Crustacean Ecology Kaylyn Flanigan



Hans Hillewaert, 2013

Ecology

- The study of relations and interactions between organisms and their environment

Crustacean Distribution







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Isopod Distribution



Distribution Similarities

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- 2. Almost every class has species in either marine or freshwater ecosystems
 - a. Pentastomida are internal vertebrate parasites⁸.









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- 2. Almost every class has species in either marine or freshwater ecosystems
 - a. Pentastomida are internal vertebrate parasites⁸.
- 3. The vast majority of crustaceans are mobile and free-living
 - a. Barnacles and parasitic species defy this



NOAA

Distribution Differences

- 1. Pentastomida, a completely parasitic class, is dissimilar to the distribution of malacostracans as pentastomida distribution is based solely on their hosts⁸.
- 2. Species determined distribution differences

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- 2. Species determined distribution differences
 - a. Discussed in subsequent slides



John Sullivan, 2013



John Sullivan, 2013



Gammarus limnaeus

Eurythenes gryllus



Anna Syme, 2007



Interns Find Tiny Crustaceans in Arkansas National Park

Interns at a national park in Arkansas have discovered species of a crustacean that hadn't before been documented in the park's waters.

Aug. 14, 2017, at 2:33 p.m.





Anna Syme, 2007

In short...





...everywhere

Poore, G., 2014.

In short...

Poore, G., 2014.



"Crustaceans are as ubiquitous as mosquitoes"

Waldo L. Schmitt





Crustaceans

- Crabs (decapoda) influence prey behavior



Crustaceans

- Crabs (decapoda) influence prey behavior
- Consume dead organic matter



Kevin Litman-Narvarro

Crustaceans

- Crabs (decapoda) influence prey body structure
- Consume dead organic matter
- Provide important link in web primary producers to consumers







Food Web Similarities

- Crustaceans are important food sources for many marine animals
 - Either directly (krill being consumed by whales; squid consuming a crab) or indirectly (seal that consumes a squid that consumed a crab)

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- Crustaceans are important food sources for many marine animals
 - Either directly (krill being consumed by whales; squid consuming a crab) or indirectly (seal that consumes a squid that consumed a crab)
- Detritivores (which include some isopods) consume dead organic matter whose nutrients will eventually be passed up the food web

Food Web Differences

- Terrestrial isopods contribute to decomposition

- Nutrients gained through consuming leaf litter will eventually make its way through the food web



Food Web Differences

- Terrestrial isopods contribute to decomposition
 - Nutrients gained through consuming leaf litter will eventually make its way through the food web
- Mysidacea, krill, barnacles, and some isopods are filter feeders
 - These species can filter out particulate organic matter. Energy obtained from this consumption is dispersed throughout the food web when they are consumed by predators







Species Interactions - Crustaceans

- Parasitism
 - Typton carneus (decapod) lives in fire sponges and leaves bored tunnels⁸
 - Pea crabs (decapoda) lives in oysters, sea cucumbers, and clams



Species Interactions - Crustaceans

- Commensalism
 - Pederson cleaning shrimp
 - Barnacles on whales





Bermuda Institute of Ocean Sciences



Species Interactions - Crustaceans

- Mutualism
 - <u>Carrier crab and</u> <u>spiny urchin</u>



Bernard Dupont

Species Interactions - Isopod

- Parasitism
 - Cymothoa exigua
 - Tongue-eating isopod



Species Interactions - Isopod

- Parasitism
 - Cymothoa exigua
 - <u>Tongue-eating isopoc</u>
- Commensalism
 - Whale louse



Species Interactions Similarities

- Crustaceans exhibit mutualistic, commensalistic, and parasitic relationships with other organisms.
 - Aside from the class pentastomida, classes are not all parasitic/mutualistic/commensalistic

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- Crustaceans exhibit mutualistic, commensalistic, and parasitic relationships with other organisms.
 - Aside from the class pentastomida, classes are not all parasitic/mutualistic/commensalistic
- Due to the variety of crustaceans, there is great diversity in species interactions

Species Interactions Differences

- Host choice





Creative Commons

Species Interactions Differences

- Host choice
- Reason for exhibiting a mutualistic, commensalistic, or parasitic relationship

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