.
iug_load_gmag_magdas_1sec	MAGDAS ground magnetometer data	Kyushu Univ.
iug_load_gmag_stel_induction	Induction magnetometer data from STEL, Nagoya Univ.	Nagoya Univ.
iug_load_gmag_nipr_induction	Induction magnetometer data from NIPR	NIPR
iug_load_kyushugcm	Kyushu GCM simulation data	NIPR, Kyushu Univ.

An example of parallel display of time-series data:

EISCAT radar and optical measurement



◀ An example of 2D display:

SuperDARN and THEMIS all-sky cameras

List of Data Registered in the IUGONET Metadata DB

As of March 2014

☆: In preparation for registering its dataset metadata

● Tohoku University

Onagawa Geomagnetic Data (Search Coil)
 Iitate HF-Band Jupiter-Sun Wide-Band Radio Data
 Iitate UHF-Band Jupiter Narrow-Band Radio Data
 Iitate VHF-Band Solar Radio Spectral Data
 Zao HF-Band Jupiter Narrow-Band Radio Data
 Zao HF-Band Jupiter Wide-Band Radio Data
 Athabasca LF-Band Standard Radio Wave
 Phase-Amplitude Variation Data
 Ny-Alesund LF-Band Standard Radio Wave
 Phase-Amplitude Variation Data
 Alaska Geomagnetic Data (Search Coil)☆
 Alaska Aurora Imaging Data☆
 Asia VLF Observation Network (AVON)

● National Institute of Polar Research

Syowa Station:
 Auroral Observation
 Geomagnetic Observation
 Upper Atmosphere Physics Monitoring Observation
 Imaging Riometer
 1-100Hz ULF/ELF Electromagnetic Wave
 Observation☆
 Fabry-Perot Imager
 SuperDARN HF-Radar
 MF Radar
 Sodium Lidar
 Unmanned Magnetometer Network Observation
 around Syowa Station
 Upper Atmosphere Physics Observation at
 Zhongshan Station☆
 All-Sky Imager at South Pole Station
 Conjugate Observation at Iceland
 EISCAT Radar
 NIPR/Norway Svalbard Meteor Radar (NSMR)
 NIPR/Norway Tromso Meteor Radar (NTMR)
 Auroral and Airglow Observation (Svalbard, Tromso)

● Kyoto University; Kwasan and Hida Observatories

Flare Monitoring Telescope (FMT):
 FMT Full-Disk Solar Images
 FMT Event List
 FMT Event Movies
 Solar Magnetic Activity Research Telescope (SMART):
 SMART H α Full-Disk Solar Images
 SMART H α Partial Solar Images
 SMART Event Catalogue
 SMART Event Movies
 SMART Solar Photospheric Magnetograms
 Domeless Solar Telescope (DST) :
 DST H α Partial Solar Images
 DST Spectrograph Quick-look Solar Images
 DST Spectrograph Data
 Ca II K Full-disk Heliograms

● Kyoto University; Data Analysis Center for Geomagnetism and Space Magnetism

Geomagnetic Indices (Final)
 Geomagnetic indices (Provisional)
 Geomagnetic Indices (Quick Look)
 Geomagnetic Field Digital Data (WDC Final)
 Geomagnetic Field Digital (WDC Prompt)
 Geomagnetic Field Analog Data
 Geomagnetic Field Digital Data (Original Observations
 by WDC for Geomag., Kyoto)☆
 Statoscope Data (Original Observations
 by WDC for Geomag., Kyoto)
 Geomagnetic Field Model (IGRF)
 Ionospheric Conductivity Model
 Catalogue for Archived Geomagnetic Field Data☆

● Kyoto University; Research Institute for Sustainable Humanosphere

Shigaraki MU Observatory:
 MU Radar (Troposphere and Stratosphere)
 MU Radar (Mesosphere)
 MU Radar (Ionosphere)
 MU Radar (Special Obs.: Meteor/RASS/FAI)
 Radiosonde
 Boundary Layer Radar
 L-Band Lower Troposphere Radar
 Wind Profiler Radar (LQ-7)
 Ionosonde
 Meteor Radar
 Lower Thermosphere Profiler Radar☆
 Lidar☆
 Ceilometer
 AWS
 All Sky Camera

Equatorial Atmosphere Observatory:

EAR (Troposphere and Stratosphere)
 EAR (FAI)
 Boundary Layer Radar
 Kototabang Meteor Radar
 X-band Weather Radar
 Ceilometer
 Radiosonde
 AWS
 All Sky Camera

Others:

MF Radar (Pontianak, Pameungpeuk)
 Serpong Boundary Layer Radar
 Meteor Radar (Serpong, Biak)
 Dawin Radiosonde (Campaign Observation)
 GNU Radio Beacon Receiver (GRBR)
 GPS
 Wind Profiler Radar (LQ7)
 (Biak, Manado, Pontianak)
 Automatic Weather Station (AWS)
 (Biak, Manado, Pontianak)
 Radiosonde (Bandung, Pontianak, Serpong, Uji)

● Nagoya University

Atmosphere:
 Campaign Observation of
 NOx and Ozone Mixing Ratio
 Aerosol Observation
 Atmospheric Molecule Observation
 by Infrared Spectrometer in Japan
 Atmospheric Molecule Observation by Millimeter
 Wave Spectrometry at Japan and South America
 Ionosphere and Magnetosphere:
 210 Magnetic Meridian (210MM)
 Magnetometer Chain
 STEL Magnetometer
 Optical Mesosphere Thermosphere Imager
 (OMTI)
 Ionospheric Scintillation
 at Indonesia and Norway
 VHF Radar at Indonesia
 VLF/ELF Measurement in Japan and Canada
 EISCAT Radar
 MF/Meteor Radars at Norway
 Optical Observations at Norway
 SuperDARN Hokkaido HF Radar
 Heliosphere:
 Multi-Directional Cosmic-Ray Muon Telescope☆
 Interplanetary Scintillation

● Kyushu University

Ground Geomagnetic Observation Data
 FM-CW Radar Observation Data
 Geomagnetic Pc5 Index Data
 Geomagnetic EE Index Data
 Geomagnetic Pi2 Index Data
 Sq Equivalent Current Pattern Model from
 MAGDAS/CPMN Observation

Collaborative Members

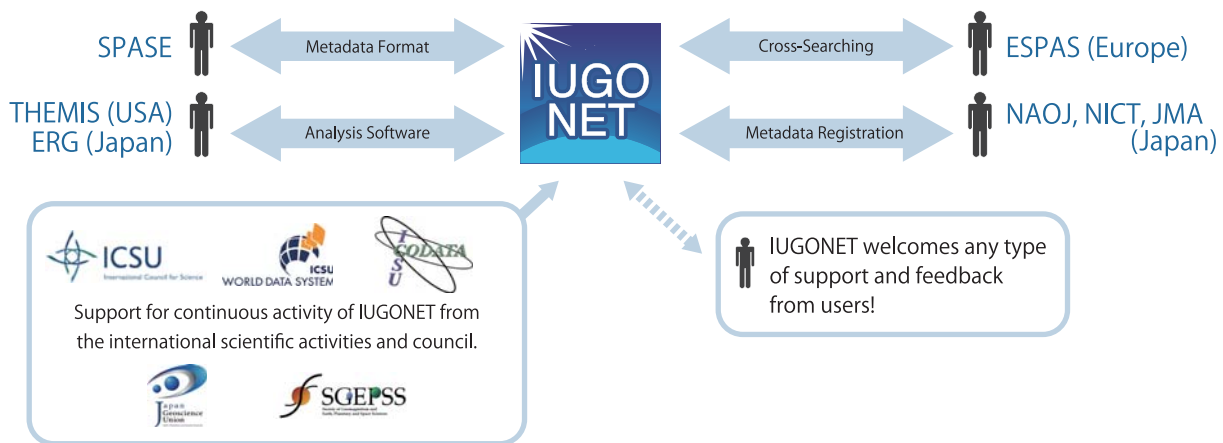
● Solar Observatory,
 National Astronomical Observatory of Japan
 White-Light/H-Alpha Full Disk Image
 Full Disk Stokes Map
 (He-I 10830, Si-I 10827, Fe-I 15648)
 ● National Institute of Information and
 Communications Technology
 Aurora Web Camera (Alaska)
 MF Radar (Alaska/Wakkanai/Yamagawa)
 1.3GHz Wind Profiler Radar (LQ4)
 ● Kakioka Magnetic Observatory,
 Japan Meteorological Agency
 Geomagnetic Field Data (1-hour/1-min/1-sec,
 Kakioka/Memambetsu/Kanoya/Chichijima)
 Geomagnetic Field Data (7.5-sec/0.1-sec,
 Kakioka/Memambetsu/Kanoya)
 Geoelectric Field Data (1-hour/1-min/1-sec, 0.1-sec,
 Kakioka/Memambetsu/Kanoya)
 Atmospheric Electric Field Data (1-hour/1-min,
 Kakioka/Memambetsu)

Collaborations with Other Projects/Institutions

IUGONET is continuously in discussion with the SPASE Consortium, since the IUGONET common metadata format is based on the SPASE metadata model. Thus, the metadata format makes it easy to collaborate with other international databases for upper atmospheric research. IUGONET is currently discussing the possible international collaboration with the databases of the European project “Near earth space data infrastructure for e-science (ESPAS)” and the “Virtual Observatory (VO)” of the United States. IUGONET and ESPAS completed the signature of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to promote cooperation.

In Japan, in addition to the metadata provided by the IUGONET institutions/universities, metadata from the National Astronomical Observatory of Japan (NAOJ), National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), and the Kakioka Magnetic Observatory of the Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA) have been registered.

IUGONET is currently developing the UDAS analysis software in close collaboration with the TDAS team in the U.S. In Japan, the ERG science team, which consists of the researchers of Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), ISEE/Nagoya University, and the National Institute of Polar Research, is collaborating with IUGONET for the development of UDAS software.



For Further Development

► Follow Us on Our Website, Twitter, and YouTube Channel!

IUGONET has its own website and Twitter account to transmit information and promote the two IUGONET products: the metadata DB and UDAS. You can also check out our YouTube channel which includes video tutorials that show how to use our products. We would like to welcome you to join IUGONET users mailing list, which provides you with all the latest IUGONET-related information about new releases of the IUGONET products, IUGONET workshops, and so on. You can subscribe via our website quickly and easily.



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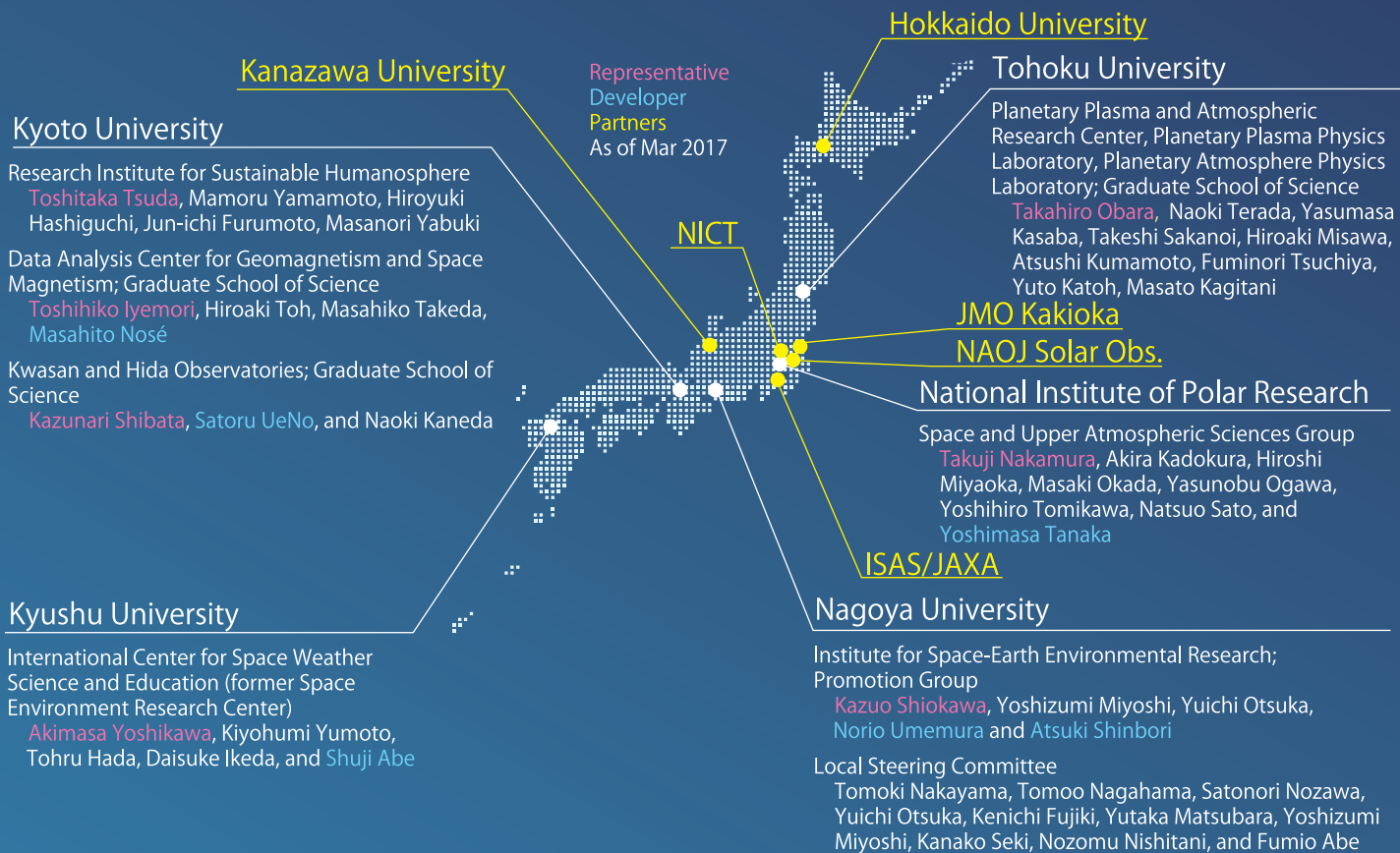
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► Domestic/International Analysis Workshops

IUGONET hosts domestic/international analysis workshops, where participants get a hands-on learning experience of the UDAS analysis software. IUGONET is hoping to organize smaller workshops and remote lectures in the future. IUGONET developers can provide a lecture about UDAS at your university or via the web. If you are interested in an analysis workshop/lecture, please contact us by e-mail (iugonet2009@gmail.com).



IUGONET Members



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Inter-university Upper atmosphere Global Observation NETwork (IUGONET)

- Web: <http://www.iugonet.org/en/>
- Metadata DB: <http://search.iugonet.org/>
- e-mail: iugonet2009@gmail.com
- YouTube: <http://www.youtube.com/user/iugonet2009>
- Twitter: <https://twitter.com/iugonet>

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