

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY RAIL OPPORTUNITIES

Improving Mobility in Miami-Dade County





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May 5, 2015

The Honorable Carlos A. Gimenez Mayor of Miami-Dade County Office of the Mayor 111 NW 1st Street Miami, FL 33128

Commissioner Esteban L. Bovo, Jr., Chair Transit and Mobility Services Committee 111 NW 1st Street Miami, FL 33128

Subject:

Miami-Dade County Rail Opportunities

Dear Mayor Gimenez and Commissioner Bovo:

On behalf of the South Florida Regional Transportation Authority (SFRTA), I am pleased to present the enclosed "Miami-Dade County Rail Opportunities" plan for your consideration.

Miami-Dade County is a rapidly growing and vibrant County. Your economy drives the growth of South Florida. SFRTA shares your belief that the population and economic growth of Miami-Dade County will continue in the next 30 years.

Because of this current and future growth, Miami-Dade County needs targeted, strategic transportation investments to help reach your full economic potential.

The Rail Opportunities profiled in this document provide a menu of future rail investments that can be tailored to the County's specific mobility needs. The suggestions in the plan include your choice of commuter rail, diesel multiple unit, and light rail options. Additional information can be developed for selected projects.

SFRTA hopes these suggestions will be helpful, and looks forward to working with you to make the best choices a reality.

Sincerely,

Executive Director

Enclosure:

SFRTA Miami-Dade County Rail Opportunities

cc:

SFRTA Board of Directors

Gus Pego, Secretary, FDOT District 6

Jesus Guerra, Interim Executive Director, Miami-Dade MPO

Ysela Llort, Director, Miami Dade Transit

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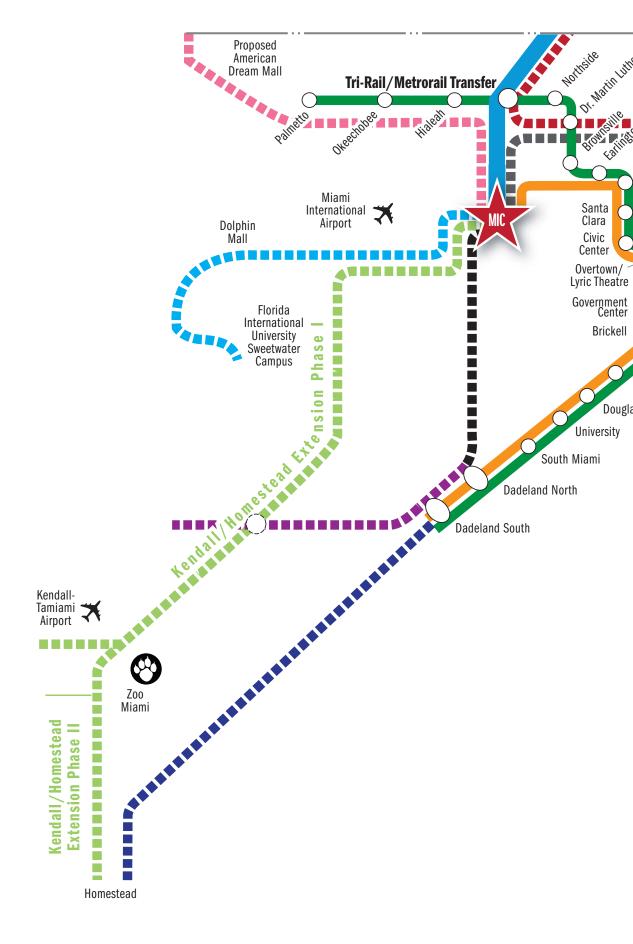
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BROWARD COUNTY MIAMI-DADE COUNTY Allapattah = Midtown **MiamiCentral** PortMiami Vizcaya School Board Adreinne Arsht Center Coconut Grove s Road Museum Park Eleventh Street Freedom Tower College/Bayside First Street Government Center Bayfront Park Miami Fifth Street Eighth Street Tenth Street Brickell

Financial District

Metromover

Metrorail Orange Line

Metrorail Green Line

All Aboard Florida (FEC)

Tri-Rail Downtown

Miami Link

Aventura Link

■ ■ MIA/PortMiami Extension

Existing Rail Transit Facilities

Tri-Rail

Metrorail Orange Line

Metrorail Green Line

Metromover

Miami Intermodal Center

Existing Transit Station

Proposed Rail Transit Facilities

MiamiCentral

(Future Transit Station

Tri-Rail Downtown Miami Link

All Aboard Florida (FEC)

Dolphin/East-West Extension (CSX)

■ ■ ■ Kendall/Homestead Extension

Aventura Link

US 1 Extension (FDOT)

■■■ Ludlam Corridor (FEC)

■■■ MIA/PortMiami Extension

Kendall Link

Okeechobee Link



Introduction



Goal of the Miami-Dade Rail Opportunities Plan

The goal of the Miami-Dade Rail
Opportunities plan is to provide a
menu of mobility options that can
help Miami-Dade County achieve its
future growth. Leaders can choose
which commuter rail, diesel multiple
unit (DMU), or light rail mobility
options will work best for MiamiDade County. SFRTA looks forward
to working with Miami-Dade County
leaders to make these ideas a reality.

SFRTA History

The South Florida Regional Transportation Authority (SFRTA) was created on July 1, 2003, when legislation passed by the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives and signed by Governor Jeb Bush transformed the Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority (Tri-Rail) into SFRTA. Tri-rail began operations in 1989.

SFRTA Mission

The SFRTA, with cooperation from our transportation partners, works diligently to plan, develop, fund and operate a seamless, safe and efficient regional transportation system. A regional transportation system in South Florida will ensure mobility, advance sustainable growth and improve the quality of life for our current and future residents.

SFRTA Governance

The SFRTA is led by a Governing Board, consisting of ten members: one County Commissioner from each county (three appointments); one citizen appointee from each county commission (three appointments); a Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT)-District Secretary (one appointment); and one governor's appointee from each of the three counties (three appointments).



SFRTA Operations

The SFRTA operates Tri-Rail in Palm Beach, Broward, and Miami-Dade counties, serving 18 stations from Mangonia Park to the Miami International Airport. SFRTA is proud of the quality of its work, and has successfully completed its 2015, 2012, and 2009 Federal Transit Administration Triennial Reviews with zero findings.

SFRTA Dispatch and Maintenance

In order to minimize passenger delays and more efficiently maintain the corridor, SFRTA recently achieved a long standing goal, and assumed responsibility for dispatch and maintenance for the South Florida Rail Corridor.





Proposed Technologies

COMMUTER RAIL





Vehicle Cost: \$5-\$9 million

Capital Cost/mile: \$8-\$15 million

Service Life: 30 Years

Power Source: Diesel/Biodiesel

Capacity: 100-150 seats per train car

Service Distance: 20-80 miles

Service Type: Regional, Intra-urban

Right-of-Way: Rail corridor (exclusive

or existing)

DIESEL MULTIPLE UNIT (DMU)



LIGHT RAIL





Vehicle Cost: \$4-\$8 million

Capital Cost/mile: \$8-\$15 million

Service Life: 30 Years

Power Source: Diesel

Capacity: 60-185 seats per train car

Service Distance: 20-80 miles or less

Service Type: Regional, Intra-urban

Right-of-Way: Rail corridor (exclusive

or existing)

Vehicle Cost: \$2+ million

Capital Cost/mile: \$25-\$30 million

Service Life: 30 Years

Power Source: Electric (overhead)

Capacity: 30-90 seats

Service Distance: 5-20 miles

Service Type: Regional, Urban

Right-of-Way: separate right-of-way (typically on center or side of streets)

or mixed traffic.

Proposed Corridors:

- ♦ Tri-Rail Downtown Miami Link
- ♦ Tri-Rail Aventura Link
- ♦ Tri-Rail Fort Lauderdale Airport Link
- ♦ Dolphin/East-West Extension
- ♦ Okeechobee Link
- Miami Intermodal Airport/ PortMiami Extension
- ♦ Kendall/Homestead Extension

Proposed Corridors:

- ♦ Dolphin/East-West Extension
- ♦ Kendall/Homestead Extension

Proposed Corridors:

- ♦ Ludlam Corridor
- ♦ US-1 Extension
- ♦ Kendall Link

Sources: SFRTA and Jacobs/Carter Burgess Transit Guide

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY RAIL OPPORTUNITIES

SUMMARY OF PROJECTS



MODE	PROJECT	REGION	TIME-FRAME	CAPITAL COST	OPERATING COST	PAGE
	Tri-Rail Downtown Miami Link	Countywide	Short-term	\$68.9 M	TBD	1
	Miami River – Miami Intermodal Center Capacity Improvement Project	Central	Short-term	\$26.9 to \$50.3 M Depending on Alternative	N/A	3
	Midtown Miami Station	Northeastern	Short-term	\$15 M	\$150,000 anually	5
	Tri-Rail Aventura Link	Northeastern	Mid-term	\$119 M	\$8 M anually	6
	Dolphin/East-West Extension	Western	Mid-term	\$150 to \$190 M	\$5 M annually	7
	Okeechobee Link	Western	Long-term	\$325 M	TBD	8
	Kendall/Homestead Extension	Southwestern	Mid-term	\$300 M	\$15 M annually	9
	Kendall Link	Southwestern	Mid-term	\$275 M	TBD	10
	US-1 Extension	Southwestern	Mid-term	\$500 M	TBD	11
	Ludlam Corridor	Central	Mid-term	\$300 M	TBD	13
	Miami International Airport/ PortMiami Extension	Central	Mid-term	\$25 M	TBD	14

Notes:

♦ Short-term: less than three years

♦ Mid-term: three to six years

♦ Long-term: more than six years



ri-Rail Downtown Miami Link is an exciting opportunity to extend current Tri-Rail service to downtown Miami as early as December 2016. New service is possible by leveraging All Aboard Florida's (AAF's) private rail and station investment to create "MiamiCentral."

Public Private Partnership

To leverage this private investment in Downtown Miami, the public is being asked to participate in the incremental construction costs for the MiamiCentral Station and new rail infrastructure to support the Tri-Rail Downtown Miami Link.

Fast-Track Implementation

"MiamiCentral" will serve as downtown Miami's multimodal hub, providing connections to AAF, Tri-Rail, the existing Miami-Dade County bus system, Metrorail, and Metromover. Commuter service could begin as early as December 2016, or when MiamiCentral opens and AAF becomes operational, with a day one ridership estimate of 2,000 per day.

Once in a Lifetime Opportunity



KEY FACTS

FEC RAILWAY

Ownership

8

Corridor Length (miles)

8

Average Station Spacing (miles)

1

Number of Potential New Stations

19

Number of Grade Crossings

40/120

Headways (minutes)

18

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$68.9 M

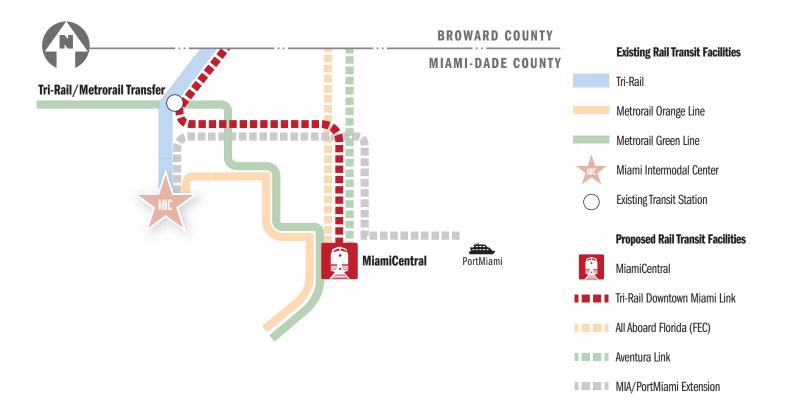
Estimated Cost

AS EARLY AS DECEMBER 2016

Opening Date









urrently, Tri-Rail traverses the Miami River on a single track bridge resulting in a critical capacity constraint. The Miami River – Miami Intermodal Center Capacity Improvement (MR-MICCI) project will add rail capacity across the Miami River and the last 1.25 miles of the South Florida Rail Corridor (SFRC) to greatly improve access and connectivity to the Miami Intermodal Center (MIC).

With extensive coordination among partner agencies, the MR-MICCI will evaluate the addition of a second main line railroad track, a new bridge across the Miami River, and signal upgrades, which will improve SFRC capacity for Tri-Rail, freight trains, and the extension of Amtrak intercity rail service to the MIC and improved connections between rail and air travel. Furthermore, the Hialeah Market Tri-Rail station will be enhanced with a new center platform and new continuous canopies for existing passenger shelters.

Included in the Miami-Dade MPO's 2040 Long-Range Transportation Plan and the MR-MICCI will:

- ♦ Improve Tri-Rail travel time and schedule adherence.
- ♦ Improve connectivity to MIA and associated employment centers.
- Improve passenger access to the MIC and its numerous transit connections.
- Relieve potential bottlenecks for Tri-Rail, Amtrak, and freight services.



KEY FACTS

STATE OF FLORIDA

Ownership

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL PHASE

Current Project Status

\$26.9-\$50.3M (DEPENDING ON ALTERNATIVE)

Estimated Capital Cost (Right of way costs included)

2019

Opening Date

Sources: SFRTA, MR-MICCI website [www.mrmicci.com/index.html]





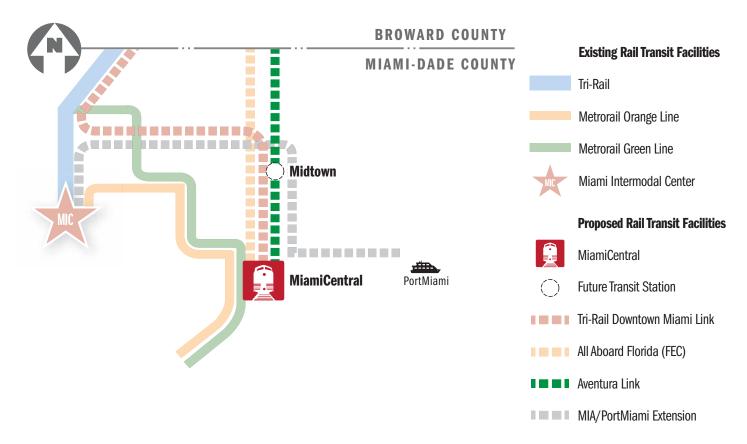
he Midtown, Design District, and Wynwood areas of the City of Miami have experienced tremendous growth and transformational change in recent years. These dynamic communities are now places to live, work, and play.

The proposed Downtown Miami Link route on the Florida East Coast (FEC) railway corridor runs along these communities. The community has always envisioned the area between NE 36th and NE 29th Streets as

an attractive location for a new commuter rail station. When the Tri-Rail Downtown Miami Link service begins, a new Tri-Rail station could fit seamlessly into the community, with little or no public land acquisition.

Tri-Rail travel time between the new station and Downtown Miami will only be 7 minutes. Direct fast service to points north in Broward and Palm Beach counties will also become possible in the future.





KEY FACTS

FEC RAILWAY Ownership PRE-PROJECT DEVELOPMENT
Current Project Status

TBD

Opening Date

Travel Time to Downtown Miami (minutes)

\$15 MEstimated Cost

Sources: SFRTA, FDOT TRCL



ortheastern Miami-Dade
County currently experiences
significant roadway
congestion and has limited rapid
transit options. Fortunately, the
historic Florida East Coast (FEC)
Railway corridor runs through the
heart of northeastern Miami-Dade,
allowing the opportunity for a new
and transformational transit option
known as the Tri-Rail Aventura Link.

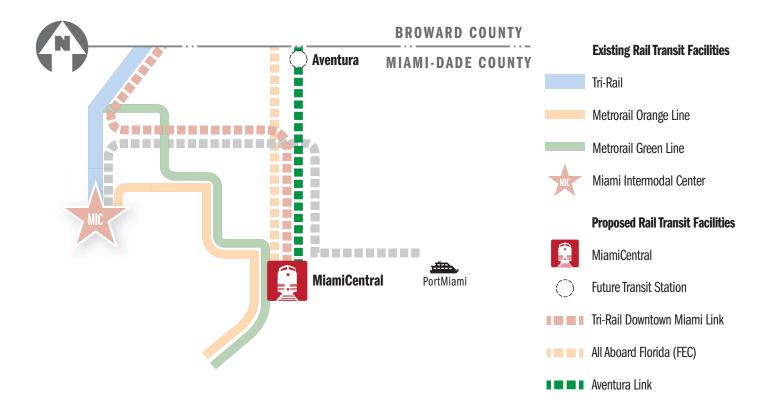
The Tri-Rail Aventura Link can provide a convenient and cost-

effective new commuter rail service in northeastern Miami-Dade by leveraging investments in All Aboard Florida and Tri-Rail Downtown Miami Link service. The project has the additional benefit of serving one of the original People's Transportation Plan (PTP) corridors.

Travel time between Aventura and Downtown Miami would be less than 30 minutes, which is far faster than peak-hour travel times on the highway network and existing transit services.

Communities Served

- ♦ Communities Served
- Midtown/Design District/ Wynwood
- ♦ City of Miami Upper Eastside
- ♦ North Miami
- ♦ North Miami Beach
- ♦ Aventura



KEY FACTS

FEC RAILWAY

Ownership

13

Corridor Length (miles)

2.6

Average Station Spacing (miles)

5

Number of Potential New Stations

26

Number of Grade Crossings

20/30/60

Headways (minutes)

29

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$119 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

Opening Date

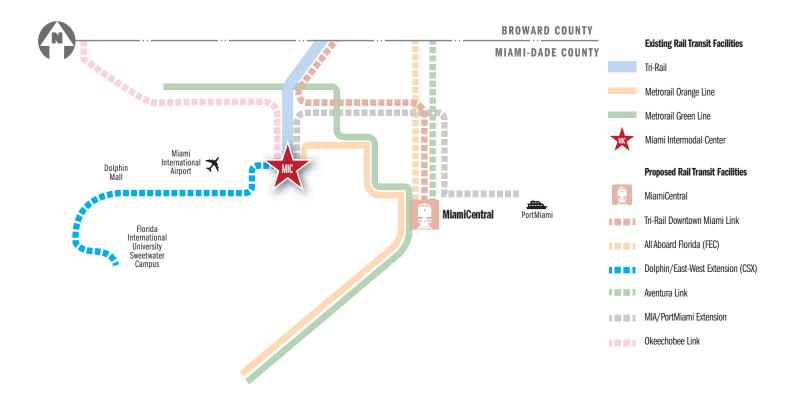
Sources: SFRTA, FDOT TRCL



he Dolphin Expressway
(SR 836) is the heaviest
traveled east-west highway
in South Florida, connecting major
employment centers, shopping
destinations, educational facilities,
and large western residential areas.

Frequent congestion and travel delays are experienced on SR 836. Fortunately, an existing rail corridor runs immediately parallel to the Dolphin Expressway and connects with the new Miami Intermodal Center (MIC), allowing for the development of a much needed transit alternative.

Dolphin/East-West Extension would utilize commuter rail or diesel multiple unit (DMU) vehicles to provide a new mobility option between western Miami-Dade County and the Miami Intermodal Center. Travelers could then connect to the new Orange Line Metrorail service to reach Downtown Miami and the Civic Center/Health District.



KEY FACTS

STATE OF FLORIDA AND CSX

Ownership

9 (TO TURNPIKE) 11 (TO FIU)

Corridor Length (miles)

2

Average Station Spacing (miles)

6

Number of Potential New Stations

12

Number of Grade Crossings

20/30/60

Headways (minutes)

15

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$150 to \$190 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

Opening Date



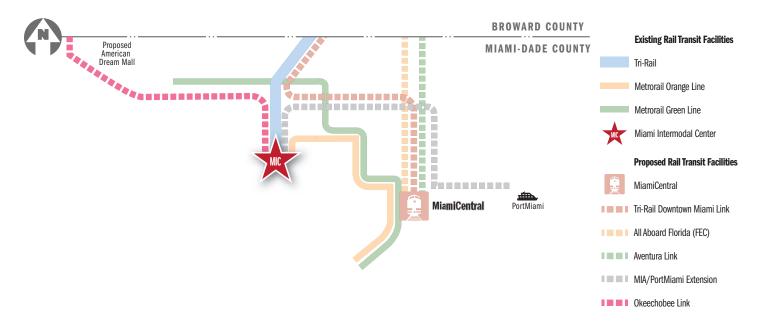
eveloper Triple Five has announced plans to construct a new entertainment destination to Northwest Miami-Dade County: American Dream Miami. This megamall will be the largest mall in the United States and will include hundreds of stores, a theme park, indoor ski slope, and a sea lion habitat. It is estimated that the megamall will cost \$4 billion to complete and create 25,000 construction jobs, and as many permanent jobs.

The proposed American Dream mall is planned to be built in Miami Lakes, at the intersection of the Florida

Turnpike and I-75. Planned IRIS connection improvements create an opportunity for a new Tri-Rail service to the American Dream mall to serve its 25,000 new employees.

The Okeechobee Link would connect the mall to the Miami Intermodal Center at Miami International Airport, serving the travel and tourism market.





KEY FACTS

FCC RAILWAY

Ownership

9.5

Corridor Length (miles)

TBD

Average Station Spacing (miles)

3

Number of Potential New Stations

TBD

Number of Grade Crossings

TBD

Headways (minutes)

BD

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$325 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

Opening Date



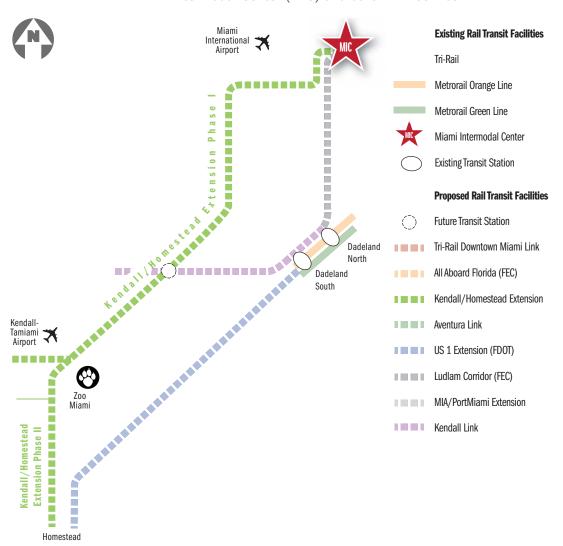
endall experienced massive growth in recent decades. Severe roadway congestion plagues the area, with most residents enduring long commutes to the region's major employment centers. This situation causes

financial hardship for commuters and negatively impacts the Kendall area's quality of life.

The Kendall/Homestead Extension provides a needed new travel option by connecting Kendall to the Miami Intermodal Center (MIC) and other

premium transit services.

New Kendall Corridor service would utilize existing rail rights of way (some of which are already in state ownership) for cost-effective diesel multiple unit (DMU) or commuter rail service.



KEY FACTS

STATE OF FLORIDA AND CSX Ownership

16 (TO ZOO MIAMI) 29 (TO HOMESTEAD) Corridor Length (miles)

Number of Potential New Stations

2.2

Average Station Spacing (miles)

34

Number of Grade Crossings

20/30/60

Headways (minutes)

30

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

300 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

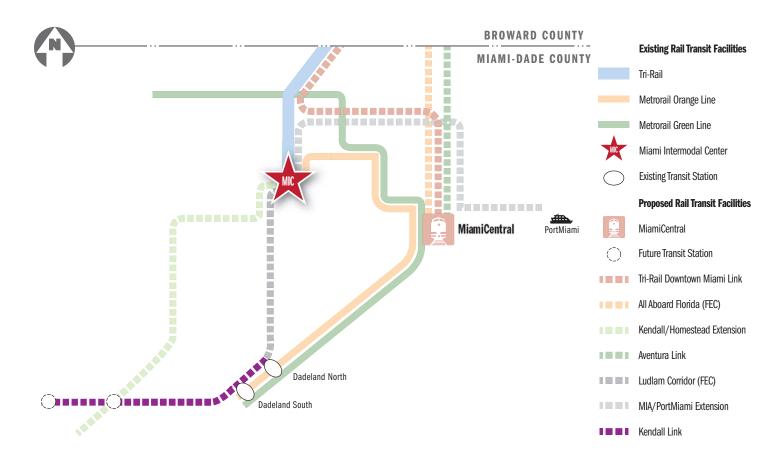
Opening Date



ew premium transit services are needed to provide relief from Kendall's severe traffic congestion. The Kendall Link, a new light rail or DMU service along the Kendall Drive, can be an effective solution to the area's mobility challenges.

The Kendall Link would extend west along the Kendall Drive corridor from Dadeland, connecting to existing Metrorail service and serving the Dadeland area, Baptist Hospital and numerous residential communities.

Cost-effective, phased implementation could occur by extending first to the Don Shula Expressway (SR 874) and CSX corridor, then later past Florida's Turnpike. Connections are also envisioned with transit service on the Kendall/Homestead Extension and Ludlam Corridor.



KEY FACTS

STATE OF FLORIDA

Ownership

3 (TO DON SHULA & CSX), 5.5 (TO TURNPIKES)

Corridor Length (miles)

Average Station Spacing (miles)

Number of Potential New Stations

Number of Grade Crossings

Headways (minutes)

8 (TO DON SHULA & CSX), 15 (TO TURNPIKE)

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$150 M (TO DON SHULA & CSX), \$175 M (TO TURNPIKES)

Estimated Cost

TBD

Opening Date

Sources: SFRTA, Miami-Dade MPO



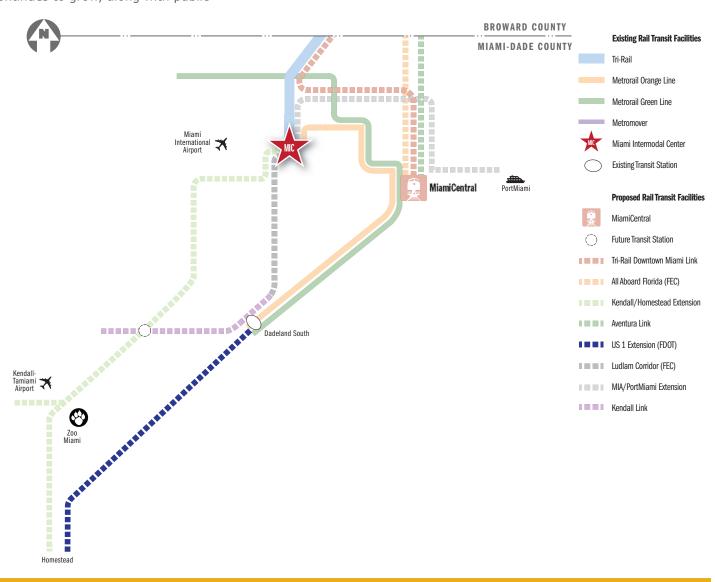


he South Dade Busway, which was built on the former FEC Railway right-of-way, was designed to allow for potential future rail expansion. The population of southern Miami-Dade County continues to grow, along with public

desire for new premium transit options that are not part of highway expansion projects.

The US-1 Extension would bring new rail service from Dadeland area to Homestead and Kendall. The

expansion of rail service could be done as light rail or DMU service connecting to other initiatives such as the Kendall/Homestead Extension and Ludlum Corridors.



KEY FACTS

FDOT

Ownership

Corridor Length (miles)

Average Station Spacing (miles)

Number of Potential New Stations

TBD

Number of Grade Crossings

Headways (minutes)

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$500 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

Opening Date



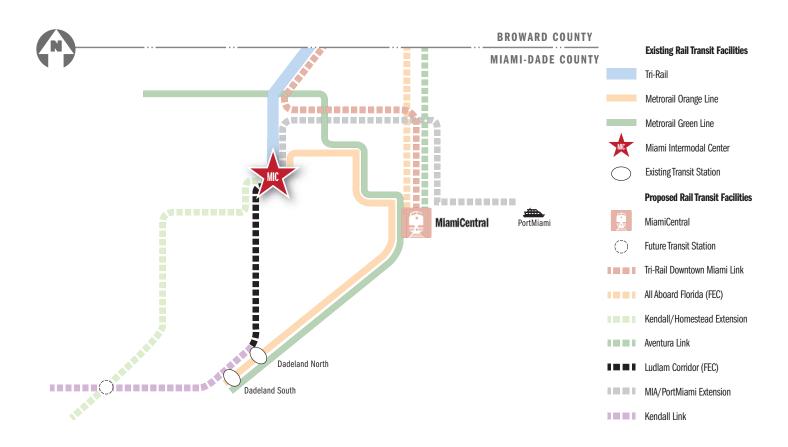




he Ludlam Corridor is an inactive railroad corridor owned by the Florida East Coast (FEC) railway that links two of the region's busiest activity centers - Miami International Airport (MIA) and Dadeland.

The corridor also connects to the South Florida Rail Corridor and the new Miami Intermodal Center (MIC). This could allow for a potentially quick, easy, and attractive extension of light rail service.

Light rail or DMU service could share the corridor with the new bicycle & pedestrian trail desired by the community. Analysis by the Miami-Dade MPO has demonstrated that both a trail and transit can effectively fit in the corridor, which is generally 100 feet in width.



KEY FACTS

STATE OF FLORIDA AND FEC

Ownership

Corridor Length (miles)

Number of Potential New Stations

Average Station Spacing (miles)

22

Number of Grade Crossings

20/30/60

Headways (minutes)

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$300 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

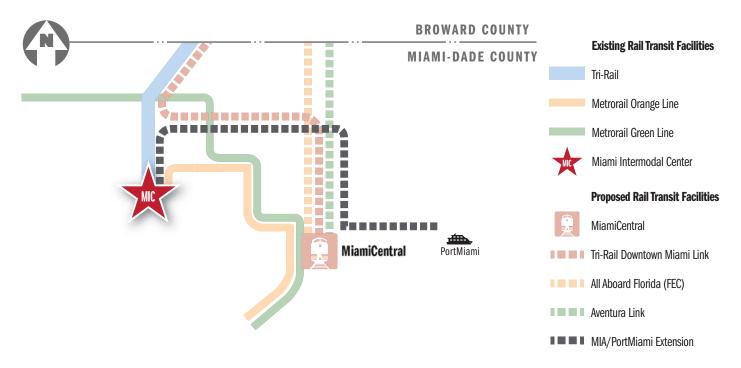
Opening Date

Source: SFRTA, Miami-Dade MPO



his concept would provide strategic Tri-Rail service during high travel demand periods (usually weekends) between the new Miami Intermodal Center (MIC) at Miami international Airport (MIA) and PortMiami. Using the new MIC Central Station, South Florida Rail Corridor (SFRC), and Florida East Coast Railway (FEC) tracks, the service would provide a new congestion free route to cruise ship departure and arrivals at PortMiami. This off-peak service would result in minimal new infrastructure being required.





KEY FACTS

STATE OF FLORIDA AND FEC

Ownership

Corridor Length (miles)

1 OR 2

Number of Potential New Stations

Average Station Spacing (miles)

37

Number of Grade Crossings

N/A, SPECIAL SERVICE

Headways (minutes)

One-way Travel Time (minutes)

\$25 M

Estimated Cost

TBD

Opening Date



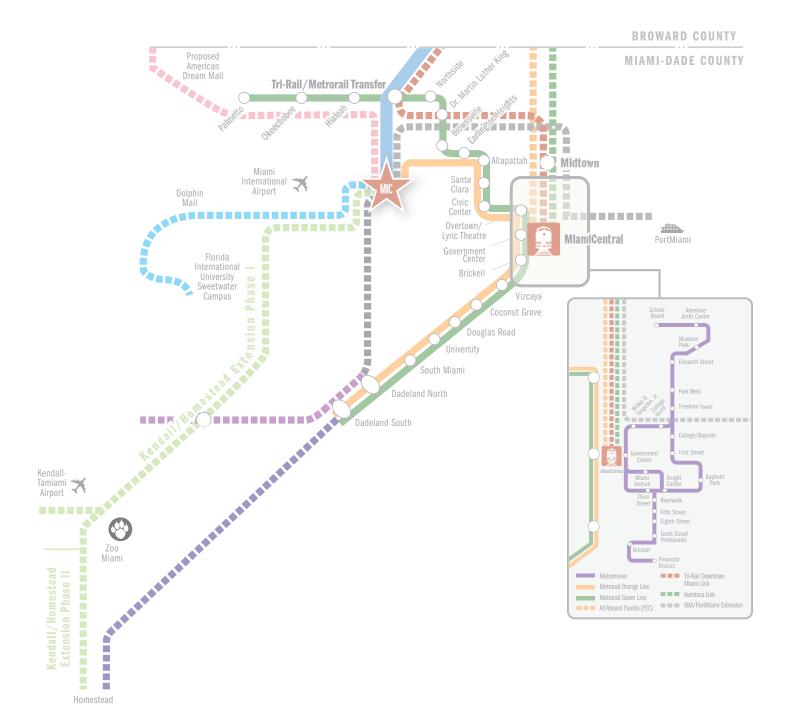




PRODUCED BY THE SFRTA

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT





April 2015

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY
RAIL OPPORTUNITIES
Improving Mobility in Miami-Dade County