

#61

DFO - Library / MPO - Bibliothèque



12038893

Canadian Special Publication of Fisheries
and Aquatic Sciences 61

Catalogue of the Living Bivalvia of the Eastern Pacific Ocean: Bering Strait to Cape Horn

F.R. Bernard

Fisheries & Oceans
LIBRARY

JUL 16 1987

BIBLIOTHÈQUE
Pêches & Océans



QL

626

e314

#61

C30.1

CANADIAN SPECIAL PUBLICATION OF FISHERIES AND AQUATIC
SCIENCES 61

**Catalogue of the Living Bivalvia
of the Eastern Pacific Ocean:
Bering Strait to Cape Horn**

F. R. BERNARD

*Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Pacific Biological Station
Nanaimo, British Columbia
Canada V9R 5K6*

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES AND OCEANS
Ottawa 1983

Published by

Publié par



Government of Canada
Fisheries and Oceans

Gouvernement du Canada
Pêches et Océans

Scientific Information
and Publications Branch

Direction de l'information
et des publications scientifiques

Ottawa K1A 0E6

©Minister of Supply and Services Canada 1983
Available from authorized bookstore agents and
other bookstores,
or you may send your prepaid order to the
Canadian Government Publishing Centre,
Supply and Services Canada, Hull, Que. K1A 0S9.

Make cheques or money orders payable in
Canadian funds
to the Receiver General for Canada.

A deposit copy of this publication is also available
for reference in public libraries across Canada.

Canada: \$8.00 Catalog No. Fs 41-31/61E
Other countries: \$9.60 ISBN 0-660-11270-1
ISSN 0706-6481

Price subject to change without notice
Ottawa

Printed in Canada
by

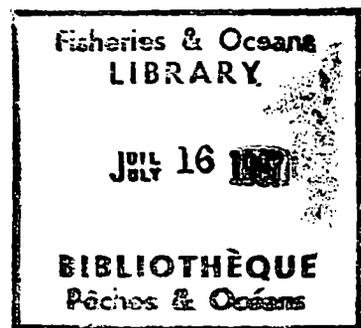
Love Printing Services Ltd.
Ottawa, Ontario

Correct citation for this publication:

BERNARD, F.R. 1983. Catalogue of the living Bivalvia of the eastern
Pacific Ocean: Bering Strait to Cape Horn. Can. Spec. Publ.
Fish. Aquat. Sci. 61:102 p.

*Map on page viii is reproduced with permission of the
Department of Energy, Mines and Resources.*

To D.B. Quayle





Contents

ABSTRACT/RÉSUMÉ	vii
INTRODUCTION	1
Format	1
Origin and classification of Bivalvia	2
Acknowledgments	5
Collections consulted	5
Abbreviations	5
OUTLINE OF CLASSIFICATION	7
SYSTEMATIC CATALOGUE	9
Notes	67
References cited	71
TAXONOMIC BIBLIOGRAPHY	73
INDEX	86



Abstract

BERNARD, F.R. 1983. Catalogue of the living Bivalvia of the eastern Pacific Ocean: Bering Strait to Cape Horn. Can. Spec. Publ. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 61:102 p.

This work consists of a systematic catalogue and primary bibliography of the living Bivalvia of the eastern Pacific Ocean from Bering Strait, Alaska (66°N) to Cape Horn, Tierra del Fuego (60°S). 1308 species from the high intertidal zone to deep waters extending approximately two thousand kilometers offshore are included, representing the total described fauna. Synonymies for each species and its distribution updated from the recent literature and museum and private collections, are given. Also presented are the thermal range and fossil occurrence in the region, abstracted from the literature and collections. The bibliography lists sources of primary descriptions and replacement names at the specific level only. New species are not proposed, though six replacement names and various changes of suprageneric categories are suggested.

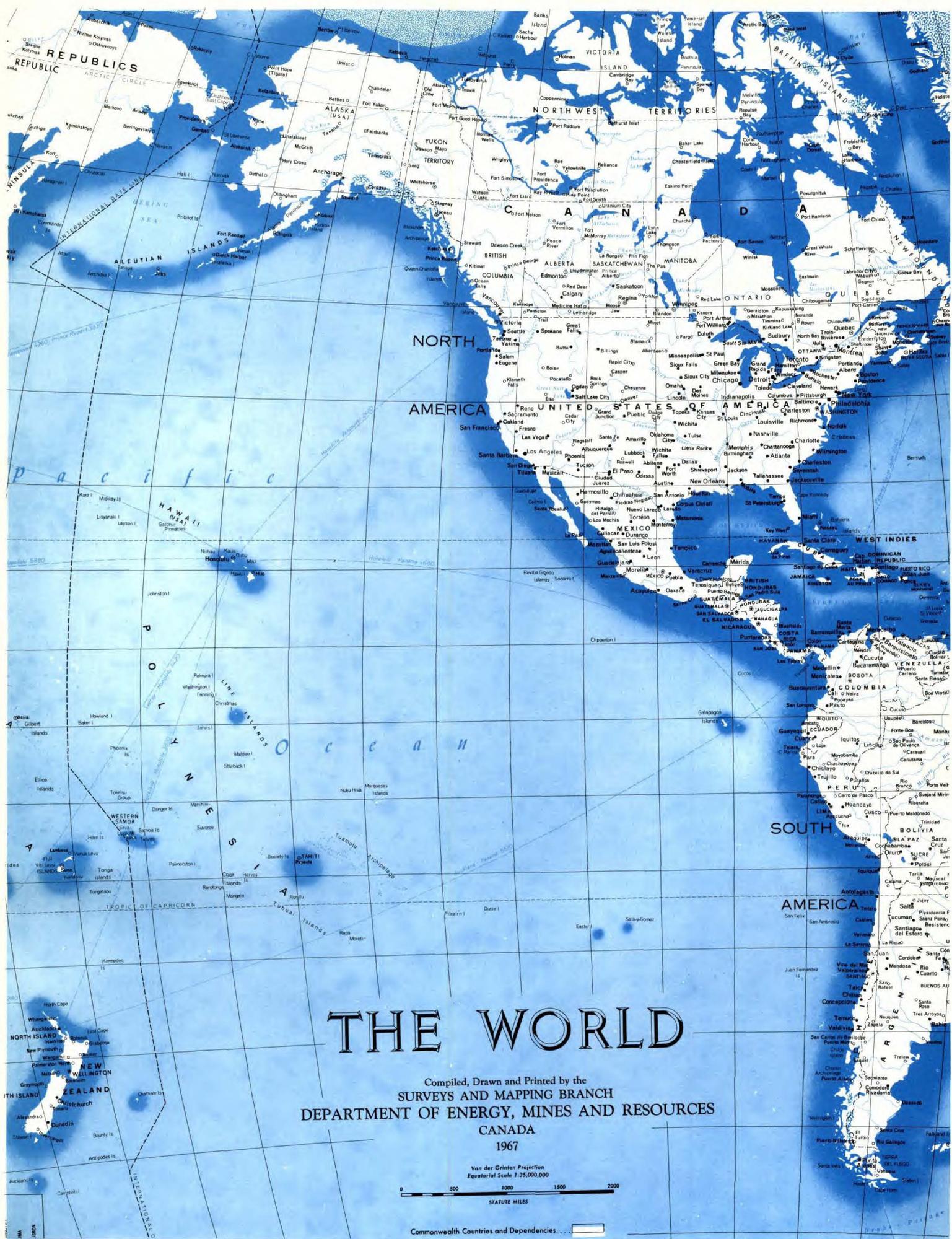
The following nomenclatural changes are proposed: *Anadara auricula* *nom. nov. pro Arca auriculata* Sowerby, 1833 not Lamarck; *Modiolus kurilensis* *nom. nov. pro Volsella difficilis* Kuroda and Habe 1950 not Deshayes; *Pecten berryi* *nom. nov. pro Pecten lunaris* Berry 1963 not Römer; *Petricola olssoni* *nom. nov. pro Petricola peruviana* Olsson, 1961 not Jay; *Semele clydosa* *nom. nov. pro Amphidesma punctatum* Sowerby 1833 not Say; Astartacea superfamily *nom. transl.*; Axinopsidinae subfamily *nov.*; Borniinae subfamily *nov.*; Crassatellacea superfamily *emend.*; Eryciniinae subfamily *nom. transl.*; Glycymeridacea superfamily *nov.*; Kelliinae subfamily *nov.*; Lasaeinae subfamily *nom. transl.*; Montacutinae subfamily *nom. transl.*; Mysellinae subfamily *nov.*; Orobittellinae subfamily *nov.*; Thecodontinae subfamily *nov.*; Thraciacea superfamily *nom. transl.*; Thyasirinae subfamily *nov.*

Résumé

BERNARD, F.R. 1983. Catalogue of the living Bivalvia of the eastern Pacific Ocean: Bering Strait to Cape Horn. Can. Spec. Publ. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 61:102 p.

La présente publication contient un catalogue systématique et une bibliographie de base des Bivalvia existants du Pacifique oriental, depuis le détroit de Béring, en Alaska (66°N), jusqu'au cap Horn, en Terre de Feu (60°S). Elle comprend 1 308 espèces réparties de la zone intertidale supérieure aux eaux profondes jusqu'à environ 2 000 km au large et représentant le total de la faune décrite à ce jour. On y donne, pour chaque espèce, les synonymes et la répartition mise à jour d'après les récentes publications et les collections de musées ou privées. Sont inclus également les extrêmes de température où se trouvent ces espèces, ainsi que l'incidence de fossiles dans la région, ici encore extraits de la littérature et des collections. Dans la bibliographie, on indique les sources de descriptions originelles et les noms de remplacement seulement au niveau spécifique. Aucune nouvelle espèce n'est proposée, bien six noms de remplacement et divers changements de catégories supragénériques soient suggérés.

Nous proposons les changements suivants dans la nomenclature : *Anadara auricula* *nom. nov. pro Arca auriculata* Sowerby, 1833, non pas Lamarck; *Modiolus kurilensis* *nom. nov. pro Volsella difficilis* Kuroda et Habe 1950, non Deshayes; *Pecten berryi* *nom. nov. pro Pecten lunaris* Berry 1963, non Römer; *Petricola olssoni* *nom. nov. pro Petricola peruviana* Olsson, 1961, non Jay; *Semele clydosa* *nom. nov. pro Amphidesma punctatum* Sowerby 1833, non Say; super-famille Astartacea *nom. transl.*; sous-famille Axinopsidinae *nov.*; sous-famille Borniinae *nov.*; super-famille Crassatellacea *emend.*; sous-famille Eryciniinae *nom. transl.*; super-famille Glycymeridacea *nov.*; sous-famille Kelliinae *nov.*; sous-famille Lasaeinae *nom. transl.*; sous-famille Montacutinae *nom. transl.*; sous-famille Mysellinae *nov.*; sous-famille Orobittellinae *nov.*; sous-famille Thecodontinae *nov.*; super-famille Thraciacea *nom. transl.*; sous-famille Thyasirinae *nov.*



THE WORLD

Compiled, Drawn and Printed by the
SURVEYS AND MAPPING BRANCH
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES
CANADA
1967

Van der Grinten Projection
Equatorial Scale 1:35,000,000

0 500 1000 1500 2000
STATUTE MILES

Commonwealth Countries and Dependencies

INTRODUCTION

No comprehensive inventory of the bivalve fauna of the entire eastern Pacific has appeared, and it is more than 44 years since A. M. Keen's *Check list and bibliography of the northwestern American marine Mollusca* (1937). The present catalogue was started over fifteen years ago to provide data for a re-interpretation of bivalve geography using new distributional data, segregated by depth to resolve effects of submergence of northern species at lower latitude, and submitted to computer techniques for analysis. This work is now in final preparation (Bernard & McKinnel MS), but it appeared useful for taxonomic workers to issue the data, and setting down in juxtaposition the northern and southern representatives of various groups may stimulate further study leading to monographic reviews.

I have attempted to include all binomina used regionally, though the early literature is replete with extralimital analogues. I have built on the important faunistic works of Carpenter (1872), Dall (1921), Keen (1937), and Burch (1944-46) for the northern fauna; Olsson (1961) and Keen (1971) for tropical America; and Carcelles & Williamson (1951) and Osorio & Bahamonde (1970) for the southern fauna. Other records were obtained by abstracting the literature and more than 5000 titles were searched. I have avoided mere lucubrations of published records, that so often repeat and perpetuate errors, and wherever possible type material was examined and collections consulted contemporaneous to writings of authors where original material is unavailable or lost. In some cases the total nomenclatural confusion makes determination of identity a matter of idle but not uninteresting speculation.

A critical review of each group is impossible on so large a scale and would result in several volumes of heroic proportions. I have let stand a number of incorrect generic usages, as these long-established errors require erection of new taxa for their correction. However, I have corrected homonyms and have merged a number of species. Doubtless, synonyms and other oversights have crept in. Besides such outright errors, two further difficulties will try the reader-pertinent literature may have been overlooked, and the lag in publication time will result in omission of newly described species. I apologise for these shortcomings and hope they will be brought to my attention for revision.

FORMAT

Suprageneric taxa are arranged to reflect current concepts of taxonomic relationships, combining stratigraphic, anatomical, shell ultrastructure and other criteria with the classic shell morphology. A brief overview of the present status of the systematics of the higher taxa is given below. Bibliographic references for the supraspecific taxa are not cited, where they are available in the *Treatise on Invertebrate Paleontology* (Moore 1969), and do not require repetition, but references to authors of names which appeared after 1969, are included. Authorities for corrections of names and

changes in concepts or status are given, but do not appear in the bibliography.

Genera and subgenera are arranged alphabetically. I have avoided listing the nominate genus directly following the family or subfamily entry as done in the '*Treatise*', as this merely reflects chronology and is often disruptive of the current view of natural relationships, which are constantly changing as more information accumulates.

Each species comprises a separate entry, with the current binomen in heavy type. The original combination and full bibliographic reference follows for the species and its junior synonyms, arranged chronologically, the status indicated, where necessary, with abbreviated latin terms. Distribution outside the area of concern is briefly indicated. Occurrence in the Clipperton, Cocos, or Galapagos Islands fauna is noted, as there appear to be features distinct from the continental shelf biota, notably the presence of a few endemic taxa and those species with Indo-Pacific affinities. The final line of each entry includes the geographic range to nearest degree of latitude and the mid-point of geographical distribution. The bathymetric range is in meters, and may differ from previously published records as I have not cited depths based on dead and probably displaced material. Thermal ranges are followed by the oldest paleontological occurrence on the American continent. Extralimital or incorrect binomina which have become embedded in the literature are presented in smaller type. Departures from current systematic arrangement and proposals of replacement names are annotated by a numbered entry appearing at the end of the catalogue section.

It is an irritant to the non-taxonomist to be faced with changes of familiar names; however, it is unavoidable to eventual stability and universality. All genus taxa were checked with Neave (1939-75), and the specific names with Sherborn (1902-33), and the useful compilation by Ruhoff (1980) bridging the period between Sherborn and the start of the *Zoological Record*. Contemporary taxonomy has largely disregarded the typological concept of the species in favor of emphasis on infraspecific variability. Following this I do not use the subspecific designation, as the majority of wide-ranging species are expected to yield several subspecies.

Formal taxonomic citation requires only the binomen (genus and species), however, the original author and publication date are usually appended. The addition of pagination, references to illustrations, addition of the author or editor of the work in which the description appeared, citation of the authority for change of genus, etc, is merely book-keeping with no formal taxonomic status. I have, generally, followed the *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules* (Gorman & Winkler 1978) when citing authorities' names. The prefix *Du, de, von*, etc is not included (*Orbigny* not *d'Orbigny*; *Blainville* not *Ducrotay de Blainville*). Technically this is acceptable only when the prefix follows the first name, in other cases the name should be quoted in full (*Megerle von Mühlfeld*), but as no doubt arises, and considerable space is saved, I have followed the informal European usage among peers (*Megerle*).

Geographic ranges were obtained by computer processing records compiled by one degree blocks of the coastline segregated in several depth categories. All end points were confirmed by examination of material: in the few situations where this was not possible, the literature records were accepted only if there is only a small possibility of error of identification. Even so, terminal ranges may frequently be collecting artifacts, rather than true end points, though the records from the central American region are fairly reliable thanks to good coverage in the Los Angeles County Museum, the Allan Hancock Foundation and the Stanford (now in the California Academy of Science) collections. The situation is less stable in the poorly collected Bering Sea and the Chilean fauna.

The median latitude, the arithmetic mean of the north and south limits of distribution, may be a useful comparative index. Schenck & Keen (1936) proposed a faunistic analysis based on mid-points on the assumption that 'provinces' are indicated by clustering of mid-points at their centre. It is now accepted that centres of distribution do not necessarily coincide with the geographical centre (Newell 1948). The value of end-point analysis is not as much a pioneer attempt to use objective criteria for biogeographic province delimitation, as a tool for comparing faunas, particularly Pleistocene assemblages (Schenck & Keen 1940, largely repeated by Schenck 1945), when bathymetrical and ecological conditions are taken into account. The use of mid-point analysis and correction factors for extant faunal displacement, will be fully discussed in a forthcoming paper (Bernard & McKinnell MS).

The temperature range given for each species is an attempt to supply another index useful for estimating paleotemperatures of Pleistocene bivalve faunas. The shown values were generated by computer from data entered by depth. The calculated value is the mean of the closest adjoining records, ignoring sharp thermoclines or micro-regional climates, so at best it is a compromise, subject to revision as more precise data become available. Data were obtained from Love (1971, 1972a, b, 1973), Gorshov (1974), Muromtsev (1963), Stevenson *et al.* (1970), Kuksa (1978) and the U.S. Department of Commerce (1970). Averaging the temperatures of the species occurring probably will not yield a defendable estimate of temperature, but the proportion of thermophilic or cryophilic species will indicate the minimal temperature range.

The geological range for each species is noted using standard Pacific coast provincial megafossil chronology and refers to the eastern Pacific only. Critical comparisons were made where possible between fossil and living material, particularly with fossils from the Atlantic and the northwestern Pacific Oceans. This brought to light the frequently diverging views of the species concept held by neontologists and their palaeontologist colleagues (Newell and Boyd 1978). Differentiating characters change over time, but morphological features used to cluster populations into species must be accorded comparable importance over space and time. If characters fall into the expected variability of the species, then temporal separation is insufficient to maintain specific status.

ORIGIN AND CLASSIFICATION OF BIVALVIA.

Various organisms with apparently bivalved exterior shells are known from the earliest fossil strata, but undoubted Bivalvia first appear in the Ordovician, already diversified into major groups from which all living forms can be derived (Pojeta 1971). The antiquity of these major lines has resulted in the proposal of subclasses, and even subphyla (Scarlato & Starobogatov 1978), for a group long thought to be more uniform than many other invertebrate phyla. Neveeskaya *et al.* (1971) recognised the underlying uniformity of the Bivalvia and used only superorders for primary divisions. However, increasing information on comparative anatomy, shell ultrastructure, systematic biochemistry, and palaeontology, require high-level taxa necessary to express diverse relationships of a group which may be less cohesive than suggested by superficial study.

Numerous classificatory schema have been proposed during the past two centuries, initially based solely on the shell, then on the soft anatomy or ecology. The growth and rationale of the various systems have been fully reviewed by Cox (1960) and again by Newell (1965), expanded and lightly revised by Newell *in* Moore (1969). As emphasis moved from conchology to malacology and attempts were made to draw in palaeontological data, it was soon evident that systems based on single characters were illogical and frequently contrary to obvious relationships. Recent efforts at classification attempt to acknowledge the entire spectrum of information, but as characters have evolved at different rates and complicated by convergence, mosaic evolution, and parallelism, evidence frequently is conflicting and cannot be accorded equal importance. This subjective weighing that is the ultimate task of the systematists and becomes more controversial and personal the higher the taxon. Furthermore, as the shell is the most accessible structure, and the only available one to the palaeontologist, ideally taxonomy should be workable at the conchological level.

Attempts to construct early phylogenies and origins for the Mollusca are an entertaining and harmless intellectual diversion, well summarised by Vagvolgyi (1967). There exists no comprehensive and persuasive theory of descent for the Bivalvia, but mention should be made of recent interesting speculations. Pojeta *et al.* (1972) advanced the view that rostroconchs, a heterogeneous group of fossils, variously assigned to the Arthropoda, Brachiopoda and Mollusca, in fact represent an extinct class of Mollusca, ancestral to the Bivalvia (Runnegar & Pojeta 1974). *Heraultipegma*, a Cambrian fossil of uncertain affinity is considered the earliest rostroconch by Pojeta & Runnegar (1976). Earlier, Pojeta *et al.* (1973) announced that *Fordilla*, hereto considered a Lower Cambrian arthropod (Müller 1975; Missarzhevskiy 1974), represented the earliest known Bivalvia. Finally, Runnegar (1978) derived the bivalved *Fordilla* from the saddle-like single valve of *Heraultipegma*. This controversial contention that rostroconchs are ancestral to Bivalvia, is, at best, conjectural, as rostroconchs never developed a true bivalve shell, ligament, or adductor muscles. An explanation is necessary to account for the absence of Bivalvia from the Middle Cambrian to the Ordovician if *Fordilla* is accepted as the first true Bivalvia. It may be more prudent to

follow Yochelson (1978) and consider *Fordilla* an early extinct molluscan experiment not related to the Bivalvia.

It is possible to develop a bivalved shell from a single shell as demonstrated by *Berthelinia* and other bivalved sacoglossan gastropods. But there is no necessity to derive Bivalvia from a calcified, limpet-like ancestor as suggested by Jackson (1891) and repeated by others. There are numerous difficulties in attempting to obtain two shells by flexure along the dorsal line and eventual separation of a single shell. More probably it originated from the superficial mucoid-proteinaceous layer present in a form similar to the worm-shaped aplacophores (Beedham & Turner 1968). In the hypothetical ancestral mollusca, and possibly in the earliest Bivalvia, the external surfaces may have consisted of a mantle covered by an organic integument with imbedded spicules, similar to those occurring in the periostracum of some Bivalvia (Carter & Allen 1975). As mode of life changed to soft-substrate infaunal existence, the calcareous valves may have originated as a protective adaptation or to satisfy the requirement for greater rigidity of the walls of the mantle cavity. It may also be speculated that the calcareous shell represents a neotenous feature originally developed as an adaptation to planktonic existence. Calcification probably occurred as two lateral patches and maintained the orientation of the covering integument. Gradual expansion of the calcified area was accompanied by development of the hinge followed by lateral rotation of the plates, development of the adductor muscles and eventual envelopment of the soft parts of the organism. This interpretation is supported by the fact that the ligament is not a decalcified, or modified portion of the shell, but originally represents hypertrophied periostracum (Waller 1978). Further support is provided by the observation that the initial larval shell originates from two bilateral centres of calcification occurring below a cuticle secreted by cells bordering the shell gland invagination (Kniprath 1979), forming a dumbbell-shaped sheet, with calcification proceeding outwards in all directions, including the future hinge-line (Waller 1981). The shell gland is the primordial mantle, and, as it extends after evagination, deposits of shell occur along the commissural margins.

It is frequently repeated that development of an enclosing mantle/shell, together with quasi-sedentary fossorial habits, led to loss of the head region. In fact the Bivalvia are as cephalised as their presumed turbellarian-like ancestors. There is no direct evidence that mucoid-ciliary or suspension feeding specializations involved disappearance of the radula and fore-gut, though retained by scaphopods with similar habits. It is my belief that on the basis of comparative anatomy and digestive physiology the Bivalvia evolved from an ancestral type distantly connected to other extant classes, lacking the radula and calcified shell. It is possible that considerable radiation of the class occurred prior to development of an adult shell, explaining the sudden appearance of the diverse groups of Bivalvia in the Ordovician.

This catalogue presents a conservative arrangement of the taxa, but several changes are proposed and I have used, where necessary, palaeontological evidence and have leaned heavily on the collected papers presented at the 1977 discussion "Evolutionary systematics of the bivalve molluscs"

organised by the Royal Society and the summation of prevailing Soviet view given by Scarlato and Starobogatov (1979). I summarise the views which led to my arrangement of taxa, together with arguments in the notes following the catalogue by section.

There is much evidence supporting the homogeneity of the subclass Protobranchia (Cox 1959, Owen 1959, Purchon 1959, Yonge 1959), but Newell (1965) thought that this grouping based primarily upon the common feature of the bipinnate gill was not defensible. Current published classifications divide the Protobranchia into two subclasses based on the presence or absence of taxodont dentition. The living taxodont protobranchs are probably derived from Ctenodontidae, differing only in the possession of a resilium. Though *Solemya* has existed since the Devonian, considering it a living representative of the Cryptodonta is highly conjectural, and Taylor *et al.* (1973) suggested the group may be descended from the actinodonts. The other doubtful protobranch group is the Nucinellidae, on anatomical evidence shown by Allen & Sanders (1969) to be close to *Solemya*, though Taylor *et al.* (1973) stated the shell to be closer to *Nuculana* than *Solemya*. I consider the Nucinellidae dating from the Jurassic, unrelated to the Permian Manzanellidae. The bipinnate gill, present in all the above taxa is strong evidence of affinity. It is an organ that is unlikely to have developed separately in two or more lineages, and, though the various groups have been independent since earliest time, many similarities in anatomy and shell morphology, point to a natural group.

Waller (1978) has provided the most comprehensive contribution to our understanding of the pteriomorphs, which he divided into three superorders of the subclass Autobranchia. I doubt the reality of this subclass, and prefer to arrange pteriomorphs as the subclass Pteriomorphia as it probably represents a monophyletic though much diversified group. The foliated calcite of the shells of living Pectinacea, Ostreacea, and Anomiacea evolved from prismatic calcite rather than nacreous aragonite (Waller 1975), thus separating this group from the obviously related Mytilacea, Pinnacea, and Pteriacea. Arcids are believed to be descended from cyrtodontids, though Morris (1967) felt the evidence was slender, the hypothesis is supported by Pojeta (1971). Newell (1954) published a phylogenetic diagram suggestive of descent from actinodont stock, an interpretation supported by the gradual shift of the hinge teeth of Mesozoic arcids from horizontal to vertical configuration, but appears to have abandoned the idea *in* Moore (1969) by favouring the cyrtodontid association. The correct interpretation is obscured by the very variable shell form, though the anatomy is markedly conservative (Thomas 1978). Taylor *et al.* (1969) noted that arcid shells differed from other pteriomorphs, and I follow Cox (1960) in according the group a separate order, but would not go as far as Waller (1978) who placed them in the emended superorder Prionodonta. The placement of the Philobryidae is still uncertain, but shell ultrastructure and ligament are arcoid (Waller 1978) so I place it as a family in the Arcacea. The genus *Glycymeris* is known from the Lower Cretaceous and Nicol (1950) thought that glycymerids probably descended from Jurassic cucullaceans as in the Cretaceous there existed representatives of glycymerids with

radial dentition. The small, and probably polyphyletic family Limopsidae is known from the Upper Triassic, and I would assign its oldest representative, *Hoferia* Bittner to the glycymerids, resulting in a supposed age of only Middle Jurassic. I consider, on the basis of stomach morphology and ecology, that the Limopsidae and Glycymerididae should be separated though roughly of the same age. I follow Habe (1977) in allocating only the limopsids to the superfamily Limopsacea, but do not agree with merging glycymerids at only the family level with the Arcacea and propose the superfamily Glycymeridacea.

The Mytilacea possess an outer shell layer distinct from all other bivalves (Oberling 1964), warranting separation at the order level in agreement with Waller (1978). The Mytiloidea probably represents a distinct lineage to the Ordovician Modiomorphidae (Cox 1960). The entirely different prismatic outer shell layer of the Pinnacea (Taylor *et al.* 1973) together with the anatomy, show this group should be removed from the mytilids and associated with the pteriids, I follow Waller (1978) and use the order Pterioidea as emended by him, including his new suborder Pinnina. The status of limids has been mutable, usually included as a superfamily near the Anomiacea, their monomyarian condition confusing the issue until authors showed that the condition arose independently several times in the Pteriomorphia. I again follow Waller (1978) and use his new order Limoida emended to include only the Limidae. According to Waller the Limoida are distantly related to, but more ancient than the true oysters, anomids and pectens. True oysters may have derived from pectinid-like Pseudomonotidae of the Triassic (Newell & Boyd 1970), but Waller (1978) considers their origin much earlier, and emended the Order Ostreoida to include the Plicatulacea, Dimyacea as well as the Ostreacea. Yonge (1975, 1977b) associated the Dimyidae with the Plicatulidae on the basis of ligamental structure and proposed the superfamily Plicatulacea. According to Waller (1978) scanning electron microscopy does not substantiate these conclusions and the taxa should not be merged in a common superfamily. The final superfamily in this taxon is the Anomiacea, a small group of curiously modified and specialised molluscs, including the bivalve 'limpet' *Enigmonia*. Yonge (1977a) reviewed the morphology and evolution of the group, reaching conclusions in agreement with Waller (1978), but segregated the Indo-Pacific *Placuna* together with the west American *Placunanomia* in a separate family.

The subclass Heterodonta first appeared in the Devonian and is certainly polyphyletic. It includes two living orders, The Veneroidea and the Myoidea, but as relationships are so poorly known, divisions are made at the superfamily level, though it is possible some groups deserve suborder or perhaps, ordinal, status. The Veneroidea comprises the largest and most diverse group of living Bivalvia, though derivable from a common ancestral actinidont stock, hinge and anatomical details support its division into at least three major groups, accorded subordinal rank by Korobkov (1954) and ordinal status by Neveeskaya *et al.* (1971). In my arrangement the superfamily Lucinacea is used for a well-defined group that has generally reverted to the presumed primitive anterior inhalant opening. The superfamily Carditacea con-

tains several families with little variability of shell ultrastructure (Taylor *et al.* 1973) and a basic common pattern of dentition; also included are the chamids, thought at one time to have descended from rudists, but now considered to arise from the Carditacea (Kennedy *et al.* 1970). The dentition of juvenile chamids is typically heterodont, but is replaced in the adult with large tubercles (Bernard 1976). The similarity of the Carditacea to the Crassatellacea was pointed out by Yonge (1969), but attributed to convergence by Boyd & Newell (1968), though, purely on the basis of the ligament, Yonge (1978) combined the Carditacea and Astartacea into the superfamily Crassatellacea. Boyd & Newell (1968) clearly demonstrated the distinction of the astartid and crassatellid lines in the Palaeozoic and that only recently have the two converged. I propose erection of the superfamily Astartellacea to include the extant astartids, which probably originated in the Lower Devonian through such forms as *Eodon* and *Prosocoelus* (Morris 1978), while crassatellaceans originated in the Permian.

The Tellinacea comprises one of the largest superfamilies with many members adapted to a wide variety of predominantly shallow water infaunal habitats. Davies (1935) suggested that Solenaceans may be descended from Cretaceous tellinids; however, shell ultrastructure has more in common with the mactrids. The superfamily Dreissenacea is included as shell valves are frequently encountered near river mouths, and though some species are definitely brackish water inhabitants, the group is essentially fresh water. Because of their mytilid appearance, relationships have been obscure, but shell structure is close to that of the Corbiculacea and transitional forms between the two have been identified (Morton 1970). The Veneracea may be derived from Devonian Carditacea (Morris 1967), or perhaps crassatellaceans (Stanley, 1968), and Yonge (1969) commented on the similarity between these and the Carditacea, however, all may be attributable to a common origin from the cyrtodontacea.

The order Myoidea probably represents a single phylogeny from at least the Carboniferous. There are several conchological characters common to the Ordovician pholadomyids, possibly attributable to convergence. The Myoidea can be divided into well-defined natural suborders, the nestling or infaunal Myoidea and the highly modified burrowing Pholadina.

The evolution and status of the subclass Anomalodesmata was reviewed by Runnegar (1974). It is a widespread group but sparsely distributed and contains some of the rarest Bivalvia. It arose in the Middle Ordovician (Pojeta 1971), and, while the Palaeozoic representatives were classed as primitive, later and living species are considered highly evolved. Though long distinct, there exist similarities to the Myoidea, attributable to convergence (Runnegar 1974). I follow accepted systematic arrangements for the group, but have proposed a new grouping for the so called 'septibranchs'.

The small group of carnivorous bivalves usually called septibranchs and presently included in the superfamily Poromyacea, has a dual origin. Yonge (1928) first expressed the view that they could be descended from protobranch

ancestors, and Purchon (1963) supported the hypothesis on the basis of stomach anatomy. Both these authors based their views on dissections of *Cuspidaria* and *Poromya* only. The observation that verticordiids are clearly related to *Lyonsia* and *Entodesma* led most authors to consider the septibranchs an evolutionary sequence from the typical eulamellibranch anomalodesmatans through verticordiids showing progressive reduction of the gill and stomach, to the 'perfected' condition in the entirely abranchiate cuspidariids and poromyids. Bernard (1974) examined the stomachs of several verticordiids, and the anatomys of other species were recorded by Allen & Turner (1974). It is evident the stomach is derived from the pholadomyan archetype and approximated the cuspidariid condition by convergence due to adaptation to carnivorous macropagous behavior. Bernard (1974) summarised the differences between verticordiids, cuspidariids, and poromyids and concluded the latter two are quite distinct from the former. This interpretation is supported by the conchological investigations of Taylor *et al.* (1973), who found the shell microstructure to be different. The paleontological record also supports separation, as the verticordiids only extend to the Pliocene, while cuspidariids are at least Triassic, and poromyids occur in the Cretaceous. It is concluded the Verticordiacea is a superfamily which represents a late adaptation of typical pandoraceans to carnivorous nutrition.

Cuspidariids, on the other hand, arose much earlier, probably from pholadomyan stock, before the Triassic as suggested by Cox (1960), possibly from the Permian Edmondiaacea. They form a cohesive group, all with seven siphonal tentacles and usually four pairs of septal ostia. The hinge is plastic, particularly in the presence of tubercles, and the insertion of the septal muscles is highly specific according to Knudsen (1967). The hinge and other features of poromyids are distinct (Yonge & Morton 1980) and support separation of the taxon at least at the superfamily level. It is conceivable that cuspidariids and poromyids did not originate from a stock with developed gills, but the septum developed in gill-less deposit-feeding Bivalvia with pallial structure similar to the Siliculidae or Pristiglomidae. The later are both protobranchs, but it is significant to note that the earliest extinct anomalodesmaceans were similar to, and classified with, the paleotaxodonts (Newell 1965). This may also account for some of the affinities of the two groups.

Though the lack of relationship between verticordiids, poromyids and cuspidariids is widely recognized (Neveskaya *et al.* 1971, Runnegar 1974, Bernard 1974, 1979, Salvini-Plawen 1980), adherents to the gradual gill hypotrophy from typical eulamellibranch to the gill-less condition, still exist and most recently supported by the work of Allen & Turner (1974) on verticordiid anatomy and Yonge & Morton (1980) on hinge structure. The question will only be satisfactorily resolved by comparative organogenic and embryological studies.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

A record of the many kindnesses I have received from colleagues over the years this catalogue has been in preparation would require a sizeable file and individual acknowledg-

ments substantially increase its length. I would, therefore, express my obligation and deep appreciation to all those who so freely helped, particularly those who obtained articles for me using cryptic and skeletal references. My appreciation is also extended to the curators and staff of the following institutions who permitted me to view their holdings and were most generous with assistance and advice.

I am indebted to the following colleagues for their critical reading of the manuscript: W. O. Addicott, W. C. Austin, E. V. Coan, D. Heppell, A. M. Keen, E. J. Moore, and D. B. Quayle. Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to the library staff of the Pacific Biological Station, for their cheerful attention to numerous loan requests, and to M. Palmer and her Unit for so carefully typing the manuscript.

COLLECTIONS CONSULTED

Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, Philadelphia.
Allan Hancock Foundation, University of Southern California, Los Angeles.
British Columbia Provincial Museum, Victoria.
British Museum (Natural History), London.
California Academy of Sciences, San Francisco.
Los Angeles County Museum of Natural History, Los Angeles.
Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris.
National Science Museum, Ottawa.
Naturhistoriska Riksmuseet, Stockholm.
Redpath Museum, McGill University, Montreal.
Royal Scottish Museum, Edinburgh.
United States Geological Survey, Menlo Park.
United States National Museum, Washington.
Universitetets Zoologiske Museum, Copenhagen.
Zoologica Museum, Oslo.

ABBREVIATIONS

auctt. auctorum of authors, not as proposed originally.
emend change in concept of suprageneric taxon.
ex taken from.
lapsus. lapsus calami error in spelling.
MS manuscript unpublished work.
nom. cons. nomen conservandum otherwise unacceptable name preserved by ICZN.
nom. correct. nomen correctum valid correction of a suprageneric taxon.
nom. dub. nomen dubium an uncertain name.
nom. emend. nomen emendatum major change of status
nom. inq. nomen inquirendum doubtful name requiring elucidation
nom. nov. nomen novum replacement for a preoccupied name

nom. nud. nomen nudum technically unacceptable name

nom. null. nomen nullum invalid accidental change of name

nom. oblit. nomen oblitum name unused in the literature for more than 50 years

nom. transl. nomen transliteratum valid change of a name

nom. van. nomen vanus invalid intentional change of name

enom. binom. invalid, not binominal.

part. pro parte in part

preoc. preoccupied invalid name due to previous use

pro. in place of

s.l. sensu lato. in the broad sense

s.s. sensu stricto. in the narrow sense

sp. ind. species indeterminata species not identifiable from original description

OUTLINE OF CLASSIFICATION

Class Bivalvia	9		24
Subclass Cryptodonta	9	Subfamily Lophinae	24
Order Solemyoidea	9	Superfamily Dimyacea	24
Superfamily Solemyacea	9	Family Dimyidae	24
Family Solemyidae	9	Superfamily Plicatulacea	24
Superfamily Nucinellacea	9	Family Plicatulidae	24
Family Nucinellidae	9	Suborder Pectinina	24
Subclass Palaeotaxodonta	9	Superfamily Pectinacea	24
Order Nuculoida	9	Family Pectinidae	24
Superfamily Nuculacea	9	Subfamily Chlamydinae	24
Family Nuculidae	9	Subfamily Camptonectinae	25
Superfamily Nuculanacea	10	Subfamily Pectininae	26
Family Siliculidae	10	Subfamily Patinopectininae	27
Family Sareptidae	10	Family Propeamussidae	27
Family Malletiidae	10	Subfamily Propeamussinae	27
Family Tindariidae	11	Family Spondylidae	27
Family Nuculanidae	11	Superfamily Anomiacea	27
Family Spinulidae	13	Family Anomiidae	27
Family Yoldiidae	13	Family Placunidae	28
Subclass Pteriomorpha	14	Subclass Heterodonta	28
Order Arcoida	14	Order Veneroida	28
Superfamily Arcacea	14	Superfamily Lucinacea	28
Family Arcidae	14	Family Lucinidae	28
Subfamily Arcinae	14	Subfamily Lucininae	28
Subfamily Anadarinae	15	Subfamily Myrteinae	29
Subfamily Striarcinae	16	Subfamily Milthininae	29
Family Noetiidae	16	Subfamily Divaricellinae	29
Subfamily Noetiinae	16	Family Thyasiridae	29
Family Philobryidae	16	Subfamily Thyasirinae	29
Superfamily Limopsacea	16	Subfamily Axinopsidinae	29
Family Limopsidae	16	Family Ungulinidae	30
Superfamily Glycymeridacea	17	Family Cyrenoididae	30
Family Glycymerididae	17	Superfamily Galeommatacea	30
Subfamily Glycymeridinae	17	Family Galeommatidae	30
Order Mytiloida	17	Family Kelliidae	30
Superfamily Mytilacea	17	Subfamily Kelliinae	30
Family Mytilidae	17	Subfamily Borniinae	31
Subfamily Mytilinae	17	Family Lasaeidae	31
Subfamily Modiolinae	19	Subfamily Lasaeinae	31
Subfamily Crenellinae	20	Subfamily Erycininae	31
Subfamily Lithophaginae	21	Family Leptonidae	31
Order Pterioidea	21	Family Montacutidae	32
Suborder Pteriina	21	Subfamily Montacutinae	32
Subfamily Pteriacea	21	Subfamily Mysellinae	32
Family Pteriidae	21	Subfamily Orbitellinae	32
Family Isognomonidae	21	Subfamily Thecodontinae	33
Family Vulsellidae	22	Subfamily Cyamiacea	33
Suborder Pinnina	22	Family Cyamiidae	33
Superfamily Pinnacea	22	Family Perrierinidae	33
Family Pinnidae	22	Family Sportellidae	33
Order Limoida	22	Family Neoleptonidae	33
Superfamily Limacea	22	Superfamily Chlamydoconchacea	33
Family Limidae	22	Family Chlamydoconchidae	33
Order Ostreoida	23	Superfamily Carditacea	33
Suborder Ostreina	23	Family Carditidae	33
Superfamily Ostreacea	23	Subfamily Carditinae	33
Family Ostreidae	23	Subfamily Carditesinae	33
Subfamily Ostreinae	23	Subfamily Carditamerinae	34
		Subfamily Thecaliinae	35

Family Condylordiidae	35	Family Veneridae	50
Subfamily Condylordiinae	35	Subfamily Venerinae	50
Superfamily Chamacea	35	Subfamily Circinae	51
Family Chamidae	35	Subfamily Chioninae	51
Superfamily Crassatellacea	36	Subfamily Meretricinae	53
Family Crassatellidae	36	Subfamily Pitarinae	54
Subfamily Crassatellinae	36	Subfamily Tapetinae	55
Subfamily Scambulinae	36	Subfamily Clementinae	56
Superfamily Astartacea	36	Subfamily Cyclininae	56
Family Astartidae	36	Subfamily Gemminae	56
Subfamily Astartinae	36	Family Turtoniidae	56
Family Cardiniidae	37	Family Cooperellidae	56
Superfamily Cardiacea	37	Family Petricolidae	56
Family Cardiidae	37	Order Myoida	57
Subfamily Cardiinae	37	Suborder Myina	57
Subfamily Trachycardiinae	37	Superfamily Myacea	57
Subfamily Fraginae	38	Family Myidae	57
Subfamily Protocardiinae	38	Subfamily Myinae	57
Subfamily Laevicardiinae	38	Subfamily Cryptomyinae	58
Subfamily Clinocardiinae	38	Subfamily Spheniinae	58
Superfamily Mactracea	39	Family Corbulidae	58
Family Mactridae	39	Subfamily Corbulinae	58
Subfamily Mactrinae	39	Family Spheniopsidae	59
Subfamily Lutrariinae	40	Superfamily Gastrochaenacea	59
Subfamily Pteropsellinae	40	Family Gastrochaenidae	59
Subfamily Zenatiinae	41	Superfamily Hiattellacea	59
Family Mesodesmatidae	41	Family Hiattellidae	59
Subfamily Mesodesmatinae	41	Suborder Pholadina	60
Subfamily Erviliinae	41	Superfamily Pholadacea	60
Superfamily Solenacea	41	Family Pholadidae	60
Family Solenidae	41	Subfamily Pholadinae	60
Family Cultellidae	41	Subfamily Martesiinae	60
Superfamily Tellinacea	41	Subfamily Jouannetiinae	61
Family Tellinidae	41	Family Xylophagaidae	61
Subfamily Tellininae	41	Family Teredinidae	61
Subfamily Macominae	44	Subfamily Teredininae	61
Family Scrobiculariidae	46	Subfamily Bankiinae	62
Family Psammobiidae	47	Subclass Anomalodesmata	62
Subfamily Psammobiinae	47	Order Pholadomyoida	62
Family Donacidae	48	Superfamily Pandoracea	62
Superfamily Dreissenacea	49	Family Pandoridae	62
Family Dreissenidae	49	Family Lyonsiidae	63
Superfamily Gaimardiacea	49	Superfamily Thraciacea	64
Family Gaimardiidae	49	Family Thraciidae	64
Superfamily Arctiacea	49	Family Periplomatidae	64
Family Trapeziidae	49	Family Laternulidae	65
Family Bernardinidae	49	Superfamily Verticordiacea	65
Family Kelliellidae	49	Family Verticordiidae	65
Superfamily Glossacea	50	Order Septibranchida	65
Family Vesicomysidae	50	Superfamily Poromyacea	65
Superfamily Corbiculacea	50	Family Poromyidae	65
Family Corbiculidae	50	Superfamily Cuspidariacea	65
Superfamily Veneracea	50	Family Cuspidariidae	65

SYSTEMATIC CATALOGUE

Class Bivalvia Linné, 1758.

ex Buananni, 1681. = Acephele Cuvier, 1798; Lamellibranchiata Blainville, 1824; Pelecypoda Goldfuss, 1820.

Subclass Cryptodonta Neumayr, 1884.

nom. transl. et correct. Newell, 1965 ex Cryptodonten.

Order SOLEMYOIDA Dall, 1889.

nom. transl. et correct. Newell, 1965 ex Solenomyacea.

Superfamily SOLEMYACEA H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857.

nom. transl. Dall, 1895 ex Solemyida.

Family Solemyidae Gray, 1840.

nom. correct. H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857 ex Solenomyadae.

Genus *Acharax* Dall, 1908.

Acharax johnsoni (Dall, 1891).

Solemya johnsoni Dall, 1891: 189; *S. agassizii* Dall, 1908a: 2 nom. nud.; 1908c: 218, 365, pl. 16, f. 10; *S. tokunagai* Yokoyama, 1925a: 31, pl. 6, f. 1-2; *S. (Acharax) tibai* Kuroda, 1948: 29, f. 2.

Northwest Pacific

12S-57N: 22N 800-3000 m. +1° +9°C Recent.

Genus *Solemya* Lamarck, 1818.

Subgenus *Solemya s.s.*

Solemya reidi Bernard, 1980.

Solemya (Solemya) reidi Bernard, 1980: 19, f. 1,4; part. *S. panamensis* auctt. not Dall, 1980.

34N-58N: 46N 40-600 m. -1° 13°C Recent.

Subgenus *Petrasma* Dall, 1908.

Solemya antarctica Philippi, 1887.

Solenomya antarctica Philippi, 1887: 186, pl. 42, f. 5.

50S 40 m. +3° +11°C Miocene.

Solemya panamensis Dall, 1908.

Solemya panamensis Dall, 1908a: 2 nom. nud.; 1908c: 219, 366.

9N-16N: 12N 20-80 m. +13° +30° Recent.

Solemya valvulus Carpenter, 1864.

Solenomya valvulus Carpenter, 1864b: 311; part. *S. occidentalis* auctt. not Deshayes, 1857 (Atlantic); part *Solemya velum* auctt. not Say, 1877 (Atlantic).

21N-33N: 27N 2-400 m. +13° +31°C Pleistocene.

Superfamily NUCINELLACEA Vokes, 1956.

Family Nucinellidae Vokes, 1956.

Genus *Huxleyia* A. Adams, 1860.

Huxleyia munita (Dall, 1898).

Cyrilla munita Dall, 1898: 602 (Carpenter MS); *Nucula petriola* Dall, 1916a: 9 nom. nud.; 1916b: 395.

33N-45N: 39N. 150-600 m. +5° +16°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Nucinella* Wood, 1851.

Nucinella subdola (Strong & Hertlein, 1937).

Pleurodon subdolos Strong & Hertlein, 1937: 162, pl. 35, f. 14, 18, 19.

23N-28N: 25N. 5-30 m. +17° 29°C Recent.

Subclass Palaeotaxodonta Korobkov, 1954.

Order NUCULOIDA Dall 1889.

nom. transl. et correct. Newell, 1965 ex Nuculacea.

Superfamily Nuculacea Gray, 1824.

nom. transl. Dall, 1889 ex Nuculidae.

Family NUCULIDAE Gray, 1824.

Genus *Acila* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858.

Subgenus *Acila s.s.*

Acila divaricata (Hinds, 1843).¹

Nucula divaricata Hinds, 1843c: 97 not Conrad, 1848 not Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846; *N. mirabilis* Adams & Reeve in Adams, 1850: 75, pl. 21, f. 9.

Japan

Subgenus *Truncacila* Grant & Gale, 1931.

Acila castrensis (Hinds, 1843).

Nucula castrensis Hinds, 1843c: 98; *N. divaricata* Conrad, 1848: 432, f. 1a, b, not Hinds, 1843 not Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846; *N. lyallii* Baird, 1863b: 71; *Acila empirensis* Howe, 1922: 96, pl. 9, f. 4, 5, 8. 28N-57N: 42N 5-200 m. +3° +26°C Miocene.

Genus *Nucula* Lamarck, 1799.

Subgenus *Nucula s.s.*

Nucula chrysocoma Dall, 1908.

Nucula chrysocoma Dall, 1908c: 219, 370, pl. 18, f. 3, 4.

7S-45N: 19N 750-3900 m. +2° +8°C Recent.

Nucula declivis Hinds, 1843.

Nucula declivis Hinds, 1843c: 98.

4S-31N: 13N 5-10 m. +10° +31°C Pliocene.

Nucula interflucta Marinovich, 1973.

Nucula (Nucula) interflucta Marinovich, 1973: 7, f. 1.

20S Intertidal +16° +24°C Recent.

Nucula iphigenia Dall, 1896.

Nucula iphigenia Dall, 1896a: 15; *N. iphigenia azulensis* Olsson, 1942:

24, pl. 4, f. 2, 5, 7.

8N 475 m. +8° +25°C Pleistocene.

Nucula profundorum E. A. Smith, 1885.

Nucula profundorum E. A. Smith, 1885: 229, pl. 18, f. 13, a.

36N (178E) 3800 m. +2°C Recent.

Nucula schencki Hertlein & Strong, 1940.

Nucula (Nuculopsis) schencki Hertlein & Strong, 1940: 384, pl. 1, f. 8-10.

16N-29N: 23N 10-45 m. +13° +31°C Recent.

Nucula striata King & Broderip, 1832.

Nucula striata King & Broderip, 1832: 337 not Lamarck, 1805 not Sowerby, 1833. Magellanic. nom. dub.

Nucula taeniolata Dall, 1908.

Nucula taeniolata Dall, 1908c: 219, 368, pl. 7, f. 3, 5.

17N 900 m. +5° +9°C Recent.

Sensu lato.

Nucula agujana Dall, 1908.

Nucula agujana Dall, 1908c: 219, 370, pl. 10, f. 6, 7.

6S 1900 m. +2° +3°C Recent.

Subgenus *Lamellinucula* Schenck, 1944.

Nucula carlottensis Dall, 1897.

Nucula carlottensis Dall, 1897a: 6, pl. 1, f. 15, 16.

33N-55N: 44W 800-2200 m. +2° +9°C Recent.

Nucula darella Dall, 1916.

Nucula darella Dall, 1916b: 394.

23N-48N: 36N 1500-2600 m. +1° +3°C Recent.

Nucula exigua Sowerby, 1833.

Nucula exigua Sowerby, 1833: 198; *N. supradiata* Carpenter MS.

4S-28N: 12N 50-200 m. +10° +27°C Pliocene.

Nucula paytensis A. Adams, 1856.

Nucula paytensis A. Adams, 1956: 51.

5S depth unknown Recent.

Subgenus *Leionucula* Quenstedt, 1930.

Nucula bellotii A. Adams, 1856.

Nucula bellotii A. Adams, 1856: 51; part. *Arca tenuis* auctt. not Monta-

gu, 1808 (Atlantic); *Nucula inflata* Hancock, 1846: 333, pl. 5, f. 13, 14 not Sowerby, 1827 not Wissman & Münster, 1841; *N. expansa* Reeve in Belcher, 1855: 397, pl. 33, f. 2 not Wissman & Münster, 1841 not Bronn, 1848; *N. tenuis typica* G. O. Sars, 1878: 34.

Panarctic and circumboreal.

60N–72N: 66N 10–2500 m. $-1^{\circ} +6^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.

Nucula cardara Dall, 1916.

Nucula cardara Dall, 1916a: 9 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 394.
23N–48N: 36N 1600–2600 m. $+2^{\circ} +3^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula colombiana Dall, 1908.²

Nucula colombiana Dall, 1908c: 219, 371.
9S–17S: 13S 45–120 m. $+10^{\circ} +29^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.

Nucula grayi Orbigny, 1846.

Nucula grayi Orbigny, 1846: 625; *N. obliqua* Sowerby, 1833: 5, pl. 16, f. 21 not Lamarck, 1819, not Say, 1820; *part. N. savatieri* *auctt.* not Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889; *N. tanneri* Dall, 1908c: 219, 367.
43S–54S: 49S 300–700 m. $+2^{\circ} +13^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula linki Dall, 1916.³

Nucula linki Dall, 1916a: 9 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 394.
28N–34N: 31N 45–150 m. $+5^{\circ} +31^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula panamina Dall, 1908.⁴

Nucula panamina Dall, 1908c: 219, 368, pl. 6, f. 11.
6N 3000 m. 2°C Recent.

Nucula quirica Dall, 1916.

Nucula quirica Dall, 1916a: 9 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 394; *part. Arca tenuis* *auctt.* not Montagu, 1808 (Atlantic); *Leda cancellata* *auctt.* not Jeffreys, 1876 (Atlantic); *part. N. bellotii* *auctt.* not A. Adams, 1856.
58N–60N: 59N 100–225 m. $-1^{\circ} +18^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula puelcha Orbigny, 1842.

Nucula puelcha Orbigny, 1842: 162; *N. uruguayensis* E. A. Smith, 1880b: 320 not Marshall, 1929; *N. savatieri* *auctt.* not Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889; *N. pigafettae* Dall, 1908c: 219, 368; *N. felipponei* Marshall, 1929: 6, pl. 4, f. 10–12.

South Atlantic

47S–55S: 51S 400–800 m. $0^{\circ} +7^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula tenuis (Montagu, 1808).

Arca tenuis Montagu, 1808: 56, pl. 29, f. 1; *Nucula tenuis lucida* Whiteaves, 1887: 120.

Circumboreal

28°N–62N: 45N 5–300 m. $+1^{\circ} +16^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Linucula* Marwick, 1931.

Nucula crenulata A. Adams, 1856.

Nucula crenulata A. Adams, 1856: 52; ? *N. culebrensis* E. A. Smith, 1885: 228, pl. 8, f. 11, a.

South Atlantic

45S–54S: 50S 800–1300 m. $0^{\circ} +7^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula fernandensis Villarroel, 1971.

Nucula (Nucula) fernandensis Villarroel, 1971: 161, pl. 1, f. 1, a, 2, b.
34S 220 m. $+9^{\circ} +19^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Nucula pisum Sowerby, 1833.

Nucula pisum Sowerby, 1833: 198 not T. Brown, 1845; *N. semiornata* Orbigny, 1846: 624, pl. 84, f. 27–29.

South Atlantic

33S–55S: 44S 10–100 m. $+1^{\circ} +20^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pliocene.

Superfamily NUCULANACEA H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858.

Family Siliculidae Allen & Sanders, 1973.

Genus *Silicula* Jeffreys, 1879.

Silicula fragilis Jeffreys, 1880.

Silicula fragilis Jeffreys, 1880: 574, pl. 45, f. 6, a.
Magellanic? Recent.

Silicula patagonica Dall, 1908.

Phaseolus (Silicula) patagonicus Dall, 1908c: 220, 392.
51S 223 m. $+2^{\circ} +8^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Family Sareptidae A. Adams, 1860

nom. transl. Neveeskaya, Scariato, Starobogatov, & Ebersin, 1971.

Genus *Sarepta* A. Adams, 1860

Sarepta abyssicola E. A. Smith, 1885.

Sarepta abyssicola E. A. Smith, 1885: 242, pl. 20, f. 6a, b.
22S(150W), 36N(178E) 3750–3450 m. 1°C Recent.

Sarepta hoylei (E. A. Smith, 1885).

Yoldia hoylei E. A. Smith, 1885: 320, text-f.
35N(169E) 5300 m. 1°C Recent.

Family Mallettidae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858.

nom. correct. McAlester, 1969 *pro* Mallettidae Bellardi, 1875.

Genus *Malletia* Moulins, 1832.

Subgenus *Malletia s.s.*

Malletia chilensis Moulins, 1832.

Malletia chilensis Moulins, 1832: 85, pl. 1, f. 1–8; *Solenella norrisii* Sowerby, 1832: 197; *Ctenoconcha nuculoides* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 2; *Solenella subequalis* Sowerby, 1870: 250, pl. 21, f. 5; *Malletia inequalis* Dall, 1908c: 219, 383.

South Atlantic

30S–54S: 42S 100–400 m. $+1^{\circ} +20^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia faba Dall, 1897.

Malletia faba Dall, 1897a: 10, pl. 2, f. 10.
23N–53N: 38N 900–1600 m. $+2^{\circ} +10^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia goniura Dall, 1890.

Malletia goniura Dall, 1890a: 251, pl. 10, f. 10.
1N–7N: 4N 1350–3050 m. $+2^{\circ} +8^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia magellanica E. A. Smith, 1881.

Malletia magellanica E. A. Smith, 1881: 39, pl. 5, f. 3, a; *M. hyadesi* Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889: 114, pl. 7, f. 8.

South Atlantic

50S depth unknown Recent.

Malletia patagonica Mabilille & Rochebrune, 1889.

Malletia patagonica Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889: 114, pl. 8, f. 1.
53S–55S: 54S 400–600 m. $0^{\circ} +5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia peruviana Dall, 1908.

Malletia peruviana Dall, 1908c: 219, 384, pl. 10, f. 3, 4.
6S 1900 m. $+2^{\circ} +3^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia talama Dall, 1916.

Malletia talama Dall, 1916a: 13 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 400 (*Minormalletia*).
44N–55N: 55N 1000–3250 m. $+2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia truncata Dall, 1908.

Malletia truncata Dall, 1908c: 219, 384, pl. 17, f. a.
3N–55N: 29N 2700–3900 m. $+1^{\circ} +2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Subgenus *Malletiella* Soot-Ryen, 1957.

Malletia cumingii (Hanley, 1860).

Solenella cumingii Hanley, 1860b: 441.

South Atlantic

54S 25–210 m. $+2^{\circ} +8^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia pacifica Dall, 1897.

Malletia pacifica Dall, 1897a: 11, pl. 2, f. 11.
34N–56N: 45N 400–2900 m. $+1^{\circ} +9^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Malletia sorrer Soot-Ryen, 1957.

Malletia sorrer Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 2; 1959: 18, pl. 1, f. 4, 5. (redescription)
38S 1240 m. $+2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

Subgenus *Minormalletia* Dall, 1908.

- Malletia arciformis* Dall, 1908.
Malletia (Minormalletia) arciformis Dall, 1908c: 219, 385, pl. 15, f. 5, 6.
 17N 900 m. +4° +8°C Recent.
- Malletia benthima* Dall, 1908.
Malletia (Minormalletia) benthima Dall, 1908c: 219, 386, pl. 15, f. 1, 2.
 17N 900 m. +4° +8°C Recent.
- Malletia koltzoffi* (Hägg, 1904).⁵
Portlandia koltzoffi Hägg, 1904: 12, pl. 1, f. 1-3; *M. flora* Dall, 1916a: 13 nom. nud.; 1916b: 400.
 North Atlantic and Arctic
 6N-72N: 39N 2200-3600 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Family Tindariidae Scarlato & Starobogatov in Nevesskaya *et al.*, 1971.
 Genus *Saturnia* Seguenza, 1877.
 Subgenus *Saturnia s.s.*
- Saturnia brunnea* (Dall, 1916).
Tindaria brunnea Dall, 1916a: nom. nud.; 1916b: 401.
 45N-55N: 50N 2500-3700 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Saturnia californica* (Dall, 1916).⁶
Tindaria californica Dall, 1916a: 13 nom. nud.; 1916b: 100.
 34N 50 m. +8° +26°C Recent.
- Saturnia cervola* (Dall, 1916).
Tindaria cervola Dall, 1916a: nom. nud.; 1916b: 402.
 33N-48N: 41N 2000-2550 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
- Saturnia kenneerlyi* (Dall, 1897).
Malletia (Tindaria) kenneerlyi Dall, 1897a: 11, pl. 2, f. 9.
 33N-57N: 45N 700-1500 m. -1° +4°C Recent.
- Saturnia lucasana* (Strong & Hertlein, 1937).
Nuculana lucasana Strong & Hertlein, 1937: 160, pl. 34, f. 9, 12, 13.
 23N 37-400 m. +10° +28°C Recent.
- Saturnia lobula* (Dall, 1908).
Leda (Jupiteria) lobula Dall, 1908c: 219, 375.
 17N 260 m. +10° +26°C Recent.
- Saturnia martiana* (Dall, 1916).
Tindaria martiana Dall, 1916a: 13 nom. nud.; 1916b: 401.
 34N 2013 m. +2°C Recent.
- Saturnia ritleri* (Dall, 1916).
Tindaria ritleri Dall, 1916a: nom. nud.; 1916b: 401.
 33N 536 m. +4° +10°C Recent.
- Genus *Tindaria* Bellardi, 1875.
Sensu lato.
- Tindaria atossa* Dall, 1908.
Tindaria atossa Dall, 1908c: 220, 388, pl. 15, f. 3, 4.
 7N 2350 m. +1°C Recent.
- Tindaria compressa* Dall, 1908.
Tindaria compressa Dall, 1908c: 219, 387, pl. 15, f. 7, 8, pl. 17, f. 15, 16.
 6N-44N: 25N 2500-4080 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Tindaria dicofania* Dall, 1916.
Tindaria dicofania Dall, 1916a: 13 nom. nud.; 1916b: 401.
 33N-48N: 40N 1600-2500 m. +1° +3°C Recent.
- Tindaria mexicana* Dall, 1908.
Tindaria mexicana Dall, 1908c: 220, 389, pl. 17, f. 11, 14.
 17N-33N: 25N 1200-2000 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Tindaria panamensis* Dall, 1908.
Tindaria panamensis Dall, 1908c: 219, 388, pl. 17, f. 10, 12.
 7N-48N: 28N 2350-2850 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Tindaria smirna* Dall, 1908.
Tindaria smirna Dall, 1908c: 220, 389, pl. 17, f. 6, 7.
 6N 3060 m. +2°C Recent.
- Tindaria sulcata* (Gould, 1852).
Nucula sulcata Gould, 1852: 434 (Couthouy MS); *Leda lugubris* A. Adams, 1856: 49; *L. orangica* Mabilite & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilite, 1899: 113, pl. 8, f. 3.
 South Atlantic
 54S-56S: 55S 35-185 m. +1° +8°C Recent.
- Tindaria virens* (Dall, 1890).
Malletia (Tindaria) virens Dall, 1890a: 254, pl. 13, f. 3; *Yoldia (Yoldiella) infrequens* Dall, 1908c: 219, 381.
 49S-52S: 51S 220-650 m. +2° +11°C Recent.
- Family Nuculanidae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858.
 Genus *Adrana* H. Adams & H. Adams, 1858.
- Adrana crenifera* (Sowerby, 1833).
Nucula crenifera Sowerby, 1833:197; *Laeda arcuata* Sowerby in Reeve, 1871: 18 *Laeda* pl. 4, sp. 20.
 14S-17N: 2N 2-50 m. +13° +31°C Recent.
- Adrana cultrata* Keen, 1958.
Adrana cultrata Keen, 1958: 240, 211; *Nucula elongata* Sowerby, 1833: 197 not Bosc, 1801 not Defrance, 1825.
 1S-17N: 8N 20-30 m. +10° +31°C Recent.
- Adrana exoptata* (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).
Leda (Adrana) exoptata Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 107, pl. 17, f. 8, 9.
 1N-28N: 14N 5-55 m. +13° +30°C Recent.
- Adrana penascoensis* (Lowe, 1935).
Leda penascoensis Lowe, 1935: 18, pl. 1, f. 8; part. *Yoldia electra* auctt. not A. Adams, 1846 (Atlantic).
 28N-31N: 30N 10-20 m. +23° 31°C Recent.
- Adrana sowerbyana* (Orbigny, 1845).
Leda sowerbyana Orbigny, 1845: 544; *Nucula lanceolata* auctt. not Lamarck, 1819.
 1S-7N: 3N 15-40 m. +13° +29°C Recent.
- Adrana suprema* (Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935).
Nuculana (Adrana) suprema Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935: 117, pl. 6, f. 1.
 7N-22N: 15N 15-20 m. +13° +29°C Recent.
- Adrana taylori* (Hanley, 1860).
Leda taylori Hanley, 1860a: 370.
 14N Depth unknown Recent.
- Adrana tonosiana* (Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935).
Nuculana (Adrana) tonosiana Pilsbry & Olsson 1935: 117, pl. 6, f. 4.
 8N-23N: 16N 25-40 m. +16° +31°C Recent.
- Genus *Ledella* Verrill & Bush, 1897.
- Ledella fiascona* (Dall, 1916).
Leda fiascona Dall, 1916a: 11 nom. nud.; 1916b: 397.
 33N 1504 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Genus *Nuculana* Link, 1807.
 Subgenus *Nuculana s.s.*
- Nuculana ambliia* (Dall, 1905).
Leda ambliia Dall, 1905b: 123.
 19N-37N: 28N 450-1050 m. +2° +9°C Recent.
- Nuculana amiata* (Dall, 1916).
Leda amiata Dall 1916a: 10 nom. nud.; 1916b: 395.
 33N-49N: 41N 200-900 m. +2° +14°C Recent.
- Nuculana buccata* (Møller, 1842).
Leda buccata Møller, 1842: 17 (Steenstrup MS) *L. jacksoni* Gould, 1870: 163 f. 469.
 Arctic, Circumboreal
 66N-72N: 69N 10-300 m. -2° +4°C Pleistocene.
- Nuculana conceptionis* (Dall, 1896).
Leda conceptionis Dall, 1896b: 2.
 34N-57N: 46N 300-950 m. 0° +9°C Recent.

- Nuculana gomphoidea* (Dall, 1916).
Leda gomphoidea Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 396.
 44N-45N. 1438-2300 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Nuculana lomaensis* (Dall, 1919).
Leda lomaensis Dall, 1919c: 249; *part. Arca minuta auctt.* not Fabricius, 1776.
 33N-48N: 40N 400-700 m. 0° +25°C Recent.
- Nuculana minuta* (Fabricius, 1776).
Arca minuta Müller, 1776: 414 not Brocchi, 1814 not Reeve, 1884.
 Panarctic and North Atlantic
 53N-71N: 62N 20-250 m. -1° +6°C Pleistocene.
- Nuculana pernula* (Müller, 1779).
Arca pernula Müller, 1779: 57 (*pennula nom. null. auctt.*); *Leda rostrata* Schumacher, 1817: 173, pl. 19, f. 4 not Wood, 1825; *Nucula obsoleta* Brown, 1827: 72, pl. 25, f. 17; *N. oblonga* Brown, 1845: 84, pl. 33, f. 17; *Leda pernuloidea* Dunker, 1882: 238; *L. pernula costigera* Leche, 1883: 447, pl. 33, f. 23-25 (Beck MS); *L. pernula lamellosa* Leche, 1883: 448, pl. 33, f. 26.
 Panarctic and circumboreal
 52N-71N: 62N 20-1400 m. -1° +7°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana peruviana* (Dall, 1908).⁷
Leda peruviana Dall, 1908c: 219, 377 not Dall, 1898.
 6S 1830 m. +5° +8°C Recent.
- Nuculana radiata* (Krause, 1885).
Leda pernula radiata Krause, 1885: 23, pl. 3, f. 2a-c.
 Panarctic and Japan.
 63N-71N: 67N 40-60 m. +2° +4°C Pleistocene.
- Nuculana tenuisulcata* (Couthouy, 1838).
Nucula tenuisulcata Couthouy, 1838: 64, pl. 3, f. 8.
 North Atlantic
 57N 45 m. -1° +11°C Recent.
 Subgenus *Costelloleda* Hertlein & Strong, 1940.
- Nuculana costellata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Nucula costellata Sowerby, 1833: 198 (*rostellata nom. null. auctt.*).
 4N-27N: 16N 18-45 m. +11° +30°C Recent.
- Nuculana marella* Hertlein, Hanna & Strong, 1940.
Nuculana (Costelloleda) marella Hertlein, Hanna & Strong, in Hertlein & Strong, 1940: 399, pl. 2, f. 12, 13; *part. Leda cestrota auctt.* not Dall, 1889 (Atlantic).
 8N-29N: 19N 65-75 m. +13° +31°C Recent.
 Subgenus *Jupiteria* Bellardi, 1875.
- Nuculana agapea* (Dall, 1908).
Leda (Jupiteria) agapea Dall, 1908c: 373, pl. 6, f. 4, 5.
 1N-6N: 3N 2870-3050 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
- Nuculana phenaxia* (Dall, 1916).
Leda phenaxia Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 397.
 33N 1500 m. +2°C Recent.
- Nuculana pontonia* (Dall, 1890).
Leda pontonia Dall, 1890a: 257, pl. 13, f. 5b.
 Galapagos Islands
 0-33N: 16N 1450-3050 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
 Subgenus *Politoleda* Hertlein & Strong, 1940.
- Nuculana polita* (Sowerby, 1833).
Nucula polita Sowerby, 1833: 198.
 Galapagos Islands
 9N-14N: 13N 10-75 m. +12° +30°C Recent.
 Subgenus *Sacella* Woodring, 1925.
- Nuculana acrita* (Dall, 1908).
Leda (Jupiteria) acrita Dall, 1908c: 374; *Leda laeviradius* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 106, pl. 17, f. 7.
 1N-31N: 16N 40-70 m. +13° +31°C Recent.
- Nuculana bicostata* (Sowerby, 1871).
Laeda bicostata Sowerby in Reeve, 1871: 18, *Laeda*, pl. 6, sp. 37; *Nuculana (Sacella) dranga* Olsson, 1961: 63, pl. 2, f. 5.
 1N-9N: 5N 5-25 m. +12° +29°C Recent.
- Nuculana callimene* (Dall, 1908).
Leda (Jupiteria) callimene Dall, 1908c: 342, pl. 17, f. 3, 4.
 10N-37N: 23N 180-500 m. +11° +27°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana cellulita* (Dall, 1896).
Leda cellulita Dall, 1896b: 1; *Nuculana kamschatica* Slodkevich, 1938: 85, pl. 7, f. 23a.
 48N-56N: 52N 30-40 m. -1° +14°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana cuneata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Nucula cuneata Sowerby, 1833: 198 not J. Phillips, 1836; ? *Leda inornata* A. Adams, 1856: 48.
 20S 20 m. +14° +26°C Recent.
- Nuculana eburnea* (Sowerby, 1833).
Nucula eburnea Sowerby, 1833: 198; *N. lyrata* Hinds, 1843c: 100.
 4S-13N: 8N 10-120 m. +9° +29°C Pleistocene.
- Nuculana elenensis* (Sowerby, 1833).
Nucula elenensis Sowerby, 1833: 198; *Leda excavata* Hinds, 1843c: 100 not Munster in Goldfuss, 1837; *L. crispa* Hinds, 1843c: 100; *L. elenensis gibbosa* Hanley in Sowerby, 1866: 121 not *Nucula gibbosa* Fleming, 1828, not Sowerby, 1833 not McChesney, 1860; *L. elenensis media* Hanley in Sowerby, 1866: 121; *L. elenensis pyriformis* Hanley in Sowerby, 1866: 121; *L. acapulcensis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 107, pl. 17, f. 1, 2.
 Galapagos Islands
 6S-29N: 17N 4-85 m. +12° +20°C Pleistocene.
- Nuculana fastigata* Keen, 1958.
Nuculana (Sacella) fastigata Keen, 1958: 240, pl. 31, f. 1, 2. *Nucula gibbosa* Sowerby, 1833: 198 not Fleming, 1828.
 4S-28N: 16N 5-85 m. +7° +31°C Recent.
- Nuculana fossa* (Baird, 1863).
Leda fossa Baird, 1863b: 71; *L. fossa curtulosa* Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 396; *L. fossa sculpta* Dall, 1916a: 1 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 396; *L. fossa vaginata* Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 396.
 33N-58N: 46N 20-600 m. -1° +14°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana hindsii* (Hanley, 1860).
Leda hindsii Hanley, 1860b: 440; *part. Leda acuta auctt.* not Conrad, 1832 (Atlantic).
 8N-28N: 18N 90-140 m. +9° +30°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana impar* (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).
Leda impar Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 106, pl. 17, f. 3-6.
 11N-31N: 21N 4-40 m. +10° +31°C Recent.
- Nuculana liogona* (Dall, 1916).
Leda liogona Dall, 1916a: 10 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 396.
 45N-55N: 50N 1400-2600 m. +1° +3°C Recent.
- Nuculana ornata* (Orbigny, 1845).
Leda ornata Orbigny, 1845: 546, pl. 82, f. 4-6. *L. acuminata* Nelson, 1870: 205 pl. 7 + 8 not Orbigny 1850 (Buch MS); *L. peruviana* Dall, 1988: 579 not Dall, 1908.
 1S-6S: 4S 80-240 m. +11° +29°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana oxia* (Dall, 1916).
Leda oxia Dall, 1916a: 10 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 395.
 23N-34N: 29N 60-140 m. +8° +30°C Recent.
- Nuculana penderi* (Dall & Bartsch, 1910).
Leda penderi Dall & Bartsch, 1910: 9, pl. 1, f. 3, 4. *part. Nucula acuta auctt.* not Conrad, 1832 (Atlantic); *Nuculana burchi* Willett, 1944b: 71, pl. 14, f. 3; *N. redondoensis* Burch, 1944: 9.
 28N-57N: 43N 22-2200 m. +1° +9°C Pleistocene.

- Nuculana taphria* (Dall, 1896).
Leda taphria Dall, 1896c: 70; *Nucula caelata* Hinds, 1843c: 99 not Conrad, 1833.
 28N–37N: 33N 10–85 m. +6° +29°C Miocene.
 Subgenus *Thestyleda* Iredale, 1929.
- Nuculana cordyla* (Dall, 1908).
Leda cordyla Dall, 1908c: 219, 375, pl. 6, f. 6, 7.
 1S–7N: 3N 700–1300 m. +5° +28°C Recent.
- Nuculana extenuata* (Dall, 1897).
Leda extenuata Dall, 1897a: 8, pl. 2, f. 2.
 49N–54N: 52N 2000–2900 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Nuculana hamata* (Carpenter, 1864).
Leda hamata Carpenter, 1864c: 612, 644; *L. hamata limata* Dall, 1916a: 10 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 397.
 23N–55N: 39N 35–550 m. +4° +29°C Pliocene.
- Nuculana leonina* (Dall, 1896).
Leda leonina Dall, 1896b: 2.
 38N–54N: 46N 350–800 m. –1° +13°C Recent.
- Nuculana loshka* (Dall, 1908).
Leda loshka Dall, 1908c: 219, 376, pl. 17, f. 2.
 7N 2320 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
- Nuculana navisa* (Dall, 1916).
Leda navisa Dall, 1916a: 10 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 395.
 38N 350 m. +7° +9°C Recent.
- Nuculana patagonica* (Orbigny, 1846).
Leda patagonica Orbigny, 1846: 544, pl. 82, f. 13; *Nucula lanceolata* Orbigny, 1842: 162 not Sowerby, 1817, not Lamarck, 1819.
 51S–54S: 52S 20–80 m. +2° +8°C Recent.
- Nuculana rhytida* (Dall, 1908).⁸
Leda (Leda) rhytida Dall, 1908c: 219, 376.
 51S 223 m. +7° +9°C Recent.
- Nuculana spargana* (Dall, 1916).
Leda spargana Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 397; *L. austini* Oldroyd, 1935: 13, f. 2.
 33N–59N: 46N 125–585 m. 0° +10°C Recent.
- Family Spinulidae Allen & Sanders 1982.
nom. transl. hercia, ex Spinulinae
- Genus *Spinula* Dall, 1908.
 Subgenus *Spinula s.s.*
- Spinula calcar* (Dall, 1908).
Leda (Spinula) calcar Dall, 1908c: 219, 378, pl. 10, f. 1, 10; *L. (Spinula) calcarella* Dall, 1908c: 219, 378.
 Northwest Pacific
 32S–55N: 12N 4000–5500 m. +1°C Recent.
- Subgenus *Bathyspinula* Filatova, 1958.
- Spinula bogorovi* Filatova, 1958.
Spinula (Bathyspinula) bogorovi Filatova, 1958: 216, f. 5.
 27N(131W) 3528–6600 m. +2°C Recent.
- Spinula oceanica* Filatova, 1958.
Spinula (Bathyspinula) oceanica Filatova, 1958: 213, f. 3, 4.
 50N(159E) 4640–5582 m. +1°C Recent.
- Spinula vityazi* Filatova, 1964.
Spinula vityazi Filatova, 1960: 138 *nom. nud.*; Filatova, 1964: 1866, f. 4 (*Bathyspinula*).
 50N(159E) 7220–7230 m. +1°C Recent.
- Family Yoldiidae Habe, 1977.
nom. transl., herein, ex Yoldiinae.
- Genus *Katadesmia* Dall, 1908.
- Katadesmia gibbsii* (Dall, 1897).
Malletia gibbsii Dall, 1897a: 10, pl. 2, f. 14.
 32N–53N: 43N 1600–2000 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Katadesmia vincula* Dall, 1908.
Yoldia (Katadesmia) vincula Dall, 1908c: 219, 379, pl. 5, f. 5.
 6N 589–3050 m. +2° +21°C Recent.
- Genus *Portlandia* Mørch, 1857.
 Subgenus *Portlandia s.s.*
- Portlandia arctica* (Gray, 1824).
Nucula arctica Gray, 1824: 241 not Broderip & Sowerby, 1829; *N. glacialis* Wood, 1828: 45 not Gray, 1825 (Leach *MS*); *N. siliqua* Reeve in Belcher, 1855: 396, pl. 33, f. 4; *Yoldia arctica inflata* Leche, 1883: 445, pl. 33, f. 20–22; *Y. oleacina* Dall, 1916a: 12 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 398; (*oleagina nom. null.*); *Leda (Portlandia) collinsoni* Dall, 1919b: 19A, pl. 2, f. 3, 4.
 Arctic
 64N–70N: 67N 10–2560 m. –2° +4°C Pleistocene.
- Portlandia dalli* Krause, 1885.
Portlandia dalli Krause, 1885: 27, pl. 3, f. la–c.
 54N–61N: 58N 100–500 m. –1° +6°C Recent.
- Genus *Yoldia* Møller, 1842.
 Subgenus *Yoldia s.s.*
- Yoldia amygdalea* (Valenciennes, 1846).
Nucula amygdalea Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 26, f. 6. (*amygdala nom. nul. auct.*); *Yoldia norvegica* Dautzenberg & Fischer, 1912: 403; *Y. gardneri* Oldroyd, 1935: 14; *Y. hyperborea limatoides* Ockelmann, 1954: 11.
 North Atlantic
 40N–63N: 52N 15–200 m. –1° +12°C Recent.
- Yoldia hyperborea* Torell, 1859.
Yoldia hyperborea Torell, 1859: 142, pl. 2, f. 6a, b (Lovén *MS*); *Nucula glacialis* Wood, 1828: 45, pl. 2, f. 6 not Gray, 1825 (Leach *MS*); *Yoldia arctica* Møller, 1842: 18.
 Panarctic
 60N–71N: 66N 25–360 m. –2° +3°C Pleistocene.
- Yoldia myalis* (Couthouy, 1838).
Nucula myalis Couthouy, 1838: 62; *N. cascoensis* Mighels & C. B. Adams, 1841: 48; *Yoldia vancouverensis* E. A. Smith, 1880: 289.
 Arctic, North Atlantic
 55N–71N: 63N 20–80 m. 0° +7°C Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Aeqviyoldia* Soot-Ryen, 1951.
- Yoldia eightsii* (Couthouy, 1839).
Nucula eightsii Couthouy in Jay, 1839: 113, pl. 1, f. 12, 13; *Yoldia woodwardi* Hanley in Sowerby, 1860: 140, f. 17, 22.
 South Atlantic
 54S 20–80 m. +2° +8°C Recent.
- Subgenus *Cnesterium* Dall, 1898.
- Yoldia scissurata* Dall, 1897.
Yoldia scissurata Dall, 1897a: 8; *Nucula arctica* Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 359 not Gray, 1825; *Yoldia ensifera* Dall, 1897a: 9, pl. 2, f. 4; *Y. ensifera plena* Dall, 1908c: 256; *Y. (Cnesterium) strigata* Dall, 1909a: 18, 104, pl. 14, f. 9, a; *Y. kuluntunensis* Slodkevich, 1938: 22, pl. 1, f. 1–4; *Y. kuluntunensis sachalinensis* Slodkevich, 1938: 28, pl. 7, f. 1.
 Northwest Pacific, Arctic
 34N–71N: 53N 15–150 m. –2° +26°C Miocene.
- Yoldia seminuda* Dall, 1871.
Yoldia seminuda Dall, 1871: 153.
 58N–60N: 59N 25–40 m. –1° +10°C Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Kalayoldia* Grant & Gale, 1931.
- Yoldia cooperii* Gabb, 1865.
Yoldia cooperii Gabb, 1865: 189; *Nucula impressa* Conrad in Dana, 1849a: 726, pl. 18, f. 7 not Sowerby, 1842 not Hall in Fremont, 1845;

- Yoldia tenuissima* Clark, 1918: 125, pl. 11, f. 10, pl. 12, f. 8, 14.
28N-40N: 34N 5-40 m. +2° +29°C Miocene.
- Subgenus *Megayoldia* Verrill & Bush, 1897.
- Yoldia beringiana* Dall, 1916.
Yoldia beringiana Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 399.
37N-60N: 49N 600-1950 m. -1° +5°C Pliocene.
- Yoldia martyria* Dall, 1897.⁹
Yoldia martyria Dall, 1897a: 9, pl. 2, f. 15.
45N-60N: 53N 150-200 m. -1° +8°C Recent.
- Yoldia montereyensis* Dall, 1893.
Yoldia montereyensis Dall, 1893: 29.
37N-49N: 43N 270-2150 m. +1° +14°C Recent.
- Yoldia thraciaeformis* (Storer, 1838).
Nucula thraciaeformis Storer, 1838: 222 (*thraciaformis nom. van. auctt.*); *Yoldia multidentata* Khomenko, 1937: 127, pl. 3, f. 3; *Y. secunda* Dall, 1916a: 11 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 398.
- Circumboreal
- 46N-70N: 58N 25-600 m. -1° +14°C Miocene.
- Subgenus *Orthoyoldia* Verrill & Bush, 1897.
- Yoldia panamensis* Dall, 1908.
Yoldia (Orthoyoldia) panamensis Dall, 1908c: 219, 380; *Y. (Orthoyoldia) quiba* Olsson, 1942: 26, pl. 3, f. 5.
7N 300-1000 m. +5° +21°C Pleistocene.
- Genus *Yoldiella* Verrill & Bush, 1897.
- Subgenus *Yoldiella s.s.*
- Yoldiella capsa* (Dall, 1916).
Yoldia capsa Dall, 1916a: 12 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 400.
44N-49N: 47N 800-1800 m. +2° +5°C Recent.
- Yoldiella cecinella* (Dall, 1916).
Yoldia cecinella Dall, 1916a: *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 399.
24N 50 m. +26° +32°C Recent.
- Yoldiella chilena* (Dall, 1908).
Yoldia (Yoldiella) chilena Dall, 1908c: 219, 380; *Y. (Yoldiella) indolens* Dall, 1908c: 219, 381 (*Yoldie nom. null.*).
48S-52S: 50S 350-850 m. +1° +10°C Recent.
- Yoldiella derjugini* (Gorbunov, 1946).
Tindaria derjugini Gorbunov, 1946: 319, pl. 2, f. 1a, b, pl. 3, f. 3, not *Yoldiella derjugini* Scarlato, 1981: 206, f. 106-109 (Bartsch MS).
- Northwest Pacific, Arctic
- 58N 525-770 m. -1° +4°C Recent.
- Yoldiella dicella* (Dall, 1908).
Yoldia (Yoldiella) dicella Dall, 1908c: 219, 382.
17N-45N: 31N 1000-1200 m. +1° +3°C Recent.
- Yoldiella granula* (Dall, 1908).
Yoldia (Yoldiella) granula Dall, 1908c: 219, 382 (*granulata nom. van. auctt.*).
53S 112 m. +2° +8°C Recent.
- Yoldiella intermedia* (M. Sars, 1865).
Yoldia intermedia M. Sars, 1859: 57 *nom. nud.*; 1865: 38, f. 92-96; *Yoldiella intermedia major* Leche, 1878: 24, pl. 1, f. 5.
- Panarctic.
- 64N-71N: 68N 120-450 m. -2° +2°C Recent.
- Yoldiella lenticula* (Møller, 1842).
Nucula lenticula Møller, 1842: 90, *Yoldia abyssicola* Torell, 1859: 149, pl. 1, f. 4a, b; *Yoldiella lenticula amblii* Verrill & Bush, 1898: 866, pl. 80, f. 9, pl. 81, f. 4; *Portlandia persei* Messjatsjev, 1931: 44.
- Panarctic, North Atlantic
- 63N-71N: 67N 50-350 m. -2° +4°C Pleistocene.
- Yoldiella leonilda* (Dall, 1908).
Yoldia (Yoldiella) leonilda Dall, 1908c: 219, 382.
7N 3060 m. +1°C Recent.
- Yoldiella mantana* (Dall, 1908).
Yoldia (Yoldiella) mantana Dall, 1908c: 219, 381.
1S 733 m. +5° +8°C Recent.
- Yoldiella orcia* (Dall, 1916).
Yoldia orcia Dall, 1916a: 12 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 399; *part. Y. cecinella auctt. not Dall, 1916.*
33N-54N: 44N 400-1500 m. -1° +10°C Recent.
- Yoldiella prolata* (E. A. Smith, 1885).
Leda prolata E. A. Smith, 1885: 320.
30N(155W) 5398 m. +1°C Recent.
- Yoldiella sanesia* (Dall, 1916).
Yoldia sanesia Dall, 1916a: 12, *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 399.
34N-61N: 47N 200-800 m. -1° +7°C Recent.
- Subclass Pteriomorphia Beurlen, 1944.
nom. transl. Newell, 1965 *ex Pteriomorphia*.
Order ARCOIDA Stoliczka, 1871.
nom. correct. Newell, 1965 *ex Arcacea*.
- Superfamily ARCAEA Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Gill, 1871 *ex arcacees*.
- Family Arcidae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. correct. Broderip, 1839 *pro arcacees*.
- Subfamily Arcinae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. et correct. Stoliczka, 1871 *ex arcacees*.
- Genus *Arca* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Arca s.s.*
- Arca fernandezensis* Hertlein & Strong, 1943.
Arca (Arca) fernandezensis Hertlein & Strong, 1943: 154; *A. angulata* King & Broderip, 1832: 336 not Bruguière, 1792 not Meuschen, 1787.
33S 146 m. +9° +13°C Recent.
- Arca mutabilis* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca mutabilis Sowerby, 1833: 17; *Arca crossei* Dunker, in Pfeiffer 1870: 136, pl. 45, f. 8-11.
- Clipperton, Galapagos Islands
- 2S-25N: 12N Int-100 m. +12° +32°C Pleistocene.
- Arca pacifica* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca pacifica Sowerby, 1833: 17; *part. Arca ventricosa auctt. not Lamarck, 1819 (Indo-Pacific).*
5S-28N: 16N Int-150 m. +12° +31°C Pliocene.
- Arca truncata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca truncata Sowerby, 1833: 19.
- Galapagos Islands
- 1N Int-50 m. +12° +30°C Recent.
- Genus *Barbatia* Gray, 1842.
- Subgenus *Barbatia s.s.*
- Barbatia lurida* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca lurida Sowerby, 1833: 19; *B. vespertilio* Carpenter, 1857a: 249, 310 *nom. nud.*; 1857b: 140.
4S-30N: 13N Int-30 m. +12° +34°C Pleistocene.
- Barbatia solidula* Dunker, 1868.¹⁰
Barbatia solidula Dunker, in Pfeiffer, 1868: 114, pl. 38, f. 10-13. Extralimital.
- Subgenus *Acar* Gray, 1857.
- Barbatia bailyi* (Bartsch, 1931).
Acar bailyi Bartsch, 1931b, 2, pl. 1; *part. Arca gradata auctt. not Broderip & Sowerby, 1829; part. A. pernoides auctt. not Carpenter, 1856.*
26N-34N: 30N Int-5 m. +13° +30°C Recent.

- Barbatia divaricata* (Sowerby, 1833).¹¹
Bysoarca divaricata Sowerby, 1833: 18; *Acar hawaiiensis* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 14, pl. 1, f. 5-8; *A. laysana* Bartsch, ch & Rehder, 1938: 16, pl. 1, f. 13-16.
 Clipperton Island, Indo-Pacific.
 10N 15 m. +12° +28°C Recent.
- Barbatia gradata* (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Arca gradata Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 365; *part. A. plicata auctt.* not Chemnitz, 1795; *part. A. reticulata auctt.* not Gmelin, 1791; *part. Bysoarca divaricata auctt.* not Sowerby, 1833; *Arca panamensis* Bartsch, 1931b: 3, pl. 1.
 Galapagos Islands.
 5S-28N: 14N Int-40 m. +11° +32°C Pliocene.
- Barbatia pusilla* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca pusilla Sowerby, 1833: 18 not *Arca pusilla* Nyst, 1835; *part. A. gradata auctt.* not Broderip & Sowerby, 1829.
 20S-23S: 22S Int-5 m. +16° +29°C Recent.
- Barbatia rostrata* Berry, 1954.
Barbatia (Acar) rostrata Berry, 1954: 67; *Arca (Bysoarca) pholadiformis* C. B. Adams, 1852: 484, 545 not Orbigny, 1844.
 Galapagos Islands.
 2S-28N: 13N Int-5 m. +14° +32°C Recent.
 Subgenus *Calloarca* Gray, 1857.
- Barbatia alternata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca alternata Sowerby, 1833: 17.
 Galapagos Islands.
 1S-27N: 13N 5-30 m. +12° +30°C Pleistocene.
 Subgenus *Cucullaearca* Conrad, 1865.
- Barbatia magellanica* (Gmelin, 1791).
Arca magellanica Gmelin, 1791: 3311; *A. (Barbatia) platei* Stempell, 1899: 220, pl. 12, f. 10-12.
 33S-53S: 43S Int-10 m. +2° +24°C Recent.
- Barbatia reeveana* (Orbigny, 1846).
Arca reeveana Orbigny, 1846: 636 not Nyst, 1848; *part. A. helblingii auctt.* not Bruguière, 1792; *part. A. complanata auctt.* not Chemnitz, 1794; *part. A. nivea auctt.* not Chemnitz, 1794; *part. A. velata auctt.* not Troschel, 1852; *part. A. decussata auctt.* not Wimmer, 1879; *Barbatia nova* Mabille, 1895: 71; *Calloarca reeveana velataformis* Sheldon & Maury in Maury, 1922: 177, pl. 2, f. 15; *C. reeveana lasperlensis* Sheldon & Maury in Maury, 1922: 177, pl. 2, f. 17; *Barbatia (Cucullaearca) bramkampii* Durham, 1950: 55 pl. 1, f. 5, 7, 9.
 Clipperton, Galapagos Islands.
 4S-34N: 15N Int-120 m. +12° +33°C Pliocene.
 Genus *Fugleria* Reinhart, 1937.
- Fugleria illota* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca illota Sowerby, 1833: 18; *Arca (Bysoarca) tabogensis* C. B. Adams, 1852: 486, 545.
 Galapagos Islands.
 4S-29N: 13N Int-70 m. +22° +33°C Pliocene.
 Genus *Litharca* Gray, 1842.
- Litharca lithodomus* (Sowerby, 1833).
Bysoarca lithodomus Sowerby, 1833: 16.
 5S-10N: 3N Int-5 m. +12° +31°C Recent.
 Subfamily Anadarinae Reinhart, 1935.
- Genus *Anadara* Gray, 1847.
 Subgenus *Anadara s.s.*
- Anadara adamsi* Olsson, 1961.
Anadara (Diluvarca) adamsi Olsson, 1961: 90, pl. 6, f. 7a, b.
 9N Intertidal +25° +30°C Recent.
- Anadara concinna* (Sowerby, 1833).
Arca concinna Sowerby, 1833: 20 not *preoc. Cucullaea concinna* Philippi, 1829; *Arca cumingiana* Nyst, 1848: 22.
 0-29N: 14N 5-100 m. +13° +30°C Pliocene.
- Anadara mazatlanica* (Hertlein & Strong, 1943).
Arca (Anadara) mazatlanica Hertlein & Strong, 1943: 156, pl. 1, f. 1, 4.
 4S-27N: 12N 30-110 m. +15° +31°C Recent.
- Anadara obesa* (Sowerby, 1833).
Arca obesa Sowerby, 1833, 21.
 5S-23N: 9N 20-120 m. +10° +30°C Pliocene.
- Anadara similis* (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Arca similis C. B. Adams, 1852: C485, 545.
 3S-12N: 5N 15-50 m. +13° +30°C Recent.
- Anadara tuberculosa* (Sowerby, 1833).
Arca tuberculosa Sowerby, 1833: 19; *A. secticostata* Reeve, 1844: 2 *Arca* pl. 6, sp. 38; *A. valdiviana* Philippi, 1887: 187, pl. 2, f. 1, a.
 3S-27N: 12N Int-5 m. +19° +32°C Pliocene.
 Subgenus *Cunearca* Dall, 1898.
- Anadara aequatorialis* (Orbigny, 1846).
Arca aequatorialis Orbigny, 1846: 636; *A. ovata* Reeve, 1844: 2 *Arca* pl. 8, sp. 49 not Gmelin, 1791; *A. subelongata* Nyst, 1848: 70.
 Galapagos Islands.
 1S-23N: 11N 10-75 m. +12° +25°C Pliocene.
- Anadara bifrons* (Carpenter, 1857).
Arca bifrons Carpenter, 1857a: 249, 310, *nom. nud.*, 1857b: 134; *A. inaequivallis* Sowerby, 1832: pl. 8, f. 3 not Bruguière, 1790; *A. cardiformis* Sowerby, 1833: 22 not Basterot, 1825; *A. brasiliana auctt.* not Lamarck, 1859; *A. (Scapharca) corculum* Mørch, 1861: 205.
 5S-28N: 12N 5-20 m. +13° +30°C Recent.
- Anadara esmeralda* (Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941).
Arca (Cunearca) esmeralda Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 53, pl. 13, f. 4, 5.
 8N-22N: 15N 45-100 m. +12° +31°C Pliocene.
- Anadara nux* (Sowerby, 1833).
Arca nux Sowerby, 1833: 19; *A. zorritensis* Spieker, 1922: 96, pl. 5, f. 4, 5; *A. patheonensis* Spieker, 1922: 99, pl. 5, f. 8, 9.
 Galapagos Islands.
 3S-27N: 12N Intertidal-75 m +12° +30°C Pliocene.
- Anadara perlabiata* (Grant & Gale, 1931).
A. (Arca) perlabiata Grant & Gale, 1931: 141; *Arca labiata* Sowerby, 1833: 21 not Solander, 1786;
 3S-25N: 11N Intertidal-100 m. +12° +29°C Pleistocene.
- Anadara reinharti* (Lowe, 1935).
Arca (Anadara) reinharti Lowe, 1935: 16, pl. 1, f. 3a-c.
 Cocos Island.
 2S-29N: 14N Intertidal-95 m. +13° +30°C Recent.
 Subgenus *Grandiarca* Olsson, 1961.
- Anadara grandis* (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Arca grandis Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 365; *A. quadrilatera* Sowerby, 1833: 22; *A. larkinii* Nelson, 1870: 204, pl. 7, f. 5-7.
 3S-25N: 11N Intertidal-5 m. +19° +32°C Miocene.
 Subgenus *Larkinia* Reinhart, 1935.
- Anadara multicostata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Arca multicostata Sowerby, 1833: 21; *A. brandtii* Philippi, 1845: 29; *A. camuloensis* Osmont, 1904: 98, pl. 10, f. 6, a; pl. 11, f. 6b, c.
 Galapagos Islands.
 0-34N: 17N 50-130 m. +8° +30°C Pliocene.
- Anadara transversa* (Say, 1822).¹²
Arca transversa Say, 1822: 269.
 North Atlantic.
 38N. Intertidal Recent.

Subgenus *Rasia* Gray, 1857.

Anadara auricula nom. nov.¹³

Arca auriculata Sowerby, 1833: 20 not Lamarck, 1819; part. *A. aviculaeformis* auctt. not Nyst, 1848.

1S: 2S 15–30 m. +16° +29°C Recent.

Anadara emarginata (Sowerby, 1833).

Arca emarginata Sowerby, 1833: 20.

5S–25N: 10N 5–25 m. +17° +30°C Pleistocene.

Anadara formosa (Sowerby, 1833).

Arca formosa Sowerby, 1833: 20; *A. aviculoides* Reeve, 1844: 2 *Arca* pl. 10, sp. 60 not deKoninck, 1842; *A. aviculaeformis* Nyst, 1848: 12.

5S–28N: 12N 10–85 m. +13° +30°C Pliocene.

Subgenus *Scapharca* Gray, 1847.

Anadara biangulata (Sowerby, 1833).

Arca biangulata Sowerby, 1833: 21; *A. sowerbyi* Orbigny, 1846: 637; *A. gordita* Lowe, 1935: 16, pl. 1, f. 1.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–29N: 14N 5–80 m. +12° +30°C Recent.

Anadara cepoides (Reeve, 1844).

Arca cepoides Reeve, 1844: 2 *Arca* pl. 10, sp. 66.

7N–30N: 19N 75–90 m. +22° +29°C Recent.

Anadara hyphalopilema Campbell, 1962.

Anadara (Scapharca) hyphalopilema Campbell, 1962: 152, pl. 37, f. 1–8.

28N 90 m. +13° +26°C Recent.

Anadara labiosa (Sowerby, 1833).

Arca labiosa Sowerby, 1833: 21.

4S–27N: 12N 25–40 m. +16° +28°C Recent.

Genus *Bathyarca* Kobelt, 1891.¹⁴

Bathyarca corpulenta (E. A. Smith, 1885).

Arca (Barbatia) corpulenta E. A. Smith, 1885: 263, pl. 17, f. 5a, b; *A. (Barbatia) imitata* E. A. Smith, 1885: 321.

Indo-Pacific.

33S–23N: 5S 2030–2516 m. +2° +3°C Recent.

Bathyarca endemica (Dall, 1908).

Arca (Cucullaria) endemica Dall, 1908c: 399, pl. 17, f. 8.

8S 3814 m. +1°C Recent.

Bathyarca nucleator Dall, 1908.

Arca (Bathyarca) nucleator Dall, 1908c: 397, pl. 18, f. 9; *A. (Bathyarca) corpulenta pompholyx* Dall, 1908c: 220, 398.

Mid Pacific.

23N–49N: 36N 2030–3480 m. +1° +2°C Recent.

Bathyarca pteroessa (E. A. Smith, 1885).

Arca pteroessa E. A. Smith, 1885: 262, pl. 17, f. 41, b.

Atlantic?

36N (178E) 3751 m. +2°C Recent.

Genus *Lunarca* Gray, 1857.

Lunarca brevifrons (Sowerby, 1833).

Arca brevifrons Sowerby, 1833: 22; *A. (Argina) vespertina* Mørch, 1861: 204; *Argina brevifrons bucaruana* Sheldon & Maury in Maury, 1922: 200, pl. 2, f. 16, pl. 3, f. 10; *Arca melanoderma* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 105, pl. 14, f. 11–13.

5S–25N: 10N 20–50 m. +12° +31°C Pliocene.

Subfamily Striarcinae MacNeil, 1938.

Genus *Arcopsis* Koenen, 1885.

Subgenus *Arcopsis* s.s.

Arcopsis solida (Sowerby, 1833).

Bysoarca solida Sowerby, 1833: 18; part. *Arca fusca* auctt. not Bruguère, 1792; *Barbatia digueti* Mabile, 1895: 72.

Galapagos Islands.

9S–29N: 10N Intertidal +20° +34°C Pliocene.

Family Noetiidae Stewart, 1930.

nom. transl. Newell, 1969 ex Noetiinae.

Subfamily Noetiinae Stewart, 1930.

Genus *Noetia* Gray, 1857.

Subgenus *Noetia* s.s.

Noetia magna MacNeil, 1938.

Noetia magna MacNeil, 1938: 38, pl. 6, f. 20, 21.

2S–12N: 5N 5–20 m. +13° +30°C Pliocene.

Noetia reversa (Sowerby, 1833).

Arca reversa Sowerby, 1833: 20 (Gray MS); *A. hemicardium* Philippi, 1843: 43, pl. 1, f. 1 (Koch MS); *Noetia triangularis* Gray, 1857: 372.

Galapagos Islands.

5S–30N: 13N 20–75 m. +12° +20°C Pliocene.

Subgenus *Eontia* MacNeil, 1938.

Noetia olssoni Sheldon & Maury in Maury, 1922.

Noetia olssoni Sheldon & Maury in Maury, 1922: 10, pl. 1, f. 9.

5S–23N: 9N 20–30 m. +13° +30°C Recent.

Subgenus *Barbatiella* Lamy, 1917.

Noetia delgada (Lowe, 1935).

Arca delgada Lowe, 1935: 16, pl. 1, f. 2.

8N–28N: 18N 35–550 m. +12° +31°C Recent.

Family Philobryidae Bernard, 1897.

nom. transl. Suter, 1913 ex Philobryinae.

Genus *Philobrya* Carpenter, 1872.

Subgenus *Philobrya* s.s.

Philobrya antarctica (Philippi, 1868).

Modiola antarctica Philippi, 1868: 224; *Avicula (Meleagrina) magellanica* Stempel, 1899: 230, f. 13–15; *A. (Stempellia) aequivalvis* Odhner, 1922: 221, pl. 8, f. 3, 4.

33S–54S: 44S 10–50 m. +1° +18°C Recent.

Philobrya brattstroemi Soot-Ryen, 1957.

Philobrya brattstroemi Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 2, 1959: 22 (redescription)

41S–42S 5–10 m. +6° +16°C Recent.

Philobrya setosa (Carpenter, 1864).

Bryophila setosa Carpenter, 1864b: 314.

25N–60N: 43N Intertidal–40 m. 0° +26°C Pleistocene.

Superfamily LIMOPSACEA Dall, 1895.

Family Limopsidae Dall, 1895.

Genus *Empleconia* Dall, 1908.

Empleconia vaginata (Dall, 1891).

Limopsis vaginata Dall, 1891: 190; *L. skenia* Dall, 1916a: 14 nom. nud.; 1916b: 402 (*skenea* nom. null. auctt.)

54N–57N: 56N 400–650 m. 0° +6° m. Recent.

Genus *Limopsis* Sassi, 1827.

Subgenus *Limopsis* s.s.

Limopsis akutanica Dall, 1916.

Limopsis akutanica Dall, 1916a: 14 nom. nud.; 1916b: 403.

52N–54N: 53N 130–275 m. –1° +7°C Recent.

Limopsis dalli Lamy, 1912.

Limopsis dalli, Lamy, 1912b: 137; *L. compressus* Dall, 1896a: 16 not G. Nevill & H. Nevill, 1874; part. *Lima elliptica* auctt. not Jeffreys, 1879 (Atlantic); part. *L. pelagica* E. A. Smith, 1885.

6N–52N: 29N 3060–3900 m. +1° +2°C Recent.

Limopsis diazi Dall, 1908.

Limopsis diazi Dall, 1908c: 397, pl. 18, f. 7.

17N 1208 m. +2° +4°C Recent.

- Limopsis diegensis* Dall, 1908.
Limopsis diegensis Dall, 1908c:220, 395, pl. 15, f. 13, 15.
 28N-33N: 31N 120-1500 m. +3° +27°C Recent.
- Limopsis hirtella* Mabile & Rochebrune, 1889.
Limopsis hirtella Mabile & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabile, 1889: 115.
 Atlantic.
 54S-56S: 55S 80-300 m. +1° +8°C Recent.
- Limopsis juarezi* Dall, 1908.
Limopsis juarezi Dall, 1908c: 220, 396, pl. 18, f. 8.
 6N 3060 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
- Limopsis mabileana* Dall, 1908.
Limopsis mabileana Dall, 1908c: 220, 395.
 53S 675 m. +1° +5°C Recent.
- Limopsis panamensis* Dall, 1902.
Limopsis panamensis Dall, 1902a: 559.
 7N 1867 m. +2° +4°C Recent.
- Limopsis perieri* P. Fischer, 1869.
Limopsis perieri P. Fischer in Folin, 1869: 235 pl. 31, f. 2.
 Atlantic.
 55S 300 m. +1° +7°C Recent.
- Limopsis stimpsoni* Dall, 1908.
Limopsis stimpsoni Dall, 1908c:220, 396.
 7N 1870-2320 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
- Limopsis zonalis* Dall, 1908.
Limopsis zonalis Dall, 1908c: 220, 393, pl. 7, f. 6, 19.
 7N 950-1430 m. +2° +8°C Recent.
- Subgenus *Felicia* Rochebrune & Mabile, 1882.
- Limopsis marionensis* E. A. Smith, 1885.
Limopsis marionensis E. A. Smith, 1885: 254, pl. 18, f. 2, 6; *part. L. tenella* auctt. not Jeffreys, 1876; *L. straminea* E. A. Smith, 1885: 255, pl. 18, f. 5, a; *Felicia jousseaumi* Mabile & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabile: 116, pl. 7, f. 9a, b; *Limopsis grandis* E. A. Smith, 1907: 5, pl. 3, f. 7a, b; *L. hardingii* Melville & Standen, 1914: 128 pl. 7, f. 2, 3.
 Panantarctic, South Atlantic.
 41S-56S: 49S 485-520 m. +2° +3°C Recent.
- Limopsis ruizana* Rehder, 1971.
Limopsis (Felicia) ruizana Rehder, 1971: 585, f. 1.
 33S 200 m. +9° +21°C Recent.
- Genus *Lissarca* Smith, 1877.
- Lissarca miliaris* (Philippi, 1845).
Pectunculus miliaris Philippi, 1845: 56; *Lissarca media* Thiele, 1912: 253, pl. 18, f. 5; *L. benetti* Preston, 1916: 271, pl. 13, f. 7, a.
 Extralimital? Subantarctic
- Superfamily GLYCYMERIDACEA Newton, 1916.
nom. transl. et correct. herein, ex Glycymeridae.
- Family Glycymerididae Newton, 1916.
nom. transl. Stenzel, Krause & Twinning, 1957 *pro* Glycymeridae.
- Subfamily Glycymeridinae Newton, 1916.
nom. transl. et correct. Newell, 1969 *ex* Glycymeridae.
- Genus *Glycymeris* Costa, 1778.
- Subgenus *Glycymeris* s.s.
- Glycymeris gigantea* (Reeve, 1843).
Pectunculus gigantea Reeve, 1843: 1 *Pectunculus* pl. 1, sp. 3a, b.
 25N-31N: 28N 5-20 m. +22° +29°C Pliocene.
- Glycymeris lintea* Olsson, 1961.
Glycymeris (Glycymeris) lintea Olsson, 1961: 106, pl. 11, f. 4, a.
 Galapagos Islands.
 4S-9N: 3N Intertidal-5 m. +12° +29°C Recent.
- Glycymeris maculata* (Broderip, 1832).
Pectunculus maculata Broderip in Broderip & Sowerby, 1832: 126; *part. P. gigantea* auctt. not Reeve, 1843.
 4S-31N: 14N 5-45 m. +22° +30°C Pliocene.
- Glycymeris ovata* (Broderip, 1832).
Pectunculus ovatus Broderip in Broderip & Sowerby, 1832: 126; *P. intermedius*, Broderip in Broderip & Sowerby, 1832: 126.
 5S-12S: 9S Intertidal-20 m. +15° +30°C Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Axinactis* Morch, 1861.
- Glycymeris delessertii* (Reeve, 1843).
Pectunculus delessertii Reeve, 1843: 1 *Pectunculus* pl. 9, sp. 52.
 2N-23N: 12N 10-40 m. +13° +30°C Pleistocene.
- Glycymeris inaequalis* (Sowerby, 1833).
Pectunculus inaequalis Sowerby, 1833: 196; *P. assimilis* Sowerby, 1833: 196.
 6S-27N: 10N Intertidal-25 m. +14° +30°C Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Axinola* Hertlein & Grant, 1972.
- Glycymeris corteziana* Dall, 1916.
Glycymeris corteziana Dall, 1916a: 13 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 402; *part. Axinea profunda* auctt. not Dall, 1878; *G. migueliana* Dall, 1916a: 13 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 402; *G. vancouverensis* Clark & Arnold, 1923: 137, pl. 27, f. 2a, b, 5; *G. keenae* Willett, 1944a: 114, pl. 12, f. 4-7.
 32N-55N: 43N 20-250 m. -1° +9°C Recent.
- Glycymeris guadalupensis* Strong, 1938.
Glycymeris guadalupensis Strong, 1938: 213, pl. 16, f. 1, 2.
 23N-27N: 25N 15-30 m. +11° +29°C Recent.
- Glycymeris suboboleta* (Carpenter, 1864).
Axinea (?septentrionalis) suboboleta Carpenter, 1864b: 627, 644.
 37N-60N: 48N Intertidal-55 m. +4° +16°C Pliocene.
- Glycymeris profunda* (Dall, 1878).¹⁵
Axinea profunda Dall, 1878: 11, 13.
 Not Living.
- Subgenus *Tucetona* Iredale, 1931.
- Glycymeris canoa* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.
Glycymeris canoa Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 54, pl. 13, f. 2, a.
 19N-24N: 23N 5-25 m. +13° +32°C Pliocene.
- Glycymeris multicostata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Pectunculus multicostatus Sowerby, 1833: 195; *part. Arca pectinata* auctt. not Gmelin, 1791; *Pectunculus parcipictus* Reeve, 1843: 1 *Pectunculus* pl. 4, sp. 14; *P. bicolor* Reeve, 1843: 1 *Pectunculus* pl. 5, sp. 20; *P. minor* Orbigny, 1846: 628 not Lea, 1833; *Glycymeris chemnitzii* Dall, 1909b: 253.
 Galapagos Islands.
 2S-31N: 15N 40-90 m. +12° +31°C Pliocene.
- Glycymeris strigilata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Pectunculus strigilatus Sowerby, 1833: 196; *P. tessellatus* Sowerby, 1833: 196; *P. pectinoides* Deshayes, in Cuvier, 1843: *descrip. to pl. 87; P. tenuisculptus* "Carpenter" auctt. not Carpenter (*tenuisculptus nom. null. auctt.*).
 2S-28N: 13N 10-110 m. +22° +30°C Recent.
- Order MYTILOIDA Férussac, 1822
nom. correct. Newell, 1965 *ex* Mytilacea. *Emend.* Waller, 1978.
- Superfamily MYTILACEA Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. et correct. Tryon, 1844 *ex* Mytilidae.
- Family Mytilidae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. correct. Newell, 1965 *pro* Mytilidia.
- Subfamily Mytilinae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. Soot-Ryen, 1969 *ex* Mytilidia.
- Genus *Aulacomya* Mørch, 1853.
- Aulacomya ater* (Molina, 1782).
Mytilus ater Molina, 1782: 202; *M. magellanicus* Lamarck, 1819: 119 (*ex* Chemnitz, 1795); *M. decussatus* Lamarck, 1819: not Montagu, 1808 *M. crenatus* Lamarck, 1819: 120; *M. capensis* Dunker, 1846: 108; *part. M.*

- darwinianus* auctt. not Orbigny, 1846; *M. americanus* Orbigny, 1846: 648; *M. orbignyanus* Hupé in Gay, 1854: 311, pl. 5, f. 5; *M. oblongus* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1887: 78, pl. 22, f. 1, f; *M. magellanicus margaritacea* Gotschlich, 1913: 220; *Aulacomya ater regia* Powell, 1957: 120.
- Atlantic
- 12S-54S: 33S Intertidal-40 m. 0° +24°C Recent.
- Genus *Brachidontes* Swainson, 1840.
- Brachidontes adamsianus*** (Dunker, 1857).
Mytilus adamsianus Dunker, 1857: 360; part. *M. cubitus* auctt. not Say, 1822; *M. stearnsii* Pilsbry & Raymond, 1898: 70; part. *M. puntarenensis* auctt. not Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 104, pl. 10, f. 6.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 1S-34N: 17N Intertidal. +14° +32°C Recent.
- Brachidontes blakeanus*** Melvill & Standen, 1914.
Brachyontes blakeanus Melvill & Standen, 1914: 129, pl. 7, f. 4, a. A 54S Intertidal +14° +32°C Recent.
- Brachidontes granulatus*** (Hanley, 1843).
Mytilus granulatus Hanley, 1843: 246, pl. 24, f. 3; *M. pilosus* Reeve, 1858: 10 *Mytilus* pl. 8, sp. 35 (Recluz MS).
9S-43S: 26S Intertidal +9° +29°C Recent.
- Brachidontes playasensis*** (Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935).
Modiolus (Brachyontes) playasensis Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935: 17, pl. 1, f. 4; *Scolimylus (Scolimylus) esmeraldensis* Olsson, 1961: 119, pl. 13, f. 1a, b.
2S-1N: 0 Intertidal-2 m. +14° +32°C Recent.
- Brachidontes puntarenensis*** (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).
Mytilus (Hormomya) puntarenensis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 104, pl. 10, f. 6; *Brachidontes multiformis houstonius* Bartsch & Rehder, 1939b: 14, pl. 4, f. 4-7.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 2S-10N: 4N Intertidal +19° +31°C Pliocene.
- Brachidontes purpuratus*** (Lamarck, 1819).
Modiola purpurata Lamarck, 1819: 113; *Mytilus ovalis* Lamarck, 1819: 121; ?*M. exaratus* Philippi, 1847: 119; *M. exilis* Philippi, 1847: 120; *M. bifurcatus* Dautzenberg, 1896: 67 not Conrad, 1837.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 1S-41S: 21S Intertidal +6° +30°C Pleistocene.
- Brachidontes semilaevis*** (Menke, 1848).
Modiola semilaevis Menke, 1848:5; *Mytilus multiformis* Carpenter, 1857b: 118; *Scolimylus (Scolimylus) aequatorialis* Olsson, 1961: 120, pl. 12, f. 9, b.
5S-31N: 13N Intertidal-35 m. +14° +34°C Recent.
- Genus *Choromytilus* Soot-Ryen, 1952.
- Choromytilus chorus*** (Molina, 1782).
Mytilus chorus Molina, 1782: 202; *M. caeruleus* Molina, 1782: 202; (*Mytilus* nom. null.); *M. latus* Lamarck, 1819: 122; *M. achatinus* Lamarck, 1819: 125; *M. unguatus* Valenciennes in Humboldt & Bonpland, 1832: 223, pl. 49, f. 1a-c not Linné, 1758 not Lamarck, 1819; *M. compressus* Reeve, 1858: 10 *Mytilus* pl. 12, sp. 5 (Philippi MS).
6S-55S: 31S Intertidal-5 m. -1° +30°C Pleistocene.
- Choromytilus palliopunctatus*** (Carpenter, 1857).
Mytilus palliopunctatus Carpenter, 1857b: 118 "Dunker"; *M. tenuiratus* Dunker MS.
9N-25N: 17N Intertidal +17° +32°C Recent.
- Genus *Ischadium* Jukes-Browne, 1905.
- Ischadium recurvus*** (Rafinesque, 1820).¹⁶
Mytilus recurvus Rafinesque, 1820: 320.
Extralimital. Atlantic Recent.
- Genus *Mytella* Soot-Ryen, 1955.
- Mytella arciformis*** (Dall, 1909).
Modiolus arciformis Dall, 1909b: 152, 258, pl. 28, f. 2.
2S-13N: 6N Intertidal +19° +31°C Recent.
- Mytella guyanensis*** (Lamarck, 1819).
Modiola guyanensis Lamarck, 1819: 112; *Mytilus bicolor* Lamarck, 1819: 112 (Bruguère MS); *Modiola semifusca* Sowerby 1825: f. 16 not Lamarck, 1819; *M. sinuosa* King & Broderip, 1832: 337; *M. brasiliensis mutabilis* Carpenter, 1857b: 122; *M. subfusca* auctt. not Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1889
- Atlantic.
- 3S-31N: 14N Intertidal-2 m. +22° +33°C Recent.
- Mytella speciosa*** (Reeve, 1857).
Modiola speciosa Reeve, 1857: 10 *Modiola* pl. 7, sp. 35 (Dunker MS); *M. planata* Tomlin, 1928: 192 (Carpenter MS) nom. nud.; *Modiolus (Modiolus) tumbezensis* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935: 16, pl. 1, f. 5.
4S-25N: 11N Intertidal. +17° +32°C Recent.
- Mytella strigata*** (Hanley, 1843).
Modiola strigatus Hanley, 1843:15; *Mytilus falcatus* Orbigny, 1846: 645, pl. 84, f. 38, 39 not Münster in Goldfuss, 1837 not Orbigny, 1844; *M. charruana* Orbigny, 1846: 649, pl. 85, f. 14-16 (not *chenuanus* nom. null. auctt.); *M. nitens* auctt. not Carpenter, 1855: *M. sinuatus* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Mytilus* pl.5, sp. 16 (Dunker MS).
- Galapagos Islands.
- 0-29N: 15N Intertidal +2° +33°C Recent.
- Genus *Mytilus* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Mytilus s.s.*
- Mytilus californianus*** Conrad, 1837.¹⁷
Mytilus californianus Conrad, 1837: 242, pl. 18, f. 15 (*californicus* nom. auctt.); *M. condoni* Dall, 1890b: 89; *M. kamschatcicus* Slodkevich, 1935: 203, pl. 27, f. 1, 2; *M. highooehiae* Mandra, 1949: 104, f. 1.
19N-60N: 40N Intertidal-50 m. -2° +31°C Pliocene.
- Mytilus chilensis*** Hupé, 1854.¹⁸
Mytilus chilensis Hupé in Gay, 1854: 309, pl. 5, f. 4; ?*M. fulgidus* Molina, 1782: 179; part. *M. patagonicus* auctt. not Orbigny, 1846; ?*M. obesus* Reeve, 1858: 10 *Mytilus* pl. 8, sp. 31. *M. fisherianus* Tapparone-Canefri, 1874: 138, pl. 4, f. 1; (Dunker MS); *M. infumatus* Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889: 118; *M. hupeanus* Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889: 118; *M. similis* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1882: 82, pl. 16, f. 3, 4 (Dunker MS) not Giebel, 1848 not Orbigny, 1849; *M. edulis desolationis* Lamy, 1936: 112; *M. kerguelensis* Fletcher, 1938: 107.
- Atlantic
- 20S-54S: 37S Intertidal-120 m. -1° +22°C Pleistocene.
- Mytilus edulis*** Linné, 1758.
Mytilus edulis Linné, 1758: 705 (Official List ICZN Opinion 333); *M. trossulus* Gould, 1850: 344; *M. glomeratus* Gould, 1851: 92; *M. pedroanus* Conrad, 1855b: 15, *M. edulis latissimus* Carpenter, 1857a: 197; *M. edulis normalis* Carpenter, 1857a: 197; *M. septentrionalis* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1889: 58, pl. 8, f. 1; *M. edulis diegensis* Coe, 1945: 28; *M. (Mytilus) edulis kussakini* Scarlato & Starobogatov, 1979: 109.
- Introduced cosmopolitan in temperate & cold seas.
- 23N-71N: 47N Intertidal-5 m. -4° +30°C Miocene.
- Genus *Perna* Retzius, 1788.
- Perna perna*** (Linné, 1758).
Mya perna Linné, 1758: 671; *Mytilus auratus* Molina, 1782: 179 (*Mytilus* nom. null); *M. elongatus* Chemnitz, 1785: 16 (nom. binom.) not Blainville, 1824; *M. achatinus* auctt. not Lamarck, 1819.
- Atlantic, Magellanic.
- Extralimital. Intertidal Recent.
- Genus *Semimytilus* Soot-Ryen, 1955.

- Semimytilus algosus* (Gould, 1850).
Mytilus algosus Gould, 1850: 344; *part. M. angustanus* auctt. not Lamarck, 1819; *M. dactyliformis* Hupé in Gay, 1854: 310, pl. 5, f. 6 (*dactyloides* nom. null. auctt.); *M. cuneiformis* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Mytilus* pl. 5, sp. 18 (*cruciformis* nom. null. auctt.); *Modiolus (Modiolus) nonuranus* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935: 16, pl. 1, f. 3.
 5S–37S: 21S Intertidal +8° +25°C Recent.
- Genus *Septifer* Recluz, 1848.
 Subgenus *Septifer s.s.*
- Septifer bifurcatus* (Conrad, 1837).
Mytilus bifurcatus Conrad, 1837: 241, pl. 18, f. 14 not Dautzenberg, 1896; *S. bifurcatus obsoletus* Dall, 1916a: 18 nom. nud.; 1916b: 404.
 23N–40N: 32N Intertidal–50 m. +5° +32°C Pliocene.
- Septifer zeteki* Hertlein & Strong, 1946.
Septifer zeteki Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 71, pl. 1, f. 1, 2; *part. S. cumingii* auctt. not Recluz, 1849 (South Pacific); *Mytilus cumingianus* Reeve, 1858: 10 *Mytilus* pl. 11, sp. 52 (Recluz MS).
 Galapagos Islands.
 5S–28N: 17N Intertidal–90 m. +12° +33°C Recent.
- Sensu lato.*
Septifer crassus Dunker, 1853.
Septifer crassus Dunker, 1853: 86. nom. inq.
- Subfamily Modiolinae Keen, 1958.
 nom. transl. Bowden & Heppell, 1966 ex Modiolini.
- Genus *Amygdalum* Megerle, 1811.
- Amygdalum americanum* Soot-Ryen, 1955.
Amygdalum americanum Soot-Ryen, 1955: 70, pl. 8, f. 37.
 5S–28N: 12N 4–40 m. +12° +31°C Recent.
- Amygdalum pallidulum* (Dall, 1916).
Modiolus politus pallidulus Dall, 1916a: 18 nom. nud.; 1916b: 404, *part. Modiola polita* auctt. not Verrill & Bush, 1880 (Atlantic).
 28N–37N: 33N 40–150 m. +6° +25°C Recent.
- Genus *Botula* Mørch, 1853.
- Botula fusca* (Gmelin, 1791).
Mytilus fuscus Gmelin, 1791: 3359; *part. M. cinnamomeus* auctt. not Chemnitz, 1785 not *Modiolus cinnamomeus* Link, 1807 not *Modiola cinnamomea* Lamarck, 1819; *Botula cylista* Berry, 1959: 107.
 Atlantic
 1S–23N: 12N Intertidal +17° +31°C Recent.
- Genus *Dacrydium* Torell, 1859.
 Subgenus *Dacrydium s.s.*
- Dacrydium albidum* Pelseneer, 1903.
Dacrydium albidum Pelseneer, 1903: 26, f. 100; *D. modioliforme* Thiele, 1912: 226, pl. 17, f. 9.
 Cosmopolitan in deep water.
 8S (81W) 5759–5760 m. +1°C Recent.
- Dacrydium pacificum* Dall, 1916.
Dacrydium pacificum Dall, 1916a: 18 nom. nud.; 1916b: 405; *part. Mytilus vitrea* auctt. not Møller, 1842.
 55N 2564 m. +2°C Recent.
- Dacrydium panamensis* Knudsen, 1970.
Dacrydium panamensis Knudsen, 1970: 91, text-f. 53, 54.
 6N–9N: 8N 3270–3670 m. +1°C Recent.
- Dacrydium rostriferum* Bernard, 1978.
Dacrydium (Dacrydium) rostriferum Bernard, 1978: 62, f. 1, 12.
 45N–48N: 47N 2530–2865 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Dacrydium vitreum* (Møller, 1842).
Mytilus vitrea Møller, 1842: 19 (Holböll MS); *Dacrydium occidentale* E. A. Smith, 1885: 282, pl. 17, f. 1a. Circumboreal
 53N–71N: 62N 30–455 m. –2° +7°C Recent.
- Subgenus *Quendreda* Iredale, 1936.
- Dacrydium elegantulum* Soot-Ryen, 1955.
Dacrydium (Quendreda) elegantulum Soot-Ryen, 1955: 87, pl. 8, f. 41.
 28N–34N: 31N 45–201 m. +11° +27°C Recent.
- Genus *Geukensia* Poel, 1959.
- Geukensia demissa* (Dillwyn, 1817).
Mytilus demissus Dillwyn, 1817:314 (Solander MS); *Modiola plicatula* Lamarck, 1819: 113; *M. semicostata* Conrad, 1837: 244.
 Introduced from Atlantic.
 34N. 38N. Intertidal Recent.
- Genus *Habepegris* Bernard, 1978.
- Habepegris washingtonia* Bernard, 1978.
Habepegris washingtonia Bernard, 1978: 63, f. 3, 13.
 48N 2189 m. +1° +2°C Recent.
- Genus *Lioberus* Dall, 1898.¹⁹
- Lioberus salvadoricus* (Hertlein & Strong, 1946).
Volsella salvadoricus Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 73, pl. 1, f. 7, 11.
 11N–31N: 21N Intertidal–30 m. +13° +31°C Recent.
- Lioberus splendidus* (Dunker, 1857).²⁰
Volsella splendida Dunker, 1857: 365. nom. inq. California?
- Genus *Modiolus* Lamarck, 1799.
- Subgenus *Modiolus s.s.*
- Modiolus aurum* Osorio, 1979.
Modiolus aurum Osorio, 1979: 199, f. 119; *part. M. plumescens* auctt. not Dunker, 1868 (Australia).
 34S Intertidal +13° +23°C Recent.
- Modiolus americanus* (Leach, 1815).
Modiola americana Leach in Leach & Nodder, 1815: 32, pl. 72, f. 1; *M. tulipa* Lamarck, 1819: 111; *Modiolus pseudotulipus* Olsson, 1961: 127, pl. 14, f. 2, a.
 5S–25N: 10N Intertidal–20 m. +13° +31°C Recent.
- Modiolus capax* (Conrad, 1937).
Modiola capax Conrad, 1837: 242; *Mytilus spatula* Menke, 1848: 2; *M. splendens* Dunker, 1857: 358; *Modiola subfuscata* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1889: 122 pl. 25, f. 13 (Sowerby MS).
 Galapagos Islands.
 5S–35N: 15N Intertidal–50 m. +12° +30°C Miocene.
- Modiolus carpenteri* Soot-Ryen, 1963.
Modiolus carpenteri Soot-Ryen, 1963: 127; *Modiola fornicata* Carpenter, 1864c: 536, 643, not Romer, 1836; *part. Volsella sacculifer* auctt. not Berry, 1953.
 34N–37N: 36N Intertidal–20 m. +6° +28°C Miocene.
- Modiolus eiseni* Strong & Hertlein, 1937.
Modiolus eiseni Strong & Hertlein, 1937: 160, pl. 34, f. 11, 14–16.
 1S–28N: 14N Intertidal–360 m. +22° +31°C Recent.
- Modiolus flabellatus* (Gould, 1850).
Mytilus (Modiola) flabellatus Gould, 1850: 343; *Modiola elongata* Carpenter, 1857a: 211, 309 nom. nud. (Gould MS); *Modiolus directus* Dall, 1909a: 12, 17, 113, pl. 12, f. 11, 12.
 30N–54N: 47N Intertidal +2° +31°C Miocene.
- Modiolus kurilensis* nom. nov.²¹
Volsella difficilis Kuroda & Habe, 1950: 30 not *Modiola difficilis* Deshayes, 1863; *part. Mytilus modiolus* auctt. not Linné, 1758.
 Northwestern Pacific.
 47N–56N: 52N Intertidal–50 m. –3° +18°C Recent.
- Modiolus modiolus* (Linné, 1758).
Mytilus modiolus Linné, 1758: 706; *Modiola gibbsii* Leach in Leach &

- Nodder, 1815: 34; *M. papuana* Lamarck, 1828: 111 *M. vulgaris* Fleming, 1812: 412; *M. grandis* Philippi, 1844: 51.
- Circumboreal
- 37N–60N: 48N 50–200 m. $-1^{\circ} +23^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.
- Modiolus neglectus*** Soot-Ryen, 1955.
Modiolus neglectus Soot-Ryen, 1955: 64, pl. 7, f. 31, 32; part. *Modiola recta* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; part. *Volsella flabellata* auctt. not Gould, 1850.
- 23N–37N: 30N 15–110 m. $+5^{\circ} +30^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Modiolus nitens*** (Gould & Carpenter, 1856).
Modiola nitens Gould & Carpenter, 1857: 22. Extralimital. *nom. dub.* Recent.
- Modiolus patagonicus*** (Orbigny, 1846).
Mytilus patagonicus Orbigny, 1846: 646, pl. 85, f. 12, 13; *Modiola magellanica* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Modiola* pl. 8, sp. 41 (Dunker MS) not *Phaseolicama magellanica* Rousseau in Jacquinet, 1854.
- Atlantic.
- 50S–54S: 52S Intertidal. $+1^{\circ} +19^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Modiolus rectus*** (Conrad, 1837).
Modiola recta Conrad, 1837: 243, pl. 19, f. 1; *Modiolus pacificus* Olsson, 1961: 126, 127, pl. 14, f. 3, a.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 5S–35N: 15N Intertidal–15 m. $+19^{\circ} +34^{\circ}\text{C}$ Miocene.
- Modiolus sacculifer*** (Berry, 1953).
Volsella sacculifer Berry, 1953: 407, pl. 28, f. 1, 2, Text-f. 1. 33N–34N. 35–50 m. $+8^{\circ} +26^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pliocene.
- Senus lato.*
- Modiolus abyssicola*** Knudsen, 1970.
Modiolus abyssicola Knudsen, 1970: 92, pl. 14, f. 6. 6N. 3270–3670 m. $+1^{\circ} +2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Subfamily Crenellinae Gray, 1840.
- Genus ***Crenella*** Brown, 1827.
- Crenella caudiva*** Olsson, 1961.
Crenella caudiva Olsson, 1961: 130, pl. 17, f. 2. 2S. Intertidal. $+19^{\circ} +31^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Crenella decussata*** (Montagu, 1808).
Mytilus decussatus Montagu, 1808: 69; *Crenella yokoyamai* Nomura, 1932: 74; *C. decussata laticostata* Scarlato, 1960: 65, pl. 1, f. 3.
- Circumboreal
- 33N–60N: 47N 5–400 m. $-1^{\circ} +26^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pliocene.
- Crenella divaricata*** (Orbigny, 1847).
Nuculocardia divaricata Orbigny in Sagra, 1847: 311, pl. 27, f. 56–59; *Crenella inflata* Carpenter, 1864b: 3 not *Mytilus inflatus* Müller, 1847; *C. ecuadoriana* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 55 pl. 18, f. 2, 3.
- Cocos Island.
- 2S–34N: 16N 5–460 m. $+4^{\circ} +27^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pliocene.
- Crenella leana*** Dall, 1897.
Crenella leana Dall, 1897a: 4, pl. I, f. 6, 7. 55N–60N: 58N 10–80 m. $-1^{\circ} +11^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.
- Crenella seminuda*** (Dall, 1897).
Modiolaria seminuda Dall, 1897a: 5, pl. 1, f. 1; *Crenella grisea* Dall, 1907: 171.
- Northwest Pacific.
- 54N. 10–50 m. $+4^{\circ} +27^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Genus ***Gregariella*** Monterosato, 1883.
- Gregariella chenuana*** (Orbigny, 1846).
Mytilus chenuanus Orbigny, 1846: 649, pl. 85, f. 14–16; *M. fontaineanus* Orbigny, 1846: 710 (plate caption) pl. 85, f. 14–16; *Modiolaria denticulata* Dall, 1871: 154.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 9S–17N: 4N. Intertidal $+16^{\circ} +32^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Gregariella chenui*** (Recluz, 1842).
Mytilus chenui Recluz, 1842: 306; part. *Modiola opifex* auctt. not Say, 1825 (Atlantic).
- Atlantic.
- 13S–37N: 12N 30–100 m. $+10^{\circ} +28^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Gregariella coralliophaga*** (Gmelin, 1791).
Mytilus coralliophagus Gmelin, 1791: 3359; *Crenella coarctata* Carpenter, 1857b: 123 (Dunker MS). 1S–28N: 14N Intertidal. $+14^{\circ} +30^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Genus ***Megacrenella*** Habe, 1965.
- Megacrenella columbiana*** (Dall, 1897).
Crenella columbiana Dall, 1897a: 4, pl. 1, f. 3, 5; *C. rotundata* Dall, 1916a: 20 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 406; *C. tamurai* Habe, 1955: 26, pl. 7, f. 1, 2.
- Northwest Pacific.
- 17N–60N: 39N 20–550 m. $+2^{\circ} +31^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Genus ***Musculista*** Yamamoto & Habe, 1958.
- Musculista senhousia*** (Benson, 1842).
Modiola senhousia Benson, 1842: 489 (*senhousii*, *senhousei* *nom. van. auctt.*); *M. bellardina* Tapparone-Canefri, 1874: 144, pl. 4, f. 4a, b.
- Introduced from Japan.
- 34N. 38N. 48N. Intertidal–20 m. $-1^{\circ} +28^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Genus ***Musculus*** Röding, 1798.
- Subgenus *Musculus s.s.*
- Musculus cultellus*** (Deshayes, 1839).
Modiola cultellus Deshayes, 1839: 359; *Modiolaria impressa* Dall, 1907b: 172; *Musculus olivaceus* Dall, 1916a: 19 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 405; *M. incurvatus* Scarlato, 1960: 87, pl. 4, f. 4.
- Panarctic, Atlantic.
- 70N–71N. 25–70 m. $-2^{\circ} +10^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Musculus cultellus*** (Deshayes, 1839).
Modiola cultellus Deshayes, 1839: 359; *Modiolaria impressa* Dall, 1907b: 172; *Musculus olivaceus* Dall, 1916a: 19 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 405; *M. incurvatus* Scarlato, 1960: 87, pl. 4, f. 4.
- Western Bering Sea.
- 57N. 50–200 m. $-1^{\circ} +7^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.
- Musculus discors*** (Linné, 1767).
Mytilus discors Linné, 1767: 1159; *M. discrepans* Montagu, 1803: 169 not Leach, 1815; *Modiola substriata* Gray, 1824: 245; *M. laevigata* Gray, 1824: 246 not Wood, 1828; *Modiolaria laevis* Beck in Robert, 1851: pl. 17 not *Modiola laevis* Sowerby, 1812; *Musculus filatovae* Scarlato, 1955: 189, pl. 50, f. 3.
- Panarctic, circumboreal.
- 47N–71N: 59N. 5–150 m. $-2^{\circ} +10^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.
- Musculus niger*** (Gray, 1824).
Modiola nigra Gray, 1824: 244; *M. discrepans* Leach, 1815: 36 not *Mytilus discrepans* Montagu, 1803 not *Modiola discrepans* Lamarck, 1819; *M. nexa* Gould, 1841: 128; *Musculus niger obesus* Dall, 1916a: 19 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 405 not *Mytilus obesus* Reeve, 1858; *M. protractus* Dall, 1916a: 19 *nom. nud.*; *M. niger protractus* Dall, 1916b: 405.
- Panarctic, circumboreal.
- 48N–71N: 60N 15–150 m. $-1^{\circ} +14^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pleistocene.
- Musculus pygmaeus*** Glynn, 1964.
Musculus pygmaeus Glynn, 1964: 121, f. 1a, b. 35N–37N: 36N Intertidal $+4^{\circ} +31^{\circ}\text{C}$ Recent.

- Musculus taylori* (Dall, 1897).
Modiolaria taylori Newcombe 1893: 5 *nom. nud.* (Dall MS); Dall, 1897a: 5, pl. 1, f. 17-18; *Musculus phenax* Dall, 1915d: 138. 48N-57N: 53N Intertidal. Recent.
- Subgenus *Vilasina* Scarlato, 1960 (Bartsch MS).
- Musculus vernicosus* (Middendorff, 1849).
Modiolaria vernicosus Middendorff, 1849: 84. Northwest Pacific. 57N-60N: 59N 10-80 m. -1° +27°C Recent.
- Subfamily Lithophaginae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857.
- Genus *Adula* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857.
- Adula californiensis* (Philippi, 1847).
Modiola californiensis Philippi, 1847: 113 (Eschscholtz MS); *Adula stylina* Carpenter, 1864c: 599, 627, 644, 669. 33N-49N: 41N Intertidal. -1° +24°C Recent.
- Adula diegensis* (Dall, 1911).
Modiolus diegensis Dall, 1911: 110. 23N-43N: 33N. Intertidal +1° +30°C Recent.
- Adula falcata* (Gould, 1851).
Lithodomus falcatus Gould, 1851: 92; *L. gruneri* Reeve, 1858: 10 *Lithodomus* pl. 3, sp. 12 (Philippi MS). 28N-43N: 35N Intertidal. -1° +30°C. Recent.
- Adula soleniformis* (Orbigny, 1846).
Mytilus soleniformis Orbigny, 1846: 649, pl. 85, f. 17, 18; *Adula soleniformis panamensis* Olsson, 1961: 132, pl. 16, f. 3, a. 5S-8N: 1N. Intertidal. +14° +31°C Recent.
- Genus *Lithophaga* Röding, 1798.
- Subgenus *Diberus* Dall, 1898.
- Lithophaga canalifera* (Hanley, 1843).
Modiola canalifera Hanley, 1843: 239, pl. 24, f. 22; *part. M. appendiculata auctt.* not Philippi, 1846 (Caribbean). 1S-9N: 4N Intertidal. +20° +31°C Recent.
- Lithophaga patagonica* (Orbigny, 1846).
Lithodomus patagonicus Orbigny, 1846: 650, pl. 85, f. 19, 20. South Atlantic. 47S-56S: 52S Intertidal -1° +18°C Recent.
- Lithophaga plumula* (Hanley, 1844).
Lithodomus plumula Hanley, 1844: 17; *part. Modiola teres auctt.* not Philippi, 1846 (IndoPacific); *Lithodomus subula* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Lithodomus* pl. 4, sp. 26; *Lithophaga plumula kelseyi* Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 75, pl. 1, f. 9. Clipperton, Galapagos Islands. 4S-40N: 18N Intertidal-40 m. 0 +29°C Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Labis* Dall, 1916.
- Lithophaga peruviana* (Orbigny, 1846).
Lithodomus peruvianus Orbigny, 1846: 651; *Modiola attenuata* Philippi, 1847: 148, pl. 1, f. 6 not Deshayes, 1836; *Lithodomus cumingianus* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Lithodomus* pl. 21, sp. 8a, b (Dunker, MS). Cocos Island. 12S-18S: 15S Intertidal-25 m. +15° +31°C Recent.
- Lithophaga rogersi* Berry, 1957. *Lithophaga (Labis) attenuata rogersi* Berry, 1957: 76. 17N-33N: 2-15 m. +40 +31°C Recent.
- Subgenus *Leiosolemus* Carpenter, 1856.
- Lithophaga hancocki* Soot-Ryen, 1955.
Lithophaga (Leiosolenus) hancocki Soot-Ryen, 1955: 102, pl. 10, f. 60. Clipperton, Galapagos Islands. 1S-9N: 4N 10-35 m. +12° +29°C Recent.
- Lithophaga spatiosa* (Carpenter, 1857).
Leiosolenus spatiosus Carpenter, 1857b: 130; *Lithophagus rugiferus* Carpenter, 1857b: 125 *nom. nud.* (Dunker MS); *Lithophrya abboti* Lowe, 1935: 17, pl. 1, f. 5. 2S-31N: 15N Intertidal-27 m. +13° +33°C Recent.
- Subgenus *Myoforceps* Fischer, 1886.
- Lithophaga aristata* (Dillwyn, 1817).
Mytilus aristatus Dillwyn, 1817: 303 (Solander MS); *Modiola caudigera* Lamarck, 1819: 116; *Lithophagus caudatus* Gray in King, 1827: 477; *L. aristatus gracilior* Carpenter, 1857b: 129; *L. aristatus tumidior* Carpenter, 1857b: 129; *Dactylus carpenteri* Mørch, 1861: 206; *Lithophaga incurva* Gabb, 1861: 377 p. 147-180. Cocos, Galapagos Island. 4S-33N: 15N Intertidal-20 m. +2° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Rudiphaga* Olsson, 1961.
- Lithophaga hastasia* Olsson, 1961.
Lithophaga (Rudiphaga) hastasia Olsson, 1961: 139, pl. 15, f. 5a-f. 1N-9N: 5N Intertidal +21° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Stumpiella* Soot-Ryen, 1955.
- Lithophaga calyculata* (Carpenter, 1857).
Lithophagus calyculatus Carpenter, 1857b: 124. Clipperton, Galapagos Islands. 1S-28N: 14N Intertidal-5 m. +13° +32°C. Recent.
- Order PTERIOIDA Newell, 1965.
emend. Waller, 1978.
- Suborder PTERIINA Newell, 1965.
emend. Waller, 1978.
- Superfamily PTERIACEA Gray, 1847.
nom. transl. Dall, 1894 *ex* Pteriidae.
- Family Pteriidae Gray, 1847.
nom. correct. Meek, 1864 *pro* Pteriadae Gray not Pteriidae Broderip, 1839 (ICZN 402).
- Genus *Pteria* Scopoli, 1777.
- Pteria cumingii* (Reeve, 1857).
Avicula cumingii Reeve, 1857: 10 *Avicula* pl. 4, sp. 6. Extralimital. Indo-Pacific.
- Pteria sterna* (Gould, 1851).²²
Avicula sterna Gould, 1851: 93; *part. A. heteroptera auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819; *part. A. atlantica auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819; *A. (Meleagrina) fimbriata* Dunker, 1852: 79 not Reeve, 1857; *A. peruviana* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Avicula* pl. 14, sp. 53; *A. eximia* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Avicula* pl. 16, sp. 62 not Verneuil in Murchison, 1845; *A. libella* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Avicula* pl. 17, sp. 69; *A. vivesi* Rochebrune, 1895: 240; *Pteria rositae* Hertlein, 1928: 150, pl. 25, f. 3; *P. beiliana* Olsson, 1961: 146, pl. 18, f. 5a-c. 5S-34N: 13N. 5-35 m. +10° +30°C. ?Miocene.
- Pteria viridizona* Dall, 1916.²³
Pteria viridizona Dall, 1916a: 15 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 403 (*viridizona nom. null.*) Extralimital.
- Genus *Pinctada* Röding, 1798.
- Pinctada mazatlanica* (Hanley, 1856).
Meleagrina mazatlanica Hanley, 1856b: 388, pl. 24, f. 40; *part. Mytilus margaritifera auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Indo-Pacific); *part. Avicula (Meleagrina) fimbriata auctt.* not Dunker, 1852; *A. barbata* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Avicula* pl. 5, sp. 9. Clipperton, Galapagos Islands. 5S-29N: 12N. 5-30 m. +12° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Family Isognomonidae Woodring, 1925.
- Genus *Isognomon* [Lightfoot, 1786.]
- Subgenus *Isognomon s.s.*

- Isognomon californicum* (Conrad, 1837).
Perna californica Conrad, 1837:245, pl. 19, f. 13; *P. hawaiiensis* Pease, 1871: 25. Extralimital. Hawaii.
- Isognomon costellatum* (Conrad, 1837).
Perna costellata Conrad, 1837: 246. Extralimital. Hawaii.
- Isognomon gaudichaudi* (Orbigny, 1842).
Perna gaudichaudi Orbigny, 1842: 131, pl. 15, f. 14-16; *part. P. chemnitzianus auctt.* not Orbigny in Sagra, 1845 (Caribbean); *part. P. bicolor auctt.* not A. Adams, 1845; *Melina araucana* Philippi, 1887: 208, pl. 45, f. 4; *M. pusilla* Philippi, 1887: 208, pl. 45, f. 5; *part. Perna recognita auctt.* not Mabille, 1895: 72. 24S-33S: 29S. Intertidal-10 m. +11° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Isognomon janus* Carpenter, 1857.
Isognomon janus Carpenter, 1857b: 151; ?*Perna anomioides* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Perna* pl. 3, sp. 11. 16N-34N: 25N. 1-35 m. +11° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Isognomon quadratus* (Anton, 1837).
Perna quadrata Anton, 1837: 285; *part. Ostrea legumen auctt.* not Gmelin, 1791 (Indo-Pacific); *part. Perna chemnitziana auctt.* not Orbigny in Sagra, 1845; *part. Perna linguaeformis auctt.* not Reeve, 1858; *part. P. quadrangularis* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Perna* pl. 20, sp. 6; *P. recognita* Mabille, 1895: 72. Cocos, Galapagos Islands. 2S-26N: 12N. Intertidal-5 m. +13° +32°C. Recent. Family Vulsellidae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857. Genus *Malleus* Lamarck, 1799. Subgenus *Malvufundus* Gregorio, 1885.
- Malleus regulus* (Forskål, 1775).
Ostrea regula Forskål, 1775: 124; *Vulsella nuttallii* Conrad, 1837: 257, pl. 20, f. 10; *Avicula candeana* Orbigny in Sagra, 1846: 343, pl. 28, f. 25-27 (Caribbean); *Malleus tigrinus* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Malleus* pl. 3, sp. 7; *M. rufipunctatus* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Malleus* pl. e, sp. 8; *M. aquatilis* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Malleus* pl. 3, sp. 11; *M. vesiculatus* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Malleus* pl. 3, sp. 12; *M. panamensis* Mørch, 1861: 209; *M. obvolutus* Foltz, 1867b: 27, pl. 4, f. 6, 8. Cosmopolitan in warm water. 9N-23N: 16N. 1-50 m. +12° +30°C. Recent. Genus *Vulsella* Röding, 1798. *Vulsella pacifica* Dall, 1916.²⁴ *Vulsella pacifica* Dall, 1916b: 403. Extralimital? Suborder PINNINA Waller, 1978. Superfamily Pinnacea Leach, 1819. *nom. transl.* Newell, 1965 ex Pinnidae. Family Pinnidea Leach, 1819. Genus *Atrina* Gray, 1842. *Atrina listeri* (Orbigny, 1846).²⁵ *Pinna listeri* Orbigny, 1846: 641, pl. 85, f. 1. Extralimital. Atlantic. *Atrina maura* (Sowerby, 1835). *Pinna maura* Sowerby, 1835: 84; *part. P. rudis auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); *P. lanceolata* Sowerby, 1835: 84 not Sowerby, 1821; *P. cumingii* Reeve, 1858: 11 *Pinna* pl. 16, sp. 29 (Hanley MS). 3S-26N: 11N. 2-10 m. +12° +30°C. Recent. *Atrina oldroydii* Dall, 1901. *Atrina oldroydii* Dall, 1901b: 143; *part. Pinna saccata auctt.* not Linne, 1758 (Indo-Pacific). 25N-34N: 30N. 5-30 m. +10° +28°C. Recent. *Atrina texta* Hertlein, Hanna, & Strong, 1943. *Atrina texta* Hertlein, Hanna, & Strong in Hertlein & Strong, 1943: 166, pl. 1, f. 9, 10. Galapagos Islands. 1S-23N: 12N. 5-20 m. +12° +28°C. Recent. *Atrina tuberculosa* (Sowerby, 1835). *Pinna tuberculosa* Sowerby, 1835: 84. Galapagos Islands. 5S-28N: 12N. 1-10 m. +10° +31°C. Pliocene. Genus *Pinna* Linné, 1758. Subgenus *Pinna s.s.* *Pinna rugosa* Sowerby, 1835. *Pinna rugosa* Sowerby, 1835: 84. Clipperton Island. 10N-28N: 19N. Intertidal-5 m. +17° +30°C. Pleistocene. Order LIMOIDA Waller, 1978. Superfamily LIMACEA Rafinesque, 1815 *nom. transl.* Newell, 1969 ex Limidae. Family Limidae Rafinesque, 1815. *nom. correct.* Orbigny, 1846 pro Limaridia. Genus *Acesta* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858. Subgenus *Acesta s.s.* *Acesta diomedae* (Dall, 1908). *Lima (Acesta) diomedae* Dall., 1908c: 407, pl. 7, f. 2. Galapagos Islands. 1S 704 m. +5° +8°C. Recent. *Acesta mori* (Hertlein, 1952). *Lima (Acesta) mori* Hertlein, 1952: 379, pl. 20, f. 12, 13. 37N. 1263-1464 m. +2°C. Recent. *Acesta patagonica* (Dall, 1902).²⁶ *Lima patagonica* Dall, 1902b: 16 not Ihering, 1907; *part. L. goliath auctt.* not Sowerby, 1883 (Japan); *part. L. excavata auctt.* not Jeffreys, 1879 not Fischer, 1807 (Atlantic); *L. agassizii* Dall, 1902b: 16. (9N) 14S-53S: 33S. 600-2200 m. +1° +7°C. Recent. Subgenus *Plicacesta* Vokes, 1963. *Acesta sphoni* (Hertlein, 1963). *Lima (Plicacesta) sphoni* Hertlein, 1963: 3, f. 1-3. 33N. 457-549 m. +4° +9°C. Recent. Genus *Lima* Bruguière, 1797. Subgenus *Lima s.s.* *Lima tetrica* Gould, 1851. *Lima tetrica* Gould, 1851: 93; *part. L. squamosa auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819 (Atlantic). Galapagos Islands. 2S-30N: 14N. 5-110 m. +8° +31°C. Pleistocene. Genus *Limaria* Link, 1807. Subgenus *Limaria s.s.* *Limaria hemphilli* (Hertlein & Strong, 1946). *Lima (Limaria) hemphilli* Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 66, pl. 1, f. 3, 4; *part. L. hians auctt.* not Gmelin, 1741; *part. L. dehiscens auctt.* not Conrad, 1837; *part. L. orientalis auctt.* not Adams & Reeve, 1850. 17N-37N: 27N. 15-100 m. +5° +26°C. Recent. Genus *Limatula* Wood, 1839. *Limatula attenuata* Dall, 1916. *Limatula attenuata* Dall, 1916a: 17 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 404. 52N-54N: 53N. 15-25 m. -1° +12°C. ?Pleistocene. *Limatula pygmaea* (Philippi, 1845). *Lima pygmaea* Philippi, 1845b: 56; *Limatula falklandica* A. Adams, 1863: 509; *Linea martiali* Mabille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune &

- Mabille, 1889: 124; *Lima* (*Limatula*) *hodgsoni* E. A. Smith, 1907: 6, pl. 3, f. 8, a, b.
- Antarctic Ocean.
- 43S–56S: 50S. 100–300 m. +1° +10°C. Recent.
- Limatula saturna* Bernard, 1978.
Limatula saturna Bernard, 1978: 71, f. 8, 17.
45N–49N: 47N. 10–50 m. +6° +14°C. Recent.
- Limatula similis* (Dall, 1908).
Lima (*Limatula*) *similis* Dall, 1908c: 408.
9S–28N: 10N. 55–110 m. +9° +15°C. Recent.
- Limatula subauriculata* (Montagu, 1808.)
Pecten subauriculata Montagu, 1808: 63, pl. 29, f. 2.
- Circumboreal.
- 37N–60N: 48N. 50–350 m. –2° +11°C. Recent.
- Limatula vancouverensis* Bernard, 1978.
Limatula vancouverensis Bernard, 1978: 72, f. 9, 18.
46N–50N: 48N. 2000–2200 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.
- Genus *Promantellum* Iredale, 1939.
- Promantellum orbigny* Lamy, 1930.
Lima (*Mantellum*) *orbigny* Lamy, 1930b: 180; *L. angulata* Sowerby, 1843: 86 not Münster, 1841.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 34S–31N: 3N. 5–30 m. +9° +31°C. Recent.
- Promantellum pacifica* (Orbigny, 1846).
Lima pacifica Orbigny, 1846: 654; *L. arcuata* Sowerby, 1843: 86, pl. 22, f. 41, 42; *L. galapagensis* Pilsbry & Vanatta, 1902: 556, pl. 35, f. 4.
- Galapagos Islands.
- .5S–31N: 13N. Intertidal–2 m. +5° +34°C. Recent.
- Order OSTREOIDA Waller, 1978.
- Suborder OSTREINA Férussac, 1822.
emend. Waller, 1978.
- Superfamily OSTREACEA Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. Waller, 1978 *ex* Ostreidae.
- Family Ostreidae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. correct. Gray, 1833 *pro* Ostreacia (Off. List, ICZN Op. 356).
- Subfamily Ostreinae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. Vyalov, 1936 *ex* Ostreidae.
- Genus *Agerostrea* Vyalov, 1936.
- Agerostrea megodon* (Hanley, 1846).
Ostrea megodon Hanley, 1846: 106 (*megadon nom. van. auctt.*); *O. gallus* Valenciennes, 1846: pl. 21; *O. veatchi* Gabb, 1869: 34, pl. 11, f. 59; *O. carrossensis* Gabb, 1869: 35, pl. 11, f. 61.
5S–28N: 12N. 5–20 m. +10° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Crassostrea* Sacco, 1897.
- Crassostrea callichroa* (Hanley, 1846).
Ostrea callichroa Hanley, 1846a: 107; *O. cibialis* Hupé in Gay, 1854: 281, pl. 5, f. 1; *O. longiscula* Hupé in Gay, 1854: 282, pl. 5, f. 3.
30S–42S: 36S. Intertidal +4° +25°C. Recent.
- Crassostrea columbiensis* (Hanley, 1846).²⁷
Ostrea columbiensis Hanley, 1846: 107; *part. O. rosacea auctt.* not Gmelin, 1791 not Deshayes in Lamarck, 1836; *O. aequatorialis* Orbigny, 1846: 672; *O. ochracea* Sowerby in Reeve, 1871: 18 *Ostrea* pl. 10, sp. 19; *O. tulipa* Sowerby in Reeve, 1871: 18 *Ostrea* pl. 18, sp. 39.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 5S–28N: 12N. Intertidal–5 m. +10° +29°C. Recent.
- Crassostrea corteziensis* (Hertlein, 1951).²⁸
Ostrea corteziensis Hertlein, 1951: 68, pl. 24, f. 1, 2, pl. 25, pl. 26, f. 7; *part. O. chilensis auctt.* not Philippi, 1844.
3S–31N: 14N. Intertidal. +13° +33°C. Pliocene.
- Crassostrea gigas* (Thunberg, 1793).²⁹
Ostrea gigas Thunberg, 1793: 140, pl. 6, f. 1–3 not Meuschen, 1781 (*nom. binom.*) (ICZN Op. 261); *O. laperosii* Schrenck, 1861: 411; *O. italienwhanensis* Crosse, 1862: 149, pl. 6, f. 6; *O. posjetica* Raugh, 1934: 36, pl. 10
- Introduced to Northwest Pacific.
- 38N.60N. Intertidal–6 m. –4° +24°C. Recent.
- Crassostrea palmula* (Carpenter, 1857).
Ostrea conchaphila palmula Carpenter, 1857b: 163; *part. O. folium auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Indo-Pacific); *O. panamensis* Carpenter, 1864a: 24 (*sp. ind.* Adams, 1852); *O. amara* Carpenter, 1864a: 24 (*sp. ind.* 215, Carpenter 1857).
- Cocos, Galapagos Islands.
- 1S–25N: 12N. 1–7 m. +12° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Crassostrea rivularis* (Gould, 1861).
Ostrea rivularis Gould, 1861: 39 (*revularis nom. null. auctt.*)
- Northwest Pacific.
- Introduced to Washington and British Columbia; not established.
- Crassostrea virginica* (Gmelin, 1791).
Ostrea virginica Gmelin, 1791: 3336 (*virginiana nom. van. auctt.*) not *O. virginica californica* Marcou, 1858.
- Northwest Atlantic.
Intertidal
- Introduced to many west coast locations, a small population established in British Columbia.
- Genus *Hyotissa* Stenzel, 1971.
- Hyotissa hyotis* (Linné 1758)
Mytilus hyotis Linné, 1758: 704
- Clipperton, Galapagos Islands
- 1S.10N. 2–25 m. +12° +28°C. Recent
- Hyotissa solida* (Sowerby, 1871).
Ostrea solida Sowerby in Reeve, 1871: 18 *Ostrea* pl. 14, sp. 28; *part. O. sinensis auctt.* not Gmelin, 1791 (Indian Ocean); *part. O. turbinata auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819 29 (Indo-Pacific); *O. jacobaea* Rochebrune, 1895: 1 not Linné, 1758; *O. fischeri* Dall, 1914: 1.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 1S–28N: 14N. Intertidal. +8° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Tiostrea* Chanley & Dinamani, 1980.
- Tiostrea chilensis* Philippi, 1845.
Ostrea chilensis Philippi, 1845: 74, pl. 13, f. 78 not *O. chillyensis* Terguem & Piette, 1865; *part. O. edulis auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); *O. chiloensis* Reeve, 1871: 18 *Ostrea* pl. 15, sp. 33.
30S–42S: 36S. Intertidal. +4° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Ostrea* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Ostrea s.s.*
- Ostrea conchaphila* Carpenter, 1857.
Ostrea conchaphila Carpenter, 1857b: 161; *O. multistriata auctt.* not Hanley, 1845 not Deshayes, 1830; *O. procella* Lamy, 1929: 106 (Valenciennes MS).
8N–31N: 20N. Intertidal–40 m. +15° +34°C. Pliocene.
- Ostrea edulis* Linné, 1758.
Ostrea edulis Linné, 1758: 699.
Introduced to several west coast Atlantic locations but not established.
- Ostrea lurida* Carpenter, 1864.
Ostrea lurida Carpenter, 1864c: 599, 606, 615, 645; *part. O. edulis auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); *part. O. palmula auctt.* not Carpenter, 1857; *part. O. conchaphila auctt.* not Carpenter, 1857; *O. lurida laticaudata* Carpenter, 1864c: 527, 615, 646 (Nuttall MS); *O. lurida rufoides* Carpenter, 1864c: 542, 615, 646; *O. lurida expansa* Carpenter, 1864c: 615, 646 not Sowerby, 1819; *Monoeciostrae vancouverensis* Orton, 1928: 320 *nom. van.*
33N–57N: 45N. Intertidal–50 m. –3° +28°C. Miocene.

Ostrea tubulifera Dall, 1914.³⁰
Ostrea tubulifera Dall, 1914: 3.
Extralimital?

Genus *Striostrea* Vyalov, 1936.

Striostrea prismatica (Gray, 1825).

Ostrea prismatica Gray, 1825: 139; *part. O. spathulata* auctt. not Lamarck, 1819; *part. O. puelchana* auctt. not Orbigny, 1841 (Atlantic); *O. iridescens* Hanley, 1854: pl. 2, f. 6, 7, (Gray MS); *O. virginica californica* Marcou, 1858: 32, p. 15, f. 2a; *O. lucasiana* Rochebrune, 1895: 241; *O. turturina* Rochebrune, 1895: 242.

Galapagos Islands.

4S–24N: 10N. Intertidal. +12° +32°C. Pliocene.

Subfamily Lophinae Vyalov, 1936.

Genus *Lopha* Röding, 1798.

Subgenus *Lopha s.s.*

Lopha angelica (Rochebrune, 1895).

Ostrea angelica Rochebrune, 1895: 241; *part. O. cumingiana* auctt. not Dunker, 1846 (Indo-Pacific); *part. O. veatchi* auctt. not Gabb, 1866. 3S–29N: 13N. 1–5 m. +13° +32°C. Pliocene.

Lopha folium (Linné, 1758).³¹

Ostrea folium Linné, 1758: 699; *Mytilus frons* Linné, 1758: 704; *M. cristagalli* Linné, 1758: 704; *Ostrea serra* Dall, 1914: 2 not Lamarck, 1819; *O. dalli* Lamy, 1930a: 252; *O. (Pretostrea) bresia* Iredale, 1939: 396, pl. 7, f. 4.

Cosmopolitan in warm waters.

8N. 2–10 m. +25° +31°C. Recent.

Superfamily Dimyacea Fischer, 1886.

nom. transl. Waller, 1978 ex Dimyidae.

Family Dimyidae Fischer, 1886.

Genus *Dimya* Rouault, 1850.

Dimya californica Berry, 1937.

Dimya californica Berry, 1937: 126, pl. 13. 29N–34N: 31N. 85–1250 m. +4° +22°C. Recent.

Dimya coralliotis Berry, 1944.

Dimya coralliotis Berry, 1944: 25, f. 1-4. 32N–34N: 33N. 70–185 m. +7° +26°C. Recent.

Superfamily Plicatulacea Gray, 1854

emend. Yonge, 1955, *emend.* Waller, 1978.

Family Plicatulidae Gray, 1854.

nom. transl. Iredale, 1939 ex Plicatulinae.

Genus *Plicatula* Lamarck, 1801.

Subgenus *Plicatula s.s.*

Plicatula anomioides Keen, 1958.

Plicatula anomioides Keen, 1958: 241, pl. 31, f. 4, 7, 8. 23N–28N: 25N. Intertidal. +18° +33°C. Recent.

Plicatula inezana Durham, 1950.

Plicatula inezana Durham, 1950: 69, pl. 18, f. 1, 3, 6; *part. P. spondyloopsis* auctt. not Rochebrune, 1895. 17N–26N: 21N. 45–140 m. +13° +29°C. Pleistocene.

Plicatula penicillata Carpenter, 1857.

Plicatula penicillata Carpenter, 1857b: 155.

Galapagos Islands.

0–2S: 1S. Intertidal. +19° +31°C. Pliocene.

Plicatula spondyloopsis Rochebrune, 1895.

Plicatula spondyloopsis Rochebrune, 1895: 242; *part. P. gibbosa* auctt. not Lamarck, 1801 (Caribbean); *P. dubia* auctt. not Hanley, 1847; *P. ostreivaga* Rochebrune, 1895: 242.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–26N: 13N. Intertidal–5 m. +26° +31°C. Pliocene.

Suborder PECTININA Waller, 1978.

Superfamily PECTINACEA Rafinesque, 1815.

nom. transl. et correct. Dall, 1896 ex Pectenina.

Family Pectinidae Rafinesque, 1815.

nom. correct Orbigny, 1839 *pro* Pectenidae. *emend.* Waller, 1978.

Subfamily Chlamydiae Korobkov, 1957.

nom. correct Korobkov, 1960 *ex* Chlamysinae.

Genus *Argopecten* Monterosato, 1889.

Argopecten circularis (Sowerby, 1835).

Pecten circularis Sowerby, 1835: 110 not Goldfuss, 1836; *P. tumidus* Sowerby, 1835: 109 not *Ostrea tumida* Turton, 1819 not *Pecten tumidus* Hartmann in Zieten, 1833; *P. ventricosus* Sowerby, 1842: 51, pl. 12, f. 18, 19, 26; *P. pomatia* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 19, f. 3; *P. inca* Orbigny, 1846: 663; *P. solidulus* Reeve, 1853: 8 *Pecten* pl. 32, sp. 155; *P. ventricosus aequisulcatus* Carpenter, 1864b, 1898: 536, 540, 592, 599; *P. (Plagioctenium) subventricosus* Dall, 1898: 707, pl. 29, f. 8; *P. compactus* Dall, 1898: 707, pl. 34, f. 5; *P. newsomi* Arnold, 1903: 113, pl. 11, f. 1, a; *P. filitextus* Li, 1930: 255, pl. 2, f. 10.

Galapagos Islands.

5S–30N: 12N. Intertidal–150 m. +10° +30°C. Pliocene.

Argopecten purpuratus (Lamarck, 1819).

Pecten purpuratus Lamarck, 1819: 166. 6S–30N: 12N. 5–95 m. +8° +28°C. Pliocene.

Argopecten tehuelchus (Orbigny, 1846).

Pecten tehuelchus Orbigny, 1846: 662, pl. 85, f. 21-24.

South Atlantic.

53S–55S: 54S. 5–10 m. +1° +9°C. Recent.

Genus *Chlamys* Röding, 1798.

Subgenus *Chlamys s.s.*

Chlamys albida (Arnold, 1906).

Pecten (Chlamys) hastatus albidus Arnold, 1906: 136, pl. 52, f. 2, a (Dall MS); *P. (Chlamys) erythrocomatus* Dall, 1907b: 170; *Chlamys (Chlamys) wainwrightensis* McNeil, 1967: 27, pl. 18, f. 3, pl. 19, f. 8, 9, pl. 23, f. 4, 5.

Northwest Pacific.

54N–71N: 62N. 100–200 m. –2° +6°C. Recent.

Chlamys behringiana (Middendorff, 1849).

Pecten islandicus behringiana Middendorff, 1849: 528, pl. 3, f. 1-3 (*beringiana nom. van. auctt.*); *P. hericius strategus* Dall, 1898: 709; *Chlamys (Chlamys) beringiana graui* MacNeil, 1967: 26; *C. (Chlamys) beringiana unalaskae* MacNeil, 1967: 27, pl. 20, f. 1, 3, 4.

Western Bering Sea.

53N–71N: 62N. 40–150 m. –1° +12°C. Pliocene.

Chlamys hastata (Sowerby, 1843).

Pecten hastatus Sowerby, 1843: 72, pl. 20, f. 236; *P. comatus* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 18, f. 2 not Münster in Goldfuss, 1833; *P. rastellinum* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 19, f. 4; *P. hericius* Gould, 1850: 345; (*hericeus nom. van. auctt.*); *P. altiplicatus* Conrad, 1857: 191, pl. 3, f. 2; *P. islandicus pugetensis* Oldroyd, 1920: 136, pl. 4, f. 5, 6. 33N–60N: 46N. 2–150 m. 0° +23°C. Miocene.

Chlamys incantata Hertlein 1972.

Chlamys incantata Hertlein, 1972a: 2, f. 1-5

Galapagos Islands.

1S 200 m. Recent.

Chlamys islandica (Müller, 1776).³²

Pecten islandicus Müller, 1776: 248; *P. rubidus* Martyn, 1784: pl. 153, f. 1 (*non binom.*) not Hinds, 1845; *Ostrea cinnabarina* Born, 1780: 103; *Pecten pealeii* Conrad, 1831b: 12, pl. 2, f. 2; *Chlamys islandica insculpta* Verrill, 1897: 73, pl. 16, f. 4, 5, a; *C. costellata* Verrill, 1897: 75; *C. (Chlamys) pseudislandica* MacNeil, 1967: 31, pl. 31, f. 7, pl. 20, f. 8; *C. (Chlamys) pseudislandica plafkeri* MacNeil, 1967: 32, pl. 12, f. 1, 2, 6.

7, pl. 13, f. 1, 2; *C. (Chlamys) pseudislandica arconis* MacNeil, 1967: 33, pl. 23, f. 7, 8; *C. (Chlamys) islandica thulensis* MacNeil, 1967: 34, pl. 18, f. 2.

Panarctic, Circumboreal

64N-70N: 67N. 5-150 m. -4° +14°C. Pliocene.

Chlamys jordani Arnold, 1903.

Pecten (Chlamys) jordani Arnold, 1903: 111, pl. 12, f. 6, 7; part. *P. rubidus* auctt. not Hinds, 1845. 48N-52N: 50N. 2-60 m. -1° +20°C. Pliocene.

Chlamys lowei (Hertlein, 1935).

Pecten (Chlamys) lowei Hertlein, 1935: 308, pl. 19, f. 1, 2, 7, 8.

Galapagos Islands.

1S-33N: 16N. 2-175 m. +10° +29°C. Recent.

Chlamys rubida (Hinds, 1845).

Pecten rubidus Hinds, 1845: 61 not Martyn, 1784 (*non binom.*); part. *P. fabricii* auctt. not Philippi, 1844; *P. hindsii* Carpenter, 1864c: 574 606, 645; *P. hericeus navarchus* Dall, 1898: 708; *P. kincaidi* Oldroyd, 1920: 135, pl. 4, f. 3, 4; *P. (Chlamys) islandicus piceonis* Waterfall, 1929: 79, 83, pl. 5, f. 2, 4; *Chlamys durhami* Adegoke, 1969: 97, pl. 2, f. 5.

Northwest Pacific.

33N-58N: 46N. 1-200 m. +1° +17°C. Miocene.

Chlamys squarosa (Carpenter, 1865).

Pecten squarosus Carpenter, 1864c: 536 *nom. nud.*; Carpenter, 1865b: 179 *Extralimital. nom. dub.*

Subgenus *Hinnites* DeFrance, 1821.³³

Chlamys gigantea (Gray, 1825).

Lima gigantea Gray, 1825: 139 not preoc. *Plagiostoma gigantea* Sowerby, 1814; *Hinnita poulsoni* Conrad, 1834: 182 not *Pecten poulsoni* Morton, 1834; *Hinnites crassa* Conrad, 1857b: 190, pl. 2, f. 1 not *Pecten crassus* Risso, 1826; *Pecten (Chlamys) multirugosus* Gale, 1928: 92; *P. (Chlamys) multirugosus crassiplicatus* Gale, 1928: 93; *Hinnites benedicti* Adegoke, 1969: 103, pl. 3, f. 3, 5. 25N-60N: 43N. Intertidal 2-80 m +4° +29°C. Miocene.

Subgenus *Zygochlamys* Ihering, 1907.

Chlamys darwinii (Reeve, 1853).

Pecten darwinii Reeve, 1853: 8 *Pecten* pl. 17, sp. 62. 53S. depth unknown. Recent.

Chlamys lishkei (Dunker, 1850).

Pecten lishkei Dunker, 1850: 32, f. 4; *P. australis* Philippi, 1845: 56 not Sowerby, 1842 (Indo-Pacific); *P. rosaceus* Stempel, 1899: 228 not *P. varius rosacea* Locard, 1888; *P. (Chlamys) amandi* Hertlein, 1935: 305. 45S-50S: 47S. 15-50 m. +2° +13°C. Recent.

Chlamys patagonica (King & Broderip, 1832).

Pecten patagonicus King and Broderip, 1832: 337; ?*P. rufiradiatus* Reeve, 1853: 8 *Pecten* pl. 32, sp. 147.

South Atlantic.

42S-54S: 48S 15-25 m +1° +16°C. Recent.

Chlamys patriae Doello-Jurado, 1918.

Chlamys patriae Doello-Jurado, 1918: 269; *Pecten magellanicus* Bosc, 1801: 261 not *Ostrea magellanica* Gmelin, 1791. 35S-53S: 44S. 20-120 m. +2° +14°C. Recent.

Chlamys phalara Roth, 1975.

Chlamys phalara Roth, 1975: 81, pl. 6, f. 1-14; part. *Pecten (Chlamys) amandi* auctt. not Hertlein, 1935. 33S-45S: 39S. 5-300 m. +1° +19°C. Recent.

Genus *Leptopecten* Verrill, 1897.

Subgenus *Leptopecten* s.s.

Leptopecten biolleyi (Hertlein & Strong, 1946).

Pecten (Leptopecten) velero biolleyi Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 60, pl. 1, f. 6. 2S-32N: 17N. 15-220 m. +8° +29°C. Recent.

Leptopecten camerella (Berry, 1968).

Aequipecten (Leptopecten) camerella Berry, 1968: 155. 24N. 65-73 m. +13° +28°C. Recent.

Leptopecten euterpes (Berry, 1957).

Pecten (Leptopecten) euterpes Berry, 1957: 75. 17N-28N: 22N. 10-190 m. +10° +29°C. Recent.

Leptopecten lataiuratus (Conrad, 1837).

Pecten lataiuratus Conrad, 1837: 238, pl. 18, f. 9 (*lataiuritus* *nom. van. auctt.*); *P. monotimeris* Conrad, 1837: 238, pl. 18, f. 10; *P. tunica* Philippi, 1844: 100, pl. 1, f. 3; *P. lataiuritus fucicolus* Dall, 1898: 710; *P. (Chlamys) lataiuritus fragilis* Arnold, 1903: 112, pl. 12, f. 8 not *P. fragilis* DeFrance, 1825; *P. (Chlamys) lataiuritus bellilamellatus* Arnold, 1903: 108, pl. 41, f. 6, a; *P. (Chlamys) lataiuritus cerritensis* Arnold, 1906: 129, pl. 46, f. 6, 7; *P. (Chlamys) lataiuritus delosi* Arnold, 1906: 130, pl. 46, f. 9, a, 10, a. 23N-38N: 30N. 1-250 m. +4° +24°C. Miocene.

Leptopecten palmeri (Dall, 1897).

Pecten palmeri Dall, 1897c: 85. 31N. Intertidal-90 m. +22° +33°C. Recent.

Leptopecten velero (Hertlein, 1935).

Pecten (Leptopecten) velero Hertlein, 1935: 316, pl. 19, f. 13, 14. 4S-29N: 12N. 5-85 m. +13° +31°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Pacipecten* Olsson, 1961.

Leptopecten tumbezensis (Orbigny, 1846).

Pecten tumbezensis Orbigny, 1846: 663; *P. aspersus* Sowerby, 1835: 110 not Lamarck, 1819 (*adspersus* *nom. null. auctt.*); *P. sowerbyi* Reeve, 1852: 8 *Pecten* pl. 1, sp. 4; *P. paucicostatus* Carpenter, 1864c: 536, 614, 645; *P. lataiuritus splendens* Li, 1930: 256, pl. 2, f. 12; *P. lataiuritus indentus* Li, 1930: 256, pl. 2, f. 13. 5S-31N: 13N. 2-128 m. +9° +31°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Lyropecten* Conrad, 1862.

Subgenus *Nodipecten* Dall, 1898.

Lyropecten magnificus (Sowerby, 1835).

Pecten magnificus Sowerby, 1835: 109 not Michelottis, 1839.

Galapagos Islands.

0-1S. 120-200 m. +10° +27°C. Pliocene.

Lyropecten subnodosus (Sowerby, 1835).

Pecten subnodosus Sowerby, 1835: 109; *Lyropecten intermedius* Conrad, 1867a: 7; *Pecten (Lyropecten) pittieri* Dall, 1912a: 10. 5S-28N: 12N. Intertidal-110 m. +10° +27°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Placopecten* Verrill, 1897.

Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin, 1791).

Ostrea magellanica Gmelin, 1791: 3317 not *Pecten magellanicus* Bosc, 1801. *Extralimital.*

Northwest Atlantic.

Genus *Semipallium* Jousseaume, 1928.

Subgenus *Semipallium* s.s.

Semipallium natans (Philippi, 1845).

Pecten natans Philippi, 1845: 57 (*nasans* *nom. null. auctt.*); *P. vitreus* King & Broderip, 1832: 337 not *Ostrea vitrea* Gmelin, 1791; *P. corneus* Sowerby, 1842: 71, pl. 13, f. 44, 45 not Sowerby, 1818; *P. jeffreysi* Gregorio, 1884: 133.

South Atlantic.

43S-50S: 47S. 5-10 m. +2° +14°C. Recent.

Semipallium zeteki (Hertlein, 1935).³⁴

Pecten (Chlamys) zeteki Hertlein, 1935: 306, pl. 19, f. 7; *P. digitatus* Hinds, 1844: 61, pl. 17, f. 2 not *P. digitatum* Perry, 1811 (Indian Ocean). *Extralimital.*

Subfamily Camptonectinae Habe, 1977.

Genus *Cyclopecten* Verrill, 1897.

Sensu lato.

- Cyclopecten acutus* Grau, 1959.
Cyclopecten acutus Grau, 1959: 31, pl. 10, f. 2.
 3N-7N: 5N. 55-140 m. +13° +27°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten argenteus* Bernard, 1978.
Cyclopecten argenteus Bernard, 1978: 66, f. 4, 14.
 44N-53N: 49N. 820-1530 m. +1° +8°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten barbarentis* Grau, 1959.
Cyclopecten barbarentis Grau, 1959: 37, pl. 14, f. 1, 2.
 33N-34N: 33N. 50-55 m. +4° +17°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten benthalis* Grau, 1959.
Cyclopecten benthalis Grau, 1959: 24, pl. 5.
 33N. 897 m. +6° +8°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten bistratus* (Dall, 1916).
Pseudamussium bistratum Dall, 1916a: 16 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 404, not
Pecten bistratus DeFrance, 1825.
 Northwest Pacific.
 23N-46N: 35N. 1100-1160 m. +2° +4°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten carlottensis* Bernard, 1968.
Cyclopecten carlottensis Bernard, 1968: 1509, f. 1, 2.
 53N-54N: 54N. 1450-1650 m. +1° +3°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten cocosensis* (Dall, 1908).
Pecten (Cyclopecten) cocosensis Dall, 1908c: 220, 405, pl. 6, f. 1, 2.
 Cocos Island.
 6N. 90-120 m. +14° +27°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten exquisitus* Grau, 1959.
Cyclopecten exquisitus Grau, 1959: 34, pl. 12.
 Cocos, Galapagos Islands.
 12S-29N: 8N. 20-300 m. +7° +19°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten graui* Knudsen, 1970.
Cyclopecten (Hyalopecten) graui Knudsen, 1970: 97, pl. 13, f. 1, text-f.
 59, 60.
 6N. 3270-3670 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten imbrifer* (Loven, 1847).³⁵
Pecten imbrifer Loven, 1847: 185.
 Arctic, North Atlantic.
 49N. 2030-2189 m. 2°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten incongruus* (Dall, 1916).³⁶
Pseudamussium incongruum Dall, 1916a: 16 *nom. nud.*; 1916: 403.
 29N. 1252 m. +2°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten knudseni* Bernard, 1978.
Cyclopecten knudseni Bernard, 1978: 68, f. 5, 15.
 44N-50N: 47N. 1700-2870 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten liriopae* (Dall, 1908).
Pecten (Pseudamussium) liriopae Dall, 1908c: 220, 407.
 Galapagos Islands.
 1N-7N: 4N. 1460-2320 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten pernomus* (Hertlein, 1935).
Pecten (Cyclopecten) pernomus Hertlein, 1935: 320, pl. 18, f. 11-13; *P.*
(Cyclopecten) rotundus Dall, 1908c: 404 not Hagenow, 1842.
 Galapagos Islands.
 2S-29N: 13N. 2-355 m. +10° +31°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten polyleptus* (Dall, 1908).
Pecten (Pseudamussium) polyleptus Dall, 1908c: 220, 403, pl. 10, f. 9.
 Galapagos Islands.
 0-52S: 26S. 550-650 m. +1° +7°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten squamiformis* Bernard, 1978.
Cyclopecten squamiformis Bernard, 1978: 69, f. 6, 16.
 45N-49N: 47N. 2030-2885 m. +1° +3°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten subhyalinus* (E. A. Smith, 1885).
Pecten subhyalinus E. A. Smith, 1885: 304, pl. 22, f. 2, a.
 51S. 732 m. +1°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten vitreus* (Gmelin, 1791).³⁷
Ostrea vitrea Gmelin, 1791: 3328 (ex *Pallium vitreum* Chemnitz, 1788);
Chlamys papyracea Röding, 1798: 164; *Pseudamussium gelatinosum*
 Mabilbe & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilbe, 1891: 126.
 Cosmopolitan in deep water.
 10S-52S: 21S. 25-425 m. +1° +12°C. Pliocene.
- Cyclopecten zacaе* (Hertlein, 1935).
Pecten (Delectopecten) zacaе Hertlein, 1935: 321; *P. panamensis* Dall,
 1908c: 404, pl. 6, f. 8, pl. 18, f. 3-6 not Dall, 1898.
 Galapagos Islands.
 1N-29N: 14N. 10-700 m. +6° +30°C. Recent.
- Cyclopecten zephyrus* Grau, 1959.
Cyclopecten zephyrus Grau, 1959: 25, pl. 7, f. 1-3.
 33N-36N: 34N. 730-1150 m. +2° +10°C. Recent.
- Genus *Delectopecten* Stewart, 1930.
- Delectopecten randolphi* (Dall, 1897).
Pecten randolphi Dall, 1897c: 86; *P. whiteavesi* Orcutt, 1915: 183 (Dall
 MS); *P. (Pseudamussium) randolphi tillamookensis* Arnold, 1906: 139,
 pl. 4, f. 3, a; *P. (Pseudamussium) arces* Dall, 1913: 592.
 Western Bering Sea.
 28N-58N: 43N. 50-2000 m. +1° +14°C. Recent.
- Delectopecten vancouverensis* (Whiteaves, 1893).
Pecten (Pseudamussium) vancouverensis Whiteaves, 1893: 133, pl. 1,
 f. 1, a; *part. P. alaskensis auctt.* not Dall, 1871.
 27N-60N: 43N. 25-450 m. 0 +16°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Hyalopecten* Verrill, 1897.
- Hyalopecten neoceanus* (Dall, 1908).
Pecten (Pseudamussium) neoceanus Dall, 1908c: 220, 402, pl. 9, f. 4.
 Galapagos Islands.
 8S-45N: 19N. 3900-4000 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.
- Genus *Pseudamussium* Mørch, 1853.
 Subgenus *Peplum* Bucquoy, Dautzenberg & Dollfus, 1889.
- Pseudamussium fasciculatum* (Hinds, 1845).
Pecten fasciculatus Hinds, 1845: 61, pl. 12, f. 4; *P. (Pallium) miser* Dall,
 1908c: 220, 401, pl. 8, f. 6; *P. panamensis* Dall, 1898c: 696, not Dall,
 1908.
 7N-26N: 18N. 30-600 m. +4° +19°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Pectininae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. et correct. Habe, 1977 ex Pectenina.
- Genus *Pecten* Müller, 1776.
 Subgenus *Flabellipecten* Sacco, 1897.
- Pecten berryi nom. nov.*³⁸
Pecten lunaris Berry, 1963: 139 not Römer, 1839.
 26N-28N: 27N. 50-85 m. +22° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Pecten diegensis* Dall, 1898.
Pecten diegensis Dall, 1898c: 710; *part. P. laqueatus auctt.* not Sowerby,
 1842 (Japan); *P. floridus* Hinds, 1844: 60, pl. 17, f. 6 not *Ostrea florida*
 Gmelin, 1791.
 23N-38N: 30N. 10-375 m. +4° +23°C. Pliocene.
- Pecten sericeus* Hinds, 1845.
Pecten sericeus Hinds, 1845: 60, pl. 17, f. 1, a.
 Cocos, Galapagos Islands.
 4S-29N: 13N. 10-155 m. +9° +30°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Oppenheimopecten* Teppner, 1922.
- Pecten galapagensis* Grau, 1959.
Pecten (Oppenheimopecten) galapagensis Grau, 1959: 152, pl. 56.

Galapagos Islands.

0. 18–275 m. +15° +27°C. Recent.

Pecten hancocki Grau, 1959.

Pecten (Oppenheimopecten) hancocki Grau, 1959: 154, pl. 57.

Cocos Island.

6N. 86 m. +10° +29°C. Recent.

Pecten perulus Olsson, 1961.

Pecten (Oppenheimopecten) perulus Olsson, 1961: 158, pl. 20, f. 3a-c. 4S–9N: 3N. 5–10 m. +12° +29°C. Recent.

Pecten vogdesi Arnold, 1906.

Pecten (Pecten) vogdesi Arnold, 1906: 100, pl. 33, f. 1a, pl. 34, f. 1; *P. dentatus* Sowerby, 1835: 109 not Sowerby, 1829; *part. P. excavatus auctt.* not Valenciennes, 1846 not Anton, 1839; *P. (Euvola) cataractes* Dall, 1914: 121.

1S–28N: 14N. 4–220 m. +17° +30°C. Pliocene.

Subfamily Patinopectininae Masuda, 1962.

Genus *Patinopecten* Dall, 1898.

Patinopecten caurinus (Gould, 1850).

Pecten caurinus Gould, 1850: 345 (*Pecten nom. null.*); *P. oregonensis* Howe, 1922: 98, pl. 11, f. 1, 2. 36N–59N: 47N. 10–200 m. +1° +11°C. Pliocene.

Family Propeamussidae Abbott, 1954.

emend. Waller, 1978.

Subfamily Propeamussinae Abbott, 1954.

Genus *Parvamussium* Sacco, 1897.

Parvamussium alaskensis (Dall, 1871).

Pecten (Pseudamussium) alaskensis Dall, 1871: 155, pl. 16, f. 4a, b (*alaskense nom. van. auctt.*); *part. P. similis auctt.* not Lasky, 1811 (Atlantic); *P. davidsoni* Dall, 1897c: 86; *P. (Propeamussium) riversi* Arnold, 1906: 126, pl. 44, f. 8, 9; *P. (Propeamussium) levis* Moody, 1916: 56, pl. 2, f. 2a-d not *P. laevis* Pennant, 1777; *P. calamitus* Hanna, 1924: 176; *P. intucostatus sawanensis* Hertlein, 1931: 367; *P. shiimanensis* Kuroda in Homma, 1931: 72, f. 92, 93.

Northwest Pacific.

25N–61N: 43N. 15–650 m. 0° +21°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Propeamussium* Gregorio, 1884.

Propeamussium malpelonium (Dall, 1908).

Amusium (Propeamussium) malpelonium Dall, 1908c: 220, 405, pl. 6, f. 9; *part. Amusium meridionale auctt.* not E. A. Smith, 1885. 6N–45N: 26N. 3060–3900 m. +2°C. Recent.

Propeamussium meridionale (E. A. Smith, 1885).

Amusium meridionale E. A. Smith, 1885: 316, pl. 24, f. 1, 2.

Indo-Pacific.

40S–43S: 41S. 2650–3300 m. +2°C. Recent.

Family Spondylidae Gray, 1826.

Genus *Spondylus* Linné, 1758.

Subgenus *Spondylus s.s.*

Spondylus calcifer Carpenter, 1857.

Spondylus calcifer Carpenter, 1857b: 152; *part. Pecten lamarckii auctt.* not Chenu, 1844 (Indian Ocean); *Spondylus radula* Reeve, 1856: 9 *Spondylus* pl. 14, sp. 52 not Lamarck, 1806; *S. limbatus* Reeve, 1856: 9 *Spondylus* pl. 19, sp. 34 not Sowerby, 1847; *part. S. varians auctt.* not Reeve, 1856 (Indo-Pacific); *S. smithi* Fulton, 1915: 357. 5S–31N: 13N. 2–55 m. +13° +32°C. Pliocene.

Spondylus linguaefelis Sowerby, 1847.

Spondylus linguaefelis Sowerby, 1847: 87; *S. gloriosus* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 102, pl. 26, f. 8–11; *S. mimus* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 102, pl. 26, f. 6–7; *S. kuaiensis* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 103, pl. 26, f. 12–13.

Clipperton Island.

10N. 5 m. +19° +29°C. Recent.

Spondylus princeps Broderip, 1833.

Spondylus princeps, Broderip in Broderip & Sowerby, 1833: 4; *part. S. americanus auctt.* not Hermann, 1781 (Atlantic); *part. S. crassisquama auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819 (Indian Ocean); *S. dubius* Broderip, 1833 in Broderip & Sowerby; 4; *S. leucacantha* Broderip, 1833: 5; *S. unicolor* Sowerby, 1847: 86; *S. limbatus* Sowerby, 1847: 87; *D. pictorum* Sowerby, 1848: 422, pl. 86, f. 28 not Chemnitz, 1784. 5S–28N: 12N. 2–40 m. +10° +31°C. Pliocene.

Spondylus tenebrosus Reeve, 1856.³⁹

Spondylus tenebrosus Reeve, 1856: 9 *Spondylus* pl. 9, sp. 33; *S. hawaiensis* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 100, pl. 25, f. 1–4.

Clipperton Island, Western Pacific.

10N. Intertidal. +21° +33°C. Recent.

Spondylus ursipes Berry, 1959.

Spondylus ursipes Berry, 1959: 107. 27N–31N: 28N. 10–25 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.

Spondylus victoriae Sowerby, 1859.⁴⁰

Spondylus victoriae Sowerby, 1859: 428, f. 8. 26N–30N: 28N. 10–40 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.

Superfamily ANOMIACEA Rafinesque, 1815.

nom. transl. et correct. Gill, 1871 ex Anomia.

Family Anomiidae Rafinesque, 1815.

nom. correct. H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858 *pro* Anomia.

Genus *Anomia* Linné, 1758.

Subgenus *Anomia s.s.*

Anomia adamas Gray, 1850.

Anomia adamas Gray, 1850: 115; *A. simplex* Mabile, 1895: 73. 9N–25N: 17N. Intertidal–5 m. +27° +32°C. Recent.

Anomia chinensis Philippi, 1849.⁴¹

Anomia chinensis Philippi, 1849: 140; *A. cytaeum* Gray, 1850: 115; *A. litschkei* Dautzenberg & Fischer, 1907: 210, pl. 5, f. 8–11; *A. nipponensis* Yokoyama, 1920: 146, pl. 11, f. 18a, b; *A. cuticula* Grabau & King, 1928: 166, pl. 2, f. 17.

Northwest Pacific.

Accidentally introduced, not established.

Anomia fidenas Gray, 1850.

Anomia fidenas Gray, 1850: 116; *A. tenuis* C. B. Adams, 1852: 469, 544; *Placunanomia claviculata* Carpenter, 1857b: 166. 9N–23N: 16N. Intertidal. +24° +31°C. Recent.

Anomia peruviana Orbigny, 1846.

Anomia peruviana Orbigny, 1846: 673; *A. alectus* Gray, 1850: 117; *A. hamillus* Gray, 1850: 117; *A. lampe* Gray, 1850: 117; *A. larbas* Gray, 1850: 117 (*largus nom. null. auctt.*); *A. pacilus* Gray, 1850: 117; *Calyptraea aberrans* C. B. Adams, 1852: 219; *?Anomia laqueata* Reeve, 1859: 11 *Anomia* pl. 4, sp. 18; *A. limatula* Dall, 1878: 11, 15.

Clipperton, Galapagos Islands.

5S–37N: 16N. Intertidal–130 m. +15° +32°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Pododesmus* Philippi, 1837.

Subgenus *Pododesmus s.s.*

Pododesmus foliatus (Broderip, 1834).

Placunanomia foliata Broderip, 1834: 2; *P. pernoides* Carpenter, 1857b: 165 not *Tedinia pernoides* Gray, 1853; *Pododesmus puntarensis* Soot-Ryen, 1952: 309, pl. 1. 4S–23N: 10N. Intertidal–20 m. +14° +30°C. ?Miocene.

Subgenus *Monia* Gray, 1850.

Pododesmus cepio (Gray, 1850).⁴²

Placunanomia cepio Gray, 1850: 1; *P. alope* Gray, 1850: 122. 28N–58N: 43N. Intertidal–90 m. +1° +26°C. Miocene.

Pododesmus macrochisma (Deshayes, 1839).

Anomia macrochisma Deshayes, 1839: 359 (*macrochisma* nom. van. auctt.); part. *A. patelliformis* auctt. not Linné, 1767 (Atlantic); *A. denticostulata* Yokoyama, 1925b: 16; *Pododesmus newcombei* Clark & Arnold, 1923: 141, pl. 21, f. 3-6; *P. macroschismus ezoanus* Kanehara, 1942: 136, pl. 15, f. 1.

Northwest Pacific.

57N-70N: 64N. Intertidal-40 m. -2° +14°C. Miocene.

Subgenus *Tedinia* Gray, 1853.

Pododesmus pernoides (Gray, 1853).

Tedinia pernoides Gray, 1853: 197 not *Placunanomia pernoides* Carpenter, 1857.

23N-33N: 28N. 2-20 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.

Family Placunidae Rafinesque, 1815.

emend. Yonge, 1977.

Genus *Placunanomia* Broderip, 1832.

Placunanomia cumingii Broderip, 1832.

Placunanomia cumingii Broderip in Broderip & Sowerby, 1832: 29. 1S-26N: 13N. Intertidal-50 m. +18° +30°C. Pliocene.

Placunanomia panamensis Olsson, 1942.

Placunanomia panamensis Olsson, 1942: 183, pl. 1, f. 1, 4, 5. 9N Intertidal +27° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Subclass Heterodonta Neumayer, 1884.

nom. transl. Newell, 1965 ex Heterodonta (unspecified).

Order Veneroida H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.

nom. correct Newell, 1965 pro Veneracea.

Superfamily Lucinacea Fleming, 1828.

nom. transl. Anton, 1839 ex Lucinidae.

Family Lucinidae Fleming, 1828.

nom. correct. Orbigny, 1837 pro Lucinadae.

Subfamily Lucininae Fleming, 1828.

nom. transl. Chavan, 1969 ex Lucinidae.

Genus *Codakia* Scopoli, 1777.

Codakia distinguenda (Tryon, 1872).

Lucina (Codakia) distinguenda Tryon, 1872b: 130, pl. 6, f. 3; part. *Venus tigerina* auctt. not Linné, 1758 (Caribbean); part. *V. orbicularis* auctt. not Linné, 1758 (Caribbean); *Codakia colpoica* Dall, 1901c: 801, 821, pl. 41, f. 4; *C. pinchoi* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 103, pl. 14, f. 1, 2.

Clipperton Island.

9N-25N: 17N. Intertidal-2 m. +29° +32°C. Pliocene.

Codakia punctata (Linné, 1758).

Venus punctata Linné, 1758: 688; *Codakia (Codakia) thaanumi* Pilsbry, 1918: 332, pl. 22, f. 9.

Clipperton, Galapagos Islands; Indo-Pacific.

1S-9N: 4N. Intertidal-5 m. +23° +31°C. Recent.

Genus *Ctena* Mørch, 1861.

Ctena bella (Conrad, 1837).

Lucina bella Conrad, 1837: 254, pl. 19, f. 11. Extralimital. Hawaii.

Ctena chiquita (Dall, 1901).

Codakia (Jagonia) chiquita Dall, 1901c: 801, 823, pl. 39, f. 1. 28N-31N: 30N. 10-120 m. +14° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Ctena clarionensis Hertlein & Strong, 1946.

Ctena clarionensis Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 118, pl. 1, f. 11, 12, 14. 18N depth unknown Recent.

Ctena clippertonensis Bartsch & Rehder, 1939.

Ctena clippertonensis Bartsch & Rehder, 1939b: 13, pl. 13, f. 1-5.

Clipperton Island.

9N-10N. Intertidal-75 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.

Ctena galapagana (Dall, 1901).

Codakia (Jagonia) galapagana Dall, 1901c: 801, 823, pl. 40, f. 4.

Galapagos Islands.

2S-13N: 6N. Intertidal-40 m. +19° +31°C. Pliocene.

Ctena mexicana (Dall, 1901).

Codakia (Jagonia) mexicana Dall, 1901c: 801, 822, pl. 40, f. 6; part. *Lucina bella* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; *L. fibula* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 7, sp. 33, 37, 38 not Adams & Reeve, 1848; *L. pectinata* Carpenter, 1857b: 98.

Galapagos Islands.

1N-31N: 16N. Intertidal-80 m. +17° +31°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Here* Gabb, 1866.

Subgenus *Here s.s.*

Here excavata (Carpenter, 1857).

Lucina excavata Carpenter, 1857b: 98 part. *L. richthofeni* auctt. not Gabb, 1869.

23N-25N: 24N. 5-110 m. +16° +30°C. Oligocene.

Here richthofeni Gabb, 1866.

Lucina (Here) richthofeni Gabb, 1866: 29, pl. 8, f. 49a, b. 28N-33N: 31N. 25-125 m. +14° +21°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Lucina* Bruguière, 1797.

Sensu lato.

Lucina capax Carpenter, 1864.

Lucina capax Carpenter, 1864c: 553 nom. nud. Panamic.

Recent.

Subgenus *Callucina* Dall, 1901.

Lucina lampra (Dall, 1901).

Phacoides (Cavilucina) lamprus Dall, 1901c: 811, 827, pl. 39, f. 9 (*lampus* nom. null. Dall, 1913);

16N-31N: 23N. Intertidal-55 m. +22° +33°C. Pleistocene.

Lucina lingualis Carpenter, 1864.

Lucina lingualis Carpenter, 1864b: 313.

17N-25N: 21N. Intertidal-25 m. +22° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Lucina prolongata Carpenter, 1857.

Lucina prolongata Carpenter, 1857b: 100.

17N-28N: 23N. Intertidal-5 m. +22° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Epilucina* Dall, 1901.

Lucina californica Conrad, 1837.

Lucina californica Conrad, 1837: 255, pl. 20, f. 1; *L. artemidis* Carpenter in Gould & Carpenter, 1857: 201.

17N-42N: 30N. 30-75 m. +9° +29°C. Pliocene.

Subgenus *Lucinisca* Dall, 1901.

Lucina centrifuga (Dall, 1901).

Phacoides (Lucinisca) nuttallii centrifugus Dall, 1901c: 812, 828, pl. 39, f. 13; part. *Tellina muricata* auctt. not Chemnitz, 1795; part. *Lucina fibula* auctt. not Reeve, 1850; part. *Phacoides hispaniolana* auctt. not Maury, 1917; *P. (Lucinisca) liana* Pilsbry, 1931b: 435, pl. 41, f. 3.

Galapagos Islands.

4S-29N: 13N. Intertidal-100 m. +16° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Lucina fenestrata Hinds, 1845.

Lucina fenestrata Hinds, 1845: 66, pl. 19, f. 2; *L. ochracea* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 8, sp. 44; *L. (Lucinisca) fausta* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 58, pl. 17, f. 3, 6.

5S-28N: 12N. 10-75 m. +17° +29°C. Pliocene.

Lucina nuttalli Conrad, 1837.

Lucina nuttalli Conrad, 1837: 255, pl. 20, f. 2.

22N-37N: 29N. 10-75 m. +13° +29°C. Miocene.

Subgenus *Parvilucina* Dall, 1901.

- Lucina approximata* (Dall, 1901).⁴³
Phacoides (*Parvilucina*) *approximatus* Dall, 1901c: 813, 828, pl. 39, f. 4.
 3N–37N: 20N. 1–1025 m. +4° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Lucina mazatlanica* Carpenter, 1857.⁴⁴
Lucina mazatlanica Carpenter, 1857b: 99.
 1S–29N: 14N. Intertidal–40 m. +26° +33°C. Pleistocene.
- Lucina tenuisculpta* Carpenter, 1864.
Lucina tenuisculpta Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 611, 642; *Phacoides* (*Parvilucina*) *intensus* Dall, 1903c: 1385, pl. 50, f. 8.
 33N–60N: 47N. 5–275 m. +1° +22°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Pleurolocina* Dall, 1901.
- Lucina cancellaris* Philippi, 1846.
Lucina cancellaris Philippi, 1846: 21.
 28N–31N: 30N. 5–70 m. +26° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Lucina leucocymoides* (Lowe, 1935).
Phacoides (*Pleurolocina*) *leucocymoides* Lowe, 1935: 17, pl. 1, f. 4.
 22N–29N: 26N. 35–110 m. +27° +33°C. Recent.
- Lucina undatoides* Hertlein & Strong, 1945.
Lucina undatoides Hertlein & Strong, 1945: 105; *L. undata* Carpenter, 1865e: 279 not *L. undata* Lamarch, 1818.
 24N–27N: 26N. Intertidal–5 m. +27° +33°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Myrteinae Chavan, 1969.
- Genus *Lucinoma* Dall, 1901.
- Lucinoma aequizonata* (Stearns, 1891).
Lucina aequizonata Stearns, 1891: 220, pl. 17, f. 3, 4.
 34N–37N: 35N. 400–650 m. +3° +9°C. Pliocene.
- Lucinoma annulata* (Reeve, 1850).
Lucina annulata Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 4, sp. 17; part. *L. borealis* auctt. not Linné, 1767 (Atlantic); part. *L. acutilineata* auctt. not Conrad, 1849 (Miocene); *L. filosa* auctt. not Simpson, 1851 (Atlantic); *Lucinoma densilineata* Dall, 1916a: 27 nom. nud.; *L. annulata densilirata* Dall, 1919c: 249; *Lucina spectabilis* Yokoyama 1920: 134, pl. 10, f. 10–12; *Woodia concentrica* Yokoyama, 1920: 141, pl. 12, f. 7.
 33N–60N: 47N. 25–750 m. +1° +12°C. Miocene.
- Lucinoma antarctica* (Philippi, 1855).
Lucina antarctica Philippi, 1855: 209; *Diplodonta lamellata* E. A. Smith, 1881: 38, pl. 15, f. 1a–c; part. *Lucina aequizonata* auctt. not Stearns, 1890.
 52S–54S: 53S. 15–700 m. +1° +8°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Milthinae Chavan, 1969.
- Genus *Miltha* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857.
- Miltha xantusi* (Dall, 1905).
Phacoides (*Miltha*) *xantusi* Dall, 1905a: 111; part. *P.* (*Miltha*) *childrenae* auctt. not Gray, 1825 (*childreni* nom. van. auctt.) (Atlantic); ?*P. joannis* Dall, 1905a: 112; *P.* (*Miltha*) *sanctae crucis* Arnold, 1910: 57, pl. 6, f. 6.
 25N–26N. 55–80 m. +22° +30°C. Miocene.
- Genus *Pegophysema* Stewart, 1930.
- Pegophysema edentuloides* (Verrill, 1870).
Loripes edentuloides Verrill, 1870: 226; part. *Lucina spherica* auctt. not Dall & Ochsner, 1928.
 28N–30N: 29N. 35–170 m. +18° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Divaricellinae Glibert, 1967.
- Genus *Divalinga* Chavan, 1951.
- Subgenus *Divalinga* s.s.
- Divalinga eburnea* (Reeve, 1850).
Lucina eburnea Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 8, sp. 49; part. *L. quadrisulcata* auctt. not Orbigny, 1842 (Atlantic); *Divaricella lucasana* Dall & Ochsner, 1928: 122, pl. 2, f. 17, 21, 24; *D. columbiensis* Lamy, 1934: 433 nom. nud.
 5S–25N: 10N. Intertidal–55 m. +17° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Viaderella* Chavan, 1951.
- Divalinga perparvula* (Dall, 1901).
Divaricella perparvula Dall, 1901b: 815, 829, pl. 39, f. 8; part. *Lucina dentata* auctt. not Deshayes, 1850 nom. nud. (Caribbean); *L. pisum* Philippi, 1850: 105 not Sowerby, 1836, not Sowerby in Reeve, 1850.
 2S–26N: 12N. Intertidal–20 m. +22° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Family Thyasiridae Dall, 1900.
- Subfamily Thyasirinae nov.⁴⁵
- Genus *Conchocele* Gabb, 1866.
- Conchocele bisecta* (Conrad, 1849).
Venus bisecta Conrad, 1849a: 724, pl. 17, f. 10a.
 Northwest Pacific.
 43N–57N: 50N. 50–300 m. –1° +11°C. Miocene.
- Conchocele disjuncta* Gabb, 1866.
Conchocele disjuncta Gabb, 1866: 27, pl. 7, f. 48a, b; part. *Venus bisecta* auctt. not Conrad, 1849; *Thyasira bisecta nipponica* Yabe & Nomura, 1925: 85, pl. 23, f. 3a, b; *T. disjuncta ochotica* Krishtofovich, 1936: 35, pl. 3, f. 2.
 Northwest Pacific.
 48N–60N: 54N. 100–750 m. 0° +7°C. Oligocene.
- Conchocele excavata* (Dall, 1901).⁴⁶
Thyasira excavata Dall, 1901c: 790, 818, pl. 39, f. 12, 15; *T. tricarinata* Dall, 1916a: 26 nom. nud.; 1916b: 409.
 23N–45N: 34N. 800–2050 m. +1° +3°C. Recent.
- Genus *Thyasira* in Lamarck, 1818. (Leach MS)
- Subgenus *Thyasira* s.s.
- Thyasira barbarentis* (Dall, 1890).
Cryptodon barbarentis Dall, 1890a: 261, pl. 8, f. 9.
 28N–34N: 31N. 40–150 m. +4° +16°C. Recent.
- Thyasira cygnus* Dall, 1916.
Thyasira cygnus Dall, 1916a: 26 nom. nud.; 1916b: 409.
 45N–60N: 53N. 110–600 m. –1° +9°C. Recent.
- Thyasira fuegiensis* (Dall, 1890).
Cryptodon fuegiensis Dall, 1890a: 262, pl. 14, f. 2.
 South Atlantic.
 53S. 140 m. +1° +6°C. Recent.
- Thyasira gouldii* (Philippi, 1845).
Lucina gouldii Philippi, 1845a: 74, pl. 2, f. 7; part. *Tellina flexuosa* auctt. not Montagu, 1803 (Atlantic); *Thyasira wajampolkana* Krishtofovich, 1936: 44, pl. 3, f. 3 a; pl. 6, f. 3, a.
 Panarctic, North Pacific.
 33N–71N: 52N. 20–250 m. –2° +13°C. Pliocene.
- Thyasira magellanica* Dall, 1901.
Thyasira magellanica Dall, 1901c: 790, 819, pl. 42, f. 6.
 South Atlantic.
 50S–54S: 52S. 190–350 m. +2° +17°C. Recent.
- Thyasira tomeana* Dall, 1901.
Thyasira tomeana Dall, 1901c: 790, 819, pl. 39, f. 3.
 36S–50S: 43S. 20–200 m. +2° +17°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Axinopsidinae nov.⁴⁷
- Genus *Axinopsida* Keen & Chavan in Chavan, 1951.
- Axinopsida serricata* (Carpenter, 1864).
Cryptodon serricatus Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 643 (*serricatus* nom. van. auctt.)
 28N–60N: 44N. Intertidal–275 m. –2° +15°C. Pleistocene.
- Axinopsida viridis* (Dall, 1901).
Axinopsida viridis Dall, 1901c: 791, 819, pl. 40, f. 1.
 33N–57N: 45N. 30–200 m. 0° +19°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Axinulus* Verrill & Bush, 1898.

- Axinulus redondoensis* (T. Burch, 1941).
Aligena redondoensis T. Burch, 1941: 50. pl. 4, f. 5, 6, 7.
 34N–45N: 40N. 150–225 m. +4° +12°C. Recent.
- Genus *Adontorhina* Berry, 1947.
- Adontorhina cyclia* Berry, 1847.
Adontorhina cyclia Berry, 1947:260, pl. 1, f. 1–2.
 34N. 70–800 m. +4° +13°C. Pleistocene.
- Family Ungulinidae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.
- Genus *Diplodonta* Bronn, 1831.
- Diplodonta aleutica* Dall, 1901.
Diplodonta torelli aleutica Dall, 1901c: 795, 820, pl. 42, f. 3.
 Arctic Ocean.
 58N–71N: 65N. 1–40 m. –2° +7°C. Pleistocene.
- Diplodonta impolita* Berry, 1953.
Diplodonta impolita Berry, 1953b: 409, pl. 28, f. 3, 4; *part. Lucina orbella* auctt. not Gould, 1851.
 33N–55N: 44N. 2–100 m. 0 +19°C. Recent.
- Diplodonta inezensis* (Hertlein & Strong, 1947).
Taras (Taras) inezensis Hertlein & Strong, 1947: 130, pl. 1, f. 4.
 9N–27N: 18N. 10–65 m. +12° +27°C. Recent.
- Diplodonta orbella* (Gould, 1851).
Lucina orbella Gould, 1851: 90; *part. Diplodonta semiaspera* auctt. not Philippi, 1836 (Atlantic); *Sphaerella tumida* Carpenter, 1864c: 544 (Conrad MS) *nom. nud.*
 8N–60N: 44N. Intertidal–55 m. 0° 28°C. Pleistocene.
- Diplodonta pacifica* Fischer, 1860.
Diplodonta pacifica Fischer, 1860: 376, pl. 13, f. 3; *D. suprema* Olsson, 1961: 201, pl. 32, f. 2–6.
 8N. Intertidal. +25° +31°C. Recent.
- Diplodonta subquadrata* Carpenter, 1856.
Diplodonta subquadrata Carpenter, 1856b: 230; *D. subquadrata baltrana* Hertlein, 1972b: 28, 33, f. 8, 11.
 Galapagos Islands.
 3N–26N: 15N. Intertidal–140 m. +12° +33°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Felaniella* Dall, 1899.
- Subgenus *Zemysia* Finlay, 1926.
- Felaniella inconspicua* (Philippi, 1845).
Diplodonta inconspicua Philippi, 1845: 53; *part. Amphidesma punctata* auctt. not Say, 1822, (Atlantic); *Diplodonta philippii* Hupé in Gay, 1845: 357, pl. 8, f. 5. (*philippii* *nom. null. auctt.*)
 25S–42S: 34S. Intertidal–25 m. +7° +28°C. Recent.
- Felaniella obliqua* (Philippi, 1846).
Diplodonta obliqua Philippi, 1846: 20; *Lucina calculus* Reeve, 1850: 6
Lucina pl. 11, sp. 68.
 10N–23N: 16N. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Felaniella parilis* (Conrad, 1848).⁴⁸
Loripes parilis Conrad, 1848: 432; *Lucina cornea* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 9, sp. 25; *L. nitens* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 9, sp. 50; *L. sericata* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 9, sp. 55; *L. tellinoides* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 9, sp. 56; *Diplodonta (Felaniella) artemidis* Dall, 1909b: 156, 263, pl. 28, f. 8.
 4S–37N: 17N. Intertidal–75 m. +9° +32°C. Oligocene.
- Genus *Phlyctiderma* Dall, 1899.
- Subgenus *Phlyctiderma* s.s.
- Phlyctiderma discrepans* (Carpenter, 1857).
Diplodonta semiaspera discrepans Carpenter, 1857b: 103; *D. semiaspera* auctt. not Philippi, 1836 (Atlantic); *D. semirugosa* Dall, 1899b: 246.
 7N–25N: 16N. 10–20 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.
- Phlyctiderma elenensis* Olsson, 1961.
Phlyctiderma elenensis Olsson, 1961: 205, pl. 32, f. 6a.
 2S–22N: 10N. Intertidal–5 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Phlyctiderma insula* Olsson, 1961.
Phlyctiderma insula Olsson, 1961: 205, pl. 32, f. 9.
 2N–8N: 5N. 5–10 m. +19° +29°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Pegmapex* Berry, 1960.
- Phlyctiderma caelatum* (Reeve, 1850).
Lucina caelata Reeve, 1850: 6 *Lucina* pl. 6, sp. 27a, b.
 3S–18N: 8N. Intertidal–25 m. +16° +31°C. Recent.
- Phlyctiderma phoebe* (Berry, 1960).
Pegmapex phoebe Berry, 1960: 115.
 23N. Intertidal–10 m. +16° +31°C. Recent.
- Family Cyrenoididae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1857.
- Genus *Cyrenoida* Joannis, 1835.
- Cyrenoida insula* Morrison, 1946.
Cyrenoida insula Morrison, 1946: 45, pl. 1, f. 8–11.
 9N. Intertidal–2 m. +25° +31°C. Recent.
- Cyrenoida panamensis* Pilsbry & Zetek, 1931.
Cyrenoida panamensis Pilsbry & Zetek, 1931: 69, pl. 3, f. 4.
 9N. Intertidal. +23° +32°C. Recent.
- Superfamily Galeommataceae Gray, 1840.
nom. transl. et. correct. Bowden & Heppell, 1968 *ex* Galionmidae Gray, 1847 *ex* Galeommidi.
- Family Galeommatidae Gray, 1840.
nom. correct. Dall, 1899 *pro* Galeonmidae Gray, 1847 *ex* Galeommidi.
- Genus *Cymatinoa* Berry, 1964.
- Cymatinoa dubia* (Deshayes, 1856).
Erycina dubia Deshayes, 1856b: 183.
 1S–3S: 2S. Intertidal–10 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.
- Cymatinoa electilis* (Berry, 1963).
Crenimargo electilis Berry, 1963: 140.
 1S–28N: 13N. 10–45 m. +15° +28°C. Recent.
- Cymatinoa pulchra* (Philippi, 1849).
Kellia pulchra Philippi, 1849: 149; *Scintilla cumingii* Deshayes, 1856a: 173.
 9N. ?10–15 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.
- Genus *Galeommella* Habe, 1958.
- Galeommella peruviana* (Olsson, 1961).
Solecardia peruviana Olsson, 1961: 240, pl. 36, f. 3, a.
 Galapagos Islands.
 3S–31N: 14N. Intertidal–15 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Scintilla* Deshayes, 1856.
- Scintilla chloris* Dall, 1918.
Scintilla chloris Dall, 1918b: 5.
 Gastropod genus *Berthelina* in family Juliidae.
- Genus *Tryphomyax* Olsson, 1961.
- Tryphomyax mexicanus* (Berry, 1959).
Galeomma (Lepirodes) mexicanum Berry, 1959: 108; *Tryphomyax lepidiformis* Olsson, 1961: 240, pl. 36, f. 4, a; *T. lepidiformis laevis* Olsson, 1961: 241.
 9N–31N: 20N. 2–10 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Family Kelliidae Forbes & Hanley, 1849.
nom. correct. Sowerby, 1862 *pro* Kelliidae.
- Subfamily Kelliinae Forbes & Hanley, 1849.⁴⁹
- Genus *Aligena* Lca, 1846.
- Aligena cokeri* Dall, 1909.
Aligena cokeri Dall, 1909b: 155, 264, pl. 28, f. 5, 6.
 3S–31N: 14N. Intertidal–25 m. +16° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Aligena diegoana* Hertlein & Grant, 1972.
Aligena diegoana Hertlein & Grant, 1972: 235, pl. 44, f. 1, 6, pl. 45, f. 6, 7, 10, 11, 13.
 California Pliocene, possibly also living.

- Aligena nucea* Dall, 1913.
Aligena nucea Dall, 1913: 597.
 12N–31N: 22N. Intertidal–25 m. +13° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Aligena pisum* Dall, 1908.⁵⁰
Aligena pisum Dall, 1908c: 221, 413.
 53S. 112 m. +2° +7°C. Recent.
- Genus *Diplodontina* Stempel, 1899.
- Diplodontina tumbesiana* Stempel, 1899.
Diplodontina tumbesiana Stempel, 1899: 232, pl. 12, f. 18, 19, a.
 20S–52S: 36S. Intertidal–50 m. +1° +27°C. Recent.
- Genus *Kellia* Turton, 1822.
- Kellia bullata* Philippi, 1845.
Kellia bullata Philippi, 1845b:51 (*bullata* nom. null. auct.); *K. magellanic* E. A. Smith, 1881: 41, pl. 5, f. 6, a.
 53S–54S. Intertidal–50 m. +1° +13°C. Recent.
- Kellia cycladiformis* (Deshayes, 1851).
Erycina cycladiformis Deshayes, 1851: 736, f. 6–9.
 South Atlantic.
 52S–54S: 53S. 80–125 m. 0° +12°C. Recent.
- Kellia suborbicularis* (Montagu, 1803).
Mya suborbicularis Montagu, 1803: 39, 564: pl. 2, f. 6; *Tellinmya lactea* Brown, 1827: 106, pl. 14, f. 10, 11; *T. tenuis* Brown, 1827: 106, pl. 14, f. 12, 13; *?Bornia inflata* Philippi, 1836: 18; *Chironia laperousii* Deshayes, 1839: 357; *Bornia luticola* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 7a, b; *Montacuta chalconica* Carpenter, 1857b: 531; *Kellia rotundata* Carpenter, 1864c: 643.
 Circumboreal, Mediterranean.
 4S–60N: 28N. Intertidal–20 m. +6° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Odontogena* Cowan, 1964.
- Odontogena borealis* (Cowan, 1964).
Aligena (Odontogena) borealis Cowan, 1964: 108, pl. 2, f. 1, 2.
 44N–60N: 52N. 150–400 m. –1° +6°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Borniinae nov.⁵¹
- Genus *Bornia* Philippi, 1836.
- Subgenus *Bornia s.s.*
- Bornia chichlaya* Olsson, 1961.
Bornia chichlaya Olsson, 1961: 233, pl. 35, f. 13.
 5S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Bornia egretta* Olsson, 1961.
Bornia egretta Olsson, 1961: 232, pl. 35, f. 11.
 4S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Bornia obtusa* (Carpenter, 1865).
Montacuta obtusa Carpenter, 1865d: 270.
 23N. 75 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.
- Bornia papyracea* (Deshayes, 1856).
Erycina papyracea Deshayes, 1856: 183.
 1S–24N: 12N. 10–50 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Bornia venada* Olsson, 1961.
Bornia venada Olsson, 1961: 232, pl. 35, f. 12.
 7N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Bornia zorritensis* Olsson, 1961.
Bornia zorritensis Olsson, 1961: 232, pl. 35, f. 9, a.
 4S–6S: 5S. 20–40 m. +15° +29°C. Recent.
- Genus *Rhamphidonta* Bernard, 1975.
- Rhamphidonta retifera* (Dall, 1899).
Bornia retifera Dall, 1899a: 880, 889, pl. 87, f. 2.
 34N.48N.50N. Intertidal–25 m. –1° +28°C. Recent.
- Genus *Solecardia* Conrad, 1849.
- Solecardia eburnea* Conrad, 1849.
Solecardia eburnea Conrad, 1849: 155 not *Scintilla eburnea* Mørch, 1876: (Caribbean); *Scintilla cumingii* Deshayes, 1856a: 173.
 9N–31N: 20N. Intertidal–5 m. +16° +33°C. Pleistocene.
- Solecardia obliqua* (Sowerby, 1862).
Scintilla obliqua Sowerby, 1862: 179, pl. 235, f. 35. *Nom. dub.*
 Ecuador?
- Family Lasaeidae Gray, 1842.
- Subfamily Lasacinae Gray, 1842.⁵³
nom. transl. herein ex Lasaeidae.
- Genus *Lasaea* Brown, 1827.
- Lasaea cystula* Keen, 1938.
Lasaea cystula Keen, 1938: 25, pl. 5, f. 7–9; *Erycina catalinae* Dall, 1916a: 28 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 409.
 28N–40N: 34N. Intertidal–2 m. +8° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Lasaea macrodon* Stempel, 1899.
Lasaea macrodon Stempel, 1899:231, f. 16, 17.
 34S. Intertidal–5 m. +11° +23°C. Recent.
- Lasaea militaris* (Philippi, 1845).
Kellia militaris Philippi, 1845:51.
 Extralimital South Atlantic.
- Lasaea petitiata* (Recluz, 1843).
Poronia petitiata Recluz, 1843:175; *Lasaea helenae* Soot-Ryen, 1959:
 52, pl. 2, f. 21.
 20S–52S: 41S. Intertidal. +1° +29°C. Recent.
- Lasaea subviridis* Dall, 1899.
Lasaea rubra subviridis Stearns, 1894: 149 *nom. nud.* (Carpenter MS);
Cardium rubrum auct. not Mongatu, 1803 (Atlantic); *L. rubra subviridis*
 Dall, 1899a: 881 (Carpenter MS).
 23N–55N: 39N. Intertidal–10 m. +1° +24°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Erycininae Deshayes, 1850.⁵²
nom. transl. herein ex Erycinidae.
- Genus *Amerycina* Chavan, 1959.
- Amerycina colpoica* (Dall, 1913).
Erycina colpoica Dall, 1913: 596.
 Galapagos Islands.
 12N–31N: 21N. Intertidal–25 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Amerycina cultrata* Keen, 1971.
Amerycina cultrata Keen, 1971: 135, f. 310.
 24N–28N: 26N. 5–35 m. +22° +32°C. Recent.
- Genus *Erycina* Lamarck, 1805.
- Sensu lato.*
- Erycina balliana* Dall, 1916.
Erycina balliana Dall, 1916a: 28 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 410.
 32N. 6 m. +8° +22°C. Recent.
- Erycina coronata* Dall, 1916.
Erycina coronata Dall, 1916a: 28 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 409
 26N–32N: 29N. 1–10 m. +14° +28°C. Recent.
- Erycina platei* (Stempel, 1899).
Lepton platei Stempel, 1899: 233, pl. 12, f. 20, 21.
 33S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Family Leptonidae Gray, 1847.
- Genus *Lepton* Turton, 1822.
- Subgenus *Lepton s.s.*
- Lepton ellipticum* (Carpenter, 1857).
Montacuta elliptica Carpenter, 1857b: 113.
 23N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Lepton lediforme* Olsson, 1961.
Lepton lediformis Olsson, 1961:230, pl. 36, f. 10.
 8N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Genus *Platomysia* Habe, 1951.

Platomysia meroeum (Carpenter, 1864).

Lepton meroeum Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 643.
33N–48N: 41N. Intertidal–20 m. +2° +22°C. Recent.

Family Montacutidae Clark, 1855.

Subfamily Montacutinae Clark, 1855.⁵⁴
nom. transl. herein *ex* Montacutidae.

Genus *Montacuta* Turton, 1822.

Montacuta dawsoni Jeffreys, 1864.

Montacuta dawsoni Jeffreys, 1864: 216; *Mysella sovaliki* MacGinitie, 1959: 173, pl. 4, f. 10.

Circumboreal, Panarctic.

64N–71N: 68N. 10–40 m. –2° +8°C. Recent.

Genus *Montacutona* Yamamoto & Habe, 1959.

Montacutona montemarensis (Ramorino, 1968).

Pythinella montemarensis Ramorino, 1968: 211, pl. 2, f. 7.
33S. 65 m. +12° +18°C. Recent.

Subfamily Mysellinae *nov.*⁵⁵

Genus *Mysella* Angas, 1877.

Subgenus *Mysella s.s.*

Mysella deanneae Ramorino, 1968.

Mysella (Mysella) deanneae Ramorino, 1968: 207, pl. 1, f. 7, pl. 7, f. 2,
3.
33S. 97 m. +10° +17°C. Recent.

Mysella dionaea (Carpenter, 1857).

Lepton dionaeum Carpenter, 1857b: 111.
23N. ?Intertidal. +27° +32°C. Recent.

Mysella umbonata (Carpenter, 1857).

Lepton umbonatum Carpenter, 1857b: 111.
23N. 2–10 m. +22° +31°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Rochefortia* Velain, 1877.

Mysella aleutica Dall, 1899.

Mysella aleutica Dall, 1899a: 881, 892, 896, pl. 87, f. 6.
Northwest Pacific.

37N–59N: 48N. 10–120 m. 0° +16°C. Pleistocene.

Mysella beringensis (Dall, 1916).

Rochefortia beringensis Dall, 1916a: 29 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 411.
57N–61N: 59N. 5–60 m. –2° +11°C. Recent.

Mysella clementina (Carpenter, 1857).

Lepton clementinum Carpenter, 1857b: 110.
23N. *nom. dub.*

Mysella compressa (Dall, 1913).

Rochefortia compressa Dall, 1913: 596.
23N–33N: 28N. 5–40 m. +9° +27°C. Recent.

Mysella coquimbensis (Hanley, 1856).

Montacuta coquimbensis Hanley, 1856a: 340.
24S. Depth unknown. Recent.

Mysella grebnitzskii (Dall, 1916).

Rochefortia grebnitzskii Dall, 1916a: 29 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 411.
56N–60N: 58N. 10–50 m. –1° +8°C. Recent.

Mysella mabillei (Dall, 1908).

Rochefortia mabillei Dall, 1908c: 221, 413.
53S–54S. 80–120 m. +2° +9°C. Recent.

Mysella molinae Ramorino, 1968.

Mysella (Rochefortia) molinae Ramorino, 1968: 209, pl. 2, f. 5, 6, pl. 7,
f. 1, 4. (*malinae nom. null.*).
33S. 20 m. +8° +19°C. Recent.

Mysella negritensis Olsson, 1961.

Mysella negritensis Olsson, 1961: 234, pl. 35, f. 8.
5S. Depth unknown. Recent.

Mysella pedroana Dall, 1899.

Mysella pedroana Dall, 1899a: 881, 893, pl. 88, f. 4; *Rochefortia grippi*
Dall, 1912b: 128; *R. ferruginosa* Dall, 1916a: 29 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 411;
R. golischi Dall, 1916a: 29 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 411.
33N–38N: 35N. 15–50 m. +7° +21°C. Recent.

Mysella planata (Krause, 1885).

Tellimya planata Krause, 1885: 34, pl. 3, f. 6a–d (Dall, *MS*); *Montacuta*
elevata Mørch in Jones, 1875: 131 not Stimpson, 1851 (Atlantic).

Chukchi Sea.

53N–71N: 62N. 10–100 m. –2° +7°C. Recent.

Mysella rochebrunei (Dall, 1908).

Rochefortia rochebrunei Dall, 1908c: 221, 414, pl. 17, f. 3; *Mysella*
sculpta Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 5; Soot-Ryen, 1959: 53, f. 5 (redescription).
53S. 100–120 m. +2° +9°C. Recent.

Mysella tumida (Carpenter, 1864).

Tellimya tumida Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 611, 643.
33N–61N: 47N. 5–120 m. +2° +19°C. Pliocene.

Subfamily Orobittellinae *nov.*⁵⁶

Genus *Isorobitella* Keen, 1962.

Isorobitella singularis (Keen, 1962).

Orobittella (Isorobitella) singularis Keen, 1962: 323, f. 4a–c, f. 5a–c.
31N. Intertidal. +23° +32°C. Recent.

Isorobitella trigonalis (Carpenter, 1857).

Lasea trigonalis Carpenter, 1857b: 109; *Aligena cerritensis* Arnold,
1903: 138, pl. 13, f. 3.
23N–34N: 29N. 2–20 m. +18° +30°C. Pleistocene.

Genus *Neaeromya* Gabb, 1873.

Neaeromya compressa (Dall, 1899).

Erycina compressa Dall, 1899a: 880, 888, pl. 87, f. 1, 8.
48N–60N: 54N. 10–150 m. +1° +14°C. Recent.

Neaeromya rugifera (Carpenter, 1864).

Pythina rugiferus Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 643; *Lepton rude* Whiteaves
1880: 198B, fl 2 (Dall, *MS*); *Sportella californica* Dall, 1899a: 879, 885,
pl. 88, f. 5; *Pseudopythina myaciformis* Dall, 1916a: 29 *nom. nud.*;
1916b: 412.
28N–54N: 41N. Intertidal–5 m. +5° +29°C. Recent.

Neaeromya stearnsii (Dall, 1899).

Sportella stearnsii Dall, 1899a: 879, 885, pl. 87, f. 9, 12.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–25N: 12N. Intertidal–20 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.

Genus *Orobittella* Dall, 1900.

Orobittella bakeri (Dall, 1916).

Erycina bakeri Dall, 1916a: 28 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 410; *E. chacei* Dall,
1916a: 28 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 410; ?*E. santarosae* Dall, 1916a: 28 *nom.*
nud.; 1916b: 410.
26N–34N: 30N. 5–285 m. +5° +27°C. Recent.

Orobittella grandis (Philippi, 1887).

Montacuta grandis Philippi, 1887: 185, pl. 23, f. 3.
30S. Depth unknown. Pliocene.
Possibly also living.

Orobittella jipijapa Olsson, 1961.

Orobittella jipijapa Olsson, 1961: 238, pl. 35, f. 5.
1S. Depth unknown. Recent.

Orobittella margarita Olsson, 1961.

Orobittella margarita Olsson, 1961: 237, pl. 35, f. 2.
9N. depth unknown. Recent.

Orobittella obliqua (Harry, 1969).

Aligena obliqua Harry, 1969: 172, f. 18–20.
23N–28N. Intertidal–5 m. +17° +26°C. Recent.

Orobittella oblonga (Carpenter, 1857).

Lasea oblonga Carpenter, 1857b: 109.
23N. Depth unknown. Recent.

- Orobitella peruviana** Olsson, 1961.
Orobitella peruviana Olsson, 1961: 237, pl. 35, f. 7.
2S-4S: 3S. 2-10 m. +17° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Orobitella sechura** Olsson, 1961.
Orobitella sechura Olsson, 1961: 237, pl. 35, f. 1, b.
6S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Orobitella zorrilla** Olsson, 1961.
Orobitella zorrilla Olsson, 1961: 236, pl. 35, f. 3.
4S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Genus *Pythinella* Dall, 1899.
- Pythinella sublaevis** (Carpenter, 1857).
Pythina sublaevis Carpenter, 1857b: 112.
8N-23N: 16N. Intertidal-15 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Scioberetia* Bernard, 1895.
- Scioberetia australis** Bernard, 1895.
Scioberetia australis Bernard, 1895: 569.
54S 20 m. +1° +8°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Thecodontinae *nov.*⁵⁷
- Genus *Pristes* Carpenter, 1864.
- Pristes oblongus** Carpenter, 1864.
Pristes oblongus Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 643.
27N-33N: 30N. Intertidal-2 m. +8° +31°C. Recent.
- Superfamily Cyamiacea Philippi, 1845.
nom. transl. Thiele, 1934 *ex* Cyamiidae.
- Family Cyamiidae Philippi, 1845.
- Genus *Cyamiomactra* Bernard, 1897.
- Cyamiomactra chilensis** Ramorino, 1968.
Cyamiomactra chilensis Ramorino, 1968: 213, pl. 2, f. 8, pl. 8, f. 1, 3.
33S. 20 m. +13° +20°C. Recent.
- Genus *Cyamium* Philippi, 1845.
- Cyamium antarcticum** Philippi, 1845.
Cyamium antarcticum Philippi, 1845b: 51 (*antarcticum nom. nullo. auctt.*) *C. subquadratum* Pelseneer, 1903: 15, pl. 9, f. 124; *C. iridescens* Cooper & Preston, 1910: 112, pl. 4, f. 1; *C. bennettii* Preston, 1912: 637, pl. 21, f. 4; *C. exasperatum* Preston, 1912: 638, pl. 21, f. 5; *C. piscium* Preston, 1912: 638, pl. 21, f. 6; *C. copiosum* Preston, 1913: 222, pl. 4, f. 9; *C. cuneatum* Preston, 1913: 222, pl. 4, f. 10; *C. stanleyense* Preston, 1913: 222, pl. 4, f. 11.
South Atlantic.
52S-54S. 150-250 m. +2° +9°C. Recent.
- Genus *Kingiella* Soot-Ryen, 1957.
- Kingiella chilensis** Soot-Ryen, 1957.
Kingiella chilensis Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 3; 1959: 44, pl. 2, f. 13-15 (redescription).
41S. Intertidal. +10° +21°C. Recent.
- Family Perrieriidae Marwick, 1927.
- Genus *Cyamiocardium* Soot-Ryen, 1951.
- Cyamiocardium dahli** Soot-Ryen, 1957.
Cyamiocardium dahli Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 4; Soot-Ryen, 1959: 45, pl. 2, f. 16 (redescription).
42S. 15 m. +6° +15°C. Recent.
- Family Sportellidae Dall, 1899.
- Genus *Basterotia* Hornes, 1859 (Mayer MS)
- Subgenus *Basterotia s.s.*
- Basterotia peninsularis** (Jordan, 1936).
Anisodonta peninsulare Jordan, 1936: 147, pl. 18, f. 11, 12.
1N-17N: 9N. Intertidal-15 m. +20° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Basterotia quadrata** (Hinds, 1843).⁵⁸
Corbula quadrata Hinds, 1843a: 57.
Extralimital.
- Subgenus *Basterotella* Olsson & Harbison, 1953.
- Basterotia hertleini** Durham, 1950.
Basterotia hertleini Durham, 1950: 94, pl. 25, f. 4, 11; *part. Anisodonta peninsulare auctt.* not Jordan, 1936; *Basterotia californica* Durham, 1950: 94, pl. 25, f. 9, 12; *B. ecuadoriana* Olsson, 1961: 243, pl. 36, f. 8, a.
Galapagos Islands.
1S-24N: 12N. Intertidal-45 m. +18° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Ensitellops* Olsson & Harbison, 1953.
- Ensitellops hertleini** Emerson & Puffer, 1957.
Ensitellops hertleini Emerson & Puffer, 1957: 21, f. 2.
2S-31N: 15N. Intertidal-110 m. +17° +33°C. Recent.
- Ensitellops pacifica** Olsson, 1961.
Ensitellops pacifica Olsson, 1961: 241, pl. 80, f. 9, a.
2S-8N: 3N. 20-120 m. +15° +29°C. Recent.
- Family Neoleptonidae Thiele, 1934.
- Genus *Neodavisia* Chavan, 1969.
- Neodavisia cobbi** (Cooper & Preston, 1910).
Davisia cobbi Cooper & Preston, 1910: 113, pl. 4, f. 9, 10; *D. bennetti* Preston, 1912: 639, pl. 21, f. 7; *D. concentrica* Preston, 1912: 639, pl. 21, f. 8.
South Atlantic, Antarctic.
54S. 100-200 m. 0 +8°C. Recent.
- Neodavisia hupei** (Soot-Ryen, 1957).
Neolepton hupei Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 4; 1959: 47, pl. 2, f. 18 (redescription).
South Atlantic.
34S-54S: 44S. 150-300 m. 0 +12°C. Recent.
- Neodavisia parasiticum* (Dall, 1876).
Lepton parasiticum Dall, *in* Kidder, 1876: 45.
Extralimital. South Atlantic, Antarctic.
- Superfamily CHLAMYDOCONCHACEA Dall, 1884.
nom. transl. Keen, 1969 *ex* Chlamydoconchidae.
- Family Chlamydoconchidae Dall, 1899.
- Genus *Chlamydoconcha* Dall, 1884.
- Chlamydoconcha orcutti** Dall, 1884.
Chlamydoconcha orcutti Dall, 1884a: 51.
27N-38N: 33N. Intertidal-40 m. +15° +32°C. Recent.
- Superfamily CARDITACEA Fleming, 1828.
nom. transl. Menke, 1830 *ex* Carditidae.
- Family Carditidae Fleming, 1828.
nom. correct. Cossmann, 1914 *pro* Carditacea.
- Subfamily Carditinae Fleming, 1828.
nom. transl. Chavan, 1969 *ex* Carditidae.
- Genus *Cardita* Bruguière, 1792.
- Subgenus *Byssomera* Olsson, 1916.
- Cardita affinis** Sowerby, 1833.
Cardita affinis Sowerby, 1833: 195; *part. C. nodulosa auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819 (*modulosa nom. nullo. auctt.*) (Atlantic); *part. C. rufescens auctt.* not Lamarck, 1819 (Atlantic); *C. volucris* Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cardita* pl. 4, sp. 20; *C. californica* Deshayes, 1854: 100; ? *C. in-crassatus* Carpenter, 1857a: 287, 306, 354 "Pfeiffer" *nom. nud.*
Galapagos Islands.
4S-29N: 13N. Intertidal-27 m. +22° +34°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Carditesinae Chavan, 1969.
- Genus *Cardites* Link, 1807.
- Cardites crassicostata** (Sowerby, 1825).
Cardita crassocostata Sowerby, 1825: 4; *C. cuvieri* Broderip *in* Broderip

- & Sowerby, 1832: 55; *C. michelini* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 22, f. 5; *C. (Glans) sulcosa* Dall, 1903a: 707, 715.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 2S-27N: 12N. Intertidal-5 m. +20° +30°C. Recent.
- Cardites grayi*** (Dall, 1903).
Cardita grayi Dall, 1903a: 706; *C. crassa* Sowerby in Beechey, 1839: 152, pl. 42, f. 4 not Lamarck, 1819.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 2S-27N: 13N. Intertidal-5 m. +22° +30°C. Recent.
- Cardites laticostata*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardita laticostata Sowerby, 1833: 195, *C. tricolor* Sowerby, 1833: 194; *C. arcella* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 22, f. 1; *C. turgida* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1856: pl. 22, f. 3 not Lamarck, 1819; *C. reeveana* Clessin, in Küster & Kobelt, 1888: 37, 58, pl. 13, f. 1, 2.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 4S-30N: 13N. Intertidal-30 m. +18° +33°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus ***Strophocardia*** Olsson, 1961.
- Strophocardia megastrophia*** (Gray, 1825).
Venericardia megastrophia Gray, 1825: 137; *V. flammeea* Michelin, 1831: pl. 6; *Cardita tumida* Broderip, 1832: 56; *C. varia* Broderip in Broderip & Sowerby, 1832: 56.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 2S-27N: 13N. 30-150 m. +19° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Carditamerinae Chavan, 1969.
- Genus ***Carditamera*** Conrad, 1838.
- Carditamera radiata*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardita radiata Sowerby, 1833: 195; *Lazaria observa* Mørch, 1861: 199. 1S-23N: 11N. Intertidal-25 m. +19° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus ***Carditella*** E. A. Smith, 1881.
- Subgenus *Carditella s.s.*
- Carditella exulata* E. A. Smith, 1885.
Carditella exulata E. A. Smith, 1885: 215, pl. 15, f. 6, a.
- South Atlantic.
- ?54S. 50-250 m. +2° +8°C. Recent.
- Carditella naviformis*** (Reeve, 1843).
Cardita naviformis Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cardita* pl. 9, sp. 45; *C. australis* Philippi, 1858: 23; *Actinobolus philippii* Tryon, 1872c: 254; *Cardita paeteliana* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1888: 20, pl. 6, f. 7, 8. 39S-53S: 46S. 20-260 m. +2° +17°C. Recent.
- Carditella pallida*** E. A. Smith, 1881.
Carditella pallida E. A. Smith, 1881: 43, pl. 5, f. 9, b. 50S-54S: 52S. 4-50 m. +2° +11°C. Recent.
- Carditella parvulum*** (Dunker, 1861).
Cardium parvulum Dunker, 1861: 36 not preoc. *Cardita parvula* Münster in Goldfuss, 1837. 43S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Carditella semen*** (Reeve, 1843).
Cardita semen Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cardita* pl. 9, sp. 43; ?*Cardium pygmae* Philippi, 1860: 176, pl. 7, f. 3a-c not Donovan, 1799 not Hisinger, 1837. 24S-55S: 40S. Intertidal-100 m. +1° +25°C. Recent.
- Carditella tegulata*** (Reeve, 1843).
Cardita tegulata Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cardita* pl. 9, sp. 48. (*tegulina* nom. null. auctt.). 33S-54S: 44S. Intertidal-25 m. +1° +24°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Crassocardia*** Savizky, 1979.
- Crassocardia crassidens*** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Astarte crassidens Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 365; part. *Cardita borealis* auctt. not Conrad, 1831 (Atlantic); *C. borealis paucicostata* Krause, 1855: 30, pl. 3, f. 5; *Venericardia (Cyclocardia) rudis* Dall, 1903a: 711 (Sowerby MS) *V. (Cyclocardia) morsei* Dall, 1918a: 234; *C. kamtschatica* Slodkevich, 1935: 353, pl. 62, f. 1a, 2a; *C. matitukensis* Slodkevich, 1938: 137, pl. 61, f. 10, 112; *C. subcrassidens* MacNeil in MacNeil, Mertie & Pilsbry, 1943: 90, pl. 15, f. 1, 3.
- Chukchi Sea, Northwest Pacific.
- 51N-71N: 61N. 1-200 m. -2° +11°C. Pliocene.
- Crassocardia umnaka*** (Willett, 1932)
Cardita umnaka Willett, 1932: 87, pl. 5, t1, 2.
- Aleutians
- 54°N 50 m. +5° +12°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Cyclocardia*** Conrad, 1867.
- Subgenus *Cyclocardia s.s.*
- Cyclocardia bailyi*** (J. Burch, 1944).
Cardita (Cyclocardia) bailyi J. Burch, 1944: 13; *Venericardia nodulosa* Dall, 1916a: 25 nom. nud.; 1919c: 249 not *Cardita nodulosa* Lamarck, 1819; *C. longini* Baily, 1945: 118. 28N-34N: 31N. 30-275 m. +8° +29°C. Recent.
- Cyclocardia barbarensis*** (Stearns, 1891).
Venericardia barbarensis Stearns, 1891: 214, pl. 16, f. 3, 4. 34N. 375-2211 m. +5° +11°C. Pliocene.
- Cyclocardia beebei*** (Hertlein, 1958).
Cardita spurca beebei Hertlein, 1958: 107, pl. 21, f. 3, 4, 11-14; not *Cardita spurca* Sowerby, 1833. 9N-26N: 18N. 45-65 m. +12° +30°C. Recent.
- Cyclocardia crebricostata*** (Krause, 1885).
Cardita borealis crebricostata Krause, 1885: 30 pl. 3, f. 4; part. *C. borealis* auctt. not Conrad, 1831 (Atlantic); *Venericardia alaskana* Dall, 1903a: 710, 715; *Cardita (Cyclocardia) crebricostata nomensis* MacNeil in MacNeil, Mertie & Pilsbry, 1943: 90, pl. 14, f. 18; *C. beringiana* Slodkevich, 1935: 47, pl. 3, f. 7.
- Arctic Ocean Northwest Pacific.
- 50N-71N: 60N. 10-260 m. -1° +13°C. Pliocene.
- Cyclocardia gouldii*** (Dall, 1903).⁵⁹
Venericardia (Cyclocardia) gouldii Dall, 1903a: 709, 714. 33N. 1503 m. nom. dub. Recent.
- Cyclocardia incisa*** (Dall, 1903).
Venericardia (Cyclocardia) incisa Dall, 1903a: 710, 714.
- Northwest Pacific.
- 52N-57N: 55N. 1-135 m. -1° +12°C. Recent.
- Cyclocardia ovata*** (Rjabinina, 1952).
Venericardia (Cyclocardia) borealis ovata Rjabinina, 1952: 281; not preoc. *Cardita ovata* C. B. Adams, 1845.
- Arctic Ocean.
- 52N-60N: 56N. 720 m. +1° +9°C. Recent.
- Cyclocardia rjabininae*** (Scarlatto, 1955).
Venericardia granulata rjabininae Scarlatto, 1955b: 192, pl. 51, f. 6; part. *Actinobolus (Cyclocardia) novangliae* auctt. not Morse, 1869 (Atlantic); *Venericardia eximoensis* Tiba, 1972: 138, pl. 16. f. 1-3.
- Arctic Ocean Northwest Pacific.
- 57N-58N. 18-572 m. -1° +11°C. Recent.
- Cyclocardia ventricosa*** (Gould, 1850).
Cardita ventricosa Gould, 1850: 276; *Venericardia (Cyclocardia) stearnsii* Dall, 1903a: 225, pl. 16, f. 5, 6; *Cardita ventricosa redondoensis* T. Burch in J. Burch, 1944: 14 (Burch MS); *C. (Cyclocardia) ventricosa montereyensis* Smith & Gordon, 1948: 172. 28N-60N: 44N. 20-620 m. +1° +17°C. Pleistocene.
- Sensu lato.⁶⁰
- Cyclocardia compressa*** (Reeve, 1843).
Cardita compressa Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cardita* pl. 9, sp. 46 not Reuss, 1844; *C. (Actinobolus) procera* Gould, 1850: 276.

South Atlantic.

33S–54S: 44S. 100–121 m. +1° +16°C. Recent.

Cyclocardia spurca (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardita spurca Sowerby, 1833: 195.
 20S–50S: 35S. 10–80 m. +2° +17°C. Pleistocene.

Cyclocardia velutinus (E. A. Smith, 1881).
Cardita (Actinobolus) velutinus E. A. Smith, 1881: 42, pl. 5, f. 8.

South Atlantic.

35S–45S: 40S. 5–250 m. +5° +20°C. Recent.

Genus *Glans* Megerle, 1811.

Glans carpenteri (Lamy, 1922).
Cardita (Carditamera) carpenteri Lamy, 1922: 264; *Lazaria subquadrata* Carpenter, 1864c: 536, 627, 642 not *Cardita subquadrata* Conrad, 1848 (transitory homonym); *Glans minuscula* Grant & Gale, 1931: 276, pl. 13, f. 10a,b.
 28N–58N: 43N. Intertidal–100 m. +5° +28°C. Recent.

Genus *Miodontiscus* Dall, 1903.

Miodontiscus prolongatus (Carpenter, 1864).
Miodon prolongatus Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 627, 642, 682; *Venericardia yatesi* Arnold, 1907b: 439, pl. 58, f. 2a,b; *Miodontiscus meridionalis* Dall, 1916a: 24 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 408; *Venericardia tokunagai* Yokoyama, 1923: 6, pl. 1, f. 2.

Northwest Pacific.

33N–60N: 47N. 5–210 m. +3° +22°C. Pleistocene.

Genus *Pleuromeris* Conrad, 1867.

Pleuromeris guanica (Olsson, 1961).
Cardita (Pleuromeris) guanica Olsson, 1961: 188, pl. 25, f. 8.
 7N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Subfamily Thecaliinae Dall, 1903.

Genus *Milneria* Dall, 1881.

Milneria kelseyi Dall, 1916.
Milneria kelseyi Dall, 1916a: 26 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 408; *part. M. minima* *auctt.* not Dall, 1871.
 27N–37N: 32N. Intertidal–40 m. +11° +23°C. Recent.

Milneria minima (Dall, 1871).
Ceropsis minima Dall, 1871: 152, pl. 16, f. 5, 6; *Trapezium halitolicola* Dall, 1871: 152 *nom. nud.*; *part. Milneria kelseyi auctt.* not Dall, 1916.
 28N–37N: 32N. Intertidal–80 m. +9° +23°C. Recent.

Family Condyllocardiidae Bernard, 1896.

Subfamily Condyllocardiinae Bernard, 1896.
nom. transl. Chavan, 1969 *ex* Condyllocardiidae.

Genus *Carditopsis* E. A. Smith, 1881.

Carditopsis flabellum (Reeve, 1843).
Cardita flabellum Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cardita* pl. 9, sp. 47; *C. malvinae* Orbigny, 1846: 580, pl. 84, f. 4–6; *C. pallida duodecimcostata* Melville & Standen, 1912: 361, pl. 1, f. 19, a.

South Atlantic.

33S–54S: 44S. 10–150 m. +2° +15°C. Recent.

Genus *Condyllocardia* Bernard, 1896.

Condyllocardia digueti Lamy, 1916.
Condyllocardia digueti Lamy, 1916: 443.
 21N–24N: 23N. Intertidal–40 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.

Condyllocardia hippopus (Mørch, 1861).
Hippella hippopus Mørch, 1861: 200; *Condyllocardia panamensis* Olsson, 1942: 186, pl. 3, f. 9, 10.
 7N–10N: 9N. 10–20 m. +21° +27°C. Pleistocene.

Superfamily CHAMACEA Lamarck, 1809.
nom. correct ICZN, 1957 *pro* Camacea Blainville, 1825 *ex* camacees.

Family Chamidae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Broderip, 1839 *ex* Camacea Blainville, 1825 *ex* camacees.

Genus *Arcinella* Schumacher, 1817.
 ICZN opinion 417.

Arcinella californica (Dall, 1903).
Echinochama californica Dall, 1903b: 950, pl. 62, f. 5.
 6N–28N: 17N. 25–80 m. +16° +30°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Chama* Linné, 1758.

Subgenus *Chama* s.s.

Chama arcana Bernard, 1976.
Chama arcana Bernard, 1976: 14, f. 4, a, b; *part. C. pellucida auctt.* not Broderip, 1825.
 26N–44N: 35N. Intertidal–80 m. +8° +19°C. Miocene.

Chama buddiana C. B. Adams, 1852.
Chama buddiana C. B. Adams, 1852: 477, 544.

Clipperton, Galapagos Islands.

0–11N: 5N. Intertidal–2 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.

Chama chilensis Philippi, 1887.
Chama chilensis Philippi, 1887: 180, pl. 32, f. 9.
 54S. Probably fossil only.

Chama corallina Olsson, 1971.
Chama corallina Olsson in Bayer & Voss, 1971: 39, f. 7–10.
 8N–23N: 16N. 15–100 m. +18° +28°C. Recent.

Chama echinata Broderip, 1835.
Chama echinata Broderip, 1835a: 150; *C. coralloides* Reeve, 1847: 4
Chama pl. 4, sp. 18; *C. delesserti* Chenu, 1846: pl. 6, f. 4.

Galapagos Island.

9S–29N: 10N. Intertidal–25 m. +19° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Chama flavida Clessin, 1889.
Chama flavida Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1889: 44, pl. 17, f. 8, 9.
 Extralimital, possibly synonym of Caribbean *C. sinuosa* Broderip 1835.

Chama frondosa Broderip, 1835.
Chama frondosa Broderip, 1835a: 148; *C. pacifica* Carpenter, 1857b: 232 (Gould *MS*) *nom. nud.* not Broderip, 1834; *C. parasitica* Rochebrune, 1895: 243. 2N–24N 25 31N. +17° +31°C. Recent.

Chama garthi Bernard, 1976.
Chama garthi Bernard, 1976: 18, f. 9a, b.
 2S–7N: 3N. Intertidal–22 m. +20° +31°C. Recent.

Chama maculata Clessin, 1889.
Chama maculata Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1889: 43, pl. 4, f. 4, 6. *nom. dub*
 54S. Holotype lost.

Chama mexicana Carpenter, 1857.
Chama frondosa mexicana Carpenter, 1857b: 87; *C. frondosa* (var.) Broderip, 1835a: 149; *C. producta* Broderip, 1835a: 150 *nom. oblit.*; *C. frondosaformicata* Carpenter, 1857b: 89; *C. purpurascens* Tryon, 1872a: 117 (Conrad *MS*); *C. compacta* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1889: 25, pl. 10, f. 4.

Galapagos Islands

14N–31N: 23N. Intertidal–80 m. +20° +30°C. Pleistocene.

Chama pellucida Broderip, 1835.
Chama pellucida Broderip, 1835a: 302, pl. 38, f. 3; *C. chilensis* Philippi, 1887: 173, pl. 37, f. 9.
 5S–33S: 19S. Intertidal–30 m. +12° +24°C. Pliocene.

Chama sordida Broderip, 1835.
Chama sordida Broderip, 1835a: 151.
 3N–30N: 17N. 1–45 m. +20° +32°C. Recent.

Chama squamuligera Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Chama squamuligera Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 103, pl. 14, f. 10; *part. C. spinosa auctt.* Broderip, 1835; *C. rubropicta* Bartsch & Rehder, 1939b: 13, pl. 3, f. 6–10.

Clipperton, Galapagos Islands.

2S–30N: 14N. 1–20 m. +19° +31°C. Pliocene.

Chama tinctoria Bernard, 1976.
Chama tinctoria Bernard, 1976: 22, f. 5a–c; *part. C. pacifica auctt.* not

- Broderip, 1835; *part. C. broderipi* auctt. not Reeve, 1847.
8N–21N: 14N. 15–100 m. +21° +31°C. Recent.
- Chama venosa*** Reeve, 1847.
Chama venosa Reeve, 1847: 4 *Chama* pl. 7, sp. 34; *C. digueti* Rochebrune, 1895: 243.
5S–29N: 12N. Intertidal–5 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Pseudochama*** Odhner, 1917.
- Pseudochama clarionensis*** Willett, 1938.
Pseudochama clarionensis Willett, 1938: 48, pl. 4, f. 1, 2.
Galapagos Islands.
1S–18N: 10N. 25–55 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Pseudochama corrugata*** (Broderip, 1835).
Chama corrugata Broderip, 1835a: 150.
6S–29N: 12N. Intertidal–5 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.
- Pseudochama dalli*** Bernard, 1976.
Pseudochama dalli Bernard, 1976: f. 12d; *Chama inermis* Dall, 1871: 148 (Carpenter *MS*) not *C. imbricata inermis* Deshayes, 1863.
9N–21N: 15N. 1–5 m. +21° +31°C. Recent.
- Pseudochama exogyra*** (Conrad, 1837).
Chama exogyra Conrad, 1837: 256; *Pseudochama granti* Strong, 1934: 137, pl. 8, f. 6, 7.
33N–44N: 39N. (50N) 20–155 m. +6° +21°C. Pliocene.
- Pseudochama janus*** (Reeve, 1847).
Chama janus Reeve, 1847: 4 *Chama* pl. 7, sp. 36; *C. imbricata* (var.) Broderip, 1835: 149.
Galapagos Islands.
0–1S. 10–25 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Pseudochama panamensis*** (Reeve, 1847).
Chama panamensis Reeve, 1847: 4 *Chama* pl. 8, sp. 45.
1N–30N: 15N. Intertidal–10 m. +22° +32°C. Recent.
- Pseudochama saavedrai*** Hertlein & Strong, 1946.
Pseudochama saavedrai Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 110, pl. 1, f. 1, 3, 8, 10.
8N–31N: 19N. Intertidal–55 m. +19° +33°C. Pleistocene.
- Superfamily CRASSATELLACEA FÉRUSSAC, 1822.⁶¹
nom. transl. Newell, 1965 *ex* Crassatellidae.
- Family Crassatellidae Férussac, 1822.
- Subfamily Crassatellinae Férussac, 1822.
nom. transl. Chavan, 1952 *ex* Crassatellidae.
- Genus ***Eucrassatella*** Iredale, 1924.
- Subgenus ***Hybolophus*** Stewart, 1930.
- Eucrassatella digueti*** (Lamy, 1917).
Crassatella digueti Lamy, 1917: 217; *C. undulata* Sowerby, 1832: 56 not Lamarck, 1805 not Sowerby, 1824; *Crassatellites laronus* Jordan, 1932: 9.
3N–30N: 17N. 10–65 m. +23° +39°C. Pleistocene.
- Eucrassatella fluctuata*** (Carpenter, 1864).
Astarte fluctuata Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 642; *Crassatella marginata* Keep, 1888: 179 “Carpenter” *nom. nud.* (*margarita* *nom. null.* auctt.).
28N–33N: 31N. 40–55 m. +18° +27°C. Recent.
- Eucrassatella gibbosa*** (Sowerby, 1832).
Crassatella gibbosa Sowerby, 1832: 56; *C. corbuloides* Reeve, 1843: 1 *Crassatella* pl. 2, sp. 9; *Crassatellites rudis* Li, 1930: 257, pl. 3, f. 16; *Eucrassatella gibbosa tucilla* Olsson 1932: 56; *Eucrassinella manabensis* Cruz, 1980: 67, f. 1, 2, 5, 6; *E. aequatorialis* Cruz, 1980: 68, f. 3, 4, 7.
Galapagos Islands.
5S–26N. 11N. 20–40 m. +18° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Scambulinae Chavan, 1952.
- Genus ***Crassinella*** Guppy, 1874.
- Crassinella adamsi*** Olsson, 1961.
Crassinella adamsi Olsson, 1961: 183, pl. 25, f. 3, a-c.
3S–23N: 5–100 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.
- Crassinella coxa*** Olsson, 1964.
Crassinella coxa Olsson, 1964: 43, pl. 5, f. 11, 12.
6N–28N: 35–160 m. +16° +28°C. Recent.
- Crassinella ecuadoriana*** Olsson, 1961.
Crassinella ecuadoriana Olsson, 1961: 182, pl. 25, f. 6, a-e.
2S–24N: Intertidal–55 m. +20° +31°C. Recent.
- Crassinella nuculiformis*** Berry, 1940.
Crassinella nuculiformis Berry, 1940: 3, pl. 1, f. 1, 2; *C. clementina* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 56, pl. 12, f. 8.
3S–28N: Intertidal–65 m. +18° +32°C. Pliocene.
- Crassinella oregonensis*** Keen, 1938.
Crassinella oregonensis Keen, 1938: 31, pl. 2, fl. 11, 12.
43N. Extralimital-*Astarte lunulata* Conrad, 1834 (Atlantic).
- Crassinella pacifica*** C. B. Adams, 1852.
Gouldia pacifica C. B. Adams, 1852: 499; *Astarte (Crassinella) branteri* Arnold, 1903: 30, 60, 123, pl. 18, f. 12; *Crassinella mexicana* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 103, pl. 14, f. 8, 9; *C. quintinensis* Manger, 1934: 298, pl. 21, f. 1, 2.
Galapagos Islands.
4S–34N: Intertidal–160 m. +16° +33°C. Pleistocene.
- Crassinella skoglundae*** Coan, 1979.
Crassinella skoglundae Coan, 1979: 6, f. 12, 15.
17N–21N: 19N. 10–30 m. +19° +27°C. Recent.
- Crassinella varians*** (Carpenter, 1857).
Gouldia varians Carpenter, 1857a: 306, 364, 366 *nom. nud.*; 1857b: 83; *Crassinella goldbaumi* Jordan, 1936: 112, 126, pl. 18, f. 4, 5; *C. haylocki* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 57, pl. 18, f. 7, 8.
3S–28N: 13N. Intertidal–115 m. +17° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Superfamily ASTARTACEA Orbigny, 1844.⁶²
nom. transl. herein *ex* Astartidae.
- Family Astartidae Orbigny 1844.
- Subfamily Astartinae Orbigny, 1844.
nom. transl. Chavan, 1969 *ex* Astartidae.
- Genus ***Astarte*** Sowerby, 1816.
- Subgenus ***Astarte s.s.***
- Astarte compacta*** Carpenter, 1864.
Astarte compacta Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 642, 682.
48N–55N: 52N. 10–150 m. +2° +14°C. Recent.
- Astarte crenata*** (Gray, 1824).
Nicania crenata Gray, 1824: 242; *Crassinella elliptica* Brown, 1827: 96, pl. 18, f. 3 not *Astarte (Coelastarte) elliptica* Sibiryokova, 1961; *Crassinella ovata* Brown, 1830: 12, pl. 1, f. 8; *C. gairensis* J. Smith, 1839: 90 (Nicol *MS*); *Astarte quadrans* Gould, 1841: 81, f. 48; *A. semisulcata* Møller, 1842: 19 not *Crassinella semisulcata* Leach in Ross, 1819; *A. crebricostata* MacAndrew & Forbes, 1847: 98, pl. 9, f. 4; *A. crebrilirata* Wood, 1853: 184, pl. 16, f. 2a, b; *A. intermedia* Sowerby, 1854: 779, pl. 167, f. 11; *A. subaequilatera* Sowerby, 1854: 786, pl. 167, f. 13; *A. oblonga* Sowerby, 1855: 731, pl. 167, f. 13; *A. acuticostata* Jeffreys in Friele, 1876: 3; *A. subaequilatera whiteavesii* Dall, 1903b: 948, pl. 62, f. 7, 12; *A. crenata inflata* Hägg, 1904: f. 4–6; *A. crenata quadrata* Filatova, 1957: 54 *nom. nud.*; *A. ecostata* Filatova, 1957: 54 *nom. nud.*; *A. crenata sulcatoides* Nesic, 1964: 662, f. 1, 2.
Panarctic, North Atlantic.
64N–71N: 68N. 10–500 m. –2° +4°C. Pleistocene.
- Astarte polaris*** Dall, 1903.
Astarte polaris Dall, 1903b: 939, 945, pl. 63, f. 5.
56N–64N: 60N. 15–300 m. –1° +10°C. Pleistocene.
- Astarte undata*** Gould, 1841.
Astarte undata Gould, 1841: 80 not Orbigny, 1850; *A. undata latisulca* Hanley, 1843: 350, pl. 14, f. 5.

- Northwest Atlantic.
48N–54N: 51N. 20–200 m. $-1^{\circ} + 12^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
Astarte willetti Dall, 1917.
Astarte willetti Dall, 1917b: 11.
48N–55N: 52N. 15–80 m. $+1^{\circ} + 11^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
Subgenus *Rictocyma* Dall, 1871.
Astarte esquimalti (Baird, 1863).
Crassatella esquimalti Baird, 1863: 70; *Astarte esquimalti limita* Dall, MS; *Rictocyma zenkevitchi* Filatova, 1957: 300, f. 4.
- Northwest Pacific.
48N–71N: 60N. 50–200 m. $-1^{\circ} + 15^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
Astarte mirabilis (Dall, 1871).
Rictocyma mirabilis Dall, 1871: 151, pl. 14, f. 6; *Astarte (Gonilia) diversa* Dall, 1920: 28, 33, pl. 5, f. 6.
55N–60N: 58N. 50–150 m. $-1^{\circ} + 9^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
Sensu lato.
Astarte longirostra Orbigny, 1846.⁶³
Astarte longirostra Orbigny, 1846: 576, pl. 83, f. 19–22; *A. magellanica* E. A. Smith, 1881: 41, pl. 5, f. 7; *A. antarctica* Thiele, 1912: 229, pl. 18, f. 8.
- South Atlantic.
54S. 100–300 m. $+1^{\circ} + 7^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
Genus *Tridonta* Schumacher, 1817.
Tridonta alaskensis (Dall, 1903).
Astarte alaskensis Dall, 1903b: 944, 946, pl. 63, f. 2; *part. A. undata* *auctt.* not Gould, 1841; *A. (Tridonta) alaskensis shinadae* Kanno, 1962: 59, pl. 3, f. 7a,b.
48N–60N: 54N. 20–250 m. $+1^{\circ} + 14^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
Tridonta arctica (Gray, 1824).
Crassina arctica Gray, 1824: 143 not Møller, 1842; *part. Tridonta borealis* *auctt.* not Schumacher, 1817; *Astarte cyprinoides* Duval, 1841: 278; *Tridonta cagnei* Pollonera in Luigi, 1903: 621; *Astarte arctica broweri* Meek, 1923: 414, 416.
- Arctic, Atlantic.
56N–66N: 61N. 50–300 m. $-2^{\circ} + 10^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
Tridonta bennettii (Dall, 1903).
Astarte bennettii Dall, 1903b: 945, pl. 63, f. 6; *A. aomoriensis* Nomura & Hatai, 1935b: 115, pl. 9, f. 5.
- Chukchi Sea, Northwest Pacific.
56N–62N: 589N. 20–200 m. $-1^{\circ} + 9^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
Tridonta borealis Schumacher, 1817.
Tridonta borealis Schumacher, 1817: 147, pl. 17, f. 1 *ex Venus borealis* Chemnitz, 1784; *Astarte plana* Sowerby, 1818: pl. 179, f. 2; *Crassina semisulcata* Leach in Ross, 1819: 175; *C. corrugata* Brown, 1827: pl. 16, f. 24; *C. depressa* Brown, 1827: pl. 18, f. 2; *C. compressa* Brown, 1827: pl. 18, f. 45 not *Venus compressa* Montagu, 1808; *Astarte lactea* Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 365; *Crassina multicosata* J. Smith, 1839: 104, pl. 1, f. 19 not *Astarte multicosata* Filatova, 1957; *C. uddevalensis* J. Smith, 1839: 104, pl. 1, f. 20; *C. withami* J. Smith, 1839: 105, pl. 1, f. 21; *A. corrugata* Middendorff, 1849: 562, pl. 17, f. 4–10; *A. semisulcata placenta* Mørch, 1869: 26; *A. semisulcata rhomboidalis* Leche, 1883: 441, pl. 34, f. 35, 36; *A. borealis crassa* Pfeiffer, 1886: 11, f. 2, 3a,b,4; *A. rollandi loxia* Dall, 1903b: 943; *A. leffingwelli* Dall, 1920: 32, pl. 6, f. 8; *A. borealis ovata* Filatova, 1957: 54 not *Crassina ovata* Brown, 1827; *A. borealis pseudoactis* Merklin & Petrov in Petrov *et al.*, 1962: 33, pl. 4, f. 1–3.
- Panarctic, circumboreal.
58N–71N: 65N. Intertidal–50 m. $-2^{\circ} + 14^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
Tridonta filatovae Habe, 1964.
Astarte (Tridonta) filatovae Habe, 1964: 178; *A. multicosata* Filatova, 1957: 297, f. 1a, b not *Crassina multicosata* J. Smith, 1839 not *Astarte multicosata* MacGillivray, 1843.
- Northwest Pacific.
60N. 110–140 m. $-1^{\circ} + 7^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
Tridonta montagui (Dillwyn, 1817).
Venus montagui Dillwyn, 1817: 167; *V. compressa* Montagu, 1808: 43, pl. 26, f. 1 not *V. compressa* Linné, 1771 not *Crassina compressa* Brown, 1827; *Nicania banksii* Leach in Ross, 1819: 62; *N. striata* Leach in Ross, 1819: 62; *Crassina obliqua* Brown, 1827: pl. 18, f. 6; *C. convexuscula* Brown, 1827: pl. 18, f. 7 (Leach MS); *Astarte angulata* Woodward, 1832: 43, pl. 11, f. 17; *A. globosa* Møller, 1842: 19; *A. multicosata* MacGillivray, 1843: 211 not *Crassina multicosata* J. Smith, 1839 not *Astarte sulcata multicosata* Jeffreys, 1864: not *A. multicosata* Filatova, 1957; *A. laurentiana* Lyell, 1845: 150; *A. pulchella* Jonas in Philippi, 1845: 60 *A. warhami* Hancock, 1846: 336, pl. 5, f. 15, 16; *A. fabula* Reeve in Belcher, 1855: 398, pl. 33, f. 5a, b; *A. abbreviata* Sowerby, 1874: 19, f. 6; *A. semilirata* Sowerby, 1874: 19, f. 15, *A. laurentiana sorsor* Dall, 1903b: 947, pl. 62, f. 11.
- Panarctic, circumboreal.
58N–71N: 65N. 10–455 m. $-2^{\circ} + 8^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
Tridonta rollandi (Bernardi, 1859).
Astarte rollandi Bernardi, 1859: 386, pl. 13, f. 4; *part. Tridonta borealis* *auctt.* not Schumacher, 1817.
- Western Bering Sea.
54N–62N: 58N. 20–350 m. $+1^{\circ} + 8^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
Tridonta vernicosa (Dall, 1903).
Astarte vernicosa Dall, 1903b: 948, pl. 63, f. 1.
- Western Bering Sea.
58N–62N: 60N. 20–250 m. $+1^{\circ} + 11^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
Family Cardiniidae Zittel, 1881.
emend. Cox, 1961.
Genus *Tellidorella* Berry, 1963.
Tellidorella cristulata Berry, 1963: 140.
20N–30N: 25N. 25–90 m. $+19^{\circ} + 31^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
Superfamily CARDIACEA Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Gill, 1871 *ex* Cardicea Goldfuss, 1820 *ex* cardicees.
Family Cardiidae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. correct. Broderip, 1839 *ex* Cardicea Goldfuss, 1820 *ex* cardicees.
Subfamily Cardiinae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Stoliczka, 1870 *ex* Cardicea Goldfuss, 1820 *ex* cardicees.
Genus *Cardium* Linné, 1758.
Sensu lato.
Cardium gemmatum Carpenter, 1857.
Cardium gemmatum Carpenter, 1857a: 229 (Gould MS) *nom. nud.*
Genus *Acanthocardia* Gray, 1851.
Acanthocardia aculeata (Linné, 1758).
Cardium aculeatum Linné, 1758: 679 [824].
Extralimital. Mediterranean.
Subfamily Trachycardiinae Stewart, 1930.
Genus *Acrosterigma* Dall, 1900.
Acrosterigma pristipleura (Dall, 1901).
Cardium (Trachycardium) pristipleura Dall, 1901a: 389; *C. maculosum* Sowerby, 1833: 85 not Wood, 1815; *C. maculatum* Sowerby, 1841: pl. 56, f. 18 not Gmelin, 1791; *C. (Trachycardium) hornelli* Tomlin, 1928: 194.
1S–26N: 13N. Intertidal–10 m. $+18^{\circ} + 31^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
Genus *Papyridea* Swainson, 1840.
Papyridea aspersa (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium aspersum Sowerby, 1833: 85; *part. C. spinosum* *auctt.* not Sowerby, 1805 not Dillwyn, 1817 (Solander MS); *part. C. variegatum*

- auctt.* not Sowerby, 1841 not Solander, 1786; *Papyridea bullata californica* Verrill, 1870: 225.
5S–31N: 13N. Intertidal +23° +33°C. Recent.
- Papyridea crockeri*** (Strong & Hertlein, 1937).
Cardium (*Papyridea*) *crockeri* Strong & Hertlein, 1937: 161, pl. 34, f. 1, 2, 7, 10.
23N–28N: 26N. 100–175 m. +17° +26°C. Recent.
- Papyridea mantaensis*** Olsson, 1961
Papyridea mantaensis Olsson, 1961: 250, pl. 37, f. 5, a, pl. 38, f. 7.
4S–17N: 7N. 50–120 m. +16° +27°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Trachycardium*** Mørch, 1853.
Subgenus *Trachycardium s.s.*
- Trachycardium consors*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium consors Sowerby, 1833: 85; *C. (Trachycardium) consors laxum* Dall, 1901a: 389.
1S–31N: 15N. Intertidal–45 m. +18° +32°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Dalloccardia* Stewart, 1930.
- Trachycardium quadragenarium*** (Conrad, 1837).
Cardium quadragenarium Conrad, 1837: 230, pl. 17, f. 5; ?*C. californianum* Conrad, 1837: 229pl. 17, f. 4; *C. luteolabrum* Gould, 1851: 91; *C. xanthocheilum* Carpenter, 1857a: 232 (Gould MS) *nom. nud.*; *C. arenatum* Carpenter, 1857b: 93; *C. quadragenarium fernandoensis* Arnold, 1907a: 535, pl. 48, f. 2.
32N–37N: 35N. Intertidal–140 m. +13° +31°C. Miocene.
- Trachycardium senticosum*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium senticosum Sowerby, 1833: 84; *C. rastrum* Reeve, 1845: 2
Cardium pl. 16, sp. 82; ?*C. lucinoides* Carpenter, 1857b: 96 *nom. inq.*
5S–24N: 11N. 5–25 m. +20° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Mexicardia* Stewart, 1930.
- Trachycardium panamense*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium panamense Sowerby, 1833: 85; *part. C. procerum auctt.* not Sowerby, 1833; *C. rotundatum* Carpenter, 1857a: 247, 307, *nom. nud.*; Carpenter, 1857b: 531 not Dujardin, 1837; *Trigoniocardia eudoxia* Dall, 1916a: 31 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 412.
8N–28N: 18N. Intertidal–15 m. +17° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Trachycardium procerum*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium procerum Sowerby, 1833: 83; *C. laticostatum* Sowerby, 1833: 85; *C. subelongatus* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 17, f. 2; *C. dulcinea* Dall, 1916b: 412; *C. parvulum* Li, 1930: 529, pl. 3, f. 22.
Galapagos Islands.
14S–24N: 15N. 5–15 m. +19° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Phlogocardia* Stewart, 1930.
- Trachycardium belcheri*** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Cardium belcheri Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 366, pl. 9, f. 3.
9N–28N: 19N. 80–140 m. +15° +27°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Fraginae Stewart, 1930.
- Genus ***Americardia*** Stewart, 1930.
- Americardia biangulata*** (Sowerby, 1829).
Cardium biangulatum Sowerby, 1829: 367, f. 2; *C. modestum* Conrad, 1855b: 11, pl. 3, f. 15 not Philippi, 1845 (Japan); *C. magnificum* Carpenter, 1857a: 187 (Deshayes MS).
3S–34N: 16N. Intertidal–155 m. +14° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Americardia guanacastense*** (Hertlein & Strong, 1947).
Cardium (Americardia) guanacastense Hertlein & Strong, 1947: 140; *part. C. unedo auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Indo-Pacific); *C. planicostatum* Sowerby, 1833: 83 not Sedgwick in Murchison, 1829; *part. C. magnificum auctt.* not Carpenter, 1857.
5S–31N: 13N. 10–150 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Trigoniocardia*** Dall, 1900.
Subgenus *Trigoniocardia s.s.*
- Trigoniocardia granifera*** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Cardium graniferum Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 367; *C. alabastrum* Carpenter, 1857b: 94.
Galapagos Islands.
4S–30N: 13N. 5–30 m. +18° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Apiocardia* Olsson, 1961.
- Trigoniocardia obovalis*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium obovale Sowerby, 1833: 84; *C. ovuloides* Reeve, 1845: 2
Cardium pl. 22, sp. 126; *Hemicardia affinis* Nelson, 1870: 204 not
Cardium affine Münster, 1835; *Cardium spiekeri* Hanna & Israelsky, 1925: 62.
4S–30N: 13N. Intertidal–25 m. +19° +31°C. Miocene.
- Subfamily Protocardiinae Keen, 1951.
- Genus ***Lophocardium*** Fischer, 1887.
- Lophocardium annettae*** (Dall, 1889).
Cardium (Lophocardium) annettae Dall, 1889b: 13.
8N–30N: 19N. Intertidal–50 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Lophocardium cumingii*** (Broderip, 1833).
Cardium cumingii Broderip, 1833: 82.
6N–17N: 12N. 20–25 m. +20° +28°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Microcardium*** Thiele, 1934.
- Microcardium delicatulum*** (E. A. Smith, 1915).
Cardium delicatulum E. A. Smith, 1915: 93, pl. 2, f. 9.
South Atlantic.
54S. 200 m. +1° +8°C. Recent.
- Microcardium panamense*** (Dall, 1908).
Protocardium panamense Dall, 1908c: 221, 415, pl. 18, f. 1. not
homonym *Cardium panamense* Sowerby, 1833; *Microcardium williamsi*
Fischer-Piette, 1977: 4.
7N–8N. 300–350 m. +12° +23°C. Recent.
- Microcardium pazianum*** (Dall, 1916).
Protocardia paziana Dall, 1916b: 412.
8N–28N: 18N. 25–100 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Nemocardium*** Meek, 1876.
Subgenus *Keenaea* Habe, 1952.
- Nemocardium centifilium*** (Carpenter, 1846).
Cardium (?modestum var) centifilium Carpenter, 1846c: 611, 624 not
C. modestum Conrad, 1855 not Philippi, 1845 not Adams & Reeve, 1850:
C. richardsoni Whiteaves, 1878: 468.
28N–58N: 43N. 2–150 m. +6° +23°C. Pleistocene.
- Subfamily Laevicardiinae Keen, 1936.
- Genus ***Laevicardium*** Swainson, 1840.
Subgenus *Laevicardium s.s.*
- Laevicardium clarionense*** (Hertlein & Strong, 1947).
Cardium (Laevicardium) clarionense Hertlein & Strong, 1947: 144, pl. 1, f. 5–7, 14.
9N–27N: 19N. 60–180 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Laevicardium elatum*** (Sowerby, 1833).
Cardium elatum Sowerby, 1833: 84, f. 3.
16N–34N: 25N. Intertidal–5 m. +12° +31°C. Recent.
- Laevicardium elenense*** (Sowerby, 1841).
Cardium elenense Sowerby, 1841: 109, pl. 6, f. 58; *C. apicinum* Carpen-
ter, 1864b: 313; *Laevicardium pedernalense* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 60,
pl. 14, f. 2.
Galapagos Islands.
4S–30N: 13N. Intertidal–90 m. +17° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Laevicardium substriatum*** (Conrad, 1837).
Cardium substriatum Conrad, 1837: 228, pl. 17, f. 2 not Orbigny, 1850;
C. cruentatum Gould in Blake, 1855: 26.
24N–34N: 29N. Intertidal–40 m. +10° +30°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Clinocardiinae Kafanov, 1975.⁶⁴
- Genus ***Clinocardium*** Keen, 1936.

Subgenus *Clinocardium* s.s.

Clinocardium blandum (Gould, 1850).

Cardium blandum Gould, 1850: 276.
48N–54N: 51N. 10–50 m. +5° +14°C. Pliocene.

Clinocardium californiense (Deshayes, 1839).

Cardium californiense Deshayes, 1839: 360 (*californianum* nom. van. auctt.) (Proposed conservation ICZN Kafanov, 1974); *C. boreale* Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 368 not Reeve, 1845 (Request for suppression ICZN Kafanov, 1974); *C. pseudofossile* Reeve, 1844: 2 *Cardium* pl. 10, sp. 52; *Clinocardium uchidai* Habe, 1955: 11, pl. 2, f. 5, 6; *Laevicardium interrogatorium* Fischer-Piette, 1977: 21, pl. 2, f. 1.

Northwest Pacific.

58N–60N: 59N. 10–100 m. +1° +9°C. Pleistocene.

Clinocardium fucanum (Dall, 1907).

Cardium (Cerastoderma) fucanum Dall, 1907a: 112; part. *C. californiense* auctt. not Deshayes, 1839.
48N–55N: 52N. 20–80 m. +2° +11°C. Pleistocene.

Clinocardium nuttallii (Conrad, 1837).

Cardium nuttallii Conrad, 1837: 229, pl. 17, f. 3 (*nuttallianum* nom. van. auctt.); *Cochlea corbis* auctt. not Martyn, 1784 (non binom.); part. *Cardium fimbriata* auctt. not Lamarck, 1819 (Indo Pacific).

Northwest Pacific.

33N–60N: 45N. Intertidal–30 m. +2° +19°C. Miocene.

Subgenus *Ciliatocardium* Kafanov, 1974.

Clinocardium ciliatum (Fabricius, 1780).

Cardium ciliatum Fabricius, 1780: 410; *C. islandicum* Chemnitz, 1782: 200 (not binom.); *C. edule* Mohr, 1786: 128 not Linné, 1758; *C. pubescens* Couthouy, 1838: 60, pl. 3, f. 6; *C. arcticum* Sowerby, 1841: 106; *C. dawsoni* Stimpson 1862: 58; *C. hayesi* Stimpson, 1863: 142; *C. californiense comoxensis* Dall, 1900b: 1093.

Panarctic, circumboreal.

57N–71N: 59N. 10–150 m. –2° +9°C. Pleistocene.

Genus *Serripes* Gould, 1841.

Serripes groenlandicus (Bruguère, 1789).

Cardium grönländicum Bruguère, 1789: 222, pl. 300, f. 7; *Venus islandica* auctt. not Linné, 1767; *Maetra radiata* Donovan, 1799: 161; *Cardium edentula* Montagu, 1808: 29; *Cardium boreale* Reeve, 1845: 2 *Cardium* pl. 22, sp. 131 not Broderip & Sowerby, 1829; *C. fabricii* Deshayes, 1854: 333; *C. (Serripes) notabile* Sowerby, 1915: 169, pl. 10, f. 9; *Serripes groenlandicus protractus* Dall, 1900b: 1112; *S. (?) uvutschensis* Ilyina, 1963: 76, pl. 25, f. 5

Panarctic, circumboreal.

47N–71N: 59N. Intertidal–80 m. –2° +10°C. Pliocene.

Serripes laperousii (Deshayes, 1839).

Cardium laperousii Deshayes, 1839: 360; *C. (Laevicardium) squalidum* Yokoyama, 1924: 16, pl. 3, f. 1; *Serripes kamtschaticus* Ilyina, 1963: 102, pl. 43, f. 2, 3; *S. ochotensis* Ilyina, 1963: 102, pl. 42, f. 1, 2.

Northwest Pacific.

57N–60N: 59N. 15–50 m. +1° +8°C. Pleistocene.

Superfamily MACTRACEA Lamarck, 1809.

nom. transl. Dall, 1895 ex Mactracea Gray, 1823 ex mactracees.

Family Mactridae Lamarck, 1809.

nom. correct. Swainson, 1835 pro Mactracea Gray, 1823 ex mactracees.

Subfamily Mactrinae Lamarck, 1809.

nom. transl. H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856 ex Mactracea Gray, 1823 ex mactracees.

Genus *Harvella* Gray, 1853.

Harvella elegans (Sowerby, 1825).

Maetra elegans Sowerby, 1825: 11, pl. 1, f. 3; *Harvella pacifica* Conrad, 1867b: 192; *Raeta maxima* Li, 1930: 263, pl. 5, f. 35; *Harvella elegans tucilla* Olsson, 1932: 129, pl. 14, f. 1.
4S–26N: 11N. 25–70 m. +17° +29°C. Miocene.

Genus *Maetra* Linné, 1767.

Subgenus *Maetra* s.s.

Maetra williamsi Berry, 1960.

Maetra (Maetra) williamsi Berry, 1960: 116, part. *M. richmondi* auctt. not Dall, 1894 (Atlantic).
2S–14N: 6N. 10–20 m. +19° +27°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Mactriiula* Gray, 1853.

Maetra goniocyma Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.

Maetra (Mactriiula) goniocyma Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 84, 90, pl. 15, f. 5, 6.
7N–17N: 12N. 30–50 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Mactroderma* Dall, 1894.

Maetra paitensis Philippi, 1893.

Maetra paitensis Philippi, 1893: 12, pl. 3, f. 11; part. *Maetra velata* auctt. not Philippi, 1849.
9S–34S: 21S. Intertidal. +13° +29°C. Recent.

Maetra velata Philippi, 1849.

Maetra velata Philippi, 1849b: 153; part. *Maetra paitensis* auctt. not Philippi, 1893.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–19N–9N. Intertidal. +20° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Mactrotoma* Dall, 1894.

Maetra nasuta Gould, 1851.

Maetra nasuta Gould, 1851: 88; part. *M. falcata* auctt. not Gould, 1850; *M. californica* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Maetra* pl. 20, sp. 114 not Conrad, 1837; *M. hiantina* Deshayes, 1855: 68; *M. deshayesi* Conrad, 1868: 45 not Mayer, 1867; *Mactrotoma revellei* Durham, 1950: 93, pl. 25, f. 1, 5.
6N–34N: 20N. Intertidal–80 m. +17° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Micromaetra* Dall, 1894.

Maetra angusta Reeve, 1854.

Maetra angusta Reeve, 1854: 8 *Maetra* pl. 18, sp. 93 (Deshayes MS); *M. (Micromaetra) atacama* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 73, pl. 14, f. 1, 3.
4S–16N: 6N. Intertidal–30 m. +18° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Maetra californica Conrad, 1837.

Maetra californica Conrad, 1837: 240, pl. 18, f. 2 not Reeve, 1854; part. *M. falcata* auctt. not Gould, 1850; *M. ovalina* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Maetra* pl. 14, sp. 66; part. *M. fragilis* auctt. not Gray, 1854 (Caribbean).
9N–35N: 22N. Intertidal–15 m. +12° +32°C. Recent.

Maetra fonsecana Hertlein & Strong, 1950.

Maetra (Micromaetra) fonsecana Hertlein & Strong, 1950: 232, pl. 2, f. 16, 19, 20; part. *M. angusta* auctt. not Reeve, 1854.
0–12N: 6N. Intertidal–10 m. +22° +31°C. Recent.

Maetra isthmica Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.

Maetra (Micromaetra) isthmica Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 89, pl. 15, f. 1, 2, pl. 16, f. 5.
9N–13N: 11N. Intertidal–15 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.

Maetra vanatae Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.

Maetra (Micromaetra) vanatae Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 90, pl. 16, f. 4, b; *M. (Micromaetra) vanatae acymata* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 90, pl. 16, f. 1, a.
9N–13N: 11N. Intertidal–2 m. +21° +31°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Simomaetra* Dall, 1894.

Maetra dolabriformis (Conrad, 1867).

Spisula dolabriformis Conrad, 1867b: 193.
9N–33N: 22N. Intertidal–10 m. Recent.

Maetra hoffstetteri Cauquoïn, 1969.

Maetra (Simomaetra) hoffstetteri Cauquoïn, 1969b: 1021.
1N. Depth unknown.

Genus *Tumbeziconcha* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935.

Tumbeziconcha thracioides (Adams & Reeve, 1848).

Maetra thracioides Adams & Reeve, 1848: 81, pl. 23, f. 8.
3S–13N: 5N. 20–40 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.

Genus *Mactrellona* Marks, 1951.

- Mactrellona carinata** (Lamarck, 1818).
Macra carinata Lamarck, 1818: 473; *part. M. alata* auctt. not Spengler, 1802 (Caribbean).
 4N–10N: 7N. Intertidal–20 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.
- Mactrellona clisia** (Dall, 1915).
Mactrella clisia Dall, 1915c: 62 (*clisea* nom. van. auctt.).
 2S–27N: 13N. Intertidal. +22° +31°C. Recent.
- Mactrellona exoleta** (Gray, 1837).
Macra exoleta Gray, 1837b: 372; *Lutraria ventricosa* Gould, 1851: 89 not Goldfuss, 1840.
 Galapagos Islands.
 4S–28N: 12N. 5–25 m. +17° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Mactrellona subalata** (Mørch, 1861).
Macra (Mactrella) subalata Mørch, 1861: 180; *part. Macra alata* auctt. not Spengler, 1802 (Caribbean).
 10N: 22N. Intertidal–40 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus **Mactromeris** Conrad, 1868.⁶⁵
- Mactromeris polynyma** (Stimpson, 1860).
Macra polynyma Stimpson, 1860:3 (*polynympha*, *polynema* nom. auctt.); *M. similis* Wood, 1828:van. 4, pl. 1, f. 5 not Say, Deshayes, 1832:395 not Gmelin, 1822; *M. grandis* 1791; *M. ovalis* Gould, 1841: 53 not Sowerby, 1817; *M. ponderosa* Philippi, 1844: 165, pl. 1, f. 1 not Conrad, 1830 not Eichwald, 1830; *Callista voyi* Gabb, 1866: 24, pl. 5, f. 41; *Macra (Spisula) grayana* Schrenck, 1867: 572; *Spisula (Hemimacra) polynyma alaskana* Dall, 1894d:40 nom. nud.; *S. vladivostokensis* Bartsch, 1929:139, pl. 1, f. 1–7; *S. (Mactromeris) voyi korolevae* Zhidkova in Merklin 1972:140, pl. 24, f. 1, 6.
 Northwest Atlantic, North Pacific.
 57N–60N: 58N. Intertidal–110 m.–1° +10°C. Pliocene.
- Genus **Mulinia** Gray, 1837.
- Mulinia bicolor** Gray, 1837.
Mulinia bicolor Gray, 1837b: 375; *part. Macra edulis* auctt. not King & Broderip, 1832; *Mulinia exalbida* Gray, 1837b: 376; *Macra jonasi* Philippi, 1893: 9, 11, pl. 3, f. 10.
 27S–33S: 30S. Intertidal. +14° +22°C. Recent.
- Mulinia coloradoensis** Dall, 1894.
Mulinia (Mulinia) coloradoensis Dall, 1894b: 6, pl. 1 (upper); *part. Macra exoleta* auctt. not Gray, 1837; *part. Mulinia byronensis* auctt. not Gray, 1837; *Mulinia coloradoensis acuta*. Dall, 1894b: 6 pl. 1 (lower).
 19N–30N: 25N. Intertidal. +21° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Mulinia coquimbana** (Philippi, 1893).
Macra coquimbana Philippi, 1893: 10, pl. 2, f. 7; *part. M. petiti* auctt. not Orbigny, 1846 (Atlantic); *part. M. cleryana* auctt. not Orbigny, 1846 (Atlantic).
 South Atlantic.
 51S–52S. Intertidal. +1° +9°C. Pleistocene.
- Mulinia edulis** (King & Broderip, 1832).
Macra edulis King & Broderip, 1832: 335; *part. Mulinia byronensis* auctt. not Gray, 1837; *part. M. typicans* auctt. not Gray, 1837; *part. M. lateralis* Gray, 1837 not *Macra lateralis* Sowerby, 1822; *Macra cuneola* Gould, 1850: 216; *M. marcida* Gould, 1850: 216; *M. antarctica* Dunker, 1850: 30; *M. levicardo* E. A. Smith, 1881: 39, pl. 5, f. 2; *M. jousseaumi* Mabilille & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilille, 1889: 106; *M. pencana* Philippi, 1893: 8, pl. 1, f. 2; *M. lotensis* Philippi, 1893: 8, 10, pl. 3, f. 8; *M. epidermis* Philippi, 1893: 9, pl. 1, f. 3; *M. calbucana* Philippi, 1893: 9, pl. 2, f. 5; *M. fuegiensis* E. A. Smith, 1905: 337, f. 6.
 South Atlantic.
 43S–54S: 49S. Intertidal. +1° +16°C. Pleistocene.
- Mulinia pallida** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Macra pallida Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 360 (*pullata* ‘Carpenter’ nom. null. Pilsbry & Lowe, 1931); *Mulinia donaciformis* Gray, 1837: 376; *M. densata* Conrad, 1856: 313; *Macra carinulata* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Macra* pl. 10, sp. 38 (Deshayes MS); *M. angulata* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Macra* Pl. 13, sp. 60 (Gray MS); *M. goniata* Deshayes, 1854: 70 (Gray MS); *M. laciniata* Carpenter, 1856c: 160; *M. (Mulinia) bistrigata* Mørch, 1860: 182; *Mulinia modesta* Dall, 1894b: 5, pl. 1 (lower) not Carpenter, 1864; *M. bradleyi* Dall, 1894b: 6, pl. 1 (right); *Corbula altirostris* Li, 1930: 263, pl. 5, f. 35; *Mulinia camina* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 74, p. 19, f. 6, 7.
 5S–30N: 13N. Intertidal. +17° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Genus **Rangia** Desmoulins, 1832.
 Subgenus *Rangianella* Conrad, 1868.
- Rangia mendica** (Gould, 1851).
Macra mendica Gould, 1851: 88; *Gnathodon trigonum* Petit, 1853: 84; *G. lecontei* Conrad, 1853: 273, pl. 24, f. 1, 2.
 23N–31N: 27N. Intertidal. +27° +33°C. Recent.
- Genus **Spisula** Gray, 1837.
 Subgenus *Spisula s.s.*
- Spisula adamsi** Olsson, 1961.
Spisula adamsi Olsson, 1961: 326, pl. 57, f. 7, a–c.
 4S–10N: 3N. Intertidal. +23° +32°C. Recent.
- Spisula catilliformis** Conrad, 1867.
Spisula catilliformis Conrad, 1867b: 193; *part. Macra californica* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; *Spisula catilliformis alcatrazensis* Arnold, 1907b: 437, pl. 56, f. 6; *S. mercedensis* Packard, 1916: 286, pl. 20.
 30N–34N: 32N. 5–20 m. +11° +28°C. Miocene.
- Spisula hemphillii** (Dall, 1894).
Macra hemphillii Dall, 1894a: 137, pl. 5, f. 2; *Spisula camaronis* Dall, 1921b: 22; *S. strongi* J. Burch, 1945: 50, pl. 3, f. 35–39.
 32N–37N: 35N. Intertidal–50 m. +7° +26°C. Pliocene.
- Spisula planulata** (Conrad, 1837).
Macra planulata Conrad, 1837: 240; *part. M. falcata* auctt. not Gould, 1850.
 23N–37N: 30N. Intertidal–95 m. +10° +28°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Symmorphomacra* Dall, 1894.
- Spisula falcata** (Gould, 1850).
Macra falcata Gould, 1850: 216; *part. M. planulata* auctt. not Conrad, 1837.
 32N–57N: 43N. Intertidal–50 m. +4° +24°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Lutrariinae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.
- Genus **Tresus** Gray, 1853.
- Tresus capax** (Gould, 1850).
Lutraria capax Gould, 1850: 217; *part. L. nuttallii* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; *L. maxima* Middendorff, 1849: 66, pl. 19, f. 1–4 not Jonas, 1844; *Schizothaerus nuttallii bighopensis* Henderson, 1931: 33.
 37N–60N: 49N. Intertidal–30 m. +2° +20°C. Pleistocene.
- Tresus nuttallii** (Conrad, 1837).
Lutraria (Cryptodon) nuttallii Conrad, 1837: 235, pl. 18, f. 1; *L. maxima* Jonas, 1844: 34 not Middendorff, 1849; *part. L. capax* auctt. not Gould, 1850; *L. inflata* Dunker, 1853: 112, *L. sieboldii* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Lutraria* pl. 4, sp. 15; *L. radiata* Yokoyama, 1920: 110 pl. 7, f. 11a,b; *Schizothaerus nuttallii kissyuensis* Hatai, 1941: 109, pl. 3, f. 9; *S. keenae* Kuroda & Habe, 1950: 30.
 Northwest Pacific.
 28N–58N: 43N. Intertidal–50 m. +1° +21°C. Miocene.
- Tresus pajaroana** auctt.⁶⁶
 not *Venus pajaroana* Conrad, 1857b: 192, pl. 4, f. 1, 2.
- Subfamily Pteropsellinae Dall, 1894.
 nom. subst. Keen, 1969 pro Pteropsinae.
- Genus **Anatina** Schumacher, 1817.
- Anatina cyprinus** (Wood, 1828).
Macra cyprinus Wood, 1828: 4, pl. 1, f. 1 (Gray MS); *part. M. anatina* auctt. not Spengler, 1802 (Atlantic); *part. M. anatina pellucida* auctt. not Schumacher, 1817 (Atlantic); *part. Labiosa lineata* auctt. not Say, 1822.
 2S–27N: 13N. 20–50 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Genus **Raeta** Gray, 1853.

- Raeta undulata* (Gould, 1851).
Lutraria undulata Gould, 1851: 89; *Raeta gibbosa* Gabb, 1869: 30.
 9S–34N: 12N. 2–20 m. +18° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Zenatiinae Dall, 1895.
- Genus *Darina* Gray, 1853.
- Darina declivis* Carpenter, 1864.
Darina declivis Carpenter, 1864c: 607, 637.
 49N. Extralimital? *nom. inq.* Recent.
- Darina solenoides* (King & Broderip, 1832).
Erycina solenoides King & Broderip, 1832: 335; *Lutraria tenuis* Philippi, 1845: 50;
L. kingi Fischer, 1887: 1119.
 South Atlantic.
 54S. Extralimital? Recent.
- Family Mesodesmatidae Gray, 1840.
nom. correct Dall, 1895 *pro* Mesodesmidae.
- Subfamily Mesodesmatinae Gray, 1840.
nom. transl. et correct. Dall, 1895 *ex* Mesodesmidae.
- Genus *Mesodesma* Deshayes, 1832.
- Mesodesma donacium* Reeve, 1841.
Mesodesma donacium Reeve, 1841:8 *Mesodesma* pl. 45, sp. 1 not
 homonym *Macira donacia* Lamarck, 1818; *M. lanceolata* Deshayes,
 1854: 337; *Donacilla chilensis* Orbigny, 1856: 530.
 20S–42S: 31S. Intertidal–5 m. +8° +25°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Eryviliinae Dall, 1895.
- Genus *Eryvilia* Turton, 1822.
- Eryvilia californica* Dall, 1916.
Eryvilia californica Dall, 1916a: 40 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 414.
 25N–34N: 30N. Intertidal–10 m. +15° +30°C. Recent.
- Eryvilia producta* Odhner, 1922.
Eryvilia producta Odhner in Skottsberg, 1922: 222, pl. 8, f. 11, 12.
 33S. 20–35 m. +14° +20°C. Recent.
- Superfamily SOLENACEA Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Tryon, 1884 *ex* Solenacea Gray, 1823 *ex* solenaceae.
- Family Solenidae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. correct. Leach, 1823 *pro* Solenacea Gray, 1823 *ex* solenaceae.
- Genus *Solen* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Solen s.s.*
- Solen crockeri* Hertlein & Strong, 1950.
Solen crockeri Hertlein & Strong, 1950: 225, pl. 1, f. 3, 5, 7.
 13N. 5–30 m. +16° +28°C. Recent.
- Solen gaudichaudi* Chenu, 1843.
Solen gaudichaudi Chenu, 1843: pl. 2.
 24S–33S: 29S. Intertidal. +13° +22°C. Recent.
- Solen mexicanus* Dall, 1899.
Solen mexicanus Dall, 1899c: 108, 110.
 10N–16N: 13N. 15–40 m. +18° +27°C. Recent.
- Solen oerstedii* Mørch, 1860.
Solen oerstedii Mørch, 1860: 183.
 9N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Solen pazensis* Lowe, 1935.
Solen pazensis Lowe, 1935: 17, pl. 1, f. 6.
 16N–29N: 23N. 10–15 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Solen pfeifferi* Dunker, 1861.
Solen pfeifferi Dunker, 1861a: 420.
 2S–17N: 7N. 5–25 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Solen rosaceus* Carpenter, 1864.
Solen sicarius rosaceus Carpenter, 1864c: 536, 638.
 23N–34N: 29N. Intertidal–45 m. +11° +24°C. Pliocene.
- Solen sicarius* Gould, 1850.
Solen sicarius Gould, 1850: 214.
 33N–56N: 44N. Intertidal–40 m. +1° +22°C. Miocene.
- Subgenus *Solena* Mørch, 1853.
- Solen rudis* C. B. Adams, 1852.
Solen rudis C. B. Adams, 1852: 300; *part. S. obliquus auctt.* not Speng-
 ler, 1793 (Atlantic).
 4S–9N: 3N. Intertidal–20 m. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Family Cultellidae Davies, 1935.
- Genus *Ensis* Schumacher, 1817.
- Ensis macha* (Molina, 1782).
Solen macha Molina, 1782: 180 (*nacha nom. null. auctt.*); *S. scalprum*
 King & Broderip, 1832: 335; *S. gladiolus* Sowerby, 1839: 153, pl. 43, f.
 4; *part. S. sicarius auctt.* not Gould, 1850; *S. poirieri* Mabile & Rocheb-
 rune in Rochebrune & Mabile, 1889: 104.
 South Atlantic.
 33S–54S: 44N. Intertidal. +4° +22°C. Pleistocene.
- Ensis myrae* Berry, 1953.
Ensis myrae Berry, 1953: 398, pl. 29, f. 5, 6; *part. E. californicus auctt.*
 not Dall, 1899.
 33N–37N: 35N. 5–25 m. +13° +26°C. Recent.
- Ensis nitidus* (Clessin, 1888).
Solen nitidus Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1888: 34, pl. 13, f. 2; *Ensis*
californicus Dall, 1899c: 108, 110; *part. E. minor auctt.* not Dall, 1900
 (Atlantic); *part. E. myrae auctt.* not Berry, 1953.
 25N–30N: 28N. Intertidal–50 m. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Ensis tropicalis* Hertlein & Strong, 1955.
Ensis tropicalis Hertlein & Strong, 1955: 203, pl. 3, f. 34, 35.
 9N–31N: 20N. 10–25 m. +16° +29°C. Recent.
- Genus *Siliqua* Megerle, 1811.
- Subgenus *Siliqua s.s.*
- Siliqua alta* (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Solen alius Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 362 (*alata nom. null. auctt.*); *S.*
tenuis Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 361 not Wood, 1828; *S. medius*
 Sowerby in Gray, 1839: 153, pl. 47, f. 2; *Machaera sodalis* Gould, 1861:
 26; *Cultellus costatus* Sowerby in Reeve, 1874: 19 *Cultellus* pl. 3, sp. 29
 not *Solen costatus* Say, 1822 (Atlantic); *Siliqua intuspurpurea* Pilsbry,
 1905: 118, pl. 3, f. 1.
 Chukchi Sea, Northwest Pacific.
 60N–72N: 66N. 5–80 m. –2° +7°C. Recent.
- Siliqua lucida* (Conrad, 1837).
Solecurtus lucidus Conrad, 1837: 231, pl. 17, f. 8.
 28N–38N: 33N. Intertidal–50 m. +7° +31°C. Miocene.
- Siliqua patula* (Dixon, 1789).
Solen patulus Dixon, 1789: 355; *S. maximus* Wood, 1815: 129, pl. 31, f.
 3 not Gmelin, 1791; *S. gigas* Dillwyn, 1817: 61; *Solecurtus nuttallii*
 Conrad, 1837: 232, pl. 17, f. 9; *Solemya ventricosa* Conrad, 1849: 723,
 pl. 17, f. 7, 8; *Siliqua californica* Conrad, 1867b: 193; *S. patula oregoni-*
ca Dall, 1900b: 957.
 Northwest Pacific.
 37N–60N: 49N. Intertidal–55 m. +1° +18°C. Miocene.
- Siliqua sloati* Hertlein, 1961.
Siliqua sloati Hertlein, 1961: 14, pl. 5, f. 1, 2, pl. 6, f. 4-7.
 35N–60N: 48N. 10–85 m. +3° +20°C. Recent.
- Superfamily TELLINACEA Blainville, 1814.
nom. transl. Dall, 1895 *ex* tellinaceae.
- Family Tellinidae Blainville, 1814.
nom. correct. Swainson, 1840 *pro* tellinaceae.
- Subfamily Tellininae Blainville, 1814.
nom. transl. H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856 *ex* tellinaceae.
- Genus *Strigilla* Turton, 1822.
- Subgenus *Strigilla s.s.*
- Strigilla chroma* Salisbury, 1934.
Tellina chroma Salisbury, 1934:84; *part. Tellina carnaria auctt.* not

- Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); *T. (Strigilla) fucata* Gould, 1851: 91 not Hinds, 1844; *part. Strigilla costulifera auctt.* not Mørch, 1861.
2S–25N: 12N. Intertidal. +20° +31°C. Recent.
- Strigilla cicercula*** (Philippi, 1846).
Tellina cicercula Philippi, 1846: 19; *Strigilla maga* Mørch, 1861: 189.
2S–30N: 14N. Intertidal. +21° +32°C. Recent.
- Strigilla dichotoma*** (Philippi, 1846).
Tellina dichotoma Philippi, 1846: 20; *part. T. carnaria auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); *Strigilla costulifera* Mørch, 1861: 189.
Galapagos Islands.
3S–29N: 13N. Intertidal. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Strigilla disjuncta*** Carpenter, 1856.
Strigilla disjuncta Carpenter, 1856b: 160; *part. S. sincera auctt.* not Hanley, 1844 (Indo-Pacific).
4S–11N: 4N. Intertidal–5 m. +19° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Strigilla ervilia*** (Philippi, 1846).
Tellina ervilia Philippi, 1846: 20; *part. T. pisiformis auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Caribbean); *T. lenticula* Philippi, 1846: 19.
2S–24N: 11N. Intertidal. +23° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Pisostrigilla* Olsson, 1961.
- Strigilla interrupta*** Mørch, 1860.
Strigilla interrupta Mørch, 1861: 190; *part. Tellina pisiformis auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Caribbean); *part. T. flexuosa auctt.* not Say, 1822 not Montagu, 1803; *Strigilla (Pisostrigilla) panamensis* Olsson, 1961: 390, pl. 39, f. 8, a, b.
1S–14N: 7N. Intertidal–10 m. +20° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Simplistrigilla* Olsson, 1961.
- Strigilla serrata*** Mørch, 1860.
Strigilla serrata Mørch, 1861: 189; *S. (Simplistrigilla) strata* Olsson, 1961: 390, pl. 39, f. 7.
2S–27N: 13N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Genus *Tellidora* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.
- Tellidora burneti*** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Tellina burneti Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 362, pl. 9, f. 2; *part. Lucina cristata auctt.* not Recluz, 1842 (Atlantic).
2S–31N: 15N. 15–30 m. +19° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Tellina* Linné, 1758.
- Sensu lato.*
- Tellina laminata* Carpenter, 1864.
Tellina laminata Carpenter, 1864c: 553.
8N. *nom. nud.*
- Tellina silicula* Deshayes, 1855.
Tellina silicula Deshayes, 1855: 363.
Extralimital, probably Indo-Pacific.
- Subgenus *Angulus* Megerle, 1811.
- Tellina amianta*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Moerella) amianta Dall, 1900a: 303, 317, pl. 3, f. 12.
Galapagos Islands.
2S–31N: 15N. 10–40 m. +19° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Tellina carpenteri*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Angulus) carpenteri Dall, 1900a: 303, 320; *Angulus variegatus* Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 629 not *Tellina variegata* Gmelin, 1791 (Atlantic); *T. (Moerella) arenica* Hertlein & Strong, 1949: 68, pl. 1, f. 5, 11.
12N–57N: 35N. Intertidal–440 m. +7° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Tellina cerrosiana*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Angulus) cerrosiana Dall, 1900a: 303, 319, pl. 3, f. 11.
23N–28N: 26N. 15–50 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Tellina chrysocoma*** Dall, 1908.
Tellina (Moerella) chrysocoma Dall, 1908c: 221, 420, pl. 10, f. 4, 8.
Galapagos Islands.
0 550 m. +9° +11°C. Recent.
- Tellina coani*** Keen, 1971.
Tellina (Angulus) coani Keen, 1971: 211, f. 512; *?part. T. carpenteri auctt.* not Dall, 1900.
24N–31N: 28N. 5–10 m. +22° +31°C. Recent.
- Tellina felix*** Hanley, 1844.
Tellina felix Hanley, 1844b: 71.
4S–23N: 10N. 5–25 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Tellina guaymasensis*** Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Tellina (Angulus) guaymasensis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 94, pl. 16, f. 7.
28N. ?Intertidal. Recent.
- Tellina hiberna*** Hanley, 1844.
Tellina hiberna Hanley, 1844b: 148; *part. T. puella auctt.* not Adams, 1852 not Hanley, 1845 (Atlantic); *T. donacilla* Carpenter, 1857a: 245; *T. (Angulus) panamensis* Dall, 1900a: 319, pl. 3, f. 3 not Philippi, 1849 not Li, 1930; *T. tabogensis* Salisbury, 1934: 86.
5S–28N: 12N. 2–55 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Tellina meropsis*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Moerella) meropsis Dall, 1900a: 303, 317, 325, pl. 3, f. 1; *Angulus gouldii* Carpenter, 1864c: 639, 665 (Hanley MS) not *Tellina gouldii* Hanley in Sowerby, 1846 (Caribbean); *T. (Moerella) paziana* Dall, 1900a: 303, 318, 325, pl. 3, f. 8.
2S–34N: 16N.(37N) 50–180 m. +10° +24°C. Pleistocene.
- Tellina macneilli*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Angulus) macneilli Dall, 1900a: 303, 318, pl. 3, f. 7.
10N–28N: 19N. 20–75 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Tellina modesta*** (Carpenter, 1864).
Angulus modestus Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 639, 681; *part. Tellina hiberna auctt.* not Hanley, 1844; *?T. pedroana* Conrad in Blake, 1855b: 13 (*nom. dub.*); *Angulus modestus obtusus* Carpenter, 1864b: 639 not *Tellina obtusa* Sowerby, 1817 (Caribbean); *part. Tellina panamensis auctt.* not Dall, 1900; *T. (Oudardia) buttoni* Dall, 1900a: 304, 320, 326, pl. 4, f. 12, 13.
28N–60N: 44N. Intertidal–50 m. +4° +24°C. Pleistocene.
- Tellina recurvata*** Hertlein & Strong, 1949.
Tellina (Moerella) recurvata Hertlein & Strong, 1949: 71, pl. 1, f. 2, 3, 4, 8; *T. (Angulus) recurva* Dall, 1900a: 304, 320, pl. 3, f. 4 not Deshayes, 1855 (Indo-Pacific).
7N–31N: 19N. 20–50 m. +16° +27°C. Recent.
- Tellina straminea*** Deshayes, 1855.
Tellina straminea Deshayes, 1855: 363.
30N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Tellina subtrigona*** Sowerby, 1866.
Tellina subtrigona Sowerby, in Reeve, 1866: 14 *Tellina* pl. 3, sp. 9; *part. T. rhodora auctt.* not Hanley, 1844 (Indo-Pacific); *T. puella* C. B. Adams, 1852: 507, 546 not Hanley, 1844 (Atlantic); *T. (Angulus) erythronotus* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 94, pl. 12, f. 7; *T. puella* Salisbury, 1934: 86.
9N–25N: 17N. Intertidal–15 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Tellina suffusa*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Angulus) suffusus Dall, 1900a: 303, 319, pl. 3, f. 10.
12N–25N: 18N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Tellina tumbezensis*** (Olsson, 1961).
Moerella (Moerella) tumbezensis Olsson, 1961: 403, pl. 68, f. 5, pl. 69, f. 8; *part. Tellina pumila auctt.* not Hanley, 1844; *part. T. (Angulus) suffusus auctt.* not Dall, 1900.
3S–4S. Intertidal. +19° +29°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Cadella* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1939.
- Tellina nuculoides*** (Reeve, 1854).
Donax nuculoides Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 8, sp. 59; *Maera salmonea* Carpenter, 1864c: 627, 639.
32N–60N: 46N. Intertidal–100 m. +1° +24°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Elliptotellina* Cossmann, 1887.
- Tellina pacifica*** Dall, 1900.
Tellina (Elliptotellina) pacifica Dall, 1900a: 302, 316, pl. 3, f. 9.
8N–27N: 18N. 5–35 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Elpidollina* Olsson, 1961.

Tellina decumbens Carpenter, 1865.

Angulus amplectans Carpenter, 1864c: 669 *nom. nud.*; (*Tellina*) *Angulus decumbens* Carpenter, 1865e: 278; *Tellina peasii* Sowerby, 1868: pl. 49 f. 288.
8N-9N. Intertidal-20 m. +25° +32°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Eurytellina* Fischer, 1887.

Tellina eburnea Hanley, 1844.

Tellina eburnea Hanley, 1844b: 61 not *preoc.* Lightfoot, 1786; *T. panamensis* Li, 1930: 262, pl. 5, 32 not Dall, 1900; *T. liana* Hertlein & Strong, 1945: 105; *T. (Eurytellina) lima* Hertlein & Strong, 1945: 105; *T. (Eurytellina) eburnea askoyana* Hertlein & Strong, 1955: 197, pl. 3, f. 2, 13-15, 20, 21, 23.
5S-14N: 4N. 5-40 m. +19° +29°C. Recent.

Tellina ecuadoriana Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.

Tellina (Eurytellina) ecuadoriana Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 67, pl. 15, f. 6-8.
2S-12N: 5N. Intertidal-10 m. +18° +31°C. Recent.

Tellina hertleini (Olsson, 1961).

Eurytellina (Eurytellina) hertleini Olsson, 1961: 393, pl. 68, f. 6, pl. 71, f. 2, a; *Tellina laceridens* Hanley, 1846b: pl. 61, f. 176 not Hanley, 1844; *part. T. planulata auctt.* not Sowerby, 1867.
3S-13N: 5N. Intertidal-20 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.

Tellina inaequistriata Donovan, 1802.

Tellina inaequistriata Donovan, 1802: pl. 123; *part. T. sanguinea auctt.* not Wood, 1815; *T. gemma* Gould, 1853: 399, pl. 16, f. 5; *T. (Eurytellina) leucogonia* Dall, 1900a: 317, pl. 4, f. 5.
3S-27N: 12N. 15-35 m. +18° +29°C. Pleistocene.

Tellina laceridens Hanley, 1844.

Tellina laceridens Hanley, 1844b: 61 not Hanley, 1846; *part. T. eburnea auctt.* not Hanley, 1844; *part. T. planulata auctt.* not Sowerby, 1867.
4S-12N: 6N. Intertidal. +21° +31°C. Recent.

Tellina laplata Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.

Tellina (Eurytellina) laplata Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 67, pl. 15, f. 1-5.
5S-6S. Intertidal. +18° +27°C. Pliocene.

Tellina mantaensis Pilsbry & Olsson, 1943.

Tellina (Eurytellina) mantaensis Pilsbry & Olsson, 1943: 80, pl. 8, f. 1-4.
11S-9N: 1S. Intertidal. +22° +31°C. Recent.

Tellina prora Hanley, 1844.

Tellina prora Hanley, 1844b: 61; *part. T. cibaoica auctt.* not Maury, 1917.
3S-24N: 11N. 10-45 m. +19° +29°C. Pliocene.

Tellina regia Hanley, 1844.

Tellina regia Hanley, 1844b: 61.
8N-12N: 10N. 10-20 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.

Tellina rubescens Hanley, 1844.

Tellina rubescens Hanley, 1844b: 60 (*pubescens nom. null. auctt.*); *part. T. punicea auctt.* not Born, 1778 (Atlantic).
3S-19N: 9N. Intertidal-10 m. +19° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Tellina simulans C. B. Adams, 1852.

Tellina simulans C. B. Adams, 1852: 508; *part. T. punicea auctt.* not Born, 1778 (Atlantic); *part. T. rubescens auctt.* not Hanley, 1844.
4S-28N: 12N. Intertidal-25 m. +22° +32°C. Pliocene.

Subgenus *Herzellina* Olsson, 1961.

Tellina nicoyana Hertlein & Strong, 1949.

Tellina (Scissula) nicoyana Hertlein & Strong, 1949: 85, pl. I, f. 23-26; *Sanguinolaria panamensis* Dall MS.
4S-10N: 3N. 20-65 m. +18° +29°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Laciolina* Iredale, 1937.

Tellina ochracea Carpenter, 1864.

Tellina (Peronaeoderma) ochracea Carpenter, 1864b: 311.
23N-31N: 27N. Intertidal-80 m. +22° +32°C. Pliocene.

Subgenus *Lyratellina* Olsson, 1961.

Tellina lyra Hanley, 1844.

Tellina lyra Hanley, 1844b: 68.
4S-24N: 10N. 15-30 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.

Tellina lyrica Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.

Tellina (Macaliopsis) lyrica Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 94, pl. 10, f. 4, a.
5S-28N: 11N. 20-80 m. +18° +29°C. Pliocene.

Subgenus *Megangulus* Afshar, 1969.

Tellina lutea Wood, 1828.

Tellina lutea Wood, 1828: 3, pl. 1, f. 3; *T. alternidentata* Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 363; *T. guildfordiae* Gray in Griffith & Pidgeon, 1834: 600; *part. T. venulosa auctt.* not Schrenck, 1861; *T. alternata chibana* Yokoyama, 1922: 140, pl. 10, f. 5, 6; *T. venulosa zyoensis* Hatai & Nishiyama, 1939: 150, pl. 9, f. 3.

Chukchi Sea and Northwest Pacific.

60N-72N: 66N. Intertidal-100 m. -1° +7°C. Pliocene.

Subgenus *Merisca* Dall, 1900.

Tellina brevirostris Deshayes, 1855.

Tellina brevirostris Deshayes, 1855: 362. not *preoc.* Oken, 1815 (not binom.); *part. T. reclusa auctt.* not Dall, 1900; *T. brevicornuta* Salisbury, 1934: 84; *Merisca margarita* Olsson, 1961: 383, pl. 70, f. 5, a.
9N-14N: 12N. 10-40 m. +20° +29°C. Recent.

Tellina reclusa Dall, 1900.

Tellina (Merisca) reclusa Dall, 1900a: 301, 315, pl. 3, f. 2; *part. T. brevirostris auctt.* not Deshayes, 1855.

Galapagos Islands.

1S-26N: 13N. 5-70 m. +16° +30°C. Pliocene.

Tellina rhynchoscuta (Olsson, 1961).

Merisca rhynchoscuta Olsson, 1961: 382, pl. 70, f. 3, a, b; *part. Tellina cristallina auctt.* not Spengler, 1798 (*crystallina nom. van. auctt.*) (Caribbean).

1S-31N: 15N. Intertidal-25 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.

Tellina ulloana Hertlein, 1968.

Tellina ulloana Hertlein, 1968:80; *part. T. declivis auctt.* not Sowerby, 1868 not Conrad, 1834; *part. T. proclivis auctt.* not Hertlein & Strong, 1949.
8N-25N: 17N. 25-50 m. +20° +30°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Moerella* Fischer, 1887.

Tellina pumila Hanley, 1844.

Tellina pumila Hanley, 1844b: 69.
33S-47S: 40S. 10-55 m. +9° +24°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Peronidia* Dall, 1900.

Tellina bodegensis Hinds, 1845.

Tellina bodegensis Hinds, 1845:67, pl. 21, f. 2; *T. santarosae* Dall, 1900a: 305, 325, pl. 3, f. 6, pl. 4, f. 1, 2; ?*T. callamensis* Reagan, 1908: 186, pl. 3, f. 4.
25N-57N: 41N. Intertidal-100 m. +4° +28°C. Miocene.

Subgenus *Phyllodella* Schumacher, 1817.

Tellina insculpta Hanley, 1844.

Tellina insculpta Hanley, 1844b: 70.
2S-14N: 6N. 5-30 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Phyllodina* Dall, 1900.

Tellina fluctigera Dall, 1908.

Tellina (Phyllodina) fluctigera Dall, 1908c: 221, 419.
4S-8N: 2N. 45-333 m. +12° +25°C. Recent.

Tellina pristiphora Dall, 1900.

Tellina (Phyllodina) pristiphora Dall, 1900a: 302, 316, pl. 4, f. 14.
10N-28N: 19N. 20-155 m. +14° +26°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Scissula* Dall, 1900.

Tellina delicatula Deshayes, 1855.

Tellina delicatula Deshayes, 1855: 363.
23N. Depth unknown. Recent.

- Tellina esmeralda* (Olsson, 1961).
Moerella (Scissula) esmeralda Olsson, 1961: 407, pl. 68, f. 11, pl. 72, f. 5.
 1N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Tellina varilineata* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1943.
Tellina (Scissula) varilineata Pilsbry & Olsson, 1943: 79, pl. 8, f. 6.
 4S-10N: 3N. 5-10 m. +19° +30°C. Recent.
- Tellina virgo* Hanley, 1844.
Tellina virgo Hanley, 1844: 143; *T. deshayesii* Carpenter, 1856c: 160 not Hanley, 1844 (Red Sea).
 4S-25N: 11N. Intertidal-15 m. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Scutarcopagia* Pilsbry, 1918.
- Tellina scobinata* Linné, 1758.⁶⁷
Tellina scobinata Linné, 1758: 676.
 Extralimital.
- Subgenus *Tellinella* Mørch, 1853.
- Tellina cumingii* Hanley, 1844.
Tellina cumingii Hanley, 1844b:59; *part. T. interrupta* auctt. not Wood, 1815 (Atlantic); *T. (Tellina) argis* Olsson in Bayer & Voss, 1971: 40, f. 4-6.
 9N-25N: 17N. 5-150 m. +14° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Tellina idae* Dall, 1891.
Tellina idae Dall, 1891: 183, 191, pl. 6, f. 3, pl. 7, f. 1, 4.
 33N-34N. Intertidal-100 m. +8° +25°C. Miocene.
- Tellina virgata* Linné, 1758.⁶⁸
Tellina virgata Linné, 1758: 674.
 Extralimital.
- Tellina zacae* Hertlein & Strong, 1949.
Tellina (Tellinella) zacae Hertlein & Strong, 1949:65. pl. 1, f. 12, 13, 17.
 27N-29N: 28N. 60-165 m. +23° +29°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Tellinidella* Hertlein & Strong, 1949.
- Tellina mompichensis* (Olsson, 1961).
Tellinidella mompichensis Olsson, 1961: 400, pl. 72, f. 3.
 4S-1N: 2S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Tellina princeps* Hanley, 1844.
Tellina princeps Hanley, 1844b:62.
 4S-9N: 2N. Intertidal. +21° +32°C. Recent.
- Tellina purpurea* (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Tellinides purpureus Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 363; *part. Tellina purpurascens* auctt. not Gmelin, 1791; *T. broderipii* Carpenter, 1857b: 32 (Deshayes MS).
 4S-29N: 13N. Intertidal-10 m. +29° +30°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Macominae Olsson, 1961.
- Genus *Cymatoica* Dall, 1890.
- Cymatoica undulata* (Hanley, 1844).
Tellina undulata Hanley, 1844b:72; *Cymatoica occidentalis* Dall, 1890a: 272, pl. 10, f. 11.
 Galapagos Islands.
 2S-24N: 13N. 5-40 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Leporimetis* Iredale, 1930.
- Leporimetis asthenodon* (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).
Apolymetis asthenodon Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 96, pl. 11, f. 1-3.
 4S-13N: 5N. 10-20 m. +18° +29°C. Recent.
- Leporimetis cognata* (Pilsbry & Vanatta, 1902).
Lutricola cognata Pilsbry & Vanatta, 1902: 556, pl. 35, f. 5; *part. Apolymetis excavata* auctt. not *Tellina excavata* Sowerby, 1867; *Apolymetis clarki* Durham, 1950: 90, pl. 24, f. 12, pl. 25, f. 14.
 Galapagos Islands.
 4S-30N: 13N. Intertidal-25 m. +22° +29°C. Pleistocene.
- Leporimetis dombei* (Hanley, 1844).
Tellina dombei Hanley, 1844b: 144; *Scrobicularia producta* Carpenter, 1856b: 230; *T. excavata* Sowerby in Reeve, 1867: 17 *Tellina* pl. 26, f. 138.
 4S-9N: 3N. 10-30 m. +21° +30°C. Recent.
- Leporimetis obesa* (Deshayes, 1855).
Tellina obesa Deshayes, 1855: 354; *T. alta* Conrad, 1837: 258 not Conrad, 1833; *Scrobicularia biangulata* Carpenter, 1856b: 230 (*biangularis* nom. van. auctt.); *?Arcopagia medialis* Conrad, 1857: 314; *Tellina turgida* Deshayes, 1855: 354.
 25N-35N: 30N. Intertidal-50 m. +17° +30°C. Miocene.
- Genus *Macalia* H. Adams, 1860.
- Macalia californiensis* (Bertin, 1878).⁶⁹
Macoma californiensis Bertin, 1878: 345, pl. 8, f. 2a, b.
 Extralimital.
- Genus *Macoma* Leach, 1819.
- Subgenus *Macoma* s.s.
- Macoma balthica* (Linné, 1758).
Tellina balthica Linné, 1758: 677; *T. solidula* Pulteney, 1799: 29; *T. petalum* Valenciennes in Humboldt & Bonpland, 1832: 222, pl. 48, f. 2a, b; *T. inconspicua* Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 363; *Sanguinolaria californiana* Conrad, 1837: 231, pl. 17, f. 7; *Tellina solidula normalis* Middendorff, 1851: 262; *T. californica* Carpenter, 1857a: 195, 211, 302, nom.nud.; Carpenter, 1864: 532 (Conrad MS); *T. rotundata* Sowerby, 1867: pl. 27, f. 146 not Montagu, 1803; *T. rotunda* Salisbury, 1934: 87; *Macoma (Macoma) balthica takahokoensis* Yammamoto & Habe, 1959: 105.
 Panarctic, circumboreal.
 38N-70N: 54N. Intertidal-40 m. 0° +22°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma brota* Dall, 1916.
Macoma brota Dall, 1916a: 36 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 413; *Tellina edentula* Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 363 not Spengler, 1798.
 Arctic Ocean, circumboreal.
 48N-71N: 60N. 10-260 m. -2° +16°C. Pliocene.
- Macoma calcarea* (Gmelin, 1791).
Tellina calcarea Gmelin, 1791: 3236 (*ex* Chemnitz, 1782); *T. lata* Gmelin, 1791: 3237 (*ex* Lister, 1687); *T. proxima* Sowerby in Gray, 1839: 154, pl. 44, f. 4 (Brown MS); *T. frigida* Hanley, 1844: 143; *T. lata nasuta* Middendorff, 1849: 578 not *T. nasuta* Conrad, 1837; *T. dissimilis* Martens, 1865: 430, pl. 3, f. 16 not Deshayes, 1854; *Macoma sitkana* Dall, 1900a: 307, 323, 326, pl. 4, f. 6, 7; *M. calcarea obliqua* Soot-Ryen, 1932: 15, 36, pl. 2, f. 4-6; not *M. obliqua* Sowerby, 1817; *M. calcarea longisinuata* Soot-Ryen, 1932: 17, 36, pl. 2, f. 1-3; *M. calcarea sootryeni* Petrov, 1966: 230 (Scarlatto MS).
 Panarctic, circumboreal.
 47N-71N: 59N. Intertidal-320 m. -2° +15°C. ?Oligocene.
- Macoma crassula* (Deshayes, 1855).
Tellina crassula Deshayes, 1855: 354; *Macoma inflata* Dawson, 1872: 377, pl. 5, f. 5 (Stimpson MS); *Tellina (Macoma) torelli* Jensen, 1905: 34, 52, pl. 1, f. 3a-i (Steenstrup MS); *Macoma nipponica* Tokunaga, 1906: 44, pl. 2, f. 35a,b.
 Arctic Ocean, circumboreal.
 60N-71N: 66N. 15-165 m. -2° +7°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma eliminata* Dunnill & Coan, 1968.
Macoma eliminata Dunnill & Coan, 1968: 1, f. 2-6; *part. Tellina calcarea* auctt. not Gmelin, 1791.
 34N-60N: 46N. 5-435 m. +1° +26°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma lipara* Dall, 1916.
Macoma brota lipara Dall, 1916a: 36 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 414.
 39N-60N: 50N. 20-260 m. 0° +22°C. Recent.
- Macoma lama* Bartsch, 1929.
Macoma lama Bartsch, 1929: 133, pl. 2, f. 8-14; *part. M. carlottensis* auctt. not Whiteaves, 1880; *M. planiuscula* Grant & Gale, 1931: 372, 908, 922, pl. 14, f. 11, pl. 20, f. 8.

- Chukchi Sea.
- 53N-71N: 62N. Intertidal-185 m.-3° +14°C. Recent.
- Macoma loveni* (Jensen, 1905).
Tellina (Macoma) loveni Jensen, 1905: 45, pl. 1, f. 5a-h (Steenstrup MS).
- Panarctic, Northwest Pacific.
- 70N-71N. 4-820 m. -3° +9°C. Recent.
- Macoma middendorffi* Dall, 1884.
Macoma (edentula?) middendorffi Dall, 1884b: 347 (*middendorffi* nom. van. auctt.); part. *Tellina edentula* auctt. not Broderip & Sowerby, 1829.
- Chukchi Sea, Northwest Pacific.
- 58N-71N: 65N. 25-35 m. -2° +10°C. Recent.
- Macoma moesta* (Deshayès, 1855).
Tellina moesta Deshayès, 1855: 361; *Macoma alaskana* Dall, 1900a: 309, 323, 325, pl. 3, f. 5; *M. krausei* Dall, 1900a: 307, 322, 326, pl. 4, f. 8; part. *Tellina lutea* auctt. not Wood, 1828; *Macoma oneilli* Dall, 1919b: 4A, 12A, 16A, 20A, pl. 2, f. 1.
- Panarctic, Northwest Pacific.
- 45N-71N: 58N. 1-300 m. -2° +16°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma obliqua* (Sowerby, 1817).
Tellina obliqua Sowerby, 1817: 137, pl. 161, f. 1 not Wood, 1815 (ICZN op. 948 nom. conserv.); part. *T. bruguieri* auctt. not Hanley, 1844 (Japan); part. *T. incongrua* auctt. not Martens, 1865 (Japan).
- Arctic Ocean.
- 46N-71N: 59N. Intertidal-200 m.-3° +16°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Heteromacoma* Habe, 1952.
- Macoma inquinata* (Deshayès, 1855).
Tellina inquinata Deshayès, 1855: 357; part. *T. irus* auctt. not Hanley, 1845; *Macoma inquinata arnheimi* Dall, 1916a: 36 nom. nud.; 1916b: 414.
- Northwest Pacific.
- 34N-57N: 46N. Intertidal-50 m. +1° +20°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma nasuta* (Conrad, 1837).
Tellina nasuta Conrad, 1837: 258; *T. tersa* Gould, 1853: 408; *Macoma kelseyi* Dall, 1900b: 1052, 1622, pl. 49, f. 7.
27N-60N: 44N. Intertidal-50 m. +1° +22°C. Miocene.
- Subgenus *Macoploma* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.
- Macoma medioamericana* Olsson, 1942.
Macoma (Macoploma) medioamericana Olsson, 1942: 196, pl. 17, f. 8.
4S-31N: 14N. Intertidal-80 m. +21° +32°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Psammacoma* Dall, 1900.
- Macoma acolasta* Dall, 1921.
Macoma acolasta Dall, 1921: 21; *M. morroensis* J. Burch, 1945: 30, pl. 2, f. 46, 47.
33N-38N: 36N. Intertidal-75 m. +11° +23°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma carlottensis* Whiteaves, 1880.
Macoma carlottensis Whiteaves in Dawson, 1880: 196B, text f. 1; *M. inflatula* Dall, 1897a: 11, pl. 1, f. 19, 20; *M. quadrana* Dall, 1916a: 37 nom. nud.; 1916b: 414.
- Northwest Pacific.
- 32N-58N: 45N. 5-1547 m. +2° +16°C. Recent.
- Macoma elytrum* Keen, 1958.
Macoma (Psammacoma) elytrum Keen, 1958: 244, pl. 30, f. 14; *Tellina elongata* Hanley, 1844b: 144 not Dillwyn, 1823 (Solander MS).
1S-31N: 15N. 20-110 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.
- Macoma grandis* (Hanley, 1844).
Tellina grandis Hanley, 1844b: 141 (*grande* nom. van. auctt.)
- Galapagos Islands.
- 4S-23N: 10N. 20-90 m. +16° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Macoma hesperus* Dall, 1908.⁷⁰
Macoma (Psammacoma) hesperus Dall, 1908c: 221, 421.
7N. 333 m. Extralimital? Recent.
- Macoma inornata* (Hanley, 1844).
Tellina inornata Hanley, 1844b: 144; ?*Sanguinolaria antarctica* Mabilie & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabilie, 1889: 105; *Macoma hupeana* Dall, 1908c: 421.
- South Atlantic.
- 42S-54S: 48S. 35-120 m. +2° +14°C. Recent.
- Macoma lamproleuca* (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).
Tellina lamproleuca Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 93, pl. 11, f. 6, 7; part. *T. elongata* auctt. not Hanley, 1844: 144; *Macoma parthenopa* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 144 (fig. caption).
4S-30N: 13N. 20-90 m. +19° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Macoma leptonoidea* Dall, 1895.
Macoma leptonoidea Dall, 1895b: 33.
34N. 483-594 m. +6° +11°C. Recent.
- Macoma siliqua* (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Tellina siliqua C. B. Adams, 1852: 546; *Thracia carnea* Mørch, 1861: 180; *Macoma (Psammacoma) panamensis* Dall, 1900a: 310, 324, pl. 4, f. 3; *M. (Psammacoma) siliqua spectri* Hertlein & Strong, 1949: 91, pl. 1, f. 9, 10, 16.
9N-31N: 20N. 20-150 m. +14° +31°C. Recent.
- Macoma yoldiformis* Carpenter, 1864.
Macoma yoldiformis Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 611, 639.
27N-57N: 42N. Intertidal-25 m. +7° +28°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Rexithaerus* Tryon, 1869.
- Macoma dexioptera* Baxter, 1977.
Macoma dexioptera Baxter, 1977: 272, f. 1, 2, 7, 8, 10, 12.
60N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Macoma expansa* Carpenter, 1864.
Macoma expansa Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 639; *M. liotricha* Dall, 1897: 12, pl. 1, f. 21.
35N-60N: 48N. Intertidal-30 m. -2° +25°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma indentata* Carpenter, 1864.
Macoma indentata Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 639; *M. (Rexithaerus) indentata tenuirostris* Dall, 1900a: 309, 324; *M. (Rexithaerus) rickettsi* Steinbeck & Ricketts, 1941: 510 nom. nud. (Rehder MS).
28N-41N: 35N. Intertidal-100 m. +5° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Macoma secta* (Conrad, 1837).
Tellina secta Conrad, 1837: 257; *T. ligamentina* Deshayès 1843: pl. 81; *Macoma secta edulis* Carpenter, 1860: 2 nom. nud. (Nuttall MS); 1864c: 526, 600, 639.
25N-54N: 40N. Intertidal-50 m. +2° +23°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Psammotreta* Dall, 1900.
- Subgenus *Psammotreta s.s.*
- Psammotreta aurora* (Hanley, 1844).
Tellina aurora Hanley, 1844b: 147; *T. concinna* Philippi, 1844: 123 not Edwards, 1847 not C. B. Adams, 1852; *T. panamensis* Philippi, 1844: 175.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 4S-29N: 13N. 10-35 m. +19° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Psammotreta gubernaculum* (Hanley, 1844).⁷¹
Tellina gubernaculum Hanley, 1844b: 142; part. *Macoma pacis* auctt. not Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Extralimital. Indo-Pacific.
- Psammotreta mazatlanica* (Deshayès, 1855).
Tellina mazatlanica Deshayès, 1855: 359 (*mazatlanica* nom. null. Carpenter, 1857).
1S-23N: 11N. 20-30 m. +19° +29°C. Recent.
- Psammotreta plebia* (Hanley, 1844).⁷²
Tellina plebia Hanley, 1844b: 147.
Extralimital.
- Psammotreta pura* (Gould, 1853).
Tellina pura Gould, 1853: 398, pl. 16, f. 3.
9N. Depth unknown. Recent.

- Psammotreta viridotincta* (Carpenter, 1856).
Scrobicularia viridotincta Carpenter, 1856c: 160 (*viridotincta* nom. null. auctt.); *Tellina casta* Hanley, 1844b: 63 not *Psammobia casta* Reeve, 1857; *Macoma pacis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 95, pl. 10, f. 1-3.
 9N-30N: 20N. 10-30 m. +19° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Ardeamya* Olsson, 1961.
- Psammotreta columbiensis* (Hanley, 1844).
Tellina columbiensis Hanley, 1844b: 71.
 IS-12N: 6N. Intertidal-20 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Temnoconcha* Dall, 1921.
- Temnoconcha cognata* (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Tellina cognata C. B. Adams, 1852: 503, 545; *T. concinna* C. B. Adams, 1852: 504, 546 not Philippi, 1844; *Psammobia casta* Reeve, 1857: 10 *Psammobia* pl. 8, sp. 55 not *Tellina casta* Hanley, 1844; *Tellina tenuilineata* Li, 1930: 262, pl. 5, f. 33.
 4S-23N: 10N. 5-75 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Family Scrobiculariidae H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.
- Genus *Abra* Lamarck, 1818.
- Subgenus *Abra s.s.*
- Abra californica* Knudsen, 1970.
Abra californica Knudsen, 1970: 103, text-f. 64.
 45N-51N: 48N. 2835-3932 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.
- Abra profundorum* (E. A. Smith, 1885).
Semele (Abra) profundorum E. A. Smith, 1885: 88, pl. 5, f. 5, b.
 Cosmopolitan in deep water.
 45N-52N: 48N. 3000-3200 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.
- Sensu lato.*
- Abra palmeri* Dall, 1915.
Abra palmeri Dall, 1915a: 28.
 9N-29N: 19N. 30-165 m. +10° +27°C. Recent.
- Abra tepocana* Dall, 1915.
Abra tepocana Dall, 1915a: 28.
 29N-31N: 30N. 20-30 m. +24° +30°C. Recent.
- Genus *Cumingia* Sowerby, 1833.
- Cumingia adamsi* Olsson, 1961.
Cumingia adamsi Carpenter, 1864a: 367 nom. nud.; *C. adamsi* Olsson, 1961: 372, pl. 67, f. 62.
 2S-9N: 4N. Intertidal-5 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Cumingia californica* Conrad, 1837.
Cumingia californica Conrad, 1837: 234, pl. 17, f. 12; part. *C. lamellosa* auctt. not Sowerby, 1833; *C. tellinides* Sowerby in Reeve, 1874: 19 *Cumingia* pl. 1, sp. 1; *C. densilineata* Dall, 1921b: 22.
 26N-42N: 34N. Intertidal-65 m. +15° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Cumingia lamellosa* Sowerby, 1833.
Cumingia lamellosa Sowerby, 1833: 34; *C. coarctata* Sowerby, 1833: 34; *C. trigonularis* Sowerby, 1833: 35; *C. similis* A. Adams, 1850b: 24, pl. 8, f. 4; *C. moulinsii* Folin, 1867: 16, pl. 2, f. 12-15.
 4S-26N: 11N. Intertidal-25 m. +27° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Cumingia mutica* Sowerby, 1833.
Cumingia mutica Sowerby, 1833: 34; *C. fragilis* A. Adams, 1850: 24, pl. 8, f. 4; *C. striata* A. Adams, 1850: 25, pl. 8, f. 5; *C. clerii* A. Adams, 1850b: 24, pl. 8, f. 3; *C. grandis* Deshayes, 1857: 281, pl. 8, f. 4, 5; *C. ventricosa* Sowerby in Reeve, 1873: 15 *Cumingia* pl. 2, sp. 10.
 1S-42S: 21S. Intertidal-25 m. +9° +28°C. Recent.
- Cumingia pacifica* (Dall, 1915).
Abra pacifica Dall, 1915a: 28.
 28N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Genus *Leptomya* A. Adams, 1864.
- Leptomya ecuadoriana* Soot-Ryen, 1957.
Leptomya ecuadoriana Soot-Ryen, 1957b: 10, f. 2; *L. americana* Keen, 1958: 246, pl. 30, f. 9, 10, pl. 31, f. 3, 5, 6.
 4S-19N: 7N. Intertidal-15 m. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Semele* Schumacher, 1817.
- Semele bicolor* (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Amphidesma bicolor C. B. Adams, 1852: 288; *A. striosum* C. B. Adams, 1852: 291; *A. ventricosum* C. B. Adams, 1852: 292; *Semele fucata* Mørch, 1860: 190.
 8N-24N: 16N. Intertidal. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Semele californica* (Reeve, 1853).
Amphidesma californica Reeve, 1853: 8 *Amphidesma* pl. 8, sp. 19 (A. Adams MS).
 23N-27N: 25N. Intertidal. +17° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele clydosa* nom. nov.⁷³
Amphidesma punctatum Sowerby, 1833: 200 not *A. punctata* Say, 1822 (Atlantic).
 Galapagos Islands.
 0-1S. Intertidal-5 m. +15° +27°C. Recent.
- Semele corrugata* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma corrugatum Sowerby, 1833: 200.
 2S-45S: 24S. Intertidal-10 m. +8° +21°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele craneana* Hertlein & Strong, 1949.
Semele craneana Hertlein & Strong, 1949: 241, pl. 1, f. 19, 22.
 18N-26N: 22N. 80-90 m. +13° +27°C. Recent.
- Semele decisa* (Conrad, 1837).
Amphidesma decisum Conrad, 1837: 239, pl. 19, f. 2 *Semele dehiscentis* nom. null. [Hartmann, 1963]; *A. rubrolineata* Conrad, 1837: 239, pl. 18, f. 11; *Semele rubrotincta* Carpenter, 1857b: 284, 352 (Conrad MS) nom. null.
 25N-33N: 29N. Intertidal-50 m. +11° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele elliptica* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma ellipticum Sowerby, 1833: 200 not Koch & Dunker, 1837.
 20S-10N: 5S. Intertidal-10 m. +11° +26°C. Recent.
- Semele flavescens* (Gould, 1851).
Amphidesma (Semele) flavescens Gould, 1851: 89 (*flavicans* nom. null. auctt.); *A. proximum* C. B. Adams, 1852: 547.
 2S-30N: 14N. Intertidal. +19° +27°C. Pliocene.
- Semele formosa* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma formosum Sowerby, 1833: 199.
 2S-31N: 15N. Intertidal-10 m. +24° +30°C. Recent.
- Semele guaymasensis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Semele guaymasensis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 92, pl. 12, f. 8, 9.
 24N-31N: 28N. 5-40 m. +22° +31°C. Recent.
- Semele incongrua* Carpenter, 1864.
Semele incongrua Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 640; *S. pulchra montereyi* Arnold, 1903: 392, pl. 15, f. 3, a.
 28N-37N: 33N. 5-200 m. +14° +29°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele jovis* (Reeve, 1853).
Amphidesma jovis Reeve, 1853: 8 *Amphidesma* pl. 5, sp. 34; ?*Tellina (Merisca) lamellata* Carpenter, 1857b: 37; *T. barbarae* Boone, 1928: 9, pl. 1.
 8N-29N: 19N. Intertidal-30 m. +22° +32°C. Recent.
- Semele junonia* Verrill, 1870.
Semele junonia Verrill, 1870: 217; part. *Amphidesma rosea* auctt. not Sowerby, 1833.
 24N-28N: 26N. 5-15 m. +21° +30°C. Recent.
- Semele laevis* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma laevis Sowerby, 1833: 199.
 4S-13N: 5N. 15-30 m. +19° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Semele lenticularis* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma lenticularis Sowerby, 1833: 200.
 3S-19N: 8N. Intertidal-15 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Semele mediamericana* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.⁷⁴
Semele mediamericana Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 92, pl. 12, f. 1, a, b.
 Extralimital.
- Semele pacifica* Dall, 1915.⁷⁵
Semele pacifica Dall, 1915a: 27; *Semele jaramija* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 70, pl. 17, f. 5.
 9N-31N: 20N. Intertidal-40 m. +18° +31°C. Pliocene.

- Semele pallida* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma pallidum Sowerby, 1833: 199.
 1S–2S. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Semele paziana* Hertlein & Strong, 1949.
Semele paziana Hertlein & Strong, 1949: 274; *S. regularis* Dall, 1915a: 27 not *S. (Abra) regularis* E. A. Smith, 1885 (Indian Ocean).
 24N. 18–55 m. +19° +28°C. Recent.
- Semele pilsbryi* Olsson, 1961.
Semele pilsbryi Olsson, 1961: 368, pl. 65, f. 6, a.
 7N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Semele pulchra* (Broderip & Sowerby, 1832).
Amphidesma pulchrum Broderip & Sowerby, 1832: 57; *Semele quen-tinensis* Dall, 1921: 22.
 Galapagos Islands.
 4S–35N: 15N. Intertidal–50 m. +17° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele rosea* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma roseum Sowerby, 1833: 199; *Semele tabogensis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 91, pl. 12, f. 5, a, b.
 4S–16N: 6N. Intertidal–15 m. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Semele rubropicta* Dall, 1871.
Semele rubropicta Dall, 1871: 144, pl. 14, f. 10; *part. Amphidesma rubrolineatum* auctt. not Conrad, 1837.
 28N–60N: 44N. Intertidal–100 m. +2° +20°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele rupicola* Dall, 1915.
Semele rupicola Dall, 1915a: 26; *part. Amphidesma rupium* auctt. not Sowerby, 1833.
 23N–38N: 31N. Intertidal–55 m. +13° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele rupium* (Sowerby, 1833).
Amphidesma rupium Sowerby, 1833: 199; *Semele floeanensis* Soot-Ryen, 1931: 314, 322, pl. 2, f. 11, 12.
 Galapagos Islands.
 1S–1N. Intertidal. +18° +27°C. Recent.
- Semele simplicissima* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Semele simplicissima Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 93, pl. 12, f. 6, a.
 17N–27N: 22N. 20–110 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.
- Semele solida* (Gray, 1828).
Amphidesma solida Gray, 1828: 6; *A. croceum* Gould, 1850: 218; *part. A. orbiculare* auctt. not Hupé in Gay, 1854; *part. Semele sparsilineata* auctt. not Dall, 1915.
 12S–45S: 29S. Intertidal–5 m. +10° +26°C. Recent.
- Semele sowerbyi* Lamy, 1912.
Semele sowerbyi Lamy, 1912a: 165; *Amphidesma purpurascens* Sowerby, 1833: 199 not *Venus purpurascens* Gmelin, 1791.
 2S–9N: 4N. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Semele sparsilineata* Dall, 1915.
Semele sparsilineata Dall, 1915a: 26; *part. Amphidesma purpurascens* auctt. not Sowerby, 1833 not *Venus purpurascens* Gmelin, 1791.
 7N–28N: 18N. Intertidal–30 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Semele tortuosa* (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Amphidesma tortuosum C. B. Adams, 1852: 515, 547; *Semele planata* Carpenter, 1856b: 160.
 1S–9N: 4N. Intertidal. +20° +32°C. Recent.
- Semele venusta* (Reeve, 1853).
Amphidesma venusta Reeve, 1853: 8 *Amphidesma* pl. 1, sp. 3 (A. Adams MS).
 3N–30N: 17N. Intertidal–20 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Semele verrucosa* Mørch, 1860.
Semele (Amphidesma) verrucosa Mørch, 1869: 190; *S. margarita* Olsson, 1961: 370, pl. 66, f. 3.
 8N–12N: 10N. Intertidal–15 m. +18° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Semele verruculastra* Keen, 1966.
Semele verruculastra Keen, 1966: 32; *S. (Amphidesma) verrucosa* auctt. not Mørch, 1860.
 9N–29N: 19N. Intertidal. +19° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Semelina* Dall, 1900.
Semelina nuculoides (Conrad, 1841).⁷⁶
Amphidesma nuculoides Conrad in Hodge, 1841: 347 not *Semele nuculoidea* Dall, 1900.
 Extralimital. Recent.
- Semelina subquadrata* (Carpenter, 1857).
Montacuta subquadrata Carpenter, 1857b: 113; *part. Amphidesma nuculoides* auctt. not Conrad, 1841.
 4N–30N: 17N. Intertidal–10 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Theora* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.
 Subgenus *Endopleura* A. Adams, 1864.
Theora lubrica Gould, 1861.⁷⁷
Theora lubrica Gould, 1861: 24.
 Introduced from Japan.
 34N. 4–10 m. Recent.
- Family Psammobiidae Fleming, 1828.
nom. correct. Fischer, 1887 *pro* Psammobiadae.
- Subfamily Psammobiinae Fleming, 1828.
nom. transl. E. A. Smith, 1885 *ex* Psammobiidae.
- Genus *Gari* Schumacher, 1817.
 Subgenus *Gobraeus* Brown, 1844.
- Gari californica* (Conrad, 1837).
Psammobia californica Conrad, 1837: pl. 19, f. 3; *Sanguinolaria rubroradiata* Carpenter, 1857a: 212 (Nuttall MS); “Conrad” *nom. nud.*; *Psammobia kazusensis* Yokoyama, 1922: 136, pl. 9, f. 4; *P. lilacina* *nom. nud.* (Carpenter MS, cited by Palmer, 1958 from Wilkins letter: 113)
 Northwest Pacific.
 25N–60N: 43N. Intertidal–170 m. +6° +27°C. Pliocene.
- Gari crassa* (Hupé in Gay, 1854).
Psammobia crassa Hupé in Gay, 1854: 354, pl. 7, f. 4; *P. solida* Philippi, 1844: 97, pl. 1, f. 1 not Sowerby, 1822.
 33S–44S: 39S. Intertidal–10 m. +8° +19°C. Recent.
- Gari fucata* (Hinds, 1845).
Tellina fucata Hinds, 1845: 67, pl. 21, f. 4 not *T. (Strigilla) fucata* Gould, 1851; *Siliquaria edentula* Gabb, 1869: 53, pl. 15, f. 4.
 25N–34N: 30N. 5–140 m. +13° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Gari helenae* Olsson, 1961.
Gari (Gobraeus) helenae Olsson, 1961: 357, pl. 63, f. 12, a; *part. Psammobia (?Amphichaena) regularis* auctt. not Carpenter, 1864.
 4N–29N: 17N. Intertidal. +22° +31°C. Recent.
- Gari lata* (Deshayes, 1855).
Psammobia lata Deshayes, 1855: 318.
 2S–14N: Intertidal–10 m. +16° +31°C. Recent.
- Gari maxima* (Deshayes, 1855).
Psammobia maxima Deshayes, 1855: 317.
 6N–31N: 19N. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Gari panamensis* Olsson, 1961.
Gari (Gobraeus) panamensis Olsson, 1961: 357, pl. 63, f. 11.
 9N. Intertidal. +25° +32°C. Recent.
- Gari regularis* (Carpenter, 1864).
Psammobia (Amphichaena) regularis Carpenter, 1864b: 312.
 23N–32N: 28N. 15–40 m. +8° +28°C. Recent.
- Gari solida* (Gray, 1828).
Solen(Solenocurtus) solidus Gray, 1828: 7, pl. 3, f. 12; *part. Psammobia crassa* auctt. not Hupé in Gay, 1854.
 25S–45S: 35S. Intertidal–5 m. +9° +26°C. Recent.
- Genus *Heterodonax* Mørch, 1853.
Heterodonax pacificus (Conrad, 1837).
Psammobia pacifica Conrad, 1837: 241, pl. 18, f. 13; *Tellina bimaculata* auctt. not Linné, 1758 (Caribbean); *T. vicina* C. B. Adams, 1852: 509, 546; *Donax ovalina* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 3, sp. 17; *Tellina versicolor* Carpenter, 1864a: 368 (Adams MS) not DeKay, 1843 *nom. nud.*;

- Heterodonax bimaculatus purpureus* Williamson, 1893: 187; *H. bimaculatus salmoneus* Williamson, 1893: 187.
4S–34N: 15N. Intertidal. +11° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Nuttallia* Dall, 1900.
- Nuttallia nuttallii* (Conrad, 1837).
Sanguinolaria nuttallii Conrad, 1837: 230, pl. 17, f. 6; *Psammodia decora* Hinds, 1842: 81, pl. 6, f. 1; *Sanguinolaria grandis* Carpenter, 1857a: 228, 349 (Gould MS) nom. nud.; *S. orcutti* Dall, 1921a: 17. 25N–38N: 32N. Intertidal–5 m. +8° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Sanguinolaria* Lamarck, 1799.
- Subgenus *Sanguinolaria s.s.*
- Sanguinolaria antarctica* Mabile & Rochebrune, 1889.
Sanguinolaria antarctica Mabile & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabile, 1889: 105.
54S. Depth unknown. nom. dub. Recent.
- Sanguinolaria ovalis* Reeve, 1857.
Sanguinolaria ovalis Reeve, 1857: 10 *Sanguinolaria*, pl. 1, sp. 2; *S. vespertina* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 90, pl. 12, f. 3, 4; *S. (Sanguinolaria) tenuis* Olsson, 1961: 349, pl. 85, f. 6. 2S–16N: 7N. Intertidal–10 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Sanguinolaria tellinoides* A. Adams, 1850.
Sanguinolaria tellinoides A. Adams, 1850: 170, pl. 6, f. 6; part. *Maetra grandis* auctt. not Gmelin, 1791; part. *Tellina rosea* auctt. not Lamarck, 1818; *T. miniata* Gould, 1851: 90; *Sanguinolaria purpurea* Deshayes, 1855: 346. 2S–30N: 14N. 15–20 m. +15° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Psammotella* Herrmannsen, 1852.
- Sanguinolaria bertini* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Sanguinolaria bertini Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 91, pl. 10, f. 7, 8; part. *Tellina rufescens* auctt. not Gmelin, 1791; *T. hanleyi* Bertin, 1878: 268 not Dunker, 1853. 4S–31N: 14N. Intertidal. +11° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Solecurtus* Blainville, 1824.
- Solecurtus guaymasensis* (Lowe, 1935).
Psammosolen guaymasensis Lowe, 1935: 18, pl. 1, f. 7. 8N–28N: 18N. 35–110 m. +14° +31°C. Recent.
- Solecurtus lineatus* (Gabb, 1861).
Tagelus lineatus Gabb, 1861: 370, pl. 47, f. 71; *Solecurtus broggii* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 71, pl. 18, f. 4. 4S–8N: 2N. 60–75 m. +19° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Tagelus* Gray, 1847.
- Subgenus *Tagelus s.s.*
- Tagelus affinis* (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Solecurtus affinis C. B. Adams, 1852: 524, 548; *S. cylindricus* Sowerby in Reeve, 1874: 19 *Solecurtus* pl. 5, sp. 23; ?*Tagelus (Tagelus) irregularis* Olsson, 1961: 352, pl. 62, f. 6. Galapagos Islands. 2S–35N: 17N. Intertidal–75 m. +12° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Tagelus californianus* (Conrad, 1837).
Solecurtus (Cultellus) californianus Conrad, 1837: 333, pl. 18, f. 3 (*californicus*, *californiensis* nom. van. auctt.). 23N–43N: 33N. Intertidal. +9° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Tagelus dombeii* (Lamarck, 1818).
Solen dombeii Lamarck, 1818: 454; *Solecutus coquimbensis* Sowerby in Reeve, 1874: 19 *Solecurtus* pl. 5, sp. 22a, b. 43S–9N: 18S. Intertidal. +8° +32°C. Pliocene.
- Tagelus irregularis* Olsson, 1961.
Tagelus (Tagelus) irregularis Olsson, 1961: 352, pl. 62, f. 6. 2S. Intertidal. +17° +32°C. Recent.
- Tagelus longisinuatus* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Tagelus affinis longisinuatus Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 91, pl. 11, f. 4, 5. 16N–23N: 20N. Intertidal–5 m. +16° +31°C. Recent.
- Tagelus peruanus* (Dunker, 1861).
Siliquaria peruana Dunker, 1861a: 426. 12S–19N: 4N. Intertidal. +14° +31°C. Recent.
- Tagelus violascens* (Carpenter, 1857).⁷⁸
Solecurtus violascens Carpenter, 1857b: 27. 23N. Intertidal. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Mesopleura* Conrad, 1868.
- Tagelus bourgeoisae* Hertlein, 1951.
Tagelus (Mesopleura) bourgeoisae Hertlein, 1951: 73, pl. 26, f. 5, 6. 3S–29N: 13N. Intertidal. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Tagelus peruvianus* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.
Tagelus (Mesopleura) peruvianus Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 70, pl. 18, f. 5. 5S–31N: 13N. Intertidal. +11° +32°C. Pliocene.
- Tagelus politus* (Carpenter, 1837).
Solecurtus politus Carpenter, 1857b: 27; *Siliquaria carpenteri* Dunker, 1861a: 426; *S. nitidissima* Dunker, 1861a: 426. 4S–30N: 13N. Intertidal. +14° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Tagelus subteres* (Conrad, 1837).
Solecurtus (Cultellus) subteres Conrad, 1837: 333, pl. 17, f. 10; part. *S. politus* auctt. not Carpenter, 1857. 26N–35N: 31N. Intertidal–55 m. +7° +25°C. Recent.
- Family Donacidae Fleming, 1828.
- Genus *Amphichaena* Philippi, 1847.
- Amphichaena kindermanni* Philippi, 1847.
Amphichaena kindermanni Philippi, 1847: 63, pl. 3, f. 7; part. *Donax petallina* auctt. not Reeve, 1854 (Deshayes MS); *Amphichaena gracilis* Mørch, 1860: 192. 13N–17N: 15N. Intertidal. +21° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Donax* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Chion* Scopoli, 1777.
- Donax culter* Hanley, 1845.
Donax culter Hanley, 1845b: 14; part. *D. californica* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; part. *Amphichaena kindermanni* auctt. not Philippi, 1847; *Donax contusa* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 4, sp. 24; *D. conradi* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 5, sp. 29 (Deshayes MS); *D. petallina* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 8 sp. 51 (*petalinus* nom. null. auctt.); *D. vellicata* auctt. not Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 9 sp. 66 (Caribbean); *D. bitincta* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 9, sp. 68; *D. affinis* auctt. not Deshayes, 1854: 7 (Red Sea); part. *D. bella* auctt. not Deshayes, 1855 (Atlantic). 12N–30N: 21N. Intertidal–25 m. +14° +31°C. Recent.
- Donax ecuadorianus* Olsson, 1961.
Donax ecuadorianus Olsson, 1961: 340, pl. 61, f. 2, a, b. 1S–9N: 4N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Donax obesus* Orbigny, 1845.
Donax obesa Orbigny, 1845: 541, pl. 81, f. 28–30 not Gould, 1851 not Philippi, 1851. 3S–12N: 5N. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Donax obesulus* Reeve, 1854.
Donax obesula Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 5, sp. 30 (Deshayes MS); *D. radiatus* Valenciennes in Humboldt & Bonpland, 1832: 221, not Gmelin, 1791; *D. mancorensis* Olsson, 1961: 340, pl. 61, f. 3, a, b. 4S–12N: 4N. Intertidal–15 m. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Donax peruvianus* Deshayes, 1855.
Donax peruvianus Deshayes, 1855: 350; not *D. aricana* Dall, 1909b: 173. 1S–34S: 18S. Intertidal–40 m. +11° +29°C. Recent.
- Donax punctatostratus* Hanley, 1843.
Donax punctatostrata Hanley, 1843: 5; part. *D. sulcatus* auctt. not Philippi, 1847 (Caribbean); part. *D. lamarkii* auctt. not Reeve, 1854 (Caribbean); *D. punctatostratus caelatus* Carpenter, 1857b: 46; *D. sowerbyi* Bertin, 1881: 68, 85. 5S–31N: 13N. Intertidal–10 m. +11° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Machaerodonax* Römer, 1870.

Donax carinatus Hanley, 1843.
Donax carinata Hanley, 1843: 5; *D. rostratus* C. B. Adams, 1852: 502;
D. culminatus Carpenter, 1857b: 43.
4S-25N: 11N. 5-25 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.

Donax transversus Sowerby, 1825.
Donax transversus Sowerby, 1825: 4; part. *D. scalpellum* auctt. not Gray, 1823 (Red Sea); part. *D. elongata* auctt. not Mawe, 1823.
2S-17N: 8N. Intertidal-20 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Paradonax* Cossmann & Peyrot, 1910.

Donax californicus Conrad, 1837.
Donax californicus Conrad, 1837: 254, pl. 19, f. 21; *D. navicula* Hanley, 1845b: 15 (*naviculus* nom. null. auctt.); part. *D. flexuosus* auctt. not Gould, 1853.

Galapagos Islands.

3S-33N: 15N. Intertidal-15 m. +11° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Donax gracilis Hanley, 1845.
Donax gracilis Hanley, 1845b: 15.

Galapagos Islands.

5S-31N: 13N. Intertidal-25 m. +19° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Sensu lato.

Donax asper Hanley, 1845.
Donax asper Hanley, 1845b: 14 (*aspera* nom. van. auctt.); *D. granifera* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 7, sp. 43 (Deshayes MS).
4S-16N: 6N. Intertidal-10 m. +17° +31°C. Recent.

Donax bellus Deshayes, 1855.⁷⁹
Donax bella Deshayes, 1855: 351 (*vellus* nom. null. auctt.).
Extralimital.

Donax carpenteri H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856.⁸⁰
Donax (Serrula) carpenteri H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856: 405; *D. semistriatus* Carpenter, 1856b: 230 not Poli, 1795 not Gravenhorst, 1807.

Donax dentifer Hanley, 1843.
Donax dentifera Hanley, 1843: 6; part. *D. rugosa* auctt. not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); *D. paytensis* Orbigny, 1846: 541;
4S-17N: 7N. Intertidal-20 m. +14° +31°C. Pliocene.

Donax flexuosus Gould, 1853.⁸¹
Donax flexuosus Gould, 1853: 394, pl. 15, f. 8.
Extralimital.

Donax gouldii Dall, 1921.
Donax gouldii Dall, 1921a: 49; part. *D. californicus* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; *D. obesus* Gould, 1851: 90 not Orbigny, 1845 not Philippi, 1851; *D. obesus* Philippi, 1851: 145 not Orbigny, 1845 not Gould, 1851; *D. laevigatus* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 5, sp. 31 (Deshayes MS) not Gmelin, 1791; *D. abruptus* Carpenter, 1857a: 232 (Gould MS).
25N-35N: 30N. Intertidal-5 m. +9° +30°C. Pliocene.

Donax panamensis Philippi, 1849.
Donax panamensis Philippi, 1849a: 145; part. *C. caianensis* auctt. not Lamarch, 1818 (Atlantic) (*Cayennensis* nom. van. auctt.); *D. assimilis* Reeve, 1854: 8 *Donax* pl. 2 sp. 10 (Hanley MS); *D. reevei* Bertin, 1881: 68, pl. 4, f. 2, a-c.
1S-23N: 11N. Intertidal-10 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.

Genus *Iphigenia* Schumacher, 1817.

Iphigenia altior (Sowerby, 1833).⁸²
Capsa altior Sowerby, 1833: 196; part. *Donax laevigata* auctt. not Gmelin, 1791; *Iphigenia ambigua* Bertin, 1881: 68, pl. 4, f. 4a-c.
3S-30N: 14N. Intertidal-25 m. +14° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Superfamily DREISSENACEA Gray in Turton, 1840.
nom. transl. Gill, 1871 ex Dreissenidae.

Family Dreissenidae Gray in Turton, 1840.
nom. correct. Gray, 1847 ex Dreissenadae.

Genus *Mytilopsis* Conrad, 1858.

Mytilopsis leucophaeata (Conrad, 1831).
Mytilus leucophaeatus Conrad, 1831: 263, pl. 11, f. 13; *M. adamsi* Morrison, 1946: 46, pl. 1, f. 4; *M. zeteki* Hertlein & Hanna, 1949: 15.

Caribbean and North Atlantic.

9N. Intertidal. +21° +32°C. Recent.

Superfamily GAIMARDIACEA Hedley, 1916.
nom. transl. Fleming, 1969 ex Gaimardiidae.

Family Gaimardiidae Hedley, 1916.
nom. correct. Odhner, 1924 pro Gaimardiadae.

Genus *Gaimardia* Gould, 1852.

Gaimardia trapesina (Lamarck, 1819).
Modiola trapesina Lamarck, 1819: 119 (*trapezina* nom. van. auctt.); *Phasiolicana magellanica* Rousseau in Jacquinot, 1854: pl. 26, f. 2 not *Modiola magellanica* Reeve 1857; *P. exilis* Philippi, 1858: 24; *Gaimardia subquadrata* Pfeffer in Martens & Pfeffer, 1886: 121, pl. 4, f. 8, 9; *G. nigromarginata* Pfeffer in Martens & Pfeffer, 1886: 123, pl. 4, f. 11; *G. faba* Pfeffer in Martens & Pfeffer, 1886: 124, pl. 4, f. 10a-c; *Modiolarca crassa* 120; *M. lephayi* 121; *M. lecamelieri* 121; *M. savatieri* 122; *M. fuegiensis* 122; *M. sauvineti* 123; *M. hahni* 123 all Mabile & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabile, 1889; *M. mesembrina* Melville & Standen, 1907: 146; *M. picturata* Cooper & Preston, 1910: 112; *M. gemma* Cooper & Preston, 1910: 112.

South Atlantic.

25S-54S: 50S. Intertidal-150 m. +1° +16°C. Recent.

Genus *Kidderia* Dall, 1876.

Kidderia pusilla (Gould, 1850).
Mytilus (Modiolarca) pusillus Gould, 1850: 345; *Kidderia minuta* Dall in Kidder, 1876: 46; *Modiolarca bicolor* Martens, 1885: 93; *Cyamium imitans* Pfeffer in Martens & Pfeffer, 1886: 115, pl. 4, f. 5a, b; *Cyamionema decoratum* Melville & Standen, 1914: 131, pl. 7, f. 5a, b.

South Atlantic.

54S. Intertidal. +1° +11°C. Recent.

Superfamily ARCTICACEA Newton, 1891.
nom. transl. Habe, 1951 ex Arcticidae.

Family Trapeziidae Lamy, 1920.

Genus *Trapezium* Megerle, 1811.

Subgenus *Trapezium s.s.*

Trapezium californicum (Conrad, 1837).⁸³
Cypricardia californica Conrad, 1837: 236, pl. 18, f. 4.
Extralimital.

Trapezium liratum (Reeve, 1843).⁸⁴
Cypricardia lirata Reeve, 1843: 1 *Cypricardia* pl. 1, sp. 1; *Trapezium japonicum* Pilsbry, 1905: 119, pl. 5, f. 34-36; *T. nipponicum* Yokoyama, 1922: 167, pl. 3, f. 17; *T. ventricosum* Yokoyama, 1922: 168, pl. 13, f. 1a, b.
Introduced, probably not established. Intertidal.

Family Bernardinidae Keen, 1963.

Genus *Bernardina* Dall, 1910.

Bernardina bakeri Dall, 1910.
Bernardina bakeri Dall, 1910: 171.
25N-37N: 31N. 20-50 m. +12° +19°C. Pleistocene.

Bernardina margarita (Carpenter, 1857).
Circe margarita Carpenter, 1857b: 81 (*marginata* nom. null. auctt.).
21N-23N: 22N. 20-80 m. +14° +22°C. Recent.

Genus *Halodakra* Olsson, 1961.

Halodakra salmonea (Carpenter, 1864).
Psephidius salmonea Carpenter, 1864c: 539, 611, 641; *Psephidius brunnea* Dall, 1916a: 34 nom. nud.; 1916b: 413.
28N-37N: 33N. 20-100 m. +9° +25°C. Pliocene.

Halodakra subtrigona (Carpenter, 1857).
Circe subtrigona Carpenter, 1857b: 82.
4S-31N: 14N. Intertidal. +16° +32°C. Recent.

Family Kelliellidae Fischer, 1887.
nom. correct. Dall, 1900 pro Kellyellidae.

Genus *Kelliella* M. Sars, 1870.

- Kelliella galathea** Knudsen, 1970.
Kelliella galathea Knudsen, 1970: 110, text-f. 69, 70.
 6N–48N: 27N. 2950–3570 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.
- Superfamily GLOSSACEA Gray, 1847.
nom. transl. Habe, 1951 ex Glossidae.
- Family Vesicomidae Dall, 1908.
nom. correct. Keen, 1969 *pro* Vesicomysidae.
- Genus *Calyptogena* Dall, 1891.
 Subgenus *Calyptogena s.s.*
- Calyptogena kilmeri*** Bernard, 1974.
Calyptogena (Archivesica) kilmeri Bernard, 1974: 17, text-f 1B, 2B, 3B, 4E.
 45N–53N: 49N. 800–1200 m. +3° +5°C. Recent.
- Calyptogena pacifica*** Dall, 1891.
Calyptogena pacifica Dall, 1891: 190; *C. gibbera* Crickmay, 1929: 43, f. 1; ?*C. panamensis* Olsson, 1942: 185, pl. 2, f. 2, 3.
 34N–58N: 46N. 550–1950 m. +1° +4°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Archivesica* Dall, 1908.
- Calyptogena gigas*** (Dall, 1896).
Callocardia gigas Dall, 1896a: 18.
 27N–52N: 40N. 1550–2605 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Ectenagena* Woodring, 1938.
- Calyptogena elongata*** Dall, 1916.
Calyptogena elongata Dall, 1916a: 25 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 408 not *Akebi-concha kawamurai elongata* Ozaki, 1958.
 33N. 503 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.
- Calyptogena magnifica*** Boss & Turner, 1980.
Calyptogena (Ectenagena) magnifica Boss & Turner, 1980: 165. f. 1–9, 10F, G, 11, 12D–F, 13.
 1N–21N: 11N. 2445–2680 m. +12° +17°C. Recent.
- Genus *Vesicomya* Dall, 1886.
 Subgenus *Vesicomya s.s.*
- Vesicomya donacia*** Dall, 1908.
Vesicomya donacia Dall, 1908c: 221, 417, pl. 17, f. 9, 13.
 7N. 2320 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.
- Vesicomya lepta*** (Dall, 1896).
Callocardia lepta Dall, 1896a: 17.
 27N–45N: 36N. 850–1570 m. +3° +7°C. Recent.
- Vesicomya ovalis*** (Dall, 1896).
Callocardia ovalis Dall, 1896a: C18.
 6N–53N: 30N. 1190–3070 m. +2° +6°C. Recent.
- Vesicomya stearnsii*** (Dall, 1895).
Callocardia stearnsii Dall, 1895a: 693, 696, text-f 1.
 45N–48N: 47N. 800–2500 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Callogonia* Dall, 1889.
- Vesicomya angulata*** (Dall, 1896).
Callogonia angulata Dall, 1896a: 19.
 7N. 2320–3050 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.
- Vesicomya suavis*** Dall, 1913.
Vesicomya (Archivesica) suavis Dall, 1913: 597.
 25N. 1345 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.
- Superfamily CORBICULACEA Gray, 1847.
nom. transl. Tryon, 1882 ex Corbiculidae.
- Family Corbiculidae Gray, 1847.
nom. correct. Dall, 1889 *pro* Corbiculadae.
- Genus *Polymesoda* Rafinesque, 1828.⁸⁵
 Subgenus *Polymesoda s.s.*
- Polymesoda acuta*** (Prime, 1861).
Cyrena acuta Prime, 1861b: 355.
 1N. Intertidal. +22° +32°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda convexa* (Deshayes, 1855).⁸⁶
Corbicula convexa Deshayes, 1855: 342.
 23N. Intertidal. Recent.
nom. dub.
- Polymesoda mexicana*** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Cyrena mexicana Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 364; *part. C. floridana* *auctt.* not Conrad, 1846 (Caribbean); *C. insignis* Deshayes, 1855: 20; *C. nitidula* Deshayes, 1855: 21; *part. C. bullata auctt.* not Sowerby in Reeve, 1878; *C. fragilis* Sowerby in Reeve, 1878: 20 *Cyrena* pl. 17, sp. 98 (Deshayes MS).
 21N–23N: 22N. Intertidal. +18° +30°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda notabilis*** (Deshayes, 1855).
Cyrena notabilis Deshayes, 1855: 21; *C. pullastra* Mørch, 1861: 194; *Polymesoda (Polymesoda) zeteki* Pilsbry, 1931a: 85, pl. 7, f. 2, a.
 3S–10N: 4N. Intertidal. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Egeta* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858.
- Polymesoda atilis*** (Gould, 1853).
Cyrena atilis Gould, 1853: 27, pl. 16, f. 5; *C. triangula auctt.* not Philippi, 1849 (Busch MS); *C. fontaineii* Philippi, 1851: 70 not Orbigny, 1844; *C. olivacea* Carpenter, 1857b: 114.
 12N–23N: 18N. Intertidal. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda anomala*** (Deshayes, 1855).
Cyrena anomala Deshayes, 1855: 21; *C. (Anomala) cumingii* Deshayes, 1855: 22; *C. (Anomala) isocardioides* Deshayes, 1855: 22; *C. cardiformis* Sowerby in Reeve, 1876: 20 *Cyrena* pl. 19, sp. 109 (Deshayes MS) (*cardiformis* *nonn. null.*).
 3S–15N: 6N. Intertidal–10 m. +17° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Polymesoda inflata*** (Philippi, 1851).
Cyrena inflata Philippi, 1851: 71; *C. maritima* C. B. Adams, 1852: 499, 545 not Orbigny, 1842; *C. cordiformis* Recluz, 1853: 251, pl. 7, f. 9 not Deshayes, 1824; *C. peruviana* Deshayes, 1854: 259; *C. dura* Deshayes, 1855: 20; *C. angulata* Deshayes, 1855: 22 not Römer, 1835; *C. inflata* Deshayes, 1855: 23 not Philippi, 1851; *C. panamensis* Prime, 1861a: 40; *C. reclusii* Prime, 1865: 24, f. 19; *C. tumida* Prime, 1865: 26; *C. bullata* Sowerby in Reeve, 1878: 20 *Cyrena* pl. 14, sp. 68; *Polymesoda joseana* Morrison, 1946: 44, pl. 1, f. 12–14.
 5S–17N: 6N. Intertidal–5 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Neocyrena* Crosse & Fischer, 1894.
- Polymesoda boliviana*** (Philippi, 1851).
Cyrena boliviana Philippi, 1851: 70; *C. tribunalis* Prime, 1869: 148 *nom. nud.*; 1870: 300; *C. exquisita* Prime, 1870: 417.
 3S–9N: 3N. Intertidal. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda fontaineii*** (Orbigny, 1844).
Cyelas fontaineii Orbigny, 1844: 569, pl. 83, f. 14, 15; *Cyrena fortis* Prime, 1861b: 355; *C. chilina* Prime, 1870: 418.
 1S–18S: 10S. Intertidal–5 m. +15° +30°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda meridionalis*** (Prime, 1865).
Cyrena meridionalis Prime, 1865: 19, f. 14.
 4S–5S. Intertidal. +19° +30°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda nicaraguana*** (Prime, 1869).
Cyrena nicaraguana Prime, 1869: 146; *part. C. radiata auctt.* not Hanley, 1844 not Parreys in Philippi, 1846 (Atlantic); *C. solida* Philippi, 1846: 78, pl. f. 9 not Dunker, 1843.
 8N–12N: 10N. Intertidal. +25° +30°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda ordinaria*** (Prime, 1865).
Cyrena ordinaria Prime, 1865: 19, f. 15; *C. germana* Prime, 1870: 417.
 20N–22N: 21N. Intertidal. +18° +30°C. Recent.
- Polymesoda triangula*** (Busch, 1849).
Cyrena triangula Busch in Philippi, 1849: 78, pl. 2, f. 3.
 23N. Intertidal. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Superfamily VENERACEA Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. correct. Menke, 1828 *pro* Veneridia.
- Family Veneridae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. et correct. Leach, 1819 ex Veneridia.
- Subfamily Venerinae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. et correct. Swainson, 1840 ex Veneridia.

Genus *Ameghinomya* Ihering, 1907.

Ameghinomya antiqua (King and Broderip, 1832).

Venus antiqua King and Broderip, 1832: 336; *part. V. grata* auctt. not Say, 1831: *V. discrepans* Broderip & Sowerby, 1833: 22, *V. costellata* Broderip & Sowerby, 1835: 42; *V. mactracea* Broderip & Sowerby, 1835: 44; *V. agrestis* Philippi, 1845b: 54; *V. alvarezii* Orbigny, 1846: 557, pl. 83, f. 3, f; *V. cineracea* Hupé in Gay, 1854: 334, pl. 6, f. 2; *V. darvini* Philippi, 1887: 122, pl. 17, f. 2 not Dunker in Römer, 1857.

South Atlantic.

33S–54S: 44S. Intertidal–5 m. +4° +20°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Dosinia* Gray, 1835.

Subgenus *Dosinia s.s.*

Dosinia dunkeri (Philippi, 1844).

Cytherea dunkeri Philippi, 1844: 170, pl. 2, f. 5; *Artemis simplex* Hanley, 1845a: 11 not Adams, 1855; *C. (Artemis) angulosa* Philippi, 1847: 229.

Galapagos Islands.

3S–25N: 11N. Intertidal–55 m. +14° +30°C. Pliocene.

Dosinia ponderosa (Schumacher, 1817).

Cytherea ponderosa Schumacher, 1817: 150; *C. ponderosa* Koch in Philippi, 1844: 149; *Arthemis ponderosa* Gray, 1838: 309; *part. Venus concentrica* auctt. not Born, 1778 (Caribbean); *Cytherea gigantea* Philippi, 1844: 171 (Sowerby MS) not Lamarck, 1818; *Venus cycloides* Orbigny, 1845: 562; *Artemis distans* Sowerby, 1851: 657, pl. 140, f. 3 not *Venus distans* Orbigny, 1851; *Dosinia grandis* Nelson, 1870: 201; ?*D. (Dosinidia) titan* Maury, 1925: 139, pl. 24, f. 12, pl. 25, f. 3.

Galapagos Islands.

5S–28N: 12N. 50–80 m. +14° +28°C. Recent.

Dosinia semiobliterata Deshayes, 1853.

Dosinia semiobliterata Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 6; *D. annae* Carpenter, 1857b: 61; *Artemis nanus* Reeve, 1850: 9 *Artemis* pl. 10, sp. 57. 9N–23N: 16N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Genus *Periglypta* Jukes-Browne, 1914.

Periglypta multicostata (Sowerby, 1835).

Venus multicostata Sowerby, 1835: 22; *V. thouarsi* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 16, f. 1. 6S–27N: 11N. Intertidal–5 m. +19° +31°C. Pleistocene.

Genus *Ventricolaria* Keen, 1954.

Ventricolaria fordii (Yates, 1890).

Venus fordii Yates, 1890: 46, pl. 1, f. 1–5; *part. V. toreuma* auctt. not Gould, 1850 (Indo-Pacific). 28N–37N: 33N. 10–70 m. +11° +27°C. Pleistocene.

Ventricolaria isocardia (Verrill, 1870).

Venus isocardia Verrill, 1870: 221; *part. V. reticulata* auctt. not Linné, 1758 (Indo-Pacific); *part. V. rigida* auctt. not Dillwyn, 1867 (Atlantic). 3N–28N: 16N. 20–110 m. +16° +30°C. Pliocene.

Ventricolaria lepidoglypta (Dall, 1902).⁸⁷

Cytherea foveolata lepidoglypta Dall, 1902d: 390, pl. 15, f. 4, 5. Extralimital.

Ventricolaria magdalenae (Dall, 1902).

Cytherea (Ventricola) magdalenae Dall, 1902d: 390, 403, pl. 15, f. 6; *part. Venus toreuma* auctt. not Gould, 1850 (Indo-Pacific). 25N–27N: 26N. 60–80 m. +15° +25°C. Recent.

Subfamily Circinae Dall, 1896.

Genus *Gouldia* C. B. Adams, 1847.

Subgenus *Gouldia s.s.*

Gouldia californica Dall, 1917.

Gouldia californica Dall, 1917a: 579; *Gafrarium (Gouldia) stephensae* Jordan, 1936: 136, pl. 19, f. 10. 11.

Galapagos Islands.

8N–26N: 17N. 80–160 m. +11° +24°C. Recent.

Subfamily Chioninae Frizzell, 1936.

nom. transl. Keen, 1951 ex Chionidae.

Genus *Chione* Megerle, 1811.

Subgenus *Chione s.s.*

Chione californiensis (Broderip, 1835).⁸⁸

Venus californiensis Broderip, 1835: 43; *V. succincta* Valenciennes in Humboldt & Bonpland, 1832: 219, pl. 48, f. la-c not Linné, 1771; *V. leucodon* Sowerby, 1835: 43; *V. nuttalli* Conrad, 1837: 250, pl. 19, f. 15; *part. V. californiana* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; *V. lamellifera* Conrad, 1849: 724, pl. 17, f. 12; *V. brevilineata* Conrad, 1849a: 724, pl. 17, f. 13; *Chione (Chione) californiensis gealeyi* Parker, 1949: 580, pl. 89, f. 13, pl. 90, f. 7, 10; *C. (C) californiensis durhami* Parker, 1949: 581, pl. 90, f. 3; *C. (C) californiensis peabodyi* Parker, 1949: 581, pl. 90, f. 1, f. 5, 11. 17N–34N: 26N. Intertidal–80 m. +11° +32°C. Miocene.

Chione compta (Broderip, 1835).

Venus compta Broderip, 1835: 43; *V. neglecta* Gray in Beechey, 1839: 151, pl. 41, f. 8 not Sowerby, 1839; *Chione meridionalis* Oldroyd, 1921: 93, pl. 4 not *Venus meridionalis* Sowerby, 1846.

Galapagos Islands.

6S–28N: 11N. 20–30 m. +15° +29°C. Recent.

Chione guatulcoensis Hertlein & Strong, 1948.

Chione (Chione) guatulcoensis Hertlein & Strong, 1948: 182, pl. 1, f. 2. 9N–16N: 13N. 5–20 m. +21° +30°C. Recent.

Chione subimbricata (Sowerby, 1835).

Venus subimbricata Sowerby, 1835: 21. 5S–28N: 12N. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Chione tumens Verrill, 1870.

Chione tumens Verrill, 1870: 22. 27N–28N. Intertidal–10 m. +16° +31°C. Pliocene.

Chione undatella (Sowerby, 1835).

Venus undatella Sowerby, 1835: 22; *V. subrostrata* auctt. not Lamarck, 1818 (Atlantic); *V. californiana* Conrad, 1837: 251; *part. V. neglecta* auctt. not Sowerby, 1839; not Gray in Beechey, 1839; *V. entobapta* Jonas, 1845: 66; *V. perdix* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 16, f. 2, a; *V. simillima* Sowerby, 1853: 708, pl. 153, f. 17; *V. (Chione) excavata* Carpenter, 1856a: 216; *V. bilineata* Reeve, 1863: 14 *Venus* pl. 22, sp. 105a, b. 5S–34N: 14N. Intertidal–90 m. +11° +30°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Chionista* Keen, 1958.

Chione cortezi (Carpenter, 1864).

Venus cortezi Carpenter, 1864c: 570 (Sloat MS); *part. Chione gibbosula* auctt. not Reeve, 1863 (Deshayes MS) not *Venus gibbosula* Carpenter, 1864 (Deshayes MS). 25N–32N: 29N. Intertidal. +17° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Chione fluctifraga (Sowerby, 1835).

Venus fluctifraga Sowerby, 1835: 712, pl. 154, f. 42, 43; *V. callosa* auctt. not Lamarck, 1805 not *Cytherea callosa* Conrad, 1837; *V. sugillata* Reeve, 1863: 14 *Venus* pl. 13, sp. 43 not *Cytherea sugillata* Jonas, 1846; *V. gibbosula* Carpenter, 1864c: 570 (Deshayes MS) not *Chione gibbosula* Reeve, 1863 (Deshayes MS). 28N–34N: 31N. Intertidal–25 m. +9° +27°C. Recent.

Chione gnidia (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).

Venus gnidia Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 364. 6S–32N: 13N. Intertidal–35 m. +14° +27°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Chionopsis* Olsson, 1932.

Chione amathusia (Philippi, 1844).

Venus amathusia Philippi, 1844: 129; *Chione variabilis* Nelson, 1870: 202. 4S–27N: 12N. 50–75 m. +16° +26°C. Recent.

Chione crenifera (Sowerby, 1835).

Venus crenifera Sowerby, 1835: 43; *part. V. portesiana* auctt. not Orbigny, 1846; *V. eximia* Philippi, 1847: 90 not Forbes, 1846. 1S–5S: 2S. 15–50 m. +14° +28°C. Recent.

Chione jamaniana Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.

Chione jamaniana Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 63, pl. 17, f. 1, 2. 0–5S: 2S. 10–20 m. +22° +29°C. Pliocene.

- Chione montezuma*** Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Chione montezuma Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 101, pl. 15, f. 12–14; *part.*
Venus pulicaria *auctt.* not Broderip, 1835.
 8N–10N: 9N. 5–20 m. +19° +29°C. Recent.
- Chione olssoni*** (Fischer-Piette, 1969).
Chinopsis olssoni Fischer-Piette 1969: 1013, pl. 2, f. 17–19.
 0–1S. Depth not known. Recent.
- Chione ornatissima*** (Broderip, 1835).
Venus ornatissima Broderip, 1835: 44; *Chione traftoni* Pilsbry & Olsson,
 1941: 61, pl. 16, f. 4.
 2S–9N: 4N. 10–30 m. +18° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Chione pulicaria*** (Broderip, 1835).
Venus pulicaria Broderip, 1835:44; *V. cingulata* *auctt.* not Lamarck,
 1818; *V. pinacatensis* Carpenter, 1864c: 569 (Sloat *MS*) *nom. nud.*
 2N–27N: 13N. Intertidal–20 m. +12° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Chione purpurissata*** Dall, 1902.
Chione purpurissata Dall, 1902d: 393 (*purpurascens* *nom. van. auctt.*);
Venus crenulata lilacina Carpenter, 1864c: 570 not *V. lilacina* Voigt in
 Cuvier, 1834 not *Chione lilacina* Gray, 1838.
 14N–27N: 21N. 10–30 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Iliochione* Olsson, 1961.
- Chione broggi*** (Pilsbry & Olsson, 1943).
Anomalocardia broggi Pilsbry & Olsson, 1943: 78, pl. 8, f. 7.
 4S–33S: 18S. Intertidal–5 m. +13° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Chione subrugosa*** (Wood, 1828).
Venus subrugosa Wood, 1828: 5, pl. 2, f. 6 not Bronn, 1831.
 Galapagos Islands.
 3S–29N: 13N. Intertidal. +17° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Lirophora* Conrad, 1863.
- Chione discrepans*** (Sowerby, 1835).
Venus discrepans Sowerby, 1835:22 not Philippi, 1853.
 17S–23N: 3N. 20–80 m. +11° +29°C. Recent.
- Chione inflata*** (King & Broderip, 1832).
Venus inflata King & Broderip, 1832: 336.
 54S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Chione kellestii*** (Hinds, 1845).
Venus kellestii Hinds, 1845: 65, pl. 19, f. 5.
 5S–28N: 12N. 45–75 m. +17° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Chione mariae*** (Orbigny, 1846).
Venus mariae Orbigny, 1846: 563; *V. cypria* Sowerby, 1835: 43 not
 Brocchi, 1814 not Risso, 1826.
 Galapagos Islands.
 5S–28N: 12N. 20–110 m. +15° +28°C. Pliocene.
- Chione obliterated*** Dall, 1902.
Chione (Lirophora) obliterated Dall, 1902d: 394, 405, pl. 16, f. 2.
 9N–19N: 14N. 20–45 m. +16° +30°C. Recent.
- Chione peruviana*** (Sowerby, 1835).
Venus peruviana Sowerby, 1835: 22.
 12S–20S: 16S. Intertidal. +14° +30°C. Recent.
- Chione schottii* Dall, 1902.⁸⁹
Chione (Lirophora) schottii Dall, 1902d: 395, 404, pl. 16, f. 7.
 Extralimital.
- Subgenus *Timoclea* Brown, 1827.
- Chione effeminata*** (Stearns, 1891).
Venus effeminata Stearns, 1891:221, pl. 17, f. 1, 2.
 9N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Chione picta*** Willett, 1944.
Chione (Nioche) picta Willett, 1944: 20, pl. 8, f. a, b. (Dall *MS*).
 17N–29N: 23N. Intertidal–50 m. +18° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Chione squamosa*** (Carpenter, 1857).
Tapes squamosa Carpenter, 1857b: 78; *Venus troglodytes* Mørch, 1861:
 197.
 5S–29N: 12N. 10–50 m. +16° +28°C. Pleistocene.
- Sensu lato.*
- Chione distans*** (Philippi, 1851).
Venus distans Philippi, 1851: 126. *nom. dub.*
 9N. Recent.
- Chione spurca*** (Sowerby, 1835).
Venus spurca Sowerby, 1835: 23. *nom. dub.*
 33S. Recent.
- Chione undatostrata* (Orcutt & Dall, 1885).
Cytherea undatostrata Orcutt & Dall, 1885: 548 (Carpenter *MS*) *nom. nud.*
- Genus ***Humilaria*** Grant & Gale, 1931.
- Humilaria kenneleyi*** (Reeve, 1863).
Venus kenneleyi Reeve, 1863: 14 *Venus* pl. 12, sp. 41 (Carpenter *MS*).
 37N–60N: 48N. Intertidal–45 m. +2° +14°C. Pliocene.
- Genus ***Irusella*** Hertlein & Grant, 1972.
- Irusella lamellifera*** (Conrad, 1837).
Venus lamellifera Conrad, 1837:251, pl. 19, f. 19 not Conrad, 1849; *V.*
cordieri Deshayes, 1839: 358, pl. 18; *Irus lamellifer prelamellifer* Grant
 & Gale, 1931: 332, pl. 18, f. 7.
 33N–38N: 36N. Intertidal–60 m. +11° +22°C. Miocene.
- Genus ***Mercenaria*** Schumacher, 1817.
- Mercenaria apodema* (Dall, 1902).⁹⁰
Venus apodema Dall, 1902d: 396, 406, pl. 15, f. 8.
 Extralimital.
- Mercenaria kennecottii* Dall, 1871.⁹¹
Mercenaria kennecottii Dall, 1871: 147, pl. 16, f. 1 (Dall *MS*).
 Extralimital.
- Mercenaria mercenaria*** (Linné, 1758).⁹²
Venus mercenaria Linné, 1758: 686; *Mercenaria violacea* Schumacher,
 1817: 135.
 Introduced from Atlantic.
 40N. Intertidal. Recent.
- Genus ***Protothaca*** Dall, 1902.
- Subgenus *Protothaca s.s.*
- Protothaca laciniata*** (Carpenter, 1864).
Tapes laciniata Carpenter, 1864c: 540, 571, 641.
 32N–37N: 35N. Intertidal–15 m. +8° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Protothaca staminea*** (Conrad, 1837).
Venus staminea Conrad, 1837: 250; (*straminea* *nom. null. auctt.*); *V.*
pectunculoides Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 16, f. 3; *V.*
rigida Gould, 1850: 277 not Dillwyn, 1811 (Caribbean); *Venerupis*
petitii Deshayes, 1839: 359; *Chione ruderata* Deshayes, 1853: 136;
Tapes diversa Sowerby, 1855: 697, pl. 147, f. 41; *T. tumida* Carpenter,
 1856a: 214 (Conrad *MS*) not Sowerby, 1853; *Venus dispar* Carpenter,
 1857a: 196 (Gould *MS*) *nom. nud.*; *V. ampliata* Carpenter, 1857a: 213,
 305, 348 (Gould *MS*); *V. mundulus* Reeve, 1863: 14 *Venus* pl. 14, sp. 51;
Paphia staminea orbella Carpenter, 1864c: 641; *Leukoma conradi* Röm-
 er, 1867: 40; *Paphia (Protothaca) staminea sulculosa* Dall, 1902d: 399,
 406, pl. 14, f. 2; *Protothaca growingkii* Dall, 1904a: 116; *P. staminea*
spatiosa Dall, 1916a: 34 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 413.
 23N–60N: 42N. Intertidal–10 m. +2° +27°C. Miocene.
- Protothaca thaca*** (Molina, 1782).
Chama thaca Molina, 1782: 178 (*Cama* *nom. null.*); *Venus dombei*
 Lamarck, 1818: 590; *V. chilensis* Sowerby, 1835: 41 not Orbigny, 1842;
V. ignobilis Philippi, 1844: 176, pl. 3, f. 4; *V. rodriguezii* Philippi, 1887:
 125, pl. 20, f. 6.
 12S–45S: 29S. Intertidal–50 m. +5° +26°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Antinioche* Olsson, 1961.
- Protothaca beili*** (Olsson, 1961).
Nioche (Antinioche) beili Olsson, 1961: 310, pl. 50, f. 1a,b, 4; *part.*
Venus antiqua *auctt.* not King & Broderip, 1832.
 1S–10N: 5N. Intertidal. +20° +33°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Callithaca* Dall, 1902.
- Protothaca tenerrima*** (Carpenter, 1857).
Tapes tenerrima Carpenter, 1857a: 200; *part. Venus rigida* *auctt.* not
 Dillwyn, 1817 (Caribbean) not Gould, 1850; *Paphia (Callithaca) tenneri-*

- ma alta* Waterfall, 1929: 85, pl. 6, f. 1; *P. restorationensis* Frizzel, 1930: 120.
30N–54N: 42N. Intertidal–10 m. +4° +19°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Colonche* Olsson, 1961.
- Protothaca ecuadoriana*** (Olsson, 1961).
Colonche ecuadoriana Olsson, 1961: 311, pl. 41, f. 5.
3S–2N: 0. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Leukoma* Römer, 1857.
- Protothaca asperrima*** (Sowerby, 1835).
Venus asperrima Sowerby, 1835: 42; *part. V. granulata auctt.* not Gmelin, 1791 (Caribbean); *part. V. pectorina auctt.* not Lamarck, 1818 (Caribbean); *V. histrionica* Sowerby, 1835: 41; *V. intersecta* Sowerby, 1855: 714, pl. 155, f. 59, 60.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 5S–28N: 11N. Intertidal. +16° +31°C. Recent.
- Protothaca keenae*** Soot-Ryen, 1957.
Chione (Nioche) keenae Soot-Ryen, 1957: 5; Soot-Ryen, 1959: 56, pl. 3, f. 24, 25 (redescription).
43S. 8 m. +8° +27°C. Recent.
- Protothaca metodon*** (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).
Chione metodon Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 100, 101, pl. 15, f. 7–11.
8N–28N: 18N. Intertidal–15 m. +20° +32°C. Recent.
- Protothaca mcgintyi*** (Olsson, 1961).
Nioche (Nioche) mcgintyi Olsson, 1961: 309, pl. 52, f. 2, a.
9N. Intertidal. +21° +32°C. Recent.
- Protothaca subaequilateralis*** (Fischer-Piette, 1969).
Nioche (Nioche) subaequilateralis Fischer-Piette, 1969: 1016, pl. 3, f. 27–30.
1N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Protothaca zorrītensis*** (Olsson, 1961).
Nioche (Nioche) zorrītensis Olsson, 1961: 308, pl. 53, f. 5, a, pl. 55, f. 6.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 4S–5S. Intertidal. +15° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Notochione* Hertlein & Strong, 1948.
- Protothaca columbiensis*** (Sowerby, 1835).
Venus columbiensis Sowerby, 1835: 21 (*columbiensis nom. van. auctt.*); *part. V. dombeyi auctt.* not Lamarck, 1818.
5S–23N: 9N. Intertidal. +21° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Tropithaca* Olsson, 1961.
- Protothaca grata*** (Say, 1831).
Venus grata Say, 1831: 177, pl. 26 (*gratus nom. van. auctt.*); *V. tricolor* Sowerby, 1835: 41; *V. fuscolineata* Sowerby, 1835: 41; *V. discors* Sowerby, 1835: 42; *V. neglecta* Philippi, 1844: 62, pl. 4, f. 2 not Sowerby in Gray, 1839; *part. V. pectunculoides* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 16, f. 3; *V. muscaria* Reeve, 1863: 14 *Venus* pl. 15, sp. 60.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 20S–27N: 4N. Intertidal–400 m. +14° +22°C. Pleistocene.
- Protothaca pertincta*** (Dall, 1902).
Chione (Timoclea) pertincta Dall, 1902d: 396, 403, pl. 16, f. 9; *part. V. grata auctt.* not Say, 1831.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 2S–0. Intertidal–5 m. +15° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Tawera* Marwick, 1927.
- Tawera gayi*** (Hupé, 1854).
Venus gayi Hupé in Gay, 1854: 337, pl. 6, f. 5; *Chione fuegiensis* E. A. Smith, 1905: 336; ?*C. panpeana* Ihering, 1907: 454, pl. 18, f. 125.
- South Atlantic.
- 33S–54S: 44S. 80–150 m. +3° +20°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Meretricinae Gray, 1847.
nom. correct. Fischer, 1887 *pro* Meretricina.
- Genus *Meretrix* Lamarck, 1799.
- Meretrix lusoria* (Röding, 1798).⁹³
Venus lusoria Röding, 1798: 180.
Introduced from Japan, not established.
- Genus *Tivela* Link, 1807.
- Subgenus *Tivela s.s.*
- Tivela argentina*** (Sowerby, 1835).
Cytherea argentina Sowerby, 1835: 46; *C. aequilatera* Deshayes, 1839: 358.
2S–31N: 15N. Intertidal. +18° +33°C. Recent.
- Tivela byronensis*** (Gray, 1838).
Trigona byronensis Gray, 1838: 304; *part. Cytherea petechialis auctt.* not Lamarck, 1818 (*petichialis nom. null. auctt.*); *part. C. corbicula auctt.* not Lamarck, 1818; *part. C. nitidula* Lamarck, 1819 (Mediterranean); *Venus solangensis* Orbigny, 1846: 564; *Cytherea semifulva* Menke, 1847: 190; *Mactra pulla* Philippi, 1848: 152; *Cytherea intermedia* Sowerby, 1851: 612, pl. 128, f. 35; *C. gracilior* Sowerby, 1851: 615, pl. 128, f. 32; *Tivela elegans* Verrill, 1870: 220; *part. Mactra pencana auctt.* not Philippi, 1893; *M. calbucana* Philippi, 1893: 9, pl. 2, f. 5; *M. coquimbana* Philippi, 1893: 10, pl. 2, f. 7a, b.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 4S–30N: 13N. Intertidal–75 m. +14° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Tivela delessertii*** (Sowerby, 1854).
Cytherea delessertii Sowerby, 1854: 785 (Deshayes MS); *part. C. nitidula auctt.* not Lamarck, 1818; *C. (Tivela) arguta* Römer, 1860: 148; ?*Tivela marginata* “Carpenter” Berry, 1907: 20 *nom. nud.*
9N–27N: 18N. Intertidal–20 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Tivela hindsii*** (Hanley, 1844).
Cytherea hindsii Hanley, 1844c: 110.
3S–17N: 7N. Intertidal–25 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Tivela lineata*** (Sowerby, 1851).
Cytherea lineata Sowerby, 1851: 616, pl. 128, f. 26.
9N. Intertidal. +25° +33°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Pachydesma* Conrad, 1854.
- Tivela stultorum*** (Mawe, 1823).
Donax stultorum Mawe, 1823: 37, 40, pl. 9, f. 7 not *Trigona stultorum* Gray, 1838 not *Cytherea stultorum* Menke, 1847; *part. Trigona mac-triodes auctt.* not Born, 1778 (Caribbean); *Cytherea (Trigonella) crassatelloides* Conrad, 1837: 253, pl. 19, f. 17; *C. solidissima* Philippi, 1851: 100; *C. (Tivela) crassatelloides pauciradiata*: 373; *multiradiata*: 373; *alternata*: 373; *eccentrica*: 373; *serialis*: 374; *interrupta*: 374; *luteobrunnea*: 374; *uniradiata*: 374; *biradiata*: 374; *triradiata*: 375; *ochracea*: 375; *purpureochocolata*: 375; *biserialis*: 375; *triserialis*: 376; *aurora*: 376; *duplicata*: 376, all Stearns, 1899.
25N–37N: 31N. Intertidal–5 m. +8° +24°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Planitivela* Olsson, 1961.
- Tivela lessonii*** (Deshayes, 1830).
Donax lessonii Deshayes, 1830: 99 not Potiez and Michaud, 1844 (not Moluccas); *Donax hians* Philippi, 1851: 74; *part. Cytherea planulata auctt.* not Broderip and Sowerby, 1830.
12S–30S: 21S. Intertidal–10 m. +11° +27°C. Pleistocene.
- Tivela nucula*** (Philippi, 1849).
Cytherea nucula Philippi, 1849: 144; *part. C. planulata auctt.* not Broderip & Sowerby, 1830.
18S–30S: 24S. Intertidal. +11° +22°C. Recent.
- Tivela planulata*** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1830).
Cytherea planulata Broderip & Sowerby, 1830: 48; *C. mactroides* Lamarck, 1818: 567 not Born 1778; *C. planulata suffusa* Sowerby, 1835: 46; *C. undulata* Sowerby, 1851: 618, pl. 127, f. 62.
4S–27N: 12N. Intertidal–20 m. +16° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Transennella* Dall, 1884.
- Subgenus *Transennella s.s.*

Transennella caryonautes Berry, 1963.

Transennella caryonautes Berry, 1963: 141; *part. Cytherea modesta* auctt. not Sowerby, 1835.
23N. 20–150 m. +16° +26°C. Recent.

Transennella galapagana Hertlein & Strong, 1939.

Transennella galapagana Hertlein & Strong, 1939: 378, pl. 32, f. 1–3, 6, 7.

Galapagos Islands.

1S. Intertidal. +18° +29°C. Recent.

Transennella humilis (Carpenter, 1857).

Trigona humilis Carpenter, 1857b: 246.
23N–24N. Intertidal–5 m. +20° +32°C. Recent.

Transennella modesta (Sowerby, 1835).

Cytherea modesta Sowerby, 1835:47 not *Venus modesta* Dubois, 1831 *nom. nud.* not *Cytherea modesta* Philippi, 1845; *Venus cumingii* Orbigny, 1846: 563; *Transennella sororcula* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 102, pl. 9, f. 12–16; *part. T. caryonautes* auctt. not Berry, 1963.

Galapagos Islands.

4S–27N: 12N. 50–90 m. +14° +26°C. Recent.

Transennella omissa (Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932).

Macrocallista (Chionella) omissa Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 102, pl. 17, f. 13–16.
11N. Intertidal. +24° +32°C. Recent.

Transennella pannosa (Sowerby, 1835).

Cytherea pannosa Sowerby, 1835:47; *C. lutea* Koch in Philippi, 1845: 199; *part. Callista pannosa puella* auctt. not Carpenter, 1864.
12S–30S: 21S. Intertidal–50 m. +12° +29°C. Pleistocene.

Transennella puella (Carpenter, 1864).

Callista pannosa puella Carpenter, 1864b: 312; *part. Cytherea pannosa* Sowerby, 1835.
12N–29N: 21N. 40–120 m. +13° +28°C. Recent.

Sensu lato.

Transennella tantilla (Gould, 1853).

Venus tantillus Gould, 1853: 406, pl. 15, f. 10; *part. Trigona humilis* auctt. not Carpenter, 1857b; *Venus rhysonia* Gabb, 1861: 369; *Psephidita barbarensis* Arnold, 1907b: 440, pl. 58, f. 3; *Transennella californica* Arnold, 1910: 72, pl. 26, f. 7a; *Psephidita cymata* auctt. not Dall, 1913.
28N–60N: 44N. Intertidal–120 m. +4° +20°C. Pliocene.

Subfamily Pitarinae Stewart, 1930.

Genus *Amiantis* Carpenter, 1864.

Amiantis callosa (Conrad, 1837).

Cytherea callosa Conrad, 1837: 252 not *prooc. Venus callosa* Lamarck, 1805; *C. nobilis* Reeve, 1850: 126; *Pitaria stalderi* Clark, 1915: 468, pl. f. 5, 6; *Antigona willisi* Trask, 1922: 152, pl. 5, f. 2a, b.
23N–35N: 29N. 1–20 m. +9° +27°C. Miocene.

Amiantis lubrica (Broderip, 1835).⁹⁴

Cytherea lubrica Broderip, 1835: 44.
Extralimital.

Genus *Megapitaria* Grant & Gale, 1931.

Megapitaria aurantiaca (Sowerby, 1831).

Cytherea aurantiaca Sowerby, 1831: 196, f. 3 (*aurantia* *nom. van. auctt.*).

Galapagos Islands.

3S–31N: 14N. Intertidal–10 m. +15° +32°C. Pliocene.

Megapitaria squalida (Sowerby, 1835).

Cytherea squalida Sowerby, 1835: 23; *C. biradiata* Sowerby, 1839: 151, pl. 43, f. 5 not Stearns, 1899; *C. chionaea* Menke, 1847: 190.

Galapagos Islands.

4S–31N: 14N. Intertidal–160 m. +16° +32°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Pitar* Römer, 1857.

Subgenus *Pitar s.s.*

Pitar berryi Keen, 1971.

Pitar (Pitar) berryi Keen, 1971: 168, f. 397.
21N–23N: 22N. 15–40 m. +18° +27°C. Recent.

Pitar consanguineus (C. B. Adams, 1852).

Cytherea consanguinea C. B. Adams, 1852: 496.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–16N: 8N. Intertidal–60 m. +14° +32°C. Recent.

Pitar elenensis (Olsson, 1961).

Pitar (Pitar) elenensis Olsson, 1961: 275, pl. 45, f. 1a, b.
4S–7N: 2N. 2–25 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.

Pitar fluctuatus (Sowerby, 1851).

Cytherea fluctuata Sowerby, 1851: 634, pl. 136, f. 185, 186.
2S–7N: 2N. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.

Pitar helenae Olsson, 1961.

Pitar (Pitar) helenae Olsson, 1961: 276, pl. 45, f. 2, a; *part. Circe newcombianus* auctt. not Gabb, 1865.
8N–26N: 17N. 20–50 m. +18° +29°C. Recent.

Pitar hoffstetteri Fischer-Piette, 1969.

Pitar (Pitar) hoffstetteri Fischer-Piette, 1969: 1003, f. 10, 11.

Galapagos Islands.

0 Depth unknown. Recent.

Pitar ida (Tegland, 1928).⁹⁵

Pitaria ida Tegland, 1928: 4, pl. 1, f. 1–4.
Extralimital.

Pitar inconspicuus (Sowerby, 1835).

Cytherea inconspicua Sowerby, 1835: 47.
16S–37S: 27S. 10–25 m. +10° +28°C. Recent.

Pitar newcombianus (Gabb, 1865).

Circe (Lioconcha) newcombiana Gabb, 1865: 189.
16N–37N: 27N. 45–220 m. +10° +25°C. Miocene.

Pitar perfragilis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.

Pitar perfragilis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 100, pl. 17, f. 10, 11, 12; *part. Pitaria tomeana* auctt. not Dall, 1902.
11N. Depth not known. Recent.

Pitar rostratus (Philippi, 1844).

Cytherea rostrata Philippi, 1844: 150, pl. 1, f. 3 (Koch MS); *C. patagonica* Philippi, 1844: 109 not *Venus patagonica* Orbigny, 1842; *part Venus tehuelcha* auctt. not Orbigny, 1846.

South Atlantic.

41S–55S: 48S. 10–40 m. +2° +15°C. Pleistocene.

Pitar tomeanus (Dall, 1902).

Pitaria tomeana Dall, 1902d: 387, 402, pl. 15, fd. 2; *part. Pitar perfragilis* auctt. non Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
18S–32S: 25S. 15–40 m. +14° +25°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Hyphantosoma* Dall, 1902.

Pitar aletes Hertlein & Strong, 1948.

Pitar (Hyphantosoma) aletes Hertlein & Strong, 1948: 172, pl. 1, f. 9, 11–13.
10N–28N: 19N. 75–110 m. +14° +19°C. Recent.

Pitar hertleini Olsson, 1961.

Pitar (Hyphantosoma) hertleini Olsson, 1961: 276, pl. 45, f. 6, a; *part. Callista pollicaris* auctt. not Carpenter, 1864.
5S–8N: 2N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Pitar pollicaris (Carpenter, 1864).

Callista pollicaris Carpenter, 1864b: 312; *Dione prora* auctt. not Conrad, 1837 (Hawaii); *part. Venus obliquata* auctt. not Hanley, 1844 (Western Pacific).
26N–29N: 28N. Intertidal–15 m. +20° +32°C. Pleistocene.

Subgenus *Hysteroconcha* Dall, 1902.

Pitar brevispinosus (Sowerby, 1851).

Cytherea brevispinosus Sowerby, 1851: 632, pl. 132, f. 609 (*brevispina* *nom. van. auctt.*).
1S–26N: 13N. 5–30 m. +20° +30°C. Recent.

- Pitar lupanaria** (Lesson, 1830).
Cytherea lupanaria Lesson, 1830: 196, pl. 64 (*lupinaria*, *lupinarius* nom. null. auctt.); part. *Venus dione* auctt. not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic) (*dronea*, *dionacea* nom. null. auctt.); part. *V. radiata* auctt. not Perry, 1811 not Schroeter, 1802; *Cytherea semilamellosa* Delessert, 1841: pl. 9, f. 9 not Gaudichaud, 1863; *Dione exspinata* Reeve, 1863: 14 *Dione* pl. 6, sp. 24.
 5S–31N: 13N. Intertidal–30 m. +17° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Pitar multispinosus** (Sowerby, 1851).
Cytherea multispinosa Sowerby, 1851: 632, pl. 132, f. 112; *Callista longispina* Mørch, 1861: 196.
 4S–26N: 11N. 2–15 m. +18° +30°C. Recent.
- Pitar roseus** (Broderip & Sowerby, 1829).
Cytherea rosea Broderip & Sowerby, 1829: 364; part. *C. lepida* auctt. not Chenu, 1847.
 8N–27N: 18N. 50–75 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Lamelliconcha* Dall, 1902.
- Pitar alternatus** (Broderip, 1835).
Cytherea alternata Broderip, 1835b: 45; part. *C. circinatus* auctt. not Born, 1778 (Caribbean); *Dione pura* Deshayes, 1853: 68.
 4S–31N: 13N. Intertidal–55 m. +17° +31°C. Pleistocene.
- Pitar callicomatus** (Dall, 1902).
Pitaria (Lamelliconcha) callicomata Dall, 1902d: 389, 402, pl. 16, f. 8.
 1N–17N: 8N. 25–110 m. +17° +28°C. Recent.
- Pitar concinnus** (Sowerby, 1835).
Cytherea concinna Sowerby, 1835: 23; *C. suppositrix* Menke, 1850: 145; *Callista acuticostata* auctt. not Gabb, 1873.
 5S–29N: 12N. Intertidal–75 m. +17° +32°C. Recent.
- Pitar frizzelli** Hertlein & Strong, 1948.
Pitar (Lamelliconcha) frizzelli Hertlein & Strong, 1948: 176, pl. 1, f. 1, 5, 7, pl. 2, f. 11.
 25N–27N: 26N. 80–110 m. +18° +27°C. Recent.
- Pitar hesperius** Berry, 1960.
Pitar (Lamelliconcha) hesperius Berry, 1960: 115.
 23N. 15–40 m. +18° +29°C. Recent.
- Pitar paytensis** Orbigny, 1845.
Venus paytensis Orbigny, 1845: 565; *Cytherea affinis* Broderip, 1835b: 45 not *Venus affinis* Gmelin, 1789; *Pitar (Lamelliconcha) salanga* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 61, pl. 15, f. 10, 11.
 5S–26N: 11N. 5–40 m. +18° +30°C. Pliocene.
- Pitar tortuosus** (Broderip, 1835).
Cytherea tortuosa Broderip, 1835b: 45; part. *C. concinna* auctt. not Sowerby, 1835.
 3S–28N: 13N. Intertidal–2 m. +22° +32°C. Recent.
- Pitar unicolor** (Sowerby, 1835).
Cytherea unicolor Sowerby, 1835: 23; part. *C. lubrica* auctt. not Broderip, 1835: 44; *Chione badia* Gray, 1838: 306; *C. ligula* Anton, 1839: 7.
 1S–17N: 8N. Intertidal–15 m. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Pitar vinaceus** (Olsson, 1961).
Lamelliconcha circinata vinacea Olsson, 1961: 287, pl. 48, f. 2a, b.
 2S–23N: 11N. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Pitarella* Palmer, 1927.
- Pitar aequinoctialis** (Fischer-Piette, 1969).
Agriopoma aequinoctialis Fischer-Piette, 1969: 1004, f. 14–16.
 2S. Intertidal. +17° +31°C. Recent.
- Pitar catharius** (Dall, 1902).
Callocardia (Agriopoma) catharia Dall, 1902d: 387, 402, pl. 14, f. 3 (*citharia* nom. null. auctt.); part. *Pitaria tomeana* auctt. not Dall, 1902 (Chile).
 5S–31N: 13N. 10–80 m. +18° +29°C. Recent.
- Pitar mexicanus** Hertlein & Strong, 1948.
Pitar (Pitarella) mexicanus Hertlein & Strong, 1948: 171, pl. 1, f. 3, 8; *Pitar lenis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 100, pl. 16, f. 6 not *Cytherea lenis* Conrad, 1848.
 9N–31N: 20N. 4–80m. +16° +30°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Tinctoria* Jukes-Browne, 1914.
- Pitar vulneratus** (Broderip, 1835).
Cytherea vulnerata Broderip, 1835b: 46.
 8N–31N: 20N. 10–15 m. +19° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Saxidomus* Conrad, 1837.
- Saxidomus brevisiphonatus* Carpenter, 1865.⁹⁶
Saxidomus brevisiphonatus Carpenter, 1864c: 607, 641.
 Extralimital.
- Saxidomus giganteus** (Deshayes, 1839).
Venerupis gigantea Deshayes, 1839: 359; *Venus maxima* Anton in Philippi, 1846: 151, pl. 2, f. 1; *Tapes purpurata* Sowerby, 1852: 692, pl. 150, f. 124, 125; *Saxidomus giganteus brevis* Dall, 1916a: 33 nom. nud.; 1916b: 413.
 Northwest Pacific.
 37N–60N: 48N. Intertidal–40 m. –1° +26°C. Miocene.
- Saxidomus nuttalli** Conrad, 1837.
Saxidomus nuttalli Conrad, 1837: 249, pl. 19, f. 12; *S. squalidus* Deshayes, 1853: 188; *Tapes gracilis* Gould in Blake, 1855: 27; *Saxidomus aratus* Gould, 1862: 168 ?*S. nuttalli* *latus* Stewart in Woodring, Stewart & Richards, 1941: pl. 8, f. 15, pl. 16, f. 8.
 30N–41N: 36N. Intertidal–5 m. +8° +22°C. Miocene.
- Subfamily *Tapetinae* Gray, 1851.
 nom. transl. et correct. Bowden & Heppell, 1968 ex *Tapesina*.
- Genus *Eurhomalea* Cossmann, 1920.
- Eurhomalea decussata** (Deshayes, 1853).
Saxidomus decussatus Deshayes, 1853: 189.
 4S–13S: 9S. Intertidal. +14° +25°C. Recent.
- Eurhomalea exalbida** (Dillwyn, 1817).
Venus exalbida Dillwyn, 1817: 170; *Macra gabbi* Tyron, 1870: 170, pl. 16, f. 7; *Macra magellanica* Philippi, 1893: 7, pl. 2, f. 6.
 43S–54S: 49S. 10–150 m. +3° +14°C. Recent.
- Eurhomalea lenticularis** (Sowerby, 1835).
Venus lenticularis Sowerby, 1835: 42.
 24S–33S: 29S. 10–50 m. +13° +26°C. Recent.
- Eurhomalea rufa** (Lamarck, 1818).
Venus rufa Lamarck, 1818: 593 not *Tapes rufa* Sowerby, 1852; *Venus opaca* Sowerby, 1835: 42; *V. expallescens* Philippi, 1844: 176; *V. lithoidea* Jonas, 1844: 33.
 20S–37S: 29S. Intertidal–20 m. +11° +28°C. Recent.
- Eurhomalea salinensis** Ramorino, 1968.
Eurhomalea salinensis Ramorino, 1968: 218, pl. 3, f. 2, pl. 9, f. 2, 3.
 33S. 20 m. +13° +21°C. Recent.
- Eurhomalea tenuilamellata** (Sowerby, 1853).
Venus tenuilamellata Sowerby, 1853: 733, pl. 161, f. 195; part. *V. mortoni* auctt. not Conrad, 1837 (Atlantic).
 33S. Intertidal. +10° +24°C. Recent.
- Genus *Irus* Schmidt, 1818.
- Subgenus *Notopaphia* Oliver, 1923.
- Irus fernandezianus** (Stempel, 1899).
Venerupis fernandeziana Stempel, 1899: 237, pl. 12, f. 22, 23 (*fernandeziana* nom. null. auctt.).
 34S–40S: 37S. Intertidal–20 m. +11° +23°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Paphonotia* Hertlein & Strong, 1948.
- Irus ellipticus** (Sowerby, 1834).
Petricola elliptica Sowerby, 1834: 46 not preoc. *Venus elliptica* Lamarck, 1818; *Petricola oblonga* Sowerby, 1834: 46; *P. solida* Sowerby, 1834: 46; ?*P. discors* Sowerby, 1834: 46; *Venerupis paupercula* Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 5; *V. foliacea* Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 192 not Philippi, 1846; *Petricola solidula* Sowerby, 1855: 770, pl. 164, f. 17; *Venerupis fimbriata* Sowerby, 1855: 766, pl. 155, f. 23.
 18S–23N: 3N. Intertidal–25 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Genus *Liocyma* Dall, 1870.
- Liocyma fluctuosa** (Gould, 1841).
Venus fluctuosa Gould, 1838: 107 nom. nud.; 1841: 87, f. 50; *V. astar-*

- toides* Middendorff, 1849: 252, pl. 20, f. 5–13 (Beck MS); *Tapes arctica* Reeve, 1864: 14 *Tapes* pl. 10, sp. 52; *Liocyma beckii* Dall, 1870: 257; *L. scammoni* Dall, 1871: 145, pl. 14, f. 9; *L. schefferi* Bartsch & Rehder, 1939a: 111, pl. 8, f. 1a, b. *Gomphina (Liocyma) fluctuosa praefluctuosa*, Krishtofovich in Merklin, 1968: 112, pl. 11, f. 14, pl. 19, f. 1, pl. 20, f. 10.
- Panarctic, circumboreal.
- 48N–71N: 60N. Intertidal–300 m.–2° +14°C. Recent.
- Liocyma viridis*** Dall, 1871.
Liocyma viridis Dall, 1871: 146, pl. 14, f. 8; *L. aniwana* Dall, 1907b: 172; *L. subanivana* Khomenko, 1931: 78, pl. 5, f. 6–8; *L. hokkaidoensis* Habe, 1951: 179, f. 412–414.
- Arctic Ocean, Northwest Pacific.
- 55N–71N: 63N. 20–70 m. –3° +11°C. Recent.
- Genus ***Psephidia*** Dall, 1902.
- Psephidia cymata*** Dall, 1913.
Psephidia cymata Dall, 1413: 593.
25N–34N: 30N. 2–90 m. +16° +29°C. Pleistocene.
- Psephidia lordi*** (Baird, 1863).
Chione lordi Baird, 1863a: 69; part. *Psephis tellimyalis* auctt. not Carpenter, 1864.
33N–61N: 47N. Intertidal–70 m. 0 + 16°C. Pliocene.
- Psephidia ovalis*** Dall, 1902.
Psephidia ovalis Dall, 1902d: 401, 407, pl. 16, f. 4.
33N–60N: 47N. 20–250 m. –1° +17°C. Pliocene.
- Psephidia stephensae*** Hertlein & Grant, 1972.
Psephidia stephensae Hertlein & Grant, 1972: 280, pl. 44, f. 21, 22, 26; part. *P. cymata* auctt. not Dall, 1913.
27N–34N: 31N. 15–90 m. +15° +28°C. Pliocene.
- Genus ***Tapes*** Megerle, 1811.
- Subgenus *Ruditapes* Chiamenti, 1900.
- Tapes philippinarum*** (Adams & Reeve, 1850).
Venus philippinarum Adams & Reeve in Adams, 1850: 79, pl. 32, f. 10; *Tapes denticulata* Sowerby, 1852: 694, pl. 150, f. 114; *T. biradiata* Deshayes, 1853: 9, pl. 19, f. 5; *T. quadriradiata* Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 9, pl. 19, f. 6; *T. grata* Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 9; *T. japonica* Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 10; *T. semidecussata* Reeve, 1864: 14 *Tapes* pl. 13, sp. 67 (Deshayes MS); *Paphia bifurcata* Quayle, 1938: 139.
- Introduced from Japan.
- 37N–52N: 45N. Intertidal. 0 + 23°C. Recent.
- Subfamily *Clementiinae* Frizzell, 1936.
nom. transl. Keen, 1951 ex *Clementiidae*.
- Genus ***Clementia*** Gray, 1842.
- Subgenus *Egesta* Conrad, 1845.
- Clementia solida*** Dall, 1902.
Clementia solida Dall, 1902d: 384, 401, pl. 14, f. 4.
0–28N: 14N. Depth unknown. Pliocene.
- Sensu lato*.
- Clementia gracillima* Carpenter, 1857.⁹⁷
Clementia gracillima Carpenter, 1857b: 54.
23N. nom. dub. Recent.
- Genus ***Compsomyax*** Stewart, 1930.
- Compsomyax subdiaphana*** (Carpenter, 1864).
Clementia subdiaphana Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 607, 640; part. *Cytherea oregonensis* auctt. not Conrad, 1848; *Saxidomus gibbosus* Gabb, 1869: 58, pl. 16, f. 18a, b; *Callista subdiaphana pedroana* Arnold, 1903: 144, pl. 13, f. 2; *Clementia obliqua* Jukes-Brown, 1913: 59, pl. 1, f. 1, 2.
28N–61N: 45N. 2–550 m. 0 + 16°C. Miocene.
- Subfamily *Cyclininae* Frizzell, 1936.
- Genus ***Cyclinella*** Dall, 1902.
- Cyclinella jadisi*** Olsson, 1961.
Cyclinella jadisi Olsson, 1961:264, pl. 43, f. 2, a.
2S–9N: 4N. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Cyclinella kroeyeri*** (Philippi, 1847).
Venus kroeyeri Philippi, 1847: 87; *Artemis variegata* auctt. not Gray, 1838 (Indo-Pacific).
21S–33S: 27S. Intertidal–5 m. +11° +22°C. Recent.
- Cyclinella producta*** (Carpenter, 1856).
Cyclinella producta Carpenter, 1856c: 161.
9N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Cyclinella saccata*** (Gould, 1851).
Artemis saccata Gould, 1851: 91; part. *Artemis subquadrata* auctt. not Hanley, 1845.
9S–26N: 9N. 5–50 m. +17° +30°C. Recent.
- Cyclinella singleyi*** Dall, 1902.
Cyclinella singleyi Dall, 1902d: 392, 404, pl. 15, f. 3; *Cyclina tenuis* auctt. not Recluz, 1852 (Atlantic); *Cyclinella galera* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 66, pl. 12, f. 1, pl. 14, f. 4.
3S–27N: 12N. 2–10 m. +18° +30°C. Pleistocene.
- Cyclinella subquadrata*** (Hanley, 1845).
Artemis subquadrata Hanley, 1845a: 11; *A. macilenta* Reeve, 1850: 6 *Artemis* pl. 9, sp. 51; part. *Artemis saccata* auctt. not Gould, 1851; part. *Cyclina tenuis* auctt. not Recluz, 1852 (Atlantic).
- Galapagos Islands.
- 0–5S: 2S. Intertidal–50 m. +16° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Cyclinella ulloana*** Hertlein & Strong, 1948.
Cyclinella kroeyeri ulloana Hertlein & Strong, 1948:179, pl. 2, f. 5-7; *Venus kroeyeri* auctt. not Philippi, 1847.
23N–27N: 25N. 10–50 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Subfamily *Gemminae* Dall, 1902.
- Genus ***Gemma*** Deshayes, 1853.
- Gemma gemma*** (Totten, 1834).⁹⁸
Venus gemma Totten, 1834: 367, f. 2; *Cyrena purpurea* Lea, 1842: 106, pl. 1, f. 1; *Gemma tottenii* Stimpson, 1860: 3.
- Introduced from Atlantic.
- 33N, 48N. Intertidal. Recent.
- Family *Turtoniidae* Clark, 1855.
- Genus ***Turtonia*** Alder, 1848.
- Turtonia minuta*** (Fabricius, 1780).
Venus minutus Fabricius, 1780: 412.
- Circumboreal.
- 40N–60N: 50N. Intertidal –3° +20°C. Recent.
- Turtonia occidentalis*** Dall, 1871.
Turtonia occidentalis Dall, 1871: 150, pl. 14, f. 12, 13; part. *Venus minutus* auctt. not Fabricius, 1780.
58N–60N: 59N. Intertidal–5m. –2° +12°C. Recent.
- Family *Cooperellidae* Dall, 1900.
- Genus ***Cooperella*** Carpenter, 1864.
- Subgenus *Cooperella s.s.*
- Cooperella panamensis*** Olsson, 1961.
Cooperella panamensis Olsson, 1961: 319, pl. 84, f. 5.
9N–18N: 14N. 10–80 m. +16° +27°C. Recent.
- Cooperella subdiaphana*** (Carpenter, 1864).
Oedalia subdiaphana Carpenter, 1864c: 639; *O. (Cooperella) scintillaeformis* Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 639.
25N–40N: 33N. 10–45 m. +9° +26°C. Pleistocene.
- Family *Petricolidae* Orbigny, 1837 in Webb & Berthelot.
- Genus ***Petricola*** Lamarck, 1801.
- Subgenus *Petricola s.s.*

- Petricola charapota* Olsson, 1961.
Petricola (Naranio) charapota Olsson, 1961: 317, pl. 54, f. 7.
 1S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Petricola exarata* (Carpenter, 1857).
Rupellaria exarata Carpenter, 1857a: 244 *nom. nud.*; 1857b: 20; *R. linguafelis* Carpenter, 1857a: 244 *nom. nud.*, 1857b: 20; *Naranio scobina* Carpenter, 1857a: 244 *nom. nud.*; 1857b: 529; *Petricola anachoreta* Folin, 1867b: 18, pl. 3, f. 1-4; *Cypricardia noemi* Folin, 1867b: 24, pl. 4, f. 12; *Petricola (Naranio) botula* Olsson, 1961: 317, pl. 55, f. 7, a, 8.
 9N-23N: 16N. Intertidal-5 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Petricola lucasana* Hertlein & Strong, 1948.
Petricola (Petricola) lucasana Hertlein & Strong, 1948: 194, pl. 2, f. 4, 9; part. *P. robusta* *auctt.* not Sowerby, 1834.
 16N-31N: 24N. Intertidal-10 m. +14° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Petricolaria* Stoliczka, 1870.
- Petricola amygdalina* Sowerby, 1834.
Petricola amygdalina Sowerby, 1834: 47.
 Galapagos Islands.
 3S-2N: 0. Intertidal-10 m. +16° +33°C. Recent.
- Petricola californiensis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1933.
Petricola californiensis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1933: 97, pl. 13, f. 7-9; part. *P. denticulata* *auctt.* not Sowerby, 1834.
 27N-34N: 31N. Intertidal-40 m. +8° +30°C. Recent.
- Petricola concinna* Sowerby, 1834.
Petricola concinna Sowerby, 1834: 46.
 1S-18S: 10S. Intertidal-5 m. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Petricola gracilis* Deshayes, 1853.
Petricola gracilis Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 214; *P. gracilis parallela* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 99, pl. 13, f. 4.
 12N-31N: 23N. Intertidal-15 m. +15° +32°C. Recent.
- Petricola pholadiformis* Lamarck, 1818.⁹⁹
Petricola pholadiformis Lamarck, 1818: 505.
 Introduced from Atlantic.
 38N-56N: 47N. Intertidal. Recent.
- Petricola rugosa* Sowerby, 1834.
Petricola rugosa Sowerby, 1834: 47; *Mytilus niveus* *auctt.* not Chemnitz, 1785 (Indo-Pacific); *Petricola tenuis* Sowerby, 1834: 47; *P. chiloensis* Philippi, 1845b: 53; *P. rhyssodes* Philippi, 1887: 160, pl. 25, f. 12.
 18S-45S: 32S. Intertidal-10 m. +8° +19°C. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Rupellaria* Fleuriau, 1802.
- Petricola carditoides* (Conrad, 1837).
Saxicava carditoides Conrad, 1837: 255, pl. 20, f. 8; *S. californica* Conrad, 1837: 256, pl. 20, f. 9; part. *S. legumen* *auctt.* not Deshayes, 1839; *Petricola arcuata* Deshayes, 1839: 358; *P. cylindracea* Deshayes, 1839: 358; *Ungulina laticola* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 5; *Petricola gibba* Middendorff, 1849: 573, pl. 18, f. 5-7; *P. mirabilis* *auctt.* not Deshayes in Gray, 1853 (Japan); *Saxicava pedroana* Conrad, 1855: 13; *S. abrupta* Conrad, 1855: 13; *Petricola buwaldi* Clark, 1915: 476, pl. 60, f. 6.
 28N-57N: 43N. Intertidal-50 m. 0 +25°C. Miocene.
- Petricola denticulata* Sowerby, 1834.
Petricola denticulata Sowerby, 1834: 36; *P. dactylus* *auctt.* not Sowerby, 1834 (South Atlantic); *Venerupis peruviana* Jay, 1839: 13, 113 not *Petricola peruviana* Olsson, 1961; *Petricola ventricosa* Deshayes in Gray, 1853: 244 not Krause, 1848.
 5S-29N: 12N. Intertidal +19° +33°C. Pliocene.
- Petricola olssoni* *nom. nov.*¹⁰⁰
Petricola (Petricola) peruviana Olsson, 1961: 315, pl. 55, f. 9 not *Venerupis peruviana* Jay, 1839; ?*Petricola ovata* Troschel, 1825: 204.
 2S-5S: 3S. Intertidal +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Petricola robusta* Sowerby, 1834.
Petricola robusta Sowerby, 1834: 47 not Philippi, 1848; *P. sinuosa* Conrad, 1849: 155; *P. bulbosa* Gould, 1851: 88; *P. venusta* Folin, 1867b: 20, pl. 3, f. 5-7.
 3S-31N: 14N. Intertidal +13° +32°C. Recent.
- Petricola tellimyalis* (Carpenter, 1864).
Psephis tellimyalis Carpenter, 1864c: 641; part. *Petricola denticulata* *auctt.* not Sowerby, 1834; part. *Rupellaria californiensis* *auctt.* not Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
 26N-33N: 30N. Intertidal-20 m. +10° +31°C. Recent.
- Sensu lato.*
- Petricola discors* Sowerby, 1834.
Petricola discors Sowerby, 1834: 46. *nom. dub.*
 7S. Recent.
- Order MYOIDA Stoliczka, 1870.
nom. correct. Newell, 1965 *ex Myacea.*
- Suborder MYINA Stoliczka, 1870.
nom. transl. et correct. Newell, 1965 *ex Myacea.*
- Superfamily MYACEA Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Gill, 1871 *ex Myacea* Goldfuss, 1820 *ex myaires.*
- Family Myidae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. correct. Broderip, 1839 *pro Myacea* Goldfuss, 1820 *ex myaires.*
- Subfamily Myinae Lamarck, 1809.
nom. transl. Habe, 1977 *ex myaires.*
- Genus *Mya* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Mya s.s.*
- Mya pseudoarenaria* Schlesch, 1931.
Mya (Mya) pseudoarenaria Schlesch, 1931: 136, pl. 93, f. 10-12; part. *M. arenaria* *auctt.* not Linné, 1758; *M. truncata ovata* Jensen, 1900: 139, f. 3, 4 not *Mya ovata* Donovan, 1802.
 Arctic, North Atlantic
 64N-71N: 68N. 2-30 m. -3° +7°C. Pliocene.
- Mya truncata* Linné, 1758.
Mya truncata Linné, 1758: 670; *M. ovalis* Turton, 1822: 33, pl. 3, f. 1, 2; not Conrad, 1857; *Sphenia swainsoni* Turton, 1822: 37, pl. 19, f. 2; *M. truncata uddevalensis* Forbes, 1846: 407; *M. praecisa* Gould, 1850: 215; *M. truncata abbreviata* Jeffreys, 1865: 67.
 Panarctic, circumboreal.
 48N-71N: 59N. Intertidal-100 m. -2° +16°C. Miocene.
- Mya uzenensis* Nomura & Zinbo, 1937.
Mya uzenensis Nomura & Zinbo, 1937: 167, pl. 22, f. 17; part. *M. arenaria* *auctt.* not Linné, 1758; *M. priapus* *auctt.* not Tilesius, 1822 (*Steller MS*) *nom. oblit.*
 60N-64N: 62N. Intertidal-50 m. -2° +10°C. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Arenomya* Winckworth, 1930.
- Mya arenaria*, Linné, 1758.¹⁰¹
Mya arenaria Linné, 1758: 670; *M. communis* Megerle, 1811: 46; *M. lata* Sowerby, 1815: 185, pl. 81; *M. acuta* Say, 1822: 313; *M. mercenaria* Say, 1822: 313; *M. subovata* Woodward, 1833: 43, pl. 2, f. 5; *M. subtruncata* Woodward, 1833: 43, pl. 2, f. 6; *M. alba* Agassiz, 1839: 1; *M. corpulenta* Conrad, 1845: 68, pl. 39, f. 1; *M. japonica* Jay, 1856: 292, pl. 1, f. 7, 10; *M. hemphilli* Newcombe, 1875: 415; *M. elongata* Locard, 1886: 383, 586; *M. paternalis* Matsumoto, 1930: 98, pl. 39, f. 2; *M. oonogai* Makiyama, 1935: 137, text- f. i.
 Circumboreal
 37N 60N: 48N. Intertidal. -4° +24°C. Miocene.
- Mya profundior* Grant & Gale, 1931.
Mya (Mya) arenaria profundior, Grant & Gale, 1931: 414; part. *M. arenaria* *auctt.* not Linné, 1758; *M. crassa* Grewingk, 1850: 355, pl. 6, f. 2a-d not Vallot, 1801 not Wood, 1815; *Anatina elegans* Eichwald, 1871: 119 not Philippi, 1844; *Mya intermedia* Dall, 1898: 857 not Sowerby, 1814 not Sowerby, 1823.
 58N-60N: 59N. 10-100 m. -2° +7°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Platyodon* Conrad, 1837.
- Subgenus *Platyodon s.s.*
- Platyodon cancellatus* (Conrad, 1837).
Mya cancellata Conrad, 1837: 236, pl. 18, f. 2; *Cryptodonta myoides*

- Carpenter, 1864c: 525 (Nuttall MS).
33N–55N: 44N. Intertidal–20 m. $-1^{\circ} + 17^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
- Subgenus *Austroplatyodon* Olsson, 1961.
- Platyodon australis** Olsson, 1961.
Platyodon (Austroplatyodon) australis Olsson, 1961:424, pl. 76, f. 6, a; *Mya cancellata* auctt. not Conrad, 1837.
2S. Intertidal. $+20^{\circ} + 31^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Subfamily Cryptomyinae Habe, 1977.
- Genus *Cryptomya* Conrad, 1848.
- Subgenus *Cryptomya s.s.*
- Cryptomya californica** (Conrad, 1837).
Sphaenia californica Conrad, 1837: 234, pl. 17, f. 11; *Mya (Cryptomya) ovalis* Conrad, 1857a: 69, pl. 2, f. 2 not Turton, 1822; *M. tenuis* Philippi, 1887: 163, pl. 23, f. 11 not Schroeter, 1802; *Cryptomya oregonensis* Dall, 1909a: 132, pl. 11, f. 4; *C. quadrata* Arnold, 1909: 71, pl. 21, f. 2, a; *C. washingtoniana* Weaver, 1912: 70, pl. 13, f. 114; *C. magna* Dall, 1921: 17; *C. busoensis* Yokoyama, 1922: 126, pl. 7, f. 1, a, 2, a; *Mya inopia* Hanna, 1924: 172; *Cryptomya kamtschatica* Ilyina, 1963: 110, pl. 44, f. 2, 2.
Northwest Pacific.
5S–60N: 33N. Intertidal–80 m. $+1^{\circ} + 35^{\circ}\text{C}$. Miocene.
- Subfamily Spheniinae nov.¹⁰²
- Genus *Sphenia* Turton, 1822.
- Sphenia hatcheri** Pilsbry, 1899.
Sphenia hatcheri Pilsbry, 1899:129, pl. 1, f. 5, 6; *S. subequalis* Dall, 1908c: 422.
52S–54S: 53S. Intertidal–150 m. $+1^{\circ} + 12^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Sphenia luticola** (Valenciennes, 1846).
Corbula luticola Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 7a, b; *Tyleria fragilis* H. Adams & A. Adams, 1854: 368, pl. 97, f. 3, a; *Sphaenia fragilis* Carpenter, 1857b: 24; *S. pacificensis* Folin, 1867b: 15, pl. 2, f. 10, 11; *S. trunculus* Dall, 1916a: 41 nom. nud.; 1916b: 415; *S. pholadidea* Dall, 1916a: 41 nom. nud.; 1916b: 415; *Cuspidaria nana* Oldroyd, 1918: 28; *Sphenia globula* Dall, 1919a: 370.
Galapagos Islands.
4S–40N: 18N. 10–55 m. $+9^{\circ} + 28^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
- Sphenia ovoidea** Carpenter, 1864.
Sphaenia ovoidea Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 637.
48N–56N: 52N. 5–15 m. $+2^{\circ} + 14^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Family Corbulidae Lamarck, 1818.
nom. correct. Broderip, 1839 *ex* corbulidees.
- Subfamily Corbulinae Gray, 1823.
nom. transl. Stoliczka, 1870 *ex* Corbularia.
- Genus *Corbula* Bruguière, 1797.
- Subgenus *Caryocorbula* Gardner, 1926.
- Corbula amethystina** Olsson, 1961.
Corbula (Caryocorbula) amethystina Olsson, 1961: 429, pl. 75, f. 1a–c.
2S–10N: 4N. 5–10 m. $+20^{\circ} + 29^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula luteola** Carpenter, 1864.
Corbula luteola Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 637; *C. luteola rosea* Williamson, 1905: 120 not *Corbula rosea* Reeve, 1844.
23N–37N: 30N. Intertidal–60 m. $+8^{\circ} + 26^{\circ}\text{C}$. Miocene.
- Corbula marmorata** Hinds, 1843.
Corbula marmorata Hinds, 1843a:58; *C. erythron* auctt. not Lamarck, 1818 (Japan).
2S–28N: 13N. 10–30 m. $+17^{\circ} + 29^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula nasuta** Sowerby, 1833.
Corbula nasuta Sowerby, 1833: 35 not Conrad, 1833; *C. fragilis* Hinds, 1843a: 56; *C. pustulosa* Carpenter, 1857b: 22.
3S–32N: 15N. 5–30 m. $+14^{\circ} + 30^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula nuciformis** Sowerby, 1833.
Corbula nuciformis Sowerby, 1833; 35 not *Corbulomina nuciformis*
- Vokes, 1945.
1S–27N: 13N. 10–90 m. $+16^{\circ} + 29^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula obesa** Hinds, 1843.
Corbula obesa Hinds, 1843a: 57.
4S–30N: 13N. Intertidal–30 m. $+14^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula ovulata** Sowerby, 1833.
Corbula ovulata Sowerby, 1833: 35.
14S–30N: 8N. 2–55 m. $+14^{\circ} + 31^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula porcella** Dall, 1916.
Corbula porcella Dall, 1916a: nom. nud.; 1916b:415.
17N–33N: 25N. 60–100 m. $+10^{\circ} + 26^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula ventricosa** Adams & Reeve, 1850.
Corbula ventricosa Adams & Reeve in Adams, 1850: 83, pl. 23, f. 12.
8N–29N: 19N. 50–90 m. $+15^{\circ} + 27^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Subgenus *Hexacorbula* Olsson, 1932.
- Corbula esmeralda** Olsson, 1961.
Corbula (Hexacorbula) esmeralda Olsson, 1961: 432, pl. 76, f. 3a–c.
2S. 5–10 m. $+16^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Subgenus *Juliacorbula* Olsson & Harbison, 1953.
- Corbula bicarinata** Sowerby, 1833.
Corbula bicarinata Sowerby, 1833: 35; *C. alba* Philippi, 1846: 19.
Galapagos Islands.
1S–31N: 15N. Intertidal–30 m. $+14^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula biradiata** Sowerby, 1833.
Corbula biradiata Sowerby, 1833: 35; *C. rubra* C. B. Adams, 1852: 299; *C. polychroma* Gould & Carpenter, 1857: 198.
Galapagos Islands.
2S–28N: 13N. Intertidal–30 m. $+17^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
- Corbula ecuabula** Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941.
Corbula ecuabula Pilsbry & Olsson, 1941: 75, pl. 12, f. 3–5.
2S–4S: 3S. Intertidal. $+20^{\circ} + 31^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pliocene.
- Corbula elenensis** (Olsson, 1961).
Juliacorbula elenensis Olsson, 1961: 438, pl. 77, f. 5.
1S–4S: 3S. Intertidal–20 m. $+18^{\circ} + 31^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula ira** Dall, 1908.
Corbula (Cuneocorbula) ira Dall, 1908c: 221, 423.
7N. 330 m. $+10^{\circ} + 14^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Subgenus *Panamicorbula* Pilsbry, 1932.
- Corbula cylindrica** (Morrison, 1946).
Panamicorbula cylindrica Morrison, 1946: 47, pl. 1, f. 15, 17.
2S–8N: 3N. Intertidal–20 m. $+19^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Corbula inflata** (C. B. Adams, 1852).
Potamomya inflata C. B. Adams, 1852: 520; *P. aequalis* C. B. Adams, 1852: 519 (1st rev.); *P. trigonalis* C. B. Adams, 1852: 520; *Corbula macdonaldi* Dall, 1912a: 3.
4S–23N: 10N. Intertidal–45 m. $+16^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Pleistocene.
- Subgenus *Serracorbula* Olsson, 1961.
- Corbula tumaca** (Olsson, 1961).
Serracorbula tumaca Olsson, 1961: 433, pl. 76, f. 4a–d.
3S–11N: 4N. Intertidal. $+19^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Subgenus *Tenuicorbula* Olsson, 1932.
- Corbula tenuis** Sowerby, 1833.
Corbula tenuis Sowerby, 1833: 36 not Moody, 1916; *C. glypta* Li, 1930: 264, pl. 5, f. 38, a.
3S–8N: 3N. Intertidal. $+19^{\circ} + 32^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.
- Subgenus *Varicorbula* Grant & Gale, 1931.
- Corbula speciosa** Reeve, 1843.
Corbula speciosa Reeve, 1843: 2 *Corbula* pl. 1, sp. 6; *C. radiata* Sowerby, 1833: 36 not Deshayes, 1824.
7N–27N: 17N. 5–40 m. $+16^{\circ} + 30^{\circ}\text{C}$. Recent.

Sensu lato.

Corbula kelseyi Dall, 1916.

Corbula kelseyi Dall, 1916a: 41 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 416.
33N–35N: 34N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Corbula boivinea Carpenter, 1857.

Corbula boivinea Carpenter, 1857a: 300 (*boivinei nom. van.* Carpenter, 1860).
Nom. nud.

Family Spheniopsidae Gardner, 1928.

Genus *Grippina* Dall, 1912.

Grippina berryana Keen, 1971.

Grippina berryana Keen, 1971: 270, f. 693.
24N–26N: 25N. 5–90 m. +21° +30°C. Recent.

Grippina californica Dall, 1912.

Grippina californica Dall, 1912b: 128.
28N–33N: 31N. 93 m. +11° +18°C. Recent.

Superfamily GASTROCHAENACEA Gray, 1840.

nom. transl. Thiele, 1934 *ex* Gastrochaenidae.

Family Gastrochaenidae Gray, 1840.

nom. correct. H. Adams & A. Adams, 1856 *pro* Gastrochaenadae.

Genus *Gastrochaena* Spengler, 1783.

Subgenus *Gastrochaena s.s.*

Gastrochaena denticulata Deshayes, 1855.

Gastrochaena denticulata Deshayes, 1855: 327; *part. G. ovata auctt.* not Sowerby, 1834.
12S–6N: 3S. Intertidal. +17° +31°C. Recent.

Gastrochaena ovata Sowerby, 1834.

Gastrochaena ovata Sowerby, 1834: 21; *G. brevis* Sowerby, 1834: 21; *G. hyalina* Sowerby, 1834: 22; *part. G. denticulata auctt.* not Deshayes, 1855.

Clipperton, Galapagos Islands, and Atlantic.

1S–28N: 14N. Intertidal–15 m. +17° +32°C. Recent.

Gastrochaena rugulosa Sowerby, 1834.

Gastrochaena rugulosa Sowerby, 1834: 22; *G. equadoriensis* Olsson, 1961: 440, pl. 80, f. 8, a.

Galapagos Islands.

0–2S. Intertidal. +18° +31°C. Recent.

Gastrochaena truncata Sowerby, 1834.

Gastrochaena truncata Sowerby, 1834: 21; *G. folini* Deshayes *in* Folin, 1867a: 11, pl. 1, f. 6.
8N–23N: 16N. Intertidal–30 m. +18° +32°C. Recent.

Superfamily HIATELLACEA Gray, 1824.

nom. transl. Newell, 1965 *ex* Hiattellidae.

Family Hiattellidae Gray, 1824.

nom. correct. Winckworth, 1932 *pro* Hyattelladae.

Genus *Cyrtodaria* Reuss, 1801.

Cyrtodaria kurriana Dunker, 1861.

Cyrtodaria kurriana Dunker, 1861b: 38; *part. Mya siliqua auctt.* not Chemnitz, 1775; *Cyrtodaria camdenensis* Dall, 1920: 27, 33, pl. 5, f. 7.

Panarctic, Northwest Pacific.

64N–71N: 68N. 2–50 m. –3° +6°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Hiatella* Bosc, 1802 (Daudin MS).

Subgenus *Hiatella s.s.*

Hiatella antarctica (Philippi, 1845).

Saxicava antarctica Philippi, 1845: 51; *S. chilensis* Hupé *in* Gay, 1854: 379, pl. 8, f. 7; *S. frigida*: 101; *S. lebruni*: 102; *S. mollis*: 102 all Mabilie & Rochebrune *in* Rochebrune & Mabilie, 1889; *S. subantarctica* Preston, 1913: 223, pl. 4, f. 12.

South Atlantic.

42S–54S: 48S. Intertidal–20 m. –1° +11°C. Pleistocene.

Hiatella arctica (Linné, 1767).

Mya arctica Linné, 1767: 1113; *Solen minutus* Linné, 1767: 1115; *Mya byssifera* Fabricius, 1780: 408; *Hiatella monoperta* Bosc, 1802: 120, pl. 21, f. 1; *H. biapertura* Bosc, 1802: 120, pl. 21, f. 2; *Saxicava striata* Fleuriat, 1802: 349, 354; *Didonta bicarinata* Schumacher, 1817: 125, pl. 6, f. 2a, b; *Saxicava uigana* Grewinck, 1850: 354, pl. 6, f. 1, a-c; *Sphenia bilirata* Gabb, 1861: 369; *Saxicava flaccida* Gould, 1861: 24; *S. orientalis* Yokoyama, 1920: 106, pl. 7, f. 2, 3; *Petricola awana* Yokoyama, 1924: 42, pl. 2, f. 12, 13, pl. 13, f. 1; *Saxicava sakhalinensis* Takeda, 1953: 88, pl. 7, f. 11–16.

Panarctic, circumboreal.

10N–71N: 41N. Intertidal–800 m.–1° +19°C. Miocene.

Hiatella pholadis (Linné, 1771).

Mytilus pholadis Linné, 1771: 548 (*Mytilus nom. null.*); *part. Mya arctica auctt.* not Linné, 1767; *part. Mytilus rugosus auctt.* not Linné, 1767; *Saxicava legumen* Deshayes, 1839: 358; *S. distorta* Say, 1822: 318; *S. clava* Valenciennes *in* Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 124, f. 8.

Circumboreal.

48N–68N: 58N. Intertidal–10 m. –3° +15°C. Pliocene.

Hiatella solida (Sowerby, 1834).

Saxicava solida Sowerby, 1834: 88; *part. Mya arctica auctt.* not Linné, 1767; *Saxicava tenuis* Sowerby, 1834: 88; *S. purpurascens* Sowerby, 1834: 88; *S. meridionalis* Orbnig, 1846: 521, pl. 81, f. 21–22.
43S–8N: 18S. Intertidal–10 m. +9° +26°C. Pleistocene.

Genus *Panomya* Gray, 1857.

Panomya ampla Dall, 1898.

Panomya ampla Dall, 1898: 833; *part. Mya norvegica auctt.* not Spengler, 1793 not Gmelin, 1791.

Arctic Ocean, Northwest Pacific.

60N–71N: 66N. 10–50 m. –2° +7°C. Miocene.

Panomya arctica (Lamarck, 1818).

Glycymeris arctica Lamarck, 1818: 458; *part. Mya norvegica auctt.* not Spengler, 1793 not Gmelin, 1791 not *Panopaea norvegica* Middendorff, 1849; *Mya priapus* Tilesius, 1822: 295, pl. 9 + 1 (Steller MS) *Panomya arctica turgida* Dall, 1916a: 41 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 416; *P. nipponica* Nomura & Hatai, 1935a: 20, pl. 1, f. 7a, b.

Circumboreal, Arctic Ocean.

60N–68N: 64N. Intertidal–80 m. –2° +7°C. Pliocene.

Panomya beringiana Dall, 1916.

Panomya beringiana Dall, 1916a: 41 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 416; *P. gigantea* Kanno, 1957: 14, pl. 2, f. 1, 2a, b.

Northwest Pacific.

55N–60N: 58N. 50–200 m. –2° +7°C. Pliocene.

Panomya chrysis Dall, 1909.

Panomya chrysis Dall, 1909a: 133, pl. 11, f. 7; *part. P. ampla auctt.* not Dall, 1898; *P. trapezoidis* Strauch, 1972: 61, pl. 4, f. 1, 3, 4, 6, 12, 14.
51N–60N: 56N. 10–150 m. –1° +10°C. Miocene.

Genus *Panope* Menard, 1807.

Panope abbreviata (Valenciennes, 1839).¹⁰³

Panopaea abbreviata Valenciennes, 1839: 18, pl. 4, f. 1 not Michelotti, 1839; *P. coquimbensis* Orbnig, 1842: 126, pl. 15, f. 7, 8; *P. antarctica* Gould, 1850: 214 *P. guayacanensis* Philippi, 1887: 167, pl. 34, f. 2; *Panope truncata* Borchert *in* Steinnann 1901: 212, pl. 9, f. 1, 2; *Panopaea inferior* Wilckens, 1907: 143, pl. 6, f. 1; *P. hauhali* Wilckens, 1907: 145, pl. 6, f. 2.

South Atlantic.

54S. Depth unknown. Pliocene.

Panope abrupta (Conrad, 1849).¹⁰⁴

Mya abrupta Conrad *in* Dana, 1849: 723, pl. 17, f. 5; *Panope japonica* A. Adams, 1850a: 170, pl. 6, f. 5; *Panopaea generosa* Gould, 1851: 215; *Glycymeris estrellana* Conrad, 1857b: 194, pl. 7, f. 5; *Panopaea fragilis* Gould, 1861: 25; *P. generosa sagrinata* Gould, 1861: 25; *Panopea generosa solida* Dall, 1898: 831; *Panope generosa taeniata* Dall, 1918a:

- 24, 25; *P. tenuis* Wiedey, 1928: 154, pl. 20, f. 4; *P. (Panomya) vaskuchevskensis* Ilyina, 1963: 120, pl. 53, f. 2, a, 3.
- Northwest Pacific.
- 28N–58N: 43N. Intertidal–70 m. +3° +20°C. Miocene.
- Panope globosa* (Dall, 1898).
- Panopea generosa globosa* Dall, 1898: 831.
- Gulf of California.
- 27N–31N: 28N. Intertidal–60 m. +14° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Saxicavella* Fischer, 1878.
- Saxicavella pacifica* Dall, 1916.
- Saxicavella pacifica* Dall, 1916a: 42 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 416.
- 32N–34N: 33N. 7–440 m. +5° +19°C. Recent.
- Suborder PHOLADINA H. Adams & A. Adams, 1858.
- nom. transl. et correct.* Newell, 1965 *ex* Pholadacea.
- Superfamily PHOLADACEA Lamarck, 1809.
- nom. transl. et correct.* Turner, 1955 *ex* pholadaires.
- Family Pholadidae Lamarck, 1809.
- nom. correct.* Vokes, 1967 *pro* pholadaires.
- Subfamily Pholadinae Lamarck, 1809.
- nom. transl. et correct.* Vokes, 1967 *ex* pholadaires.
- Genus *Barnea* (Leach MS) Risso, 1826.
- Subgenus *Anchomasa* Gray, 1852 (Leach MS).
- Barnea lamellosa* (Orbigny, 1846).
- Pholas lamellosa* Orbigny, 1846:498, pl. 77, f. 20, 21; *part. P. subtruncata auctt.* not Sowerby, 1834.
- South Atlantic.
- 20S–54S: 37S. Intertidal. +2° +20°C. Recent.
- Barnea subtruncata* (Sowerby, 1834).
- Pholas subtruncata* Sowerby, 1834: 69; *P. spathulata* Deshayes, 1843a: pl. 79 not Sowerby, 1849; *P. pacifica* Stearns, 1871: 1; *part. Zirfaea pilsbryi auctt.* not Lowe, 1931.
- 29S–46N: 9N. Intertidal–30 m. +5° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Genus *Cyrtopleura* Tryon, 1862.
- Subgenus *Cyrtopleura s.s.*
- Cyrtopleura cruciger* (Sowerby, 1834).
- Pholas cruciger* Sowerby, 1834: 69 (*crucigera nom. van.*, *crucifera nom. null. auctt.*)
- 4S–28N: 12N. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Genus *Pholas* Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Thovana* Gray, 1847 (Leach MS).
- Pholas chiloensis* Molina, 1782.
- Pholas chiloensis* Molina, 1782:204; *part. P. campechensis auctt.* not Gmelin, 1791 (Atlantic), *P. chiloensis parva* Sowerby, 1834: 69 not *P. parva* Pennant, 1777; *P. laqueata* Sowerby, 1849: 486, pl. 103, f. 19, 20; *P. macrostoma* Philippi, 1858: 23; *P. (Dactylina) retifer* Mørch, 1860: 177 (*retifer nom. null.*); *P. dilecta* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 88, pl. 11, f. 8, 9.
- 43S–31N: 6N. Intertidal. +9° +32°C. Pleistocene.
- Sensu lato.*
- Pholas cornea* Sowerby, 1834.¹⁰⁵
- Pholas cornea* Sowerby, 1834: 72.
- 8N *nom. dub.* Recent.
- Genus *Zirfaea* Gray, 1842 (Leach MS)
- Zirfaea crispata* (Linné, 1758).¹⁰⁶
- Mya crispata* Linné, 1758: 670.
- Introduced from Atlantic, probably not established.
- Zirfaea pilsbryi* Lowe, 1931.
- Zirfaea pilsbryi* Lowe, 1931: 53, pl. 3, f. 1, 2; *Pholas crispata auctt.* not Linné, 1758 (Atlantic); ?*P. constricta* Sowerby, 1849: 489, pl. 104, f. 27, 28; not Philipps, 1829 not Römer, 1851; *part. Zirphaea dentata auctt.* not Gabb, 1866; *part. Z. gabbii auctt.* not Tryon, 1863; *Zirfaea gabbii femii* Adegoke, 1967: 17 *nom. nud.*; 1969, 154 pl. 9, f. 2, 8, 11, 12, pl. 10 f. 3, 5, 6, 13.
- Arctic Ocean.
- 24N–70N: 47N. Intertidal–125 m.–1° +25°C. Pliocene.
- Subfamily Martesiinae Grant & Gale, 1931.
- Genus *Chaceia* Turner, 1955.
- Chaceia ovoidea* (Gould, 1851).
- Pholas ovoidea* Gould, 1851: 87; *part. Zirphaea gabbii auctt.* not Tyron, 1863.
- 28N–37N: 33N. Intertidal–2 m. +6° +24°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Diplothyra* Tryon, 1862.
- Diplothyra curta* (Sowerby, 1834).
- Pholas curta* Sowerby, 1834: 71.
- 17N–30N: 24N. Intertidal–18 m. +14° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus *Martesia* Sowerby, 1824. (Leach MS)
- Subgenus *Martesia s.s.*
- Martesia fragilis* Verrill & Bush, 1898.
- Martesia (Martesiella) fragilis* Verrill & Bush, 1898: 777, pl. 79, f. 10; *Pholadidea minuscula* Dall, 1908c: 222; *P. (Diploplax) exquisita* Bartsch & Rehder, 1945: 10, pl. 3, f. 17–18; *P. (Diploplax) bahamensis* Bartsch & Rehder, 1945: 11, pl. 3, f. 15, 16.
- Atlantic Ocean.
- 9N–20N: 15N. Floating. +20° +30°C. Recent.
- Martesia striata* (Linné, 1758).
- Pholas striata* Linné, 1758: 669; *P. falcata* Wood, 1815: 84, pl. 16, f. 5–7 not Sowerby in Reeve, 1872; *P. clavata* Lamarck, 1818: 446; *P. tenuistriata* Blainville, 1826: 531; *Penitella xilophaga* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 2 not *Pholas striata* Deshayes, 1835; *P. rosea* C.B. Adams, 1850: 75; *P. beauiana* Recluz, 1853: 49, pl. 2, f. 1–3; *part. M. intercalata auctt.* not Carpenter, 1857; *Pholas cupula* Yokoyama, 1924a: 37, pl. 2, f. 15; *Martesia striata tokyoensis* Yokoyama, 1927: 428, pl. 48, f. 2–3; *M. pulchella* Yokoyama, 1932: 238, pl. 2, f. 5; *Hiata infelix* Zetek & McLean, 1936: 110, pl. 8, f. 1–4; *Martesia hawaiiensis* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 205, pl. 52, f. 1–7; *Mesopholas intusgranosa* Taki & Habe, 1945: 110; *M. nucicola* Taki & Habe, 1945: 110; *Martesia (Diploplax) funisicola* Bartsch & Rehder, 1945: 10, 14, pl. 3, f. 1–2; *M. (Diploplax) americana* Bartsch & Rehder, 1945: 10, 13, pl. 2, f. 1, 2, pl. 3, f. 3, 4.
- Cosmopolitan in warm waters.
- 3S–31N: 14N. Floating. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Particomma* Bartsch & Rehder, 1945.
- Martesia cuneiformis* (Say, 1822).
- Pholas cuneiformis* Say, 1822: 322; *P. caribaea* Orbigny in Sagra, 1842: pl. 25, f. 20–22; *P. falcata* Sowerby in Reeve, 1872: 18 *Pholas* pl. 12, sp. 51 (Gray MS) not Wood, 1815.
- Galapagos Islands, Atlantic.
- 1S–9N: 4N. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Genus *Parapholas* Conrad, 1848.
- Parapholas acuminata* (Sowerby, 1834).
- Pholas acuminata* Sowerby, 1834:70 not Conrad, 1845.
- 3S–29N: 13N. Intertidal. +17° +32°C. Recent.
- Parapholas californica* (Conrad, 1837).
- Pholas californica* Conrad, 1837: 236, pl. 18, f. 5, 6; *P. janellii* Deshayes, 1839: 357.
- 26N–38N: 32N. Intertidal–10 m. +8° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Parapholas calva* (Sowerby, 1834).
- Pholas calva* Sowerby, 1834: 69 (Gray MS); *P. calva nana* Sowerby, 1834: 70; *Parapholas bisulcata* Conrad, 1849: 156.
- Galapagos Islands.
- 1S–29N: 13N. Intertidal. +17° +32°C. Recent.

Genus *Penitella* Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846.

Penitella conradi Valenciennes, 1846.

Penitella conradi Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 1a,b; *Navea subglobosa* Gray, 1851: 385; *Martesia intercalata* Carpenter, 1857b: 13; *Navae newcombi* Tryon, 1865: 39, pl. 2, f. 1-3; *Penitella parva* Tryon, 1865: 39, pl. 2, f. 4, 5 not *P. chiloensis parva* Sowerby, 1834.
28N-49N: 39N. Intertidal-20 m. +9° +28°C. Miocene.

Penitella fitchi Turner, 1955.

Penitella fitchi Turner, 1955: 71, pl. 40-42.
26N-33N: 30N. Intertidal. +9° +28°C. Pleistocene.

Penitella gabbii (Tryon, 1863).

Zirphaea gabbii Tryon, 1863: 144, pl. 1, f. 1; part. *Pholas crispata* auctt. not Linné, 1758.
30N-60N: 45N. Intertidal. +2° +27°C. Pliocene.

Penitella kamakurensis (Yokoyama, 1922).

Jouannetia kamakurensis Yokoyama, 1922: 120, pl. 6, f. 60; part. *Pholas penita* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; part. *Navea subglobosa* auctt. not Gray, 1851; *Pholadidea (Monoplax) dolichothyra* Thang, Tsi, & Li, 1960: 72, 85, f. 9; *P. (Monoplax) acutithyra* Thang, Tsi, & Li, 1960: 73, 85, f. 10.

Northwest Pacific.

55N-59N: 57N. Intertidal. +3° +13°C. Pleistocene.

Penitella penita (Conrad, 1837).

Pholas penita Conrad, 1837: 237, pl. 18, f. 7; *P. concamerata* Deshayes, 1839: 357, b; *Penitella spelaea* Conrad, 1855: 16 (nom. null. *speloeum*); *P. curvata* Tryon, 1865: 40, pl. 2, f. 6-8; *Pholadidea sagitta* Dall, 1916b: 417 (Stearns MS).
26N-60N: 43N. Intertidal-5 m. -1° +27°C. Pliocene.

Penitella tubigera Valenciennes, 1846.¹⁰⁷

Penitella tubigera Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 3, a-c. nom. dub.

Penitella turnerae Evans & Fischer, 1966.

Penitella turnerae Evans & Fischer, 1966: 222, pl. 31; part. *Pholas californica* auctt. not Conrad, 1836; part. *P. penita* auctt. not Conrad, 1837; part. *P. ovoidea* auctt. not Gould, 1851.
37N-47N: 42N. Intertidal. +5° +24°C. Miocene.

Genus *Pholadidea* Turton, 1819 (Goodall MS).

Subgenus *Hatasia* Gray, 1851.

Pholadidea esmeraldensis (Olsson, 1961).

Hatasia esmeraldensis Olsson, 1961: 449, pl. 79, f. 5, a (*Hatasia* nom. null.).
1N. Intertidal. +25° +32°C. Recent.

Pholadidea melanura (Sowerby, 1834).

Pholas melanura Sowerby, 1834: 70; *Penitella wilsonii* Conrad, 1849b: 156.
1S-28N: 15N. Intertidal-50 m. +16° +31°C. Recent.

Pholadidea quadra (Sowerby, 1834).

Pholas quadra Sowerby, 1834: 71.
1S-10N: 5N. Intertidal-20 m. +24° +32°C. Recent.

Pholadidea tridens (Gray, 1843).¹⁰⁸

Talona tridens Gray in Dieffenback, 1843: 254.
Extralimital.

Pholadidea tubifera (Sowerby, 1834).

Pholas tubifera Sowerby, 1834: 71 (*tubifer* nom. null. auctt.)
1S-9N: 4N. Intertidal-20 m. +22° +32°C. Recent.

Subfamily Jouannetiinae Tryon, 1862.

nom. correct. Turner, 1955 pro Jouannetiinae.

Genus *Jouannetia* DesMoulins, 1828.

Subgenus *Jouannetia s.s.*

Jouannetia duchassaingii Fischer, 1862.

Jouannetia duchassaingii Fischer, 1862: 375, pl. 15, f. 3 (Deshayes MS).
1S-10N: 5N. Intertidal. +24° +32°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Pholadopsis* Conrad, 1849.

Jouannetia pectinata (Conrad, 1849).

Pholadopsis pectinata Conrad, 1849b: 156; *Triumphalia pulcherrima* Sowerby, 1849: 501, pl. 106, f. 58, 59; part. *T. cumingii* auctt. not Sowerby, 1849 (Japan).
7S-32N: 13N. Intertidal. +15° +32°C. Pliocene.

Genus *Netastoma* Carpenter, 1864.¹⁰⁹

Netastoma darwinii (Sowerby, 1849).

Pholas darwinii Sowerby, 1849: 490, pl. 107, f. 76, 77.
South Atlantic.

42S-54S: 48S. Intertidal. +1° +14°C. Recent.

Netastoma japonica (Yokoyama, 1920).

Jouannetia japonica Yokoyama, 1920: 105, pl. 7, f. 1a-c.
Northwest Pacific.

48N-54N. Intertidal. +4° +19°C. Recent.

Netastoma rostrata (Valenciennes, 1846).

Pholas rostrata Valenciennes in Petit-Thouars, 1846: pl. 24, f. 4, a; part. *P. darwinii* auctt. not Sowerby, 1849.
27N-50N: 39N. Intertidal-100 m. +6° +11°C. Pliocene.

Family Xylophagidae Purchon, 1941.

nom. correct., herein pro Xylophagiidae.

Genus *Xylophaga* Turton, 1822.

Xylophaga aurita Knudsen, 1961.

Xylophaga aurita Knudsen, 1961: 182, f. 24, 24.
7N. 915 m. +5° +6°C. Recent.

Xylophaga concava Knudsen, 1961.

Xylophaga concava Knudsen, 1961: 167, f. 4, 5.
6N-7N. 975-3670 m. +2° +5°C. Recent.

Xylophaga duplicata Knudsen, 1961.

Xylophaga duplicata Knudsen, 1961: 175, f. 14, 15.
7N. 915 m. +5° +7°C. Recent.

Xylophaga globosa Sowerby, 1835.

Xylophaga globosa Sowerby, 1835: 110; *Pholas gibbosa* Orbigny, 1846: 501.
12S-43S: 28S. 150-200 m. +5° +17°C. Recent.

Xylophaga mexicana Dall, 1908.

Xylophaga mexicana Dall, 1908c: 232, 425.
17N. 260 m. +14° +19°C. Recent.

Xylophaga obtusata Knudsen, 1961.

Xylophaga obtusata Knudsen, 1961: 192, 4, 35, 36.
7N. 915 m. +5° +7°C. Recent.

Xylophaga panamensis Knudsen, 1961.

Xylophaga panamensis Knudsen, 1961: 172, f. 10, 11.
7N. 975 m. +5° +7°C. Recent.

Xylophaga turnerae Knudsen, 1961.

Xylophaga turnerae Knudsen, 1961: 184, f. 26, 27.
7N. 915 m. +5° +7°C. Recent.

Xylophaga washingtona Bartsch, 1921.

Xylophaga washingtona Bartsch, 1921: 32; *X. californica* Bartsch, 1921: 32 (1st Reviser).
37N-55N: 46N. 15-2073 m. +2° +15°C. Recent.

Genus *Xyloredo* Turner, 1972.

Xyloredo naceli Turner, 1972.

Xyloredo naceli Turner, 1972: 9, pl. 6.
34N. 2073 m. +6° +8°C. Recent.

Family Teredinidae Rafinesque, 1815.

nom. correct. DeKay, 1843 pro Teredaria.

Subfamily Teredininae Rafinesque, 1815.

nom. transl. Stoliczka, 1871 ex Teredaria.

Genus *Lyrodus* Gould in Gould & Binney, 1870.

Lyrodus bipartita (Jeffreys, 1860).

Teredo bipartita Jeffreys, 1860: 123.

- Atlantic.
6N. 3670–3270 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.
- Lyrodus pedicellatus** (Quatrefages, 1849).
Teredo pedicellata Quatrefages, 1849: 26, pl. 1, f. 2; *T. pedicellata truncata* Jeffreys, 1865: 174 not *T. truncata* Quatrefages, 1849; *T. chlorotica* Gould, 1870: 33, f. 360; *T. diegensis* Bartsch, 1916: 48; *T. (Lyrodus) townsendi* Bartsch, 1922: 26, pl. 22, f. 2, pl. 33, f. 2; *T. (Teredops) floridana* Bartsch, 1922: 28, pl. 22, f. 1, pl. 34, f. 1; *T. (Teredops) hawaiensis* Dall, Bartsch & Rehder, 1938: 213, pl. 55, f. 6–8.
- Cosmopolitan in warm waters.
5S–38N: 17N. Floating. +23° +30°C. Recent.
- Genus **Psiloteredo** Bartsch, 1922.
- Psiloteredo healdi** (Bartsch, 1931).
Teredo (Neoteredo) healdi Bartsch, 1931a: 2, pl. 1, f. 1–5; *T. (Neoteredo) mirafloza* Bartsch, 1922: 31, pl. 24, 25 *nom. dub.*
- Atlantic.
9N. Floating. +25° +31°C. Recent.
- Genus **Teredo** Linné, 1758.
- Subgenus *Teredo s.s.*
- Teredo bartschi** Clapp, 1923.
Teredo (Teredo) bartschi Clapp, 1923: 33, pl. 3, 4 not Sivickis, 1928; *T. (Teredo) batilliformis* Clapp, 1924: 282, pl. 1, f. 1–6, pl. 3, f. 13, 14; *T. (Teredo) hiloensis* Edmonson, 1942: 113, f. 4d–h.
- Cosmopolitan in warm water.
23N: 24N. Floating. +16° +27°C. Recent.
- Teredo navalis** Linné, 1758.
Teredo navalis Linné, 1758: 651; *T. japonica* Clessin in Küster & Kobelt, 1893: 78, pl. 20, f. 9–11; *T. (Teredo) beachi* Bartsch, 1921: 29; *T. (Teredo) morsei* Bartsch, 1922: 21; *T. (Teredo) beaufortana* Bartsch, 1922: 22, pl. 32, f. 1; *T. navalis borealis* Roch, 1931: 27, f. 18.
- Cosmopolitan.
33N–50N: 42N. Floating. +5° +22°C. Recent.
- Genus **Uperotus** Guéttard, 1770.
- Uperotus panamensis** (Bartsch, 1922).
Teredo (Teredo) panamensis Bartsch, 1922: 34, pl. 27, f. 3, 4; ?*T. lieberkindi* Roch, 1931: 15, pl. 2, f. 5.
- Atlantic.
9N. 90–100 m. +25° +30°C. Recent.
- Subfamily Bankiinae Turner, 1966.
- Genus **Bankia** Gray, 1842.
- Subgenus *Bankia s.s.*
- Bankia martensi** (Stempell, 1899).
Teredo (Xylotrya) martensi Stempell, 1899: 240, pl. 12, f. 24–27 (*martenseni nom. van. auctt.*); *Bankia (Bankia) chiloensis* Bartsch, 1923b: 147; *B. odhneri* Roch, 1931: 20, pl. 4, f. 10; Roch, 1931: 215, pl. 25 (redescription); *B. valparaisensis* Moll in Roch & Moll, 1935: 273, pl. 2, f. 3; *B. argentinica* Moll, 1935: 274, pl. 2, f. 5.
- Atlantic.
42S–54S: 48S. Intertidal–20 m. +2° +11°C. Recent.
- Bankia setacea** (Tryon, 1863).
Xylotrya setacea Tryon, 1863: 144, pl. 1, f. 2, 3; *part. Teredo bipennata auctt. not Turton*, 1819 (*bipinnata nom. van. auctt.*); *Bankia sibirica* Roch, 1934: 446, pl. 2, f. 2; *B. (Neobankia) osumiensis* Mawatari & Kitamura, 1960: 70, 75, pl. 1, f. 13, 14.
- Northwest Pacific, Siberia.
33N–55N: 44N. Intertidal–90 m. +2° +25°C. Recent.
- Subgenus **Bankiella** Bartsch, 1921.
- Bankia gouldi** (Bartsch, 1908).
Xylotrya gouldi Bartsch, 1908: 211; *Bankia (Bankiella) mexicana* Bartsch, 1921: 27; *B. schrencki* Moll, 1935: 275, pl. 2, f. 7.
- Atlantic.
25N–28N: 27N. Intertidal–2 m. +22° +32°C. Recent.
- Subgenus **Neobankia** Bartsch, 1921.
- Bankia destructa** Clench & Turner, 1946.
Bankia (Neobankia) destructa Clench & Turner, 1946: 20, pl. 13, f. 1–4.
- Atlantic.
23N. Intertidal. +23° +30°C. Recent.
- Bankia orcutti** Bartsch, 1923.
Bankia (Neobankia) orcutti Bartsch, 1923a: 95; *B. nordi* Moll, 1935: 272; *Nausitora sajnakhaliensis* Rajagopal, 1964: 113, f. 4–6.
- Indo-Pacific.
26N–28N: 27N. Intertidal. +24° +31°C. Recent.
- Bankia zeteki** Bartsch, 1921.
Bankia (Neobankia) zeteki Bartsch, 1921: 26.
8N–23N: 16N. Intertidal–5 m. +18° +31°C. Recent.
- Subgenus **Plumulella** Clench & Turner, 1946.
- Bankia cieba** Clench & Turner, 1946.
Bankia (Plumulella) cieba Clench & Turner, 1946: 25, pl. 16, f. 1–4.
9N. Intertidal. +27° +32°C. Recent.
- Bankia fimbriatula** Moll & Roch, 1931.
Bankia fimbriatula Moll & Roch, 1931: 213, pl. 25, f. 37; *part. Teredo palmulata auctt. not Lamarck*, 1818; *Teredo fimbriata* Jeffreys, 1860: 126; *Bankia canalis* Bartsch, 1944: 1, pl. 1.
- Atlantic.
9N. Intertidal. +27° +32°C. Recent.
- Genus **Nausitora** Wright, 1864.
- Nausitora dryas** (Dall, 1909).
Xylotrya dryas Dall, 1909b: 162, 277, pl. 25, f. 2, 3, 5–7; *Bankia (Nausitora) jamesi* Bartsch, 1941: 1, pl. 1.
4S–22N: 9N. Intertidal–5 m. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Nausitora excolpa** (Bartsch, 1922).
Bankia (Nausitora) excolpa Bartsch, 1922: 13, pl. 8, f. 2, pl. 31, f. 4.
1S–23N: 11N. Intertidal. +19° +31°C. Recent.
- Nausitora saulii** Wright, 1866.
Nausitora saulii Wright, 1866: 567, pl. 67, f. 9–15.
12S. Intertidal. +19° +27°C. Recent.
- Subclass Anomalodesmata Dall, 1889.
nom. transl. et correct. Keen, 1963 ex Anomalodesmacea.
- Order Pholadomyoidea Newell, 1965.
- Superfamily PANDORACEA Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. transl. Stewart, 1930 ex Pandoridae.
- Family Pandoridae Rafinesque, 1815.
nom. correct. Gray, 1840 *pro* Pandoracia.
- Genus **Pandora** Bruguère, 1797.
- Subgenus *Pandora s.s.*
- Pandora brevifrons** Sowerby, 1875.
Pandora brevifrons Sowerby, 1835: 93.
9N–26N: 18N. 15–20 m. +18° +27°C. Recent.
- Pandora uncifera** Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.
Pandora uncifera Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 104, pl. 17, f. 17–19.
13N–30N: 22N. 10–30 m. +15° +29°C. Recent.
- Subgenus **Clidiophora** Carpenter, 1864.
- Pandora arcuata** Sowerby, 1835.
Pandora arcuata Sowerby, 1835: 93; *P. claviculata* Carpenter, 1856b: 228; *Clidiophora cristata* Carpenter, 1864c: 597.
4S–30N: 13N. 10–15 m. +14° +30°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Foveadens* Dall, 1915.

Pandora panamensis (Dall, 1915).

Foveadens panamensis Dall, 1915b: 451.
8N–13N: 11N. 10–40 m. +29° +27°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Frenanya* Iredale, 1930.

Pandora radians (Dall, 1915).

Coelodon radians Dall, 1915b: 450.
12N–27N: 20N. 10–15 m. +21° +28°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Heteroclidus* Dall, 1903.

Pandora punctata Conrad, 1837.

Pandora punctata Conrad, 1837: 228, pl. 17, f. 1; *P. depressa auctt.* not Sowerby, 1830.
28N–55N: 42N. 2–50 m. +5° +19°C. ?Miocene.

Subgenus *Pandorella* Conrad, 1863.

Pandora bilirata Conrad, 1855.

Pandora bilirata Conrad, 1855: 267; *P. (Kennerlia) biscarinata* Carpenter, 1864c: 638.
37N–60N: 49N. 5–250 m. +3° +19°C. Pliocene.

Pandora braziliensis Sowerby, 1874.

Pandora braziliensis Sowerby in Reeve, 1874: 19 *Pandora* pl. 2, sp. 15 (Gould MS); *P. diffissa* Mabile & Rochebrune in Rochebrune & Mabile, 1889: 103.

Atlantic.

50S–54S: 52S. 50–200 m. +2° +9°C. Recent.

Pandora cistula Gould, 1850.

Pandora cistula Gould, 1850: 217; *Kennerlyia patagonica* Dall, 1915b: 450.
40S–54S: 47S. 20–150 m. +2° +14°C. Recent.

Pandora cornuta C. B. Adams, 1852.

Pandora cornuta C. B. Adams, 1852: 519, 547; *Clidiophora acutedentata* Carpenter, 1864d: 598.
9N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Pandora filosa (Carpenter, 1864).

Kennerlia filosa Carpenter, 1864c: 602, 638.
32N–60N: 46N. 20–300 m. +1° +18°C. Pliocene.

Pandora glacialis Leach, 1819.

Pandora glacialis Leach in Ross, 1819: 174; *Kennerlyia glacialis eutaenia* Dall, 1915b: 449.

Panarctic and circumboreal.

48N–71N: 59N. 5–340 m. +1° +12°C. Pliocene.

Pandora granulata Dall, 1915: 449.

Kennerlyia granulata Dall, 1915b: 449.
29N–24N: 27N. 5–20 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.

Pandora radiata Sowerby, 1835.

Pandora radiata Sowerby, 1835: 44; *Kennerlyia convexa* Dall, 1915b: 449.
23N–28N: 26N. 15–140 m. +15° +29°C. Recent.

Pandora rhyphis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932.

Pandora (Kennerlia) rhyphis Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 105, pl. 16, f. 8–11.
13N. 80 m. +15° +27°C. Recent.

Pandora wardiana A. Adams, 1859.

Pandora wardiana A. Adams, 1859: 487; *P. (Kennerlia) grandis* Dall, 1877: 5; *Kennerlyia forresterensis* Willett, 1918: 134; *Pandora wajampolkensis* Slodkevich, 1938: 269, pl. 59, f. 1, a, b; *P. gretschischkini* Slodkevich, 1938: 270, pl. 59, f. 2, a, b.

Northwest Pacific.

47N–57N: 52N. 40–200 m. +1° +12°C. Pliocene.

Family Lyonsiidae Fischer, 1887.

Genus *Agriodesma* Dall, 1909.¹¹⁰

Agriodesma brevifrons (Sowerby, 1834).

Lyonsia brevifrons Sowerby, 1834: 78.
2S. 10–15 m. +15° +28°C. Recent.

Agriodesma saxicola (Baird, 1863).

Lyonsia saxicola Baird, 1863a: 70; *Entodesma saxicola cylindracea* Carpenter, 1864c: 638; *E. saxicola truncatissimus* Pilsbry, 1895: 137, pl. 3, f. 11, 12.

Northwest Pacific.

33N–56N: 45N. Intertidal–20 m. +3° +20°C. Recent.

Agriodesma sechurana Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935.

Entodesma (Agriodesma) sechurana Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935: 18, pl. 1, f. 6–8.
4S–10N: 3N. 10–40 m. +17° +29°C. Recent.

Genus *Allogramma* Dall, 1903.

Allogramma amabilis (Dall, 1913).¹¹¹

Lyonsia (Allogramma) amabilis Dall, 1913: 594.
34N 550 m. *nom. dub.* Recent.

Genus *Entodesma* Philippi, 1845.

Subgenus *Entodesma s.s.*

Entodesma chilensis Philippi, 1845.

Entodesma chilensis Philippi, 1845: 53 (*chiloensis nom. van. auctt.*).
33S–46S: 39S. Intertidal–5 m. +6° +19°C. Recent.

Entodesma cuneatum (Gray, 1828).

Anatina cuneata Gray, 1828: 6, pl. 3, f. 14; *part. Lyonsia navicula auctt.* not Adams & Reeve, 1850 (Indo-Pacific).
19S–40S: 30S. Intertidal–2 m. +8° +26°C. Recent.

Entodesma pictum (Sowerby, 1834).

Lyonsia picta Sowerby, 1834: 88; *L. inflata* Conrad, 1837: 248, pl. 19, f. 10; *L. diaphana* Carpenter, 1856b: 228; *Entodesma spongiophila* Dall, 1871: 143 *nom. nud.*
4S–37N: 17N. Intertidal–40 m. +14° +28°C. Recent.

Entodesma scammoni Dall, 1871.¹¹²

Entodesma scammoni Dall, 1871: 142, pl. 16, f. 3.
55N. Depth unknown. Recent.

Subgenus *Phlycticoncha* Bartsch & Rehder, 1940.

Entodesma lucasanum (Bartsch & Rehder, 1939).

Lyonsia lucasana Bartsch & Rehder, 1939b: 12, pl. 4, f. 1–3.
16N–23N: 20N. Intertidal–20 m. +19° +30°C. Recent.

Genus *Lyonsia* Turton, 1822.

Subgenus *Lyonsia s.s.*

Lyonsia arenosa (Møller, 1842).

Pandorina arenosa Møller, 1842:20; *Ostodesma aeruginosa* Mighels, 1844: 187; *Lyonsia gibbosa* Hancock, 1846: 338, pl. 5, f. 11, 12 not Orbigny, 1850; *L. (Pandorina) flabellata* Gould, 1861: 23; *L. ventricosa* Gould, 1861: 23; *Pandorina becki* Leche, 1878: 11 (Møller MS); *L. arenosa sibirica* Leche, 1883: 439, pl. 32, f. 3, 4.

Panarctic, circumboreal.

64N–71N: 68N. 15–100 m. –2° +5°C. Pliocene.

Lyonsia bracteata (Gould, 1850).

Ostodesma bracteata Gould, 1850: 217; *part. Mya striata auctt.* not Montagu, 1815 (Atlantic); *Lyonsia pugetensis* Dall, 1913: 595.
47N–56N: 52N. 10–40 m. +6° +15°C. Recent.

Lyonsia californica Conrad, 1837.

Lyonsia californica Conrad, 1837: 248, pl. 19, f. 20 (not 21); *part. Mya striata auctt.* not Montagu, 1815 (Atlantic); *part. Lyonsia hyalina auctt.* not Conrad, 1831 (Atlantic); *Ostodesma nitidum* Gould, 1853: 390, pl. 15, f. 6 not *Mya nitida* Fabricius, 1798; *Lyonsia gouldii* Dall, 1915: 453; *L. californica haroldi* Dall, 1915b: 453.
17N–55N: 36N. Intertidal–100 m. +6° +18°C. Pliocene.

Lyonsia delicata Marincovich, 1973.

Lyonsia delicata Marincovich, 1973: 15, f. 23, 24.
20S. Intertidal. +14° +29°C. Recent.

Lyonsia elegantula Soot-Ryen, 1957.

Lyonsia elegantula Soot-Ryen, 1957a: 3; Soot-Ryen, 1959: 36, pl. 1, f. 10 (redescription).
42S. 45 m. +6° +15°C. Recent.

- Lyonsia fretalis* Dall, 1915.
Lyonsia fretalis Dall, 1915b: 454.
 37S–54S: 46S. 10–40 m. +2° +17°C. Recent.
- Lyonsia nesioties* Dall, 1915.
Lyonsia californica nesioties Dall, 1915b: 453; *part. L. californica auctt.*
 not Conrad, 1837.
 33N–55N: 44N. 10–120 m. +8° +23°C. Recent.
- Sensu lato.*
- Lyonsia panamensis* Dall, 1908.¹¹³
Lyonsia panamensis Dall, 1908c:222, 427, pl. 18, f. 12.
 7N. 1017 m. +4° +6°C. Recent.
- Genus *Mytilimeria* Conrad, 1837.
- Mytilimeria nuttalli* Conrad, 1837.
Mytilimeria nuttalli Conrad, 1837: 247.
 30N–57N: 44N. Intertidal–45 m. +4° +17°C. Recent.
- Superfamily THRACIACEA Stoliczka, 1870.¹¹⁴
nom. transl., herein *ex* Thraciinae.
- Family Thraciidae Stoliczka, 1870.
nom. transl. Dall, 1903 *ex* Thraciinae.
- Genus *Asthenothaerus* Carpenter, 1864.
- Asthenothaerus villosior* Carpenter, 1864.
Asthenothaerus villosior Carpenter, 1864b: 311; *Thracia diegensis* Dall,
 1915b: 443.
 23N–34N: 30N. 2–50 m. +11° +24°C. Recent.
- Genus *Bushia* Dall, 1886.
- Bushia panamensis* Dall, 1890.
Bushia elegans panamensis Dall, 1890a: 275.
 8N. 93 m. +19° +25°C. Recent.
- Genus *Cyathodonta* Conrad, 1849.
- Cyathodonta dubiosa* Dall, 1915.
Cyathodonta dubiosa Dall, 1915b: 445; *Thracia plicata auctt.* not Deshayes, 1832; *part. Cyathodonta undulata auctt.* not Conrad, 1849; *C. pedroana* Dall, 1915b: 445.
 14N–34N: 24N. 5–30 m. +8° +29°C. Recent.
- Cyathodonta lucasana* Dall, 1915.
Cyathodonta lucasana Dall, 1915b: 445.
 17N–24N: 21N. Intertidal. +18° +32°C. Recent.
- Cyathodonta undulata* Conrad, 1849.
Cyathodonta undulata Conrad, 1849: 156; *Thracia plicata auctt.* not Deshayes, 1832; 1039 *nom. dub.*; *part. T. magnifica auctt.* not Jonas, 1850 (Caribbean); *Cyathodonta undulata peruviana* Olsson, 1961: 459, pl. 83, f. 2, a, b; *C. tumbeziiana* Olsson, 1961: 460, pl. 83, f. 1, a.
 4S–31N: 14N. Intertidal–110 m. +14° +31°C. Pliocene.
- Genus *Thracia* Sowerby, 1823.
- Subgenus *Thracia s.s.*
- Thracia anconensis* Olsson, 1961.
Thracia anconensis Olsson, 1961: 458, pl. 83, f. 4, a.
 2S. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Thracia colpoica* Dall, 1915.
Thracia colpoica Dall, 1915b: 443.
 4S–24S: 10N. Intertidal–165 m. +13° +30°C. Recent.
- Thracia squamosa* Carpenter, 1856.
Thracia squamosa Carpenter, 1856b: 229.
 19N–25N: 22N. Intertidal–10 m. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Thracia trapezoides* Conrad, 1849.
Thracia trapezoides Conrad, 1849: 723, pl. 17, f. 6a; *part. T. curta auctt.* not Conrad, 1837; ?*T. schenki* Tegland, 1933: 112, pl. 6, f. 6–11.
 34N–61N: 48N. 20–200 m. +2° +20°C. Miocene.
- Subgenus *Crassithracia* Soot-Ryen, 1941.
- Thracia beringi* Dall, 1915.
Thracia beringi Dall in Cooper, 1894: 2 *nom. nud.*; Dall, 1915b: 442;
- Macoma truncaria* Dall, 1916a: 37 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 414.
 49N–60N: 55N. 30–90 m. +3° +14°C. Recent.
- Thracia challisiana* Dall, 1915.
Thracia challisiana Dall, 1915b: 443.
 37N–55N: 46N. 30–70 m. +5° +17°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Ixartia* Gray, 1852.
- Thracia curta* Conrad, 1837.
Thracia curta Conrad, 1837: 248, pl. 19, f. 8.
 23N–45N: 34N. 45–120 m. +2° +11°C. Recent.
- Thracia devexa* G. O. Sars, 1878.
Thracia truncata devexa G. O. Sars, 1878: 84, pl. 6, f. 11a, b.
 Panarctic, North Atlantic.
 56N–60N: 58N. 60–150 m. +1° +8°C. Recent.
- Thracia myopsis* Møller, 1842.
Thracia myopsis Møller, 1842: 21 (Beck MS); *T. couthouyi* Stimpson, 1851: 8; *T. truncata* G. O. Sars, 1878: 84, pl. 6, f. 10a, b not Mighels & Adams, 1842 not Brown, 1844.
 Panarctic, circumboreal.
 55N–60N: 58N. 50–250 m. +2° +11°C. Recent.
- Family Periplomatidae Dall, 1895.
nom. correct. Dall, 1900 *pro* Periplomatidae.
- Genus *Halistrepta* Dall, 1904.
- Halistrepta myrae* (Rogers, 1962).
Periploma (Halistrepta) myrae Rogers, 1962: 229, f. 1, 2.
 26N. 27–45 m. +22° +31°C. Recent.
- Halistrepta sulcata* (Dall, 1904).
Periploma sulcata Dall, 1904b: 122.
 34N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Genus *Periploma* Schumacher, 1817.
- Subgenus *Periploma s.s.*
- Periploma aleuticum* (Krause, 1885).
Anatina aleutica Krause, 1885: 38, pl. 3, f. 4; *part. Periploma fragilis auctt.* not Totten, 1835 (Atlantic); *P. simplex auctt.* not Orbigny, 1845; *P. alaskanum* Williams, 1940: 37, f. 1.
 60N–71N: 66N. 10–100 m. –2° +9°C. Recent.
- Periploma carpenteri* Dall, 1896.
Periploma carpenteri Dall, 1896a: 20.
 7N. 5–380 m. +11° +30°C. Recent.
- Periploma discus* Stearns, 1891.
Periploma discus Stearns, 1891:222, pl. 16, f. 1, 2.
 23N–37N: 30N. Intertidal–40 m. +16° +29°C. Recent.
- Periploma lagartillum* Olsson, 1961.
Periploma (Periploma) lagartilla Olsson, 1961: 463, pl. 82, f. 5, a.
 8N. Depth unknown. Recent.
- Periploma lenticulare* Sowerby, 1834.
Periploma lenticularis Sowerby, 1834: 87; *Anatina alta* C. B. Adams, 1852: 294; *Periploma excurva* Carpenter, 1856b: 229 (*excurvata nom. null. auctt.*).
 3S–8N: 3N. Intertidal. +19° +32°C. Recent.
- Periploma planiusculum* Sowerby, 1834.
Periploma planiuscula Sowerby, 1834: 87; *part. leana auctt.* not Conrad, 1831 (Atlantic); *P. argentaria* Conrad, 1837: 238, pl. 18, f. 8; *P. obtusa* Hanley, 1842: pl. 2, f. 50; *P. papyracea* Carpenter, 1856b: 229.
 4S–34N: 15N. 1–20 m. +11° +29°C. Pliocene.
- Periploma stearnsii* Dall, 1896.
Periploma stearnsii Dall, 1896a: 19.
 23N–32N: 27N. 15–44 m. +14° +29°C. Recent.
- Periploma teevani* Hertlein & Strong, 1946.
Periploma teevani Hertlein & Strong, 1946: 95, pl. 1, f. 2, 6.
 16N. 55 m. +16° +27°C. Recent.
- Subgenus *Albimanus* Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935.

Periploma pentadactylus Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935.
Periploma (Albimanus) pentadactylus Pilsbry & Olsson, 1935: 118, pl. 6, f. 5-7.
9N-13N: 11N. Intertidal. +24° +31°C. Recent.

Family Laternulidae Hedley, 1918.

Genus *Laternula* Röding, 1798.

Subgenus *Laternulina* Habe, 1952.

Laternula limicola (Reeve, 1864).¹¹⁵
Anatina limicola Reeve, 1864: 14 *Anatina* pl. 4, sp. 27.

Northwest Pacific.

43N. Intertidal. Recent.

Superfamily VERTICORDIACEA Stoliczka, 1871.
nom. transl. Bernard, 1974 ex Verticordiidae.

Family Verticordiidae Stoliczka, 1871.

Genus *Halicardia* Dall, 1895.

Halicardia perplicata (Dall, 1890).
Verticordia perplicata Dall, 1890a: 278, pl. 8, f. 1.

Galapagos Islands.

1S-59N: 29N. 1000-1500 m. +2° +7°C. Recent.

Genus *Haliris* Dall, 1886.

Haliris aequacostata (Howard, 1950).
Verticordia aequacostata Howard, 1950: 109, pl. 7.

Galapagos Islands.

1S-33N: 16N. 135-200 m. +10° +14°C. Recent.

Haliris spinosa (Bernard, 1969).
Verticordia (Haliris) spinosa Bernard, 1969: 2233, f. 5.
24N. 275 m. +25° +27°C. Recent.

Genus *Lyonsiella* G. O. Sars, 1872 (M. Sars MS).

Lyonsiella magnifica Dall, 1913.
Lyonsiella magnifica Dall, 1913: 595; Dall, 1925: 19, pl. 23, f. 2 (Redescription).
23N. 115 m. +13° +18°C. Recent.

Lyonsiella pacifica Dall, 1908.
Lyonsiella pacifica Dall, 1908c: 428.
27S (105W). 2090 m. Recent.

Lyonsiella parva Okutani, 1962.
Lyonsiella parva Okutani, 1962:29, pl. 3, f. 7; *L. (Lyonsiella) quaylei* Bernard, 1969: 2232, f. 3.

Northwest Pacific.

33N-52N: 42N. 350-1800 m. +2° +9°C. Recent.

Genus *Policordia* Dall, Bartsch, & Rehder, 1939.

Policordia alaskana Dall, 1895.
Lyonsiella alaskana Dall, 1895a: 703, pl. 25, f. 2.
9N-55N: 32N. 800-3570 m. +2° +7°C. Recent.

Policordia radiata (Dall, 1890).
Lyonsiella radiata Dall, 1889a:442, *nom. nud.*; 1890a: 276, pl. 8, f. 7.
53S. 675 m. +1° +4°C. Recent.

Genus *Verticordia* Sowerby, 1844.

Subgenus *Verticordia s.s.*

Verticordia hancocki Bernard, 1969.
Verticordia (Trigonulina) hancocki Bernard, 1969: 2233, f. 6.
3N. 73-109 m. +14° +19°C. Recent.

Verticordia ornata (Orbigny, 1853).
Trigonulina ornata Orbigny, 1853: 292, pl. 27, f. 30-33; *?Hippagus novemcostatus* Adams & Reeve, 1850: 76, pl. 24, f. 1; *Verticordia caelata* Verrill, 1882: 566, pl. 30, f. 9, a.

Atlantic, Galapagos Islands.

1S-34N: 17N. 15-170 m. +11° +19°C. Recent.

Order SEPTIBRANCHIDA Pelseneer, 1888¹¹⁶
nom. transl. Purchon, 1959, *emend.* Bernard, 1979
et correct. herein ex Septibranchia.

Superfamily POROMYACEA Dall, 1886.
nom. transl. Dall, 1895 ex Poromyidae.

Family Poromyidae Dall, 1886.

Genus *Poromya* Forbes, 1844.

Subgenus *Poromya s.s.*

Poromya perla Dall, 1908.
Poromya perla Dall, 1908c: 428, pl. 18, f. 2, f.
3N-24N: 14N. 1950-3500 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Cetoconcha* Dall, 1886.

Poromya malespinae (Dall, 1916).
Cetoconcha malespinae Ridewood, 1903: 272 *nom. nud.*; Dall, 1916a: 22
nom. nud.; 1916b: 407 (*malespinae nom. van. auctt.*)
45N-55N: 40N. 2100-2900 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.

Poromya scapha (Dall, 1902).
Cetoconcha scapha Dall, 1902a: 561.
6N. 183 m. +15° +19°C. Recent.

Poromya smithii (Dall, 1908).
Cetoconcha smithii Dall, 1908c:222, 431, pl. 18, f. 10.
15N. 3400 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Subgenus *Dermatomya* Dall, 1889.

Poromya beringiana (Dall, 1916).
Dermatomya beringiana Dall, 1916a: 22 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 406. Bering
Sea.
51N. 1921 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Poromya buttoni (Dall, 1916).
Dermatomya buttoni Dall, 1916a:22 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 407.
33N-37N: 35N. 1000-2000 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.

Poromya canadensis Bernard, 1969.
Poromya (Dermatomya) canadensis Bernard, 1969: 2232, f. 4.
48N. 977 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Poromya chilensis Dall, 1908.
Poromya (Dermatomya) chilensis Dall, 1908c: 430.
48S. 822 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Poromya equatorialis Dall, 1908.
Poromya (Dermatomya) equatorialis Dall, 1908c: 222, 429, pl. 5, f. 1, 2.
1S-6N: 3N. 1350-3060 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Poromya leonina (Dall, 1916).
Dermatomya leonina Dall, 1916a:22 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 407.
46N-53N: 50N. 1150-2200 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.

Poromya mactroides Dall, 1889.
Poromya (Dermatomya) mactroides Dall, 1889a: 448.
52S-25N: 14S. 600-1000 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Poromya tenuiconcha Dall, 1913.
Poromya (Dermatomya) tenuiconcha Dall, 1913: 596; *P. (Dermatomya) soyoae* Habe, 1952: 274; *Dermatomya tenuiconcha sagamiensis* Okutani, 1962: 32, pl. 3, f. 3, pl. 5, f. 8, a.

Northwest Pacific.

36N-55N: 46N. 800-1200 m. +2° +4°C. Recent.

Poromya trosti Strong, & Hertlein, 1937.
Poromya trosti Strong, & Hertlein, 1937: 163, pl. 34, f. 3-6.
33N:34N. 35-400 m. +6° +17°C. Recent.

Superfamily Cuspidariacea Dall, 1886.
nom. transl. Scarlato & Starobogatov in Nevesskaya *et al*, 1971
ex Cuspidariidae.

Family Cuspidariidae Dall, 1886.

Genus *Cardiomya* A. Adams, 1864.

Cardiomya balboae (Dall, 1916).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) balboae Dall, 1916a: 23 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 407.

Galapagos Islands.

0–34N: 17N. 45–170 m. +9° +19°C. Recent.

Cardiomya californica (Dall, 1886).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) californica Dall, 1886: 296.

Galapagos Islands.

0–55N: 27N. 15–640 m. +5° +15°C. Recent.

Cardiomya costata (Sowerby, 1834).

Anatina costata Sowerby, 1834: 87 not *Neaera costata* Bush, 1883; *Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) dulcis* Pilsbry & Lowe, 1932: 104, pl. 17, f. 20–22.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–34N: 17N. 15–95 m. +10° +19°C. Recent.

Cardiomya curta (Jeffreys, 1882).

Neaera curta Jeffreys, 1876: 495 *nom. nud.*; 1882: 943, pl. 71, f. 10; not *N. multicosatus curta* Verrill, 1882.

Circumboreal in deep water.

45N–54N: 50N. 730–2200 m. +1° +3°C. Recent.

Cardiomya didyma (Hinds, 1843).

Neaera didyma Hinds, 1843b: 78.

9N–30N: 25N. 15–50 m. +13° +30°C. Recent.

Cardiomya ecuadoriana (Olsson, 1961).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) ecuadoriana Olsson, 1961: 465, pl. 83, f. 3. 1S–29N: 14N. 55–150 m. +13° +19°C. Recent.

Cardiomya isolirata Bernard, 1969.

Cardiomya isolirata Bernard, 1969: 2231, f. 1; *part. Cuspidaria balboae auct.* not Dall, 1916.

23N–34N: 30N. 55–190 m. +4° +11°C. Recent.

Cardiomya lanieri (Strong & Hertlein, 1937).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) lanieri Strong & Hertlein, 1937: 162, pl. 34, f. 8.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–30N: 15N. 15–240 m. +7° +30°C. Recent.

Cardiomya oldroydi (Dall, 1924).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) oldroydi Dall in Oldroyd, 1924: 33, pl. 1, f. 13. 48N–60N: 54N. 45–210 m. +2° +12°C. Recent.

Cardiomya pectinata (Carpenter, 1865).

Neaera pectinata Carpenter, 1864d: 602, 637 *nom. nud.*; 1865f: 54; *N. behringensis* Leche, 1883: 438, pl. 32, f. 1, 2; *Cardiomya robiginosa* Okutani & Sakurai, 1964: 23, pl. 1, f. 3; *C. behringensis okutani* Scarlato, 1972: 122, f. 4–7.

Northwest Pacific.

28N–60N: 44N. 5–270 m. +4° +14°C. Recent.

Cardiomya planetica (Dall, 1908).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) planetica Dall, 1908c: 222, 433. 28N–60N: 44N. 25–605 m. +2° +13°C. Recent.

Cardiomya pseustes (Dall, 1908).

Cuspidaria (Cardiomya) pseustes Dall, 1908c: 222, 432. 7N–49N: 28N. 2000–3000 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.

Genus *Cuspidaria* Nardo, 1840.

Subgenus *Cuspidaria s.s.*

Cuspidaria apodema Dall, 1916.

Cuspidaria apodema Dall, 1916a: 23 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 407. 43N–55N: 49N. 1000–2900 m. +1° +2°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria chilensis Dall, 1908.

Cuspidaria (Luzonia) chilensis Dall, 1908c: 282, pl. 13, f. 13. 38S–11N: 14N. 1200–1900 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria cowani Bernard, 1967.

Cuspidaria (Cuspidaria) cowani Bernard, 1967: 2629, pl. 1. 53N. 1318 m. +2° C. Recent.

Cuspidaria filatovae Bernard, 1979.

Cuspidaria filatovae Bernard, 1979: 14, f. 1. 45N: 46N. 3500–3990 m. +2°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria glacialis (G. O. Sars, 1878).

Neaera glacialis G. O. Sars, 1878: 88, pl. 6, f. 8a–c.

Panarctic, circumboreal.

59N–71N: 65N. 20–460 m. –2° +6°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria haasi Knudsen, 1970.

Cuspidaria haasi Knudsen, 1970: 145, f. 102, 103. 9N. 3570 m. +2°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria murrayi (E. A. Smith, 1885).

Neaera murrayi E. A. Smith, 1885: 319. 35N (170E). 5307 m. +1°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria panamensis Dall, 1908.

Cuspidaria panamensis Dall, 1908c: 222, 432, pl. 16, f. 2. 7N. 915–1281 m. +2° +8°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria parapodema Bernard, 1969.

Cuspidaria parapodema Bernard, 1969: 2232, f. 2; *part. Neaera obesa auct.* not Lovén, 1846 (Atlantic) *part. C. adopema auct.* not Dall, 1916. R

28N–34N: 31N. 50–320 m. +6° +14°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria parkeri Knudsen, 1970.

Cuspidaria parkeri Knudsen, 1970: 150, f. 108, 109. 23N. 2790–2817 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria patagonica (E. A. Smith, 1885).

Neaera patagonica E. A. Smith, 1885: 39, pl. 7, f. 5, a, b. 50S. 302 m. +2° +5°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria subglacialis Dall, 1913.

Cuspidaria subglacialis Dall, 1913: 593. 31N–48N: 40N. 2030 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Cuspidaria variola Bernard, 1979.

Cuspidaria variola Bernard, 1979: 16, f. 2. 45N–48N: 47N. 2850–3585 m. +2°C. Recent.

Genus *Myonera* Dall, 1886.

Myonera garretti Dall, 1908.

Myonera garretti Dall, 1908c: 222, 434, pl. 5, f. 4. 4N. 1650 m. +3° +4°C. Recent.

Myonera mexicana Knudsen, 1970.

Myonera mexicana Knudsen, 1970: 134, f. 91, 92; *part. M. garretti auct.* not Dall, 1908.

14N–57N: 36N. 1110–3557 m. +2° +4°C. Recent.

Myonera tillamookensis Dall, 1916.

Myonera tillamookensis Dall, 1916a: 23 *nom. nud.*; 1916b: 407. 45N–51N: 48N. 1400–2200 m. +2° +3°C. Recent.

Genus *Plectodon* Carpenter, 1864.

Plectodon scaber Carpenter, 1864.

Plectodon scaber Carpenter, 1864c: 611, 638.

Galapagos Islands.

1S–34N: 17N. 20–250 m. +9° +27°C. Recent.

NOTES

1. *Acila divaricata* (Hinds 1843) has been recorded from the eastern Bering Sea (Neiman 1963). Though I have been unable to examine specimens, I suspect a mislabelling here and correct identification should be *A. castrensis* (Hinds 1843).
2. *Nucula colombiana* (Dall 1908) was recorded as extending to southern Chile in 735 m in the original description. Examination of material in the USNM shows the Chilean specimens it should be assigned to a new species and *N. colombiana* reserved for shallow water, tropical representatives.
3. *Nucula linki* (Dall 1916) was identified (Dall 1921) from northern deep water locations, this record probably represents a new species.
4. *Nucula panamina* (Dall 1908) has been identified from more than 1900 m off California (Knudsen 1970). I believe this material is referable to *N. cardara* (Dall 1916).
5. *Malletia koltzoffi* (Hägg 1904) has been merged with the Atlantic *M. cuneata* Jeffreys, 1876, by Knudsen (1980) though I believe them to be distinct species.
6. *Saurnia californica* (Dall 1916) has not been recognized since its description. The holotype is juvenile and probably represents an extralimital species.
7. *Nuculana peruviana* (Dall 1908) appears to be a good species, but not collected since its description. The name is preoccupied by Dall 1898 which was a replacement name for *Leda acuminata* (Nelson 1870) not Orbigny, 1850. I am not now proposing a *nom. nov.*, awaiting more material.
8. *Nuculana rhytida* (Dall 1908) has for its type location Acapulco, Mexico, but the specimen label says Chile, and it almost certainly belongs to the Chilean fauna.
9. *Yoldia martyria* (Dall 1897) was recorded from the Gulf of California in about 120 m, but examination of the material in the USNM suggests this record should be assigned to a new species.
10. *Barbatia solidula* (Dunker 1868) the type locality was cited as the Gulf of California, but the species is extralimital and has previously been rejected by Keen (1971) and possibly a senior name for the Japanese *Arca stearnsii* Pilsbry 1895.
11. *Barbatia divaricata* (Sowerby 1833) is a widely distributed Indo-Pacific species, recognized from Clipperton Island by Hertlein & Allison (1966) as *Arca laysana* (Dall, Bartsch & Rehder 1938).
12. *Anadara transversa* (Say 1822) has been reported as accidentally introduced to San Francisco Bay with Atlantic oysters (Packard 1918; Hanna 1939), but it has not become established.
13. *Anadara auricula nom. nov.* This is a valid species. It may be distinguished from *A. formosa* (Sowerby 1833) by the more elongate form, fewer ribs and lack of the hirsute epidermis. It is known only from Ecuador.
14. *Bathyarca* is according to Knudsen (1970) referable to *Acar* and *Arca* and is characterized by polymorphism, most recognized Pacific species falling in the synonymy of *Arca orbiculata* (Dall 1881). Having examined all available material and many holotypes of described species, I consider each of these taxa distinct and accord *Bathyarca* generic status.
15. *Glycymeris profunda* (Dall 1878) was described from Californian Tertiary fossil material, worn and displaying ribs. Several authors following Willett (1943) have identified modern material with it. In my opinion it represents *G. corteziensis* Dall 1916, but further comparative work is necessary to substantiate this view.
16. *Ischadium recurvum* (Rafinesque 1820) was recorded from Newport Bay, California (Dall 1921), based on a single, living specimen. It is not established, and the record may be an error.
17. *Mytilus californianus* (Conrad 1837) has been assigned to the subgenus *Crenomytilus* (Soot-Ryen 1955) by some workers, but the lack of pits on the resilial ridge suggest it may best be treated as *Mytilus sensu stricto*. The species was widely distributed throughout the northern Pacific in the Pliocene and Pleistocene, but now appears limited to the northeastern Pacific.
18. *Mytilus chilensis* (Hupé 1854) is not separable from *M. edulis* (Linné 1758) using shell characters, but the absence of either species from the tropical zones makes them separate since at least the Miocene; however there may have been considerable mixing of stocks since the fifteenth century, due to shipping activities.
19. *Lioberus* (Dall 1898) is placed by the *Treatise on Invertebrate Paleontology* in the Crenellinae, but, despite the presence of siphons, anatomically it is closer to the Modiolinae.
20. *Lioberus splendidus* (Dunker 1857) was described from California in a paper dealing with a wide array of mytilids from the Cuming Collection. Nothing like this species has subsequently been found on the West Coast. I have examined the type in the British Museum (Natural History) and consider it probably referable to the west Atlantic *L. castaneus* (Say 1822).
21. *Modiolus kurilensis nom. nov.* is proposed to replace *Volsella difficilis* (Kuroda & Habe 1950) preoccupied by *Modiola difficilis* (Deshayes 1863) from Reunion Island. Kuroda & Habe (1950), based on Taki (1933) recognized a large distinct modiolid widely distributed from the Kurile Islands to Korea and Japan. The substitute name is derived from the first mentioned location, herein designated the type locality.
22. *Pteria sterna* (Gould 1851) has been collected as far north as Newport Bay, California (34°N), juveniles settling outside the normal range in exceptional years, although they survive, they do not reproduce; and the species is not established north of Cabo San Quintin, Baja California (30°N).
23. *Pteria viridizona* (Dall 1916) is known only from the type material, said to be from Long Beach, California, and has not been collected again. This material was catalogued into the USNM with three other lots on October 25, 1903, all well-known Caribbean species. It is highly probable that *P. viridizona* represents misplaced Atlantic *P. longisquamosa* (Dunker 1852).
24. *Vulsella pacifica* (Dall 1916) described from Nicaragua and not since collected. It is doubtful that it occurs in the eastern Pacific and may be a misplaced *V. mytilina* (Lamarck 1819) from the Indo-Pacific.
25. *Atrina listeri* (Orbigny 1846) recorded from Tierra del Fuego probably is the Atlantic *Pinna seminuda* (Lamarck 1819).
26. *Acesta patagonica* (Dall 1902) is represented in the USNM by a single valve from Panama Bay (9°N) in 589m, probably a misplaced specimen.
27. *Crassostrea columbiensis* (Hanley 1846) with a northern limit of Bahia Tortola, Baja, California (28°N), is present in the Walter Eyerdam Collection (Seattle) collected near Ensenada (32°N) in 1930, where it is no longer found (J. McLean *in Litt*).
28. *Crassostrea corteziensis* (Hertlein 1951) is the most abundant large oyster in the Gulf of California, from which it was introduced in the 1930s to Newport Bay and other California sites, but it did not establish itself.
29. *Crassostrea gigas* (Thunberg 1793) has been introduced from Japan to many California to Alaska locations; reproduction is not reliable but the adults flourish.
30. *Ostrea tubulifera* (Dall 1914) is known only from the type material and possibly from the Pearl Islands, Panama (8°N) recorded by Olsson (1961). I doubt if it represents a valid species. The type may be the Indo-Pacific *O. echinata* (Quoy & Gaimard 1834) and the Pearl Island material a particularly spiny *O. conchaphila* (Carpenter 1857).
31. *Lopha folium* (Linné 1758) has been collected in the Gulf of Panama (8°N); other records require substantiation. This species belongs to a group with distinct ecomorphs, often accorded specific or subspecific status.

32. *Chlamys islandica* (Müller 1776) according to MacNeil (1967) does not occur in the Pacific Ocean or Bering Sea, though Grau (1959) considered *C. behringiana* (Middendorff 1849) and *C. albida* (Arnold 1906) to be subspecies of *C. islandica*. I believe them to be distinct but on the other hand, species proposed by MacNeil, appear to me to be mere variants of *C. islandica*.
33. *Hinnites* (DeFrance 1821) is usually accorded full generic status. I am unable to find distinguishing characters and do not consider the late cementation and idiomorphic growth sufficient to accord more than subgeneric separation.
34. *Semipallium zeteki* (Hertlein 1935) was proposed as a replacement name for the preoccupied *Pecten digitatus* (Hinds 1844), but nothing corresponding to the description is known from the eastern Pacific. The taxon is probably referable to *S. vexillum* (Reeve 1853) from the western Pacific.
35. *Cyclopecten imbrifer* (Lovén 1847) probably does not occur in the eastern Pacific, but is included on the basis of material from Oregon that may be a new species, but the relationship to *C. benthalis* (Grau 1959) must be resolved.
36. *Cyclopecten incongruus* (Dall 1916) is known from the holotype only; though the type locality is cited as San Diego, California, the specimen label states Cedros Island, Baja California.
37. *Cyclopecten vitreus* (Gmelin 1791) seems to be the species with the widest distribution, but may include a complex of species that may be separable with the study of shell ultrastructure.
38. *Pecten berryi* *nom. nov.* is proposed for the preoccupied *P. lunaris* (Berry 1963).
39. *Spondylus tenebrosus* (Reeve 1856) has been recorded from Clipper-ton Island (Salvat & Ehrhardt 1970).
40. *Spondylus victoriae* (Sowerby 1859) is widespread throughout the Gulf of California and is well represented in the collection of the Allan Hancock Foundation. Though overlooked by modern workers, the name was used for Recent and Pliocene species by Durham (1950).
41. *Anomia chinensis* (Philippi 1849) was incidentally introduced from Japan to Willapa Bay, Washington, but did not become established.
42. *Pododesmus cepio* (Gray 1850) is frequently merged with *P. macrochisma* (Deshayes 1839) which is confined to Alaska.
43. *Lucina approximata* (Dall 1901) probably is represented by a complex of several species.
44. *Lucina mazatlanica* (Carpenter 1857) requires careful evaluation. It has been reported from the Gulf of California in 1043 m (Emerson and Puffer 1957).
45. Thyasirinae subfamily *nov.* is proposed for members of the family Thyasiridae that are deeply infaunal, usually in regions of low productivity and low oxygen tension. The unsculptured shell has sharp dorsal folds accompanied by one or two radial sulci. The most profound modifications are in the soft parts, particularly the long vermiform foot, with terminal secretory bulb, which forms the mucoid inhalant tube. The anterior adductor muscle is elongated by the rotation of the body relative to the shell. The type genus is *Thyasira* Leach in Lamarck 1818. Included genera are *Conchocele* (Gabb 1866), *Maorithyas* (Fleming 1950), *Parathyasira* (Iredale 1930) and *Philis* (Fischer 1861).
46. *Conchocele excavata* (Dall 1901) is usually placed in *Thyasira sensu stricto*, but the shell and anatomy show that it should be assigned to *Conchocele*. Shallow water (18–90 m) records from the Gulf of California (Parker 1964) are not this species.
47. Axinopsidinae subfamily *nov.* is proposed for members of the family Thyasiridae that are members of the shallow infauna. Unlike the Thyasirinae, the group lacks shell folds or sulci, the hinge is strengthened by tubercles or pseudodentition, and the lunule is well developed. The subfamilies have arborescent digestive diverticula, but the foot is much shorter in the Axinopsidinae and lacks the hypertrophied terminal portion. I consider the proposed subfamily, dating from the Pliocene, only distantly related to the Thyasirinae which arose in the Cretaceous. The type genus is *Axinopsida* Keen and Chavan in Chavan 1951. Included genera are *Adontorhina* (Berry 1947) and *Axinulus* (Verrill & Bush 1898).
48. *Felaniella parilis* (Conrad 1848), described as a Miocene fossil, was first united with living material by Grant & Gale (1931) though largely ignored by subsequent workers, review of a large suite of living and fossil material from California and Washington (Pliocene), confirms my opinion.
49. *Kelliinae* subfamily *nov.* is proposed to contain members of the family Kelliidae with strong dentition, mantle folds not extendable over the shell surface and the foot not modified into a wide creeping sole. The type genus is *Kellia* (Turton 1822). Included genera are *Aligena* (Lea 1846), *Diplodontina* (Stempell 1899), and *Odontogena* Cowan 1964.
50. *Aligena pisum* (Dall 1908) is known only from a left valve, eroded and immature. It has been assigned to *Axinulus* by Harry (1969), but certainly is not a member of that genus. This taxon may best be considered a *nomen dubium*.
51. *Borninae* subfamily *nov.* is proposed to contain the genera *Bornia* (Philippi 1836), *Rhamphidonta* (Bernard 1975) and *Solecardia* (Conrad 1849). Unlike other members of the family Kelliidae, this group has the hinge comparatively weakly developed, the shell thin and elongated. The mantle inner fold is capable of great extension to cover the entire shell valves, and the foot modified into a wide creeping disc. The type genus is *Bornia* (Philippi 1836).
52. Eryciniinae subfamily *nom. transl.* is proposed for member genera of the family Lasaeidae with elongated compressed shells, weak to moderate hinge plate, laterals lamelliform, ligament extending backwards. The type genus is *Erycina* Lamarck 1805. Also included is *Amerycina* Chavan 1959.
53. Lasaeinae subfamily *nom. transl.* is proposed for the distinctive genus *Lasaea* (Brown 1827) of the family Lasaeidae. The subfamily is characterized by a rounded minute shell, nearly vertical beaks, and a thick, heavy hinge with a protruding cardinal in the left valve. The lateral teeth are similar in both valves and continuous with other teeth.
54. Montacutinae subfamily *nom. transl.* is proposed for genera of the family Montacutidae with subequilateral shells, thickened lateral teeth and minute resilium. The type genus is *Montacuta* (Turton 1822). The other included genus is *Montacutona* (Yamamoto and Habe 1959).
55. Mysellinae subfamily *nov.* is proposed for the very distinct genus *Mysella* (Angas 1877) which should probably be divided into several genera. All species have a large resilifer, frequently bounded by raised margins or teeth forming a chondrophore-like structure.
56. Orobittellinae subfamily *nov.* is proposed for a number of genera of the family Montacutidae, with usually inequilateral shells and oblique poorly developed resilifers. The right valve displays a strong anterior lateral tooth. The type genus is *Orobittella* (Dall 1900). Included genera are *Isorobitella* (Keen 1962), *Neaeromya* (Gabb 1873), *Pythinella* (Dall 1899), and tentatively, *Scioberetia* (Bernard 1895).
57. Thecodontinae subfamily *nov.* is proposed for very inequilateral genera of the Montacutidae, with projecting prosogyrate beaks, resilifer oblique. Left valve with anterior lateral tooth slightly serrated and curved, following shell margin. The type genus is *Thecodonta* (A. Adams 1864). The east Pacific representative is *Pristes* (Carpenter 1864).
58. *Basterotia quadrata* (Hinds 1843), described without locality. According to Olsson (1961) it was cited by Dall as a member of the east Pacific fauna. I am unable to find mention of any such species by Dall, but Paetel (1890) did include it in his catalogue. The species is a common warm water west Atlantic Ocean and Caribbean species.
59. *Cyclocardia gouldii* (Dall 1903) was described from 1503m off San Diego, California, but no other material from this well-collected area matches the type material. I consider this to be a misplaced Atlantic *C. borealis* (Conrad 1831), the elongate form sometimes accorded subspecific status as *C. borealis novangliae* (Morse 1869). This conclusion may be

supported by the observation in the USNM of a sample of *V. borealis* labelled Cape May, Albatross Station 2023 while the Albatross Station for *C. gouldii* is 2923; it may be speculated that a label may have been misread.

60. The South American representatives are obviously referable to *Cyclocardia*, but the deeper lunule and overhanging umbones are suggestive of *Cardites* (Link 1807). It is possible that the group should be accorded subgeneric status within *Cyclocardia*.

61. Crassatellacea superfamily *nom. transl. et amend.* is proposed to exclude the astartids, and to comprise the families Crassatellidae and Scambulidae characterized by an internal alivincular ligament. Though distantly related to astartids, similarities are due to convergence (Boyd & Newell 1968).

62. Astartacea superfamily *nom. transl.* is proposed to contain the families Astartidae (Orbigny 1844) and Opiniidae (Chavan 1952), characterized by an external, opisthodontic, parivincular ligament. Similarities to the superfamily Crassatellacea are the result of convergence.

63. *Astarte longirostra* (Orbigny 1846) though clearly astartid, is with doubt assigned to the genus *Astarte*. The total lack of lunule and vestigial escutcheon, the long, narrow, and deeply sunk ligament and the anomalous antiboreal distribution, suggest a careful review is required. Some features suggest affinity with Eriphyliinae (Chavan 1952).

64. Clinocardiinae (Kafanov 1975) was not recognized by Keen (1980) who includes *Clinocardium* (Keen 1936) in the subfamily Laevicardiinae (Keen 1936). I am inclined to accept Kafanov's division on the basis of shell ultrastructure and consider it useful to segregate *Clinocardium* and *Serripes* (Gould 1841) from *Laevicardium* (Swainson 1840) and similar forms.

65. *Macromeris polynyma* (Stimpson 1860), though usually only accorded subgeneric rank in *Macra*, is sufficiently distinct to be elevated to full genus. The thick shell, fibrous periostracum and hinge structure support this interpretation.

66. The presence of a third horse clam in the fauna will be a surprise to many workers. The species, to be named by B. Roth (*in litt.*) has a limited subtidal distribution in California and was first recognized as distinct by Dinnell and Martini (1974) who erroneously referred it to *Venus pajaroana* (Conrad 1857).

67. *Tellina scobinata* (Linné 1758) was listed from the Galapagos Islands (Schwengel 1938), but is a member of the Australian fauna.

68. *Tellina virgata* (Linné 1758) said to occur in Magellan Strait (Bertin 1878), is probably a misplaced specimen of Indo-Pacific *T. cumingii* (Hanley 1844).

69. *Macalia californiensis* (Bertin 1878) was incorrectly described from California; the material probably was Japanese and referable to *Tellina bruguieri* (Hanley 1844).

70. *Macoma hesperus* (Dall 1908) is known only from the holotype, described from the Gulf of Panama, but the Albatross Station (2355) is Caribbean and the specimen is probably *Tellina brevifrons* (Sowerby 1834).

71. *Psammotreta gubernaculum* (Hanley 1844) described from Real Llejos and included by various workers in the west coast fauna, the holotype label states "India" and the species is, according to Keen (1971), probably identical to *P. praerupta* (Salisbury 1934).

72. *Psammotreta plebeia* (Hanley 1844) described from Real Llejos, is extralimital. The type is labelled west Africa, and probably is referable to *P. cumana* (Costa 1829) from Senegal.

73. *Semele clydosa* *nom. nov.* is proposed for the preoccupied *Amphidesma punctatum* (Sowerby 1833). The specific name is derived from the Greek *klydon*, waves, referring to the concentric undulations of the shell.

74. *Semele medioamericana* (Pilsbry & Lowe 1932) described from Nicaragua has not since been collected, and probably represents displaced Caribbean *S. proficua* (Pultney 1799).

75. *Semele pacifica* (Dall 1915) the type location was incorrectly stated to be Catalina Island, California. This Panamic species does, however, extend north into the Gulf of California.

76. *Senelina nuculoides* (Conrad 1841) recorded from the eastern Pacific by Hoffstetter (1952) as a subfossil from Atacama, is probably referable to *S. subquadrata* (Carpenter 1857). *S. nuculoides* is limited to the west Atlantic Ocean and Caribbean.

77. *Theora lubrica* (Gould 1861) has been introduced from Japan to several Californian locations (Hardy 1970; Seapy 1974) and is probably established at Newport Bay and in Los Angeles Harbour.

78. *Tagelus violascens* (Carpenter 1857) may be a synonym of *T. dombeii* (Lamarck 1818).

79. *Donax bellus* (Deshayes 1855) described from Acapulco, Mexico, has not since been recognized. According to Keen (1971) it probably represents the Atlantic *D. variabilis* (Say 1832).

80. *Donax carpenteri* (H. Adams & A. Adams 1856) renamed for material said to have come from the Gulf of California, is presently lost. No decision on the status of this taxon can be made until the type interval is located.

81. *Donax flexuosus* (Gould 1853) described from California probably represents misplaced Caribbean *D. striatus* (Linné 1767).

82. *Iphigenia altior* (Sowerby 1833) probably is the same as *Iphigenia laevigata* auctt not Gmelin 1791 cited by Carpenter (1857) which he considered a Brazilian species (*vide* H. Adams & A. Adams 1856).

83. *Trapezium californicum* (Conrad 1837) though described from California, is in fact Hawaiian and referable to the widely distributed Indo-Pacific species *T. oblongum* (Linné 1758).

84. *Trapezium liratum* (Reeve 1843) has been introduced to the west coast of North America with Japanese seed oysters. Specimens have been collected at Elkhorn Slough, California (Bonnot 1935) and Ladysmith Harbour, British Columbia. The species does not seem to have become established.

85. *Polymesoda* (Rafinesque 1828) includes species that inhabit brackish to fresh waters, but shell valves are frequently found near river mouths and in estuaries.

86. *Polymesoda convexa* (Deshayes 1855) described from Central America has not since been collected, the generic assignment is not obvious, and the type not located; thus it is best considered a *nom. dub.*

87. *Ventricolaria lepidoglypta* (Dall 1902) described in error from Acapulco, Mexico is extralimital, possibly, according to Keen (1971), the west Pacific *Venus foveolata* (Sowerby 1853).

88. *Chione californiensis* (Broderip 1835) is accepted in preference to *Venus leucodon* (Sowerby 1835) though the latter has page priority, following Carpenter (1864) as the first reviser.

89. *Chione schottii* (Dall 1902) described from Humboldt Bay in the Gulf of Panama, probably is a ballast shell, perhaps, according to Olsson (1961) the Atlantic *Venus striatula* (Costa 1778).

90. *Mercenaria apodema* (Dall 1902) was also described from Humboldt Bay, Gulf of Panama (see note 89), probably a ballast shell referable to the Atlantic *Venus campechiensis* (Gmelin 1791).

91. *Mercenaria kennicottii* (Dall 1871) described from Neah Bay, Washington. Dall also referred to a single valve from Monterey, California, but no similar material has since been collected. I suspect the northern accord is referable to the Japanese *Venus stimpsoni* (Gould 1861), and the southern valve to ballast or misplaced Atlantic *V. mercenaria* (Linné 1758).

92. *Mercenaria mercenaria* (Linné 1758) is an Atlantic species introduced to San Francisco Bay, Newport, California, and possible other locations. It is possibly established at Humboldt Bay, California (Hanna 1966).

93. *Meretrix lusoria* (Röding 1798) is a western Pacific species introduced to Washington State in 1959, but the species did not become established (Hanna 1966).
94. *Amiantis lubrica* (Broderip 1835) was described from Costa Rica, but according to Sowerby (1853) is referable to the Atlantic *Venus purpurata* (Lamarck 1818).
95. *Pitar ida* (Tegland 1928), according to Roth (1975), is in fact an adventitious Atlantic *P. morrhuanus* (Gray 1845).
96. *Saxidomus brevisiphonatus* (Carpenter 1865) described from Vancouver Island, British Columbia, is a senior synonym for the Japanese *Macrocallista chishimana* (Pilsbry 1905).
97. *Clementia gracillima* Carpenter 1857 was described from Mazatlan, Mexico, but is unrecognizable and best considered a *nom. dub.*
98. *Gemma gemma* (Totten 1834) a small Atlantic species, has been widely introduced from the northern Strait of Georgia, British Columbia to San Diego, California (Hanna 1939, 1963).
99. *Petricola pholadiformis* (Lamarck 1818), an Atlantic species, has been introduced to San Francisco Bay, California and Willapa Bay, Washington and other locations and has become established (Hanna 1963).
100. *Venerupis peruviana* Jay, 1839 is a junior synonym of *Petricola denticulata* Sowerby, 1834, so Olsson's name is a homonym and requires replacement.
101. *Mya arenaria* (Linné 1758) has a complex distributional history, though it originated in the north Pacific and spread to the Atlantic, it became extinct in the eastern Pacific and its present inclusion in the fauna is due to introduction in the 1870s (Bernard 1979).
102. Spheniinae subfamily *nov.* is proposed to separate the genus *Sphenia* (Turton 1822) from the Myinae, as the resilifer of the left valve is only superficially similar to the chondrophore of *Mya* and the lateral tubercles of the right valve have no counterpart in *Mya*. I prefer to consider *Sphenia* only distantly related to the subfamily Myinae.
103. *Panope abbreviata* (Valenciennes 1839) is a common species of the southwest Atlantic, and has hitherto not been recorded alive from the Pacific Ocean, though it is frequent in the Pliocene of Ecuador and Miocene of northern Peru under *P. coquimbensis* (Orbigny 1842), *P. hauthali* (Wilckens 1907), and, possibly, *P. inferior* (Wilckens 1907). Through the courtesy of the late W.J. Eyerdam, I have a recently living specimen collected on the beach at Smith Harbour (54°S) in 1958, though more material is required to firmly place the species in the Pacific fauna.
104. *Panope abrupta* (Conrad 1849) a large, abundant clam of the north-east Pacific is indistinguishable from the Japanese representative, which is usually collected as a juvenile. Moore (1964) first recognized the living American species should be assigned to *P. abrupta*.
105. *Pholas cornea* (Sowerby 1834) described from Central America, has not since been recognized and is best considered a *nom. dub.* as the description is insufficiently detailed.
106. *Zirfaea crispata* (Linné 1758) is used in the early literature for *Z. pilsbryi* (Lowe 1931). The species was introduced from the Atlantic to Humboldt Bay, California, but does not appear to have become established.
107. *Penitella tubigera* (Valenciennes 1846) no type location as been cited, however, Carpenter (1857) considered it west American. It is probably referable to the Indo-Pacific *Aspidopholas* (Fischer 1887). (R. D. Turner *in. litt.*)
108. *Pholadidea tridens* (Gray 1843) appeared in the early literature for a number of species, but it is, in fact, New Zealand in distribution.
109. *Netastoma* (Carpenter 1864) is not a homonym of *Nettastoma Rafinesque* 1810, so need not be placed by *Nettastomella* Carpenter 1865 (ICZN pending).
110. *Agriodesma* Dall 1909 is treated as a full genus because the thick, dehiscent periostrum and massive ligament set it apart from *Entodesma* (Philippi 1845) *sensu stricto*.
111. *Allogramma amabilis* (Dall 1913) described from deep water off southern California, has not been identified since and probably is referable to misplaced Atlantic *Lyonsia formosa* (Jeffreys 1881).
112. *Entodesma scammoni* (Dall 1871) was described from Port Simpson, British Columbia and said to range to San Diego, California. It has not since been collected and probably represents an adventitious Atlantic-Caribbean *Lyonsia beana* (Orbigny 1842).
113. *Lyonsia panamensis* (Dall 1908) collected in 1077 m. probably is not a *Lyonsia sensu stricto*, and may be adventitious. Any judgement should be reserved until more material is at hand.
114. Thraciacea superfamily *nom. transl.* is proposed to include three families (Periplomatidae, Laternulidae and Thracidae) placed with the Pandoracea. They are characterized by a homogenous shell and edentulous hinge.
115. *Laternula limicola* (Reeve 1864) has been introduced from Japan to Coos Bay, Oregon, but it has not become established (Keen 1969).
116. Septibranchida is retained to contain the superfamilies Poromyacea and Cuspidariacea which are, at best, only distantly related, the former may require a separate order.

REFERENCES CITED

- ADAMS, H., AND A. ADAMS. 1853-58. The genera of recent Mollusca, arranged according to their organization. London. 3 vol.
- ALLEN, J. A., AND H. L. SANDERS. 1969. *Nucinella serrei* Lamy (Bivalvia: Protobranchia), a monomyarian solemyid and possible living actinodont. *Malacologia* 7: 381-396.
- ALLEN, J. A., AND J. F. TURNER. 1974. On the functional morphology of the family Verticordiidae (Bivalvia) with descriptions of new species from the abyssal Atlantic. *Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci.* 248: 401-535.
- BEEDHAM, G. E., AND E. R. TURNER. 1968. The cuticle of the Aplacophora and its evolutionary significance in the Mollusca. *J. Zool. Lond.* 154: 443-451.
- BERNARD, F. R. 1974. Septibranchs of the eastern Pacific (Bivalvia: Anomalodesmata). *Allan Hancock Monogr. Mar. Biol.* 8: 279p.
1976. Living Chamidae of the eastern Pacific (Bivalvia: Heterodonta). *Nat. Hist. Mus. Los Angeles City. Contrib. Sci.* 278: 43p.
1979. New species of *Cuspidaria* from the northeastern Pacific (Bivalvia: Anomalodesmata), with a proposed classification of septibranchs. *Venus. Jpn. J. Malacol* 38: 14-24.
- BONNOT, P. 1935. A recent introduction of exotic mollusks into California waters from Japan. *Nautilus* 49: 1-2.
- BOYD, D. W., AND N. D. NEWELL. 1968. Hinge grades in the evolution of Crassatellacean bivalves as revealed by Permian genera. *Am. Mus. Novit.* 2328: 52p.
- BURCH, J. Q. (ed.) 1944-46. Distributional list of the west American marine mollusks from San Diego, California, to the Polar Sea. *Conch. Club South. Calif. Mins.* 33-63.
- CARCELLES, A. R., AND S. T. WILLIAMSON. 1971. Catalogo de los moluscos marinos de la Provincia Magallanica. *Rev. Inst. Nac. Invest. Cienc. Nat. Zool. (Buenos Aires).* 2: 225-383.
- CARPENTER, P. P. 1872. The mollusks of western North America. Embracing the second report made to the British Association on this subject, with other papers, reprinted by permission, with a general index. *Smithson. Mis. Collect.* 252: 325p.
- CARTER, J. G., AND R. C. ALLEN. 1975. Calcification in the bivalve periostracum. *Lethaia* 8: 315-320.
- COX, L. R. 1959. The geological history of the Protobranchia, and the dual origin of taxodont Lamellibranchia. *Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond.* 33: 200-209.
1960. Thoughts on the classification of the Bivalvia. *Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond.* 34: 60-88.
- DALL, W. H. 1921. Summary of marine shellbearing mollusks of the northwest coast of America. *U.S. Natl. Mus. Bull.* 112: 217 p. 22 pls.
- DAVIES, A. M. 1935. Tertiary faunas. Vol. 1. The composition of Tertiary faunas. London. 406p.
- DINNELL, P. A., AND J. D. DE MARTINI. 1974. A supposedly extinct bivalve species found living off California. *Veliger* 17: 44-47.
- DURHAM, J. W. 1950. *E. W. Scripps* cruise to the Gulf of California, Part II: Megascopic paleontology and marine stratigraphy. *Geol. Soc. Am. Mem.* 43: 216p., 48pls.
- EMERSON, W. K., AND E. L. PUFFER. 1957. Recent mollusks of the 1940 *E. W. Scripps* cruise to the Gulf of California. *Am. Mus. Novit.* 1825: 57 p.
- GORMAN, M., AND P. W. WINKLER. 1978. Anglo-American cataloguing rules. *Am. Lib. Assoc.* 620p.
- GORSHOV, S. G. (ed.) 1974. Atlas of the Pacific Ocean. Vol. 1 of World Ocean Atlas. USSR Defence Ministry, Navy. 302pls. (Distributed by Pergamon Press.)
- GRANT, U. S., AND H. R. GALE. 1931. Catalogue of the marine Pliocene and Pleistocene Mollusca of California and adjacent regions. *Mem. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist.* 1: 1036 p., 32 pls.
- GRAU, G. 1959. Pectinidae of the eastern Pacific. *Univ. Calif. publ. Allan Hancock Found. Pac. Exp.* 23: viii + 208p. 57pls.
- HABE, T. 1977. Systematics of Mollusca in Japan. Bivalvia and Scaphopoda. Tokyo, Japan. 372 p.
- HANNA, G. D. 1939. Exotic mollusca in California. *Calif. Dep. Agric. Bull.* 28: 298-321, 4 pls.
1966. Introduced mollusks of western North America. *Occas. Pap. Calif. Acad. Sci.* 48: 108p. 4 pls.
- HARDY, R. A. 1970. The marine environment of upper Newport and Sunset Bays, Orange County, California. *Resources Agency Calif. Dept. Fish and Game. MRR70-10:* 84 p.
- HERTLEIN, L. G., AND E. C. ALLISON. 1966. Additions to the molluscan fauna of Clipperton Island. *Veliger* 9: 138-140.
- HOFFSTETTER, R. 1952. Moluscos subfosiles de los estanques de sal de Salinas (Pen. de Santa Elena, Ecuador). Comparacion con la fauna actual de Ecuador. *Bol. Inst. Cienc. Nat. (Quito)* 1: 5-79.
- JACKSON, R. T. 1891. The phylogeny of the Pelecypoda. *Mem. Soc. Nat. Hist. Boston.* 4: 277-400, pls. 23-30.
- KEEN, A. M. 1937. An abridged check list and bibliography of west American marine mollusca. Stanford Univ. Press. Calif. 87p.
1969. *Laternula* living on the Pacific coast? *Veliger* 11: 439p.
1971. Sea shells of tropical west America. Second edition (with assistance of J.A. McLean). Stanford Univ. press. 1064p. 22pls.
1980. The pelecypod family Cardiidae: A taxonomic summary. *Tulane Stud. Geol. Paleont.* 16: 1-44.
- KENNEDY, W. J., N. J. MORRIS, AND J. D. TAYLOR. 1970. THE SHELL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY AND RELATIONSHIPS OF THE CHAMACEA (BIVALVIA). *PALAEONTOLOGY* 13: 379-413, PLS. 70-77.
- KNIPRATH, E. 1979. The functional morphology of the embryonic shell-gland in the conchiferous molluscs. *Malacologia* 18: 549-552.
- KNUDSEN, J. 1967. The deep-sea Bivalvia. John Murray exped. 1933-34. 11: 239-393, pls. 1-3.
1970. The systematics and biology of abyssal and hadal Bivalvia. *Galathea Rep.* 11: 241p., 20pls.
- KOROBKOV, I. A. 1954. Spravochnik i metodicheskoe Rukovodstvo po Tretichnym molliuskam Platinchatozhabernye. (Handbook on and systematic guide to Tertiary Mollusca. Lamellibranchia). Gosud. Nauchno-tech. Issledov. Nefti. Gornotoplivnoi litry. Leningradskoi. 444p., 96pls.
- KUKSA, V. I. 1978. Atlas of the intermediate and subsurface intermediate waters of the world ocean. *Hydrometeorology inst. press, Moscow.* 28pp., 83pls.
- LOVE, C. (ed.) 1971. Eastropac Atlas Vol. 2. *Natl. Oceanic Atmos. Adm. Natl. Mar. Fish. Serv. U.S. Circ.* 330, 196fig.
- 1972a. Eastropac Atlas Vol. 5. *Natl. Oceanic Atmos. Adm. Natl. Mar. Fish. Serv. U.S. Circ.* 330, 143fig.
- 1972b. Eastropac Atlas Vol. 6. *Natl. Oceanic Atmos. Adm. Natl. Mar. Fish. Serv. U.S. Circ.* 330, 149fig.
1973. Eastropac Atlas Vol. 7. *Natl. Oceanic Atmos. Adm. Natl. Mar. Fish. Serv. U.S. Circ.* 330, 146figs.
- MACNEIL, F. S. 1967. Cenozoic pectinids of Alaska, Iceland, and other northern regions. *U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper* 553: 57p., 25pls.
- MISSARZHEVSKYI, V. V. 1974. pp. 149-189 in *Biostratigraphy and paleontology of Lower Cambrian of Europe and northern Asia*. *Geol. Inst. Acad. Sci. Inst. Geol. Geophys. Siberia.*
- MOORE, E. J. 1964. Miocene marine mollusks from the Astoria formation in Oregon. *U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper* 419: 109p., 33pls.
- MOORE, R. C. (ed.) 1969-71. *Treatise on invertebrate paleontology. Part N: Bivalvia.* *Geol. Soc. Am.* 3vol. 1224p.
- MORRIS, N. J. 1967. Scaphopoda and Bivalvia. In *The fossil record. A symposium with documentation.* *Geol. Soc. Lon.* 469-477.
1978. The infaunal descendants of the Cycloconchidae: an outline of the evolutionary history and taxonomy of the Heteroconchia, super families Cycloconchacea to Chamacea. *Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci.* 284: 259-275.
- MORTON, B. 1970. The evolution of the heteromyarian condition in the Dreissenacea (Bivalvia). *Palaeontol.* 13: 563-572.
- MÜLLER, K. J. 1975. "*Heraultia varensalensis*" Cobbold (Crustacea) aus dem Unteren Kambrium, der älteste Fall von Geschlechtsdimorphismus. *Palaeontol. Z.* 49: 168-170.
- MUROMTSEV, A. N. 1963. Atlas of temperature, salinity, and density of water in the Pacific Ocean. *Akad. nauk. Moscow. USSR.* 120pls.
- NEAVE, S. A. 1939-1975. *Nomenclator Zoologicus.* A list of the names of genera and subgenera in zoology from the tenth edition of Linnaeus 1758 to the end of 1935. Supplements. 1936-1945; 1946-1955; 1956-1965. 7vols. The Zoological soc. London.
- NEIMAN, A. A. 1963. Kolichestvennoye raspredeleniye bentosa na shel'fe i verkhnikh gorizontakh sklona vostochnoi hast Beringova morya [Quantitative distribution of benthos on the continental shelf and upper horizons of the slope in the eastern Bering Sea]. *Trudy Moskva uses n-issel inst. morskogo rybnogo khoz. i okean.* 48: 145-205.
- NEVESSKAYA, L. A., O. A. SCARLATO, Y. I. STAROBOGATOV, AND A. C. EBERSIN. 1971. *Novyye predstavleniya o sisteme dvustvorchatykh*

- molluskov. [New ideas on Bivalve systematics]. Paleont. Zhur. 2: 3-19.
- NEWELL, I. M. 1948. Marine molluscan provinces of western north America: a critique and a new analysis. Proc. Am Philos. Soc. 93: 155-166.
- NEWELL, N. D. 1954. Status of invertebrate paleontology, 1953. V. Mollusca: Pelecypoda. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. 112: 161-172.
1965. Classification of the Bivalvia. Am. Mus. Novit. 2206: 25p.
- Newell, N. D., and D. W. Boyd. 1970. Oyster-like Permian Bivalvia. Bull. Am. Mus. Nat. Hist. 143: 281p.
1978. A palaeontologist's view of bivalve phylogeny. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 284: 203-215.
- NICOL, D. 1950. Origin of the Pelecypod family Glycymeridae. J. Paleontol. 24: 89-98, pls. 20-22.
- OBERLING, J. J. 1964. Observations on some structural features of the Pelecypod shell. Mitt. Naturforsch. Ges. Bern 20: 63p.
- OLSSON, A. A. 1961. Mollusks of the tropical eastern Pacific particularly from the south half of the Panamic-Pacific faunal province (Panama to Peru). Panamic-Pacific Pelecypoda. Paleontol. res. inst. Ithaca. 574p, 86pls.
- OSORIO, C., AND N. BAHAMONDE. 1970. Lista preliminar de Lamelibranquios de Chile. Bol. Mus. Nac. Hist. Nat. Chile. 31: 185-256.
- OWEN, G. 1959. The ligament and digestive system in the taxodont bivalves. Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond. 33: 215-223.
- PACKARD, E. L. 1918. Molluscan fauna from San Francisco Bay. Univ. Calif. Publ. Zool. 14: 199-452, pls. 14-60.
- PAETEL, F. 1890. Catlog der Conchylien-Sammlung. Die Acephalen und die Brachiopoden. Berlin. 3: xxxii + 256p., 12pls.
- POJETA, J. 1971. Review of Ordovician pelecypods. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 695: 46p., 20pls.
- POJETA, J., AND B. RUNNEGAR. 1976. The paleontology of rostroconch mollusks and the early history of the phylum Mollusca. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 968: 88p.
- POJETA, J., B. RUNNEGAR, AND J. KRIZ. 1973. *Fordilla troysensis* Barrande: the oldest known pelecypod. Science. 180: 66-68.
- POJETA, J., B. RUNNEGAR, N. MORRIS, AND N. D. NEWELL. 1972. Rostroconchia: a new class of bivalve mollusks. Science. 144: 264-267.
- PURCHON, R. D. 1956. The stomach in the Protobranchia and Septibranchia (Lamellibranchia) Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. 127: 511-525.
1959. Phylogenetic classification of the lamellibranchia with special reference to the Protobranchia. Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond. 33: 224-230.
1963. Phylogenetic classification of the bivalvia, with special reference to the Septibranchia. Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond. 35: 71-80.
- ROTH, B. 1975. What is *Pitaria ida* Tegland. Veliger 17: 389-392, 1pl.
- RUHOFF, F. A. 1980. Index to the species of Mollusca introduced from 1850 to 1870. Smithsonian. Contrib. Zool. 294: 640p.
- RUNNEGAR, B. 1966. Systematics and biology of some desmodont bivalves from the Australian Permian. J. Geol. Soc. Aust. 13: 372-386.
1974. Evolutionary history of the bivalve subclass Anomalodesmata. J. Paleontol. 48: 904-940.
1978. Origin and evolution of the class Rostroconchia. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 284: 319-333.
- RUNNEGAR, B., AND J. POJETA. 1974. Molluscan phylogeny: the paleontological viewpoint. Science. 186: 311-317.
- SALVAT, B., AND J. P. EHRHARDT. 1970. Mollusques de l'île Clipperton. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. Series 2. 42: 223-231.
- SALVINI-PLAWEN, L. VON 1980. A reconsideration of systematics in the Mollusca (Phylogeny and higher classification) Malacologia. 19: 249-278.
- SCARLATO, O. A., AND Y. I. STAROBOGATOV. 1978. Phylogenetic relations and the early evolution of the class bivalvia. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 284: 217-224.
1979. Osnovnye chery evolyutsii i sistema klassa Bivalvia. [General evolutionary patterns and the system of the class Bivalvia]. p. 5-38 in Morphology, systematics and phylogeny of mollusks. Proc. Zoo. Inst. USSR. Acad. Sci. 80: 125p.
- SEAPY, R. R. 1974. The introduced semelid bivalve *Theora (Endopleura) lubrica* in bays of southern California. Veliger, 16: 385-387.
- SCHENCK, H. G. 1945. Geologic application of biometrical analysis of molluscan assemblages. J. Palaeontol. 19: 504-521.
- SCHENCK, H. G., AND A. M. KEEN. 1936. Marine molluscan provinces of western North America. Proc. Am. Philos. Soc. 76: 921-938.
1937. An index method for comparing molluscan faunules. Proc. Am. Philos. Soc. 77: 161-182.
1940. Biometrical analysis of molluscan assemblages. Mem. Soc. Biogeographie (Paris) 7: 379-392.
- SCHWENGEL, J. 1938. Zoological results of the George Vanderbilt south Pacific expedition 1937, Part I, Galapagos Mollusca. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 90: 1-3.
- SHERBORN, C. D. 1902-1933. Index Animalium. Section I 1758-1800; Section 2 1801-1850. British Museum.
- STANLEY, S. M. 1968. Post-Paleozoic adaptive radiation of infaunal bivalve molluscs—a consequence of mantle fusion and siphon formation. J. Paleontol. 42: 214-229.
- TAKI, I. 1933. Notes on molluscan ecology. Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 3: 330-342.
- TAYLOR, J. D., W. J. KENNEDY, AND A. HALL. 1969-1973. The shell structure and mineralogy of the Bivalvia. I Introduction. Nuculacea - Trigonacea. Bull. Br. Mus. (Nat. Hist.) Zool. Supplement 3. 125p., 29pls. Lucinacea-Clavagellacea. Conclusions. Bull. Br. Mus. (Nat. Hist.) Zool. 22: 253-294, 33pls.
- THOMAS, R. D. K. 1978. Limits to opportunism in the evolution of the Arcoida (Bivalvia). Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 284: 335-344.
- U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE. 1970. Surface water temperature and density. Pacific coast and South America and Pacific Ocean islands. NOS pub. 31-3, (3rd ed.). 88p.
- VAGVOLGYI, J. 1967. On the origin of molluscs, the coelom, and coelomic segmentation. Syst. zool. 16: 153-168.
- WALLER, T. R. 1975. The origin of foliated-calcite shell microstructure in the subclass Pteriomorpha (Mollusca: Bivalvia) Bull. Am. Malacol. Union 57-58 (Abstr.).
1978. Morphology, morphocline and a new classification of the Pteriomorpha (Mollusca: Bivalvia). Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 284: 345-365.
1981. Functional morphology and development of veliger larvae of the European oyster, *Ostrea edulis* Linné. Smithsonian. Contrib. Zool. 328: 70p.
- WILLETT, G. 1943. Northwest American species of *Glycimeris*. Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci. 42: 107-114, pls. 11, 12.
- YOCHELSON, E. L. 1978. An alternative approach to the interpretation of the phylogeny of ancient mollusks. Malacologia. 17: 165-191.
- YONGE, C. M. 1928. Structure and function of the organs of feeding and digestion in the septibranchs, *Cuspidaria* and *Poromya*. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 216: 221-263.
1959. The status of the Protobranchia in the bivalve Mollusca. Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond. 33: 210-214.
1969. Functional morphology and evolution within the Carditacea (Bivalvia). Proc. Malac. Soc. Lond. 38: 493-527.
1975. The status of the Plicatulidae and the Dimyidae in relation to the superfamily Pectinacea (Mollusca: Bivalvia). J. Zool. (Lond.) 176: 545-553.
- 1977a. Form and function in the Anomiacea-*Pododesmus* (*Monia*), *Patro*, *Enigmonia* (Anomiidae): *Placunanomia*, *Placuna* (Placuniidae Fam. nov.). Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 276: 453-523.
- 1977b. The ligament in certain 'Anisomyarians'. Malacologia 16: 311-315.
1978. On the Dimyidae (Mollusca: Bivalvia) with special reference to *Dimya corrugata* Hedley and *Basiliomya goreau* Bayer. J. Moll. Stud. 44: 357-375.
- YONGE, C. M., AND B. MORTON. 1980. Ligament and lithodesma in the Pandoracea and the Poromyacea, with a discussion on evolutionary history in the Anomalodesmata (Mollusca: Bivalvia). J. Zool. Lond. 191: 263-292.

TAXONOMIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

- ADAMS, A. 1850a. Descriptions of new species of shells from the Cumingian collection. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1849). 169-170, pls. 6.
- 1850b. Description of new species of the genus *Cumingia*, with some additional generic characters. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1850). 24-25, pls. 8.
1854. Descriptions of new species of *Semele*, *Rhizochilus*, *Plotia*, and *Tiara* in the Cumingian collection. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1853). 94-99.
1856. Descriptions of thirty-four new species of bivalve Mollusca (*Leda*, *Nucula*, and *Pythina*) from the Cumingian collection. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1856). part 24: 47-53.
1859. Description of a new conchiferous mollusc of the genus *Pandora*. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1859): 487.
1863. Description of a new genus and of twelve new species of Mollusca. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1863). 506-509.
- ADAMS, A., and L. REEVE. 1848-1850. Mollusca in Adams, A.: The zoology of the voyage of *H. M. S. Samarang*; under the command of Captain Sir Edward Belcher. London. pt1 pp i-x(i-ii) 1-24, Pl.1-9 (November 1848); pt2. pp.25-44, pl10-17 (May 1850); pt.3, pp.45-87, pl.18-24 (August 1850).
- ADAMS, C. B. 1852. Catalogue of shells collected at Panama, with notes on synonymy, station, and habitat. Anns. Lyceum Nat. Hist. New York. 5: 229-566.
- ADAMS, H., AND A. ADAMS. 1853-1858. The genera of recent mollusca, arranged according to their organization. London, 3vol. Issued in 36parts. Vol.1- vi-xi + 484p. 1-256 (1853); 257-484 (1854). Vol.2- 661p. 1-92 (1854); 93-284 (1855); 85-412 (1856); 413-540 (1857); 541-661 (1858). Vol.3- 138pls. (1858).
- ADEGOKE, O. S. 1967. Earliest Tertiary west American species of *Platyodon* and *Pecitella*. Proc. Cal. Acad. Sci. (Ser. 4) 35: 1-22, 28 figs.
1969. Stratigraphy and paleontology of the marine Neogene formations of the Coalinga region, California. Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sci. 80: iv + 269p., 13pls. maps.
- AGASSIZ, L. 1839. Mémoire sur les moules des mollusques vivans et fossiles. 1. Moules d'acephales vivans. Soc. sci. nat. Neuchatel mem. 2: 48p., 12pls.
- ANTON, H. E. 1837. Diagnosen einiger neuen conchylien arten. Wiegman. Arch. f. Naturgesch. 3: 281-288.
1838. Verzeichniss der Conchylien welche sich in der Sammlung von Hermann Eduard Anton befinden. Halle. xvi + 110p.
- ARNOLD, R. 1903. The Paleontology and Stratigraphy of the Marine Pliocene and Pleistocene of San Pedro, California. Calif. Acad. Sci. Mem. 3: 420p., 37pls.
1906. The Tertiary and Quaternary pectens of California. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 47: iii + 264p., 53pls.
- 1907a. New and characteristic species of fossil mollusks from the oil-bearing Tertiary formations of southern California. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 32: 525-546, pls.38-51.
- 1907b. New and characteristic species of fossil mollusks from the oil-bearing Tertiary formations of Santa Barbara County, California. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 50: 419-447, pls.50-63.
1910. Paleontology of the Coalinga district, Fresno and Kings Counties, California. Bull. U.S. Geol. Surv. 396: 173p., 30pls.
- BAILY, J. L. 1945. *Cardita (Cyclocardia) longini*, new name for *Venericordia (Cyclocardia) nodulosa* Dall 1919. Nautilus 58: 118-120.
- BAIRD, W. 1863a. Description of some new species of shells collected at Vancouver Island and in British Columbia by J. K. Lord, Esq., naturalist to the British North American Boundary Commission, in the years 1858-1862. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (1863). part 32: 66-70.
- 1863b. Description of two species of shells collected by Dr. Lyall, of H.M. Ship *Plumper*, Vancouver Island. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. part 32: 71.
- BARTSCH, P. 1908. A new shipworm from the United States. Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington 21: 211-212.
1916. A new *Teredo* from the west coast of America. Nautilus 30: 47-48.
1921. A new classification of the shipworms and descriptions of some new wood boring mollusks. Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 25-32.
1922. A monograph of the American shipworms. U.S. Natl. Mus. Bull. 122: 51p., 37pls.
- 1923a. Additions to our knowledge of shipworms. Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 36: 95-102.
- 1923b. A new shipworm from Chile. Rev. Chil. Hist. Nat. 27: 147-149.
1929. Obzor kolektsii morskikh sobrannykh Prof. K. Derjugin v saline Petra velikogo. (Yaponskoe More). (Revision of collections of marine molluscs collected by Pof. K. Derjugin in the Gulf of Peter the Great.) Gosud. Hidrol. Inst. Leningrad. 10: 124-140, 4pls.
- 1931a. A new shipworm from Venezuela. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 79: 1-3, 1pl.
- 1931b. The West American mollusks of the genus *Acar*. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 80: 1-4.
1941. A new shipworm from Panama. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 99: 1-2pls.
1944. A new shipworm from the Panama Canal. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 104: 1-3, 1pl.
- BARTSCH, P., AND H. A. REHDER. 1939a. Two new marine shells from the Aleutian Islands. Nautilus 52: 110-112, pl.8.
- 1939b. Molluscs collected on the Presidential Cruise of 1938. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 98: 1-18, pls.1-5.
1945. The west Atlantic boring mollusks of the genus *Martesia*. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 104: 1-16, pls.1-3.
- BAXTER, R. 1977. A new Alaskan *Macoma* (Mollusca: Bivalvia). Veliger 19: 272-276, 2pls.
- BENSON, W. H. 1842. Mollusca. In Cantor, T. General features of Chusan, with remarks on the flora and fauna of the island. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. 9: 486-490.
- BERNARD, F. 1895. Sur un lamellibranche nouveau (*Scioberetia australis*) commensal d'un échinoderme. C. R. Acad. Sci. 121: 569-571.
- BERNARD, F. R. 1967. *Cuspidaria covani*, a new septibranch mollusc from the northeastern Pacific. J. Fish. Res. Board Can. 24: 2629-2630, 1pl.
1968. *Cyclopecten carlottensis*, a new species of Pectinidae from the northeastern Pacific. J. Fish. Res. Board Can. 25: 1509-1510, fig.
1969. Preliminary diagnoses of new Septibranch species from eastern Pacific (Bivalvia: Anomalodesmata). J. Fish. Res. Board Can. 26: 2230-2234, fig.
1974. The genus *Calypptogena* in British Columbia with a description of a new species (Bivalvia, Vesicomiyidae). Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 33: 11-22, fig.
1976. Living Chamidae of eastern Pacific. Nat. Hist. Mus. Los Ang. Cty. Contrib. Sci. 278: 43p., fig.
1978. New bivalve molluscs, subclass Pteriomorphia, from the northeastern Pacific. Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 37: 61-75, fig.
1979. New species of *Cuspidaria* from the northeastern Pacific (Bivalvia: Anomalodesmata), with a proposed classification of septibranchs. Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 38: 14-24, fig.
1980. A new *Solemya s. str.* from the northeastern Pacific. (Bivalvia: Cryptodonta). Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 39: 17-23, fig.
- BERNARDI, M. 1859. Descriptions d'especes nouvelles. J. Conchyliol. 7: 386, pl.13.
- BERRY, S. S. 1907. Molluscan fauna of Monterey Bay, California. Nautilus 21: 17-22, 34-35, 39-47, 51-52.
1937. A new *Dimya* from California. Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond. 22: 126-128, pl.13.
1940. New Mollusca from the Pleistocene of San Pedro, California. Bull. Am. Paleontol. 25: 1-18, pl.1.
1944. A second Californian *Dimya*. Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond. 26: 25-26, fig.
1947. New Mollusca from the Pleistocene of San Pedro, California-III. Bull. Am. Paleontol. 31: 260-272, pls.1,2.
- 1953a. West American razor-clams of the genus *Ensis*. Trans. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist. 11: 393-404, fig.
- 1953b. Notices of new west American marine mollusca. Trans. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist. 11: 405-428, pls.28, 29, fig.
1954. West American Molluscan Miscellany — 1. An hitherto unnamed West American Ark-shell. Leaf. Malacol. 1: 67-69.
- 1957-68. Notices of new Eastern Pacific mollusca. Leaf. Malacol. 1: 75-82 (1957); 107-114 (1959); 115-122 (1960); 139-146 (1963); 147-154 (1964); 155-158 (1968).
- BERTIN, V. 1878. Révision des tellinides du Muséum d'Histoire Naturelle... Arch. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. (Paris) Series2, 1: 201-361, pls.8,9.
1881. Révision des donacideés du Muséum d'Histoire Naturelle... Arch. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. (Paris) Series2, 4: 57-121, pls.3,4.

- BLAINVILLE, H. M. D. DE. 1825-27. Manuel de malacologie et conchologie. . . Paris. viii + 664p., 109pls.
- BOONE, L. 1928. Scientific results of the second oceanographic expedition of the "Pawnee", 1925. Mollusks from the Gulf of California and the Perlas Islands. Bull. Bingham Oceanogr. Collect. Yale Univ. 2: 1-17, pls. 1-3.
- BORCHERT, A. 1901. Die Mollusken Fauna und das Alter des Paraná-Stuffe. In Steinmann, G. Beiträge zur Geologie und Palaeontologie von Süd-Amerika. Neues Jahrb. Miner. 14: 171-245, pls. 6-10.
- BORN, I. 1780. Testacea Musei Caesarei Vindobonensis. Vindobonae. 442p. 18pls.
- BOSC, L. A. G. 1802. Suite des coquilles. In Buffon, G. L. L. de. 1801-03. Histoire naturelle de Buffon. . . classee. . d'apres le systeme de Linné. . . par R. R. Castel (Deterville ed) Paris. 80vols.
- BOSS, K. J., AND R. D. TURNER. 1980. The giant white clam from the Galapagos Rift, *Calypptogena magnifica species novum*. Malacologia 20: 161-194.
- BRODERIP, W. J. 1834. Genus *Placunanomia*. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1834): 2-3.
1835a. On the genus *Chama*, Brug., with descriptions of some species apparently not hitherto characterized. Trans. Zool. Soc. Lond. 1: 301-306, pls. 38, 39.
1835b-1836. Characters of new genera and species of Mollusca and Conchifera, collected by Mr. Cuming. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1835): 41-47 (1835); 192-197 (1836).
- BRODERIP, W. J., AND G. B. SOWERBY. 1829-1830. Observation on new or interesting Mollusca contained for the most part in the Museum of the Zoological Society. Zool. J. Lond. 4: 354-374, pl. 9 (1829), 5: 46-51 (1830).
1832-1833. Characters of new species of Mollusca and Conchifera, collected by Mr. Cuming. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1832): 25-33, 50-61, 104-108 (1832); 194-202 (1833); (for 1833): 82-85 (1833).
- BROWN, T. 1827. Illustrations of the conchology of Great Britain and Ireland. Edinburgh. xvi + 125 p., 52pls.
1837-1845. Illustrations of the Recent conchology of Great Britain and Ireland with the description and localities of all the species. London. xiii + 144 p., 59 pls.
1830. Description of five new British species of shells. J. Nat. Geog. Sci. Edinburgh 1: 1-12, pls.
- BRUGUIÈRE, J. G. 1789. Encyclopediè méthodique; histoire naturelle des vers, des mollusques, des coquillages et zoophytes. Paris. Vol. 1: 757p.
- BURCH, J. Q. 1944-1946. Distributional list of the west American marine mollusks from San Diego, California, to the Polar Sea. Conchology Club. Southern California Minutes #33-63.
- BURCH, T. A. 1941. A survey of the West American Aligenas with a description of a new species. Nautilus 52: 48-51, pl. 4.
- CAMPBELL, G. B. 1962. A new deep-water *Anadara* from the Gulf of California. Veliger 4: 152-154, pl. 37.
- CARPENTER, P. P. 1856a-1857c. Monograph of the shells collected by T. Nuttall Esq., on the Californian Coast, in the years 1834-1835. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1856): 209-224 (1856); 225-229 (1857).
1856b. Description of (supposed) new species and varieties of shells, from the Californian and west Mexican coasts, principally in the collection of Hugh Cuming, Esq. Proc. Zool. Soc. London (for 1855): part 23: 228-232, 233-235.
1856c. Description of new species of shells collected by Mr. T. Bridges in the Bay of Panama and its vicinity, in the collection of Hugh Cuming, Esq. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1856) 24: 159-160, 161-166.
1857a. Report on the present state of our knowledge with regard to the Mollusca of the west coast of North America. British. Ass. Adv. Sci. Rep. (for 1856): 159-368, pls. 6-9.
1857b. Catalogue of the Reigen collection of Mazatlan Mollusca in the British Museum. Warrington, England, Oberlin Press. 552p.
1860a. Check list of the shells of North America — west coast Mexican and Panamic Province. Smithsonian. Misc. Collect. 2: 1-13.
1860b. Notice of shells collected by Mr. J. Xantus at Cape St. Lucas. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. (for 1859): 11: 331-332.
1864a. Review of Prof. C.B. Adam's "Catalogue of the shells of Panama", from the type specimens. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1863): 339-369.
1864b. Diagnoses of new forms of mollusks collected at Cape St. Lucas, lower California, by Mr. J. Xanthus. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 3. 13: 311-315, 474-479; 14: 45-49.
- 1864c. Supplementary report on the present state of our knowledge with regard to the Mollusca of the west coast of North America. British Ass. Adv. Sci. Rep. (for 1863): 517-686.
1864d. Contributions toward a monograph of the Pandoridae. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1864): 596-603.
1864e. Diagnoses of new forms of Mollusca from the Vancouver District. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 3. 14: 423-429.
1864f-1865a. Description of new marine shells from the coast of California. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 3: 155-159 (Part 1); 175-176 (Part 2) [1864]; 177, 207-208 (Part 3) [1865].
1865b. Diagnoses of new forms of Mollusca from the Vancouver District. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 3. 15: 28-32.
1865c. Diagnoses of new forms of Mollusca from the Vancouver District. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1865): 201-204.
1865d. Diagnoses of new species and a new genus of mollusks, from the Reigen Mazatlan Collection; with an account of additional specimens presented to the British Museum. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1865): 268-274.
1865e. Diagnoses of new species of mollusks, from the west tropical region of North America, principally collected by the Rev. J. Rowell, of San Francisco. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1865): 278-282.
1865f. Diagnoses Specierum et Varietatum novarum Molluscorum, prope Sinum Pugetianum a Kennerlio Doctore, nuper decesso, collectorum. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 17: 54-64.
1865g. Diagnoses des Mollusques nouveaux provenant de Californie et faisant partie du Musée de l'Institution Smithsonianne. J. Conchyliol. Series 3. 5: 129-149.
1865h. Diagnoses of new forms of Mollusca, from the west coast of North America, first collected by Col. E. Jewett. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 3. 15: 177-182, 394-399.
- CAUQUOIN, M. 1969a. Mollusques récoltés par M. Hoffstetter sur les cotes de l'Équateur et aux Iles Galapagos. Semelidae et Donacidae. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. Series 2. 40: 574-584.
1969b. Mollusques récoltés par M. Hoffstetter sur les cotes de l'Équateur et aux Iles Galapagos. Mactridae. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. Series 2. 40: 1019-1030.
- CHANELY, P., AND P. DINAMANI. 1980. Comparative descriptions of some oyster larvae from New Zealand and Chile, and a description of a new genus of oyster, *Tiostrea*. N.Z.J. Mar. Freshwater Res. 14: 103-120.
- CHENU, J. C. 1843-1853. Illustrations Conchyliologiques, ou description et figures de toutes les coquilles connues, vivantes et fossiles. . . Bethune et Plain, Paris, 4vol. (issued in 85 parts-by Chenu except Panopaea by Valenciennes.)
- CLAPP, W. F. 1923. A new species of *Teredo* from Florida. Proc. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist. 37: 31-38, pls. 3, 4.
1924. New species of shipworms in Bermuda. Proc. Amer. Acad. Art. Sci. Boston 59: 279-294, pls. 1-3.
- CLARK, B. L. 1915. Fauna of the San Pablo group of middle California. Univ. Calif. Publ. Bull. Geol. 8: 384-572, pls. 42-71.
1918. The San Lorenzo series of middle California. A stratigraphic and paleontologic study of the San Lorenzo Oligocene Series of the general region of Mount Diablo, California. Univ. Calif. Publ. Bull. Geol. 11: 45-234, pls. 3-24.
- CLARK, B. L., AND R. ARNOLD. 1923. Fauna of the Sooke formation, Vancouver Island. . . with a description of a new coral by J. Wayland Vaughan. Univ. Calif. Publ. Bull. Geol. 14: 123-234, pls. 14-42.
- CLENCH, W. J., AND R. D. TURNER. 1946. The genus *Bankia* in the western Atlantic. Johnsonia 2: 1-28.
- COAN, E. V. 1979. Recent eastern Pacific species of the crassatellid bivalve genus *Crassinella*. Veliger. 22: 1-11, fig.
- COE, W. R. 1945. *Mytilus edulis diegensis*, new subspecies. Conchol. Club S. Calif. Mins. 48: 28p.
- CONRAD, T. A. 1831a. Descriptions of fifteen new species of Recent, and three of fossil shells, chiefly from the coast of the United States. J. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 6: 256-267, pl. 11.
1831b. American marine conchology. Philadelphia. (5parts.) 72p., 17pls.
1834. Observations on the Tertiary and more recent formations of a portion of the southern states. Appendix descriptions of new Tertiary fossils from the southern states. J. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 7: 116-157.
1837. Description of new marine shells from upper California, collected by Thomas Nuttall, Esq. J. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 7: 227-268, pls. 17-20.
1841. Appendix to Mr. Hodge's paper describing the new shells. pp. 344-348 in Hodge, J. T. Observations on the Secondary and Ter-

- tiary formations of the Southern United States. Am. J. Sci. Series 1. 41: 332-348.
1848. Fossil shells from Tertiary deposits on Columbia River, near Astoria. Am. J. Sci. Series 2. 5: 432-433.
- 1849a. Fossils from northwest America. p.723-728, pls.17-21. in Dana, J. D. United States Exploring Expedition, 1838-1842, under Charles Wilkes. Geology, Vol.10.
- 1849b. Descriptions of new fresh water and marine shells. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 4: 152-156.
- 1849c. The following new and interesting shells are from the coasts of lower California and Peru, and were presented to the Academy by Dr. Thomas, B. Wilson. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 4: 156.
1853. Descriptions of new fossil shells of the United States. J. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 2: 273-276, pl.24.
- 1855a. Descriptions of eighteen new Cretaceous and Tertiary fossils. Proc. Acad. Sci. Phila. 7: 265-268.
- 1855b. Description of fossil shells from the Eocene and Miocene formations of California. In Blake, W. P.: Pacific Railroad Survey. U.S. House Repts. Document 129: 5-20.
1856. Descriptions of three new genera; twenty-three new species Middle Tertiary fossils from California, and one from Texas. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 8: 312-316.
- 1857a. Description of the Tertiary fossils collected on the survey. Pacific R. R. Rep. 6 (Part 2) 69-73, pls.2-5.
- 1857b. Report on the palaeontology of the survey. Pacific R. R. Rep. 7 (Part 2): 189-196, 10 pls.
- 1867a. Palaeontological miscellanies. Am. J. Conch. 3: 577.
- 1867b. Descriptions of new west coast shells. Am. J. Conch. 3: 192-194.
1868. Catalogue of the family Mactridae. Am. J. Conch. 3 (appendix): 22-29.
- COOPER, J. E., AND H. B. PRESTON, 1910. Diagnoses of new species of marine and freshwater shells from the Falkland Islands, including descriptions of two new genera of marine Pelecypoda. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 8. 5: 110-114, pl.4.
- COOPER, J. G. 1894. Catalogue of shells in the State Mining Bureau. California. 15p.
- COUTHOUY, J. P. 1838. Descriptions of new species of Mollusca and shells, and remarks on several polyphi found in Massachusetts Bay. J. Nat. Hist. Boston 2: 53-111, pls.1-3.
- COWAN, I. MCT. 1964. A new species of the lamellibranch genus *Aligena* from Western Canada. Veliger 7: 108-109.
- CRICKMAY, C. H. 1929. On a new pelecypod *Calyptogena gibbera* (Deadman Island, California). Can. Field-Nat. 43: 93.
- CROSSE, H. 1862. Description d'une espece nouvelle du bord de la Chine. J. Conchylol. 10: 149-150, 1pl.
- CRUZ, M. 1980. Descripcion de un nuevo genero y dos especies de moluscos, (Bivalvia), para el Pacifico Ecuatoriano. Acta Oceanogr. Pacifico. 1: 65-73, fig.
- DALL, W. H. 1870. Revision of the classification of the Mollusca of Massachusetts. Proc. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist. 13: 240-257.
1871. Description of sixty new forms of mollusks from the west coast of North America and the North Pacific Ocean, with notes on others already described. Amer. J. Conch. 7: 93-160, pls.13-16.
1876. Mollusks. In Kidder, J. H. Contributions to the natural history of Kerguelen Island, made in connection with the United States transit-of-Venus expedition. U.S. Natl. Mus. Bull. 3: 42-49.
1877. Preliminary descriptions of new species of mollusks, from the northwest coast of America. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. Series 3. 7: (Not published, issued only as a preprint 6p.).
1878. Fossil mollusks from the later Tertiaries of California. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 12: 219-362, pls.5-14.
- 1884a. A remarkable new type of mollusks. Science (Wash., D.C.) 4: 50-51.
- 1884b. Contributions to the history of the Commander Islands. No.3. Report on the Mollusca of the Commander Islands, Bering Sea, collected by Leonhard Stejneger in 1882 and 1883. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 7: 340-349, pl.2.
1886. Reports on the results of dredging, under the supervision of Alexander Agassiz, in the Gulf of Mexico (1877-78) and in the Caribbean Sea (1879-80), by the U.S. Coast Survey Steamer "Blake", Lieut. Commander C.D.Sigsbee, U.S.N. and Commander J. R. Bartlett, U.S.N., commanding. XXIV. Rept. on the Mollusca, Part I, Brachiopoda and Pelecypoda. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. 12: 171-318, pls.1-9.
- 1889a. Reports on the results of dredging, under the supervision of Alexander Agassiz, in the Gulf of Mexico (1877-78) and in the Caribbean Sea (1879-80), by the U.S. Coast Survey steamer "Blake", Lieut.-Commander C.D.Sigsbee, U.S.N., and Commander J.R. Bartlett, U.S.N., commanding. 29. Report on the Mollusca, Part 2. Gastro-poda and Scaphopoda. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. 18: 1-492, pls.10-40.
- 1889b. Notes on *Lophocardium* Fischer. Nautilus 3: 13-14.
- 1890a. Scientific results of explorations by the U.S. Fish Commission Steamer "ALBATROSS" V.VII. Preliminary report on the collection of Mollusca and Brachiopoda obtained in 1887-88. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 12: 219-362, pls.5-14.
- 1890b. Conchological notes from Oregon. Nautilus: 87-89.
1891. Scientific results of explorations by the U.S. Fish Commission Steamer "ALBATROSS" V.XX. On some new and interesting West America shells obtained from the dredgings of the U.S. Fish Commission Steamer "ALBATROSS" in 1888, and from other sources. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 14: 173-191, pls.5-7.
1893. On a new species of *Yoldia* from California. Nautilus 7: 24-30.
- 1894a. On the species of *Mactra* from California. Nautilus 7: 136-138, pl.5.
- 1894b. One some species of *Mulinia* from the Pacific Coast. Nautilus 8: 5-6, pl.1.
- 1894c. Synopsis of the Mactridae of North America. Nautilus 8: 25-28.
- 1894d. II. Synopsis of the Mactridae of Northwest America, south to Panama. Nautilus 8: 39-43.
- 1895a. Scientific results of explorations by the U.S. Fish Commission steamer "ALBATROSS". 34. Report on Mollusca and Brachiopoda dredged in deep water, chiefly near the Hawaiian Islands, with illustrations of hitherto unfigured species from northwest America. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 17: 675-733, pls.23-32.
- 1895b. Three new species of *Macoma* from the Gulf of Mexico. Nautilus 9: 32-34.
- 1896a. Diagnoses of new species of mollusks from the west coast of America. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 18: 7-20.
- 1896b. New species of *Leda* from the Pacific Coast. Nautilus, 10: 1-2.
- 1896c. Note on *Leda caelata* Hinds. Nautilus. 10: 70.
- 1897a. Notice of some new or interesting species of shells from British Columbia and the adjacent region. Bull. Nat. Hist. Soc. British Columbia 2: 1-18, 2pls.
- 1897b. Report on the mollusks collected by the International Boundary Commission of the United States and Mexico, 1892-1894. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 19: 333-379, pls.31-33.
- 1897c. New west American shells. Nautilus 8: 85-86.
1898. Contributions to the Tertiary fauna of Florida, with especial reference to the Silix-beds of Tampa and the Pliocene beds of the Caloosahatchie River, including in many cases a complete revision of the generic groups treated of and their American Tertiary species. Trans. Wagner Free Inst. Sci. Phila. 3: 57-947, pls.23-35.
- 1899a. Synopsis of the Recent and Tertiary Leptonacea of North America and the West Indies. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 21: 873-897, pls.87,88.
- 1899b. Synopsis of the American species of the family Diplodontidae. Am. J. Conch. 9: 244-246.
- 1899c. Synopsis of the Solenidae of North America and the Antilles. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 22: 107-112.
- 1900a. Synopsis of the family Tellinidae, and of the North American species. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 23: 285-326, pls.2-4.
- 1900b. Contributions to the Tertiary fauna of Florida, with especial reference to the Silix-beds of Tampa and the Pliocene beds of the Caloosahatchie River, including in many cases a complete revision of the generic groups treated of and their American Tertiary species. Part 5. Teleodesmacea: *Solen* to *Diplodonta*. Trans. Wagner Free Inst. Sci. Phila. 3: 949-1218, pls.36-47.
- 1901a. Synopsis of the family Cardiidae and of the North American species. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 23: 381-392.
- 1901b. A new *Pinna* from California. Nautilus 14: 142-143.
- 1901c. Synopsis of the Lucinacea and of the American species. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 23: 779-833, pls.39-42.
- 1902a. Illustrations and descriptions of new, unfigured, or imperfectly known shells, chiefly American, in the U.S. National Museum. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 24: 499-566, pls.27-40.
- 1902b. Notes on the giant Limas. Nautilus 16: 15-17.
- 1902c. New species of Pacific coast shells. Nautilus 16: 43-44.
- 1902d. Synopsis of the family Veneridae and of the North American

- Recent species. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 26: 335-412, pls.12-16.
- 1903a. Synopsis of the Carditacea and of the American species. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 54: 696-716.
- 1903b. Synopsis of the Family Astartidae, with a review of the American species. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 26: 933-951, pls.62-63.
- 1903c. Contributions to the Tertiary fauna of Florida with especial reference to the Silex-beds of Tampa and the Pliocene beds of the Caloosahatchie River, including in many cases a complete revision of the generic groups treated of and their American Tertiary species. Part 6. Trans. Wagner Free Inst. Sci. Phila. 3: 1219-1654, pls.48-60.
- 1904a. Neozoic invertebrate fossils, a report on collections made by the expedition. Harriman Alaska Exp. 4: 99-122, pls. 9, 10.
- 1904b. A new species of *Periploma* from California. Nautilus 17: 122-123.
- 1905a. Note on *Lucina (Miltha) childreni* Gray and on a new species from the Gulf of California. Nautilus 18: 110-112.
- 1905b. Some new species of mollusks from California. Nautilus 18: 123-125.
- 1907a. A new *Cardium* from Puget Sound. Nautilus 20: 111-122.
- 1907b. Descriptions of new species of shells, chiefly Buccinidae, from the dredging of the U.S. Steamer "ALBATROSS" during 1906, in the northwestern Pacific, Bering, Okhotsk, and Japanese seas. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 50: 139-173.
- 1908a. A revision of the Solenomyacidae. Nautilus 22: 1-2.
- 1908b. Descriptions of new species of mollusks from the Pacific coast of the United States, with notes on other mollusks from the same region. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 34: 245-257.
- 1908c. Reports on the dredging operations off the west coast of Central America to the Galapagos, to the west coast of Mexico, and in the Gulf of California, in charge of Alexander Agassiz, carried on by the U.S. Fish Commission Steamer "ALBATROSS" during 1891, Lieut.-Commander Z.L. Tanner, U.S.N., commanding. XXXVII. Reports on the scientific results of the expedition to the eastern tropical Pacific, in charge of Alexander Agassiz, by the U.S. Fish Commission Steamer "ALBATROSS" from October 1904, to march 1905. Lieut.-Commander L.M. Garrett, U.S.N., commanding. XIV. The Mollusca and Brachiopoda. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. 43: 205-487, pls.1-22.
- 1909a. Contributions to the Tertiary paleontology, of the Pacific coast. I. The Miocene of Astoria and Coos Bay, Oregon. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 59: 278p., 23pls.
- 1909b. Report on a collection of shells from Peru, with a summary of the littoral marine Mollusca of the Peruvian zoological province. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 37: 147-294, pls.20-28.
1910. Description of a new genus and species of bivalve from the Coronado Islands, Lower California. Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 23: 171-172.
1911. Notes on California shells (2). Nautilus 24: 109-112.
- 1912a. New species of fossil shells from Panama and Costa Rica collected by D. F. MacDonald. Smithsonian Misc. Collect. 59: 1-10.
- 1912b. New Californian Mollusca. Nautilus 25: 127-129.
1913. Diagnoses of new shells from the Pacific Ocean. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 45: 587-597.
1914. Notes on West American oysters. Nautilus 28: 1-3.
- 1915a. Notes on the Semelidae of the west coast of America, including some new species. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 67: 25-28.
- 1915b. A new species of *Modiolaria* from Bering Sea. Nautilus 28: 138.
- 1915c. Notes on American species of *Mactrella*. Nautilus 29: 61-63.
- 1915d. A review of some bivalve shells of the group Anatinacea from the west coast of America. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 49: 441-456.
- 1916a. Check list of the recent bivalve mollusks (Pelecypoda) of the northwest coast of America from the Polar Sea to San Diego, California. Southwest Mus. Los Angeles, Calif.: 1-44.
- 1916b. Diagnoses of new species of marine bivalve mollusks from the northwest coast of America in the United States National Museum. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 52: 393-417.
- 1917a. Summary of the mollusks of the family Alectrionidae of the west coast of America. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 51: 575-579.
- 1917b. A new species of *Astarte* from Alaska. Nautilus 31: 10-12.
- 1918a. Pleistocene fossils of Magdalena Bay, lower California, collected by Charles Russell Orcutt. Nautilus 32: 23-26.
- 1918b. Description of new species of shells chiefly from Magdalena Bay, lower California. Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 31: 5-8.
- 1918c. Notes on *Chrysodomus* and other mollusks from the North Pacific Ocean. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 54: 207-234.
- 1919a. Descriptions of new species of Mollusca from the north Pacific Ocean in the collection of the United States National Museum. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 56: 293-371.
- 1919b. The Mollusca of the Arctic coast of America collected by the Canadian Arctic Expedition west from Bathurst Inlet with an appended report on a collection of Pleistocene fossil Mollusca. Rept. Canadian Arctic Exped., 1913-1918, 8(A), 1A-25A, pls.1-3.
- 1919c. New shells from the northwest coast. Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 32: 249-252.
1920. Pliocene and Pleistocene fossils from the Arctic coast of Alaska and the auriferous beaches of Nome, Norton Sound, Alaska. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 125c: 23-37, pls.5-6.
- 1921a. Summary of the marine shellbearing mollusks of the northwest coast of America, from San Diego, California, to the Polar Sea, mostly contained in the collection of the United States National Museum, with illustrations of hitherto unfigured species. U.S. Natl. Mus. Bull. 112: 217p., 22pls.
- 1921b. New shells from the Pliocene or early Pleistocene of San Quintin Bay, lower California. West. Am. Scient. 19: 21-23.
1925. Illustrations of unfigured types of shells in the collection of the United States National Museum. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 66: 1-41, pls.1-36.
- DALL, W. H. AND W. H. OCHSNER. 1928. Tertiary and Pleistocene Mollusca from the Galapagos Islands. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. Series 4. 17: 89-139, pls.2-7.
- DALL, W. H., P. BARTSCH, AND H. A. REHDER. 1938. A manual of the recent and fossil marine pelecypod mollusks of the Hawaiian Islands. Bull. Bernice P. Bishop Mus. 153: 233p., 58pls.
- DALL, W. H., AND W. H. OCHSNER. 1928. TERTIARY AND PLEISTOCENE MOLLUSCA FROM THE GALAPAGOS ISLANDS. PROC. CALIF. ACAD. SCI. SERIES 4. 17: 89-139, PLS.2-7.
- DANA, J. D. 1849. Geological observations on Oregon and northern California: U.S. Explor. Exped., 1838-42, under the command of Charles Wilkes, Geology. 10: 611-678, app. 722-723, 729-730. atlas. pls.16-21.
- DAUTZENBERG, P. 1896. I. Mollusques du détroit de Magellan. II. Mollusques du Chili. Actas. Soc. Sci. Chile 7: 64-67.
- DAUTZENBERG, P., AND H. FISCHER. 1907. Contribution a la faune malacologique de l'Indo-Chine. J. Conchyliol. 54: 145-226, pl.5.
1912. Mollusques provenant des campagnes de l'Hirondelle et de la Princesse-Alice dans les mers du Nord. Res. Camp. Sci. Albert I de Monaco. part 37 629p., 11pls.
- DAWSON, J. W. 1872. Notes on the post-Pliocene geology of Canada. 3. Revision of the post-Pliocene fossils of Canada: sub-kingdom Mollusca. Canadian Nat. Q. J. Sci. New Series 6: 369-416, pls.4-7.
- DELESSERT, B. 1841. Recueil de coquilles decrites par Lamarck dans son histoire naturelle des animaux sans vertebres et non figure. Paris. 90 unnumbered pages, 40pls.
- DESHAYES, G. P. 1830-32. Encyclopedie methodique; Histoire naturelle des vers, des mollusques, des coquilles et zoophytes. Paris 2: 1-144 (1830); 145-594 (1832).
- 1838-1857. Traite elementaire de conchyliologie, avec les applications de cette science a la geologie. Paris. 2vols, atlas (not completed). 1839-1841. Nouvelles especes de mollusques, provenant des cotes de la Californie, du Mexique, de Kamtschatka, et de Nouvelle-Zeland. Rev. Zool. Soc. Cuvierienne. 3: 356-361, pls. 12-20 (1840); pls.34-38 (1841).
- 1843a. Mollusques pl.79 (description of *Pholas spathulata*). Mag. Zool. Series 2. No. 5: pl.79.
- 1843b. Les mollusques... in Cuvier, G.L.C.F.D. 1836-1849. Le Regne animal distribue d'apres son organization, pour servir de base a l'histoire naturelle des animaux et d'introduction a l'anatomie comparee. Paris. (3rd edition 'Disciples')
1853. Veneridae, Cyprinidae, and Glauconomidae. in Gray, J.E. Catalogue of the Conchifera or Bivalve shells in the collection of the British Museum. Part 1. London. 216p.
- 1854-1855. Descriptions of new shells from the collection of Hugh Cuning, Esq. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1854). 13-23 (1854); 62-72; 317-371 (1855).
- 1856a. Sur le genre *Scintilla*. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1855): 171-181.
- 1856b. Descriptions de nouvelles especes du genre *Erycina*. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond (for 1855): 181-183.
- DILLWYN, L. W. 1817. A descriptive catalogue of Recent shells, arranged

- according to the Linnaean method; with particular attention to the synonymy. London 1: xii + 580p.; 2: 581-109, index.
- DIXON, G. 1789. A voyage round the world, but more particularly to the northwest coast of America, performed in 1785-1788, in the King George and Queen Charlotte, Captains Pollock and Dixon, . . . London. xxix + 360p., 21pls., appendix.
- DOELLO-JURADO, M. 1918. Dos nuevas especies de moluscos marinos. Physis, Buenos Aires. 4: 259-273.
- DONOVAN, E. 1799-1804. The natural history of British shells. . . 5 vols. London (issued in 60parts).
- DUNKER, W. 1846. Diagnoses molluscorum novorum. Z. Malak 3: 108-112.
1850. Diagnoses molluscorum quorundam novorum. Z. Malak. 7: 30-32.
- 1852-1853. Diagnoses Molluscorum novorum. Z. Malak. 9: 49-62, 125-128, 189-191 (1852); 10: 58-60, 95-96, 110-112 (1853).
1857. Mytilacea nova collectione Cumingianae, descripta a Guilermo Dunker. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1856): 358-366.
- 1858-1878. Novitates Conchologicae. Mollusca Marina. Beschreibung und Abbildung neuer oder wenig gekannter Meeres-Conchylien. In L. Pfeiffer, Novitates Conchologicae. T. Fisher, Cassel. iv + 144p., 45pls.
- 1861a. Solenacea nova collectionis Cumingianae descripta. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1861): 418-427.
- 1861b. Beschreibung neuer Mollusken. Malak. Blat. 8: 35-45.
1882. Novitates conchologicae. Abbildung und beschreibung neuer Conchylien. Supp. 7. Index molluscorum maris Japonica. T. Fischer, Cassel. vi + 301p., 16pls.
- DUNNILL, R. M., AND E. V. COAN. 1968. A new species of the genus *Macoma* (Pelecypoda) from west American coastal waters, with comments on *Macoma calcareae* (Gmelin 1791). Natl. Mus. Can. Nat. Hist. Pap. 43: Durhal-19, fig. m, J. W. 1950. E. W. Scripps cruise to the Gulf of California, Part III: Megascopic paleontology and marine stratigraphy. Geol. Soc. Am. Mem. 43: 216p. 48pls.
- DUVAL, A. 1841. Description de coquilles nouvelles. Rev. Zool. Soc. Cuvierienne 4: 276-279.
- EDMONDSON, C. H. 1942. Teredinidae of Hawaii. Occas. Pap. Bernice Pauahi Bishop Mus. 17: 97-148, fig.
- EICHWALD, C. E. VON 1871. Geognostisch-Palaeontologische Bemerkungen über die Halbinsel Mangischalk und die Aleutischen Inseln. St. Petersburg. iii + 200 p., 20pls.
- EMERSON, W. K., AND E. L. PUFFER. 1957. Recent mollusks of the 1940 'E.W. Scripps' Cruise to the Gulf of California. Am. Mus. Novit. 1825: 57p.
- EVANS, J. W., AND D. FISHER. 1966. A new species of *Penitella* (family Pholadidae) from Coos Bay, Oregon. Veliger 8: 222-224, pls. 31, fig.
- FABRICIUS, O. 1780. Fauna Groelandica, systematice sistens animalis Groenlandiae occidentalis hactenus indagata. . . maximaque parte secundum proprias observationes O. Fabricii. Hafniae et Lipsiae, xvi + 452p., 1pl.
- FILATOVA, Z. A. 1957. Nekotorye novye predstaviteli semeistva Astartidae, Bivalvia, dal'nevostochnykh morei. [Some new representatives of the family Astartidae, Bivalvia, of the far eastern seas]. Tr. Inst. Okeanol. Akad. Nauk. SSSR 23: 296-302.
1958. O nekotorykh novykh vidakh dvustvorchatykh molliuskov severozapadnoi chasti Tikhogo okeana. [Some new species of bivalve molluscs from the northwestern part of the Pacific Ocean.] Tr. Inst. Okeanol. Akad. Nauk. SSSR 27: 208-218.
1960. Kolichestvennoe raspredelenie dvustvorchatykh molliuskov v dal'nevostochnykh moryakh SSSR i v zapadnoi chasti Tikhogo okeana. [Quantitative distribution of bivalves in the far-eastern seas of the USSR and in the Western Pacific.] Tr. Inst. Okeanol. Akad. Nauk. SSSR. 41: 132-145.
1964. Novyi vid dvustvorchatogo molliuska iz ul'traabissali Tikhogo okeana. [A new species of bivalve molluscs from the ultraabyssal of the Pacific Ocean.] Zool. Zh. 43: 1866-1868.
- FISCHER, P. 1860. Description d'une espece nouvelle. J. Conchyliol. 8: 376-378, pl. 13.
- 1880-1887. Manuel de conchyliologie et de paléontologie conchyliologique ou histoire naturelle des mollusques vivants et fossiles. Paris. XXV + 1369p., 23pls.
- FISCHER-PIETTE, E. 1969. Mollusques récoltés par M. Hoffstetter sur les cotes de l'Équateur et des Iles Galapagos. Veneridae. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. 40: 998-1018, 3pls.
1977. Révision des Cardiidae (Mollusques Lamellibranches). Mem. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. Series A. Zool. 101: 212p., 11pls.
- FLEMING, J. 1828. A history of British animals, exhibiting the description, character and systematic arrangement of the genera and species of quadrupeds, birds, reptiles, fishes, Mollusca, and Radiata of the United Kingdom. London. xxiii + 565p.
- FLETCHER, H. O. 1938. Marine Tertiary fossils and a description of a Recent *Mytilus* from Kerguelen Island. Rep. B.A.N.Z. Antarct. Res. Exped. 2A: 103-116, pls. 10-12.
- FLEURIAU DE BELLEVUE. 1802. Memoire sur quelques nouveaux genres de mollusques et vers lithophage, et sur les facultes qu'ont ces animaux de percer les rochers. J. Phys. (Paris) 54: 345-369.
- FOLIN, A. G. L. DE. 1867a. Les meleagrinoles. Rec. Pubs. Soc. Havraise 33: 41-112, 6pls.
- 1867b-1871. Les fonds de la mer. Étude internationale sur les particularités nouvelles des regions sous-marines. Paris. 1: 256p.
- FORBES, E. 1838. Malacologia Monensis: a catalogue of the Mollusca inhabiting the Isle of Man and the neighbouring sea. Edinburgh. xii + 63p., 3pls.
1846. Catalogue of species of marine animals, the remains of which are found fossil in beds of the Glacial Epoch (living in Gulf of St. Lawrence). Mem. Geol. Surv. Great Britain Mus. Econ. Geol. 1: 406-432.
- FORSKÅL, P. 1775. Descriptiones animalium: avium, amphibiorum, piscium, insectorum, vermium; quae in itinere orientali observavit Petrus Forskål. Copenhagen. 164p.
- FRIELE, H. 1877. Preliminary report on Mollusca from the Norwegian north Atlantic expedition in 1876. Nytt Mag. Naturvidensk 23: 1-10.
- FRIZZELL, D. L. 1930. A new Pleistocene fossil from Port Blakely, Washington. Nautilus. 43: 120.
- FULTON, H. C. 1915. A list of the Recent species of *Spondylus* Linné, with some notes and descriptions of six new forms. J. Conch. Leeds. 14: 331-338, 353-362.
- GABB, W. M. 1861. Descriptions of new species of American Tertiary fossils and a new Carboniferous cephalopod from Texas. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. (for 1861): 367-372.
- 1864-1869. Cretaceous and Tertiary fossils. Geol. Surv. Calif. 1: 55-243, pls. 9-32 (1864); 2: 1-254, pls. 1-34 (1866-1869).
1865. Description of new species of marine shells from the coast of California. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 3: 182-190.
1869. Descriptions of new species of South American fossils. No. 1. Tertiary. Am. J. Conch. 5: 25-32.
1881. Descriptions of new species of fossils from the Pliocene clay beds between Limon and Moen, Costa Rica, together with notes on previously known species from there and elsewhere in the Caribbean area. J. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 8: 369-380, pl. 47.
- GALE, H. R. 1928. West coast species of *Himmites*. Trans. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist. 5: 91-94.
- GLYNN, P. W. 1964. *Musculus pygmaeus spec. nov.*, a minute mytilid of the high intertidal zone at Monterey Bay, California (Mollusca: Pelecypoda) Veliger 7: 121-128, 1pl.
- GMELIN, J. F. 1791. Caroli a Linné Systema naturae per regna tria naturae. Editio decima tertia. Lipsiae. 1: 3021-3910.
- GORBUNOV, G. P. 1946. Novye i interesnye vidy Mollusca i Brachiopoda iz severnogo Ledovitogo okeana. [New and interesting species of Mollusca and Brachiopoda from the Arctic Ocean.] Dreifuishchaia Eksped. Glavsevmorputi na Ledokol'nom Parokhode G. Sedov 1937-1940, Trudy 3: 308-322, pls. 1-4.
- GOTSCHLICH, B. 1913. Llanguihue i Valdivia. Mus. Nac. Hist. Bol. (Santiago) 6: 625p.
- GOULD, A. A. 1838. Dr. Gould's report (on molluscous and other lower animals). In Reports of the commissioners on the zoological survey of the state. Massachusetts House Doc. 72: 105-107.
1841. A report on the Invertebrata of Massachusetts. Folsom, Wells, and Thurston. Cambridge. xiii + 373p.
1850. Descriptions of shells from the United States Exploring Expedition. Proc. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist. 3: 214-218, 275-278, 343-348.
1851. Description of a number of California shells collected by Maj. William Rich and Lieut. Thomas P. Green. Proc. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist. 4: 87-93.
- 1852-1861. Mollusca and shells. In United States Exploring Expedition, during the years 1839-1842 under the command of Charles Wilkes, USN. Boston 12: xv + 510p. (1852); Addenda and Corrigenenda 449-509 (1856); Atlas, 16p., 52pls. (1861).
1853. Descriptions of shells from the Gulf of California and the Pacific

- coasts of Mexico and California. *J. Nat. Hist. Boston* 6: 374-408, pls. 14-16.
1855. Catalogue of shells collected in California by W.P. Blake, with descriptions of the new species. Appendix (1) 22-28. In W.P. Blake, preliminary geological report. Report of a reconnaissance and survey in California in connection with explorations for a practical railway route from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean in 1853 by Lieut. R.S. Williamson. *Pacific R. R. Rept.* 5.
1861. Descriptions of shells collected by the North Pacific Exploring Expedition under Captains Ringgold and Rogers. *Proc. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist.* 8: 14-40.
1862. *Otia Conchologia: Descriptions of shells and mollusks from 1839 to 1862.* Gould and Lincoln, Boston. 256p.
1870. A report on the Invertebrata of Massachusetts Edition 2., comprising the Mollusca. Binney, W.G. (ed.). Wright & Potter, Boston. v + 524p., pls. 16-27.
- GOULD, A. A., AND P. P. CARPENTER. 1857. Description of shells from the Gulf of California, and the Pacific coasts of Mexico and California. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1856) part 24: 198-208.
- GRABAU, A. W., AND S. G. KING. 1928. Shells of Peitaiho. *Soc. Nat. Hist. Peking.* 2: 280p., 11pls.
- GRANT, U. S., AND H. R. GALE. 1931. Catalogue of the marine Pliocene and Pleistocene Mollusca of California and adjacent region. *Mem. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist.* 1: 1036p., 32pls.
- GRAU, G. 1959. Pectinidae of the eastern Pacific. *Allan Hancock Found. Pac. Exp.* 23: viii + 308p., 57pls.
- GRAY, J. E. 1824. Shells. Supplement to Appendix, Parry's Voyage for the Discovery of north-west passage in the years 1819-1820. Appendix 10, *Zool.*, 240-246.
1825. A list and description of some species of shells not taken notice of by Lamarck. *Ann. Philos.* 25: 134-140, 407-415.
1827. Mollusca. In King, P.P. Narrative of a survey of the intertropical and western coasts of Australia. Performed between . . . 1818 and 1822. London. 2vols.
1828. *Spicilegium zoologica; or, original figures and short systematic descriptions of new and unfigured animals.* Part I. London. 8p., 6pls.
- 1837a. Catalogue of the species of the genus *Cytherea*, of Lamarck, with the description of some new genera and species. *Analyst.* 8: 302-309.
- 1837b. A synoptical catalogue of the species of certain tribes or genera of shells contained in the collection of the British Museum and the author's cabinet. *Mag. Nat. Hist. new series:* 370-376, fig.
1839. Molluscous animals and their shells. pp. 103-155, pls. 33-34 In F.W. Beechey, the zoology of Capt. Beechey's voyage. . . to the Pacific and Behring's straits in his Majesty's ship *Blossom*. London. xii + 186pp., 44pls.
1843. Catalogue of . . . Mollusca In Dieffenbach, E. Travels in New Zealand; with contributions to the geography, geology, botany, and natural history of that country. London. 2vol.
1850. On the species of Anomiadae. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1849): 113-124.
1851. An attempt to arrange the species of the family Pholadidae into natural groups. *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 2,* 8: 380-386.
1853. On a new genus of Anomiadae in the collection of Mr. Cuming. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* part 19: 197-198.
1857. A revision of the genera of some of the families of Conchifera or bivalve shells. Part III. Arcadae. *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 2.* 19: 366-373.
- GREGORIO, A. DE. 1884. Intorno al *Pecten pictus* Sow. non Goldf. e al *P. cornuus* G.B. Sow. non J. Sow. *Nat. Siciliano* 3: 133p.
- GREWINGK, C. 1850. Beitrag zur Kenntniss der orographischen und geognostischen Beschaffenheit der Nord-West-Küste Amerikas mit den angliengenden Inseln. . . Verhandl. Russisch-Kaiserlichen Mineral. Gesells. St. Petersburg (1849): 76-424, pls. 1-7.
- GRIFFITH, E., AND E. PIDGEON. 1833-1834. The animal kingdom arranged in conformity with its organization, by Baron Cuvier, with additional descriptions of all the species hitherto named and of many not before noticed. 12: The Mollusca and Radiata. London. viii + 601p., 20pls. (1-192, pls. 1-27, 29-35, 38-39 (1833); 193-384, 385-601, pls. 28, 36, 37, 40-41 (1834)).
- HABE, T. 1951. Genera of Japanese shells. Pelecypoda No. 2. Tokyo. 98-186, fig.
1952. Genera of Japanese shells. Pelecypoda No. 3. Tokyo. 187-278.
1955. Fauna of Akkeshi Bay. XXI. Pelecypods and Scaphopoda. Pub. Akheshi Mar. Biol. Sta. 4: 31p., 7pls.
1964. Shells of the western Pacific in color. Hoikusha Tokyo (English edition) Vol. 2. 233p., 66pls.
- HÄGG, G. 1904. Mollusca und Brachiopoda gesammelt von der Schwedischen zoologischen Polarexpedition nach Spitzbergen, dem nordöstlichen Grönland und Jan Mayen in Jahre 1900. 1. Brachiopoda und Lamellibranchiata. *Ark. Zool.* 2: 66p., 1pl.
- HANCOCK, A. 1846. A list of shells dredged on the west coast of Davis's Strait: with notes and descriptions of eight new species. *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 1.* 18: 323-338, pl. 5.
- HANLEY, S. C. T. 1842-1856. An illustrated and descriptive catalogue of Recent marine shells. Williams and Norgate, London. 392p., 23pls. (1-32 (1842); 33-272 (1843); 273-392 and pls. (1856)).
1843. Five new species of shells belonging to the genus *Donax*, a group of acephalous mollusks. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1843) part 13: 5-6.
- 1844a. Description of new species of Mytilacea. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1843) part 13: 14-17.
- 1844b-1845d. Descriptions of new species of the genus *Tellina*, chiefly collected by H. Cuming, Esq., in the Philippine Islands and Central America. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1844): 59-64, 68-72, 140-144, 147-149 (1844); 164-166 (1845).
- 1844c. On new species of *Cytherea*. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* part 13: 109-110.
- 1845a. Descriptions of three new species of shells belonging to the genus *Artemis*. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1845): 11-12.
- 1845b. Descriptions of six new species of *Donax*, in the collection of Hugh Cuming. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1845): 14-16.
- 1845c. Descriptions of two new species of *Donax*. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1845): 17.
- 1846a. A description of new species of *Ostrea* in the collection of H. Cuming, Esq. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1845): 105-107.
- 1846b. A monograph of the genus *Tellina*. In G.B. Sowerby, *Thesaurus Conchyliorum*. London. 1: 221-238, pls. 56-66; 239-336.
- 1854-58. The conchological miscellany. Williams & Northgate. London. 12p., 40pls.
- 1856a. Descriptions of four new species of Kelliidae in the collection of Hugh Cuming, Esq. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1856): 340-341.
- 1856b. Index testaceologicus, an illustrated catalogue of British and foreign shells . . . by W. Wood. A new and entirely revised edition, with ancient and modern appellations, synonyms, localities, etc. London. 196p., pls. 1-38; suppl. 197-234, pl. 8.
- 1860a. On some new species of Nuculacea in the collection of Hugh Cuming, Esq. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1860): 370-371.
- 1860b. Descriptions of new Nuculidae. *Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond.* (for 1860): 440-442.
- 1860c. Monograph of the family Nuculidae, forming the Lamarckian genus *Nucula*. In G.B. Sowerby, *Thesaurus Conchyliorum*. London. 3: 105-168, pls. 1-5.
- HANNA, G. D. 1924. Rectifications of nomenclature. *Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. Series 4.* 13: 151-186.
- HANNA, G. D., AND M. C. ISRAELSKY. 1925. Contribution to the Tertiary Paleontology of Peru. *Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. Series 4.* 14: 37-75, pl. 7, 8.
- HARRY, H. W. 1969. A review of the living leptonacean bivalves of the genus *Aligena*. *Veliger* 11: 164-182.
- HARTMAN, O. 1963. Submarine canyons of southern California. Part 2. Biology. Univ. South. Calif. Allan Hancock Found. Pac. Exp. 17: 424p.
- HATAI, K. 1941. Additional fossils from certain Miocene formations. *Bull. Biogeogr. Soc. Jpn.* 11: 105-112, pl. 3.
- HATAI, K. M., AND S. NISHIYAMA. 1939. Remarks on certain fossils from the borderland of the Japan Sea. *Jpn. J. Geol. Geogr.* 16: 123-154, pl. 9.
- HENDERSON, J. 1931. *Schizothaeris nuttallii* and varieties in Puget Sound. *Nautilus* 45: 32-33.
- HERTLEIN, L. G. 1928. Preliminary report on the paleontology of the Channel Islands, California. *J. Paleontol.* 2: 142-157, pls. 22-25.
1931. Changes of nomenclature of some recent and fossil Pectinidae from Japan, Porto Rico, South America, New Zealand, and California. *J. Paleontol.* 5: 367-369.
1935. The Templeton Crocker Expedition of the California Academy of Sciences, 1932. No. 25. The Recent Pectinidae. *Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci.* 21: 301-328, pls. 18, 19.

1951. Descriptions of two new species of marine pelecypods from west Mexico. Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci. 50: 68-75, pls.24-26.
1952. Description of a new pelecypod of the genus *Lima* from deep water off central California. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 27: 377-381, pl.20.
1958. Descriptions of new species of marine mollusks from West Mexico. Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci. 56: 107-112.
1961. A new species of *Siliqua* (Pelecypoda) from western North America. Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci. 60: 12-18, pls.5, 6.
1963. A new species of giant *Lima* from off southern California (Mollusca-Pelecypoda). Calif. Acad. Sci. Occas. Pap. 40: 1-6, fig.
1968. *Tellina ulloana* a new species from Magdalena Bay, Baja, California, Mexico. Veliger 11: 80.
- 1972a. Description of a new species of *Chlamys* (Mollusca: Pelecypoda) from the Galapagos Islands. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 34: 1-6, fig.
- 1972b. Pliocene fossils, from Baltra (South Seymour) Island, Galapagos Islands. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 34: 25-46, figs.
- HERTLEIN, L. G., AND U. S. GRANT. 1972. The geology and paleontology of the marine Pliocene of San Diego, California (Paleontology: Pelecypoda). Mem. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist. 2: 143-409, pls.27-57.
- HERTLEIN, L. G., AND G. D. HANNA. 1949. Two new species of *Mytilopsis* from Panama and Fiji. Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci. 48: 13-18, fig.
- HERTLEIN, L. G., AND A. M. STRONG. 1940-1950. Eastern Pacific expeditions of the New York Zoological Society. Mollusks from the west coast of Mexico and Central America. Parts I-X. Zoologica, New York Zool. Soc. Part 1, 25: 369-430, pls. 1-2 (1940); Part 2, 28: 149-168, pl. 1 (1943); Part 3, 31: 53-76, pl. 1 (1946); Part 4, 31: 93-120, pl. 1 (1946); Part 5, 31: 129-150, pl. 1 (1949); Part 6, 33: 163-198, pls. 1, 2 (1948); Part 7, 34: 63-97, pl. 1 (1949); Part 8, 34: 239-258, pl. 1 (1949); Part 9, 35: 217-252, pls. 1, 2 (1950).
- HINDS, R. B. 1842. Descriptions of new species. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 2, 10: 81-84, pl. 6.
- 1843a. On new species of *Corbula* and *Potamomya*. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. part 11: 55-59.
- 1843b. Descriptions of new species of *Neaera*, from the collection of Sir Edward Belcher, C. B., made during a voyage round the world, and from that Hugh Cuming, Esq., obtained during his visit to the Philippines; with notices of the synonymy. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1843): 75-79.
- 1843c. Descriptions of new species of *Nucula*, from the collections of Sir Edward Belcher, C. B. and Hugh Cuming, Esq. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1843): 97-101.
- 1844-1845. The zoology of the voyage of H. M. S. Sulphur, under the command of Captain Sir Edward Belcher, during the years 1836-1842. Mollusca, Smith Elder Co. London. Part 1, p. 1-24, pls. 1-7 (1844); Part 2, p. 25-48, pls. 8-14 (1844); Part 3, p. 49-72, pls. 15-21 (1845).
- HOWARD, A. D. 1950. A new *Verticordia* from the Pacific Coast. Nautilus 63: 109-110, pl. 7.
- HOWE, H. V. 1922. Faunal and stratigraphic relationships of the Empire Formation, Coos Bay, Oregon. Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sci. 14: 85-114, pls. 7-12.
- HUPÉ, L. H. 1854. Fauna Chilena, Moluscos. In Gay, C. Historia física y política de Chile. Santiago, Zoologia. 8: 500p., Atlas (2), 14pls.
- IHERING, H. VON. 1907. Les mollusques fossile du Tertiaire et du Cretace superieur de l'Argentine. An. Mus. Nac. (B. Aires) Series 3. 7: xiii + 611p., 18pls.
- ILYINA, A. P. 1963. Molluski Neogena Kamchatki [Neogene Mollusca of Kamchatka.] Leningrad Vses. neftyanoi. nauchno-issl. geologo. Inst. Trudy 202: 1-126, pls. 1-54.
- IREDALE, T. 1939. Mollusca. Pt. I. Great Barrier Reef Exped. 1928-29. Sci. Repts. 5: 209-425, 7pls.
- JAY, J. C. 1839. Catalogue of recent shells in the cabinet of J.C. Jay. 3rd edition. New York. 125p., 10pls.
1856. Report on the shells collected by the Japan Expedition. . . together with a list of Japan shells. Narrative of the expedition of an American squadron to the China Sea and Japan in 1852-1854, under the command of Commodore M. C. Perry. Washington. 2: 291-295, 5pls.
- JEFFREYS, J. G. 1860. A synoptical list of the British species of *Teredo*, with a notice of the exotic species. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 3, 6: 121-127.
- 1862-1869. British Conchology or an account of the Mollusca which now inhabit the British Isles in the surrounding seas. J. Van Voorst, London. 5vols., 2071p., 126pls.
1876. New and peculiar Mollusca of the *Kellia*, *Cyprina* and *Corbula* families, procured in the *Valorous* expedition. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 4, 18: 490-499.
- 1880-1885. On the Mollusca procured during the 'Lightning' and 'Porcupine' expeditions, 1868-1870. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. Part 8: 553-588, pls. 45, 46 (1880); 693-724, pl. 61 (1881); 656-687, pl. 49, 922-952, pl. 70 (1882); 88-115, pls. 19, 20 (1883); 111-149, pls. 9, 10 (1884); 27-63, pls. 4-6 (1885).
- JENSEN, A. S. 1905. On the mollusca of east Greenland. I. Lamellibranchiata with an introduction on Greenland's fossil mollusc fauna from the Quaternary time. Medd. Gronl. 28: 289-362, fig.
1900. Studier over nordiske mollusker. I, *Mya*. Vidensk. Medd. Dan. Naturhist. Foren. 52: 133-158.
- JONAS, J. H. 1844. Vorläufige Diagnosen neuer Conchylien, welche ausführlicher beschreiben und abgebildet nachstens erscheinen werden. Z. Malak. 1: 33-37.
1845. Neue Conchylien. Z. Malak. 2: 66.
- JONES, T. R. 1875. Manual of the natural history, geology, and physics of Greenland and the neighboring regions. . . Prodrum faunae molluscorum Groenlandiae. . . revised and augmented by O.A.L. Mørch, London, xii + 783p.
- JORDAN, E. K. 1932. A new species of *Crassatellites* from the Gulf of California. Nautilus 46: 9-10.
1936. The Pleistocene fauna of Magdalena Bay, Lower California. (Introduction by Leo George Hertlein). Stanford Univ. Contrib. Geol. 1: 103-174, pls. 17-19.
- JUKES-BROWNE, A. J. 1913. On a new species of *Clementia*. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (Series 8) 12: 58-62, 1pl.
- KANEHARA, K. 1942. Some Mollusca remains from the Setana series of Hokkaido and from the Taga series of the Joban coalfield of Iwaki. Jpn. J. Geol. Geogr. 18: 133-140, pls. 15, 16.
- KANNO, S. 1957. Fossil and Recent species of the genus *Panomya* from Japan. Trans. Palaeontol. Soc. Jpn. 25: 11-16, 1 pl.
1962. Molluscan fauna from the so-called Setana formation, southwestern Hokkaido, Japan. Sci. Rep. Tokyo Bunrika Daigaku Sect. C. 8: 49-62, 5pls.
- KEEN, A. M. 1938. New pelecypod species of the genera *Lasaea* and *Crassinella*. Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond. 23: 18-32, pl. 2.
1958. New mollusks from tropical west America. Bull. Am. Paleontol. 38: 239-255, pls. 30-31.
1962. A new west Mexican subgenus and new species of Montacutidae (Mollusca: Pelecypoda) with a list of Mollusca from Bahía de San Quentin. Pacific Naturalist 3: 321-328, fig.
1966. Moerch's west Central American molluscan types with proposal of a new name for a species of *Semele*. Occas. Pap. Calif. Acad. Sci. 59: 33p., fig.
1971. Sea shells of tropical west America. Marine molluscs from Baja, California to Peru. (2nd ed.) Stanford Univ. Press, Calif. 1064p.
- KEEP, J. 1888. West coast shells. S. Carson & Co., San Francisco. 230p.
- KHOMENKO, I. P. 1931. Materialy vo stratigrafii Tretichnykh pastov nefteinosnoi ploshchaly Vostochnogo Sakhalina. [Data on stratigraphy of Tertiary layers of oil-bearing area of eastern Sakhalin.] Trudy GGRU 79: 130p., 8pls.
1937. Rod *Yoldia* v tretichnykh sloyakh neftenosnykh raionov severnogo Sakhalina. [Genus *Yoldia* in Tertiary layers of the oil-bearing regions of north Sakhalin.] Trudy NGRI A, 97: 40p., 5pls.
- KING, P. P., AND W. H. BRODERIP. 1832. Description of the Cirrhipeda, Conchifera and Mollusca, in a collection formed by the officers of H. M. S. *Adventure* and *Beagle* employed in the years 1826 and 1830 in surveying the southern coasts of South America, including the Straits of Magalhaens and the coast of Tierra del Fuego. Zool. J. 5: 332-349.
- KNUDSEN, J. 1961. The bathyal and abyssal *Xylophaga* (Pholadidae, Bivalvia). Galathea Rep. 5: 163-209, fig.
1970. The systematics and biology of abyssal and hadal Bivalvia. Galathea Rep. 11: 241p., 20pls.
- KRAUSE, A. 1885. Ein Beitrag zur Kenntniss der Mollusken-Fauna des Beringsmeeres. Brachiopoda and Lamellibranchiata. Arch. Naturgeschichte, 51: 14-40, pl. 3; pt. 2, 256-302, pls. 16-18.
- KRISTOFOVICH, L. V. 1936. Rakoviny iz gruppy *Thyasira* iz Tretichnykh otlozhenii zapadnogo berega Kamchatki. [Shells from the *Thyasira* group from the Tertiary deposits of the west coast of Kamchatka.] Geol-Razved. Inst. Trudy, Series A, 88: 97p., 12pls.
- KURODA, T. 1931. Fossil Mollusca in F. Homma. Geology of Central Shinano. Part 4: 1-90, pls. 1-13.
1948. Two new gigantic species of *Solemya*. Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 15: 29-32.

- KURODA, T., AND T. HABE. 1950. Nomenclatural notes. Illustrated catalogue of Japanese shells, No.4: 30p.
- KÜSTER, H. C., AND W. KOBELT. 1837-1906. Systematisches conchylien-cabinet von martini und Chemnitz. Neu heraus gegeben und vervollständigt von H.C.Küster und nach dessen Tode fortgesetzt von..W. Kobelt und H. C. Weinkauff. Nuremberg. *Spondylus, Pecten* by H. C. Küster and W. Kobelt (1842) 1888: 296p., 73pls; *Arca* by W. Kobelt (1841) 1891: 238p., 49pls.; *Mytilidae* by H.Küster and S. Clessin (1840) 1890: 170p., 36pls.; *Lithophaga* by W.Dunker (1880) 1883: 32p., 6pls.; *Chamiden* by S.Clessin (1862) 1889: 55p., 20pls.; *Cardiaceen* by S.Clessin (1887-1888): 282p., 46pls.; *Cardiacea* by L. E. Römer, (1868-1869): 124p., 14pls.; *Donacidae* by L.E.Römer (1841) 1869-1870: 122p., 22pls.; *Tellinidae* by L.E. Römer, (1870) 1871-1873: 291p., 52pls.; *Veneracea* by L.Pfeiffer (1841) 1869-1872): 302p., 42pls.; *Maetra* by H.C.Weinkauff (1841) 1884: 124p., 36pls.; *Solenaceen* by S.Clessin (1842) (1888-1889): 106p., 25pls.; *Pholadea* by S.Clessin, (1891-1893): 88p., 21pls.
- LAMARCK, J. B. P. A. DE. 1815-1822. Histoire naturelle des animaux sans vertebres. Paris, 7vol. Les conchiferes (Conchifer). 5: 612p. (1818); Suite des conchiferes 6: 343p. (1819).
- LAMY, E. 1912a. Notes synonymiques sur les *Amphidesma* de Lamarck. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. 18: 159-166.
1912b. Revision des *Limopsis* vivants du Museum d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris. J. Conchyliol. 60: 108-137.
1916. Description d'un Lamellibranche nouveau du Golfe de Californie. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. 22: 443-445.
1917. Revision des Crassatellidae vivants du Museum d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris. J. Conchyliol. 62: 197-270, pl.6.
1922. Revision des Carditacea vivants du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris. J. Conchyliol. 66: 218-276; 289-368.
1929-1930a. Revision des *Ostrea* vivants du Museum National d'Histoire de Paris. J. Conchyliol. 73: 1-46, 71-108, 133-168 (1929); 233-275, pls.(1930).
1930b-1931. Revision des Limidae vivants du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris. J. Conchyliol. 74: 89-114, 169-198, pl.1 [1930]; 245-269 [1931].
1934. Coquilles marines recueillies par M.E.Aubert De La Rue dans l'Amerique du Sud. Bull. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. new series 6: 432-435.
1936-1937. Revision des Mytilidae vivants du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris. J. Conchyliol. 80: 6-102, 107-198, 229-295 (1936); 307-363 (1937).
- LEA, H. C. 1842. Description of eight new species of shells native to the United States. Am. J. Sci. 42 (for 1840): 106-111, 1pl.
- LEACH, W. E. 1819. A list of invertebrate animals, discovered by H. M. S. *Isabella*, in a voyage to the Arctic regions; corrected by... W.E.Leach. Appendix II. In Ross, J. A voyage of discovery... in His Majesty's ships *Isabella* and *Alexander* (in 1818) for the purpose of exploring Baffin's Bay and enquiring into the possibility of a northwest passage. London, xxxix + 252p., 29pls., 3maps.
- LEACH, W. E., AND R. P. NODDER. 1815. The zoological miscellany; being descriptions of new, or interesting animals. London. 3vol.
- LECHE, J. W. 1878. Ofversigt ofver de af Svenska Expeditionerna till Novaja Semlja och Jenissej 1875 och 1876 insamlade Hafs-Mollusker. K. Svenska. Vetensk. Akad. Handl. (new series) 10: 86p., 2pls.
1883. Ofversigt ofver de af Vegaexpeditionen insamlade arktiska hafs-mollusker. I. Lamellibranchiata. In N. A. E. Nordenskiöld, Vega-expeditionens Vetenskapliga Takttagelser 3: 433-454, pls.1-3.
- LESSON, R. P. 1830. Voyage autour du monde... sur... la Coquille pendant... 1822-25... par M. L. I. Duperrayer. Paris. 1826-30, 6vol. Vol.2 Zoologie.
- LI, C. C. 1930. The Miocene and Recent Mollusca of Panama Bay. Bull. Geol. Soc. China 9: 249-296, pls.1-8.
- LINNÉ, C. VON. 1758. Systema naturae per regna tria naturae... editio decima, reformata. Stockholm. Vol.I. Regnum animale. 824p. + iii.
1766-1767. Systema naturae per regna tria naturae... editio duodecima, reformata. Stockholm. Vol. I. Regnum animale. Pt.1. 532p. (1766), Pt.2. 533-1327 (1767).
1771. Mantissa plantarum altera generum editionis 6 et specierum editionis 2. Regni animalis appendix. Stockholm.
- LOCARD, A. 1886. Prodrome de malacologie francaise. Mollusques Marins. 2: 778p.
- LOVÉN, S. 1846-1847. Index Molluscorum litora Scandinaviae occidentalia habitatum. Sven. Ventensk. Akad. Forh. 3: 134-160, 182-204.
- LOWE, H. N. 1935. New marine Mollusca from west Mexico, together with a list of shells collected at Punta Penasco, Sonora, Mexico. Trans. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist. 8: 15-34, pls.1-4.
- LYELL, C. 1845. Travels in North America, with geological observations on the United States, Canada and Nova Scotia. London. 2vol.
- MABILLE, J. 1895. Mollusques de la basse Californie recueillis par M. Digue. Bull. Soc. Philom. (Paris) series8, 7: 54-76.
- MACANDREW, R., AND E. FORBES. 1847. Notices of new or rare British animals observed during cruises in 1845 and 1846. Rep. Brit. Associ. Adv. Sci. (for 1846) 96, 390 46, 390, pl.9.
- MACGILLIVRAY, W. 1843. A history of the molluscous animals of the counties of Aberdeen, Kincardine, and Banff to which is appended an account of the cirripedal animals of the same district. Edinburgh, xiv + 372p.
- MACGINNIE, N. 1959. Marine Mollusca of Point Barrow, Alaska. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 109: 59-208, pls.27.
1967. Cenozoic pectinids of Alaska, Iceland, and other northern regions. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 553: 57p., 25pls.
- MACNEIL, F. S. 1938. Species and genera of Tertiary Noetinae. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 189-A: 49p., 6pls.
1967. Cenozoic pectinids of Alaska, Iceland, and other northern regions. U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper 553: 57p., 25pls.
- MACNEIL, F. S., J. B. MERTIE, AND H. A. PILSBRY. 1943. Marine invertebrate faunas of the buried beaches near Nome, Alaska. J. Paleontol. 17: 69-96, pls.10-16.
- MAKIYAMA, J. 1935. The fossils of the genus *Mya*. Warera-no-Kobutsu 4: 135-139.
- MANDRA, Y. T. 1949. A new species of *Mytilus* from the Pliocene of Humboldt County, California. J. Paleontol. 23: 104-105.
- MANGER, G. E. 1934. The geology of San Quintin Bay. Johns Hopkins Stud. Geol. 11: 273-303, pls.1.
- MARCOU, J. 1858. Geology of North America with two reports on the prairies of Arkansas and Texas, the Rocky Mountains of New Mexico, and the Sierra Nevada of California, originally made for the United States government. Zurich. vi + 144p., pls.1-7.
- MARINOVICH, L. 1973. Intertidal mollusks of Iquique, Chile. Nat. Hist. Mus. Los Ang. Cty. Bull.16, 49p., fig.
- MARSHALL, W. B. 1929. New freshwater and marine shells from Brazil and Uruguay. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 74: 1-7, pls.1-4.
- MARTENS, E. C. VON. 1865. Description of new species of shell. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series3, 16: 428-432, pls.
1885. Vorläufige Mitteilungen über die Mollusken-Fauna von Sud Georgien. S. B. Ges. Naturf. Freund. (Berlin). 1885: 89-94.
- MARTENS, E. C. VON, AND G. PFEFFER. 1886. Die Mollusken von Sud-Georgien. J. Wiss. Anst. Hamburg 3: 65-135, pls.1-4.
- MARTINI, F. H. W., AND J. H. CHEMNITZ. 1769-95. Neues systematisches Conchylien-cabinet. Nurnberg. 11vol.
- MARTYN, T. 1784-87. The universal conchologist, exhibiting the figure of every known shell... drawn... and printed... with a new systematic arrangement (2nd ed) 4vol.
- MATSUMOTO, H. 1930. On the marine fauna of three fossil zones of the Upper Miocene of Natori District, Province of Rikuzen. Sci. Rep. Tohoku Univ. (Ser.2) Geol. 13: 1-109, pls.39-40.
- MAURY, C. J. 1922. The Recent Arcas of the Panamic Province. Paleontogr. Am.1: 163-208, pls.29-31.
1925. A further contribution to the paleontology of Trinidad (Miocene Horizons). Bull. Am. Paleontol. (Ithaca) 10: 7-250, pls.1-43.
- MAWATARI, S., AND H. KITAMURA. 1960. Marine borers collected along the coast of Kagoshima Prefecture, southern Japan, with descriptions of two new species. Misc. Rep. Res. Inst. Nat. Resour. (Tokyo) 52/53: 68-75, 1pl.
- MAWE, J. 1823. The Linnaean system of conchology, describing the orders, genera, and species of shells. London. xv + 207p., 37pls.
- MEEK, C. E. 1923. Notes on stratigraphy and Pleistocene fauna from Peard Bay, Arctic Alaska. Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sci. 14: 409-422, pls.75-79.
- MEGERLE, VON MUHFELD. 1811. Entwurf eines neuen Systems der Schaal-thiergehause. S. B. Ges. Naturf. Freund. (Berlin) 5: 38-46.
- MELVILL, J. C., AND R. STANDEN. 1907. The marine Mollusca of the Scottish National Antarctic Expedition. Trans. R. Soc. Edinb. 46: 119-157, 1pl. (1908). (issued separately 1907).
- MELVILL, J. C., AND R. STANDEN. 1912. The marine Mollusca of the Scottish National Antarctic Expedition. Trans. R. Soc. Edinb. 48: 333-366, 1pl.
1914. Notes on Mollusca collected in the north-west Falklands by

- Mr. Rupert Valetine, F.L.S., with descriptions of six new species. *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series 8* 13: 110-136, 7pls.
- MENKE, K. T. 1847. Verzeichniss einer Sendung von Conchylien von Mazatlan, mit einigen kritischen Bemerkungen. *Z. Malak.* 4: 177-191.
1848. Einige neue, theils neuhollandische und mexikanische Mytilaceen meiner Sammlung. *Z. Malak.* 5: 1-5.
- 1850-51. Conchylien von Mazatlan, mit kritischen Anmerkungen. *Z. Malak.* 7: 161-173, 177-190 (1850); 8: 17-25, 33-38 (1851).
- MERKLIN, R. L. (ed.) 1968. Atlas molluskov verlhnego Miotsena i Plotse-na Sakhalina. [Atlas of the Upper Miocene and Pliocene mollusks of Sakhalin]. *Akad. Nauk. IZD SSSR. Mosco.* 180p., 50pls.
1972. Atlas Neogenovykh molluskov Kuril'skikh ostrovov. [Atlas of the Neogene mollusks of the Kurile Islands]. *Akad. Nauk. IZD. SSSR Moscow.* 168p., 48pls.
- MERKLIN, R. L., O. M. PETROV, AND O. V. AMITROV. 1962. Atlas-Opredelitel' mollyuskov chetvertichnykh otlozhenii Chukotskogo Poluostrova. [Atlas of determinative tables of molluscs of the Quaternary deposits of the Chukosk Peninsula]. *Akad. Nauk. USSR. Commission for study of the Quaternary Period.* 56p., 12pls.
- MESSJATSEV, I. 1931. Mollyuski Barentsova Morya. [Molluscs of the Barents Sea]. *Gosudarstvennyi Okeanograf. Inst. Trudy,* 1: 167p.
- MICHELIN, H. 1831. (Description of *Venericardia flammea*). *Mag. Zool.* 1: caption to pl. 6.
- MIDDENDORFF, A. T. VON. 1849. Beitrage zu einer Malacozoologia Rossica. 3. *Akad. Nauk SSSR. Mem. Series 6. Sci-Nat.* 6: 517-610, pls. 1-21.
1851. Reise in den aussersten norden und osten Sibiriens. *Kaiser. Akad. Wiss. Proc. (St. Petersburg)* 2: 516p., 32pls.
- MIGHELS, J. W. 1844. Description of new species of shells. *Proc. Boston Soc. Natl. Hist.* 1: 187-189.
- MIGHELS, J. W., AND C. B. ADAMS. 1841. Descriptions of twenty-five new species of New England shells. *J. Nat. Hist. Boston* 1: 48-50.
- MOHR, N. P. 1786. Forsog til en Islandsk naturhistorie, med adskillige oekonomiske samt andre Anmaerkninger. *Copenhagen.* xvi + 413p., 7pls.
- MOLINA, G. I. 1782. Saggio sulla storia natural del Chile. *Bologna.* 367p., map.
- MOLL, F., AND F. ROCH. 1931. The Teredinidae of the British Museum and the Jeffreys Collection. *Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond.* 19: 1-201, pls. 22-25.
- MØLLER, H. P. C. 1842. Index Molluscorum Groenlandiae. *Naturhist. Tidsskr.* 4: 76-97. (Issued as separate L. G. Salomon. *Hafniae*, 24p.)
- MONTAGU, G. 1803-1808. Testacea Britannica or Natural History of British Shells, marine, land, and fresh-water, including the most minute: systematically arranged and embellished with figures. *London.* xxvi + 610p., 16pls. (1803); supplement 183p., 17-30pls. (1808).
- MOODY, C. L. 1916. Fauna of the Fernando of Los Angeles. *Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sci.* 10: 39-62, pls. 1-2.
- MØRCH, O. A. L. 1859-1861. Beitrage zur Molluskenfauna Central-Amerikas. *Malakol. Blat.* 6: 102-126 (1859); 7: 66-106 (1860); 170-213 (1861).
1869. Catalogue des mollusques du Spitzberg recueillis par le Dr. H. Kroyer pendant le voyage de la corvette *la Recherche* en Juin 1838. *Mem. Soc. Malac. Belg.* 4: 7-32.
- MORRISON, J. P. E. 1946. The non marine mollusks of San Jose Island, with notes on those of Pedro Gonzales Island, Pearl Islands, Panama. *Smithson. Misc. Collect.* 106: 1-49, pls. 1-3.
- MOULINS, C. DES. 1832. Description d'une nouveau genre de coquille vivant, bivalve, des mers du Chile. *Actes Soc. Linn Bordeaux* 5: 83-92, pl. 1.
- MÜLLER, C. F. 1776. Zoologiae Danicae Prodomus, seu Animalium Daniae et Norvegiae indigenarum, characteres, nomina, et synonyma. *Imprimis popularium. Hafniae,* xxxii + 282p.
1779. Von zwoen wenig bekannten Muscheln, der Schinkenarche und der gerunzelten Mahlermuschel. *Beschäftigungen der Berlinische Gesellschaft naturforschender Freunde* 4: 55-59.
- NELSON, E. T. 1870. On the molluscan fauna of the later Tertiary of Peru. *Trans. Conn. Acad. Arts. Sci.* 2: 186-206, pls. 6, 7.
- NESIS, K. N. 1964. Sistematiceskoe polozhenie i zoogeograficheskaya primadlezhnost' dvukh donnykh bespozvonochnykh severozapadno Atlantiki. [Systematics and zoogeographic position of two benthic invertebrates in the north-western Atlantic Ocean.] *Zool. Zh.* 43: 662-670, fig.
- NEWCOMBE, C. F. 1875. Description of a new species of shell from San Francisco Bay. *Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. (for 1874)* 5: 415.
1893. Report on the marine shells of British Columbia. *Bull. Nat. Hist. Soc. British Columbia (for 1892):* 31-72. (Preliminary Check List. Marine shells of British Columbia. *Victoria 1893:* 13p.)
- NOMURA, S. 1932. Mollusca from the raised beach deposits of the Kwanto region. *Sci. Rep. Tokoku Imp. Univ. Series 2,* 15: 67-147, pl. 10.
- NOMURA, S., AND K. HATAI. 1935a. Catalogue of the shell-bearing Mollusca collected from the Kesen and Motoyosi districts, northeast Honsyu, Japan, immediately after the Sanriku tunami March 3, 1933, with the descriptions of five new species. *Saito Ho-On Kai Mus. Res. Bull.* 5: 1-47, pls. 1, 2.
- 1935b. Pliocene Mollusca from the Daisyaka shell-beds in the vicinity of Daisyaka, Aomori-ken, northeast Honsyu, Japan. *Saito Ho-on Kai Mus. Res. Bull.* 6: 33-142, 9-12pls.
- NOMURA, S., AND N. ZINBO. 1937. On some neogene Mollusca from Yamagata Prefecture, Northeast Honsyu, Japan. *Saito Ho-on Kai Mus. Res. Bull.* 13: 156-168. pl. 1.
- NYST, P. H. 1848. Tableau synoptique et synonymique des especes vivants et fossiles de familie des Arcacees. Pt. 1. *Genre Arca. Mem. Acad. R. Sci. Let. Beaux-Arts Belg.* 22: 1-79.
- OCKELMANN, K. W. 1954. On the interrelationship and the zoo geography of northern species of *Yoldia* Møller, s. str. (Mollusca, Fam. Ledidae) with a new subspecies. *Medd. Gronl. Kom. Videnskab. Undersog.* 107: 1-32, pls. 1, 2.
- ODHNER, N. 1922. Mollusca from Juan Fernandez and Easter Island. pp. 219-254, pls. 8-9 in C. J. F. Skottsberg, ed. *The natural history of Juan Fernandez and Easter Island. Uppsala vol. 3.*
- OKUTANI, T. 1962. Report on the archibenthal and abyssal lamellibranchiate Mollusca mainly collected from Sagami Bay and adjacent waters by the R. V. Soyo-Maru during the years 1955-1960. *Bull. Tokai Reg. Fish. Res. Lab.* 32: 1-4, pls. 1-5.
- OKUTANI, T., AND K. SAKURAI. 1964. Genus *Cardiomya* (Mollusca, Lamellibranchiata) from Japanese waters. *Bull. Natl. Sci. Mus. (Tokyo),* 7: 17-32, pl. 1.
- OLDROYD I. S. 1918. A new species of *Cuspidaria* from Monterey. *Nautilus* 32: 28.
1920. New species of west coast shells. *Nautilus* 33: 135-136, pl. 4.
1921. A new Peruvian *Chione*. *Nautilus* 34: 93, pl. 4.
1924. Marine shells of Puget Sound and vicinity. *Publ. Puget Sound Biol. Sta. Univ. Washington* 4: 272p., 49pls.
1935. Two new west American species of Nuculanidae. *Nautilus* 49: 13-14, fig.
- OLSSON, A. A. 1932. Contributions to the Tertiary palaeontology of northern Peru. Pt. 5. The Peruvian Miocene. *Bull. Am. Paleontol.* 19: 272p., 24pls.
1942. Tertiary and Quaternary fossils from the Burica Peninsula of Panama and Costa Rica. *Bull. Am. Paleontol.* 27: 157-258, pls. 1-12.
1961. Mollusks of the tropical eastern Pacific particularly from the south half of the Panamic-Pacific faunal province (Panama to Peru). *Panamic-Pacific Pelecypoda. Am. Paleontol. Res. Inst. (Ithaca)* 574p., 86pls.
1964. Neogene mollusks from northwestern Ecuador. *Paleontol. Res. Inst. Ithaca, N.Y.:* 256p., 38pls.
1971. Mollusks from the Gulf of Panama collected by R/V John Elliott Pillsbury, 1967. Biological results of the University of Miami Deep-Sea Expedition-77. Pages 35-92, 103fig. in F.M. Bayer and G.L. Voss, eds. *Studies in tropical American mollusks. Univ. Miami Press.* 236p.
- ORBIGNY, A. D'. 1834-1847. Voyage dans l'Amerique Meridional. (Le Bresil. . . l'Uruguay, la Republique Argentine, La Patagonie, La Republique du Chile, La Republique de Bolivia, La Republique du Perou execute pendant les annees 1826-1833. 1 *Paleontologie.* 188p. (1842); 5 *Mollusques Lamellibranches.* 489-758, pls. 1-85, (1842) atlas; 529-600 (1845); 489-528, 601-728 (1846).
- 1841-1846. Mollusques. In Sagra, R. de la, *Histoire physique, politique, et naturelle de l'île de Cuba.* 2vol., atlas. (Issued 1853, but published in parts).
1842. Coquilles et Echinoderms fossiles de Colombie (Nouvelle-Grenade), recueillis de 1821 a 1833 pax M. Boussingault . . . Paris. iii + 64p., 6pls. (also issued as Vol. 3 *Paleontologie.* 188p., 6pls. Voyage dans l'Amerique Meridional 1842).
- ORCUTT, C. R. 1915. Molluscan World. *West American Scientist.* 20: 208p.
- ORCUTT, C. R., AND W. H. DALL. 1885. Notes on the mollusks of the vicinity of San Diego, Cal., and Todos Santos Bay, Lower California,

- with comments by W. H. Dall. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 8: 534-552, pls.24.
- ORTON, J. H. 1928. The dominant species of *Ostrea*. Nature 121: 320-321.
- OSMONT, V. C. 1904. *Arcas* of the California Neocene. Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. 4: 89-100, pls.8-11.
- OSORIO, C. 1979. *Modiolus aurum spec. nov.*, from Juan Fernandez Archipelago, Chile (Mollusca: Bivalvia: Mytilidae). Veliger 22: 199-203.
- PALMER, K. v. W. 1958. Type specimens of marine Mollusca described by P.P.Carpenter from the west coast (San Diego to British Columbia). Geol. Soc. Am. Mem., 76: viii + 376p., 35pls.
- PEASE, W. H. 1871. Notes on the synonymy and distribution of marine Gastropoda. Am. J. Conch. 7: 20-25.
- PACKARD, E. L. 1916. Mesozoic and Cenozoic Mactrinae of the Pacific coast of North America. Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sic. 9: 261-360, pls.12-34.
- PARKER, P. 1949. Fossil and recent species of the pelecypod genera *Chione* and *Securella* from the Pacific coast. J. Paleontol. 23: 577-593, pls.89-95.
- PELSENER, P. 1903. Resultats de Voyage du S. Y. Belgica en 1897-1898-1899, Expedition Antarctique Belge. Zoologie Mollusques. Buschmann, Brussels. 77p., 9pls.
- PETIT DE LA SAUSSAYE, S. 1853. Description de deux nouvelles espee du genre *Gnathodon*. J. Conchyliol. 4: 83-84, pl.1.
- PETROV, O. M. 1966. Stratigrafiya i fauna morskih molluskov chetvertichnykh otlozhenii Chukotskogo Poluostrova. [Stratigraphy and fauna of marine molluscs in the Quarternary deposits of the Chukotsk Peninsula]. Akad. Nauk SSSR. Geol. Inst. Trudy, 155: 288p., 23pls.
- PFEIFFER, G. 1886. Ubersicht der im Jahre 1881 vom Grafen Waldburg-Zeill im Karischen Meere gesammelten Mollusken. Abh. Ges. Hamburg 9: 1-14, pl.1.
- PHILIPPI, R. A. 1836. Enumeratio molluscorum Siciliae... Berolini. I: xiv + 268p., 12pls.
1842-1850. Abbildungen und Beschreibungen neuer oder wenig gekannter Conchylien unter mithilfe meherer deutscher Conchyliologen. Theodor Fischer, Cassel. 3: (Issued in parts of various dates; 3: dated 1845, 1847 and 1851 with 144 non serial col. pls.) I: 1-20 (1842), 21-76 (1843), 77-204 (1844); 2: 1-64 (1845), 65-152 (1846), 153-232 (1847); 3: 1-50 (1847), 51-82 (1848), 1-88 (1849), 89-138 (1850).
1844. Fauna molluscorum viventium et in tellure Tertiaria fossilium regni utriusque Siciliae. Enumeratio molluscorum Siciliae, cum viventium tum in tellure Tertiaria fossilium quae in itinere suo observavit. Berolini (Halis Saxonum), 787p.
1845a. Bemerkungen uber die Mollusken Fauna von Massachusetts. Z. Malak. 2: 68-79, pl.2.
1845b. Diagnosen einiger neuen Conchylien. Arch. Naturges. 11: 50-71.
1846. Diagnosen einiger neues Conchylien-Arten. Z. Malak. 3: 19-24, 49-55.
1847a-1848. Testaceorum novorum centuria. Z. Malak. 4: 73-77, 84-96, 113-128 (1847); 5: 13-16, 17-27 (1848).
1847b. Beschreibung zweier neuer Conchylien-geschlechter (*Dibaphus* und *Amphichaena*). Arch. Naturges. 13: 61-66, pl.3.
1849a. Centuria altera testaceorum novorum. Z. Malak. (for 1848) 6: 99-112, 123-128, 129-144, 145-150.
1849b. Centuria tertia testaceorum novorum. Z. Malak. (for 1848) 6: 151-160, 161-176, 186-192; (for 1849): 17-26, 33-35.
1851-1852. Centuria quarta testaceorum novorum. Z. Malak. 8: 29-96, 123-126 (1851); 9: 20-29 (1852).
1855. Observaciones sobre las conchas de magallanes. An. Univ. Chile (for 1854): 201-213.
1858. Breves descriptiones molluscorum quorundam terrestrium et marinorum Chilensium. Abh. Naturfor. Gesellschaft (Halle) 4: 21-24.
1860. Reise durch die Wueste Atacama auf befehl der Chilenischen Regierung im Sommer 1853-1854 unternommen und beschreiben. Aduard Anton. Halle 192p., 27pls.
1868. Conchyliia nova potissimum Magellanica. Malak. Blat. 15: 222-226.
1887. Die Tertiaren und Quartaren Versteinerungen Chiles. F. Brockhaus, Leipzig, 266p., 58pls. (Also published in 1887 as Fosiles Terciarios y Cuatarios de Chile. Santiago de Chile).
1893. Las especies Chilenas del Genero *Mactra*. Ann. Mus. Nac. Chile 4: 1-12, pls.1-3.
- PILSBRY, H. A. 1895. Catalogue of the marine mollusks of Japan, with descriptions of new species and notes on the others collected by F. Stearns. Detroit. vii + 196p., 11pls.
1899. Littoral mollusks from Cape Fairweather, Patagonia. Am. J. Sci., Series4, 7: 126-128, 1pl.
1905. New Japanese marine Mollusca. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 57: 101-122, pls.2-5.
1918. Marine mollusks of Hawaii. Pt.4-6. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 69: 309-333, pls.20-22.
1931a. Central American *Pachychilus* and *Polymesoda*. Nautilus 44: 84-85, pl.7.
1931b. The Miocene and Recent Mollusca of Panama Bay. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 83: 427-440, pls.41.
- PILSBRY, H. A., AND H. N. LOWE. 1932. West Mexican and Central American mollusks collected by H.N.Lowe, 1929-1931. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 84: 33-144, pls.1-17.
- PILSBRY, H. A., AND A. A. OLSSON. 1935. New molluscs from the Panamic Province. Nautilus 48: 116-121, pl.6; 49: 16-19, pl.1.
1941. A Pliocene fauna from western Ecuador. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 93: 79p., 119pls.
1943. New marine mollusks from the west coast. Nautilus 56: 78-81, 8pls.
- PILSBRY, H. A., AND W. J. RAYMOND. 1898. Note on *Septifer bifurcatus*. Conrad. Nautilus 12: 69-71.
- PILSBRY, H. A., AND E. G. VANATTA. 1902. Papers from the Hopkins Stanford Galapagos Expedition, 1898-1899. XIII. Marine Mollusca. Proc. Acad. Sci. Washington 4: 549-560, pls.35.
- PILSBRY, H. A., AND J. ZETEK. 1931. A Panamic *Cyrenoida*. Nautilus 45: 69, pl.3.
- POLLONERA, C. 1903. Molluschi. p.621-623 in Luigi, Duke of Abruzzi. Osservazioni scientifiche eseguite durante la spedizione polare... 1899-1900. Milano. 723p., 5pls.
- POWELL, A. W. B. 1957. Mollusca of the Kerguelen and Macquarie Islands. Rep. B. A. N. Z. Antarct. Res. Exp. 6: 107-149, pls.1, 2.
- PRESTON, H. B. 1912. Characters of six new pelecypods and two new gastropods from the Falkland Islands. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series8. 9: 636-640, pl.21.
1913. Descriptions of fifteen new species and varieties of marine shells from the Falkland Islands. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series8 11: 218-223, pl.4.
1916. Description of eight new species of marine Mollusca from the South Shetland Islands. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series8, 18: 269-272, pl.13.
- PRIME, T. 1861a. Note sur quelques especes peu connues des genres *Batisa*, *Cyrena*, *Corbicula*, et *Sphaerium*. J. Conchyliol. 9: 38-43.
1861b. Diagnoses d'especes nouvelles. J. Conchyliol. 9: 354-356.
1865. Monograph of American Corbiculadae (Recent and fossil). Smithsonian. Misc. Collect. 7: xi + 80p.
1866-70. Notes on species of the family Corbiculidae, with figures. Ann. Lyceum Nat. Hist. (New York) 8: 57-92 (1866); 213-237 (1867); 414-418 (1870); 9: 298-301, fig. (1870).
1869. Catalogue of the recent species of the family Corbiculadae. Am. J. Conch. 5: 127-187 (Appendix).
- PULTENEY, R. 1799. Catalogue of the birds, shells, and some of the more rare plants of Dorsetshire. London, 92p.
- QUATREFAGES, A. DE. 1849. Memoire sur le genre Taret (*Teredo* Linn.). Ann. Sci. Nat. Zool. Biol. Anim. 11: 19-64, pls.1-5.
- QUAYLE, D. B. 1938. *Paphia bifurcata*, a new molluscan species from Ladysmith Harbour, B.C. J. Fish. Res. Board Can. 4: 53-54, fig.
- RAFINESQUE, C. S. 1820. Monographie des coquilles bivalves fluviatiles de la riviere Ohio. Ann. Gen. Sci. Physiques 5: 287-322, pls.1-3.
- RAJAGOPAL, A. S. 1964. Two new species of marine borers of genus *Naustora* (Mollusca: Teredinidae) from West Bengal, India. J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc. 61: 108-118, pl.1.
- RAMORINO, L. M. 1968. Pelecypoda del Fondo de la Bahia de Valparaiso. Rev. Biol. Mar. 13: 176-284, pls.1-10.
- REAGAN, A. B. 1908. Some notes on the Olympic Peninsula, Washington. Trans. Kans. Acad. Sci. 22: 131-238, pls.1-6.
- RECLUZ, C. A. 1842. Description de deux coquilles nouvelles. Rev. Zool. Soc. Cuvier. 5: 305-307.
1843. Monographie du genre *Poronia*. Rev. Zool. Soc. Cuvier. 6: 166-179.
1853a. Description de coquilles nouvelles. J. Conchyliol. 4: 49-54, pl.1.

- 1853b. Description d'une nouvelle espece du genre *Cyrena*. J. Conchyliol. 4: 251–253, pl.7.
- REEVE, L. A. 1843–1878. Conchologia Iconica: or, illustrations of the shells of molluscous animals. Continued by G.B.Sowerby. London, 20vol., issued in sections.
1855. Account of the shells collected by Captain Sir Edward Belcher, C.B., north of Beechey Island. pp.392–399, pls.32–33. In Belcher, E. The last of the Arctic voyages: being a narrative of the expedition in HMS *Assistance*. . . in search of Sir J.Richardson, . . . 1852–54. London, 2: xii + 420p.
- REHDER, H. A. 1971. A molluscan faunule from 200meters off Valparaiso, Chile, with descriptions of four new species. Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 83: 585–596, fig.
- RIDEWOOD, W. G. 1903. On the structure of the gills of the Lamellibranchia. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci. 195: 147–284.
- RIABININA, N. V. 1952. Carditacea chukotskogo morya i Beringova proliva [Carditacea of the Chukchi Sea and Bering Strait] Kranii Severo-Vostock SSSR 2: 279–285.
- ROBERT, M. E. 1851. Zoologie et medecine. iv + 211p., 2pls. Atlas 50 pls. in Voyage en Islande et au Groenland, execute pendant . . . 1835–36 sur . . . *La Recherche*, commandee par M.Trehouart. publie. sous la direction de M.P.Gaimard. 1838–1852. Paris. 7vol.
- ROCH, F. 1931. Die Terediniden der skandinavischen Museums sammlungen (Stockholm, Gotienburg, Kopenhagen, Oslo, Nidaros and Tromso). Ark. Zool. 22A: 29p., 4pls.
1934. The Teredinae of the Soviet Union. Zool. Zh. 13: 437–352, pl.2.
- ROCH, F., AND F. MOLL. 1935. Ueber einige neue Teredinidenarten. Akad. Wiss. Wien. Math. Nat. Kl. Sitzungsber. Abtl. 144: 263–279, pl.2.
- ROCHEBRUNE, A. T., AND J. MABILLE. 1889. Mission scientifique du Cap Horn 1882–1883. Zoologie Mollusques Lamellibranchiata. 6: 101–126, pls.7–8.
- RÖDING, P. F. 1798. Museum Boltenianum. . . Pars Secunda, continens conchyliia sive testacea univalvia, bivalvia et multivalvia. Hamburg, viii + 199p.
- ROGERS, M. E. 1962. A new Gulf of California *Periploma*. Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci. 61: 229–231, fig.
- RÖMER, E. 1860. Beschreibung neuer *Venus*-Arten. Malak. Blat. 7: 148–165.
- ROTH, B. 1975. Description of a new species of pectinid bivalve from the Juan Fernandez Islands, Chile. J. Malacol. Soc. Aust. 3: 81–89.
- ROUSSEAU, L. 1854. Description des Mollusques coquilles et zoophytes. Voyage au Pole Sud et dans l'Oceanie sur les corvettes *Astrolabe* et la *Zelee*; execute par ordre du Roi pendant les annees 1837–1840, sous le commandement de M. J. Dumont-d'Urville, Capitaine de vaisseau; publie par ordre du gouvernement, sous la direction superieure de M.Jacquinot, capitaine de vaisseau, Commandant de la *Zelee*. Paris. Gide & Baudry. 5: 132p.
- SALISBURY, A. E. 1934. On the nomenclature of Tellinidae with descriptions of new species and some remarks on distribution. Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond. 21: 74–91, pls.9–14.
- SARS, G. O. 1878. Bidrag til kundskaben om Norges arktiske fauna: 1. Mollusca regionis arcticae Norvegiae. Oversigt over de i Norges arktiske region forekommende bloddyr. A.W.Brogger. Christiana, xiii + 467p., 52pls.
- SARS, M. 1865. Om de i Norge forekommende fossile Dyrelevninger fra Quartaerperioden. Christiana, 217p.
- SAY, T. 1822. An account of some of the marine shells of the United States. J. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 2: 221–248, 257–276, 302–325.
- 1830–1832. American conchology; or, descriptions of the shells of North America. Illustrated by colored figures from original drawings executed from nature. New Harmony, Indiana. Part 1, p.150, pls.1–10 (1830); Part2, p.151–170, pls.11–20 (1831); Part3, p.171–186, pls.21–30 (1831); Part4, p.187–194, pls.31–40 (1832); Part5 p.195–204, pls.41–50 (1832); Part6, p.205–235 (Part7 published by T.A.Conrad after Say's death, no date. pp.236–258).
- SCARLATO, O. A. 1955a. In Brodskii, K. A., and M. M. Nikitin. Materialy nubludeniia nauchnoissledovatel skoi dreifuishohei stantsii 1950/51 goda. Somov, M.M. (ed) "Morskoi Transport" 1: 465p. (Translation Amer. Meteor. Soc. ASTIA document No.AD117135).
- 1955b. Klass dvustvorchatykh mollyuski-Bivalvia (Lamellibranchiata, Pelecypoda). [Class of bivalve molluscs-Bivalvia. (Lamellibranchiata, Pelecypoda)]. pp.185–198, pls.49–53. In Pavlovskii, E.N. (ed). Atlas bespozvonochnykh dal' nevostochnykh morei SSSR. (Atlas of the invertebrates of the far eastern seas of the USSR). Akad nauk USSR. Zool. Inst. 240p., 66pls. (1966. Translation by IPST., Cat. No., 1672.)
1960. Dvustvorchatykh mollyuski Dalnevostochnykh moreyi, SSSR. Otriad Dysodonta. [Bivalve Mollusca of the Far Eastern SEAs of the USSR. Order Dysodonta.]. Tabl. Anal. Faune. Akad. Nauk. SSSR., 71: 127p., 17pls.
1972. Novye vidy semeystva Cuspidariidae (Septibranchia, Bivalvia) iz dal'nevostochnykh morei SSSR. [New species of the family Cuspidariidae (Septibranchia, Bivalvia) from the seas of the Soviet far east.] Trudy. Zool. Inst. Leningr. 52: 121–128, fig.
1981. Dvustvorchatye mollyuski vanerennykh shirot zapadnoi chasti Tikhogo okeana. [Bivalvia of the temperate latitudes of the western part of the Pacific Ocean]. Leningrad oped. po faune SSSR. 480 p, 64 pls, figs.
- SCHLESCH, H. 1931. Beitrag zur Kenntnis der marinen Mollusken-Fauna Islands. 2 Studien uber *Mya*-Arten. Arch. Molluskenkd. 63: 133–155, pls.1–16.
- SCHRENCK, L. VON. 1861. Vorlaufige Diagnosen einiger neuer Molluskenarten aus der meerenge der Tartarei und den norjapanischen Meere. Bull. Acad. Imp. Sci. Saint Petersburg, Series3, 4: 408–413.
1867. Mollusken des Amur-Landes und des nordjapanischen Meeres. Reisen und Forschungen im Amur-Lande in den Jahren 1854–1856. St. Petersburg. 2: 259–976, pls.1–13.
- SCHUMACHER, C. F. 1817. Essai d'un nouveau systeme des habitations des vers testaces. Copenhagen, iv + 287p., 22pls.
- SLODKOVICH, V. C. 1935. Fauna mollyuskov iz Pleistotsenovykh otlozhenii poberezh'ia zaliva laurentiia (Chukotskii poluostrv). [The Molluscan fauna of the Pleistocene deposits of the Lawrence Bay coast (Chukotsk Peninsula)]. Leningradskoe obschestvo estestvoispytatelei Trudy, 64: 112–122.
1938. Tretichnye pelesipody Dal'nego vostoka. [Tertiary Pelecypoda from the Far East.] USSR Acad. Sci. Paleontl. Inst., Paleontology of USSR. 10: 1–275, pls.1–106. (Translation by S.A.Eringis 1940. U.S.A. Works Project Administration #3888. op., 165–195–11.)
- SMITH, A. G., AND M. GORDON. 1948. The marine mollusks and brachiopods of Monterey Bay, California, and vicinity. Proc Calif. Acad. Sci. 26: 147–245, pls.3, 4.
- SMITH, E. A. 1880. Descriptions of six new species of shells from Vancouver Island. An. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series5, 6: 286–289.
1881. Mollusca and Molluscoidea. Account of the Zoological collections made during the survey of H.M.S. "ALERT", in the Straits of Magellan, and on the coast of Patagonia. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1881): 22–44, pls.3–5.
1885. Report on the Lamellibranchiata collected by H. M. S. Challenger during the years 1873–1876. Scientific results of the voyage of H. M. S. CHALLENGER. PartV Zoology.13: 341p., 25pls.
1905. On a small collection of Mollusca from Tierra del Fuego. Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond. 6: 333–339, fig.
1907. National Antarctic Expedition of the S. S. 'Discovery' under Captain R. F. Scott 1901–1904. 2. Zoology. Part5. Lamellibranchiata: 1–7, 3pls.
1915. Mollusca Pt.1. Gastropoda Prosobranchia, Scaphopoda, and Pelecypoda. British Antarctic ("Terra Nova") Expedition 1910. Nat. Hist. Rep. Zool. 2: 61–112, pls.1, 2.
- SMITH, J. 1839. On the last changes in the relative levels of the land and sea in the British Islands. Mem. Wernerian Nat. Hist. Soc. (Edinburgh). 8: 49–113, pls.1, 2.
- SOOT-RYEN, T. 1931. Pelecypods from Floreana (Sancta Maria), Galapagos Islands. Nytt Mag. Zool. (Oslo) 70: 313–324, pls.1, 2.
1932. Pelecypoda with a discussion of possible migrations of Arctic Pelecypods in Tertiary times. The Norwegian North Polar Expedition with the "Maud" 1918–1925, Sci. Results 5: 1–35, pls.1–2.
1952. New Tertiary Pelecypods from Punta Arenas. Ark. Zool. Series2, 4: 307–310, 1pl.
1955. A report on the family Mytilidae. Allen Hancock Pac. Exp. 20: 154p., 10pls.
- 1957a. Preliminary diagnosis of new genera and species of pelecypods from Chile. Astarte, 16: 1–5.
- 1957b. On a small collection of Pelecypoda from Peru to Panama. Reports of the Lund University Chile Expedition 1948–1949. No.32. Acta. Univ. Lund. Avd. Series 2, 53: 1–11, fig.
1959. Pelecypoda. Reports of the Lunds University Chile Expedition

- 1948-1949, No.35. Acta. Univ. Lund. Avd. Series2, 55: 86p., 1-4pls.
1963. A new name for *Modiola fornicata* Carpenter 1864, not *Modiola fornicata* F.A.Roemer, 1836. Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond. 35: 127-128.
- SOWERBY, G. B. (I) 1821-1834. The genera of Recent and fossil shells. London. 1: pls. 1-126 + text (not numbered) [1821-1825]; 2: pls. 127-162 + text (not numbered) [1825-1834].
1825. A catalogue of the shells contained in the collection of the... Earl of Tankerville... with an appendix, containing descriptions of many new species. London. vii + 92p., appendix 34p., 8pls.
- SOWERBY, G. B. (III) 1832-1841. The conchological illustrations. London. Pt. 1-22, 200pls.
- 1833-1835. Characters of new species of Mollusca and Conchifera, collected by Mr. Cuming. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1833): 16-22, 34-38 (1833); (for 1834): 21-22, 46-47, 68-72, 87-89 (1834); (for 1835): 21-23, 84-85, 93-96, 109-110 (1835).
1839. Molluscos animals, and their shells: by John Edward Gray, continued by G.B.Sowerby. In F.W.Beechey, The zoology of Capt Beechey's voyage... to the Pacific and Behring's Straits in His Majesty's Ship *Blossom*. London: x-xii + p.103-155, pls.33-34. (P.103-142 by Gray; 143-155 by Sowerby.)
- 1842-87. Thesaurus conchyliorum, or monographs of genera of shells. London, 5vol. (issued in 44parts).
1870. Descriptions of forty-eight new species of shells. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. (for 1870): 249-259, pls.21, 22.
- SOWERBY, G. B. (III) 1915. Descriptions of new species of Mollusca from various localities. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. Series8, 15: 164-170, pl.10.
- SOWERBY, J. 1815-1818. The mineral conchology of Great Britain; or animals or shells which have been preserved at various times and depths in the earth. London. 7vol.
- SPIEKER, E. M. 1922. The palaeontology of the Zorritos formation of the North Peruvian oilfields. Johns Hopkins Stud. Geol. 3: 177p., 10pls.
- STEARNS, R. E. C. 1871. Preliminary descriptions of new species of marine Mollusca from the west coast of North America. 7: 1-2.
1891. Scientific results of explorations by the U.S. Fish. Commission's Steamer *Albatross*. No.17. Descriptions of new west American land, freshwater, and marine shells, with notes and comments. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 13: 205-225, pls.15-17.
1894. The shells of the Tres Marias and other localities along the shores of Lower California and the Gulf of California. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 17: 134-204.
1899. Notes on *Cytherea (Tivela) crassatelloides* Conrad, with descriptions of many varieties. Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus. 21: 371-378, pls.23-25.
- STEINBECK, J. E., AND E. F. RICKETTS. 1941. Sea of Cortez: A leisurely journal of travel and research with a scientific appendix comprising materials for a source book on the marine animals of the Panamic province. Viking Press, New York. x + 598p., 40pls.
- STEMPELL, W. 1899. Die Muscheln der Sammlung Plate. Zool. Jahrb. (Suppl.4) 2: 217-250, pl.12.
- STIMPSON, W. 1851. Shells of New England. A review of the synonymy of the testaceous mollusks of New England, with notes on their structure, and their geographical and bathymetrical distribution. Boston, 58p., 2pls.
1860. Check list of the shells of North America. East Coast: Arctic seas to Georgia. Smithson. Misc. Collect. 2: 6p.
1862. Description of a new *Cardium* from the Pleistocene of Hudson's Bay. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 12: 58-59, fig.
1863. Synopsis of the Marine invertebrata collected by the late Arctic expedition, under Dr.I.I.Hayes. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 13: 138-142.
- STORER, D. H. 1838. Description of a new species of *Nucula* from Massachusetts Bay. J. Nat. Hist. (Boston) 2: 122-123.
- STRAUCH, F. 1972. Phylogenese, Adaptation und Migration einiger nordischer mariner Mollusken-genera (*Neptunea*, *Panomya*, *Cyrtodaria*, und *Mya*). Abh. Senckenb. Naturforsch. Ges. 531: 211p., 11pls.
- STRONG, A. M. 1934. A new Californian *Pseudochama*. Nautilus 47: 137p., pl.8.
1938. New species of west American shells. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 23: 203-216, pls.15, 16.
- STRONG, A. M., AND L. G. HERTLEIN. 1937. The Templeton Crocker Expedition of the California Academy of Sciences 1932. 25. New species of Recent mollusks from the coast of western North America. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 22: 159-178, pls.34, 35.
- TAKEDA, H. 1953. The Poronai Formation (Oligocene Tertiary) of Hokkaido and south Sakhalin and its Fossil Fauna. Geol. Soc. Hokkaido Assoc. Coal. Min. Tec. Stud. Coal. Geol. 3: 103p., 18pls.
- TAKI, I., AND T.HABE. 1945. Shipworms from Amboina and Nicobar. Venus Jpn. J. Malacol. 14: 118-123.
- Tapparone-Canefri, C. 1874. Malacologia. Zoologia del viaggio intorno al globo della regia fregata Magenta durante gli anni 1865-1868. Torino 162p., 4pls.
- TEGLAND, N. M. 1928. *Pitaria ida*, a new recent species from Sitka, Alaska. Nautilus 212: 4-6.
1933. The fauna of the type Blakeley Upper Oligocene of Washington. Univ. Calif. Publ. Bull. Geol. 23: 81-174, pls.2-15.
- THANG, S., C. TSI, AND K. LI. 1960. Etude sur les pholades de la Chine et descriptions d'especes nouvelles. Acta. Zool. Sin. 12: 63-87, fig.
- THIELE, J. 1912. Die Antarktischen Schnecken und Muscheln. Dtsch. Sudpol-Exped. 1901-1903. 10: 1-23. In Deutsche Sudpolar-Expeditione. 1901-1903. Zool.5, 13: 183-285, 9pls.
- THUNBERG, C. P. 1793. Tekning och beskifning pa en ostronsort ifram Japon. K. Ventensh. Akad. Hand. I. 14: 140-142, 1pl.
- TIBA, R. 1972. Descriptions of two new species of the genus *Venericardia* (Lamellibranchia: Carditidae). Venus, Jpn. J. Malacol. 30: 135-140, pls.1, 2.
- TILESUS, W. G. 1822. Additamenta conchyliologica et zoographiam Rosso-Asiaticam. Acad. sci. St. Petersburg. mem. 8: 293-302, p. 9.
- TOKUNAGA, S. 1906. Fossils from the environs of Tokyo. J. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo 21: 96p., 6pls.
- TOMLIN, J. R. LEB. 1927-1928. The Mollusca of the "St. George" Expedition. I. The Pacific coast of South America. J. Conchol. 18: 153-170 (1927), 187-198 (1928).
- TORELL, O. M. 1859. Bidrag till Spitsbergen Mollusk-fauna. Jemte en allman oversigt af Arktiska regionens naturforhallanden och forntida utbredning. Boktryckeri. Stockholm. 118p.
- TOTTEN, J. G. 1834. Description of some new shells belonging to the coast of New England. Am. J. Sci. 26: 365-369, 1pl.
- TRASK, P. D. 1922. The Briones formation of middle California. Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sci. 13: 133-174, pls.1-8.
- TROSCHEL, F. H. 1852. Verzeichniss der durch Herrn Dr. v. Tschudi in Peru gesammelten Conchylien. Arch. f. Naturgeschichte 18: 151-208, pls. 5-7.
- TRYON, G. W. 1863. Contributions towards a monography of the order Pholadacea, with descriptions of new species. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 15: 143-146, pl.1.
1865. Descriptions of new species of Pholadidae. Am. J. Conch. 1: 39-40, pl.2.
1870. Descriptions of new species of marine bivalve Mollusca, in the collection of the Academy of Natural Sciences. Am. J. Conch. 5: 170-173, pl.16.
- 1872a. Catalogue of the family Chamidae. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. (for 1872): 116-121.
- 1872b. Description of new species of marine bivalve Mollusca. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila (for 1872): 130, pl.6.
- TURNER, R. D. 1955. The family Pholadidae in the western Atlantic and the eastern Paific. Part2. Martesiinae, Jouannetiinae, and Xylophaginae. Johnssonia 3: 65-160, fig.35-43.
1972. *Xyloredo*, a new tereidid-like abyssal wood-borer (Mollusca, Pholadidae, Xylophaginae). Breviora 397: 1-19, pls.1-6.
- TURTON, W. 1822. Conchyliia dithyra Insularum Britannicarum. The bivalve shells of the British Islands. London, 279p., 20pls.
- VALENCIENNES, A. 1832. Coquilles bivalves marines de l'Amerique equinoxiale recueillies pendant le voyage de MM. A. De Humboldt et A. Bonpland, Pages217-224, pls.48, 50, 53-57 in A.Humboldt et A. Bonpland Recueil d' observations de zoologie et d'anatomie comparee faites dans l'oceen Atlantique, dans l'interieur du nouveau continent et dans La Mer Du Sud pendant les annees 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, et 1803. Vol.2. J. Smith Imp., Paris. (Dated 1833, but issued in 1832).
1839. Description d l'animal de la panopee australe, et recherches sur les autres especes vivants ou fossil de ce genre. Arch. Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat. (Paris) 1: 1-38, pls.1-6.
1846. Mollusques. In Abel du Petit-Thouars. Voyage autour du monde sur la fregate *La Venus*, pendant... 1836-1839. Atlas de Zoologie, Mollusques, pls.1-24 (no text). Paris.
- VERRILL, A. E. 1870. Contributions to zoology from the Museum of Yale College. No.VI. Descriptions of shells from the Gulf of California. Am. J. Sci. Arts 49: 217-227.

1882. Catalogue of marine Mollusca added to the fauna of New England during the past ten years. *Trans. Conn. Acad. Arts Sci.* 5: 447-587, pls.42-44, 57, 58.
1897. A study of the family Pectinidae, with a revision of the genera and subgenera. *Trans. Conn. Acad. Arts Sci.* 10: 41-95, pls.16-21.
- VERRILL, A. E., AND K. J. BUSH. 1898. Revision of the deep-water Mollusca of the Atlantic coast of North America, with descriptions of new genera and species. *Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus.* 20: 775-901, pls.71-97.
- VILLARROEL, M. M. 1971. A new *Nucula* from the Juan-Fernandez Islands. (Bivalvia: Protobranchia). *Bol. Mus. Nac. Hist. Nat. Chile.* 32: 159-171.
- WATERFALL, L. N. 1929. A contribution to the paleontology of the Fernando group, Ventura County, California. *Univ. Calif. Publ. Geol. Sci. Bull.* 18: 71-92, pls.5-6.
- WEAVER, C. E. 1912. A preliminary report on the Tertiary paleontology of western Washington. *Bull. Geol. Surv. Washington* 15: iii + 80p., 15pls.
- WHITEAVES, J. F. 1878. On some marine Invertebrata from the west coast of North America. *Can. Nat. new series*8: 464-471.
- 1880a. On some marine invertebrata from the Queen Charlotte Islands. p.190-205 in G.M.Dawson, Report on the Queen Charlotte Islands. *Geol. Surv. Can. Prog. Rep.* 1878-1879.
1887. On some marine invertebrates dredged or otherwise collected by Dr.G.M.Dawson, in 185, in the northern part of the Strait of Georgia, in Discovery Passage, Johnstone Strait and Queen Charlotte and Quatsino Sounds, British Columbia, with a supplementary list of a few Ind and freshwater shells, fishes, birds, etc., from the same region. *Trans. R. Soc. Can. (for 1886)* 4: 111-135.
1893. Notes on some marine Invertebrata from the coast of British Columbia. *Ottawa Nat.* 7: 133-137, 1pl.
- WIEDEY, L. W. 1928. Notes on the Vaqueros and Temblor formations of the California Miocene with descriptions of new species. *Trans. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist.* 5: 95-182, pls.9-21.
- WILCKENS, O. 1907. Die Lamellibranchiaten, Gastropoden, etc. der oberen Kreide Südpatagoniens. *Freiburg i B., Berlin natf. Ges.*15: 97-166, pls.2-9.
- WILLETT, G. 1918. Description of a new *Pandora* of the subgenus *Kennerlyia* from Forrester Island, Alaska. *Nautilus* 31: 134-135.
1932. A new *Cardita* from the Aleutian Islands and a new *Epitonium* from southern California. *Trans. San Diego Soc. Nat. Hist.* 7: 85-90, pl.5.
1938. A new *Pseudochama* from Clarion Island, Mexico. *Nautilus* 52: 48-49, pl.4.
- 1944a. Northwest American species of *Glycimeris*. *Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci.* 42: 107-114, pls.11, 12.
- 1944b. Two new West American pelecypods. *Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci.* 43: 19-22, pl.8.
- 1944c. New species of mollusks from Redondo, California. *Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci.* 43: 71-73, pl.14.
- WILLIAMS, M. W. 1940. A new *Periploma* from Alaska. *J. Entomol. Zool. Pomona Coll. Calif.* 32: 37-40.
- WILLIAMSON, M. B. 1893. An annotated list of the shells of San Pedro Bay and vicinity. *Proc. U.S. Natl. Mus.* 15: 179-219, pls.19-22.
1905. Some west American shells—including a new variety of *Corbula luteola* Cpr. and two new varieties of gastropods. *Bull. South. Calif. Acad. Sci.* 4: 118-129.
- WOOD, S. V. 1851-1857. A monograph of the Crag Mollusca with descriptions of shells from the Upper Tertiaries of the British Isles.2. Bivalves. *Palaeontogr. Soc. Monogr. (Lond)* 342p., 31pls. (1-150, pls.1-12 [1851], 151-216, pls.13-20 [1853], 217-342, pls.21-31 [1857]).
- WOOD, W. 1815. General conchology; or a description of shells, arranged according to the Linnaean system. London. 1xi+ 246p., 60pls.
1825. Index testaceologicus or a catalogue of shells British and foreign, arranged according to the Linnéan system. London. xiv+ 188p., 38pls.
1828. Supplement to the Index Testaceologicus or a catalogue of shells, British and foreign. London, vi+ 59p., 8pls.
- WOODRING, W. P., S. STEWART, AND R. W. RICHARDS. 1941. Geology of the Kettleman Hills oilfield, California. Stratigraphy, paleontology and structure. *U.S. Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper (1940)* 195: 170p., 57pls.
- WOODWARD, S. P. 1851-1856. A manual of the Mollusca (including the Brachiopoda and Tunicata): or a rudimentary treatise of recent and fossil shells, etc. 3vol. xvi+ 486p., 25pls., 1map.
- WRIGHT, E. P. 1866. Contributions to a natural history of the Terebridae. *Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond.* 25: 561-568, 4pls.
- YABE, H., AND S. NOMURA. 1925. Notes on Recent and Tertiary species of *Thyasira* from Japan. *Sci. Rep. Tohoku Univ. Series2,* 7: 83-95, pls.23-27.
- YAMAMOTO, M., AND T. HABA. 1959. Fauna of shell-bearing mollusks in Matsu Bay. Lamellibranchia (2). *Bull. Tohoku. Mar. Biol. Sta. Asamushi,* 9: 85-122, pls.1-9.
- YATES, L. G. 1890. The Mollusca of Santa Barbara County, California and new shells from the Santa Barbara Channel. *Bull. Santa Barbara Soc. Nat. Hist.* 1: 37-48, 2pls.
- YOKOYAMA, M. 1920. Fossils from the Miura Peninsula and its immediate north. *J. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo* 39: 198p., 20pls.
1922. Fossils from the Upper Musashino of Kazusa and Shimosa. *J. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo.*44: 200p., 17pls.
- 1924a. Mollusca from the coral-bed of Awa. *J. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo. (Art. 1)* 45: 82pp., 5pls.
- 1924b. Molluscan remains from the lowest part of the Jo-Ban coalfield. *J. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo (Art. 3)* 45: 22pp., 5pls.
- 1925a. Molluscan remains from the uppermost part of the Jo-Ban coal-field. *J. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo (Art. 5)* 45: 34pp., 4pls.
- 1925b. Tertiary Mollusca from Shinano and Echigo. *J. Fac. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo, Series2,* 1: 1-23, pls.1-7.
- 1925c. Mollusca of the Tertiary Basin of Chichibu. *J. Fac. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo, Series2,* 1: 111-126, pls.12, 13.
1927. Mollusca from the Upper Musashino of Tokyo and its suburbs. *J. Fac. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo, Series2,* 1: 391-437, pls.46-50.
1932. Tertiary Mollusca from the coalfield of Uryu, Ishikari. *J. Fac. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo, Series2,* 3: 221-247, pls.1-4.
- ZETEK, J., AND R. A. MCLEAN. 1936. *Hiata*, a new genus of the family Pholadidae from the Pacific at Panama, with a description of a new species. *Nautilus* 49: 110-111, pl.8.

INDEX

Note: Boldface entry indicates a current nomen

- abbotti*, *Lithophaga* 21
abbreviata, *Astarte* 37
abbreviata, *Mya* 57
aberrans, *Calyptiraea* 27
Abra 46
abbreviata, *Panope* 59
abrupta, *Panope* 59
abrupta, *Saxicava* 57
abruptus, *Donax* 49
abyssicola, *Modiolus* 20
abyssicola, *Sarepta* 10
abyssicola, *Yoldia* 14
Acanthocardia 37
acapulcensis, *Leda* 12
Acar 14
Acephala 9
Acesta 22
Acharax 9
achatinus, *Mytilus* 18
Acila 9
acolasta, *Macoma* 45
acrita, *Nuculana* 12
Acrosterigma 37
aculeata, *Acanthocardia* 37
acuminata, *Leda* 12
acuminata, *Parapholas* 60
acuta, *Leda* 12
acuta, *Mulinia* 40
acuta, *Mya* 57
acuta, *Polymesoda* 50
acutedentata, *Chidiophora* 63
acuticostata, *Astarte* 36
acuticostata, *Callista* 55
acutilineata, *Lucina* 29
acutithyra, *Pholadidea* 61
acutus, *Cyclopecten* 26
acymata, *Mactra* 39
adamsi, *Anomia* 27
adamsi, *Anadara* 15
adamsi, *Crassinella* 36
adamsi, *Cumingia* 46
adamsi, *Mytilus* 49
adamsi, *Spisula* 40
adamsianus, *Brachidontes* 18
Adontorhina 30
Adrana 11
Adula 21
aequacostata, *Haliris* 65
aequalis, *Potamomya* 58
aequatorialis, *Anadara* 15
aequatorialis, *Eucrassinella* 36
aequatorialis, *Ostrea* 23
aequatorialis, *Scolimnytilus* 18
aequilatera, *Cytherea* 53
aequinocialis, *Pitar* 55
aequisulcatus, *Pecten* 24
aequivalvis, *Avicula* 16
aequizonata, *Lucinoma* 29
Aequiyoldia 13
aeruginosa, *Osteodesma* 63
affinis, *Cardita* 33
affinis, *Cytherea* 55
affinis, *Donax* 48
affinis, *Hemicardia* 38
affinis, *Tagelus* 48
agapea, *Nuculana* 12
agassizii, *Lima* 22
agassizii, *Solemya* 9
Agerostrea 23
agrestis, *Venus* 51
Agriodesma 63
agujana, *Nucula* 9
akutanica, *Limopsis* 16
alabastrum, *Cardium* 38
alaskana, *Cardita* 34
alaskana, *Macoma* 45
alaskana, *Policordia* 65
alaskana, *Spisula* 40
alaskana, *Venericardia* 34
alaskanum, *Periploma* 64
alaskense, *Parvamussium* 27
alaskensis, *Tridonta* 37
alata, *Mactra* 40
alba, *Corbula* 58
alba, *Mya* 57
albida, *Chlamys* 24
albidum, *Dacrydium* 19
Albimanus 64
alcatrazensis, *Spisula* 40
alectus, *Anomia* 27
aletes, *Pitar* 54
aleutica, *Diplodonta* 30
aleutica, *Mysella* 32
aleuticum, *Periploma* 64
aligosus, *Semimytilus* 19
Aligena 30
Allogramma 63
alope, *Placunanomia* 27
alta, *Anatina* 64
alta, *Paphia* 53
alta, *Siliqua* 41
alta, *Tellina* 44
alternata, *Barbatia* 15
alternata, *Cytherea* 53
alternatus, *Pitar* 55
alternidentata, *Tellina* 43
altilis, *Polymesoda* 50
altior, *Iphigenia* 49
altiplicatus, *Pecten* 24
altirostris, *Corbula* 40
alvarezii, *Venus* 51
amabilis, *Allogramma* 63
amandi, *Pecten* 25
amara, *Ostrea* 23
amathusia, *Chione* 51
ambigua, *Iphigenia* 49
amblia, *Nuculana* 11
amblia, *Yoldia* 14
Ameghinomya 51
americana, *Leptomya* 46
americana, *Mariesia* 60
americanum, *Amygdalum* 19
americanus, *Modiolus* 19
americanus, *Mytilus* 18
americanus, *Spondylus* 27
Americardia 38
Amerycina 31
amethystina, *Corbula* 58
amianta, *Tellina* 42
Amiantis 54
amiata, *Nuculana* 11
Amphichaena 48
ampla, *Panomya* 59
amplectans, *Angulus* 43
ampliata, *Venus* 52
amygdalea, *Yoldia* 13
amygdalina, *Petricola* 57
Amygdalum 19
anachoreta, *Petricola* 56
Anadara 15
Anadarinae 15
Anatina 40
anatina, *Mactra* 40
Anchomasa 60
anconensis, *Thracia* 64
angelica, *Lopha* 24
angulata, *Arca* 14
angulata, *Astarte* 37
angulata, *Cyrena* 50
angulata, *Lima* 23
angulata, *Mactra* 40
angulata, *Vesicomya* 50
angulosa, *Cytherea* 51
Angulus 42
angusta, *Mactra* 39
angustanus, *Mytilus* 19
aniwana, *Liocyma* 56
annae, *Dosinia* 51
annetae, *Lophocardium* 38
annulata, *Lucinoma* 29
anomala, *Polymesoda* 50
Anomalodesmata 62
Anomia 27
Anomiacea 27
Anomiidae 27
anomoides, *Perna* 22
anomoides, *Plicatula* 24
antarctica, *Astarte* 37
antarctica, *Hiatella* 59
antarctica, *Lucinoma* 29
antarctica, *Mactra* 40
antarctica, *Panopaea* 59
antarctica, *Philobrya* 16
antarctica, *Sanguinolaria* 45
antarctica, *Solemya* 9
antarcticum, *Cyamium* 33
Antinioche 52
antiqua, *Ameghinomya* 51
aomoriensis, *Astarte* 37
apicinum, *Cardium* 38
Apiocardia 38
apodema, *Cuspidaria* 66
apodema, *Mercenaria* 52
appendiculata, *Modiola* 21
approximata, *Lucina* 29
aquatilis, *Malleus* 22
aratus, *Saxidomus* 55
araucana, *Melina* 22
Arca 14
Arcacea 14
arcana, *Chama* 35
arcella, *Cardites* 34
arces, *Pecten* 26
Archivesica 50
Arcidae 14
arciformis, *Malletia* 11
arciformis, *Mytella* 18
Arcinae 14
Arcinella 35
Arcoida 14
arconis, *Chlamys* 25
Arcopsis 16
arctica, *Hiatella* 51
arctica, *Nucula* 13
arctica, *Panomya* 59
arctica, *Portlandia* 13
arctica, *Tapes* 56
arctica, *Tridonta* 37
Arcticea 49
arcticum, *Cardium* 39

- arcuata, Laeda* 11
arcuata, Lima 23
arcuata, Pandora 62
arcuata, Petricola 57
Ardeamya 46
arenaria, Mya 57
arenatum, Cardium 38
arenica, Tellina 42
arenosa, Lyonsia 63
argentaria, Periploma 64
argenteus, Cyclopecten 26
argentina, Tivela 53
argentinica, Bankia 62
argis, Tellina 44
Argopecten 24
arguta, Cytherea 53
aricana, Donax 48
aristata, Lithophaga 21
arnheimi, Macoma 45
artemidis, Diplodonta 30
artemidis, Lucina 28
askoyana, Tellina 43
asper, Donax 49
asperrima, Protothaca 53
aspersa, Papyridea 37
aspersus, Pecten 25
assimilis, Donax 49
assimilis, Pectunculus 17
Astartacea 36
Astarte 36
Astartidae 36
Astartinae 36
astartoides, Venus 55
asthenodon, Leporimetis 44
Asthenothaerus 64
atacama, Mactra 39
ater, Aulacomya 17
atlantica, Avicula 21
atossa, Tindaria 11
Atrina 22
attenuata, Limatula 22
attenuata, Modiola 21
Aulacomya 17
aurantiaca, Megapitaria 54
auratus, Mytilus 18
auricula, Anadara 16
auriculata, Arca 16
aurita, Xylophaga 61
aurora, Cytherea 53
aurora, Psammotreta 45
aurum, Modiolus 19
austini, Leda 13
australis, Cardita 34
australis, Cryptomya 58
australis, Pecten 25
australis, Scioberetia 33
Austroplatyodon 58
aviculaeformis, Arca 16
aviculoides, Arca 16
awana, Petricola 59
Axinactis 17
Axinola 17
Axinopsida 29
Axinopsininae 29
Axinulus 29
azulensis, Nucula 9
badia, Chione 55
bahamensis, Pholadidea 60
bailyi, Barbatia 14
bailyi, Cyclocardia 34
bakeri, Bernardina 49
bakeri, Erycina 32
bakeri, Orobittella 32
balboae, Cardiomya 65
balliana, Erycina 31
balthica, Macoma 44
baltrana, Diplodonta 30
Bankia 62
Bankiella 62
Bankiinae 62
banksii, Nicania 37
barbarae, Tellina 46
barbarensis, Cyclocardia 34
barbarensis, Cyclopecten 26
barbarensis, Psephidia 54
barbarensis, Thyasira 29
barbata, Avicula 21
Barbatia 14
Barbatiella 16
Barnea 60
bartschi, Teredo 62
Basterotella 33
Basterotia 33
Batharca 16
Bathyspinula 13
batilliformis, Teredo 62
beachi, Teredo 62
beaufortana, Teredo 62
beaniana, Martesia 60
becki, Pandorina 63
beckii, Liocyma 55
beebei, Cyclocardia 34
behringensis, Neaera 66
behringiana, Chlamys 24
beilli, Protothaca 52
beiliana, Pteria 21
belcheri, Trachycardium 38
bella, Ctena 28
bella, Donax 48
bellardina, Modiola 20
bellilamellatus, Pecten 25
belloti, Nucula 9
bellus, Donax 49
benedicti, Hinnites 25
bennetti, Davisia 33
bennetti, Lissarca 17
bennettii, Cyamium 33
bennettii, Tridonta 37
benthalis, Cyclopecten 26
benthima, Malletia 11
beringensis, Mysella 32
beringi, Thracia 64
beringiana, Cardita 34
beringiana, Panomya 59
beringiana, Poromya 65
beringiana, Yoldia 14
Bernardina 49
Bernardinidae 49
berryana, Grippina 59
berryi, Pecten 26
berryi, Pitar 54
bertini, Sanguinolaria 48
biangulata, Americardia 38
biangulata, Anadara 16
biangulata, Scrobicularia 44
biaperta, Hiattella 59
bicarinata, Corbula 58
bicarinata, Didonta 59
bicarinata, Pandora 63
bicolor, Modiolarca 49
bicolor, Mulinia 40
bicolor, Mytilus 18
bicolor, Pectunculus 17
bicolor, Perna 22
bicolor, Semele 46
bicostata, Nuculana 12
bifrons, Anadara 15
bifurcata, Paphia 56
bifurcatus, Septifer 19
bighopensis, Schizothaerus 40
bilineata, Venus 51
bilirata, Pandora 63
bilirata, Sphenia 59
bimaculata, Tellina 47
biolleyi, Leptopecten 25
bipartita, Lyrodus 61
bipennata, Teredo 62
biradiata, Cytherea 53
biradiata, Corbula 58
biradiata, Tapes 56
bisecta, Conchocele 29
biserialis, Cytherea 53
bistriatus, Cyclopecten 26
bistrigata, Mactra 40
bisulcata, Parapholas 60
bitincta, Donax 48
Bivalvia 9
blakeanus, Brachidontes 18
blandum, Clinocardium 39
bodegensis, Tellina 43
boivinea, Corbula 59
borgorovi, Spinula 13
boliviana, Polymesoda 50
boreale, Cardium 39
borealis, Corbita 34
borealis, Lucina 29
borealis, Odontogena 31
borealis, Teredo 62
borealis, Tridonta 37
Bornia 31
Borninae 31
Botula 19
botula, Petricola 57
bourgeoisae, Tagelus 48
Brachidontes 18
bracteata, Lyonsia 63
bradleyi, Mulinia 40
brankampi, Barbatia 15
brandtii, Arca 15
branneri, Astarte 36
brasiliensis, Arca 15
brattstroemi, Philobrya 16
braziliensis, Pandora 63
bresia, Ostrea 24
brevicornuta, Tellina 43
brevifrons, Agriodesma 63
brevifrons, Lunarca 16
brevifrons, Pandora 62
brevilineata, Venus 51
brevirostris, Tellina 43
brevis, Gastrochaena 59
brevis, Saxidomus 55
brevisiphonatus, Saxidomus 55
brevispinosus, Pitar 54
broderipii, Tellina 44
broggi, Chione 52
broggi, Solecurtus 48
brotta, Macoma 44
broweri, Astarte 37
brugueri, Tellina 45
brunnea, Psephidia 49
brunnea, Saturnia 11
bucariana, Argina 16
buccata, Nuculana 11
buddiana, Chama 35
bulbosa, Petricola 57
bullata, Cyrena 50
bullata, Kellia 31
burchi, Nuculana 12
burneti, Tellidora 42
Bushia 64
busoensis, Cryptomya 58

- buttoni*, *Poromya* 65
buttoni, *Tellina* 42
buwaldi, *Petricola* 57
byronensis, *Mulinia* 40
byronensis, *Tivela* 53
byssifera, *Mya* 59
Byssomera 33
Cadella 42
caelata, *Nucula* 13
caelata, *Verticordia* 65
caelatatum, *Phlyctiderma* 30
caelatus, *Donax* 48
caerulus, *Mytilus* 18
cagnei, *Tridonta* 37
catanensis, *Donax* 49
calamitus, *Pecten* 27
calbucana, *Macra* 40
calcar, *Spinula* 13
calcarea, *Macoma* 44
calcarella, *Leda* 13
calcifer, *Spondylus* 27
calculus, *Lucina* 30
californiana, *Sanguinolaria* 44
californiana, *Venus* 51
californianum, *Cardium* 38
californianus, *Mytilus* 18
californianus, *Tagelus* 48
californica, *Abra* 46
californica, *Arcinella* 35
californica, *Basterotia* 33
californica, *Cardiomya* 65
californica, *Cardita* 33
californica, *Cumingia* 46
californica, *Dimya* 24
californica, *Ervilla* 41
californica, *Gari* 47
californica, *Gouldia* 51
californica, *Grippina* 59
californica, *Lucina* 28
californica, *Lyonsia* 63
californica, *Macra* 39
californica, *Ostrea* 24
californica, *Papyridea* 38
californica, *Parapholas* 60
californica, *Saturnia* 11
californica, *Saxicava* 57
californica, *Semele* 46
californica, *Siliqua* 41
californica, *Sportella* 32
californica, *Tellina* 44
californica, *Transennella* 54
californica, *Xylophaga* 61
californicum, *Isognomon* 22
californicum, *Trapezium* 49
californicus, *Donax* 49
californicus, *Ensis* 41
californiense, *Clinocardium* 39
californiensis, *Adula* 21
californiensis, *Chione* 51
californiensis, *Macalia* 44
californiensis, *Petricola* 57
callamensis, *Tellina* 43
callichroa, *Crassostrea* 23
callicomatus, *Pitar* 55
callimene, *Nuculana* 12
Callithaca 52
Calloarca 15
Callogonia 50
callosa, *Amiantis* 54
callosa, *Venus* 51
Callucina 28
calva, *Parapholas* 60
calyculata, *Lithophaga* 21
Calyptogena 50
camaronis, *Spisula* 40
camdenensis, *Cyrtodaria* 59
camerella, *Leptopecten* 25
camina, *Mulinia* 40
campechiensis, *Pholas* 60
Camptonectinae 25
canuloensis, *Arca* 15
canadensis, *Poromya* 65
canalifera, *Lithophaga* 21
canalis, *Bankia* 62
cancellaris, *Lucina* 29
cancellata, *Leda* 10
cancellatus, *Platyodon* 57
candeana, *Avicula* 22
canoa, *Glycymeris* 17
capax, *Lucina* 28
capax, *Modiolus* 19
capax, *Tresus* 40
capensis, *Mytilus* 17
capsa, *Yoldiella* 14
cardara, *Nucula* 10
Cardiacea 37
cardiformis, *Cyrena* 50
Cardiidae 37
cardiiformis, *Arca* 15
Cardiinae 37
Cardiniidae 37
Cardiomya 65
Cardita 33
Carditacea 33
Carditamera 34
Carditamerinae 34
Carditella 34
Cardites 33
Carditesinae 33
Carditidae 33
Carditinae 33
carditoides, *Petricola* 57
Carditopsis 35
Cardium 37
caribaea, *Pholas* 60
carinata, *Macirellona* 40
carinata, *Donax* 49
carinulata, *Macra* 40
carlottensis, *Cyclopecten* 26
carlottensis, *Macoma* 45
carlottensis, *Nucula* 9
carriaria, *Tellina* 41
carnea, *Thracia* 45
carpenteri, *Dactylus* 21
carpenteri, *Donax* 49
carpenteri, *Glans* 35
carpenteri, *Modiolus* 19
carpenteri, *Periploma* 64
carpenteri, *Siliquaria* 48
carpenteri, *Tellina* 42
Caryocorbula 58
caryonautes, *Transennella* 54
cascoensis, *Nucula* 13
casta, *Psammobia* 46
casta, *Tellina* 45
castrensis, *Acila* 9
catalinae, *Erycina* 31
cataractes, *Pecten* 27
catharius, *Pitar* 55
catilliformis, *Spisula* 40
caudatus, *Lithophagus* 21
caudigera, *Modiola* 21
caudiva, *Crenella* 20
caurinus, *Patinopecten* 27
cecineella, *Yoldiella* 14
cellulita, *Nuculana* 12
centifilosum, *Nemocardium* 38
centrifuga, *Lucina* 28
cepio, *Pododesmus* 27
cepoides, *Anadara* 16
Ceropsis 35
cerritensis, *Aligena* 32
cerritensis, *Pecten* 25
cerrrosensis, *Ostrea* 23
cerrosiana, *Tellina* 42
cervola, *Saturnia* 11
cestrota, *Leda* 12
Cetoconcha 65
chacei, *Erycina* 32
Chaceia 60
chalconica, *Montacuta* 31
challisiana, *Thracia* 64
Chama 35
Chamacea 35
Chamidae 35
charapota, *Petricola* 57
charruana, *Mytilus* 18
chemnitziana, *Perna* 22
chemnitzii, *Glycymeris* 17
chenuana, *Gregariella* 20
chenuanus, *Mytilus* 18
chenui, *Gregariella* 20
chibana, *Tellina* 43
chiclaya, *Bornia* 31
childrenae, *Phacoides* 29
chilenica, *Kingiella* 33
chilenica, *Yoldiella* 14
chilensis, *Chama* 35
chilensis, *Cuspidaria* 66
chilensis, *Cyamiomacra* 33
chilensis, *Donacilla* 41
chilensis, *Entodesma* 63
chilensis, *Mallettia* 10
chilensis, *Mytilus* 18
chllensis, *Saxicava* 59
chilensis, *Poromya* 65
chilensis, *Tiostrea* 23
chilensis, *Venus* 52
chilina, *Cyrena* 50
chiloensis, *Bankia* 62
chiloensis, *Ostrea* 23
chiloensis, *Petricola* 57
chiloensis, *Pholas* 60
chinensis, *Anomia* 27
Chion 48
chionaea, *Cytherea* 54
Chione 51
Chioninae 51
Chionista 51
Chionopsis 51
chiquita, *Ctena* 28
Chlamydiae 24
Chlamydoconcha 33
Chlamydoconchacea 33
Chlamydoconchidae 33
Chlamys 24
chloris, *Scintilla* 30
chlorotica, *Teredo* 62
Choromytilus 18
chorus, *Choromytilus* 18
chroma, *Strigilla* 41
chrysis, *Panomya* 59
chrysocoma, *Nucula* 9
chrysocoma, *Tellina* 42
cibaica, *Tellina* 43
cibialis, *Ostrea* 23
cicercula, *Strigilla* 42
cieba, *Bankia* 62
Ciliatocardium 39
ciliatum, *Clinocardium* 39
cineracea, *Venus* 51
cingulata, *Venus* 52

cinnabarina, *Ostrea* 24
cinnamomeus, *Mytilus* 19
Circinae 51
circinatus, *Cytherea* 55
circularis, *Argopecten* 24
cistula, *Lasaea* 31
cistula, *Pandora* 63
clallamensis, *Tellina* 43
clarionense, *Laevicardium* 38
clarionensis, *Ctena* 28
clarionensis, *Pseudochama* 36
clarki, *Apolymetis* 44
clava, *Saxicava* 59
clavata, *Pholas* 60
claviculata, *Pandora* 62
claviculata, *Placunanomia* 27
Clementinae 56
Clementina 56
clementina, *Crassinella* 36
clementina, *Mysella* 32
clementinum, *Lepton* 32
clerii, *Cumingia* 46
cleryana, *Maetra* 40
Clidiophora 62
Clinocardiinae 38
Clinocardium 38
clippertonensis, *Ctena* 28
clisia, *Mactrellona* 40
clydosa, *Semele* 46
Cnesterium 13
coani, *Tellina* 42
coarctata, *Crenella* 20
coarctata, *Cumingia* 46
cobbi, *Neodavisia* 33
cocosensis, *Cyclopecten* 26
Codakia 28
cognata, *Leporimetis* 44
cognata, *Temnoconcha* 46
cokeri, *Aligena* 30
collinsoni, *Leda* 13
colombiana, *Nucula* 10
Colonche 53
coloradoensis, *Mulinia* 40
colpoica, *Codakia* 28
colpoica, *Erycina* 31
colpoica, *Thracia* 64
columba, *Aphrodite* 39
columbiana, *Megacrenella* 20
columbiensis, *Crassostrea* 23
columbiensis, *Divaricella* 29
columbiensis, *Protothaca* 53
columbiensis, *Psammotreta* 46
comatus, *Pecten* 24
communis, *Mya* 57
comoxensis, *Cardium* 39
compacta, *Astarte* 36
compacta, *Chama* 35
compactus, *Pecten* 24
complanata, *Arca* 15
compressa, *Crassina* 37
compressa, *Cyclocardia* 34
compressa, *Mysella* 32
compressa, *Neaeromya* 32
compressa, *Tindaria* 11
compressa, *Venus* 37
compressus, *Limopsis* 16
compressus, *Mytilus* 18
Compsomyax 56
compta, *Chione* 51
concamerata, *Pholas* 61
concava, *Xylophaga* 61
concentrica, *Davisia* 33
concentrica, *Venus* 51
concentrica, *Woodia* 29
conceptionis, *Nuculana* 11
conchaphila, *Ostrea* 23
Conchocele 29
concinna, *Anadara* 15
concinna, *Tellina* 45
concinna, *Petricola* 57
concinus, *Pitar* 55
condoni, *Mytilus* 18
Condylocardia 35
Condylocardiidae 35
Condylocardiinae 35
conradi, *Donax* 48
conradi, *Leukoma* 52
conradi, *Penitella* 61
consanguineus, *Pitar* 54
consors, *Trachycardium* 38
constricta, *Pholas* 60
contusa, *Donax* 48
convexa, *Pandora* 63
convexa, *Polymesoda* 50
convexiuscula, *Crassina* 37
Cooperella 56
Cooperellidae 56
cooperii, *Yoldia* 13
copiosum, *Cyamium* 33
coquimbana, *Maetra* 53
coquimbana, *Mulinia* 40
coquimbensis, *Mysella* 32
coquimbensis, *Panopaea* 59
coquimbensis, *Solecurtus* 48
corallina, *Chama* 35
coralliophaga, *Gregariella* 20
coralliotis, *Dinya* 24
coralloides, *Chama* 35
corbicula, *Cytherea* 53
Corbiculacea 50
Corbiculidae 50
corbis, *Cochlea* 39
Corbula 58
Corbulidae 58
Corbulinae 58
corbuloides, *Crassatella* 36
corculum, *Arca* 15
cordieri, *Venus* 52
cordiformis, *Cyrena* 50
cordyla, *Nuculana* 13
cornea, *Lucina* 30
cornea, *Pholas* 60
corneus, *Pecten* 25
cornuta, *Pandora* 63
coronata, *Erycina* 31
corpulenta, *Bathyarca* 16
corpulenta, *mya* 57
corrugata, *Astarte* 37
corrugata, *Crassina* 37
corrugata, *Pseudochama* 36
corrugata, *Semele* 46
corrugatus, *Musculus* 20
cortezii, *Chione* 51
corteziana, *Glycymeris* 17
corteziensis, *Crassostrea* 23
costata, *Cardiomya* 65
costatus, *Cultellus* 41
costellata, *Chlamys* 24
costellata, *Nuculana* 12
costellata, *Venus* 51
costellatum, *Isognomon* 22
Costelloleda 12
costigera, *Leda* 12
costulifera, *Strigilla* 42
couthouyi, *Thracia* 64
cowani, *Cuspidaria* 66
coxa, *Crassinella* 36
craneana, *Semele* 46
crassa, *Astarte* 37
crassa, *Cardita* 34
crassa, *Gari* 47
crassa, *Hinnites* 25
crassa, *Modiolarca* 49
crassa, *Mya* 57
Crassatellacea 36
Crassatellidae 36
crassatelloides, *Cytherea* 53
Crassicardia 34
crassicostata, *Cardites* 33
crassidens, *Crassicardia* 34
Crassinella 36
crassiplicatus, *Pecten* 25
crassisquana, *Spondylus* 27
Crassithracia 64
Crassostrea 23
crassula, *Macoma* 44
crassus, *Septifer* 19
crebricostata, *Astarte* 36
crebricostata, *Cyclocardia* 34
crebrilineata, *Astarte* 36
crenata, *Astarte* 36
crenatus, *Mytilus* 17
Crenella 20
Crenellinae 20
crenifera, *Adrana* 11
crenifera, *Chione* 51
crenulata, *Nucula* 10
crispa, *Leda* 12
crispata, *Pholas* 60
crispata, *Zirfaea* 60
cristagalli, *Mytilus* 24
cristallina, *Tellina* 43
cristata, *Clidiophora* 62
cristata, *Lucina* 42
cristulata, *Tellidorella* 47
croceum, *Amphidesma* 47
crockeri, *Papyridea* 38
crockeri, *Solen* 41
croseii, *Arca* 14
crucigera, *Cyrtopleura* 60
cruentatum, *Cardium* 38
Cryptodonta 9
Crytomya 58
Ctena 28
cubitus, *Mytilus* 18
Cucullaearca 15
culebrensis, *Nucula* 10
Culminatus, *Donax* 49
Cultellidae 41
cultellus, *Musculus* 20
culter, *Donax* 48
cultrata, *Adrana* 11
cultrata, *Amerycina* 31
Cumingia 46
cumingiana, *Arca* 15
cumingiana, *Ostrea* 24
cumingianus, *Lithodomus* 21
cumingianus, *Mytilus* 19
cuningii, *Cyrena* 50
cuningii, *Lophocardium* 38
cuningii, *Malletia* 10
cuningii, *Pinna* 22
cuningii, *Placunanomia* 28
cuningii, *Pteria* 21
cuningii, *Scintilla* 30
cuningii, *Septifer* 19
cuningii, *Tellina* 44
cuningii, *Triumphalia* 61
cuningii, *Venus* 54
Cunearca 15
cuneata, *Nuculana* 12
cuneatum, *Cyamium* 33

- cuneatum*, *Entodesma* 63
cuneiformis, *Martesia* 60
cuneiformis, *Mytilus* 19
cuneola, *Maetra* 40
cupula, *Pholas* 60
curta, *Cardiomya* 66
curta, *Diplothyra* 60
curta, *Thracia* 64
curtulosa, *Leda* 12
curvata, *Penitella* 61
Cuspidaria 66
Cuspidariaceae 65
Cuspidariidae 65
cuticula, *Anomia* 27
cuvieri, *Cardita* 33
Cyamiaceae 33
Cyamiidae 33
Cyamiocardium 33
Cyamiomacra 33
Cyamium 33
Cyathodonta 64
cycladiformis, *Kellia* 31
cyclia, *Adontorhina* 30
Cyclinella 56
Cycliniinae 56
Cyclocardia 34
cycloides, *Venus* 51
Cyclopecten 25
cygnus, *Thyasira* 29
cylindracea, *Entodesma* 63
cylindracea, *Petricola* 57
cylindrica, *Corbula* 58
cylindricus, *Solecurtus* 48
cylista, *Bouula* 19
cymata, *Psephidia* 56
Cymatioa 30
Cymatoica 44
cypria, *Venus* 52
cyprinoides, *Astarte* 37
cyprinus, *Anatina* 40
Cyrenoida 30
Cyrenoididae 30
Cyrilla 9
Cyrtodaria 59
Cyrtopleura 60
cytaeum, *Anomia* 27
Dacrydium 19
dactyliformis, *Mytilus* 19
dactylus, *Petricola* 57
dahli, *Cyamiocardium* 33
dalli, *Limopsis* 16
dalli, *Ostrea* 24
dalli, *Portlandia* 13
dalli, *Pseudochama* 36
Dallocardia 38
darella, *Nucula* 9
Darina 41
darwini, *Venus* 51
darwinianus, *Mytilus* 17
darwinii, *Chlamys* 25
darwinii, *Netastoma* 61
davidsoni, *Pecten* 27
dawsoni, *Cardium* 39
dawsoni, *Montacuta* 32
deanneae, *Mysella* 32
decisa, *Semele* 46
declivis, *Darina* 41
declivis, *Nucula* 9
declivis, *Tellina* 43
decora, *Psammobia* 48
decoratum, *Cymionema* 49
decumbens, *Tellina* 43
decussata, *Arca* 15
decussata, *Crenella* 20
decussata, *Eurhomalea* 55
decussatus, *Mytilus* 20
dehiscens, *Lima* 22
dehiscens, *Semele* 46
Delectopecten 26
delesserti, *Chama* 35
delessertii, *Glycymeris* 17
delessertii, *Tivela* 53
delgata, *Noetia* 16
delicata, *Lyonsia* 63
delicatula, *Tellina* 43
delicatulum, *Microcardium* 38
delosi, *Pecten* 25
demissa, *Geukensia* 19
densata, *Maetra* 40
densilineata, *Cumingia* 46
densilineata, *Lucinoma* 29
densilirata, *Lucinoma* 29
dentata, *Lucina* 29
dentata, *Zirphaea* 60
dentatus, *Pecten* 27
denticostulata, *Anomia* 28
denticulata, *Gastrochaena* 59
denticulata, *Modiolaria* 20
denticulata, *Petricola* 57
denticulata, *Tapes* 56
dentifer, *Donax* 49
depressa, *Crassina* 37
depressa, *Pandora* 63
derjugini, *Yoldiella* 14
Dermatomya 65
deshayesi, *Maetra* 39
deshayesii, *Tellina* 44
desolationis, *Mytilus* 18
destructa, *Bankia* 62
devexa, *Thracia* 64
dexioptera, *Macoma* 45
diaphana, *Lyonsia* 63
diasi, *Limopsis* 16
Diberus 21
dicella, *Yoldiella* 14
dichotoma, *Strigilla* 42
dicofania, *Tindaria* 11
didyma, *Cardiomya* 66
diegensis, *Adula* 21
diegensis, *Limopsis* 17
diegensis, *Mytilus* 18
diegensis, *Pecten* 26
diegensis, *Teredo* 62
diegensis, *Thracia* 64
diegoana, *Aligena* 30
difficilis, *Volsella* 19
diffissa, *Pandora* 63
digitatus, *Pecten* 25
diguetti, *Barbatia* 16
diguetti, *Chama* 36
diguetti, *Condylocardia* 35
diguetti, *Eucrassatella* 36
dilecta, *Pholas* 60
Dimya 24
Dimyaceae 24
Dimyidae 24
diomedae, *Acesta* 22
dionaea, *Mysella* 32
dione, *Venus* 55
Diplodonta 30
Diplodontina 31
Diplothyra 60
directus, *Modiolus* 19
discors, *Musculus* 20
discors, *Petricola* 57
discors, *Venus* 53
discrepans, *Chione* 52
discrepans, *Modiola* 20
discrepans, *Phlyctiderma* 30
discrepans, *Venus* 51
discus, *Periploma* 64
disjuncta, *Conchocole* 29
disjuncta, *Strigilla* 42
dispar, *Venus* 52
dissimilis, *Tellina* 44
distans, *Artemis* 51
distans, *Chione* 52
distinguenda, *Codakia* 28
distorta, *Saxicava* 59
Divalinga 29
divaricata, *Acila* 9
divaricata, *Barbatia* 15
divaricata, *Crenella* 20
Divaricellinae 29
diversa, *Astarte* 37
diversa, *Tapes* 52
dolabriformis, *Maetra* 39
dolichothyra, *Pholadidea* 61
dombei, *Leporimetis* 44
dombei, *Venus* 52
dombeii, *Tagelus* 48
donacia, *Vesicomya* 50
Donacidae 48
donaciformis, *Maetra* 40
donacilla, *Tellina* 42
donacium, *Mesodesma* 41
Donax 48
Dosinia 51
dranga, *Nuculana* 12
Dreissenaceae 49
Dreissenidae 49
dryas, *Nausitora* 62
dubia, *Cymatioa* 30
dubia, *Plicaula* 24
dubiosa, *Cyathodonta* 64
dubius, *Spondylus* 27
duchassaingii, *Jouannetia* 61
dulcinea, *Cardium* 38
dulcis, *Cuspidaria* 65
dunkerii, *Dosinia* 51
duodecimcostata, *Cardita* 35
duplicata, *Cytherea* 53
duplicata, *Xylophaga* 61
dura, *Cyrena* 50
durhami, *Chione* 51
durhami, *Chlamys* 25
eburnea, *Divalinga* 29
eburnea, *Nuculana* 12
eburnea, *Solecardia* 31
eburnea, *Tellina* 43
eccentrica, *Cytherea* 53
echinata, *Chama* 35
Echinochama 35
ecostata, *Astarte* 36
Ectenagena 50
ecuabula, *Corbula* 58
ecuadoriana, *Basterotia* 33
ecuadoriana, *Cardiomya* 65
ecuadoriana, *Crassinella* 36
ecuadoriana, *Crenella* 20
ecuadoriana, *Leptomys* 46
ecuadoriana, *Protothaca* 53
ecuadoriana, *Tellina* 43
ecuadorianus, *Donax* 48
ecadoriensis, *Gastrochaena* 59
edentula, *Cardium* 39
edentula, *Siliquaria* 47
edentula, *Tellina* 44
edentuloides, *Pegophysema* 29
edule, *Cardium* 39
edulis, *Macoma* 45
edulis, *Mulinia* 40

edulis, Mytilus 18
edulis, Ostrea 23
effeminata, Chione 52
Egesta 56
Egeta 50
egretta, Bornia 31
eightstii, Yoldia 13
eiseni, Modiolus 19
elatum, Laevicardium 38
electilis, Cymatium 30
electra, Yoldia 11
elegans, Anatina 57
elegans, Harvella 39
elegans, Tivela 53
elegantula, Lyonsia 63
elegantulum, Dacrydium 19
elenense, Laevicardium 38
elenensis, Corbula 58
elenensis, Nuculana 12
elenensis, Phlyctiderma 30
elenensis, Pitar 54
elevata, Montacuta 32
eliminata, Macoma 44
elliptica, Crassina 36
elliptica, Lima 16
elliptica, Semele 46
ellipticum, Lepton 31
ellipticus, Irus 55
Elliptotellina 42
elongata, Akebiconcha 50
elongata, Calyptogena 50
elongata, Donax 49
elongata, Modiola 19
elongata, Mya 57
elongata, Nucula 11
elongata, Tellina 45
elongatus, Mytilus 18
Elpidollina 43
elytrum, Macoma 45
emarginata, Anadara 16
empirensis, Acila 9
Empleconia 16
endemica, Batharca 16
Endopleura 47
ensifera, Yoldia 13
Ensis 41
Ensitellops 33
entobapta, Venus 51
Entodesma 63
Eontia 16
epidermis, Mactra 40
Epilucina 28
equatorialis, Poromya 65
erimoensis, Venericardia 34
Ervilia 41
ervilia, Strigilla 42
Erviliinae 41
Erycina 31
Erycinidae 31
Eryciniinae 31
erythronotus, Corbula 58
erythronotus, Tellina 42
erythrocomatus, Pecten 24
esmeralda, Anadara 15
esmeralda, Corbula 58
esmeralda, Tellina 44
esmeraldensis, Pholadidea 61
esmeraldensis, Scolimytilus 18
esquimalti, Astarte 37
estrellana, Glycymeris 59
Eucrassatella 36
eudoxia, Trigonicardia 38
Eurhomalea 55
Eurytellina 43

eutaenia, Kennerlyia 63
euterpes, Leptopecten 25
exalbida, Eurhomalea 55
exalbida, Mulinia 40
exarata, Petricola 57
exaratus, Mytilus 18
exasperatum, Cyamium 33
excavata, Apolymetis 44
excavata, Conchocele 29
excavata, Here 28
excavata, Leda 12
excavata, Lima 22
excavata, Tellina 44
excavata, Venus 51
excavatus, Pecten 27
excolpa, Nausitora 62
excurva, Periploma 64
exigua, Nucula 9
exilis, Mytilus 18
exilis, Phaseolicana 49
extimia, Avicula 21
eximia, Venus 51
eximoensis, Venericardia 34
exogyra, Pseudochama 36
exoleta, Mactrellona 40
exoptata, Adrana 11
expallescens, Venus 55
expansa, Macoma 45
expansa, Nucula 10
expansa, Ostrea 23
exquisita, Cyrena 50
exquisita, Pholadidea 60
exquisitus, Cyclopecten 26
exspinata, Dione 55
extenuata, Nuculana 13
exulata, Carditella 24
ezoanus, Pododesmus 28
fabia, Gaimardia 49
fabia, Malletia 10
fabricii, Cardium 39
fabricii, Pecten 25
fabula, Astarte 37
falcata, Adula 21
falcata, Pholadidea 60
falcata, Spisula 40
falcatus, Mytilus 18
falklandica, Lima 22
fasciculatum, Pseudamussium 26
fastigata, Nuculana 12
fausta, Lucina 28
Felaniella 30
Felicia 17
felipponei, Nucula 10
felix, Tellina 42
femii, Zirfaea 60
fenestrata, Lucina 28
fernandensis, Nucula 10
fernandezensis, Arca 14
fernandoensis, Cardium 38
ferruginosa, Rochefortia 32
fiascona, Ledella 11
fibula, Lucina 28
fidenas, Anomia 27
filatovae, Cuspidaria 66
filatovae, Musculus 20
filatovae, Tridonta 37
filitextus, Pecten 24
filosa, Lucina 29
filosa, Pandora 63
fimbriata, Avicula 21
fimbriata, Cardium 39
fimbriata, Teredo 62
fimbriata, Venerupis 55
fimbriatula, Bankia 62

fiora, Malletia 11
fischeri, Ostrea 23
fischerianus, Mytilus 18
fitchi, Penitella 61
flabellata, Lyonsia 63
flabellatus, Modiolus 19
Flabellipecten 26
flabellum, Carditopsis 35
flaccida, Saxicava 59
flammea, Venericardia 34
flavescens, Semele 46
flavida, Chama 35
flexuosa, Tellina 29
flexuosus, Donax 49
floveanensis, Semele 47
floridana, Cyrena 50
floridana, Teredo 62
floridus, Pecten 26
fluctiata, Eucrassatella 36
fluctifraga, Chione 51
fluctigera, Tellina 43
fluctuatus, Pitar 54
fluctuosus, Liocyna 55
foliacea, Venerupis 55
foliatus, Pododesmus 27
folini, Gastrochaena 59
folium, Lophia 24
folium, Ostrea 23
fonscana, Mactra 39
fontaneanus, Mytilus 20
fontainei, Cyrena 50
fontainei, Polymesoda 50
fordii, Ventricolaria 51
formosa, Anadara 16
formosa, Semele 46
fornicata, Chama 35
fornicata, Modiola 19
forresterensis, Kennerlyia 63
fortis, Cyrena 50
fossa, Nuculana 12
Foveadens 63
fragilis, Corbula 58
fragilis, Cumingia 46
fragilis, Cyrena 50
fragilis, Mactra 39
fragilis, Martesia 60
fragilis, Panopaea 59
fragilis, Pecten 25
fragilis, Periploma 64
fragilis, Silicula 10
fragilis, Sphaenia 58
Fraginae 38
Frenamya 63
fretalis, Lyonsia 64
frigida, Saxicava 59
frigida, Tellina 44
frizzelli, Pitar 55
frondosa, Chama 35
frons, Mytilus 24
fucanum, Clinocardium 39
fucata, Gari 47
fucata, Semele 46
fucata, Tellina 42
fucicolus, Pecten 25
fuegiensis, Chione 53
fuegiensis, Mactra 40
fuegiensis, Modiolarca 49
fuegiensis, Thyasira 29
Fugleria 15
fulgidus, Mytilus 18
funisicola, Martesia 60
fusca, Arca 16
fusca, Botula 19
fuscolineata, Venus 53

- gabbi*, *Mactra* 55
gabbii, *Penitella* 61
gabbii, *Zirphaea* 61
Gaimardia 49
Gaimardiaceae 49
Gaimardiidae 49
gairensis, *Crassina* 36
galapagana, *Ctena* 28
galapagana, *Transennella* 54
galapagensis, *Lima* 23
galapagensis, *Pecten* 26
galathea, *Kelliella* 50
galera, *Cyclinella* 56
Galeommatacea 30
Galeommatidae 30
Galeommella 30
gallus, *Ostrea* 23
gardneri, *Yoldia* 13
Gari 47
garretti, *Myonera* 66
garthi, *Chama* 35
Gastrochaena 59
Gastrochaenacea 59
Gastrochaenidae 59
gaudichaudi, *Isognomon* 22
gaudichaudi, *Solen* 41
gayi, *Tawera* 53
gealeyi, *Chione* 51
gelatinosum, *Pseudamussium* 26
Gemma 56
gemma, *Gemma* 56
gemma, *Modiolarca* 49
gemma, *Tellina* 43
gemmatum, *Cardium* 37
Gemminae 56
generosa, *Panopaea* 59
germana, *Cyrena* 50
Geukenia 19
gibba, *Petricola* 57
gibbosa, *Eucrasatella* 36
gibbosa, *Leda* 12
gibbosa, *Lyonsia* 63
gibbosa, *Pholas* 61
gibbosa, *Plicatula* 24
gibbosa, *Raeta* 41
gibbosula, *Chione* 51
gibbosula, *Venus* 51
gibbosus, *Saxidomus* 56
gibbsii, *Katadesmia* 13
gibbsii, *Modiola* 19
gigantea, *Chlamys* 25
gigantea, *Cytherea* 51
gigantea, *Glycymeris* 17
gigantea, *Panomya* 59
giganteus, *Saxidomus* 55
gigas, *Calyptogena* 50
gigas, *Crassostrea* 23
gigas, *Solen* 41
glacialis, *Cuspidaria* 66
glacialis, *Modiolarca* 20
glacialis, *Nucula* 13
glacialis, *Pandora* 63
gladiolus, *Solen* 41
Glans 35
globosa, *Astarte* 37
globosa, *Panope* 60
globosa, *Xylophaga* 61
globula, *Sphenia* 58
glomeratus, *Mytilus* 18
gloriosus, *Spondylus* 27
Glossacea 50
Glycymeridacea 17
Glycymerididae 17
Glycymeris 17
glypta, *Corbula* 58
gnidia, *Chione* 51
Gobraeus 47
goldbaumi, *Crassinella* 36
goliat, *Lima* 22
golitschi, *Rocheffortia* 32
gomphoidea, *Nuculana* 12
goniata, *Mactra* 40
goniocyma, *Mactra* 39
goniura, *Malletia* 10
gordita, *Arca* 16
gouldi, *Bankia* 62
Gouldia 51
gouldii, *Angulus* 42
gouldii, *Cyclocardia* 34
gouldii, *Donax* 49
gouldii, *Lyonsia* 63
gouldii, *Thyasira* 29
gracilior, *Cytherea* 53
gracilior, *Lithophagus* 21
gracilis, *Amphichaena* 48
gracilis, *Donax* 49
gracilis, *Petricola* 57
gracilis, *Tapes* 55
gracillima, *Clementia* 56
gradata, *Arca* 15
gradata, *Barbatia* 15
Grandiarca 15
grandis, *Anadara* 15
grandis, *Cumingia* 46
grandis, *Dosinia* 51
grandis, *Limopsis* 17
grandis, *Macoma* 45
grandis, *Mactra* 40
grandis, *Modiola* 20
grandis, *Orobitella* 32
grandis, *Pandora* 63
grandis, *Sanguinolaria* 48
granifera, *Donax* 49
granifera, *Trigoniocardia* 58
granti, *Pseudochama* 36
granula, *Yoldiella* 14
granulata, *Pandora* 18
granulata, *Venus* 63
granulatus, *Brachidontes* 53
grata, *Protothaca* 53
grata, *Tapes* 56
grata, *Venus* 51
grau, *Chlamys* 24
grau, *Cyclopecten* 26
grayana, *Mactra* 40
grayi, *Cardites* 34
grayi, *Nucula* 10
grebnitzii, *Mysella* 32
Gregariella 20
gretschischkini, *Pandora* 63
grewingkii, *Protothaca* 52
grippi, *Rocheffortia* 32
Grippina 59
grisea, *Crenella* 20
groenlandicus, *Serripes* 39
grumeri, *Lithodomus* 21
guadalupensis, *Glycymeris* 17
guanacastense, *Americardia* 38
guanica, *Pleuromeris* 35
guatulcoensis, *Chione* 51
guayacanensis, *Panapaea* 59
guaymasensis, *Semele* 46
guaymasensis, *Solecurtus* 48
guaymasensis, *Tellina* 42
gubernaculum, *Psammotreta* 45
guilfordiae, *Tellina* 43
guyanensis, *Mytella* 18
haasi, *Cuspidaria* 66
Habepegris 19
hahni, *Modiolarca* 49
Halicardia 65
halioticola, *Trapezium* 35
Haliris 65
Halistrepta 64
Halodakra 49
hamata, *Nuculana* 13
hamillus, *Anomia* 27
hancocki, *Lithophaga* 21
hancocki, *Pecten* 27
hancocki, *Verticordia* 65
hanleyi, *Tellina* 48
hardingii, *Limopsis* 17
haroldi, *Lyonsia* 63
Harvella 39
hastasia, *Lithophaga* 21
hastata, *Chlamys* 24
Hatasia 61
hatcheri, *Sphenia* 58
haulthali, *Panopaea* 59
hawaiiensis, *Acar* 15
hawaiiensis, *Spondylus* 27
hawaiiensis, *Teredo* 62
hawaiiensis, *Martesia* 60
hawaiiensis, *Perna* 22
hayesii, *Cardium* 39
haylocki, *Crassinella* 36
healdi, *Psiloterodo* 62
helblingii, *Arca* 15
helenae, *Gari* 47
helenae, *Lasaea* 31
helenae, *Pitar* 54
hemicardium, *Arca* 16
hemphilli, *Limaria* 22
hemphilli, *Mya* 57
hemphillii, *Spisula* 40
Here 28
hericius, *Pecten* 24
Hertellina 43
herleini, *Basterotia* 33
herleini, *Enstellops* 33
herleini, *Pitar* 54
herleini, *Tellina* 43
hesperius, *Pitar* 55
hesperus, *Macoma* 45
Heteroclidus 63
Heterodonax 47
Heterodonta 28
Heteromacoma 45
heteroptera, *Avicula* 21
Hexacorbula 58
hians, *Donax* 53
hians, *Lima* 22
hiantina, *Mactra* 39
Hiatella 59
Hiatellacea 59
Hiatellidae 59
hiberna, *Tellina* 42
higoohiae, *Mytilus* 18
hildensis, *Teredo* 62
hindsii, *Nuculana* 12
hindsii, *Pecten* 25
hindsii, *Tivela* 53
Hinnites 25
hippopus, *Condylocardia* 35
hirtella, *Limopsis* 17
hispaniolana, *Phacoides* 28
histrionica, *Venus* 53
hodgsoni, *Lima* 23
hoffstetteri, *Mactra* 39
hoffstetteri, *Pitax* 54
hokkaidoensis, *Liocyma* 56
hornelli, *Cardium* 37

houstonius, *Brachidontes* 18
hoylei, *Sarepta* 10
Humilaria 52
humilis, *Transennella* 54
hupeana, *Macoma* 45
hupeanus, *Mytilus* 18
hupei, *Neodavisia* 33
Huxleyia 9
hyadesi, *Malletia* 10
hyalina, *Lyonsia* 63
Hyalopecten 26
Hybolophus 36
hyotis, *Hytotissa* 23
Hytotissa 23
hyperborea, *Yoldia* 13
hyphalopilema, *Anadara* 16
Hyphantosoma 54
Hysteroconcha 54
ida, *Pitar* 54
idae, *Tellina* 44
ignobilis, *Venus* 52
iliochione 52
illota, *Fugleria* 15
imbrifer, *Cyclopecten* 26
imitans, *Cyamium* 49
imitata, *Arca* 16
impar, *Nuculana* 12
impolita, *Diplodonta* 30
impressa, *Modiolaria* 20
impressa, *Nucula* 13
inaequalis, *Glycymeris* 17
inaequalis, *Malletia* 10
inaequistriata, *Tellina* 43
inaequivalvis, *Arca* 15
inca, *Pecten* 24
incantata, *Chlamys* 24
incisa, *Cyclocardia* 34
incongrua, *Semele* 46
incongruus, *Cyclopecten* 26
inconspicua, *Felaniella* 30
inconspicua, *Tellina* 44
inconspicuus, *Pitar* 54
incrassatus, *Cardita* 33
incurva, *Lithophaga* 21
incurvatus, *Musculus* 20
indentata, *Macoma* 45
indentus, *Pecten* 25
indolens, *Yoldia* 14
inermis, *Chama* 36
inezana, *Plicatula* 24
inezensis, *Diplodonta* 30
infelix, *Hiata* 60
inferior, *Panopaea* 59
inflata, *Astarte* 36
inflata, *Bornia* 31
inflata, *Chione* 52
inflata, *Corbula* 58
inflata, *Crenella* 20
inflata, *Cyrena* 50
inflata, *Lutraria* 40
inflata, *Lyonsia* 63
inflata, *Macoma* 44
inflata, *Nucula* 10
inflata, *Polymesoda* 50
inflata, *Yoldia* 13
inflatula, *Macoma* 45
infrequens, *Yoldia* 11
infumatus, *Mytilus* 18
inopia, *Mya* 58
inornata, *Leda* 12
inornata, *Macoma* 45
inquinata, *Macoma* 45
insculpta, *Chlamys* 24
insculpta, *Tellina* 43
insignis, *Cyrena* 50
insula, *Cyrenoida* 30
insula, *Phlyctiderma* 30
intensus, *Phacoides* 29
intercalata, *Martesia* 61
interflucta, *Nucula* 9
intermedia, *Astarte* 36
intermedia, *Cytherea* 53
intermedia, *Mya* 57
intermedia, *Yoldiella* 14
intermedius, *Pecten* 25
intermedius, *Pectunculus* 17
interrogatorium, *Laevicardium* 39
interrupta, *Cytherea* 53
interrupta, *Strigilla* 42
interrupta, *Tellina* 42
intersecta, *Venus* 53
intusgranosa, *Mesopholas* 60
intuspurpurea, *Siliqua* 41
Iphigenia 49
iphigenia, *Nucula* 9
ira, *Corbula* 58
iridescens, *Cyamium* 33
iridescens, *Ostrea* 24
irregularis, *Tagelus* 48
Irus 55
irus, *Tellina* 45
Irusella 51
Ischadium 18
islandica, *Chlamys* 24
islandica, *Venus* 39
islandicum, *Cardium* 39
isocardia, *Ventricolaria* 51
isocardoides, *Cyrena* 50
Isognomon 21
Isognomonidae 21
isolirata, *Cardiomya* 66
Isorobitella 32
isthmica, *Mactra* 39
Ixartia 64
jacobaea, *Ostrea* 23
jadisi, *Cyclinella* 56
jamaniana, *Chione* 51
jamesi, *Bankia* 62
janellii, *Pholas* 60
janus, *Isognomon* 22
janus, *Pseudochama* 36
japonica, *Mya* 57
japonica, *Netastoma* 61
japonica, *Panope* 59
japonica, *Tapes* 56
japonica, *Teredo* 62
japonicum, *Trapezium* 49
jaxamija, *Semele* 46
jeffreysi, *Pecten* 25
jipijapa, *Orobitella* 32
joannis, *Phacoides* 29
johnsoni, *Acharax* 9
jonasi, *Mactra* 40
jordani, *Chlamys* 25
joseana, *Polymesoda* 50
Jouannetia 61
Jouannetiinae 61
jousseauimi, *Felicia* 17
jousseauimi, *Mactra* 40
jovis, *Semele* 46
juarezi, *Limopsis* 17
Juliacorbula 58
junonia, *Semele* 46
Jupiteria 12
Kalayoldia 13
kamakurensis, *Penitella* 61
kamtschatica, *Cardita* 34
kamtschatica, *Cryptomya* 58
kamtschaticus, *Mytilus* 18
kamtschaticus, *Serripes* 39
kamtschatica, *Nuculana* 12
Katadesmia 13
kazusensis, *Psammobia* 47
keena, *Glycymeris* 17
keena, *Protothaca* 53
Keenaea 38
kelletii, *Chione* 52
Kellia 31
Kelliella 49
Kelliellidae 49
Kelliidae 30
Kelliinae 30
kelseyi, *Corbula* 59
kelseyi, *Lithophaga* 21
kelseyi, *Macoma* 45
kelseyi, *Milneria* 35
kennerleyi, *Humilaria* 52
kennerleyi, *Saturnia* 11
kennicottii, *Mercenaria* 52
kergeleensis, *Mytilus* 18
Kidderia 49
kilmeri, *Calyptogena* 50
kincaidi, *Pecten* 25
kindermanni, *Amphichaena* 48
kingi, *Lutraria* 41
Kingiella 33
kissyuensis, *Schizothaerus* 40
knudseni, *Cyclopecten* 26
kolthoffi, *Malletia* 11
korolevae, *Spisula* 40
krausei, *Macoma* 45
kroeyeri, *Cyclinella* 56
kuaiensis, *Spondylus* 27
kuluntunensis, *Yoldia* 13
kurilensis, *Modiolus* 19
kurriana, *Cyrtodaria* 59
kussakini, *Mytilus* 18
labiata, *Arca* 15
labiosa, *Anadara* 16
Labis 21
laceridens, *Tellina* 43
laciniata, *Mactra* 40
laciniata, *Protothaca* 52
Lacolina 43
lactea, *Astarte* 37
lactea, *Tellinomya* 31
Laericardiinae 38
Laevicardium 38
laevigata, *Donax* 49
laevigata, *Modiola* 20
laevigatus, *Donax* 49
laeviradius, *Leda* 12
laevis, *Modiolaria* 20
laevis, *Semele* 46
laevis, *Tryphomyax* 30
lagartillum, *Periploma* 64
lama, *Macoma* 44
lamarckii, *Pecten* 27
lamarckii, *Donax* 48
lamellata, *Diplodonta* 29
lamellata, *Tellina* 46
Lamellibranchiata 9
Lamelliconcha 55
lamellifera, *Irusella* 52
lamellifera, *Venus* 51
Lamellinucula 9
lamellosa, *Barnea* 60
lamellosa, *Cuningia* 46
lamellosa, *Leda* 12
laminata, *Tellina* 42
lampe, *Anomia* 27
lampira, *Lucina* 28

- lamproleuca*, *Macoma* 45
lanceolata, *Mesodesma* 41
lanceolata, *Nucula* 13
lanceolata, *Nuculana* 11
lanceolata, *Pinna* 22
lanieri, *Cardiomya* 66
laperousii, *Chironia* 31
laperousii, *Ostrea* 23
laperousii, *Serripes* 39
laplata, *Tellina* 43
laqueata, *Anomia* 27
laqueata, *Pholas* 60
laqueatus, *Pecten* 26
larbas, *Anomia* 27
Larkinia 15
larkinii, *Arca* 15
laronus, *Crasstellites* 36
Lasaea 31
Lasaeidae 31
Lasaeinae 31
lasperlensis, *Calloarca* 15
lata, *Gari* 47
lata, *Mya* 57
lata, *Tellina* 44
lateralis, *Mulinia* 40
Laternula 65
Laternulidae 65
latiauratus, *Leptopecten* 25
laticaudata, *Ostrea* 23
laticostata, *Cardites* 34
laticostata, *Crenella* 20
laticostatum, *Cardium* 38
latissimus, *Mytilus* 18
latus, *Mytilus* 18
latus, *Saxidomus* 55
laurentiana, *Astarte* 37
laxum, *Cardium* 38
laysana, *Acar* 15
leana, *Crenella* 20
leana, *Periploma* 64
lebruni, *Saxicava* 59
lecannelieri, *Modiolarca* 49
lecontei, *Gnathodon* 40
Ledella 11
lediforme, *Lepton* 31
lediformis, *Lepton* 31
leffingwelli, *Astarte* 37
legumen, *Ostrea* 22
legumen, *Saxicava* 59
leionucula 9
Leiosolenus 21
lenticula, *Tellina* 42
lenticula, *Yoldiella* 14
lenticulare, *Periploma* 64
lenticularis, *Eurhomalea* 55
lenticularis, *Semele* 46
leonilda, *Yoldiella* 14
leonina, *Nuculana* 13
leonina, *Poromya* 65
lenis, *Pitar* 55
lephayi, *Modiolarca* 49
lepida, *Cytherea* 55
lepidiformis, *Tryphomyax* 30
lepidoglypta *Ventricularia* 51
Leporimetis 44
lepta, *Vesicomya* 50
Leptomya 46
Lepton 31
Leptonidae 31
leptonoidea, *Macoma* 45
Leptopecten 25
lessoni, *Tivela* 53
leucacantha, *Spondylus* 27
leucocymoides, *Lucina* 29
leucodon, *Venus* 51
leucogonia, *Tellina* 43
leucophaeata, *Mytilopsis* 49
Leukoma 53
levicardo, *Maetra* 40
levis, *Pecten* 27
liana, *Phacoides* 28
liana, *Tellina* 43
libella, *Avicula* 21
lieberkindi, *Teredo* 62
ligamentina, *Tellina* 45
ligula, *Chione* 55
linguaeformis, *Perna* 22
lilacina, *Psammobia* 47
lilacina, *Venus* 52
Lima 22
lima, *Tellina* 43
Limacea 22
Limaria 22
limata, *Leda* 13
Limatula 22
limanula, *Anomia* 27
limauloides, *Yoldia* 13
limbatus, *Spondylus* 27
limicola *Laternula* 65
Limidae 22
limita, *Astarte* 37
Limoida 22
Limopsacea 16
Limopsidae 16
Limopsis 16
lineata, *Labiosa* 40
lineata, *Tivela* 53
lineatus, *Solecurtus* 48
linguae felis, *Spondylus* 27
linguaeformis, *Perna* 22
linguae felis, *Rupellaria* 57
lingualis, *Lucina* 28
linki, *Nucula* 10
linteria, *Glycymeris* 17
Linucula 10
Lioberus 19
Liocyra 55
liogona, *Nuculana* 12
liotricha, *Macoma* 45
lipara, *Macoma* 44
liratum, *Trapezium* 49
liriopse, *Cyclopecten* 26
Liriphora 52
liskei, *Anomia* 27
lishkei, *Chlamys* 25
Lissarca 17
listeri, *Atrina* 22
Litharca 15
lithodomus, *Litharca* 15
lithoidea, *Venus* 55
Lithophaga 21
Lithophaginae 21
lobula, *Saturnia* 11
lomaensis, *Nuculana* 12
longini, *Cardita* 34
longirostra, *Astarte* 37
longiscula, *Ostrea* 23
longisinuata, *Macoma* 44
longispina, *Callista* 55
longistinuatus, *Tagelus* 48
Lopha 24
Lophinae 24
Lophocardium 38
lordi, *Psephidia* 56
loshka, *Nuculana* 13
lotensis, *Maetra* 40
loveni, *Macoma* 45
lowei, *Chlamys* 25
loxia, *Astarte* 37
lubrica, *Amiantis* 54
lubrica, *Theora* 47
lucasana, *Cyathodonta* 64
lucasana, *Divaricella* 29
lucasana, *Petricola* 57
lucasana, *Saturnia* 11
lucasanum, *Entodesma* 63
lucasiana, *Ostrea* 24
lucida, *Nucula* 10
lucida, *Siliqua* 41
Lucina 28
Lucinacea 28
Lucinidae 28
Lucininae 28
Luciniscia 28
lucinoides, *Cardium* 38
Lucinoma 29
lugubris, *Leda* 11
Lunarca 16
lunaris, *Pecten* 26
lunulata, *Astarte* 36
lupanaria, *Pitar* 55
lurida, *Barbatia* 14
lurida, *Ostrea* 23
lusoria, *Meretrix* 53
lutea, *Cytherea* 54
lutea, *Tellina* 43
luteobrunnea, *Cytherea* 53
luteola, *Corbula* 58
luteolabrum, *Cardium* 58
luticola, *Bornia* 31
luticola, *Sphenia* 58
luticola, *Ungulina* 57
Lutraniinae 40
lyallii, *Nucula* 9
Lyonsia 63
Lyonsiella 65
Lyonsiidae 63
lyra, *Tellina* 43
lyrata, *Nucula* 12
Lyratellina 43
lyrica, *Tellina* 43
Lyrodus 61
Lyropecten 25
mabilleana, *Limopsis* 17
mabillei, *Mysella* 32
Macalia 44
macdonaldi, *Corbula* 58
macgintyi, *Protothaca* 53
macha, *Ensis* 41
Machaerodonax 48
macilenta, *Artemis* 56
macneilii, *Tellina* 42
Macoma 44
Macominae 44
Macoploma 45
macrochisma, *Pododesmus* 28
macrodon, *Lasaea* 31
macrostoma, *Pholas* 60
Maetra 39
Maetracea 39
mactracea, *Venus* 51
Mactrellona 39
Mactridae 39
Mactrinae 39
Mactrinula 39
Mactroderma 39
mactroides, *Cytherea* 53
mactroides, *Trigona* 53
mactroides, *Poromya* 65
Mactromeris 40
macrostoma, *Pholas* 60
Mactrotoma 39

oxia, Nuculana 12
Pachydesma 53
pacifica, Arca 14
pacifica, Calyptogena 50
pacifica, Chama 35
pacifica, Crassinella 36
pacifica, Cuningia 46
pacifica, Diplodonta 30
pacifica, Ensitellops 33
pacifica, Harvella 39
pacifica, Lyonsia 65
pacifica, Malletia 10
pacifica, Pholas 60
pacifica, Promantellum 23
pacifica, Saxicavella 60
pacifica, Semele 46
pacifica, Tellina 42
pacifica, Vulsella 22
pacificensis, Sphaenia 58
pacificum, Dacrydium 19
pacificus, Heterodonax 47
pacificus, Modiolus 20
pacilus, Anomia 27
Pacipecten 25
pacis, Macoma 46
paeteliana, Cardita 34
paitensis, Mactra 39
pajaroana, Venus 40
Palaeotaxodontia 9
pallida, Carditella 34
pallida, Mulinia 40
pallida, Semele 47
pallidulum, Amygdalum 19
pallio punctatus, Choromytilus 18
palmeri, Abra 46
palmeri, Leptopecten 25
palmula, Crassostrea 23
palmulata, Teredo 61
pampeana, Chione 53
panamense, Trachycardium 38
panamensis, Adula 21
panamensis, Arca 15
panamensis, Bushia 64
panamensis, Calyptogena 50
panamensis, Condylocardia 35
panamensis, Cooperella 56
panamensis, Cuspidaria 66
panamensis, Cyrena 50
panamensis, Cyrenoida 30
panamensis, Dacrydium 19
panamensis, Donax 49
panamensis, Gari 47
panamensis, Limopsis 17
panamensis, Lyonsia 64
panamensis, Macoma 45
panamensis, Malleus 22
panamensis, Microcardium 38
panamensis, Ostrea 23
panamensis, Pandora 63
panamensis, Pecten 26
panamensis, Placunanomia 28
panamensis, Pseudochama 36
panamensis, Sanguinolaria 43
panamensis, Solemya 9
panamensis, Strigilla 42
panamensis, Tellina 42
panamensis, Tindaria 11
panamensis, Uperotus 62
panamensis, Xylophaga 61
panamensis, Yoldia 14
Panamicorbula 58
panamina, Nucula 10
Pandora 62
Pandoracea 62
Pandorella 63
Pandoridae 62
pannosa, Transennella 54
Panomys 59
Panope 59
papuana, Modiola 20
papyracea, Bornia 31
papyracea, Chlamys 26
papyracea, Periploma 64
Papyridea 37
Paradonax 49
parallela, Petricola 57
Parapholas 60
parapodema, Cuspidaria 66
parasitica, Chama 35
parasiticum, Neodavisia 33
parcipictus, Pectunculus 17
parilis, Felaniella 30
parkeri, Cuspidaria 66
parthenopa, Macoma 45
Particoma 60
parva, Lyonsiella 65
parva, Penitella 61
parva, Pholas 60
Parvamussium 27
Parvilucina 28
parvulum, Carditella 34
parvulum, Cardium 38
patagonica, Acesta 22
patagonica, Chlamys 25
patagonica, Cuspidaria 66
patagonica, Cytherea 54
patagonica, Kennerlyia 63
patagonica, Lithophaga 21
patagonica, Malletia 10
patagonica, Nuculana 13
patagonica, Silicula 10
patagonicus, Modiolus 20
patagonicus, Mytilus 20
patelliformis, Anomia 28
paternalis, Mya 57
patheonensis, Arca 15
Patinopecten 27
Patinopecteninae 27
patriae, Chlamys 25
patula, Siliqua 41
paucicostata, Cardita 34
paucicostatus, Pecten 25
pauciradiata, Cytherea 53
pauperula, Venerupis 55
paytensis, Donax 49
paytensis, Nucula 9
paytensis, Pitar 55
pazensis, Solen 41
paziana, Semele 47
paziana, Tellina 42
paxianum, Microcardium 38
peabodyi, Chione 51
pealeii, Pecten 24
peasii, Tellina 43
Pecten 26
Pectininae 24
Pectinacea 24
pectinata, Arca 17
pectinata, Cardiomya 66
pectinata, Jouannetta 61
pectinata, Lucina 28
Pectinidae 24,
Pectininae 26
pectinoides, Pectunculus 17
pectorina, Venus 53
pectunculoides, Venus 52
pedernalense, Laevicardium 38
pedicellatus, Lyrodus 62
pedroana, Callista 56
pedroana, Cyathodonta 64
pedroana, Mysella 32
pedroana, Saxicava 57
pedroana, Tellina 42
pedroanus, Mytilus 18
Pegmapex 30
Pegophysema 29
pelagica, Limopsis 16
Pelecypoda 9
pellucida, Anatina 40
pellucida, Chama 35
penascoensis, Adrana 11
pencana, Mactra 40
penderi, Nuculana 12
penicillata, Plicatula 24
peninsulare, Anisodonta 33
peninsularis, Basterotia 33
penita, Penitella 61
Penitella 61
pentadactylus, Periploma 65
Peplum 26
perdis, Venus 51
perfragilis, Pitar 54
perieri, Limopsis 17
Periglypta 51
Periploma 64
Periplomatidae 64
perla, Poroya 65
perlabiata, Anadara 15
Perna 18
perna, Perna 18
pernoides, Arca 14
pernomus, Cyclopecten 26
pernula, Nuculana 12
pernuloides, Leda 12
Peronidia 43
perparvula, Divalinga 29
perplicata, Halicardia 65
Perrierinidae 33
persei, Portlandia 14
pertincta, Protothaca 53
peruanus, Tagelus 48
perulus, Pecten 27
peruviana, Anomia 27
peruviana, Avicula 21
peruviana, Chione 52
peruviana, Cyathodonta 64
peruviana, Cyrena 50
peruviana, Galeommella 30
peruviana, Lithophaga 21
peruviana, Malletia 10
peruviana, Nuculana 12
peruviana, Petricola 57
peruviana, Venerupis 57
peruvianus, Donax 48
peruvianus, Tagelus 48
petallina, Donax 48
petalum, Tellina 44
petechialis, Cytherea 53
petiti, Mactra 40
petitiana, Lasaea 31
petitii, Venerupis 52
Petrasma 9
Petricola 56
Petricolaria 57
Petricolidae 56
petriola, Nucula 9
pfeifferi, Solen 41
phalara, Chlamys 25
Phaseolus 10
phenax, Musculus 21
phenaxia, Nuculana 12

- philippii*, *Actinobolus* 34
philippii, *Diplodonta* 30
philippinarum, *Tapes* 56
Philobrya 16
Philobryidae 16
Phlogocardia 38
Phlycticoncha 63
Phlyctiderma 30
phoebe, *Phlyctiderma* 30
Pholadacea 60
Pholadidae 61
pholadidea, *Hatasia* 61
pholadidea, *Sphaenia* 58
pholadiformis, *Aarca* 15
pholadiformis, *Petricola* 57
Pholadina 60
Pholadinae 60
pholadis, *Hiatella* 59
Pholadomyoida 62
Pholadopsis 61
Pholas 60
Phyllodella 43
Phyllodina 43
picoensis, *Pecten* 25
picta, *Chione* 52
picta, *Lyonsia* 63
pictorum, *Spondylus* 27
pictum, *Entodesma* 63
picturata, *Modiolarca* 49
pigafettae, *Nucula* 10
pilosus, *Mytilus* 18
pilsbryi, *Zirfaea* 60
pilsbryi, *Semele* 47
pinacatenis, *Venus* 52
pinchoti, *Codakia* 28
Pinctada 21
Pinna 22
Pinnacea 22
Pinnidae 22
Pinnina 22
piscium, *Cyamium* 33
pisiformis, *Tellina* 42
Pisostrigilla 42
pisum, *Aligena* 31
pisum, *Lucina* 29
pisum, *Nucula* 10
Pitar 54
Pitarella 55
Pitarinae 54
pittieri, *Pecten* 25
placenta, *Astarte* 37
Placopecten 25
Placunanomia 28
Placunidae 28
plafkeri, *Chlamys* 24
plana, *Astarte* 37
planata, *Modiola* 18
planata, *Mysella* 32
planata, *Semele* 47
planetica, *Cardiomya* 66
planicostatum, *Cardium* 38
Planitivella 53
planiuscula, *Macoma* 44
planiusculum, *Periploma* 64
planulata, *Cytherea* 53
planulata, *Spisula* 40
planulata, *Tellina* 43
planulata, *Tivela* 53
platei, *Arca* 15
platei, *Erycina* 31
Platomyisia 32
Platyodon 57
playasensis, *Brachidontes* 18
plebiae, *Psammotreta* 45
Plectodon 66
plena, *Yoldia* 13
Pleurolocina 29
Pleuromeris 35
Plicacesta 22
plicata, *Arca* 15
plicata, *Thracia* 64
Plicatula 24
plicatula, *Modiola* 19
Plicatulacea 24
Plicatulidae 24
plumescens, *Modiolus* 19
plumula, *Lithophaga* 21
Plumulella 62
Pododesmus 27
poirieri, *Solen* 41
polaris, *Astarte* 36
Policordia 65
polita, *Modiola* 19
polita, *Nuculana* 12
Politoleda 12
politus, *Tagelus* 48
pollicaris, *Pitar* 54
polychroma, *Corbula* 58
polyleptus, *Cyclopecten* 26
Polymesoda 50
polynyma, *Mactromeris* 40
pomatia, *Pecten* 24
pompholyx, *Arca* 16
ponderosa, *Dosinia* 51
ponderosa, *Mactra* 40
pontonia, *Nuculana* 12
porcella, *Corbula* 58
Poromoida 65
Poromya 65
Poromyacea 65
portesiana, *Venus* 51
Portlandia 13
posjetica, *Ostrea* 23
poulsoni, *Hinnita* 25
praecisa, *Mya* 57
praefluctuosa, *Gomphina* 56
prelamellifer, *Irus* 52
priapus, *Mya* 59
princeps, *Spondylus* 27
princeps, *Tellina* 44
prismatica, *Striostrea* 24
Pristes 33
pristiphora, *Tellina* 43
pristipleura, *Acrosterigma* 37
procella, *Ostrea* 23
procera, *Cardita* 34
procerum, *Trachycardium* 38
proclivis, *Tellina* 43
producta, *Chama* 35
producta, *Cyclinella* 56
producta, *Ervilia* 41
profunda, *Glycymeris* 17
profundior, *Mya* 57
profundorum, *Abra* 46
profundorum, *Nucula* 9
prolata, *Yoldiella* 14
prolongata, *Lucina* 28
prolongatus, *Miodontiscus* 35
Promantellum 23
Propeamussidae 27
Propeamussium 27
Propeamussinae 27
prora, *Dione* 54
prora, *Tellina* 43
Protocardiinae 38
Protothaca 52
protractus, *Musculus* 20
protractus, *Serripes* 39
proxima, *Tellina* 44
proximum, *Amphidesma* 46
producta, *Scrobicularia* 44
Psammacoma 45
Psammobiidae 47
Psammobiinae 47
Psammotella 48
Psammotreta 45
Psephidia 56
Pseudamussium 26
pseudislandica, *Chlamys* 24
pseudoactis, *Astarte* 37
pseudoarenaria, *Mya* 57
Pseudochama 36
pseudofossile, *Cardium* 39
pseudotulipus, *Modiolus* 19
pseutes, *Cardiomya* 66
Psiloteredo 62
Pteria 21
Pteriacea 21
Pteriidae 21
Pteriina 21
Pterimorphia 14
Pterioida 21
pteroessa, *Bathyarca* 16
Pteropsellinae 40
pubescens, *Cardium* 39
puelcha, *Nucula* 10
puelchana, *Ostrea* 24
puella, *Tellina* 42
puella, *Transennella* 54
puellula, *Tellina* 42
pugetensis, *Lyonsia* 63
pugetensis, *Pecten* 24
pulchella, *Astarte* 37
pulchella, *Martesia* 60
pulcherrima, *Triumphalia* 61
pulchra, *Cymatioa* 30
pulchra, *Semele* 47
pulcaria, *Chione* 52
pulla, *Mactra* 53
pullastra, *Cyrena* 50
pumila, *Tellina* 43
punctata, *Amphidesma* 30
punctata, *Codakia* 28
punctata, *Pandora* 63
punctata, *Venus* 28
punctatostriatus, *Donax* 48
punctatum, *Amphidesma* 46
punicea, *Tellina* 43
puntarensis, *Brachidontes* 18
puntarensis, *Pododesmus* 27
pura, *Dione* 55
pura, *Psammotreta* 45
purpurascens, *Amphidesma* 47
purpurascens, *Chama* 35
purpurascens, *Saxicava* 59
purpurata, *Tapes* 55
purpuratus, *Argopecten* 24
purpuratus, *Brachidontes* 18
purpurea, *Cyrena* 56
purpurea, *Sanguinolaria* 48
purpurea, *Tellina* 44
purpureochocolata, *Cytherea* 53
purpureus, *Heterodonax* 48
purpurissata, *Chione* 52
pusilla, *Barbatia* 15
pusilla, *Kideria* 49
pusilla, *Melina* 22
pustulosa, *Corbula* 58
pygmaea, *Cardium* 34
pygmaea, *Limatula* 22
pygmaeus, *Musculus* 20
pyrififormis, *Leda* 12

- maculata*, *Chama* 35
maculata, *Glycymeris* 17
maculatum, *Cardium* 37
maculosum, *Cardium* 37
maga, *Strigilla* 42
magdalanae, *Ventricolaria* 51
magellanica, *Astarte* 37
magellanica, *Avicula* 16
magellanica, *Barbatia* 15
magellanica, *Kellia* 31
magellanica, *Mactra* 55
magellanica, *Malletia* 10
magellanica, *Modiola* 20
magellanica, *Phaseolicana* 49
magellanica, *Thyasira* 29
magellanicus, *Mytilus* 17
magellanicus, *Pecten* 25
magellanicus, *Placopecten* 25
magna, *Cryptomya* 58
magna, *Noetia* 16
magnifica, *Calyptogena* 50
magnifica, *Lyonsiella* 65
magnifica, *Thracia* 64
magnificum, *Cardium* 38
magnificus, *Lyropecten* 25
major, *Yoldiella* 14
malespinae, *Poromya* 65
Malleidae 10
Malletia 10
Malletiella 10
Malletiidae 10
Malleus 22
malpelonium, *Propeamusium* 27
malvinae, *Cardita* 35
Malvifundus 22
manabiensis, *Eucrassinella* 36
mancorensis, *Donax* 48
mantaensis, *Papyridea* 38
mantaensis, *Tellina* 43
mantana, *Yoldiella* 14
marcida, *Mactra* 40
marella, *Nuculana* 12
margarita, *Bernardina* 49
margarita, *Merisca* 43
margarita, *Orobitella* 32
margarita, *Semele* 47
margaritacea, *Mytilus* 18
margaritifera, *Mytilus* 21
marginata, *Crassatella* 36
marginata, *Tivela* 53
mariae, *Chione* 52
marionensis, *Limopsis* 17
maritima, *Cyrena* 50
marmorata, *Corbula* 58
marmoratus, *Modiolus* 20
martensi, *Bankia* 62
Martesia 60
Martesiinae 60
martiali, *Limea* 22
martiana, *Saturnia* 11
martyria, *Yoldia* 14
matitubensis, *Cardita* 34
maura, *Atrina* 22
maxima, *Gari* 47
maxima, *Lutraria* 40
maxima, *Raeta* 39
maxima, *Venus* 55
maximus, *Solen* 41
mazatlanica, *Arca* 15
mazatlanica, *Lucina* 29
mazatlanica, *Pinctada* 21
mazatlanica, *Psammotreta* 45
media, *Leda* 12
media, *Lissarca* 17
medialis, *Arcopagia* 44
medioamericana, *Macoma* 45
medioamericana, *Semele* 46
medius, *Solen* 41
Megacrenella 20
Megangulus 43
Megapitaxia 54
megastropa, *Strophocardia* 34
Megayoldia 14
megodon, *Agerostrea* 23
melanoderma, *Arca* 16
melanura, *Pholadidea* 61
mendica, *Rangia* 40
mercedensis, *Spisula* 40
Mercenaria 52
mercenaria, *Mercenaria* 52
mercenaria, *Mya* 57
Meretricinae 55
Meretrix 53
meridionale, *Propeamusium* 27
meridionalis, *Chione* 51
meridionalis, *Miodontiscus* 35
meridionalis, *Polymesoda* 50
meridionalis, *Saxicava* 59
Merisca 43
meroeum, *Platomyia* 32
meropsis, *Tellina* 42
mesembrina, *Modiolarca* 49
Mesodesma 41
Mesodesmatidae 41
Mesodesmatinae 41
Mesopleura 48
metodon, *Protothaca* 53
mexicana, *Bankia* 62
mexicana, *Chama* 35
mexicana, *Crassinella* 36
mexicana, *Ctena* 28
mexicana, *Myonera* 66
mexicana, *Polymesoda* 50
mexicana, *Tindaria* 11
mexicana, *Xylophaga* 61
mexicanus, *Pitar* 55
mexicanus, *Solen* 41
mexicanus, *Tryphomyax* 30
Mexicardia 38
michelini, *Cardita* 34
Microcardium 38
Micromactra 39
middendorffi, *Macoma* 45
migueliana, *Glycymeris* 17
miliaris, *Lasaea* 31
miliaris, *Lissarca* 17
Milneria 35
Miltha 29
Milthinae 29
minus, *Spondylus* 27
miniata, *Tellina* 48
minima, *Milneria* 35
minor, *Ensis* 41
minor, *Pectunculus* 17
Minormalletia 10
minuscule, *Glans* 35
minuscule, *Pholadidea* 60
minuta, *Kidderia* 49
minuta, *Nuculana* 12
minuta, *Turtonia* 56
minutus, *Solen* 59
minutus, *Venus* 56
Miodontiscus 35
mirabilis, *Astarte* 37
mirabilis, *Nucula* 9
mirabilis, *Petricola* 57
miraflora, *Teredo* 62
miser, *Pecten* 26
modesta, *Mulinia* 40
modesta, *Tellina* 42
modesta, *Transennella* 54
modestum, *Cardium* 38
modioliforme, *Dacrydium* 19
Modioliinae 19
modiolus, *Modiolus* 19
Moerella 43
moesta, *Macoma* 45
molinae, *Mysella* 32
mollis, *Saxicava* 59
mompichensis, *Tellina* 44
Monia 27
monopera, *Hiatella* 59
monotimeris, *Pecten* 25
Montacuta 32
Montacutidae 32
Montacutona 32
montagui, *Tridonta* 37
montereyensis, *Cardita* 34
montereyensis, *Yoldia* 14
montereyi, *Semele* 46
montezuma, *Chione* 52
montmarensis, *Montacutona* 32
mori, *Acesta* 22
morroensis, *Macoma* 45
morsei, *Teredo* 62
morsei, *Venericardia* 34
mortoni, *Venus* 55
moulinsii, *Cumingia* 46
Mulinia 40
multicostata, *Anadara* 15
multicostata, *Astarte* 37
multicostata, *Crassina* 37
multicostata, *Glycymeris* 17
multicostata, *Periglypta* 51
multidentata, *Yoldia* 14
multiformis, *Mytilus* 18
multiradiata, *Cytherea* 53
multirugosus, *Pecten* 25
multispinosus, *Pitar* 55
multistriata, *Ostrea* 23
mundulus, *Venus* 52
munita, *Huxleyia* 9
muricata, *Tellina* 28
murrayi, *Cuspidaria* 66
nuscaria, *Venus* 53
Muscullista 20
Musculus 20
mutabilis, *Arca* 14
mutabilis, *Modiola* 18
mutica, *Cumingia* 46
Mya 57
Myacea 57
Myidae 57
Myina 57
Myinae 57
myaciformis, *Pseudopythina* 32
myalis, *Yoldia* 13
Myoforceps 21
Myoidea 57
myoides, *Cryptodonta* 57
Myonera 66
myopsis, *Thracia* 64
myrae, *Ensis* 41
myrae, *Halistrepta* 64
Myrteinae 29
Mysella 32
Mysellinae 32
Mytella 18
Mytilacea 17
Mytilidae 17
Mytilimeria 64

Mytilinae 17
Mytiloidea 17
Mytilopsis 49
Mytilus 18
naceli, Xyloredo 61
nan, Cuspidaria 58
nana, Pholas 60
nanus, Artemis 51
nasuta, Corbula 58
nasuta, Macoma 45
nasuta, Mactra 39
nasuta, Tellina 44
natans, Semipallium 25
Nausitora 62
navalis, Teredo 62
navarchus, Pecten 25
navicula, Donax 49
navicula, Lyonsia 63
naviformis, Carditella 34
navisa, Nuculana 13
Neaeromya 32
neglecta, Venus 51
neglectus, Modiolus 20
negritensis, Mysella 32
Nemocardium 38
Neobankia 62
neocaeus, Hyalopecten 26
Neocyrena 50
Neodavisia 33
Neoleptonidae 33
nesiotes, Lyonsia 64
Netastoma 61
newcombei, Pododesmus 28
newcombianus, Circe 54
newcombii, Navea 61
newsomi, Pecten 24
nexa, Modiola 20
nicaraguana, Polymesoda 50
nicoyana, Tellina 43
niger, Musculus 20
nigromarginata, Gaimardia 49
nipponensis, Anomia 27
nipponica, Macoma 44
nipponica, Thyasira 29
nipponicum, Trapezium 49
nitens, Lucina 30
nitens, Modiolus 20
nitens, Mytilus 18
nitidissima, Siliquaria 48
nitidula, Cyrena 50
nitidula, Cytherea 53
nitidum, Osteodesma 63
nitidus, Ensis 41
nivea, Arca 15
niveus, Mytilus 57
nobilis, Cytherea 54
Nodipecten 25
nodulosa, Cardita 33
nodulosa, Venericardia 34
noemi, Cypricardia 57
Noetia 16
Noetiidae 16
Noetiinae 16
nomensis, Cardita 34
nonuranus, Modiolus 19
nordi, Bankia 62
normalis, Mytilus 18
normalis, Tellina 44
norrissii, Solenella 10
norvegica, Mya 59
norvegica, Panopaea 59
norvegica, Yoldia 13
notabile, Cardium 39
notabilis, Polymesoda 50
Notochione 53
nova, Barbatia 15
novangliae, Actinobolus 34
novemcostatus, Hippagus 65
nucea, Aligena 31
nucicola Mesopholas 60
nuciformis, Corbula 58
Nucinella 9
Nucinellacea 9
Nucinellidae 9
nucleator, Bathyarca 16
Nucula 9
nucula, Tivela 53
Nuculacea 9
Nuculana 11
Nuculanacea 10
Nuculanidae 11
Nuculidae 9
nuculiformis, Crassinella 36
Nuculoidea 9
nuculoides, Ctenoconcha 10
nuculoides, Semelina 47
nuculoides, Tellina 42
Nuculopsis 9
nuttalli, Lucina 28
nuttalli, Mytilimeria 64
nuttalli, Vulsella 22
Nuttallia 48
nuttalli, Clinocardium 39
nuttallii, Nuttallia 48
nuttallii, Solecurius 41
nuttallii, Tresus 40
nux, Anadara 15
obesa, Anadara 15
obesa, Corbula 58
obesa, Leporimetis 44
obesa, Neaera 66
obessus, Mytilus 18
obesulus, Donax 48
obesus, Donax 48
obesus, Musculus 20
obliqua, Clementia 56
obliqua, Crassina 37
obliqua, Felaniella 30
obliqua, Macoma 45
obliqua, Nucula 10
obliqua, Orbitella 32
obliqua, Solecardia 31
obliquata, Venus 54
obliquus, Solen 41
obliterata, Chione 52
oblonga, Astarte 36
oblonga, Nucula 12
oblonga, Orbitella 32
oblonga, Petricola 55
oblongus, Mytilus 18
oblongus, Pristes 33
obovatis, Trigiocardia 38
observa, Lazaria 34
obsolata, Nucula 12
obsoletus, Septifer 19
obtusa, Bornia 31
obtusa, Periploma 64
obtusata, Xylophaga 61
obtusus, Angulus 42
obvolutus, Malleus 22
occidentale, Dacrydium 19
occidentalis, Cymatoica 44
occidentalis, Solemya 9
occidentalis, Turtonia 56
oceanica, Spinula 13
ochotica, Thyasira 29
ochotensis, Serripes 39
ochracea, Cytherea 53
ochracea, Lucina 28
ochracea, Ostrea 23
ochracea, Tellina 43
odhneri, Bankia 62
Odontogena 31
oerstedii, Solen 41
okutani, Cardiomya 66
oldroydi, Cardiomya 66
oldroydii, Atrina 22
oleacina, Yoldia 13
olivacea, Cyrena 50
olivaceus, Musculus 20
olssoni, Chione 52
olssoni, Noetia 16
olssoni, Petricola 57
omissa, Transennella 54
oneilli, Macoma 45
oonogat, Mya 57
opaca, Venus 55
opifex, Modiola 20
Oppenheimopecten 26
orangica, Leda 11
orbella, Diplodonta 30
orbella, Paphia 52
orbicularis, Venus 28
orbiculare, Amphidesma 47
orbignyanus, Mytilus 18
orbigny, Promantellum 23
orca, Yoldiella 14
orcutti, Bankia 62
orcutti, Chlamydoconcha 33
orcutti, Sanguinolaria 48
ordinaria, Polymesoda 50
oregonensis, Crassinella 36
oregonensis, Cryptomya 58
oregonensis, Cytherca 56
oregonensis, Pecten 27
oregonica, Siliqua 41
orientalis, Lima 22
orientalis, Saxicara 59
ornata, Nuculana 12
ornata, Verticordia 65
ornatissima, Chione 52
Orobitella 32
Orobitellinae 32
Orthoyoldia 14
Ostrea 23
Ostreacea 23
Ostreidae 23
Ostreina 23
Ostreinae 23
ostreivaga, Plicatula 24
Ostreoida 23
osumiensis, Bankia 62
ovalina, Donax 47
ovalina, Mactra 39
ovalis, Mactra 40
ovalis, Mya 57
ovalis, Mytilus 18
ovalis, Psephidia 56
ovalis, Sanguinolaria 48
ovalis, Vesicomya 50
ovata, Arca 15
ovata, Astarte 37
ovata, Crassina 36
ovata, Cyclocardia 34
ovata, Gastrochaena 59
ovata, Glycymeris 17
ovata, Mya 57
ovata, Petricola 57
ovoidea, Chaceia 60
ovoidea, Sphenia 58
ovulata, Corbula 58
ovuloides, Cardium 38

Pythinella 33
quadra, Pholaidea 61
quadrangarium, Trachycardium 38
quadrana, Macoma 45
quadrangularis, Perna 22
quadrans, Astarte 36
quadrata, Astarte 36
quadrata, Basterotia 33
quadrata, Cryptomya 58
quadratus, Isognomon 22
quadrilatera, Arca 15
quadriradiata, Tapes 56
quadrisculata, Lucina 29
quaylei, Lyonsiella 65
Quendreda 19
quentinensis, Semele 47
quiba, Yoldia 14
quintinensis, Crassinella 36
quirica, Nucula 10
radians, Pandora 63
radiata, Carditamera 34
radiata, Corbula 58
radiata, Cyrena 50
radiata, Lutraria 40
radiata, Mactra 39
radiata, Nuculana 12
radiata, Pandora 63
radiata, Policordia 65
radiata, Venus 55
radiatus, Donax 48
radula, Spondylus 27
Raeta 40
randolphi, Delectopecten 26
Rangia 40
Rangianella 40
Rasia 16
rastellinum, Pecten 24
rastrum, Cardium 38
reclusa, Tellina 43
recluzii, Cyrena 50
recognita, Perna 22
rectus, Modiolus 20
recurva, Tellina 42
recurvata, Tellina 42
recurvus, Ischadium 18
redondoensis, Axinulus 30
redondoensis, Cardita 34
redondoensis, Nuculana 12
reeveana, Barbatia 15
reeveana, Cardita 34
reevei, Donax 49
regia, Aulacomya 18
regia, Tellina 43
regularis, Gari 47
regularis, Psammobia 47
regularis, Semele 47
regulus, Malleus 22
reidi, Solemya 9
reinharti, Anadara 15
restorationensis, Paphia 53
reticulata, Arca 15
reticulata, Venus 51
retifer, Pholas 60
retifera, Rhamphidonta 31
revelli, Mactrotoma 39
reversa, Noetia 16
Rexithaerus 45
Rhamphidonta 31
rhodora, Tellina 42
rhomboidalis, Astarte 37
rhynchoscuta, Tellina 43
rhypis, Pandora 63
rhyssomia, Venus 54
rhyssodes, Petricola 57
rhytida, Nuculana 13
richardsoni, Cardium 38
richmondi, Mactra 39
richthofeni, Here 28
rickettsi, Macoma 45
Rictocyma 37
rigida, Venus 51
ritteri, Saturnia 11
riversi, Pecten 27
rivularis, Crassostrea 23
rjabiniinae, Cyclocardia 34
robiginosa, Cardiomya 66
robusta, Petricola 57
rochebrunei, Mysella 32
Rochefortia 32
rodriguezi, Venus 52
rogersi, Lithophaga 21
rollandi, Tridonta 37
rosacea, Ostrea 23
rosaceus, Pecten 25
rosaceus, Solen 41
rosea, Corbula 58
rosea, Pholas 60
rosea, Semele 47
roseus, Pitar 55
rositae, Pteria 21
rostrae, Barbatia 15
rostrata, Leda 12
rostrata, Netastoma 61
rostratus, Donax 49
rostratus, Pitar 54
rostriferum, Dacrydium 19
rotunda, Tellina 44
rotundata, Crenella 20
rotundata, Kellia 31
rotundata, Tellina 44
rotundatum, Cardium 38
rotundum, Pecten 26
rubescens, Tellina 43
rubida, Chlamys 25
rubra, Corbula 58
rubrolineata, Amphidesma 46
rubropicta, Chama 35
rubropicta, Semele 47
rubrogradata, Sanguinolaria 47
rubrotincta, Semele 46
rubrum, Cardium 31
rude, Lepton 32
ruderata, Chione 52
Rudiphaga 21
rudis, Crassatellites 36
rudis, Pinna 22
rudis, Solen 41
rudis, Venericardia 34
Ruditapes 56
rufa, Eurhomalea 55
rufescens, Cardita 33
rufescens, Tellina 48
rufipunctatus, Malleus 22
rufiradiatus, Pecten 25
rufoides, Ostrea 23
rugifera, Neaeromya 32
rugiferus, Lithophagus 21
rugosa, Donax 49
rugosa, Petricola 57
rugosa, Pinna 22
rugulosa, Gastrochaena 59
ruizana, Limopsis 17
Rupellaria 57
rupicola, Semele 47
rupium, Semele 47
saavedrai, Pseudochama 36
saccata, Cyclinella 56
saccata, Pinna 22
Saccella 12
sacculifer, Modiolus 20
sacculifer, Volsella 19
sachalinensis, Yoldia 13
sagamiensis, Dermatomya 65
sagitta, Pholadidea 61
saginata, Panopaea 59
sajnakhaliensis, Nausitora 62
sakhalinensis, Saxicava 59
salanga, Pitar 55
salinensis, Eurhomalea 55
salmonea, Halodakra 49
salmonea, Maera 42
salmoneus, Heterodonax 48
salvadoricus, Lioberus 19
sanctaecrucis, Phacoides 29
sanesia, Yoldiella 14
sanguinea, Tellina 43
Sanguinolaria 48
santarosae, Erycina 32
santarosae, Tellina 43
Sarepta 10
Sareptidae 10
saturna, Limatula 23
Saturnia 11
saulii, Nausitora 62
sauvini, Modiolarca 49
savateri, Modiolarca 49
savateri, Nucula 10
sawanensis, Pecten 27
Saxicavella 60
saxicola, Agriodesma 63
Saxidomus 55
scaber, Plectodon 66
scalpellum, Donax 49
scalprum, Solen 41
Scambulinae 36
scammoni, Entodesma 63
scammoni, Liocyma 56
scapha, Poromya 65
Scapharca 16
schefferi, Liocyma 56
schencki, Nucula 9
schenki, Thracia 64
shimanensis, Pecten 27
schotti, Chione 52
schrencki, Bankia 62
Scintilla 30
scintillaeformis, Oedalia 56
Scioberetia 33
Scissula 43
scissurata, Yoldia 13
scobina, Naranio 57
scobinata, Tellina 44
Scrobiculariidae 46
sculpta, Leda 12
sculpta, Mysella 32
Scutarcopagia 44
sechura, Oorbitella 33
sechurana, Agriodesma 63
secta, Macoma 45
secticostata, Arca 15
secunda, Yoldia 14
Semele 46
Semelina 47
semen, Carditella 34
semiaspera, Diplodonta 30
semicostata, Modiola 19
semidecussata, Tapes 56
semifulva, Cytherea 53
semifusca, Modiola 18
semilaevis, Brachidontes 18
semilamellosa, Cytherea 55
semilarata, Astarte 37

- Semimytilus* 18
seminuda, Crenella 20
seminuda, Yoldia 13
semiobliterata, Dosinia 51
semiornata, Nucula 10
Sempallium 25
semirugosa, Diplodonta 30
semistriatus, Donax 49
semisulcata, Astarte 36
semisulcata, Crassina 37
senhousia, Musculista 20
senticosum, Trachycardium 38
septentrionalis, Mytilus 18
Septibranchida 65
Septifer 19
serialis, Cytherea 53
sericata, Lucina 30
sericeus, Pecten 26
serra, Ostrea 24
Serracorbula 58
serrata, Strigilla 42
serricata, Axinopsida 29
Serripes 39
setacea, Bankia 62
setosa, Philobrya 16
shimanensis, Pecten 27
shinadae, Astarte 37
sibirica, Bankia 62
sibirica, Lyonsia 63
sicarius, Solen 41
sieboldii, Lutraria 40
Silicula 10
silicula, Tellina 42
Siliculidae 10
Siliculidae 10
Siliqua 41
siliqua, Macoma 45
siliqua, Mya 59
siliqua, Nucula 13
similaris, Limatula 23
similis, Anadara 15
similis, Cumingia 46
similis, Mactra 40
similis, Mytilus 18
similis, Pecten 27
simillima, Venus 51
Simomactra 39
simplex, Anomia 27
simplex, Artemis 51
simplex, Periploma 64
simplicissima, Semele 47
Simplistrigilla 42
simulans, Tellina 43
sincera, Strigilla 42
sinensis, Ostrea 23
singleyi, Cyclinella 56
singularis, Isorobitella 32
sinuatus, Mytilus 18
sinuosa, Chama 35
sinuosa, Modiola 18
sinuosa, Petricola 57
sitkana, Macoma 44
skenia, Limopsis 16
skoglundae, Crassinella 36
sloati, Siliqua 41
smirna, Tindaria 11
smithi, Spondylus 27
smithii, Poromya 65
sodalis, Machaera 41
solangensis, Venus 53
Solecardia 31
Solecurtus 48
Solemya 9
Solemyacea 9
Solemyidae 9
Solemyoidea 9
Solen 41
Solena 41
Solenacea 41
Solenidae 41
soleniformis, Adula 21
solenoides, Darina 41
solida, Arcopsis 16
solida, Clementia 56
solida, Cyrena 50
solida, Gari 47
solida, Hiatella 59
solida, Hyotissa 23
solida, Panope 59
solida, Petricola 55
solida, Psammobia 47
solida, Semele 47
solidissima, Cytherea 53
solidula, Barbatia 14
solidula, Petricola 55
solidula, Tellina 44
solidulus, Pecten 24
sootryeni, Macoma 44
sordida, Chama 35
sororcula, Transennella 54
sorrer, Astarte 37
sorrer, Malletia 10
sovaliki, Mysella 32
sowerby, Semele 47
sowerbyana, Adrana 11
sowerbyi, Arca 16
sowerbyi, Donax 48
sowerbyi, Pecten 25
soyoe, Poromya 65
spargana, Nuculana 13
sparsilineata, Semele 47
spathulata, Ostrea 24
spathulata, Pholas 60
spatiosa, Lithophaga 21
spatiosa, Protothaca 52
spatula, Mytilus 19
speciosa, Corbula 58
speciosa, Mytilus 18
spectabilis, Lucina 29
spectri, Macoma 45
spelaea, Penitella 61
Sphenia 58
Spheniinae 58
Spheniopsidae 59
spherica, Lucina 29
sphoni, Acaena 22
spiekeri, Cardium 38
spinosa, Chama 35
spinosa, Haliris 65
spinosum, Cardium 37
Spinula 13
Spinulidae 13
Spisula 40
splendens, Mytilus 19
splendens, Pecten 25
splendidus, Lioberus 19
Spondylidae 27
spondyloopsis, Plicatula 24
Spondylus 27
spongiophila, Entodesma 63
Sportellidae 33
spurca, Chione 52
spurca, Cyclocardia 35
squalida, Megapitaria 54
squalidum, Cardium 39
squalidus, Saxidomus 55
squamiformis, Cyclopecten 26
squamosa, Chione 52
squamosa, Lima 22
squamosa, Thracia 64
squamuligera, Chama 35
squarosa, Chlamys 25
stalderi, Pitaria 54
staminea, Protothaca 52
stanleyense, Cyamium 33
stearnsii, Mytilus 18
stearnsii, Neaeromya 32
stearnsii, Periploma 64
stearnsii, Venericardia 34
stearnsii, Vesicomya 50
stephensae, Gafrarium 51
stephensae, Psephidia 56
sterna, Pteria 21
stimpsoni, Limopsis 17
straminea, Psammobia 17
straminea, Tellina 42
strata, Strigilla 42
strategus, Pecten 24
Striarcinae 16
striata, Cumingia 46
striata, Martesia 60
striata, Mya 63
striata, Nicania 37
striata, Nucula 9
striata, Saxicara 59
strigata, Mytilus 18
strigata, Yoldia 13
strigilata, Glycymeris 17
Strigilla 41
Striostrea 24
striosum, Amphidesma 46
strongi, Spisula 40
Strophocardia 34
stultorum, Tivela 53
Stumpiella 21
stylina, Adula 21
suavis, Vesicomya 50
subaequilatera, Astarte 36
subaequilateralis, Protothaca 53
subalata, Mactrellona 40
subanivana, Liocyna 56
subantarctica, Saxicara 59
subauriculata, Limatula 23
subcrassidens, Cardita 34
subdiaphana, Compsomyx 56
subdiaphana, Cooperella 56
subdola, Nucinella 9
subelongata, Arca 15
subelongatus, Cardium 38
subequalis, Solenella 10
subequalis, Sphenia 58
subfuscata, Modiola 19
subglacialis, Cuspidaria 66
subglobosa, Navea 61
subhyalinus, Cyclopecten 26
subimbricata, Chione 51
sublaevis, Pythinella 33
subnodosus, Lyropecten 25
subobsoleta, Glycymeris 17
suborbicularis, Kellia 31
suborata, Mya 57
subquadrata, Cyclinella 56
subquadrata, Diplodonta 30
subquadrata, Gaimardia 49
subquadrata, Lazaria 35
subquadrata, Semelina 47
subquadratum, Cyamium 33
subrostrata, Venus 51
subrugosa, Chione 52
substriata, Modiola 20
substriatum, Laevicardium 38
subteres, Tagelus 48

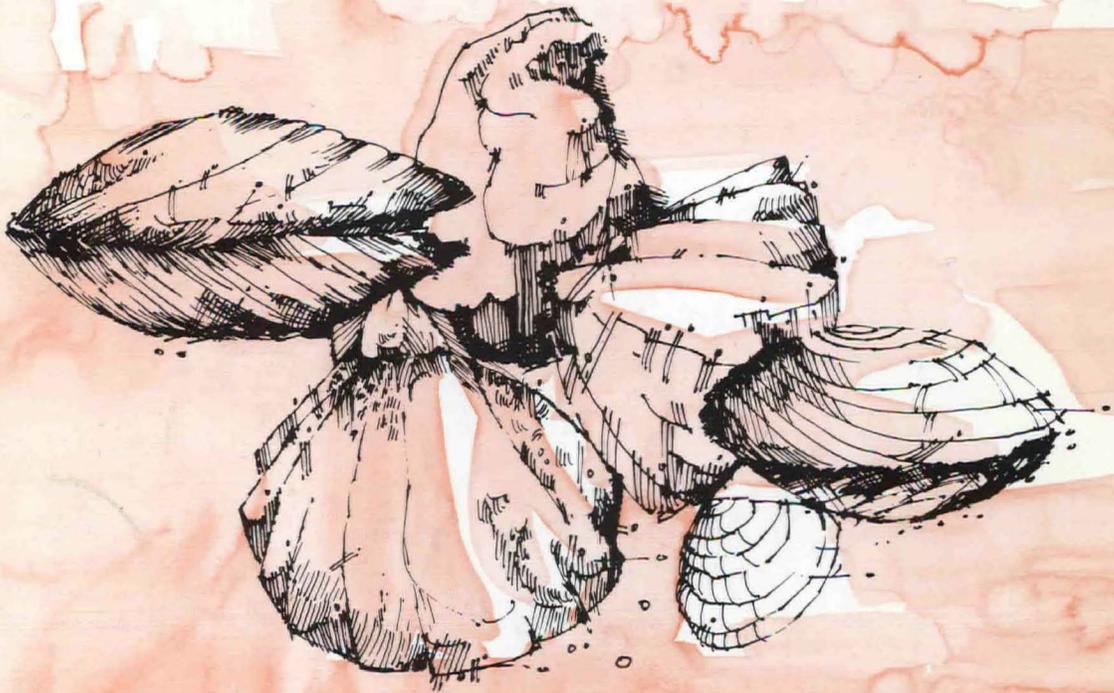
- subtrigona, Halodakra* 49
subtrigona, Tellina 42
subtruncata, Barnea 60
subtruncata, Mya 57
subula, Lithodomus 21
subventricosus, Pecten 24
subviridis, Lasaea 31
succincta, Venus 51
suffusa, Cytherea 53
suffusa, Tellina 42
sugillata, Venus 51
sulcata, Halistrepta 64
sulcata, Tindaria 11
sulcatoides, Astarte 36
sulcatus, Donax 48
sulcosa, Cardita 34
sulculosa, Paphia 52
suppositrix, Cytherea 55
suprastrata, Nucula 9
suprema, Adrana 11
suprema, Diplodonta 30
swainsoni, Sphenia 57
Symmorphomactra 40
tabogensis, Arca 15
tabogensis, Semele 57
tabogensis, Tellina 42
taeniata, Panope 59
taeniolata, Nucula 9
Tagelus 48
takahokoensis, Macoma 44
talama, Malletia 10
talienwhanensis, Ostrea 23
tamurai, Crenella 20
tanneri, Nucula 10
tantilla, Transennella 54
Tapes 56
Tapetinae 55
taphria, Nuculana 13
Tawera 53
taylori, Adrana 11
taylori, Musculus 21
Tedinia 28
teevani, Periploma 64
tegulata, Carditella 34
tehuelchus, Argopecten 24
Tellidora 42
Tellidorella 37
tellimyatis, Petricola 57
tellimyatis, Psephis 56
Tellina 42
Tellinacea 41
Tellinella 44
Tellinidae 41
Tellinidella 44
tellinides, Cumingia 46
Tellininae 41
tellinoides, Lucina 30
tellinoides, Sanguinolaria 48
Temnoconcha 46
tenebrosus, Spondylus 27
tenella, Limopsis 17
tenerrima, Protothaca 52
teniaratus, Mytilus 18
tenuiconcha, Poromya 65
Tenuicorbula 58
tenuilamellata, Eurhomalea 55
tenuilineata, Tellina 46
tenuirostris, Macoma 45
tenuis, Anomia 27
tenuis, Arca 10
tenuis, Corbula 58
tenuisculpta, Lucina 29
tenuisculptus, Pectunculus 17
tenuis, Cyclina 56
tenuissima, Yoldia 14
tenuis, Lutraria 41
tenuis, Mya 58
tenuis, Nucula 10
tenuis, Panope 60
tenuis, Petricola 57
tenuis, Sanguinolaria 48
tenuis, Saxicava 59
tenuis, Solen 41
tenuis, Tellmya 31
tenuistriata, Pholas 60
tenuisulcata, Nuculana 12
tepcana, Abra 46
Teredinidae 61
Teredininae 61
Teredo 62
teres, Modiola 21
tersa, Tellina 44
tessellatus, Pectunculus 17
tetrica, Lima 22
texta, Atrina 22
thaanumi, Codakia 28
thaca, Protothaca 52
Thecaliinae 25
Thecodontinae 33
Theora 47
Thestylea 13
thouarsi, Venus 51
Thovana 60
Thracia 64
Thraciacea 64
thraciaeformis, Yoldia 14
Thraciidae 64
thracioides, Tumbazoncha 39
thulensis, Chlamys 25
Thyasira 29
Thyasiridae 29
Thyasirinae 29
tibai, Solemya 9
tigerina, Venus 28
tigrinus, Malleus 22
tillamookensis, Myonera 66
tillamookensis, Pecten 26
Timoclea 52
Tinctoria 55
tinctoria, Chama 35
Tindaria 11
Tindariidae 11
Tiostrea 23
titan, Dosinia 51
Tivela 53
tokunagai, Solemya 9
tokunagai, Venericardia 55
tokyoensis, Martesia 60
tomeanus, Pitar 54
tomeana, Thyasira 29
tonosiana, Adrana 11
torelli, Tellina 44
toreuna, Venus 51
tortuosa Semele 47
tortuosus, Pitar 55
tottenii, Gemma 56
townsendi, Teredo 62
Trachycardiinae 37
Trachycardium 38
trafoni, Chione 52
Transennella 53
transversa, Anadara 15
transversus, Donax 49
trapesina, Gaimardia 49
Trapeziidae 49
Trapezium 49
trapezoides, Thracia 64
trapezoidis, Panomya 59
Tresus 40
triangula, Cyrena 50
triangula, Polymesoda 50
triangularis, Noetia 16
tribunalis, Cyrena 50
tricarinata, Thyasira 29
tricolor, Cardites 34
tricolor, Venus 53
tridens, Pholadidea 61
Tridonta 37
trigonalis, Isorobitella 32
trigonalis, Potamomya 58
Trigoniocardia 38
trigonalis, Cumingia 46
Trigonulina 65
trigonum, Gnathodon 40
triradiata, Cytherea 53
triserialis, Cytherea 53
troglodytes, Venus 52
tropicalis, Ensis 41
Tropithaca 53
trossulus, Mytilus 18
trosti, Poromya 65
Truncacila 9
truncaria, Macoma 64
truncata, Arca 14
truncata, Gastrochaena 59
truncata, Malletia 10
truncata, Mya 57
truncata, Panope 59
truncata, Teredo 62
truncata, Thracia 64
truncatissimus, Entodesma 63
trunculus, Sphaenia 58
Tryphomyax 30
tuberculosa, Anadara 15
tuberculosa, Atrina 22
tubifera, Pholadidea 61
tubigera, Penitella 61
tubulifera, Ostrea 24
Tucetona 17
tucila, Eucrassatella 36
tucilla, Harvella 39
tulipa, Modiola 19
tulipa, Ostrea 23
tunaca, Corbula 58
tumbesiana, Diplodontina 31
tumbezensis, Leptopecten 25
tumbezensis, Modiolus 18
tumbezensis, Tellina 42
tumbeziana, Cyathodonta 64
Tumbazoncha 39
tumens, Chione 51
tumida, Cardita 34
tumida, Cyrena 50
tumida, Mysella 32
tumida, Sphaerella 30
tumida, Tapes 52
tumidior, Lithophagus 21
tumidus, Pecten 24
tunica, Pecten 25
turbinata, Ostrea 23
turgida, Cardita 34
turgida, Panomya 59
turgida, Tellina 44
turnerae, Penitella 61
turnerae, Xylophaga 61
Turtonia 56
Turtoniidae 56
turturina, Ostrea 24
typica, Nucula 10
typicans, Mullinia 40
uchidae, Clinocardium 39
uddevalensis, Crassina 37

- uddevalensis, Mya* 57
ulloana, Cyclinella 56
ulloana, Tellina 43
umbonata, Mysella 32
umnaka, Cardita 34
unalaskae, Chlamys 24
uncifera, Pandora 62
undata, Astarte 36
undata, Lucina 29
undatella, Chione 51
undatoides, Lucina 29
undatostrata, Chione 52
undulata, Crassatella 36
undulata, Cyathodonta 64
undulata, Cymatoica 44
undulata, Cytherea 53
undulata, Raeta 41
unedo, Cardium 38
ungana, Saxicava 59
ungulatus, Mytilus 18
Ungulinidae 30
unicolor, Pitar 55
unicolor, Spondylus 27
uniradiata, Cytherea 53
Uperotus 62
ursipes, Spondylus 27
uruguayensis, Nucula 10
urutschensis, Serripes 39
uzenensis, Mya 57
vaginata, Empleconia 16
vaginata, Leda 12
valdiviana, Arca 15
valparaisensis, Bankia 62
valvulus, Solemya 9
vanatae, Mactra 39
vancouverensis, Delectopecten 26
vancouverensis, Glycymeris 17
vancouverensis, Limatula 23
vancouverensis, Monoeciostrae 23
vancouverensis, Yoldia 13
varia, Cardita 34
variabilis, Chione 51
varians, Crassinella 36
varians, Spondylus 27
Varicorcula 58
variegata, Artemis 56
variegatum, Cardium 37
variegatus, Angulus 42
varillineata, Tellina 44
variola, Cuspidaria 66
vaskuchevskensis, Panope 60
veatchi, Ostrea 23
velata, Arca 15
velata, Mactra 39
velataformis, Calloarca 15
velero, Leptopecten 25
vellicata, Donax 48
velum, Solemya 9
velutinus, Cyclocardia 35
venada, Bornia 31
Veneracea 50
Veneridae 50
Venerinae 50
Veneroida 28
venosa, Chama 36
Ventricolaria 51
ventricosa, Arca 14
ventricosa, Carbula 58
ventricosa, Cumingia 46
ventricosa, Cyclocardia 34
ventricosa, Lutraria 40
ventricosa, Lyonsia 63
ventricosa, Petricola 57
ventricosa, Solemya 41
ventricosum, Amphidesma 46
ventricosum, Trapezium 49
ventricosus, Pecten 24
venulosa, Tellina 43
venusta, Petricola 57
venusta, Semele 47
vernica, Tridonta 37
vernicosus, Musculus 21
verrucosa, Semele 47
verruculata, Semele 47
versicolor, Tellina 47
Verticordia 65
Verticordiacea 65
Verticordiidae 65
Vesticomya 50
Vesicomysidae 50
vesiculatus, Malleus 22
vesperilio, Byssarca 14
vespertina, Arca 16
vespertina, Sanguinolaria 48
Viaderella 29
vicina, Tellina 47
victoriae, Spondylus 27
Vilasina 21
villosior, Asthenothaerus 64
vinaceus, Pitar 55
vincula, Katadesmia 13
violacea, Mercenaria 52
violascens, Tagelus 48
virens, Tindaria 11
virgata, Tellina 44
virginica, Crassostrea 23
virgo, Tellina 44
viridis, Axinopsida 29
viridis, Liocyma 56
viridizona, Pteria 21
viridotincta, Psammotreta 46
vitreum, Dacrydium 19
vitreus, Cyclopecten 26
vityazi, Spinula 13
vivesi, Avicula 21
vladivostkensis, Spisula 40
vogdesi, Pecten 27
volucris, Cardita 33
voyi, Callista 40
vulgaris, Modiola 20
vulneratus, Pitar 55
Vulsella 22
wainwrightensis, Chlamys 24
wajampolkana, Thysira 29
wajampolkensis, Pandora 63
wardiana, Pandora 63
warhami, Astarte 37
washingtona, Xylophaga 61
washingtonia, Cryptomya 58
washingtonia, Habepegria 19
whiteavesi, Pecten 26
whiteavesii, Astarte 36
willetti, Astarte 37
williami, Microcardium 38
williamsi, Mactra 39
willisi, Antigona 54
wilsonii, Penitella 61
wihami, Crassina 37
woodwardi, Yoldia 13
xanthocheilum, Cardium 38
xantusi, Miltha 29
xilophaga, Martesia 60
Xylophaga 61
Xylophagidae 61
Xyloredo 61
yatesi, Venericardia 35
yokoyamai, Crenella 20
Yoldia 13
Yoldiella 14
yoldiformis, Macoma 45
Yoldiidae 13
zacae, Tellina 44
zacai, Cyclopecten 26
Zemysia 30
Zenatiinae 41
zenkeviitchi, Rictocyma 37
zephyrus, Cyclopecten 26
zeteki, Bankia 62
zeteki, Mytilus 49
zeteki, Polymesoda 50
zeteki, Semipallium 25
zeteki, Septifer 19
Zirfaea 60
zonalis, Limopsis 17
zorrita, Orobitella 33
zorritensis, Arca 15
zorritensis, Bornia 31
zorritensis, Protohaca 53
Zygochlamys 25
zyonoensis, Tellina 43



Fisheries
and Oceans

Pêches
et Océans



Canada