FISHERIES RESEARCH BOARD OF CANAD'A

MANUSCRIPT REPORTS OF THE BIOLOGICAL STATIONS

No.

615

Title

Cisco analysis during the summer of 1956

Author

J. J. Keleher and E. Macklin

Biological Station, Winnipeg September 22, 1956

INTRODUCTION

The cisco project is concerned with the description and identification of the ciscoes, <u>Loudichthys</u> app., of Vestorn Canada. During the summer of 1956 it was planned to investigate the mor-"phometry of various samples of ciscoes previously collected and measured. The analysis would be similar to that made on the Lake Manicoba ciscoes (Keleher, 1956a). Statistical computations were completed but unfortunately interpretation of the results and presentation in a samuscript was not possible. In order to have a somewhat detailed record of the work for later use and to place the information on file, this report has been prepared. The various cisco populations (cf. Table 1) are treated under their respective locality headings.

RESULTS

CHURCHILL RIVER

The ciscoss from Churchil River were caught in 4 different sizes of gill nets, with the majority of fish collected in nets of 3 inch stretched seeh (Table II). Some indication of net selectivity is seen from an examination of this Table. Gillnet selection appears to affect particular ages -- 6, 7, and 8 in the 1½ inch mesh, 2 and 3 in the 3 inch mesh. The actual size of fish selected by a particular mesh undoubtedly does not correspond to the averages listed in the Table because all sizes of nets were not fished during the same time period. Gill-net selection was not allowed for in the morphometric analysis because the number of fish from a known mesh was small. If a correction factor was developed, it could not be applied to the remainder of the data. The sex condition of the ciscoes was as follows: 366 mature fish, 43 immature fish and 91 males of which there was doubt whether to classify as immature or mature. Their gond, although of "mature" size, was of a reddish colour. It was suspected that they might be fish that would mature for the first time in the fall. To establish if the sex condition should be taken into account in the morphometric analysis, the individual variates for head length and the standard length were plotted with the immature fish, undecided males, and mature fish in different colours. Inspection of this regression suggested that the data could be analyzed without reference to the sex condition.

Analysis of covariance tests were performed to determine whether fish of different sexes and ages could be combined with respect to the average size of their body parts. Table III gives the results of these tests. Table IV lists the calculated mean size of the body parts. Of the 16 measurements examined, the females probably differ from the males only in having a greater body width. Four measurements differed between ages at the 1 per cent level of significance, but 4 per cent was the greates difference of the means of the significant tests (Table V).

The tests for differences between slopes were not significant at the 1 per cent level with the exception of body depth and body width.

Regression equations have been computed, and listed in Table VI. The statistics used to derive these equations and to compare this population with others are also shown in the Table. The aver.cp wise of each part corresponding to three different

2,

standard lengths is given in Table VII. Table VIII records the fiducial limits at the three different standard lengths for the average of the sample and for any individual fish.

Analysis of variance tests for 5 meristic counts were made. Tests between ages of female fish were not significant and in the tests between ages of males only the dorsal and anal rays were significant at the 5 per cent level. Tests between males and females regardless of age were not significant. Statistics of the meristic counts are given in Table IX.

LAKE MICHIGAN

During the Board's sponsored visit to the Great Lakes area in 1952, specimens collected from Lake Michigan and identified by Walter Koels as <u>Loucicithys artedii</u> and <u>L. nigrininnis</u>, were measured at the Miseum of Zoology, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. Koels' <u>L. nigrininnis</u> sample was 51 fish, of which 48 were measured. His <u>L. artedii</u> sample was 265 fish, of which 206 were measured. From these samples the following morphometric information was obtained.

Variation between different size groups of j_* articli was examined which is a substitute for variation between ages. The data were divided into three arbitrary length groups irrespective of saxi less than 204 mm, 204 to 224 mm, 225 mm, and larger. For the average size fifteen measurements were not significant but the could pedunole length was significant at the 5 per cent level. Differences in slope were noted in dorsal height and pectoral length (1 per cent level), maxillary and anal base (5 per cent level). The tests for anal height and pelvic length would not "work" and no significant differences were found in the remaining measurements. It was considered that these three groups could be pooled without adversely affecting the value of the regression equations. This finding removes a personal opinion that some of the differences between Lake Michigan I_{\star} <u>artedi</u> and I_{\star} <u>nigriphinic</u>, as stated in Koels' monograph (1989), were the result of distiniar sized fish.

Regression equations and other data for the pooled data are given in Table X. Table XI records the mean size at 3 different standard lengths and Table XII lists the fiducial limits for these values.

Meristic counts of Koelz' Lake Michigan J. artedii sample were analyzed. No significant differences were found between eaxes but between length groups the gill-raker count and the branchiostegs' count were significant at the 1 per cent level. The means are as follows: <204 mm., 0.R. = 46.5, Br. = 8.2; 204 to 224 mm., 0.R. = 48.3, Br - 8.6; >225 mm., 0.R. = 47.9, Br = 8.7. Statistics on the combined data are listed in Table XIII.

Due to a lack of an adequate number of specimens for Koels' <u>Leucicithws migricinnis</u> sample no attempt was made to investigate differences in the measurements with respect to sex or size. The data were combined to give regression equations (Table XIV), average size at some standard lengths (Table XV) and fiducial limits (Table XV).

Tests between sexes for the meristic counts of the preceding spectrems were significant for doreal rays (1 per cent level) and anal rays (5 per cent level). The three remaining meristic counts were not significant.

The mean values were as follows: Males, D.R. = 10.5, A.R. = 11.9; Females, D.R. = 10.0 and A.R. 11.3 Statistics on the combined data are presented in Table XVII.

Koelz' Lake Michigan specimens of <u>L. artedii</u> and <u>L.</u> <u>migricultural</u> were compared (Table XVIII). The samples differ significantly in the average size for 15 out of 16 measurements tested.

Graphs were prepared in an attempt to ascertain possible differences in measuring techniques between the writer and W. Koelz. Koelz' actual measurements were obtained by converting the ratios in his monograph. Ten J. <u>migripinnis</u> and 22 J. <u>artedii</u> were available for a comparison with the writer's measurements. Unfortunately the results have not as yet been interpreted.

Specimens of <u>Leucichtwy arted11</u> from Lake Michtgan were secured by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in 1952. These specimens came from Green Bay (cf. Kelcher, 1953). The total sample was 200 fish of which 8 speciens were 3 years old, 173 were 4 years old, and 19 were 5 years old. Consequently no tests were performed between ages and only between sexes in the age-4 group. The results of these tests and a comparison of the mean size of the body parts are given in Table XIX. Mo significant differences were noted in the tests for slope.

Despite the few instances of differences in the average size of the measurements, the data ware grouped without respect to sex or age, to yield the regression equations listed in Table XX. Tables XXI and XXII record the calculated mean size of body parts and their fiducial limits.

Meristic counts were analyzed for differences between sexes at Age 4. No statistically significant results were obtained so that the data on both males and females were combined and tested between ages. All these tests were also not significant. Table XVIII shows the combined data.

LAKE HURON

Specimens of <u>levelohtwys artedii</u> from Lake Huron at South Bay were also measured. Data on a random sample of 272 fish from pound nets were analyzed. However, the preponderance of age 4 fish, n = 188, precluded tests being performed between ages and limited the tests between sexes to this one age group. Table XXIV reports on these results. The tests for alope were in no cases statistically different. The combined data were used to calculate the regression equations (Table XXV), calculated average size of body parts (Table XXV)and their fiducial limits (Table XXVI).

Analysis of variance tests for the meristic counts between sexes of age 4 fish were not significant while between ages of combined sexes the only test with a statistically significant result was the gill-rakers. It, however, was at the 5 per cent level. Data on the meristic counts for this collection is given in Table ZVVIII.

A comparison of the measurements of the F.R.B. <u>L. artedii</u> samples from Lake Michigan and Lake Huron was made. The results are listed in Table XXIX.

The meristic counts of the 4 samples of Great Lakes ciscoes previously discussed were compared. Two counts, anal rays and branchiostegals, were not significant while of the others,

dorsal rays was significant at the 5 per cent level and gill-rakers and scales were significant at the 1 per cent level. A similar test was performed between these four samples and the total data from the 4 Manitoba samples. All the meristic counts were found to be highly significant. The means of the counts involved in this test are reported in Table XXX.

LAKE DAUPHIN

Because of the small number of specimens in each age group, only age 5 fish were used in the tests for differences in body parts between the sexes. With respect to average size, two measurements, snout and anal base, were significantly different at the 1 per cent level. Three measurements, head depth, caudal peduncle length, and pelvic length were significantly different for solope -- snout at the 1 per cent level. However, the "anal base" test did not "work" for either average size or slope.

Table XXXI records the regression equations and other statistics while Table XXXII jists the calculated average size at 3 different standard lengths. Table XXXIII records the fiducial limits for body parts.

Meristic counts of the Lake Dauphin sample showed no significant differences between the sexes of age 5 fish or, after combining the sexes, between the ages 4 to 7. The combined data are recorded in Table XXIV.

ROCKY LAKE

No examination of differences in body parts or counts

between sexes or ages was made for this sample. Various aspects of the combined data are listed in Tables XXXV to XXVIII.

LAKE WINNIPEG

Although a bimodality of gill-raker counts for the lake Winnipe classes appears indicated, the "trough" of the distribution, when compared to that expected if each mode follows a normal euror, is too high (Kelaher, 1956b). This suggests that a third group of classes is present. To establish whether other "characters" agreed with this hypothesis, the relationship between gillraker groups and the body form of selected portions of the data was examined statistically.

Within the samples examined, ciscoss having a gill-raker count of from 33 to 43 were classified as Group I, counts of 44 to ' 53 were classified as Group II and counts of 55 to 67 were classified as Group III. Group I fish correspond to the nominal species <u>L. Zenithicus</u>, Group 2 corresponds to one or two nominal species, and Group 3 corresponds to nominal <u>L. micicon</u>.

Samples of the Lake Winnipeg data selected for analysis were the 1954 Bull Head collection, the 1950 Doghead collection and the 1947 Mukutawa River collection. The number of fish of each gill-raker group, subdivided into various categories, is listed in Table XXXIX. Of the ciscoes listed in the Table only the following were used for the analysis:

> Bull Head - Spawning females Deghead - Spawning males and females Mukutawa R. - mature males and females Analysis of covariance tests were performed to establish

if, within each sex, the various age groups could be combined. A listing of those body parts, which were significant for either mean size or slope is given for the Bull Head sample in Table XL, for the Doghead sample in Table XLI, and for the Mukutawa River sample in Table XLII. Because the majority of the tests were not significant, the data were combined for the purpose of considering differences between the sexes.

The results of these tests, Table XLIII, showed that the sexes could be combined in the two samples considered.

Regression equations and other statistics for each gillraker group for the 3 samples are given in Tables XLIV to LII.

The calculated average fize of the body parts at various standard lengths were computed. Table LIII records the Bull Head ciscoes while Tables LIV and LV record the Doghead and Mukutawa River ciscoes.

Analysis of covariance tests were used to discover if the average size and the slope of the data for each gill-raker group within any one sample were significantly different. The results are recorded in Table UN.

This Table reveals that 71 per cent of the tests were significantly different for average size and 27 per cent were significantly different for slope. Regression graphs (not presented) for this portion of the data were prepared from the data shown previously in Tables LHI to LV. Half of the graphs displayed the relationship of the greatest average size of measurement associated with group III fish. Group I fish had the smallest average measurements and group II had intermediate sized measurements. The other 50 per cent of the graphs revealed a variety of situations.

The results of the statistical analysis suggest that the heterogeneity displayed by the gill-raker counts is matched by many other measurements which strengthens the reported taxonomic discreteness of the ciscoes. However, the variation of the measurements with locality further decreases their utility for identification purposes.

Because of the dependence of the size of the body parts upon the growth rate of the fish, the average size at each age for groups I, II and III from the three localities in Lake Minniper is listed in Table WII.

Although contemplated, no enalysis of the differences in meristic counts between gill-raker groups is at present available. Table WHII records the means for the data when combined with respect to age and sex.

LAKE MANITOBA

Fiducial limits for the Lake Manitoba ciscoes (Keleher, 1956a) are recorded in Table LIX.

ALL SAMPLES

Fiducial limits for the slopes for the combined data from each locality have been calculated. Table IX lists them for the Great Lakes data and Table IXI for the Manitoba data.

LITERATURE CITED

Keleher, J.J. 1953. Growth of ciscoes, Lancichthyz spp., collected from five different lakes. MS Rep. Biol. Sta., No. 557, 21 pp. 1956a. Morphometry of Lake Manitoba ciscoes, Lancichthyz tullibee. MS Rep. Biol. Sta., No. 610, 29 pp.

1956b. Bull Head spawning study, 1954. App. 7, Rep. Summarizing Invest. Biol. Sta., Winnipeg to March 31, 1956.

Koelz, W. 1929. Coregonid fishes of the Great Lakes. Bull. U.S. Bur. Fish. Vol. XLIII, Part 1.

LIST OF TABLES

No.	Subject
I	Cisco collections.
II - IX	Churchill River.
X - XIII	Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii.
XIV - XVII	Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis.
XVIII	Comparison between Koelz' Lake Michigan samples of <u>Leucichthys</u> artedii and <u>Leucichthys</u> nigri- pinnis.
XIX - XXIII	F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii.
XXIV - XXVIII	F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii.
XXIX	Comparison between F.R.B. samples of <u>Leucichthys</u> artedii from Lakes Michigan and Huron.
XXX	Average count of meristic characters for cisco samples.
XXXI - XXXIV	Lake Dauphin.
XXXX - XXXVIII	Rocky Lake.
XXXIX - LVIII	Lake Winnipeg.
LIX	Lake Manitoba.
LX	Fiducial limits for slope for Great Lakes samples.
TXI	Fiducial limits for slope for Manitoba ciscoes.

Abbreviations used in the tables

Boo	iy	parts	
HL	-	head length	BD - body depth
HD	-	head depth	BW - body width
EE	-	eye	DH - dorsal fin height
ST	-	snout	DB - dorsal fin base
MX	-	maxillary	AH - anal fin height
IB	-	interorbital	AB - anal fin base
CL	-	caudal peduncle length	PT - pectoral fin lengt
CD	-	caudal peduncle depth	PC - pelvic fin length

GR - gill-rakers	Sc - lateral line scales
DR - dorsal rays	Br - branchiostegals
AR - anal rays	

Others

Meristic counts

C - count	M - males or mean (arithmetic average)
f - frequency	F - females
n or N - number of fish	S - sigma (sum of)
St L - standard length	

l esterisk (%) denotes that the test exceeded the 5 per cent level. 2 esterisks (%%) denotes that the test exceeded the 1 per cent level. N.S. - denotes that the test <u>did not</u> exceed the 5 per cent level.

Year Collected	Sample	I.B.M. No.	F.R.B.C. Tag Nos.	n
1953	Churchill River	18	2851-3352ª	500
1920	Koelz Lake Michigan L. <u>nigririnnis</u>	73		48
1920	Koelz Lake Michigan L. <u>artedii</u>	74		206
1952	F.R.B. Lake Michigan L. artedii	75	2351-2550, 2848 ⁰	200
1952	F.R.B. Lake Huron L. artedii	76	5622-5921°	294
1951	Lake Dauphin	02	5463-5560	98
1951	Rocky Lake	12	5051-5109	59
1947	Lake Winnipeg Mukutawa River	57		491
1950	Doghead	47	1350-1772 ^d	414
1954	Bull Head	41	3753-4108, 4177-4201 ⁸	372
				2682

Table I. Cisco collections for which morphometric data are presented in this report.

a	-	Omit		2892, 2939.	
Ъ	-	29		2356.	
c	-			5711-5715, 5726.	
d	-		 19	1368, 1430, 1481, 1507, 1582, 1670, 1671, 1677, 1704.	
0	-	**		3842, 3987, 4061, 4062, 4066, 4070, 4072, 4073, 4093.	

iot Sigo				NOE SOM				
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
1ª menh								
The second	2	1		3				
SX	995	166		759				1,260
	56,153	27.556		192,851				276,560
M	167.5	166.0		253.0				210.0
" mosh								
R	2	20	9	26	19	1		77
SX	348	4,179	2,097	6,819	5,216	319		18,978
sy2	60,602	877,209	491,017	1,792,479	1,434,760	101,761		4,757,828
м	174.0	209.0	233.0	262.3	19 5,216 1,434,760 274.5	319.0		246.5
* nesh								
n			5	57	105	51	7	225
er			1.330	15,706	29,842	15,243	2,168	64, 289
SX SX2			354,336	4,332,994	8,497,410	4,569,693	672,684	18,427,117
N			266.0	275.5	284.2	298.9	309.1	225 64,289 18,427,117 ~285.7
em bexit	ah							
n	4	25	22	65	60	14	2	192
SX	668	5,131	4,972	17,113	16,745	4,150	648	49,427
SX2	11,624	1,064,577	1,130,006	4,532,263	4,694,981	1,236,366	210,834	12,880,651
M	167.0	205.2	226.0	263.3	279.1	296.4	324.0	192 49,427 12,880,651 257.4
11 mosh								
	8	66	36	151	184	66	9	500 133,954 36,342,156 267.9
ev	1 951	0 476	0.100	40.397	51,803	19,712	2.816	133,954
ers	108.370	1.969.342	1.025.350	10.850.587	14.627.151	5,907,820	883.518	36,342,156
WA	148.0	504 0	939.9	247.5	501.5	208.7	312.9	267.9

Table II. Statistics for standard length of Churchill River ciscoss.

Category	Between	Sexes		Between Ages 2	to 8
Body Part	Age 5	Age 6	Males	Females	Both Sexes
HL	NS	NS			ŧċ
HD	NS	NS			*
EE	NS	NS			± ±
ST	NS	NS			NS
MX	NS	NS			*
IB	NS	NS			2 2
CL	NS	NS			*
CD	NS	ż			NS
BD	NS	ŧ	NS	MS	NS
BW	NS	**	**	NS	22
DH	NS	NS			NS
DB	MS	NS			NS
AH	*	NS			NS
AB	NS	NS	NS	NS	*
PT	NS	NS	NS	NS	115
PC	NS	NS			125

Table III. Results of analysis of covariance tests for mean size of body parts of Churchill River ciscoes.

	Age 5 Age 6b				Between Ages ⁸							
	M	F	M	F	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Total Sampleb
HL	58.9	59.2	61.9	62.0	58.9	58.7	58.9	59.1	59.2	59.6	58.7	59.1
HD	37.6	37.9	39.6	39.8	38.1	37.5	37.8	37.8	38.0	38.1	37.3	37.9
EB	15.2	15.3	15.7	15.7	15.2	15.0	15.1	15.3	15.1	15.2	15.5	15.2
ST	15.4	15.4	16.1	16.0	15.2	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.5	15.3	15.4
MX	19,9	19.9	21.2	21.0	19.8	20.1	20.0	19.9	20.2	20.2	20.0	20.1
IB	15.1	15.0	15.8	15.8	14.8	15.0	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.2	15.4	15.1
CL	27.6	28.2	29.5	29.3	27.8	29.1	28.0	27.9	28.0	28.5	27.3	28.2
CD	20.4	20.5	21.1	21.5	20.0	20.2	20.5	20.5	20.4	20.5	20.5	20.4
BD	58.3	58.7	61.1	62.2	'53.1	57.8	58.2	58.3	58.0	59.0	64.4	58.3
БW	33.4	33.2	34.6	35.3	33.1	32.7	32.2	33.2	33.1	32.9	31.9	33.0
DH	50.5	50.2	52.2	52.4	49.0	50.8	51.0	50.4	50.4	50.8	50.1	50.5
DB	34.3	34.5	35.9	35.7	34.1	34.0	34.4	34.4	34.1	34.0	34.0	34.2
AH	32.6	32.1	33.6	34.0	31.4	32.2	32.6	32.4	32.5	32.4	31.4	32.4
AB	29.8	29.8	33.7	33.4	28.3	29.6	29.9	29.8	29.8	28.6	31.1	29.6
PT	43.6	43.2	45.2	45.3	41.8	43.6	44.1	43.2	43.3	43.8	44.1	43.4
PC	43.4	42.7	45.0	44.9	42.0	43.6	43.1	43.0	43.1	43.4	43.6	43.2

Table IV. Calculated mean size in mm. of body parts of Churchill River ciscoes, at 268 mm. standard length except where noted.

asexes combined except for ED and AB (males only) and BW and PT (females only). bMean size at 282 mm. standard length.

100 200	GREATEST ACT	UAL DIFF. (mm.)	GREATEST PERCENTAGE DIFF.				
	Sex ^a	Age	Sexa	Age			
HL	0.3	0.9	0.5	1.5			
HD	0.3	0.8	0.8	2.1			
RE	0.1	0.5	0.6	3.3			
ST	0.1	0.3	0.6	3.9			
MX	0.2	0.4	0.9	2.0			
IB	0.1	0.6	0.7	4.0			
CL	0.6	1.8	2.1	6.6			
CD	0.4	0.5	1.9	2.4			
BD	1.1	6.6	1.8	10.2			
BM	0.7	1.3	2.0	3.9			
DH	0.3	2.0	0.6	0.4			
DB	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.2			
AH	0.5	1.2	1.5	3.7			
AB	0.3	2.8	0.9	9.0			
PT	0.4	2.3	0.9	5.2			
PC	0.7	1.6	1.6	3.7			

Table V. Differences in calculated mean size of body parts of Churchill R. ciscoes. For calculated mean size see Table IV.

aGreatest actual diff. of either age 5 or 6.

Log Body Part					N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY ²
HL =	0.915	x	-	0.4501	500	1211.94	883.91	2939.3604	2144.1050	1564.1527
HD =	0.958	x	-	0.7478	499	1209.72	785.76	2934.4320	1906.5583	1239.0142
E =	0.706	x	-	0.5332	500	1211.94	589.07	2939.3604	1429.0807	695.0749
ST .	0.838	х	-	0.8473	"		591.95	"	1436.2934	702.2137
ex =	0.880	х	-	0.8339			649.53	"	1575,9352	845.3493
(B .	0.987	x	-	1.2187	"	"	586.85	"	1424.1949	690.7075
L =	0.946	X	-	0.8473			722.83	"	1753.7222	1047.2079
D =	0.908	x	-	0.8948			653.03	"	1584.4671	854.5989
D =	0.992	х	-	0.6431 ⁸			881.56		2138.6840	1556.6222
-	1.106	х	-	0.9169 ^b	-	-	-	-	-	-
m =	1.242	x	-	1.4974 ^b	500	1211.94	756.27	2939.3604	1835.2549	1146.7735
H .	0.769	х	-	0.1641	499	1209.43	848.16	2933.0603	2057.0425	1442.8776
B =	0.976	x	-	0.8359	500	1211.94	764.92	2939.3604	1855.7960	1172.2893
H =	0.818	х	-	0.4759	499	1209.48	751.89	2933.3088	1823.8777	1134.4185
AB .	0.889	x	-	0.6865 ⁸	"	1209.45	732.39	2933.1603	1776.7742	1076.950
PT =	0.876	х	-	0.4880	500	1211.94	817.66	2939.3604	1983.4537	1338.6968
- D	0.828	x	-	0.3753			815.86		1979.0075	1332.6526

Table VI. Regression equations and other statistics for Churchill River ciscoes. X = log standard length and Y = log part.

aMales only bFemales only

Standard	Length	200 mm.	250 mm.	300 mm.
HL		45.2	55.5	65.5
HD		28.6	35.4	42.2
EE		12.3	14.4	16.4
ST		12.0	14.5	16.9
MX		15.5	18.9	22.2
IB		11.3	14.1	16.8
CL		21.4	26.4	31.3
CD		15.6	19.2	22.6
BD	(males only)	43.6	54.4	65.2
BD	(females only)	42.5	54.4	66.5
BW	(females only)	22.9	30.3	37.9
DH		40.6	47.8	55.4
DB		25.7	32.0	38.2
AH		25.5	30.6	35.5
AB	(males only)	22.9	27.9	32.8
PT		33.7	41.0	48.1
PC		33.9	40.8	47.4

Table VII. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for Churchill River ciacoes.⁶

"Males and females combined except where noted.

St.L.	200	m.	250	m.	300 mm.		
	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Moan Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	
HL	44.9-45.5	42.6-48.0	55.3-55.6	52.3-58.8	65.3-65.8	61.8-69.5	
HD	28.4-28.8	26.6-30.8	35.3-35.6	33.0-38.1	42.0-42.4	39.2-45.4	
BB	12.2-12.5	11.3-13.5	14.4-14.5	13.3-15.7	16.3-16.5	15.1-17.9	
ST	11.9-12.2	11.1-13.0	14.5-14.6	13.4-15.8	16.8-17.0	15.6-18.4	
MX	15.4-15.7	14.2-17.0	18.8-19.0	17.3-20.7	22.1-22.3	20.3-24.3	
IB	11.2-11.4	10.3-12.4	14.0-14.1	12.8-15.4	16.7-16.9	15.4-18.4	
CL	21.0-21.7	18.1-25.2	26.2-26.6	22.4-31.0	31.0-31.6	26.6-36.9	
CD	15.5-15.8	14.2-17.3	19.1-19.3	17.3-21.2	22.5-22.8	20.5-25.0	
BD (M)	42.8-44.4	38.9-48.9	54.0-54.9	48.6-61.0	64.4-66.0	58.2-73.1	
" (F)	41.8-43.1	38.1-47.4	54.0-54.8	48.7-60.6	66.0-67.0	59.6-74.2	
BW (F)	22.6-23.3	20.7-25.4	30.1-30.5	27.4-33.4	37.7-38.2	34.3-41.9	
DH	39.9-40.7	36.8-44.1	47.6-48.1	43.7-52.4	54.8-55.4	50.3-60.3	
DB	25.4-26.0	22.6-29.2	31.8-32.2	28.2-36.3	37.9-38.5	33.6-43.3	
AH	25.2-25.8	22.8-28.4	30.4-30.8	27.4-34.1	35.3-35.7	31.8-39.6	
AB (M)	22.4-23.4	19.9-26.2	27.6-28.2	24.3-32.0	32.3-33.3	28.6-37.6	
PT	33.4-34.0	30.8-36.9	40.8-41.2	37.4-44.9	47.8-48.3	43.9-52.6	
PC	33.6-34.2	31.1-36.9	40.6-40.9	37.4-44.4	47.2-47.6	43.5-51.7	

Table VIII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Churchill River ciscoes.

		GR		Sc		DR	AR	Br
	c	£	c	£	c	f	£	f
	39	4		2				
	40	15	64	ĩ				
	41	33	65	î			1	
	42	72	66	5	6			1
	43	94	67	10	7			3
	44	95	68	15	8		ï	116
	45	101	69	28	9	4		302
	46	43	70	41	10	121	20	77
	47	27	71	36	11	282	167	1
	48	14	72	57	12	89	247	
	49	14	73	64	12	3	62	
	50	1	73	50	13		2	
			79					
	••			50		••		
	••	••	76	34		••		••
			77	35				
			78	34				
	••		79	17				
	••		80	12				
			81	3				
			82	4				
			83	0				
			84	1				
2		500		498	Section Co	499	499	500
lean		43.8		73.5		10.9	11.7	8.9
X	91	,918	26	622		5,455	5,843	4,454
x2		,604	2,698			59,869	68,709	39,890

Table IX. Statistics of meristic counts for Churchill River ciscoes.

Log Body Part			THE	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL .	0.875	x	- 0.3353	206	477.65	348.39	1108.8743	808.9918	590.2763
HD :	0.980	x	- 0.7976	205	475.39	302.37	1103.7667	702.5107	447.3425
EE :	0.637	x	- 0.3596	206	477.65	230.18	1108.8743	534.5774	257.9466
ST :	0.842	x	- 0.8527	205	475.26	225.36	1103.1622	523.5953	248.8556
MX :	0.787	x	- 0.6098	203	470.65	246.63	1092.5321	572.8621	300.6089
IB .	1.087	x	- 1.4386	"	470.77	219.71	1093.0817	510.9732	239.5281
L :	0.962	x	- 0.8682	206	477.65	280.66	1108.8743	652.0645	384.0268
D.	1.082	x	- 1.3047	201	465.81	236.36	1080.8357	549.2036	279.7550
BD :	1.323	x	- 1.4248	188	436.65	309.83	1015.3949	721.2387	513.0917
w .	1.286	x	- 1.6348	202	468.34	272.05	1087.1660	632.4399	368.9801
DH .	0.795	x	- 0.3064	204	473.12	313.62	1098.5994	728.4116	483.1518
DB :	1.014	x	- 1.0227	206	477.65	273.68	1108.8743	635.9497	365.2392
H .	0.881	x	- 0.6871	202	468.28	273.75	1086.9026	635.7823	372.2983
AB .	0.895	x	- 0.7451	206	477.65	274.01	1108.8743	636.5544	365.8025
т.	0.888	x	- 0.5349			313.96		729.1760	479.7098
PC .	0.867	x	- 0.5027			310.56		721.2646	469.3686

Table X. Regression equations and other statistics for some of Koels' Lake Michigan Laucichthys artedii specimens.

standard Length	200 mm.	250 mm.	300 mm.
нг	47.6	57.9	68.0
HD	28.7	35.7	42.7
KE	12.8	14.7	16.5
ST	12.2	14.7	17.1
MX	15.9	18.9	21.9
IB	11.6	14.7	17.9
CL	22.2	27.4	32.7
CD	15.3	19.5	23.7
BD	41.6	55.9	71.2
BII	21.1	28.1	35.5
DH	33.3	39.8	46.0
DB	20.4	25.6	30.8
AH	21.9	26.6	31.3
AB	20.6	25.2	29.6
PT	32.2	39.3	46.2
PC	31.1	37.7	44.2

Table XI. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Laucichthys artedii specimens.

St.L.	200	mm.	250	mm.	300 mm.		
	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	
HL	47.4-47.8	44.9-50.5	57.6-58.2	54.6-61.4	67.4-68.6	64.1-72.2	
НD	28.5-28.9	26.6-31.0	35.4-36.0	33.0-38.6	42.2-43.2	39.5-46.2	
SB	12.7-12.9	11.1-14.7	14.5-14.9	12.8-16.9	16.1-16.9	14.3-19.0	
ST	12.1-12.3	10.7-13.9	14.5-14.9	12.9-16.7	16.8-17.4	15.0-19.4	
εx	15.8-16.0	14.1-17.9	18.7-19.1	16.8-21.3	21.5-22.3	19.4-24.7	
ЕВ	11.5-31.7	10.2-13.2	14.5-14.9	12.9-16.7	17.6-18.3	15.7-20.4	
CL	21.9-22.5	18.2-27.1	26.9-27.9	22.4-33.5	31.7-33.7	26.7-40.0	
DD	15.1-15.5	13.0-17.9	19.1-19.1	16.6-22.9	23.1-24.4	20.2-27.8	
BD	41.0-42.2	34.4-50.4	54.8-57.0	46.1-67.7	69.1-73.4	58.7-86.4	
BW	20.8-21.4	17.1-26.0	27.5-28.7	22.8-34.7	34.4-36.7	28.7-43.9	
DH	33.0-33.6	29.3-37.8	39.3-40.3	35.0-45.2	45.1-46.9	40.4-52.3	
DB	20.2-20.6	17.4-23.9	25.2-26.0	21.8-30.0	30.1-31.6	26.2-36.2	
AH	21.6-22.2	18.5-25.9	26.2-27.0	22.5-31.5	30.5-32.1	26.4-37.1	
AB	20.4-20.8	17.6-24.2	24.8-25.6	21.5-29.6	28.9-30.3	25.2-34.8	
PT	31.9-32.5	28.5-36.4	38.8-39.8	34.7-44.5	45.3-47.1	40.8-52.3	
PC	30.8-31.4	27.4-35.3	37.2-38.2	33.2-42.8	43.4-45.1	38.9-50.3	

Table XII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii ciscoes.

	G	GR		Se		DR	AR	Br
	¢	£	c	£	c	f	f	f
	40	2		8				
	41	2	63	1				
	42	6	64	ô				
	43	10	65	5				
	44	19	66	3			2	ï
	45	14	67	3	6			3
	46	21	68	4	7			12
	47	29	69	3	8	5		87
	48	29	70	8	9	38		88
	49	26	71	8	10	103	26	15
	50	19	72	12	10	54	20	
	51	19	73	16	12	5	83	••
	52	19	73	10	12	5	83	
	53	3	79	15				
		3	75	15				
	54							
	55	1	77	21				
			78	11			••	
			79	16				
			80	15				
			81	7				
			82	3				
			83	7				
			84	2	••			
			85	4				
			86	2				
			87	1				
		206		198		206	204	205
an		47.2		75.7		10.1	11.4	8.5
	9.	722	14	.983		2,079	2,331	1,740
2	462		1,138			21,121	26, 783	14,892

Table XIII. Statistics of meristic counts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Laucichthys artedii specimene.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY ²
HL = 0.818 X - 0.1704	48	115.49	86.29	277.9795	207.7039	155.2047
HD = 0.916 X - 0.5954	-	-	77.21		185.8674	124.2965
EE = 0.468 X = 0.0680	-		57.31		137.9397	68.4741
ST = 0.844 X - 0.8159	•	-	58.31		140.3856	70.9443
MX = 0.853 X - 0.7013	-		64.85		156.1221	87.7129
IB = 1.196 X = 1.7066	-		56.21		135.3702	66.0171
CL = 1.063 X - 1.1336	47	113.05	66.89	272.0259	161.0030	95.3937
CD = 1.123 X - 1.3767	48	115.49	63.61	277.9795	153.1671	84.4873
BD = 1.280 X - 1.2449	42	101.08	77.10	243.3692	185.6862	141.7476
BW = 1.076 X - 1.0870	48	115.49	72.09	277.9795	173.5654	108.4753
DH = 0.812 X - 0.2462	45	108.31	76.87	260.7949	185.1026	131.4025
DB = 1.019 X - 0.9861	48	115.49	70.35	277.9795	169.3728	103.2537
AH = 0.837 X - 0.4944	45	108.25	68.36	260.4977	164.5244	103.9428
AB = 0.753 X = 0.3513	47	113.00	68.58	271.7794	164.9581	100.1660
PT = 0.836 X - 0.3202	48	115.49	81.18	277.9795	195.4109	137.4068
PC = 0.896 X - 0.4862			80.14		192.9150	133.9038

Table XIV. Regression equations and other statistics for some of Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis specimens.

St.L.	200 mm.	250 mm.	300 mm.
HL	51.5	61.8	71.8
HD	32.5	39.9	47.2
EE	14.0	15.5	16.9
ST	13.4	16.1	18.8
MX	18.3	22.1	25.8
IB	11.1	14.5	18.0
CL	20.5	26.0	31.6
CD	16.1	20.7	25.4
BD	50.1	66.8	84.3
BW	24.5	31.1	37.9
DH	41.9	50.2	58.2
DB	22.8	28.7	34.5
AH	27.0	32.6	37.9
AB	24.1 .	28.5	32.7
PT	40.1	48.4	56.3
PC	37.6	46.0	54.1

Table IV. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Laucichthys nigripinnis specimens.

St.L.	200	mm.	250	mm.	300 mm.		
	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	
HL	50.3-52.7	48.1-55.2	61.2-62.4	57.9-66.0	70.6-73.0	67.1-76.7	
HD	31.7-33.4	30.1-35.2	39.5-40.3	37.0-43.0	46.3-48.1	43.7-50.9	
EE	13.4-14.5	12.5-15.6	15.3-15.7	13.9-17.3	16.4-17.4	15.1-18.8	
ST	12.8-14.0	11.7-15.3	15.8-16.4	14.2-18.3	18.2-19.5	16.5-21.4	
MX	17.6-18.9	16.5-20.2	21.8-22.4	20.0-24.4	25.2-26.5	23.3-28.5	
IB	10.6-11.7	9.6-12.9	14.2-14.8	12.6-16.7	17.4-18.7	15.6-20.8	
CL	19.2-22.0	16.7-25.2	25.3-26.8	21.4-31.7	30.0-33.3	25.8-38.6	
D	15.2-17.1	13.6-19.1	20.2-21.2	17.6-24.4	24.4-26.5	21.5-30.1	
BD	47.4-53.0	42.6-59.1	65.2-68.4	57.1-78.0	80.9-87.8	71.9-98-3	
BW	22.9-26.2	19.9-30.1	30.3-32.0	25.6-37.9	36.0-39.9	31.0-46.3	
DH	40.3-43.5	37.4-46.9	49.4-51.0	45.1-55.9	56.6-59.9	52.2-65.0	
DB	21.8-23.9	19.9-26.2	28.1-29.2	25.1-32.7	33.4-35.7	30.2-39.5	
AH	25.8-28.2	23.8-30.7	32.0-33.2	28.8-36.8	36.7-39.2	33.5-43.0	
AB	22.9-25.3	20.8-27.9	27.9-29.1	24.7-32.8	31.4-33.9	28.3-37.7	
T	38.3-42.0	35.0-46.0	47.4-49.3	42.4-55.1	54.4-58.3	49.2-64.4	
PC	36.4-38.9	34.1-41.5	45.3-46.6	41.9-50.5	52.8-55.4	49.2-59.6	

Table XVI. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Koelz' Lake Michigan Leucichthys nigripinnis ciscoes.

1.1.1.1	GR	5	c		ER	AR	Br
	f	c	£	c	f	f	f
42	1	68	1				
43		69	2				
			2	7			••
44		70	3	7			3
45	4	71	3	8 9			16
46		72	3 2 6	9	5		29
45		73	6	10	30	2	
48		74	2	11	11	21	
49		75	5	12	2	22	
50	7	76	7	13		2	
51	2	77	2	14		1	
52	2	78	5				
		79	5				
		80	4				
		81	0				
		82	1				
	48		48		48	48	48
an	47.3		75.1		10.2	11.6	8.
	2,271		607		490	555	410
	7,731	271,			5.024	6,443	3,520

Table XVII. Statistics for maristic counts for Koelz' Lake Michigan Loucichthys nigripinnis specimens.

-					
	Body Part	Mean Size	Slope		
	HL	żż	N5		
	HD	**	NS		
	EE	**	NS		
	ST	88	NS		
	MX	**	NS		
	IB	NS	MS		
	CL	2 2	NS		
	CD	**	MS		
	BD	22	22		
	BW	**	NS		
	DH	**	NS		
	DB	**	NS		
	AH	ż tł	άά		
	AB	\$\$	NS		
	PT	\$\$	NS		
	PC	22	#2		

Table XYIII. Results of analysis of covariance tests for body parts when comparing Keelz' Lake Michigan <u>Leucichthys artedii</u> and <u>Leucichthys nigrichtmis</u> specimens.

Body	Results of Covariance	Mean	Sizo®	Greatest	Greatest
Part	Tests	м	F	Diff. mm.	Percentage Diff. mm.
HL	*	50.5	51.0	0.5	1.0
HD	NS	29.8	29.9	0.1	0.3
SE	NS	14.5	14.6	0.1	0.7
ST	NS	14.0	14.1	0.1	0.7
MX	NS	17.9	17.9	0	0
IB	22	12.2	11.9	0.3	2.5
CL	NS	22.6	22.6	0	0
CD	ź	14.7	15.0	0.3	2.0
BD	NS	43.5	44.0	0.5	1.1
BM	NS	24.2	24.5	0.3	1.2
DH	**	36.4	35.6	0.8	2.2
DB	NS	22.7	22.2	0.5	2.2
AH	**	25.2	24.5	0.7	2.8
AB	**	23.7	22.8	0.9	3.8
PT	**	36.3	35.0	1.3	3.6
PC	**	34.8	33.4	1.4	4.0

Table XIX. Comparison between sexes of age 4 F.R.B. Lake Michigan Loucichthys artedii ciscoes.

^aAt 219 mm. standard length.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY 2
HL = 0.702 X + 0.06	39 200	468.30	341.53	1096.6256	799.7635	583.3001
HD = 0.692 X - 0.14	36 "		295.34		691.6086	436.2570
EE = 0.311 X + 0.43	60 199	465.95	231.68	1091.1031	542.5002	269.8466
ST . 0.568 X - 0.18	06 200	468.30	229.89	1096.6256	538.3449	264.3839
MX = 0.575 X - 0.09	14 "		250.99		587.7513	315.0963
IB = 0.840 X - 0.88	58 "		216.22	"	506.3641	233.9770
CL = 1.135 X - 1.30	08 "	"	271.36		635.5043	368.5428
CD = 0.723 X - 0.51	97 "		234.64	"	549.4828	275.4392
BD = 0.967 X - 0.62	02 199	465.95	327.14	1091.1031	766.0821	538.0658
BW = 0.928 X - 0.78	57 "		276.04		646.4297	383.2090
DH = 0.519 X + 0.34	13 "	465.97	309.76	1091.1967	725.3733	482.3086
DB = 0.787 X - 0.493	10 200	468.30	270.35	1096.6256	633.1041	365.6955
AH = 0.610 X - 0.03	20 "		279.26		653.9490	390.1110
AB = 0.803 X - 0.514	12 "		273.20		639.7791	373.4490
PT = 0.625 X + 0.089	98 "		310.65		727.4503	482.6919
PC = 0.439 X + 0.504	18 *		306.54		717.8078	469.9466

Table XX. Regression equations and other statistics for F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artadii specimens.

St.L.	200 mm.	250 mm.	300 mm.
HL	47.8	55.9	63.5
HD	28.1	32.8	37.2
EB	14.2	15.2	16.1
ST	13.4	15.2	16.8
MX	17.0	19.4	21.5
IB	11.1	13.4	15.7
CL	20.5	26.4	32.4
CD	13.9	16.4	18.7
BD	40.3	50.0	59.6
BW	22.4	27.5	32.6
DH	34.3	38.5	42.4
DB	20.9	24.9	28.7
Ан	23.5	27.0	30.1
AB	21.6	25.8	29.8
PT	33.7	38.8	43.4
PC	32.7	36.1	39.1

Table XXI. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts of F.R.B. Lake Michigan Laucichthys artedii specimens.

St.L.	200 mm.			250 mm.		300 mm.	
_	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Hean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Pert	
HL	47.4-48.2	45.0-50.7	55.3-56.5	52.6-59.3	61.9-65.1	59.6-67.7	
HD	27.7-28.5	25.6-30.8	32.2-33.4	29.9-36.0	35.8-38.7	33.7-41.1	
EE	14.0-14.4	12.8-15.8	14.9-15.5	13.7-16.9	15.4-16.8	14.4-18.0	
ST	13.2-13.6	12.0-14.9	14.9-15.5	13.7-16.9	16.1-17.6	15.0-18.9	
MX	16.8-17.3	15.6-18.7	19.0-19.7	17.7-21.3	20.7-22.4	19.5-23.8	
IB	10.9-11.3	9.8-12.6	13.1-13.8	11.9-15.2	14.9-16.5	13.7-17.9	
CL	20.0-20.9	17.5-23.9	25.6-27.1	22.5-30.8	30.3-34.6	27.4-38.4	
CD	13.7-14.1	12.5-15.5	16 0-16.7	14.7-18.2	17.9-19.5	16.7-20.9	
BD	39.5-41.1	35.1-46.2	48.7-51.3	43.5-57.4	52.2-63.2	51.4-69.1	
BW	21.9-22.9	19.2-26.0	26.7-28.3	23.6-32.0	30.5-34.8	27.7-38.4	
DH	33.8-34.9	30.7-38.3	37.7-39.3	34.5-43.1	40.4-44.4	37.6-47.7	
DB	20.5-21.3	18.1-24.1	24.2-25.6	21.6-28.7	27.0-30.5	24.7-33.5	
AH	23.1-24.0	20.8-25.6	26.3-27.6	23.8-30.5	28.6-31.8	26.4-34.4	
AB	21.1-22.0	18.7-24.8	25.1-26.5	22.3-29.8	28.1-31.7	25.6-34.8	
PT	33.2-34.3	29.9-38.0	37.9-39.7	34.4-43.7	41.3-45.7	38.2-49.4	
PC	32.3-33.2	29.6-36.2	35.4-36.8	32.6-40.0	37.5-40.8	35.1-43.6	

Table XXII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii ciscoss.

	1	3R		Sc		DR	AR	Br
	c	f	c	f	c	f	£	£
	41	1	67	2				
	42	4	68	1				
	43	14	69	5				
	44	23	70	2				
	45	27	71	1				
	46	31	72	17			1	1
	47	44	73	16	7			7
	48	27	74	13				105
	49	18	75	26	8	21		83
	50	5	76	27	10	115	9	4
	51	4	77	22	11	63	86	
	52	2	78	15	12	1	94	
			79	20	13		10	
			80	6				
			81	15				
			82	8				
			83	1				
			84	0				
			85	1				
			86	1				
			87	1		••		
1		200		200		200	199	199
lean		46.3		76.2		10.2	11.5	8.4
X	0	268	16	250		2.044	2,294	1,676
x2	430		1,165,			20,968	26,532	14,186

Table XXIII. Statistics for meristic counts for F.R.B. Lake Michigan Leucichthys artedii specimens.

	Results of	Mean	Sizea	Greatest	Groatest
Body Part	Covariance Tosts	м	F	Actual Diff. mm.	Percentage Diff. mm.
HL	NS	49.4	49.4	-	-
HD	NS	28.6	28.6		12
EE	NS	14.9	14.8	0.1	0.7
ST	NS	13.5	13.5	-	
MX	NS	17.1	16.9	0.2	1.2
IB	NS	11.7	11.6	0.1	0.8
CL	NS	22.3	22.3	-	-
CD	NS	14.0	14.0	-	-
BD	NS	39.2	38.6	0.6	1.5
BW	NS	22.5	22.4	0.1	0.4
DH	NS	34.0	33.6	0.4	1.2
DB	NS	21.5	21.2	0.3	1.4
AH	NS	22.9	22.7	0.2	0.9
AB	NS	21.8	21.6	0.2	0.9
PT	**	34.1	33.2	0.9	2.6
PC	**	32.3	31.5	0.8	2.5

Table XXIV. Comparison between sexes of age 4 of F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii ciscoes.

^aAt 208 mm. standard length.

Log Body Part		N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY ²
HL :	0.837 X - 0.2469	272	630.89	460.89	1,463.4231	1,069.0995	782.0813
HD .	0.853 X - 0.5220		•	396.13		918.8937	577.0809
EE :	0.704 X - 0.4628	-		318.27		738.2857	372.6161
ST :	0.830 X - 0.7948	•		307.45		713.2027	347.7395
MX =	0.737 X - 0.4782	-		334.89		776.8384	412.6209
IB .	0.992 X - 1.2361	-	-	289.61		671.8409	308.6979
CL .	0.981 X - 0.9263		-	366.92		851.1562	495.4252
CD =	1.103 X - 1.4113		•	311.99		723.7618	358.2119
BD .	0.914 X - 0.5288			432.78		1,003.9080	688.8426
BW =	1.154 X - 1.3255			367.50		852.5199	496.8948
DH =	0.749 X - 0.2077	269	624.08	411.57	1,447.9522	954.9073	629.8883
DB =	0.781 X - 0.4832	272	630.89	361.31	1,463.4231	838.1228	480.2499
AF. =	0.929 X - 0.7957	271	628.56	368.29	1,457.9942	854.3140	500.8051
AB =	0.875 X - 0.6917	-	-	362.55		840.9947	485.3493
PT .	0.823 X - 0.3820	272	630.89	415.31	1,463.4231	963.3776	634.3533
PC =	0.768 X - 0.2767		-	409.25		949.3159	615.9313

Table XXV. Regression equations and other statistics for F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii specimens.

St.L.	200 mm.	250 mm.	300 mm.
HL	47.8	57.6	67.0
HD	27.6	33.4	39.0
EE	14.4	16.8	19.1
ST	13.0	15.7	18.2
MX	16.5	19.5	22.3
IB	11.1	13.9	16.6
CL	21.4	26.7	31.9
CD	13.4	17.1	20.9
BD	37.5	46.0	54.5
BW	21.4	27.7	34.1
DH	32.8	38.8	44.4
DB	20.6	24.5	28.3
AH	22.0	27.0	32.0
AB	21.0	25.5	29.9
PT	32.5	39.0	45.4
PC	30.9	36.7	42.2

Table XXVI. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts of F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii specimens.

St.L.	200	mn.	250	mm.	300 mm.		
	Moon Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	
HL	47.5-48.0	44.8-50.9	56.7-58.5	53.9-61.5	65.0-69.2	62.5-72.0	
HD	27.4-27.8	25.3-30.1	32.7-34.1	30.5-36.5	37.4-40.7	35.4-42.9	
EE	14.2-14.5	12.9-16.0	16.4-17.3	15.0-18.8	18.1-20.1	16.9-21.6	
ST	12.9-13.1	11.7-14.5	15.3-16.1	14.1-17.5	17.3-19.2	16.2-20.5	
MX	16.3-16.7	14.4-18.9	18.8-20.1	16.9-22.4	20.8-23.8	19.1-25.9	
IB	11.0-11.3	9.8-12.7	13.4-14.4	12.1-15.9	15.6-17.7	14.4-19.3	
CL	21.1-21.7	18.2-25.2	25.6-27.8	22.5-31.6	29.5-34.5	26.6-38.2	
CD	13.2-13.5	11.7-15.3	16.6-17.7	15.0-19.6	19.6-22.3	18.1-24.2	
BD	37.2-37.9	33.6-41.9	44.8-47.3	41.1-51.5	51.5-57.3	48.2-61.4	
BW	21.1-21.6	18.7-24.4	26.8-28.6	24.1-31.7	32.0-36.4	29.5-39.5	
DH	32.5-33.1	29.5-36.4	37.7-39.9	34.8-43.2	42.0-47.0	39.5-50.0	
DB	20.4-20.8	18.0-23.6	23.7-25.4	21.3-28.2	26.5-30.2	24.3-32.9	
AH	21.7-22.2	19.3-25.0	26.2-27.9	23.7-30.8	30.1-34.1	27.8-36.9	
AB	20.7-21.2	18.3-24.0	24.6-26.4	22.2-29.3	28.0-32.0	25.7-34.8	
PT	32.2-32.8	29.1-36.2	38.0-40.1	34.9-43.7	43.0-47.8	40.2-51.2	
PC	30.7-31.2	28.2-33.9	35.9-37.6	33.4-40.3	40.4-44.2	38.2-46.7	

Table XXVII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii ciscoes.

	(3R		Se		DR	AR	Br
	c	1	c	f	c	£	£	f
		1	69	1				
	41	3	70	3				
	42	1	71	10				
	43	4	72	18				
	44	10	73	14		1	1	
	45	26	74	13	6			
	46	41	75	18	7			15
	47	46	76	25	8			132
	48	47	77	18	9	33		110
	49	40	78	18	10	133	15	14
	50	34	79	22	11	98	124	1
	51	12	80	36	12	7	113	
	52	7	81	20	13		19	
			82	18				
			83	11				
			84	12				
			85	4				
			86	7				
			87	2				
			88	1				
			89	ī				
			90					
		271		272		271	271	272
oan		47.6		78.1		10.3	11.5	8.
X	12	887	91	,237		2,789	3,117	2,302
2	614,	051	1,662	741		28,839	35,987	19,614

Table XXVIII. Statistics for meristic counts for F.R.B. Lake Huron Leucichthys artedii specimens.

Body Part	Mean Size	Slope
HL	**	1
HD	NS	NS
EE	##	**
ST	NS	**
МХ	**	NS
IB	NS	113
CL	##	NS
CD	*	\$ 22
BD	**	NS
BW	**	NS
DH	**	à
DB	NS	NS
AH	22	**
AB	212 a	NS
PT	the state	22
PC	22	NS

Table XXIX. Results of analysis of covariance tests for body parts when comparing F.R.B. samples of <u>Leucichthys</u> artedii Michigan and Huron.

No.	Sample	GR	DR	AR	Br	Se
73	Koelz Lake Michigan L. <u>nigripinnis</u>	47.3	10.2	11.6	8.5	75.1
74	Koelz Lake Michigan L. artedii	47.4	10.1	11.4	8.5	75.7
75	F.R.B. Lake Michigan L. artedii	46.3	10.2	11.5	8.4	76.2
76	F.R.B. Lake Huron L. <u>prtedii</u>	47.6	10.3	11.5	8.5	78.1
01	Lake Manitoba	49.9	11.0	11.7	8.3	61.3
02	Lake Dauphin	54.0	11.3	12.1	8.2	62.6
12	Rocky Lake	45.3	11.3	12.6	8.4	68.9
18	Churchill River	43.8	10.9	11.7	8.9	73.5

Table XXX. Average count of meristic characters for samples of ciscoes.

Log Bod Par	у	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY ²
HL	. 0.762 X - 0.0	252 98	233.79	175.67	557.8173	419.1453	314.9615
HD	= 0.805 X - 0.2	970 "		159.09		379.5955	258.3363
SE	= 0.365 X + 0.3	297 "		117.64		280.6744	141.2652
ST	. 0.753 X - 0.6	078 ⁸ "		116.04		276.8965	137.5054
	= 0.880 X - 0.9	197 ^b					
X	= 0.720 X - 0.4	150 "		127.66		304.6084	166.3712
IB	= 0.874 X - 0,8	729 "		118.79		283.4612	144.1221
DL :	1.075 X - 1.2	326 "	"	130.53		311.4854	174.1925
D	= 0.887 X - 0.6	939 "		139.37	"	332.5582	198.3425
BD	0.906 X - 0.2	822 "		184.16		439.4113	346.1972
BW	1.164 X - 1.2	097 "		153.58		366.4812	240.8690
DH	0.644 X + 0.2	152 46	109.71	81.93	261.6993	195.4295	145.9685
DB	0.846 X - 0.4	822 98	233.79	150.53	557.8173	359,1781	231.3737
AH		77 22	52.51	34.97	125.3441	83.4717	55.6085
AB	0.712 X - 0.1	370 98	233.79	148.13	557.8173	353.4412	223.9933
PT	.0.896 X - 0.4	477 73	174.33	123.52	416.3723	295.0278	209.0928
PC .	. 0.786 X - 0.1	654 72	171.81	123.13	410.0447	293.8686	210.6455

Table XXXI. Regression equations and other statistics for Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

aMales only.

byemales only.

St.L.	200 mm.	250 mm.	300 mm.
HL	53.5	63.4	72.8
HD	35.9	43.0	49.8
EE	14.8	16.0	17.1
ST (Male)	13.3	15.8	18.1
" (Female)	12.7	15.5	18.2
MX	17.4	20.5	23.4
IB	13.7	16.7	19.6
CL	17.4	22.1	26.9
CD	22.2	27.1	31.9
BD	63.5	77.7	91.6
Bill	29.4	38.2	47.2
DH	53.3	61.6	69.3
DB	29.1	35.2	41.1
AH	36.0	39.2	42.1
AB	28.3	33.1	37.7
PT	41.1	50.2	59.1
PC	44.0	52.4	60.5

Table XXXII. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts of Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

St.L.	200	mm,		mm.	300 mm.		
-	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Moan Part	Ind. Part	
HL	52.6-54.4	50.5-56.6	63.0-63.8	60.0-67.0	71.5-74.2	68.8- 77.2	
HD	35.2-36.6	33.6-38.4	42.7-43.3	40.3-45.8	48.7-50.8	46.5- 53.2	
EE	14.4-15.2	13.4-16.3	15.9-16.2	14.6-17.6	16.6-17.7	15.6- 18.9	
ST(M)	12.8-13.9	12.0-14.8	15.5-16.0	14.4-17.3	17.3-18.9	16.3- 20.1	
ST(F)	12.2-13.3	11.4-14.3	15.3-15.8	13.9-17.3	17.4-19.1	16.2- 20.5	
XM	17.0-17.9	16.0-19.0	20.3-20.7	18.9-22.3	22.7-24.0	21.4- 25.5	
IB	13.3-14.3	12.1-15.6	16.5-16.9	14.8-18.8	18.8-20.4	17.3- 22.2	
CL	16.2-18.7	13.7-22.1	21.6-22.7	17.6-27.9	25.0-29.0	21.2- 34.3	
CD	21.4-23.1	19.5-25.3	26.8-27.5	24.0-30.8	30.6-33.2	28.0- 36.3	
BD	61.4-65.6	56.6-71.2	76.8-78.6	69.6-86.7	88.4-95.0	81.6-102.8	
BW	28.3-30.6	25.9-33.5	37.6-38.7	33.7-43.2	45.3-49.1	41.4- 53.7	
DH	50.7-56.1	47.0-60.5	60.5-62.7	54.8-69.3	65.5-73.2	60.9- 78.8	
DB	27.9-30.4	25.1-33.8	34.6-35.7	30.5-40.6	39.2-43.0	35.4- 47.7	
AH	31.8-40.8	29.6-43.9	37.8-40.7	33.5-46.0	37.0-47.9	34.4- 51.4	
AB	27.4-29.2	25.5-31.4	32.8-33.5	30.0-36.7	36.5-39.0	33.9- 41.9	
PT	39.4-43.0	36.4-46.5	49.5-50.9	44.7-56.4	56.6-61.8	52.3- 66.9	
PC	42.3-45.7	39.3-49.2	51.7-53.1	47.1-58.3	58.1-63.0	54.0- 67.7	

Table XXXIII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

	GR		S			DR	AR	Br
	0	£	c	f	c	f	f	f
	48	1		1				
	49	3	56	2				
	50	3	57	1			••	
	51	5	58	7		••		
	52	13	59	5				
	53	19	60	11		2	29	2
	54	14	61	10	7			5
	55	12	62	10	8			64
	56	12	63	14	9			26
	57	7	64	10	10	4		1
	58	5	65	13	11	57	12	
	59	3	66	8	12	34	42	
	60	1	67	2	13	1	17	
			68	1				
			69					
			70	1				
			71					
			72	2				
		98	6. S. S.	97		96	69	96
ean		54.0		62.6		11.3	12.1	8.2
X	5	,297	6	,071		1,068	833	791
5X2	286	,897	380	,893		12,362	10,085	6,547

Table XXXIV. Statistics for meristic counts for Lake Dauphin ciscoes.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL = 0.924 X - 0.426	7 59	136.87	101.29	318.4965	235.8824	174.7405
HD = 1.019 X - 0.811	.9 "		91.57	"	213.4269	143.1759
RE = 0.616 X - 0.267	'0 "		68.56	•	159.6520	80.0664
ST = 0.909 X - 0.997	7 "		65.55		152.9571	73.6711
MX = 0.854 X - 0.740	6 "	•	73.19		170,6266	91.5395
IB = 1.027 X - 1.258	5 "		66.31		154.8361	75.6071
CL = 0.848 X - 0.696	12 "		74.99		174.7958	96.1685
CD = 1.065 X - 1.161	.8 "		77.22		180.1822	102.2374
BD = 1.322 X - 1.302	4 "		104.10		242.7919	185.4444
BW = 1.380 X - 1.759	9 "		85.04		198.6329	124.5152
DH = 0.788 X - 0.147	6 52	121.06	87.72	282.6878	204.8897	148.5330
DB = 0.913 X - 0.643	3 59	136.87	87.01	318,4965	202.7448	129.1821
AH = 0.958 X - 0.704	9 56	130.15	85.21	303.4411	198.9553	130.5729
AB = 0.852 X - 0.532	3 59	136.87	85.21	318.4965	198.5090	123.8841
PT = 0.948 X - 0.588	0 54	125.34	87.07	291.8206	202.9452	141.2141
PC = 0.865 X - 0.387	3 59	136.87	95.54	318.4965	222.4855	155.4692

Table XXXV. Regression equations and other statistics for Rocky Lake ciscoes.

St.L.	200 m.	250 mm.	300 mm.		
HL	50.0	61.5	72.8		
HD	34.1	42.8	51.6		
EB	14.1	16.2	18.2		
ST	12.4	15.2	17.9		
MX	16.8	20.3	23.7		
IB	12.7	16.0	19.3		
CL	18.0	21.7	25.4		
CD	19.4	24.7	29.9		
BD	54.9	73.7	93.8		
BW	26.0	35.4	45.6		
DH	46.3	55.2	63.7		
DB	28.7	35.2	41.5		
AH	31.6	39.1	46.6		
AB	26.8	32.4	37.9		
PT	39.2	48.4	57.6		
PC	40.1	48.6	56.9		

Table XXXVI. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts of Rocky Lake ciscoes.

St.L.	200			mm.	300	mm.
	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Moan Part	Ind. Part	Moon Part	Ind. Part
HL	49.7-50.5	47.1-53.2	61.0-62.1	57.9-65.4	71.8-73.7	68.5- 77.4
HD	33.6-34.6	30.4-38.3	42.1-43.6	38.1-48.1	50.4-52.8	45.8- 58.0
RE	14.0-14.3	12.8-15.6	16.0-16.5	14.7-17.9	17.8-18.5	16.4- 20.0
ST	12.2-12.6	11.1-13.9	15.0-15.5	13.6-17.0	17.5-18.4	16.0- 20.1
MX	16.5-17.0	15,1-18,7	20.0-20.6	18.2-22.6	23.2-24.2	21.3- 26.4
IB	12.5-12.9	11.2-14.5	15.7-16.3	14.0-18.2	18.8-19.8	16.9- 22.0
CL	17.4-18.6	14.2-22.8	21.0-22.5	17.1-27.6	24.2-26.2	20.0- 32.3
CD	19.1-19.8	16.8-22.6	24.1-25.2	21.2-28.6	29.1-30,9	25.8- 34.8
BD	53.9-55.9	47.5-63.4	72.1-75.4	63.8-85.2	91.1-96.6	81.1-108.6
BW	25.5-26.6	22.0-30.8	34.5-36.3	30.0-41.9	44.0-47.1	38.5- 54.0
DH	45.6-47.0	41.6-51.6	54.3-56.1	49.6-61.5	62.3-65.2	57.2- 71.1
DB	28.2-29.2	25.2-32.7	34.5-35.9	30.9-40.1	40.4-42.6	36.4- 47.4
AH	31.1-32.1	28.0-35.7	38.4-39.8	34.6-44.2	45.4-47.7	41.2- 52.7
AB	26.1-27.5	21.9-32.7	31.4-33.4	26.5-39.6	36.4-39.4	30.9- 46.4
PT	38.7-39.7	35.9-42.8	47.8-49.1	44.3-52.9	56.5-58.7	52.6- 63.0
PC	39.6-40.6	36.4-44.2	47.9-49.4	44.1-53.6	55.8-58.1	51.6- 62.8

Table XXXVII. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Rocky Lake ciscoss.

	G	R	S	c		DR	AR	Br
	c	£	c	f	c	f	f	£
	40	1		23				
	41	2	59	1				
	42	4	60	2				
	43	1	61					
	44	8	62	3		1	3	1
	45	9	63		6		••	
	46	18	64		7			4
	47	13	65	1	8			27
	48	2	66	1	9			25
	49	1	67	2	10	4		2
			68	2	11	32	4	
			69	5	12	22	22	
			70	1	13		20	
			71	8	14		10	
			72	4				
			73	2			••	
			74	3				
			75	1		••	•••	
1		59		36		58	56	58
lean		45.3		68.9		11.3	12.6	8.4
SX2	2	674	2	,480		656	708	489
SX~	121	,394	171	,500		7,440	8,992	4,149

Table XXXVIII. Statistics for meristic counts for Rocky Lake ciscoes.

Table XXXIX	Number of ciscoes	of various gill-raker	groups for 3 samples from
	Lake Winnipeg.		

-	Males				Females		
GR	Sex			GR	Sex		
Group	Condition	Age	n	Group	Condition	Age	n
-	Questionable	2	4	-	Ripe	3	1
I		1	1	-	Spawning	5	2
		2	39	I	"	2	2
		3	39			3	1
		4	5			4	9
	Ripe	1	1			5	65
		2	3			6	41
		3	2			7	3
	Spawning	5	9		Spent	2	2
		6	4			3	23
II	Questionable	1	2	п	Immature	3	1
		2	23		Spawning	4	2
		3	15			5	12
		4	2			6	10
	Immature	3	2			7	1
	Ripe	2	1		Spent	2	2
						3	1
III	Spawning	5	2			4	1
				III	Spawning	2	1
						4	4
						5	32
						6	22
Total			154				218

1. BULLHEAD

Table XXXIX continued.

	Males				Females		
GR	Sex			GR	Sex		
Group	Condition	Ago	n	Group	Condition	Age	n
	Can Car And			I	Mature	3	3
I	Mature		1		m	3	1 4
		1				4	4
		2	15			5	26
	"	3	39			6	17
	"	4	11			7	2
	Spawning	4	6		Spent	4	2
		5	20		opene		-
		6	7		Mature	3	1
		7	1	II		4	2
					Spawning	5	15
II	Mature	2	3			6	7
		3	12			7	i
		4	3 1 3			7	1
		5	1			4	6
	Spawning	4	3	III	Spewning		52
	"	5	11			5	59
		6	11			7	
	"	7	1				5
						8	1
III		6	1				
111	Spawning	4	3				
	B Pastrang	5	41				
		6	18				
		7	2				
							-
			211				203

2. DOGHEAD

Table XXXIX continued.

	Males				Femalos		
GR	Sex			GR	Sex		
Group	Condition	Ago	2	Group	Condition	Age	T
I	Immature	3	5	I	Questionable	. 2	1
*	Tuend core	4	13	-	Americiante	3	i
		5	19			4	
		6	3			5	j
		9	1			6	-
	Mature	2	3		Innature	3	-
	m	3	8		n	6	1
		4	7		Mature	2	-
		5	23			3	5
		6	26			4	-
		7	21			5	18
		8	3			6	35
		9	2			7	25
						8	5
II	Immature	3	1		Small eggs		1
		4	2		1	3	3
		5	2			4	4
		7	1			5	15
		9	1			6	5
	Mature	3	1			7	2
		5	8			8	1
		6	14				
		7	5	II	Questionable	2	3
		8	9	1000	Immature	5	3
		9	1		Mature	4	3
						5	4
II	Immature	4	3			6	13
		5	4			7	6
		6	3			8	5
		8	1			9	5
	Mature		1			10	1
		4	1			11	3
		5	7		Small ogga	4	2
		6	13			5	
		7	9			6	2
	"	8	1			7	3
		9	1			8	3
				III	Questionable	4	3
					Maturo	4	1
						5	12
						6	20
						7	16
					Small eggs	4	4
						5	
						6	2
						7	5
						8	1

223

268

^{3.} MUKUTAWA RIVER

R Group	Body Part	Mean Size	Slope
I	EE	NS	*
	BD	*	MS
II	CD	22	NS
	DH	*	*
	PC	*	MS
III		-	-

Table XL. Statistically significant results for body parts of tests between agos for spawning female ciscoes from Bull Head.

Table XLI. Statistically significant results for body parts of tests between ages for spawning Deghead ciscoes.

Sox	GR Group	Body Part	Mean Size	Slope
Males	I	HL	22	NS
		DH	*	NS
		PT	NS	\$
		PC	*	NS
	II	PC	ż	NS
	III	BW	*	NS
Females	I	HL	ż	NS
		EE	*	*
		ST	\$ \$	MS
		CD	NS	ŵ
		AH	*	NS
		PC	22	MS
	II		-	-
	III	HD	2	NS

Sex	CR Group	Body Part	Moan Size	Slope
Males	I	EE	**	NS
		BD	2	NS
		PT	NS	ŵŵ
	II	-	-	-
	III	DH	NS	\$ \$
Comalos	I	HL	NS	ż
		EB	NS	2 2 2 2
		MX	NS	ů.
		AH	MS	*
	II	-	-	-
	III	HL	*	NS
		HD	22	MS
		IB	*	NS
		BD	\$\$	NS
		BW	\$	NS
		AH	22	NS
		PT	会会	MS
		PC	全曲	NS

Table XLII. Statistically significant results for body parts of tests between ages for Mukutawa River ciscoes.

Sample	Sample DOGHEAD				MUKUTAWA RIVER							
GR Grou	ip :	E .		II	I	II		I		II	I	II
Body Part	Mean Size	Slope	Mean Size	Slope	Mean Size	Slope	Mean Size	Slope	Mean Size	Slope	Mean Size	Slope
HL	MS	NS		NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		NS
HD	*	**		NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
BB	NS	NS	N3	NS	NS	NS		NS	*	MS	NS	NS
ST	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
NX	NS	NS	128	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	MS	NS	NS
IB	NS	NS	ź	NS	NS	NS	**	MS	NS	MS	NS	NS
CL	NS	NS	NS	NS	*	NS		NS	NS	ż	MS	NS
D	-	NS	1:5	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	MS	NS
BD	NS	NS	N3	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		NS	NS	NS
BW	NS	NS	113	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	MS	NS	NS
DH	NS		MS	NS		MS	*	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
DB	NS	NS	NS	NS	*	NS	NS	ùù	NS	NS	NS	NS
AH	NS	NS	NS	NS	-	NS	ż	ż	NS	NS	MS	NS
AB	*	NS	NS	NS	22	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	MS	NS
PT	NS	NS	NS	NS	*	NS	**	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
PC	NS	NS	\$	NS	NS	NS	**	ŵ	NS	NS	MS	NS

Table XLIII. Results of analysis of covariance tests between sexes for body parts of Lake Winnipeg ciscoss.

Log Bod Par	dy	N	SX	SY	5 1 ²	SXY	sy ²
HL	= 0.855 X - 0.	2555 121	285.31	213.02	672.8399	502.3707	375.1134
HD	= 0.980 X - 0.	7442 "		189.55		447.0422	297.0657
SE	= 0.490 X + 0.	0329 "		143.79		339.0952	170.9397
ST	= 0.833 X - 0.	7840 "		142.79		336.7709	168.6169
MX	= 0.827 X - 0.	6260 "	"	160.20		377.8219	212.2350
IB	= 1.002 X - 1.	2329 "		136.69		322.4040	154.5843
CL	= 0.806 X - 0.	6121 "		155.90		367.6807	201.1444
CD	= 0.891 X - 0.	8044 "		156.88	"	369.9998	203.5262
BD	= 1.021 X - 0.	6125 "		217.18	"	512.1960	390.0122
BW	= 1.053 X - 1.	0099 "		178.23		420.3575	262.7851
DH	= 0.713 X + 0.	0290 109	257.04	186.43	606.2356	439.6989	318.9685
DB	= 0.776 X - 0.	3906 120	282.95	172.69	667.2703	407.2645	248.7059
AH	= 0.752 X - 0.	2168 107	252.14	166.41	594.2454	392.2047	258.9317
AB	= 0.939 X - 0.	7805 121	285.31	173.47	672.8399	409.1226	248,8895
PT	= 0.957 X - 0.	6007 "		200.35	"	472,5056	331.8915
PC	= 0.829 X - 0.	2972 120	282.95	198.90	667.2703	469.0707	329.7908

Table XLIV. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning female. ciscoss of gill-raker group I from Bull Head.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL = 0.895 X - 0.3383	25	58.98	44.33	139.1570	104.5935	78.6217
HD = 0.886 X - 0.5086			39.54		93.2929	62.5532
E = 0.272 X + 0.5503			29.80		70.3073	35.5284
T = 0.807 X - 0.7047		"	29.98		70.7380	35.9846
X = 0.482 X + 0.1965			33.34		78.6612	44.4772
EB = 0.684 X - 0.4505			29.08		68.6133	33.8528
L = 1.000 X - 1.0624			32.42		76.4967	42.1208
D = 0.474 X + 0.1697			32.20		75.9716	41.4824
3D = 0.395 X + 0.8697	"		45.04		106.2629	81.1592
3W = 1.219 X - 1.3843			37.29		87.9885	55.6647
DH = 0.064 X + 1.5469	23	54.23	39.05	127.8757	92.0738	66.3071
DB = 0.386 X + 0.5354	25	58,98	36.15	139.1570	85.2895	52.2927
AH = 0.460 X + 0.4564	22	51.89	33.91	122.4009	79,9865	52.2901
AB = 1.035 X - 1.0074	25	58.98	35.86	139.1570	84.6127	51.4762
PT = 0.521 X + 0.4196	24	56.58	39.55	133.3970	93.2441	65.1845
PC = 0.474 X + 0.5249	25	58.98	41.08	139.1570	96.9213	67.5144

Table XLV. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning female ciscoes of gill-raker group II from Bull Head.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL = 0.663 X + 0.2323	. 59	140.14	106.61	332.8886	253.2394	192.6595
HD = 0.546 X + 0.3243			95.65		227.2043	155.0887
EE = 0.546 X - 0.0977		-	70.75		168.0604	84.8749
ST = 0.698 X - 0.4323			72.31		171.7689	88.6753
MX = 0.795 X = 0.5366			79.75	"	189.4428	107.8413
IB = 0.937 X - 1.0097			71.74	"	170.4199	87.2884
CL = 0.941 X - 0.9195			77.62		184.3865	102.2688
CD = 0.580 X - 0.0698	"		77.16		183.2865	100.9470
BD = 0.673 X + 0.2164			107.08		254.3560	194.3990
BW = 1.073 X - 1.0100			90,78		215.6476	139.7626
DH = 0.733 X - 0.0355	43	102.18	73.37	242.8232	174,3586	125.2149
DB = 0.783 X - 0.3961	58	137.74	81.88	327.1286	201.5909	124.2936
AH = 0.855 X - 0.4877	53	125.88	81.78	298.9928	194.2488	126.2170
AB = 1.088 X - 1.1254	59	140.14	86.07	332.8886	204.4604	125.6239
PT = 0.688 X + 0.0239	"	"	97.82		232.3615	162.2092
PC = 0.630 X + 0.1504	58	137.80	95.54	327,4130	227.0020	157.4028

Table XLVI. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning female ciscoes of gill-raker group III from Bull Head.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL = 0.792 X = 0.1132	84	197.43	146.86	464.2149	345.3190	256.8964
HD = 0.858 X - 0.4684	"		130.05	"	305.8217	201.5185
EE = 0.617 X - 0.2806			98.25	"	231.0361	115.0373
ST = 0.750 X - 0.5880	-		98.68	"	232.0712	116.0724
MX = 0.741 X = 0.4367			109.61	"	257.7588	143.1759
IB = 0.871 X - 0.9302			93.83	"	220.6941	105.0103
CL = 1.027 X - 1.0833		"	111.77	"	262.8882	149.1415
D = 0.926 X - 0.8855			108.44		255.0430	140.1948
BD = 1.281 X - 1.2276			149.80		352.3191	267.4954
₩ = 1.356 X - 1.6782			126.75		298.1571	191.6563
DH = 0.763 X - 0.1116	57	134.00	95.86	315.1258	225.4377	161.3400
DB = 0.850 X - 0.5655	84	197.43	120.31	464.2149	282.9278	172.5117
AH = 0.901 X - 0.5831	59	138.46	90.35	325.0952	212,1758	138.5385
AB = 0.825 X - 0.5028	82	192.68	117.74	452,9324	276.8100	169.2398
PT = 0.760 X - 0.1592	64	150.60	104.27	354.4952	245.4474	169.9905
RC = 0.784 X - 0.2053	74	173.94	121.17	409.0282	284.9513	198.5539

Table XLVII. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning ciscoes of gill-raker group I from Doghead.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY2
HL = 1.042 X - 0.6918	51	121.30	91.11	288.5374	216.7340	162.8129
HD = 0.955 X = 0.6745			81.44		193.7316	130.1112
EE = 0.641 X - 0.3440		"	60.21		143.2269	71.1267
ST = 0.926 X = 0.9844	"		62.12		147.7793	75.7234
MX = 1.065 X - 1.1963			68.17	"	162.1736	91.1737
IB = 1.145 X - 1.5384			60.43		143.7672	71.6847
DL = 0.923 X - 0.8181			70.24		167.0921	96.8754
D = 0.629 X - 0.1831			66.96		159.2810	87.9538
BD = 0.875 X = 0.2807			91.82		218.4171	165.3596
BW = 1.030 X - 0.9167	"	"	78.19		186.0042	119.9523
DH = 0.484 X + 0.5353	27	64.33	45.59	153.2875	108.6298	77.0005
DB = 0.798 X - 0.4347	51	121.30	74.63	288.5374	177.5292	109.2689
AH = 0.483 X + 0.3846	33	78.63	50.67	187.3747	120.7429	77.8415
AB = 0.846 X - 0.5405	50	118.92	73.58	282.8730	175.0312	108.3538
PT = 0.474 X + 0.5134	42	99.92	68.92	237.7372	163.9748	113.1202
PC = 0.537 X + 0.3677	44	104.66	72.38	248.9764	172.1809	119.0944

Table XLVIII. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning ciscoes of gill-raker group II from Doghead.

Log Body Part	Sec. 1	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY ²
HL = 0.8	91 X - 0.3200	187	448.16	339.48	1,074.1786	813.7045	616.4334
HD = 0.8	90 x - 0.5130			302.94		726.1335	490,9672
EE = 0.5	65 X - 0.1613			223.05		536.8838	266.2178
ST = 0.8	61 X - 0.8217			232.21		556.6199	288.5575
MX = 0.8	31 X - 0.6305	n	"	254.53		610.1076	346.6191
IB = 0.9	91 X - 1.1467			229.69		550.5971	282.3513
L = 1.0	91 X - 1.2166	"	-	261.44		626.7013	366.0048
D = 0.7	54 X - 0.4822		"	247.74		593.8249	328.3668
BD = 0.9	58 X - 0.5005			340.23		815.5119	619.2337
m = 0.8	34 x - 0.5730			289.02		692.7723	446.9128
DH = 0.6	23 X + 0.2085	116	278.28	197.56	667.6668	473.9911	336.6150
DB = 0.7	78 X - 0.3716	185	443.36	276.19	1,062.6584	662.0003	412.5773
AH = 0.4	34 X + 0.3986	94	225.15	146.44	539.3445	350.7851	228.2132
AB = 0.8	72 X - 0.6007	187	448,16	278.46	1,074.1786	667.4630	414.9182
PT = 0.8	02 X - 0.2647	150	359.74	248.80	862.8526	596.7691	412.8330
	25 X - 0.3203	163	390.60	270.02	936.1202	647.1514	447.4690

Table XLIX. Regression equations and other statistics for spawning ciscoes of gill-raker group III from Doghead.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL = 0.848 X - 0.2511	148	352,16	261.46	838.2656	622.4007	462.1574
HD = 0.937 X - 0.6340		-	236.14	-	562.1809	377.090
EE = 0.660 X - 0.4168		-	170.73	•	406.4532	197.193
ST = 0.682 X - 0.4184		-	178.25	-	424.3537	214.9133
IX = 0.708 X - 0.3497	-	-	197.56	-	470.3092	263.932
IB = 1.008 X - 1.2681		-	167.29	-	398.3289	189.522
DL = 1.087 X - 1.2679	-	-	195,14		464.6702	258.2964
D = 0.957 X - 0.9552		-	195.64	-	465.8192	259.028
3D = 1.102 X - 0.8032		-	269.20	-	640.8978	490.150
W = 1.311 X - 1.5643	-	-	230.16		548.0695	358.6690
DH = 0.787 X - 0.1614	147	349.78	251,54	832.6012	598.7765	430.7254
DB = 1.053 X - 1.0303	148	352.16	218.33	838.2656	519.8392	322.5983
AH = 0.846 X - 0.4492	147	349.75	229.85	832.4575	547.1369	359.7089
AB = 0.948 X - 0.7851		349.82	216.22	832.7900	514.8420	318.4463
PT = 0.904 X - 0.4978	148	352.16	244.68	838.2656	582.4912	404.8644
PC = 0.831 X - 0.3149		-	246.04		585.7040	409.3320

Table L. Regression equations and other statistics for mature ciscoes of gill-raber group I from Mukutawa River.

Log Body Part					N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	SY ²
HL :	. 0.833	x	-	0.2099	69	169.38	126.61	416.0358	311.0038	232.5233
HD :	. 0.946	x	-	0.6380			116.21		285.5017	195.9789
BE .	0.585	X	-	0.2627			81.13		199.2999	95.5273
ST .	0.712	x	-	0.4924			86.62		212.8075	108.9302
MX .	0.816	x	-	0.6218			95.31		234.1650	131.9145
IB .	1.084	x	-	1.4074			86.50		212.6039	108.7796
CL :	0.812	x	-	0.5966	"		96.37		236.7660	135.0339
CD :	1.224	x	-	1.5777			98.46		241.9974	140.9928
BD :	1.297	x	-	1.2683			132.18		324.7906	253.6970
BW :	: 1.300	x	-	1.5542			112.95		277.5858	185.3971
DH .	0.778	x	-	0.1549			121.09		297.4401	212.7165
DB =	1.204	x	-	1.3733	"		109.18		268.3079	173.1858
AH =	0.860	x	-	0.4995		"	111.20		273.1822	179.4436
AB =	1.020	x	-	0.9526			107.04		263.0094	166.3626
PT .	0.792	x	-	0.2374			117.77		289.2935	201.2089
PC .	0.801	x	-	0.2588			117.82		289.4184	201.3816

Table LI. Regression equations and other statistics for mature ciscoes of gill-raker group II from Mukutawa River.

Log Body Part	N	SX	SY	sx ²	SXY	sy ²
HL = 0.870 X - 0.273	5 77	186.47	141.17	451.6269	341.9173	258.8783
HD = 1.011 X - 0.775	7 78	188.89	130.46	457.4833	315.9859	218.2918
EE = 0.466 X + 0.026	• •		90.05		218.0966	104.0277
ST = 0.918 X - 0.954			98,99		239.7710	125.7303
MX = 0.892 X - 0.766		"	108,75	"	263.4050	151.7117
IB = 1.102 X - 1.422			97.24		235.5432	121.3468
DL = 0.848 X - 0.672	7 "		107.71		260.8841	149.0837
D = 0.766 X - 0.501	. "		105.54		255.6246	142.9010
BD = 1.022 X - 0.626	3 "		144.20	"	349.2602	266.6944
BW = 0.989 X - 0.815	1 "		123.24	"	298.5003	194.8688
DH = 0.441 X + 0.653	3 77	186.45	132.56	451.5297	321.0086	228.2768
DB = 0.951 X - 0.771	3 78	188.89	119.43	457.4833	289.2717	182.9995
AH = 0.565 X + 0.202			122.50	"	296.6851	192.4612
AB = 0.890 X - 0.635	s "		118.55		287.1373	180.3119
PT = 0.695 X - 0.006	£ "		130.78		316.7436	219.3666
PC = 0.565 X + 0.304			130.44		315.9131	218.2244

Table LII. Regression equations and other statistics for mature ciscoes of gill-raker group III from Mukutawa River.

St.L.	1	200 m	n.		250 1	m,		300 m	m.
GR Group	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III
HL	51.5	52.6	57.2	62.3	64.3	66.4	72.8	75.6	74.9
HD	32.4	33.9	38.1	40.3	41.3	43.0	48.2	48.5	47.5
33	14.5	15.0	14.4	16,1	15.9	16.3	17.6	16.8	18.0
ST	13.6	14.2	14.9	16.4	17.0	17.4	19.0	19.7	19.8
MX	18.9	20.2	19.6	22.8	22.5	23.4	26.5	24.6	27.1
IB	11.8	13.3	14.0	14.8	15.5	17.3	17.8	17.5	20.5
CL	17.5	17.3	17.6	20.9	21.7	21.7	24.2	26.0	25.8
CD	17.6	18.2	18.4	21.5	20.2	20.9	25.3	22.1	23.3
BD	54.6	60.1	58.2	68.5	65.6	67.6	82.5	70.5	76.5
BW	25.9	26.3	28.8	32.7	34.6	36.6	39.7	43.2	44.5
DH	46.7	49.5	44.8	54.8	50.2	52.7	62.4	50.7	60.3
DB	24.8	26.5	25.4	29.5	28.9	30.3	34.0	31.0	35.0
AH	32.6	32.7	30.2	38.6	36.3	36.5	44.3	39.4	42.7
AB	24.0	23.7	23.9	29.6	29.8	30.5	35.1	36.0	37.1
PT	39.9	41.5	40.5	49.4	46.7	47.2	58.9	51.3	53.5
PC	40.8	41.3	39.8	49.1	45.9	45.8	57.1	50.0	51.4

Table LIII. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for three gill-reker groups of Bull Head ciscoss.

St.L.		200 r	m.		250 m	m,		300 mm.			
GR Group	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III		
HL	51.2	50.8	53.7	61.1	64.1	65.6	70.6	77.5	77.1		
HD	32.1	33.3	34.3	38.8	41.3	41.8	45.4	49.1	49.2		
EE	13.8	13.5	13.8	15.8	15.6	15.6	17.7	17.5	17.3		
ST	13.7	14.0	14.4	16.2	17.2	17.5	18.6	20.4	20.5		
MX	18.6	18.0	19.1	21.9	22.8	23.0	25.0	27.7	26.8		
IB	11.9	12.5	13.6	14.4	16.1	17.0	16.9	19.9	20.3		
CL	19.0	20.2	19,7	24.0	24.8	25.1	28.9	29.4	30.6		
CD	17.6	18.4	17.9	21.6	21.1	21.2	25.6	23.7	24.3		
BD	52.5	54.0	53.3	69.9	65.7	66.2	88.2	77.1	79.0		
BW	27.7	28.4	28,9	37.4	35.7	35.2	48.0	43.1	41.4		
DH	44.1	44.6	43.9	52.2	49.6	50.4	60.0	54.2	56.5		
DB	24.6	25.2	26.2	29.7	30.1	31.2	34.7	34.8	35.9		
AH	30.9	31.3	32.5	37.8	34.9	36.2	44.5	38.1	39.6		
AB	24.9	25.5	25.5	29.9	30.8	30.9	34.7	35.9	36.2		
PT	38.9	40.2	38.1	46.0	44.7	45.5	52.9	48.7	52.7		
PC	39.7	40.1	37.8	47.3	45.2	45.5	54.6	49.9	52.9		

Table LIV. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for three gill-raker groups of Doghead ciscose.

St.L.		200 1	m.		250 =	z.		360 mm.			
GR Group	I	II	III	I	п	III	I	II	III		
HL	50.1	50.9	53.5	60.6	61.3	65.0	70.7	71.4	76.1		
HD	33.3	34.6	35.5	41.0	42.7	44.5	48.7	50.5	53.5		
EE	12.6	12.2	12.5	14.6	13.9	13.9	16.5	15.4	15.1		
ST	14.2	14.0	14.4	16.5	16.4	17.7	18.7	18.7	20.9		
MX	19.0	18.0	19,3	22.3	21.6	23.6	25.4	25.1	27.8		
IB	11.3	12.2	13.0	14.1	15.6	16.6	16.9	19.0	20.3		
CL	17.1	18.7	19.0	21.8	22.4	23.0	26.6	26.0	25.8		
CD	17.7	17.3	18.2	21.9	22.8	21.6	26.0	28.5	24.9		
BD	54.0	52.0	53,1	69.1	69.5	66.7	84.4	88.0	80.4		
BW	28.3	27.4	28,9	38.0	36.6	36.0	48.2	46.4	43.1		
DH	44.6	43.2	46.6	53.2	51.4	51.4	61.4	59.2	55.7		
DB	24.7	25.0	26.1	31.2	32.6	32.3	37.9	40.7	38.4		
AH	31.4	30.2	32.8	38.0	36.5	36.1	44.3	42.7	40.0		
AB	24.9	24.8	25.9	30.8	31.1	31.5	36.6	37.5	37.1		
PT	38.2	38.5	39,2	46.8	45.9	45.7	55.1	53.0	51.9		
PC	39.6	38.4	40.2	47.6	45.9	45.6	55.4	53.1	50.5		

Table LV. Calculated average size in mm. of body parts for three gill-raker groups of Mukutawa River ciscoes.

	BULL	HEAD	DOG	-E AD	MUKUTAWA R.		
Body	Mean		Mean		Mean		
Part	Sizo	Slope	Size	Slope	Sizo	Slope	
HL	źż	NS	**	*	ŵŵ	NS	
HD	\$ \$	ŝrk	**	NS	2 2	NS	
RB	NS	NS	NS	NS	22	NS	
ST	**	NS	ŵŵ	NS	\$ \$	NS	
10X	榆榆	MS	ŵŵ	*	放	NS	
IB	**	NS	88	NS	ŝù	215	
CL	NS	MS	*	NS	NS	MS	
CD	NS	ŵ	MS	22	88	ŶŶ	
BD	NS	ŵ	22	**	82	*	
BW	**	MS	ŵŵ	**	ŔŔ	115	
DH	**	ż	NS	NS	82	ŵ	
DB	NS	NS	ŵŵ	NS	88	NS	
AH	22	NS	##	**	22	MS	
AB	NS	NS	*	NS	NS	NS	
PT	放	NS	NS	NS	22	MS	
PC	NS	NS	ŵŵ	NS	NS	NS	

Table LVI. Results of analysis of covariance tests between 3 gill-raker groups of ciscoes for body parts of Lake Winnipeg samples.

BULL H			EAD	LOGHEAD						MUR	UTAW.	A RIV	ER		
	I	II	III		τ		II	I	II		Ι		II	I	II
Age	F	F	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
2	180		244							136	116				
3	220				135					129	119				
4	229	218	232	216	192	218	224	243	261	184	173		234		215
5	229	227	237	217	230	242	240	245	249	230	218	235	239	255	258
6	230	232	241	233	239	243	246	248	254	238	247	273	276	265	271
7	224	236		230	240	241	233	262	268	251	252	308	287	270	268
8									280	274	254	304	325	276	
9										333			324		
10													332		

Table LVII. Average size in mm. of Lake Winnipeg ciscoes.

Contract of the	BULL HEAD			DOGHEAD			MUKUTAWA R.		
GR Group	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III
DR	10.2	10.5	10.7	10.4	10.8	10.8	10.4	10.7	10.8
AR	11.8	11.8	12.1	11.8	12.2	12.1	11.8	11.8	12.2
Br	9.1	9.4	9.4	8.2	8.4	8.8	8.4	8.8	9.0
Se	62.2	62.0	61.2	62.9	63.9	64.0	61.8	66.4	62.0

Table LVIII. Average count of meristic characters for Lake Winnipeg ciscoes.

St.L.	200	mm.	250	mm.	300 mm.		
-	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	Mean Part	Ind. Part	
HL	49.7-50.5	47.1-53.2	61.0-62.1	57.9-65.4	71.8-73.7	68.5- 77.4	
HD	33.6-34.6	30.4-38.3	42.1-43.6	38.1-48.1	50.4-52.8	45.8- 58.0	
EE	14.0-14.3	12.8-15.6	16.0-16.5	14.7-17.9	17.8-18.5	16.4- 20.0	
ST	12.2-12.6	11.1-13.9	15.0-15.5	13.6-17.0	17.5-18.4	16.0- 20.1	
MX	16.5-17.0	15.1-18.7	20.0-20.6	18.2-22.6	23.2-24.2	21.3- 26.4	
IB	12.5-12.9	11.2-14.5	15.7-16.3	14.0-18.2	18.8-19.8	16.9- 22.0	
CL	17.4-18.6	14.2-22.8	21.0-22.5	17.1-27.6	24.2-26.6	20.0- 32.3	
CD	19.1-19.8	16.8-22.6	24.1-25.2	21.2-28.6	29.1-30.9	25.8- 34.8	
BD	53.9-55.9	47.5-63.4	72.1-75.4	63.8-85.2	91.1-96.6	81.1-108.6	
BW	25.5-26.6	22.0-30.8	34.5-36.3	30.0-41.9	44.0-47.1	38.5- 54.0	
DH	45.6-47.0	41.6-51.6	54.3-56.1	49.6-61.5	62.3-65.2	57.2- 71.3	
DB	28.2-29.2	25.2-32.7	34.5-35.9	30.9-40.1	40.4-42.6	36.4- 47.4	
AH	31.1-32.1	28.0-35.7	38.4-39.8	34.6-44.2	45.4-47.7	41.2- 52.5	
AB	26.1-27.5	21.9-32.7	31.4-33.4	26.5-39.6	36.4-39.4	30.9- 46.4	
PT	38.7-39.7	35.9-42.8	47.8-49.1	44.3-52.9	56.5-58.7	52.6- 63.0	
PC	39.6-40.6	36.4-44.2	47.9-49.4	44.1-53.6	55.8-58.1	51.6- 62.8	

Table LIX. Lower and upper fiducial limits for body parts of Lake Manitoba ciscoss.

Body Part	Koelz' Lake Michigan L. artedii	Koelz' Lake Michigan L. <u>nigripinnis</u>	F.R.B. Lake Michigan L. <u>ertedii</u>	F.R.B. Lake Huron L. artedii	
HL	0.856-0.894	0.552-1.084	0.449-0.955	0.577-1.097	
HD	0.955-1.005	0.612-1.220	0.302-1.082	0.501-1.205	
EE	0.592-0.682	0.030-0.906	-0.138-0.760	0.259-1.149	
ST	0.801-0.883	0.330-1.358	0.120-1.016	0.404-1.256	
MX	0.749-0.825	0.453-1.253	0,185-0,965	0.181-1.293	
IB	1.046-1.128	0.625-1.767	0.314-1.366	0.454-1.530	
CL	0.898-1.026	0.683-1.443	0.472-1.798	0.314-1.648	
CD	1.030-1.134	0.457-1.789	0.275-1.171	0.565-1.641	
BD	1.256-1.390	0.634-1.926	0.382-1.552	0.469-1.359	
BM	1.217-1.355	0.277-1.875	0.284-1.572	0.616-1.692	
DH	0.754-0.836	0.369-1.255	0.050-0.988	0.226-1.272	
DB	0.963-1.065	0.486-1.552	0.183-1.391	0.225-1.337	
AH	0.826-0.936	0.293-1.381	0.084-1.136	0.409-1.449	
AB	0.844-0.946	0.140-1.366	0.199-1.407	0.318-1.432	
PT	0.849-0.927	0.303-1.369	0.118-1.132	0.397-1.139	
PC	0.826-0.908	0.516-1.276	0.010-0.868	0.378-1.268	

Table LX. Fiducial limits for slope for Great Lakes samples.

Body Part	Lake Manitoba	Lake Dauphin	Rocky Lake	Churchill River
HL	0.732-0.834	0.482-1.042	0.898-0.950	0.901-0.929
HD	0.741-0.863	0.478-1.132	0.968-1.070	0.940-0.976
EE	0.411-0.561	-0.102-0.832	0.573-0.659	0.685-0.727
ST	0.622-0.792	-0.317-1.823(M)	0.860-0.958	0.818-0.858
		-0.096-1.856(F)		
MX	0.575-0.739	0.300-1.140	0.807-0.901	0.858-0.902
IB	0.799-0.977	0.267-1.481	0.970-1.084	0.965-1.009
CL	0.716-1.056	-0.093-2.243	0.744-0.952	0.906-0.986
CD	0.909-0.977	0.256-1.518	1.000-1.130	0.884-0.932
BD	0.649-0.839	0.346-1.466	1.259-1.385	0.911-1.073(M)
				1.086-1.126(F)
BM	0.904-1.122	0.533-1.795	1.307-1.453	1.200-1.284(F)
DH	0.589-0.827	-0.585-1.873	0.734-0.842	0.747-0.791
DB	0.687-0.885	0.122-1.570	0.856-0.970	0.945-1.007
AH	0.663-0.921	-0.161-0.925	0.904-1.012	0.791-0.845
AB	0.741-0.945	0.198-1.226	0.764-0.940	0.792-0.986(¥)
PT	0.709-0.929	0.035-1.757	0.905-0.991	0.854-0.898
PC	0.713-0.869	0.059-1.513	0.822-0.908	0.807-0.849

Table LXI. Fiducial limits for slope for Manitoba ciscoes.

