

Small Animal Infection Control: Pocket Guide

Disease	Zoonotic Reportable		Transmission	Precautions			Cleaning	
				Standard Contact	Mini/Full Isolation	Regular Cleaning	Deep Cleaning	
Blastomycosis	●	●	Inhalation of airborne spores	●			●	
Campylobacteriosis		●	Fecal - oral		●		●	
Canine Brucellosis	●	●	Contact with contaminated reproductive fluids			M		●
Canine Corona Virus			Direct contact w/feces or contaminated fomite			M	●	
Canine Distemper			Saliva, tears, urine, contaminated fomites like hands, food, water.			M	●	
Canine Parvo Virus			Direct contact w/feces or contaminated fomite			F		●
Clostridium Difficile	●		Fecal - oral contaminated hands or fomites			M		●
Cryptosporidiosis		●	Fecal - oral			M		●
Feline Calicivirus			Saliva, nasal discharge, contaminated fomites like hands or clothing			M		●
Feline Chlamydiosis	●					M	●	
Feline Herpesvirus			Saliva, nasal discharge, contaminated fomites like hands or clothing			M	●	
FIV			Bites	●			●	
FIP			Fecal - oral, or mucus membranes		●			●
FELV			Saliva, tears, urine/feces, cat to cat (sharing bowls)			M	●	
Feline Panleukopenia			Ingested or inhaled, shed in feces, vomit, urine, saliva, nasal secretion and tears			M		●
Giardiasis		●	Fecal - oral contaminated hands or fomites		●		●	
Influenza Virus			Airborne, direct contact with fomites like hands, clothing.			M	●	
Kennel Cough		●	Airborne			M	●	
Leptospirosis		●	Urine-oral, mucus membrane or cuts		●		●	
Multidrug-Resistant Organisms*		●	Contaminated surface, hands		●	M		●
Rabies**	●	●	Bites, saliva, nervous tissue			F	●	
Ringworm		●	Direct contact w/patient, hair, or fomites/environment		●			●
Salmonellosis		●	Fecal - oral contaminated hands or fomites			M		●
Sarcoptic Mange			Direct contact w/infected patient or patients environment		●			●
Toxoplasmosis		●	Fecal - oral		●		●	
Tularemia	●	●	Bites, scratches, contact w/bodily fluids		●		●	

Highlighted color under precautions indicated color of patient ID collar.

VMC Precautions

All infectious patients must be identified with a yellow or red collar





YELLOW collars for contact precautions. Infectious patients that need to be identified but do not require isolation.

RED collars for mini or full isolation requirements. Infectious patients considered high risk of spreading infection to people and other animals.

***Multidrug-Resistant Organisms (MDRO)**

YELLOW - no open/draining wounds

RED - open/draining wounds, UTI with incontinence

Standard Precautions	Wash hands and/or use alcohol-based waterless hand wash before and after any patient contact.	
Contact Precautions	Wear gloves. Wash hands and/or use alcohol-based waterless hand wash before and after any patient contact.	
Mini Isolation Precautions	Wear gloves and protective gown for all patient contact. The patient shall be kept in a designated area with limited personnel (for respiratory cases 6 ft barrier around patient). Wash hands before and after working with patients.	
Full Isolation Precautions	Wear gloves and protective gown for all patient contact. Boots, face protection and/or foot baths may also be necessary. Generally, the patient will be in an isolation room with limited personnel. Wash hands before and after working with patient. Change clothing if contaminated. For respiratory cases 6 ft barrier around patient.	

Standard cleaning utilizes 1:64 dilution of Rescue™ accelerated hydrogen peroxide.

Deep cleaning utilizes 1:16 dilution of Rescue™ accelerated hydrogen peroxide.

Bites and Rabies testing - Any patient that bites someone must complete a 10 day quarantine (confinement and observation). If that patient dies or is euthanized within the 10 day quarantine it must be tested for rabies. The attending clinician needs to be notified of the bite incident so that they can inform the owner of these requirements.

****Rabies Suspect**

If a possible rabies suspect needs to be seen, notify Infection Control (Vocera infection control or email vosxx008@umn.edu).

Contact Infection Control with any questions.

VMC Cleaning Quick Facts

1. Thoroughly clean the surfaces ensuring removal of any visible debris.
2. Apply 1:64 or 1:16 dilution of Rescue™ accelerated hydrogen peroxide ensuring surfaces remain wet for the 5 minute contact time (1 minute contact time when using Rescue™ wipes)
3. Allow surface to air dry or wipe down before use.



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