



ORGANISATION EUROPÉENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLÉAIRE  
**CERN** EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH

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NINETY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THE COUNCIL

Geneva - 25 June 1993

ACCESSION OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC

The Czech and Slovak Federal Republic (CSFR) became a Member State of CERN on 1 January 1992, with the benefit of special contribution arrangements for the years 1992-1999.

By a letter dated 16 December 1992, the Permanent Mission of the CSFR to the United Nations in Geneva informed CERN that the Republic would cease to exist on 31 December 1992 and that two new States - the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic - would succeed to it as from 1 January 1993.

At its Two-hundred-and-ninth Meeting on 17 March 1993, Committee of Council discussed the accession of the Czech Republic and delegations indicated their unanimous support for the proposal of the accession with the admission assumed to take place on 1 July 1993.

Council is now requested to adopt the present documents and to approve unanimously, by secret ballot, in accordance with Article III 2 (a) of the CERN Convention, the Draft Resolution CERN/1982 concerning the accession of the Czech Republic.

## ACCESSION OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC

### I. INTRODUCTION

1. In the past two years the long-standing scientific relations between CERN and countries of Central Europe have been put on a firmer basis with Poland, the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic and Hungary joining the Organization on 1 July 1991, 1 January 1992 and 1 July 1992 respectively. For all these countries a special contribution arrangement was agreed for the years 1992-1999, taking into account their economic situation in this period of transition from a centrally planned to a market economy.
2. By a letter dated 16 December 1992 (Annex 1), the Permanent Mission of the CSFR to the United Nations in Geneva informed CERN that the Republic would cease to exist on 31 December 1992 and that two new States - the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic - would succeed to it as from 1 January 1993.
3. At its Two-hundred-and-ninth Meeting on 17 March 1993 the Committee of Council discussed the accession of the Czech Republic. Taking into consideration the fact that the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic had already been admitted as a Member since 1 January 1992 and that the Czech Republic would be a successor to the CSFR; taking also into consideration the high level of scientific activities in the country and their long-standing involvement in CERN and its experimental programme, and considering furthermore the line adopted by other international organizations, Committee of Council delegations indicated their unanimous support for the proposal of the accession of the Czech Republic, with the admission assumed to take place on 1 July 1993.
4. A review of the past, present and future perspectives is set out in document CERN/CC/1890. A more detailed and updated account of high energy physics in the Czech Republic is given in Section II.

## II. PARTICLE PHYSICS IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC

High-energy physics is concentrated in Prague with the main experimental activities at the Institute of Physics of the Academy of Sciences and the Charles University (~ 25 physicists). These institutes are also involved in theoretical activities (~ 13 physicists). Small groups of high-energy physicists exist also at the Czech Technical University (Prague) and at the Institute of Nuclear Physics of the Academy of Sciences in Rez near Prague. In total there are about 30 Czech experimental and 15 theoretical high-energy physicists. In addition, there are up to 10 graduate students, and about 15 engineers and technicians involved in particle physics research.

The Czech experimental physicists are involved in the H1 experiment at HERA (DESY), in Delphi and NA47 (via JINR Dubna), and in UA4. They further have joined the ATLAS collaboration preparing for an LHC experiment and are in that context participating in a few R&D projects.

## III. LEGAL AND FINANCIAL POSITIONS CONCERNING A STATE'S ACCESSION TO CERN

5. The conditions for the accession of a State to CERN are defined by the Convention establishing the Organization dated 1 July 1953, as amended on 17 January 1971\*, the Financial Protocol attached thereto and the Rules of Procedure for the Council.

Under these provisions, the accession of a State to membership of CERN entails an admission procedure and obligations on the part of the new Member State.

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\* Hereinafter referred to as "the Convention". Reference is made to the Articles of the Convention without any more detailed indications.

a) **Procedure for the accession**

6. This consists of three steps:

- *The application for admission by the State concerned*

The applicant State informs the President of the CERN Council of its **application** (Article III. 2 (b)). The President of the Council informs the Member States of this application at least three (3) months before it is discussed by the Council (Article III. 2 (b)).

- *The Council's decision concerning admission*

The Council decides to admit an applicant State by a **unanimous decision** of all the Member States (Article III. 2 (a)) by **secret ballot**, with polling officers selected from among the Delegates present (Rules of Procedure, Article 13 (c) and (d)).

- *The procedure for the deposit of the instruments of accession*

The admitted State becomes a Member of the Organization by acceding to the Convention. This means that:

- the applicant State **ratifies** the Convention (generally through parliamentary approval);
- the applicant State **deposits** the instruments of accession with the Director-General of UNESCO (Articles XVII and XVIII);
- the applicant State becomes a Member of the Organization from the date on which the Director-General of CERN is **informed of the deposit** of the instruments of accession.

b) **The Member State's obligations**

7. The Convention lays two kinds of obligation upon the Member State, one concerning its **participation** in the Organization's programme of activities, and the other concerning its **financial contributions**.

- *Compulsory participation in the Organization's basic programme*

8. Article III.3 of the Convention states that:

*"... No State shall be entitled to become or to remain a member of the Organization unless it participates in at least one of the programmes of activities forming part of the basic programme."*

The Organization has at present one programme of activities. It is the basic programme which includes the SC/PS/SPS/LEP, defined by decisions taken by the Council on 17 December 1978 (CERN/1401), Resolution CERN/1374/Rev., dated 26 June 1980, and the Council decision of 16 December 1981 (CERN/1436/Draft).

- *Financial contributions*

9. The Convention requires each new Member State to make two financial contributions.

*The annual contribution*

Under the provisions of Article VII. 1 (b):

*"Each Member State shall contribute both to the capital expenditure and to the current operating expenses of the Organization;*

(a) .....

(b) *in accordance with scales which shall be decided every three years by the Council by a two-thirds majority of all the Member States, and shall be based on the average net national income at factor cost of each Member State for the three latest preceding years for which statistics are available."*

The annual contribution may be reduced in "special circumstances".

Under the provisions of Article VII. 1 (b) (ii):

*"The Council may decide, by a two-thirds majority of all the Member States, to take into account any special circumstances of a Member State and adjust its contribution accordingly ..."*

*The special contribution towards capital expenditure*

This question is dealt with in Article VII.4 of the Convention.

**IV. CONDITIONS FOR THE ACCESSION OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC**

10. The Czech Republic succeeds to the benefit of the transition period of eight years - namely 1992-1999 - granted to the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic on 25 October 1991, according to which for the first four years, i.e. 1992-1995, the contribution of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was set at 0.14% of the total contribution level decided by Council each year, which is about 1.3 MCHF (one million three hundred thousand Swiss francs) for the year 1992 at 1992 prices.
11. The Czech Republic shall for this initial period of four years yearly contribute two-thirds (2/3) of the contributions described above. For the years 1996-1999, the contribution, calculated as a percentage of the full contribution based on Net National Income (NNI) of the Czech Republic, should in principle rise linearly to reach 100% in the year 2000.
12. It is proposed to determine the exact rate of increase in the course of 1994, when a proper assessment of the economic performance of the Czech Republic can be made.

\* \* \*

*Mission permanente de la République Fédérative Tchèque et Slovaque  
auprès de l'Office des Nations Unies et des autres organisations  
internationales à Genève*

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No. : 4690/92

The Permanent Mission of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic to the United Nations Office at Geneva presents its compliments to the European Organization for Nuclear Research and has the honour to notify that pursuant to the Constitutional Law No. 542/92, the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic ceases to exist on December 31, 1992.

With respect to Membership in the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN), the two successor states - the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic - which, from 1968 until now, formed a common state and which actually exist today within the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic as two international legal subjects with limited power - have expressed their will to be full-fledged and independent members of CERN in the activities of which they have so far participated within the membership of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic.

These intentions and wishes were formalized in the Statement of the Government of the Czech Republic on Questions of Membership in International Governmental Organizations from December 9, 1992 and in the Statement of the Government of the Slovak Republic on Questions of Membership in International Governmental Organizations from December 15, 1992. The texts of both Statements with unofficial English translation are enclosed and being transmitted to CERN Authorities through this note. They should altogether be considered as application for Membership.

It is the understanding, agreement and readiness of the both Czech and Slovak Republics that they will smoothly - assume the total obligations of the CSFR with CERN after December 31, 1992, - develop the cooperation with CERN practically under the same conditions as the CSFR - and become full-fledged Members of CERN.

The Permanent Mission of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the European Organization for Nuclear Research the assurances of its highest consideration.

Geneva, December 16, 1992

European Organization for Nuclear Research  
G e n e v a



Prohlášení vlády České republiky k otázkám členství v mezinárodních  
vládních organizacích :

V souvislosti s ukončením existence České a Slovenské Federativní Republiky k 31.12.1992, vláda České republiky deklaruje zájem České republiky být po 1.1.1993 plnoprávným členem následujících mezinárodních vládních organizací, v nichž doposud působila z titulu členství České a Slovenské Federativní Republiky:

Organizace spojených národů (OSN)  
Konference o bezpečnosti a spolupráci v Evropě (KBSE)  
Rady Evropy  
OSN pro výživu a zemědělství (FAO)  
OSN pro výchovu, vědu a kulturu (UNESCO)  
OSN pro průmyslový rozvoj (UNIDO)  
Světová zdravotnická organizace (WHO)  
Mezinárodní organizace práce (ILO)  
Světová meteorologická organizace (WMO)  
Světová poštovní unie (UPU)  
Mezinárodní telekomunikační unie (ITU)  
Mezinárodní námořní organizace (IMO)  
Mezinárodní organizace pro civilní letectví (ICAO)  
Mezinárodní měnový fond (IMF)  
Mezinárodní banka pro obnovu a rozvoj (IBRD)  
Mezinárodní finanční korporace (IFC)  
Mezinárodní rozvojové sdružení (IDA)  
Mezinárodní agentura pro atomovou energii (IAEA)  
Světová organizace duševního vlastnictví (WIPO)  
Všeobecná dohoda o clech a obchodu (GATT)  
Evropská banka pro obnovu a rozvoj (EBRD)  
Mezinárodní banka hospodářské spolupráce (MBHS)  
Mezinárodní investiční banka (MIB)  
Mezinárodní agentura pro investiční záruky (MIGA)  
Banka pro vyrovnávání mezinárodních plateb (BIS)  
Rada pro celní spolupráci (CCC)  
Mezinárodní organizace pro kakao (ICCO)  
Mezinárodní ústav chladírenský (IIF)  
Centrální dispečerská organizace propojených energetických soustav  
Interoceanmetal  
Evropská organizace pro jaderný výzkum (CERN)  
Spojený ústav jaderných výzkumů  
Světová turistická organizace (WTO)  
Mezinárodní úřad pro výstavnictví (BIE)  
Evropská a Středozevní organizace pro ochranu rostlin (EPP0)  
Mezinárodní unie pro ochranu nových odrůd rostlin (UPOV)  
Mezinárodní úřad epizootický (OIE)



Mezinárodní úřad pro révu a víno (OIV)  
Evropská konference ministrů dopravy (CEMT)  
Evropská komise pro civilní letectví (ECAC)  
Mezivládní organizace pro mezinárodní železniční dopravu (OTIF)  
Organizace pro spolupráci železnic (OSŽD)  
Mezinárodní námořní družicová organizace (INMARSAT)  
Mezinárodní telekomunikační družicová organizace (INTELSAT)  
Evropská telekomunikační družicová organizace (EUTELSAT)  
Intersputnik  
Mezinárodní organizace pro legální metrologii (OIML)  
Mezinárodní výbor pro míry a váhy (CIPM)  
Mezinárodní stálá komise pro zkoušky ručních palných zbraní (C.I.P.)  
Haagská konference mezinárodního práva soukromého  
Mezinárodní ústav pro sjednocení soukromého práva (UNIDROIT)  
Mezinárodní organizace kriminální policie (INTERPOL).

Současně vláda prohlašuje, že se ztotožňuje s cíli a předmětem činnosti uvedených mezinárodních organizací, jak jsou formulovány v jejich statutech či zakládajících listinách, a že je připravena plnit úkoly a závazky, které z členství v nich vyplývají.

Vedena snahou o co nejrychlejší a bezproblémové řešení vztahů s těmito organizacemi, a vyjadřujíc jednoznačnou vůli i nadále spolupracovat v jejich rámci a s jejich pomocí s ostatními státy i mezinárodními organizacemi ku prospěchu celého mezinárodního společenství, vláda České republiky ukládá svému ministru mezinárodních vztahů, aby podnikl nezbytné kroky k zabezpečení plnoprávného členství ve shora uvedených mezinárodních organizacích.

Členské příspěvky do mezinárodních vládních organizací budou placeny prostřednictvím Ministerstva mezinárodních vztahů České republiky.

Praha, 9. prosince 1992

Unofficial Translation

Statement of the Government of the Czech Republic on Questions  
of Membership in International Governmental Organizations

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In connection with the dissolution of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic on December 31, 1992, the Government of the Czech Republic declares the interest of the Czech Republic to be, after January 1, 1993, a full-fledged member of the following international governmental organizations in the activities of which it has so far participated within the membership of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic:

United Nations (UN)  
Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE)  
Council of Europe  
UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)  
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)  
United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)  
World Health Organization (WHO)  
International Labour Organization (ILO)  
World Meteorological Organization (WMO)  
Universal Postal Union (UPU)  
International Telecommunication Union (ITU)  
International Maritime Organization (IMO)  
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)  
International Monetary Fund (IMF)  
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)  
International Finance Corporation (IFC)  
International Development Association (IDA)  
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)  
World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)  
General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)  
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)  
International Bank for Economic Co-operation (IBEC)  
International Investment Bank (IIB)  
Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA)  
Bank of International Settlements (BIS)  
Customs Co-operation Council (CCC)  
International Cocoa Organization (ICCO)  
International Institute of Refrigeration (IIF)  
Central Dispatching Organization of the Interconnected Power Systems  
Interoceanmetal  
European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN)  
Joint Institute for Nuclear Research  
World Tourism Organization (WTO)  
International Exhibitions Bureau (BIE)  
European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization (EPPO)  
International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV)  
International Office of Epizootics (OIE)  
International Vine and Wine Office (OIV)  
European Conference of Ministers of Transport (CEMT)

European Civil Aviation Commission (ECAC)  
Intergovernmental Organization for International Railway  
Transport (OTIF)  
Organization for Railways Cooperation  
International Maritime Satellite Organization (INMARSAT)  
International Telecommunications Satellite Organization  
(INTELSAT)  
European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT)  
International System and Organization of Space Communications  
(Intersputnik)  
International Organization of Legal Metrology (OIML)  
International Committee for Measures and Weight (CIPM)  
Commission Internationale Permanente pour les Epreuves des Armes a  
Feu Portatives (C.I.P.)  
Hague Conference on Private International Law  
International Institute for the Unification of Private Law  
(UNIDROIT)  
International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)

The Government of the Czech Republic at the same time declares that it identifies with the objectives and the subject of activities of these international organizations as they are formulated in their Statutes or Charters, and that it is prepared to fulfil tasks and obligations arising from membership hereof.

Guided by the efforts to settle relations with these organizations as soon as possible and without problems, and expressing its unequivocal will to continue cooperation within their framework and through their assistance also with other states and international organizations for the benefit of the whole international community, the Government of the Czech Republic entrusts its Minister for International Relations to take necessary steps to ensure full-fledged membership of the Czech Republic in the above-mentioned international organizations.

In order to ensure in the optimal way the tasks arising from membership in individual international governmental organizations, without any prejudice to the fundamental legal powers and responsibilities of the Ministry for International Relations for relations between the Czech Republic and international organizations, the Government will nominate expert managements - central bodies of state administration, listed in a special enclosure.

Financial contributions to the international governmental organizations will be paid through the Ministry for International Relations of the Czech Republic.

Prague, December 9th, 1992

## P r e h l á s e n i e

vlády Slovenskej republiky k otázkam členstva  
v medzinárodných vládnych organizáciách

V súvislosti s ukončením existencie Českej a Slovenskej Federatívnej Republiky k 31. decembru 1992 vláda Slovenskej republiky deklaruje záujem byť po 1. januári 1993 plnoprávnym členom nasledujúcich medzinárodných vládnych organizácií , v ktorých doposiaľ posobila z titulu členstva Českej a Slovenskej Federatívnej Republiky:

Organizácia spojených národov (OSN)  
Konferencia o bezpečnosti a spolupráci v Európe (KBSE)  
Rada Európy  
OSN pre výživu a poľnohospodárstvo (FAO)  
OSN pre výchovu, vedu a kultúru (UNESCO)  
OSN pre priemyslový rozvoj (UNIDO)  
Svetová zdravotnícka organizácia (WHO)  
Medzinárodná organizácia práce (ILO)  
Svetová meteorologická organizácia (WMO)  
Svetová poštovná únia (UPU)  
Medzinárodná telekomunikačná únia (ITU)  
Medzinárodná námorná organizácia (IMO)  
Medzinárodná organizácia pre civilné letectvo (ICAO)  
Medzinárodný menový fond (IMF)  
Medzinárodná banka pre obnovu a rozvoj (IBRD)  
Medzinárodná finančná korporácia (IFC)  
Medzinárodné rozvojové združenie (IDA)  
Medzinárodná agentúra pre atómovú energiu (IAEA)  
Svetová organizácia duševného vlastníctva (WIPO)  
Všeobecná dohoda o clách a obchode (GATT)  
Európska banka pre obnovu a rozvoj (EBRD)  
Medzinárodná banka hospodárskej spolupráce (MBHS)  
Medzinárodná investičná banka (MIB)  
Medzinárodná agentúra pre investičné záruky (MIGA)

Banka pre vyrovňovanie medzinárodných platieb (BIS)  
Rada pre colnú spoluprácu (CCC)  
Medzinárodná organizácia pre kakao (ICCO)  
Medzinárodný ústav chladiarenský (IIF)  
Centrálne dispečerská organizácia prepojených energetických sústav  
Interoceanmetal  
Európska organizácia pre jadrový výskum (CERN)  
Spojený ústav jadrových výskumov  
Svetová turistická organizácia (WTO)  
Medzinárodný úrad pre výstavníctvo (BIE)  
Európska a Stredozemná organizácia pre ochranu rastlín (EPPO)  
Medzinárodná únia pre ochranu nových odrod rastlín (UPOV)  
Medzinárodný úrad epizootický (OIE)  
Medzinárodný úrad pre révu a víno (OIV)  
Európska konferencia ministrov dopravy (CEMT)  
Európska komisia pre civilné letectvo (ECAC)  
Medzivládna organizácia pre medzinárodnú železničnú dopravu (OTIF)  
Organizácia pre spoluprácu železníc (OSŽD)  
Dunajská komisia (DK)  
Medzinárodná námorná družicová organizácia (INMARSAT)  
Európska telekomunikačná družicová organizácia (EUTELSAT)  
Medzinárodná organizácia pre legálnu metrológiu (OIML)  
Medzinárodný výbor pre miery a váhy (CIPM)  
Medzinárodná stála komisia pre skúšky ručných palných zbraní (C.I.P.)  
Haagská konferencia medzinárodného práva súkromného  
Medzinárodný ústav pre zjednotenie súkromného práva (UNIDROIT)  
Medzinárodná organizácia kriminálnej polície (INTERPOL)

Súčasnne vláda prehlasuje, že sa stotožňuje s cieľmi a predmetom činnosti uvedených medzinárodných organizácií, ako sú formulované v ich štatútoch či zakládajúcich listinách, a že je pripravená plniť úlohy a záväzky, ktoré z členstva v nich vyplývajú.

Vláda Slovenskej republiky, vedená snahou o čo najrýchlejšie a bezproblémové riešenie vzťahu k medzinárodným vládnym organizáciám, vyjadruje jednoznačnú vôľu aj naďalej spolupracovať v ich rámci a s ich pomocou s ostatnými štátmi a medzinárodnými organizáciami

ku prospechu medzinárodného spoločenstva, ukladá svojmu ministrovi zahraničných vecí, aby podnikol nevyhnuté kroky k zabezpečeniu plnoprávneho členstva vo vyššieuvedených medzinárodných organizáciách.

Za účelom optimálneho zabezpečenia úloh, ktoré vyplývajú z členstva v jednotlivých medzinárodných vládných organizáciách, nedotýkajúc sa tým základnej zákonnej kompetencie a zodpovednosti ministerstva zahraničných vecí za vzťahy Slovenskej republiky s medzinárodnými organizáciami, stanoví vláda odborné gescie, ktorých nositeľmi budú ústredné orgány štátnej správy, ako sú uvedené v prílohe tohto materiálu.

Členské príspevky do medzinárodných vládných organizácií budú platené prostredníctvom rozpočtu Ministerstva zahraničných vecí Slovenskej republiky.

Bratislava, 15. decembra 1992

Unofficial Translation

Statement of the Government of the Slovak Republic on Questions  
of Membership in International Governmental Organizations

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In connection with the dissolution of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic on December 31, 1992, the Government of the Slovak Republic declares the interest of the Slovak Republic to be, after January 1, 1993, a full-fledged member of the following international governmental organizations in the activities of which it has so far participated within the membership of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic:

United Nations (UN)  
Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE)  
Council of Europe  
UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)  
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)  
United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)  
World Health Organization (WHO)  
International Labour Organization (ILO)  
World Meteorological Organization (WMO)  
Universal Postal Union (UPU)  
International Telecommunication Union (ITU)  
International Maritime Organization (IMO)  
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)  
International Monetary Fund (IMF)  
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)  
International Finance Corporation (IFC)  
International Development Association (IDA)  
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)  
World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)  
General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)  
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)  
International Bank for Economic Co-operation (IBEC)  
International Investment Bank (IIB)  
Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA)  
Bank of International Settlements (BIS)  
Customs Co-operation Council (CCC)  
International Cocoa Organization (ICCO)  
International Institute of Refrigeration (IIF)  
Central Dispatching Organization of the Interconnected Power Systems  
Interoceanmetal  
European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN)  
Joint Institute for Nuclear Research  
World Tourism Organization (WTO)  
International Exhibitions Bureau (BIE)  
European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization (EPPO)  
International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV)  
International Office of Epizootics (OIE)  
International Vine and Wine Office (OIV)  
European Conference of Ministers of Transport (CEMT)

European Civil Aviation Commission (ECAC)  
Intergovernmental Organization for International Railway  
Transport (OTIF)  
Organization for Railways Cooperation  
Danube Commission  
International Maritime Satellite Organization (INMARSAT)  
European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT)  
International Organization of Legal Metrology (OIML)  
International Committee for Measures and Weight (CIPM)  
Commission Internationale Permanente pour les Epreuves des Armes a  
Feu Portatives (C.I.P.)  
Hague Conference on Private International Law  
International Institute for the Unification of Private Law  
(UNIDROIT)  
International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)

The Government of the Slovak Republic at the same time declares that it identifies with the objectives and the subject of activities of these international organizations as they are formulated in their Statutes or Charters, and that it is prepared to fulfil tasks and obligations arising from membership hereof.

Guided by the efforts to settle relations with these organizations as soon as possible and without problems, and expressing its unequivocal will to continue cooperation within their framework and through their assistance also with other states and international organizations for the benefit of the whole international community, the Government of the Slovak Republic entrusts its Minister of Foreign Affairs to take necessary steps to ensure full-fledged membership of the Slovak Republic in the above-mentioned international organizations.

In order to ensure in the optimal way the tasks arising from membership in individual international governmental organizations, without any prejudice to the fundamental legal powers and responsibilities of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs for relations between the Slovak Republic and international organizations, the Government will nominate expert managements - central bodies of state administration, listed in a special enclosure.

Financial contributions to the international governmental organizations will be paid through the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Slovak Republic.

Bratislava, December 15th, 1992