# Characteristics of onion(Allium cepa L.) new cultivars with 4 bulb colors

### JiWon Han, Cheol-Woo Kim\*, Young-Seok Kwon, Min-Seon Choi

Department of horticultural Crop Research, National Institute of Horticultural & Herbal Science, Rural Development Administration, Muan, 58545, Republic of Korea

## ABSTRACT

Onion bulb color is commercially important factor and by the bulb color, onion has different use. Commonly, onion bulb has white, yellow, red, and chartreuse color. In Korea, usually yellow onion is demanded, and almost of red onion is used for salad. Demand for color food has increased, and white, red, and yellow onions have been sold in small packages, but white varieties are not produced and all are imported. White and chartreuse color onion rarely existed commercial cultivars. Rural Development Administration(RDA) developed 4 bulb color(yellow, red, white, chartreuse) cultivars.

Yellow bulb color cultivar 'Mapsihwang' was selected from self-pollination line

Cultivar	Foliage length (cm)	Leaf number	Pseudostem diameter(cm)
Mapsihwang	54.0	7.8	1.45
Check(Romang)	64.0	7.6	1.72
Eumjinara	62.7	7.7	1.71
White one	64.3	8.0	1.73
Sweet green	61.4	7.4	1.44
Check(Cheonjujeok)	62.1	8.1	1.74

#### Table 2. Yield characteristics of onion varieties

which selected from 'Geumjungjosang', early maturation cultivar. This cultivar has less pungency, because pyruvate content of 'Mapsihwang' is low and high water content. Onion juice made by 'Mapsihwang' cultivar, has high preference because of less pungency. Its three years average yield is 6,348kg/10a, similar to check cultivar 'Romang'.

Red bulb color cultivar 'Eumjinara' has early maturation than that of check cultivar, 'Cheonjujeok'. 'Eumjinara' was selected from red onion breeding line 'IS1115'. It is resistant to cold and downy mildew infection. Its three years average yield was 6,999 kg/10a, also higher than that of check cultivar.

White bulb color cultivar 'White One' was developed by line separation form 'Southport White Globe 22-1', its bulb color is white also, and later maturity. Bolting and separation of bulb rate is very stable, and has ovate shape. Its bulb weight is 149g, smaller than check cultivar. Its three years average yield is 4,083kg/10a.

'Sweet Green' cultivar has chartreus color, later maturity and higher sugar content than other cultivar. Onion 'Sweet Green' was selected from cross-pollinated the 'Southport White Globe' and the white species 'Shinei', and the population which has high sugar content was selected. 'Sweet Green' bulb color is different from

Cultivar	Bolting %	Bulb <sup>z</sup> index	Bulb weight (g)	
Mapsihwang	19.9	88	267	
Check(Romang)	34.9	83	295	
Eumjinara	0.0	99	234	
White one	0.0	129	149	
Sweet green	1.0	105	154	
Check(Cheonjujeok)	0.3	83	237	

<sup>Z</sup>Bulb index = [Bulb height/Bulb diameter]×100

Table 3. Yield (kg/10a) of onion varieties on the regional yield trials at 3 locations

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Sweet green (A)			Index	Check (B)			
Location	Muan	Goheung	Namhae	Mean	(A/B)	Muan	Goheung	Namhae	Mean
Mapsihwang	6,273	8,452	6,756	7,160	109	6,309	8,192	5,196	6,566
Eumjinara	7,679	7,989	5,965	7,211	109	6,055	7,464	6,336	6,618
White one	3,679	2,287	2,207	2,724	41	-	-	-	-
Sweet green	4,330	4,052	4,889	4,424	67	-	-	-	-

Table 4. Content of sucrose, fructose, glucose, and total sugar contents of onion varieties and check cultivar

Cultivar	SSC	Pyruvic acid (umol/ <sub>m</sub> ę)		_ Total sugar		
	(Brix°, %)		Fructose	Glucose	Sucrose	_ Total Sugal
Mapsihwang	6.8	3.162	-	-	-	-
Check (Romang)	8.1	3.564	-	-	-	-
Eumjinara	7.67	-	17.13	16.44	7.56	41.43
Sweet green	12.71	9.52	31.91	34.53	7.15	73.59
Check (Cheonjujeok)	8.57	9.33	20.42	26.29b	6.15	52.86

common onion varieties and very high sugar content and hardness, so its characteristics are suitable for salad and onion juice, which will contribute to creating new demand. Its three years average yield is 4,424kg/10a.

# **MATERIAL AND METHODS**

○ Plant material : Mapsihwang, Eumjinara, White One, Sweet Green

 $\bigcirc$  Onion bulb production

- Sowing date : September 20<sup>th</sup>
- Planting date : November 10<sup>th</sup>

○ Seed harvest method

- Sowing date of bulb : November 25<sup>th</sup>
- Seed Production : Separation net installation, Pollinator(Lucilia illustris)

○ Investigating items : Plant height, No. of leaf et al

# RESULTS

Table 1 Inheritance of plant characteristics of onion variaties

Table 5. Resistance of downey mildew, cold tolerance, and storage ability of onion varieties

Cultivar	Downey mildew	Cold tolerance	Soft rot
Mapsihwang	MR <sup>z</sup>	MR	MR
Check(Romang)	S ×	MR	S
Eumjinara	RУ	R	MR
White one	MR	MR	R
Sweet green	MR	R	-
Check(Cheonjujeok)	MR	R	MR

<sup>z</sup> MR; Moderate resistance, <sup>y</sup> R; Resistance, <sup>x</sup> S ; supceptable

 Table 6. Rotting and sprouting percentage of onion varieties stored after 12 week at ambient condition

Cultivar	Rotting(%)	Sprouting(%)	Storability(%)
Mapsihwang	49.2	16.3	34.3
Check(Romang)	41.3	13.2	45.4
Eumjinara			
White one	46.2	0.0	53.8
Sweet green	9.6	0.0	91.4
Check	20.1	0.9	79.0

Cultivar	Foliage attitude	Leaf color	Bulb shape	Bulb color	Lodging date
Mapsihwang	Erect	Green	Circular	Yellow	May 4
Check(Romang)	Erect	Green	Circular	Yellow	May 6
Eumjinara	Erect	Deep Green	Circular	Red	May 31
White one	Erect	Green	Circular	White	May 29
Sweet green	Erect	Green	Globe	Greenish-yellow	May 29
Check(Cheonjujeok)	Elect	Deep Green	Broad elliptic	Red	Jun 5

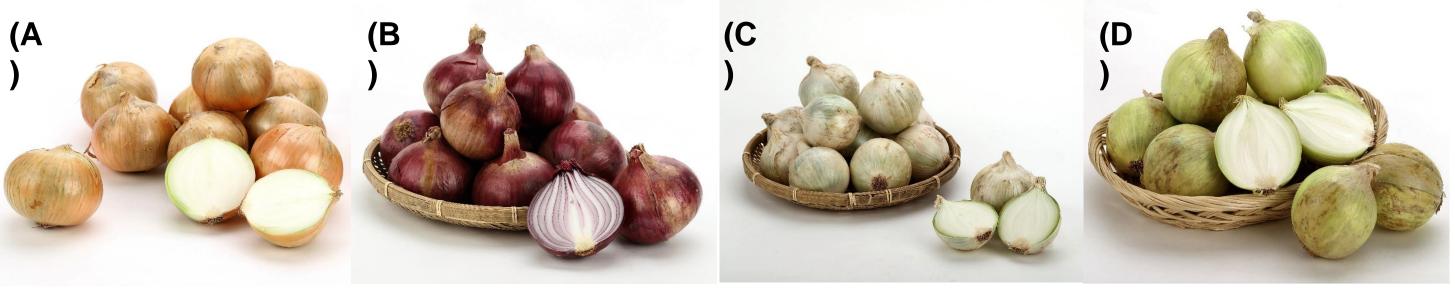


Fig. 1. 'Mapsihwang'(A), 'Eumjinara'(B), 'White one'(C), 'Sweet green'(D)



\* Corresponding author : Cheol-woo Kim, Tel : +82-63-238-6631, E-mail : cwkim@korea.kr