Species: Nuculana sp A

Group: Nuculanidae Vol. 25, No. 3

Date examined: 11 September 2006

Vouchered by: P. Valentich-Scott & K. Barwick

Material Examined: 3 spm: CSD Sta. B11(2), 14JUL92, 288 FT, SBMNH#80296

1 spm: CSD Sta. B11(1), 14JUL92, 288 FT, SBMNH#80298 1 spm: CSD Sta. B5(2). 14JUL92, 200FT, SBMNH #80297 14 spm: CLAEMD Sta. FB17, SMB, 25JUL05, 115m

1 spm: LACSD Sta. 9B JUL96

Synonyms: *Nuculana elenensis* of authors SCB not (G. B. Sowerby I in Broderip and G. B.

Sowerby I, 1833)

Nuculana sp SD1 Barwick, 1992

Description: Shell periostracum silky, with lighter colored streaks radiating from the umbone to the

outer margin of the shell (seen in dry specimens); color is light tan to dirty white (Fig. 1-3) Sculpture of slightly rounded commarginal ridges evenly spaced ending abruptly at the posterior-dorsal slope. Posterior produced in sharp point, acute. Shell moderately inflated with narrow escutcheon. Lunule shallow, narrow (Fig. 3). Length to 6 mm.

Related Species: Nuculana elenensis, unlike N. sp A, has a pointed strongly recurved posterior. N.

taphria (Dall, 1896), when compared to N. sp A, has a more rounded, produced posterior. The commarginal sculpture of heavy ribs becomes obsolete along the posterior-dorsal slope. N. penderi (Dall & Bartsch, 1910) has a shorter, less acute posterior, slightly recurved in larger specimens. The shell of N. penderi is typically plumper and can reach a much larger size than N. sp A. N. eburnean (G. B. Sowerby, 1833), a panamic species, possesses an acute pointed posterior but has fine dense

commarginal sculpturing.

Distribution: Point Loma to Santa Monica Bay, California. Depth for CSD records: 60 – 200 m.

Comments: Historically this species has been identified as *N. elenensis* by workers in the SCB.

Based, in part, on these records Coan, et al (2000) reported the distribution for N.

elenensis to occur as far north as Santa Monica Bay. Subsequently Coan and Valentich-

Scott (in preparation) now believe it to be restricted to the Panamic Province. A

comparison of the SCB material with the images of the syntypes from the BMNH bears

this out. All southern California records for N. elenensis are in doubt.

Literature: Coan, Eugene V., Paul Valentich-Scott and Frank R. Bernard. 2000. Bivalve Seashells

of Western North America: Marine Bivalve Mollusks from Arctic Alaska to Baja California. Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History, Santa Barbara, California.

764 pp.



Fig. 1 – CLAMED: FB17/SMB, 115m, 25JUL05 (Length ranges from 5.5 mm to 2.5 mm.) Dry mount



Fig. 2 – LACSD: 9B 7/1996 (length = 4.9 mm) Dry mount



Fig. 3 – CSD: B11(2), 14JUL92, 288 FT, SBMNH#80296 (Length ranges from 5.2 mm to 2.6 mm.) Dry mount