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Crystal Data: Orthorhombic, pseudohexagonal. *Point Group:* n.d. In rounded, radial aggregates of lath- and plate-shaped crystals, to several mm; as tiny rosettes of intergrown pseudohexagonal plates.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: $\{001\}$, perfect. Tenacity: Cleavage foliae are flexible but inelastic. Hardness = 2.5 D(meas.) = 3.01(4) D(calc.) = 3.03

Optical Properties: Translucent. *Color:* Deep brown with reddish internal reflections, light chocolate-brown; in transmitted light, pale to dark brown.

Optical Class: Biaxial (–). Pleochroism: X = dark brown; Z = light brown. $\alpha = 1.646$ $\beta = 1.664$ $\gamma = 1.664$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 0^{\circ}$

Cell Data: Space Group: n.d. a = 5.47 b = 9.46 c = 28.8 Z = [4]

X-ray Powder Pattern: Långban, Sweden.

7.23(10), 3.61(8), 4.79(5), 1.574(5), 14.6(3), 2.697(3), 1.634(3)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
SiO_2	33.06	32.35
$\mathrm{Al_2O_3}$	0.58	0.57
Fe_2O_3	9.42	
FeO		7.30
MnO	33.83	35.50
ZnO	0.42	0.47
PbO	0.56	
$_{ m MgO}$	11.55	10.26
CaO	0.07	0.08
F		< 0.05
Cl		0.05
$\mathrm{H_2O^+}$	10.31	[9.89]
$H_2^-O^-$	0.02	
$-O = (F, Cl)_2$		[0.05]
Total	99.82	[96.47]

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{(1) Långban, Sweden; corresponds to } (Mn_{3.25}^{2+}Mg_{1.95}Fe_{0.64}^{3+}Zn_{0.04}Pb_{0.02}Ca_{0.01})_{\Sigma=5.91} \\ (Si_{3.75}Fe_{0.17}^{3+}Al_{0.08})_{\Sigma=4.00}[O_{10.20}(OH)_{7.80}]_{\Sigma=18.00}. \text{ (2) Do.; by electron microprobe, } H_2O \\ \text{calculated from stoichiometry; corresponds to } (Mn_{3.64}^{2+}Mg_{1.85}Fe_{0.74}Zn_{0.04}Ca_{0.01})_{\Sigma=6.28} \\ (Si_{3.92}Al_{0.08})_{\Sigma=4.00}O_{10}[(OH)_{7.99}Cl_{0.01}]_{\Sigma=8.00}. \end{array}$

Mineral Group: Chlorite group.

Occurrence: In hydrothermal veinlets cutting skarn (Långban, Sweden).

Association: Caryopilite, bementite, berzeliite, barite, garnet (Långban, Sweden).

Distribution: From Långban, and at the Harstigen mine, near Persberg, Värmland, Sweden. In the Wessels mine, near Kuruman, Cape Province, South Africa.

Name: In honor of Forest A. Gonyer, analytical chemist in the Department of Mineralogy and Petrography, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA.

Type Material: Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 112842; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 106913; The Natural History Museum, London, England, 1956,190–191.

References: (1) Frondel, C. (1955) Two chlorites: gonyerite and melanolite. Amer. Mineral., 40, 1090–1094. (2) Peacor, D.R. and E.J. Essene (1980) Caryopilite – a member of the friedelite rather than the serpentine group. Amer. Mineral., 65, 335–339.

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