

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. As prismatic crystals to 3 mm, elongate along [010], and in radial aggregates.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Imperfect on {001} and another plane. *Tenacity:* n.d. *Fracture:* Stepped. Hardness = 5 D(meas.) = 2.88(2) D(calc.) = 2.89 Nonfluorescent.

Optical Properties: Translucent to transparent. *Color:* Colorless to white, rarely yellowish, pink, or light orange. *Streak:* n.d. *Luster:* Vitreous.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). $\alpha = 1.688(2)$ $\beta = 1.698(2)$ $\gamma = 1.802(3)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 37(1)^\circ$

Orientation: $a = Z$, $b = Y$, $c \wedge X = 27^\circ$ in obtuse β . *Pleochroism:* $X = Z = \text{pale yellow}$, $Y = \text{orange}$. Colorless varieties nonpleochroic.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* C2/m. $a = 14.292(4)$ $b = 13.750(4)$ $c = 7.792(2)$ $\beta = 117.03(1)^\circ$ $Z = 1$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Kovdor massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia.
3.175 (100), 3.093 (57), 3.083 (55), 6.94 (51), 3.024 (51), 2.576 (48), 6.34 (34)

Chemistry:	(1)	(1)	
Na ₂ O	4.61	MnO	0.01
K ₂ O	8.57	Al ₂ O ₃	0.30
SrO	0.01	SiO ₂	39.70
CaO	0.03	TiO ₂	23.96
BaO	6.23	Nb ₂ O ₅	3.65
FeO	1.49	H ₂ O	[9.24]
MgO	1.22	Total	99.02

(1) Kovdor massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia; average electron microprobe analysis, H₂O calculated; corresponds to $(\text{Na}_{3.57}\square_{0.42}\text{Ca}_{0.01})_{\Sigma=4}\text{K}_4[(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{2.18}\text{Ba}_{0.97}\square_{0.48}\text{K}_{0.37})_{\Sigma=4}(\square_{0.91}\text{Mg}_{0.73}\text{Fe}^{2+}_{0.36})_{\Sigma=2}(\text{Ti}_{7.20}\text{Nb}_{0.66}\text{Fe}^{3+}_{0.14})_{\Sigma=8.00}(\text{Si}_{15.86}\text{Al}_{0.14})_{\Sigma=16.00}\text{O}_{48}[\text{O}_{4.46}(\text{OH})_{3.54}]_{\Sigma=8.00} \cdot 8.35\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

Mineral Group: Labuntsovite subgroup of the labuntsovite group.

Occurrence: In cavities within dolomitic carbonatite in an alkaline massif.

Association: Catapleiite, anatase, pyrite, calcite.

Distribution: From the Kovdor ultramafic alkaline massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia.

Name: Suffix, Mg, refers to the magnesium-dominance in the D site of a member of the *labuntsovite* subgroup.

Type Material: A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Moscow, Russia (91287).

References: (1) Khomyakov, A.P., G.N. Nechelyustov, G. Ferraris, A. Gula, and G. Ivaldi (2001) Labuntsovite-Fe and labuntsovite-Mg- two new minerals from the Khibina and Kovdor alkaline massifs, Kola Peninsula. *Zap. Ross. Mineral. Obshch.*, 130(4), 36-45. (2) (2002) Amer. Mineral., 87, 1732-1733 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Chukanov, N.V., I.V. Pekov, and A.P. Khomyakov (2002) Recommended nomenclature for labuntsovite-group minerals. *Eur. J. Mineral.*, 14, 165-173. (4) Pekov, I.V. (2007) New minerals from former Soviet Union countries, 1998-2006. *Mineral. Almanac*, 11, 30-31.