

## Republic of the Philippines DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Elliptical Road, Diliman, Quezon City, 1100 Telephone Nos. (02) 927-8741 to 56



BFAR ADMINISTRATIVE CIRCULAR NO. 249
Series of 2013

SUBJECT: Size regulation for sea cucumber collection and trade

WHEREAS, the Philippines has been in the forefront of the multi-million dollar international trade in processed meat of sea cucumber species valued at USD 2 million to 6.8 million and the world's third largest producer and exporter of processed tropical sea cucumber meat products known by the international trade names *beche-de-mer* and *trepang*;

WHEREAS, from 1970 to 1989 Philippine sea cucumber production volume showed steady increase reaching 4000 tons in 1984 valued at almost USD 7 million, which started to decline in the 1990s, bringing the country from second down to third among the top sea cucumber exporting tropical countries, barely maintaining a 1000 metric ton production level consisting mostly of low value and undersized individuals and very few high value species;

WHEREAS, the alarming rate of sea cucumber exploitation for the meat trade, the recent discovery of their potential medical and pharmaceutical applications and the recognition of their ecological importance became worldwide concern and came to the attention of international bodies, such as, the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), the Food and Agriculture Organization and the ASEAN Southeast Asian Fisheries Development Council (SEAFDEC), which organized separate fora to discuss the varied and country-specific issues on sea cucumber fisheries and trade, the outcome of which underscored the overarching need for the producing and exporting countries to enact appropriate management measures for sea cucumbers;

WHEREAS, the Philippines being on top of the trade, is one of only two countries without national legislation for sea cucumbers, despite the fact that the fishery-dependent and independent surveys carried out by the three-year National Sea Cucumber Research Project (NSCRP), a comprehensive taxonomic and fishery investigation of the commercial species of sea cucumber, carried out by the National Fisheries Research and Development Institute (NFRDI) in 15 sites in the 14 regions of the country confirmed the critical state of sea cucumber resource in the historically rich fishing grounds, with only 47 of more than 100 commercial species known to occur in Philippine waters being encountered during the surveys, most of which are low value species in low densities;

WHEREAS, the UPMSI research program with support from DA-BFAR, ACIAR and DOST-PCAMRD conducted resource and fishery assessment surveys and pioneered the research in developing hatchery and grow-out technology for one of the high value species, *Holothuria scabra*, commonly known as sandfish or "putian" in local dialect in collaboration with other institutions and BFAR National Integrated Fisheries Technology Development Center (NIFTDC) for stock enhancement and livelihood support for coastal communities and UPMSI also piloted sandfish communal sea ranching and various trainings on sea cucumber culture, resource assessment and species identification;

WHEREAS, ACIAR also funded WorldFish to conduct value chain analysis of sea cucumber industry in the Philippines, which confirmed that over-exploitation of sea cucumber resource is market-induced due to the continuously high market demand and price and that in order to sustain the resource and improve product value, it is imperative to regulate the size at which individual sea cucumber can be taken or caught;

WHEREAS, the IUCN 2013 Red List of threatened species lists five high value, shallow water sea cucumber species with the Philippines as one of the range countries, as endangered with extinction, namely: *Holothuria lessoni* (golden sandfish), *H. nobilis* (black teatfish), *H. scabra* (golden sandfish), *H. whitmae* (black teatfish) and *Thelenota ananas* (prickly redfish); and five high to medium value species as vulnerable to extinction, namely: *Actinopyga echinites* (deep water redfish), *A. mauritiana* (surf redfish), *A. miliaris* (hairy redfish), *Holothuria fuscogiiva* (teatfish) and *Stichopus herrmanni* (curryfish); such list is being used by many range countries as basis in enacting national wildlife laws;

WHEREAS, with the latest IUCN red listing, the outcome of researches carried out by various local institutions on the different aspects of sea cucumber fisheries, utilization and trade and applying the "Precautionary Principle" of the 1983 Rio Declaration on environment and development which states that, "where there are threats of serious or irreversible damage, lack of full scientific certainty shall not be used as a reason for postponing cost-effective measures to prevent environmental degradation," a national policy for this commercially and economically valuable resource that integrates conservation and sustainable livelihood should now be promulgated;

WHEREFORE, in view of these premises and pursuant to Section 11 of Republic Act No. 8550 and Sections 22 and 25 of Fisheries Administrative Order (FAO) No. 233 implementing R.A. No. 9147, the following rules and regulations for the conservation of sea cucumber species belonging to the orders Aspidochirotida and Dendrochirotida in Philippine waters are hereby promulgated for the information, guidance and compliance of all concerned.

Section 1. Definition. – The terms used for purposes of this Order shall be construed as follows:

- a. Sea cucumber species any echinoderm of the Class Holothuroidea generally having soft, elongated, cucumber-shaped body and bearing clusters of tentacles at the oral end commonly known by various names in local dialects such as, "balat", "ba-at" and "bat".
- b. Order Aspidochirotida taxonomic grouping of commercially important sea cucumber species inhabiting intertidal zone, mangrove forest, seagrass meadows, coral reef and adjacent soft bottom (sandy/muddy) areas.
- c. Order Dendrochirotida taxonomic grouping of commercially important sea cucumber species inhabiting deeper waters.
- d. Processed meat meat of sea cucumbers in different forms of preparation, i.e. fresh, frozen, gutted, boiled, salted, smoked, dried, etc. known by the trade names "beche-demer" or "trepang"
- e. Dried form the final processed product of sea cucumber meat in which the moisture content is reduced using appropriate drying methods, which may include sun-drying, smoke-drying or drying under controlled condition, to the required level.
- f. Holothuriidae and Stichopodidae commercially valuable families of shallow-water sea cucumber species belonging to order Aspidochirotida that include the following genera: *Actinopyga, Bohadschia, Holothuria, Pearsonothuria, Stichopus* and *Thelenota*.

Section 2. AWCP and LTP. – Only registered fisherfolk issued with an Aquatic Wildlife Collector's Permit (AWCP) by the BFAR Provincial Fishery Office (PFO) may gather or collect sea cucumbers for commercial trade. Sea cucumbers may not be transported without a Local Transport Permit (LTP) issued by PFO or Fisheries Quarantine Officer.

Section 2. Prohibition. - It shall be unlawful for any person, association or corporation to gather, collect, catch, take, cause to be taken or caught sea cucumber species for commercial trade without an AWCP or to transport without LTP. It shall also be unlawful for any person, association

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or corporation to possess, transport, sell, trade or export sea cucumber species in any state or form except in dried form with minimum size of 2 inches or 5 centimeters in length.

Section 3. Exception. - The Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to Sections 22 and 25 of FAO 233 and upon the recommendation of the Director of the Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources (BFAR), may grant special permit to legitimate research or academic institutions to gather, collect, catch, possess or transport sea cucumber species for scientific and/or educational purposes, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may deem wise to impose.

Section 4. Penalties. – (a) Trading, selling or buying undersized sea cucumbers is punishable by imprisonment of ten (10) days to one (1) month and/or fine of two hundred (P200) to twenty thousand pesos (P20,000);

- (b) Transporting of undersized sea cucumbers or transporting of sea cucumbers without LTP shall be punishable by imprisonment of five (5) days to ten (10) days and a fine of two hundred (P200) to one thousand pesos (P1,000);
- (c) Collecting, taking, gathering sea cucumbers without AWCP shall be punishable by imprisonment of ten (10) days to one (1) month and a fine of one thousand (P1,000) to five thousand pesos (P5,000); and,
- (d) Exporting undersized sea cucumbers shall be punishable by eight (8) years imprisonment and a fine of eighty thousand pesos (P 80,000).

In addition to the above penalties, the administrative penalties of confiscation, forfeiture of collected sea cucumber species, its by-products or derivatives and all paraphernalia, tools and conveyances used in the commission of the above-prohibited acts shall also be imposed.

The fines herein prescribed shall be increased by at least ten percent (10%) every three years to compensate for inflation and to maintain the deterrent function of such fines pursuant to Section 28 of RA 9147.

Section 5. Disposition. – Confiscated sea cucumber species in violation of this Order shall, if applicable, be returned to its natural habitat, buried or donated to museums or educational institutions or through other means as determined by the BFAR.

Section 6. Repealing Clause. – All orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Order are hereby repealed.

Section 7. Effectivity. – This Order shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in a newspaper of general circulation and upon acknowledgement by the Office of the National Administrative Registry (ONAR).

Issued this 25<sup>th</sup> day of November 2013 at Quezon City, Philippines.

PROCESO J. ALCALA

Secretary

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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Recommended by:

ATTY. ASIS G. PEREZ

Director, BFAR

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Jan. 08, 2014

U.P. Law Center-ONAR

Annex A

Common Commercial Sea Cucumber Species in the Philippines

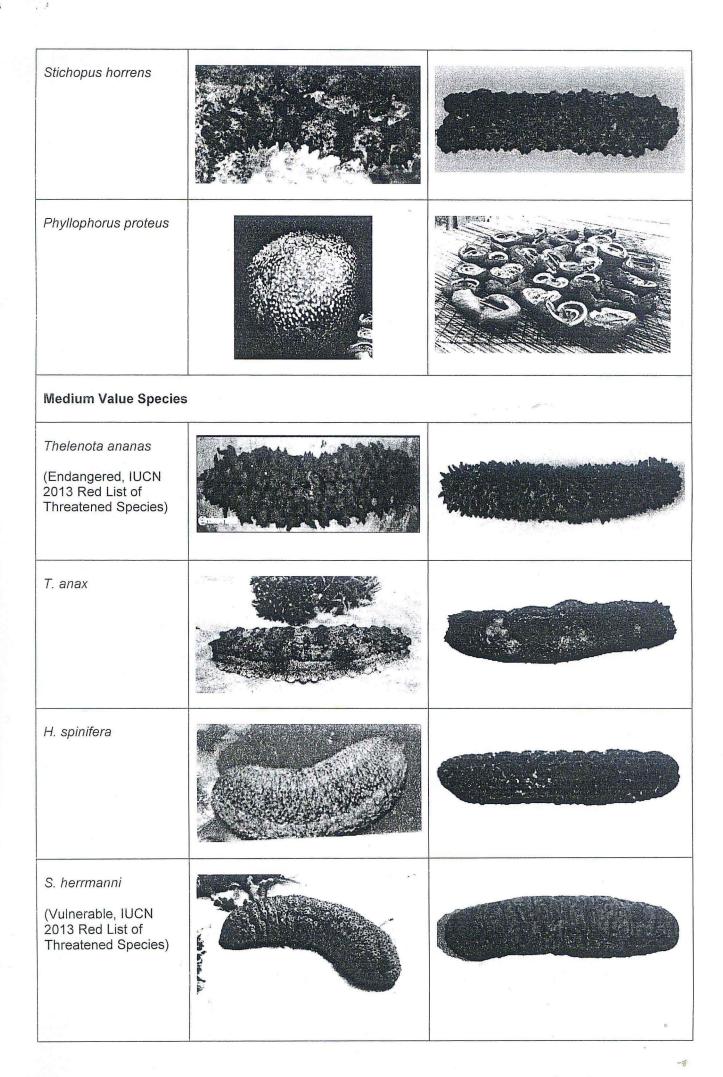
Scientific name	Local/Common name	English name
A. HIGH VALUE SPECIES*		
1. Holothuria fuscogilva	Susuan	White teatfish
2. H. whitmaei	Bakungan, Kagisan, Sus-an	Black teatfish
3. H. scabra	Putian, Cortido, Kagisan	Sandfish
4. H. nobilis	Susuan, Kiskisan, South hud	Black teatfish
5. H. lessoni (versicolor)	, ,	Golden sandfish
6. Stichopus horrens	Hanginan	Curryfish
7. Phyllophorus proteus	Bola-bola f	-
B. MEDIUM VALUE SPECIE	:S*	
3. Thelenota anax	Legs, Paag daga	Amberfish
9. H. spinifera	-	-
10. S. hermanii	Hanginan	Curryfish
11. S. chloronotus	Kwatro-kantos (no size classification)	Greenfish
12. S. variegatus	Gadul, daremusak	-
13. T. ananas	Tinikan, Pinya-pinya	Prickly redfish
14. Actinopyga echinites	Khaki	Deep-water redfish
15. A. lecanora	Buli-buli, Monang	Stonefish
16. A. milliaris	Khaki	Blackfish
17. A. mauritiana	Bakungan, Monang	Speckled sea cucumber, Surf redfish
C. LOW VALUE SPECIES*		ie-
18. <i>H. atra</i>	Black beauty	Lollyfish
19. H. fuscopunctata	Sapatos	Elephant trunkfish
20. S. vastus	-	Brown curryfish
21. H. notabilis		-
22. H. edulis	Hotdog	Pinkfish
23. H. rigida	Batunan, Bat-onan	Rigid sea cucumber
24. H. pulla	Patola red	rtigid sea cucumber
25. T. rubralineata	- I atola red	Red-striped sea cucumbe
26. H. leucospilota	Balat-uwak	White threads fish
	Patola white, Tambor, Batuwak,	Snakefish
27. H. coluber		Shakelish
	Balat-aso	-
28. <i>H. hilla</i>	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli	-
28. H. hilla 29. H. impatiens	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli Sunlot	- Impatient sea cucumber
28. H. hilla 29. H. impatiens 30. H. fuscocinerea	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli Sunlot Labuyo, Puyos	- Impatient sea cucumber
28. H. hilla 29. H. impatiens 30. H. fuscocinerea 31. Bohadschia argus	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli Sunlot Labuyo, Puyos Matang-itik	- Impatient sea cucumber - Leopard fish
28. H. hilla 29. H. impatiens 30. H. fuscocinerea 31. Bohadschia argus 32. B. vitiensis	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli Sunlot Labuyo, Puyos Matang-itik Lawayan-taba	- Impatient sea cucumber - Leopard fish Brown sandfish
27. H. coluber  28. H. hilla  29. H. impatiens  30. H. fuscocinerea  31. Bohadschia argus  32. B. vitiensis  33. B. marmorata	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli Sunlot Labuyo, Puyos Matang-itik Lawayan-taba Lawayan	- Impatient sea cucumber - Leopard fish Brown sandfish Chalky sea cucumber
28. H. hilla 29. H. impatiens 30. H. fuscocinerea 31. Bohadschia argus 32. B. vitiensis	Balat-aso Rotong, Batuli Sunlot Labuyo, Puyos Matang-itik Lawayan-taba	- Impatient sea cucumber - Leopard fish Brown sandfish

<sup>\*</sup>Species categorization (as to high, medium, low value) was based from FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Technical Report 2010. Relative value of species may vary depending on the size, market demand, locality and supply.

## Annex B

## Common Commercial Sea Cucumber Species in the Philippines In Fresh and Dried Forms

Scientific Names	Fresh	Dried		
High Value Species				
Holothuria fuscogilva (Vulnerable, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)				
H. whitmaei (Endangered, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)				
H. scabra (Endangered, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)				
H. nobilis (Endangered, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)				
H. lessoni (versicolor) (Endangered, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)				



S. chloronotus		
S. variegatus	and buppelliades	
Actinopyga echinites (Vulnerable, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)		
A. lecanora		
A. milliaris  (Vulnerable, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)		
A. mauritiana (Vulnerable, IUCN 2013 Red List of Threatened Species)		

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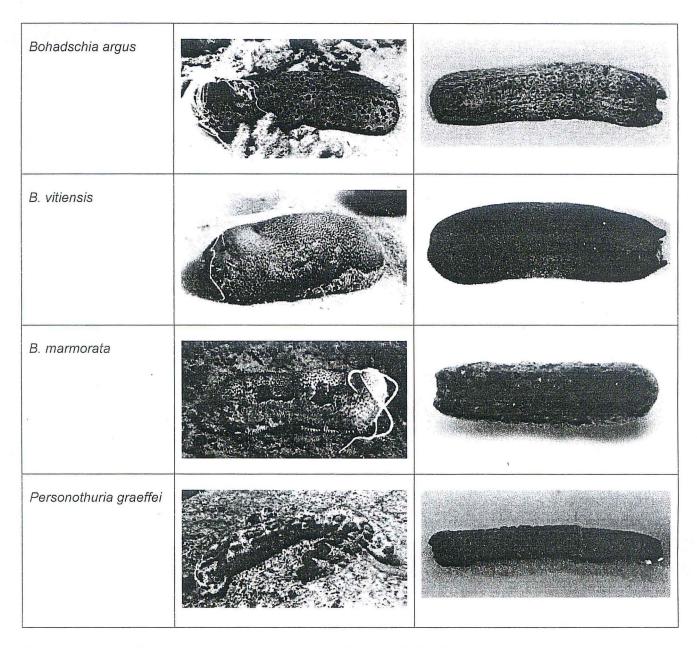
Low Value Species		
H. atra		
H. fuscopunctata		
S. vastus		
H. notabilis		
H. edulis		
H. rigida		

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T. rubralineata	
H. leucospilota	f
H. coluber	
H. hilla	
H. impatiens	
H. fuscocinerea	

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<sup>\*</sup> Images taken from: Purcell, S.W., Samyn, Y. & Conand, C. *FAO Species Catalogue for Fishery Purposes*. No. 6. Rome, FAO. 2012. 150 pp.

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18 November 2013

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**MEMORANDUM** 

FOR

PROCESO J. ALCALA

Secretary, Department of Agriculture

FROM

ATTY. ASIS G. PEREZ

Director

SUBJECT

Approval of BFAR Administrative Circular

entitled "Size Regulation for Sea Cucumber

Collection and Trade"

Respectfully forwarded for your approval is the BFAR Administrative circular entitled "Size Regulation for Sea Cucumber Collection and Trade".

The said FAO was presented for public consultation to stakeholders in two national *fora* called "National Forum on Sea Cucumber Fisheries Management" organized by the Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources (BFAR) and National Fisheries Research and Development Institute (NFRDI) in 2006 and 2010. It was also presented for final consultation with the members of the National Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Management Council (NFARMC) last September 25, 2013 and was unanimously approved.

For your consideration and signature.

APPY, ASIS G. PEREZ

Director

