



FERNANDINA BEACH, FLORIDA ODMDS 2005 BENTHIC COMMUNITY ASSESSMENT

Submitted to

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Fernandina Beach, Florida Ocean Dredged Material Disposal Site (ODMDS) was investigated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) during 2005 as part of a monitoring study of dredged material disposal at the site. One aspect of this evaluation was benthic community characterization, which was accomplished via sample collection by EPA personnel and laboratory and data analysis by Barry A. Vittor & Associates, Inc. (BVA).

The Fernandina Beach ODMDS is located approximately 7 nautical miles east of Fernandina Beach, FL and 8.5 nautical miles northeast of the St. Johns River entrance channel. Six benthic monitoring stations were located within the disposal area and six stations were located just outside this area (Table 1, Figure 1).

2.0 METHODS

2.1 Sample Collection And Handling

A modified-Young grab (area = 0.04 m²) was used to collect bottom samples at each of twelve stations (Figure 1). Six stations were located within the ODMDS and six were positioned outside the ODMDS. Macrofaunal samples were sieved through a 0.5-mm mesh screen and preserved with 10% formalin on ship. Macrofaunal samples were transported to the BVA laboratory in Mobile, Alabama. Samples were also collected at each station for sediment texture analysis.

2.2 Macrofaunal Sample Analysis

In BVA's laboratory, benthic samples were inventoried, rinsed gently through a 0.5-mm mesh sieve to remove preservatives and sediment, stained with Rose Bengal, and stored in 70% isopropanol solution until processing. Sample material (sediment, detritus, organisms) was placed in white enamel trays for sorting under Wild M-5A dissecting microscopes. All

macroinvertebrates were carefully removed with forceps and placed in labeled glass vials containing 70% isopropanol. Each vial represented a major taxonomic group (*e.g.* Oligochaeta, Mollusca, Arthropoda). Oligochaetes were individually mounted and cleared on microscope slides prior to identification. All sorted macroinvertebrates were identified to the lowest practical identification level (LPIL), which in most cases was to species level unless the specimen was a juvenile, damaged, or otherwise unidentifiable. The number of individuals of each taxon, excluding fragments, was recorded. A voucher collection was prepared, composed of representative individuals of each species not previously encountered in samples from the region.

Each sample was analyzed for wet-weight biomass (g/m²) for the major taxonomic groups identified. After identification, each taxonomic group was kept in separate vials and preserved in 70% isopropyl alcohol. A biomass technician removed the organisms from a vial, placed them on a filter paper pad, gently blotted them with a paper towel to remove moisture, placed them in a tared weighing pan, and weighed the pan to the nearest 0.1 mg using a Mettler Model AG-104 balance.

3.0 DATA ANALYSIS METHODS

3.1 Assemblage Analyses

All data generated as a result of laboratory analysis of macrofauna samples were first coded on data sheets. Enumeration data were entered for each species according to station and replicate. These data were reduced to a data summary report for each station, which included a taxonomic species list and benthic community parameters information. Documentation of BVA's standard QA/QC procedures and results for this project are available upon request.

Several numerical indices were chosen for analysis and interpretation of the macrofaunal data. Infaunal abundance is reported as the total number of individuals per station

and the total number of individuals per square meter (= density). Taxa richness is reported as the number of taxa represented in a given station collection.

Taxa diversity, which is often related to the ecological stability and environmental "quality" of the benthos, was estimated by Shannon's Index (Pielou, 1966), according to the following formula:

$$H' = - \sum_{i=1}^S p_i (\ln p_i)$$

where, S = the number of taxa in the sample,

i = the i'th taxa in the sample, and

p_i = the number of individuals of the i'th taxa divided by the total number of individuals in the sample.

Taxa diversity within a given community is dependent upon the number of taxa present (taxa richness) and the distribution of all individuals among those taxa (equitability or evenness).

In order to quantify and compare the equitability in the fauna to the taxa diversity for a given area, Pielou's Index J' (Pielou, 1966) was calculated as $J' = H'/\ln S$, where $\ln S = H'_{\max}$, or the maximum possible diversity, when all taxa are represented by the same number of individuals; thus, $J' = H' / H'_{\max}$. An additional measure of richness, Margalef's D, was calculated as $(s-1)/\ln(n)$, where s = number of taxa and n = total number of individuals (Pielou 1966).

Univariate comparisons (ANOVA) of biomass, taxa richness and density were made assuming that each station within and outside the ODMDS were replicates.

3.2 Cluster, ANOSIM and SIMPER Analyses

Cluster analysis was performed on the benthic macroinvertebrate data by calculating the Bray-Curtis similarity coefficient for all pairs of sampling stations, after having transformed (e.g.

square root, \ln_e) the original taxa abundances (Clarke and Gorley 2003). Clusters were formed using the group-average linkage method between similarities. A non-parametric multi-dimensional scaling (MDS) was then performed on the similarity matrix generated by the cluster analysis. MDS represents sample stations in 2-dimensional space such that the relative distances apart of all points were in the same rank order as the relative dissimilarities of the samples as calculated by the Bray-Curtis coefficients. Points close together in an MDS plot represents sample stations that were very similar in taxa composition and points that were far apart represent very different assemblages (Clarke and Gorley 2003).

The ANOSIM (Analysis of Similarities) test was calculated to assess assemblage differences between samples within and outside the ODMDS using the Bray-Curtis similarity matrix. Subsequently, the SIMPER test was used to identify which taxa accounted for any observed differences between assemblage groups. The ANOSIM and SIMPER tests were calculated using PRIMER (Clarke and Gorley 2003).

4.0 HABITAT CHARACTERISTICS

Sediment data for the 12 stations are given in Table 2 and Figure 2. Bottom sediments at stations outside the ODMDS averaged > 98% sand. Sediments inside the ODMDS at Stations F04, F08 and F09 averaged > 97% sand, while Stations F05, F06 and F10 had significant gravel fractions (20%, 18% and 39%, respectively). In a 1989 benthic survey of the ODMDS, the outer five stations surveyed averaged >93% sand, while three stations inside the ODMDS had >75% sand and two other stations inside the ODMDS had significant gravel fractions (>21%) (Table 2).

5.0 BENTHIC COMMUNITY CHARACTERIZATION

5.1 Faunal Composition, Abundance, And Community Structure

A total of 2251 organisms, representing 255 taxa, were identified from the 12 stations (Table 3). Polychaetes were the most numerous organisms present representing 58.9% of the total assemblage, followed in abundance by bivalves (13.3%), malacostracans (10.2%) and gastropods (6.0%). Polychaetes represented 45.1% of the total number of taxa followed by malacostracans (23.5%), bivalves (11.4%) and gastropods (9.0%) (Table 3). The percent abundance of major taxa at each station is given in Table 4 and Figure 3. Station F01 outside the ODMDS was dominated by annelids (polychaetes), while the remaining stations outside the ODMDS were dominated by a mixed annelid/mollusk assemblage. Three stations within the ODMDS (F04, F05, F10) were dominated by annelids (polychaetes). Station F06 was dominated by a mixed annelid/mollusk assemblage and Station F09 by a mixed annelid/malacostracan assemblage (Table 4, Figure 3).

Wet-weight biomass data for the major taxonomic groups is summarized for each station are given in Table 5 and Figure 4. Biomass at Stations F01, F02, F03, F11 and F12 outside the ODMDS had a wet-weight biomass $<0.5 \text{ g/m}^2$, while Station F07 had a weight-biomass of 2.1544 g/m^2 due to the abundance of arthropods (Table 5). Biomass at Stations F04, F08 and F09 inside the ODMDS had wet-weight biomass $< 0.1 \text{ g/m}^2$. Biomass at Stations F05 and F06 was dominated by mollusks, while biomass at Station F10 was dominated by both annelids and mollusks (Figure 4). The average biomass inside the ODMDS was 0.9566 ($SD = 0.9194$) and 0.5564 ($SD = 0.5873$) outside the ODMDS. There was no significant difference, however, in biomass between stations inside and outside the ODMDS ($F = 5.32$, $P = 0.44$, $df = 1, 8$).

The dominant taxon collected from the 12 Fernandina ODMDS stations was the polychaete, *Bhawania heteroseta*, representing 5.2% of the total number of individuals (Table 6). Other dominant taxa collected included the polychaete Family, Maldanidae (LPIL) and the polychaetes, *Prionospio cristata*, *Mediomastus* (LPIL) and *Polygordius* (LPIL) representing 4.9%, 4.6%, 3.9% and 3.1% of the total assemblage, respectively (Table 6). The chordate, *Branchiostoma* (LPIL) was the most widely distributed taxon being found at 67% of the stations (Table 6). Those taxa representing more than 5% of the assemblage at each station are given in Table 7. In general the stations outside the ODMDS were dominated by a mixed assemblage of polychaetes, bivalves and gastropods, while the assemblages within the ODMDS were dominated by various polychaete taxa (Table 7).

Taxa richness data for the 12 ODMDS stations are given in Table 8 and Figure 5. Taxa richness ranged from 20 taxa/station at Station F03 to 50 taxa/station at Station F01 outside the ODMDS and from 20 at Station F08 to 88 at Station F05 inside the ODMDS. Taxa richness averaged 34.0 taxa/station outside the ODMDS and 54.0 taxa/station inside the ODMDS. There was no significant difference in taxa richness between stations inside and outside the ODMDS ($F = 4.965$, $P = 0.196$, $df = 1, 10$).

Density data for the 12 ODMDS stations are given in Table 8 and Figure 6. Densities ranged from 625 organisms/m² at Station F07 to 3800 organisms/m² at Station F01 outside the ODMDS and from 1025 organisms/m² at Station F08 to 17875 organisms/m² at Station F10 inside the ODMDS. Densities averaged 2025.0 organisms/m² outside the ODMDS and 7354.2 organisms/m² inside the ODMDS. There was no significant difference in density between stations inside and outside the ODMDS ($F = 4.965$, $P = 0.113$, $df = 1, 10$).

Taxa diversity and evenness for the ODMDS stations are given in Table 8 and Figures 7 and 8. Taxa diversity (H') showed a similar range of variation outside and within the ODMDS and averaged 3.09 and 3.24, respectively (Table 8). Taxa evenness (J') also exhibited a similar range of variation outside and within the ODMDS and averaged 0.90 and 0.86, respectively. The community indices showed considerable uniformity between stations. There was no predictable pattern in community indices between stations within and outside the disposal area (Figures 7 and 8).

5.2 Cluster, ANOSIM and SIMPER Analyses

Cluster analysis of the 12 ODMDS stations is given in Figure 9. There were two main clusters of stations; the first cluster included all of the stations outside the ODMDS except for Station F11 and Stations F04 and F08 from within the ODMDS; the second cluster included Stations F05, F06 and F10 from within the ODMDS and Station F09 and F11 from outside the ODMDS. Stations F05, F06 and F10 clustered together and the assemblages probably reflected the fact that the sediment at these stations was distinct from that found at the other stations (gravelly sand and sandy gravel vs sand). The results of the MDS analysis are given in Figure 10. The groupings in the MDS reflect the major groupings found in the cluster analysis. Stations F05, F06 and F10 again were in a tight grouping reflecting similar biological assemblages; Station F09, F11 and F07 were outliers, while the remaining stations had similar assemblages (Figure 10).

The results of the ANOSIM reflect the general similarity in assemblages between stations within and outside the ODMDS: Global $R = 0.109$, significance of $R = 18.2\%$ - these data indicate that the null hypothesis that the assemblages within and outside the ODMDS are similar

should be accepted. The results of the SIMPER analysis which list those taxa contributing to the dissimilarity between stations within and outside the ODMDS are given in Appendix I.

6.0 2005 vs. 1989 COMPARISONS

Biological data collected from the disposal site in 2005 can be compared to data collected from the same site in 1989 (Barry A. Vittor & Associates, Inc. 1990). Sediment texture data from 1989 and 2005 are summarized in Table 2 and Figure 11. Sediment composition at the 5 stations sampled outside the ODMDS in 1989 was variable: sand was found at Stations F6 and F12, silty sand at Station F1 and slightly gravelly sand at Stations F2 and F11. Sediment composition at the 6 stations outside the ODMDS sampled in 2005 was > 97% sand. Sediment at stations within the ODMDS in 1989 was also variable with sand at one station, slightly gravelly sand at two stations and gravelly sand at two stations. In 2005, three stations had sandy sediments (F04, F08, F09), two had gravelly sand sediments (F05 and F06) and one had sandy gravel sediments (F10).

One biologically significant difference between the 1989 and 2005 events was in the total number of samples taken. In 1989, fifteen replicates were taken (using a 0.0079 m^2 diver core) at each of the ten stations for a total of 147 samples (3 samples were lost during processing) compared to a single sample taken with a modified Young grab (0.04 m^2) at each of the 12 stations in 2005 for a total of 12 samples. The discrepancy in the number of samples taken has a potentially biologically significant effect on the number of taxa collected as well as the overall abundance of the taxa.

In 1989, 15823 individuals representing 423 taxa were collected from 147 samples collected at the 10 stations. Annelids (polychaetes) were the dominant taxa collected representing 46% of the individuals and 40% of the taxa collected. Dominant polychaetes

included the Family Serpulidae, *Exogone dispar*, *Parapionosyllis longicirrata*, *Bhawania heteroseta* and *Polygordius* (LPIL). Arthropods represented 7% of individuals and 29% of taxa collected. Dominant arthropods included the ostracod, *Reticulocythereis* sp. A and *Acetes* sp. A and *Glyptoplax* (LPIL). Mollusks represented 42% of the individuals and 25% of the taxa. Dominant mollusks included *Crassinella lunulata* and *Gouldia cerina*. The dominant annelid and mollusk taxa collected in 2005 were similar to those collected in 1989 (Table 6). The arthropod dominants between 1989 and 2005 were different, probably due to chance (147 samples were analyzed in 1989, but only 12 in 2005) and the low abundances of this group in both years.

In 1989, stations inside the ODMDS had significantly higher taxa richness and density than stations outside the ODMDS (Table 9, Barry A. Vittor & Associates, Inc. 1990). Taxa richness inside the ODMDS averaged 29.5 taxa/station and 19.6 taxa/station outside the ODMDS, while densities averaged 19152.2 organisms/m² inside and 7746.0 organisms/m² outside the ODMDS (Table 9). In 2005 taxa richness was higher both inside (54.0 vs. 29.5) and outside (34.0 vs. 19.6) the ODMDS than in 1989. In 1989 densities were higher both within (19152.2 vs. 7354.2) and outside (7746.0 vs. 2025.0) the ODMDS than in 2005. However, comparisons of taxa richness and density between 1989 and 2005 are problematic due to differences in sampling methodologies.

8.0 LITERATURE CITED

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- Clarke, K.R. and R.N. Gorley. 2003. PRIMER 5 (Plymouth Routines in Multivariate Ecological Research). Plymouth Marine Laboratory, Plymouth, United Kingdom.
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Table 1. Location of the Fernandina Beach, Florida ODMDS sampling stations, 2005

| Station | Latitude (N) | Longitude (W) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | Degrees, minutes | |
| Outside the ODMDS | | |
| F01 | 30° 34.00' | 81° 18.00' |
| F02 | 30° 33.29' | 81° 18.89' |
| F03 | 30° 33.28' | 81° 16.58' |
| F07 | 30° 32.00' | 81° 19.70' |
| F11 | 30° 30.26' | 81° 16.60' |
| F12 | 30° 30.00' | 81° 18.00' |
| Inside the ODMDS | | |
| F04 | 30° 32.75' | 81° 18.85' |
| F05 | 30° 32.75' | 81° 17.15' |
| F06 | 30° 32.59' | 81° 18.03' |
| F08 | 30° 32.00' | 81° 18.85' |
| F09 | 30° 32.00' | 81° 18.00' |
| F10 | 30° 31.36' | 81° 17.78' |

Table 2. Sediment data for the USEPA Fernandina ODMDS stations, 1989 and 2005.

| Station | % Gravel | % Sand | % Silt+Clay | Textural Description | Inman's Statistics | |
|--------------------------|----------|--------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | Median phi | Sorting Coeff |
| Outside the ODMDS | | | | | | |
| F01 | 0 | 98.85 | 1.15 | sand | 2.067 | 0.995 |
| F02 | 0 | 98.94 | 1.06 | sand | 2.517 | 0.874 |
| F03 | 0 | 99.79 | 0.21 | sand | 2.451 | 0.516 |
| F07 | 0.72 | 98.55 | 0.72 | sand | 2.490 | 0.439 |
| F11 | 1.00 | 98.71 | 0.29 | sand | 1.038 | 0.88 |
| F12 | 0 | 97.49 | 2.51 | sand | 3.226 | 0.688 |
| | 0.29 | 98.72 | 0.99 | | | |
| Inside the ODMDS | | | | | | |
| F04 | 2.13 | 97.53 | 0.33 | sand | 2.183 | 0.815 |
| F05 | 20.03 | 76.33 | 3.64 | gravelly sand | 0.722 | 1.743 |
| F06 | 18.09 | 80.81 | 1.11 | gravelly sand | 1.015 | 1.987 |
| F08 | 0.15 | 99.19 | 0.66 | sand | 2.591 | 0.572 |
| F09 | 1.10 | 98.70 | 0.20 | sand | 2.181 | 0.845 |
| F10 | 39.35 | 55.39 | 5.26 | sandy gravel | * | * |
| | 13.48 | 84.66 | 1.87 | | | |

*Cannot calculate due to the high percentage of gravel

1989 Data

| Station | % Gravel | % Sand | % Silt+Clay | Textural Description |
|----------------------|----------|--------|-------------|------------------------|
| Outside ODMDS | | | | |
| 1 | 2.3 | 89.54 | 8.32 | silty sand |
| 2 | 3.82 | 93.52 | 1.84 | slightly gravelly sand |
| 6 | 1.12 | 95.64 | 2.52 | sand |
| 11 | 2.66 | 95.75 | 1.04 | slightly gravelly sand |
| 12 | 0.48 | 94.38 | 3.71 | sand |
| | 2.08 | 93.77 | 3.49 | |
| Inside ODMDS | | | | |
| 5 | 5.13 | 91.63 | 2.55 | slightly gravelly sand |
| 7 | 0.94 | 97.4 | 1.19 | sand |
| 8 | 21.76 | 75.58 | 1.83 | gravelly sand |
| 9 | 32.16 | 63.8 | 2.21 | gravelly sand |
| 10 | 2.12 | 93.81 | 3.35 | slightly gravelly sand |
| | 12.42 | 84.44 | 2.23 | |

Table 3. Summary of overall abundance of major benthic macrofaunal taxonomic groups for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

| Taxa | Total No. Taxa | % Total | Total No. Individuals | % Total |
|----------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------------|---------|
| Annelida | | | | |
| Oligochaeta | 2 | 0.8 | 65 | 2.9 |
| Polychaeta | 115 | 45.1 | 1,326 | 58.9 |
| Mollusca | | | | |
| Bivalvia | 29 | 11.4 | 299 | 13.3 |
| Gastropoda | 23 | 9.0 | 136 | 6.0 |
| Polyplacophora | 1 | 0.4 | 2 | 0.1 |
| Scaphopoda | 2 | 0.8 | 4 | 0.2 |
| Arthropoda | | | | |
| Malacostraca | 60 | 23.5 | 230 | 10.2 |
| Ostracoda | 5 | 2.0 | 8 | 0.4 |
| Echinodermata | | | | |
| Asteroidea | 1 | 0.4 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Holothuroidea | 1 | 0.4 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Ophiuroidea | 2 | 0.8 | 56 | 2.5 |
| Other Taxa | 14 | 5.5 | 123 | 5.5 |
| Total | 255 | | 2,251 | |

Table 4. Summary of abundance of major benthic macrofaunal taxonomic groups by station for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

| Station | Taxa | Total No. Taxa | % Total | Total No. Individuals | % Total |
|------------|---------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|
| F01 | Annelida | 33 | 66.0 | 110 | 72.4 |
| | Mollusca | 2 | 4.0 | 10 | 6.6 |
| | Arthropoda | 8 | 16.0 | 8 | 5.3 |
| | Echinodermata | 1 | 2.0 | 17 | 11.2 |
| | Other Taxa | 6 | 12.0 | 7 | 4.6 |
| | Total | 50 | | 152 | 100.0 |
| F02 | Annelida | 14 | 43.8 | 27 | 45.0 |
| | Mollusca | 8 | 25.0 | 14 | 23.3 |
| | Arthropoda | 4 | 12.5 | 6 | 10.0 |
| | Echinodermata | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| | Other Taxa | 6 | 18.8 | 13 | 21.7 |
| | Total | 32 | | 60 | 100.0 |
| F03 | Annelida | 6 | 30.0 | 12 | 25.5 |
| | Mollusca | 9 | 45.0 | 28 | 59.6 |
| | Arthropoda | 2 | 10.0 | 3 | 6.4 |
| | Echinodermata | 1 | 5.0 | 2 | 4.3 |
| | Other Taxa | 2 | 10.0 | 2 | 4.3 |
| | Total | 20 | | 47 | 100.0 |
| F07 | Annelida | 10 | 47.6 | 10 | 40.0 |
| | Mollusca | 3 | 14.3 | 5 | 20.0 |
| | Arthropoda | 5 | 23.8 | 7 | 28.0 |
| | Echinodermata | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| | Other Taxa | 3 | 14.3 | 3 | 12.0 |
| | Total | 21 | | 25 | 100.0 |
| F11 | Annelida | 21 | 46.7 | 37 | 33.0 |
| | Mollusca | 12 | 26.7 | 32 | 28.6 |
| | Arthropoda | 7 | 15.6 | 11 | 9.8 |
| | Echinodermata | 1 | 2.2 | 5 | 4.5 |
| | Other Taxa | 4 | 8.9 | 27 | 24.1 |
| | Total | 45 | | 112 | 100.0 |
| F12 | Annelida | 12 | 33.3 | 34 | 37.8 |
| | Mollusca | 14 | 38.9 | 38 | 42.2 |
| | Arthropoda | 5 | 13.9 | 7 | 7.8 |
| | Echinodermata | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| | Other Taxa | 5 | 13.9 | 11 | 12.2 |
| | Total | 36 | | 90 | 100.0 |

Table 4 continued:

| Station | Taxa | Total No. | | Total No. | |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | | Taxa | % Total | Individuals | % Total |
| F04 | Annelida | 18 | 66.7 | 41 | 77.4 |
| | Mollusca | 3 | 11.1 | 3 | 5.7 |
| | Arthropoda | 4 | 14.8 | 4 | 7.5 |
| | Echinodermata | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| | Other Taxa | 2 | 7.4 | 5 | 9.4 |
| | Total | 27 | | 53 | 100.0 |
| F05 | Annelida | 51 | 58.0 | 236 | 70.0 |
| | Mollusca | 17 | 19.3 | 52 | 15.4 |
| | Arthropoda | 11 | 12.5 | 24 | 7.1 |
| | Echinodermata | 4 | 4.5 | 10 | 3.0 |
| | Other Taxa | 5 | 5.7 | 15 | 4.5 |
| | Total | 88 | | 337 | 100.0 |
| F06 | Annelida | 44 | 50.6 | 262 | 45.7 |
| | Mollusca | 14 | 16.1 | 179 | 31.2 |
| | Arthropoda | 24 | 27.6 | 109 | 19.0 |
| | Echinodermata | 2 | 2.3 | 14 | 2.4 |
| | Other Taxa | 3 | 3.4 | 9 | 1.6 |
| | Total | 87 | | 573 | 100.0 |
| F08 | Annelida | 9 | 45.0 | 27 | 65.9 |
| | Mollusca | 4 | 20.0 | 7 | 17.1 |
| | Arthropoda | 4 | 20.0 | 4 | 9.8 |
| | Echinodermata | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| | Other Taxa | 3 | 15.0 | 3 | 7.3 |
| | Total | 20 | | 41 | 100.0 |
| F09 | Annelida | 13 | 52.0 | 21 | 45.7 |
| | Mollusca | 2 | 8.0 | 2 | 4.3 |
| | Arthropoda | 8 | 32.0 | 17 | 37.0 |
| | Echinodermata | 1 | 4.0 | 5 | 10.9 |
| | Other Taxa | 1 | 4.0 | 1 | 2.2 |
| | Total | 25 | | 46 | 100.0 |
| F10 | Annelida | 42 | 54.5 | 574 | 80.3 |
| | Mollusca | 13 | 16.9 | 71 | 9.9 |
| | Arthropoda | 14 | 18.2 | 38 | 5.3 |
| | Echinodermata | 1 | 1.3 | 5 | 0.7 |
| | Other Taxa | 7 | 9.1 | 27 | 3.8 |
| | Total | 77 | | 715 | 100.0 |

Table 5. Weight-weight biomass of major benthic macrofaunal groups by station for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

| Station | Taxa Group | Biomass (gm/m²) | Station | Taxa Group | Biomass (gm/m²) |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| F01 | Annelida | 0.3906 | F04 | Annelida | 0.1115 |
| | Mollusca | 0.0036 | | Mollusca | 0.0027 |
| | Arthropoda | 0.0059 | | Arthropoda | 0.0409 |
| | Echinodermata | 0.0018 | | Echinodermata | 0.0000 |
| | Other Taxa | 0.0132 | | Other Taxa | 0.0018 |
| | Total | 0.4151 | | Total | 0.1569 |
| F02 | Annelida | 0.0524 | F05 | Annelida | 0.1944 |
| | Mollusca | 0.1133 | | Mollusca | 0.6008 |
| | Arthropoda | 0.0121 | | Arthropoda | 0.0198 |
| | Echinodermata | 0.0000 | | Echinodermata | 0.0305 |
| | Other Taxa | 0.0201 | | Other Taxa | 0.0968 |
| | Total | 0.1979 | | Total | 0.9423 |
| F03 | Annelida | 0.0049 | F06 | Annelida | 0.2361 |
| | Mollusca | 0.0400 | | Mollusca | 1.1612 |
| | Arthropoda | 0.0001 | | Arthropoda | 0.1493 |
| | Echinodermata | 0.0001 | | Echinodermata | 0.0405 |
| | Other Taxa | 0.0014 | | Other Taxa | 0.0026 |
| | Total | 0.0465 | | Total | 1.5897 |
| F07 | Annelida | 0.0132 | F08 | Annelida | 0.0226 |
| | Mollusca | 0.0042 | | Mollusca | 0.0033 |
| | Arthropoda | 2.1344 | | Arthropoda | 0.0022 |
| | Echinodermata | 0.0000 | | Echinodermata | 0.0000 |
| | Other Taxa | 0.0026 | | Other Taxa | 0.0080 |
| | Total | 2.1544 | | Total | 0.0361 |
| F11 | Annelida | 0.1003 | F09 | Annelida | 0.0506 |
| | Mollusca | 0.0211 | | Mollusca | 0.0058 |
| | Arthropoda | 0.0376 | | Arthropoda | 0.0311 |
| | Echinodermata | 0.0036 | | Echinodermata | 0.0060 |
| | Other Taxa | 0.0238 | | Other Taxa | 0.0001 |
| | Total | 0.1864 | | Total | 0.0936 |
| F12 | Annelida | 0.0313 | F10 | Annelida | 0.8488 |
| | Mollusca | 0.0342 | | Mollusca | 0.4472 |
| | Arthropoda | 0.0011 | | Arthropoda | 0.1416 |
| | Echinodermata | 0.0000 | | Echinodermata | 0.0416 |
| | Other Taxa | 0.3261 | | Other Taxa | 0.0726 |
| | Total | 0.3927 | | Total | 1.5518 |

Table 6. Distribution and abundance and of benthic macrofaunal taxa for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

| Taxa | Phylum | Class | No. of Individuals | % Total | Cumulative % | Station Occurrence | % Station Occurrence |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Bhawania heteroseta</i> | Ann | Poly | 117 | 5.20 | 5.20 | 3 | 25 |
| Maldanidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 111 | 4.93 | 10.13 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Prionospio cristata</i> | Ann | Poly | 103 | 4.58 | 14.70 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Mediomastus</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 87 | 3.86 | 18.57 | 6 | 50 |
| <i>Polygordius</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 69 | 3.07 | 21.63 | 7 | 58 |
| <i>Prionospio</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 66 | 2.93 | 24.57 | 6 | 50 |
| <i>Anadara transversa</i> | Mol | Biva | 65 | 2.89 | 27.45 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Armandia maculata</i> | Ann | Poly | 65 | 2.89 | 30.34 | 7 | 58 |
| <i>Magelona</i> sp. H | Ann | Poly | 56 | 2.49 | 32.83 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Crassinella lunulata</i> | Mol | Biva | 55 | 2.44 | 35.27 | 5 | 42 |
| Odostomia (LPIL) | Mol | Gast | 51 | 2.27 | 37.54 | 1 | 8 |
| Ophiuroidea (LPIL) | Ech | Ophi | 51 | 2.27 | 39.80 | 7 | 58 |
| <i>Gouldia cerina</i> | Mol | Biva | 46 | 2.04 | 41.85 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Goniadiides caroliniae</i> | Ann | Poly | 39 | 1.73 | 43.58 | 3 | 25 |
| Tubificidae (LPIL) | Ann | Olig | 38 | 1.69 | 45.27 | 5 | 42 |
| Nereididae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 37 | 1.64 | 46.91 | 7 | 58 |
| <i>Branchiostoma</i> (LPIL) | Cho | Lept | 31 | 1.38 | 48.29 | 8 | 67 |
| <i>Globosolembos smithi</i> | Art | Mala | 31 | 1.38 | 49.67 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Tellina</i> (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 29 | 1.29 | 50.96 | 5 | 42 |
| <i>Apoprionospio pygmaea</i> | Ann | Poly | 27 | 1.20 | 52.15 | 6 | 50 |
| Enchytraeidae (LPIL) | Ann | Olig | 27 | 1.20 | 53.35 | 3 | 25 |
| Capitellidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 26 | 1.16 | 54.51 | 7 | 58 |
| <i>Exogone lourei</i> | Ann | Poly | 26 | 1.16 | 55.66 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Parapionosyllis longicirrata</i> | Ann | Poly | 26 | 1.16 | 56.82 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Paraprionospio pinnata</i> | Ann | Poly | 26 | 1.16 | 57.97 | 5 | 42 |
| Rhynchocoela (LPIL) | Rhy | - | 25 | 1.11 | 59.08 | 7 | 58 |
| Cirratulidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 23 | 1.02 | 60.11 | 6 | 50 |
| <i>Acteocina bidentata</i> | Mol | Gast | 22 | 0.98 | 61.08 | 6 | 50 |
| Pleuromeris tridentata | Mol | Biva | 20 | 0.89 | 61.97 | 2 | 17 |
| Aricidea (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 19 | 0.84 | 62.82 | 5 | 42 |
| Bivalvia (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 19 | 0.84 | 63.66 | 5 | 42 |
| <i>Lumbrineris latreilli</i> | Ann | Poly | 18 | 0.80 | 64.46 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Autolytus</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 16 | 0.71 | 65.17 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Dulichiella</i> sp. A | Art | Mala | 16 | 0.71 | 65.88 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Laonice cirrata</i> | Ann | Poly | 16 | 0.71 | 66.59 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Neomegamphopus</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 16 | 0.71 | 67.30 | 4 | 33 |
| Phyllodocidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 15 | 0.67 | 67.97 | 5 | 42 |
| Turbellaria (LPIL) | Pla | Turb | 14 | 0.62 | 68.59 | 3 | 25 |
| Ampharetidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 13 | 0.58 | 69.17 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Aspidosiphon gosnoldi</i> | Sip | - | 13 | 0.58 | 69.75 | 4 | 33 |
| Hesionidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 13 | 0.58 | 70.32 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Caecum johnsoni</i> | Mol | Gast | 12 | 0.53 | 70.86 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Liljeborgia</i> sp. A | Art | Mala | 12 | 0.53 | 71.39 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Mooreonuphis pallidula</i> | Ann | Poly | 12 | 0.53 | 71.92 | 5 | 42 |
| <i>Magelona pettiboneae</i> | Ann | Poly | 11 | 0.49 | 72.41 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Owenia fusiformis</i> | Ann | Poly | 11 | 0.49 | 72.90 | 5 | 42 |
| <i>Caecum pulchellum</i> | Mol | Gast | 10 | 0.44 | 73.35 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Chone</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 10 | 0.44 | 73.79 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Nephtys picta</i> | Ann | Poly | 10 | 0.44 | 74.23 | 5 | 42 |
| <i>Protohadzia schoenherae</i> | Art | Mala | 10 | 0.44 | 74.68 | 1 | 8 |
| Aoridae (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 9 | 0.40 | 75.08 | 1 | 8 |
| Goneplacidae (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 9 | 0.40 | 75.48 | 2 | 17 |

Table 6 continued:

| Taxa | Phylum | Class | No. of Individuals | % Total | Cumulative % | Station Occurrence | % Station Occurrence |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Goniada littorea</i> | Ann | Poly | 9 | 0.40 | 75.88 | 5 | 42 |
| <i>Schistomeringos pectinata</i> | Ann | Poly | 9 | 0.40 | 76.28 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Acteocina candei</i> | Mol | Gast | 8 | 0.36 | 76.63 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Apanthura cracenta</i> | Art | Mala | 8 | 0.36 | 76.99 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Arabella mutans</i> | Ann | Poly | 8 | 0.36 | 77.34 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Dentatissyllis carolinae</i> | Ann | Poly | 8 | 0.36 | 77.70 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Ervilia concentrica</i> | Mol | Biva | 8 | 0.36 | 78.05 | 3 | 25 |
| Lumbrineridae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 8 | 0.36 | 78.41 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Polycirrus eximius</i> | Ann | Poly | 8 | 0.36 | 78.76 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Syllis gracilis</i> | Ann | Poly | 8 | 0.36 | 79.12 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Tharyx acutus</i> | Ann | Poly | 8 | 0.36 | 79.48 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Aspidosiphon albus</i> | Sip | - | 7 | 0.31 | 79.79 | 5 | 42 |
| Lineidae (LPIL) | Rhy | Anop | 7 | 0.31 | 80.10 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Phyllodoce</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 7 | 0.31 | 80.41 | 3 | 25 |
| Xanthidae (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 7 | 0.31 | 80.72 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Aglaophamus verrilli</i> | Ann | Poly | 6 | 0.27 | 80.99 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Dipolydora socialis</i> | Ann | Poly | 6 | 0.27 | 81.25 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Glycera americana</i> | Ann | Poly | 6 | 0.27 | 81.52 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Lucina multilineata</i> | Mol | Biva | 6 | 0.27 | 81.79 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Magelona papillicornis</i> | Ann | Poly | 6 | 0.27 | 82.05 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Photis</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 6 | 0.27 | 82.32 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Spiophanes missionensis</i> | Ann | Poly | 6 | 0.27 | 82.59 | 4 | 33 |
| Tellinidae (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 6 | 0.27 | 82.85 | 1 | 8 |
| Amphiuridae (LPIL) | Ech | Ophi | 5 | 0.22 | 83.07 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Bemlos brunneomaculatus</i> | Art | Mala | 5 | 0.22 | 83.30 | 2 | 17 |
| Diplodonta (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 5 | 0.22 | 83.52 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Ehlersia ferrugina</i> | Ann | Poly | 5 | 0.22 | 83.74 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Eumida sanguinea</i> | Ann | Poly | 5 | 0.22 | 83.96 | 2 | 17 |
| Eunicidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 5 | 0.22 | 84.18 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Kupellenura</i> sp. B | Art | Mala | 5 | 0.22 | 84.41 | 3 | 25 |
| Lumbrinerides acuta | Ann | Poly | 5 | 0.22 | 84.63 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Metharpinia floridana</i> | Art | Mala | 5 | 0.22 | 84.85 | 2 | 17 |
| Paguridae (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 5 | 0.22 | 85.07 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Panoplax depressa</i> | Art | Mala | 5 | 0.22 | 85.30 | 1 | 8 |
| Spionidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 5 | 0.22 | 85.52 | 2 | 17 |
| Terebellidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 5 | 0.22 | 85.74 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Tubulanus</i> (LPIL) | Rhy | Anop | 5 | 0.22 | 85.96 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Americhelidium americanum</i> | Art | Mala | 4 | 0.18 | 86.14 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Anodontia alba</i> | Mol | Biva | 4 | 0.18 | 86.32 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Arabella multidentata</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 86.49 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Cyclaspis varians</i> | Art | Mala | 4 | 0.18 | 86.67 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Diopatra cuprea</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 86.85 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Ensis directus</i> | Mol | Biva | 4 | 0.18 | 87.03 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Eunice</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 87.21 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Exogone atlantica</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 87.38 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Glycera</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 87.56 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Kurtziella rubella</i> | Mol | Gast | 4 | 0.18 | 87.74 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Lepidonotus</i> sp. A | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 87.92 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Maera</i> sp. D | Art | Mala | 4 | 0.18 | 88.09 | 1 | 8 |
| Melitidae (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 4 | 0.18 | 88.27 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Phascolion strombi</i> | Sip | - | 4 | 0.18 | 88.45 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Phoronis</i> (LPIL) | Pho | - | 4 | 0.18 | 88.63 | 4 | 33 |
| <i>Pisone remota</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 88.80 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Psammolyce arenosa</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 88.98 | 1 | 8 |

Table 6 continued:

| Taxa | Phylum | Class | No. of Individuals | % Total | Cumulative % | Station Occurrence | % Station Occurrence |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Pythinella cuneata</i> | Mol | Biva | 4 | 0.18 | 89.16 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Rildardanus laminosa</i> | Art | Mala | 4 | 0.18 | 89.34 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Scoloplos rubra</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 89.52 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Spiochaetopterus oculatus</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 89.69 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Spiophanes bombyx</i> | Ann | Poly | 4 | 0.18 | 89.87 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Aonides mayaguezensis</i> | Ann | Poly | 3 | 0.13 | 90.00 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Aspidosiphon</i> (LPIL) | Sip | - | 3 | 0.13 | 90.14 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Asteropterygion oculitristis</i> | Art | Ostr | 3 | 0.13 | 90.27 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Calyptrea centralis</i> | Mol | Gast | 3 | 0.13 | 90.40 | 2 | 17 |
| Cnidaria (LPIL) | Cni | - | 3 | 0.13 | 90.54 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Dentalium laqueatum</i> | Mol | Scap | 3 | 0.13 | 90.67 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Diplodonta punctata</i> | Mol | Biva | 3 | 0.13 | 90.80 | 1 | 8 |
| Glyceridae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 3 | 0.13 | 90.94 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Heterocrypta granulata</i> | Art | Mala | 3 | 0.13 | 91.07 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Latreutes parvulus</i> | Art | Mala | 3 | 0.13 | 91.20 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Maera</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 3 | 0.13 | 91.34 | 1 | 8 |
| Montacutidae (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 3 | 0.13 | 91.47 | 1 | 8 |
| Mytilidae (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 3 | 0.13 | 91.60 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Paleanotus</i> sp. A | Ann | Poly | 3 | 0.13 | 91.74 | 2 | 17 |
| Sabellidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 3 | 0.13 | 91.87 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Scoletoma</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 3 | 0.13 | 92.00 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Sipuncula</i> (LPIL) | Sip | - | 3 | 0.13 | 92.14 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Tectonatica pusilla</i> | Mol | Gast | 3 | 0.13 | 92.27 | 3 | 25 |
| <i>Turbonilla</i> (LPIL) | Mol | Gast | 3 | 0.13 | 92.40 | 1 | 8 |
| Turridae (LPIL) | Mol | Gast | 3 | 0.13 | 92.54 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Albunea paretii</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 92.63 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Amakusanthura magnifica</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 92.71 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Ampelisca vadorum</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 92.80 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Anomia simplex</i> | Mol | Biva | 2 | 0.09 | 92.89 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Apocorophium simile</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 92.98 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Apseudes</i> sp. A | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 93.07 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Aricidea taylori</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 93.16 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Armandia agilis</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 93.25 | 2 | 17 |
| Brachiopoda (LPIL) | Bra | - | 2 | 0.09 | 93.34 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Brania wellfleeteensis</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 93.43 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Caecum floridanum</i> | Mol | Gast | 2 | 0.09 | 93.51 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Cirrophorus</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 93.60 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Cirrophorus ilvana</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 93.69 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Crepidula plana</i> | Mol | Gast | 2 | 0.09 | 93.78 | 1 | 8 |
| Decapoda (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 93.87 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Euceramus praelongus</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 93.96 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Eudevenopus honduranus</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 94.05 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Eusarsiella</i> sp. L | Art | Ostr | 2 | 0.09 | 94.14 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Filogranula</i> sp. A | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 94.22 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Gibberosus myersi</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 94.31 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Golfingia</i> (LPIL) | Sip | - | 2 | 0.09 | 94.40 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Litocorsa antennata</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 94.49 | 2 | 17 |
| Lucinidae (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 2 | 0.09 | 94.58 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Magelona</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 94.67 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Mediomastus californiensis</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 94.76 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Mesanthura</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 94.85 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Metatiron tropakis</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 94.94 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Mitrella lunata</i> | Mol | Gast | 2 | 0.09 | 95.02 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Neomegamphopus kalanii</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 95.11 | 1 | 8 |

Table 6 continued:

| Taxa | Phylum | Class | No. of Individuals | % Total | Cumulative % | Station Occurrence | % Station Occurrence |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Nephtyidae (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 95.20 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Nephrys simoni</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 95.29 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Nucula aegeensis</i> | Mol | Biva | 2 | 0.09 | 95.38 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Onuphis eremita oculata</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 95.47 | 2 | 17 |
| Pectinidae (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 2 | 0.09 | 95.56 | 2 | 17 |
| Pinnotheridae (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 95.65 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Podarke obscura</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 95.74 | 1 | 8 |
| Polyplacophora (LPIL) | Mol | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 95.82 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Processa hemphilli</i> | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 95.91 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Sabellaria vulgaris</i> | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 96.00 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Semele</i> (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 2 | 0.09 | 96.09 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Sigatica semisulcata</i> | Mol | Gast | 2 | 0.09 | 96.18 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Sthenelais</i> sp. A | Ann | Poly | 2 | 0.09 | 96.27 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Tanaissus</i> sp. A | Art | Mala | 2 | 0.09 | 96.36 | 2 | 17 |
| <i>Tellina iris</i> | Mol | Biva | 2 | 0.09 | 96.45 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Acuminodeutopus naglei</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 96.49 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Ampelisca</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 96.53 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Ampelisca agassizii</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 96.58 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Ampelisca parapacifica</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 96.62 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Antalis</i> (LPIL) | Mol | Scap | 1 | 0.04 | 96.67 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Aricidea catherinae</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 96.71 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Aricidea minuta</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 96.76 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Aricidea wassi</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 96.80 | 1 | 8 |
| Asteroidea (LPIL) | Ech | Aste | 1 | 0.04 | 96.85 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Automate</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 96.89 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Axiothella</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 96.93 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Batea catharinensis</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 96.98 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Bowmaniella</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.02 | 1 | 8 |
| Carditidae (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 97.07 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Ceratocephale oculata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.11 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Corbula contracta</i> | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 97.16 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Diodora</i> (LPIL) | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 97.20 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Dispio uncinata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.25 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Divaricella quadrisulcata</i> | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 97.29 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Ebalia stimpsonii</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.33 | 1 | 8 |
| Eulimidae (LPIL) | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 97.38 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Eurypanopeus depressus</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.42 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Eusarsiella cresseyi</i> | Art | Ostr | 1 | 0.04 | 97.47 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Eusarsiella spinosa</i> | Art | Ostr | 1 | 0.04 | 97.51 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Exogone</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.56 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Fabricinuda trilobata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.60 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Glycera dibranchiata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.65 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Goniada</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.69 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Hepatus</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.73 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Heteromastus filiformis</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.78 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Heteromyysis</i> (LPIL) | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.82 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Kalliapseudes macsweenyi</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.87 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Leitoscoloplos</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 97.91 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Leptochela serratorbita</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 97.96 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Leptosynapta</i> (LPIL) | Ech | Holo | 1 | 0.04 | 98.00 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Levinsenia gracilis</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.05 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Lioberus castaneus</i> | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 98.09 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Lucina</i> (LPIL) | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 98.13 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Lumbrineris</i> (LPIL) | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.18 | 1 | 8 |

Table 6 continued:

| Taxa | Phylum | Class | No. of Individuals | % Total | Cumulative % | Station Occurrence | % Station Occurrence |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Macromphalina floridana</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 98.22 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Melinna maculata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.27 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Mesochaetopterus (LPIL)</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.31 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Metatiron triocellatus</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 98.36 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Muricidae (LPIL)</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 98.40 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Nephtys (LPIL)</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.45 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Nereis succinea</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.49 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Odontosyllis enopla</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.53 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Onuphidae (LPIL)</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.58 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Opisthodonta sp. B</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.62 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Oxyurostylis (LPIL)</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 98.67 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Paranaitis speciosa</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.71 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Pectinaria gouldii</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.76 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Philine sagra</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 98.80 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Pinnidae (LPIL)</i> | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 98.84 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Pinnixa (LPIL)</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 98.89 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Pinnotheres (LPIL)</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 98.93 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Pionosyllis gesae</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 98.98 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Pista palmata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.02 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Polycirrus (LPIL)</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.07 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Polynoidae (LPIL)</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.11 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Portunus gibbesii</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 99.16 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Processa (LPIL)</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 99.20 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Protohaustorius sp. B</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 99.24 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Rictaxis punctostriatus</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 99.29 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Sabaco americanus</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.33 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Sabellaria sp. A</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.38 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Saccocirrus sp. A</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.42 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Scaphandridae (LPIL)</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 99.47 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Schistomeringos rudolphi</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.51 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Sigambra tentaculata</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.56 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Spio pettiboneae</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.60 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Strombiformis (LPIL)</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 99.64 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Strombiformis bilineatus</i> | Mol | Gast | 1 | 0.04 | 99.69 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Syllidae (LPIL)</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.73 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Syllis cornuta</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.78 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Synasterope setisparsa</i> | Art | Ostr | 1 | 0.04 | 99.82 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Synelmis ewingi</i> | Ann | Poly | 1 | 0.04 | 99.87 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Upogebia (LPIL)</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 99.91 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Upogebia affinis</i> | Art | Mala | 1 | 0.04 | 99.96 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Veneridae (LPIL)</i> | Mol | Biva | 1 | 0.04 | 100.00 | 1 | 8 |

Taxa Key

Ann=Annelida
 Olig=Oligochaeta
 Poly=Polychaeta
 Art=Arthropoda
 Inse=Insecta
 Mala=Malacostraca
 Ostr=Ostracoda
 Bra=Brachiopoda

Cni=Cnidaria
 Anth=Anthozoa
 Ech=Echinodermata
 Holo=Holothuroidea
 Ophi=Ophiuroidea
 Mol=Mollusca
 Biva=Bivalvia
 Gast=Gastropoda

Pla=Platyhelminthes
 Turb=Turbellaria
 Rhy=Rhynchocoela
 Anop=Anopla
 Sip=Sipuncula

Table 7. Percent abundance of dominant benthic macrofaunal taxa (>5% of the total) for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

| Taxa | F01 | F02 | F03 | F07 | F11 | F12 | F04 | F05 | F06 | F08 | F09 | F10 |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|------|
| Annelida | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oligochaeta | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Enchytraeidae (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 6.5 |
| Tubificidae (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.4 |
| Polychaeta | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Aglaophamus verrilli</i> | | 5.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Apoprionospio pygmaea</i> | | | 12.8 | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Aricidea</i> (LPIL) | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Armandia maculata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.2 |
| <i>Bhawania heteroseta</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 |
| <i>Goniada littorea</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.7 |
| <i>Magelona papillicornis</i> | | | | | | | | 5.7 | | | | |
| <i>Magelona</i> sp. H | 28.3 | 5.0 | | | | | 11.1 | | | | | |
| <i>Maldanidae</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 14.5 |
| <i>Mediomastus</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.3 |
| <i>Nephtys picta</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.3 |
| <i>Nereididae</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 6.5 |
| <i>Paraprionospio pinnata</i> | | 11.7 | | | | | 11.1 | | | | | |
| <i>Polygordius</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | 6.3 | 26.4 | | | | |
| <i>Prionospio</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.2 |
| <i>Prionospio cristata</i> | | | | | | | | | 10.7 | | | 7.8 |
| Arthropoda | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malacostraca | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Albunea paretii</i> | | | | | | | 8.0 | | | | | |
| <i>Dulichiella</i> sp. A | | | | | | | | | | | | 6.5 |
| <i>Globosolembos smithi</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 5.4 |
| <i>Metharpinia floridana</i> | | | | | | | 8.0 | | | | | |
| <i>Xanthidae</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 |
| Chordata | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leptocardia | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Branchiostoma</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | | 18.8 | | | |
| Echinodermata | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ophiuroidea | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Ophiuroidea</i> (LPIL) | 11.2 | | | | | | | | | | | 10.9 |
| Mollusca | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bivalvia | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Anadara transversa</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.6 |
| <i>Ervilia concentrica</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Lucina multilineata</i> | | | | | | | 10.6 | | | | | |
| <i>Pythinella cuneata</i> | | | | | | | | 5.4 | | | | |
| <i>Tellina</i> (LPIL) | 5.9 | 6.7 | | 14.9 | 8.0 | | | 8.9 | | | | |
| <i>Tellinidae</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | | 5.4 | | | | 7.3 |
| Gastropoda | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Acteocina bidentata</i> | | | | | | | 6.4 | | | | | |
| <i>Caecum pulchellum</i> | | | | | | | | 5.4 | | | | |
| <i>Crepidula plana</i> | | | | | | | | 8.0 | | | | |
| <i>Kurtziella rubella</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Odostomia</i> (LPIL) | | | | | | | 6.4 | | | | | 8.9 |

Table 7 continued:

Table 8. Summary of assemblage parameters for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

| Station | Total No. Taxa | Total No. Individuals | Density (nos/m ²) | H' Shannon (log e) | d Diversity (log 2) | J' Pielou Evenness | D Margalef Richness | 1/S Simpson Diversity | e Equitability |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Outside the ODMDS | | | | | | | | | |
| F01 | 50 | 152 | 3800.0 | 3.06 | 4.42 | 0.78 | 9.75 | 9.88 | 0.63 |
| F02 | 32 | 60 | 1500.0 | 3.28 | 4.73 | 0.95 | 7.57 | 33.40 | 1.23 |
| F03 | 20 | 47 | 1175.0 | 2.78 | 4.02 | 0.93 | 4.93 | 18.02 | 1.17 |
| F07 | 21 | 25 | 625.0 | 3.00 | 4.32 | 0.98 | 6.21 | 75.00 | 1.40 |
| F11 | 45 | 112 | 2800.0 | 3.35 | 4.83 | 0.88 | 9.32 | 19.55 | 0.94 |
| F12 | 36 | 90 | 2250.0 | 3.08 | 4.44 | 0.86 | 7.78 | 16.69 | 0.89 |
| | 34.0 | | 2025.0 | 3.09 | | 0.90 | | | |
| Inside the ODMDS | | | | | | | | | |
| F04 | 27 | 53 | 1325.0 | 2.80 | 4.04 | 0.85 | 6.55 | 11.20 | 0.88 |
| F05 | 88 | 337 | 8425.0 | 3.80 | 5.48 | 0.85 | 14.95 | 26.04 | 0.77 |
| F06 | 87 | 573 | 14325.0 | 3.60 | 5.19 | 0.81 | 13.54 | 22.88 | 0.63 |
| F08 | 20 | 41 | 1025.0 | 2.66 | 3.84 | 0.89 | 5.12 | 13.23 | 1.03 |
| F09 | 25 | 46 | 1150.0 | 3.06 | 4.41 | 0.95 | 6.27 | 29.57 | 1.25 |
| F10 | 77 | 715 | 17875.0 | 3.54 | 5.10 | 0.81 | 11.56 | 19.15 | 0.67 |
| | 54.0 | | 7354.2 | 3.24 | | 0.86 | | | |

Table 9. Summary of assemblage parameters for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 1989.

| Station | Total No. Taxa | Mean No. of Taxa per Repl. | Total No. Individuals | Mean Density (nos/m ²) | Density (Std Dev) | H' Shannon (log e) | J' Pielou Evenness | D Margalef Richness |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Inside ODMDS | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 112 | 20.7 | 1095 | 9240 | 4608 | 2.76 | 0.58 | 15.86 |
| 7 | 78 | 14.0 | 434 | 3662 | 1388 | 3.28 | 0.75 | 12.68 |
| 8 | 143 | 27.9 | 768 | 6481 | 2144 | 4.13 | 0.83 | 21.37 |
| 9 | 220 | 67.8 | 8331 | 70303 | 22564 | 3.31 | 0.61 | 24.26 |
| 10 | 105 | 17.1 | 720 | 6075 | 3116 | 2.68 | 0.58 | 15.81 |
| | | 29.5 | | 19152.2 | | 3.23 | 0.67 | |
| Outside ODMDS | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 104 | 20.4 | 822 | 7432 | 2320 | 3.44 | 0.74 | 15.35 |
| 2 | 93 | 16.8 | 638 | 5383 | 1957 | 2.84 | 0.63 | 14.25 |
| 6 | 56 | 10.4 | 364 | 3544 | 1135 | 2.74 | 0.68 | 9.33 |
| 11 | 142 | 32.0 | 1213 | 10236 | 3778 | 3.76 | 0.76 | 19.86 |
| 12 | 89 | 18.2 | 1438 | 12135 | 4380 | 1.93 | 0.43 | 12.10 |
| | | 19.6 | | 7746.0 | | 2.94 | 0.65 | |

Figure 1. Sample stations for the Fernandina Beach, Florida ODMDS, 2005.

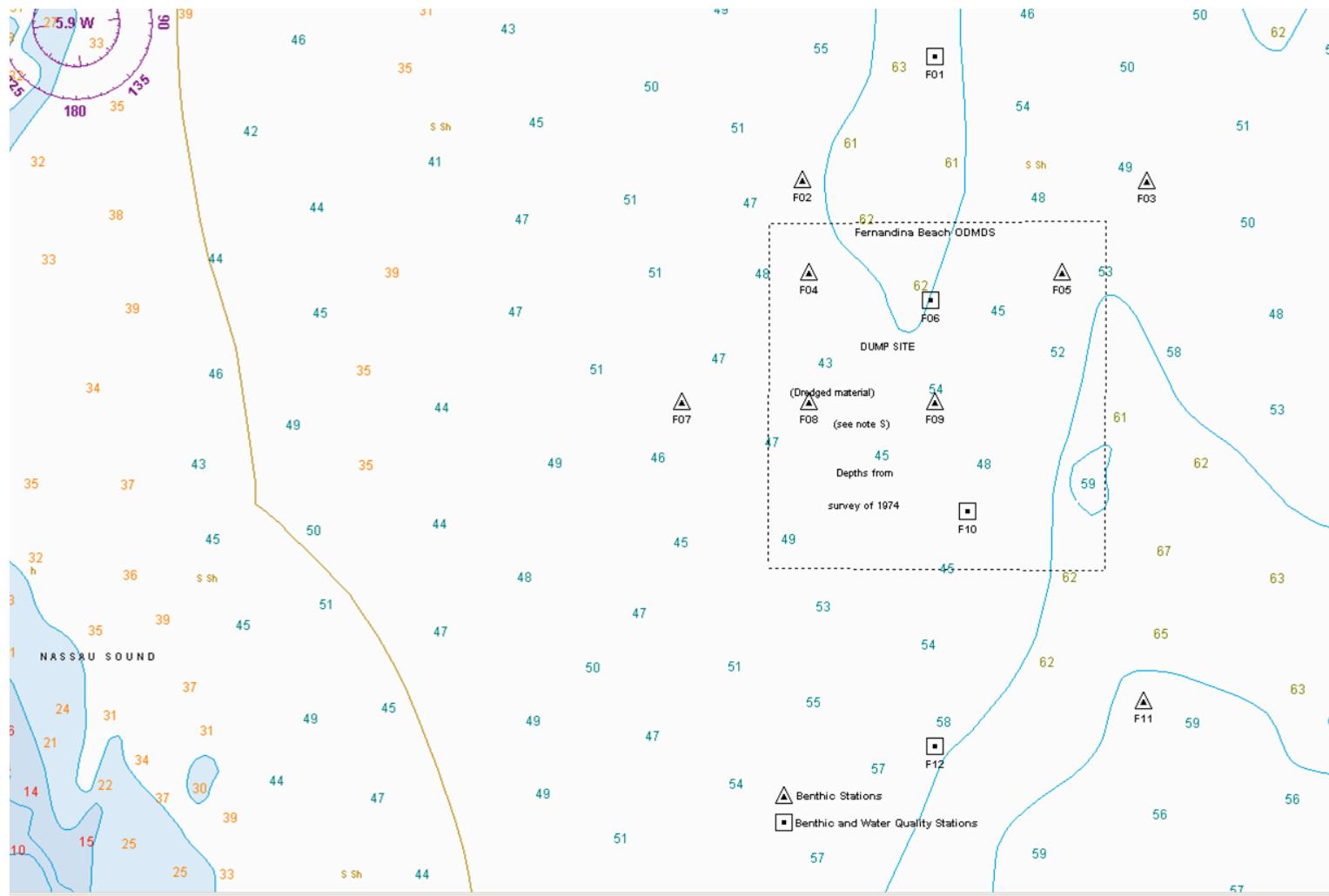


Figure 2. Sediment texture for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

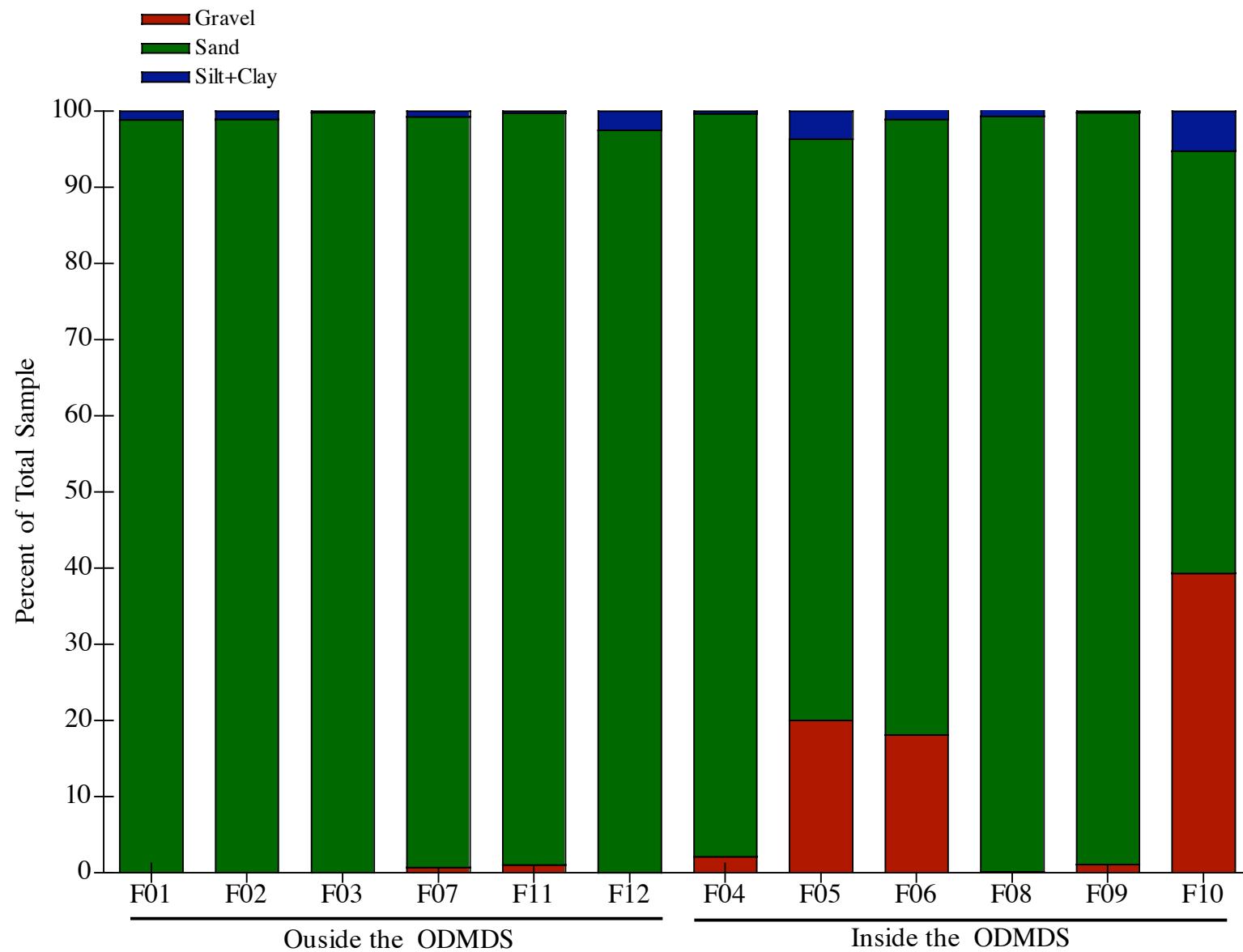


Figure 3. Abundance of major macroinvertebrate taxa groups for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

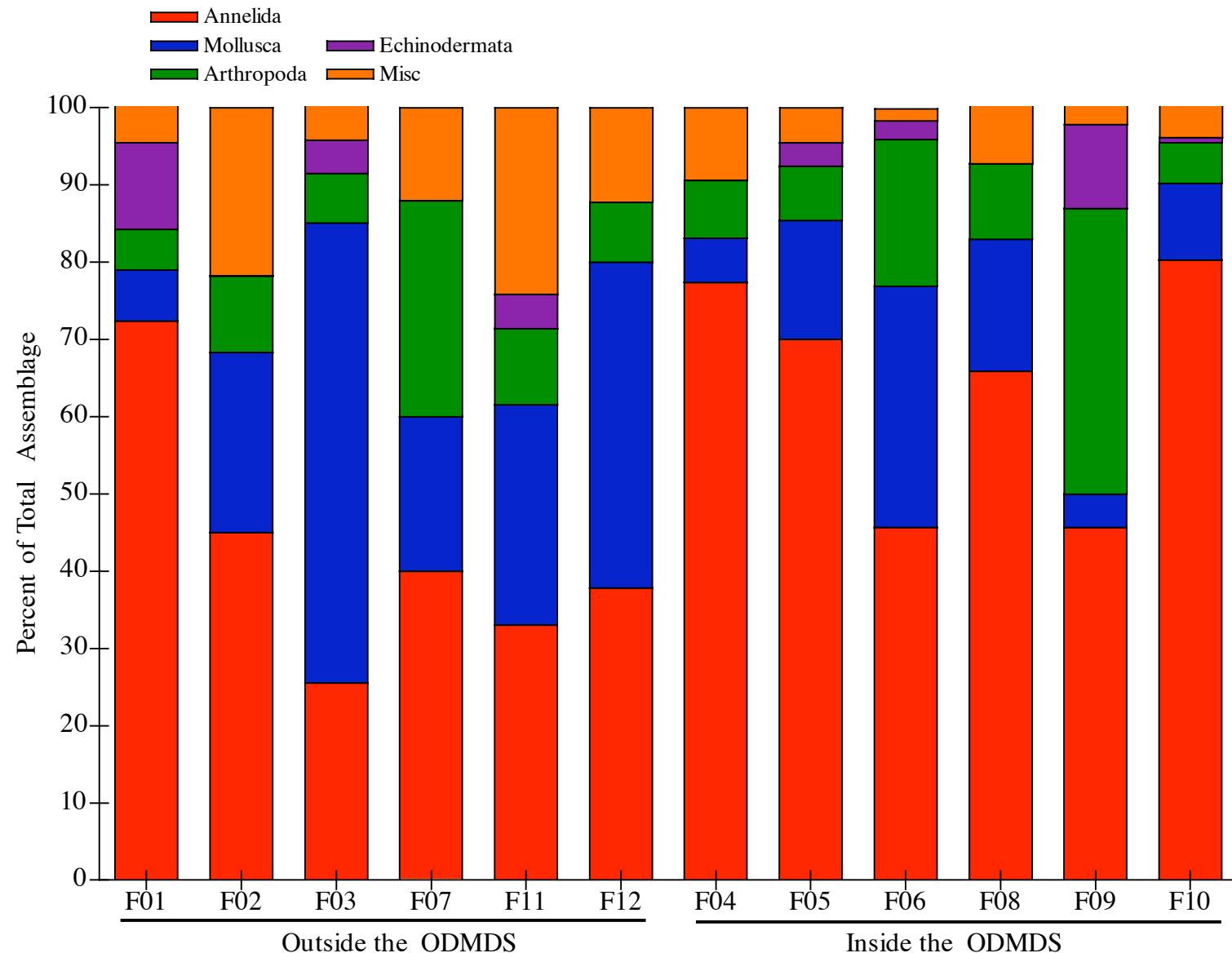


Figure 4. Wet-weight biomass of the major macroinvertebrate groups for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

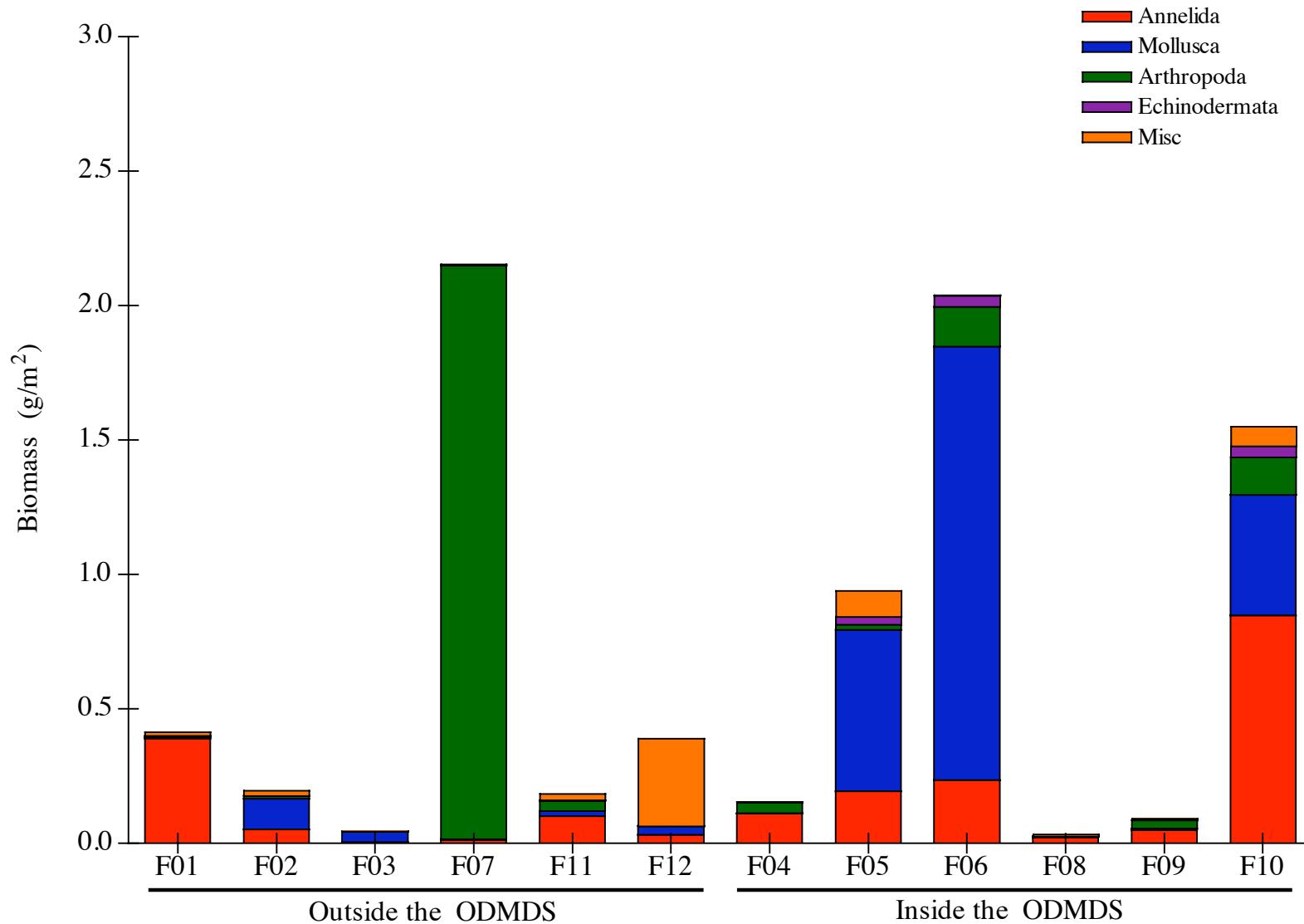


Figure 5. Taxa richness for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

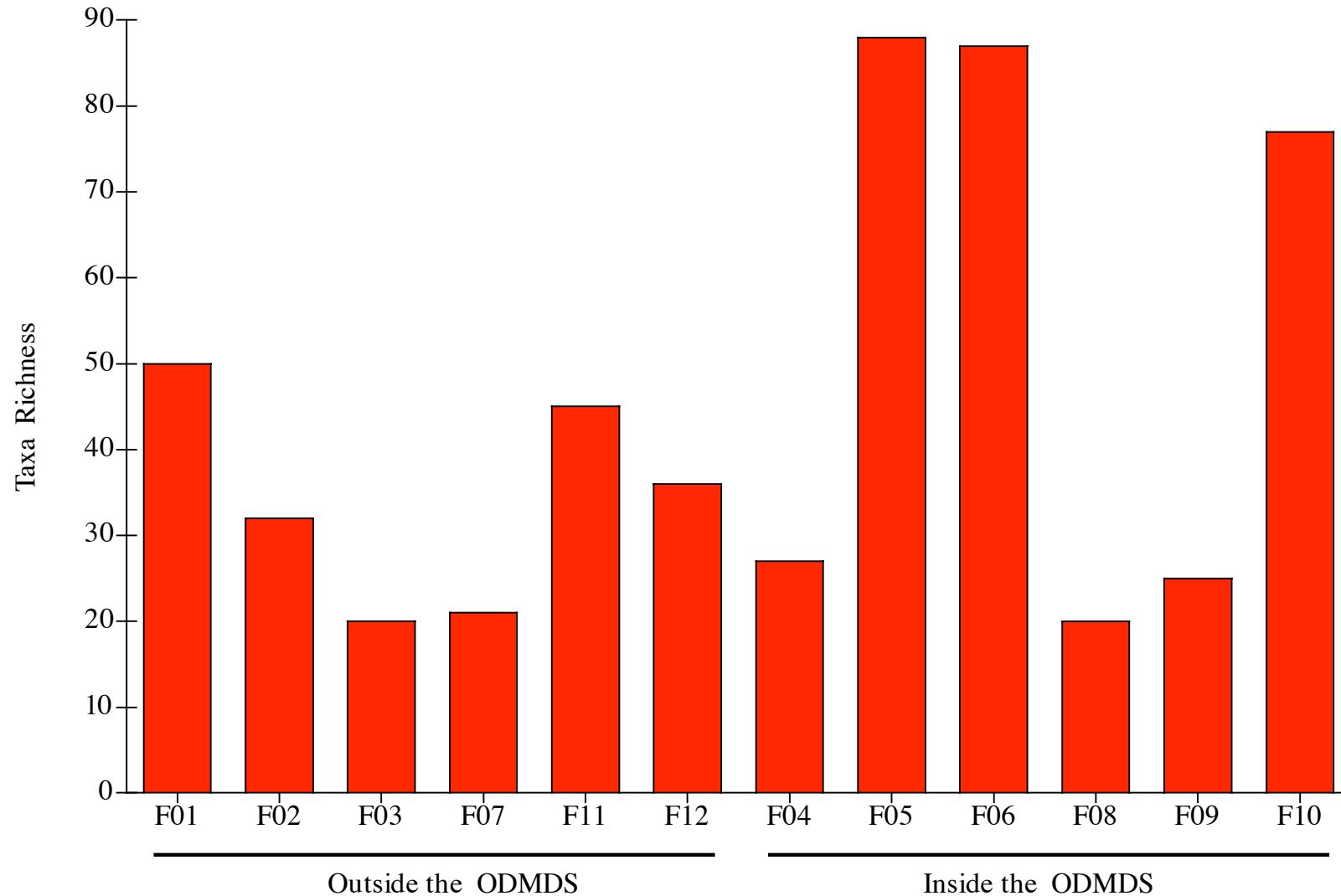


Figure 6. Macroinvertebrate densities for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

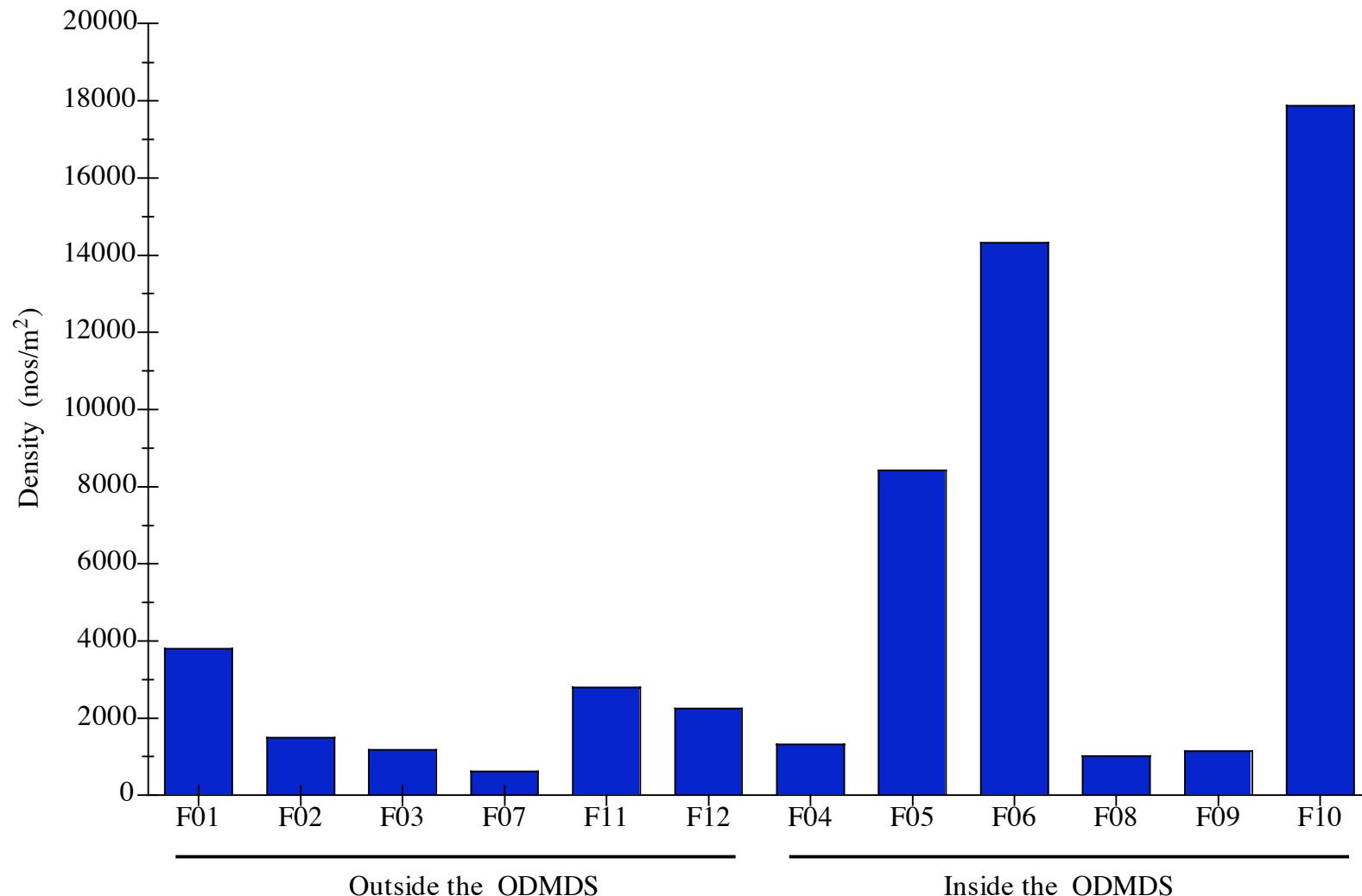


Figure 7. Taxa diversity (H') for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

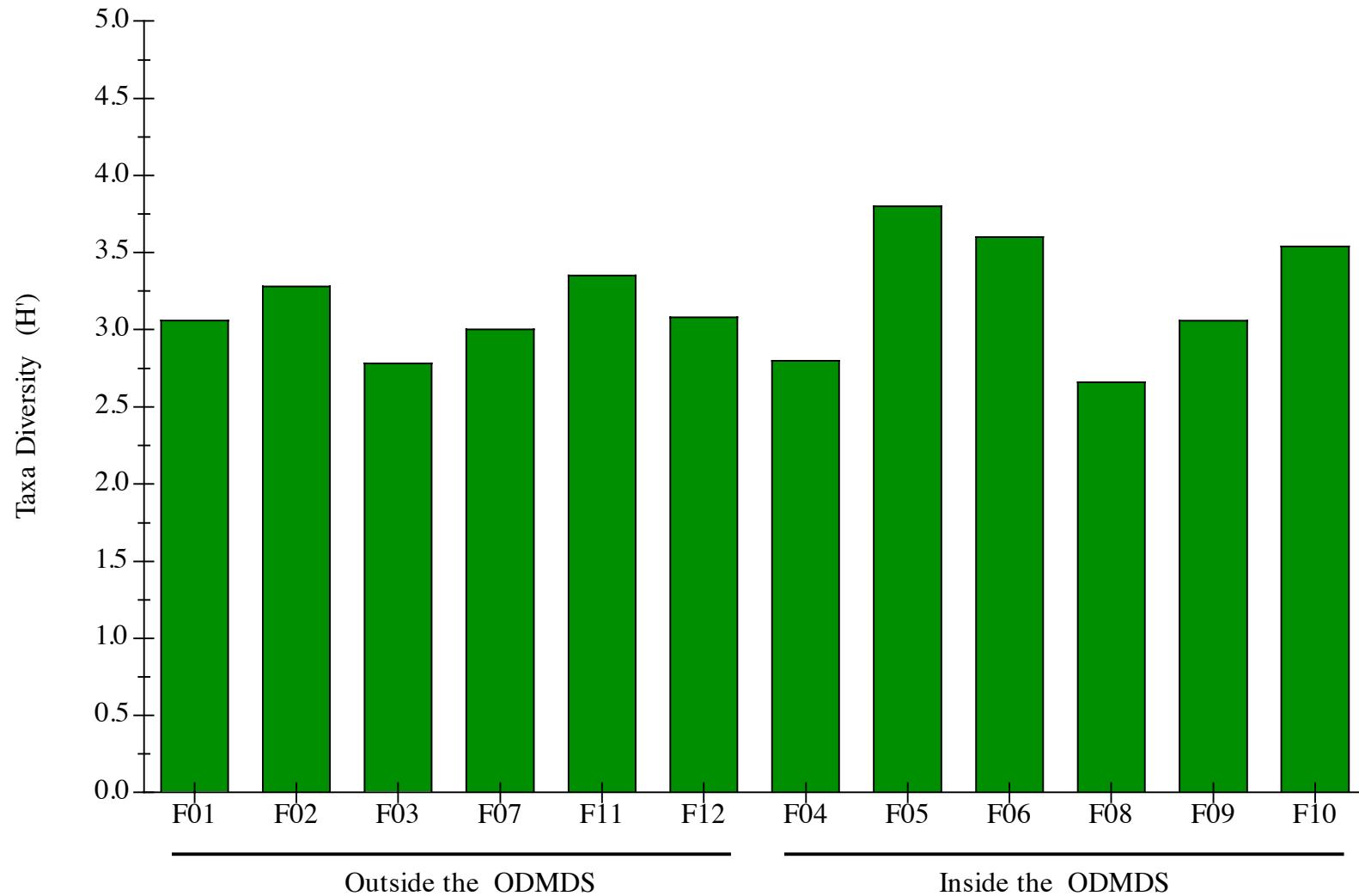


Figure 8. Taxa evenness (J') for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

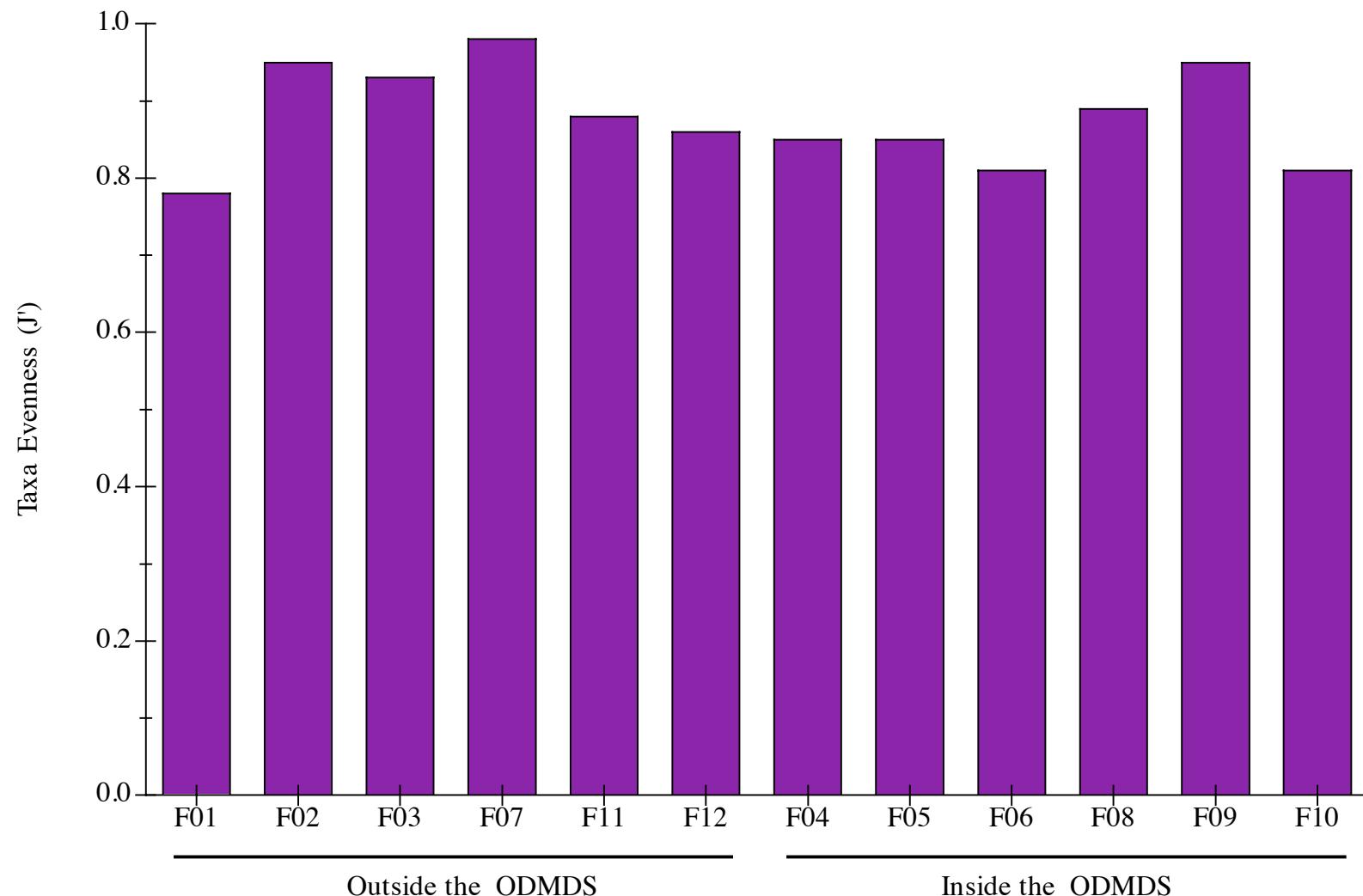


Figure 9. Cluster analysis for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

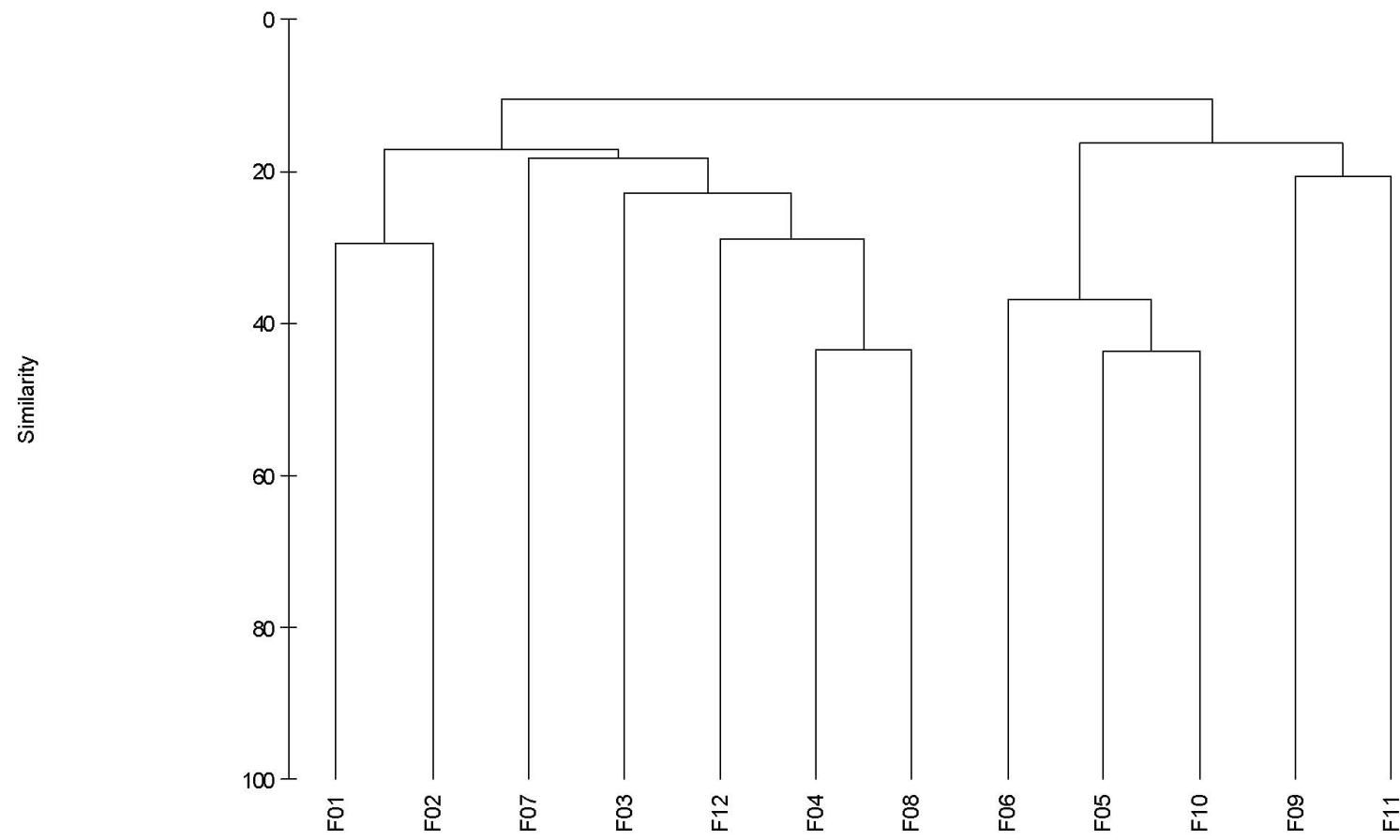


Figure 10. MDS analysis for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

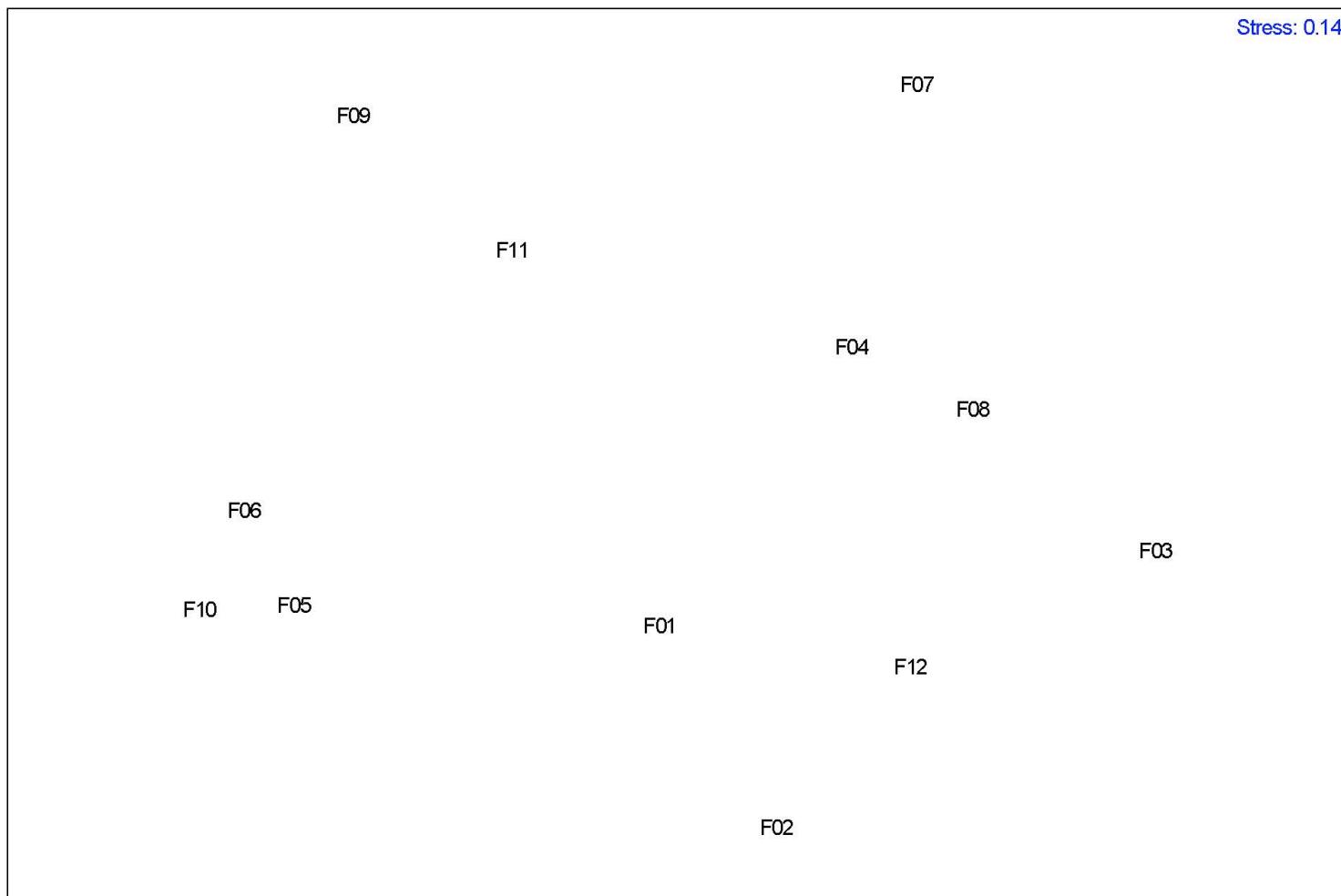


Figure 11. A comparison of sediment texture for the Fernandina ODMDS, 1989 and 2005.

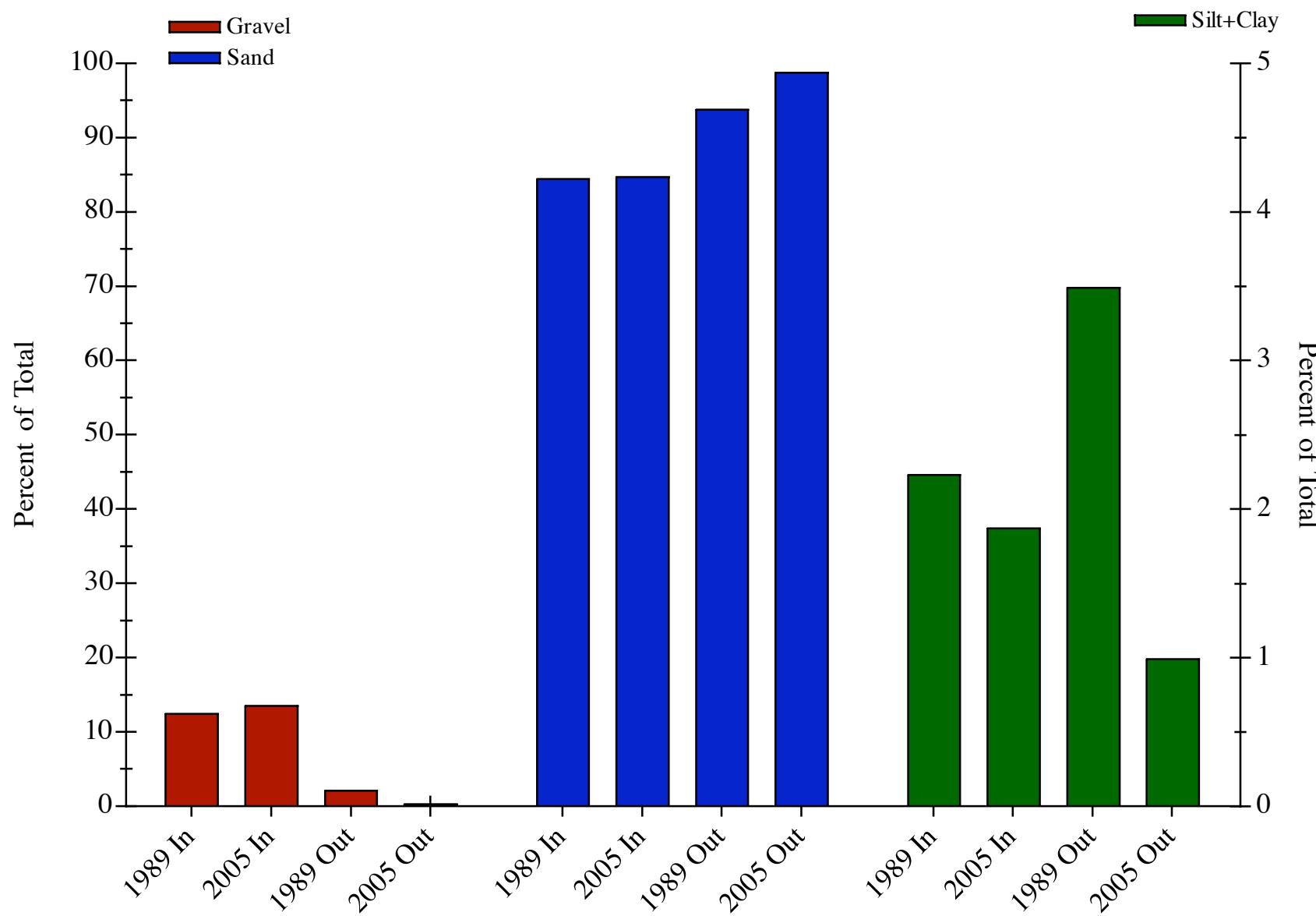
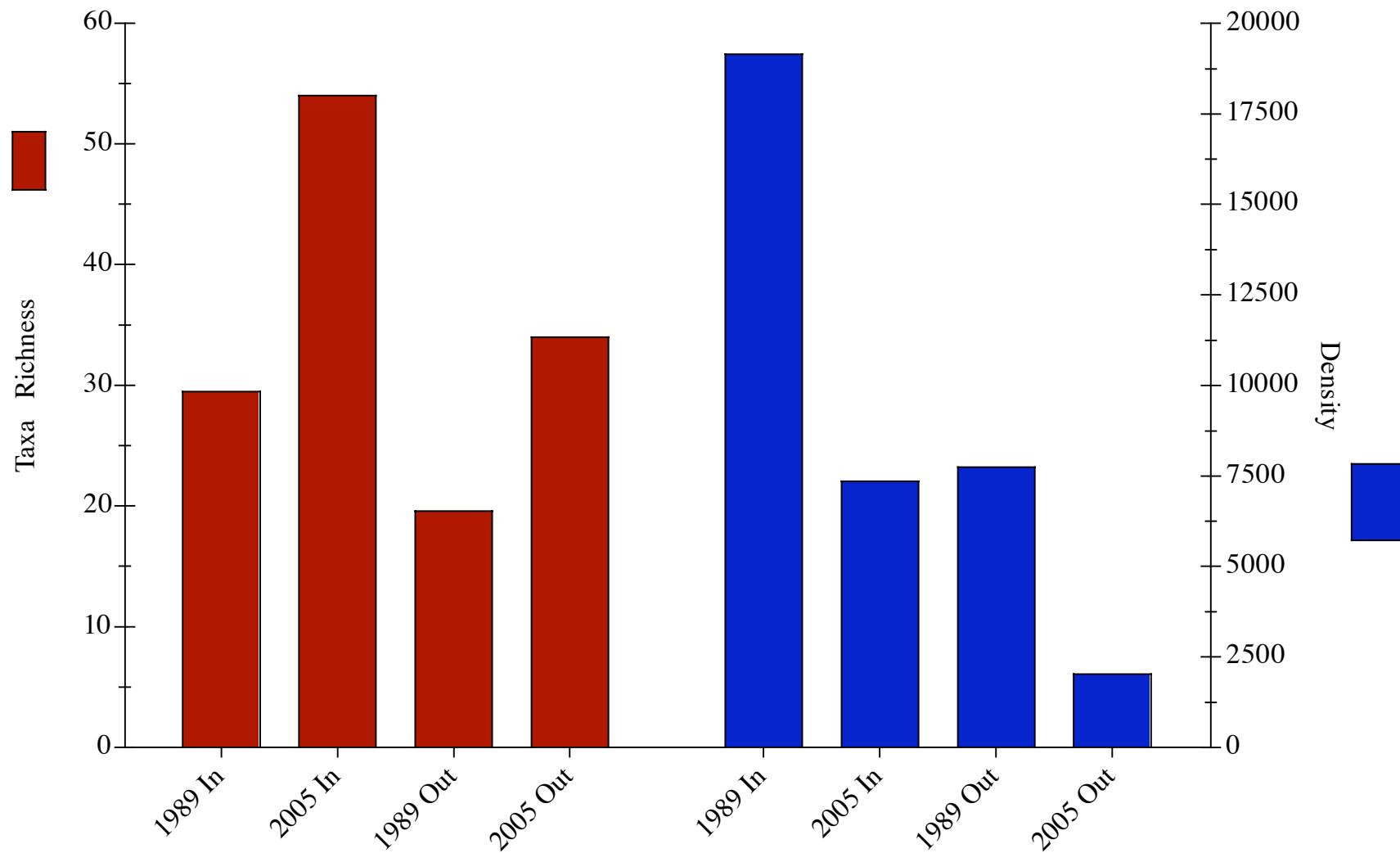


Figure 12. A comparison of taxa richness and density data for the Fernandina ODMDS, 1989 and 2005.



APPENDICES

Appendix I. Results of the Simpler Analysis.

Group Inside the ODMDS

Average similarity: 13.38

| Species | Av. Abund | Av. Sim | Sim/SD | Contrib% | Cum. % |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|--------|----------|--------|
| Tellina (LPIL) | 4.33 | 2.34 | 0.69 | 17.52 | 17.52 |
| Parapriionospio pinnata | 3.67 | 1.21 | 0.44 | 9.06 | 26.58 |
| Aspidosiphon albus | 1.17 | 1.06 | 1.11 | 7.91 | 34.49 |
| Magelona sp. H | 9.33 | 1.01 | 0.43 | 7.52 | 42.01 |
| Nereididae (LPIL) | 2.00 | 0.71 | 0.75 | 5.32 | 47.33 |
| Apopriionospio pygmaea | 1.83 | 0.69 | 0.58 | 5.16 | 52.49 |
| Ophiuroidea (LPIL) | 4.00 | 0.55 | 0.46 | 4.14 | 56.63 |
| Acteocina bidentata | 3.00 | 0.51 | 0.42 | 3.78 | 60.41 |
| Caecum pulchellum | 1.50 | 0.33 | 0.44 | 2.47 | 62.88 |
| Acteocina candei | 1.17 | 0.33 | 0.44 | 2.47 | 65.36 |
| Mooreonuphis pallidula | 0.83 | 0.33 | 0.42 | 2.45 | 67.80 |
| Lineidae (LPIL) | 1.00 | 0.30 | 0.41 | 2.21 | 70.01 |
| Goniada littorea | 0.83 | 0.30 | 0.44 | 2.21 | 72.22 |
| Capitellidae (LPIL) | 0.50 | 0.30 | 0.44 | 2.21 | 74.42 |
| Owenia fusiformis | 1.33 | 0.27 | 0.45 | 2.02 | 76.44 |
| Mediomastus (LPIL) | 1.00 | 0.27 | 0.42 | 2.01 | 78.45 |
| Branchiostoma (LPIL) | 3.83 | 0.22 | 0.46 | 1.67 | 80.11 |
| Phoronis (LPIL) | 0.50 | 0.21 | 0.47 | 1.55 | 81.66 |
| Metharpinia floridana | 0.83 | 0.19 | 0.26 | 1.45 | 83.12 |
| Aglaophamus verrilli | 1.00 | 0.19 | 0.26 | 1.41 | 84.53 |
| Prionospio (LPIL) | 0.67 | 0.13 | 0.26 | 1.00 | 85.53 |
| Polygordius (LPIL) | 1.50 | 0.13 | 0.26 | 0.99 | 86.51 |
| Lucina multilineata | 1.00 | 0.12 | 0.26 | 0.93 | 87.44 |
| Americhelidium americanum | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.26 | 0.87 | 88.31 |
| Sipuncula (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.10 | 0.26 | 0.73 | 89.04 |
| Magelona papillicornis | 0.33 | 0.10 | 0.26 | 0.73 | 89.77 |
| Kurtziella rubella | 0.67 | 0.10 | 0.26 | 0.73 | 90.49 |

Group Outside the ODMDS

Average similarity: 12.97

| Species | Av. Abund | Av. Sim | Sim/SD | Contrib% | Cum.% |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------|--------|----------|-------|
| Polygordius (LPIL) | 10.00 | 1.88 | 0.56 | 14.50 | 14.50 |
| Apoprionospio pygmaea | 2.67 | 0.99 | 0.26 | 7.66 | 22.16 |
| Bhawania heteroseta | 19.50 | 0.76 | 0.41 | 5.83 | 28.00 |
| Armandia maculata | 10.00 | 0.73 | 0.56 | 5.66 | 33.66 |
| Prionospio cristata | 17.17 | 0.73 | 0.40 | 5.64 | 39.30 |
| Ophiuroidea (LPIL) | 4.50 | 0.59 | 0.70 | 4.53 | 43.82 |
| Rhynchocoela (LPIL) | 3.00 | 0.58 | 0.81 | 4.46 | 48.28 |
| Crassinella lunulata | 9.00 | 0.55 | 0.57 | 4.24 | 52.52 |
| Prionospio (LPIL) | 10.33 | 0.35 | 0.53 | 2.70 | 55.21 |
| Branchiostoma (LPIL) | 1.33 | 0.33 | 0.66 | 2.56 | 57.77 |
| Nephtys picta | 1.50 | 0.29 | 0.52 | 2.27 | 60.04 |
| Mediomastus (LPIL) | 13.50 | 0.28 | 0.36 | 2.15 | 62.19 |
| Paraprionospio pinnata | 0.67 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 2.08 | 64.27 |
| Acteocina bidentata | 0.67 | 0.21 | 0.38 | 1.63 | 65.90 |
| Exogone lourei | 4.00 | 0.20 | 0.45 | 1.55 | 67.45 |
| Tubificidae (LPIL) | 5.83 | 0.20 | 0.50 | 1.54 | 68.99 |
| Capitellidae (LPIL) | 3.83 | 0.18 | 0.55 | 1.42 | 70.41 |
| Anadara transversa | 10.83 | 0.18 | 0.45 | 1.39 | 71.80 |
| Gouldia cerina | 7.50 | 0.17 | 0.31 | 1.33 | 73.13 |
| Parapionosyllis longicirrata | 4.33 | 0.16 | 0.43 | 1.26 | 74.39 |
| Nereididae (LPIL) | 4.17 | 0.16 | 0.47 | 1.22 | 75.61 |
| Phyllodocidae (LPIL) | 2.33 | 0.14 | 0.68 | 1.11 | 76.72 |
| Bivalvia (LPIL) | 2.67 | 0.14 | 0.44 | 1.10 | 77.82 |
| Magelona papillicornis | 0.67 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 1.09 | 78.91 |
| Goniada littorea | 0.67 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 1.09 | 80.00 |
| Asteropterygion oculitristis | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 1.09 | 81.10 |
| Americhelidium americanum | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 1.09 | 82.19 |
| Laonice cirrata | 2.67 | 0.13 | 0.41 | 0.97 | 83.16 |
| Cirratulidae (LPIL) | 3.33 | 0.12 | 0.71 | 0.95 | 84.11 |
| Neomegamphopus (LPIL) | 2.50 | 0.11 | 0.39 | 0.86 | 84.97 |
| Dipolydora socialis | 0.83 | 0.11 | 0.38 | 0.82 | 85.79 |
| Ampharetidae (LPIL) | 2.17 | 0.10 | 0.44 | 0.79 | 86.59 |
| Maldanidae (LPIL) | 18.33 | 0.09 | 0.36 | 0.68 | 87.27 |
| Liljeborgia sp. A | 1.50 | 0.08 | 0.36 | 0.63 | 87.90 |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| <i>Magelona pettiboneae</i> | 1.83 | 0.08 | 0.46 | 0.59 | 88.49 |
| <i>Caecum johnsoni</i> | 1.67 | 0.08 | 0.38 | 0.58 | 89.07 |
| <i>Scoloplos rubra</i> | 0.67 | 0.07 | 0.45 | 0.54 | 89.61 |
| <i>Dulichiella</i> sp. A | 2.67 | 0.06 | 0.26 | 0.50 | 90.11 |

Groups Inside & Outside the ODMDS

Average dissimilarity = 89.71

| Species | Group O | Group I | Av.Diss | Diss/SD | Contrib% | Cum.% |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|-------|
| | Av.Abund | Av.Abund | | | | |
| <i>Polygordius</i> (LPIL) | 1.50 | 10.00 | 3.67 | 0.87 | 4.09 | 4.09 |
| <i>Magelona</i> sp. H | 9.33 | 0.00 | 3.38 | 0.55 | 3.77 | 7.86 |
| <i>Bhawania heteroseta</i> | 0.00 | 19.50 | 3.21 | 0.80 | 3.57 | 11.43 |
| <i>Prionospio cristata</i> | 0.00 | 17.17 | 2.91 | 0.79 | 3.24 | 14.67 |
| <i>Maldanidae</i> (LPIL) | 0.17 | 18.33 | 2.44 | 0.50 | 2.72 | 17.39 |
| <i>Armandia maculata</i> | 0.67 | 10.00 | 2.25 | 0.78 | 2.50 | 19.89 |
| <i>Apoprionospio pygmaea</i> | 1.83 | 2.67 | 2.24 | 0.71 | 2.50 | 22.39 |
| <i>Mediomastus</i> (LPIL) | 1.00 | 13.50 | 2.12 | 0.82 | 2.36 | 24.76 |
| <i>Ophiuroidea</i> (LPIL) | 4.00 | 4.50 | 2.03 | 0.87 | 2.26 | 27.02 |
| <i>Tellina</i> (LPIL) | 4.33 | 0.50 | 1.98 | 0.92 | 2.21 | 29.23 |
| <i>Prionospio</i> (LPIL) | 0.67 | 10.33 | 1.82 | 0.86 | 2.02 | 31.25 |
| <i>Paraprionospio pinnata</i> | 3.67 | 0.67 | 1.78 | 0.85 | 1.98 | 33.23 |
| <i>Anadara transversa</i> | 0.00 | 10.83 | 1.73 | 0.56 | 1.93 | 35.16 |
| <i>Branchiostoma</i> (LPIL) | 3.83 | 1.33 | 1.65 | 0.47 | 1.84 | 37.00 |
| <i>Crassinella lunulata</i> | 0.17 | 9.00 | 1.58 | 1.11 | 1.76 | 38.76 |
| <i>Acteocina bidentata</i> | 3.00 | 0.67 | 1.50 | 0.57 | 1.67 | 40.43 |
| <i>Tubificidae</i> (LPIL) | 0.50 | 5.83 | 1.44 | 0.68 | 1.60 | 42.03 |
| <i>Nereididae</i> (LPIL) | 2.00 | 4.17 | 1.33 | 1.16 | 1.48 | 43.51 |
| <i>Odostomia</i> (LPIL) | 0.00 | 8.50 | 1.31 | 0.44 | 1.45 | 44.97 |
| <i>Rhynchocoela</i> (LPIL) | 1.17 | 3.00 | 1.23 | 0.90 | 1.38 | 46.34 |
| <i>Gouldia cerina</i> | 0.17 | 7.50 | 1.09 | 0.76 | 1.22 | 47.56 |
| <i>Enchytraeidae</i> (LPIL) | 0.17 | 4.33 | 1.02 | 0.52 | 1.13 | 48.69 |
| <i>Goniadides carolinae</i> | 0.17 | 6.33 | 0.94 | 0.62 | 1.05 | 49.74 |
| <i>Globosolembos smithi</i> | 0.00 | 5.17 | 0.79 | 0.44 | 0.88 | 50.63 |
| <i>Dulichiella</i> sp. A | 0.00 | 2.67 | 0.77 | 0.65 | 0.86 | 51.49 |
| <i>Exogone lourei</i> | 0.33 | 4.00 | 0.75 | 0.98 | 0.84 | 52.33 |
| <i>Capitellidae</i> (LPIL) | 0.50 | 3.83 | 0.72 | 1.03 | 0.81 | 53.14 |
| <i>Aricidea</i> (LPIL) | 1.50 | 1.67 | 0.72 | 0.66 | 0.80 | 53.93 |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| <i>Parapionosyllis longicirrata</i> | 0.00 | 4.33 | 0.69 | 0.81 | 0.77 | 54.71 |
| <i>Caecum pulchellum</i> | 1.50 | 0.17 | 0.69 | 0.65 | 0.77 | 55.48 |
| <i>Nephtys picta</i> | 0.17 | 1.50 | 0.68 | 0.72 | 0.76 | 56.24 |
| <i>Xanthidae (LPIL)</i> | 0.00 | 1.17 | 0.65 | 0.46 | 0.73 | 56.96 |
| <i>Bivalvia (LPIL)</i> | 0.50 | 2.67 | 0.65 | 0.94 | 0.72 | 57.68 |
| <i>Cirratulidae (LPIL)</i> | 0.50 | 3.33 | 0.63 | 0.89 | 0.70 | 58.38 |
| <i>Goniada littorea</i> | 0.83 | 0.67 | 0.62 | 0.68 | 0.69 | 59.07 |
| <i>Lucina multilineata</i> | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.62 | 0.41 | 0.69 | 59.76 |
| <i>Aspidosiphon albus</i> | 1.17 | 0.00 | 0.61 | 1.00 | 0.68 | 60.44 |
| <i>Acteocina candei</i> | 1.17 | 0.17 | 0.56 | 0.72 | 0.63 | 61.07 |
| <i>Mooreonuphis pallidula</i> | 0.83 | 1.17 | 0.56 | 0.94 | 0.62 | 61.69 |
| <i>Ampharetidae (LPIL)</i> | 0.00 | 2.17 | 0.55 | 0.76 | 0.62 | 62.31 |
| <i>Owenia fusiformis</i> | 1.33 | 0.50 | 0.55 | 0.69 | 0.62 | 62.92 |
| <i>Ervilia concentrica</i> | 1.17 | 0.17 | 0.54 | 0.53 | 0.61 | 63.53 |
| <i>Magelona papillicornis</i> | 0.33 | 0.67 | 0.54 | 0.63 | 0.60 | 64.13 |
| <i>Pleuromeris tridentata</i> | 0.00 | 3.33 | 0.53 | 0.48 | 0.59 | 64.72 |
| <i>Lumbrineris latreilli</i> | 0.17 | 2.83 | 0.51 | 0.66 | 0.57 | 65.28 |
| <i>Neomegamphopus (LPIL)</i> | 0.17 | 2.50 | 0.49 | 1.02 | 0.55 | 65.83 |
| <i>Lineidae (LPIL)</i> | 1.00 | 0.17 | 0.49 | 0.59 | 0.54 | 66.37 |
| <i>Phyllodocidae (LPIL)</i> | 0.17 | 2.33 | 0.47 | 1.08 | 0.53 | 66.90 |
| <i>Metharpinia floridana</i> | 0.83 | 0.00 | 0.46 | 0.52 | 0.52 | 67.42 |
| <i>Laonice cinnata</i> | 0.00 | 2.67 | 0.46 | 0.79 | 0.51 | 67.93 |
| <i>Aspidosiphon gosnoldi</i> | 0.67 | 1.50 | 0.46 | 0.81 | 0.51 | 68.45 |
| <i>Aglaophamus verrilli</i> | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.44 | 0.52 | 0.49 | 68.94 |
| <i>Glycera americana</i> | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.44 | 0.57 | 0.49 | 69.43 |
| <i>Liljeborgia sp. A</i> | 0.50 | 1.50 | 0.41 | 0.72 | 0.46 | 69.89 |
| <i>Dipolydora socialis</i> | 0.17 | 0.83 | 0.41 | 0.60 | 0.46 | 70.35 |
| <i>Tellinidae (LPIL)</i> | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.40 | 0.37 | 0.44 | 70.79 |
| <i>Autolytus (LPIL)</i> | 0.00 | 2.67 | 0.39 | 0.57 | 0.44 | 71.23 |
| <i>Kurtziella rubella</i> | 0.67 | 0.00 | 0.39 | 0.43 | 0.43 | 71.66 |
| <i>Magelona pettiboneae</i> | 0.00 | 1.83 | 0.39 | 0.88 | 0.43 | 72.09 |
| <i>Caecum johnsoni</i> | 0.33 | 1.67 | 0.38 | 0.84 | 0.42 | 72.51 |
| <i>Pythinella cuneata</i> | 0.67 | 0.00 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.42 | 72.93 |
| <i>Phascolion strombi</i> | 0.67 | 0.00 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.42 | 73.34 |
| <i>Paguridae (LPIL)</i> | 0.00 | 0.83 | 0.37 | 0.53 | 0.41 | 73.76 |
| <i>Turbellaria (LPIL)</i> | 0.17 | 2.17 | 0.35 | 0.62 | 0.39 | 74.15 |
| <i>Cyclaspis varians</i> | 0.50 | 0.17 | 0.34 | 0.54 | 0.38 | 74.52 |
| <i>Chone (LPIL)</i> | 0.00 | 1.67 | 0.33 | 0.60 | 0.36 | 74.89 |
| <i>Apanthura cracenta</i> | 0.00 | 1.33 | 0.32 | 0.44 | 0.36 | 75.24 |

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Hesionidae (LPIL) | 0.17 | 2.00 | 0.31 | 0.79 | 0.35 | 75.59 |
| Eunicidae (LPIL) | 0.00 | 0.83 | 0.31 | 0.67 | 0.34 | 75.94 |
| Anodontia alba | 0.67 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.36 | 0.34 | 76.27 |
| Mesanthura (LPIL) | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 76.60 |
| Apocorophium simile | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 76.93 |
| Ampelisca vadorum | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 77.26 |
| Photis (LPIL) | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.29 | 0.56 | 0.33 | 77.58 |
| Asteropterygion oculitristis | 0.17 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.65 | 0.32 | 77.91 |
| Dentalium laqueatum | 0.50 | 0.00 | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 78.22 |
| Nephtys simoni | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.42 | 0.31 | 78.53 |
| Phyllodoce (LPIL) | 0.00 | 1.17 | 0.27 | 0.81 | 0.30 | 78.83 |
| Glycera (LPIL) | 0.17 | 0.50 | 0.27 | 0.66 | 0.30 | 79.13 |
| Crepidula plana | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.30 | 79.43 |
| Albunea paretii | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.30 | 79.72 |
| Spiophanes missionensis | 0.33 | 0.50 | 0.26 | 0.67 | 0.29 | 80.02 |
| Americhelidium americanum | 0.33 | 0.33 | 0.26 | 0.66 | 0.29 | 80.31 |
| Turridae (LPIL) | 0.50 | 0.00 | 0.26 | 0.48 | 0.29 | 80.60 |
| Goneplacidae (LPIL) | 0.00 | 1.50 | 0.26 | 0.63 | 0.29 | 80.89 |
| Lumbrineridae (LPIL) | 0.33 | 1.00 | 0.26 | 0.75 | 0.29 | 81.18 |
| Polycirrus eximius | 0.17 | 1.17 | 0.25 | 0.82 | 0.28 | 81.46 |
| Phoronis (LPIL) | 0.50 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 0.65 | 0.28 | 81.74 |
| Scoloplos rubra | 0.00 | 0.67 | 0.24 | 0.73 | 0.27 | 82.01 |
| Sipuncula (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.58 | 0.26 | 82.27 |
| Aoridae (LPIL) | 0.00 | 1.50 | 0.23 | 0.44 | 0.26 | 82.53 |
| Diopatra cuprea | 0.00 | 0.67 | 0.22 | 0.61 | 0.25 | 82.78 |
| Protohadzia schoenerae | 0.00 | 1.67 | 0.21 | 0.44 | 0.23 | 83.01 |
| Tellina iris | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 83.25 |
| Sigatica semisulcata | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 83.48 |
| Lucinidae (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 83.71 |
| Eusarsiella sp. L | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 83.95 |
| Spionidae (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.50 | 0.21 | 0.58 | 0.23 | 84.18 |
| Glyceridae (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 0.51 | 0.23 | 84.41 |
| Armandia agilis | 0.17 | 0.33 | 0.20 | 0.59 | 0.22 | 84.63 |
| Spiochaetopterus oculatus | 0.50 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.60 | 0.22 | 84.85 |
| Schistomerengos pectinata | 0.00 | 1.50 | 0.19 | 0.52 | 0.22 | 85.07 |
| Metatiron tropakis | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.50 | 0.22 | 85.28 |
| Diplodonta (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.50 | 0.19 | 0.74 | 0.21 | 85.49 |
| Spiophanes bombyx | 0.33 | 0.50 | 0.19 | 0.75 | 0.21 | 85.71 |
| Nephtyidae (LPIL) | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.19 | 0.53 | 0.21 | 85.91 |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Amakusanthura magnifica | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.19 | 0.53 | 0.21 | 86.12 |
| Brachiopoda (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.19 | 0.35 | 0.21 | 86.33 |
| Apseudes sp. A | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.19 | 0.35 | 0.21 | 86.54 |
| Tectonatica pusilla | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.58 | 0.20 | 86.74 |
| Mediomastus californiensis | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.18 | 0.55 | 0.20 | 86.94 |
| Sabellaria vulgaris | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.49 | 0.19 | 87.13 |
| Semele (LPIL) | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.49 | 0.19 | 87.33 |
| Gibberosus myersi | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.52 | 0.19 | 87.52 |
| Cnidaria (LPIL) | 0.17 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.53 | 0.19 | 87.71 |
| Aricidea taylori | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.54 | 0.19 | 87.89 |
| Tharyx acutus | 0.00 | 1.33 | 0.17 | 0.44 | 0.19 | 88.08 |
| Syllis gracilis | 0.00 | 1.33 | 0.17 | 0.44 | 0.19 | 88.27 |
| Dentatisyllis caroliniae | 0.00 | 1.33 | 0.17 | 0.44 | 0.19 | 88.46 |
| Arabella mutans | 0.00 | 1.33 | 0.17 | 0.44 | 0.19 | 88.64 |
| Pistone remota | 0.00 | 0.67 | 0.16 | 0.44 | 0.18 | 88.82 |
| Ensis directus | 0.00 | 0.67 | 0.16 | 0.44 | 0.18 | 89.00 |
| Lucina (LPIL) | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.41 | 0.17 | 89.17 |
| Kupellonura sp. B | 0.00 | 0.83 | 0.15 | 0.81 | 0.17 | 89.35 |
| Magelona (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.15 | 0.36 | 0.17 | 89.51 |
| Bemlos brunneomaculatus | 0.17 | 0.67 | 0.15 | 0.60 | 0.17 | 89.68 |
| Amphiuridae (LPIL) | 0.00 | 0.83 | 0.14 | 0.61 | 0.16 | 89.84 |
| Exogone atlantica | 0.17 | 0.50 | 0.14 | 0.68 | 0.15 | 89.99 |
| Scoletoma (LPIL) | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.49 | 0.15 | 90.15 |

Appendix II. Taxa listing for the Fernandina ODMDS stations, 2005.

Client: EPA

Project Date: 08/01/2005

Project: EPA Fernandina ODMDS

Total Number of Taxa: 255

ANNELIDA

CLASS OLIGOCHAETA

Order TUBIFICIDA

FAMILY ENCHYTRAEIDAE

Enchytraeidae (LPIL)

FAMILY TUBIFICIDAE

Tubificidae (LPIL)

CLASS POLYCHAETA

Order ARCHIANNELIDA

FAMILY POLYGORDIIDAE

Polygordius (LPIL)

FAMILY SACCOCIRRIDAE

Saccocirrus sp. A

Order CAPITELLIDA

FAMILY CAPITELLIDAE

Capitellidae (LPIL)

Heteromastus filiformis

Mediomastus (LPIL)

Mediomastus californiensis

FAMILY MALDANIDAE

Maldanidae (LPIL)

Axiothella (LPIL)

Sabaco americanus

Order EUNICIDA

FAMILY DORVILLEIDAE

Schistomerings pectinata

Schistomerings rudolphi

FAMILY EUNICIDAE

Eunicidae (LPIL)

Eunice (LPIL)

FAMILY LUMBRINERIDAE

Lumbrineridae (LPIL)

Lumbrinerides acuta

Lumbrineris (LPIL)

Lumbrineris latreilli

Scoletoma (LPIL)

FAMILY OENONIDAE

Arabella multidentata

Arabella mutans

FAMILY ONUPHIDAE

Onuphidae (LPIL)

Diopatra cuprea

Mooreonuphis pallidula

Onuphis eremita oculata

Order OPHELIIDA
FAMILY OPHELIIDAE

Armandia agilis
Armandia maculata

Order ORBINIIDA
FAMILY ORBINIIDAE
Leitoscoloplos (LPIL)
Scoloplos rubra

FAMILY PARAONIDAE
Aricidea (LPIL)
Aricidea catherinae
Aricidea minuta
Aricidea taylori
Aricidea wassi
Cirrophorus (LPIL)
Cirrophorus ilvana
Levinenia gracilis

Order OWENIIDA
FAMILY OWENIIDAE
Owenia fusiformis

Order PHYLLODOCIDA
FAMILY CHRYSOPETALIDAE
Bhawania heteroseta
Paleanotus sp. A

FAMILY GLYCERIDAE
Glyceridae (LPIL)
Glycera (LPIL)
Glycera americana
Glycera dibranchiata

FAMILY GONIADIDAE
Goniada (LPIL)
Goniada littorea
Goniadides carolinae

FAMILY HESIONIDAE
Hesionidae (LPIL)
Podarke obscura

FAMILY NEPHTYIDAE
Nephtyidae (LPIL)
Aglaophamus verrilli
Nephtys (LPIL)
Nephtys picta
Nephtys simoni

FAMILY NEREIDAE
Nereididae (LPIL)
Ceratocephale oculata
Nereis succinea

FAMILY PHYLLODOCIDAE
Phyllodocidae (LPIL)
Eumida sanguinea
Paranaitis speciosa
Phyllodoce (LPIL)

FAMILY PILARGIIDAE

Litocorsa antennata
Sigambra tentaculata
Synelmis ewingi

FAMILY PISIONIDAE

Pisione remota

FAMILY POLYNOIDAE

Polynoidae (LPIL)
Lepidonotus sp. A

FAMILY SIGALIONIDAE

Psammolyce arenosa
Sthenelais sp. A

FAMILY SYLLIDAE

Syllidae (LPIL)
Autolytus (LPIL)
Brania wellfleensis
Dentatisyllis caroliniae
Ehlersia ferrugina
Exogone (LPIL)
Exogone atlantica
Exogone lourei
Odontosyllis enopla
Opisthodonta sp. B
Parapionosyllis longicirrata
Pionosyllis gesae
Syllis cornuta
Syllis gracilis

Order SABELLIDA

FAMILY SABELLIDAE

Sabellidae (LPIL)
Chone (LPIL)
Fabricinuda trilobata

FAMILY SERPULIDAE

Filogranula sp. A

Order SPIONIDA

FAMILY CHAETOPTERIDAE

Mesochaetopterus (LPIL)
Spiochaetopterus oculatus

FAMILY CIRRATULIDAE

Cirratulidae (LPIL)
Tharyx acutus

FAMILY MAGELONIDAE

Magelona (LPIL)
Magelona papillicornis
Magelona pettiboneae
Magelona sp. H

FAMILY SPIONIDAE

Spionidae (LPIL)
Aonides mayaguezensis
Apoprionospio pygmaea
Dipolydora socialis
Dispio uncinata
Laonice cirrata

Parapriionospio pinnata
Prionospio (LPIL)
Prionospio cristata
Spio pettiboneae
Spiophanes bombyx
Spiophanes missionensis
Order TEREBELLIDA
FAMILY AMPHARETIDAE
Ampharetidae (LPIL)
Melinna maculata
FAMILY PECTINARIIDAE
Pectinaria gouldii
FAMILY SABELLARIIDAE
Sabellaria sp. A
Sabellaria vulgaris
FAMILY TEREBELLIDAE
Terebellidae (LPIL)
Pista palmata
Polycirrus (LPIL)
Polycirrus eximius

ARTHROPODA

CLASS MALACOSTRACA

Order AMPHIPODA
FAMILY AMPELISCIDAE
Ampelisca (LPIL)
Ampelisca agassizi
Ampelisca parapacifica
Ampelisca vadorum
FAMILY AORIDAE
Aoridae (LPIL)
Acuminodeutopus naglei
Bemlos brunneomaculatus
Globosolembos smithi
Rildardanus laminosa
FAMILY BATEIDAE
Batea catharinensis
FAMILY COROPHIIDAE
Apocorophium simile
FAMILY HAUSTORIIDAE
Protohaustorius sp. B
FAMILY ISAEIDAE
Photis (LPIL)
FAMILY LILJEBORGIIDAE
Liljeborgia sp. A
FAMILY MELITIDAE
Melitidae (LPIL)
Dulichiella sp. A
Maera (LPIL)
Maera sp. D
Protohadzia schoenerae
FAMILY MELPHIDIIPPIDAE
Gibberosus myersi

- FAMILY NEOMEgamphopidae
 Neomegamphopus (LPIL)
 Neomegamphopus kalanii
- FAMILY OEDICEROTIDAE
 Americhelidium americanum
- FAMILY PHOXOCEPHALIDAE
 Metharpinia floridana
- FAMILY PLATYISCHNOPIDAE
 Eudevenopus honduranus
- FAMILY SYNOPIIDAE
 Metatiron triocellatus
 Metatiron tropakis
- Order CUMACEA
 FAMILY BODOTRIIDAE
 Cyclaspis varians
- FAMILY DIASTYLIDAE
 Oxyurostylis (LPIL)
- Order DECAPODA
 Decapoda (LPIL)
- FAMILY ALBUNEIDAE
 Albunea paretii
- FAMILY ALPHEIDAE
 Automate (LPIL)
- FAMILY CALAPPIDAE
 Hepatus (LPIL)
- FAMILY GONEPLACIDAE
 Goneplacidae (LPIL)
 Panoplax depressa
- FAMILY HIPPOLYTIDAE
 Latreutes parvulus
- FAMILY LEUCOSIIDAE
 Ebalia stimpsonii
- FAMILY PAGURIDAE
 Paguridae (LPIL)
- FAMILY PARTHENOPIDAE
 Heterocrypta granulata
- FAMILY PASIPHAEIDAE
 Leptochela serratorbita
- FAMILY PINNOTHERIDAE
 Pinnotheridae (LPIL)
 Pinnixa (LPIL)
 Pinnotheres (LPIL)
- FAMILY PORCELLANIDAE
 Euceramus praelongus
- FAMILY PORTUNIDAE
 Portunus gibbesii
- FAMILY PROCESSIDAE
 Processa (LPIL)
 Processa hemphilli
- FAMILY UPOGEBIIDAE
 Upogebia (LPIL)
 Upogebia affinis

FAMILY XANTHIDAE

Xanthidae (LPIL)

Eurypanopeus depressus

Order ISOPODA

FAMILY ANTHRURIDAE

Amakusanthuria magnifica

Apanthura cracenta

Mesanthuria (LPIL)

FAMILY HYSSURIDAE

Kupellonura sp. B

Order MYSIDACEA

FAMILY MYSIDAE

Bowmaniella (LPIL)

Heteromysis (LPIL)

Order TANAIDACEA

FAMILY APSEUDIDAE

Apseudes sp. A

FAMILY KALLIAPSEUDIDAE

Kallipseudes macsweenyi

FAMILY NOTOTANAIDAE

Tanaissus sp. A

CLASS OSTRACODA

Order MYODOCOPINA

FAMILY CYLINDROLEBERIDIDAE

Asteropterygion oculitristis

Synasterope setisparsa

FAMILY SARSIELLIDAE

Eusarsiella cresseyi

Eusarsiella sp. L

Eusarsiella spinosa

BRACHIOPODA

Brachiopoda (LPIL)

CHORDATA

CLASS LEPTOCARDIA

Order AMPHIOXI

FAMILY BRANCHIOSTOMIDAE

Branchiostoma (LPIL)

CNIDARIA

Cnidaria (LPIL)

ECHINODERMATA

CLASS ASTEROIDEA

Astroidea (LPIL)

CLASS HOLOTHUROIDEA

Order APODIDA

FAMILY SYNAPTIDAE

Leptosynapta (LPIL)

CLASS OPHIUROIDEA
Ophiuroidea (LPIL)
Order OPHIURIDA
FAMILY AMPHIURIDAE
Amphiuridae (LPIL)

MOLLUSCA
CLASS BIVALVIA
Bivalvia (LPIL)
Order ARCOIDA
FAMILY ARCIDAE
Anadara transversa
Order MYOIDA
FAMILY CORBULIDAE
Corbula contracta
Order MYTILOIDA
FAMILY MYTILIDAE
Mytilidae (LPIL)
Lioberus castaneus
Order NUCULOIDA
FAMILY NUCULIDAE
Nucula aegeenis
Order OSTREOIDA
FAMILY ANOMIIDAE
Anomia simplex
FAMILY PECTINIDAE
Pectinidae (LPIL)
Order PTERIOIDA
FAMILY PINNIDAE
Pinnidae (LPIL)
Order VENEROIDA
FAMILY CARDITIDAE
Carditidae (LPIL)
Pleuromeris tridentata
FAMILY CRASSATELLIDAE
Crassinella lunulata
FAMILY LUCINIDAE
Lucinidae (LPIL)
Anodontia alba
Divaricella quadrisulcata
Lucina (LPIL)
Lucina multilineata
FAMILY MESODESMATIDAE
Ervilia concentrica
FAMILY MONTACUTIDAE
Montacutidae (LPIL)
Pythinella cuneata
FAMILY SEMELIDAE
Semele (LPIL)
FAMILY SOLENIDAE
Ensis directus
FAMILY TELLINIDAE
Tellinidae (LPIL)
Tellina (LPIL)
Tellina iris

FAMILY UNGULINIDAE

Diplodonta (LPIL)

Diplodonta punctata

FAMILY VENERIDAE

Veneridae (LPIL)

Gouldia cerina

CLASS GASTROPODA

Order ARCHAEOGASTROPODA

FAMILY FISSURELLIDAE

Diodora (LPIL)

Order CEPHALASPIDEA

FAMILY ACTEONIDAE

Rictaxis punctostriatus

FAMILY PHILINIDAE

Philine sagra

FAMILY SCAPHANDRIDAE

Scaphandridae (LPIL)

Acteocina bidentata

Acteocina candei

Order MESOGASTROPODA

FAMILY CAECIDAE

Caecum floridanum

Caecum johnsoni

Caecum pulchellum

FAMILY CALYPTRAEIDAE

Calyptraea centralis

Crepidula plana

FAMILY EULIMIDAE

Eulimidae (LPIL)

Strombiformis (LPIL)

Strombiformis bilineatus

FAMILY NATICIDAE

Sigatica semisulcata

Tectonatica pusilla

FAMILY TORNIDAE

Macromphalina floridana

Order NEOGASTROPODA

FAMILY COLUMBELLIDAE

Mitrella lunata

FAMILY MURICIDAE

Muricidae (LPIL)

FAMILY TURRIDAE

Turridae (LPIL)

Kurtziella rubella

Order PYRAMIDELLOIDA

FAMILY PYRAMIDELLIDAE

Odostomia (LPIL)

Turbanilla (LPIL)

CLASS POLYPLACOPHORA

Polyplacophora (LPIL)

CLASS SCAPHOPODA
Order DENTALIIDA
FAMILY DENTALIIDAE
Antalis (LPIL)
Dentalium laqueatum

PHORONIDA
FAMILY PHORONIDAE
Phoronis (LPIL)

PLATYHELMINTHES
CLASS TURBELLARIA
Turbellaria (LPIL)

RHYNCHOCOELA
Rhynchocoela (LPIL)

CLASS ANOPLA
Order HETERONEMERTEA
FAMILY LINEIDAE
Lineidae (LPIL)
Order PALEONEMERTEA
FAMILY TUBULANIDAE
Tubulanus (LPIL)

SIPUNCULA
Sipuncula (LPIL)
FAMILY ASPIDOSIPHONIDAE
Aspidosiphon (LPIL)
Aspidosiphon albus
Aspidosiphon gosnoldi
FAMILY GOLFINGIIDAE
Golfingia (LPIL)
Phascolion strombi