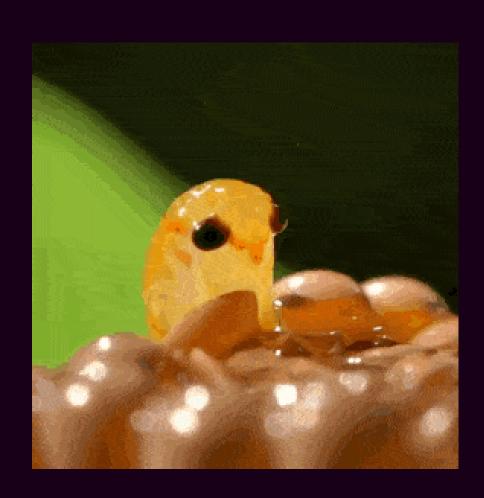
# Metamorphosis



- Most insects show big changes as they grow from immatures to adults.





- These changes are known as metamorphosis, and may involve physical, biochemical, and/or behavioral changes.
  - Metamorphosis helps the same insect to feed on different food sources, and to live in different habitats. This increase survival, dispersion, and reproduction of insects.





## Types of metamorphosis

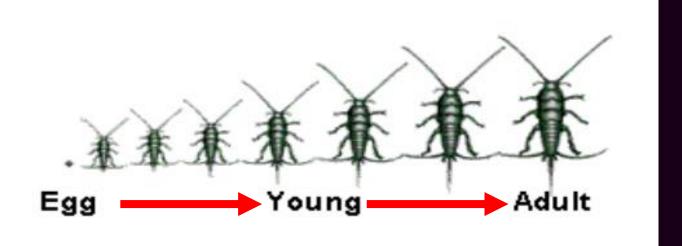
✓ Ametabola.

**√**Hemimetabola.

✓ Holometabola.

### 1-Ametabolous insects

- ✓ Undergo little or no structural change as they grow older.
- √ Immatures are called Youngs
- ✓ Immatures are physically similar to adults in every way except size and sexual maturity.





#### 2-Hemimetabolous insects

Exhibit gradual changes in body form during

morphogenesis.

> Immatures are called nymphs

> if aquatic, they are called naiads.





## egg——— nymph——— adult





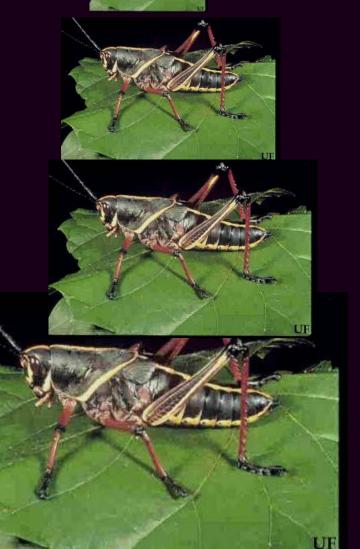




**Ex: cockroaches** 

egg --- nymph adult







**Ex:** grasshopper

- Maturation and other adult structures as wings, external genitalia appear in small steps from molt to molt.
- Wings grow with each molt until they are fully developed and functional in the adult stage. growing of Wings





# Insects with complete metamorphosis Holometabolous insects

✓ Insects with complete metamorphosis have immature forms (larvae) that are quite different from adults.

√ They become larger at each molt but completely

different of adults





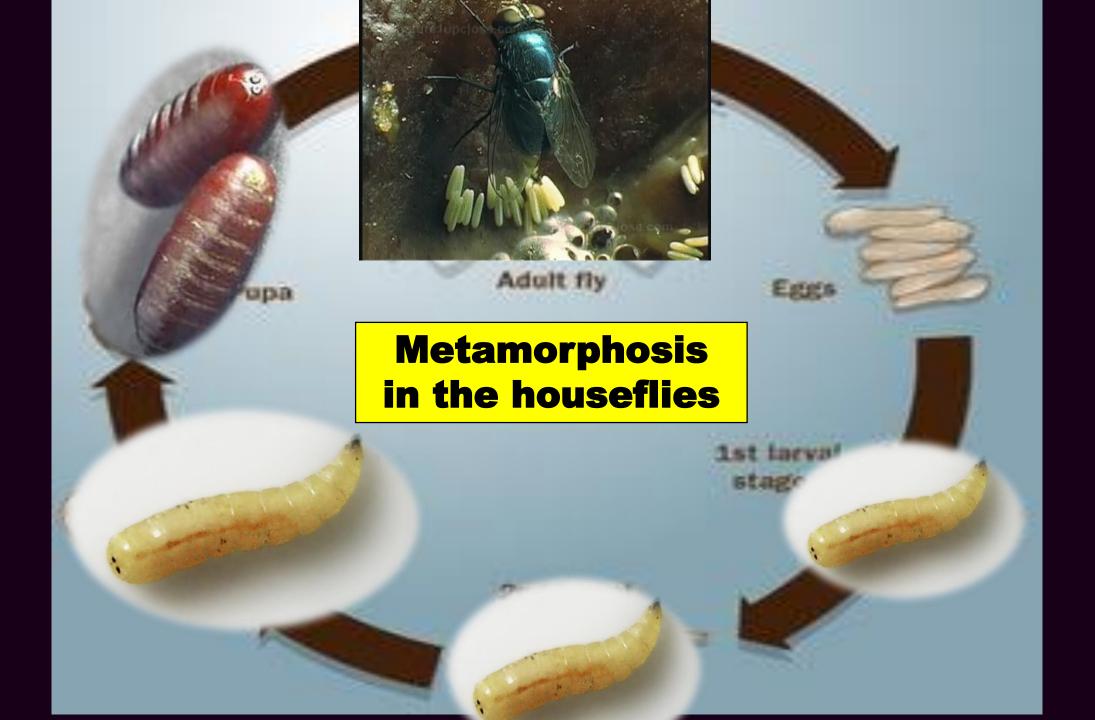


#### ✓ Larvae are "feeding machines".

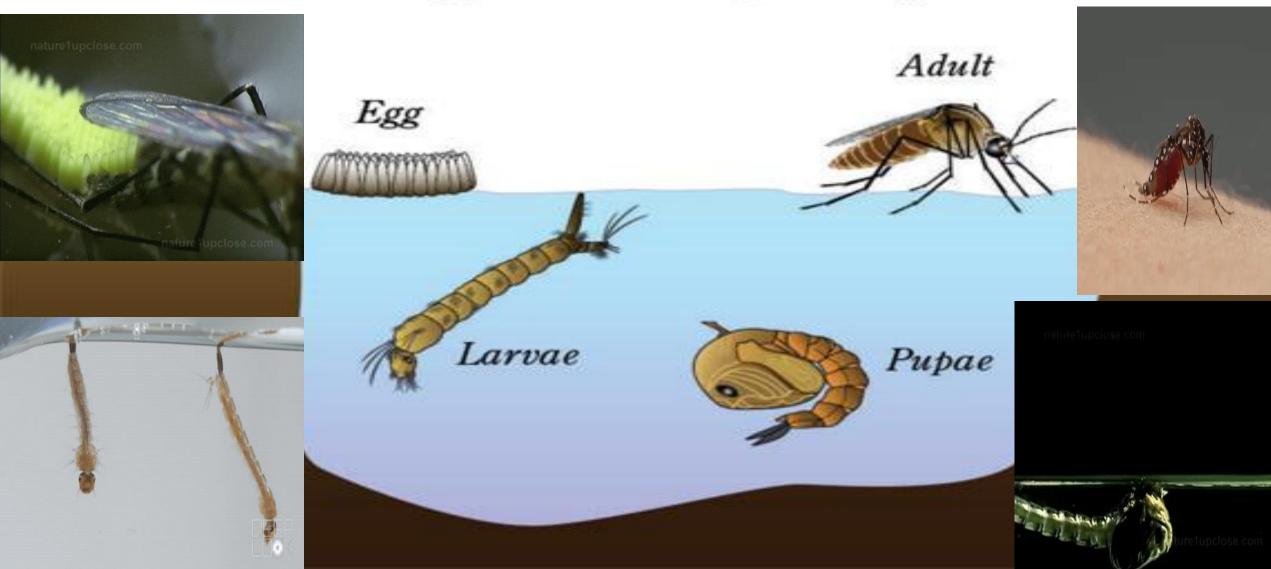


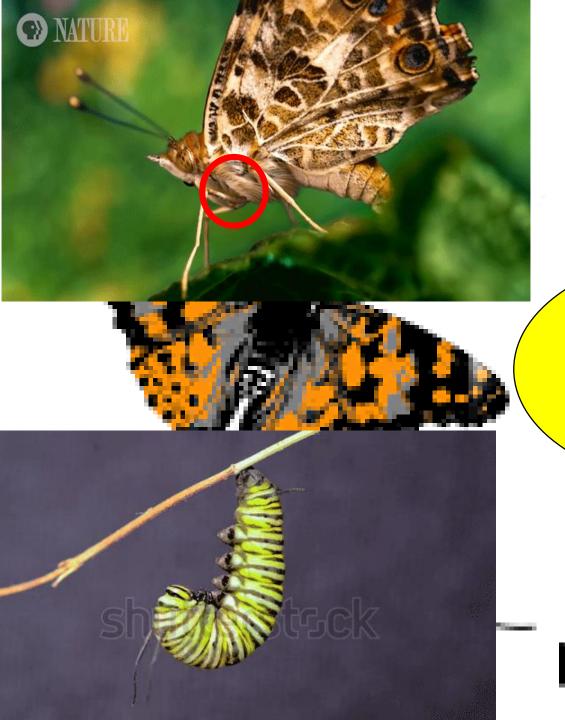






## Mosquito Life Cycle







Metamorphos is in the butterflies



Pupa







#### 6. Adaptability

- ✓ Most insects can adapt quickly to face a changing environment.
- ✓ Insects were among the first creatures to invade the arid environment,



**Some** species of beetle that is native to thein Namib Desert in southern Africa. This is one of the most arid areas of the world is able to survive by collecting water on its bumpy back surface from early morning fogs.

#### ✓ Insects were the first animals to use flight as an escape from predators,



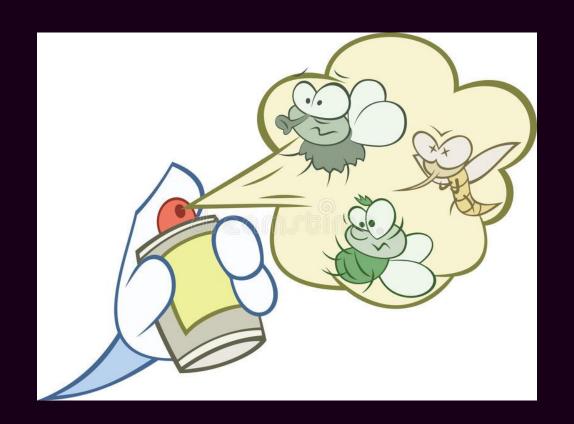
✓ Insects were the first organisms to develop a complex social life with division of labor and cooperative care of the young.







✓ The most remarkable example of insect adaptation is the development of resistance to a wide range of chemical and biological insecticides





## Thank You