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Title
Cisco analysis during the summer of 1956

## Author

J. J. Keleher and E. Macklin

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## INTRODUCTION

The cisco project is concerned with the description and identification of the ciscoes, Leucichthys spp., of Vestern Canada. During the summer of 1956 it was planned to investigate the morphometry of various samples of ciscoes previously collected and measured. The analysis would be similar to that made on the Lake Manitoba ciscoes (Keleher, .19562). Statistical computations were completed but unfortunately interpretation of the results and presentation in a manuscript was not possible. In order to have a somewhat detailed record of the work for later use and to place the information on file, this report has been prepared. The *various cisco populations (cf. Table I) are treated under their respective locality headings.

RESULTS

## CHURCHILL RIVER

The ciscoes from Churchill River were caught in 4 different sizes of gill nets, with the majority of fish collected in nets of 3 inch stretched mesh (Table II). Some indication of net selectivity is seen from an examination of this Table. Gillnet selection appears to affect particular ages -- 6, 7, and 8 in the $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inch mesh, 2 and 3 in the 3 inch mesh. The actual size of fish selected by a particular mesh undoubtedly does not correspond to the averages listed in the Table because all sizes of nets were not fished during the same time period. Gill-net selection was not allowed for in the morphometric analysis because the number of fish from a known mesh was small. If a correction factor was developed, it could not be applied to the remainder of the data.

The sex condition of the ciscoes was as follows: 366 mature fish, 43 immature fish and 91 males of which there was doubt whether to classify as immature or mature. Their gonad, although of "mature" size, was of a reddish colour. It was suspected that they might be fish that would mature for the first time in the fall. To establish if the sex condition should be taken into account in the morphometric analysis, the individual variates for head length and the standard length were plotted with the immature fish, undecided males, and mature fish in different colours. Inspection of this regression suggested that the data could be analyzed without reference to the sex condition.

Analysis of covariance tests were performed to deteruine whether fish of different sexes and ages could be combined with respect to the average size of their body parts. Table III gives the results of these tasts. Table IV lists the calculated mean size of the body parts. Of the 16 measurements examined, the females probably differ fron the males only in having a greater body width. Four measurements differed between ages at the 1 per cent level of significance, but 4 per cent was the greatest ifference of the means of the significant tests (Table V).

The tests for differences between slopes were not significant at the 1 per cent level with the exception of body depth and body width.

Regression equations have been computed, and listed in Table VI. The statistics used to derive these equations and to compare this population with others are also shown in the Table. The averaco size of each part corresponding to three different
standard lengths is given in Table VII. Table VIII records the fiducial limits at the three different standard lengths for the average of the sample and for any individual fish.

Analysis of variance tests for 5 meristic counts were made. Tests between ages of female fish were not significant and in the tests between ages of males only the dorsal and anel rays were significant at the 5 per cent level. Tests between males and females regardless of age were not significant. Statistics of the meristic counts are given in Table IX.

## LAKE MICHIGAN

During the Board's sponsored visit to the Great Lakes area in 1952, specimens collected from Lake Michigan and identified by Walter Koelz as Leucichthys artedii and I. nigrininnis, were measured at the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. Koelz' L. nigrioinnis sample was 51 fish, of which 48 were measured. His L. artedii sample was 265 fish, of which 206 were measured. From these samples the following morphometric information was obtained.

Variation between different size groups of L. artedii was examined which is a substitute for variation between ages. The data were divided into three arbitrary length groups irrespective of sex: less than 204 mm ., 204 to $224 \mathrm{~mm} ., 225 \mathrm{~mm}$. and larger. For the average size fifteen measurements were not significant but the caudal peduncle length was significant at the 5 per cent level. Differences in slope were noted in dorsal height and pectoral length ( 1 per cent level), maxillary and
anal base ( 5 per cent level). The tests for anal hoight and pelvic length would not "work" and no significant differences were found in the remaining measurements. It was considered that these three groups could be pooled without adversely affecting the value of the regression equations. This finding removes a personal opinion that some of the differences between Lake Michigan L. artedil and L. nigrininnis, as stated in Koelz' monograph (1929), were the result of dissimilar sized fish.

Regression equations and other data for the pooled data are given in Table X. Table XI records the mean size at 3 different standard lengths and Table XII lists the fiducial limits for these values.

Meristic counts of Koelz' Lake Michigan I. artedii sample were analysed. No significant differences were found between sexes but between length groups the gill-raker count and the branchiostega 1 count were significant at the 1 per cent level. The means are as follows: $<204 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{G} . \mathrm{R}_{\mathbf{\prime}}=46.5, \mathrm{Br},=8.2 ; 204$ to 224 mm., G.R. $=48.3, \mathrm{Br}=8.6 ;>225 \mathrm{~mm} ., G . R_{*}=47.9, \mathrm{Br}=8.7 \cdot$ Statistics on the combined data are listed in Table XIII.

Due to a lack of an adequate number of specimens for Koelz' Leucichthvs nigripinnis sample no attempt was made to investigate differences in the measurements with respect to sex or size. The data were combined to give regression equations (Table XIV), average size at some standard lengths (Table XV) and fiducial limits (Table XVI).

Tests between sexes for the meristic counts of the preceding specimons were significant for dorsal rays (l per cent level) and anal rays ( 5 per cent level). The three remaining meristic counts were not significant.

The mean values were as follows: Males, D.R. $=10.5$, A.R. $=11.9 ;$ Females, D.R. $=10.0$ and A.R. 11.3 Statistics on the combined data are presented in Table XVII.

Koelz' Lake Michigan specimens of $L_{2}$ artedii and $L_{\text {. }}$ nigrininnis were compared (Table XVIII). The samples differ significantly in the average size for 15 out of 16 measurements testai.

Graphs were prepared in an attempt to ascertain possible differences in measuring techniques between the writer and W. Koelz. Koelz' actual measurements were obtained by converting the ratios in his monograph. Ten L. nigripinnis and 22 L. artedii were available for a comparison with the writer's measurements. Unfortunately the results have not as yet been interpreted.

Specimens of Leucichthys artedii from Lake Michigan were secured by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in 1952. These specimens came from Green Bay (cf. Kelchor, 1953). The total sample was 200 fish of which 8 specimens were 3 years old, 173 were 4 years old, and 19 were 5 years old. Consequently no tests were performed between ages and only between sexos in the age- 4 group. The results of these tests and a compartzon of the mean size of the body parts are given in Table XIX. No significant differences were noted in the tests for slope.

Despite the few instances of differences in the average size of the measurements, the data wore grouped without respect to sox or age, to yleld the regression equations listed in Table XX. Tables XXI and XXII record the calnrlated mean size of body parts and their fiducial limits.

Meristic counts were analyzed for differences between sexes at Age 4. No statistically significant results were obtained so that the data on both males and females were combined and tested between ages. All these tests were also not significant. Table XXIII shows the combined data.

LAKE HURON
Specimens of Leucichthys artedii from Lake Huron at South Bay were also measured. Data on a random sample of 272 fish from pound nets were analyzed. However, the preponderance of age 4 fish , $\mathrm{n}=188$, precluded tests being performed between ages and limited the tests between sexes to this one age group. Table XXIV reports on these results. The tests for slope were in no cases statistically different. The combined data were used to calculate the regression equations (Table XXV), calculated average size of body parts (Table XXVI)and their fiducial limits (Table XXVII).

Analysis of variance tests for the meristic counts between sexes of age 4 fish were not significant while between ages of combined sexes the only test with a statistically significant result was the gill-rakers. It, however, was at the 5 per cent level. Data on the meristic counts for this collection is given in Table XXVIII.

A comparison of the measurements of the F.R.E. L. artedif samoles from Lake Michigan and Lake Huron was made. The results are listed in Table XXIX.

The meristic counts of the 4 samples of Great Lakes ciscoes previously discussed were compared. Two counts, anal rays and branchiostegals, were not significant while of the others,
dorsal rays was significant at the 5 per cent level and gill-rakers and scales were significant at the 1 per cent level. A similar test was performed between these four samples and the total data from the 4 Manitoba samples. All the meristic counts were found to be highly significant. The means of the counts involved in this test are reported in Table XXX.

LAKE DAUPHIN
Because of the small number of specimens in each age group, only age 5 fish were used in the tests for differences in body parts between the sexes. With respect to average size, two measurements, snout and anal base, were significantly different at the 1 per cent level. Three measurements, head depth, caudal peduncle length, and pelvic length were significant at the 5 per cent level. Only one measurement was significantly different for slope -- snout at the 1 per cent level. However, the "anal base" test did not "work" for either average size or slope.

Table XXXI records the regression equations and other statistics while Table XXXII lists the calculated average size at 3 different standard lengths. Table XXXIII records the fiducial limits for body parts.

Meristic counts of the Lake Dauphin sample showed no significant differences between the sexes of age 5 fish or, after combining the sexes, between the ages 4 to 7 . The combined data are recorded in Table XXIV.

No examination of differences in body parts or counts
between sexes or ages was made for this sample. Various aspects of the combined data are listed in Tables XXXV to XXVIII.

LAKE WINNIPEG
Although a bimodality of gill-raker counts for the Lake Winnipeg ciscoes appears indicated, the "trough" of the distribution, when compared to that expected if each mode follows a normal curve, is too high (Keleher, 1956b). This suggests that a third group of ciscoes is present. To establish whether other "characters" agreed with this hypothesis, the relationship between gillraker groups and the body form of selected portions of the data was examined statistically.

Within the samples examined, ciscoes having a gill-raker count of from 33 to 43 were classified as Group I, counts of 4 to 53 were classified as Group II and counts of 55 to 67 were classified as Group III. Group I fish correspond to the nominal species I. zenithicus, Group 2 corresponds to one or two nominal species, and Group 3 corresponds to nominal L. nipigon.

Samples of the Lake Winnipeg data selected for analysis were the 1954 Bull Head collection, the 1950 Doghead collection and the 1947 Mukutawa River collection. The number of fish of each gill-raker group, subdivided into various categories, is listed in Table XXXIX. Of the ciscoes listed in the Table only the following were used for the analysis:

Bull Head - Spawning females
Doghead - Spawning males and females
Nukutawa R. - mature males and females
Analysis of covariance tests were performed to establish
if, within each sex, the various age groups could be combined. A listing of those body parts, which were significant for ofthor mean size or slope is given for the Bull Head sample in Table XL, for the Doghead sample in Table XLI, and for the Mukutawa River sample in Table XLII. Because the majority of the tests were not significant, the data were combined for the purpose of considering differences between the sexes.

The results of these tests, Table XLIII, showed that the sexes could be combined in the two samples considered.

Regression equations and other statistics for each gillraker group for the 3 samples are given in Tables XLIV to LII.

The calculated average size of the body parts at various standard lengths were computed. Table LIII records the Bull Head ciscoes while Tables LIV and LV record the Doghead and Mukutawa River ciscoes.

Analysis of covariance tests were used to discover if the average size and the slope of the data for each gill-raker group within any one sample were significantly different. The results are recorded in Table LVI.

This Table reveals that 71 per cent of the tests were significantly different for average size and 27 per cent were significantly different for slope. Regression graphs (not presented) for this portion of the data were prepared from the data shown previously in Tables LIII to LV. Half of the graphs displayed the relationship of the greatest average size of measurement associatcd with group III fish. Group I fish had the smallest average measurcments and group II had intermediate sized measurements. The other 50 per cent of the graphs revealed a variety of situations.

The results of the statistical enalysis suggest that the heterogeneity displayed by the gill-raker counts is matched by many other measurements which strengthens the reported taxonomic discreteness of the ciscoes. However, the variation of the measurements with locality further decreases their utility for identification purposes.

Because of the dependence of the slze of the body parts upon the growth rate of the fish, the average size at each agc for groups I, II and III from the three localities in Lake Winnipeg is listed in Table LVII.

Although contemplated, no analysis of the differencos in meristic counts between gill-raker groups is at present availablo. Table LVIII records the means for the data when combined with rospect to age and sex.

## LAKE MANITOBA

Fiducial limits for the Lake Manitoba ciscoes (Kolehcr, 1956a) are recorded in Table LIX.

## ALL SAMPIES

Fiducial limits for the slopes for the combined data from each locality have been calculated. Table LX lists them for the Great Lakes data and Table LXI for the Manitoba date.

## LITERATURE CITED

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## Subject

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Churchill River.
Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii.
Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis.
Comparison between Koelz' Lake Michigan samples of Leucichthys artedii and Leucichthys nigripinnis.
F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii.
F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii.

Comparison between F.R.B. samples of Leucichthys. artedii from Lakes Michigan and Huron.

Average count of meristic characters for cisco samples.

Lake Dauphin.
Rocky Lake.
Lake Winnipeg.
Lake Manitoba.
Fiducial limits for slope for Great Lakes samples.
Fiducial limits for slope for Manitoba ciscoes.

## Abbreviations used in the tables

Body parts

| HL - head length | BD - body depth |
| :--- | :--- |
| ID - head depth | BW - body width |
| EB - eye | DH - dorsal fin height |
| ST - snout | DB - dorsal fin base |
| WX - maxillary | $A H$ - anal fin height |
| IB - interorbital | $A B$ - anal fin base |
| $C L$ - caudal peduncle length | PT - pectoral fin length |
| $C D ~-~ c a u d a l ~ p e d u n c l e ~ d e p t h ~$ | $P C ~-~ p e l v i c ~ f i n ~ l e n g t h ~$ |

Meristic counts
GR - gill-rakers
DR - dorsal rays
AR - anal rays

Others
C - count
M - males or mean (arithmetic $\begin{gathered}\text { average) }\end{gathered}$
$f$ - frequency
n or $\mathbb{N}$ - number of fish
St. L. - standard length
Sc - lateral line scales
Br - branchiostegals

F - females
S - sigma (sum of)

1 asterisk ( $k$ ) denotes that the test exceeded the 5 per cent level.
2 asterisks (dati) denotes that the test exceeded the 1 per cent level. N.S. - denotes that the test did not exceed the 5 per cent level.

Table I. Cisco collections for which morphometric data are presented in this report.

| Year Gollooted | Sample | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I. B. M. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | F.R.B.C. Teg Nos. | $n$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1953 | Churohill River | 18 | 2851-3352 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 500 |
| 1920 | Koelz Lake Michigan <br> L. nigrisinnis | 73 | *** | 48 |
| 1920 | Koelz Lake Michigan L. artedii | 74 | ** | 206 |
| 1952 | F.R.B. Lake Michigan I. artedil | 75 | $\begin{gathered} 2351-2550, \\ 2848^{\text {b }} \end{gathered}$ | 200 |
| 1952 | F.R.B. Lake Huron <br> L. artedif | 76 | 5622-5921 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 294 |
| 1951 | Lake Dauphin | 02 | 5463-5560 | 98 |
| 1951 | Rocky Lake | 12 | 5051-5109 | 59 |
| 1947 | Lake Winnipeg Nukutewa River | 57 | ** | 491 |
| 1950 | Doghead | 47 | 1350-1772 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 414 |
| 1954 | Bull Heed | 41 | $\begin{aligned} & 3753-4108, \\ & 4177-4201^{6} \end{aligned}$ | 372 |

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a - Omit tag Nos. 2892, 2939.
b - " " 2356.
c - " " 5711-5715, 5726.
d - " " " 1368, 1430, 1481, 1507, 1582, 1670, 1671, 1677, 1704.
e - " " " 3842, 3987, 4061, 4062, 4066, 4070, 4072, 4073, 4093.
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Table II．Statisticn for otanderd length of Churchill 脑ver aisooes．

| $\begin{aligned} & 30 t \\ & 3250 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 3. | 4 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { AGE } \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 6 | 7 | 8 | Totnl |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1雪mmah |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  | 1，260 |
| 8 Bx | 335 | 166 |  | 759 |  |  |  | 2，260 |
| $5 x^{2}$ | 56， 153 | 27，556 |  | 192，851 |  |  |  | 276，560 |
| M | 167.5 | 166.0 |  | 253.0 |  |  |  | 220.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $77$ |
| $\mathrm{sx}_{8}$ | 348 60,602 | 4，279 | 2，097 | 6,819 $1,792,479$ | 5,216 $1,434,760$ | 319 101,761 |  | $18,978$ |
| $8 x^{8}$ | 60，602 | 877， 209 | 491，017 | $1,792,479$ | $1,434,760$ | 101，761 |  | $4,757,828$ |
| W | 174.0 | 209.0 | 233.0 | 262.3 | 274.5 | 319.0 |  | 246.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| n |  |  | 5 | ［ $75, \begin{array}{r}57 \\ 706\end{array}$ | ［99， 849 | －15，243 |  |  |
| 8 X $3 \mathrm{X}^{2}$ |  |  | 1,330 354,336 | 15,706 $4,332,994$ | 29,842 $8,497,410$ | 15,243 $4,569,693$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,168 \\ 672,684 \end{array}$ | 64， 289 <br> 18，427，117 |
| s $X^{2}$ $M$ |  |  | 354,336 266.0 | $4,332,994$ 275.5 | $8,497,410$ 284.2 | $4,569,693$ 298.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 672,684 \\ 309.1 \end{array}$ | $18,427, \frac{117}{285.7}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E | － 4 | 25 | 22 | 65 | 60 | 14 | 2 | 192 |
| 5 SX | r 668 | 5，131 | 4，972 | 17,213 $4,532,263$ | 16，745 | $4,150$ | $648$ | $49,427$ |
| $5 x^{2}$ | 11，624 | 1，064，577 | 1，130，006 | $4,532,263$ | 4，694，981 | $1,236,366$ | $210,834$ | $12,880,651$ |
| H | $167.0$ | 205．2 | 226．0 | 263．3 | 279.1 | 296.4 | 324.0 | 257.4 |
| A11 peshe日 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 8 | 46 | 36 | 151 | 184 | 66 | 9 | 500 |
| 5 X | 2，351 | 9，476 | 8，399 | 40，397 | 51，803 | 19，712 | 2，816 | 133，954 |
| $5 \mathrm{X}^{2}$ | 128，379 | $1,969,342$ | 1，975，359 | 10，850，587 | 14，627， 151 | 5，907，980 | 883,518 | 36，342， 156 |
| M | 168.9 | 206.0 | 233.3 | 267.5 | 281.5 | 298.7 | 312.9 | 267.9 |

Table III．Results of analysis of covariance tests for mean size of body parts of Churchill River ciscoes．

| Category <br> Body Part | Between Sexes |  | Between Ages 2 to 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age 5 | Age 6 | Males | Females | Both Sexes |
| HL | NS | NS | ＊＊ | ＊ | 媇 |
| HD | NS | NS | ＊ | ＊ | 立 |
| EE | NS | NS | ＊ | ＊ | 边 |
| ST | NS | NS | ＊ | ＊ | NS |
| wX | NS | NS | ＊ | $\cdots$ | \％ |
| IB | NS | NS | ． | $\cdots$ | 直就 |
| CL | NS | NS | ＊ | $\cdots$ | 4 |
| CD | NS | \％ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | NS |
| BD | NS | ＊ | NS | NS | MS |
| EV | NS | 建 | 㡎 | NS | ＊${ }_{\text {k }}^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| DH | NS | NS | ＊ | $\cdots$ | NS |
| DB | NS | NS | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | NS |
| AH | ＊ | NS | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | NS |
| AB | NS | NS | NS | NS | \％ |
| PT | NS | NS | NS | NS | 18 |
| PC | NS | NS | ＊ | ＊ | is |

Table IV. Calculated mean size in mm. of body parts of Churchill River ciscoes, at 268 mm . standard length except where noted.


[^0]Table V. Differences in calculated mean size of body parts of Churchill R. ciscoes. For calculated mean size see Table IV.

|  | GREALSST ACTUAL DIFF. (mm.) |  | GREATEST | AGS DIFT. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sex ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Age | Sex ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Age |
| HL | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| HD | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| EE | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 3.3 |
| ST | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 3.9 |
| MX | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| IB | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 4.0 |
| CL | 0.6 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 6.6 |
| CD | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| BD | 1.1 | 6.6 | 1.8 | 10.2 |
| BV | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.9 |
| DH | 0.3 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| DB | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| AH | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.7 |
| AB | 0.3 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 9.0 |
| PT | 0.4 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 5.2 |
| PC | 0.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 3.7 |

${ }^{a_{G}}$ geatest actual diff. of either age 5 or 6 .

Table VI. Regression equations and other statistics for Churchill River ciscoes. $X=\log$ standard length and $Y=10 \mathrm{~g}$ part.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | SX | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $5 Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{HL}=0.915 \times-0.4501$ | 500 | 1211.94 | 883.91 | 2939.3604 | 2144.1050 | 1564.1527 |
| $H D=0.958 \times-0.7478$ | 499 | 1209.72 | 785.76 | 2934.4320 | 1906.5583 | 1239.0142 |
| $\mathbb{E E}=0.706 \mathrm{X}-0.5332$ | 500 | 1211.94 | 589.07 | 2939.3604 | 1429.0807 | 695.0749 |
| $S T=0.838 \mathrm{X}-0.8473$ | " | " | 591.95 | " | 1436.2934 | 702.2137 |
| $N X=0.880 \mathrm{X}-0.8339$ | " | " | 649.53 | " | 1575.9352 | 845.3493 |
| $I B=0.987 \mathrm{X}-1.2187$ | " | " | 586.85 | " | 1424.1949 | 690.7075 |
| $C L=0.946 \mathrm{X}-0.8473$ | " | " | 722.83 | " | 1753.7222 | 1047.2079 |
| $C D=0.908 \mathrm{x}-0.8948$ | " | " | 653.03 | " | 1584.4671 | 854.5989 |
| $B D=0.992 \mathrm{X}-0.6431^{8}$ | " | " | 881.56 | " | 2138.6840 | 1556.6222 |
| $"=1.106 x-0.9169^{\text {b }}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $B W=1.242 \mathrm{X}-1.4974{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 500 | 1211.94 | 756.27 | 2939.3604 | 1835.2549 | 1146.7737 |
| DH $=0.769 \mathrm{X}-0.1641$ | 499 | 1209.43 | 848.16 | 2933.0603 | 2057.0425 | 1442.8776 |
| $D B=0.976 \mathrm{X}-0.8359$ | 500 | 1211.94 | 764.92 | 2939.3604 | 1855.7960 | 1172.2892 |
| $A H=0.818 \mathrm{X}-0.4759$ | 499 | 1209.48 | 751.89 | 2933.3088 | 1823.8777 | 1134.4185 |
| $A B=0.889 x-0.6865^{a}$ | " | 1209.45 | 732.39 | 2933.1603 | 1776.7742 | 1076.9501 |
| $P T=0.876 x-0.4880$ | 500 | 1211.94 | 817.66 | 2939.3604 | 1983.4537 | 1338.6968 |
| $\mathrm{PC}=0.828 \mathrm{X}-0.3753$ | " | " | 815.86 | " | 1979,0075 | 1332.6526 |

[^1]Table VII. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for Churchill River ciscoes. ${ }^{8}$

| Standard Length | 200 mm . | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 45.2 | 55.5 | 65.5 |
| HD | 28.6 | 35.4 | 42.2 |
| ER | 12.3 | 14.4 | 16.4 |
| ST | 12.0 | 14.5 | 16.9 |
| MX | 15.5 | 18.9 | 22.2 |
| IB | 11.3 | 14.1 | 16.8 |
| CL | 21.4 | 26.4 | 31.3 |
| CD | 15.6 | 19.2 | 22.6 |
| $B D$ (males only) | 43.6 | 54.4 | 65.2 |
| $B D$ (females only) | 42.5 | 54.4 | 66.5 |
| BW (females only) | 22.9 | 30.3 | 37.9 |
| DH | 40.6 | 47.8 | 55.4 |
| DB | 25.7 | 32.0 | 38.2 |
| AH | 25.5 | 30.6 | 35.5 |
| $A B$ (meles only) | 22.9 | 27.9 | 32.8 |
| PT | 33.7 | 41.0 | 48.1 |
| PC | 33.9 | 40.8 | 47.4 |

Males and females combined except where noted.

Table VIII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Churchill River ciscoes.


Table IX. Statistics of meristic counts for Churchill River ciscoes.

|  | GR |  | Sc |  |  | DR | $\begin{aligned} & \hline A R \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Br} \\ \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | c | $f$ | c | $f$ | - |  |  |  |
|  | 39 | 4 | * | 2 | $\cdots$ | * | * | $\cdots$ |
|  | 40 | 15 | 64 | 1 | .. | . | . | - |
|  | 41 | 33 | 65 | 1 | . | 1 | 1 | * |
|  | 42 | 72 | 66 | 5 | 6 | . | $\cdots$ | 1 |
|  | 43 | 94 | 67 | 10 | 7 | . | $\cdots$ | 3 |
|  | 44 | 95 | 68 | 15 | 8 | - | 1 | 116 |
|  | 45 | 101 | 69 | 28 | 9 | 4 | $\cdots$ | 302 |
|  | 46 | 43 | 70 | 41 | 10 | 121 | 20 | 77 |
|  | 47 | 27 | 71 | 36 | 11 | 282 | 167 | 1 |
|  | 48 | 14 | 72 | 57 | 12 | 89 | 247 | - |
|  | 49 | 1 | 73 | 64 | 13 | 3 | 62 | * |
|  | 50 | 1 | 74 | 50 | 14 | . | 2 | - |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 75 | 50 | .. | $\cdots$ | . | .. |
|  | .. | - | 76 | 34 | .. | . | .. | .. |
|  | * | * | 77 | 35 | . | . | .. | .. |
|  | - | $\cdots$ | 78 | 34 | * | . | .. | .. |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 79 | 17 | .. | . | . | . |
|  | - | . | 80 | 12 | - | . | . | . |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 81 | 3 | .. | * | . | .. |
|  | . | . | 82 | 4 | .. | . | .. | $\cdots$ |
|  | . | . | 83 | 0 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
|  | ** | $\cdots$ | 84 | 1 | $\cdots$ | * | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| n |  | 500 |  | 498 |  | 499 | 499 | 500 |
| Mean |  | 43.8 |  | 73.5 |  | 10.9 | 11.7 | 8.9 |
| SX |  | 918 |  | 622 |  | 5,455 | 5,843 | 4,454 |
| $s x^{2}$ | 962 | 604 | 2,698 | 916 |  | 59,869 | 68,709 | 39,890 |

Table X. Regression equations and other statistics for some of Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii specimens.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | 8X | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.875 x-0.3353$ | 206 | 477.65 | 348.39 | 1108.8743 | 808.9918 | 590.2763 |
| $H D=0.980 \times-0.7976$ | 205 | 475.39 | 302.37 | 1103.7667 | 702.5107 | 447.3425 |
| $E \mathrm{EE}=0.637 \mathrm{X}-0.3596$ | 206 | 477.65 | 230.18 | 1108.8743 | 534.5774 | 257.9466 |
| $S T=0.842 \mathrm{X}-0.8527$ | 205 | 475.26 | 225.36 | 1103.1622 | 523.5953 | 248.8556 |
| $\mathrm{MX}=0.787 \mathrm{X}-0.6098$ | 203 | 470.65 | 246.63 | 1092.5321 | 572.8621 | 300.6089 |
| $I B=1.087 \mathrm{X}-1.4386$ | " | 470.77 | 219.71 | 1093.0817 | 510.9732 | 239.5281 |
| $C L=0.962 \times-0.8682$ | 206 | 477.65 | 280.66 | 1108.8743 | 652.0645 | 384.0268 |
| $C D=1.082 \mathrm{X}-1.3047$ | 201 | 465.81 | 236.36 | 1080.8357 | 549.2036 | 279.7550 |
| $B D=1.323 \mathrm{X}-1.4248$ | 188 | 436.65 | 309.83 | 1015.3949 | 721.2387 | 513.0917 |
| $B W=1.286 \mathrm{X}-1.6348$ | 202 | 468.34 | 272.05 | 1087.1660 | 632.4399 | 368.9801 |
| $\mathrm{DH}=0.795 \mathrm{x}-0.3064$ | 204 | 473.12 | 313.62 | 1098.5994 | 728.4116 | 483.1518 |
| $D B=1.014 \mathrm{X}-1.0227$ | 206 | 477.65 | 273.68 | 1108.8743 | 635.9497 | 365.2392 |
| $\mathrm{AH}=0.881 \mathrm{X}-0.6871$ | 202 | 468.28 | 273.75 | 1086.9026 | 635.7823 | 372.2983 |
| $A B=0.895 \mathrm{X}-0.7451$ | 206 | 477.65 | 274.01 | 1108.8743 | 636.5544 | 365.8025 |
| $P T=0.888 \times-0.5349$ | " | " | 313.96 | " | 729.1760 | 479.7098 |
| $P C=0.867 \mathrm{X}-0.5027$ | " | " | 310.56 | " | 721.2646 | 469.3686 |

Table XI. Calculated average aize in mm. of body parts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys ortedii specimens.

| Standard Length | 200 mm | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 47.6 | 57.9 | 68.0 |
| HD | 28.7 | 35.7 | 42.7 |
| KE | 12.8 | 14.7 | 16.5 |
| ST | 12.2 | 14.7 | 17.1 |
| MX | 15.9 | 18.9 | 21.9 |
| IB | 11.6 | 14.7 | 17.9 |
| CL | 22.2 | 27.4 | 32.7 |
| CD | 15.3 | 19.5 | 23.7 |
| BD | 41.6 | 55.9 | 71.2 |
| BII | 21.1 | 28.1 | 35.5 |
| DH | 33.3 | 39.8 | 46.0 |
| DB | 20.4 | 25.6 | 30.8 |
| AH | 21.9 | 26.6 | 31.3 |
| $A B$ | 20.6 | 25.2 | 29.6 |
| PT | 32.2 | 39.3 | 46.2 |
| PC | 31.1 | 37.7 | 44.2 |

Table XII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Koelz' Lake Michigan Loucichthys artedii ciscoes.

| St.L. | Mean Pert 200 | mim. Ind. Part | Moan Part 250 | mm. Ind. Part | 300 Mean Part | Ind. Part |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 47.4-47.8 | 44.9-50.5 | 57.6-58.2 | $54.6-61.4$ | 67.4-68.6 | 64.1-72.2 |
| HD | 28.5-28.9 | 26.6-31.0 | 35.4-36.0 | $33.0-38.6$ | 42.2-43.2 | $39.5-46.2$ |
| EE | 12.7-12.9 | 11.1-14.7 | 14.5-14.9 | 12.8-16.9 | 16.1-16.9 | 14.3-19.0 |
| ST | 12.1-12.3 | 10.7-13.9 | 14.5-14.9 | 12.9-16.7 | 16.8-17.4 | 15.0-19.4 |
| MX | 15 -8-16.0 | 14.1-17.9 | 18.7-19.1 | 16.8-21.3 | $21.5-22.3$ | 19.4-24.7 |
| IB | 11.5-31.7 | 10.2-13.2 | 14.5-14.9 | 12.9-16.7 | 17.6-18.3 | 15.7-20.4 |
| CL | 21.9-22.5 | 18.2-27.1 | 26.9-27.9 | 22.4-33.5 | 31.7-33.7 | $26.7-40.0$ |
| CD | 15.1-15.5 | 13.0-17.9 | 19.1-19.1 | 16.6-22.9 | 23.1-24.4 | 20.2-27.8 |
| BD | 41.0-42.2 | 34.4-50.4 | 54.8-57.0 | 46.1-67.7 | 69.1-73.4 | 58.7-86.4 |
| BW | 20.8-21.4 | 17.1-26.0 | 27.5-28.7 | $22.8-34.7$ | $34.4-36.7$ | 28.7-43.9 |
| DH | 33.0-33.6 | $29.3-37.8$ | 39.3-40.3 | $35.0-45.2$ | 45.1-46.9 | 40.4-52.3 |
| DB | $20.2-20.6$ | 17.4-23.9 | 25.2-26.0 | $21.8-30.0$ | 30.1-31.6 | 26.2-36.2 |
| AH | 21.6-22.2 | 18.5-25.9 | 26.2-27.0 | 22.5-31.5 | 30.5-32.1 | 26.4-37.1 |
| $A B$ | 20.4-20.8 | 17.6-24.2 | 24.8-25.6 | $21.5-29.6$ | 28.9-30.3 | 25.2-34.8 |
| PT | 31.9-32.5 | $28.5-36.4$ | 38.8-39.8 | 34.7-44.5 | 45.3-47.1 | 40.8-52.3 |
| PC | 30.8-31.4 | 27.4-35.3 | 37.2-38.2 | $33.2-42.8$ | 43.4-45.1 | $38.9-50.3$ |

Table XIII. Statiatics of meristic counts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii specimens.

|  | GR |  | Sc |  | c | DRf | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{AR} \\ \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | Brf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | c | 1 | - | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40 | 2 | . | 8 | * | . | . | . |
|  | 41 | 2 | 63 | 1 | $\cdots$ | . | . | .. |
|  | 42 | 6 | 64 | 0 | $\cdots$ | . | . | . |
|  | 43 | 10 | 65 | 5 | $\cdots$ | . | . | . |
|  | 44 | 19 | 66 | 3 | . | . | 2 | 1 |
|  | 45 | 14 | 67 | 3 | 6 | * | . | 3 |
|  | 46 | 21 | 68 | 4 | 7 | - | $\cdots$ | 12 |
|  | 47 | 29 | 69 | 3 | 8 | 5 | $\cdots$ | 87 |
|  | 48 | 24 | 70 | 8 | 9 | 38 | 2 | 88 |
|  | 49 | 26 | 71 | 8 | 10 | 103 | 26 | 15 |
|  | 50 | 19 | 72 | 12 | 11 | 54 | 76 | . |
|  | 51 | 19 | 73 | 16 | 12 | 5 | 83 | . |
|  | 52 | 8 | 74 | 12 | 13 | 1 | 17 | .. |
|  | 53 | 3 | 75 | 15 | . | . | - | . |
|  | 54 | 2 | 76 | 19 | - | * | $\cdots$ | * |
|  | 55 | 1 | 77 | 21 | .. | . | $\cdots$ | .. |
|  | .. | * | 78 | 11 | * | .. | . | . |
|  | . | * | 79 | 16 | . | . | . | .. |
|  | * | $\cdots$ | 80 | 15 | . | . | . | . |
|  | * | . | 81 | 7 | * | . | . | . |
|  | - | * | 82 | 3 | . | . | . | - |
|  | * | - | 83 | 7 | . | . | * | - |
|  | - | .. | 84 | 2 | . | . | . | . |
|  | * | ** | 85 | 4 | . | . | .. | .. |
|  | . | . | 86 | 2 | . | . | . | . |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 87 | 1 | - | - | * | - |
| n |  | 206 |  | 198 |  | 206 | 204 | 205 |
| Mean |  | 47.2 |  | 75.7 |  | 10.1 | 11.4 | 8.5 |
| Sx |  | 722 |  | 983 |  | 2,079 | 2,331 | 1,740 |
| sx ${ }^{2}$ | 462 | 824 | 1,13 | 223 |  | 21,121 | 26,783 | 14,892 |

Table XIV. Regression equations and other statistics for some of Koel' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis specimens.


Table XV. Calculated average size in men. of body parts for Koelz' Lake Míchigen Leucichthys nigripinnis specimens.

| St.L. | 200 mm . | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 51.5 | 61.8 | 71.8 |
| HD | 32.5 | 39.9 | 47.2 |
| EE | 14.0 | 15.5 | 16.9 |
| ST | 13.4 | 16.1 | 18.8 |
| 2 x | 18.3 | 22.1 | 25.8 |
| IB | 11.1 | 14.5 | 18.0 |
| CL | 20.5 | 26.0 | 31.6 |
| CD | 16.1 | 20.7 | 25.4 |
| BD | 50.1 | 66.8 | 84.3 |
| 昭 | 24.5 | 31.1 | 37.9 |
| DH | 41.9 | 50.2 | 58.2 |
| DB | 22.8 | 28.7 | 34.5 |
| AH | 27.0 | 32.6 | 37.9 |
| $A B$ | 24.1 | 28.5 | 32.7 |
| PT | 40.1 | 48.4 | 56.3 |
| PC | 37.6 | 46.0 | 54.1 |

Table XVI. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis ciscoes.

| St.L. | 200 mm . |  | 250 mm . |  | 300 mm . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Moan Part | Ind. Part | Mean Part | Ind. Part | Mean Part | Ind. Pert |
| HL | 50.3-52.7 | 48.1-55.2 | 61.2-62.4 | 57.9-66.0 | 70.6-73.0 | 67.1-76.7 |
| HD | 31.7-33.4 | 30.1-35.2 | 39.5-40.3 | 37.0-43.0 | 46.3-48.1 | 43.7-50.9 |
| EE | 13.4-14.5 | 12.5-15.6 | 15.3-15.7 | 13.9-17.3 | 16.4-17.4 | 15.1-18.8 |
| ST | 12.8-14.0 | 11.7-15.3 | 15.8-16.4 | 14.2-18.3 | 18.2-19.5 | 16.5-21.4 |
| MX | 17.6-18.9 | 16.5-20.2 | 21.8-22.4 | 20.0-24.4 | 25.2-26.5 | 23.3-28.5 |
| IB | 10.6-11.7 | 9.6-12.9 | 14.2-14.8 | 12.6-16.7 | 17.4-18.7 | 15. -20.8 |
| CL | 19.2-22.0 | 16.7-25.2 | 25.3-26.8 | 21.4-31.7 | 30.0-33.3 | 25.e-38.5 |
| $C D$ | 15.2-17.1 | 13.6-19.1 | 20.2-21.2 | 17.6-24.4 | 24.4-26.5 | 21.5-30.7 |
| BD | 47.4-53.0 | 42.6-59.1 | 65.2-68.4 | 57.1-78.0 | 80.9-87.8 | $71.9-98.3$ |
| BW | 22.9-26.2 | 19.9-30.1 | 30.3-32.0 | 25.6-37.9 | 36.0-39.9 | $31.0-46.3$ |
| DH | 40.3-43.5 | 37.4-46.9 | 49.4-51.0 | 45.1-55.9 | 56.6-59.9 | 52.2-65.0 |
| DB | 21.8-23.9 | 19.9-26.2 | 28.1-29.2 | 25.1-32.7 | 33.4-35.7 | 30.2-39.5 |
| AH | 25.8-28.2 | 23.8-30.7 | 32.0-33.2 | 28.8-36.8 | $36.7-39.2$ | $33.5-43.0$ |
| $A B$ | 22.9-25.3 | 20.8-27.9 | 27.9-29.1 | 24.7-32.8 | 31.4-33.9 | 28.3-37.7 |
| PT | 38.3-42.0 | $35.0-46.0$ | 47.4-49.3 | 42.4-55.1 | 54.4-58.3 | 49.2-64.4 |
| PC | 36.4-38.9 | $34.1-41.5$ | 45.3-46.6 | 41.9-50.5 | 52.8-55.4 | 49.2-59.6 |

Table XVII. Statistics for meristic counts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis specimens.

|  | GR |  | Sc |  | c | ER | AR | Br |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | 1 | c | 1 |  | $f$ | P | 1 |
|  | 42 | 1 | 68 | 1 | * | - | . | $\cdots$ |
|  | 43 | 3 | 69 | 2 | . | . | . | .. |
|  | 44 | 3 | 70 | 3 | 7 | . | . | 3 |
|  | 45 | 4 | 71 | 3 | 8 | , | - | 16 |
|  | 46 | 5 | 72 | 2 | 9 | 5 | . | 29 |
|  | 47 | 10 | 73 | 6 | 10 | 30 | 2 | . |
|  | 48 | 7 | 74 | 2 | 11 | 11 | 21 | . |
|  | 49 | 4 | 75 | 5 | 12 | 2 | 22 | . |
|  | 50 | 7 | 76 | 7 | 13 | . | 2 | .. |
|  | 51 | 2 | 77 | 2 | 14 | .. | 1 | .. |
|  | 52 | 2 | 78 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | . |
|  | * | $\cdots$ | 79 | 5 | .. | . | . | . |
|  |  | $\cdots$ | 80 | 4 | . | .. | .. | . |
|  | .. | .. | 81 | 0 | . | . | .. | . |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 82 | 1 | $\cdots$ | - | . | . |
| n |  | 48 |  | 48 |  | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| Mean |  | 47.3 |  | 75.1 |  | 10.2 | 11.6 | 8.5 |
| SX |  | 271 |  |  |  | 490 | 555 | 410 |
| $5 x^{2}$ | 107 , | 731 | 271 |  |  | 5,024 | 6,443 | 3,520 |

Table XVIII．Results of analysis of covariance tests for body parts when comparing Koelz＇Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii and Leucichthys nigripinnis specimens．

| Body Part | Mean Size | Slope |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | あ | NS |
| HD | 苼 | NS |
| EE | 㙑 | NS |
| ST | 4ız | NS |
| mX | 雜 | NS |
| IB | NS | NS |
| CL | xix | MS |
| CD | 4 | NS |
| BD |  | 新 |
| BW | ＊＊ | NS |
| DH | 姲 | NS |
| DB | 蚉 | NS |
| AH | 4ix |  |
| AB | da | NS |
| PT |  | NS |
| PC | 发发 | ＊ $\mathbf{k}^{2}$ |

Table XIX. Comparison between sexes of age 4 F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedif ciscoes.


[^2]Table XX. Regression equations and other atatistics for F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii specimens.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | SX | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | SY ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.702 \mathrm{x}+0.0639$ | 200 | 468.30 | 341.53 | 1096.6256 | 1799.7635 | 583.3001 |
| $H D=0.692 \times-0.1436$ | " | " | 295.34 | " | 691.6086 | 436.2570 |
| $\mathrm{EE}=0.311 \mathrm{X}+0.4360$ | 199 | 465.95 | 231.68 | 1091.1031 | 542.5002 | 269.8466 |
| $S T=0.568 \times-0.1806$ | 200 | 468.30 | 229.89 | 1096.6256 | 538.3449 | 264.3839 |
| $12 x=0.575 x-0.0914$ | " | n | 250.99 | " | 587.7513 | 315.0963 |
| $I B=0.840 x-0.8858$ | " | " | 216.22 | " | 506.3641 | 233.9770 |
| $C L=1.135 \mathrm{X}-1.3008$ | " | " | 271.36 | " | 635.5043 | 368.5428 |
| $C D=0.723 x-0.5197$ | " | " | 234.64 | " | 549.4828 | 275.4392 |
| $B D=0.967 \mathrm{X}-0.6202$ | 199 | 465.95 | 327.14 | 1091.1031 | 766.0821 | 538.0658 |
| $B E=0.928 x-0.7857$ | " | " | 276.04 | " | 646.4297 | 383.2090 |
| $D H=0.519 \mathrm{x}+0.3413$ | " | 465.97 | 309.76 | 1091.1967 | 725.3733 | 482.3086 |
| $D B=0.787 \mathrm{X}-0.4910$ | 200 | 468.30 | 270.35 | 1096.6256 | 633.1041 | 365.6955 |
| $A H=0.610 x-0.0320$ | " | * | 279.26 | " | 653.9490 | 390.1110 |
| $A B=0.803 x-0.5142$ | " | " | 273.20 | * | 639.7791 | 373.4490 |
| $P T=0.625 \mathrm{x}+0.0898$ | " | " | 310.65 | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 727.4503 | 482.6919 |
| $P C=0.439 \mathrm{X}+0.5048$ | * | " | 306.54 | " | 717.8078 | 469.9466 |

Table XXI. Calculated average size in mm, of body parts of F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artodii specimens.

| St.L. | 200 mm . | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 47.8 | 55.9 | 63.5 |
| HD | 28.1 | 32.8 | 37.2 |
| ER | 14.2 | 15.2 | 16.1 |
| ST | 13.4 | 15.2 | 16.8 |
| M $\times$ | 17.0 | 19.4 | 21.5 |
| IB | 11.1 | 13.4 | 15.7 |
| CL | 20.5 | 26.4 | 32.4 |
| $C D$ | 13.9 | 16.4 | 18.7 |
| BD | 40.3 | 50.0 | 59.6 |
| BW | 22.4 | 27.5 | 32.6 |
| DH | 34.3 | 38.5 | 42.4 |
| DB | 20.9 | 24.9 | 28.7 |
| AH | 23.5 | 27.0 | 30.1 |
| $A B$ | 21.6 | 25.8 | 29.8 |
| PT | 33.7 | 38.8 | 43.4 |
| PC | 32.7 | 36.1 | 39.1 |

Tabla XXII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leuciohthys artedii ciscoes.

| St.L. | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & \text { Noan Part } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | mis. Ind. Part | $\text { Wean Part } \begin{gathered} 250 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Ind. Part | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ \text { Wean Part } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | min. Ind. Port |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 47.4-48.2 | 45.0-50.7 | 55.3-56.5 | 52.6-59.3 | 61.9-65.1 | $59.6-67.7$ |
| HD | 27.7-28.5 | 25.6-30.8 | 32.2-33.4 | 29.9-36.0 | 35.8-38.7 | $33.7-41.1$ |
| EE | 14.0-14.4 | 12.8-15.8 | 14.9-15.5 | 13.7-16.9 | 15.4-16.8 | 14.4-18.0 |
| ST | 13.2-13.6 | 12.0-14.9 | 14.9-15.5 | 13.7-16.9 | 16.1-17.6 | 15.0-18.9 |
| MX | 16.8-17.3 | 15.6-18.7 | 19.0-19.7 | 17.7-21.3 | 20.7-22.4 | 19.5-23.8 |
| I日 | 10.9-11.3 | $9.8-12.6$ | 13.1-13.8 | 11.9-15.2 | 14.9-16.5 | 13.7-17.9 |
| CL | 20.0-20.9 | 17.5-23.9 | 25.6-27.1 | 22.5-30.8 | 30.3-34.6 | 27.4-38.4 |
| CD | 13.7-14.1 | 12.5-15.5 | $160-16.7$ | 14.7-18.2 | 17.9-19.5 | 16.7-20.9 |
| BD | 39.5-41.1 | 35.1-46.2 | 48.7-51.3 | 43.5-57.4 | 52.2-63.2 | 51.4-69.1 |
| BW | 21.9-22.9 | 19.2-26.0 | 26.7-28.3 | 23.6-32.0 | 30.5-34.8 | 27.7-38.4 |
| DH | 33.8-34.9 | 30.7-38.3 | 37.7-39.3 | 34.5-43.1 | 40.4-44.4 | 37.6-47.7 |
| DB | 20.5-21.3 | 18.1-24.1 | 24.2-25.6 | 21.6-28.7 | 27.0-30.5 | 24.7-33.5 |
| AH | 23.1-24.0 | 20.8-26.6 | 26.3-27.6 | 23.8-30.5 | 28.6-31.8 | 26.4-34.4 |
| $A B$ | 21.1-22.0 | 18.7-24.8 | 25.1-26.5 | 22.3-29.8 | 28.1-31.7 | 25.6-34.8 |
| PT | 33.2-34.3 | 29.9-38.0 | 37.9-39.7 | 34.4-43.7 | 41.3-45.7 | $38 \cdot 2-49.4$ |
| PC | 32.3-33.2 | 29.6-36.2 | 35.4-36.8 | $32.6-40.0$ | $37.5-40.8$ | 35.1-43.6 |

Table XXIII. Statistics for meristic counts for F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucicl thy artodii specimens.


Table XXIV. Comparison between sexes of age 4 of F.R.B. Leke Huron Leucichthys artedii ciscoes.

| Body <br> Part | Results of Covariance Tists | Mean Size ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | Greatest | Groetest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | M | F | hctual Diff. mme | Percentage Diff. 표. |
| HL | NS | 49.4 | 49.4 | - | - |
| HD | NS | 28.6 | 28.6 | - | - |
| ES | NS | 14.9 | 14.8 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| ST | NS | 13.5 | 13.5 | - | - |
| NX | NS | 17.1 | 16.9 | 0.2 | 1.2 |
| IB | NS | 11.7 | 11.6 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| CL | NS | 22.3 | 22.3 | - | - |
| CD | NS | 14.0 | 14.0 | - | - |
| BD | NS | 39.2 | 38.6 | 0.6 | 1.5 |
| BW | NS | 22.5 | 22.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| DH | NS | 34.0 | 33.6 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| DB | NS | 21.5 | 21.2 | 0.3 | 1.4 |
| AH | NS | 22.9 | 22.7 | 0.2 | 0.9 |
| $A B$ | NS | 21.8 | 21.6 | 0.2 | 0.9 |
| PT | 4t | 34.1 | 33.2 | 0.9 | 2.6 |
| PC | 42 | 32.3 | 31.5 | 0.8 | 2.5 |

${ }^{a}$ At 208 mm . standard length.

Table XXV. Regression equations and other statistios for F.R.B. Lake Furon Leucichthys artedif specimens.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | SX | SY | $5 X^{2}$ | SXY | $5 Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.837 \mathrm{X}-0.2469$ | 272 | 630.89 | 460.89 | 1,463.4231 | 1,069.0995 | 781.0813 |
| $H D=0.853 \mathrm{X}-0.5220$ | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | " | 396.13 | " | 918.8937 | 577.0809 |
| $E E=0.704 X-0.4628$ | * | " | 318.27 | " | 738.2857 | 372.6161 |
| $S T=0.830 \mathrm{X}-0.7948$ | " | " | 307.45 | " | 713.2027 | 347.7395 |
| $\mathrm{MX}=0.737 \mathrm{X}-0.4782$ | " | " | 334.89 | " | 776.8384 | 412.6209 |
| $I B=0.992 \mathrm{X}-1.2361$ | " | " | 289.61 | " | 671.8409 | 308.6979 |
| $C L=0.981 \mathrm{X}-0.9263$ | n | " | 366.92 | m | 851.1562 | 495.4252 |
| $C D=1.103 \mathrm{X}-1.4113$ | " | " | 311.99 | " | 723.7618 | 358.2119 |
| $B D=0.914 X-0.5288$ | " | " | 432.78 | " | 1,003.9080 | 688.8426 |
| $E \\|=1.154 \mathrm{X}=1.3255$ | " | * | 367.50 | " | 852.5199 | 496.8948 |
| DFI $=0.749 \mathrm{X}-0.2077$ | 269 | 624.08 | 411.57 | 1,447.9522 | 954.9073 | 629.8883 |
| $D B=0.781 \mathrm{X}-0.4832$ | 272 | 630.89 | 361.31 | 1,463.4231 | 838.1228 | 480.2499 |
| $A Y^{\prime}:=0.929 \mathrm{X}=0.7957$ | 271 | 628.56 | 368.29 | 1,457.9942 | 854.3140 | 500.8051 |
| $A B=0.875 \mathrm{X}-0.6917$ | " | " | 362.55 | " | 840.9947 | 485.3493 |
| $P T=0.823 \mathrm{X}=0.3820$ | 272 | 630.89 | 415.31 | 1,463.4231 | 963.3776 | 634.3533 |
| $P C=0.768 \mathrm{X}-0.2767$ | " | " | 409.25 | " | 949.3159 | 615.9313 |

Table XXVI. Caloulated average size in mm. of body parts of F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii speoimens.

| St.L. | 200 mm . | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 47.8 | 57.6 | 67.0 |
| HD | 27.6 | 33.4 | 39.0 |
| EE | 14.4 | 16.8 | 19.1 |
| ST | 13.0 | 15.7 | 18.2 |
| wx | 16.5 | 19.5 | 22.3 |
| IB | 11.1 | 13.9 | 16.6 |
| CL | 21.4 | 26.7 | 31.9 |
| CD | 13.4 | 17.1 | 20.9 |
| BD | 37.5 | 46.0 | 54.5 |
| EX | 21.4 | 27.7 | 34.1 |
| DH | 32.8 | 38.8 | 44.4 |
| DB | 20.6 | 24.5 | 28.3 |
| $\mathrm{AH}^{\text {H }}$ | 22.0 | 27.0 | 32.0 |
| ${ }^{\text {AB }}$ | 21.0 | 25.5 | 29.9 |
| PT | 32.5 | 39.0 | 45.4 |
| PC | 30.9 | 36.7 | 42.2 |

Table XXVII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii ciscoes.

| St.L. | Mean Part Ind. Part |  | $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ \text { Moan Part } \end{array}$ | Ind. Part | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ \text { Mean Part } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Ind. Pe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 47.5-48.0 | 44.8-50.9 | 56.7-58.5 | 53.9-61.5 | 65.0-69.2 | 62.5-72.0 |
| HD | 27.4-27.8 | 25.3-30.1 | 32.7-34.1 | 30.5-36.5 | 37.4-40.7 | 35.4-42.9 |
| EE | 14.2-14.5 | 12.9-16.0 | 16.4-17.3 | 15.0-18.8 | 18.1-20.1 | 16.9-21.6 |
| ST | 12.9-13.1 | 11.7-14.5 | 15.3-16.1 | 14.1-17.5 | 17.3-19.2 | 16.2-20.5 |
| MX | 16.3-16.7 | 14.4-18.9 | 18.8-20.1 | 16.9-22.4 | 20.8-23.8 | 19.1-25.9 |
| IB | 11.0-11.3 | 9.8-12.7 | 13.4-14.4 | 12.1-15.9 | 15.6-17.7 | 14.4-19.3 |
| CL | 21.1-21.7 | 18.2-25.2 | 25.6-27.8 | 22.5-31.6 | 29.5-34.5 | 26.6-38.2 |
| CD | 13.2-13.5 | 11.7-15.3 | 16.6-17.7 | 15.0-19.6 | 19.6-22.3 | 18.1-24.2 |
| BD | 37.2-37.9 | 33.6-41.9 | 44.8-47.3 | 41.1-51.5 | 51.5-57.3 | 48.2-61.4 |
| BW | 21.1-21.6 | 18.7-24.4 | 26.8-28.6 | 24.1-31.7 | 32.0-36.4 | 29.5-39.5 |
| DH | 32.5-33.1 | 29.5-36.4 | 37.7-39.9 | 34.8-43.2 | 42.0-47.0 | 39.5-50.0 |
| DB | 20.4-20.8 | 18.0-23.6 | 23.7-25.4 | 21.3-28.2 | 26.5-30.2 | 24.3-32.9 |
| AH | 21.7-22.2 | 19.3-25.0 | 26.2-27.9 | 23.7-30.8 | 30.1-34.1 | 27.8-36.9 |
| $A B$ | 20.7-21.2 | 18.3-24.0 | 24.6-26.4 | 22.2-29.3 | 28.0-32.0 | 25.7-34.8 |
| PT | 32.2-32.8 | 29.1-36.2 | 38.0-40.1 | 34.9-43.7 | 43.0-47.8 | 40.2-51.2 |
| PC | 30.7-31.2 | 28.2-33.9 | 35.9-37.6 | $33.4-40.3$ | 40.4-44.2 | 38.2-46.7 |

Table XXVIII. Statistics for meristic counts for F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedil specimens.

|  | GR |  | Se |  |  | DR | AR | Br |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | c | 1 | c | 1 | c | $f$ | 1 | $f$ |
|  | ** | 1 | 69 | 1 | * | * | * | $\cdots$ |
|  | 41 | 3 | 70 | 3 | . | * | . | . |
|  | 42 | 1 | 71 | 10 | .. | . | . | .. |
|  | 43 | 4 | 72 | 18 | - | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | * |
|  | 44 | 10 | 73 | 14 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | * |
|  | 45 | 26 | 74 | 13 | 6 | . | . | . |
|  | 46 | 41 | 75 | 18 | 7 | . | .. | 15 |
|  | 47 | 46 | 76 | 25 | 8 | - | * | 132 |
|  | 48 | 47 | 77 | 18 | 9 | 33 | - | 110 |
|  | 49 | 40 | 78 | 18 | 10 | 133 | 15 | 14 |
|  | 50 | 34 | 79 | 22 | 11 | 98 | 124 | 1 |
|  | 51 | 12 | 80 | 36 | 12 | 7 | 113 | . |
|  | 52 | 7 | 81 | 20 | 13 | . | 19 | . |
|  | .. | - | 82 | 18 | .. | $\cdots$ | . | - |
|  | . | * | 83 | 11 | . | - | . | .. |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 84 | 12 | - | . | . | . |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 85 | 4 | . | . | .. | .. |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 86 | 7 | .. | . | -* | .. |
|  | - | * | 87 | 2 | . | . | .. | * |
|  | . | * | 88 | 1 | * | . | . | . |
|  | * | * | 89 | 1 | * | . | . | . |
|  | * | * | 90 | * | * | * | . | . |
| n |  | 271 |  | 272 |  | 271 | 271 | 272 |
| Mean |  | 47.6 |  | 78.1 |  | 10.3 | 11.5 | 8.5 |
|  |  | 887 |  | 237 |  | 2,789 | 3,117 | 2,302 |
| sx ${ }^{2}$ | 614, | 051 | 1,662 | 741 |  | 28,839 | 35,987 | 19,614 |

Table XXIX．Results of analysis of covariance tests for body parts when comparing F．R．B．samples of Leucichthyg artedii from Lakes Michigan and Huron．

| Body Part | Mean Size | Slope |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 部 | 去 |
| HD | NS | MS |
| EE | 点建 | 新 |
| ST | NS | 淔 |
| 112 | 妥 | NS |
| IB | NS | N3 |
| CL | 媛 | NS |
| CD | を | 这 |
| BD | 狺 | NS |
| E異 | lat | MS |
| DH | 起 | \＆ |
| DB | NS | NS |
| AH | 起 | 建发 |
| AB | 릴ㅊㄹ | NS |
| PT | 衰建 | 发 |
| PC | 发年 | NS |

Table XXX. Average count of meristic characters for samples of ciscoes.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { I.B.M. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Sample | GR | DR | AR | Br | Se |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 73 | Koelz Lake Kichigan <br> L. nigripinnis | 47.3 | 10.2 | 11.6 | 8.5 | 75.1 |
| 74 | Koelz Lake Kichigan <br> L. artedii | 47.4 | 10.1 | 11.4 | 8.5 | 75.7 |
| 75 | F.R.B. Leke Michigan L. artedii | 46.3 | 10.2 | 11.5 | 8.4 | 76.2 |
| 76 | F.R.B. Lake Huron <br> L. ortedis | 47.6 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 8.5 | 78.1 |
| 01 | Lake Manítoba | 49.9 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 8.3 | 61.3 |
| 02 | Lake Dauphin | 54.0 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 8.2 | 62.6 |
| 12 | Rocky Lake | 45.3 | 11.3 | 12.6 | 8.4 | 68.9 |
| 18 | Churchill River | 43.8 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 73.5 |

Table XXXI. Regression equations and other statistics for Lake Deuphin ciscoes.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Log } \\ & \text { Body } \\ & \text { Part } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | N | sX | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL $=0.762 \mathrm{X}-0.0252$ | 98 | 233.79 | 175.67 | 557.8173 | 419.1453 | 314.9615 |
| $H D=0.805 X-0.2970$ | " | " | 159.09 | " | 379.5955 | 258.3363 |
| $\mathrm{EE}=0.365 \mathrm{X}+0.3297$ | " | " | 117.64 | " | 280.6744 | 141.2652 |
| $S T=0.753 \mathrm{x}-0.6078^{\text {a }}$ | " | " | 116.04 | " | 276.8965 | 137.5054 |
| $n=0.880 x-0.9297^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $10 \mathrm{X}=0.720 \mathrm{X}-0.4150$ | " | " | 127.66 | " | 304.6084 | 166.3712 |
| $I B=0.874 x-0.8729$ | " | " | 118.79 | " | 283.4612 | 144.1221 |
| $C L=1.075 \times-1.2326$ | " | " | 130.53 | " | 311.4854 | 174.1925 |
| $C D=0.887 \mathrm{X}-0.6939$ | " | " | 139.37 | " | 332.5582 | 198.3425 |
| $B D=0.906 \mathrm{x}-0.2822$ | " | " | 184.16 | " | 439.4113 | 346.1972 |
| $B W=1.164 \mathrm{X}-1.2097$ | " | " | 153.58 | " | 366.4812 | 240.8690 |
| DH $=0.644 \mathrm{X}+0.2452$ | 46 | 109.71 | 81.93 | 261.6993 | 195.4295 | 145.9685 |
| $D B=0.846 \mathrm{X}-0.4822$ | 98 | 233.79 | 150.53 | 557.8173 | 359.1781 | 231.3737 |
| $A H=0.382 \mathrm{X}+0.65 .77$ | 22 | 52.51 | 34.97 | 125.3441 | 83.4717 | 55.6085 |
| $A B=0.712 \mathrm{X}-0.1870$ | 98 | 233.79 | 148.13 | 557.8173 | 353.4412 | 223.9933 |
| $P T=0.896 x-0.4477$ | 73 | 174.33 | 123.52 | 416.3723 | 295.0278 | 209.0928 |
| $P C=0.786 \mathrm{x}-0.1654$ | 72 | 171.81 | 123.13 | 410.0447 | 293.8686 | 210.6455 |

[^3]bemales only.

Table XXXII. Calculated average size in mm, of body parts of Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

| St.L. | 200 mm . | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 53.5 | 63.4 | 72.8 |
| HD | 35.9 | 43.0 | 49.8 |
| EE | 14.8 | 16.0 | 17.1 |
| ST (Male) | 13.3 | 15.8 | 18.1 |
| " (Female) | 12.7 | 15.5 | 18.2 |
| MX | 17.4 | 20.5 | 23.4 |
| IB | 13.7 | 16.7 | 19.6 |
| CL | 17.4 | 22.1 | 26.9 |
| CD | 22.2 | 27.1 | 31.9 |
| BD | 63.5 | 77.7 | 91.6 |
| BV | 29.4 | 38.2 | 47.2 |
| DH | 53.3 | 61.6 | 69.3 |
| DB | 29.1 | 35.2 | 41.1 |
| AH | 36.0 | 39.2 | 42.1 |
| AB | 28.3 | 33.1 | 37.7 |
| PT | 41.1 | 50.2 | 59.1 |
| PC | 44.0 | 52.4 | 60.5 |

Table XOXIII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

| St.L. | 200 mm . |  | 250 mm . |  | 300 mm . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean Part | Ind. Part | Mean Part | Ind. Pert | Voan Part | Ind. Part |
| HL | 52.6-54.4 | 50.5-56.6 | 63.0-63.8 | 60.0-67.0 | 71.5-74.2 | 68.8-77.2 |
| HD | 35.2-36.6 | 33.6-38.4 | 42.7-43.3 | 40.3-45.8 | 48.7-50.8 | 46.5-53.2 |
| EE | 14.4-15.2 | 13.4-16.3 | 15.9-16.2 | 14.6-17.6 | 16.6-17.7 | 15.6-18.9 |
| ST(H) | 12.8-13.9 | 12.0-14.8 | 15.5-16.0 | 14.4-17.3 | 17.3-18.9 | 16.3-20.1 |
| ST( $\bar{F}$ ) | 12.2-13.3 | 11.4-14.3 | 15.3-15.8 | 13.9-17.3 | 17.4-19.1 | 16.2-20.5 |
| vX | 17.0-17.9 | 16.0-19.0 | 20.3-20.7 | 18.9-22.3 | 22.7-24.0 | 21.4-25.5 |
| IB | 13.3-14.3 | 12.1-15.6 | 16.5-16.9 | 14.8-18.8 | 18.8-20.4 | 17.3-22.2 |
| CL | 16.2-18.7 | 13.7-22.1 | 21.6-22.7 | 17.6-27.9 | 25.0-29.0 | 21.2-34.3 |
| CD | 21.4-23.1 | 19.5-25.3 | 26.8-27.5 | 24.0-30.8 | 30.6-33.2 | 28.0-36.3 |
| BD | 61.4-65.6 | 56.6-71.2 | 76.8-78.6 | 69.6-86.7 | 88.4-95.0 | 81.6-102.8 |
| BW | 28.3-30.6 | 25.9-33.5 | 37.6-38.7 | 33.7-43.2 | 45.3-49.1 | 41.4-53.7 |
| DH | 50.7-56.1 | 47.0-60.5 | $60.5-62.7$ | 54.8-69.3 | 65.5-73.2 | 60.9-78.8 |
| DB | 27.9-30.4 | 25.1-33.8 | 34.6-35.7 | $30.5-40.6$ | 39.2-43.0 | 35.4-47.7 |
| AH | $31.8-40.8$ | 29.6-43.9 | $37.8-40.7$ | $33.5-46.0$ | $37.0-47.9$ | 34.4-51.4 |
| AB | 27.4-29.2 | 25.5-31.4 | 32.8-33.5 | $30.0-36.7$ | $36.5-39.0$ | 33.9-41.9 |
| PT | 39.4-43.0 | 36.4-46.5 | 49.5-50.9 | 44.7-56.4 | 56.6-61.8 | 52.3-66.9 |
| PC | 42.3-45.7 | 39.3-49.2 | 51.7-53.1 | 47.1-58.3 | 58.1-63.0 | 54.0-67.7 |

Table XXXIV. Statistics for meristic counts for Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

|  | GR |  | Sc |  |  | DR | AR | Br |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | 1 | c | 1 | c | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 48 | 1 | * | 1 | . | * | * | - |
|  | 49 | 3 | 56 | 2 | * | * | * | * |
|  | 50 | 3 | 57 | 1 | ${ }^{*}$ | * | ** | * |
|  | 51 | 5 | 58 | 7 | $\cdots$ | * | $\cdots$ | ** |
|  | 52 | 13 | 59 | 5 | $\cdots$ | * | $\cdots$ | . |
|  | 53 | 19 | 60 | 11 | * | 2 | 29 | 2 |
|  | 54 | 14 | 61 | 10 | 7 | $\cdots$ | ** | 5 |
|  | 55 | 12 | 62 | 10 | 8 | * | * | 64 |
|  | 56 | 12 | 63 | 14 | 9 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 26 |
|  | 57 | 7 | 64 | 10 | 10 | 4 | * | 1 |
|  | 58 | 5 | 65 | 13 | 11 | 57 | 12 | * |
|  | 59 | 3 | 66 | 8 | 12 | 34 | 43 | $\cdots$ |
|  | 60 | 1 | 67 | 2 | 13 | 1 | 17 | $\cdots$ |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 68 | 1 | - | ** | $\cdots$ | * |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 69 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | * | * | $\cdots$ |
|  | * | * | 70 | 1 | * | * | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 71 | * | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | * |
|  | - | * | 72 | 2 | $\cdots$ | * | * | $\cdots$ |
| n |  | 98 |  | 97 |  | 96 | 69 | 96 |
| Mean |  | 54.0 |  | 62.6 |  | 11.3 | 12.1 | 8.2 |
| sx |  | 297 |  | 071 |  | 1,088 | ${ }_{8}^{833}$ | 791 |
| $5 \mathrm{x}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 12,362 | 10,085 | 6,547 |

Table XXXV. Regression equations and other statistics for Rocky Lake ciscoes.


Table XXXVI. Calculated average size in mem. of body parts of Rocky Lake ciscoes.

| St.L. | 200 mm . | 250 mm . | 300 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 50.0 | 61.5 | 72.8 |
| HD | 34.1 | 42.8 | 51.6 |
| ES | 14.1 | 16.2 | 18.2 |
| ST | 12.4 | 15.2 | 17.9 |
| 10x | 16.8 | 20.3 | 23.7 |
| IB | 12.7 | 16.0 | 19.3 |
| CL | 18.0 | 21.7 | 25.4 |
| CD | 19.4 | 24.7 | 29.9 |
| BD | 54.9 | 73.7 | 93.8 |
| BW | 26.0 | 35.4 | 45.6 |
| DH | 46.3 | 55.2 | 63.7 |
| DB | 28.7 | 35.2 | 41.5 |
| AH | 31.6 | 39.1 | 46.6 |
| AB | 26.8 | 32.4 | 37.9 |
| PT | 39.2 | 48.4 | 57.6 |
| PC | 40.1 | 48.6 | 56.9 |

Table XXXVII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Rocky Lake oiscoes.

| St.L. | $\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ \hline \text { Mean Part } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Ind. Part | Mean Part | Ind. Pert | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ \text { Mean Pert } \end{array}$ | Ind. Part |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL | 49.7-50.5 | 47.1-53.2 | 61.0-62.1 | 57.9-65.4 | 71.8-73.7 | 68.5-77.4 |
| HD | 33.6-34.6 | 30.4-38.3 | 42.1-43.6 | 38,1-48.1 | 50.4-52.8 | 45.8-58.0 |
| EE | 14.0-14.3 | 12.8-15.6 | 16.0-16.5 | 14.7-17.9 | 17.8-18.5 | 16.4-20.0 |
| ST | 12.2-12.6 | 11.1-13.9 | 15.0-15.5 | 13.6-17.0 | 17.5-18.4 | 16.0-20.1 |
| 12X | 16.5-17.0 | 15.1-18.7 | 20.0-20.6 | 18.2-22.6 | 23.2-24.2 | 21.3-26.4 |
| IB | 12.5-12.9 | 11.2-14.5 | 15.7-16.3 | 14.0-18.2 | 18.8-19.8 | 16.9-22.0 |
| CL | 17.4-18.6 | 14.2-22.8 | 21.0-22.5 | 17.1-27.6 | 24.2-26.2 | 20.0-32.3 |
| CD | 19.1-19.8 | 16.8-22.6 | 24.1-25.2 | 21.2-28.6 | 29.1-30.9 | 25.8-34.8 |
| BD | 53.9-55.9 | 47.5-63.4 | 72.1-75.4 | 63.8-85.2 | 91.1-96.6 | 81.1-108.6 |
| BW | 25.5-26.6 | 22.0-30.8 | 34.5-36.3 | 30.0-41.9 | 44.0-47.1 | 38.5-54.0 |
| DH | 45.6-47.0 | 41.6-51.6 | 54.3-56.1 | 49.6-61.5 | 62.3-65.2 | 57.2-71.1 |
| DB | 28.2-29.2 | 25.2-32.7 | 34.5-35.9 | 30.9-40.1 | 40.4-42.6 | 36.4-47.4 |
| AH | 31.1-32.1 | 28.0-35.7 | 38.4-39.8 | $34.6-44.2$ | 45.4-47.7 | 41.2-52.7 |
| $A B$ | 26.1-27.5 | 21.9-32.7 | 31.4-33.4 | 26.5-39.6 | 36.4-39.4 | 30.9-46.4 |
| PT | 38.7-39.7 | $35.9-42.8$ | 47.8-49.1 | 44.3-52.9 | 56.5-58.7 | 52.6-62.0 |
| PO | 39.6-40.6 | $36.4-44.2$ | 47.9-49.4 | 44.1-53.6 | 55.8-58.1 | 51.6-62.8 |

Table XXXVIII. Statiatics for meriatic counta for Rocky Lake ciscoes.

|  | GR |  | Sc |  |  | DRf | $\begin{gathered} \text { AR } \\ f \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Brf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | 1 | c | 1 | c |  |  |  |
|  | 40 | 1 | * | 23 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  | 41 | 2 | 59 | 1 | * | * | * | $\cdots$ |
|  | 42 | 4 | 60 | 2 | * | $\cdots$ | * | * |
|  | 43 | 1 | 61 | * | * | * | $\cdots$ | * |
|  | 44 | 8 | 62 | 3 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 3 | 1 |
|  | 45 | 9 | 63 | $\cdots$ | 6 | * | * | * |
|  | 46 | 18 | $6 \%$ | $\cdots$ | 7 | $\cdots$ | * | 4 |
|  | 47 | 13 | 65 | 1 | 8 | * | * | 27 |
|  | 48 | 2 | 66 | 1 | 9 | * | * | 25 |
|  | 49 | 1 | 67 | 2 | 10 | 4 | * | 2 |
|  | - | $\cdots$ | 68 | 2 | 11 | 32 | 4 | * |
|  | $\cdots$ | * | 69 | 5 | 12 | 22 | 22 | . |
|  | * | $\cdots$ | 70 | 1 | 13 | $\cdots$ | 20 | * |
|  | ** | $\cdots$ | 71 | 8 | 14 | * | 10 | * |
|  | * | * | 72 | 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  | $\cdots$ | ** | 73 | 2 | $\cdots$ | * | * | * |
|  | . | $\cdots$ | 74 | 3 | $\cdots$ | * | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 75 | 1 | * | $\cdots$ | * | $\cdots$ |
| n |  | 59 |  | 36 |  | 58 | 56 | 58 |
| Mean |  | 45.3 |  | 68.9 |  | 11.3 | 12.6 | 8.4 |
| SX |  | 674 |  | 480 |  | 655 | 708 | $489$ |
| $s x^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 7,440 | 8,992 | 4,149 |

Table XXXIX. Number of ciscoes of various gill-raker groups for 3 samples from Lake Winnipeg.

| Males |  |  |  | GR Sex Females |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GR Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sex } \\ & \text { Condition } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Age | $n$ | GR Group | Sex Condition | Age | $n$ |
| $\bar{I}$ | Questionable | 2 | 4 | $\overline{-}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ripe } \\ & \text { Spawning } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 1 |
|  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 5 | 2 |
|  | " | 2 | 39 |  |  | 2 | 2 |
|  | " | 3 | 39 |  | - | 3 | 1 |
|  | " | 4 | 5 | " |  | 4 | 9 |
|  | ${ }_{\text {Ripe }}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 | 1 | " |  | 5 | 65 |
|  |  | 2 | 3 | " |  | 6 | 41 |
|  | " | 3 | 2 |  | " | 7 | 3 |
|  | $\operatorname{Spawning~}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | 5 | 9 | $\underset{n}{\text { Spent }}$ |  | 2 | 2 |
|  |  | 6 | 4 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| II | Questionable | 1 | 2 | II | Immature <br> Spawning | 3 | 1 |
|  |  | 2 | 23 |  |  | 4 | 2 |
|  | " | 3 | 15 |  | " | 5 | 12 |
|  | " | 4 | 2 |  | " | 6 | 10 |
|  | Immature | 3 | 2 |  | " | 7 | 1 |
|  | Ripe | 2 | 1 |  | Spent | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 3 | 1 |
| III | Spawning | 5 | 2 |  | " | 4 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | III | $\underset{n}{\text { Spauming }}$ | 2 4 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | , | 5 | 32 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 6 | 22 |
| Total |  |  | 154 |  |  |  | $\underline{218}$ |

Table XXXIX continued.

## 2. DOGHEAD

|  | Male |  |  |  | Femal |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GR | Sex |  |  | GR Group | Sox Condition | Age | $n$ |
| Group | Condition | Age | $n$ |  |  | 080 | - |
| I | Mature |  | 1 | I | Mature | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | Mature | 1 | 1 |  | " | 3 | 1 |
|  | " | 2 | 15 |  | " | 4 | 4 4 |
|  | " | 3 | 39 |  | " | 5 | 26 |
|  | " |  | 11 |  | " | 6 | 17 |
|  | Spawning | 4 | 6 |  | " | 4 | 2 |
|  | " | 5 | 20 |  | Spent | 4 | 1 |
|  | " | 6 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
|  | " | 7 | 1 | II | Mature | 3 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Spawning | 4 | 2 |
| II | Mature | 2 | , |  | " | 6 | 15 7 |
|  | " | 3 | 12 |  | " | 6 7 | 1 |
|  | " | 4 | 3 |  | " | 7 | 1 |
|  | " | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Spawning | 4 | 3 | III | Spawning | 4 | 52 |
|  | " | 5 | 11 |  |  | 5 | 59 |
|  | " | 6 | 11 |  |  | 6 | 5 |
|  | " | 7 | 1 |  | " | 8 | 1 |
| III |  | 6 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Spawning | 4 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  | " | 5 | 41 |  |  |  |  |
|  | " | 6 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
|  | " | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  | 211 |  |  |  | 203 |

## 3. MUKUTATIA RIVER

|  | Mal |  |  |  | Femalos |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GR | Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Group | Condition | Age | $n$ | Group | Condition | Age. | $n$ |
| I | Inmature | 3 | 5 | I | Questionable | 2 | 1 |
|  | " | 4 | 13 |  | " | 3 | 1 |
|  | " | 5 | 19 |  | " | 4 | 3 |
|  | " | 6 | 3 |  | " | 5 | 1 |
|  | " | 9 | 1 |  | " | 6 | 1 |
|  | Mature | 2 | 3 |  | Immature | 3 | 1 |
|  | " | 3 | 8 |  | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 | 1 |
|  | " | 4 | 7 |  | Mature | 2 | 2 |
|  | " | 5 | 23 |  | " | 3 | 7 |
|  | " | 6 | 26 |  | " | 4 | 7 |
|  | " | 7 | 21 |  | " | 5 | 18 |
|  | " | 8 | 3 |  | " | 6 | 35 |
|  | " | 9 | 2 |  | " | 7 | 25 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 8 | 7 |
| II | Immature | 3 | 1 |  | Small eggs | . | 1 |
|  | " | 4 | 2 |  | " | 3 | 1 |
|  | $\square$ | 5 | 2 |  | " | 4 | 4 |
|  | " | 7 | 1 |  | " | 5 | 17 |
|  | " | 9 | 1 |  | " | 6 | 9 |
|  | Mature | 3 | 1 |  | " | 7 | 8 |
|  | " | 5 | 8 |  | " | 8 | 1 |
|  | " | 6 | 14 |  |  |  |  |
|  | " | 7 | 5 | II | Questionable | 2 | 1 |
|  | " | 8 | 9 |  | Immature | 5 | 1 |
|  | " | 9 | 1 |  | Mature | 4 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 5 | 4 |
| III | Immature | 4 | 3 |  | " | 6 | 13 |
|  | " | 5 | 4 |  | " | 7 | 6 |
|  | " | 6 | 3 |  | " | 8 | 7 |
|  | " | 8 | 1 |  | " | 9 | 7 |
|  | Mature | * | 1 |  | " | 10 | 2 |
|  | " | 4 | 1 |  | " | 11 | 1 |
|  | " | 5 | 7 |  | Small eggs | 4 | 2 |
|  | " | 6 | 13 |  |  | 5 | 3 |
|  | " | 7 | 9 |  |  | 6 | 2 |
|  | " | 8 | 1 |  |  | 7 | 1 |
|  | " | 9 | 1 |  |  | 8 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | III | Questionable | 4 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Maturo | 4 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 5 | 12 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 6 | 20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | " | 7 | 16 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Small ogge | 4 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 1 |
|  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |
| Total |  |  | 223 |  |  |  | $\underline{268}$ |

Table XL．Statistically aignificant results for body parts of tests between ages for spawning female ciscoes from Bull Head．

| QR Group | Body Part | Mean Size | Slopo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | EE | NS | 立 |
|  | BD | ＊ | NS |
| II | CD | 能 | NS |
|  | DH | \＆ | 4 |
|  | PC | 4 | NS |
| III | － | － | － |

Table XLI．Statistically significant results for body parts of tests between ages for spawning Doghead ciscoes．

Sox
（R Group
Body Part
Maan Size
Slope
Males
I
HL DH
PT
新
NS


II PC NS
III
BT
\＆
NS

Females
I

| HL | ＊ | NS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EE | 4 | ＊ |
| ST | 4 | NS |
| CD | NS | ＊ |
| AH | 4 | NS |
| PC | 新 | NS |

II
III
HD
各
NS

Table XLII．Statistically significant results for body parts of tests between ages for Mukutawa River ciscoes．

| Sex | GR Group | Body Part | Mean Size | Slope |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males | I | EIE | 趍 | NS |
|  |  | BD | \％ | NS |
|  |  | PT | NS | 4ix |
|  | II | － | － | － |
|  | III | DH | NS | 站 |
| Females | I | HL | NS | \％ |
|  |  | EE | NS | k |
|  |  | MX | NS | ＊ |
|  |  |  |  | d |
|  | II | － | － | － |
|  | III | HL | 立 | NS |
|  |  | HD | 发 | NS |
|  |  | IB | 亲 | NS |
|  |  | BD | 隹 | NS |
|  |  | BW | 妾 | NS |
|  |  | AH | 塊 | NS |
|  |  | PT | 发立 | NS |
|  |  | PC | 俍 | NS |

Table XIIII．Results of analysis of covariance tests between sexes for body parts of Lake Minnipeg ciscoes．

| Sample | DOGITAD |  |  |  |  |  | MUKUTAWA RIVER |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GR Group | P |  | II |  | III |  | I |  | II |  | III |  |
| Body <br> Part | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { Size } 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | slope | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { Sizo S1 } \end{aligned}$ | Slope | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nean } \\ & \text { Size } \mathrm{S} \end{aligned}$ | Slope | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { Size } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Slope | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Nean } \\ \text { Size } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Slope | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { Size } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Slope |
| HL | NS | NS | ． | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | ＊ | NS |
| HD | ＊ | を ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | ＊ | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| EE | NS | NS | N3 | NS | NS | NS | $\cdots$ | NS | \％ | NS | NS | NS |
| ST | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 1 MX | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| IB | NS | NS | \＃ | NS | NS | NS | tı | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| CL | NS | NS | NS | NS | ＊ | NS | ＊ | NS | NS | \％ | NS | NS |
| CD | 讋 | NS | 13 | NS | NS | M | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| BD | NS | NS | 13 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | ＊ | NS | NS | NS |
| BW | NS | NS | 113 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| DH | NS | ＊ | NS | NS | ． | NS | \＆ | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| DB | NS | NS | INS | NS | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | NS | NS | ＊${ }^{\text {k }}$ | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| AH | NS | NS | NS | NS | \＆ | NS | \％ | ＊ | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| ${ }^{\text {AB }}$ | \％ | NS | NS | NS | te | NS | NS | MS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| PT | NS | NS | NS | NS | \％ | NS | 趧 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| PC | NS | NS | \％ | NS | NS | NS | 发 | ＊ | NS | NS | NS | NS |

Table XLIV. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning female. ciscoes of gill-raker group I from Bull Head.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | sX | SY | $8 \mathrm{x}^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.855 \mathrm{X}-0.2555$ | 121 | 285.31 | 213.02 | 672.8399 | 502.3707 | 375.1134 |
| $H D=0.980 \mathrm{X}-0.7442$ | " | " | 189.55 | n | 447.0422 | 297.0657 |
| $E E=0.490 \mathrm{X}+0.0329$ | " | " | 143.79 | " | 339.0952 | 170.9397 |
| $S T=0.833 \mathrm{X}-0.7840$ | " | " | 142.79 | n | 336.7709 | 168.6169 |
| $\mathrm{MX}=0.827 \mathrm{X}-0.6260$ | " | " | 160.20 | " | 377.8219 | 212.2350 |
| $T B=1.002 x-1.2329$ | " | " | 136.69 | " | 322.4040 | 154.5843 |
| $C L=0.806 \mathrm{X}-0.6121$ | " | " | 155.90 | " | 367.6807 | 201.1444 |
| $C D=0.891 \mathrm{X}-0.8044$ | " | " | 156.88 | " | 369.9998 | 203.5262 |
| $B D=1.021 X-0.6125$ | " | " | 217.18 | " | 512.1960 | 390.0122 |
| BW = $1.053 \mathrm{X}-1.0099$ | " | " | 178.23 | " | 420.3575 | 262.7851 |
| $D H=0.713 \mathrm{x}+0.0290$ | 109 | 257.04 | 186.43 | 606.2356 | 439.6989 | 318.9685 |
| $D B=0.776 x-0.3906$ | 120 | 282.95 | 172.69 | 667.2703 | 407.2645 | 248.7059 |
| $A H=0.752 \mathrm{X}-0.2168$ | 107 | 252.14 | 166.41 | 594.2454 | 392.2047 | 258.9317 |
| $A B=0.939 \mathrm{X}-0.7805$ | 121 | 285.31 | 173.47 | 672.8399 | 409.1226 | 248.8895 |
| $P T=0.957 X-0.6007$ | " | " | 200.35 | " | 472.5056 | 331.8915 |
| $P C=0.829 X-0.2972$ | 120 | 282.95 | 198.90 | $667 \cdot 2703$ | 469.0707 | 329.7908 |

Table XLV. Regression equations and other atatistics for spawning female ciscoes of gill-raker group II from Bull Head.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | sX | 8Y | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.895 \mathrm{X}-0.3383$ | 25 | 58.98 | 44.33 | 139.1570 | 104.5935 | 78.6217 |
| $H D=0.886 \mathrm{X}-0.5086$ | " | " | 39.54 | " | 93.2929 | 62.5532 |
| $E E=0.272 \mathrm{X}+0.5503$ | " | " | 29.80 | " | 70.3073 | 35.5284 |
| $S T=0.807 \mathrm{X}-0.7047$ | " | " | 29.98 | " | 70.7380 | 35.9846 |
| $\mathbb{W}=0.482 \mathrm{X}+0.1965$ | " | " | 33.34 | " | 78.6612 | 44.4772 |
| $I B=0.684 X-0.4505$ | " | " | 29.08 | " | 68.6133 | 33.8528 |
| $C L=1.000 \mathrm{X}-1.0624$ | " | " | 32.42 | " | 76.4967 | 42.1208 |
| $C D=0.474 x+0.1697$ | " | " | 32.20 | " | 75.9716 | 41.4824 |
| $B D=0.395 \mathrm{x}+0.8697$ | " | " | 45.04 | " | 106.2629 | 81.1592 |
| $B W=1.219 \mathrm{X}-1.3843$ | * | " | 37.29 | " | 87.9885 | 55.6647 |
| $\mathrm{DH}=0.064 \mathrm{X}+1.5469$ | 23 | 54.23 | 39.05 | 127.8757 | 92.0738 | 66.3071 |
| $D B=0.386 \mathrm{X}+0.5354$ | 25 | 58,98 | 36.15 | 139.1570 | 85.2895 | 52.2927 |
| $A H=0.460 \mathrm{X}+0.4564$ | 22 | 51.89 | 33.91 | 122.4009 | 79.9865 | 52.2901 |
| $A B=1.035 \mathrm{X}-1.0074$ | 25 | 58.98 | 35.86 | 139.1570 | 84.6127 | 51.4762 |
| $P T=0.521 \mathrm{X}+0.4196$ | 24 | 56.58 | 39.55 | 133.3970 | 93.2441 | 65.1845 |
| $P C=0.474 \mathrm{X}+0.5249$ | 25 | 58.98 | 41.08 | 139.1570 | 96.9213 | 67.5144 |

Table XLVI. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning female ciscoes of gill-raker group III from Bull Head.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | sx | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.663 \mathrm{X}+0.2321$ | 59 | 140.14 | 106.61 | 332.8886 | 253.2394 | 192.6595 |
| $H D=0.546 \mathrm{X}+0.3243$ | " | " | 95.65 | " | 227.2043 | 155.0887 |
| $E E=0.546 \mathrm{X}-0.0977$ | " | " | 70.75 | " | 168.0604 | 84.8749 |
| $S T=0.698 \mathrm{X}-0.4323$ | " | " | 72.31 | " | 171.7689 | 88.6753 |
| $\mathrm{MX}=0.795 \mathrm{X}-0.5356$ | " | " | 79.75 | " | 189.4428 | 107.8413 |
| $I B=0.937 \mathrm{X}-1.0097$ | " | " | 71.74 | " | 170.4199 | 87.2884 |
| $C L=0.941 \mathrm{X}-0.9195$ | " | " | 77.62 | " | 184.3865 | 102.2688 |
| $C D=0.580 \mathrm{x}-0.0693$ | " | " | 77.16 | " | 183.2865 | 100.9470 |
| $B D=0.673 x+0.2164$ | " | " | 107.08 | n | 254.3560 | 194.3990 |
| $B W=1.073 \mathrm{X}-1.0100$ | " | " | 90,78 | " | 215.6476 | 139.7626 |
| $D H=0.733 \mathrm{X}-0.0355$ | 43 | 102.18 | 73.34 | 242.8232 | 174.3586 | 125.2149 |
| $D B=0.783 \mathrm{X}-0.3961$ | 58 | 137.74 | 81.88 | 327.1286 | 201.5909 | 124.2936 |
| $A H=0.855 \times-0.4857$ | 53 | 125.88 | 81.78 | 298.9928 | 194.2488 | 126.2170 |
| $A B=1.088 \mathrm{X}-1.1254$ | 59 | 140.14 | 85.07 | 332.8886 | 204.4604 | 125.6239 |
| $P T=0.688 \mathrm{x}+0.0239$ | " | " | 97.82 | " | 232.3615 | 162.2092 |
| $P C=0.630 \mathrm{X}+0.1504$ | 58 | 137.80 | 95.54 | 327.4130 | 227.0020 | 157.4028 |

Table XLVII. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning ciscoes of gill-raker group I from Doghead.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | sX | SY | $5 x^{2}$ | SXY | $5 Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=0.792 \mathrm{X}=0.1132$ | 84 | 197.43 | 146.86 | 464.2149 | 345.3190 | 256.8964 |
| $H D=0.858 \times-0.4684$ | " | " | 130.05 | " | 305.8217 | 201.5185 |
| $E E=0.617 \mathrm{X}-0.2806$ | " | " | 98.25 | " | 231.0361 | 115.0373 |
| $S T=0.750 \mathrm{X}-0.5880$ | " | " | 98.68 | " | 232.0712 | 116.0724 |
| $\mathbb{N X}=0.741 \mathrm{X}-0.4367$ | " | " | 109.61 | " | 257.7588 | 143.1759 |
| $I B=0.871 \times-0.9302$ | " | " | 93.83 | " | 220.6941 | 105.0163 |
| $C L=1 . C 27 X-1.0833$ | " | " | 111.77 | " | 262.8882 | 149.1415 |
| $C D=0.926 \mathrm{X}-0.8855$ | " | " | 108.44 | " | 255.0430 | 140.1948 |
| $B D=1.281 \mathrm{X}-1.2276$ | " | " | 149.80 | " | 352.3191 | 267.4904 |
| $B W=1.356 \mathrm{X}-1.6782$ | " | " | 126.75 | " | 298.1571 | 191.6563 |
| $D H=0.763 \mathrm{X}-0.1116$ | 57 | 134.00 | 95.86 | 315.1258 | 225.4377 | 161.3400 |
| $D B=0.850 \mathrm{x}-0.5655$ | 84 | 197.43 | 120.31 | 464.2149 | 282.9278 | 172.5117 |
| $A H=0.901 \times-0.5831$ | 59 | 138.46 | 90.35 | 325.0952 | 212.1758 | 138.5385 |
| $A B=0.825 x-0.5028$ | 82 | 192.68 | 117.74 | 452.9324 | 276.8100 | 169.2398 |
| $P T=0.760 \mathrm{X}-0.1592$ | 64 | 150.60 | 104.27 | 354.4952 | 245.4474 | 169.9905 |
| $P C=0.784 \mathrm{X}-0.2053$ | 74 | 173.94 | 121.17 | 409.0282 | 284.95:3 | 198.5539 |

Table XLVIII. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning ciscoes of gill-raker group II from Doghead.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | SX | SY | $8 \mathrm{x}^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H L=1.042 \mathrm{X}-0.6918$ | 51 | 121.30 | 91.11 | 288.5374 | 216.7340 | 162.8129 |
| $H D=0.955 \mathrm{X}-0.6745$ | " | " | 81.44 | " | 193.7316 | 130.1112 |
| $E E=0.641 \mathrm{x}-0.3440$ | " | " | 60.21 | " | 143.2269 | 71.1267 |
| $S T=0.926 \mathrm{X}-0.9844$ | " | " | 62.12 | " | 147.7793 | 75.7234 |
| $1 \times X=1.065 \mathrm{X}-1.1963$ | " | " | 68.17 | " | 162.1736 | 91.1737 |
| IB $=1.145 \mathrm{X}-1.5384$ | " | " | 60.43 | " | 143.7672 | 71.6847 |
| $C L=0.923 \mathrm{X}-0.8181$ | " | " | 70.24 | " | 167.0921 | 96.8754 |
| $C D=0.629 \mathrm{X}-0.2831$ | " | n | 66.96 | " | 159.2810 | 87.9538 |
| $B D=0.875 X-0.2807$ | " | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 91.82 | " | 218.4171 | 165.3596 |
| $B W=1.030 \mathrm{X}-0.9167$ | " | " | 78.19 | " | 186.0042 | 119.9523 |
| $\mathrm{DH}=0.484 \mathrm{x}+0.5353$ | 27 | 64.33 | 45.59 | 153.2875 | 108.6298 | 77.0009 |
| $D B=0.798 \mathrm{X}-0.4347$ | 51 | 121.30 | 74.63 | 288.5374 | 177.5292 | 109.2689 |
| $A H=0.483 \mathrm{X}+0.3846$ | 33 | 78.63 | 50.67 | 187.3747 | 120.7429 | 77.8415 |
| $A B=0.846 x-0.5405$ | 50 | 118.92 | 73.58 | 282.8730 | 175.0312 | 108.3538 |
| $P T=0.474 \mathrm{x}+0.5134$ | 42 | 99.92 | 68.92 | 237.7372 | 163.9748 | 113.1202 |
| $P C=0.537 X+0.3677$ | 44 | 104.66 | 72.38 | 248.9764 | 172.1809 | 119.0944 |

Table XLIX. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning ciscoes of gill-raker group III from Doghead.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | SX | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL $=0.891 \mathrm{X}-0.3200$ | 187 | 448.16 | 339.48 | 1,074.1786 | 813.7045 | 616.4334 |
| $H D=0.890 x-0.5130$ | " | " | 302.94 | " | 726.1335 | 490.9672 |
| $E E=0.565 \mathrm{X}-0.1613$ | " | " | 223.05 | " | 536.8838 | 266.2178 |
| $S T=0.861 \times-0.8217$ | " | " | 232.21 | " | 556.6199 | 288.5575 |
| $\mathrm{MX}=0.831 \mathrm{X}-0.6305$ | " | " | 254.53 | " | 610.1076 | 346.6191 |
| $I B=0.991 \mathrm{X}-1.1467$ | " | " | 229.69 | " | 550.5971 | 282.3513 |
| $C L=1.091 \mathrm{X}-1.2166$ | " | " | 251.44 | " | 626.7013 | 366.0048 |
| $C D=0.754 x-0.4822$ | " | " | 247.74 | " | 593.8249 | 328.3668 |
| $B D=0.968 x-0.5005$ | " | " | 340.23 | " | 815.5119 | 619.2337 |
| $B W=0.884 \mathrm{X}-0.5730$ | " | " | 239.02 | " | 692.7723 | 446.9128 |
| $D H=0.623 \mathrm{X}+0.2085$ | 116 | 278.28 | 197.56 | 667.6668 | 473.9911 | 336.6150 |
| $D B=0.778 \mathrm{X}-0.3716$ | 185 | 443.36 | 276.19 | 1,062.6584 | 662.0003 | 412.5773 |
| $A H=0.484 X+0.3986$ | 94 | 225.15 | 156.44 | 539.3445 | 350.7851 | 228.2132 |
| $A B=0.872 \times-0.6007$ | 187 | 448.16 | 278.46 | 1,074.1786 | 667.4630 | 414.9182 |
| $P T=0.802 \mathrm{X}-0.2647$ | 150 | 359.74 | 248.80 | 862.8526 | 596.7691 | 412.8330 |
| $P C=0.825 \mathrm{X}-0.3203$ | 163 | 390.60 | 270.02 | 936.1202 | 647.1514 | 447.4690 |

Table L. Regression equations and other statistics for mature ciscoes of gill-rabar group I from Nukutawa River.


Table LI. Regression equations and other statistics for mature ciscoes of gill-raker group II from Nukutawa River.


Table LII. Regression equations and other statistics for mature ciscoes of gill-raker group III from Mukutawa River.

| Log <br> Body <br> Part | N | SX | SY | $s x^{2}$ | SXY | $s Y^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HL $=0.870$ X -0.2735 | 77 | 186.47 | 141.17 | 451.6269 | 341.4173 | 258.8783 |
| $H D=1.011 \times-0.7757$ | 78 | 188.89 | 130.46 | 457.4833 | 315.9859 | 218.2918 |
| $\mathrm{EE}=0.466 \mathrm{x}+0.0260$ | " | " | 90.0 .5 | " | 218.0966 | 104.0277 |
| $S T=0.918 \mathrm{X}-0.9540$ | " | " | 98.99 | * | 239.7710 | 125.7303 |
| $M X=0.892 \mathrm{X}=0.7660$ | " | " | 108.75 | 11 | 263.4050 | 151.7117 |
| $I B=1.102 \mathrm{X}-1.4220$ | " | " | 97.24 | * | 235.5432 | 121.3468 |
| $C L=0.848 \mathrm{X}-0.6727$ | " | " | 107.71 | " | 260.8841 | 149.0837 |
| $C D=0.766 x-0.5019$ | " | * | 105.54 | " | 255.6246 | 142.9010 |
| $B D=1.022 X-0.6263$ | " | " | 144.20 | " | 349.2602 | 266.6944 |
| BV $=0.989 \mathrm{X}-0.8151$ | " | " | 123.24 | " | 298.5003 | 194.8688 |
| $\mathrm{DH}=0.441 \mathrm{X}+0.6538$ | 77 | 186.45 | 132.56 | 451.5297 | 321.0086 | 228.2768 |
| $D B=0.951 \chi-0.7718$ | 78 | 188.89 | 119.43 | 457.4833 | 289.2717 | 182.9995 |
| $A H=0.565 \mathrm{X}+0.2022$ | * | " | 122.50 | " | 296.6851 | 192.4612 |
| $A B=0.890 x-0.6354$ | " | " | 118.55 | " | 287.1373 | 180.3119 |
| $P T=0.695 x-0.0064$ | $1{ }^{17}$ | " | 130.78 | " | 316.7436 | 219.3666 |
| $\mathrm{PC}=0.565 \mathrm{x}+0.3040$ | " | " | 130.44 | " | 315.9131 | 218.2244 |

Table LIII. Calculated average size in m. of body parts for three gill-raker groups of Bull Head ciscoes.

| St.L. | 200 mm. |  |  | 250 mm.$$ |  |  | 300 mm.$$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GR Group | I | II | III | I | II | III | I | II | III |
| HL | 51.5 | 52.6 | 57.2 | 62.3 | 64.3 | 66.4 | 72.8 | 75.6 | 74.9 |
| HD | 32.4 | 33.9 | 38.1 | 40.3 | 41.3 | 43.0 | 48.2 | 48.5 | 47.5 |
| EE | 14.5 | 15.0 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 15.9 | 16.3 | 17.6 | 16.8 | 18.0 |
| ST | 13.6 | 14.2 | 14.9 | 16.4 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 19.8 |
| MX | 18.9 | 20.2 | 19.6 | 22.8 | 22.5 | 23.4 | 26.5 | 24.6 | 27.1 |
| IB | 11.8 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 17.3 | 17.8 | 17.5 | 20.5 |
| CL | 17.5 | 17.3 | 17.6 | 20.9 | 21.7 | 21.7 | 24.2 | 26.0 | 25.8 |
| CD | 17.6 | 18.2 | 18.4 | 21.5 | 20.2 | 20.9 | 25.3 | 22.1 | 23.3 |
| BD | 54.6 | 60.1 | 58.2 | 68.5 | 65.6 | 67.6 | 82.5 | 70.5 | 76.5 |
| BW | 25.9 | 26.3 | 28.8 | 32.7 | 34.6 | 36.6 | 39.7 | 43.2 | 44.5 |
| DH | 46.7 | 49.5 | 44.8 | 54.8 | 50.2 | 52.7 | 62.4 | 50.7 | 60.3 |
| DB | 24.8 | 26.5 | 25.4 | 29.5 | 23.9 | 30.3 | 34.0 | 31.0 | 35.0 |
| AH | 32.6 | 32.7 | 30.2 | 38.6 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 44.3 | 39.4 | 42.7 |
| AB | 24.0 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 29.6 | 29.8 | 30.5 | 35.1 | 36.0 | 37.1 |
| PT | 39.9 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 49.4 | 45.7 | 47.2 | 58.9 | 51.3 | 53.5 |
| PC | 40.8 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 49.1 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 57.1 | 50.0 | 51.4 |

Table LIV. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for three gill-raker groups of Doghead ciscoes.

| st.L. | 200 mm . |  |  | 250 mm . |  |  | 300 mm . |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GR Group | I | II | III | $I$ | II | III | I | II | III |
| HL | 51.2 | 50.8 | 53.7 | 61.1 | 64.1 | 65.6 | 70.6 | 77.5 | 77.1 |
| HD | 32.1 | 33.3 | 34.3 | 38.8 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 45.4 | 49.1 | 49.2 |
| EE | 13.8 | 13.5 | 13.8 | 15.8 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 17.7 | 17.5 | 17.3 |
| ST | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 16.2 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 18.6 | 20.4 | 20.5 |
| 12 X | 18.6 | 18.0 | 19.1 | 21.9 | 22.8 | 23.0 | 25.0 | 27.7 | 26.8 |
| IB | 11.9 | 12.5 | 13.6 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 17.0 | 16.9 | 19.9 | 20.3 |
| CL | 19.0 | 20.2 | 19,7 | 24.0 | 24.8 | 25.1 | 28.9 | 29.4 | 30.6 |
| CD | 17.6 | 18.4 | 17.9 | 21.6 | 21.1 | 21.2 | 25.6 | 23.7 | 24.3 |
| BD | 52.5 | 54.0 | 53.3 | 69.9 | 65.7 | 66.2 | 88.2 | 77.1 | 79.0 |
| B7\% | 27.7 | 28.4 | 28.9 | 37.4 | 35.7 | 35.2 | 48.0 | 43.1 | 41.4 |
| DH | 44.1 | 44.6 | 43.9 | 52.2 | 49.6 | 50.4 | 60.0 | 54.2 | 56.5 |
| DB | 24.6 | 25.2 | 26.2 | 29.7 | 30.1 | 31.2 | 34.7 | 34.8 | 35.9 |
| AH | 30.9 | 31.3 | 32.5 | 37.8 | 34.9 | 36.2 | 44.5 | 38.1 | 39.6 |
| AB | 24.9 | 25.5 | 25.5 | 29.9 | 30.8 | 30.9 | 34.7 | 35.9 | 36.2 |
| PT | 38.9 | 40.2 | 38.1 | 46.0 | 44.7 | 45.5 | 52.9 | 48.7 | 52.7 |
| PC | 39.7 | 40.1 | 37.8 | 47.3 | 45.2 | 45.5 | 54.6 | 49.5 | 52.9 |

Table LV. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for three gill-raker groups of Mukutaza River ciscoes.

| St.L. | $200 \mathrm{mm}$ |  |  | 250 mm |  |  | 300 mm.$$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GR Group | I | II | III | I | II | III | I | II | III |
| HL | 50.1 | 50.9 | 53.5 | 60.6 | 61.3 | 65.0 | 70.7 | 71.4 | 76.1 |
| HD | 33.3 | 34.6 | 35.5 | 41.0 | 42.7 | 44.5 | 48.7 | 50.5 | 53.5 |
| ES | 12.6 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 16.5 | 15.4 | 15.1 |
| ST | 14.2 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 16.5 | 16.4 | 17.7 | 18.7 | 18.7 | 20.9 |
| IX | 19.0 | 18.0 | 19.3 | 22.3 | 21.6 | 23.6 | 25.4 | 25.1 | 27.8 |
| IB | 11.3 | 12.2 | 13.0 | 14.1 | 15.6 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 19.0 | 20.3 |
| CL | 17.1 | 18.7 | 19.0 | 21.8 | 22.4 | 23.0 | 26.6 | 26.0 | 25.8 |
| CD | 17.7 | 17.3 | 18.2 | 21.9 | 22.8 | 21.6 | 26.0 | 28.5 | 24.9 |
| BD | 54.0 | 52.0 | 53.1 | 69.1 | 69.5 | 66.7 | 84.4 | 88.0 | 80.4 |
| BM | 28.3 | 27.4 | 28.9 | 38.0 | 36.6 | 36.0 | 48.2 | 46.4 | 43.1 |
| DH | 44.6 | 43.2 | 46.6 | 53.2 | 51.4 | 51.4 | 61.4 | 59.2 | 55.7 |
| DB | 24.7 | 25.0 | 26.1 | 31.2 | 32.6 | 32.3 | 37.9 | 40.7 | 38.4 |
| AH | 31.4 | 30.2 | 32.8 | 38.0 | 36.5 | 36.1 | 44.3 | 42.7 | 40.0 |
| AB | 24.9 | 24.8 | 25.9 | 30.8 | 31.1 | 31.5 | 36.6 | 37.5 | 37.1 |
| PT | 38.2 | 38.5 | 39.2 | 46.8 | 45.9 | 45.7 | 55.1 | 53.0 | 51.9 |
| PC | 39.6 | 38.4 | 40.2 | 47.6 | 45.9 | 45.6 | 55.4 | 53.1 | 50.5 |

Table LVI．Results of analysis of covariance tests between 3 gill－raker groups of ciscoes for body parts of Lake Winnipeg samples．

| Body <br> Pert | BULL HEAD |  | DOGHEAD |  | MUKUTAWA R． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean |  | Mean |  | Mean |  |
|  | Sizo | Slope | Sizo | Slope | Size | Slope |
| HL | 4 | NS | ầ | \＆ | य̇खे | NS |
| HD | 4at | 如 | A12 | NS | ชิx | NS |
| EX | NS | NS | NS | NS | \＆${ }^{\text {x }}$ | NS |
| ST | 部 | NS | 能 | NS | 4it | NS |
| M | 衰新 | ES | （t） | \＆ | x่x | NS |
| IB | de | NS | 츷 | NS | צ่x | NS |
| CL | NS | NS | ＊ | NS | NS | NS |
| CD | NS | \％ | NS | tet | 建 | 娃 |
| BD | NS | 立 | 新 | 婎 | 发 | 立 |
| BW | 立 | NS | 立良 | 这 | tut | NS |
| DH | 退安 | ＊ | NS | NS | 4रे | \％ |
| DB | NS | NS | 就 | NS | xik | NS |
| ${ }_{\text {AH }}$ | य̇̀ | NS | 新 | 媛 | d $\mathrm{k}_{\text {k }}$ | NS |
| $A B$ | NS | MS | ＊ | NS | NS | NS |
| PT | む ${ }^{\text {ct }}$ | NS | NS | NS | 新 | NS |
| PC | NS | NS | 效 | NS | NS | NS |

Teble LVII. Average size in me of Lake Winnipeg ciscoes.

| Age | BULL PEAD |  |  | IOGFEAD |  |  |  |  |  | MUKUTAWA RIVER |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | I |  | II |  | III |  | I |  | II |  | III |  |
|  | F | F | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | $F$ | M | F | H | F |
| 2 | 180 |  | 244 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 136 | 116 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 220 |  |  |  | 135 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 119 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 229 | 218 | 232 | 216 | 192 | 218 | 224 | 243 | 241 | 184 | 173 |  | 234 |  | 215 |
| 5 | 229 | 227 | 237 | 217 | 230 | 242 | 240 | 245 | 249 | 230 | 218 | 235 | 239 | 255 | 258 |
| 6 | 230 | 232 | 241 | 233 | 239 | 243 | 246 | 248 | 254 | 238 | 247 | 273 | 276 | 265 | 271 |
| 7 | 224 | 236 |  | 230 | 240 | 241 | 233 | 262 | 268 | 251 | 252 | 308 | 287 | 270 | 268 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 280 | 274 | 264 | 304 | 325 | 276 |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 333 |  |  | 324 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 332 |  |  |

Table LVIII. Average count of meristio characters for Lake Winnipeg ciscoes.

| GR Group | BULL HEAD |  |  | DOGHIEAD |  |  | MUKUTATM R. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | I | II | III | I | II | III |
| DR | 10.2 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 10.7 | 10.8 |
| AR | 11.8 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 12.2 |
| Br | 9.1 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 9.0 |
| Sc | 62.2 | 62.0 | 61.2 | 62.9 | 63.9 | 64.0 | 61.8 | 66.4 | 62.0 |

Table LXX. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Lake Manitoba ciscoes.

| St.L. | 200 mm . |  | 250 mm . |  | 300 mm . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean Part | Ind. Pert | Moan Part | Ind. Part | Moan Part | Ind. Pert |
| HL | 49.7-50.5 | 47.1-53.2 | 61.0-62.1 | 57.9-65.4 | 71.8-73.7 | 68.5-77.4 |
| HD | 33.6-34.6 | 30.4-38.3 | 42.1-43.6 | 38.1-48.1 | 50.4-52.8 | 45.8-58.0 |
| EE | 14.0-14.3 | 12.8-15.6 | 16.0-16.5 | 14.7-17.9 | 17.8-18.5 | 16.4-20.0 |
| ST | 12.2-12.6 | 11.1-13.9 | 15.0-15.5 | 13.6-17.0 | 17.5-18.4 | 16.0-20.1 |
| MX | 16.5-17.0 | 15.1-18.7 | 20.0-20.6 | 18.2-22.6 | 23.2-24.2 | 21.3-26.4 |
| IB | 12.5-12.9 | 11.2-14.5 | 15.7-16.3 | 14.0-18.2 | 18.8-19.8 | 16.9-22.0 |
| CL | 17.4-18.6 | 14.2-22.8 | 21.0-22.5 | 17.1-27.6 | 24.2-26.6 | 20.0-32.3 |
| CD | 19.1-19.8 | 16.8-22.6 | 24.1-25.2 | 21.2-28.6 | 29.1-30.9 | 25.8-34.8 |
| BD | 53.9-55.9 | 47.5-63.4 | 72.1-75.4 | $63.8-85.2$ | 91.1-96.6 | 81.1-1C8.6 |
| EW | 25.5-25.6 | 22.0-30.8 | 34.5-36.3 | $30.0-41.9$ | 44.0-47.1 | 38.5-54.0 |
| DH | 45.6-47.0 | 41.6-51.6 | 54.3-56.1 | 49.6-61.5 | 62.3-65.2 | 57.2-71.1 |
| DB | 28.2-29.2 | 25.2-32.7 | 34.5-35.9 | 30.9-40.1 | 40.4-42.6 | 36.4-4?.4 |
| AH | 31.1-32.1 | 28.0-35.7 | 38.4-39.8 | 34.6-44.2 | 45.4-47.7 | 41.2-52.7 |
| $A B$ | 26.1-27.5 | 21.9-32.7 | 31.4-33.4 | 26.5-39.6 | 36.4-39.4 | 30.9-46.4 |
| PT | 38.7-39.7 | 35.9-42.8 | 47.8-49.1 | 44.3-52.9 | 56.5-58.7 | 52.6-63.0 |
| PC | $39.6-40.6$ | 36.4-44.2 | 47.9-49.4 | 44.1-53.6 | 55.8-58.1 | 51.6-62.8 |

Table LX. Fiducial limits for slope for Great Lakes samples.


Tsble LXI. Fiducial limits for slope for Manitobe ciscoes.

| Body Part | Lake <br> Man1tuba | Lake <br> Dauphin | Rocky <br> Lake | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Churehill } \\ & \text { River } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HLL | $0.732-0.834$ | 0.482-1.042 | 0.898-0.950 | 0.901-0.929 |
| HD | 0.741-0.863 | $0.478-1.132$ | 0.968-1.070 | 0.940-0.976 |
| ES | $0.411=0.561$ | -0.102-0.832 | 0.573-0.659 | $0.685-0.727$ |
| 5 T | $0.622-0.792$ | -0.317-1.823(M) | $0.860-0.958$ | $0.818-0.858$ |
|  |  | -0.096-1.856(F) |  |  |
| MX | 0.575-0.739 | $0.300-1.140$ | 0.827-0.901 | 0.858-0.902 |
| IB | 0.799-0.977 | $0.267-1.481$ | 0.970-1.084 | 0.965-1.009 |
| CL | $0.716-1.056$ | $-0.093-2.243$ | 0.744-0.952 | $0.906=0.986$ |
| CD | 0.909-0.977 | 0.256-1.518 | $1.000-1.130$ | 0.884-0.932 |
| BD | $0.649-0.839$ | $0.346-1.466$ | 1.259-1.385 | 0.911-1.073 (M) |
|  |  |  |  | 1.086-1.126(F) |
| BW | $0.904-1.122$ | 0.533-1.795 | 1.307-1.453 | 1.200-1.284(F) |
| DH | 0.589-0.827 | -0.585-1.873 | 0.734-0.842 | 0.747-0.791 |
| DB | 0.687-0.885 | $0.122-1.570$ | $0.856=0.970$ | 0.945-1.007 |
| AH | 0.663-0.921 | -0.161-0.925 | 0.904-1.012 | 0.791-0.845 |
| ${ }^{\text {AB }}$ | 0.741-0.945 | 0.198-1.226 | 0.764-0.940 | 0.792-0.986 (x) |
| PT | 0.709-0.929 | $0.035-1.757$ | 0.905-0.991 | $0.854-0.898$ |
| PC | $0.713-0.869$ | $0.059-1.513$ | 0.822-0.908 | 0.807-0.849 |


[^0]:    ASexes combined except for $B D$ and $A B$ (males only) and BW and PT (females only). ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Mean size at 282 mm . standard length.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\text {a Males only }}$
    bemales only

[^2]:    $a_{\text {at }} 219 \mathrm{~mm}$. standard length.

[^3]:    ${ }^{\text {a Males only. }}$

