

REPORT

Fauna Baseline Study

Agri-Food Innovation Park, Kranji Road, Singapore

Submitted to:

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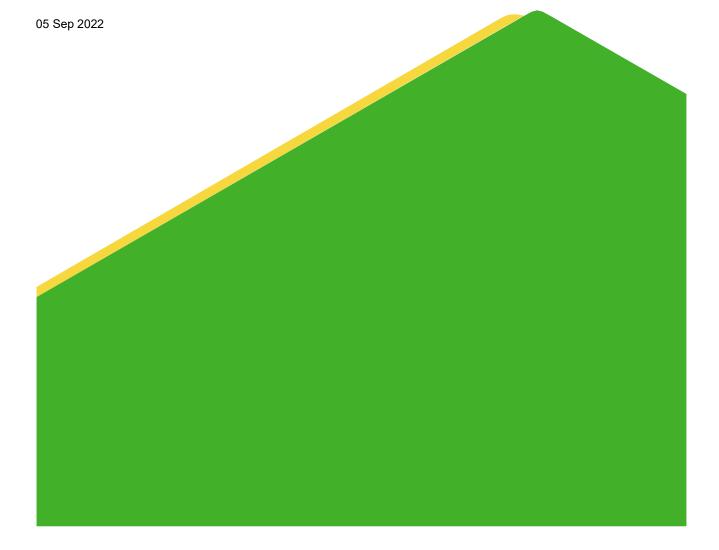
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Executive Summary

CPG Consultants Pte. Ltd. ("CPG") engaged Golder Associates (Golder) to undertake a Fauna Baseline Study (FBS) as part of the Environmental Baseline Study (EBS) for the Earthworks and Construction of Infrastructure at Agri-Food Innovation Park (AFIP) in Kranji Road, Singapore (the "Project"). The EBS comprises Fauna Baseline Study (FBS) (including development and implementation of a biodiversity monitoring program (BMP) (herein referred to in this Report as Environmental Management and Monitoring Plan (EMMP)) and Sediment Load Study (SLS). The FBS was completed in accordance with the following:

- Golder proposal CX20434030-001-Rev1, dated 17 November 2020, as approved by CPG
- Inception Report 20434030-R001-Rev1, dated 23 March 2021, as approved by the National Parks Board (NParks)

The Project was required to undertake an EBS and EMMP implementation as a result of the Environmental Impact Assessment process. This Report describes the various field surveys carried out as part of the FBS. The FBS was performed by Golder as EBS Consultant and Camphora Pte. Ltd. (Camphora) as FBS Specialist.

Faunistic field surveys focused on the following fauna groups: Odonates, Butterflies, Herpetofauna (Amphibians and Reptiles); Birds; Mammals (including Bats); Molluscs; Marine Arthropods and Fishes. The biodiversity baseline surveys (including camera trapping results) concluded with a total of 206 species, consisting of 15 species of conservation significance and two species of interest.

For the habitat receptors, the most severe impacts are the loss of vegetation for ponds, exotic-dominated woodland and herbaceous and scrubland vegetation at the construction phase. As most of these habitats will be lost, despite implementation of mitigation measures, the residual impact significance remains as Moderate for the pond and Major for exotic-dominated woodland and herbaceous and scrubland vegetation. Other notable impacts include changes in species composition around the edges of cleared vegetation and the neighbouring vegetation during both construction and operational phase. However, with the implementation of mitigation measures, the impact significance of these impacts for habitats can be reduced to Minor. Thus, it is important that the mitigation measures be rigorously implemented.

For the faunal receptors, the most severe impacts affecting across the different taxon is the loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources and loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement during the construction phase. As most of the habitats will be lost, despite implementation of mitigation measures, most of the residual impact significance remains as Major and Moderate. Other notable impacts during the construction phase include injury or mortality and human presence. The implementation of mitigation measures may only be able to reduce the impact significance of these impacts for some less sensitive species. In the operational phase, light disturbances and human presence are the most severe impacts for reptiles, birds and non-volant mammals. With the successful implementation of the mitigation measures, the impact significance for most species will be reduced from Major to Moderate. Though the mitigation measures will not be able to reduce all the impact significance to Minor or Negligible, it is still important to implement them rigorously to minimize impacts on the faunal species.

A summary of the recommended mitigation measures during the design phase are as follows:

To protect and enhance existing habitats by retention of buffer zones for areas of high conservation and value and infill planting with a graded canopy line to protect forest edges



■ To create aquatic habitats, terrestrial habitats, artificial refugia for pollinators and promote dual usage of space

To live harmoniously with nature by artificial light management, construction of bird-friendly buildings and design of buildings to avoid human-wildlife conflict

The recommended EMMP aims to prevent entrapment/injury/mortality to fauna, minimise impacts of construction works on sensitive habitats in close proximity, and prevent human-wildlife conflict. The findings from the baseline study and the recommended mitigation measures have also been incorporated into the BMP. The BMP will comprise pre-felling fauna inspections, site clearance, post-site clearance fauna inspections, monthly fauna inspections, wildlife response plan, and toolbox briefings on biodiversity awareness.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

CPG Consultants Pte. Ltd. ("CPG") engaged Golder Associates (Golder) to undertake a Fauna Baseline Study (FBS) as part of the Environmental Baseline Study (EBS) for the Earthworks and Construction of Infrastructure at Agri-Food Innovation Park (AFIP) (the "Project") in Kranji Road, Singapore (the "Project area"). The EBS comprises FBS (including development and implementation of a biodiversity monitoring program (BMP) (herein referred to in this Report as Environmental Management and Monitoring Plan (EMMP)) and Sediment Load Study (SLS). This was in consideration that an Arboriculture Assessment and Flora Baseline of the Project area had previously been conducted by Camphora in 2018¹.

The FBS was completed in accordance with the following:

- Golder proposal CX20434030-001-Rev1, dated 17 November 2020, as approved by CPG
- Inception Report 20434030-R001-Rev1, dated 23 March 2021, as approved by the National Parks Board (NParks)

The Project was required to undertake an EBS and EMMP implementation as a result of the Environmental Impact Assessment process. This Report describes the activities and results of the FBS. The FBS was performed by Golder as EBS Consultant and Camphora Pte Ltd ("Camphora") as FBS Specialist.

The FBS aimed to:

- Establish an inventory of the faunal species inhabiting the Project area and provide patterns of their distribution.
- Conduct an impact assessment which will identify the potential impacts on fauna that may occur as a result of the proposed development.
- Recommend mitigation measures to avoid, minimise and compensate for the impacts; and
- Establish the approach of the BMP that will promote the conservation of the Project area's biodiversity. Specifically, the BMP aims to:
 - prevent entrapment/injury/mortality to fauna;
 - minimise impacts of construction works on sensitive habitats in close proximity; and,
 - prevent human-wildlife conflict.

The EMMP is to be carried out throughout the duration of the Project's construction phase.

As much as practicable, the scope of the FBS is aligned to the Biodiversity Impact Assessment (BIA) Guidelines ("Guidelines") Version 1, NParks, 2020 (NParks, 2020). The methods for habitat identification and fauna surveys are generally based on the NParks BIA Guidelines, which comprised targeted field surveys for aquatic molluscs, odonates, butterflies, decapod crustaceans, fish, herpetofauna, birds, non-volant mammals and bats. The EMMP tasks included pre-felling fauna inspections, site clearance, post-site clearance fauna inspections, monthly fauna inspections, wildlife response plan, and toolbox briefings on biodiversity awareness.

Results of the SLS are presented in 20434030-R002-Rev5 dated11 May 2022.

¹ Camphora (2018). Consultancy Services for Earthworks and Infrastructure Works at Kranji - Arboriculture Assessment and Flora Baseline.



1.1 Project Description

JTC Corporation ("JTC") is the Master Developer of AFIP Phase 1 (Figure 1), and CPG is the consultant for infrastructure development. The main construction contract for AFIP Phase 1 infrastructure works was awarded to Huationg Contractors Pte Ltd. ("Huationg").

AFIP is located within the greater Sungei Kadut area and will form part of a larger Northern Agri-Tech and Food Corridor. AFIP is intended to be a pilot cluster to catalyse innovation in the food- & agri-tech ecosystems and to bring together high-tech urban indoor farming, food production including alternative proteins, and associated research and development activities..

Based on the Masterplan 2019, AFIP Phase 1 consists of a total land area of approximately 25 hectares (ha), of which 18.75 hectares (ha) is allocable. The land will require existing high grounds to be cut and surplus earth disposed off-site, with the earliest site allocation expected to be in 2023. No fill materials will be brought onsite.

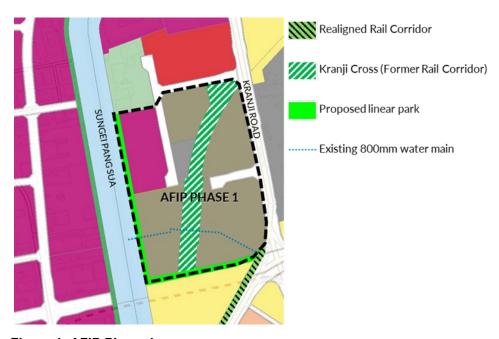


Figure 1: AFIP Phase 1

The Project area is bound by Kranji Close in the north, Kranji Road in the east, MRT track in the south and Sungei Pang Sua in the west (**Figure 2**). As of submission of this Report, the construction works at the Project area has been put on hold since 16 February 2021. No activities were being undertaken at the Project area.

The proposed development site is situated on vegetated patch composed of six different habitat types based on the previous arboriculture study conducted in 2018². More than 90% of the vegetation is made up by scrubland and herbaceous vegetation and exotic-dominated woodland. The Project area lies adjacent to Sungei Pang Sua, where there is a strip of mangrove – a highly sensitive habitat in Singapore. The unlined earth drain will be affected by proposed construction works of the trapezoidal drain and the 800mm diameter raw water pipeline, mainly both in the future road reserve line.

² Camphora (2018) Consultancy Services for Earthworks and Infrastructure Works at Kranji - Arboriculture Assessment and Flora Baseline.



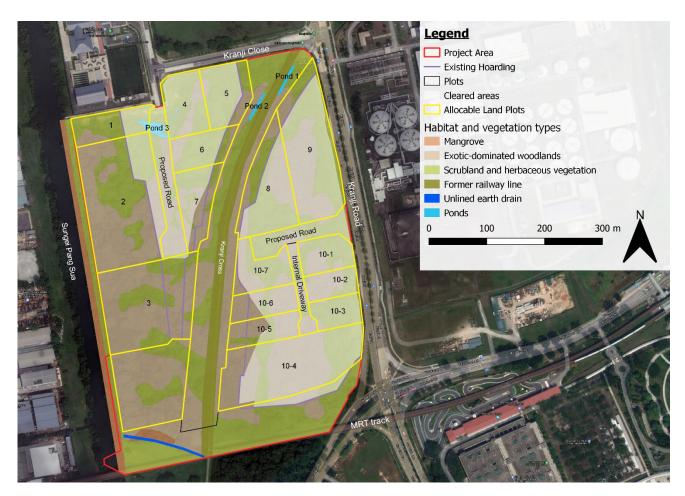


Figure 2: AFIP Phase I (Project area)³

1.2 Existing Land Use

The Project area is composed by six habitat types and the respective sizes are detailed in

Table 1 according to the arboriculture study conducted in 2018. The two habitat types that take up more than 90% of the Project area are exotic-dominated woodland (48.22%) and scrubland and herbaceous vegetation (45.56%). More than 40% of the original vegetation has been cleared for earthworks as of January 2021, including one of the three ponds within the Project area and more than one-third of the exotic-dominated woodland, scrubland and herbaceous vegetation within the Project area (**Figure 2**). The pond in Plot 1 that is near the proposed road has been removed. There is also a strip of mangrove habitat along the western boundary of the Project area (0.68%), adjacent to Sungei Pang Sua. This habitat is considered highly sensitive in Singapore.

³ Cleared areas presented in Figure 2 include both cleared and partially cleared areas. Land plot boundaries are indicative and figures throughout the report may show different variations of the plots.



Table 1: Absolute (ha) and relative (%) sizes of each habitat and vegetation type within the Project area and within the existing vegetation

| | Total (Within Project area) | | Existing Vegetation (as of 2018) ⁴ | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Habitat and Vegetation Types | Absolute Size (ha) | Relative Size (%) | Absolute Size (ha) | Relative Size (%) |
| Mangrove | 0.192 | 0.68 | 0.192 | 0.68 |
| Exotic-dominated woodland | 13.575 | 48.22 | 8.155 | 128.97 |
| Scrubland and Herbaceous Vegetation | 12.825 | 45.56 | 25.803 | 20.624 |
| Kranji Cross | 1.353 | 4.81 | 1.353 | 4.80 |
| Waterbodies (Total) Unlined earth drain Pond 1 Pond 2 Pond 3 | 0.205 0.065 0.026 0.025 0.089 | 0.73 0.23 0.09 0.09 0.32 | 0.116 0.065 0.026 0.025 | 0.41 0.23 0.09 0.09 |
| Total | 28.150 | 100.00 | 15.619 | 55.48 |

1.3 Historical Land Use

Between the 1920s and 1940s, the Project area was predominantly occupied by mangrove swamp of Sungei Pang Sua to the West and an open field to the East. The terrain of the area was relatively flat and even. By the mid-1920s part of the site was used for the development of a railway, then known as Harbour Board Line (**Figure 3**).

By the 1950s, the northern section of the Project area was cleared for agricultural use and was well known as a Pineapple Factory. The area was situated beside the railway. It was slowly taken over and developed into an industrial estate by the 1970s (**Figure 4**).

By the 1980s, much of the mangrove swamp was lost as Sungei Pang Sua was re-routed as a result of the development of the Kranji Industrial Estate (**Figure 5**). In 2011, the government announced the decommissioning of the railway. The tracks were dismantled and returned to Malaysia by 2012 and the strip of land it occupied was reopened for public use (National Library Board Singapore, 2018).

⁴ The absolute sizes differ because the study boundary of the Camphora (2018) Consultancy Services for Earthworks and Infrastructure Works at Kranji - Arboriculture Assessment and Flora Baseline differs from that of the current study.



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Figure 3: Topographical map of the Project area in 1924, showing that most of the Project area was dominated by mangrove swamp. The planned alignment of the railway is also shown (National Archives of Singapore, 2019).



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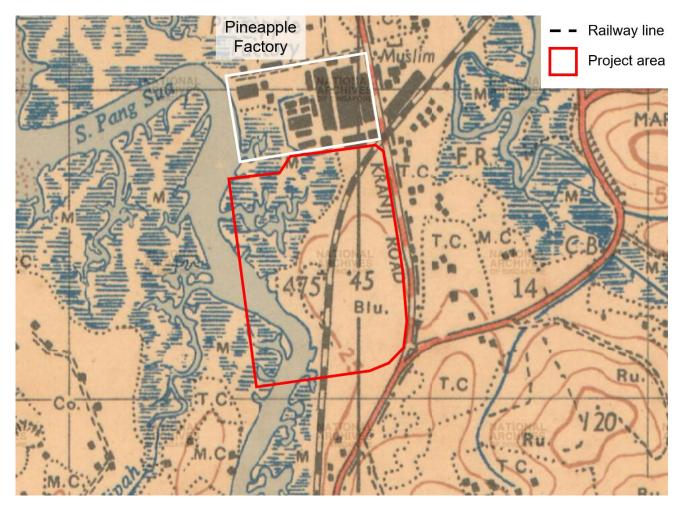


Figure 4: Topographical map of the Project area in 1953, showing the Pineapple Factory (boxed in white) that occupied the area in the north (National Archives of Singapore, 2019)

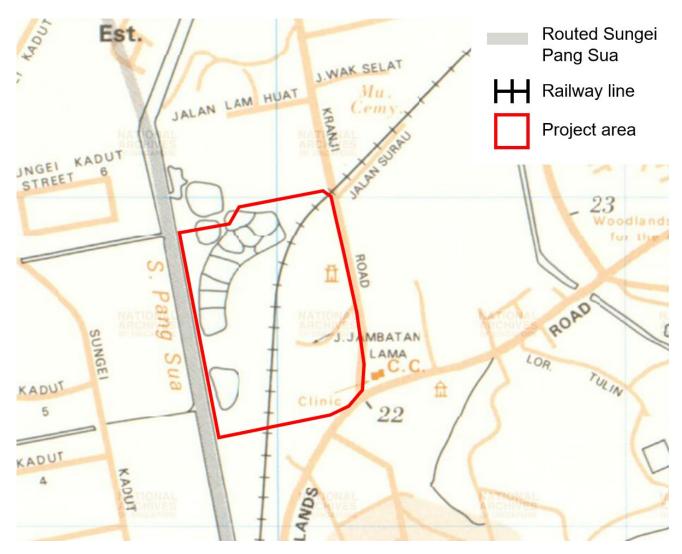


Figure 5:Topographical map of the Project area in 1988, showing the re-routed Sungei Pang Sua (National Archives of Singapore, 2019)

1.4 Sensitive Receptors

Sensitive receptors are valued components that are considered environmental elements (plant, animal or abiotic) of an ecosystem of greatest importance to the society. The selection of appropriate receptors allows effective, efficient, and focused analysis of potential impacts. The primary sensitive receptors to the Project are Sungei Pang Sua and the Mandai Mangrove and Mudflat downstream of Sungei Pang Sua.

AFIP Phase 1 is located adjacent to the existing Sungei Pang Sua. There are existing mangrove trees along the banks of this river. Sungei Pang Sua flows into the Mandai Mangrove and Mudflat, which is one of the sensitive areas.

Based on JTC's initial AFIP Masterplan, a proposed 15.0 m wide linear park will sit between the drainage reserve of Sungei Pang Sua and JTC's proposed development, and will act as a buffer between the two areas. The former railway line along Kranji Cross splits the AFIP Phase 1 development into two and JTC proposed an additional 20m wide "no earth cut zone" on either side of this corridor. This will help maintain the existing landscape and provide a buffer between the proposed rail corridor and construction activities and JTC's proposed development.



Sungei Pang Sua has a length of approximately 3.7 km and flows from Sungei Kadut industrial estate into the Johor Strait. The western side of the river is zoned for industrial use whereas the eastern side, where the Project area is on, is partially developed and undeveloped land. The development of AFIP Phase 1 runs parallel to this river for approximate 550 metres (m) covering less than 10% of the total drainage area of land besides Sungei Pang Sua. AFIP Phase 1 covers a total catchment area of approximately 25 ha, of which, presently, 20 ha discharges into the river with a theoretical maximum flow rate of 4.85 cubic metres per second (m³/sec) based on the Public Utilities Board's (PUB) requirement for a rainfall intensity with flood return occurrence of 1 in 10 years event, i.e., a rare event.

When the AFIP Phase 1 is fully developed, drainage flow will be as follows:

- 7 ha will discharge into Sungei Pang Sua via existing outfall at Kranji Close south of Kranji Recreation Center (KRC);
- 9 ha, inclusive part of existing rail corridor, will discharge to the existing drains along Kranji Road; and,
- 10 ha will discharge into trapezoidal drain designed for this development.

The catchment area of the remaining development plots and remaining existing railway corridor is approximately 10 ha. This surface run-off water will discharge into the Sungei Pang Sua via the proposed trapezoidal drain at a theoretical peak discharge rate of 7 m³/sec. In this case, there is slight impact on the existing Sungei Pang Sua due to the 2.15 m³/sec increase in peak discharge rate, based on a rainfall intensity with flood return period of 10 years, from the proposed fully built area of AFIP Phase 1. This is a rare event that happens only during the heaviest rainfall with return period of 15 years based on PUB design requirement. It should be noted that the increase in peak flow rate is due to intensity of flow from urbanisation of area with the same rainfall on the same land. The outlet of this trapezoidal drain will have minimal impact due to its location being at least 14 m away from the nearest identified mangrove tree along the river bank. The trapezoidal drain for the Project, which will be located in the centre median of the future road, will be replaced by the future road drains in the side verges.

As the trapezoidal drain will only be discharging surface runoff, there is minimal transboundary impact and downstream impact to Mandai Mangrove and Mudflat.

In addition to Sungei Pang Sua and the Mandai Mangrove and Mudflat, other sensitive receptors within a 2-kilometre (km) radius of the Site were identified. **Figure 6** shows the 2 km-radius vicinity of the Project area, and **Table 2** presents the identified sensitive receptors.





Figure 6: Surrounding area and sensitive receptors within a 2-km radius of the Project area, represented by yellow circle ((A) Sungei Pang Sua; (B) Proposed Linear Park along Sungei Pang Sua; (C) Proposed Rail Corridor along Kranji Cross; (D) Rail corridor; (E) Mandai Mangrove and Mudflat; (F) Heritage tree; (G) Aquatic stream; (H) Kranji Reservoir; (I) Woodlands Town Garden; (J) Turf Club

Table 2: Sensitive receptors within a 2-km radius of the Project area

| Sensitive Receptor | Approximate Distance from Project area |
|------------------------------|---|
| Sungei Pang Sua | Adjacently west |
| Linear park, Sungei Pang Sua | Along both sides of Sungei Pang Sua |
| Rail corridor (Kranji Cross) | Passing through the center, southern part of the Project area |
| Rail corridor | Across Kranji Road to the east |
| Mandai Mangrove and Mudflat | 750 m northeast |
| Heritage tree | 750 m northeast |
| Aquatic stream | 900 m south |
| Kranji Reservoir | 1 km west |



| Sensitive Receptor | Approximate Distance from Project area |
|-----------------------|--|
| Woodlands Town Garden | 1 km east |
| Turf Club | 1.5 km southeast |

1.5 Project Construction

AFIP Phase 1 is planned for allocation to food- and agri-tech companies from 2023. The sequence of work for the infrastructure works in this development is as follows:

- Cutting of vegetation and levelling of land beside Kranji Road
- Cutting of vegetation and levelling of land beside Kranji Close
- Construction of new roads and associated roadside drains
- Diversion of existing 700-millimetre (mm) diameter raw water pipeline which cuts through the land parcels into the proposed 15.0 m wide linear park
- Laying and construction of new 800-mm diameter raw water pipeline, demolition of existing 700-mm diameter pipeline
- Construction of a trapezoidal drain

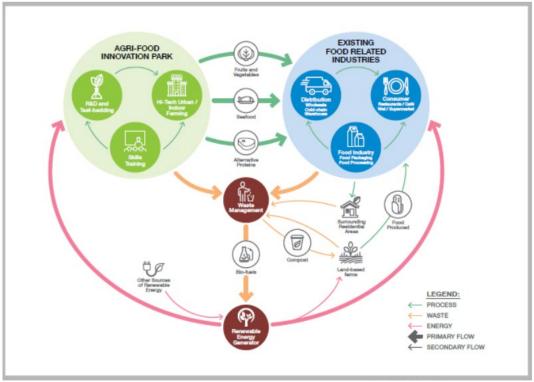
The proposed drainage system includes construction of reinforced concrete (RC) U drain, RC box culvert, RC sump and trapezoidal drain. The proposed construction sequence is presented in the Method Statement for Cast In-Situ Drainage Works, which was prepared by Huationg and approved by CPG on behalf of JTC in June 2020 (**Appendix A**). At the time of this FBS Report, construction stop work order was in place since 16 February 2021.

1.6 Project Operation

The AFIP is established as a pilot cluster to catalyse innovation in the food- and agri-tech ecosystems, by bringing together high-tech urban indoor farming (agriculture and aquaculture), food production including alternative proteins, and associated research and development (R&D) activities. AFIP developments may include indoor plant factories, aquaculture hatcheries, insect farms, and innovative food manufacturing industries, coupled with R&D investments for test-bedding and collaborative research (**Figure 7**).

The AFIP tenants are currently still unknown. However, it is understood that each of the tenants will have to submit their own Industrial Allocation (IA) Form to be allocated land within the AFIP. Each of the tenants are also not allowed to discharge any wastewater into Sungei Pang Sua, instead are required to design their own wastewater treatment system within their facilities.





For illustrative purposes only

Figure 7: Circular Economy in the AFIP

1.7 Future Developments

Known future developments surrounding the Project include:

- Vehicle flyover with retaining walls structures possibly over Sungei Pang Sua
- Linear park along the eastern edge of Sungei Pang Sua

These future developments are not within the Project scope and boundary, however, these were considered in the assessment of impact to receptors. Agencies will continue to review the future plans for the area as part of the larger Sungei Kadut Eco-District (SKED) Masterplan to sensitively develop the area.

2.0 FAUNA BASELINE STUDY

2.1 Methodology

2.1.1 Nomenclature and Taxonomy

The nomenclature and taxonomy for each taxonomic group followed these key references:

- Marine molluscs: World Register of Marine Species
- Non-marine molluscs: Tan et al. (2012)
- Odonates: Soh et al. (2019)
- Butterflies: Khew (2015)
- Freshwater decapod crustaceans: Ng (1997); Cai et al. (2007)



- Marine decapod crustaceans: World Register of Marine Species
- Freshwater fish: Suzuki et al. (2015); Kottelat (2013); Ho et al. (2016)
- Marine fish: World Register of Marine Species
- Birds: Gill and Donsker (2020)
- Amphibians, reptiles, non-volant mammals and bats: Baker and Lim (2012)

2.2 Species of Conservation Significance and Other Species of Interest

The assessment of conservation significance of species is important for highlighting the need and priorities for their conservation. Local conservation status is identified in the study since the EBS was assessed in a local context and therefore intuitive to reference national (local) conservation status.

Faunal species of conservation significance includes threatened species of fauna listed as vulnerable, endangered, critically endangered, or extinct under its global or national status. Both global and national conservation statuses were considered to provide a more holistic picture of the conservation value of the project area. The global conservation status for fauna followed the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Red List of Threatened Species, Version 2021-2 (IUCN 2021) (**Table 3**). The national conservation status for fauna followed mainly the Singapore Red Data Book (SRDB; Davison et al., 2008) with reference to updated local checklists where available (i.e., Soh and Ngiam, 2019 for odonates).

Other species of interest includes notable records of non-threatened species within the Project area. The Project area may provide important habitats for these species, including breeding sites. Species deemed sensitive to construction impacts were also highlighted as a notable record and regarded as species of interest.

Table 3: Definition of each global and/or national conservation status following the IUCN Red List (IUCN, 2012) and Singapore Red Data Book (Davison et al., 2008)

| Global/National Conservation Status | Definition |
|--|---|
| Vulnerable (VU) | Species facing a high risk of extinction in the wild/in Singapore |
| Endangered (EN) | Species facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild/in Singapore |
| Critically Endangered (CR) | Species facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild/in Singapore |
| Presumed Nationally Extinct (NE) | There is no reasonable doubt that the last reproductively capable individual has died or disappeared in the last 50 years |



2.2.1 Desktop Assessment

The desktop assessment involved a literature review of historical and present-day information on the Project area. This allowed for the generation of a list of faunal species that may potentially exist in the Project area ("species of probable occurrence"). This list considered faunal species previously documented within and around a 2-km radius of the Project area that are expected to occur based on the habitats present. It was completed by reviewing online databases, existing literature, technical reports and consulting specialists.

Information on land use history presented in this FBS Report was primarily gathered using old maps in the online collection of the National Archives of Singapore (NAS, 2020) as well as historical maps on the OneMap Portal (SLA, 2018). Sources of faunal databases include The Biodiversity of Singapore by Lee Kong Chian Natural History Museum (LCKNHM, 2020a) and Flora and Fauna Web by National Parks Board (NParks, 2020a). Local and regional references were examined for the various taxonomic groups: non-marine molluscs (Tan et al., 2012), odonates (Tang et al., 2010), butterflies (Khew, 2015), freshwater fish (Kottelat, 2013; Ho et al., 2016), birds (Yong et al., 2016), and herpetofauna and mammals (Baker & Lim, 2012). Other key references include the Singapore Red Data Book (Davison et al., 2008) and an encyclopaedia on Singapore's biodiversity (Ng et al., 2011). References to the floristic baseline study conducted by Camphora Pte Ltd in 2018 were also made.

2.2.2 Faunal Field Assessment

Targeted Field Surveys

Targeted field surveys were carried out for the following taxa: aquatic molluscs, odonates, butterflies, decapod crustaceans, fish, herpetofauna (amphibians and reptiles), birds, non-volant mammals and bats.

All terrestrial fauna (odonates, butterflies, amphibians, reptiles, birds, non-volant mammals, bats) were surveyed via visual and/or auditory encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects traversing major habitat types within the Project area where the vegetation has not been/will not be cleared (**Figure 8**). At least two surveyors walked along the transects at approximately 1 km/h to search for targeted fauna.



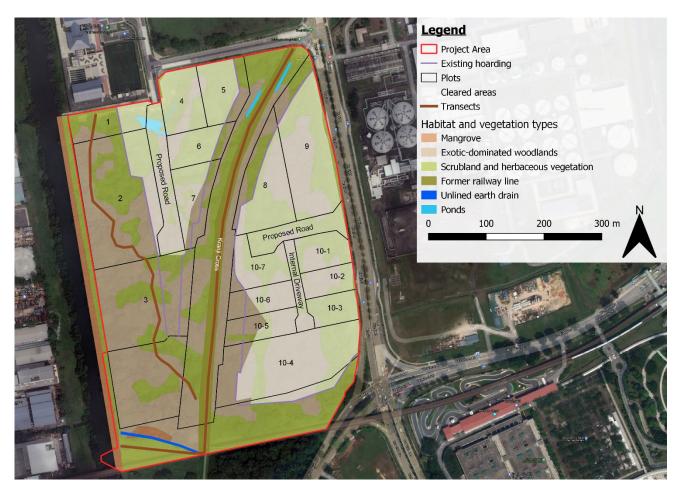


Figure 8: Alignment of the terrestrial transects

Aquatic fauna (odonates, decapod crustaceans, fish, amphibians, reptiles) were surveyed at aquatic sampling points along the unlined earth drain and at the ponds along the proposed Rail Corridor along Kranji Cross (**Figure 9**). A combination of five-minute point counts, tray/hand netting, and minnow trapping were conducted at each sampling point. Minnow traps were only be deployed at locations with sufficient water depth.

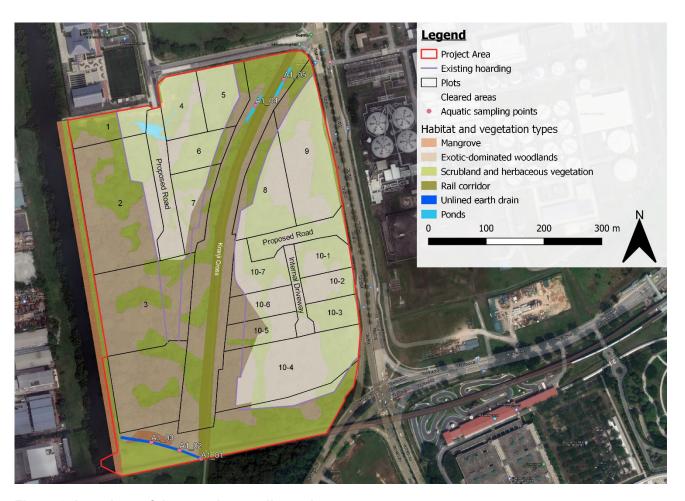


Figure 9: Locations of the aquatic sampling points

Intertidal fauna (molluscs, decapod crustaceans, fish, birds) along Sungei Pang Sua were surveyed at four sampling points using quadrat sampling, visual encounter surveys and five-minute point counts (**Figure 10**).

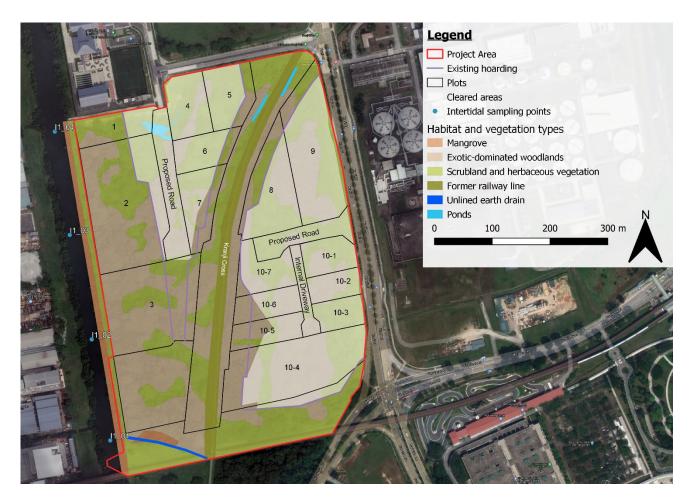


Figure 10: Locations of the intertidal sampling points

Surveys were conducted twice for each terrestrial and aquatic faunal group, where applicable. Surveys for intertidal fauna were conducted once at each sampling point.

Locations of all targeted fauna sightings were recorded using a handheld GPS receiver (Garmin GPSMap® 64s). All targeted fauna encountered were identified to species, or the next lowest taxonomic level possible. Important observations were also noted, such as reproductive behaviour (e.g., displaying, guarding, mating, ovipositing), and plant species that butterflies and birds were observed to be feeding, ovipositing, or nesting on, and/or with butterfly larvae.

In addition, five camera traps were deployed for a period of 40 days, from 4 February 2021 to 16 March 2021, to complement the documentation of non-volant mammals in the Project area.

A summary of the survey methods for each fauna group is described in **Table 4** and further described in the following section.

Table 4: Summary of survey timings and methods for each faunal group

| Faunal Group | Survey Timing (h) /Conditions | Survey Method |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Molluscs | Low tide between 0 to 0.3 m | Diurnal quadrat sampling in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua at four intertidal sampling points |



| Faunal Group | Survey Timing (h) /Conditions | Survey Method |
|--|---|---|
| Odonates | 0900–15001700-1900 | Diurnal visual encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects and diurnal visual encounter surveys at five aquatic sampling points |
| | | Dusk visual encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects and dusk visual encounter surveys at five aquatic sampling points |
| Butterflies | ■ 0900–1500 | Diurnal visual encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects |
| Decapod crustaceans | 0900–15002000–0000 | Diurnal point count surveys with tray/hand netting at five aquatic sampling points |
| | ■ Low tide between 0 to 0.3 m | Nocturnal point count surveys with spot-lighting at five aquatic sampling points |
| | | Minnow trapping at strategic locations along the unlined earth drain |
| | | Diurnal visual encounter surveys in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua at four intertidal sampling points |
| Fish | 0900–15002000–0000 | Diurnal point count surveys with tray/hand netting at five aquatic sampling points |
| | Low tide between 0 to 0.3 m | Nocturnal point count surveys with spot-lighting at five aquatic sampling points |
| | | Minnow trapping at strategic locations along the unlined earth drain |
| | | Diurnal visual encounter surveys in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua at four intertidal sampling points |
| Herpetofauna (amphibians and reptiles) | 0700–10002000–0000 | Diurnal visual and auditory encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects |
| and replaces) | 2000-0000 | Diurnal point count surveys at five aquatic sampling points |
| | | Nocturnal visual and auditory encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects |
| | | Nocturnal point count surveys at five aquatic sampling points |
| Birds | ■ 0700–1000 ■ 2000,0000 | Diurnal visual and auditory encounter surveys along two terrestrial sampling routes |
| | 2000-0000 | |



| Faunal Group | Survey Timing (h) /Conditions | Survey Method | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Low tide between 0 to 0.3 m | Nocturnal visual and auditory encounter surveys along two terrestrial sampling routes | | |
| | | Diurnal point count surveys at four intertidal sampling points | | |
| Non-volant mammals | ■ 0700–1000 | Diurnal visual and auditory encounter surveys along two | | |
| | 2000-0000 | terrestrial transects | | |
| | Continuous | Nocturnal visual and auditory encounter surveys along two terrestrial transects | | |
| | | Five camera traps deployed across the Project area | | |
| Bats | 2000-0000 | Nocturnal visual encounter surveys and acoustic sampling along two terrestrial transects | | |

Molluscs

Aquatic molluscs were surveyed using quadrat sampling in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua, where it was deemed accessible and safe and devoid of mangrove roots and plants to avoid damaging them. At each sampling point, a 15-m long linear transect were set and three 0.5-m by 0.5-m quadrat samples were taken randomly on either side of the transect (**Figure 11**). Within each quadrat, the number of individuals of each species visible on the surface of the substrate were recorded. Subsequently, up to 15 cm of substrate were dug using a hand shovel to search for burrowing species. Molluscs were temporarily held in sieves and photographs were taken to aid in identification and counting. All individuals were released thereafter. Quadrat sampling were conducted in the day during low tide between 0 to 0.3 m.



Figure 11: Example of quadrat sampling in an intertidal area



Odonates

Diurnal visual encounter surveys along the terrestrial transects and five-minute point counts at aquatic sampling points were carried out between 0900h and 1500h. Dusk surveys were carried out between 1700h and 1900h. Owing to difficulties in sampling and identification, aquatic larvae and exuviae were not sampled. Adults were identified by sight (with the aid of binoculars and photography, where necessary).

Butterflies

Visual encounter surveys were carried out for adult butterflies, caterpillars, pupae and eggs along the terrestrial transects between 0900h and 1500h. Adults were identified by sight (with the aid of binoculars and photography, where necessary) and captured using insect nets, where required, for species identification. Captured individuals were released immediately upon identification.

Decapod Crustaceans

Surveys comprised of diurnal (0900–1500h) and nocturnal (2000–0000h) five-minute point counts at the aquatic sampling points. Point counts involved tray netting using a rigid-frame push net (61 × 49 cm; 5 mm mesh) to capture species within the water column or on the streambed. However, where tray netting was deemed unsuitable as a result of low water levels, hand nets or visual surveys were used instead. In addition, minnow traps baited with halal meat (e.g., sausage or liver) were deployed at locations with deeper water. Traps were left overnight, then checked and removed the following day. Nocturnal surveys involved spot-lighting for nocturnal species.

In addition, visual encounter surveys for decapod crustaceans were conducted at the sampling points in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua, where it is deemed accessible and safe. Decapod crustaceans were temporarily held in pails and photographs may be taken to aid in identification. All individuals were released thereafter. Intertidal surveys were conducted in the day during low tide (0–0.3 m).

Fish

Surveys comprised of diurnal (0900–1500h) and nocturnal (2000–0000h) five-minute point counts at the aquatic sampling points. Point counts involved tray netting using a rigid-frame push net (61 × 49 cm; 5 mm mesh) to capture species within the water column or on the streambed. However, where tray netting was deemed unsuitable as a result of low water levels, hand nets or visual surveys were used instead. In addition, minnow traps baited with halal meat (e.g., sausage or liver) were deployed at locations with deeper water. Traps were left overnight, then checked and removed the following day. Nocturnal surveys involved spot-lighting for nocturnal species.

In addition, visual encounter surveys for fish were conducted at the sampling points in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua, where it is deemed accessible and safe. Fish were temporarily held in pails and photographs were taken to aid in identification. All individuals were released thereafter. Intertidal surveys were conducted in the day during low tide (0-0.3 m).

Herpetofauna (Amphibians and Reptiles)

Diurnal (0700–1000h) and nocturnal (2000–0000h) visual and auditory encounter surveys were performed along both terrestrial transects and at aquatic sampling points. Visual and auditory encounter surveys were conducted along terrestrial sampling routes, while five-minute point counts were conducted at aquatic sampling points. Surveys involved searching for individuals on the ground, below rocks, logs, leaf litter and debris, in the water, and on vegetation. For nocturnal spot-lighting surveys, torches were used to elicit eyeshine. For species that are capable of quick retreats and escapes, the individuals were captured by hand, or using hooks, tongs, or dip nets for identification. Vocalising geckos and frogs were also be located or identified by call recognition, whenever possible.



Birds

Surveys comprised of diurnal (0700–1000h) and nocturnal (2000–0000h) visual encounter surveys performed along the terrestrial transects. All birds were identified by sight (with the aid of binoculars and cameras where necessary) and/or through call recognition. Nocturnal birds (e.g., owls and nightjars) were detected using torches to elicit eyeshine and through call recognition.

In addition, five-minute point counts for birds were conducted at the sampling points in the intertidal area along Sungei Pang Sua, where it is deemed accessible and safe. Intertidal surveys were conducted in the day during low tide (0–0.3 m).

Non-volant Mammals

Surveys comprised of diurnal (0700–1000h) and nocturnal (2000–0000h) visual encounter surveys performed along terrestrial transects. Mammals were surveyed on the ground and on vegetation, and in burrows and tree holes. In addition, fresh tracks and scats were also recorded as they can aid in species identification. All mammals were identified by sight (with the aid of binoculars and cameras where necessary). Squirrels were also be identified through call recognition. Nocturnal mammals were detected using torches to elicit eye shine, which aids in detection at night.

Camera traps were used to survey for non-volant ground-dwelling mammals, particularly medium- to large-sized mammals. A total of five camera traps were spaced across the Project area where the vegetation has not been cleared, at approximately 200 m apart (**Figure 12**). They were deployed at approximately 20 to 30 cm above ground, and at strategic locations with obvious animal signs. They were operational 24 hours a day and were programmed to record a 10-s footage per motion trigger with a 10-s quiet period following each trigger. Each trap was deployed for at least 40 nights per location (Si et al., 2014).

Bats

A handheld acoustic detector, the Echo Meter Touch 2 Pro (Wildlife Acoustics, Inc.), connected to a mobile device, was used during nocturnal surveys along terrestrial transects to detect insectivorous bats. Insectivorous bats produce ultrasonic echolocation calls that are unique to each species and can be used to identify bats (Fenton and Bell, 1981). The detector converts the ultrasonic calls to low frequency signals below 20 kHz, a range that is audible to the human ear, which are then streamed on a spectrogram of the Echo Meter Touch app. All bat calls were automatically recorded on the device. Fruit bats were detected via visual encounter surveys.



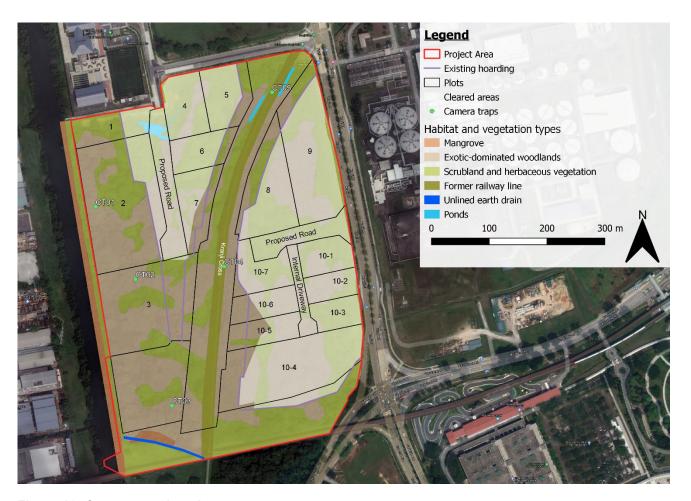


Figure 12: Camera trap locations

2.3 Data Analyses

2.3.1 Species Distribution Map for Species of Conservation Significance

The occurrences of fauna species of conservation significance sighted during surveys as well as incidental records outside official survey timings were presented in a map to show its distribution. The maps were generated using QGIS 3.40 (Quantum GIS Development Team, 2020).

2.3.2 Acoustic Bat Recordings

Bat recordings were processed using Kaleidoscope v.4.5.4 (Wildlife Acoustics, Inc.) to separate extraneous noise from files with bat echolocation calls. The signal parameters for recognising a potential bat echolocation call were configured as follows: frequency range of 20 – 200 kHz, duration of 2–500 milliseconds (ms), maximum inter-syllable gap of 500 ms and a minimum of 2 pulses. These files were then visually processed to identify bat species based on call structures, peak frequency, minimum frequency and call duration (Pottie et al., 2005). They were identified with reference to those in Pottie et al. (2005), which provides echolocation signatures for bats in Singapore, and other relevant references (Collen, 2012; Hughes et al., 2011).

2.3.3 Camera Trapping

The camera trap location, species identity, and number of individuals were recorded for each video with a positive capture of faunal species, i.e., with a faunal species recorded on the video.



2.3.4 Sampling Coverage

The sampling coverage for each taxon along terrestrial sampling routes, aquatic sampling points and camera traps was analysed using the statistical programming environment R version 3.4.3 (R Development Core Team, 2016) using the "iNEXT" package 2.0.20 (Hsieh et al., 2020).

A coverage-based sampling curve was plotted using data from targeted surveys of fauna. Species richness was plotted against sample coverage to estimate the adequacy of survey effort. According to Chao and Jost (2012), sample coverage refers to "the proportion of the total number of individuals in a community that belong to the species represented in the sample." iNEXT uses the observed sample of incidence data to compute the estimated species richness, as well as the associated standard error and 95% confidence interval. The standard error represents the uncertainty of the estimate, while the 95% confidence interval is the interval in which there is a 0.95 probability of containing the estimated true species richness.

The curve was extrapolated to provide an estimation of species richness and sample coverage if the sample size was doubled. In addition, since some species remained undetected from sampling, the total species richness was estimated via extrapolation using the Chao estimator (Chao & Jost, 2012). The respective coverage-based sampling curves was represented on a graphic plot.

2.4 Faunistic Field Findings

2.4.1 General

In the Project area, the field assessment recorded 206 species where bird species (70 species) and butterfly species (44 species) make up more than half of the record assemblage (**Table 5**). A total of 15 species of conservation significance and two species of interest were recorded (**Appendix C**). The faunal survey and camera trap data are provided in Appendices D and E, respectively.

Table 5: Number of faunal species recorded at the Project area (CS – Species of Conservation Significance)

| Faunal Group | No. of recorded species | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | All species | CS species | Species of Interest | | |
| Odonate | 22 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Butterfly | 44 | 2 | 0 | | |
| Amphibian | 10 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Reptile | 17 | 2 | 0 | | |
| Bird | 70 | 10 | 1 | | |
| Non-volant mammal | 6 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Bat | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Mollusc | 11 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Marine Arthropod | 6 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Fish | 12 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Others (Polychaete, Porifera and Cnidarian) | 3 | 0 | 0 | | |



| Faunal Group | No. of recorded species | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | All species | CS species | Species of Interest | | |
| Total | 206 | 15 | 2 | | |

A higher number of fauna species of conservation significance were recorded on the western side of the Project area as seen in **Figure 13**. Out of the 15 species of conservation significance, 10 species were birds. The remaining five species consisted two species of butterflies, Ancyra blue (*Catopyrops ancyra*) and Formosan swift (*Borbo cinnara*), and two species of reptiles, Asian softshell turtle (*Amyda cartilaginea*) and Malayan box terrapin (*Cuora amboinensis*) and one species of mammal, the smooth-coated otter (*Lutrogale perspicillata*). All species are accorded species of conservation significance due to their threatened status. Two species of interest were recorded. The white-bellied sea eagle (*Haliaeetus leucogaster*) was considered a species of interest due to the presence of an active nest within the Project area, while the Eurasian wild boar (*Sus scrofa*) was included due to their high chance of human-wildlife conflict within the Project area.

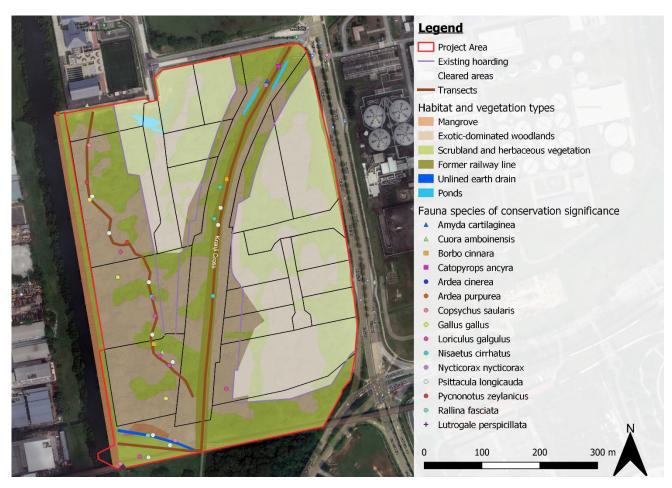


Figure 13: Occurrence map of Conservation Significant Fauna Species at the Project area

2.4.2 Taxon Sampling Curves

The sample coverages of the different fauna groups were all above 80%, reflecting the given proportion of the total number of species in the community that were recorded during field surveys (**Table 6**). Following extrapolation (i.e., sample sizes were theoretically doubled using the statistical programme), the resulting increases in sample coverage and species richness values were then interpreted accordingly. The sampling curves for non-volant mammal (terrestrial transect), bat, marine arthropod and others (polychaete, porifera and cnidarian) were not plotted as the sample sizes were too small for the plots to be meaningful (**Figure 14**, **Figure 15**, **Figure 16**).

Doubling the sampling effort of faunal surveys may yield higher sampling coverage and additional detections of 3–17 species across the faunal groups (**Table 6**). However, it is important to note that the surveys conducted serve only to provide a rapid baseline and capture a snapshot of the faunal community that may be present at the Project area. Thus, the list of probable species (**Appendix C**) was also considered in this study.

Table 6: Result summary of taxon sampling analysis

| Faunal Group | Sample Coverage (%) | Observed Richness | Estimated Richness (± SE) | 95% CI for Estimated Richness | Estimated Coverage with Doubled Effort (%) | Estimated Richness (and additional species) with Doubled Effort |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Odonate | 95.4 | 20 | 24 ± 5.0 | 20.5–47.1 | 98.6 | 23 (+3) |
| Butterfly | 86.2 | 42 | 52 ± 6.6 | 45.1–74.4 | 97.5 | 50 (+8) |
| Amphibian | 98.7 | 11 | 11 ± 0.5 | 11.0–14.4 | 100 | 11 (+0) |
| Reptile | 91.5 | 13 | 15 ± 2.5 | 13.3–26.7 | 98.9 | 15 (+5) |
| Bird | 94.6 | 58 | 69 ± 7.2 | 61.2–93.4 | 98.6 | 75 (+17) |
| Non-volant mammal | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Bat | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Non-volant mammal (Camera Trap) | 100 | 5 | 5 ± 0.4 | 5.0-5.9 | 100 | 5 (+0) |
| Mollusc | 80.8 | 5 | 19 ± 12.9 | 11.2–81.0 | 88.4 | 14 (+9) |
| Marine Arthropod | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Fish | 83.8 | 11 | 14 ± 3.0 | 11.4–27.0 | 100 | 14 (+3) |
| Others (Polychaete, Porifera and Cnidarian) | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Note: SE = standard error; CI = confidence interval



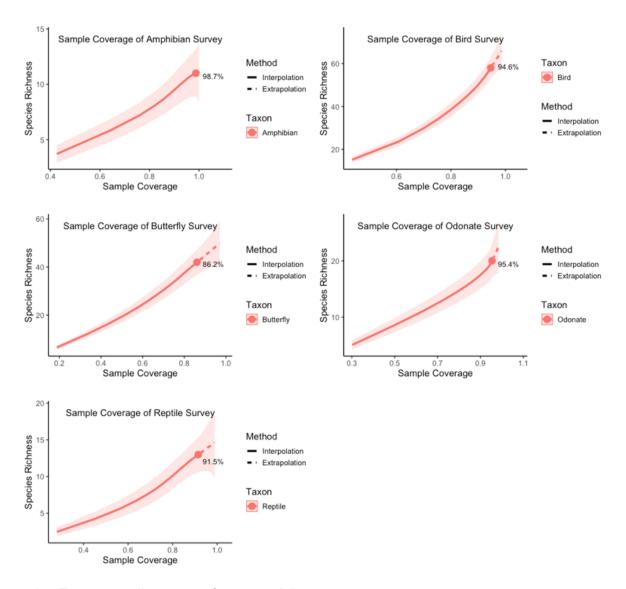


Figure 14: Taxon sampling curves for terrestrial surveys

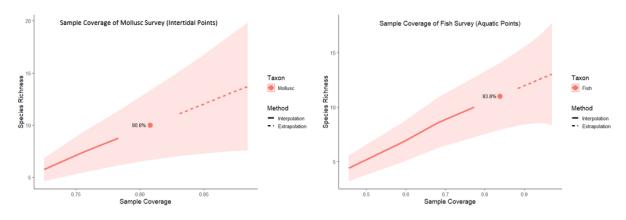


Figure 15: Taxon sampling curves for intertidal and aquatic surveys

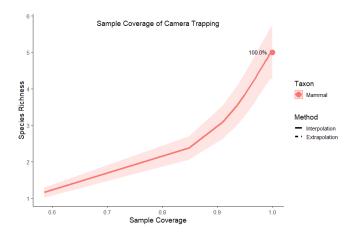


Figure 16: Taxon sampling curves for camera trapping

2.4.3 Odonates (Damselflies and Dragonflies)

During field assessment, 22 species of odonates were recorded. All of the recorded species are widespread and common, and dominated by species that are adapted to disturbed open ponds such as the white-barred duskhawk (*Tholymis tillarga*), blue dasher (*Brachydiplax chalybea*), and variable wisp (*Agriocnemis femina*) (Tang et al., 2010). Species that inhabit sluggish waterbodies shaded by the forest canopy (Tang et al., 2010) were also frequently recorded. These include the grenadier (*Agrionoptera insignis*) and scarlet grenadier (*Lathrecista asiatica*). One widespread and uncommon species was recorded – the sultan (*Camacinia gigantea*; **Figure 17**). It is an adaptable species that breeds in open ponds (Tang et al., 2010). It was recorded once at the northern tip of Kranji Cross where are large open ponds on both sides of the rail corridor.



Figure 17: Sultan (Camacinia gigantea) recorded at the Project area

2.4.4 Butterflies

During field assessment, 44 species of butterflies were recorded, including two species of conservation significance (**Table 5**). They are the nationally endangered Formosan swift (*Borbo cinnara*; **Figure 18A**) and nationally vulnerable ancyra blue (*Catopyrops ancyra*; **Figure 18B**). Both are cryptic species that were likely overlooked by researchers in the past (Jain et al., 2018). The Formosan swift is now regarded as moderately common and can be found in a variety of open habitats where grasses (family Poaceae), its host plants, are



abundant (Khew, 2015). The ancyra blue remains moderately rare as it is a forest-dependent butterfly. It was recorded once at the northern tip of Kranji Cross (**Figure 13**).

The recorded butterfly assemblage was characterised by common species adapted to open habitats such as the grey pansy (*Junonia atlites atlites*), common caerulean (*Jamides celeno aelianus*) and chestnut bob (*Iambrix salsala salsala*). Other moderately rare species that are typically found in shaded forests were also recorded, including the forest hopper (*Astictopterus jama jama*), full stop swift (*Caltoris cormasa*), Malayan (*Megisba malaya sikkima*), and common evening brown (*Melanitis leda leda*).

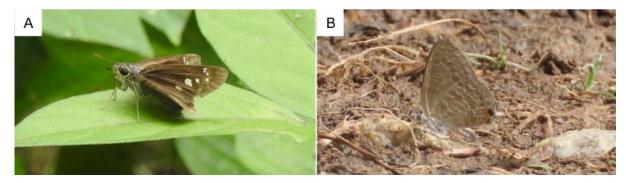


Figure 18: Butterflies of conservation significance recorded at the Project area ((A) Formosan swift (Borbo cinnara); (B) Ancyra blue (Catopyrops ancyra))

2.4.5 Amphibians

During field assessment, 10 species were recorded, of which four are non-native. The amphibian assemblage was dominated by species that are usually found in disturbed open ponds/puddles, such as the field frog (Fejervarya limnocharis), Guenther's frog (Sylvirana guentheri), and East Asian ornate chorus frog (Microhyla mukhlesuri). All these species are widespread and common, except for the restricted and rare East Asian ornate chorus frog (M. mukhlesuri) and the widespread but uncommon Guenther's frog (S. guentheri), both of which are non-native. However, the forest-dependent Malayan giant frog (Limnonectes blythii; Figure 19) was also frequently recorded.



Figure 19: Malayan giant frog (Limnonectes blythii) recorded at the Project area

2.4.6 Reptiles

During the field assessment, 17 species of reptiles were recorded, including two species of conservation significance. They are the Asian softshell turtle (*Amyda cartilaginea*) and Malayan box terrapin (*Cuora amboinensis*). The Asian softshell turtle was recorded in the ponds at the northern tip of Kranji Cross (**Figure 13**). As a forest dweller, the Asian softshell turtle is mostly restricted to the Central Nature Reserves (Baker & Lim, 2015). It is also globally threatened by over-harvesting for the food trade (Asian Turtle Working Group, 2000a; Asian Turtle Working Group, 2000b). The Malayan box terrapin is considered restricted but common in Singapore, and a large proportion of the population may be released individuals (Baker & Lim, 2012). It is uncertain if the individual recorded in this assessment were released individuals.

The recorded reptilian assemblage was characterised by widespread and common species adapted to open habitats such as the changeable lizard (*Calotes versicolor*), painted bronzeback (*Dendrelaphis pictus*), and Oriental whip snake (*Ahaetulla prasina*). One widespread but uncommon species, the forest-dependent green crested lizard (*Bronchocela cristatella*) was also recorded. Two snakes, the striped kukri (*Oligodon octolineatus*; **Figure 20A**) and the striped keelback (*Xenochrophis vittatus*; **Figure 20B**) were only recorded as dead specimens likely to have been trapped by the erosion control blankets that were installed in the southern part of the Project area. Fossorial snakes such as these species are prone to entrapment by the nylon mesh of such non-biodegradable erosion control blankets (ECB). The specification and use of full biodegradable ECBs without the nylon framwork has been recommended in the EMMP section.

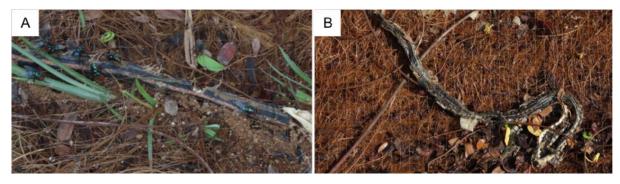


Figure 20: Carcasses of snakes trapped in the nylon mesh of non-biodegradeable erosion control blankets recorded at the Project area ((A) Striped kukri (*Oligodon octolineatus*); (B) striped keelback (*Xenochrophis vittatus*))

2.4.7 Birds

The field assessment recorded 70 species, of which 10 are of conservation significance and one of interest (**Figure 13**; **Table 5**; **Appendix C**). Five species of conservation significance are nationally threatened species that were previously regarded as rare but have since increased in range and numbers (Lim & Yong, 2013). They are the changeable hawk-eagle (*Nisaetus cirrhatus*; endangered), grey heron (*Ardea cinerea*; vulnerable), Oriental magpie-robin (*Copsychus saularis*; endangered), red junglefowl (*Gallus gallus*; endangered), and blue-crowned hanging-parrot (*Loriculus galgulus*; endangered). A pair of changeable hawk-eagles were seen nesting on an albizia (*Falcataria moluccana*) located on the western portion of the hoarded area for construction activities (herein referred to in this report as "worksite"), just outside the Project boundary (**Figure 21A**).

On the other hand, three are nationally threatened species that have shown a decreasing trend in terms of numbers (Lim & Yong, 2013). They are the purple heron (*Ardea cinerea*), black-crowned night heron (*Nycticorax nycticorax*), and red-legged crake (*Rallina fasciata*) (**Figure 21**). Both herons are associated with mangrove and wetland habitats, such as Sungei Pang Sua. The purple heron was recorded once along Sungei Pang Sua, and



the back-crowned night heron was only recorded via camera trapping at the northern tip of Kranji Cross (**Figure 13**).

The straw-headed bulbul is listed as nationally endangered although its population appears to be growing more stable in Singapore. However, it is regarded as a globally critically endangered species due to its melodious and attractive songs, making it highly sought-after for the songbird trade. This has resulted in its extirpation throughout much of its range and making it necessary to list it as a CITES-protected species. Furthermore, it is also threatened by loss of forest habitat. Its global conservation status was recently revised in 2018 from Endangered to Critically Endangered as populations have been declining extremely rapidly (BirdLife International, 2018). According to Yong et al. (2017), the estimated population size in Singapore is slightly over 200 birds, possibly making up one-third of the global population (Neo, 2016). However, in Singapore, habitat loss to development remains a primary threat to species. There were two records of this species during the field assessment on the western part of the Project area (**Figure 13**).

The long-tailed parakeet (*Psittacula longicauda*) is a globally vulnerable species but is regarded as common in Singapore. A pair of white-bellied sea eagles (*Haliaeetus leucogaster*) were also observed nesting on an albizia tree within the western portion of the hoarded area for construction activities. While not considered threatened, the nest falls within the Project area, and may be affected by future construction. The species is hence considered a species of interest.

Aside from the species of conservation, the recorded resident bird assemblage was characterised by common species adapted to disturbed habitats, such as the spotted dove (*Spilopelia chinensis*), Asian glossy starling (*Aplonis panayensis*), and Javan myna (*Acridotheres javanicus*). Uncommon species associated with forested habitats were also recorded, such as the rufous-tailed tailorbird (*Orthotomus sericeus*), common emerald dove (*Chalcophaps indica*), and rufous woodpecker (*Micropternus brachyurus*). Ten migratory species were recorded, including the rare yellow-browed warbler (*Phylloscopus inornatus*; **Figure 22A**) and the uncommon yellow-rumped flycatcher (*Ficedula zanthopygia*; **Figure 22B**).



Figure 21: A selection of birds of conservation significance recorded at the Project area ((A) Changeable hawk-eagle (*Nisaetus cirrhatus*) on nest; (B) red junglefowl (*Gallus gallus*); (C) black-crowned night heron (*Nycticorax nycticorax*); (D) red-legged crake (*Rallina fasciata*))



Figure 22: A selection of migratory birds recorded at the Project area ((A) yellow-browed warbler (*Phylloscopus inornatus*); (B) yellow-rumped flycatcher (*Ficedula zanthopygia*))

2.4.8 Non-volant mammals

During the field assessment, six species of non-volant mammals were recorded, including one species of conservation significance: the smooth-coated otter (*Lutrogale perspicillata*) and one species of interest, the Eurasian wild boar (*Sus scrofa*). There was an incidental record of a family of up to eight individuals of smooth-coated otters resting on the bank by Sungei Pang Sua, on the southern part of the Project area (**Figure 13**; **Figure 23A**). Fresh spraints were also regularly observed in the same area (**Figure 23B**). Most of the remaining species are widespread and common, although the common palm civet (*Paradoxurus musangus*; **Figure 24A**), which is uncommon in Singapore, was also recorded. The Eurasian wild boar (**Figure 24B**) which is prone to human-wildlife conflict, was also recorded multiple times during transect surveys and on the camera traps, indicating utilization of the entire Project area.

All of the species recorded via camera trapping were also recorded via the transect surveys.



Figure 23: (A) A family of smooth-coated otters (*Lutrogale perspicillata*) recorded at the Project area; (B) smooth-coated otter spraints



Figure 24: Camera trap footage of (A) a common palm civet (*Paradoxurus musangus*); (B) a Eurasian wild boar (*Sus scrofa*)

2.4.9 Bats

During field assessment, five species of bats — four insectivorous and one frugivorous — were recorded. All these species are widespread and common, except for the Javan pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus javanicus*), which is uncommon. It was recorded roosting under the train track in the southern part of the Project area (**Figure 25**). The remaining insectivorous bats were identified via acoustic recording (**Figure 26**). An unidentified fruit bat was recorded visually during the nocturnal transect surveys.



Figure 25: Javan pipistrelle (Pipistrellus javanicus) observed roosting under the train track

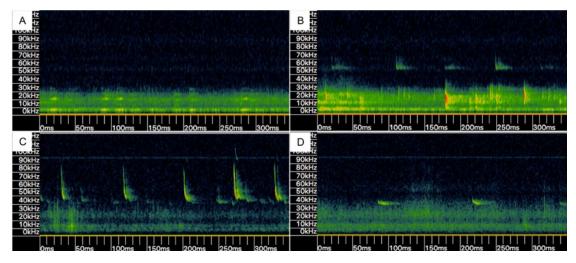


Figure 26: Spectrograms of bat echolocation calls ((A) Pouch-bearing bat (Saccolaimus saccolaimus); (B) whiskered myotis (Myotis muricola); (C) Javan pipistrelle (Pipistrellus javanicus); (D) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat (Scotophilus kuhlii))

2.4.10 Mollusc

Eleven species of molluscs were recorded during the field assessment, including three bivalves and eight gastropods. The combination of freshwater and marine species can be explained by the presence of tidal influence in the sampling points as well as the presence of streams and drain, which discharges freshwater directly into the mangrove, in the vicinity of the sampling points. Two species that were recorded in high numbers during field assessment were *Geloina expansa* (**Figure 27D**) and *Mytella strigata* (**Figure 27A**). The native marine bivalve recorded (*G. expansa*) is a highly tolerant species which filter feeds and survives in a wide range of salinities and commonly found in such mangrove swamp environments (Morton, 1976). On the other hand, the non-native marine bivalve recorded (*M. strigata*) was introduced through the ballast water from ships involved in international maritime trade and have established themselves in Johor Straits (Lim et al., 2018) which is in close vicinity to the Project area. Another interesting note is the *Pomacea canaliculate*, a non-native freshwater gastropod, which was introduced locally via the aquarium trade (Ng et al., 2014), could have arrived at the sampling point along with the drainage of freshwater.

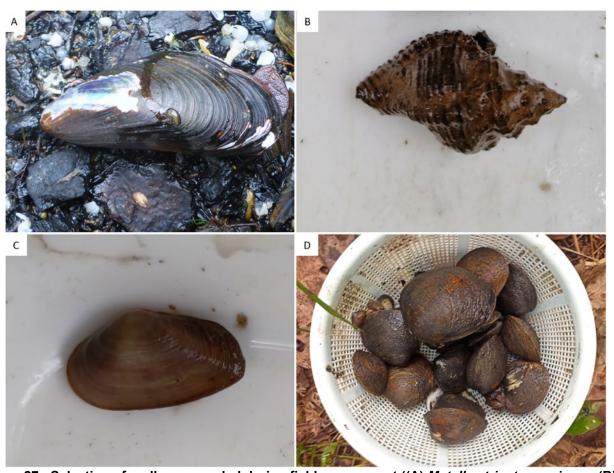


Figure 27: Selection of mollusc recorded during field assessment ((A) Mytella strigata specimen; (B) Chicoreus capucinus specimen; (C) Coecella horsfieldii specimen; (D) Geloina expansa specimens)

2.4.11 Marine Arthropod

Six species were recorded during the field assessment. Only two species were identified to species level, *Uca vocans* and *Metaplax elegans*, which are common species found in mangrove environments.



2.4.12 Fish

Twelve species were recorded during the field assessment. All 12 species recorded have been found to be tolerant of environments with fluctuating salinity. However, five of the species are more commonly found within freshwater environments. The five species were guppy (*Poecilia reticulata*), green molly (*Poecilia sphenops*), common snakehead (*Channa striata*), threespot gourami (*Trichopodus trichopterus*) and croaking gourami (*Trichopsis vittata*). This was consistent with the records in the Project area, where they were found in the two freshwater ponds along Kranji Cross and at the aquatic sampling point A1_01 located at the start of the unlined earth drain.

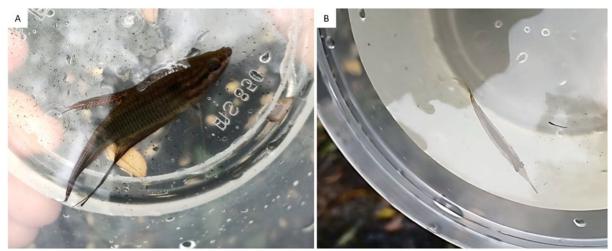


Figure 28: Selection of fish recorded during field assessment ((A) Croaking gouramy (*Trichopsis vittata*); (B) Sunda pygmy halfbeak (*Dermogenys collettei*))

2.4.13 Others (Polychaete, Porifera and Cnidarian)

As polychaetes, poriferans and cnidarians in Singapore are not well-studied. Only one species of each taxon was recorded at the Project area, of which none were identified to species level.

3.0 IMPACT ASSESSMENT

An impact assessment was conducted as part of the FBS. The impact assessment aimed to identify potential impacts that may result from the proposed development and to evaluate the significance these impacts have on the various environmental receptors and ecological components (i.e., flora, fauna) within and in the vicinity of the Project area. An impact is thus defined as an entity that alters the integrity and quality of the ecological components. Integrity refers to the "coherence of ecological structure and function, across the whole area, that enables it to sustain the habitats, complex of habitats and/or the levels of populations of the species for which it was classified" (Leicestershire County Council, 1994).

In particular, the impact assessment serves to guide appropriate mitigation methods to ensure impacts are avoided or minimised (CIEEM, 2016).

For this EBS, impacts were assessed, with consideration of the construction methods and design options, using the Impact Significance Assessment Matrix. The potential impacts from and risks associated with the Project activities (construction and operation) were assessed. This was done before and after mitigation of the potential impacts by the project activities (i.e., on residual impacts).



The methodology for the prediction of impacts was based on the following:

 Qualitative assessment to evaluate the impacts of construction and operational activities on habitat and fauna within the Project area;

- Assumption that the basic control measures adhere to the relevant regulations and guidelines (e.g., noise levels, earth control measures (ECM));
- Identification of areas of high conservation priority based on both habitat and faunal assessment results; and,
- Establishment of key ecological features in terms of ecology and biodiversity.

3.1 Impact Evaluation

Identified potential impacts were evaluated based on their significance, which is a measure of the weight that should be given to each impact in decision-making, and determines if management or mitigation measures need to be implemented.

Impacts assessed to be of negligible or minor significance require no additional management or mitigation measures (on the basis that adequate minimum controls are already included in the project design). Negligible and Minor impacts are therefore deemed "Insignificant" while Moderate and Major impacts are deemed "Significant". Impacts assessed to be of moderate or major significance require the adoption of management and mitigation measures to minimise or reduce the impact to an "acceptable level".

An acceptable level is the reduction of a Major impact to Moderate post-mitigation. In seeking to mitigate Moderate impacts, the emphasis is on demonstrating that the impact has been reduced to a level that is as low as reasonably practicable. It will not always be practical to reduce Moderate impacts to Minor in consideration of the cost-ineffectiveness of such approaches (because of diminishing return of impact versus cost). Management and mitigation measures were incorporated in the EMMP (Section 5.0) for the Project contractor to adopt during construction phase. Impact significance will be assessed using the risk-based Impact Significance Matrix (Table 7) which considers two factors:

- Impact Consequence (Table 8): The consequence of an impact is a function of a range of considerations including impact spread, impact duration, impact intensity and nature, legal and guideline compliance. In evaluating the consequence of the biodiversity impacts, the following aspects were taken into consideration:
 - Receptor Sensitivity (Table 9): Categorises receptors according to their susceptibility to adverse impacts from the project's construction and operation. It also takes into account the ecological value of the receptor. Species of conservation significance were considered of high ecological value, species not of conservation significance were considered of medium ecological value, while non-native species were considered of low ecological value.
 - Impact Intensity (Table 16, Table 18): Defines the magnitude of the impact and the status of the impact in relation to regulations, standards and guidelines.
- **Likelihood of Occurrence (Table 15,Table 17)**: The likelihood of the impact occurring during the project construction and operation periods, which takes into account the probability of the event happening as well as the duration of the event. It is estimated based on experience and/or evidence that such an event has previously occurred.



Table 7: Impact significance assessment matrix

| Consequence | Imperceptible | Very Low | Low | Medium | High |
|---------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Likelihood | | | | | |
| Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Negligible | Negligible | Negligible | Negligible |
| Less likely/Rare | Negligible | Negligible | Minor | Minor | Minor |
| Possible/Occasional | Negligible | Minor | Minor | Moderate | Moderate |
| Likely/Regular | Negligible | Minor | Moderate | Moderate | Major |
| Almost Certain/Continuous | Negligible | Minor | Moderate | Major | Major |

Table 8: Impact consequence matrix

| Sensitivity | Low | Medium | High |
|-------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| Intensity | | | |
| Negligible | Imperceptible | Very low | Very low |
| Low | Very low | Low | Low |
| Medium | Very low | Medium | Medium |
| High | Low | High | High |

Table 9: Receptor sensitivity classification

| Receptor Sensitivity | | |
|---|--|--|
| Low | Medium | High |
| Habitats or faunal species of low ecological value; exotic faunal species | Habitats or faunal species of moderate ecological value; native faunal species | Habitats or faunal species of high ecological value; faunal species of conservation significance |

The residual (post-mitigation) impact significance was assessed using the same criteria for significant impacts for which management and mitigation are recommended.

3.2 Identification of Sensitive Receptors and Assessment of Ecological Value

Habitats and fauna species were assessed for their ecological value based on the criteria described in **Table 10**. Those of high ecological value were assigned Priority 1 sensitivity level, while those of moderate or low ecological value were assigned Priority 2 or 3 sensitivity levels, respectively.

Habitat and species receptors accorded with higher ecological value were regarded of greater importance for conservation compared to other receptors within the Project area. This assessment was carried out using



biodiversity baseline findings. The habitats and zones that must be kept are highlighted in the areas of high conservation value including the buffer zones, the mangrove area and the unlined earth stream (**Figure 30**).

Table 10: Criteria for assessing the ecological value of habitats

| Criterion | Definition | Classification | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | High | Medium | Low |
| Size | Area occupied by the habitat relative to the Project area or length of water body | ≥ 40% | 10–40% | ≤ 10% |
| Naturalness | Degree to which the habitat has been modified or disturbed as a result of human activities | Habitat with minimal human disturbance | Moderately disturbed habitat that has been modified to some extent | Highly disturbed habitat that has been modified to a large extent |
| Occurrence of fauna species of conservation significance | Number of sightings of fauna of conservation significance recorded within habitat relative to the Project area | ≥ 40% | 10–40% | ≤ 10% |
| Ecological linkage | Connectedness to a highly-value habitat | Highly connected | Moderately connected | Unconnected/ isolated |
| Difficulty in recreatability | Level of difficulty in re- constructing the habitat through human intervention | Very difficult | Moderately difficult | Easy |

3.2.1 Habitats

The ecological value of six habitat types within the Project area was assessed (**Table 11**). Of the six habitat types found within the Project area, three are of high ecological value (mangrove, exotic-dominated woodland, unlined earth drain), two are of medium ecological value (Kranji Cross, herbaceous and scrubland vegetation) and one is of low ecological value (ponds).

Kranji Cross

Kranji Cross scored a total of one "high", one "medium" and three "low" in the assessment of its ecological value. Occupying only approximately 5% of the Project area, its size is scored as "low" relative to the other habitats. Few fauna species of conservation significance were observed during field surveys, thus scored "low" for the abundance criterion. Being part of the Rail Corridor, Kranji Cross is a moderately modified habitat that has not experienced significant human disturbances since the closure of the Rail Corridor in 2011. While currently subject to vegetation maintenance regularly, the level of human disturbance was considered "low" as the works mainly involve grass-trimming on the main trail. As such, Kranji Cross scored "medium" for naturalness. It is also easily re-creatable as it is mainly dominated by spontaneous vegetation of scrubland and woodland habitat types, scoring "low" for recreatability. Considerable attention was paid to its ecological linkage, which scored "high", especially given that it is part of the Rail Corridor. The Rail Corridor is a critical ecological corridor spanning 24km from north (Woodlands) to south (Tanjong Pagar) of Singapore. Considering its significant length and function as an ecological connector between high-value habitats such as Bukit Timah Nature Reserve and the Western Catchment area, the Rail Corridor is an ecological corridor that is important on an island-wide scale. Therefore, although Kranji Cross has a majority of "low" scorings, its high importance as an ecological corridor warrants a medium ecological value, i.e., Priority 2.



Mangrove

The mangrove scored a total of three "high", one "medium" and one "low" in the assessment. An uncommon habitat in Singapore, mangroves are regarded as globally highly threatened due to the increasing rate of anthropogenic disturbances such as land reclamation, conversion for aquaculture and agriculture, rapid urbanisation, and pollution [UNEP, 2014]. Hence, there is high conservation interest to ensure the continuity and survival of this habitat type. Being small and relatively undisturbed, the mangrove in the Project area scored "low" and "high" in the size and naturalness criteria, respectively. It also scored "medium" in the abundance of fauna species of conservation significance as several sightings were observed there. It scored "high" for ecological linkage because it serves as an ecological corridor to the Western Catchment area, such as the ecologically important Sungei Buloh Wetland Reserve. Lastly, mangroves are generally complex and difficult to recreate due to the unique environmental conditions, thus it scored "high" in recreatability. Finally, with a majority of "high" scorings, the mangrove has high ecological value, i.e., Priority 1.

Exotic-dominated woodland

The exotic-dominated woodland scored a total of three "high", one "medium" and one "low" in the assessment. It occupies almost half of the Project area, thus scoring "high" for the size criterion. As a moderately disturbed habitat that is somewhat naturalised due to the lack of significant human disturbance since the closure of the Rail Corridor in 2011, it scored "medium" for naturalness. The majority of sightings of fauna species of conservation significance was made within the exotic-dominated woodland, giving it a "high" in the abundance criterion. Its adjacency to the high-value mangrove and Kranji Cross, an important ecological corridor, warrants a "high" for its ecological linkage. Lastly, with few native plant species and little structural heterogeneity, the habitat is fairly easy to recreate with human intervention, resulting in "low" for recreatability. Albizia trees are the most dominant tree species within this habitat. This non-native species is fast-growing, able to reach heights of over 35 m in 25 years, and able to facilitate invasions by other species (Hughes et al., 2006). It is also a stormvulnerable species, presenting itself as a risk to public safety. NSS (2013) has suggested that albizia trees are important for the survival of the white-bellied sea eagle and the locally Endangered changeable hawk-eagle. These raptors favour the Albizia trees as a roosting and nesting site, likely due to the height of these trees. The Albizia trees within the Project area served this ecological function as well, with two raptor nests observed; it is likely that the Albizia trees in the surrounding landscape may serve a similar function. The dwindling number of similar habitats within Singapore means that the number of Albizia trees are also decreasing, and the long-term success of raptor populations may be affected.

Herbaceous and Scrubland Vegetation

The herbaceous and scrubland vegetation scored a total of two "high", two "medium" and one "low" in the assessment. Its scorings and the reasonings behind them are largely the same as the exotic-dominated woodland habitat, differing only in its "medium" scoring for abundance of fauna species of conservation significance, as only numerous sightings were made there. Overall, with equal numbers of "high" and "medium" scores, a medium ecological value, i.e., Priority 2, is accorded to the herbaceous and scrubland vegetation habitat.

Unlined earth drain

The unlined earth drain scored a total of three "high" and two "low" in the assessment. It is a short, undisturbed drain connecting Kranji Cross directly to the high-value mangrove strip adjacent to the Sungei Pang Sua, thus it scored "low", "high" and "high" for size, naturalness and ecological linkage, respectively. Few fauna species of conservation significance were sighted at the unlined earth drain, so it scores "low" for the abundance criterion. Lastly, being an *unlined earth drain*, it cannot be recreated via human intervention, thus it scored "high" for recreatability. Finally, with a majority of "high" scorings, the unlined earth drain has high ecological value, i.e., Priority 1.



Ponds

The ponds scored a total of one "high", one "medium" and three "low" in the assessment. Ponds 1 and 2 are likely to have started out as small ephemeral ponds, gradually deepening and naturalising in their current state today. Pond 3 could not be surveyed due to premature clearance. As such, the ponds scored "low" and "medium" for size and naturalness. Few fauna species of conservation significance were observed at the ponds, thus scoring "low" for abundance. While isolated, they have "high" ecological linkage as Ponds 1 and 2 are adjacent to Kranji Cross, an important ecological connector. Lastly, the ponds are easily recreated, thus having "low" for recreatability. Finally, with a majority of "low" scorings, the ponds have a low ecological value, i.e., Priority 3.

All habitats of Priority 1 and 2 ecological values are identified as sensitive receptors for habitats.

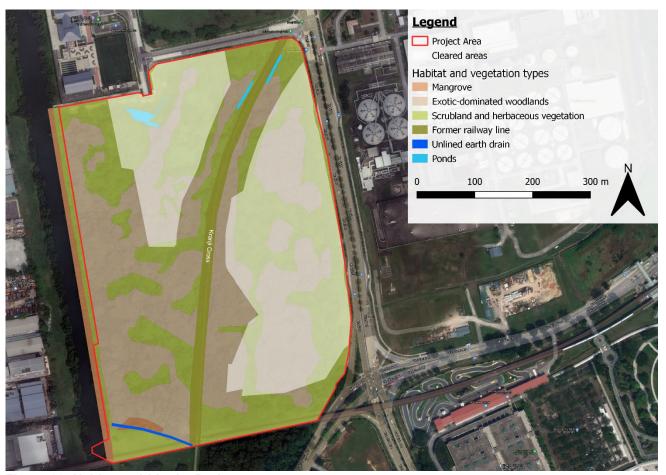


Figure 29: Habitats within the Project area

Table 11: Habitat ecological assessment table for Project area

| Criterion | Kranji Cross | Mangrove | Exotic-dominated woodland | Herbaceous and scrubland vegetation | Unlined earth drain | Ponds |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Size | 4.80% (1.35 ha) | 0.68% (0.19 ha) | 48.17% (13.58 ha) | 45.62% (12.86 ha) | 0.23% (0.07 ha) | 0.50% (0.14 ha) |
| Naturalness | Moderately disturbed habitat that has been modified to some extent | Habitat with minimal human disturbance | Moderately disturbed habitat that has been modified to some extent | Moderately disturbed habitat that has been modified to some extent | Habitat with minimal human disturbance | Moderately disturbed habitat that has been modified to some extent |
| Abundance of fauna species of conservation significance | 5.21% (5) | 11.46% (11) | 62.50% (60) | 15.63% (15) | 2.08% (2) | 3.13% (3) |
| Ecological linkage | Highly connected | Highly connected | Highly connected | Highly connected | Highly connected | Highly connected |
| Difficulty in recreatability | Easy | Very difficult | Easy | Easy | Very difficult | Easy |
| Summary of | Size: low | Size: low | Size: high | Size: high | Size: low | Size: low |
| categorisations | Naturalness: medium | Naturalness: high | Naturalness: medium | Naturalness: medium | Naturalness: high | Naturalness: medium |
| | Abundance of species of conservation significance: low | Abundance of species of conservation significance: medium | Abundance of species of conservation significance: high | Abundance of species of conservation significance: medium | Abundance of species of conservation significance: low | Abundance of species of conservation significance: low |
| | Ecological linkage: high | Ecological linkage: high | Ecological linkage: high | Ecological linkage: high | Ecological linkage: high | Ecological linkage: |



| Criterion | Kranji Cross | Mangrove | Exotic-dominated woodland | Herbaceous and scrubland vegetation | Unlined earth drain | Ponds |
|-------------|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | Difficulty in recreatability: low | Difficulty in recreatability: high | Difficulty in recreatability: low | Difficulty in recreatability: low | Difficulty in recreatability: high | Difficulty in recreatability: low |
| Total | High × 1 Medium × 1 Low × 3 (majority) | High × 3 (majority) Medium × 1 Low × 1 | High × 3 (majority) Medium x 1 Low × 1 | High × 2 Medium × 2 Low × 1 | High × 3 (majority) Low × 2 | High x 1 Medium × 1 Low × 3 (majority) |
| Sensitivity | Priority 2 | Priority 1 | Priority 1 | Priority 2 | Priority 1 | Priority 3 |



3.2.2 Fauna

All fauna of either global or local threatened status observed during the study were considered to be of conservation significance. These species were identified as sensitive receptors for faunal species and are considered as high ecological value and are **Priority 1** sensitivity. A changeable hawk-eagle nest was also recorded in the Project area, and considered a sensitive receptor as well.

In addition to the species of conservation significance, the two species of interest observed during the study were both identified as sensitive receptors and were considered of high ecological value with **Priority 1** sensitivity. **Table 12** summarizes the faunal receptors with Priority 1 sensitivity.

Table 12: List of sensitive faunal receptors recorded in the Project area

| Taxon | Species | Common name | Global status | National status |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Reptile | Amyda cartilaginea | Asian softshell turtle | Vulnerable | Endangered |
| Reptile | Cuora amboinensis | Malayan box terrapin | Vulnerable | Not Assessed |
| Bird | Ardea cinerea | Grey heron | Least Concern | Vulnerable |
| Bird | Ardea purpurea | Purple heron | Least Concern | Endangered |
| Bird | Copsychus saularis | Oriental magpie-robin | Least Concern | Endangered |
| Bird | Gallus gallus | Red junglefowl | Least Concern | Endangered |
| Bird | Haliaeetus leucogaster (nest) | White-bellied sea eagle | Least Concern | Not Assessed |
| Bird | Loriculus galgulus | Blue-crowned hanging-parrot | Least Concern | Endangered |
| Bird | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Changeable hawk- eagle | Least Concern | Endangered |
| Bird | Nisaetus cirrhatus (nest) | Changeable hawk- eagle | Least Concern | Endangered |
| Bird | Nycticorax nycticorax | Black-crowned night heron | Least Concern | Critically Endangered |
| Bird | Psittacula longicauda | Long-tailed parakeet | Vulnerable | Not Assessed |
| Bird | Pycnonotus zeylanicus | Straw-headed bulbul | Critically Endangered | Endangered |
| Bird | Rallina fasciata | Red-legged crake | Least Concern | Vulnerable |
| Butterfly | Borbo cinnara | Formosan swift | Not Assessed | Endangered |
| Butterfly | Catopyrops ancyra | Ancyra blue | Not Assessed | Vulnerable |
| Mammal | Lutrogale perspicillata | Smooth-coated otter | Vulnerable | Critically Endangered |



| Tell delan wild bear least esticem interviewed | Mammal | Sus scrofa | Eurasian wild boar | Least Concern | Not Assessed |
|--|--------|------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
|--|--------|------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|

3.2.3 Areas of High Conservation Value

The assessment of ecological value of the habitats and species within the Project area was used to identify areas of high conservation value (**Figure 30**).

In this Project area, habitats that are identified to be of high conservation value are the mangrove, unlined earth drain, and Kranji Cross. The habitats were selected for their importance in maintaining ecological connectivity on a macro-scale within Singapore. The mangrove serves as an ecological corridor between ecologically important areas, such as Sungei Buloh Wetland Reserve and the Western Catchment area. Being directly connected to the mangrove, the unlined earth drain is thus held in equal consideration as the mangrove. As for Kranji Cross, it is part of the proposed Rail Corridor, a 24 km ecological corridor with island wide significance due to its long length spanning from north to south of Singapore. The proposed Rail Corridor also connects key biodiversity habitats such as Bukit Timah Nature Reserve and the Western Catchment area.

As these habitats are of high conservation value, these habitats and the areas within 30 m of them are designated as areas of high conservation value and should be left untouched as far as possible. These areas are assumed to experience the greatest extent of edge effects (Beacon Environmental Ltd, 2012), though some studies have shown that edge effects can reach up to 150 m (Murcia, 1995). Any developments of construction activities within them are likely to result in Moderate to Major impacts.

Additionally, the active raptors' nests have also been identified to be of high conservation value and should be left untouched especially during the raptors' nesting season. Thus, the areas within 30 m of the nesting trees have been designated as raptors' nest buffer areas and should also be left untouched. This is to minimize any disturbances to the nesting raptors, preventing them from abandoning their nests during the active nesting period. The nesting trees and the areas within 30 m of them can only be removed when the nest has been verified to be no longer be active by ecologists.

Nonetheless, while these areas have been prioritised over others, it is important to note that the remaining habitats with ecological values of Priority 1, 2 and 3 are also valuable through their contribution to the ecological integrity of the entire Project area and should be conserved where possible.



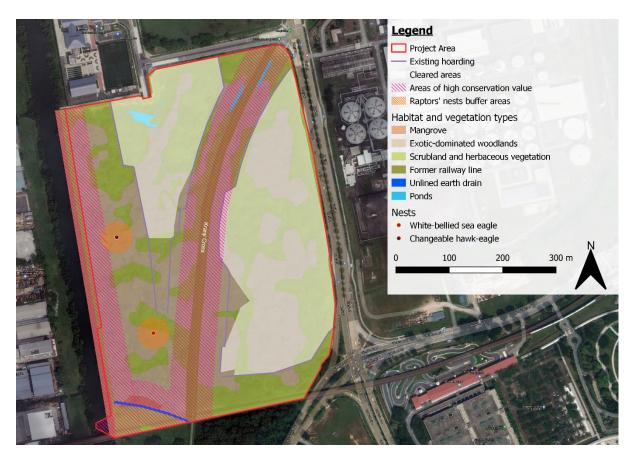


Figure 30: Areas of high conservation value and raptors' nest buffer areas

3.2.4 Potential Sources of Biodiversity Impacts

Ecological impacts were identified within the Project area based on the construction and operational activities described in Section 1. The impacts were separately assessed for habitats and faunal species (**Table 13**). Direct impacts refer to impacts occurring from the work activities within the Project area and indirect impacts refer to impact occurring outside the Project area. All impacts assessed were deemed likely to occur.

Noise disturbances are expected during the construction and operational phases while vibration disturbances are expected during the construction phase. These disturbances cannot be objectively evaluated and were not included in the FBS.

The initial stages of the construction phase will have three main activities that have direct impacts to habitat/species – i) installation of site hoarding, ii) tree felling and site clearance and iii) establishment of access roads and temporary site offices. Machineries such as excavator and lorry crane will be used for site clearance and transportation of equipment. Subsequently, the construction phase will involve earthworks and building of structures, which will comprise drilling, piling, hacking and soil excavation or levelling.

In the operational phase, there will be completed roads and structures to house food- and agri-techrelated uses such as high-tech urban indoor farming, food production including alternative proteins, and its associated research and development activities.



Table 13: List of potential ecological impacts during construction and operational phases

| Receptor | Impact type | Description | Impact category |
|-----------------|---|---|-----------------|
| Construction Ph | ase | | |
| Habitats | Loss of vegetation | Direct removal of vegetation (with extensive underground root systems that protect against soil erosion) to create space for construction activities | Direct |
| Found angles | Habitat degradation | Improper disposal of construction waste, accidental release of hazardous materials (such as construction slurry, paint, and/or solvents), increase in dust, noise, and light levels, changes in forest hydrology | Indirect |
| | Change in species composition | Formation of forest edge habitats that favour the growth of certain exotic plants and fauna, and accidental introduction of exotic species from construction materials (such as soil with seeds or biodegradable erosion blankets with insect eggs) | Indirect |
| Faunal species | Loss of/reduction in habitats and food sources | Direct removal of vegetation to create space for construction activities | Direct |
| | Injury or mortality | Collisions with machineries, entrapments in construction materials (such as non-biodegradable erosion control blankets) and structures (such as exposed pits or drains), and accidental kills by construction personnel | Direct |
| | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Habitat fragmentation from the removal of vegetation | Indirect |
| | Light disturbances | Increase in light levels from construction activities | Indirect |
| | Vibration disturbances | Increase in vibration levels from construction activities | Indirect |
| | Noise disturbances | Increase in noise levels from the construction activities | Indirect |
| | Human presence | Increase in human traffic flow, such as workers and site personnel | Indirect |
| Operation Phase | e | | |
| Habitats | Habitat degradation | Improper disposal of waste, accidental release of hazardous materials (such as agriculture biohazards), increase in dust, noise, and light levels, changes in forest hydrology | Indirect |
| | Change in species composition | Long-term changes in light, temperature, and humidity in habitats surrounding facility structures which favour the growth | Indirect |



| Receptor | Impact type | Description | Impact category |
|----------------|---|--|-----------------|
| | | of certain exotic plants and fauna, and accidental introduction of exotic species due to agricultural activities | |
| Faunal species | Injury or mortality | Navigation failures and entrapment in facility structures; collision with buildings (birds only) and vehicles; undesirable consequences of human-wildlife conflict | Direct |
| | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Habitat fragmentation from the removal of vegetation | Indirect |
| | Light disturbances | Increase in light levels from the development | Indirect |
| | Noise disturbances | Increase in noise levels from the development | Indirect |
| | Human presence | Increase in human traffic flow, such as workers and site personnel | Indirect |



3.2.4 Minimum Control for Potential Biodiversity Impacts

This section lists biodiversity-specific minimum controls commonly implemented in Singapore for similar construction activities. These are assumed to be implemented for the purpose of the impact assessment. Minimum controls for each potential impact occurring from the construction phases are listed in **Table 14** respectively.

Table 14: Description of minimum controls implemented at each phase

| | iption of minimum controls implemented at each phase | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Phase | Minimum Controls | | | |
| Construction Phase | Prior to vegetation removal, pre-felling fauna inspection should be conducted by an ecologist to identify wildlife or nesting features that are actively used. Examples are bird nests, tree hollows and burrows. | | | |
| | Execute wildlife response plan whenever necessary. | | | |
| | Implement soil erosion control measures. | | | |
| | Situate machineries and materials that may leech harmful chemicals away from waterbodies or sensitive habitats (unlined earth drain and ponds). | | | |
| | ■ Ensure there are no night works (1800h to 0800h). | | | |
| | Ensure dust levels are within approved limits by the National Environment Agency (NEA). | | | |
| | ■ Ensure noise levels are within approved limits by NEA by: | | | |
| | Installing noise barriers for any equipment with noise level higher than 85 dbA | | | |
| | Situating noisy equipment away from habitats of high conservation value as much as practicable | | | |
| | Ensure vibration levels are within approved limits by Building and Construction Authority (BCA). | | | |
| | Avoid fogging by removing sources of stagnant water or water-bearing receptacles to prevent mosquitoes for breeding, e.g., | | | |
| | Providing well-maintained pitched roof, clearing discarded items daily, store materials appropriately, levelling up ground depression/uneven surfaces and ensuring effective drainage flow. | | | |
| | Conducting daily checks by Project Manager on site, e.g., Contractor Project Manager, Resident Superintending Staff. | | | |
| Operational Phase | ■ Ensure dust levels are within approved limits by NEA. | | | |
| i ilase | ■ Ensure noise levels are within approved limits by NEA. | | | |
| | ■ Ensure vibration levels are within approved limits by BCA. | | | |



| Phase | Minimum Controls |
|-------|---|
| | Avoid fogging by implementing preventive measures for mosquito to remove sources of stagnant water or water-bearing receptacles, e.g., |
| | Providing well-maintained pitched roof, clearing discarded items daily, store materials appropriately, levelling up ground depression/uneven surfaces and ensuring effective drainage flow. |

3.2.5 Prediction and Evaluation of Biodiversity Impacts

In this section, the identified key ecologically sensitive receptors were evaluated based on impact intensity (**Table 9**, **Table 18**) to yield impact consequence (**Table 8**). Impact consequence was then evaluated with likelihood (**Table 17**, **Table 15**) to give impact significance (**Table 7**).

The levels of impact intensity and likelihood for each impact type during construction have been specifically defined for the ecologically sensitive receptors. Some assumptions were made in these definitions.

For the habitat receptors, the two assumptions made in defining the levels of likelihood (**Table 15**) and impact intensity (**Table 16**) are:

- 1) Habitats within 30 m of the worksites (any hoarded areas for construction activities) are assumed to experience the greatest extent of edge effects (Beacon Environmental Ltd, 2012), though some studies have shown that edge effects can reach up to 150 m (Murcia, 1995). Additionally, 30 m is recommended as the minimum distance required to buffer the conservation area against tree falls, which is a key concern resulting from edge effects.
- 2) Based on the assumption that all minimum controls (Section 3.2.4) are adequately and properly implemented, the likelihood of habitat degradation, i.e., improper disposal of construction waste, accidental release of hazardous materials such as construction slurry, paint, and/or solvents, increase in dust, noise, and light levels, changes in forest hydrology (Table 13) is presumed to be "less likely" for all habitat receptors.

Table 15: Definitions of each level of likelihood for all three impact types during construction for habitat receptors

| Level of likelihood | Loss of vegetation | Habitat degradation | Change in species composition |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Unlikely/Remote | The habitat does not overlap with the worksites | Not applicable | No formation of forest edges, i.e., construction activities are fully underground and/or in existing built-up areas outside the forest |
| Less likely/Rare | Not applicable. The habitat will only either overlap or not overlap with the worksites. | Not applicable (refer to assumption 2 above) | Formation of scrubland edges in scrubland areas only |



| Level of likelihood | Loss of vegetation | Habitat degradation | Change in species composition |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| Possible/ Occasional | Not applicable. The habitat will only either overlap or not overlap with the worksites. | Not applicable | Formation of some forest and scrubland edges in a mix of managed vegetation, scrubland and forested areas |
| Likely/Regular | Not applicable. The habitat will only either overlap or not overlap with the worksites. | Not applicable | Formation of new forest edges, i.e., complete clearance within forested areas |
| Almost certain/ continuous | The habitat does overlap with the worksites. | Not applicable | Not applicable. It is unlikely to have a complete change in species composition. |

Table 16: Definitions of each level of impact intensity for all three impact types during construction for habitat receptors

| Impact type | Negligible | Low | Medium | High |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Loss of vegetation | The habitat does not overlap with the worksites | ≤ 10% of the habitat overlaps with the worksites | 10–40% of the habitat overlaps with the worksites | ≥ 40% of the habitat overlaps with the worksites |
| Habitat degradation | The habitat does not overlap with | ≤ 10% of the habitat overlaps | 10–40% of the habitat overlaps | ≥ 40% of the habitat overlaps |
| Changes in species composition | areas 30 m from the worksites | with areas 30 m from the worksites | with areas 30 m from the worksites | with areas 30 m from the worksites |

For the faunal receptors, the definitions for likelihood and impact intensity are presented in **Table 17** and **Table 18**, respectively.

Table 17: Definitions of each level of likelihood for impact types during construction and operational phase for faunal species receptors

| Likelihood of Occurrence | Definition |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Unlikely/Remote | Not expected to occur during construction and/or operation activities |
| Less likely/Rare | Would less likely or rarely occur during construction and/or operation activities |
| Possible/Occasional | Would possibly or occasionally occur during construction and/or operation activities |



| Likelihood of Occurrence | Definition |
|------------------------------|---|
| Likely/Regular | Would likely occur or would occur on a regular basis during construction and/or operation activities |
| Almost Certain/Continuous | Would be almost certain to occur or would continuously occur during construction and operation activities |



Table 18: Definitions of each level of impact intensity for impact types during construction and operational phase for faunal species receptors

| Impact type | Negligible | Low | Medium | High |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Loss of/reduction in habitats and food sources | No loss of original habitat | Loss of <10% of original habitat;Retention of >90% of original habitat | Loss of 10–40% of original habitat;Retention of >60% of original habitat | Loss of >40% of original habitat;Retention of <60% of original habitat |
| Injury or mortality | Negligible susceptibility to injury/mortality | Species with low susceptibility to injury/mortality: - Volant species, e.g., odonates, butterflies, birds and bats - Low susceptibility to roadkill | Species that are mobile but possibly susceptible to injury/mortality: – All amphibians – Mammals: squirrels, shrews – Possibly susceptible to roadkill | Species with high susceptibility to collisions with buildings (birds only), vehicles and machinery: – All birds, including migratory species – All reptiles – Mammals: Long- tailed macaque – Has small population size |
| Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Not dependent on connected and forested habitats for dispersal and able to traverse urban infrastructures, i.e., high dispersal ability; Negligible susceptibility to roadkill | Slightly dependent on connected and forested habitats for dispersal and adaptable to traverse urban infrastructures if needed; Low susceptibility to roadkill; Has small home range | - Dependent on connected and forested habitats for dispersal, i.e., intermediate dispersal ability; - Possibly susceptible to roadkill; - Has moderate home range | Highly dependent on connected and forested habitats for dispersal, i.e., low dispersal ability; Susceptible to roadkill; Has large home range |
| Light disturbances | Species that are not susceptible to changes in light levels: aquatic species | Species that are slightly susceptible to changes in light levels: odonates, butterflies | Species that are susceptible to changes in light levels: diurnal birds, reptiles and mammals | Species that are highly susceptible to changes in light levels: nocturnal and crepuscular fauna |
| Human presence | Species that are not sensitive to human presence: commonly observed in urban environments | Species that are slightly sensitive to human presence: sometimes observed in urban environments | Species that are possibly sensitive to human presence: occasionally observed in urban environments | Species that are sensitive to human presence: rarely observed in urban environments |



Habitats

Table 19 gives a summary of impact significance for habitat receptors before and after mitigation measures are implemented.

Table 19: Summary of impact significance for habitat receptors before and after mitigation measures

| Phase | Habitat receptors | Impact type | Pre-mitigation impact significance | Post-mitigation impact significance |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Construction | Kranji Cross | Loss of vegetation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Habitat degradation | Minor | Minor |
| | | Changes in species composition | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | Mangrove | Loss of vegetation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Negligible | Negligible |
| | Exotic-dominated woodland | Loss of vegetation | <u>Major</u> | Major |
| | | Habitat degradation | Minor | Minor |
| | | Changes in species composition | <u>Major</u> | Minor |
| | Herbaceous and Scrubland Vegetation | Loss of vegetation | <u>Major</u> | Major |
| | | Habitat degradation | Minor | Minor |
| | | Changes in species composition | Minor | Minor |
| | Natural Stream | Loss of vegetation | <u>Major</u> | Negligible |
| | | Habitat degradation | Minor | Minor |
| | | Changes in species composition | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |



| Phase | Habitat receptors | Impact type | Pre-mitigation impact significance | Post-mitigation impact significance |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Ponds | Loss of vegetation | <u>Moderate</u> | <u>Moderate</u> |
| | | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Negligible | Negligible |
| Operational | Kranji Cross | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | Mangrove | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Negligible | Negligible |
| | Exotic-dominated | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | woodland | Changes in species composition | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | Herbaceous and | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | Scrubland Vegetation | Changes in species composition | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | Natural Stream | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Negligible | Negligible |
| | Ponds | Habitat degradation | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Minor | Minor |



Construction Phase

In the assessment of the three types of impact for the sensitive habitat receptors during the construction phase -(1) loss of vegetation, (2) habitat degradation, and (3) changes in species composition, the impact significance may range from Negligible to Major.

Kranji Cross

For Kranji Cross, the impact significance for loss of vegetation is Negligible, because it does not overlap with the worksites. The impact significance of habitat degradation is Minor as the likelihood is ranked as Less Likely should minimum controls be adequately and properly implemented. The most severe impact significance for Kranji Cross is Moderate as a result of changes in species composition, which has a likelihood of Possible since some forest and scrubland edges will be formed after site clearance.

Mangrove

For mangrove, the impact significance for loss of vegetation, habitat degradation and changes in species composition are Negligible, because the habitat does not overlap with the worksites, nor with areas 30 m from the worksites. However, extra caution should still be taken to prevent habitat degradation of the mangrove. It is also important to ensure that the change in sediment load due to the discharge of the Project is limited to 10% as reported in the Sediment Load Study (Golder, 2021). Increase in sediment load can result in high sediment accumulation that smothers the roots of the mangrove trees which leads to their death (Nardin, 2021). Based on current Project area conditions, if guidelines for ECM are not adhered to stringently, there is a likelihood of leakage of construction effluent into the mangrove. Considering the sensitivity of mangrove to pollution due to its unique environmental conditions, if constructure discharge were to leak into the mangrove under unintended circumstances, the habitat quality would be adversely affected by pollution. Reversing the impacts of pollution to restore the quality of the mangrove would be both difficult and costly. Therefore, to minimise habitat degradation of the mangrove, monitoring measures to ensure the robustness of ECM and to detect any pollutive leakage from the worksites are highly recommended.

Exotic-dominated woodland

For exotic-dominated woodland, the impact significance for loss of vegetation is Major, because more than 40% of the habitat overlaps with the worksites. The impact significance of habitat degradation is Minor as the likelihood is ranked as Less Likely should minimum controls be adequately and properly implemented. The most severe impact significance for exotic-dominated woodland is Major as a result of changes in species composition, which has a likelihood of Likely since new forest edges will be formed after site clearance.

Herbaceous and Scrubland Vegetation

For herbaceous and scrubland vegetation, the impact significance for loss of vegetation is Major, because more than 40% of the habitat overlaps with the worksites. The impact significance of habitat degradation is Minor as the likelihood is ranked as Less Likely should minimum controls be adequately and properly implemented. The impact significance of changes in species composition is Minor as herbaceous and scrubland vegetation are Less Likely to be affected from microclimatic changes as a result of edge effects.

Unlined earth drain

For unlined earth drain, the impact significance for loss of vegetation is Major and changes in species composition is Moderate due to the trapezoidal drain which is planned to cut through the unlined earth



drain. This will result in the destruction of the unlined earth drain habitat and creation of forest edges, which would change the species composition around and in the unlined earth drain.

The impact significance of habitat degradation is Minor as the likelihood is ranked as Less Likely should minimum controls be adequately and properly implemented. However, extra caution should still be taken to prevent habitat degradation of the unlined earth drain. Based on current Project area conditions, if guidelines for ECM are not adhered to stringently, there is a likelihood of leakage of construction effluent into the unlined earth drain. Similar to mangrove, if construction discharge were to leak into the unlined earth drain under unintended circumstances, the habitat quality would be adversely affected by pollution. Reversing the impacts of water pollution to restore the quality of the unlined earth drain would be both difficult and costly. Therefore, to minimise habitat degradation of the unlined earth drain, monitoring measures to ensure the robustness of ECM and to detect any pollutive leakage from the worksites are highly recommended.

Ponds

For ponds, the impact significance for loss of vegetation is Moderate, because more than 40% of the habitat overlaps with the worksites. In particular, Pond 3, which occupies approximately 64% of the pond habitat type, has already been cleared. The impact significance of habitat degradation is Minor as the likelihood is ranked as Less Likely should minimum controls be adequately and properly implemented. The impact significance of changes in species composition is also Negligible because no forest edges will be formed.

Operational Phase

During the operational phase, most of the exotic-dominated woodland and herbaceous and scrubland vegetation would have been cleared. Therefore, the two types of impacts – (1) habitat degradation and (2) changes in species composition, were assessed for the remaining habitats outside of worksites designated in the Project area, based on the activities happening in the operational phase. The impact significance may range from negligible to moderate.

Moderate impacts are expected for changes in species composition across all habitat types except for the mangrove, unlined earth drain and pond. This is because of the proximity of the other habitat types to the facility structures, which will result in exposure to long-term changes in light, temperature, and humidity, favouring growth of certain exotic plants and fauna. **Minor** impacts are expected for changes in species composition for pond. Assuming all minimum controls are adhered to, negligible impacts are expected for habitat degradation across all habitat types. The detailed evaluation of all impacts for each habitat is provided in **Appendix F**.



Fauna

Table 20 gives a summary of impact significance for habitat receptors before and after mitigation measures are implemented.

Table 20: Summary of impact significance for fauna receptors before and after mitigation measures

| Phase | Fauna receptors | Impact type | Pre-mitigation impact significance | Post-mitigation impact significance |
|--------------|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Construction | Bird | Human presence | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| | | Injury or mortality | Negligible to Moderate | Negligible to Minor |
| | | Light disturbances | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| | | Loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| | Butterfly | Human presence | <u>Moderate</u> | <u>Moderate</u> |
| | | Injury or mortality | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Light disturbances | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Major | Major |
| | | Loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources | <u>Major</u> | <u>Major</u> |
| | Mammal | Human presence | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| | | Injury or mortality | Negligible to Moderate | Negligible to Minor |
| | | Light disturbances | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| | | Loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| | Reptile | Human presence | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |



| Phase | Fauna receptors | Impact type | Pre-mitigation impact significance | Post-mitigation impact significance |
|-------------|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Injury or mortality | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | | Light disturbances | Negligible | Negligible |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | <u>Major</u> | <u>Major</u> |
| | | Loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources | Negligible to <u>Major</u> | Negligible to <u>Major</u> |
| Operational | Bird | Human presence | Minor to <u>Major</u> | Minor to Moderate |
| | | Injury or mortality | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | | Light disturbances | Moderate to Major | <u>Moderate</u> |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Minor | Minor |
| | Butterfly | Human presence | Minor | Minor |
| | | Injury or mortality | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | | Light disturbances | Minor | Minor |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Negligible | Negligible |
| | Mammal | Human presence | Minor to <u>Major</u> | Minor to Moderate |
| | | Injury or mortality | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |
| | | Light disturbances | Moderate to Major | <u>Moderate</u> |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Minor | Minor |
| | Reptile | Human presence | <u>Major</u> | <u>Moderate</u> |
| | | Injury or mortality | <u>Moderate</u> | Minor |



| Phase | Fauna receptors | Impact type | | Post-mitigation impact significance |
|-------|-----------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Light disturbances | <u>Major</u> | <u>Moderate</u> |
| | | Loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement | Minor | Minor |



Construction Phase

Butterflies

Out of the recorded species, two butterfly species of conservation significance were recorded: the Formosan swift (*Borbo cinnara*) and the Ancyra blue (*Catopyrops Ancyra*) (**Appendix C**). For both the Formosan swift and Ancyra blue, the impact significance of injury and mortality and light disturbances is Negligible. These butterflies are unlikely to be killed or injured by the operation of machinery and are not likely to be affected by the sound of construction from the project. Minimum controls for construction work also means that there should not be any night work, so these butterflies should not be affected by light at night. The impact significance of human disturbances is Moderate. The impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources and loss of ecological connectivity is Major. The removal of open habitats where the host plant of the Formosan swift, grasses from the Poaceae family, are present would reduce their source of food. The removal of forests, on which the Ancyra blue is dependant, would also lead to the removal of food and suitable habitat for that butterfly species. The removal of the habitats of both butterflies would also lead to greater difficulty in dispersal since they rely on connected habitats to disperse.

One other species of conservation significance that was expected but was not recorded during the field assessment, the Bengal swift (*Pelopidas agna agna*) (**Appendix C – List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species**), had similar impact significance for all impact types.

Reptiles

Three reptiles of conservation significance were recorded during the field assessment. These are the Asian softshell turtle (*Amyda cartilaginea*) and Malayan box terrapin (*Cuora amboinensis*) (**Appendix C**). For both species, the impact significance of light disturbances is Negligible. Minimum controls indicate that night works should not be carried out. For the Asian softshell turtle, the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food is Negligible. The current worksite does not include the waterbodies in the Project area, so it is unlikely that more habitat or food sources would be lost. However, for the Malayan box terrapin, the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food is Minor. The Malayan box terrapin was recorded further away from a waterbody, within a patch of scrubland in the Project area. Hence, there is a chance that this species does make use of other habitats and thus might be more likely to be affected by the clearing of habitats other than waterbodies. Injury and mortality and human disturbances is Moderate for both species. For both species, loss of ecological connectivity has an impact significance of Major because both species have low dispersal ability, relying largely on connected forest patches with existing waterbodies to disperse successfully.

One other species of conservation significance that was expected but was not recorded during the field assessment was the common Malayan racer (*Coelognathus flavolineatus*) (**Appendix C – List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species**). The impact significance of light disturbances is Negligible. Minimum controls indicate that night works should not be carried out. The impact significance of human disturbances is Moderate as this species is not known to be common in urban environments. The impact significance of injury or mortality is Moderate while the impact significances of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources and loss of ecological connectivity are Major. The removal of forested areas in the project boundary is likely to reduce the available habitats for their prey species and thus reduce their source of food. Like the turtle species, this snake has low dispersal ability, relying largely on connected forest patches to disperse successfully.



Birds

A total of 10 species of birds of conservation significance and one species of interest were recorded during the field assessment (**Appendix C**). Another 14 species of conservation significance were expected in the Project area but were not recorded (**Appendix C – List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species**). These 14 species were all determined to have similar impact types as the species that were recorded due to similarities in habitat preferences and behaviours and would thus not be additionally evaluated. For all bird species, the impact significance of light disturbances is Negligible.

For the grey heron and purple heron, the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources, injury or mortality, loss of ecological connectivity and human disturbances is Negligible because these bird species were recorded in the mangroves. They make use of waterbodies that would not be cleared or affected by the Project.

For the black-crowned night heron, the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitats and food sources and injury and mortality is Negligible. The waterbodies that remain in the Project area which this species uses for its source of food is unlikely to be affected by the construction in the Project area. The impact significance of loss of ecological connectivity and human disturbances is Moderate. The field assessment recorded the black-crowned night heron closer to Pond 2, suggesting that it makes use of Kranji Cross. Construction in the Project area might possibly affect the movement and connectivity for this species.

For the Oriental magpie robin, the impact significance of injury or mortality is Minor. This species is highly volant and is likely to be able to avoid entrapment and suffer injury or mortality within the project. The impact significance of human disturbances and loss of ecological connectivity is Moderate since the species is highly volant and sometimes observed in areas that are more urbanised, showing they are able to adapt to human disturbance and human presence. The impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources is Major. The clearing of forested areas in the Project area will likely reduce the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources and fragment forested patches that the species uses to move around.

For the red junglefowl, the impact significance of injury or mortality is Minor. This species is highly volant and is likely to be able to avoid entrapment and suffer injury or mortality within the Project area. The impact significance of human disturbances is Minor since the species is often observed in areas that are more urbanised, showing they are able to adapt to human disturbance and human presence. The impact significance of loss of ecological connectivity Moderate since they are able to make use of a variety of habitats for connectivity. The impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources is Major. The clearing of forested areas in the Project area will likely reduce the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources.

For the blue-crowned hanging parrot, the impact significance of injury or mortality and loss of ecological connectivity is Minor because these species are volant and are able to move away easily to other nearby similar habitats. The impact significance of human disturbances is Moderate. They have been observed in more urban environments, indicating they have a tolerance for the presence of humans. The impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources is Major. The clearing of forested areas in the Project area will likely reduce the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources.

For the long-tailed parakeet, the impact significance of injury or mortality and loss of ecological connectivity is Minor. This species is highly volant and can move away easily to other nearby similar habitats. The impact significance of human disturbances is Minor since they have also been observed in more urban environments, indicating they have a tolerance for the presence of humans. The impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources is Moderate. The clearing of forested areas in the Project



area will likely reduce the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources, although they will be able to make use of other similar habitats for food sources.

For the straw-headed bulbul, the impact significance of injury or mortality is Moderate while the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitats and food sources, loss of ecological connectivity and human disturbances is Major. The clearing of forested areas in the Project area will likely reduce the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources and fragment forested patches that the species uses to move around. The low dispersal ability and reliance on connected forest patches also means that this species is likely to suffer injury and mortality through the clearing of forests in the Project area. The species is also not tolerant of human disturbance and is not found in urban environments.

For the red-legged crake, the impact significance of injury or mortality is Moderate while the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitats and food sources, loss of ecological connectivity and human disturbances is Major. The clearing of forested areas in the Project area will likely reduce the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources and fragment forested patches that the species uses to move around. The low dispersal ability and reliance on connected forest patches also means that this species is likely to suffer injury and mortality through the clearing of forests in the Project area. The species is also not tolerant of human disturbance and is not found in urban environments.

For the changeable hawk-eagle, the impact significance for injury and mortality and loss of ecological connectivity is Negligible. Compared to the nesting individuals, non-nesting individuals are likely to be more volant and is thus unlikely to be trapped and injured due to the construction in the Project area. The impact significance of loss of habitat and food sources and human disturbances are Major. The removal of forested areas in the project boundary is likely to reduce the available habitats for their prey species and thus reduce their source of food. The impact intensity of human disturbances is Medium since these birds can sometimes be found in suburban areas, although the impact of human disturbances is almost likely.

The nests of a changeable hawk-eagle and a white-bellied sea eagle (*Haliaeetus leucogaster*; globally least concern) were also identified within the Project area, on two separate albizias (*Falcataria moluccana*), although the trees are outside the Project area boundary. For the nests of both species, the impact significance of injury or mortality is Moderate while the impact significance of loss or reduction of habitat and food, loss of ecological connectivity and human disturbances is Major. While the white-bellied sea eagle is not globally or locally threatened, the nest of this species is considered to be of notable significance as the species is known to reuse their nesting sites (Ferguson-Lees & Christie, 2001). Their use of the habitat in this manner adds to the value of the habitat within the Project area. The presence of these nests indicate that these birds will continue returning to the area as long as their offspring are in the nests. The abandonment of the nest within the Project area is almost certain to result in the loss of all potential offspring from that nest. Due to the presence of nests, these individuals are also unlikely to be as volant and are thus more likely to be injured.

Non-volant Mammals

One mammal species of conservation significance, the smooth-coated otter (*Lutrogale perspicillata*), and one species of interest, the Eurasian wild boar (*Sus scrofa*), were recorded during the field assessment (**Appendix C**). For the smooth-coated otter, the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources, injury and mortality, loss of ecological connectivity, light disturbances and human disturbances is Negligible. This species was recorded at the southwestern tip of the Project area and likely make use of Sungei Pang Sua for their habitats and food source. The project are does not overlap with their habitat and is thus unlikely to cause any loss in habitat, food source, injury, mortality or loss of ecological connectivity. Noise, light and human disturbance occurring within the Project area is also



unlikely to affect the otters that make use of Sungei Pang Sua. As for the Eurasian wild boar, the impact significance of the loss and reduction of habitat and food sources, injury and mortality and loss of ecological connectivity is Moderate. This species was recorded throughout the Project area, such that any loss of habitats will affect them. Moreover, they are ground-dwelling species dependent on vegetation for effective ecological connectivity. They are also prone to human-wildlife conflicts as they frequently dwell at forest edges which are used by humans.

Two other mammal species of conversation significance, Sunda pangolin (Manis javanica; nationally critically endangered) and long-tailed macaque (Macaca fascicularis; globally vulnerable), were not recorded during the field assessment (Appendix C - List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species). These species, however, are identified to be likely present at the Project area. For both species, the impact significance of light disturbances is Negligible since the minimum control means no construction work will take place at night. For the Sunda pangolin, the impact significance for injury or mortality is Moderate while the impact significance of loss and reduction of habitat and food sources, loss of ecological connectivity and human disturbances is Major. The habitat in which they might potentially occur directly overlaps with the Project area and the Project is likely to cause entrapment, injury, mortality should they be found within the Project area. The clearing of forested area in the Project area also reduces the available habitat for this species, reducing food sources and fragmented forested patches that the species uses to move around. The low dispersal ability and reliance on connected forest patches also means that this species is likely to suffer injury and mortality through the clearing of forests in the Project area. The species is also not tolerant of human disturbance and is not found in urban environments. For the long-tailed macaque, the impact significance of human disturbances is Negligible. This species is commonly found in areas with high human presence. The impact significance of loss of ecological connectivity is Minor since this species can make use of a variety of habitats for dispersal and sometimes uses the ground for movement and foraging. The impact significance of loss and reduction of habitats and food sources is Moderate since they have a varied diet from a mix of habitats. The impact significance of injury and mortality is Moderate as they can be at risk of roadkill.

Operational Phase

Butterflies

The impact significance for all impacts assessed in the operational phase for Formosan swift (*Borbo cinnara*), Ancyra blue (*Catopyrops Ancyra*) and Bengal swift (*Pelopidas agna agna*) are Negligible or Minor with the exception of injury or mortality (**Appendix F**). The impact significance of injury or mortality is **Moderate**. In the operational phase, the usage of large amounts of pesticides for agricultural purposes can have a spill over effect in the natural areas resulting in the death of these butterflies and their larvae.

Reptiles

Amongst the impact assessed for the two species of conservation significance recorded in the Project area, the Asian softshell turtle (*Amyda cartilaginea*; nationally endangered) and Malayan box terrapin (*Cuora amboinensis*; globally vulnerable), the impact significance for injury or mortality is Moderate while the impact significance for light and human disturbances are major. With infrastructures like road in place within the Project area, these two species are vulnerable to road kills. Moreover, being nocturnal and elusive species, they are likely to be impacted by activities carried out within the built facilities. Another probable species but not recorded during the field assessment was the common Malayan racer (*Coelognathus flavolineatus*) (**Appendix C – List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species**). This species shares similar impact significance with the other two reptiles due to similar reasonings.

Birds



All ten species of birds with threatened statuses and the two raptors' nests recorded in the Project area were assessed. Another 14 species of conservation significance were expected in the Project area but were not recorded (**Appendix C – List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species**). These 14 species were all determined to have similar impact types as the species that were recorded due to similarities in habitat preferences and behaviours and would thus not be additionally evaluated.

All the recorded birds have been given Moderate impact significance for injury or mortality. The ground dwelling species (red junglefowl and red-legged crake) are prone to roadkill risk, while the arboreal birds also are prone to bird strikes with the buildings in the built facilities. Bird strikes are common in Singapore, especially in areas where buildings are designed with glass surfaces, as the birds fail to perceive glass as a barrier due to the reflection on the glass surfaces. The nests were also given Moderate impact significance for injury or mortality as the activities in the built facility might result in abandonment of nest and thus, death of the chicks. The impact significance for light disturbances is Major for the black-crowned night heron and red-legged crake, as they are nocturnal species. The impact significance for light disturbances is Moderate for the rest of the bird species and nests. The impact significance for human disturbances is Major for black-crowned night heron and red-legged crake as they are typically shy and elusive. The impact significance for human disturbances is Minor for the red junglefowl as they have been frequency recorded in the vicinity of human activities and the impact significance for human disturbances is Moderate for the rest of the birds and nest.

Non-volant Mammals

Four species of non-volant mammals were considered for the impact assessment for the operational phase: the smooth-coated otter (*Lutrogale perspicillata*; nationally critically endangered), Sunda pangolin (*Manis javanica*; nationally critically endangered) and long-tailed macaque (*Macaca fascicularis*; globally vulnerable) and Eurasian wild boar (*Sus scrofa*; nationally not assessed). The impact significance of injury or mortality for all four species is Moderate as all four species are vulnerable to road kills. The long-tailed macaque and the Eurasian wild boar are likely to be involved in human-wildlife conflicts as they are forest-edge dwelling species that have learned to be habituated to human behaviours. Thus, even though the long-tailed macaques were not recorded during the field assessment but a probable species (*Appendix C – List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species*), they were deemed to have the same impact significance as the other three recorded species. The impact significance of light disturbance to the smooth-coated otter, the Eurasian wild boar and the long-tailed macaque is Moderate while the impact significance of light disturbance to the Sunda pangolin is Major as it is a nocturnal species. Lastly, the impact significance of human disturbances to the Sunda pangolin is Major as they are shy and elusive unlike the other two species which have been regularly spotted in vicinity of human disturbances.

4.0 RECOMMENDATION OF MITIGATION MEASURES

The implementation of minimum controls is insufficient to alleviate some significant environmental construction impacts (Moderate to Major impacts) of the Project. Project-specific mitigation measures are proposed for each phase of the Project – design, construction and operation. For instance, as the impact of habitat lost is Major and cannot be avoided if development is to proceed, the impact remains as Major and mitigation measures are recommended to be carried out for the design phase of the project. These mitigation measures should focus on protecting and enhancing the remaining habitats and minimizing the impacts on wildlife as deliberate process to achieve compensation of the lost greenery.

Mitigation measures are proposed in accordance with the following principles and mitigation hierarchy as reflected in **Figure 31**.



■ Elimination/ Avoidance – Where changes to the Project design and construction methodology can be made to eliminate or avoid an impact. If a full elimination is not possible, the next level of mitigation is to minimize the identified impact;

- Minimisation (Substitution) Where changes to the Project design and construction methodology cannot affect impact elimination or avoidance, use of alternative construction methodology or any enhancement measures can be adopted to minimize identified impacts. For example, use of silent piling instead of bore or sheet piling where practical, pipejacking instead of tunnel boring, etc.;
- Minimisation (Engineering controls) Where changes to the Project design and construction cannot affect impact avoidance and impact minimization via substitution, engineering controls can be adopted to further reduce identified impacts (and possibly an enhancement measure). For example, use of noise barriers to reduce noise, application of silt curtains to curb silt flow into drains, etc.;
- **Minimisation (Administrative controls)** Where applicable, enhanced mitigation can be achieved by applying administrative controls on top of engineering controls. These controls do not remove environmental hazards, but limit or prevent receptor's exposure to hazards;
- Remedy/ Repair/ Restore Where residual impacts need to be further reduced, measures should be taken to remedy/ restore/ repair the situation after the impact. For example, replanting of trees and shrubs in appropriate locations on the impacted site to restore part of the habitat after construction; and
- **Compensation/ Offset** Where possible, measures should be taken to compensate/ offset the impacts in a different part of the development, wherever technically and financially feasible.

The above mitigation approach is in line with the NParks BIA 2020 Guidelines (NParks, 2020) and the Hong Kong Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Ordinance Annex 16 (2019).

Mitigation measures stated here should be enforced if applicable. Most of the mitigation measures stated have overlapping and cascading effects on other impacts. Therefore, the relevant mitigation measures proposed should be implemented as good practice even if the impacts were evaluated as insignificant (i.e., Negligible or Minor). The following recommended mitigation measures are for the design, construction, and operation phases.



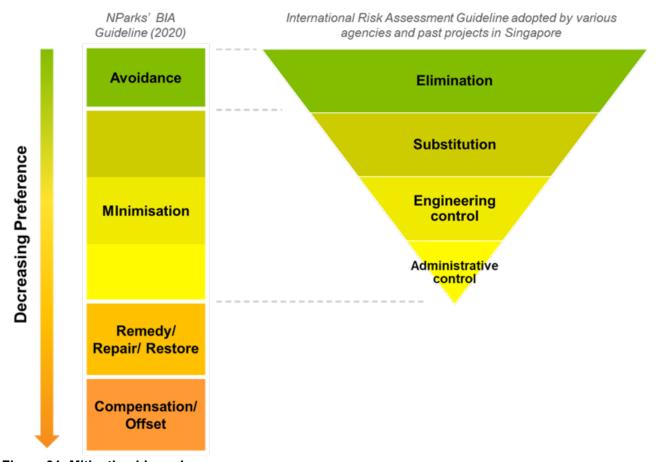


Figure 31: Mitigation hierarchy

While all mitigation measures recommended below serve to enhance the biodiversity to the site, some may achieve a larger positive impact on the development, or are key to ensuring certain objectives are met (e.g. preventing human-wildlife conflicts). **Table 21** provides a summary of recommended mitigation strategies.

Table 21: Summary of mitigation strategies

| Phase | Habitats | Fauna |
|--------------|--|---|
| Design | Elimination/ Avoidance Retention of buffer zones for areas of high conservation value considering existing and future plans for the Project area Remedy/Repair/ Restore Infill planting with a graded canopy line to protect forest edges Compensation/ Offset Enhancement of ecological connectivity to surrounding green areas Creation of aquatic habitat Creation of terrestrial habitat Creation of artificial refugia for pollinators Dual usage of space | Minimisation |
| Construction | Elimination/ Avoidance Ensure there are no works in and disturbances to areas outside of the worksite. Ensure any associated slope stabilisation and grading works will not impact topography, water quality and hydrology of areas outside the worksite. Minimisation (Engineering Controls) | Elimination/ Avoidance Avoid felling remaining trees and clearing remaining vegetation during the peak bird breeding season (March to July). Minimisation (Substitution) Carry out wildlife shepherding via clearing of the remaining vegetation towards the forested refuge area south of the Project area. |



| Phase | Habitats | Fauna | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| | Engage a Qualified Erosion Control Professional (QECP) to formulate and implement the ECM plans in accordance with the | Keep the northern access of Kranji Cross hoarded throughout the duration of the construction. | |
| | requirements slated by the PUB. Implement dust control measures, such as installing dust screens and water suppression systems. | Conduct pre-felling inspections for fauna before felling any remaining trees or removing any remaining vegetation. This should be conducted by an ecologist. | |
| | Minimisation (Administrative Controls) ■ Monitor the habitat quality at Kranji Cross. | Use quieter construction machinery/ equipment whenever possible. | |
| | Monitor the habitat quality at Kranji Cross.Monitor the water quality in the mangrove. | Minimisation (Engineering Controls) | |
| | Monitor the water quality and aquatic faunal community in the unlined earth drain. | Adopt road calming measures such as speed bumps to minimise roadkill accidents at the roads around the Project area. | |
| ■ En: | Ensure silt fences or other silt control measures along the site hoarding are installed and properly maintained. | Retain ground cover for as long as possible before removal. When ground cover is removed, ECM are to be in place. Use only fully biodegradable erosion control blankets (ECB) that do | |
| | Practise due diligence in proper storage and handling of machinery to prevent leaching of oil or harmful materials, such as bentonite slurry, especially into waterbodies. | not contain plastic/nylon meshes. Implement acoustic barriers to reduce noise pollution outside worksites. | |
| | | In situations where night-works are necessary and approved by the relevant authorities, it is essential to adopt the following framework: | |
| | | ■ Install lighting only where/when necessary. | |
| | | Limit the duration of lighting. | |
| | | Reduce the trespass of lighting by using minimal number of luminaires. | |



| Phase | Habitats | Fauna | |
|-------|----------|--|--|
| | | Use warm colour temperature light sources, preferably at less than 2,700 K. | |
| | | Minimise noise levels at night. | |
| | | Minimisation (Administrative Controls) | |
| | | Execute the Wildlife Response Plan if any fauna is found on- site. | |
| | | Conduct biodiversity awareness training for site personnel. | |
| | | Restrict site personnel access to areas of high conservation value and buffer areas. | |
| | | Monitor the nests of the changeable hawk-eagle (<i>N. cirrhatus</i>) and white-bellied sea eagle (<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>) that are adjacent to the worksite on a monthly basis to ensure that they are not affected/disturbed by works on-site. | |
| | | Conduct monthly surveys for straw-headed bulbuls (P. zeylanicus) to determine its persistence in adjacent habitats, identify important feeding or breeding grounds if any, and recommend mitigation measures where necessary (e.g., avoidance of noisy works in the vicinity of a nesting site). | |
| | | Conduct monthly ecologist site inspections to ensure contractor compliance and to identify potential fauna entrapments. | |
| | | The Project Owner should consider carrying out a full EIA to quantify the impacts of light, airborne noise, ground-borne | |



| Phase | Habitats | Fauna |
|-------------|--|--|
| | | vibration, and air quality on ecological receptors, so as to better inform the mitigation measures required to alleviate them. |
| Operational | Minimisation Pesticides are only used at targeted areas and avoid spraying them outdoors to limit the unintended negative impact on habitats. Where feasible, use alternative pest control strategies and avoid the use of pesticides to allow insect diversity to thrive. | Minimisation Activate adaptive features for preventing bird-building collisions such as exterior shades in a timely manner during the peak migratory season (September to February). Adopt an adaptive wildlife management strategy such as restricting access to areas with frequent human-wildlife conflict and putting up additional educational signages where necessary. Establish a wildlife response plan in consultation with NParks Animal Management Centre for encounters with trapped, injured or dead wildlife, as well as incidents of human-wildlife conflict. |



4.1 Design Phase

Table 22 lists a summary of the design strategies for biodiversity.

Table 22: Summary of design strategies for biodiversity

| Habitats | Fauna | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Protect Protect and enhance existing habitats | Amplify Restore ecological connections | Create Create habitats | Thrive Live harmoniously with nature |
| Elimination/ Avoidance Retention of buffer zones for areas of high conservation value considering existing and future plans for the Project area Remedy/Repair/ Restore Infill planting with a graded canopy line to protect forest edges | ■ Enhancement of ecological connectivity to surrounding green areas | Compensation/ Offset Creation of aquatic habitats Creation of terrestrial habitats Creation of artificial refugia for pollinators Dual usage of space | Minimisation Artificial light management Bird-friendly buildings Building designs to avoid humanwildlife conflict |

4.1.1 Habitats

Protect (Elimination/ Avoidance) – Buffer Zone

Habitats of high conservation value have been identified within the Project area (Figure 32). These habitats include the mangrove, unlined earth drain and Kranji Cross. These areas should be retained, together with a buffer zone of at least 30-m wide (Figure 33), throughout the development. For mangroves along Sungei Pang Sua, the 30-m buffer should be calculated from the drainage reserve line for Sungei Pang Sua. Considering the 30-m buffer along Sungei Pang Sua for the future NParks' Linear Park as well as the no earth cut zones safeguarded along Kranji Cross set aside by JTC in this development, sufficient buffer areas from Kranji Cross and the mangroves are provided as per recommended in Section 0 (Figure 32). The only exception is the eastern patch cleared area which have been accidentally cleared past the no earth cut zone, resulting in a 0.14ha area which should have been left untouched as areas of high conservation value. Infill planting will be implemented to ensure a seamless buffer in that area. To safeguard the areas of high conservation value around the unlined earth drain, plans have been proposed to avoid constructing of the trapezoidal drain over the unlined earth drain (Figure 37).

Habitat loss due to the development can expose habitats of high conservation value to detrimental effects arising from edge effects if not managed properly. New forest edges that are exposed to increased light and sound will result in colonization of exotic species, resulting in undesirable changes of species composition. Fauna that are sensitive will retreat further into the forest, leaving edge specialists to dominate the landscape.

Thus, in the proposal of a 30-m buffer, the following factors were considered:



While edge effects of vegetation have been documented up to 150 m (Murcia, 1995), 30 m is regarded as the minimum distance required to buffer the conservation area against tree falls, which is a key concern resulting from edge effects, since the tree height ranges up to 30 m. It also helps to protect the conservation area from other associated edge effects, such as changes in microclimatic conditions;

- Literature suggests 30 m buffers to be most effective in maintaining the water quality of waterbodies (Beacon Environmental Ltd, 2012; Dillaha et al.,1986; Environmental Law Institute 2003; Wenger 1999) as they allow for more consistent and complete attenuation of nutrients and sediments; and,
- Maintaining a distance away from work activities minimizes physical spillage, damage and disturbances to the habitat to be conserved.

In addition to the areas of high conservation value and its buffer areas, the trees with active raptors' nest and its surrounding 30-m vegetation should also be retained during the construction and should only be removed when the nests have been observed to be abandoned by the raptors. These areas have been highlighted as raptors' nest buffer area in **Figure 30**.

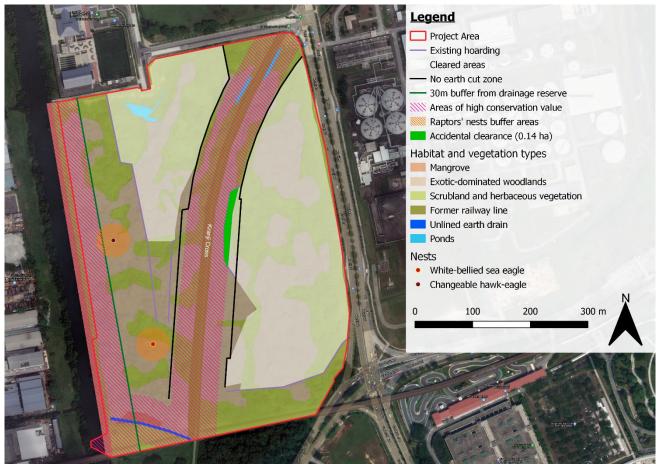


Figure 32: Areas of high conservation value and raptors' nest buffer area overlaid with no earth cut zone and 30-m buffer from drainage reserve



Figure 33: Example of buffer zone between forest and development

Additional areas to be retained have been considered in the southwestern portion of the Project area to provide additional refugia for wildlife and to improve connectivity between Sungei Pang Sua and Kranji Cross. The portion in the southwest of the Project area, which includes a cluster of albizia trees with the nest of the white-bellied sea eagle, is considered, and will meet the buffer recommended for the unlined earth drain (**Figure 34**). Please note that the proposed buffer in **Figure 34** presents this assessment's recommended further mitigating measure.



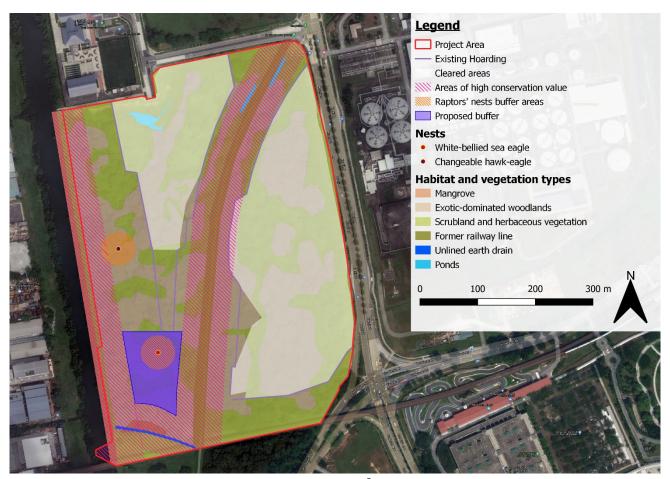


Figure 34: Proposed buffer for additional wildlife refugia⁵

Additionally, programming for human activities within these areas of high conservation value should be limited to light and quiet activities, e.g., walking trails, in the day only. The current plan is to build connecting structures between the eastern and western portions of the Project area and to design Kranji Cross as a communal space for human use. To achieve this objective while minimizing the impact to the biodiversity, it is recommended that the connecting structure be a grade-separated structure, so as to avoid the clearance of as many threatened flora species as possible while maximizing the connectivity of the buffer zones. The placement of the structure can be guided by the arboriculture plan of the Project area. As shown in **Figure 35**, the proposed potential locations to build such connecting structures do not overlap with any existing threatened flora species (Camphora, 2018). It is also important to ensure that these connecting structures are wildlife-friendly with graded crossings such that the connectivity within the buffer zones is not broken.

⁵ Presented as FBS-recommended potential further mitigating measure, and not based on JTC's land use plan.



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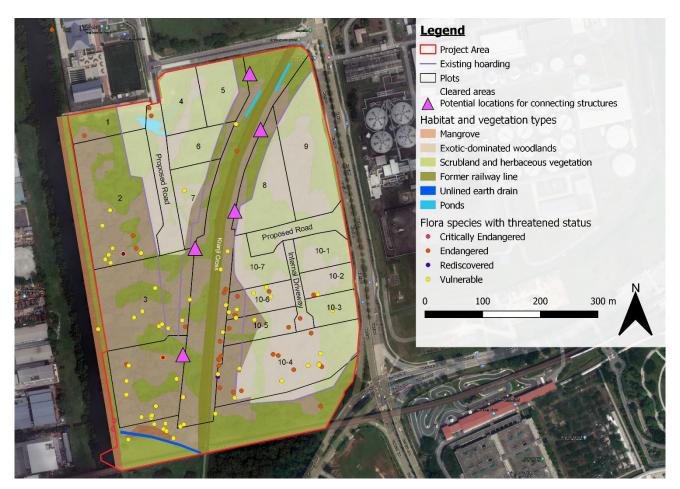


Figure 35: Proposed potential locations for connecting structures between the eastern and western portions of the Project area

A trapezoidal drain is proposed to be built over the unlined earth drain as part of the Project (**Figure 36**). This would result in the destruction of the unlined earth drain habitat. However, given that the unlined earth drain is a habitat of high ecological value, it should be retained with as little impact as possible. Thus, it is recommended that the trapezoidal drain be connected directly to the existing earth drain on the east side of the Kranji Cross. The water will then flow through the existing pipe culvert under Kranji Cross and into the unlined earth drain (**Figure 37**). The discharge from the trapezoidal drain should be within approved limits and mimic the natural hydrology of the current unlined earth drain while construction works around the unlined earth drain should be minimised to maintain its hydrology.

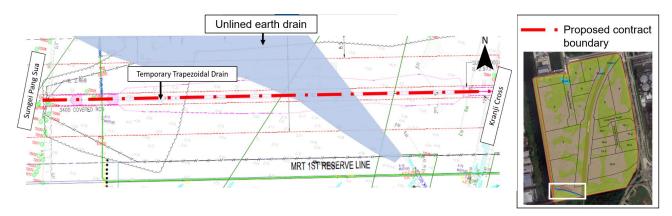


Figure 36: Current plan for the temporary trapezoidal drain which goes over the unlined earth drain (Source: CPG)

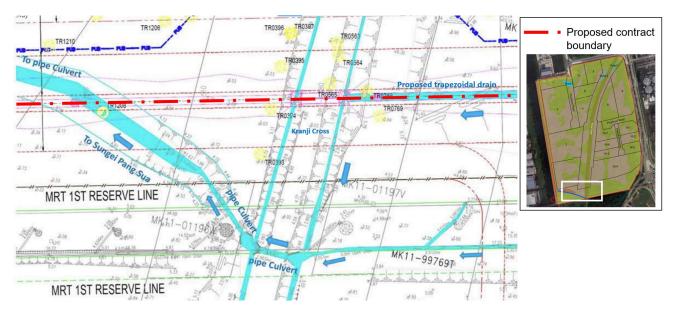


Figure 37: Proposed layout of trapezoidal drain and its connection to the unlined earth drain on the east of Kranji Cross (Source: CPG)

The existing plan for the 800-mm diameter water main is designed such that it cuts into the unlined earth drain and bends 90 degrees northwards (**Figure 38**). This will result in increased disturbances and possibly irreversible damage to the unlined earth drain. It is recommended that the watermain be diverted around the northern outer boundary of stream with at least 10-m no-construction-zone from the water edge (**Figure 38**).

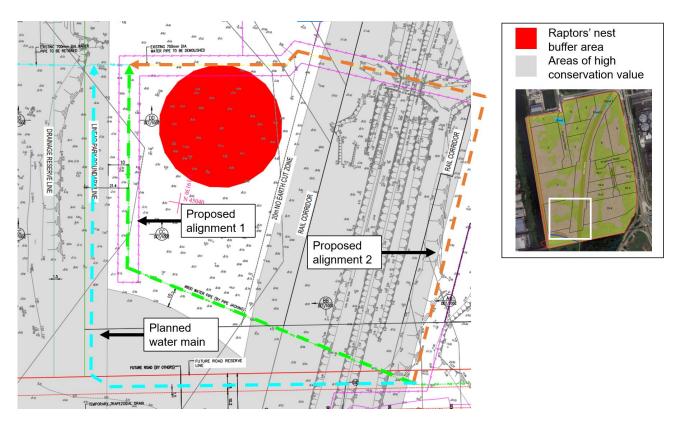


Figure 38: Existing plan and proposed diversion of water main (Source: CPG)

Protect (Remedy/ Repair/ Restore) - Infill Planting within the Buffer Zones

Vegetation density is an important factor for an effective forest buffer (DaWalle, 2010). Wherever possible, existing vegetation should be retained within the 30-m buffer set as areas of high conservation value (Figure 32), especially those along the mangroves, Kranji Cross and the unlined earth drain. If this is not possible, cleared buffers will be planted using infill planting to emulate the density and vegetation structure (i.e., trees and shrubs making up the canopy and understory) of the natural forest. Infill planting makes use of the existing forest framework, and with a native plant palette (Appendix I), jump starts succession into a more native-dominated forest. It is a common reforestation strategy and is not difficult to implement. Given that the height of trees in the site can be 20 to 30 m, the 30-m strip also serves as a buffer in the scenario of a tree fall. The planted vegetation will be deliberately tiered with shrubs at the outer edge followed by tree species of different mature height. This produces a graded canopy line that is shape-optimized to buffer wind and rain to reduce tree failure at the forest edges (Figure 39). Taking into consideration the cost efficiency of coordinating the infill planting efforts and maintenance of the buffer zones, it is recommended to have a centralised management system, preferably led by JTC instead of having individual management systems by the tenants.

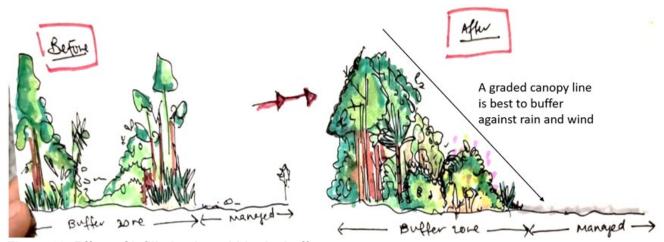


Figure 39: Effect of infill planting within the buffer zone

Amplify (Compensation/ Offset) - Ecological Connectivity

As the major impacts identified for this Project are the loss of habitat and the loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement, the compensatory measures are recommended here to offset some of these impacts. One way is to ensure that connectivity within the site and to the surrounding green spaces is maintained. As Kranji Cross is a key node for ecological connectivity between Mandai Mudflat to the north and Bukit Timah Nature Reserve and Central Catchment Nature Reserve to the south (**Figure 40**), it is important to maintain the vegetation along Kranji Cross as a densely wooded corridor to facilitate the movement of forest-dependent fauna species across the landscape. A 15.0 m-wide linear park proposed will sit between the drainage reserve of Sungei Pang Sua and JTC's proposed development and will act as a buffer between the two areas under the existing Masterplan 2019. Infill planting as described above should be implemented along Kranji Cross to compensate for the loss of forest within the Project area and amplify the suitability of Kranji Cross as a corridor for forest-dependent fauna species.

Within the development plots, lush biodiversity-friendly landscaping can help to increase connectivity and facilitate movement of fauna among the surrounding green patches (**Figure 41**). The following recommendations could be included in the design specifications for the sale of the remaining plots to prospective tenants.

- Plant keystone species such as fig trees. Figs have uncoordinated fruiting periods but fruit abundantly when in season. Thus, they are important food sources for avian fauna and small mammals.
- Increase vertical vegetation structures, i.e., ground cover, shrub, understorey and canopy layers, and forms, e.g., epiphytes, shrubs, ferns, trees.
- Use a native plant palette, examples of which are presented in the Guidelines on Urban Ecology and the Guidelines on Skyrise Greenery of NParks' Centre for Urban Greenery and Ecology and **Appendix I**.
- Select a diversity of flowering and fruiting plant species, including butterfly- and bird-attracting plant species. The selected species should preferably flower or fruit throughout the year so as to continuously attract pollinators such as butterflies, bees, and wasps, which contribute to forest ecosystems and services.
- Prioritise greening along streets or in areas with low disturbances, e.g., low traffic volumes and speeds, low human activities.



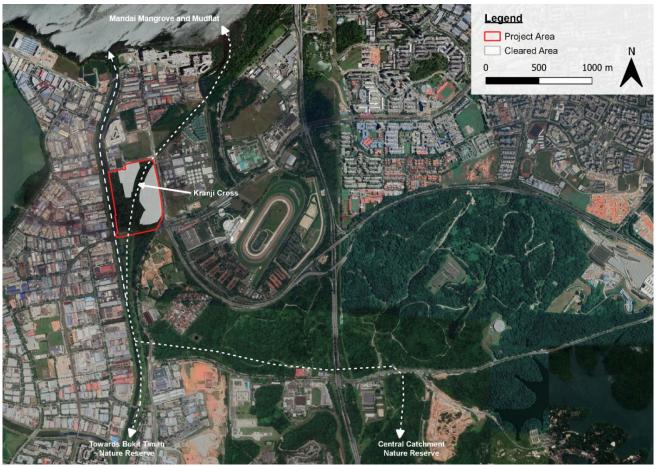


Figure 40: Kranji Cross as an ecological corridor between surrounding green spaces

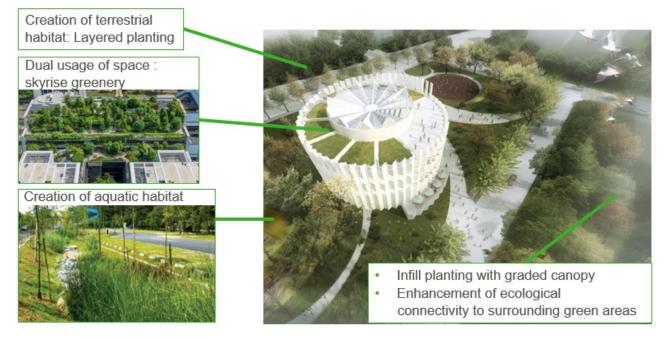


Figure 41: Proposed options to enhance ecological connectivity



Create (Compensation/ Offset) - Create Habitats

Habitat loss is inevitable in the process of development, but there are also opportunities to create and enhance habitats for biodiversity in the area. These strategies may help to offset some of the negative impacts resulting from the development. The following recommendations could be included in the design specifications for the sale of the remaining plots to prospective tenants.

Creation of aquatic habitats

ABC Waters Features are stormwater management systems built to mimic natural systems and can be integrated into the landscape. These features include vegetated swales, bio-retention basins (also known as rain gardens), detention ponds and wetlands and they replace the traditional stormwater management features such as concrete drains, canals, culverts and underground detention tanks (**Figure 42**). Various types of pathways should be provided to either cross these features, such as detention walls and boardwalks, or to run alongside them, such as stepping stones and gravel paths, allowing people to enjoy the environment visually as well as get up close to the flora and fauna as well. Studies have shown that fauna species richness and composition in these type of stormwater features is higher than that of lawn-type or garden-bed type of greenspaces (Kazemi et al., 2009) and therefore, by inference, concrete-based infrastructure. The presence of plants, leaf litter, soil, gravel and rocks create habitats that provide both food and refuge (Kazemi et al., 2009, Sng, 2012) for animals such as invertebrates, amphibians and reptiles. On the larger precinct scale, the presence of these aquatic and semi-aquatic features in the landscape increase habitat heterogeneity (Kazemi et al., 2009, Sng, 2012 Zhang et al., 2018). **Table 23** describes the specific recommendations for each feature.



Figure 42: (A) Example of vegetated swales integrated in carpark facility; (B) Example of bio-retention basins

Table 23: ABC waters features and specific recommendations for habitat creation

| ABC Waters Feature | Temporary or Permanent Waterbody | Habitat Created | Spe | cific Recommendations |
|---|--|---|-----|---|
| Swale | Temporary | Ephemeral freshwater stream after a rain event | | Swale should be vegetated on the side of slopes and base. For fauna to move in and out of the swale, the slope should be at a gradient of at least 1:4. |
| Rain garden | Temporary | Ephemeral freshwater body after a rain event | • | Rain garden should be vegetated on the sides and base. For fauna to move in and out of the rain garden, the slope should be at a gradient of at least 1:4. Flowering and fruiting plants should be used to attract wildlife such as butterflies and birds. |
| Detention/ retention pond/ wetland | Permanent | Pond with plants on water edge | • | Detention ponds normally serve as temporary waterbodies and drain out shortly after a rain event to meet PUB's Code of Practice on Surface Water Drainage, whereas retention ponds are permanent waterbodies. The designed pond may have both detention and retention functions, therefore having a permanent water level with an additional fluctuating water depth. Designing smaller and shallower pockets of water at the edges will be beneficial to fauna that are dependent on semi-aquatic habitats. Water depth of these pockets may vary from 30 to 100 mm. |
| | | | • | Keep the edges and base of the pond as natural as possible. Some organic matter such as fallen leaves should be kept at the base of the pond as this acts as a food source for detritivores, which in turn are a food source for other fauna. |
| | | | | For fauna to move in and out of the pond, the gradient of portions of the slope should be at least 1:4. |
| | | | • | Have a mix of ground cover, water-tolerant, floating and emergent plants, which will provide different perching and refuge structures for fauna around the edges of the pond. |
| | | | • | Consider a maintenance strategy for the clearing of the plants that is naturalistic and removes plants in an alternating fashion. This will ensure that there will always be mature plants in the pond/wetland. |



Creation of terrestrial habitats

Habitat enhancement and creation of terrestrial habitats can be done along buffer zones (Section 4.1.1) to accelerate forest succession via reforestation (specifically, infill planting) to increase floristic diversity and structural complexity (**Figure 43**).

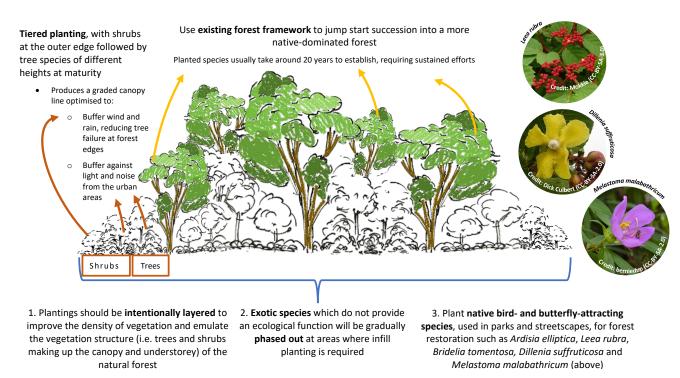


Figure 43: Summary of strategies in creation and enhancement of terrestrial habitats

Creation of artificial refugia for pollinators

Artificial refugia for pollinators can be incorporated with skyrise greenery. These pollinator houses attract solitary bees and wasps to take refuge, and to serve as an educational element for visitors. This could be included in the design specifications for the sale of remaining plots to prospective tenants. **Figure 44** shows examples of pollinator houses that can be constructed. However, it is important to consider the factors below to avoid doing more harm than good, especially when environmental factors result in unsuccessful brooding (Krombein, 1967).

- Use natural materials such as bamboo or wooden tubes to construct the pollinator houses.
- Avoid using plastic materials as they are difficult for the pollinators to cling onto, causing them to tire out while nesting.
- Ensure that the design allows water to drain so as to prevent flooding from rainfall and excessive humidity, fungal growth and brooding failure.
- Locate the pollinator houses in partial shade to prevent overheating.
- Use tubes of varying sizes to attract more species.



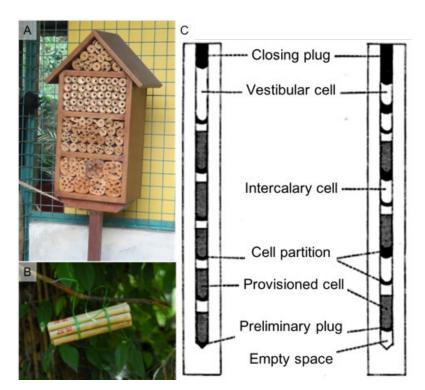


Figure 44: Examples of pollinator houses ((A) A specially constructed house with tubes of varying sizes; (B) A simple trap bundle that may also serve as a pollinator house (Barthelemy, 2012); (C) Nest architecture of solitary bees and wasps (Krombein, 2967))

Dual usage of space

Spaces allocated for human usage can also benefit wildlife if they are designed using ecological concepts. An example is skyrise greenery, which allows both human and wildlife to utilize the sample space whilst minimizing conflict. This could be included in the design specifications for the sale of the remaining plots to prospective tenants.

Roof gardens, green roofs, green terraces and green walls have the potential to be functional habitats for biodiversity. Through appropriate planting and landscaping, skyrise greenery can provide food and shelter for fauna, particularly flying taxa such as birds, butterflies, bats and odonates. Skyrise greenery also serves as ecological stepping stones, enhancing ecological connectivity in the broader urban landscape (Mayrand & Clergeau, 2018).

The inclusion of skyrise greenery will soften the facade of the buildings, allowing them to blend into the surrounding forest backdrop. Roof gardens, green terraces and green walls can follow the design principles for biodiversity-attracting skyrise greenery as described in **Appendix G** (Centre for Urban Greenery and Ecology, 2017). The tenants should take their own management measures from design of facilities to workflow to avoid any cross contamination from the natural biodiversity to their agricultural products.

4.1.2 Fauna

Thrive (Miniminisation)

As the Project area is designated as an Agri-Food Innovation Park, it is important for humans and wildlife to coexist within the same space harmoniously. To allow for this coexistence, there are several design strategies



that can be implemented and included in the specifications for the sale of the remaining plots to prospective tenants.

Artificial Light Management

Ecological light pollution includes chronic or periodically increased illumination, unexpected changes in illumination, and direct glare experienced by flora and fauna (Longcore & Rich, 2004). Ecological light pollution has demonstrable effects on the behavioural and population ecology of organisms in natural settings. A source of ecological light pollution is sky glow, which is the brightness of the night sky caused by the reflected light scattered from particles in the atmosphere. Sky glow comprises both natural and artificial sky glow. As sky glow increases so does the potential for adverse impacts on wildlife. As a whole, these effects may affect foraging, reproduction, migration, and communication of wildlife.

Artificial light management aims to minimize ecological light pollution to reduce associated impacts on flora and fauna, through the guidelines stated below.

- Establish lighting buffer zones with no artificial illumination around the areas of high conservation value, and vary illuminance limits from the lighting buffer zones (Figure 45).
 - There should be no artificial illumination within the areas of high conservation value.
 - Permanent artificial lightings should be directed away from the areas of high conservation value. Higher levels of illuminance can be tolerated with increasing distance from the areas of high conservation value.
 - An illuminance upper limit of 0.5 lux is recommended within the lighting buffer zone (Bath and North East Somerset Council, 2018), but site conditions should be factored into consideration as well, e.g. ambient light levels within the Project area; if a lighting buffer zone is not possible, minimise illuminance in the transition zone between the areas of high conservation value and urban areas.

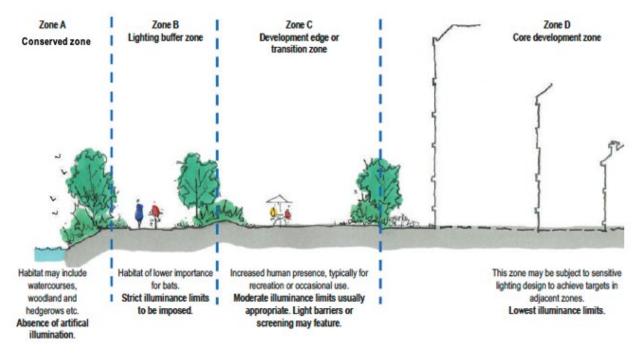


Figure 45: Example of illuminance limit zonation, adapted from BCT and ILP, 2018



Start with natural darkness. Add artificial light only when necessary, and use lighting appropriate for the task. Use only the minimum number and intensity of lights needed to provide safe and secure illumination for the area at the time required to meet the lighting objectives. For example, Figure 46 provides options from best to worst for lighting for a parking lot.

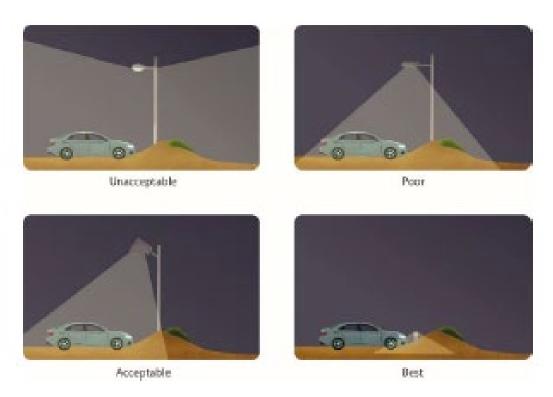


Figure 46: Lighting options for a parking lot. Reproduced from source: Pendoley et al. (2020) adapted from Withering and Martin (2003)

- Use adaptive light controls, such as smart controlled LED lights, to manage light timing, intensity and colour. The use of lights should be minimized during hours just before dawn and after dusk when crepuscular and nocturnal animals are the most active.
- Optimise the placement of lights to minimize light spill, i.e., the light that falls outside of the area intended to be lit. Light only the object or area intended and keep lights close to the ground, directed and shielded to avoid light spill (Figure 46, Figure 47).
 - Existing lights can be modified by installing a shield.
 - Ensure the luminaire is mounted horizontally (no upward tilt) relative to the ground and not at an angle, or mounted on a building so that the structure prevents the light shining above the horizontal plane, for example recess a light into an overhanging roof eave. Use luminaires with an upward light ratio of 0%. When determining angle of the mounting, consideration should be given to the reflective properties of the receiving environment.
 - If an unshielded fitting is to be used, consideration should be given to the direction of the light and the need for some form of permanent physical opaque barrier that will provide the shielding requirement. This can be a cover or part of a building. Care should be taken to also shield adjacent surfaces, if they



are lightly coloured, to prevent excessive reflected light from adding to sky glow. Examples of acceptable and unacceptable fixtures are shown in **Figure 49**.

Reduce the height of light units to keep light as close to the ground as possible and reduce the volume of illuminated space. This allows nocturnal fauna, such as bats, to fly over the light units in the dark area above the light. An example from Netherlands is shown in Figure 50.



Figure 47: Lights should be shielded to avoid lighting anything but the target area or object. Figure adapted from Withering and Martin (2003)

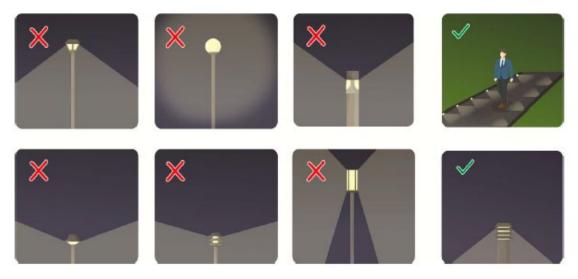


Figure 48: Walkway lighting should be mounted as low as possible and shielded. Figure adapted from Withering & Martin (2003)



Figure 49: Examples of acceptable and unacceptable lighting fixtures. Source: Bob Crelin (2005)



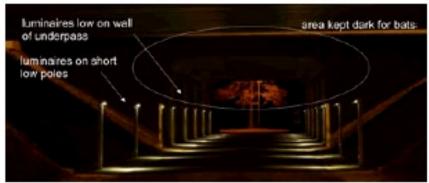


Figure 50: Installation of luminaires on short poles to reduce artificial light at night on a commuting route for bats through an underpass in the Netherlands (the same place in daylight and at night). Source: Voigt et al. (2018); photograph by F. Brekelmans

- Configure the location, orientation and height of structures to minimize light spill on key habitats and features.
 - Buildings, walls and hardscapes may be sited and designed to block light spill from reaching habitats (Figure 51).
 - Taller buildings may be best located towards the centre of the site or sufficiently set back from key habitats to minimise light spill.
 - Streetlights can be located so that the rear shields are adjacent to habitats thereby directing light into the task area where needed.

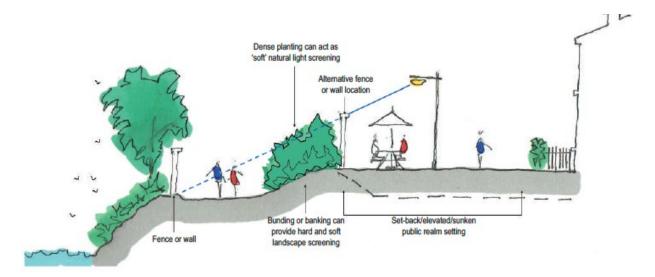


Figure 51: Examples of physical light screening options (BCT & ILP, 2018)

- Screening of light spills or light trespass through soft landscaping and installation of walls, fences and bunding. Fencing can also be overplanted with climbers to soften its appearance and provide a vegetated feature for fauna. While newly planted vegetation (trees, shrubs and scrub) is unlikely to adequately contribute to light attenuation on key habitats for a number of years until it is well established, it should never be relied on as the sole means of attenuating light spill.
- Use wildlife-friendly light properties or features:
 - Low-glare lighting enhances visibility for the user at night, reduces eye fatigue, improves night vision and delivers light where it is needed.
 - Non-reflective, dark-coloured surfaces. Light reflected from highly polished, shiny or light-coloured surfaces such as white painted infrastructure, polished marble or white sand can contribute to sky glow. In considering surface reflectance, the need to view the surface should be taken into consideration as darker surfaces will require more light to be visible.
 - Reduced or filtered blue, violet and ultra-violet wavelengths.
 - Short wavelength light (blue) scatters more readily in the atmosphere and therefore contributes more to sky glow than longer wavelength light. Further, most wildlife is sensitive to short wavelength (blue/violet) light.
 - As a general rule, only lights with little or no short wavelength (400–500 nm) violet or blue light should be used to avoid unintended effects.
 - It is not possible to tell how much blue light is emitted from an artificial light source by the colour of light it produces. LEDs of all colours, particularly white, can emit a high amount of blue light and the Colour Correlated Temperature (CCT) only provides a proxy for the blue light content of a light source. Consideration should be given to the spectral characteristics (spectral power distribution curve) of the lighting to ensure short wavelength (400–500 nm) light is minimised.
 - Warm colour temperature light sources to be employed preferably at <2,700 Kelvin (K).
 - It is important to point out that UV light is useless in streetlights since it cannot be perceived by humans. Hence, wavelengths in the UV range can be filtered without any decrease in illuminance level. In contrast to humans, many bats can perceive UV light. For them, light sources emitting UV



waste light presumably appear brighter than light sources with longer wavelength spectra. Consequently, UV-emitting lamps are particularly disturbing for light-averse bats and filtering the UV part of the spectrum may mitigate the effect of artificial night lighting on them.

Bird-friendly buildings

Bird-building collisions occur when birds fail to perceive glass as a barrier due to reflection of sky, trees, or flyway on the glass surface. Bird-building collisions can be reduced by integrating bird-friendly designs to add visual cues to birds (Sheppard & Phillips, 2015), such as:

- Reduce the amount of glass façade or break up reflections on glass façade by installing a decorative cladding over it.
- Incorporate features that increase the visibility of glass (including mirrored and non-mirrored reflective glass, and transparent glass) or dampen reflections to reduce the appearance of clear passage to sky or vegetation. Possible strategies include film coating (e.g., CollidEscape; http://www.collidescape.org), angled glass, interior or exterior shades, decals, fenestration patterns, grilles, sunshades, screens, blinds and netting. Exterior shades confer the freedom of choosing to only use it during periods where bird collisions are expected to be most frequent, such as during the migratory seasons (Figure 52).
- Decals or patterns can be used to increase the visibility of the glass (Figure 11). The pattern should be as dense as possible to appear more clearly as a solid object to birds and be more effective. The City of Toronto (2016) recommends:
 - A pattern density of 10 cm by 10 cm or less;
 - Visual markers to be at least 5 mm in diameter;
 - Visual markers should be high contrast; and
 - Targeting exterior surface as it is the most effective for deterring bird collisions.
- Avoid interior or exterior vegetation near windows as birds may confuse this with exterior vegetation and fly towards them. If they are close to natural vegetation, the façade should have shades or netting installed near the glass to prevent birds from crashing into it.
- Buildings should not have courtyards or corridors that are enclosed by glass as these may confuse birds to fly through.



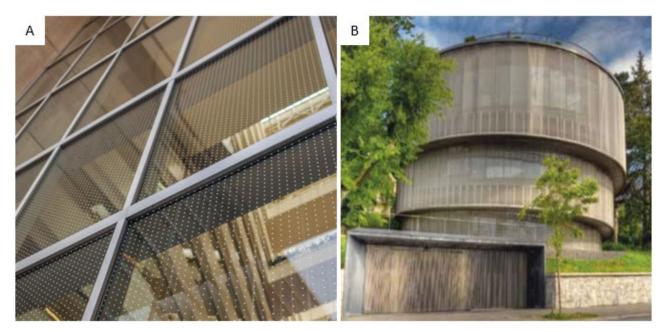


Figure 52: (A) Example of visible visual markers recommended by City of Toronto (2016); (B) Example of exterior shades in front of glass surfaces in the building

Building designs to prevent human-wildlife conflict

Species that can be implicated in human-wildlife conflict were identified in the desktop and field assessment. These include the long-tailed macaque (Macaca fascicularis), Eurasian wild boar (Sus scrofa), snakes, and small mammals (e.g., rodents). These are often viewed as pests as they may enter urban areas in search of food. Refuse represents an easily accessible, high yield, and reliable food source for these animals. As such, any food and beverage establishments in the development on the lower floors should be kept indoors. This is to prevent macaques and Eurasian wild boars from venturing in to obtain food sources. Moreover, considering that the space will be used for high-tech food and agricultural purposes, it is important that the landscaping and infrastructure should keep in mind the capabilities and behaviour of the arboreal species such as macaques.

Furthermore, to prevent any potential entrapment of fauna which can escalate to a human-wildlife conflict, design features such as controlled ancillary openings in the buildings and educating tenants against food provisioning can encourage the fauna to remain within the vegetated buffer areas. For tenants whose facilities necessitate fencing, one-way trap doors are recommended to be included in part of the design, facing the natural vegetation to allow for any accidental entrapment of Eurasian wild boars to exit the facility safely.

Proper waste management techniques are extremely crucial within the development. For instance, all waste bins should be wildlife-proof and waste management centres should be enclosed (**Figure 53**).

However, reducing human-wildlife conflict will require behavioural change on the public's part as well. Thus, it is important to educate the public and ensure there is no provisioning of food that can lead to human-wildlife conflicts. Educational signages in linear parks along Kranji Cross (**Figure 54**) are cost-effective methods that can increase awareness and engage visitors in local wildlife.





Figure 53: (A) Long-tailed macaques (*Macaca fascicularis*) rummaging a bin; (B) wildlife-proof waste bin



Figure 54: Educational signboards to educate visitors not to feed wildlife

Interface between uneven levels for vegetated buffer and plots

Based on the development platform levels planned by the project and the levels in the vegetated buffer (no earth cut zone), there are differences in the levels across the buffers along Kranji Cross. In the areas where the buffer's levels are at a lower level than the plot's development level, a gentle vegetated slope should be maintained towards the developmental plots to maintain the green connectivity throughout the Project area. In the areas where the buffer's levels are at a higher level than the plot's development level (where a retaining wall is required), there should be a fence along the buffer edge to prevent ground dwelling animals, e.g., Eurasian wild boar and Sunda pangolin, from falling into the infrastructure within the plot and becoming potential road kills or cases of human-wildlife conflict. As both the notable ground-dwelling species, the Eurasian wild boar and Sunda pangolin, are excellent diggers, typical Green-Chain linked fences will not be



effective as they can easily go under the fence. Effective fencing that will also minimize accidental entrapment of ground-dwelling fauna should consider the following guidelines:

- All fencing/hoarding should be start at least 20cm underground to prevent animals from burrowing through them (The Deer Initiative, 2009). An example would be having a cement base beneath the fence (Figure 55A).
- All fences should be at least 1.8m in height to prevent animals from jumping over the fence. (Scott, 2003; The Deer Initiative, 2009)
- Fences should be maintained regularly to ensure there are no climbers smothering them as that could result in wildlife scaling the fence, reducing the effectiveness of the fence. Also, it is essential to ensure no failure in the fences.
- Thus, to reduce the failure rates of the fences, the durability of the fences should be considered, e.g., BRC or weldfences made with high tensile strength steel wires (**Figure 55B**).
- To prevent entrapment of wildlife (especially the Sunda Pangolin), a 20mm x 20mm wire mesh size is recommended (Nguyen et al., 2014).



Figure 55: (A) Fences with cement base to prevent animals from burrowing through them; (B) BRC or weldfences along a vegetated area at Pasir Ris Park

Two parcel options have been proposed, and the approximate difference in platform levels is given in **Figure 56** (Option 1) and **Figure 57** (Option 2). Fencing is recommended to be installed in areas where the planned platform level and current platform level exceeds 1.0 m, as adult Eurasian wild boars have been recorded to have a shoulder height of 0.9 m (University of Michigan, 2021).

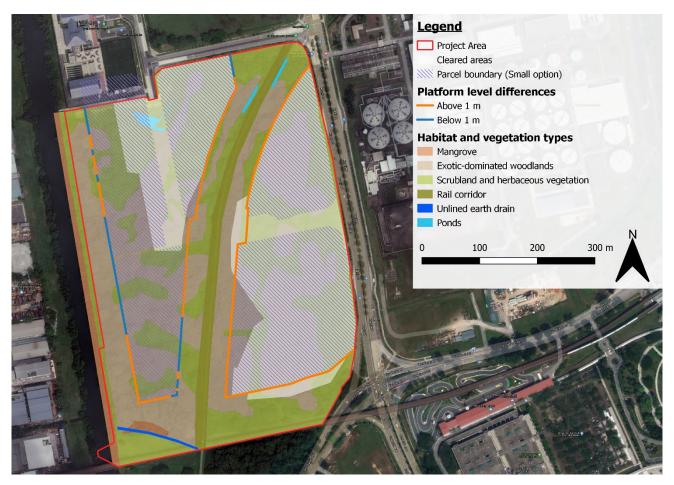


Figure 56: Height difference between the current and future platform levels along the parcel boundary (Option 1)



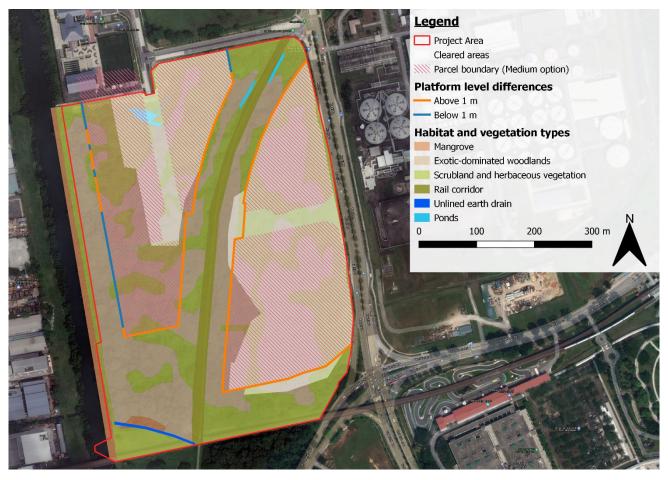


Figure 57: Height difference between the current and future platform levels along the parcel boundary (Option 2)

4.2 Construction Phase

The EMMP (Section 4.5) has been updated to reflect the recommendations applicable during the construction phase.

4.2.1 Habitats

- Elimination/ Avoidance
 - Ensure there are no works in and disturbances to areas outside of the worksites, especially at the areas of high conservation value - Kranji Cross, the mangrove, and unlined earth drain.
 - Ensure any associated slope stabilisation and grading works will not impact topography of areas outside the worksites as well as water quality and hydrology of the mangrove and unlined earth drain.
- Minimisation (Engineering Controls)
 - Engage a QECP to formulate and implement the ECM plans in accordance with the requirements slated by the PUB.
 - Implement dust control measures, such as installing dust screens and water suppression systems.
- Minimisation (Administrative Controls)



- Monitor the habitat quality at Kranji Cross.
- Monitor the water quality in the mangrove.
- Monitor the water quality and aquatic faunal community in the unlined earth drain.
- Ensure silt fences or other silt control measures along the site hoarding are installed and properly maintained.
- Practise due diligence in proper storage and handling of machinery to prevent leaching of oil or harmful materials, such as bentonite slurry, especially into waterbodies.

4.2.2 Fauna

Elimination/ Avoidance

 Avoid felling remaining trees and clearing remaining vegetation during the peak bird breeding season (March to July).

Minimisation (Substitution)

- Carry out wildlife shepherding via clearing of the remaining vegetation. This entails clearing the site
 from existing cleared areas towards the forested refuge area south of the Project area.
- Keep the northern access of Kranji Cross hoarded throughout the duration of the construction to prevent ground-dwelling fauna such as Eurasian wild boars (S. scrofa) and Sunda pangolins (M. javanica) from being displaced onto adjacent roads (i.e., Kranji Road and Kranji Close) and colliding with vehicles.
- Conduct pre-felling inspections for fauna before felling any remaining trees or removing any remaining vegetation. This should be conducted by an ecologist.
- Use quieter construction machinery/equipment as opposed to loud and noisy machinery/equipment whenever possible.

Minimisation (Engineering Controls)

- Adopt road calming measures such as speed bumps, and other mitigation measures such as restriction
 on speed of vehicles, to minimise roadkill accidents at the roads around the Project area.
- Retain ground cover for as long as possible before removal. When ground cover is removed, ECM are to be in place. Use only fully biodegradable ECB that do not contain plastic/nylon meshes to avoid trapping fauna, particularly fossorial snakes.
- Implement acoustic barriers to reduce noise pollution outside the worksites.
- In situations where night-works are necessary and approved by the relevant authorities, it is essential to develop a night work-specific EMMP, including but not limited to the following framework:
 - Install lighting only where/when necessary.
 - Limit the duration of lighting.
 - Reduce the trespass of lighting by using minimal number of luminaires, positioning the light sources
 at low positions relative to the ground, directing and shielding the area to minimise light spills into
 adjacent habitats while having the necessary lighting levels for working safely.



- Use warm colour temperature light sources, preferably at less than 2,700 K.
- Minimise noise levels at night.
- The Project Owner should consider carrying out a full EIA to quantify the impacts of light, airborne noise, ground-borne vibration, and air quality on ecological receptors, so as to better inform the mitigation measures required to alleviate them.
- Minimisation (Administrative Controls)
 - Execute the Wildlife Response Plan if any fauna is found on-site.
 - Conduct biodiversity awareness training for site personnel.
 - Restrict site personnel access to areas of high conservation value and buffer areas.
 - Monitor the nests of the changeable hawk-eagle (N. cirrhatus) and white-bellied sea eagle (Haliaeetus leucogaster) that are adjacent to the worksites on a monthly basis to ensure that they are not affected/disturbed by works on-site.
 - Conduct monthly surveys for straw-headed bulbuls (*P. zeylanicus*) to determine its persistence in adjacent habitats, identify important feeding or breeding grounds if any, and recommend mitigation measures where necessary, e.g., avoidance of noisy works in the vicinity of a nesting site.
 - Conduct monthly ecologist site inspections to ensure contractor compliance and to identify potential fauna entrapments.

4.3 Operational Phase

Due diligence should be exercised by the management and tenants of the development to implement operational procedures and maintenance regimes that are in line with the design intents set out during the design phase (Section 4.1).

4.3.1 Habitats

Planted landscapes should be judiciously maintained according to design intents:

- Allow areas designated as buffer zones to naturalise. Maintenance in buffer zones, if any, should be infrequent and light (Section 4.1.1)
- For ABC Waters Features, adopt a maintenance regime where removal of plants is done in a partial alternating manner to ensure there will always be mature plants in the pond/wetland (Section 4.1.1)
- Where feasible, use alternative pest control strategies and avoid the use of pesticides to allow insect diversity to thrive. When pesticides are required, only use them at targeted areas and avoid spraying them outdoors to limit the unintended negative impact on habitats.

4.3.2 Fauna

Where buildings adopt adaptive features for preventing bird-building collisions such as exterior shades (Section 4.1.2), ensure these are activated in a timely manner during the peak migratory season (September to February)



Adopt an adaptive wildlife management strategy such as restricting access to areas with frequent humanwildlife conflict and putting up additional educational signages where necessary.

Establish a wildlife response plan in consultation with NParks Animal Management Centre for encounters with trapped, injured or dead wildlife, as well as incidents of human-wildlife conflict

4.4 Residual Impacts

4.4.1 Construction Phase

Habitats

The assessment of residual impacts during the construction phase was conducted for the selected sensitive habitat receptors. Before mitigation measures were theoretically implemented, the impact significance for the loss of vegetation was Major for exotic-dominated woodland as well as scrubland and herbaceous vegetation while the impact significance for changes in species composition was Moderate for Kranji Cross and Major for exotic-dominated woodland.

As the major level impacts are mainly a result of loss of vegetation, the appropriate mitigation measure to implement would be to retain the areas of high conservation value with a vegetated buffer of at least 30-m wide (Section 4.1.1) at the design phase. However, given that the majority of the habitats will still be removed, the residual impact significance will remain as Major.

As for the changes in species composition, with enhancement of habitat through infill planting (Section 4.1.1) at the design phase, it is possible to reduce edge effects and reduce the impact significance to Minor.

Fauna

Butterflies

The most severe impact during construction phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Major significance to threatened butterfly species as a result of loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources. With the implementation of the recommended retention of areas of high conservation value and buffer zones, the butterflies may still persist, but as most of the habitats will be lost, the impact significance will remain Major.

Reptiles

The most severe impacts during construction phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Major significance to the threatened reptiles as a result of loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources as well as loss of ecological connectivity. With the implementation of the recommended retention of areas of high conservation value and buffer zones, the reptiles may still utilize the habitat as a corridor, but as most of the habitats will be lost, the impact significance will remain Major.

Birds

The most severe impacts during construction phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Major significance to most of the forest-dependent threatened birds as a result of loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources as well as loss of ecological connectivity. With the implementation of the recommended retention of areas of high conservation value and buffer zones, the more sensitive bird species may still utilize the Project area as a corridor, but as most of the habitats will be lost, the impact significance will remain Major. For the more urban-adapted species such as the Oriental magpie-robin (*C. saularis*) and red junglefowl (*G. gallus*), the retention of areas of high conservation value and vegetated buffer zones may be sufficient to sustain the populations, reducing the impact significance to Moderate.



Other impacts of Major significance to birds include human presence. Provision of vegetated buffer zones and restricting personnel access to areas of high conservation value may alleviate the impact on the more disturbance-tolerant species and the impact significance may be reduced to Moderate. However, the more sensitive species will likely still be displaced from the habitats adjacent to the worksites, and the impact significance remains Major.

Non-volant Mammals

The species that is likely to be the most severely impacted during construction phase is the Sunda pangolin (*M. javanica*). Before mitigation measures were implemented, loss of/reduction in habitats and food sources, loss of ecological connectivity and human presence are all of Major significance. Retention of areas of high conservation value and buffer zones and restriction of personnel access to these areas, the pangolin may still utilize the Project area as a corridor, but as they are highly sensitive and most of the habitats will be lost, the impact significance will remain Major.

4.4.2 Operational Phase

Habitats

In the assessment of residual impacts during the operational phase for the selected sensitive habitat receptors, the impact significance was Moderate for Kranji Cross, exotic-dominated woodland as well as scrubland and herbaceous vegetation before mitigation measures were theoretically implemented.

As the major level impacts are mainly a result of changes in species composition, the appropriate mitigation measure to implement would be to implement a judicious landscape maintenance regime (Section 4.3.1). This will reduce the residual impact significance to Minor.

Fauna

Butterflies

The most severe impact during operational phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Moderate significance to the threatened butterflies as a result of injury or mortality. By limiting the indiscriminate use of pesticides and other promoting the use of other pest control strategies, the impact significance will be reduced to Minor.

Reptiles

The most severe impacts during operational phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Major significance to the threatened reptiles as a result of light disturbances and human presence. With the implementation of artificial light management strategies and limiting human activities in areas of high conservation value and buffer zones, the impact significance will be reduced to Moderate.

Birds

The most severe impacts during operational phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Major significance to the threatened birds as a result of light disturbance and human presence. With the implementation of artificial light management strategies and limiting human activities in areas of high conservation value and buffer zones, the impact significance will be reduced to Moderate.

Non-volant Mammals

The most severe impacts during operational phase before mitigation measures were implemented is of Major significance to the threatened mammals as a result of light disturbance and human presence. With



the implementation of artificial light management strategies and limiting human activities in areas of high conservation value and buffer zones, the impact significance will be reduced to Moderate.

4.5 Future Developments

Subsequent developments in the vicinity of the Project were identified and high-level mitigation are considered based on potential impact to receptors identified as part of the FBS. These recommendations are beyond the current Project scope and boundary and the scope of work of this FBS. These recommendations will be subject to the developer's discussion/s with relevant agencies when the designs of the developments are available. (**Appendix G**).

5.0 BIODIVERSITY MONITORING PROGRAMME

5.1 Scope of Work and Objectives

The BMP will be conducted during the construction phase, over an initial period of 15 months, based on agreed EBS scope of work (Section 1).

Table 24 summarises the objectives and management measures/monitoring parameters that will be carried out.

Table 24: Summary of objectives and management measures/monitoring parameters for the biodiversity monitoring programme

| Objectives | Management Measures/Monitoring Parameters | Location | Frequency |
|---|---|--|--|
| Prevent entrapment/ | Site clearance | Within worksites | During site clearance |
| injury/ mortality to fauna | Pre-felling fauna inspections prior to tree felling or vegetation removal | Within worksites | During site clearance |
| | Post-site clearance fauna inspections | Within worksites | After site clearance |
| | Site inspections to check for presence of trapped/ injured/ dead fauna, potential fauna entrapments and gaps in site hoarding | Within worksites | Monthly and upon installation of new hoarding sections |
| | Closure of northern access of Kranji Cross to prevent fauna road kills | Kranji Cross | Throughout duration of construction |
| | Phasing of trapezoidal drain construction | Trapezoidal drain | Throughout duration of construction |
| Minimise impacts of construction works on sensitive habitats in close proximity | Monitoring of sensitive habitats in the vicinity, e.g., excessive vegetation removal, illegal dumping | Sungei Pang Sua, unlined earth drain, Kranji Cross, ponds | Monthly |
| Monitor and mitigate impacts to raptor nests | Observations of nesting activity | Raptor nests adjacent to worksites | Monthly |



| Objectives | Management Measures/Monitoring Parameters | Location | Frequency |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Monitor and mitigate impacts to straw-headed bulbuls (<i>P. zeylanicus</i>) | Presence, abundance, locations and behaviour of straw-headed bulbuls (<i>P. zeylanicus</i>) | Adjacent to worksites | Monthly |
| Prevent human-wildlife conflict | Toolbox briefings on biodiversity awareness | Within worksites | When required, up to quarterly |

5.2 Pre-felling Fauna Inspection and Site Clearance

The objective of pre-felling fauna inspection and site clearance is to remove target fauna from the worksites before construction works begin to prevent fauna entrapment, injury and mortality, whilst minimising contact between human and wildlife. Target fauna species include ground-dwelling mammals such as the Eurasian wild boar (*Sus scrofa*) and Sunda pangolin (*Manis javanica*), as well as animals that may be implicated in human-wildlife conflicts, e.g., snakes, during site clearance. The general direction of the site clearance in Plot 3 should be towards the south. The following sub-sections detail the workflow for the site clearance.

5.2.1 Pre-felling Fauna Inspection

The following will be achieved during the pre-felling fauna inspections:

- Inspection for (potentially) active animal nests, hollows and other nesting structures, and any animals that may potentially get trapped/injured or die during site clearance. Animals, e.g., snakes, that may be implicated in human-wildlife conflict during site clearance will also be identified. The pre-felling inspection by the ecologist is valid for seven days. Trees that are not felled and vegetation that is not cleared within this period will have to be re-inspected by the ecologist. The workflow for the inspection is shown in Figure 59.
- Reporting and documentation of fauna observations and recommend mitigating measures.
- Coordination of the Wildlife Response Plan (Section 5.7) for dealing with wildlife encounters.





Figure 58: Pre-felling fauna inspection conducted by ecologists to identify active nests, presence of fauna, and other habitat structures that may require vegetation or trees to be removed or felled under the supervision of an ecologist



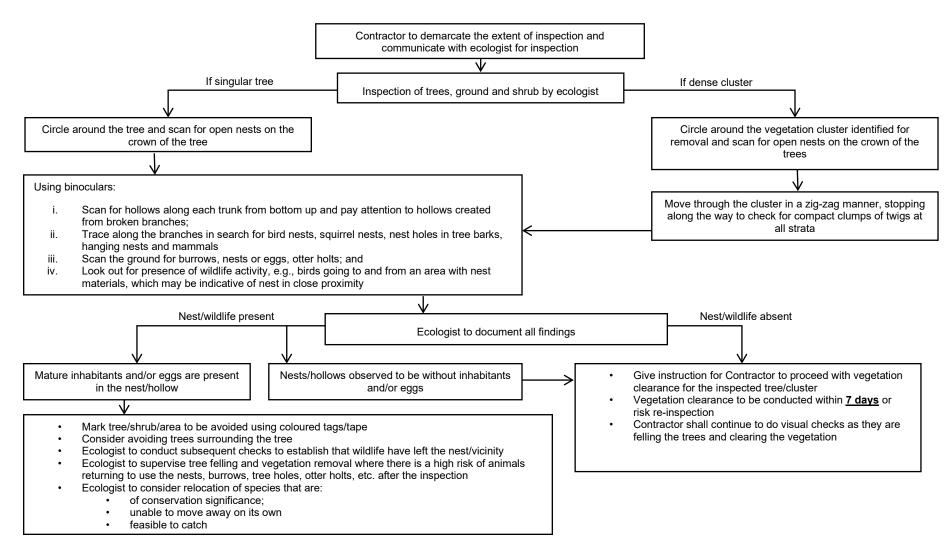


Figure 59: The workflow for a pre-felling fauna inspection



5.2.2 Site Clearance

Clearance of the remaining vegetation within the Project area, as well as clearance of vegetation within the working space for the proposed trapezoidal drain, will be required. Prior to clearance, the worksite hoarding will need to be completed, after which a drone with a thermal imaging camera will be deployed to assess if there are any remaining fauna within the Project area.

The drone will be flown at least three hours after sunset, and will detect larger-bodied mammals (e.g., Eurasian wild boars) that may be within the Project area. Camera traps will also be deployed in the remaining vegetation within the site over a period of at least three full days; with traps spaced approximately 50 m apart. Upon retrieving the camera traps, the videos will be processed to determine if there are any remaining fauna trapped within the worksite hoarding.

If any Eurasian wild boar is spotted within or around the Project area at any time during the project, NParks must be informed at e-mail address <code>nparks_wildlife_management@nparks.gov.sg</code> as soon as possible for advice and subsequent action. An approved wild boar removal contractor must also be engaged to trap and remove the said wild boar. The trapping and removal process may take about 4-8 weeks. If there are remaining fauna within the worksite hoarding, the ecologists will develop methods to remove them in consultation with the Project contractor, NParks, and relevant stakeholders.

5.2.3 Post-site Clearance Fauna Inspection

After site clearance has been completed for each plot, the ecologist will visually inspect the site for presence of target fauna. The hoarding will be inspected to ensure there are no gaps where fauna can re-enter the Project area. If there are remaining fauna on-site, the ecologist will develop methods to remove them in consultation with the contractor and relevant authorities, e.g., NParks.

5.3 Closure of Kranji Cross to Prevent Fauna Roadkills and Phasing of Trapezoidal Drain Construction

The northern access of Kranji Cross will be hoarded throughout the duration of the construction to prevent fauna displaced from the cleared worksite venturing onto Kranji Road and Kranji Close and becoming susceptible to collision with vehicles. The construction of the proposed trapezoidal drain along the southern-eastern edge of the Project area should be phased in a manner that ensures there is an accessible corridor, Kranji Cross, that allows ground-dwelling animals to move between the Project area and the vegetated refuge area to the south.

5.4 Monthly Fauna Inspection

Fauna inspections encompassing the following activities will occur as monthly inspections (Figure 60):

- Visual inspection of Sungei Pang Sua, the unlined earth drain, Kranji Cross, and ponds to ensure that the habitats have not been damaged or affected.
- Visual checks for animal entrapments on-site, particularly in ECM sedimentation ponds, erosion control blankets and among construction materials and equipment. ECBs should be fully biodegradable and not contain plastic/nylon meshes to avoid trapping fauna, particularly fossorial snakes.
- Inspection of site hoarding to ensure that integrity is maintained throughout the duration of the construction to prevent entry of ground-dwelling fauna.
- Reporting and documentation of all findings and recommendations.



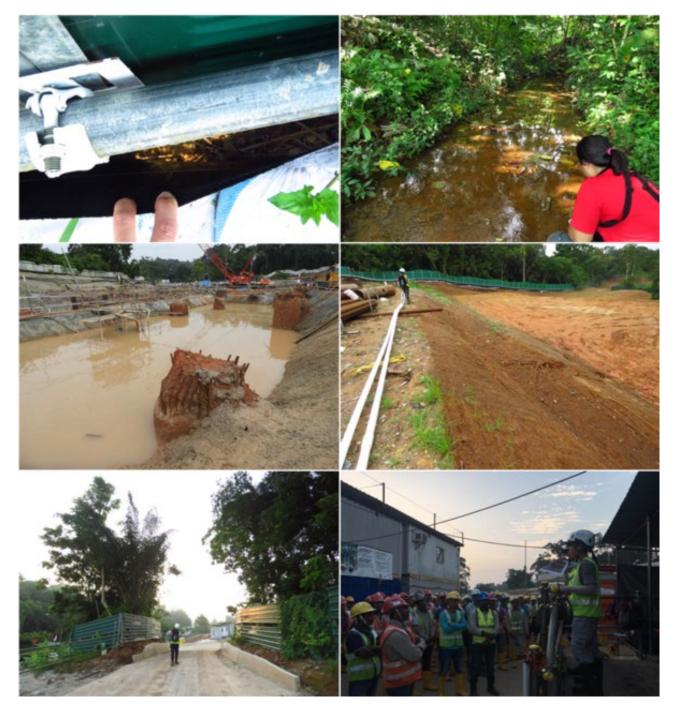


Figure 60: Photographs showing monthly fauna inspections to ensure integrity of hoarding, inspect sensitive habitats in proximity, ensure there is no trapped fauna (e.g., in ECM sedimentation ponds, erosion control blankets), and biodiversity awareness training for site personnel

5.5 Monthly Raptor Nest Monitoring

The changeable hawk-eagle (*N. cirrhatus*) and white-bellied sea eagle (*H. leucogaster*) nests identified during the baseline study will be monitored on a monthly basis. The monitoring will be conducted between 0700h—1000 h each month. Observations of nesting activity will be documented. Mitigation measures to alleviate any disturbance or impacts arising from the construction will be provided if necessary.



5.6 Monthly Straw-headed Bulbul Monitoring

Targeted surveys for straw-headed bulbuls (*P. zeylanicus*) will be conducted monthly in the habitats adjacent to the worksites. The survey transect will closely correspond to that undertaken during the FBS. The surveys will be conducted between 0700h–1000 h each month. The presence, abundance, locations, and behaviours of straw-headed bulbuls seen or heard will be documented. Important feeding or breeding grounds if any, will be identified and mitigation measures to protect them will be recommended, e.g., avoidance of noisy works in the vicinity of a nesting site.

5.7 Wildlife Response Plan

The Wildlife Response Plan will be enacted when a trapped/ injured/ dead/ dangerous animal is encountered around or within the worksites. The objective of the wildlife response plan is to minimise animal injury and mortality by responding appropriately to the different scenarios in **Figure 61**. This will be emphasized during the toolbox briefings (Section 5.8).

All wildlife incidents shall be reported and documented in a Wildlife Incident Form (**Appendix H**). The Wildlife Incident Form shall be completed and submitted by the Huationg's worker and/or supervisor to Huationg's Project Manager, i.e., Contractor's Official Representative, and to the Superintendent Officer (SO)/SO Representative. The Wildlife Incident Form can also be completed and submitted by the Registered Site Supervisor to the SO/ SO Representative. JTC's Project Manager and Deputy Director as well as Golder Project Manager, i.e., EMMP Consultant, will be copied in all communications pertaining to Wildlife Incident Form submission.

Where fauna is trapped on-site, various options (species-specific) will be explored to remove it from site (e.g., capture and relocate, partition site, use of one-way exit door) (**Figure 62**).

In scenarios where certain animal groups are encountered around or within the worksites, external specialists may be contacted to handle the animal. A registry of approved wildlife management companies is available at the Public Registry of Certified Animal Management Specialists⁶. These scenarios are shown below:

- For encounters with snakes that require relocation/handling, a snake specialist should be contacted.
- For animal carcasses that require disposal, an animal carcass disposal service should be contacted.
- For injured animals that require medical attention, a veterinarian should be contacted.

⁶ https://www.nparks.gov.sg/avs/animals/animal-related-businesses/animal-management-companies/public-registry-of-certified-animal-management-specialists



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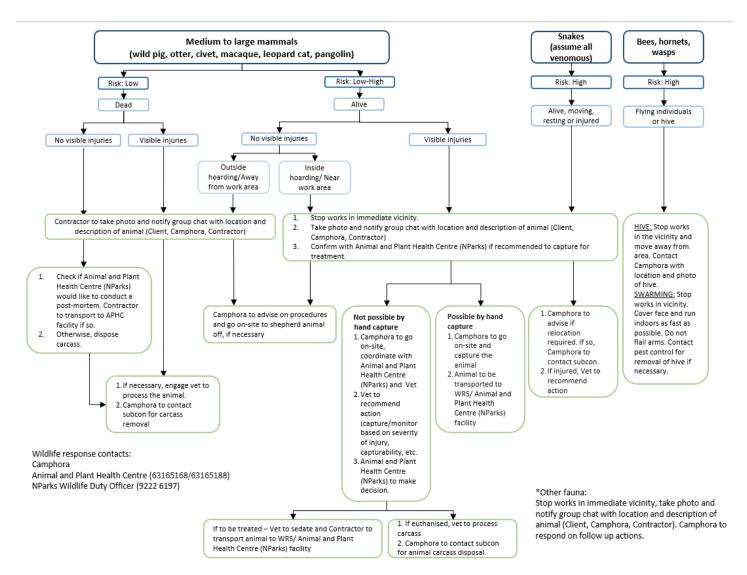


Figure 61: Wildlife Response Plan





Figure 62: Example of a one-way flap door to allow fauna to exit independently

5.8 Toolbox Briefing on Biodiversity Awareness

The ecologist will conduct toolbox briefings (when necessary, up to once per quarter) to inform site personnel of their responsibilities towards fauna, how to minimise impacts to wildlife and how to respond to fauna encounters (**Figure 61**).

6.0 CONCLUSION

Faunistic field surveys focused on the following fauna groups: Odonates, Butterflies, Herpetofauna (Amphibians and Reptiles); Birds; Mammals (including Bats); Molluscs; Marine Arthropods and Fishes. The biodiversity baseline surveys (including camera trapping results) concluded with a total of 206 species, consisting of 15 species of conservation significance and two species of interest.

For the habitat receptors, the most severe impacts are the loss of vegetation for ponds, exotic-dominated woodland and herbaceous and scrubland vegetation at the construction phase. As most of these habitats will be lost, despite implementation of mitigation measures, the residual impact significance remains as Moderate for the pond and Major for exotic-dominated woodland and herbaceous and scrubland vegetation. Other notable impacts include changes in species composition around the edges of cleared vegetation and the neighbouring vegetation during both construction and operational phase. However, with the implementation of mitigation measures, the impact significance of these impacts for habitats can be reduced to Minor. Thus, it is important for the mitigation measures be rigorously implemented.



For the faunal receptors, the most severe impacts affecting across the different taxa is the loss of/ reduction in habitats and food sources and loss of ecological connectivity for faunal movement during the construction phase. As most of the habitats will be lost, despite implementation of mitigation measures, most of the residual impact significance remains as Major and Moderate. Other notable impacts during the construction phase include injury or mortality and human presence. The implementation of mitigation measures may only be able to reduce the impact significance of these impacts for some less sensitive species. In the operational phase, light disturbances and human presence are the most severe impacts for reptiles, birds and non-volant mammals. With the successful implementation of the mitigation measures, the impact significance for most species will be reduced from Major to Moderate. Though the mitigation measures will not be able to reduce all the impact significance to Minor or Negligible, it is still important to implement them rigorously to minimize impacts on the faunal species.

The recommended EMMP aims to prevent entrapment/injury/mortality to fauna, minimise impacts of construction works on sensitive habitats in close proximity, and prevent human-wildlife conflict. The findings from the baseline study and the recommended mitigation measures have also been incorporated into the BMP. The programme will comprise pre-felling fauna inspections, site clearance, post-site clearance fauna inspections, monthly fauna inspections, wildlife response plan, and toolbox briefings on biodiversity awareness.



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APPENDIX A

Method Statement for Cast In-Situ Drainage Works



METHOD STATEMENT FOR Cast In-situ Drainage Works

| Rev. | Date | Description | Prepared | Reviewed |
|------|-------------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 00 | 01 Jun 2020 | MS for Cast In-situ drainage works | Wong Wai Yuen | Chua Ngee Hwee |
| 01 | 09 Jun 2020 | MS for Cast In-situ drainage works | Wong Wai Yuen | Chua Ngee Hwee |
| 02 | 17 Jun 2020 | MS for Cast In-situ drainage works | Wong Wai Yuen | Chua Ngee Hwee |



Method Statement for Cast In-situ Drainage Works

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C190154T00 – PROPOSED EARTHWORKS AND CONSTRUCTION OF INFRASTRUCTURE AT KRANJI AFIP

1 Purpose

Proposed drainage system involved in this contract include construction of reinforced concrete (RC) U drain, RC box culvert, RC sump and Trapezoidal drain. This method statement presents the proposed construction sequence, which subject to amendment according to the approved drawing by Consultant.

2 Types of RCU, RCS and RCBC

The type of drain, location and drain size is illustrated in Table 1:

| No | Location | Road | Type | Size (mm) |
|----|----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 | B3- island | Road 2 | RCBC | 600 x 800 |
| 2 | B5-B6 | Road 2 | RCBC | 1200 x 900 |
| 3 | E2-island | Road 2 | RCBC | 600 x 800 |
| 4 | B7-B2 | Road 2 | RCBC | 1500 x 1300 |
| 5 | B5 | Road 2 | RCS | 1800 x 1800 |
| 6 | В6 | Road 2 | RCS | 1800 x 1800 |
| 7 | B2 | Road 2 | RCS | 2850 x 2250 |
| 8 | B7 | Road 2 | RCS | 2850 x 2250 |
| 9 | В3 | Kranji Road | RCS | 2250 x 900 |
| 10 | Island near B3 | Kranji Road | RCS | 900 x 900 |
| 11 | E2 | Kranji Road | RCS | 2250 x 900 |
| 12 | Island near B3 | Kranji Road | RCS | 900 x 900 |
| 13 | D2 | Future road | RCS | 3000 x 2250 |
| 14 | D3 | Future road | RCS | 3000 x 2250 |
| 15 | B1-B2 | Road 2 | RCU | 1200 |
| 16 | B2-B3 | Road 2 | RCU | 1500 |
| 17 | B3-B4 | Road 2 | RCU | 1500 |
| 18 | B1-B5 | Road 2 | RCU | 1200 |
| 19 | B6-B7 | Road 2 | RCU | 1200 |
| 20 | B7-E2 | Road 2 | RCU | 1500 |
| 21 | E2-E1 | Kranji Road | RCU | 1500 |
| 22 | B6-C4 | Int. driveway | RCU | 600 |
| 23 | B5-C1 | Int. driveway | RCU | 600 |
| 24 | B6-C4 | Int. driveway | RCU | 600 |
| 25 | C4-C5 | Int. driveway | RCU | 800 |
| 26 | C5-C2 | Int. driveway | RCU | 800 |
| 27 | B5-C1 | Int. driveway | RCU | 600 |
| 28 | C1-C2 | Int. driveway | RCU | 800 |
| 29 | D4 end | Future road | RCU | 3400 |
| 30 | A1-A3 | Road 1 | RCU | 900 |
| 31 | A1-A2 | Road 1 | RCU | 900 |
| 32 | F1-F2 | Kranji Close | RCU | 900 |
| 33 | Island near B3 | Kranji Road | RCU | 600 |
| 34 | Island near E2 | Kranji Road | RCU | 600 |
| 35 | C2-C3 | Future road | Trapezoidal | 1600 |
| 36 | D1-C3 | Future road | Trapezoidal | 7000 |
| 37 | C3-D2 | Future road | Trapezoidal | 7000 |
| 38 | D3-D4 | Future road | Trapezoidal | 7000 |
| 39 | Overall plot | Overall plot | C7 | - |

Table 1: Summary of RCU, RCBC, RCS and Trapezoidal drain



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3 Preparation works for drainage works

The following preparatory works shall be accomplished before commencement of drainage construction works:

- Precondition, Topo survey and Precomputation plan
 - o Engage registered surveyor to carry out precondition photographic survey.
 - o Engage registered surveyor to carry out topographical survey.
 - o Registered surveyor to prepare precomputation plan of drainage alignment.
 - o Contractor to get concurrence from SO on precomputation plan of drainage alignment.
- Cable detection and NCE
 - Contractor shall verify at the beginning of the work that there are no existing services running below or across the proposed drains by conducting cable detection.
 - o Contractor shall highlight to the SO's rep where there are existing services affecting or would be affected by the proposed drains upon cable detection.
 - Engage LCDW to purchase services plan from authorities and carry out services detection on site.
 - o LCDW to apply NCE / NCD from authorities.
 - o Trial hole is to be done at area to be excavated for drainage system if necessary.
 - Ensure all the affected services are removed or diverted with acknowledgement of SO, authority or owner of property.
- ERSS for the drainage works
 - o Engage PE to design the ERSS required for construction of drains.
 - o Submit the ERSS design to SO for review and subsequently submit to BCA.
 - o Obtain clearance and PTW from BCA for the commencement of ERSS.
- Contractor shall verify on site that the invert levels of all the exiting drains against the levels as shown in the drawings are in order.
- Drainage diversion (if necessary)
 - o Identify if there is any drain to be diverted to facilitate the construction works.
 - o Engage PE to design the drain diversion and make submission to PUB, if necessary.
 - Obtain clearance from PUB and SO on the proposed drain diversion before carrying out any physical diversion work.
 - o Divert existing drainage system to ensure continuous flow of water before demolition of the existing drainage system, if any.
- Demolition of drain (if any)
 - o Demolish existing drain if it happens to obstruct the proposed drainage works.
 - o Demolish all the affected structures before commencement of drainage works.
- Ensure the area is free of any form of obstruction before excavating the trench for drainage system. Remove the obstruction with acknowledgement of SO, authority or owner of property before removing any obstruction of site.
- Remove the debris off site.
- If the existing ground is higher than the proposed platform level, excavate the ground to proposed platform level to facilitate the excavation of drain trench in future.



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- Mobilize necessary machineries to site such as excavator, excavator with LM certificate and vibratory roller.
- Equipment such as lifting gears, concrete bucket, air compressor and vibrator shall be onsite before commencement of drainage works.
- Material such as steel reinforcement (rebar and wire mesh), ordinary portland cement (OPC), hardcore, formwork, concrete spacer and any other material which deemed to be required to accomplish the drainage works are mobilized to site.
- Provide barricade and waning signage along the excavated drainage trench.

4 Equipment, materials to be used for Drainage Works

Machineries and equipment to be used for the operation are shown as below:

- a) CAT 312 / CAT 320
- b) Lorry Crane
- c) Tipper Truck / Dump Truck
- d) 4-tonne Roller
- e) 1-tonne Roller
- f) 10-tonne Roller
- g) Air Compressor
- h) Vibrator
- i) Concrete Bucket
- j) Water Pump
- k) Portable Generator
- 1) Electrical Hand Cutter
- m) Hand Drilling Machine
- n) Electrical Hand Breaker

Materials to be used for the operation are shown as below:

- a) Rebar / Wire Mesh
- b) Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC)
- c) Hardcore
- d) Formwork
- e) Concrete Spacer
- f) Curing Compound
- g) Bonding Agent
- h) Expansion Joint
- i) Grating with frame
- j) Aluminium Rung
- k) Sand
- 1) Geo-textile
- m) Geo-composite
- n) Neoprene pad
- o) Building paper
- p) Galvanised rebar (dowel bar for approach slab)
- q) Quarry dust
- r) Graded granite/ Recycled Concrete Aggregate



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5 Procedure of constructing RCU, RCS, RCBC and Trapezoidal drain

Construction of drainage works are categorized in the type of drain as below:

- a) Construction of RCU
- b) Construction of RCS
- c) Construction of RCBC
- d) Construction of Trapezoidal drain

5.1 Construction of RCU

- a) Setting out of drain alignment
 - Surveyor to identify the drain location on site. The locations are marked on site using timber peg.
- b) Excavation of drainage trench
 - Excavator to excavate the drain trench up to the hardcore base level.
 - Ensure the proposed drain area is excavated to sufficient width and depth.
 - Implement earth retaining stability structure (ERSS) when the depth is more than 1.5m. Contractor have to implement the approved ERSS on site to ensure the stability of soil at both sides of drain trench.
 - Cut the ground to form the ERSS profile. All the excavated soil is loaded onto tipper truck and send to approved dumping ground.
 - Barricade the drain trench and safety signage is put up.
- c) Preparation of drain base
 - Compact the hardcore base level by using 1-tonne roller
 - On top of the compacted ground, put pegs at reasonable intervals to mark the proposed level of hardcore base.
 - Lay hardcore base and compact it using 1-tonne
 - roller. The hardcore base after compaction shall be the stipulated thickness as of drawings.
 - On top of compacted hardcore base, put pegs at reasonable intervals to mark the proposed level of lean concrete.
 - Casting lean concrete on top of compacted hardcore base and level the lean concrete surface.
 - Surveyor to peg and mark proposed drain centerline on lean concrete.
 - Drain edge line is established and marked on the lean concrete as well.
- d) Construction of drain base slab, wall and top slab.
 - Deploy excavator with LM to hoist down the prefabricated rebars for drain base slab, and commence the rebar tying and fabrication of formworks according to approved construction drawing.
 - Request RTO for inspection before casting of base slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of base slab.
 - Dismantle base slab formworks on the following day.
 - Install drain channels (invert level of the drain channels to be checked) and cast benching with mass concrete. The grade of benching is as indicated in construction drawing.

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- Steel reinforcement and formwork of drain wall are then installed. Mark the required drain top level.
- Steel reinforcement is as indicated in construction drawing. Request RTO for inspection before closing formwork (external side). Ensure aluminum rung is installed at distance and interval indicated in construction drawing.
- Ensure weep hole is installed at distance and interval indicated in construction drawing as well. The diameter of weep hole is indicated in construction drawing.
- Once drain wall rebar inspection is cleared, proceed to close the remaining formwork.
- Cast concrete of drain wall using appropriate grade. Engine vibrator is used during concreting to ensure evenly distribution of concrete within formwork.
- The level of concrete has to match with the drain top slab (mesh/ rebar anchorage) marked previously.
- Dismantling of internal drain wall formwork on the following day.
- Plaster the drain inner wall to seal up the opening of formwork tie.
- Apply curing compound to the freshly done concrete structure.
- Erection of falsework and formwork for the drain top slab.
- Installation of rebar/ mesh for drain top slab including the grating frame.
- Request RTO for inspection before casting of top slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of top slab.
- Drain top slab to be broom finished; tactile tiles (if any) and expansion joints to be installed before the concrete set.
- Dismantling of external drain wall formwork on the following day.
- Falsework to be maintained for supporting the top slab for 7 days before dismantling.
- e) Drain wall treatment and backfilling
 - Installation of geo-composite on both side of drain outer wall before backfilling both side of drain with soil.
 - The soil backfilled at both sides of drain shall be at least 50mm lower to prevent soil being washed into drain.
 - Backfill both sides of completed drain wall with earth and immediately compact the ground using roller.
 - Reinstate slope at both sides of drain to required level, alignment and gradient.
 - Turf the ground.
 - Repeat whole process for next stretch of U drain.



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f) Typical work sequence for RCU construction
Generally, RCU construction is consists of setting out and excavation, preparation of
drain base, structural works for drain base slab, drain wall and drain top slab and
finally the drain wall treatment plus backfilling. The preparation of drain base until the
completion of drain top slab is illustrated as Figure 1.

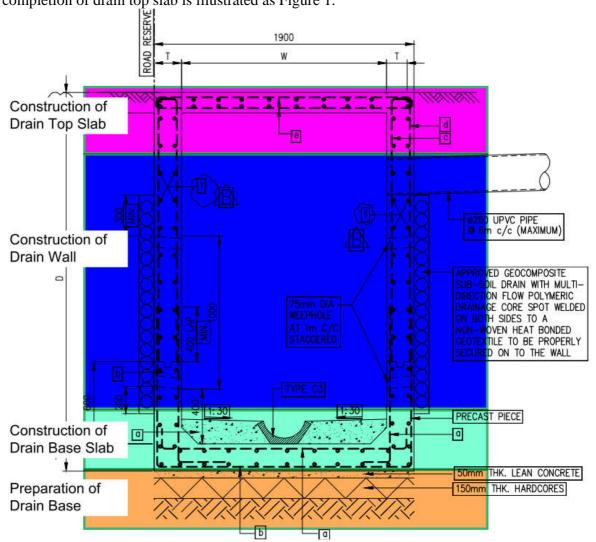


Figure 1: Typical RCU construction work sequence



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5.2 Construction of RCS

- a) Setting out of sump position
 - Surveyor to mark the center point of proposed RC sump.
- b) Excavation of sump
 - Excavator operator to excavate the ground to required level, i.e. the hardcore base level.
 - Ensure the proposed sump area is excavated to sufficient width and depth.
 - The opening excavated shall be large enough for the construction of sump including working space.
 - Supervisor to check the opening size and ditch level.
 - Implement earth retaining stability structure (ERSS) when the depth is more than 1.5m. Contractor have to implement the approved ERSS on site to ensure the stability of soil at all sides of sump ditch.
 - Cut the ground to form the ERSS profile. All the excavated soil is loaded onto tipper truck and send to approved dumping ground.
 - Barricade the sump ditch and safety signage is put up.
- c) Preparation of sump base
 - Compact the hardcore base level by using 1-tonne roller
 - On top of the compacted ground, put pegs to mark the proposed level of hardcore base.
 - Lay hardcore base and compact it using 1-tonne roller. The hardcore base after compaction shall be the stipulated thickness as of drawings.
 - On top of compacted hardcore base, put pegs to mark the proposed level of lean concrete.
 - Casting lean concrete on top of compacted hardcore base and level the lean concrete surface.
 - Surveyor to peg and mark proposed sump on lean concrete.
- d) Construction of sump base slab, wall and top slab
 - Fabricate rebar and formwork for sump base and wall.
 - Request RTO for inspection before casting of base slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of base slab.
 - Dismantle base slab formworks on the following day; fabricate rebar and formwork for sump wall.
 - Install drain channels and cast benching with mass concrete. The grade of benching is as indicated in construction drawing.
 - Steel reinforcement and formwork of sump wall are then installed. Mark the required sump top level.
 - Steel reinforcement is as indicated in construction drawing. Request RTO for inspection before closing formwork (external side). Ensure aluminum rung is installed as indicated in construction drawing.
 - Install 75mm pvc pipe at 1m c/c staggered for week hole.
 - Once drain wall rebar inspection is cleared, proceed to close the balance formwork.

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- Cast concrete of drain wall using appropriate grade. Engine vibrator is used during concreting to ensure evenly distribution of concrete within formwork.
- The level of concrete has to match with the sump top slab (mesh/ rebar anchorage) marked previously.
- Dismantling of internal drain wall formwork on the following day.
- Plaster the drain inner wall to seal up the opening of formwork tie.
- Apply curing compound to the freshly done concrete structure.
- Erection of falsework and formwork for the sump top slab.
- Installation of rebar/ mesh for drain top slab including the grating frame.
- Request RTO for inspection before casting of top slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of top slab.
- Sump top slab to be broom finished; tactile tiles (if any) and expansion joints to be installed before the concrete set.
- Dismantling of external drain wall formwork on the following day.
- Falsework to be maintained for supporting the top slab for 7 days before dismantling.
- Depending on the height of sump wall, it may require more than one operation to cast the sump wall up to top slab soffit level.
- e) Sump wall treatment and backfilling
 - Installation of geo-composite on both side of drain outer wall before backfilling both side of sump with soil.
 - The soil backfilled at both sides of sump shall be at least 50mm lower.
 - Backfill both sides of completed sump wall with earth and immediately compact the ground using roller.
 - Reinstate slope at both sides of sump to required level, alignment and gradient.
 - Turf the ground.
 - Repeat whole process for next sump.

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f) Typical work sequence for RCS construction
Generally, RCS construction is consists of setting out and excavation, preparation of
sump base, structural works for sump base slab, sump wall and sump top slab and
finally the sump wall treatment plus backfilling. The preparation of sump base until the
completion of sump top slab is illustrated as Figure 2.

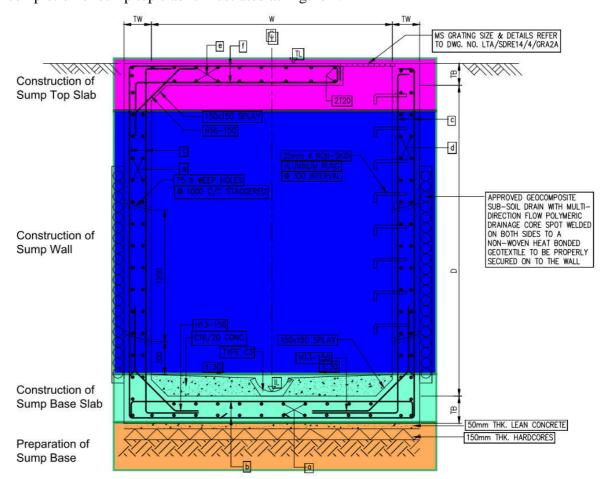


Figure 2: Typical RCS construction work sequence



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5.3 Construction of RCBC

- a) Setting out of RCBC alignment
 - Surveyor to identify the box culvert location on site. The locations are marked on site using timber peg.
- b) Excavation of RCBC
 - Excavator to excavate the box culvert trench up to the hardcore base level.
 - Ensure the proposed box culvert area is excavated to sufficient width and depth.
 - Implement earth retaining stability structure (ERSS) when the depth is more than 1.5m. Contractor have to implement the approved ERSS on site to ensure the stability of soil at both sides of box culvert trench.
 - Cut the ground to form the ERSS profile. All the excavated soil is loaded onto tipper truck and send to approved dumping ground.
 - Barricade the box culvert trench and safety signage is put up.
- c) Preparation of RCBC base
 - Compact the hardcore base level by using 1-tonne roller
 - On top of the compacted ground, put pegs at reasonable intervals to mark the proposed level of hardcore base.
 - Lay hardcore base and compact it using 1-tonne roller. The hardcore base after compaction shall be the stipulated thickness as of drawings.
 - On top of compacted hardcore base, put pegs at reasonable intervals to mark the proposed level of lean concrete.
 - Casting lean concrete on top of compacted hardcore base and level the lean concrete surface.
 - Surveyor to peg and mark proposed RCBC centerline on lean concrete.
 - RCBC edge line is established and marked on the lean concrete as well.
- d) Construction of RCBC base slab, wall and top slab
 - Deploy excavator with LM to hoist down the prefabricated rebars for box culvert base slab, and commence the rebar tying and fabrication of formworks according to approved construction drawing.
 - Request RTO for inspection before casting of base slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of base slab.
 - Dismantle base slab formworks on the following day.
 - Install drain channels (invert level of the drain channels to be checked) and cast benching with mass concrete. The grade of benching is as indicated in construction drawing.
 - Steel reinforcement and formwork of box culvert wall are then installed. Mark the required box culvert top level.
 - Steel reinforcement is as indicated in construction drawing. Request RTO for inspection before closing formwork (external side).
 - Ensure weep hole is installed at distance and interval indicated in construction drawing as well. The diameter of weep hole is indicated in construction drawing.
 - Once box culvert wall rebar inspection is cleared, proceed to close the remaining formwork.



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- Installation of corbel formwork and rebar (box culvert rebar anchorage to be installed as well). Request RTO for inspection before casting box culvert wall and corbel.
- Cast concrete of box culvert wall and corbel by using appropriate grade. Engine
 vibrator is used during concreting to ensure evenly distribution of concrete within
 formwork.
- The level of concrete has to match with the corbel top level.
- Dismantling of drain wall formwork (internal and external side of box culvert) on the following day.
- Plaster the drain inner wall to seal up the opening of formwork tie.
- Apply curing compound to the freshly done concrete structure.
- Erection of falsework and formwork for the box culvert top slab.
- Installation of rebar for box culvert top slab, including the galvanized dowel bars.
- Request RTO for inspection before casting of top slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of top slab.
- Dismantling of external box culvert wall formwork on the following day.
- Falsework to be maintained for supporting the top slab for 7 days before dismantling.
- e) RCBC wall treatment and backfilling
 - Installation of geo-composite on both side of drain outer wall before backfilling both side of sump with soil.
 - Backfill both sides of box culvert wall with quarry dusts and compacted it using 10-tonne roller.
 - The filling of quarry dusts shall stop at bottom of graded aggregate bottom below the approach slab.
 - The alignment of approach slab on compacted quarry dusts is established.
 - Excavator operator to top up graded aggregate and the aggregate shall be well compacted by 10-tonne roller. The final thickness of compacted aggregate shall be 250mm.
- f) Construction of approach slab
 - Installation of geo-textile on top of the compacted graded aggregate, installation of building paper and neoprene pad.
 - Installation of rebar and fabrication of formwork for approach slab.
 - Request RTO for inspection before casting of approach slab. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of base slab.
 - Use concrete vibrator during concrete casting to ensure the concrete is poured evenly and thoroughly within formwork.
 - Dismantling of formwork on the next day.
 - Repeat the above steps for construction of next stretch of box culverts.



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g) Typical work sequence for RCBC construction Generally, RCBC construction is consists of setting out and excavation, preparation of box culvert base, structural works for box culvert base slab, box culvert wall and box culvert top slab and finally the box culvert approach slab. The preparation of box culvert base until the completion of box culvert approach slab is illustrated as Figure 3.

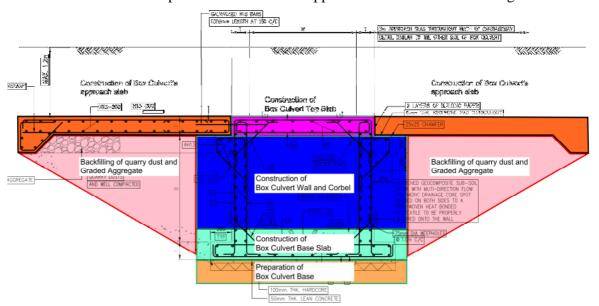


Figure 3: Typical RCBC construction work sequence



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5.4 Construction of Trapezoidal drain

- a) Setting out of trapezoidal drain alignment
 - Surveyor to identify the drain location on site. The locations are marked on site using timber peg.
- b) Excavation of Trapezoidal Drain trench
 - Excavator to excavate the trapezoidal drain trench up to the hardcore base level.
 - Ensure the proposed drain area is excavated to sufficient width and depth.
 - Implement earth retaining stability structure (ERSS) when the depth is more than 1.5m. Contractor have to implement the approved ERSS on site to ensure the stability of soil at both sides of drain trench.
 - Cut the ground to form the ERSS profile. All the excavated soil is loaded onto tipper truck and send to approved dumping ground.
 - Barricade the drain trench and safety signage is put up.
- c) Preparation of drain base
 - Compact the hardcore base level by using 1-tonne roller
 - On top of the compacted ground, put pegs at reasonable intervals to mark the proposed level of hardcore base.
 - Lay hardcore base and compact it using 1-tonne roller. The hardcore base after compaction shall be the stipulated thickness as of drawings.
 - On top of compacted hardcore base, put pegs at reasonable intervals to mark the proposed level of lean concrete.
 - Ensure weep hole and geo-textile are installed at distance and interval indicated in construction drawing as well. The diameter of weep hole is indicated in construction drawing.
 - Casting lean concrete on top of compacted hardcore base and level the lean concrete surface.
 - Surveyor to peg and mark proposed drain centerline on lean concrete.
 - Drain edge line is established and marked on the lean concrete as well.
- d) Construction of trapezoidal drain concrete lining (without access)
 - Deploy excavator with LM to hoist down the welded mesh (BRC) for drain concrete lining according to approved construction drawing.
 - Install drain channels (invert level of the drain channels to be checked); benching to be cast together with the concrete lining.
 - Request RTO for inspection before casting of concrete lining. Further to order for concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of concrete lining.
- e) Construction of trapezoidal drain concrete lining and slope (with access).
 - Deploy excavator with LM to hoist down the welded mesh (BRC) for drain concrete lining according to approved construction drawing.
 - Steps to be formed by using formwork and secured at both edge of the steps; rebar to be installed as of construction drawings.
 - Install drain channels (invert level of the drain channels to be checked); benching to be cast together with the concrete lining.
 - Request RTO for inspection before casting of concrete lining. Further to order for

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concrete from approved concrete plant once the inspection is passed, and complete the concreting of concrete lining.

- f) Railing and turfing works
 - Installation of Type-B railing as stipulated in the construction drawing.
 - The soil to be backfilled and compacted by using 1-tonne roller.
 - Reinstate slope at both sides of drain to required level, alignment and gradient.
 - Turf the ground.
 - Repeat whole process for next stretch of Trapezoidal Drain.
- g) Typical work sequence for Trapezoidal Drain construction Generally, Trapezoidal construction is consisting of setting out and excavation, preparation of drain base, structural works for drain concrete lining and finally the finishing works. The preparation of trapezoidal drain base until the completion of trapezoidal drain is illustrated as Figure 4.

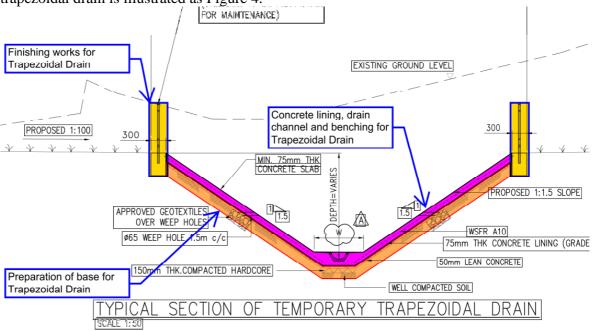


Figure 4: Typical Trapezoidal Drain construction work sequence

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5.5 Construction of C7 drain, silt trap and cascade drain

There are C7 drains to be constructed after the plot trimmed into desired profile. Contractor will either fabricate the precast C7R drain or directly purchase from suppliers.

- Contractor shall prepare sufficient steel mould of C7R.
- Precast C7R drain daily with stipulated concrete grade. Request RTO to witness the casting regularly.
- Contractor shall include BRC A5 in precast C7R drain. Refer to Figure 5 for detail of precast C7R drain.

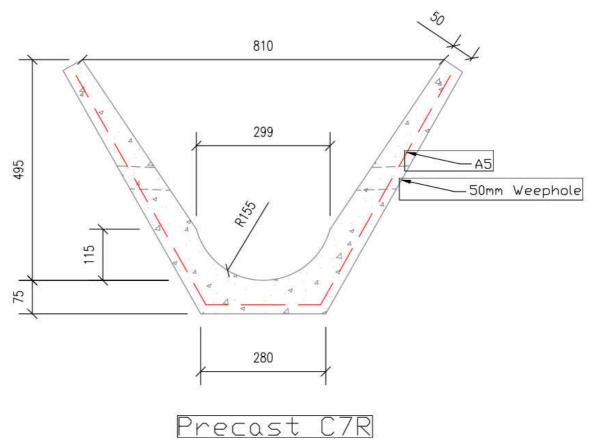


Figure 5: Detail of Precast C7R

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C7 drain construction is shown as below:

- a) Setting out of C7 drain alignment
 - Surveyor to identify the drain location on site. The locations are marked on site using timber peg.
- b) Excavation of C7 trench
 - Supervisor to identify the excavation depth from existing ground level to sand base of precast C7R.
 - Open cut method with 1:1 slope is adopted to excavate the trench.
 - Excavator operator to excavate the ground to desired level.
- c) Preparation of drain base
 - Compact the ground using 1-tonne roller.
 - Supervisor to check the level. If the level is higher than desired level, instruct excavator operator to trim ground to desired level; if level is lower than desired level, top up the ground with unwashed sand.
 - Lay 50mm thick sand as of Figure 6.



Figure 6: Laying of sand for C7 drain

- Compact the sand base again using 1-tonne roller.
- Ensure the stretch of sand base is in required gradient. The sand base level shall be as precise as possible as it will affect the invert level.

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- d) Installation of C7 drain
 - Excavator with LM certificate is deployed to lift and lay the precast C7R drain on sand base.
 - Supervisor to ensure the precast drain is placed correctly on the proposed alignment.
 - Seal up the gap between precast drains with 1:3 cement mortar as of Figure 7.



Figure 7: Laying of C7 drain

- e) Backfilling for C7 drain line.
 - Backfill both side of precast C7R.
 - Excavator operator to compact the adjacent slopes of drain, if the drain top level is lower than the platform proposed level.
 - The gradient of slope shall be 1:1 from the top of drain wall to the proposed platform level as shown in Figure 8.



Figure 8: Compaction of slope adjacent to C7 drain



• Cast 50mm thick concrete as lining to slope as of Figure 9.



Figure 9: Casting of concrete lining for the C7 drain slope

- Turf the adjacent slopes of drain.
- Repeat the above steps for next stretch of C7R.



shall be listed in Table 2.

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6 Drainage that involve over-pumping, demolition or ERSS (other than open cut) There are several drains which require over-pumping, involve demolition works as well as different type of ERSS (other than open cut). The type of drain and its special arrangement

| No | Location | Road | Туре | Size (mm) | Excavation | Diversion/ Demolition |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | B3- island | Road 2 | RCBC | 600 x 800 | Open cut | NA |
| 2 | B5-B6 | Road 2 | RCBC | 1200 x 900 | Open cut | NA |
| 3 | E2-island | Road 2 | RCBC | 600 x 800 | Open cut | NA |
| 4 | B7-B2 | Road 2 | RCBC | 1500 x 1300 | Open cut | NA |
| 5 | B5 | Road 2 | RCS | 1800 x 1800 | Open cut | NA |
| 6 | В6 | Road 2 | RCS | 1800 x 1800 | Open cut | NA |
| 7 | B2 | Road 2 | RCS | 2850 x 2250 | Open cut | NA |
| 8 | В7 | Road 2 | RCS | 2850 x 2250 | Open cut | NA |
| 9 | В3 | Kranji Road | RCS | 2250 x 900 | Open cut | NA |
| 10 | Island near B3 | Kranji Road | RCS | 900 x 900 | Open cut | NA |
| 11 | E2 | Kranji Road | RCS | 2250 x 900 | Open cut | NA |
| 12 | Island near B3 | Kranji Road | RCS | 900 x 900 | Open cut | NA |
| 13 | D2 | Future road | RCS | 3000 x 2250 | Open cut | NA |
| 14 | D3 | Future road | RCS | 3000 x 2250 | Open cut | NA |
| 15 | B1-B2 | Road 2 | RCU | 1200 | Open cut | NA |
| 16 | B2-B3 | Road 2 | RCU | 1500 | Open cut | NA |
| 17 | B3-B4 | Road 2 | RCU | 1500 | Open cut | NA |
| 18 | B1-B5 | Road 2 | RCU | 1200 | Open cut | NA |
| 19 | B6-B7 | Road 2 | RCU | 1200 | Open cut | NA |
| 20 | B7-E2 | Road 2 | RCU | 1500 | Open cut | NA |
| | | | | | CI · | |
| 21 | E1-E2 | Kranji Road | RCU | 1500 | Shoring excavation | Over-pumping |
| 21 | E1-E2 B6-C4 | Kranji Road Int. driveway | RCU RCU | 1500 600 | | Over-pumping NA |
| | | 3 | | | excavation | 1 1 0 |
| 22 | B6-C4 | Int. driveway | RCU | 600 | excavation Open cut | NA NA |
| 22 | B6-C4 B5-C1 | Int. driveway Int. driveway | RCU RCU | 600 | excavation Open cut Open cut | NA NA |
| 22 23 24 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 | Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway | RCU RCU RCU | 600 600 600 | excavation Open cut Open cut Open cut | NA NA NA |
| 22 23 24 25 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 | Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway | RCU RCU RCU RCU | 600 600 600 800 | excavation Open cut Open cut Open cut Open cut | NA NA NA NA |
| 22 23 24 25 26 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 | Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway Int. driveway | RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 | excavation Open cut Open cut Open cut Open cut Open cut Open cut | NA NA NA NA NA |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 | Int. driveway | RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 | Open cut | NA NA NA NA NA NA |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 | Int. driveway | RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 | excavation Open cut | NA |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end | Int. driveway Future road | RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 3400 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 | Int. driveway Road 1 | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 3400 900 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 | Int. driveway Future road Road 1 Road 1 | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 3400 900 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 F1-F2 | Int. driveway Future road Road 1 Road 1 Kranji Close | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 3400 900 900 | excavation Open cut | NA Obemolition and over-pumping |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 F1-F2 Island near B3 | Int. driveway Future road Road 1 Road 1 Kranji Close Kranji Road | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 3400 900 900 900 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 F1-F2 Island near B3 Island near E2 | Int. driveway Future road Road 1 Road 1 Kranji Close Kranji Road Kranji Road | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 600 800 3400 900 900 900 600 600 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 F1-F2 Island near B3 Island near E2 C2-C3 | Int. driveway Future road Road 1 Road 1 Kranji Close Kranji Road Kranji Road Future road | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 800 3400 900 900 900 600 600 1600 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 F1-F2 Island near B3 Island near E2 C2-C3 D1-C3 | Int. driveway In | RCU | 600 600 600 800 800 800 3400 900 900 900 600 600 1600 7000 | excavation Open cut | NA N |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 | B6-C4 B5-C1 B6-C4 C4-C5 C5-C2 B5-C1 C1-C2 D4 end A1-A3 A1-A2 F1-F2 Island near B3 Island near E2 C2-C3 D1-C3 C3-D2 | Int. driveway Future road Road 1 Road 1 Kranji Close Kranji Road Kranji Road Future road Future road Future road | RCU | 600 600 800 800 800 800 3400 900 900 900 600 600 1600 7000 | excavation Open cut | NA N |

Table 2: Drainage excavation method and requirements



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The drainage which involve shoring excavation, over-pumping and demolition will be further explained in following sections.

6.1 Construction of 1500 RCU (E2 to E1)

There is a new 1500 RCU along Kranji Road starting from point E1 to E2 as shown in below Figure 10.

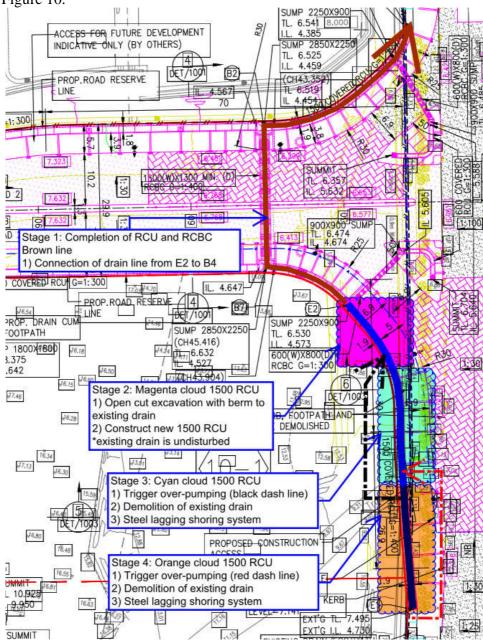


Figure 10: E2 – E1 drain line construction

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Drain line E2 to E1 shall be constructed in stages to ensure the flow of existing drain is maintained. The work sequence in stages shall be listed as below:

- Stage 1: completion of RCBC, RCS, RCU as shown in Brown line (Figure 10)
 - o 1500 RCU from E2 to RCS shall be completed
 - o RCBC B2 to B7 shall be completed
 - o 1500 RCU from B2 to connection of existing at B4 shall be completed
- Stage 2: construction of 1500 RCU at E2 (magenta cloud in Figure 10)
 - o Existing drain flow is not disturbed, existing drainage to be maintained.
 - o Existing drainage shall be utilized as part of the ERSS.
 - Open cut excavation will be used to excavate until the formation level; lean concrete berm will be cast along the existing drain as shown in Figure 11.

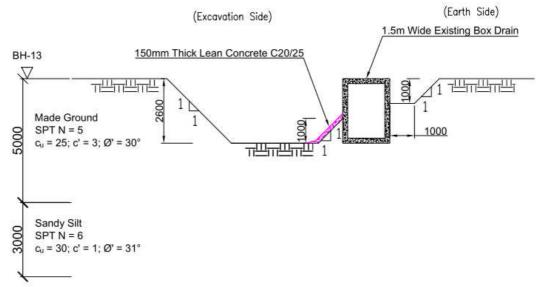


Figure 11: Open cut excavation with lean concrete berm

- o Excavation for the drainage to proceed from inner side of the site.
- o Construct the 1500 RCU drain as mentioned in previous section.
- o Backfilling to the level as shown in approved drainage drawing.



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- Stage 3: construction of 1500 RCU towards E1 (cyan cloud in Figure 10)
 - o Hoarding to be shifted towards construction site temporary to facilitate the drainage construction.
 - o To trigger over-pumping system (black dash line) as shown in Figure 10.
 - Over-pumping system to follow approved ECM scheme as shown in Figure 12)

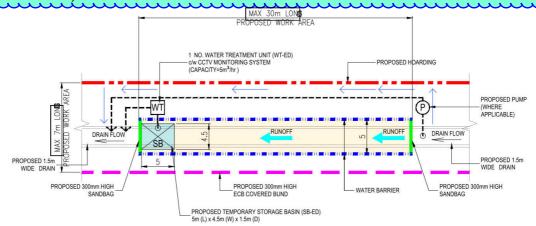


Figure 12: Over-pumping system

- Once the over-pumping is commissioned, 1500 RCU highlighted in cyan cloud in Figure 10 will be started by demolition of existing drain line.
- o Existing drain will be demolished by using excavator breaker.
- o New drain line will be established.
- o Shoring work will be done prior to any excavation works for drainage.
- o Steel lagging (consists of steel I-beam and 20mm thick steel plate as of Figure 13) will be installed onsite by using excavator.

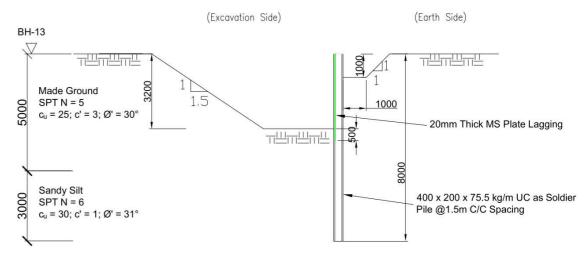


Figure 13: Steel lagging shoring system

- o Excavation for the drainage to proceed from inner side of the site.
- Construct the 1500 RCU drain as mentioned in previous section.
- o Backfilling to the level as shown in approved drainage drawing.

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- O Steel beams, steel plates to be extracted for subsequent stretch of shoring works.
- o Hoarding to be reinstated.
- Stage 4: construction of 1500 RCU towards E1 (orange cloud in Figure 10)
 - o Hoarding to be shifted towards construction site temporary to facilitate the drainage construction.
 - o To trigger over-pumping system (red dash line) as shown in Figure 10.
 - Once the over-pumping is commissioned, 1500 RCU highlighted in orange cloud in Figure 10 will be started by demolition of existing drain line.
 - o Existing drain will be demolished by using excavator breaker.
 - o New drain line will be established.
 - Shoring work will be done prior to any excavation works for drainage.
 - o Steel lagging (consists of steel I-beam and 20mm thick steel plate as of Figure 13) will be installed onsite by using excavator.
 - o Excavation for the drainage to proceed from inner side of the site.
 - o Construct the 1500 RCU drain as mentioned in previous section.
 - o Backfilling to the level as shown in approved drainage drawing.
 - o Steel beams, steel plates to be extracted.
 - o Hoarding to be reinstated.
- ERSS for drainage works shall follow the approved ERSS drawing as shown in Appendix 1.
- ECM for drainage works shall follow the approved ECM drawing as shown in Appendix 2

glObal

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C190154T00 – PROPOSED EARTHWORKS AND CONSTRUCTION OF INFRASTRUCTURE AT KRANJI AFIP

6.2 Construction of 900 RCU (F1 to F2)

There is a new 900 RCU along Kranji Close starting from point F1 to F2 as shown in below Figure 14.

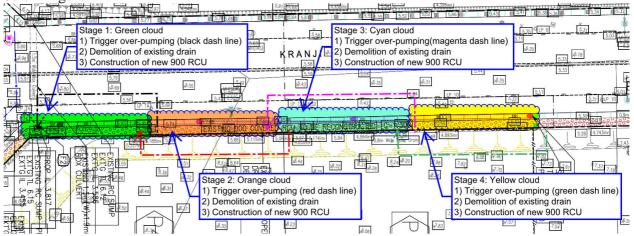


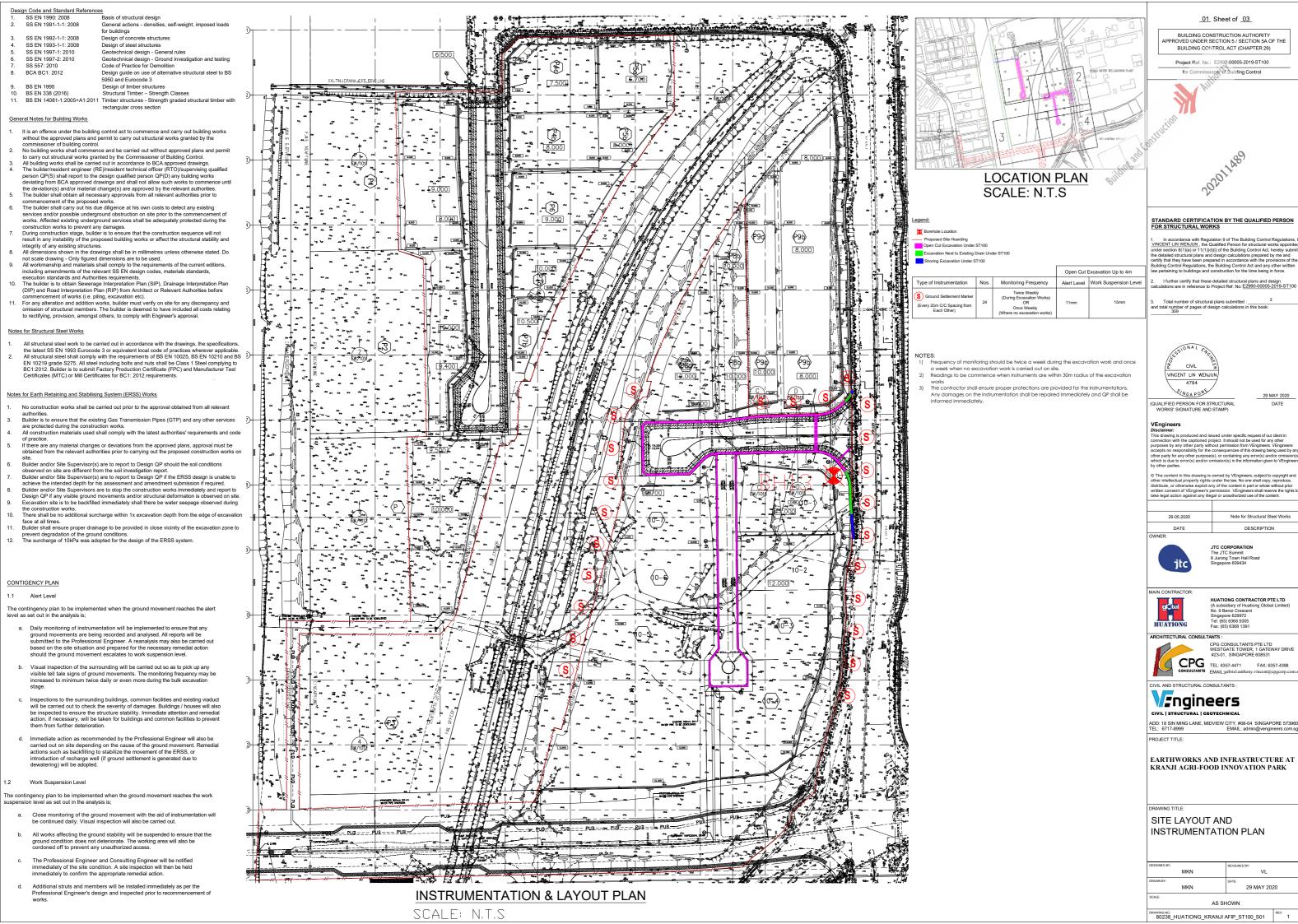
Figure 14: F1 – F2 drain line construction

Drain line F2 to F1 shall be constructed in stages to ensure the flow of existing drain is maintained. The work sequence in stages shall be listed as below:

- Stage 1: Construction of 900 RCU (Green cloud in Figure 14)
 - o To trigger over-pumping system (Black dash line as shown in Figure 14)
 - o Demolition of existing drain by using excavator breaker.
 - o Construction of 900 RCU as mentioned in previous section.
- Stage 2: Construction of 900 RCU (Orange cloud in Figure 14)
 - o To trigger over-pumping system (Red dash line as shown in Figure 14)
 - o Demolition of existing drain by using excavator breaker.
 - o Construction of 900 RCU as mentioned in previous section.
- Stage 3: Construction of 900 RCU (Cyan cloud in Figure 14)
 - o To trigger over-pumping system (Magenta dash line as shown in Figure 14)
 - o Demolition of existing drain by using excavator breaker.
 - o Construction of 900 RCU as mentioned in previous section.
- Stage 4: Construction of 900 RCU (Yellow cloud in Figure 14)
 - o To trigger over-pumping system (Green dash line as shown in Figure 14)
 - o Demolition of existing drain by using excavator breaker.
 - o Construction of 900 RCU as mentioned in previous section.
- ERSS for drainage works shall follow the approved ERSS drawing as shown in Appendix 1.
- ECM for drainage works shall follow the approved ECM drawing as shown in Appendix 2



Appendix 1: ERSS for drainage works



01 Sheet of 03

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY

BUILDING CONTROL ACT (CHAPTER 29)

Project Ref. No.: E2990-00005-2019-ST100

for Commissioner of Building Control

PROVED UNDER SECTION 5 / SECTION 5A OF THE

I further certify that these detailed structural plans and design ations are in reference to Project Ref. No: E2990-00005-2019-ST100

29 MAY 2020

Note for Structural Steel Works

DESCRIPTION

HUATIONG CONTRACTOR PTF LTD (A subsidiary of Huati No. 9 Benoi Crescent Singapore 629972

CPG CONSULTANTS PTE LTD WESTGATE TOWER, 1 GATEWAY DRIVE #23-01, SINGAPORE 608531

CPG TEL: 6357-4471
EMAIL:gabricl.antl

Tngineers

AS SHOWN

AWING TITLE:

CIVIL

VINCENT LIN WENJUN 4794

S/NGA PORE

DATE

Design Code and Standard References

SS EN 1991-1-1: 2008

SS EN 1992-1-1: 2008

SS EN 1993-1-1: 2008

SS EN 1997-1: 2010 SS EN 1997-2: 2010

SS 557: 2010

BCA BC1: 2012

BS EN 338 (2016)

General Notes for Building Works

Notes for Structural Steel Works

CONTIGENCY PLAN 1.1 Alert Level

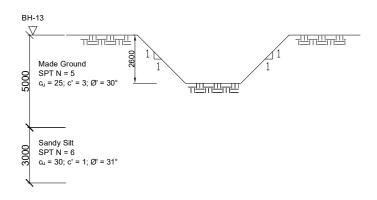
1.2

them from further deterioration.

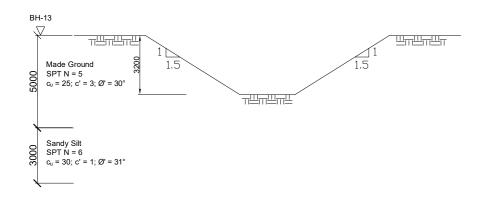
suspension level as set out in the analysis is:

are protected during the construction works.

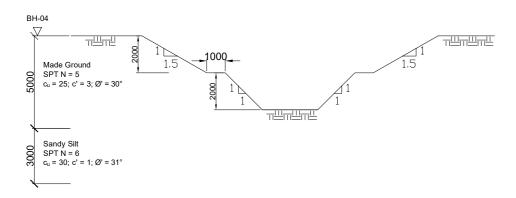
commencement of the proposed works.



Open Cut Excavation for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Max. Depth =2.6m) Scale: N.T.S



Open Cut Excavation for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Max. Depth =3.2m)
Scale: N.T.S



Open Cut Excavation for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Max. Depth =4.0m) Scale: N.T.S

ERSS Sequence for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Maximum Depth = 2.6m)

- 1. Carry out localized open-cut excavation with gradient of 1:1 up to maximum depth of 2.6m.
- Construct and install the drainage.
- 3. Backfill and compact earth to required platform level.

ERSS Sequence for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Maximum Depth = 3.2m)

- 1. Carry out localized open-cut excavation with gradient of 1 : 1.5 up to maximum depth of 3.2m.
- Construct and install the drainage.
- 3. Backfill and compact earth to required platform level.

ERSS Sequence for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Maximum Depth = 4m)

- 1. Carry out localized open-cut excavation with gradient of 1: 1.5 up to maximum depth of 2m.
- Set back 1m on each slope and continue to excavate with gradient of 1:1 up to maximum the depth of 4m from ground surface.
- 3. Construct and install the drainage.
- 4. Backfill and compact earth to required platform level.

Project Ref. No.: A2990,80005-2019-ST100
for Commissioner of Building Control

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY ROVED UNDER SECTION 5 / SECTION 5A OF THE BUILDING CONTROL ACT (CHAPTER 29)





(QUALIFIED PERSON FOR STRUCTUR WORKS' SIGNATURE AND STAMP) 27 APRIL 2020

Engineers

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DATE DESCRIPTION



JTC CORPORATION
The JTC Summit
8 Jurong Town Hall Ro

MAIN CONTRACTO



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No. 9 Benoi Crescent
Singapore 629972
Tel: (65) 6366 5005
Env. (65) 6369 4301

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CPG
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STRUCTURAL CONSULTANTS:



ADD: 18 SIN MING LANE, MIDVIEW CITY, #08-04 SINGAPORE 573960 TEL: 6717-8999 EMAIL: admin@vengineers.com.sg

PROJECT TITL

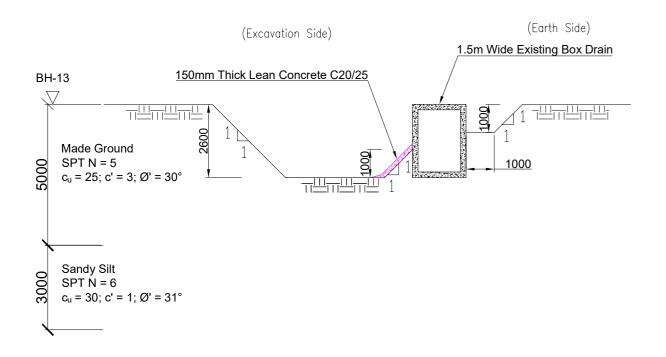
EARTHWORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE AT KRANJI AGRI-FOOD INNOVATION PARK

DRAWING TITLE:

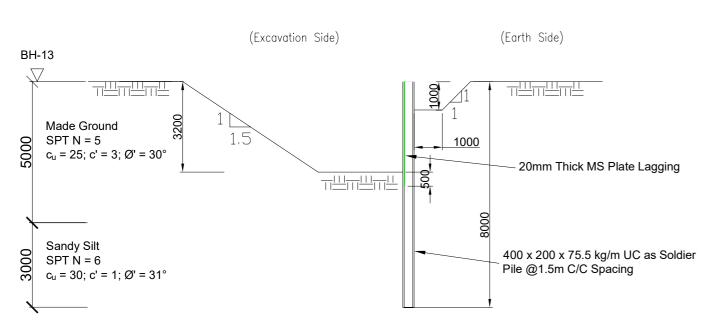
ERSS DETAIL AND CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

| DESIGNED BY: | | REVIEWE | D BY: | |
|--------------|-------|---------|------------|------|
| MKN | | | VL | |
| DRAWN BY: | | DATE: | | |
| MKN | | | 27 APRIL 2 | 020 |
| SCALE: | | | | |
| | AS SH | HOWN | | |
| DRAWING NO.: | | | | REV: |

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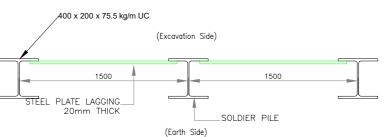
Excavation for Construction and Installation of Drainage Next to Existing Drain (Max. Depth =2.6m) Scale: N.T.S



Shoring Excavation for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Max. Depth =3.2m) Scale: N.T.S

ERSS Sequence for Construction and Installation of Drainage Next to Existing Drain (Maximum Depth = 2.6m)

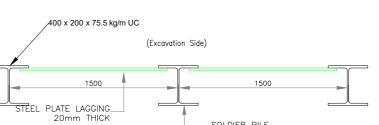
- Carry out localized open-cut excavation with gradient of 1:1 up to maximum depth of 1.0m on earth side of the existing drain.
- Carry out localized open-cut excavation with gradient of 1:1 up to maximum depth of 2.6m on the excavation side of the existing drain, maintain a soil berm of 1m height and gradient of 1:1.
- Cast a layer of 150mm thick lean concrete on the slope of soil berm.
- Construct and install the drainage.
- Backfill and compact earth to required platform level.



SOLDIER PILE AND STEEL PLATE LAGGING DETAIL

ERSS Sequence for Construction and Installation of Drainage (Maximum Depth = 3.2m)

- Install the soldier pile and steel plate lagging.
- Carry out localized excavation with gradient of 1:1 up to maximum depth of 1m on earth side of the
- Carry out localized excavation with gradient of 1:1.5 up to maximum depth of 3.2m on excavation side of the soldier pile system.
- Construct and install the drainage.
- Backfill and compact earth to required platform level.
- Extract the soldier pile and steel plate lagging.



STANDARD CERTIFICATION BY THE QUALIFIED PERSON FOR STRUCTURAL WORKS

03 Sheet of 03 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY ROVED UNDER SECTION 5 / SECTION 5A OF THE

BUILDING CONTROL ACT (CHAPTER 29)

Project Ref. No.: A2990-00005-2019-ST100



27 APRIL 2020

| DATE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|
| | |







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EARTHWORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE AT

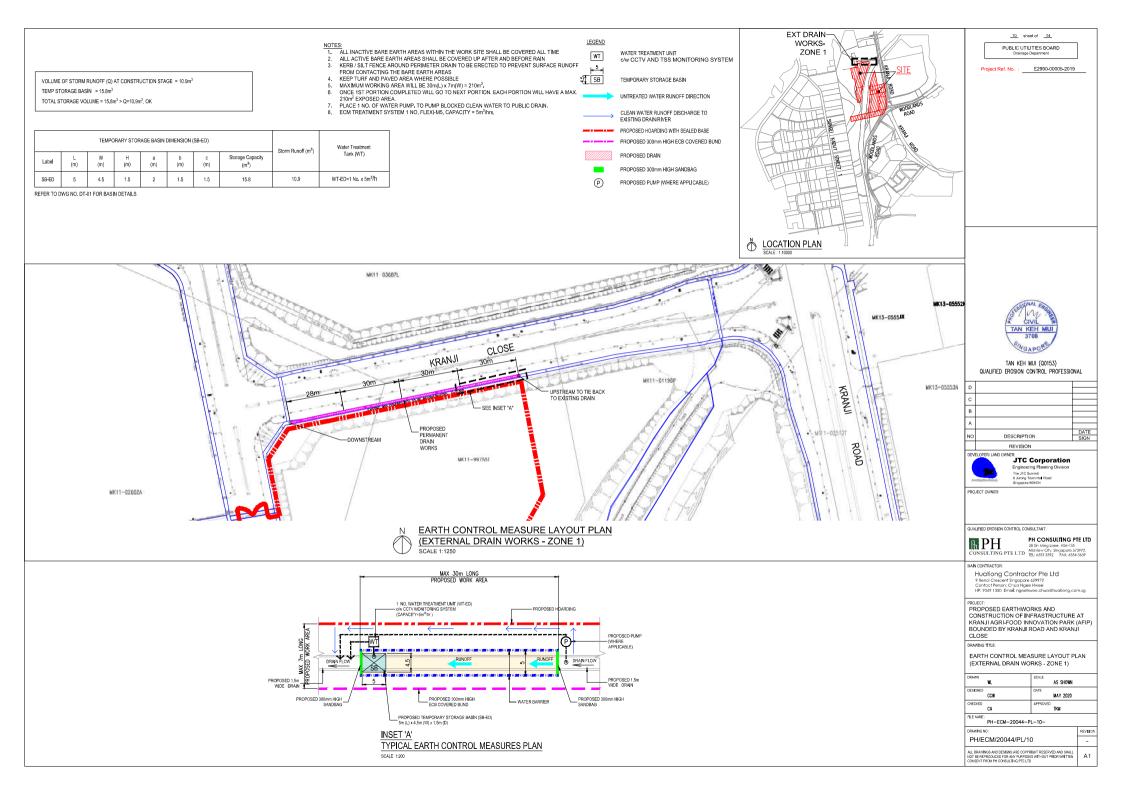
ERSS DETAIL AND CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

| DESIGNED BY: MKN | REVIEWED BY: VL | | |
|------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| DRAWN BY: MKN | DATE: 27 APRIL 2020 | | |
| scale: | HOWN | | |

RAWING NO:
80238_HUATIONG_KRANJI AFIP_ST100_S03
REV:
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Appendix 2: ECM for drainage works



05 Sep 2022 20434030-R003-Rev7

APPENDIX B

Glossary of Technical Terms



11 May 2022 20434030-R003-Rev6

| Term | Definition |
|--|--|
| Habitat Baseline Study | To establish the types and locations of habitats found on site including waterbodies. |
| Mangrove Forest | A tidal habitat consisting of flora that normally grows above mean sea level in the intertidal zone of marine environments and estuarine margins |
| Species of Conservation Interest | Species which have been identified to have high extinction risk and therefore have higher conservation priority. |
| Keystone Species | Species that have disproportionately large effects on its environment relative to its abundance (Paine, 1995). |
| Bioindicators | Species which can be used to reveal the health or status of the particular ecosystem they are found in. |

Threat status for flora and fauna (also Table 3 in the Fauna Baseline Study)

| Global/National Conservation Status | Definition |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Vulnerable (VU) | Species facing a high risk of extinction in the wild/in Singapore |
| Endangered (EN) | Species facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild/in Singapore |
| Critically Endangered (CR) | Species facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild/in Singapore |
| Presumed Nationally Extinct (NE) | There is no reasonable doubt that the last reproductively capable individual has died or disappeared in the last 50 years |
| Rediscovered | Species previously presumed to be nationally extinct (NE) |

Native Status for Flora (also Table 3-3 in Arboriculture Assessment and Flora Baseline report)

| Native Status | Definition |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Native | Naturally-occurring species maintaining self-sustaining populations |
| Exotic | Species existing outside of its natural range |
| Invasive | Non-native species that bears negative impacts in new environment |
| Cryptogenic | Species with unknown origin |
| Exotic Species Categor | ories for flora (adapted from Chong et al., 2009) |
| Casual | Non-native species that do not maintain self-sustaining populations |
| Naturalised | Non-native species that maintain self-sustaining populations |
| Cultivated | Species not naturally found in the wild that is produced and maintained by |
| | horticultural techniques |



05 Sep 2022 20434030-R003-Rev7

APPENDIX C

List of Probable and Recorded Faunal Species



| Faunal group | No. of prob | able species | No. of recorded species | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| | All species | CS species | All species | CS species | |
| Mollusc | 78 | 1 | 11 | 0 | |
| Odonate | 44 | 0 | 22 | 0 | |
| Butterfly | 126 | 3 | 44 | 2 | |
| Marine Arthropod | 39 | 8 | 6 | 0 | |
| Fish | 56 | 0 | 12 | 0 | |
| Amphibian | 13 | 0 | 10 | 0 | |
| Reptile | 34 | 3 | 17 | 2 | |
| Bird | 164 | 24 | 70 | 10 | |
| Non-volant mammal | 14 | 3 | 6 | 1 | |
| Bat | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 | |
| Others (Polychaete, Porifera and Cnidarian) | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | |
| Total | 574 | 42 | 206 | 15 | |



January 2022 20434030-R003-Rev5 - Molluscs

| No. | Family Name | amily Name Scientific Name Local Status (SRDB) Global Status (IUC | | Global Status (IUCN) | Residence (IUCN, NParks Flora & Fauna Web, Sealifebase, the Biodiversity of Singapore, A Guide To Mangroves of Singapore) | Probable? | Recorded? |
|-----|----------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | Achatinidae | Achatina fulica | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | |
| 2 | Achatinidae | Limicolaria flammea | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | |
| 3 | Ampullariidae | Pila scutata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 4 | Ampullariidae | Pomacea canaliculata | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 5 | Arcidae | Tegillarca granosa | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 6 | Assimineidae | Assiminea brevicula | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 7 | Assimineidae | Cyclotropis scalaris | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 8 | Bithyniidae | Bithynia sp. | N/A | N/A | Indeterminate | Yes | |
| 9 | Cyrenidae | Geloina expansa | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 10 | Dreissenidae | Mytilopsis sallei | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | |
| 11 | Ellobiidae | Auriculastra subula | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 12 | Ellobiidae | Cassidula aurisfelis | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 13 | Ellobiidae | Cassidula nucleus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 14 | Ellobiidae | Cassidula vespertilionis | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 15 | Ellobiidae | Ellobium aurisjudae | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 16 | Ellobiidae | Ellobium aurismidae | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 17 | Ellobiidae | Ellobium scheepmakeri | Critically Endangered | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 18 | Ellobiidae | Ellobium tornatelliforme | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 19 | Ellobiidae | Laemodonta punctatostriata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 20 | Ellobiidae | Laemodonta punctigera | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 21 | Ellobiidae | Laemodonta siamensis | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 22 | Ellobiidae | Melampus cf. nucleolus | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | |
| 23 | Ellobiidae | Melampus pulchellus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 24 | Ellobiidae | Melampus sincaporensis | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 25 | Ellobiidae | Pythia plicata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 26 | Ellobiidae | Pythia trigona | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 27 | Iravadiidae | Iravadia bombayana | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 28 | Littorinidae | Littoraria ardouiniana | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 29 | Littorinidae | Littoraria carinifera | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 30 | Littorinidae | Littoraria conica | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 31 | Littorinidae | Littoraria intermedia | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 32 | Littorinidae | Littoraria lutea | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 33 | Littorinidae | Littoraria melanostoma | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 34 | Littorinidae | Littoraria pallescens | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 35 | Littorinidae | Littoraria vespacea | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 36 | Littorinidae | Mainwaringia leithii | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 37 | Lymnaeidae | Radix auricularia | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Non-native | Yes | |
| 38 | Lymnaeidae | Radix rubiginosa | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | |
| 39 | Mesodesmatidae | Coecella horsfieldii | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 40 | Muricidae | Chicoreus capucinus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 41 | Mytilidae | Arcuatula senhousia | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 42 | Mytilidae | Modiolus modulaides | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 43 | Mytilidae | Mytella strigata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | Yes |



January 2022 20434030-R003-Rev5 - Molluscs

| No. | Family Name | Scientific Name | ntific Name Local Status (SRDB) Global Status (IUCN) & Fauna Wel Guide To | | Residence (IUCN, NParks Flora & Fauna Web, Sealifebase, the Biodiversity of Singapore, A Guide To Mangroves of Singapore) | Probable? | Recorded? |
|-----|---------------|----------------------------|--|------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| 44 | Mytilidae | Perna viridis | Not Assessed | Not Assessed N/A | | Yes | |
| 45 | Mytilidae | Xenostrobus sp. | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 46 | Neritidae | Neripteron cornucopia | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 47 | Neritidae | Neripteron violaceum | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 48 | Neritidae | Nerita balteata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 49 | Onchidiidae | Melayonchis aileenae | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | |
| 50 | Onchidiidae | Melayonchis annae | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 51 | Onchidiidae | Melayonchis siongkiati | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 52 | Onchidiidae | Onchidium griseum | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 53 | Ostreidae | Crassostrea gigas | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 54 | Ostreidae | Saccostrea cuccullata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 55 | Pharidae | Orbicularia orbiculata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 56 | Pharidae | Pharella javanica | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 57 | Physidae | Stenophysa spathidophallus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | |
| 58 | Potamididae | Cerithidea obtusa | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 59 | Potamididae | Cerithidea quoyii | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 60 | Potamididae | Pirenella cingulata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 61 | Potamididae | Telescopium telescopium | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 62 | Potamididae | Terebralia sulcata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 63 | Psammobiidae | Gari elongata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 64 | Pteriidae | Isognomon ephippium | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 65 | Pteriidae | Isognomon legumen | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 66 | Tellinidae | Cyclotellina remies | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 67 | Tellinidae | Serratina capsoides | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 68 | Thiaridae | Melanoides tuberculata | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 69 | Thiaridae | Sermyla riqueti | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 70 | Thiaridae | Tarebia granifera | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Indeterminate | Yes | |
| 71 | Ungulinidae | Diplodonta sp. | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 72 | Unionidae | Sinanodonta woodiana | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Non-native | Yes | |
| 73 | Veneridae | Dosinia cretacea | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 74 | Veneridae | Dosinia exasperata | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 75 | Veneridae | Pelecyora trigona | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 76 | Viviparidae | Filopaludina sp. | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | |
| 77 | Thiaridae | Thiara sp. | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 78 | Glauconomidae | Glauconome virens | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| - | Thiaridae | Sermyla sp. | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| - | Thiaridae | Tarebia sp. | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |



| | | | | | | Species of | | | | |
|-----|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| | | | | Global Status | National Status (Soh | Conservation | Distribution/Rarity (Soh et | | Recorded | Remarks |
| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | (IUCN/CITES) | et al., 2019) | Significance | al., 2019) | Probable Species | Species | |
| 1 | Aeshnidae | Anax guttatus | Emperor | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 2 | Aeshnidae | Gynacantha dohrni | Spear-tail duskhawker | Not Assessed | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 3 | Aeshnidae | Gynacantha subinterrupta | Dingy duskhawker | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 4 | Coenagrionidae | Agriocnemis femina | Variable wisp | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | <u> </u> |
| 5 | Coenagrionidae | Agriocnemis rubescens | Variable sprite | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | <u> </u> |
| 6 | Coenagrionidae | Ceriagrion cerinorubellum | Ornate coraltail | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | <u> </u> |
| 7 | Coenagrionidae | Ischnura senegalensis | Common bluetail | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | <u> </u> |
| 8 | Coenagrionidae | Pseudagrion microcephalum | Blue sprite | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 9 | Gomphidae | Ictinogomphus decoratus | Common flangetail | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 10 | Libellulidae | Acisoma panorpoides | Trumpet tail | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 11 | Libellulidae | Aethriamanta aethra | Blue adjudant | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 12 | Libellulidae | Aethriamanta brevipennis | Scarlet adjudant | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 13 | Libellulidae | Aethriamanta gracilis | Pond adjudant | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 14 | Libellulidae | Agrionoptera insignis | Grenadier | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 15 | Libellulidae | Brachydiplax chalybea | Blue dasher | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 16 | Libellulidae | Brachythemis contaminata | Common amberwing | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 17 | Libellulidae | Camacinia gigantea | Sultan | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | Yes | |
| 18 | Libellulidae | Crocothemis servilia | Common scarlet | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 19 | Libellulidae | Diplacodes nebulosa | Black-tipped percher | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 20 | Libellulidae | Diplacodes trivialis | Blue percher | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 21 | Libellulidae | Hydrobasileus croceus | Water monarch | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 22 | Libellulidae | Lathrecista asiatica | Scarlet grenadier | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 23 | Libellulidae | Macrodiplax cora | Coastal glider | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 24 | Libellulidae | Neurothemis fluctuans | Common parasol | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 25 | Libellulidae | Orthetrum chrysis | Spine-tufted skimmer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 26 | Libellulidae | Orthetrum glaucum | Common blue skimmer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 27 | Libellulidae | Orthetrum luzonicum | Slender blue skimmer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 28 | Libellulidae | Orthetrum sabina | Variegated green skimmer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 29 | Libellulidae | Orthetrum testaceum | Scarlet skimmer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 30 | Libellulidae | Pantala flavescens | Wandering glider | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 31 | Libellulidae | Pornothemis starrei | Mangrove marshal | Not Assessed | Near Threatened | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 32 | Libellulidae | Potamarcha congener | Common chaser | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 33 | Libellulidae | Pseudothemis jorina | Banded skimmer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 34 | Libellulidae | Raphismia bispina | Mangrove dwarf | Least Concern | Near Threatened | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 35 | Libellulidae | Rhodothemis rufa | Common redbolt | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 36 | Libellulidae | Rhyothemis phyllis | Yellow-barred flutterer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 37 | Libellulidae | Rhyothemis triangularis | Sapphire flutterer | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 38 | Libellulidae | Tholymis tillarga | White-barred duskhawk | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 39 | Libellulidae | Tramea transmarina | Saddlebag glider | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 40 | Libellulidae | Trithemis aurora | Crimson dropwing | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 41 | Libellulidae | Trithemis festiva | Indigo dropwing | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| 42 | Libellulidae | Trithemis pallidinervis | Dancing dropwing | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Yes | | |
| 43 | Libellulidae | Urothemis signata | Scarlet basker | Not Assessed | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | Yes | |
| 44 | Libellulidae | Zyxomma petiolatum | Slender duskdarter | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | Widespread and Common | Yes | | |
| - | Aeshnidae | Gynacantha sp. | Unidentified duskhawker | N/A | Least Concern | No | Widespread but Uncommon | N/A | Yes | |



| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae | Ampittia dioscorides camertes Astictopterus jama jama Baoris farri farri | Bush hopper | | | Significance | /Rarity (Khew, 2015) | | Recorded Species |
|--|---|--|--|------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|------------|--|
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae | | busii noppei | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Hesperiidae Hesperiidae Hesperiidae | Baoris farri farri | Forest hopper | Not Assessed | Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) | No | Moderately rare | Yes | Yes |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | Hesperiidae Hesperiidae | | Bamboo paintbrush swift | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Hesperiidae | Baoris oceia | Paintbrush swift | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 | | Borbo cinnara | Formosan swift | Not Assessed | Endangered | Yes | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 8 9 10 11 12 | | Caltoris cormasa Cephrenes acalle niasicus | Full stop swift Plain palm dart | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) | No No | Moderately rare Moderately rare | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 9 10 11 12 | Hesperiidae | Cephrenes trichopepla | Yellow palm dart | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 11 12 | Hesperiidae | Erionota hiraca apicalis | White tipped skipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 12 | Hesperiidae | Erionota thrax thrax | Banana skipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| | Hesperiidae | Erionota torus | Torus skipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| | Hesperiidae | Hasora badra badra | Common awl | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 13 | Hesperiidae | Hidari irava | Coconut skipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 14 | Hesperiidae | lambrix salsala salsala | Chestnut bob | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 15 16 | Hesperiidae Hesperiidae | Matapa aria Oriens gola pseudolus | Common redeye Common dartlet | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Moderately rare Moderately common | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 17 | Hesperiidae | Oriens gola pseudolus Oriens paragola | Malay dartlet | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not assessed Not assessed | No No | Rare | Yes | res |
| 18 | Hesperiidae | Pelopidas agna agna | Bengal swift | Not Assessed | Endangered | Yes | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 19 | Hesperiidae | Pelopidas assamensis | Great swift | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 20 | Hesperiidae | Pelopidas conjunctus conjunctus | Conjoined swift | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 21 | Hesperiidae | Pelopidas mathias mathias | Small branded swift | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 22 | Hesperiidae | Plastingia naga | Chequered lancer | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 23 | Hesperiidae | Polytremis lubricans lubricans | Contiguous swift | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 24 | Hesperiidae | Potanthus omaha omaha | Lesser dart | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 25 | Hesperiidae | Potanthus serina | Large dart | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 26 27 | Hesperiidae Hesperiidae | Potanthus trachala tytleri Suastus gremius gremius | Detached dart Palm bob | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) Not Assessed | No No | Moderately rare Common | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 28 | Hesperiidae | Taractrocera archias quinta | Yellow grass dart | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | res |
| 29 | Hesperiidae | Taractrocera archias quinta Taractrocera ardonia lamia | Spotted grass dart | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 30 | Hesperiidae | Telicota augias augias | Pale palm dart | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 31 | Hesperiidae | Telicota besta bina | Besta palm dart | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 32 | Hesperiidae | Telicota colon stinga | Common palm dart | Not Assessed | Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 33 | Hesperiidae | Telicota linna | Linna palm dart | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 34 | Lycaenidae | Allotinus unicolor unicolor | Lesser darkwing | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 35 | Lycaenidae | Anthene emolus goberus | Ciliate blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 36 37 | Lycaenidae | Anthene lycaenina miya | Pointed ciliate blue | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No No | Moderately rare | Yes Yes | |
| 38 | Lycaenidae | Arhopala amphimuta amphimuta Arhopala centaurus nakula | NA Centaur oakblue | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) | No No | Moderately common Moderately common | Yes | |
| 39 | Lycaenidae Lycaenidae | Arhopala major major | NA NA | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Data Deficient | No | Common | Yes | |
| 40 | Lycaenidae | Catopyrops ancyra | Ancyra blue | Not Assessed | Vulnerable | Yes | Moderately rare | Yes | Yes |
| 41 | Lycaenidae | Curetis saronis sumatrana | Sumatran sunbeam | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 42 | Lycaenidae | Euchrysops cnejus cnejus | Gram blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 43 | Lycaenidae | Flos apidanus saturatus | Plain plushblue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 44 | Lycaenidae | Hypolycaena erylus teatus | Common tit | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 45 | Lycaenidae | Hypolycaena thecloides thecloides | Dark tit | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 46 | Lycaenidae | Ionolyce helicon merguiana | Pointed line blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | |
| 47 48 | Lycaenidae Lycaenidae | Iraota rochana boswelliana Jamides bochus nabonassar | Scarce silverstreak Dark caerulean | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Moderately common Moderately rare | Yes Yes | |
| 48 | Lycaenidae Lycaenidae | Jamides bochus nabonassar Jamides celeno aelianus | Common caerulean | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 50 | Lycaenidae | Lampides boeticus | Pea blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 51 | Lycaenidae | Logania marmorata damis | Pale mottle | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 52 | Lycaenidae | Loxura atymnus fuconius | Yamfly | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 53 | Lycaenidae | Megisba malaya sikkima | Malayan | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | Yes |
| 54 | Lycaenidae | Miletus biggsii biggsii | Bigg's brownwing | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 55 | Lycaenidae | Miletus symethus petronius | Blue brownwing/great brownie | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 56 | Lycaenidae | Nacaduba berenice icena | Rounded sixline blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 57 | Lycaenidae | Nacaduba beroe neon | Opaque sixline blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | V |
| 58 59 | Lycaenidae Lycaenidae | Nacaduba biocellata Nacaduba kurava nemana | Two spotted line blue Transparent sixline blue | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) | No No | Moderately rare Moderately common | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 60 | Lycaenidae | Prosotas dubiosa lumpura | Tailless line blue | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 61 | Lycaenidae | Prosotas nora superdates | Common line blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 62 | Lycaenidae | Rapala iarbus iarbus | Common red flash | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | 1 |
| 63 | Lycaenidae | Rapala manea chozeba | Slate flash | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 64 | Lycaenidae | Rapala pheretima sequeira | Copper flash | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 65 | Lycaenidae | Rapala suffusa barthema | Suffused flash | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 66 | Lycaenidae | Rapala varuna orseis | Indigo flash | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 67 | Lycaenidae | Semanga superba deliciosa | NA . | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 68 69 | Lycaenidae Lycaenidae | Spalgis epius epius Spindasis lohita senama | Apefly Long banded silverline | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Moderately common Moderately common | Yes Yes | |
| 70 | Lycaenidae Lycaenidae | Spindasis ionita senama Spindasis syama terana | Club silverline | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Moderately common Moderately common | Yes | |
| 71 | Lycaenidae | Surendra vivarna amisena | Acacia blue | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |



| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN/CITES) | National Status (Davison et al., 2008; Jain et al, 2018) | Species of Conservation Significance | Distribution/ Abundance /Rarity (Khew, 2015) | Probable Species | Recorded Species |
|-----|---|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|---|------------------|------------------|
| 72 | Lycaenidae | Tajuria cippus maxentius | Peacock royal | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 73 | Lycaenidae | Zizeeria maha serica | Pale grass blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 74 | Lycaenidae | Zizina otis lampa | Lesser grass blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 75 | Lycaenidae | Zizula hylax pygmaea | Pygmy grass blue | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 76 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Acraea terpsicore | Tawny coster | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 77 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Amathusia phidippus phidippus | Palm king | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 78 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Cethosia cyane | Leopard lacewing | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 79 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Danaus chrysippus chrysippus | Plain tiger | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 80 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Danaus genutia genutia | Common tiger | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 81 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Danaus melanippus hegesippus | Black veined tiger | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 82 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Doleschallia bisaltide bisaltide | Autumn leaf | Not Assessed | Not assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 83 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Elymnias hypermnestra agina | Common palmfly | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 84 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Elymnias panthera panthera | Tawny palmfly | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 85 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Euploea mulciber mulciber | Striped blue crow | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 86 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Euthalia aconthea gurda | Baron | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 87 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Euthalia adonia pinwilli | Green baron | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 88 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Euthalia monina monina | Malay baron | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 89 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Hypolimnas anomala anomala | Malayan eggfly | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 90 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Hypolimnas bolina bolina | Great eggfly | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | |
| 91 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Hypolimnas bolina iacintha | Jacintha eggfly | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 92 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Ideopsis vulgaris macrina | Blue glassy tiger | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 93 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Junonia almana javana | Peacock pansy | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 94 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Junonia atlites atlites | Grey pansy | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 95 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Junonia hedonia ida | Chocolate pansy | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 96 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Junonia orithya wallacei | Blue pansy | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | 100 |
| 97 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Melanitis leda leda | Common evening brown | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | Yes |
| 98 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Mycalesis mineus macromalavana | Dark brand bush brown | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 99 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Mycalesis perseoides perseoides | Burmese bush brown | Not Assessed | Data Deficient | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 100 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Mycalesis perseus cepheus | Dingy bush brown | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | 103 |
| 101 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Mycalesis visala phamis | Long brand bush brown | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 102 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Neptis hylas papaja | Common sailor | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 103 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Orsotriaena medus cinerea | Dark grass brown | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 104 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Parantica agleoides agleoides | Dark glassy tiger | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 105 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Phaedyma columella singa | Short banded sailor | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 106 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Polyura hebe plautus | Plain nawab | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | 103 |
| 107 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Polyura schreiber tisamenus | Blue nawab | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Moderately rare | Yes | |
| 108 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Tanaecia iapis puseda | Horsfield's baron | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 109 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Vindula dejone erotella | Cruiser | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 110 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Ynthima baldus newboldi | Common five-ring | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No. | Common | Yes | |
| 111 | Nymphalidae (Brush Foots) | Ypthima horsfieldii humei | Malavan five-ring | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No. | Common | Yes | |
| 112 | Papilionidae (Swallowtails & Birdwings) | Chilasa clvtia clvtia | Common mime | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | |
| 113 | Papilionidae (Swallowtails & Birdwings) | Graphium agamemnon agamemnon | Tailed iav | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 114 | Papilionidae (Swallowtails & Birdwings) | Graphium sarpedon luctatius | Common bluebottle | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | |
| 115 | Papilionidae (Swallowtails & Birdwings) | Papilio demoleus malayanus | Lime butterfly | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | |
| 116 | Papilionidae (Swallowtails & Birdwings) | Papilio polytes romulus | Common mormon | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 117 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Appias libythea olferna | Striped albatross | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 118 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Catopsilia pomona pomona | Lemon emigrant | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | 169 |
| 119 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Catopsilia pornoria pornoria Catopsilia pyranthe pyranthe | Mottled emigrant | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | |
| 120 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Catopsilia scylla cornelia | Orange emigrant | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Yes | |
| 121 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Delias hyparete metarete | Painted iezebel | Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 122 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Eurema andersonii andersonii | Anderson's grass yellow | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Moderately common | Yes | Yes |
| 123 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Eurema andersonii andersonii Eurema blanda snelleni | Three spot grass yellow | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 123 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Eurema hecabe contubernalis | Common grass yellow | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | Yes |
| 125 | Pieridae (Whites & Sulphurs) | Leptosia nina malayana | Psyche | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Yes | 162 |
| | Riodinidae (Metalmarks) | Abisara saturata kausambioides | Malayan plum judy | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Moderately common | Yes | - |
| 126 | | | | | | | | | |



| No. | Family Name | Scientific Name | Common Name | Local Status (SRDB) | Global Status (IUCN) | Residence (IUCN, NParks Flora & Fauna Web, Sealifebase, the Biodiversity of Singapore, A Guide To Mangroves of Singapore) | Probable? | Recorded? |
|-----|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | Adrianichthyidae | Oryzias javanicus | Javanese Ricefish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 2 | Ambassidae | Ambassis kopsii | Kops' Glass Perchlet | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 3 | Ambassidae | Ambassis vachellii | Vachell's Glassfish | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 4 | Aplocheilidae | Aplocheilus armatus | Whitespot | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 5 | Apogonidae | Yarica hyalosoma | Mangrove Cardinalfish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 6 | Arridae | Arius venosus | Yellow Sea Catfish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 7 | Belonidae | Strongylura leiura | Slender Needlefish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 8 | Belonidae | Strongylura strongylura | Spot-tail Needlefish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 9 | Centropomidae | Lates calcarifer | Barramundi | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 10 | Gobiidae | Boleophthalmus boddarti | Blue-spotted mudskipper | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 11 | Gobiidae | Brachygobius kabiliensis | Bumblebee goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 12 | Gobiidae | Butis butis | Mangrove flathead gudgeon | Not Assessed | Least Concern | N/A | Yes | |
| 13 | Gobiidae | Calamiana illota | Dirty-face brackish goby | Not Assessed | Least Concern | N/A | Yes | |
| 14 | Gobiidae | Calamiana variegata | Stripe-face brackish goby | Not Assessed | Least Concern | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 15 | Gobiidae | Gobiopetrus birtwistlei | Glass goby | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | |
| 16 | Gobiidae | Hemigobius hoevenii | Common mullet goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 17 | Gobiidae | Hemigobius melanurus | Blue-eyed goby | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | |
| 18 | Gobiidae | Mugilogobius fasciatus | Broad-barred mangrove goby | Not Assessed | Data Deficient | N/A | Yes | |
| 19 | Gobiidae | Mugilogobius mertoni | Yellow-chequered Mangrove Goby | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | |
| 20 | Gobiidae | Mugilogobius tigrinus | Narrow-barred mangrove goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 21 | Gobiidae | Ophiocara porocephala | Snakehead gudgeon | Not Assessed | Least Concern | N/A | Yes | |
| 22 | Gobiidae | Periophthalmus argentilineatus | Silver-lined mudskipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 23 | Gobiidae | Periophthalmus chrysospilos | Gold-spotted mudskipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 24 | Gobiidae | Periophthalmus gracilis | Slender mudskipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 25 | Gobiidae | Periophthalmus schlosseri | Giant Mudskipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 26 | Gobiidae | Periophthalmus variabilis | Dusky-gilled mudskipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 27 | Gobiidae | Periophthalmus walailakae | Yellow-spotted mudskipper | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 28 | Gobiidae | Pseudogobius avicennia | Avicennia fat-nose goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 29 | Gobiidae | Pseudogobius javanicus | Java Fat-nose Goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 30 | Gobiidae | Pseudogobius melanostictus | Black-spotted fat-nose goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 31 | Gobiidae | Rhinogobius giurinus | Barcheek Goby | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Non-native | Yes | |
| 32 | Gobiidae | Stigmatogobius sadanundio | Grey Knight Goby | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 33 | Heriramphidae | Hemiramphus far | Black-bared Halfbeak | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 34 | Heriramphidae | Zenarchopterus buffonis | Striped-nose Halfbeak | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 35 | Lutjanidae | Lutjanus argentimaculatus | Mangrove Red Snapper | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 36 | Mugilidae | Ellochelon vaigiensis | Squaretail Mullet | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 37 | Mugilidae | Planiliza subviridis | Greenback Mullet | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 38 | Muraenidae | Gymnothorax tile | Estuarine Moray | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 39 | Phallostethidae | Neostethus lankesteri | One-horned Priapus Fish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 40 | Platycephalidae | Platycephalus indicus | Bartail Flathead | Not Assessed | Data Deficient | Native | Yes | |
| 41 | Plotosidae | Plotosus canius | Black Eeltail Catfish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 42 | Plotosidae | Plotosus lineatus | Striped Eeltail Catfish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 43 | Poeciliidae | Gambusia affinis | Mosquitofish | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Non-native | Yes | |
| 44 | Poeciliidae | Poecilia reticulata | Guppy | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 45 | Syngnathidae | Hippichthys cyanospilos | Blue-speckled Pipefish | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 46 | Syngnathidae | Ichthyocampus carce | Freshwater Pipefish | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 47 | Tetraodonitdae | Tetraodon nigroviridis | Spotted Green Puffer | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 48 | Toxotidae | Toxotes chatareus | Spotted Archerfish | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 49 | Toxotidae | Toxotes jaculatrix | Banded Archerfish | Not Assessed | Least Concern | Native | Yes | |
| 50 | Channidae | Channa striata | Common snakehead/aruan | Least Concern | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |



| No. | Family Name | Scientific Name | Common Name | Local Status (SRDB) | Global Status (IUCN) | Residence (IUCN, NParks Flora & Fauna Web, Sealifebase, the Biodiversity of Singapore, A Guide To Mangroves of Singapore) | | Recorded? |
|-----|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|-----|-----------|
| 51 | Zenarchopteridae | Dermogenys collettei | Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 52 | Cichlidae | Oreochromis sp. | Tilapia sp. | N/A | N/A | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 53 | Poeciliidae | Poecilia sphenops | Green molly | Least Concern | Not Assessed | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 54 | Gobiidae | Stigmatogobius sp. | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| 55 | Osphronemidae | Trichopodus trichopterus | Threespot gouramy | Least Concern | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 56 | Osphronemidae | Trichopsis vittata | Croaking gouramy | Least Concern | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |



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| No. | Family Name | Scientific Name | Local Status (SRDB) | Global Status (IUCN) | Residence (IUCN, NParks Flora & Fauna Web, Sealifebase, the Biodiversity of Singapore, A Guide To Mangroves of Singapore) | Probable? | Recorded? |
|-----|----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | Alpheidae | Alpheus euphrosyne | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 2 | Alpheidae | Alpheus microrhynchus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 3 | Alpheidae | Potamalpheops johnsoni | Vulnerable | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 4 | Alpheidae | Potamalpheops tigger | Vulnerable | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 5 | Atyidae | Caridina sp. | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 6 | Camptandriinae | Baruna trigranulum | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 7 | Camptandriinae | Ilyogynis microcheirum | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 8 | Camptandriinae | Paracleistostoma depressum | Not Listed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 9 | Diogenidae | Clibanarius infraspinatus | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 10 | Diogenidae | Clibanarius longitarsus | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 11 | Diogenidae | Clibanarius merguiensis | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 12 | Diogenidae | Dardanus lagopodes | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 13 | Diogenidae | Diogenes sp. (Tidal Hermit Crab) | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 14 | Grapsidae | Metopograpsus frontalis | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 15 | Grapsidae | Metopograpsus gracilipes | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 16 | Grapsidae | Metopograpsus latifrons | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 17 | Grapsidae | Varuna yui | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 18 | Limulidae | Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda | Vulnerable | Data Deficient | Native | Yes | |
| 19 | Limulidae | Tachypleus gigas | Endangered | Data Deficient | Native | Yes | |
| 20 | Ocypodidae | Uca annulipes | Not Listed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 21 | Ocypodidae | Uca vocans | Not Listed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 22 | Palaemonidae | Palaemon sp. | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 23 | Palamonidae | Macrobrachium equidens | Not Listed | Least Concerned | Native | Yes | |
| 24 | Penaeidae | Metapenaeus sp. | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 25 | Penaeidae | Penaeus sp. | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 26 | Sesarmidae | Episesarma chengtongense | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 27 | Sesarmidae | Episesarma singaporense | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 28 | Sesarmidae | Episesarma versicolor | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 29 | Sesarmidae | Perisesarma eumolpe | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 30 | Sesarmidae | Perisesarma fasciatus | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 31 | Sesarmidae | Perisesarma indiarum | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 32 | Sesarmidae | Sarmatium germaini | Endangered | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 33 | Sesarmidae | Selatium brockii | Not Listed | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 34 | Sesarmidae | Nanosesarma batavicum | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 35 | Thalassinidae | Thalassina anomala | Endangered | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 36 | Thalassinidae | Thalassina gracilis | Endangered | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 37 | Thalassinidae | Thalassina kelanang | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | |
| 38 | Upogebiidae | Wolffogebia phuketensis | Endangered | Not Assessed | Native | Yes | |
| 39 | Varunidae | Metaplax elegans | Not Listed | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| - | Thalassinidae | Thalassina sp. | N/A | Not Assessed | N/A | Yes | Yes |
| - | Palamonidae | Machrobrachium sp. | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| | Camptandriinae | Unidentified Camptandriidae | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| - | Sesarmidae | Unidentified Sesarmidae | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| - | N/A | Unidentified Brachyura | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |



| No | | | | | | 1 | Distribution/Abundance/Rarity (Baker | | | |
|----|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN/CITES) | National Status (Davison et al., 2008) | Species of Conservation Significance | & Lim, 2012) | Native Status (Baker & Lim, 212) | Probable? | Recorded? |
| 1 | Bufonidae | Duttaphrynus melanostictus | Asian toad | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 2 | Eleutherodactylidae | Eleutherodactylus planirostris | Greenhouse frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 3 | Dicroglossidae | Fejervarya cancrivora | Crab-eating frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | |
| 4 | Dicroglossidae | Fejervarya limnocharis | Field frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 5 | Ranidae | Hylarana erythraea | Green paddy frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 6 | Microhylidae | Kaloula pulchra | Banded bull frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 7 | Dicroglossidae | Limnonectes blythii | Malayan giant frog | Near Threatened | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 3 | Ranidae | Lithobates catesbeianus | American bullfrog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | |
| 9 | Microhylidae | Microhyla butleri | Painted chorus frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | |
| 0 | Microhylidae | Microhyla heymonsi | Dark-sided chorus frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 1 | Microhylidae | Microhyla mukhlesuri | East Asian ornate chorus frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Restricted and Rare | Non-native | Yes | Yes |
| 2 | Rhacophoridae | Polypedates leucomystax | Four-lined tree frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 3 | Ranidae | Sylvirana guentheri | Guenther's frog | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Non-native | Yes | Yes |



| | | | | | National Status | Species of Conservation | Distribution/Abundance/Rarity | Native Status (Baker & Lim, | Probable | Recorded | |
|-----|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|---------|
| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN/CITES) | (Davison et al., 2008) | Significance | (Baker & Lim, 2012) | 2012) | Species | Species | Remarks |
| 1 | Colubridae (Ahaetulliinae) | Ahaetulla prasina | Oriental whip snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 2 | Trionychidae | Amyda cartilaginea | Asian softshell turtle | Vulnerable | Endangered | Yes | Restricted and Uncommon | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 3 | Agamidae | Bronchocela cristatella | Green crested lizard | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Native | Yes | Yes | í . |
| 4 | Elapidae | Calliophis intestinalis | Banded Malayan coral snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Rare | Native | Yes | | í |
| 5 | Agamidae | Calotes versicolor | Changeable lizard | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 6 | Colubridae (Ahaetulliinae) | Chrysopelea paradisi | Paradise gliding snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | í |
| 7 | Colubridae (Colubrinae) | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Common Malayan racer | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | Widespread but Rare | Native | Yes | | í |
| 8 | Geomydidae | Cuora amboinensis | Malayan box terrapin | Vulnerable; CITES protected (Appendix II) | Not Assessed | Yes | Restricted but Common | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 9 | Colubridae (Ahaetulliinae) | Dendrelaphis caudolineatus | Striped bronzeback | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | · |
| 10 | Colubridae (Ahaetulliinae) | Dendrelaphis pictus | Painted bronzeback | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | · |
| 11 | Agamidae | Draco sumatranus | Sumatran flying dragon | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 12 | Scincidae | Eutropis multifasciata | Many-lined sun skink | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | · |
| 13 | Gekkonidae | Gehyra mutilata | Four-clawed gecko | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | · |
| 14 | Gekkonidae | Gekko monarchus | Spotted house gecko | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 15 | Gekkonidae | Hemidactylus brookii | Brooke's house gecko | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Restricted and Rare | Non-native | Yes | | í |
| 16 | Gekkonidae | Hemidactylus frenatus | Spiny-tailed house gecko | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | |
| 17 | Gekkonidae | Hemidactylus platyurus | Flat-tailed gecko | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | · |
| 18 | Geomydidae | Heosemys grandis | Giant asian pond turtle | Vulnerable; CITES protected (Appendix II) | Not Assessed | No | NA | Non-native | Yes | | |
| 19 | Typhlopidae | Indotyphlops braminus | Brahminy blind snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | · |
| 20 | Gekkonidae | Lepidodactylus lugubris | Mourning gecko | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Rare | Native | Yes | | |
| 21 | Colubridae (Colubrinae) | Lycodon capucinus | House wolf snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | |
| 22 | Scincidae | Lygosoma bowringii | Garden supple skink | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | |
| 23 | Pythonidae | Malayopython reticulatus | Reticulated python | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | | |
| 24 | Elapidae | Naja sumatrana | Equatorial spitting cobra | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | |
| 25 | Colubridae (Colubrinae) | Oligodon octolineatus | Striped kukri snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 26 | Pareidae | Pareas margaritophorus | White-spotted slug snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | | |
| 27 | Trionychidae | Pelodiscus sinensis | Chinese softshell turtle | Vulnerable | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | | |
| 28 | Colubridae (Colubrinae) | Ptyas korros | Indochinese rat snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Native | Yes | | í |
| 29 | Geomydidae | Siebenrockiella crassicollis | Black marsh terrapin | Vulnerable | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 30 | Emydidae | Trachemys decussata | Cuban slider | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | NA | NA | Yes | | í |
| 31 | Emydidae | Trachemys scripta | Red-eared slider | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 32 | Varanidae | Varanus salvator | Malayan water monitor | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 33 | Colubridae (Natricinae) | Xenochrophis vittatus | Striped keelback | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | Yes | í |
| 34 | Xenopeltidae | Xenopeltis unicolor | Iridescent earth snake | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Native | Yes | | i |



| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN/CITES) | National Status (Davison et al., 2008) | Species of Conservation Significance | Distribution/ Abundance/ Rarity (NSS, 2020; Singapore Birds Project, 2020) | Primary Native Status (NSS, 2020; Singapre Birds Project, 2020) | Other Native Status (NSS, 2020; Singapre Birds Project, 2020) | Probable Species | Recorded Species |
|----------|------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---------------------|--|
| 1 | Acanthizidae | Gerygone sulphurea | Golden-bellied gerygone | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 2 | Accipitridae | Accipiter gularis | Japanese sparrowhawk | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 3 | Accipitridae | Accipiter soloensis | Chinese sparrowhawk | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 5 | Accipitridae Accipitridae | Accipiter trivirgatus Aviceda jerdoni | Crested goshawk | Least Concern | Critically Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | Uncommon | Resident breeder Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 6 | Accipitridae | Aviceda leuphotes | Black baza | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 7 | Accipitridae | Buteo buteo | Common buzzard | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 8 | Accipitridae | Elanus caeruleus | Black-winged kite | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 9 | Accipitridae Accipitridae | Haliaeetus ichthyaetus Haliaeetus leucogaster | Grey-headed fish eagle White-bellied sea eagle | Near Threatened Least Concern | Critically Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | Uncommon Common | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 11 | Accipitridae | Haliastur indus | Brahminy kite | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 12 | Accipitridae | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Changeable hawk-eagle | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 13 | Accipitridae | Pernis ptilorhynchus | Crested honey-buzzard | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | ssage migrant/non-breeding vis | Yes | |
| 14 | Accipitridae | Spilomis cheela | Crested serpent eagle | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Rare | Resident, breeding not prover | | Yes | <u> </u> |
| 15 16 | Aegithinidae Alcedinidae | Aegithina tiphia Alcedo atthis | Common iora Common kingfisher | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Common | Resident breeder Winter visitor | | Yes Yes | Yes Yes |
| 17 | Alcedinidae | Alcedo menintina | Blue-eared kingfisher | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Rare | Resident breeder | | Yes | 163 |
| 18 | Alcedinidae | Ceyx erithaca | Oriental dwarf kingfisher | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 19 | Alcedinidae | Halcyon coromanda | Ruddy kingfisher | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes | ļ' |
| 20 | Alcedinidae | Halcyon pileata | Black-capped kingfisher | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Voc |
| 21 | Alcedinidae Alcedinidae | Halcyon smyrnensis Pelargopsis capensis | White-throated kingfisher Stork-billed kingfisher | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Uncommon | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes Yes |
| 23 | Alcedinidae | Todiramphus chloris | Collared kingfisher | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 24 | Apodidae | Aerodramus fuciphagus | Edible-nest swiftlet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 25 | Apodidae | Aerodramus maximus | Black-nest swiftlet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 26 27 | Ardeidae Ardeidae | Ardea alba Ardea cinerea | Great egret Grey heron | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Vulnerable | No Yes | Common Uncommon | Winter visitor Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 28 | Ardeidae | Ardea intermedia | Intermediate egret | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | | Yes | 163 |
| 29 | Ardeidae | Ardea purpurea | Purple heron | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 30 | Ardeidae | Ardeola bacchus | Chinese pond heron | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 31 | Ardeidae | Ardeola speciosa | Javan pond heron | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 32 33 | Ardeidae Ardeidae | Bubulcus coromandus Butorides striata | Eastern cattle egret Striated heron | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Common | Winter visitor Resident breeder | duced resident, breeding not p Winter visitor | Yes Yes | |
| 34 | Ardeidae | Egretta eulophotes | Chinese egret | Vulnerable | Not Assessed | Yes | Rare | Winter visitor | WITHER VISITOR | Yes | |
| 35 | Ardeidae | Egretta garzetta | Little egret | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 36 | Ardeidae | Gorsachius melanolophus | Malayan night heron | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Rare | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 37 38 | Ardeidae Ardeidae | Ixobrychus cinnamomeus | Cinnamon bittern Von Schrenck's bittern | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Resident breeder Winter visitor | Winter visitor | Yes | <u> </u> |
| 39 | Ardeidae | Ixobrychus eurhythmus Ixobrychus flavicollis | Black bittern | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Yes |
| 40 | Ardeidae | Ixobrychus sinensis | Yellow bittern | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes | Yes |
| 41 | Ardeidae | Nycticorax nycticorax | Black-crowned night heron | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 42 | Bucerotidae | Anthracoceros albirostris | Oriental pied hornbill | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 43 | Cacatuidae Campephagidae | Cacatua goffiniana Lalage nigra | Tanimbar corella Pied triller | Near Threatened Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Introduced resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 45 | Campephagidae | Pericrocotus divaricatus | Ashy minivet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Yes |
| 46 | Caprimulgidae | Caprimulgus affinis | Savanna nightjar | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 47 | Caprimulgidae | Caprimulgus macrurus | Large-tailed nightjar | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 48 49 | Charadriidae Charadriidae | Pluvialis fulva Vanellus indicus | Pacific golden plover Red-wattled lapwing | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Endangered | No Yes | Common Uncommon | Winter visitor Resident breeder | Passage migrant | Yes Yes | |
| 50 | Cisticolidae | Cisticola juncidis | Zitting cisticola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 51 | Cisticolidae | Orthotomus atrogularis | Dark-necked tailorbird | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 52 | Cisticolidae | Orthotomus ruficeps | Ashy tailorbird | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | \bot |
| 53 54 | Cisticolidae Cisticolidae | Orthotomus sericeus Orthotomus sutorius | Rufous-tailed tailorbird Common tailorbird | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes Yes |
| 55 | Cisticolidae | Prinia flaviventris | Yellow-bellied prinia | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | 162 |
| 56 | Columbidae | Chalcophaps indica | Common emerald dove | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 57 | Columbidae | Columba livia | Rock dove | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 58 | Columbidae | Ducula bicolor | Pied imperial pigeon | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | Non-breeding visitor/introduced | l Yes | V |
| 59 60 | Columbidae Columbidae | Geopelia striata Ptilinopus jambu | Zebra dove Jambu fruit dove | Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Uncommon | Resident breeder Non-breeding visitor | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 61 | Columbidae | Spilopelia chinensis | Spotted dove | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 62 | Columbidae | Streptopelia tranquebarica | Red turtle dove | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 63 | Columbidae | Treron vernans | Pink-necked green pigeon | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 64 65 | Coraciidae Corvidae | Eurystomus orientalis | Oriental dollarbird | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common Uncommon | Resident breeder Resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes Yes | Yes Yes |
| 66 | Corvidae | Corvus macrorhynchos Corvus splendens | Large-billed crow House crow | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 67 | Cuculidae | Cacomantis merulinus | Plaintive cuckoo | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 68 | Cuculidae | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Rusty-breasted cuckoo | Least Concern | Vulnerable | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 69 | Cuculidae | Cacomantis sonneratii | Banded bay cuckoo | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 70 71 | Cuculidae Cuculidae | Centropus bengalensis Centropus sinensis | Lesser coucal Greater coucal | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Uncommon | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 72 | Cuculidae | Chrysococcyx minutillus | Little bronze-cuckoo | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Resident breeder | 1 | Yes | ' |



| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Giobal Status (IUCN/CITES) | National Status (Davison et al., 2008) | Species of Conservation Significance | Distribution/ Abundance/ Rarity (NSS, 2020; Singapore Birds Project, 2020) | Primary Native Status (NSS, 2020; Singapre Birds Project, 2020) | Other Native Status (NSS, 2020; Singapre Birds Project, 2020) | Probable Species | Recorded Species |
|------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| 73 | Cuculidae | Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus | Violet cuckoo | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes | |
| 74 | Cuculidae | Clamator coromandus | Chestnut-winged cuckoo | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 75 76 | Cuculidae Cuculidae | Cuculus micropterus Eudynamys scolopaceus | Indian cuckoo Asian koel | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon Common | Winter visitor Resident breeder | Passage migrant Winter visitor | Yes Yes | |
| 77 | Cuculidae | Hierococcyx fugax | Malaysian hawk-cuckoo | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Non-breeding visitor | Willier Visitor | Yes | |
| 78 | Dicaeidae | Dicaeum cruentatum | Scarlet-backed flowerpecker | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 79 | Dicruridae | Dicrurus annectans | Crow-billed drongo | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 80 81 | Dicruridae Estrildidae | Dicrurus paradiseus Lonchura atricapilla | Greater racket-tailed drongo Chestnut munia | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Uncommon | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 82 | Estrildidae | Lonchura leucogastroides | Javan munia | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 83 | Estrildidae | Lonchura maja | White-headed munia | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 84 | Estrildidae | Lonchura punctulata | Scaly-breasted munia | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 85 86 | Glareolidae | Glareola maldivarum | Oriental pratincole | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Passage migrant Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 87 | Hemiprocnidae Hirundinidae | Hemiprocne longipennis Cecropis daurica | Grey-rumped treeswift Red-rumped swallow | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes Yes | |
| 88 | Hirundinidae | Hirundo rustica | Barn swallow | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 89 | Hirundinidae | Hirundo tahitica | Pacific swallow | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 90 | Hirundinidae | Riparia riparia | Sand martin | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | L |
| 91 92 | Laniidae Laniidae | Lanius cristatus Lanius schach | Brown shrike Long-tailed shrike | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Winter visitor Resident breeder | Passage migrant | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 93 | Laniidae | Lanius scriacri Lanius tigrinus | Tiger shrike | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Yes |
| 94 | Laridae | Chlidonias hybrida | Whiskered tern | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 95 | Laridae | Chlidonias leucopterus | White-winged tern | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 96 97 | Laridae Leiothrichidae | Sternula albifrons Garrulax leucolophus | Little tern White-crested laughingthrush | Least Concern Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | Common Common | Resident breeder Introduced resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes Yes | |
| 98 | Megalaimidae | Psilopogon haemacephalus | Coppersmith barbet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 99 | Megalaimidae | Psilopogon lineatus | Lineated barbet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 100 | Meropidae | Merops philippinus | Blue-tailed bee-eater | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | | Yes | Yes |
| 101 102 | Meropidae Monarchidae | Merops viridis Terpsiphone incei | Blue-throated bee-eater Amur paradise flycatcher | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common Common | Migrant breeder Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 102 | Motacillidae | Anthus rufulus | Paddyfield pipit | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 104 | Motacillidae | Dendronanthus indicus | Forest wagtail | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 105 | Motacillidae | Motacilla cinerea | Grey wagtail | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 106 | Motacillidae | Motacilla tschutschensis | Eastern yellow wagtail | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 107 108 | Muscicapidae Muscicapidae | Copsychus saularis Ficedula mugimaki | Oriental magpie-robin Mugimaki flycatcher | Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | Uncommon | Resident breeder Passage migrant | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 109 | Muscicapidae | Ficedula zanthopygia | Yellow-rumped flycatcher | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Passage migrant | | Yes | Yes |
| 110 | Muscicapidae | Larvivora cyane | Siberian blue robin | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | 1 |
| 111 | Muscicapidae | Muscicapa dauurica | Asian brown flycatcher | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Yes |
| 112 113 | Muscicapidae Muscicapidae | Muscicapa ferruginea Muscicapa sibirica | Ferruginous flycatcher Dark-sided flycatcher | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon Uncommon | Winter visitor Winter visitor | Passage migrant Passage migrant | Yes Yes | + |
| 114 | Nectariniidae | Aethopyga siparaja | Crimson sunbird | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | r assage migram | Yes | Yes |
| 115 | Nectariniidae | Anthreptes malacensis | Brown-throated sunbird | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 116 | Nectariniidae | Cinnyris jugularis | Olive-backed sunbird | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 117 118 | Nectariniidae Oriolidae | Leptocoma calcostetha Oriolus chinensis | Copper-throated sunbird Black-naped oriole | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 119 | Pandionidae | Pandion haliaetus | Western osprey | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | Common | Non-breeding visitor | | Yes | 163 |
| 120 | Passeridae | Passer montanus | Eurasian tree sparrow | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | Introduced? | Yes | |
| 121 | Phasianidae | Excalfactoria chinensis | King quail | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 122 | Phasianidae Phasianidae | Gallus gallus Gallus gallus (domestic) | Red junglefowl Domestic chicken | Least Concern Not Assessed | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | Uncommon NA | Resident breeder Introduced | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 124 | Phylloscopidae | Phylloscopus borealis | Arctic warbler | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 125 | Phylloscopidae | Phylloscopus coronatus | Eastern crowned warbler | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 126 | Phylloscopidae | Phylloscopus inornatus | Yellow-browed warbler | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | Rare | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Yes |
| 127 128 | Picidae Picidae | Chrysophlegma miniaceum Dinopium javanense | Banded woodpecker Common flameback | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Common | Resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 129 | Picidae | Micropternus brachyurus | Rufous woodpecker | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 130 | Picidae | Picus vittatus | Laced woodpecker | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 131 | Picidae | Yungipicus moluccensis | Sunda pygmy woodpecker | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Resident breeder | MP 4 | Yes | Yes |
| 132 133 | Pittidae Pittidae | Pitta moluccensis Pitta sordida | Blue-winged pitta Hooded pitta | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon Uncommon | Migrant breeder Winter visitor | Winter visitor/passage migrant Passage migrant | Yes Yes | + |
| 134 | Ploceidae | Placeus philippinus | Baya weaver | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | r assaye miyiam | Yes | + |
| 135 | Psittaculidae | Loriculus galgulus | Blue-crowned hanging-parrot | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 136 | Psittaculidae | Psittacula alexandri | Red-breasted parakeet | Near Threatened | Not Assessed | No | Common | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 137 | Psittaculidae Psittaculidae | Psittacula krameri | Rose-ringed parakeet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No Van | Uncommon | Introduced resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes | V |
| 138 139 | Psittaculidae Psittaculidae | Psittacula longicauda Trichoglossus haematodus | Long-tailed parakeet Coconut lorikeet | Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Yes No | Common Uncommon | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 140 | Pycnonotidae | Pycnonotus aurigaster | Sooty-headed bulbul | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | † |
| 141 | Pycnonotidae | Pycnonotus goiavier | Yellow-vented bulbul | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 142 | Pycnonotidae Pycnonotidae | Pycnonotus jocosus Pycnonotus plumosus | Red-whiskered bulbul Olive-winged bulbul | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | Uncommon Common | Introduced resident breeder Resident breeder | | Yes Yes | Yes |
| 143 | | | | | | | | | | | |



| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN/CITES) | National Status (Davison et al., 2008) | Species of Conservation Significance | Distribution/ Abundance/ Rarity (NSS, 2020; Singapore Birds Project, 2020) | Primary Native Status (NSS, 2020; Singapre Birds Project, 2020) | 2020; Singapre Birds Project, 2020) | Probable Species | Species |
|-----|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|---------------------|---------|
| 145 | Rallidae | Amaurornis phoenicurus | White-breasted waterhen | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes | Yes |
| 146 | Rallidae | Rallina fasciata | Red-legged crake | Least Concern | Vulnerable | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | Winter visitor | Yes | Yes |
| 147 | Rhipiduridae | Rhipidura javanica | Malaysian pied fantail | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 148 | Rostratulidae | Rostratula benghalensis | Greater painted-snipe | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Rare | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 149 | Scolopacidae | Actitis hypoleucos | Common sandpiper | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | Yes |
| 150 | Scolopacidae | Gallinago gallinago | Common snipe | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 151 | Scolopacidae | Gallinago stenura | Pin-tailed snipe | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | | Yes | |
| 152 | Scolopacidae | Numenius phaeopus | Eurasian whimbrel | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 153 | Strigidae | Ketupa ketupu | Buffy fish owl | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 154 | Strigidae | Otus lempiji | Sunda scops owl | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 155 | Strigidae | Strix seloputo | Spotted wood owl | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 156 | Sturnidae | Acridotheres javanicus | Javan myna | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Abundant | Introduced resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 157 | Sturnidae | Acridotheres tristis | Common myna | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 158 | Sturnidae | Agropsar sturninus | Daurian starling | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Winter visitor | Passage migrant | Yes | |
| 159 | Sturnidae | Aplonis panayensis | Asian glossy starling | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 160 | Sturnidae | Gracula religiosa | Common hill myna | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 161 | Timaliidae | Mixornis gularis | Pin-striped tit-babbler | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| 162 | Turnicidae | Turnix suscitator | Barred buttonquail | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 163 | Tytonidae | Tyto javanica | Eastern barn owl | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Uncommon | Resident breeder | | Yes | |
| 164 | Zosteropidae | Zosterops simplex | Swinhoe's white-eye | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | Yes | Yes |
| - | Apodidae | Aerodramus sp. | Unidentified swiftlet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Common | Resident breeder | | N/A | Yes |



January 2022 20434030-Re03-Rev5 - Non-volant mammals

| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN, 2012) | National Status (Davison et al. 2008) | Species of Conservation Significance | Distribution/Rarity (Baker & Lim, 2012) | Native Status (Baker & Lim, 2012) | Probable Species | Recorded Species |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Canidae | Canis lupus familiaris | Feral dog | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | NA | Non-native | Yes | |
| 2 | Cercopithecidae | Macaca fascicularis | Long-tailed macaque | Vulnerable | Not Assessed | Yes | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | |
| 3 | Felidae | Felis catus | Feral cat | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | NA | Non-native | Yes | |
| 4 | Manidae | Manis javanica | Sunda pangolin | Critically Endangered | Critically Endangered | Yes | Widespread but Rare | Native | Yes | |
| 5 | Muridae | Mus castaneus | House mouse | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | |
| 6 | Muridae | Rattus norvegicus | Brown rat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Non-native | Yes | |
| 7 | Muridae | Rattus tanezumi | Oriental house rat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 8 | Muridae | Rattus tiomanicus | Malaysian wood rat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | |
| 9 | Mustelidae | Lutrogale perspicillata | Smooth-coated otter | Vulnerable | Critically Endangered | Yes | Widespread but Rare | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 10 | Sciuridae | Callosciurus notatus | Plantain squirrel | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 11 | Soricidae | Suncus murinus | House shrew | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | |
| 12 | Suidae | Sus scrofa | Eurasian wild boar | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 13 | Tupaiidae | Tupaia glis | Common treeshrew | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 14 | Viverridae | Paradoxurus musangus | Common palm civet | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Native | Yes | Yes |



January 2022 20434030-R003-Rev5 - Bats

| No. | Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Global Status (IUCN/CITES) | National Status (Davison et al., 2008) | Species of Conservation Significance | Distribution/Abundance/Rarity (Baker & Lim, 2012) | Native Status (Baker & Lim, 2012) | Probable Species | Recorded Species |
|-----|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Pteropodidae | Cynopterus brachyotis | Lesser dog-faced fruit bat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | No |
| 2 | Pteropodidae | Eonycteris spelaea | Cave nectar bat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Native | Yes | No |
| 3 | Emballonuridae | Saccolaimus saccolaimus | Pouch-bearing bat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 4 | Vespertilionidae | Myotis muricola | Whiskered myotis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 5 | Vespertilionidae | Pipistrellus javanicus | Javan pipistrelle | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread but Uncommon | Native | Yes | Yes |
| 6 | Vespertilionidae | Scotophilus kuhlii | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | Widespread and Common | Native | Yes | Yes |
| - | Pteropodidae | Unidentified Pteropodidae | Unidentified fruit bat | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |



January 2022 20434030-R003-Rev5 - Others

| No. | Taxon | Family Name | Scientific Name | Local Status (SRDB) | Global Status (IUCN) | Residence (IUCN, NParks Flora & Fauna Web, Sealifebase, the Biodiversity of Singapore, A Guide To Mangroves of Singapore) | Probable? | Recorded? |
|-----|------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | Cnidarian | N/A | Unidentified Actiniaria | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| 2 | Polychaete | N/A | Unidentified Polychaeta | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| 3 | Porifera | N/A | Unidentified Archaeobalanidae | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes |



05 Sep 2022 20434030-R003-Rev7

APPENDIX D

Camera Trap Data



| Station | Sampling date | Date | Time | DateTimeOriginal | File | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific name | Global Status | Local Status | Threatened | Abundance | Remarks |
|---------|---------------|-------------|----------|------------------|---------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 5 Feb 2021 | 11:17:48 | 2/05/21 11:17:48 | IMG 0008.AVI | Bird | Red-legged crake | Rallina fasciata | Least Concern | Vulnerable | Yes | 2 | 1 adult 1 chick |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 6 Feb 2021 | 10:35:44 | 2/06/21 10:35:44 | IMG 0010.AVI | Bird | Red-legged crake | Rallina fasciata | Least Concern | Vulnerable | Yes | 7 | 2 adults 5 chicks |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 4 Feb 2021 | 21:19:40 | 2/04/21 21:19:40 | IMG 0007.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 9 Feb 2021 | 18:35:42 | 2/09/21 18:35:42 | IMG_0011.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 9 Feb 2021 | 18:39:28 | 2/09/21 18:39:28 | IMG 0012.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 9 Feb 2021 | 18:42:21 | 2/09/21 18:42:21 | IMG 0013.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 9 Feb 2021 | 18:43:42 | 2/09/21 18:43:42 | IMG 0014.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 10 Feb 2021 | 9 Feb 2021 | 18:45:06 | 2/09/21 18:45:06 | IMG 0015.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 8 Feb 2021 | 5 Feb 2021 | 23:41:16 | 2/05/21 23:41:16 | IMG 0024.AVI | Mammal | Common palm civet | Paradoxurus musangus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 8 Feb 2021 | 4 Feb 2021 | 22:02:08 | 2/04/21 22:02:08 | IMG 0008.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 8 Feb 2021 | 5 Feb 2021 | 19:38:34 | 2/05/21 19:38:34 | IMG 0021.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 8 Feb 2021 | 5 Feb 2021 | 19:38:56 | 2/05/21 19:38:56 | IMG 0022.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 8 Feb 2021 | 5 Feb 2021 | 21:43:52 | 2/05/21 21:43:52 | IMG 0023.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 8 Feb 2021 | 7 Feb 2021 | 19:44:54 | 2/07/21 19:44:54 | IMG 0129.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 8 Feb 2021 | 5 Feb 2021 | 21:34:10 | 2/05/21 21:34:10 | IMG 0015.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 8 Feb 2021 | 7 Feb 2021 | 15:33:28 | 2/07/21 15:33:28 | IMG 0007.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 8 Feb 2021 | 7 Feb 2021 | 17:16:58 | 2/07/21 17:16:58 | IMG 0008.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 8 Feb 2021 | 7 Feb 2021 | 17:18:38 | 2/07/21 17:18:38 | IMG 0009.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 8 Feb 2021 | 6 Feb 2021 | 20:25:58 | 2/06/21 20:25:58 | IMG 0009.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 18 Feb 2021 | 10 Feb 2021 | 1:02:06 | 2/10/21 01:02:06 | IMG_0027.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 18 Feb 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | 21:25:00 | 2/14/21 21:25:00 | IMG_0202.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 18 Feb 2021 | 12 Feb 2021 | 11:07:02 | 2/12/21 11:07:02 | IMG_0202.7(VI | Odonate | Blue dasher | Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 2 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 8 Feb 2021 | 22:36:40 | 2/08/21 22:36:40 | IMG_0007.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 11 Feb 2021 | 1:12:23 | 2/11/21 01:12:23 | IMG_0050.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 12 Feb 2021 | 23:09:52 | 2/12/21 23:09:52 | IMG_0030.7V1 | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 10:08:58 | 2/13/21 10:08:58 | IMG 0129.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 6:06:42 | 2/15/21 06:06:42 | IMG 0208.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 6:07:44 | 2/15/21 06:07:44 | IMG 0209.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 6:09:02 | 2/15/21 06:09:02 | IMG 0210.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 18 Feb 2021 | 9:59:30 | 2/18/21 09:59:30 | IMG 0304.AVI | #N/A | #N/A | Unidentified sp. | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 17 Feb 2021 | 14:10:30 | 2/17/21 14:10:30 | IMG 0282.AVI | Bird | White-throated kingfisher | Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 18 Feb 2021 | 17 Feb 2021 | 14:11:28 | 2/17/21 14:11:28 | IMG 0283.AVI | Bird | White-throated kingfisher | Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 22:07:14 | 2/23/21 22:07:14 | IMG 0225.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 22:07:34 | 2/23/21 22:07:34 | IMG 0226.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 22:08:02 | 2/23/21 22:08:02 | IMG 0227.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 22:08:40 | 2/23/21 22:08:40 | IMG 0228.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 22:09:48 | 2/23/21 22:09:48 | IMG 0229.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | | 2/19/21 21:54:36 | IMG 0030.AVI | Bird | Black-crowned night heron | Nycticorax nycticorax | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT05 | 25 Feb 2021 | | 21:56:35 | 2/19/21 21:56:35 | IMG 0031.AVI | Bird | Black-crowned night heron | Nycticorax nycticorax | Least Concern | Critically Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 20:34:40 | 2/22/21 20:34:40 | IMG 0257.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 20:35:04 | 2/22/21 20:35:04 | IMG 0258.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 20:39:44 | 2/22/21 20:39:44 | IMG_0259.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 6:59:26 | 2/25/21 06:59:26 | IMG 0325.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | | 2/25/21 06:59:54 | IMG 0326.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 7:00:16 | 2/25/21 07:00:16 | IMG 0327.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 7:01:00 | 2/25/21 07:01:00 | IMG_0328.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | 20:42:40 | 2/19/21 20:42:40 | IMG 0040.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 25 Feb 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | 14:05:26 | 2/19/21 14:05:26 | IMG 0032.AVI | Bird | White-throated kingfisher | Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 10:57:34 | 2/25/21 10:57:34 | IMG 0007.AVI | Bird | White-throated kingfisher | Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 27 Feb 2021 | 13:24:14 | 2/27/21 13:24:14 | IMG 0160.AVI | Bird | White-throated kingfisher | Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 22:26:58 | 2/25/21 22:26:58 | IMG 0033.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 3:46:22 | 2/28/21 03:46:22 | IMG 0204.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 23:15:12 | 2/28/21 23:15:12 | IMG 0293.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 0:48:06 | 3/01/21 00:48:06 | IMG 0294.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 5:55:34 | 3/01/21 05:55:34 | IMG_0295.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 5:56:00 | 3/01/21 05:56:00 | IMG 0296.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 5:56:26 | 3/01/21 05:56:26 | IMG 0297.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 5:56:50 | 3/01/21 05:56:50 | IMG 0298.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 5:57:12 | 3/01/21 05:57:12 | IMG 0299.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 3:46:42 | 2/28/21 03:46:42 | IMG 0205.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT04 | 1 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 3:47:04 | 2/28/21 03:47:04 | IMG_0206.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 13:04:02 | 3/04/21 13:04:02 | IMG 0103.AVI | Bird | White-throated kingfisher | Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 19:05:54 | 3/01/21 19:05:54 | IMG_0006.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 19:06:16 | 3/01/21 19:06:16 | IMG_0007.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | · · · | |



| Station | Sampling date | Date | Time | DateTimeOriginal | File | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific name | Global Status | Local Status | Threatened | Abundance | Remarks |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 19:06:42 | 3/01/21 19:06:42 | IMG 0008.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | rtomarko |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 19:07:04 | 3/01/21 19:07:04 | IMG 0009.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 Mar 2021 | 21:21:24 | 3/02/21 21:21:24 | IMG 0046.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 22:51:56 | 3/04/21 22:51:56 | IMG_0116.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 22:52:18 | 3/04/21 22:52:18 | IMG_0117.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 5 Mar 2021 | 21:45:14 | 3/05/21 21:45:14 | IMG_0153.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 5 Mar 2021 | 23:42:52 | 3/05/21 23:42:52 | IMG_0154.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 7 Mar 2021 | 22:21:12 | 3/07/21 22:21:12 | IMG_0385.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 9 Mar 2021 | 13:53:42 | 3/09/21 13:53:42 | IMG_0426.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 12:36:00 | 3/04/21 12:36:00 | IMG_0101.AVI | #N/A | #N/A | Unidentified sp. | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1 | |
| CT04 | 10 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 13:02:32 | 3/04/21 13:02:32 | IMG_0102.AVI | #N/A | #N/A | Unidentified sp. | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1 | |
| CT05 | 10 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 8:58:22 | 3/03/21 08:58:22 | IMG_0036.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT05 | 10 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 8:13:56 | 3/10/21 08:13:56 | IMG_0409.AVI | Butterfly | #N/A | Unidentified Lepidoptera | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 24 Feb 2021 | 14:41:49 | 2/24/21 14:41:49 | IMG_0021.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 2 Mar 2021 | 8:51:12 7:32:32 | 2/25/21 08:51:12 3/02/21 07:32:32 | IMG_0023.AVI IMG_0046.AVI | Bird Bird | Spotted dove Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 Mar 2021 | 12:45:06 | 3/02/21 12:45:06 | IMG_0046.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 11:34:32 | 3/03/21 11:34:32 | IMG_0047.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 12:46:02 | 3/04/21 12:46:02 | IMG_0049.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Mar 2021 | 9:36:20 | 3/16/21 09:36:20 | IMG_0033.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | 7:15:06 | 2/19/21 07:15:06 | IMG_0107.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 18 Mar 2021 | 16:21:55 | 3/18/21 16:21:55 | IMG_0070.AVI | Bird | Javan myna | Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 18:21:08 | 3/10/21 18:21:08 | IMG 0077.AVI | Bird | Javan myna | Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Mar 2021 | 17:21:18 | 3/15/21 17:21:18 | IMG 0101.AVI | Bird | Javan myna | Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 18 Mar 2021 | 16:21:08 | 3/18/21 16:21:08 | IMG 0068.AVI | Bird | Javan myna | Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Mar 2021 | 7:56:48 | 3/13/21 07:56:48 | IMG 0088.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 5 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Mar 2021 | 7:57:18 | 3/13/21 07:57:18 | IMG_0089.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 5 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 18 Feb 2021 | 10:13:26 | 2/18/21 10:13:26 | IMG_0017.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 8:59:20 | 2/26/21 08:59:20 | IMG_0025.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 10:34:30 | 3/01/21 10:34:30 | IMG_0045.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 6 Mar 2021 | 18:34:10 | 3/06/21 18:34:10 | IMG_0059.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 7 Mar 2021 | 10:20:12 | 3/07/21 10:20:12 | IMG_0062.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 7 Mar 2021 | 10:51:08 | 3/07/21 10:51:08 | IMG_0063.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 8 Mar 2021 | 7:19:36 | 3/08/21 07:19:36 | IMG_0065.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Mar 2021 | 10:49:02 | 3/13/21 10:49:02 | IMG_0091.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Mar 2021 | 10:54:00 | 3/14/21 10:54:00 | IMG_0096.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 8 Mar 2021 | 10:57:26 | 3/08/21 10:57:26 | IMG_0066.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 12 Feb 2021 | 19:00:06 | 2/12/21 19:00:06 | IMG_0001.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 12 Feb 2021 12 Feb 2021 | 21:10:22 | 2/12/21 21:10:22 2/12/21 21:10:46 | IMG_0002.AVI IMG_0003.AVI | Mammal Mammal | Eurasian wild boar Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa Sus scrofa | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | 6:54:38 | 2/14/21 06:54:38 | IMG_0005.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | 6:55:00 | 2/14/21 06:55:00 | IMG_0005.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | 6:55:20 | 2/14/21 06:55:20 | IMG_0007.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | | 2/14/21 06:55:44 | IMG_0007.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | | 2/14/21 10:13:20 | IMG_0009.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | | 2/15/21 21:32:14 | IMG_0010.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 21:32:38 | 2/15/21 21:32:38 | IMG 0011.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 21:32:58 | 2/15/21 21:32:58 | IMG_0012.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 21:33:20 | 2/15/21 21:33:20 | IMG_0013.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Feb 2021 | 10:53:56 | 2/16/21 10:53:56 | IMG_0014.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 17 Feb 2021 | 5:02:56 | 2/17/21 05:02:56 | IMG_0015.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 17 Feb 2021 | 5:03:16 | 2/17/21 05:03:16 | IMG_0016.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 10:11:26 | 2/22/21 10:11:26 | IMG_0019.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 10:12:02 | 2/22/21 10:12:02 | IMG_0020.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 6:54:05 | 2/26/21 06:54:05 | IMG_0024.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 22:06:06 | 2/26/21 22:06:06 | IMG_0027.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 22:06:28 | 2/26/21 22:06:28 | IMG_0028.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 27 Feb 2021 | 18:34:36 | 2/27/21 18:34:36 | IMG_0030.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 7:52:24 | 2/28/21 07:52:24 | IMG_0031.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 7:52:46 | 2/28/21 07:52:46 | IMG_0032.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 7:53:10 | 2/28/21 07:53:10 | IMG_0033.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 7:53:32 | 2/28/21 07:53:32 | IMG_0034.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 7:53:52 | 2/28/21 07:53:52 | IMG_0035.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT01 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 18:20:10 | 2/28/21 18:20:10 | IMG_0036.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | l l | |



| COLD 1 May 201 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2 | Station | Sampling date | Date | Time | DateTimeOriginal | File | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific name | Global Status | Local Status | Threatened | Abundance | Remarks |
|--|---------|---------------|-------------|---------|------------------|--------------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| Column C | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | rtomanto |
| CTC 10 Acc 2001 27 to 2001 10 To 10 Acc 2001 10 To 10 Acc 2001 10 Acc 2001 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Column C | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Column 19 May 2021 25 Per 2022 22 Pe | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Col. | | | | | | _ | | Eurasian wild boar | | | | | 1 | |
| CTC 1 Volume 2021 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTO1 TEMP 2021 3 Par 2021 2 19-26 22 1 29-26 22 2 19-26 22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| COUNTY 18 May 2021 7 May 21 20-941 30-922 20-941 30-922 20-941 30-922 20-941 30-922 20-942 30- | - | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTT1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTT0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| COTTO 19 May 2027 19 May 2027 19 May 12 18 May 2027 19 May 2027 18 May 2027 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CFT01 19 May 2021 19.56.00 500021 13.04.05 60000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTT 18 May 2017 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTO1 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CFT31 T6 Mar 2021 3 Mar 2021 33,35 Met 80821 73,35 Or Mar 007,24 M Marrine Eurosean will bear Sus scrole Least Connorm Not Assessed No. 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 14 Mar 2021 13,040 16 S0021 13,040 16 May 2021 13,040 16 May 2021 13,040 16 May 2021 13,040 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT111 16 Mar 2011 16 Mar 2011 1640-38 30(82) 11 540-38 MMS (0076-AV) MMS (0076-A | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 19 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 20 Mar 30 Mill 200 Mar 201 20 Mar 30 Mill 200 Mar 201 20 Mar 201 20 Mar 30 Mill 200 Mar 201 20 Mar 201 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 0.09 Apr 201 | _ | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT011 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 10 Mar | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTO1 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 10 Mar | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 19540 311321 101521 1048, 0008 AVT Mammal Eurosian vial boar Sus scropfs Least Concern Not Assessed No. 1 CT01 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 1587:56 371321 1857:56 3713 | | | | | | | | | | | | | ' | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 13 Cp 313/21 0112-51 MIS Q087 AV Mammal Eurasian wild brair Sus scrofe Least Concern Not Assessed No. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CTT01 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 13 Sept 766 313/21 1857.56 1MG 0093 AVI Mammal Eurasian wild boar Sus scrofa Least Connorm Not Assessed No. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 13 Mar 2021 23 Mar 2022 133336 MIA 2023 203336 MIA 2023 203346 MIA 2023 MIA 2023 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT101 16 Near 2021 14 Mar 2021 20.33.36 31/4/21 20.33.36 MSQ_0098_AVI Mammal Eurasian wild boar Sus sort/s Least Concern Not Assessed No. 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 64-912 3/1021 06-96-912 MIG_0108-AVI Mammal Eurasian wild bear Sus scrofa Least Concern Not Assessed No. 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 16 Mar 2021 15 Mar 2021 15.59.22 371621 10.55.02 MIG 0106 AVI Marmal Eurasian wild boar Sus scrofa Least Concern Not Assessed No 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
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| CT02 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| CT02 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Common treeshrew Tupaia glis Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | _ | | · | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 | | | | | | _ | | · | | | | | 1 | |
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| CT02 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 11 Feb 2021 14:40:30 2/11/21 14:40:30 IMG_0010.AVI Bird Common emerald dove Chalcophaps indica Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | _ | | · | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 | | | | | | _ | | · | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 15:48:18 3/01/21 15:48:18 IMG_0075.AVI Bird Common emerald dove Chalcophaps indica Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 26 Feb 2021 13:22:34 2/26/21 13:22:34 IMG_0059.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:41:10 3/04/21 08:41:10 IMG_0081.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:42:56 3/04/21 08:42:56 IMG_0082.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 18:24:42 3/04/21 18:24:42 IMG_0085.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 5 Mar 2021 7:08:20 3/05/21 07:08:20 IMG_0008.AVI <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 26 Feb 2021 13:22:34 Z/26/21 13:22:34 IMG_0059.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:41:10 3/04/21 08:41:10 IMG_0081.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:42:56 3/04/21 08:42:56 IMG_0082.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 18:24:42 3/04/21 18:24:42 IMG_0085.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 5 Mar 2021 7:08:20 3/05/21 07:08:20 IMG_0088.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:41:10 3/04/21 08:41:10 IMG_0081.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:42:56 3/04/21 08:42:56 IMG_0082.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 18:24:42 3/04/21 18:24:42 IMG_0085.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 5 Mar 2021 7:08:20 3/05/21 07:08:20 IMG_0088.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 8:42:56 3/04/21 08:42:56 IMG_0082.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 18:24:42 3/04/21 18:24:42 IMG_0085.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 5 Mar 2021 7:08:20 3/05/21 07:08:20 IMG_0088.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 21:12:12 2/10/21 21:12:12 IMG_0008.AVI Mammal Common palm civet Paradoxurus musangus Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 4 Mar 2021 18:24:42 3/04/21 18:24:42 IMG_0085.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 5 Mar 2021 7:08:20 3/05/21 07:08:20 IMG_0088.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 21:12:12 2/10/21 21:12:12 IMG_0008.AVI Mammal Common palm civet Paradoxurus musangus Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | | | , , | - | | | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 5 Mar 2021 7:08:20 3/05/21 07:08:20 IMG_0088.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 21:12:12 2/10/21 21:12:12 IMG_0008.AVI Mammal Common palm civet Paradoxurus musangus Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | _ | | | | | • | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 11:30:08 3/10/21 11:30:08 IMG_0100.AVI Bird Red junglefowl Gallus gallus Least Concern Endangered Yes 1 CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 21:12:12 2/10/21 21:12:12 IMG_0008.AVI Mammal Common palm civet Paradoxurus musangus Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | _ | | , , | | | <u> </u> | | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 21:12:12 2/10/21 21:12:12 IMG_0008.AVI Mammal Common palm civet <i>Paradoxurus musangus</i> Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | | | | - | | • | | 1 | |
| | | | | | | _ | Bird | Red junglefowl | Ţ. | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT02 16 Mar 2021 13 Feb 2021 4:41:48 2/13/21 04:41:48 IMG_0014.AVI Mammal Oriental house rat Rattus tanezumi Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 | | | | | | | | - | | | | | 1 | |
| | CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 4:41:48 | 2/13/21 04:41:48 | IMG_0014.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |



| Station | Sampling date | Date | Time | DateTimeOriginal | File | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific name | Global Status | Local Status | Threatened | Abundance | Remarks |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 20 Feb 2021 | 22:06:04 | 2/20/21 22:06:04 | IMG 0033.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 1:03:36 | 2/22/21 01:03:36 | IMG 0034.AVI | Mammal | Rat sp. | Rattus sp. | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 1:14:22 | 2/26/21 01:14:22 | IMG_0055.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 21:44:10 | 3/03/21 21:44:10 | IMG_0079.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 5 Mar 2021 | 4:53:14 | 3/05/21 04:53:14 | IMG_0087.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 3:31:42 | 3/10/21 03:31:42 | IMG_0097.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 5:44:16 | 3/10/21 05:44:16 | IMG_0098.AVI | Mammal | Oriental house rat | Rattus tanezumi | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | 8:49:20 | 2/14/21 08:49:20 | IMG_0021.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 18 Feb 2021 | 13:40:00 | 2/18/21 13:40:00 | IMG_0027.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 12:37:14 | 2/23/21 12:37:14 | IMG_0042.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 26 Feb 2021 | 9:25:48 9:26:14 | 2/26/21 09:25:48 2/26/21 09:26:14 | IMG_0056.AVI IMG_0057.AVI | Bird Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 11:54:30 | 2/26/21 11:54:30 | IMG_0057.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 27 Feb 2021 | 10:12:56 | 2/27/21 10:12:56 | IMG_0038.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 17 Feb 2021 | 11:19:48 | 2/17/21 11:19:48 | IMG_0026.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 18 Feb 2021 | 13:48:06 | 2/18/21 13:48:06 | IMG 0029.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | 13:11:44 | 2/19/21 13:11:44 | IMG 0031.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 10:16:54 | 2/22/21 10:16:54 | IMG 0035.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 10:49:10 | 2/22/21 10:49:10 | IMG_0036.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 11:38:02 | 2/22/21 11:38:02 | IMG_0037.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 24 Feb 2021 | 11:39:24 | 2/24/21 11:39:24 | IMG_0043.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Jul 2020 | 16:52:54 | 7/19/20 16:52:54 | IMG_0059.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 13:22:54 | 2/26/21 13:22:54 | IMG_0060.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 13:16:56 | 2/13/21 13:16:56 | IMG_0017.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 13:15:56 | 2/13/21 13:15:56 | IMG_0016.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 4 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 13:15:32 | 2/13/21 13:15:32 | IMG_0015.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 5 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Feb 2021 | 19:31:54 | 2/10/21 19:31:54 | IMG_0007.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 19:26:16 19:27:06 | 2/24/21 19:26:16 2/24/21 19:27:06 | IMG_0046.AVI IMG_0047.AVI | Mammal Mammal | Eurasian wild boar Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa Sus scrofa | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 17:03:56 | 2/25/21 17:03:56 | IMG_0047.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 Mar 2021 | 14:43:42 | 3/02/21 14:43:42 | IMG_0070.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 Mar 2021 | 14:44:08 | 3/02/21 14:44:08 | IMG 0071.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 19:40:12 | 3/03/21 19:40:12 | IMG 0072.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 22:45:34 | 3/04/21 22:45:34 | IMG 0086.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 9 Mar 2021 | 17:12:06 | 3/09/21 17:12:06 | IMG_0095.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 1:22:48 | 3/10/21 01:22:48 | IMG_0096.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 24 Feb 2021 | 19:25:56 | 2/24/21 19:25:56 | IMG_0045.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 27 Feb 2021 | 10:29:32 | 2/27/21 10:29:32 | IMG_0064.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 11:36:10 | 3/10/21 11:36:10 | IMG_0101.AVI | | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 9 Mar 2021 | 16:58:18 | 3/09/21 16:58:18 | IMG_0094.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 18:33:12 | 2/13/21 18:33:12 | IMG_0018.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 18:53:08 | 2/13/21 18:53:08 | IMG_0020.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Feb 2021 | 19:29:40 | 2/16/21 19:29:40 | IMG_0023.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Feb 2021 17 Feb 2021 | 19:32:50 7:51:46 | 2/16/21 19:32:50 2/17/21 07:51:46 | IMG_0024.AVI IMG_0025.AVI | Mammal Mammal | Common treeshrew Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis Tupaia glis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 9:31:22 | 2/23/21 09:31:22 | IMG_0038.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupala glis Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 9:32:02 | 2/23/21 09:32:02 | IMG_0038.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 Mar 2021 | 8:02:06 | 3/02/21 08:02:06 | IMG_0069.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 17:45:48 | 3/01/21 17:45:48 | IMG_0076.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 7:32:12 | 3/03/21 07:32:12 | IMG_0077.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 5 Mar 2021 | 7:43:56 | 3/05/21 07:43:56 | IMG_0089.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 11 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 6 Mar 2021 | 15:04:30 | 3/06/21 15:04:30 | IMG_0091.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 11 Mar 2021 | 8:42:18 | 3/11/21 08:42:18 | IMG_0103.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 12 Mar 2021 | 12:58:46 | 3/12/21 12:58:46 | IMG_0107.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 12 Mar 2021 | 18:40:22 | 3/12/21 18:40:22 | IMG_0108.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT02 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Mar 2021 | 9:06:22 | 3/13/21 09:06:22 | IMG_0111.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 12 Feb 2021 | 11:49:40 | 2/12/21 11:49:40 | IMG_0003.AVI | Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 19:06:32 | 2/15/21 19:06:32 | IMG_0007.AVI | Mammal Mammal | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT03 CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 13:25:14 9:57:14 | 2/23/21 13:25:14 2/25/21 09:57:14 | IMG_0018.AVI IMG_0023.AVI | Mammal Mammal | Common treeshrew Plantain squirrel | Tupaia glis Callosciurus notatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Feb 2021 | 18:34:26 | 2/13/21 18:34:26 | IMG_0023.AVI | Bird | White-breasted waterhen | Amaurornis phoenicurus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 22 Feb 2021 | 13:40:28 | 2/22/21 13:40:28 | IMG_0004.AVI | Bird | White-breasted waterhen | Amaurornis phoenicurus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 18:35:30 | 3/01/21 18:35:30 | IMG_0034.AVI | Bird | White-breasted waterhen | Amaurornis phoenicurus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 27 Feb 2021 | 7:18:56 | 2/27/21 07:18:56 | IMG 0030.AVI | Bird | White-breasted waterhen | Amaurornis phoenicurus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| | | | | | | | | - 1 | | | | | |



January 2022 20434030-R003-Rev5 - Camera Trap Data

| Station | Sampling date | Date | Time | DateTimeOriginal | File | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific name | Global Status | Local Status | Threatened | Abundance | Remarks |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 23 Feb 2021 | 16:46:04 | 2/23/21 16:46:04 | IMG 0019.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 24 Feb 2021 | 18:30:42 | 2/24/21 18:30:42 | IMG_0020.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 7:22:26 | 2/25/21 07:22:26 | IMG_0022.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 10:10:58 | 2/26/21 10:10:58 | IMG_0026.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 27 Feb 2021 | 16:46:36 | 2/27/21 16:46:36 | IMG_0031.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 9:53:10 | 3/03/21 09:53:10 | IMG_0037.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 11:12:14 | 3/04/21 11:12:14 | IMG_0042.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 11:13:36 | 3/04/21 11:13:36 | IMG_0043.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 11:19:24 | 3/04/21 11:19:24 | IMG_0044.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 9 Mar 2021 | 7:41:36 | 3/09/21 07:41:36 | IMG_0046.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 13 Mar 2021 | 7:53:52 | 3/13/21 07:53:52 | IMG_0052.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Mar 2021 | 7:22:44 | 3/14/21 07:22:44 | IMG_0053.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Mar 2021 | 8:14:42 | 3/14/21 08:14:42 | IMG_0054.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Mar 2021 | 7:24:36 | 3/15/21 07:24:36 | IMG_0055.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 1 | ı |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 17 Feb 2021 | 10:13:50 | 2/17/21 10:13:50 | IMG_0009.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 11 Mar 2021 | 15:50:52 | 3/11/21 15:50:52 | IMG_0051.AVI | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Feb 2021 | 8:00:30 | 2/16/21 08:00:30 | IMG_0008.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | 18:14:46 | 2/19/21 18:14:46 | IMG_0010.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Feb 2021 | 18:15:06 | 2/19/21 18:15:06 | IMG_0011.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 20 Feb 2021 | 16:35:24 | 2/20/21 16:35:24 | IMG_0013.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 20 Feb 2021 | 18:11:18 | 2/20/21 18:11:18 | IMG_0015.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 24 Feb 2021 | 18:39:32 | 2/24/21 18:39:32 | IMG_0021.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 25 Feb 2021 | 18:43:12 | 2/25/21 18:43:12 | IMG_0025.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 28 Feb 2021 | 17:50:00 | 2/28/21 17:50:00 | IMG_0032.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 23:07:50 | 3/01/21 23:07:50 | IMG_0035.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Mar 2021 | 14:41:05 | 3/19/21 14:41:05 | IMG_0037.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 10:07:38 | 3/03/21 10:07:38 | IMG_0038.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 9:19:04 | 3/04/21 09:19:04 | IMG_0040.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 4 Mar 2021 | 9:36:40 | 3/04/21 09:36:40 | IMG_0041.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 7 Mar 2021 | 19:44:32 | 3/07/21 19:44:32 | IMG_0045.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 16:45:18 | 3/10/21 16:45:18 | IMG_0050.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 20 Feb 2021 | 7:31:54 | 2/20/21 07:31:54 | IMG_0012.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 20 Feb 2021 | 18:10:28 | 2/20/21 18:10:28 | IMG_0014.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 22:55:14 | 2/26/21 22:55:14 | IMG_0028.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 26 Feb 2021 | 22:55:36 | 2/26/21 22:55:36 | IMG_0029.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 Mar 2021 | 18:33:58 | 3/02/21 18:33:58 | IMG_0036.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Mar 2021 | 17:15:30 | 3/16/21 17:15:30 | IMG_0056.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 14 Feb 2021 | 14:02:18 | 2/14/21 14:02:18 | IMG_0005.AVI | Bird | Collared kingfisher | Todiramphus chloris | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 3 Mar 2021 | 19:15:50 | 3/03/21 19:15:50 | IMG_0039.AVI | | Common treeshrew | Tupaia glis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT03 | 16 Mar 2021 | 1 Mar 2021 | 7:38:30 | 3/01/21 07:38:30 | IMG_0033.AVI | Bird | Common emerald dove | Chalcophaps indica | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Feb 2021 | 10:59:24 | 2/15/21 10:59:24 | IMG_0006.AVI | Reptile | Monitor Lizard | Varanus sp. | #N/A | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 19 Mar 2021 | 17:27:50 | 3/19/21 17:27:50 | IMG_0061.AVI | Bird | Javan myna | Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 11 Mar 2021 | 11:21:56 | 3/11/21 11:21:56 | IMG_0061.AVI | Bird | Spotted dove | Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | 2 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:08:22 | 3/10/21 15:08:22 3/10/21 15:09:26 | IMG_0017.AVI IMG_0018.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT04 CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 | 15:09:26 15:09:52 | 3/10/21 15:09:26 | IMG_0018.AVI | Mammal Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 | 15:09:52 | 3/10/21 15:09:52 | IMG_0019.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa Sus scrofa | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:10:16 | 3/10/21 15:10:16 | IMG_0020.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15:35:40 | 3/16/21 15:35:40 | IMG_0025.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:35:40 | 3/10/21 15:33:40 | IMG_0340.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 2 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:04:48 | 3/10/21 15:04:48 | IMG_0021.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:05:12 | 3/10/21 15:04:48 | IMG_0010.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:05:40 | 3/10/21 15:05:40 | IMG_0011.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:06:02 | 3/10/21 15:06:02 | IMG_0012.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:06:48 | 3/10/21 15:06:48 | IMG_0013.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:07:24 | 3/10/21 15:07:24 | IMG_0014:/\tilde{\chi} | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:07:52 | 3/10/21 15:07:52 | IMG_0016.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:11:38 | 3/10/21 15:07:32 | IMG_0010:AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT04 | 16 Mar 2021 | 10 Mar 2021 | 15:12:08 | 3/10/21 15:11:08 | IMG_0022.AVI | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 3 | |
| CT05 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Mar 2021 | 10:58:46 | 3/15/21 10:58:46 | IMG_0029:7(1) | #N/A | #N/A | Unidentified sp. | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1 | |
| CT05 | 16 Mar 2021 | 15 Mar 2021 | 12:00:18 | 3/15/21 12:00:18 | IMG 0167.AVI | Butterfly | Grey pansy | Junonia atlites atlites | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 1 | |
| J.00 | | | | 5, .5,21 12.00.10 | | _ accorny | | Tanta anno anno | | , 10000004 | | · ' | |



05 Sep 2022 20434030-R003-Rev7

APPENDIX E

Faunal Survey Data



| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 21 11 1 | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|---|--|
| Date 10 Feb 2021 | Cycle Route Waypoint | Latitude 1 42259 | Longitude 103 75398 | Sampling Pt SP_Lat | SP_long Time (24h) | Taxon Bird | Common Name Large-billed crow | Scientific name Corvus macrorhynchos | Global Status | Local Status Not Assessed | Threatened | Quantity | Observation type (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Survey | / method (targeted/incidental) | Photo no. | Remarks |
| 1 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_03 | 1.42259 1.42272 | 103.75398 | | - 1542 - 1523-1528 | Bird Bird | Sunda pygmy woodpecker Common emerald dove | Yungipicus moluccensis Chalcophaps indica | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Incidental Incidental | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_05 | 1.42272 1.428421978 | 103.75354 103.755538 | | - 1523-1528 - 1422-1427 | Bird Odonate | Pin-striped tit-babbler Blue sprite | Mixornis gularis Pseudagrion microcephalum | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Incidental Incidental | | |
| 18 Feb 2021 18 Feb 2021 | CH4148 CH4148 | 1.427754024 | | | - 808 - 808 | Bird Bird | Grey heron Purple heron | Ardea cinerea Ardea purpurea | Least Concern Least Concern | Vulnerable Endangered | Yes Yes | 1 | Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental | | |
| 18 Feb 2021 18 Feb 2021 18 Feb 2021 | CH4149 CH4157 - CH4158 | 1.427624021 1.422195984 1.425311035 | 103.753105 | | - 850 1018 | Bird Mammal Butterfly | Common kingfisher Smooth-coated otter Common tiger | Alcedo atthis Lutrogale perspicillata Danaus genutia genutia | Least Concern Vulnerable Not Assessed | Not Assessed Critically Endangered Not Assessed | No Yes No | 1 | Seen Scat Seen | Incidental Incidental Incidental | 6760 6763 | |
| 18 Feb 2021 19 Mar 2021 | CH4159 CH4255 | 1.428171024 | | | - 1030 | Bird Reptile | Common kingfisher Striped kukri snake | Alcedo atthis Oligodon octolineatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental | 0703 | Trapped and dead in ECB |
| 19 Mar 2021 6 Feb 2021 | CH4256 - CT01 | 1.422721026 1.426405041 | 103.754553 103.752633 | | 20:25:58 | Reptile Mammal | Striped keelback Eurasian wild boar | Xenochrophis vittatus Sus scrofa | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Recorded | Incidental Targeted | IMG_0009.AVI | Trapped and dead in ECB |
| 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_01 I1_04 | 1.427784031 | 103.753156 103.752164 | | - 1600 - 1716 | Mammal Butterfly | Smooth-coated otter Sumatran sunbeam | Lutrogale perspicillata Curetis saronis sumatrana | Vulnerable Not Assessed | Critically Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 | Scat Seen | Incidental Incidental | | Scat |
| 1 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | XT1137 I1_01 | 1.427885033 1.422217023 | | | - 1708 - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Reptile Mollusc Mollusc | Malayan box terrapin Giant mud clam, lokan Giant mud clam, lokan | Cuora amboinensis Geloina expansa Geloina expansa | Vulnerable; CITES protected (Appendix II) Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Yes No No | 79 52 | Seen Seen Seen | Incidental Quadrat Quadrat | JT2197 | Quadrat 1 (5m) Quadrat 2 (8m): excluded 8 halves |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | 103.753156 103.753156 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | Giant mud clam, lokan Mangrove murex | Geloina expansa Chicoreus capucinus | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 109 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | JT2188 JT2193, 2192 | Quadrat 2 (8m) Quadrat 2 (8m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1 01 | 1.422217023 1.422217023 | 103.753156 103.753156 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Polychaete Mollusc | #N/A NA | Unidentified Polychaeta Glauconome virens | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 3 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | JT2197 | Quadrat 1 (5m) Quadrat 1 (5m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_01 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | 103.753156 103.753156 103.753156 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Polychaete Mollusc | NA #N/A NA | Mytella strigata Unidentified Polychaeta Glauconome virens | Not Assessed #N/A Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A Not Assessed | No #N/A No | 1 23 4 | Seen Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat Quadrat | JT2197 JT2193, 2192 | Quadrat 1 (5m) Quadrat 2 (8m) Quadrat 2 (8m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | II_01 II_01 II 01 | 1.422217023 | | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Polychaete Mollusc | #N/A NA | Unidentified Polychaeta Coecella horsfieldii | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 10 | Seen Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat Quadrat | JT2188 | Quadrat 2 (om) Quadrat 3 (11m) Quadrat 3 (11m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | Red berry snail Red berry snail | Assiminea brevicula Assiminea brevicula | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 4 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | 012100 | Quadrat 1 (5m) Quadrat 2 (8m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_02 | 1.422217023 1.423933972 | 103.753156 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | Red berry snail Giant mud clam, lokan | Assiminea brevicula Geloina expansa | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 36 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 3 (11m) Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | Giant mud clam, lokan Giant mud clam, lokan | Geloina expansa Geloina expansa | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 18 25 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | 1140000400404700004 | Quadrat 2 (6m) Quadrat 3 (10m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 | 1.423933972 | 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 | Mollusc | Mangrove murex | Chicoreus capucinus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 2 | Seen | Quadrat | IMG20210210172622 to IMG20210210172747 IMG20210210174012; | Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | NA NA | Coecella horsfieldii Mytella strigata | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 200 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | IMG20210210174012; IMG20210210174019 | Quadrat 3 (10m) Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | NA NA | Coecella horsfieldii Melanoides tuberculata | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 9 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | IMG20210210173211 | Quadrat 1 (2m) Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | NA NA | Mytella strigata Pomacea canaliculata | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 24 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 2 (6m) Quadrat 2 (6m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | NA NA | Coecella horsfieldii Mytella strigata | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 14 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | IMG20210210173811 | Quadrat 2 (6m) Quadrat 3 (10m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Decapod | NA Orange fiddler crab | Glauconome virens Metaplax elegans | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 4 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | IMG20210210173958; IMG20210210174019 | Quadrat 3 (10m) Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | | 103.752891 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | #N/A #N/A | Sermyla sp. Tarebia sp. | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 3 7 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 1 (2m) Quadrat 1 (2m) Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 | 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc | #N/A #N/A | Tarebia sp. Tarebia sp. | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 3 11 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 2 (6m) Quadrat 3 (10m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 | 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Mollusc Porifera | #N/A #N/A | Thiara sp. Unidentified Archaeobalanidae | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 5 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 1 (2m) Quadrat 3 (10m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 I1_02 | | 103.752891 103.752891 103.752891 | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Decapod Polychaete Polychaete | #N/A #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Camptandriidae Unidentified Polychaeta Unidentified Polychaeta | #N/A #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A #N/A | 17 | Seen Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 1 (2m) Quadrat 1 (2m) Quadrat 2 (6m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 1.423933972 | | | - 1600-1730 - 1600-1730 | Polychaete Decapod | #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Polychaeta Unidentified Sesarmidae | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 2 | Seen Seen | Quadrat Quadrat | | Quadrat 3 (10m) Quadrat 1 (2m) |
| 4 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 | 1.42246 1.42246 | 103.75431 103.75431 | | - 2154-2159 - 859-904 | Amphibian Amphibian | Guenther's frog Guenther's frog | Sylvirana guentheri Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 5 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 A1_01 | 1.42246 1.42246 | 103.75431 103.75431 | | - 919-924 - 2117-2122 | Amphibian Amphibian | Guenther's frog Guenther's frog | Sylvirana guentheri Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 | 1.42246 1.42246 1.42246 | 103.75431 103.75431 103.75431 | | - 2117-2122 - 2154-2159 - 1453-1458 | Amphibian Fish Fish | Guenther's frog Guppy Guppy | Sylvirana guentheri Poecilia reticulata Poecilia reticulata | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 40 TMC | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | JT2052 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 | 1.42246 1.42246 | 103.75431 103.75431 | | - 917 - 1523-1528 | Fish Fish | Guppy Guppy | Poecilia reticulata Poecilia reticulata | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 40 | Caught Seen | Targeted Targeted | CT6942-CT6943 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 | 1.42246 1.42246 | 103.75431 103.75431 | | - 2117-2122 - 2154-2159 | Fish Amphibian | Guppy Malayan giant frog | Poecilia reticulata Limnonectes blythii | Not Assessed Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 150 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 A1_01 | 1.42246 1.42246 1.42246 | 103.75431 103.75431 103.75431 | | - 2154-2159 - 1453-1458 - 1523-1528 | Fish Fish Fish | Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 7 10 30 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2053 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_01 A1_01 A1_02 | 1.42246 1.42246 1.42259 | 103.75431 | | - 1523-1526 - 2117-2122 - 2130-2135 | Fish Amphibian | Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak East Asian ornate chorus frog | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei Microhyla mukhlesuri | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 100 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 1507-1512 - 2202-2207 | Fish Fish | Giant mudskipper Green molly | Periophthalmodon schlosseri Poecilia sphenops | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 10 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2058-2060 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 1507-1512 - 1535-1540 | Fish Fish | Green molly Green molly | Poecilia sphenops Poecilia sphenops | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 10 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 2130-2135 - 2202-2207 - 2202-2207 | Fish Amphibian Fish | Green molly Guenther's frog | Poecilia sphenops Sylvirana guentheri Poecilia reticulata | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 20 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2061-2063 | 1 colourful |
| 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 | | - 1507-1512 - 1535-1540 | Fish Fish | Guppy Guppy Guppy | Poecilia reticulata Poecilia reticulata Poecilia reticulata | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 50 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 312001-2003 | i colounui |
| 24 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 2130-2135 - 1507-1512 | Fish Fish | Guppy Javanese ricefish | Poecilia reticulata Oryzias javanicus | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 50 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 1 Mar 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 1535-1540 - 2202-2207 | Fish Amphibian | Javanese ricefish Malayan giant frog | Oryzias javanicus Limnonectes blythii | Not Assessed Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2055 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 A1 02 | 1.42259 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 2130-2135 - 2130-2135 - 1507-1512 | Amphibian Reptile | Malayan giant frog Malayan water monitor Red-eared slider | Limnonectes blythii Varanus salvator Trachemus scripta | Near Threatened Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 10 Mar 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 1.42259 | | | - 929-934 - 911-916 | Reptile Odonate Odonate | Scarlet skimmer Scarlet skimmer | Trachemys scripta Orthetrum testaceum Orthetrum testaceum | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 10 Mar 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 907-912 - 911-916 | Odonate Odonate | Spine-tufted skimmer Spine-tufted skimmer | Orthetrum chrysis Orthetrum chrysis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 2202-2207 - 2202-2207 | Fish Fish | Stripe-face brackish goby Stripe-face brackish goby | Calamiana variegata Calamiana variegata | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2057; 2064 JT2056 | |
| 4 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 2202-2207 - 1507-1512 - 1535-1540 | Fish Fish Fish | Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 100 82 20 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | A1_02 A1_02 A1_02 | 1.42259 1.42259 | 103.75398 103.75398 | | - 1535-1540 - 2130-2135 - 929-934 | Fish Odonate | Sunda pygmy nairbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak Variable wisp | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei Agriocnemis femina | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 50 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 | 103.75354 103.75354 | | - 2144-2149 - 2215-2221 | Fish Amphibian | Bumblebee goby East Asian ornate chorus frog | Brachygobius kabiliensis Microhyla mukhlesuri | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 | | | - 2144-2149 - 2215-2221 | Fish Amphibian | Green molly Guenther's frog | Poecilia sphenops Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 5 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 1.42272 | 103.75354 103.75354 103.75354 | | - 2144-2149 - 1523-1528 - 2215-2221 | Amphibian Fish Fish | Guenther's frog Javanese ricefish Javanese ricefish | Sylvirana guentheri Oryzias javanicus Oryzias javanicus | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 10 20 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | JT2069 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 | 103.75354 103.75354 | | - 2215-2221 - 2144-2149 - 2215-2221 | Fish Bird | Javanese ricefish Red-legged crake | Oryzias javanicus Oryzias javanicus Rallina fasciata | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Vulnerable | No No Yes | 40 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | JT2068 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 10 Mar 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 | 103.75354 103.75354 | | - 944-949 - 921-926 | Odonate Odonate | Scarlet skimmer Scarlet skimmer | Orthetrum testaceum Orthetrum testaceum | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 | 103.75354 | | - 2215-2221 - 2215-2221 | Fish Fish | Stripe-face brackish goby Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Calamiana variegata Dermogenys collettei | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 60 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2073 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 1.42272 | | | - 1523-1528 - 1547-1552 - 2144-2149 | Fish Fish Fish | Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 50 30 50 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_03 | 1.42272 1.42272 1.42272 | 103.75354 | | - 2144-2149 - 2144-2149 | Decapod Fish | #N/A #N/A | Machrobrachium sp. Stigmatogobius sp. | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2324-2327 JL7775 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_03 A1_04 | 1.42272 1.428050995 | 103.75354 103.755315 | | - 2144-2149 - 1433-1438 | Fish Fish | #N/A Croaking gouramy | Unidenified Gobiidae Trichopsis vittata | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 5 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JL7772 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_04 A1_04 | | 103.755315 | | - 824 - 1609-1614 | Fish Fish | Croaking gouramy Croaking gouramy | Trichopsis vittata Trichopsis vittata | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Caught Seen | Targeted Targeted | CT6931 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_04 A1_04 A1_04 | 1.428050995 | 103.755315 103.755315 103.755315 | | - 2023-2026 - 2023-2026 - 2023-2026 | Fish Amphibian Amphibian | Croaking gouramy Field frog Green paddy frog | Trichopsis vittata Fejervarya limnocharis Hylarana erythraea | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 2 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_04 A1_04 A1_04 | 1.428050995 1.428050995 1.428050995 | 103.755315 | | - 2023-2026 - 2023-2026 - 1433-1438 | Amphibian Fish Fish | Green paddy frog Guppy Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Hylarana erythraea Poecilia reticulata Dermogenys collettei | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 100 20 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 1 Mar 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_04 A1_04 | 1.428050995 1.428050995 | 103.755315 103.755315 | | - 1609-1614 - 2023-2026 | Fish Fish | Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 10 100 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_05 A1_05 | 1.428421978 1.428421978 | 103.755538 | | - 1422-1427 - 2008-2013 | Fish Fish | Common snakehead/aruan Common snakehead/aruan | Channa striata Channa striata | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2313 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 | A1_05 | 1.428421978 | 103.755538 | | - 1422-1427 | Fish | Croaking gouramy | Trichopsis vittata | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 5 | Seen | Targeted | | |

| Date 1 Mar 2021 | Cycle Route Waypoir | nt Latitude 1.428421978 | Longitude 103 755538 | Sampling Pt SP_Lat | SP_long | Time (24h) | Taxon Fish | Common Name Croaking gouramy | Scientific name Trichopsis vittata | Global Status | Local Status Not Assessed | Threatened | Quantity 20 | Observation type (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Surv | ey method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. | Remarks |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|----------------------|-------------------|--|--|----------------|---|
| 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_05 A1_05 | 1.428421978 | 103.755538 103.755538 | | - | 1422-1427 1616-1621 | Fish Fish | Guppy Guppy | Poecilia reticulata Poecilia reticulata | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | TMTC 70 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 | A1_05 A1_05 A1_05 | 1.428421978 | 103.755538 103.755538 103.755538 | | - | 2008-2013 1422-1427 1616-1621 | Fish Fish Fish | Guppy Sunda pygmy halfbeak | Poecilia reticulata Dermogenys collettei | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 TMTC TMTC | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | A1_05 A1_05 A1_05 | 1.428421978 | 103.755538 103.755538 | | - | 2008-2013 2008-2013 | Fish Fish | Sunda pygmy halfbeak Sunda pygmy halfbeak #N/A | Dermogenys collettei Dermogenys collettei Oreochromis sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No #N/A | 200 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | No breeding adults around so cannot ID this |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | A1_05 I1_01 | 1.428421978 1.422217023 | 103.755538 103.753156 | | - | 1422-1427 1555-1600 | Fish Bird | #N/A Collared kingfisher | Unidentified Cichlidae Todiramphus chloris | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 6 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | Tilapia |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | 103.753156 103.753156 | | - | 1555-1600 1555-1600 | Bird Bird | Common kingfisher White-breasted waterhen | Alcedo atthis Amaurornis phoenicurus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_02 I1_03 I1 03 | 1.423933972 1.425794 1.425794 | 103.752891 103.752477 103.752477 | | - | 1615-1620 1722-1727 1730-1830 | Bird Bird Mollusc | Common sandpiper Collared kingfisher Giant mud clam, lokan | Actitis hypoleucos Todiramphus chloris Geloina expansa | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 65 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | 1m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_03 I1_03 | 1.425794 1.425794 | 103.752477 | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Mollusc Mollusc | Giant mud clam, lokan Mangrove murex | Geloina expansa Chicoreus capucinus | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 36 6 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 6m 1m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_03 I1_03 | 1.425794 | | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Mollusc Mollusc Mollusc | Mangrove murex NA NA | Chicoreus capucinus Mytella strigata | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 56 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 11m 1m 6m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_03 I1_03 I1_03 | 1.425794 | | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Mollusc Mollusc | NA NA NA | Mytella strigata Mytella strigata Coecella horsfieldii | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 20 4 10 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | 11m 11m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_03 I1_03 | 1.425794 1.425794 | 103.752477 103.752477 | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Decapod Decapod | Orange fiddler crab Orange fiddler crab | Metaplax elegans Uca vocans | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 20 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 1m VES |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | II_03 II_03 | 1.425794 | | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Decapod Decapod | Orange fiddler crab Orange fiddler crab | Metaplax elegans Metaplax elegans | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 18 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 6m 11m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | 11_03 11_03 11_03 | | | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Cnidarian Decapod Decapod | #N/A #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Actiniaria Unidentified Camptandriidae Unidentified Camptandriidae | #N/A #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A #N/A | 5 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | VES 1m VES |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_03 I1_03 | | 103.752477 | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Decapod Polychaete | #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Camptandriidae Unidentified Polychaeta | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 1 6 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 11m 1m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_03 I1_03 | 1.425794 1.425794 | 103.752477 103.752477 | | - | 1730-1830 1730-1830 | Polychaete Polychaete | #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Polychaeta Unidentified Polychaeta | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 8 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 6m 11m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | 11_03 11_04 11_04 | 1.427784031 | | | - | 1730-1830 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Decapod Bird Mollusc | #N/A Collared kingfisher Giant mud clam, lokan | Unidentified Sesarmidae Todiramphus chloris Geloina expansa | #N/A Least Concern Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A No No | 4 25 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 11m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | 11_04 11_04 11_04 | 1.427784031 1.427784031 | 103.752164 103.752164 | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Mollusc Mollusc | Giant mud clam, lokan Giant mud clam, lokan Giant mud clam, lokan | Geloina expansa Geloina expansa Geloina expansa | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 17 8 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | 8m 13m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_04 I1_04 | 1.427784031 1.427784031 | | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Mollusc Mollusc | Mangrove murex Mangrove murex | Chicoreus capucinus Chicoreus capucinus | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 2m 13m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_04 I1_04 I1_04 | 1.427784031 | | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Mollusc Mollusc Mollusc | Mangrove murex NA NA | Chicoreus capucinus Coecella horsfieldii Coecella horsfieldii | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 9 5 3 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | 13m 2m 8m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_04 I1_04 I1_04 | 1.427784031 | 103.752164 103.752164 103.752164 | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Mollusc Mollusc | NA NA NA | Coecella norsileidii Coecella horsfieldii Mytella strigata | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | 13m 13m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_04 I1_04 | 1.427784031 1.427784031 | 103.752164 | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Decapod Bird | Orange fiddler crab White-breasted waterhen | Uca vocans Amaurornis phoenicurus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 8m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_04 I1_04 I1_04 | 1.427784031 | 103.752164 103.752164 103.752164 | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Decapod Decapod Decapod | #N/A #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Camptandriidae Unidentified Camptandriidae Unidentified Camptandriidae | #N/A #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A #N/A | TMTC TMTC | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | 2m 8m 13m |
| 1 Mar 2021 1 Mar 2021 | I1_04 I1_04 | 1.427784031 | | | - | 1710-1715 1710-1715 | Polychaete Polychaete | #N/A #N/A | Unidentified Polychaeta Unidentified Polychaeta | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 7 22 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | 2m 8m |
| 1 Mar 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_04 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | 103.752164 103.753156 | | - | 1710-1715 1600-1730 | Polychaete Mollusc | #N/A Giant mud clam, lokan | Unidentified Polychaeta Geloina expansa | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 17 20 | Seen Seen | Targeted VES | | 13m Quadrat 1 (5m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_01 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | 103.753156 103.753156 103.753156 | | - | 1600-1730 1600-1730 1600-1730 | Mollusc Mollusc Mollusc | Giant mud clam, lokan Giant mud clam, lokan Red berry snail | Geloina expansa Geloina expansa Assiminea brevicula | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 10 10 | Seen Seen Seen | VES VES VES | | Quadrat 2 (8m) Quadrat 3 (11m); excluded 14 halves Quadrat 2 (8m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_01 I1_01 | 1.422217023 | 103.753156 103.753156 | | - | 1600-1730 1600-1730 | Mollusc Decapod | Red berry snail #N/A | Assiminea brevicula Unidentified Brachyura | Least Concern #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen | VES VES | | Quadrat 2 (6m) Quadrat 3 (11m) Quadrat 2 (8m) |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | I1_02 I1_02 | 1.423933972 | | | - | 1600-1730 1600-1730 | Decapod Fish | Orange fiddler crab #N/A | Metaplax elegans Unidentified Cichlidae | Not Assessed #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 30 10 | Seen Seen | VES VES | | One school of tilapia |
| 10 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | I1_02 2 T1 JL1868 1 T1 XT1024 | 1.426974 | 103.752891 103.752647 103.752902 | | - | 1600-1730 2250 755 | Fish Butterfly Odonate | #N/A Hawkmoth sp. Duskhawker sp. | Unidentified Gobiidae Unidentified Sphingidae Gynacantha sp. | #N/A Not Assessed #N/A | #N/A Not Assessed #N/A | #N/A No #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | VES Incidental Incidental | JL2780 | Caterpillar |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 XT1024 1 T1 XT1026 | 1.425985023 | 103.752902 103.752902 103.753409 | | - | 811 820 | Bird Aculeate hymenopteran | Changeable hawk-eagle Bee sp. | Nisaetus cirrhatus Unidentified Anthophila | Least Concern #N/A | Endangered #N/A | Yes #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental | HB174 | Nest Beehive |
| 8 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 XT1034 1 T1 XT1091 | 1.42429498 1.42328999 | 103.753607 103.754371 | | - | 841 1337 | Bird Bird | #N/A Yellow-rumped flycatcher | Unidentified Accipitridae Ficedula zanthopygia | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental | HB178 HB260 | Raptor nest |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J826 1 T1 J827 1 T1 J828 | 1.427570963 | | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 2 1.42687225 | 103.752679 103.752679 103.752594 | 2047 2055 2102 | Reptile Reptile Mammal (Bat) | Oriental whip snake #N/A #N/A | Ahaetulla prasina Unidentified Gekkonidae Unidentified Pteropodidae | Least Concern #N/A #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A #N/A | No #N/A #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | JT2047 | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J829 1 T1 J829 | | 103.752651 103.752651 | | 103.752594 103.752594 | 2103 2103 | Amphibian Amphibian | Banded bull frog East Asian ornate chorus frog | Kaloula pulchra Microhyla mukhlesuri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J829 1 T1 J829 | 1.42673797 | 103.752651 103.752651 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 2103 2103 | Reptile Amphibian | Malayan water monitor #N/A | Varanus salvator Fejervarya sp. | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Other signs Seen | Incidental Targeted | | Tail carcass |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J830 1 T1 J831 1 T1 J831 | 1.426572008 1.426429013 1.426429013 | 103.752714 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752594 103.752952 103.752952 | 2108 2111 2111 | Amphibian Amphibian Reptile | East Asian ornate chorus frog Field frog #N/A | Microhyla mukhlesuri Fejervarya limnocharis Unidentified Gekkonidae | Least Concern Least Concern #N/A | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J832 1 T1 J833 | 1.426261039 1.426070016 | 103.752918 103.752991 | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 2114 2116 | Amphibian Reptile | Field frog Spiny-tailed house gecko | Fejervarya limnocharis Hemidactylus frenatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J834 1 T1 J834 | 1.42574002 | 103.753128 103.753128 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 2112 2112 | Amphibian Amphibian | East Asian ornate chorus frog East Asian ornate chorus frog | Microhyla mukhlesuri Microhyla mukhlesuri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J834 1 T1 J835 1 T1 J836 | | 103.753128 103.753386 103.753491 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 2112 2127 2128 | Amphibian Amphibian Reptile | Field frog Field frog #N/A | Fejervarya limnocharis Fejervarya limnocharis Unidentified Gekkonidae | Least Concern Least Concern #N/A | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J837 1 T1 J838 | 1.425293013 | 103.753556 103.753615 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753638 | 2129 2132 | Amphibian Amphibian | Four-lined tree frog #N/A | Polypedates leucomystax Fejervarya sp. | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J838 1 T1 J839 | 1.424690019 | 103.753615 103.753706 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 2132 2135 | Reptile Amphibian | #N/A Greenhouse frog | Unidentified Gekkonidae Eleutherodactylus planirostris | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 6 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J840 1 T1 J841 1 T1 J841 | 1.424220968 1.424060035 1.424060035 | | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 2140 2142 2142 | Reptile Reptile | Changeable lizard Changeable lizard | Calotes versicolor Calotes versicolor Dendralanhis pirtus | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J841 1 T1 J842 | 1.424060035 | | 6 1.4239017 7 1.4233353 | 103.753747 103.754233 | 2142 2142 2146 | Reptile Reptile Amphibian | Painted bronzeback #N/A Asian toad | Dendrelaphis pictus Unidentified Gekkonidae Duttaphrynus melanostictus | Least Concern #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 T1 J843 1 T1 J844 | 1.423303988 1.423230981 | 103.754412 103.754414 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 2150 2151 | Reptile Reptile | Striped bronzeback Green crested lizard | Dendrelaphis caudolineatus Bronchocela cristatella | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1850 2 T1 JL1851 2 T1 JL1851 | 1.423337 | 103.754325 103.754238 103.754174 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 2210 2211 2213 | Reptile Bird Butterfly | Oriental whip snake Large-tailed nightjar Grass vellow sn | Ahaetulla prasina Caprimulgus macrurus Furema sp | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 5 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | JL7777 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1852 2 T1 JL1853 2 T1 JL1854 | 1.423825 | 103.75389 103.753711 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.754233 103.753747 103.753747 | 2213 2216 2217 | Butterfly Bird Reptile | Grass yellow sp. Sunda scops owl Green crested lizard | Eurema sp. Otus lempiji Bronchocela cristatella | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | ULIIII | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1855 2 T1 JL1856 | 1.424559 1.424578 | 103.75362 103.753642 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 2221 2222 | Amphibian Amphibian | Banded bull frog East Asian ornate chorus frog | Kaloula pulchra Microhyla mukhlesuri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1856 2 T1 JL1856 2 T1 JL1856 | | 103.753642 103.753642 103.753642 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 2222 2222 2222 | Amphibian Amphibian Reptile | Field frog Green paddy frog Painted bronzeback | Fejervarya limnocharis Hylarana erythraea Dendrelaphis pictus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 3 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1856 2 T1 JL1857 2 T1 JL1858 | 1.424761 | 103.753607 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 2222 2222 2226 | Amphibian Amphibian | Four-lined tree frog Banded bull frog | Polypedates leucomystax Kaloula pulchra | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1858 2 T1 JL1858 | 1.424822 1.424822 | 103.753563 103.753563 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 2226 2226 | Amphibian Amphibian | East Asian ornate chorus frog Field frog | Microhyla mukhlesuri Fejervarya limnocharis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1858 2 T1 JL1859 2 T1 JL1859 | 1.424983 | 103.753563 103.753629 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 2226 2230 2230 | Amphibian Amphibian | Greenhouse frog Asian toad | Eleutherodactylus planirostris Duttaphrynus melanostictus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1859 2 T1 JL1859 2 T1 JL1860 | 1.424983 | 103.753629 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753396 | 2230 2230 2232 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | East Asian ornate chorus frog Greenhouse frog Asian toad | Microhyla mukhlesuri Eleutherodactylus planirostris Duttaphrynus melanostictus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1860 2 T1 JL1860 | 1.42537 1.42537 | 103.753497 103.753497 | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 2232 2232 | Amphibian Amphibian | East Asian ornate chorus frog Greenhouse frog | Microhyla mukhlesuri Eleutherodactylus planirostris | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1861 2 T1 JL1862 | 1.425632 | 103.7534 103.753354 | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 2233 2233 | Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog Field frog | Fejervarya limnocharis Fejervarya limnocharis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 5 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1862 2 T1 JL1863 2 T1 JL1863 | 1.42567 | 103.753354 103.753107 103.753107 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 2233 2238 2238 | Reptile Amphibian Amphibian | Striped bronzeback Asian toad Greenhouse frog | Dendrelaphis caudolineatus Duttaphrynus melanostictus Eleutherodactylus planirostris | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1864 2 T1 JL1865 | 1.425771 1.426102 | 103.752981 103.752982 | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 2240 2244 | Amphibian Bird | East Asian ornate chorus frog White-throated kingfisher | Microhyla mukhlesuri Halcyon smyrnensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1866 2 T1 JL1866 | 1.426367 1.426367 | 103.752759 103.752759 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 2246 2246 | Amphibian Reptile | East Asian omate chorus frog #N/A | Microhyla mukhlesuri Unidentified Gekkonidae | Least Concern #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1867 2 T1 JL1869 2 T1 JL1869 | 1.427291 | 103.752638 103.752615 103.752615 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752594 | 2248 2253 2253 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog Dark-sided chorus frog East Asian ornate chorus frog | Fejervarya limnocharis Microhyla heymonsi Microhyla mukhlesuri | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1869 2 T1 JL1871 | 1.427291 | 103.752615 103.752613 | 2 1.42687225 1 1.427763 | 103.752594 103.752679 | 2253 2253 2253 | Amphibian Amphibian Reptile | Field frog Garden supple skink | місгопуїв тикпіезип Fejervarya limnocharis Lygosoma bowringii | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1872 2 T1 JL1873 2 T1 JL1873 | 1.427819 1.427875 | 103.752692 103.752737 | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 | 2256 2257 | Reptile Reptile Reptile | Changeable lizard Changeable lizard | Calotes versicolor Calotes versicolor | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 | 2 T1 JL1873 | 1.427875 | 103.752737 | 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 | 2257 | Reptile | Oriental whip snake | Ahaetulla prasina | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | JT2334 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | | |
|---|---------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--------------------|---------------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Date 24 Feb 2021 | Cycle F | Route Waypoint T1 RS62 | | Longitude 103.754304 | | SP_long 103.754233 | Time (24h) 1812 | Taxon Odonate | Common Name White-barred duskhawk | Scientific name Tholymis tillarga | Global Status Least Concern | Local Status Least Concern | Threatened No | Quantity 1 | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Su Seen | rvey method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. | Remarks |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 RS63 T1 RS64 T1 RS65 | | 103.754219 103.753641 103.752746 | 7 1.4233353 6 1.4239017 1 1.427763 | 103.754233 103.753747 103.752679 | 1812 1817 1841 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk White-barred duskhawk Common chaser | Tholymis tillarga Tholymis tillarga Retemperatus congener | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1002 T1 XT1003 | 1.426679967 | 103.752654 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752579 103.752594 103.752952 | 1752 1755 | Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk White-barred duskhawk | Potamarcha congener Tholymis tillarga Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1004 T1 XT1004 | | 103.753349 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 1800 1800 | Odonate Odonate | Scarlet grenadier White-barred duskhawk | Lathrecista asiatica Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1005 T1 XT1006 T1 XT1014 | 1.425538016 1.424388019 1.427909005 | | | 103.753396 103.753638 103.752679 | 1802 1806 711 | Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk Grenadier White-breasted waterhen | Tholymis tillarga Agrionoptera insignis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1015 T1 XT1015 | 1.427670959 | | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 103.752679 | 714 714 | Bird Reptile Bird | Painted bronzeback Yellow-rumped flycatcher | Amaurornis phoenicurus Dendrelaphis pictus Ficedula zanthopygia | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1016 T1 XT1016 | 1.42746401 1.42746401 | 103.75255 103.75255 | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 | 716 716 | Bird Bird | Asian glossy starling Black-naped oriole | Aplonis panayensis Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 7 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1016 T1 XT1016 | 1.42746401 | 103.75255 103.75255 | 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 | 716 716 | Bird Bird | Blue-throated bee-eater Javan myna | Merops viridis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 15 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB169 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT1016 T1 XT1017 T1 XT1017 | 1.42746401 1.427257983 1.427257983 | 103.752626 | | 103.752679 103.752594 103.752594 | 716 722 722 | Bird Bird Bird | Olive-backed sunbird Ashy minivet Collared kingfisher | Cinnyris jugularis Pericrocotus divaricatus Todiramphus chloris | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 | Seen Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1017 T1 XT1017 | 1.427257983 1.427257983 | 103.752626 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 722 722 | Bird Bird | Laced woodpecker Long-tailed parakeet | Picus vittatus Psittacula longicauda | Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No Yes | 1 2 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1017 T1 XT1017 | 1.427257983 1.427257983 | 103.752626 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 722 722 | Bird Bird | Malaysian pied fantail Oriental dollarbird | Rhipidura javanica Eurystomus orientalis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1017 T1 XT1017 T1 XT1017 | 1.427257983 1.427257983 1.427257983 | 103.752626 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752594 | 722 722 722 | Bird Bird Reptile | Oriental magpie-robin Spotted dove #N/A | Copsychus saularis Spilopelia chinensis Unidentified Gekkonidae | Least Concern Least Concern #N/A | Endangered Not Assessed #N/A | Yes No #N/A | 1 1 | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1018 T1 XT1018 | 1.426794967 1.426794967 | 103.752622 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 728 728 | Bird Bird | Collared kingfisher Javan myna | Todiramphus chloris Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1018 T1 XT1018 | 1.426794967 1.426794967 | 103.752622 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 728 728 | Bird Bird | Javan myna Oriental dollarbird | Acridotheres javanicus Eurystomus orientalis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1018 T1 XT1019 T1 XT1019 | 1.426794967 1.426681979 1.426681979 | 103.752589 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752594 | 728 732 732 | Reptile Bird Bird | Painted bronzeback Straw-headed bulbul Yellow-vented bulbul | Dendrelaphis pictus Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern Critically Endangered Least Concern | Not Assessed Endangered Not Assessed | No Yes No | 2 | Seen Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1020 T1 XT1020 | 1.426457008 | 103.752672 103.752672 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 734 734 | Bird Bird | Common tailorbird Large-tailed nightjar | Orthotomus sutorius Caprimulgus macrurus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1020 T1 XT1020 | 1.426457008 1.426457008 | 103.752672 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752594 | 734 734 | Bird Bird | Long-tailed parakeet Pink-necked green pigeon | Psittacula longicauda Treron vernans | Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Yes No | 3 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1020 T1 XT1021 T1 XT1021 | 1.426457008 1.426361036 1.426361036 | | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752594 103.752952 103.752952 | 734 745 745 | Mammal Bird Bird | Plantain squirrel Olive-winged bulbul Scarlet-backed flowerpecker | Callosciurus notatus Pycnonotus plumosus Dicaeum cruentatum | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1021 T1 XT1021 T1 XT1022 | 1.426361036 1.426361036 1.426234972 | | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 745 745 748 | Bird Bird | Yellow-vented bulbul Black-naped oriole | Pycnonotus goiavier Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1022 T1 XT1022 | 1.426234972 1.426234972 | 103.752955 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 748 748 | Bird Bird | Common flameback Common tailorbird | Dinopium javanense Orthotomus sutorius | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1022 T1 XT1022 T1 XT1023 | | 103.752955 103.752955 103.753028 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 748 748 751 | Bird Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Pink-necked green pigeon Rufous-tailed tailorbird | Treron vernans Treron vernans Orthotomus sericeus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 3 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1023 T1 XT1024 | 1.426088959 1.425985023 | 103.753028 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 751 755 | Bird Bird | #N/A Black-naped oriole | Unidentified Accipitridae Oriolus chinensis | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1024 T1 XT1024 | 1.425985023 1.425985023 | 103.752902 | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 755 755 | Bird Bird | Brown-throated sunbird Javan myna | Anthreptes malacensis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 3 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1024 T1 XT1025 T1 XT1025 | 1.425985023 1.425885027 1.425885027 | 103.752936 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 755 757 757 | Bird Bird Bird | Lineated barbet Asian glossy starling Long-tailed parakeet | Psilopogon lineatus Aplonis panayensis Psittacula longicauda | Least Concern Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No Yes | 1 1 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1025 T1 XT1025 | 1.425885027 | | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 757 757 | Bird Reptile | Yellow-rumped flycatcher #N/A | Ficedula zanthopygia Unidentified Gekkonidae | Least Concern #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1026 T1 XT1026 | 1.425589984 1.425589984 | 103.753113 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 811 811 | Bird Bird | Ashy minivet Asian glossy starling | Pericrocotus divaricatus Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 5 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT1026 T1 XT1027 T1 XT1027 | 1.425589984 1.425194023 1.425194023 | 103.753069 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 811 815 815 | Bird Bird Bird | Blue-crowned hanging-parrot Banded bay cuckoo Pink-necked green pigeon | Loriculus galgulus Cacomantis sonneratii Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed Not Assessed | Yes No No | 1 1 11 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1027 T1 XT1028 | 1.425194023 | | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 815 818 | Bird Bird | White-throated kingfisher Pink-necked green pigeon | Halcyon smyrnensis Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1028 T1 XT1029 T1 XT1029 | 1.42551396 1.425437015 1.425437015 | 103.753409 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 818 820 820 | Bird Bird Bird | Rufous-tailed tailorbird Asian glossy starling Black-naped oriole | Orthotomus sericeus Aplonis panayensis Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 10 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1029 T1 XT1029 | 1.425437015 1.425437015 1.425437015 | 103.753409 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 820 820 820 | Bird Reptile | Common iora Equatorial spitting cobra | Aegithina tiphia Naja sumatrana | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB173 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1030 T1 XT1030 | 1.425358979 1.425358979 | 103.753536 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 827 827 | Bird Bird | Collared kingfisher Common tailorbird | Todiramphus chloris Orthotomus sutorius | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1030 T1 XT1030 T1 XT1031 | | 103.753536 103.753536 103.753554 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753638 | 827 827 831 | Bird Bird Bird | Greater racket-tailed drongo Pink-necked green pigeon | Dicrurus paradiseus Treron vernans Todiromphys ablaria | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1031 T1 XT1031 | 1.425115988 | 103.753554 103.753554 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 831 831 | Bird Bird | Collared kingfisher Long-tailed parakeet Rufous woodpecker | Todiramphus chloris Psittacula longicauda Microptemus brachyurus | Least Concern Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1032 | 1.424886994 | | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 | 832 | Bird | Changeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Least Concern | Endangered | Yes | 2 | Seen | Targeted | HB175 & HB176 - dark morph ind in nest | near nest - 1 dark, one pale morph |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT1032 T1 XT1032 T1 XT1032 | 1.424886994 1.424886994 1.424886994 | 103.753597 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 832 832 832 | Bird Bird Bird | Common tailorbird Olive-backed sunbird White-bellied sea eagle | Orthotomus sutorius Cinnyris jugularis Haliaeetus leucogaster | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1033 T1 XT1033 | 1.424588012 | 103.753649 103.753649 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 839 839 | Bird Bird | Blue-crowned hanging-parrot Javan myna | Loriculus galgulus Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 4 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1033 T1 XT1033 | 1.424588012 | 103.753649 103.753649 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 839 839 | Bird Bird | Olive-backed sunbird Pink-necked green pigeon | Cinnyris jugularis Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1033 T1 XT1034 T1 XT1034 | 1.42429498 | | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753638 103.753747 103.753747 | 839 841 841 | Bird Bird Bird | Spotted dove Asian glossy starling Long-tailed parakeet | Spilopelia chinensis Aplonis panayensis Psittacula longicauda | Least Concern Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No Yes | 1 1 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | with nesting materials in mouth |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1034 T1 XT1035 | 1.42429498 1.424148967 | 103.753607 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 841 | Bird Bird | Swiftlet sp. Common tailorbird | Aerodramus sp. Orthotomus sutorius | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1035 T1 XT1036 T1 XT1036 | 1.423815032 | | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 849 | Bird Bird | Javan myna Blue-crowned hanging-parrot | Acridotheres javanicus Loriculus galgulus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Endangered | No Yes | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | UDAGA | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1036 T1 XT1036 T1 XT1037 | | 103.753871 103.753871 103.754334 | | 103.753747 103.753747 103.754233 | 849 849 854 | Reptile Bird Bird | Striped bronzeback Yellow-rumped flycatcher Asian glossy starling | Dendrelaphis caudolineatus Ficedula zanthopygia Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 1 | Seen Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB181 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT1037 T1 XT1037 | 1.423322009 1.423322009 | 103.754334 103.754334 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 854 854 | Bird Bird | Black-naped oriole Common iora | Oriolus chinensis Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1037 T1 XT1037 T1 XT1037 | 1.423322009 1.423322009 | 103.754334 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 854 854 854 | Bird Bird | Common tailorbird Javan myna Pointed bronzobook | Orthotomus sutorius Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T1 XT1037 T1 XT1074 T1 XT1074 | 1.423322009 1.427802974 1.427802974 | 103.752704 | 1 1.427763 | 103.754233 103.752679 103.752679 | 854 1220 1220 | Reptile Odonate Odonate | Painted bronzeback Common chaser Common chaser | Dendrelaphis pictus Potamarcha congener Potamarcha congener | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB237 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1074 T1 XT1074 | 1.427802974 1.427802974 | 103.752704 103.752704 | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 | 1220 1220 | Butterfly Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Tawny coster | Eurema sp. Acraea terpsicore | Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A Not assessed | #N/A No | 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1074 T1 XT1075 T1 XT1075 | 1.427418999 | 103.752704 103.752556 | 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 | 1220 1228 | Odonate Butterfly | Yellow-barred flutterer Common mormon | Rhyothemis phyllis Papilio polytes romulus | Least Concern Not Assessed | Least Concern Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT1075 T1 XT1075 | 1.427418999 | | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 103.752679 | 1228 1228 1228 | Butterfly Butterfly Odonate | Grass yellow sp. Palm bob White-barred duskhawk | Eurema sp. Suastus gremius gremius Tholymis tillarga | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB239 HB238 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1076 T1 XT1077 | 1.427229987 1.426959001 | 103.752625 103.752668 | 2 1.42687225 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 1231 1234 | Butterfly Odonate | Grass yellow sp. Common chaser | Eurema sp. Potamarcha congener | Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB240 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1077 T1 XT1078 T1 XT1078 | | 103.752673 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752594 | 1234 1238 1238 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. Eurema sp. Mycalesis visala phamis | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A #N/A No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB241 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1078 T1 XT1078 | 1.426736042 | 103.752673 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752952 | 1238 1238 1243 | Odonate Odonate | Long brand bush brown White-barred duskhawk White-barred duskhawk | Mycaiesis visaia pnamis Tholymis tillarga Tholymis tillarga | Not Assessed Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 110241 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1079 T1 XT1080 | 1.426401017 1.426192978 | 103.752794 103.752961 | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 1243 1246 | Butterfly Butterfly | #N/A Common mormon | Unidentified Hesperiidae Papilio polytes romulus | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB242 | Caterpillars |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1081 T1 XT1081 T1 XT1082 | | 103.752957 103.752957 103.753251 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.753396 | 1250 1250 1258 | Butterfly Odonate Odonate | Dark glassy tiger White-barred duskhawk Common parasol | Parantica agleoides agleoides Tholymis tillarga Neurothemis fluctuans | Not Assessed Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1082 T1 XT1082 | 1.425718982 1.425718982 | 103.753251 103.753251 | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 1258 1258 | Butterfly Odonate | Grass yellow sp. Scarlet grenadier | Eurema sp. Lathrecista asiatica | Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT1083 T1 XT1083 | 1.425585039 | 103.75346 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 1301 1301 | Odonate Odonate | Scarlet grenadier Spine-tufted skimmer | Lathrecista asiatica Orthetrum chrysis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB244 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1084 T1 XT1085 T1 XT1085 | 1.425029989 | 103.753586 103.753605 103.753605 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753396 103.753638 103.753638 | 1303 1305 1305 | Butterfly Odonate Butterfly | Burmese bush brown Common chaser Grass yellow sp. | Mycalesis perseoides perseoides Potamarcha congener Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Least Concern Not Assessed | Data Deficient Least Concern #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB245 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT1085 T1 XT1086 | 1.425029989 1.424703011 | 103.753605 103.753645 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 1305 1308 | Odonate Odonate | Spine-tufted skimmer Common redbolt | Orthetrum chrysis Rhodothemis rufa | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1086 T1 XT1087 T1 XT1087 | 1.42446002 | 103.753645 103.75358 103.75358 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 1308 1312 1312 | Odonate Butterfly Butterfly | Yellow-barred flutterer Burmese bush brown Common caerulean | Rhyothemis phyllis Mycalesis perseoides perseoides Jamides celeno aelianus | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Least Concern Data Deficient Not Assessed | No No No | 5 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB248 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT1087 T1 XT1087 | 1.42446002 | 103.75358 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 | 1312 | Butterfly | Full stop swift | Caltoris cormasa | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | 1 | Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB249,250 | |

| Date 10 Feb 2021 | Cycle | Route Way | point Lati | ude Longitu 6002 103.753 | le Sampling Pt SP_L | at SP_lon | | r) Taxon Butterfly | Common Name Grass yellow sp. | Scientific name Eurema sp. | Global Status Not Assessed | Local Status #N/A | Threatened #N/A | Quantity 4 | Observation type (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Surve | ey method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. | Remarks |
|---|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--------------------|---------------|---|--|----------------|----------------|
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT T1 XT | 087 1.424 087 1.424 | 6002 103.753 6002 103.753 | 5 1.4247 6 5 1.4247 | 984 103.7536 984 103.7536 | 638 1312 638 1312 | Butterfly Odonate | Malayan Scarlet grenadier | Megisba malaya sikkima Lathrecista asiatica | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB251 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT T1 XT T1 XT | 088 1.4241 | 19973 103.7536 19973 103.7536 19973 103.7536 | 29 6 1.4239 | 17 103.7537 17 103.7537 17 103.7537 | 747 1318 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Bush brown sp. Common caerulean Common sailor | Mycalesis sp. Jamides celeno aelianus | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 10 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT | 088 1.4241 | 19973 103.7536 19973 103.7536 19973 103.7536 | 29 6 1.4239 | 17 103.7537 | 747 1318 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Formosan swift Formosan swift | Neptis hylas papaja Borbo cinnara Borbo cinnara | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Endangered Endangered | Yes Yes | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB252 HB253 | egg |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT T1 XT | 088 1.4241 088 1.4241 | 19973 103.7536 19973 103.7536 | 29 6 1.4239 29 6 1.4239 | 17 103.7537 17 103.7537 | 747 1325 747 1318 | Butterfly Butterfly | Gram blue Grass yellow sp. | Euchrysops cnejus cnejus Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB254 | -22 |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT | 088 1.4241 | 19973 103.7536 19973 103.7536 | 29 6 1.4239 | 17 103.7537 | 747 1325 | Butterfly Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Palmfly sp. | Eurema sp. Elymnias sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB255 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT T1 XT T1 XT | 089 1.4239 | | 39 6 1.4239 | 17 103.7537 | 747 1331 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Bush brown sp. Chequered lancer Chestnut bob | Mycalesis sp. Plastingia naga lambrix salsala salsala | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB256,257 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | 1 | T1 XT T1 XT | 089 1.4239 089 1.4239 | 32966 103.7538 32966 103.7538 | 39 6 1.4239 39 6 1.4239 | | 747 1331 | Butterfly Butterfly | Lesser dart #N/A | Potanthus omaha omaha Unidentified Hesperiidae | Not Assessed #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT T1 XT T1 XT | 090 1.4233 | 35963 103.7542 35963 103.7542 8999 103.7543 | 93 7 1.4233 | 53 103.7542 | 233 1336 | Butterfly Butterfly | Bush brown sp. Grass yellow sp. | Mycalesis sp. Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A #N/A #N/A | No #N/A | 4 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 10 Feb 2021 | | T1 XT T1 XT | 091 1.423 | 8999 103.7543 8999 103.7543 8999 103.7543 | 71 7 1.4233 | 53 103.7542 | 233 1337 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Bush brown sp. Full stop swift Grass yellow sp. | Mycalesis sp. Caltoris cormasa Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 10 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB258 | |
| 10 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 XT T2 J8 | 091 1.423 | 8999 103.7543 97012 103.7553 | 71 7 1.4233 | | | Odonate Fish | White-barred duskhawk Croaking gouramy | Tholymis tillarga Trichopsis vittata | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Not Assessed | No No | 1 10 | Seen Seen | Targeted Incidental | HB259 | |
| 4 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | T2 RS | 118 1.4224 | 97012 103.7553 42999 103.7539 | 12 | | 2258 956 956 | Fish Bird | Snakehead sp. Pacific swallow | Channa sp. Hirundo tahitica | Least Concern Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 | Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | | 119 1.4225 | 12999 103.7539 79959 103.7542 31041 103.7536 | 83 | | 956 957 1841 | Bird Butterfly Decapod | Stork-billed kingfisher Common palm dart #N/A | Pelargopsis capensis Telicota colon stinga Thalassina sp. | Least Concern Not Assessed #N/A | Not Assessed Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 | Heard Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental Incidental | 6945 JT2043 | Mound |
| 4 Feb 2021 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT T2 XT | 011 1.4279 | 59967 103.7552 14023 103.7553 | 64 | | 1905 1109 | Butterfly Bird | Common evening brown Yellow-browed warbler | Melanitis leda leda Phylloscopus inornatus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Incidental Incidental | CT7316 | mound |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 J | | 06027 103.7543 | 13 9 1.42249 | 714 103.7539 | 978 2154 | Amphibian Reptile | Four-lined tree frog Oriental whip snake | Polypedates leucomystax Ahaetulla prasina | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | Brown juvenile |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T2 Ja | | 79041 103.7538 90021 103.7543 65024 103.7543 | 48 9 1.42249 | 714 103.7539 714 103.7539 324 103.7543 | 978 2230 | Amphibian Bird Amphibian | Four-lined tree frog Nightjar sp. Guenther's frog | Polypedates leucomystax Caprimulgus sp. Sylvirana quentheri | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T1 J | 49 1.4232 | 38022 103.7543 94013 103.7543 | 75 7 1.4233 | 53 103.7542 53 103.7542 | 233 2233 | Bird Reptile | Brown shrike Striped bronzeback | Lanius cristatus Dendrelaphis caudolineatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2079 | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 Ja | 51 1.4237 | 19982 103.754 19982 103.754 | 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 2236 | Amphibian Bird | Guenther's frog Sunda scops owl | Sylvirana guentheri Otus lempiji | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 Ja | | | 59 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 2237 | Amphibian Amphibian | Asian toad Guenther's frog | Duttaphrynus melanostictus Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 Ja | 53 1.4240 | 01027 103.7543 01027 103.7543 01027 103.7543 | 57 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 2237 | Reptile Amphibian Amphibian | Changeable lizard East Asian ornate chorus frog Malayan giant frog | Calotes versicolor Microhyla mukhlesuri Limnonectes blythii | Not Assessed Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 J8 | 53 1.4240 54 1.4243 | 01027 103.7543 57006 103.754 | 57 11 1.4238 5 12 1.42478 | 932 103.7544 368 103.7545 | 456 2237 539 2242 | Bird Amphibian | White-throated kingfisher Asian toad | Halcyon smyrnensis Duttaphrynus melanostictus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 Ja | 54 1.4243 | 57006 103.754 57006 103.754 57006 103.754 | 5 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 | 539 2242 | Amphibian Amphibian | East Asian ornate chorus frog Guenther's frog Malayan giant frog | Microhyla mukhlesuri Sylvirana guentheri Limpopertes hluthii | Least Concern Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | Lorgo |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 Ja | | 57006 103.754 | 5 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 | 539 2242 | Amphibian Reptile Reptile | Malayan giant frog Spotted house gecko #N/A | Limnonectes blythii Gekko monarchus Unidentified Gekkonidae | Near Inreatened Not Assessed #N/A | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | Large |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 J8 | 54 1.4243 | | 5 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 | 539 2242 | Mammal (Bat) Amphibian | #N/A East Asian ornate chorus frog | Unidentified Pteropodidae Microhyla mukhlesuri | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 J | 55 1.4245 | 50964 103.7544 50964 103.7544 | 73 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 | 539 2243 | Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog Guenther's frog | Fejervarya limnocharis Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | | 56 1.4252 | 32033 103.7545 32033 103.7545 38001 103.7545 | 49 13 1.4256 | 369 103.7546 369 103.7546 369 103.7546 | 614 2246 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | East Asian ornate chorus frog Field frog East Asian ornate chorus frog | Microhyla mukhlesuri Fejervarya limnocharis Microhyla mukhlesuri | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 3 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 J | 57 1.4259 58 1.4263 | 38001 103.7545 | 84 13 1.4256 | 369 103.7546 309 103.7547 | 614 2247 | Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog Field frog | Fejervarya limnocharis Fejervarya limnocharis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 | | 59 1.4269 | 10996 103.7546 27987 103.7547 | 68 14 1.42656 | | 763 2249 763 2251 | Mammal (Bat) Amphibian | #N/A Asian toad | Unidentified Pteropodidae Duttaphrynus melanostictus | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 Ja | | 27987 103.7547 | 68 14 1.42656 | 309 103.7547 | 763 2251 | Reptile Amphibian | Changeable lizard Field frog | Calotes versicolor Fejervarya limnocharis | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 J | 59 1.4269 | 27987 103.7547 27987 103.7547 16992 103.7549 | 68 14 1.42656 | 309 103.7547 309 103.7547 462 103.7550 | 763 2251 | Amphibian Bird Amphibian | Field frog Sunda scops owl Field frog | Fejervarya limnocharis Otus lempiji Fejervarya limnocharis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 6 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 J8 | 60 1.4273 60 1.4273 | 16992 103.7549 16992 103.7549 | 19 15 1.4274 19 15 1.4274 | 462 103.7550 462 103.7550 | 014 2253 | Amphibian Amphibian | Green paddy frog Guenther's frog | Hylarana erythraea Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 Ji T2 Ji T2 Ji | | 15962 103.7551 | 63 16 1.42822 | 462 103.7550 099 103.7554 099 103.7554 | 424 2247 | Amphibian Amphibian | Malayan giant frog Field frog | Limnonectes blythii Fejervarya limnocharis | Near Threatened Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | T2 Ja | 63 1.4281 | | 32 16 1.4282 | 099 103.7554 | 424 2300 | Amphibian Reptile Amphibian | Guenther's frog Black marsh terrapin Green paddy frog | Sylvirana guentheri Siebenrockiella crassicollis Hylarana erythraea | Least Concern Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 5 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 J8 | 63 1.4281 | 32004 103.7553 32004 103.7553 | 32 16 1.4282 | 099 103.7554 099 103.7554 | 424 2300 | Amphibian Reptile | Malayan giant frog #N/A | Limnonectes blythii Unidentified Gekkonidae | Near Threatened #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 Ja | 64 1.4282 | 55991 103.7553 55991 103.7553 | 88 16 1.4282 | 099 103.7554 099 103.7554 | 424 2302 | Reptile Amphibian | Asian softshell turtle Field frog | Amyda cartilaginea Fejervarya limnocharis | Vulnerable Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 5 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 Ja | | 55991 103.7553 55991 103.7553 34966 103.7555 | 88 16 1.4282 | 099 103.7554 | 424 2302 | Reptile Mammal (Bat) Amphibian | Painted bronzeback #N/A Field frog | Dendrelaphis pictus Unidentified Pteropodidae Fejervarya limnocharis | Least Concern #N/A Least Concern | Not Assessed #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 Ja | 65 1.4285 65 1.4285 | 34966 103.7555 34966 103.7555 | 54 17 1.4287 54 17 1.4287 | 37 103.755 37 103.755 | 74 2306 74 2306 | Amphibian Amphibian | Guenther's frog Malayan giant frog | Sylvirana guentheri Limnonectes blythii | Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | | 824 1.42 | 53985 103.7557 597 103.7556 | 73 17 1.4287 | 37 103.755 37 103.755 | 74 2004 | Amphibian Reptile | Malayan giant frog Changeable lizard | Limnonectes blythii Calotes versicolor | Near Threatened Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 JL | 824 1.42 | 597 103.7556 597 103.7556 672 103.7556 | 73 17 1.4287 | | 74 2004 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog Guenther's frog Asian toad | Fejervarya limnocharis Sylvirana guentheri Duttaphrynus melanostictus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: | 825 1.42 | 672 103.7556 672 103.7556 | 18 17 1.4287 | 37 103.755 37 103.755 | 74 2006 74 2006 | Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog #N/A | Fejervarya limnocharis Fejervarya sp. | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: | 826 1.42 826 1.42 | 549 103.7555 549 103.7555 | 88 17 1.4287 88 17 1.4287 | 37 103.755 37 103.755 | 74 2008 74 2008 | Reptile Amphibian | Black marsh terrapin East Asian ornate chorus frog | Siebenrockiella crassicollis Microhyla mukhlesuri | Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 JL: T2 JL: T2 JL: | 826 1.42 | 549 103.7555 549 103.7555 549 103.7555 | 88 17 1.4287 | 37 103.755 37 103.755 37 103.755 | 74 2008 | Amphibian Fish Bird | Field frog Threespot gouramy White-breasted waterhen | Fejervarya limnocharis Trichopodus trichopterus Amaurornis phoenicurus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | | 828 1.42 | 966 103.7553 966 103.7553 | 49 16 1.4282 49 16 1.4282 | 099 103.7554 099 103.7554 | 424 2035 424 2035 | Amphibian Amphibian | Field frog Green paddy frog | Fejervarya limnocharis Hylarana erythraea | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: | 828 1.42 830 1.42 | 966 103.7553 446 103.7549 | 49 16 1.4282 87 15 1.4274 | 099 103.7554 462 103.7550 | 424 2035 014 2040 | Reptile Amphibian | Painted bronzeback Malayan giant frog | Dendrelaphis pictus Limnonectes blythii | Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | | | 446 103.7549 278 103.7549 278 103.7549 | 02 15 1.42742 | 462 103.7550 462 103.7550 462 103.7550 | 014 2043 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | #N/A Four-lined tree frog Guenther's frog | Fejervarya sp. Polypedates leucomystax Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 JL: | 832 1.42 833 1.42 | 042 103.7548 624 103.7547 | 38 15 1.42742 64 14 1.42650 | 462 103.7550 309 103.7547 | 014 2043 763 2048 | Reptile Amphibian | Changeable lizard Dark-sided chorus frog | Calotes versicolor Microhyla heymonsi | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: T2 JL: | 834 1.42 | 624 103.7547 118 103.7546 | 64 14 1.42656 66 13 1.4256 | 309 103.7547 369 103.7546 | 763 2044 614 2052 | Reptile Reptile | Oriental whip snake Oriental whip snake | Ahaetulla prasina Ahaetulla prasina | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: T2 JL: T2 JL: | 836 1.42 | 175 103.7545 084 103.7545 084 103.7545 | 37 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 | 539 2058 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | Malayan giant frog Guenther's frog Guenther's frog | Limnonectes blythii Sylvirana guentheri Sylvirana quentheri | Near Threatened Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | | T2 JL | | 084 103.7545 | 37 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 | 539 2058 | Amphibian Reptile Reptile | Guenther's frog Oriental whip snake Painted bronzeback | Sylvirana guentheri Ahaetulla prasina Dendrelaphis pictus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | JL2316 | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: | 837 1.42 838 1.42 | 589 103.7544 374 103.7545 | 61 12 1.42478 27 12 1.42478 | 368 103.7545 368 103.7545 | 539 2102 539 2103 | Amphibian Reptile | Asian toad Changeable lizard | Duttaphrynus melanostictus Calotes versicolor | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 JL: T2 JL: T2 JI: | 840 1.42 | 131 103.7546 164 103.7544 127 103.7545 | 83 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 2106 | Reptile Amphibian | Spotted house gecko East Asian ornate chorus frog | Gekko monarchus Microhyla mukhlesuri | Not Assessed Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 JL | | 127 103.7545 | 18 11 1.42388 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 2107 | Amphibian Amphibian Amphibian | Malayan giant frog Malayan giant frog Guenther's frog | Limnonectes blythii Limnonectes blythii Sylvirana guentheri | Near Threatened Near Threatened Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 JL: | 843 1.42 845 1.42 | 493 103.7544 531 103.7543 | 37 7 1.4233 68 9 1.4224 | 53 103.7542 714 103.7539 | 233 2110 978 2115 | Amphibian Reptile | Guenther's frog Changeable lizard | Sylvirana guentheri Calotes versicolor | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 24 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 JL: T2 RS | 846 1.42 100 1.4234 | 492 103.7539 47989 103.7547 | 58 9 1.42249 57 11 1.4238 | 714 103.7539 932 103.7544 | 978 2126 456 910 | Mammal (Bat) Bird | Javan pipistrelle Black-naped oriole | Pipistrellus javanicus Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | JT2319-2320 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | T2 R5 T2 R5 T2 R5 | 100 1.4234 | 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 | 57 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 910 | Bird Bird Bird | Common iora Common tailorbird Common iora | Aegithina tiphia Orthotomus sutorius Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 R5 | 101 1.4234 | 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 | 57 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 911 | Bird Bird | Javan myna Pink-necked green pigeon | Aegithina tiphia Acridotheres javanicus Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 2 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 R5 | 102 1.4234 102 1.4234 | 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 | 57 11 1.4238 57 11 1.4238 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 912 456 912 | Bird Bird | Red-breasted parakeet Swiftlet sp. | Psittacula alexandri Aerodramus sp. | Near Threatened Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 10 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | | 104 1.4234 | 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 | 57 11 1.42388 | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | 456 913 | Bird Reptile | Olive-backed sunbird Changeable lizard | Cinnyris jugularis Calotes versicolor | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 R5 | 1.4234 105 1.4234 | 17989 103.7547 17989 103.7547 | | 932 103.7544 932 103.7544 | | Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Black-naped oriole | Treron vernans Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|------------------|---------------|--|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Date 25 Feb 2021 | Cycle Ro 2 T | ute Waypoint 2 RS105 | | Longitude 103.754757 | | SP_long 103.754456 | Time (24h) 914 | Taxon Bird | Common Name Rock dove | Scientific name Columba livia | Global Status Least Concern | Local Status Not Assessed | Threatened No | Quantity 2 | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Sur Seen | vey method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. | Remarks |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS106 2 RS106 | 1.423447989 1.423447989 | 103.754757 | | 103.754456 103.754456 | 916 915 | Bird Bird | Asian brown flycatcher Black-naped oriole | Muscicapa dauurica Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS106 2 RS106 | 1.423447989 | | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 914 915 | Bird Amphibian | Blue-crowned hanging-parrot Guenther's frog | Loriculus galgulus Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS106 2 RS106 2 RS107 | 1.423447989 1.423447989 1.423447989 | 103.754757 | | 103.754456 103.754456 103.754456 | 915 916 921 | Bird Bird Bird | Javan myna Shrike sp. | Acridotheres javanicus Lanius sp. | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 | Seen Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS107 2 RS107 2 RS107 | | 103.754757 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 921 921 921 | Bird Bird | Ashy minivet Dark-necked tailorbird Red-breasted parakeet | Pericrocotus divaricatus Orthotomus atrogularis Psittacula alexandri | Least Concern Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS107 2 RS108 | 1.423447989 | | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.753978 | 921 932 | Bird Bird | Yellow-vented bulbul Common iora | Pycnonotus goiavier Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS108 2 RS108 | 1.422643997 1.422643997 | 103.753963 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 933 932 | Bird Bird | Oriental magpie-robin Yellow-vented bulbul | Copsychus saularis Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS109 2 RS109 | 1.422566967 1.422566967 | 103.753881 103.753881 | 9 1.42249714 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 936 936 | Bird Bird | Asian glossy starling Blue-tailed bee-eater | Aplonis panayensis Merops philippinus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 2 RS109 2 RS109 | 1.422566967 1.422566967 | 103.753881 103.753881 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 936 936 | Bird Bird | Javan myna Long-tailed parakeet | Acridotheres javanicus Psittacula longicauda | Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No Yes | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS109 2 RS109 | 1.422566967 1.422566967 | 103.753881 103.753881 | | 103.753978 103.753978 | 936 936 | Reptile Bird | Spiny-tailed house gecko Swiftlet sp. | Hemidactylus frenatus Aerodramus sp. | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 13 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS110 2 RS110 | 1.422524974 1.422524974 | 103.753845 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 938 938 | Bird Bird | Banded woodpecker Black-naped oriole | Chrysophlegma miniaceum Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS110 2 RS110 2 RS110 | 1.422524974 | 103.753845 103.753845 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 939 939 | Bird Bird | Collared kingfisher Common tailorbird | Todiramphus chloris Orthotomus sutorius | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS110 2 RS110 2 RS111 | | 103.753845 103.753845 103.753787 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 938 938 940 | Bird Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Rock dove Pied triller | Treron vernans Columba livia Lalage nigra | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS111 2 RS112 | | 103.753787 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 940 941 | Bird Bird | Spotted dove Pin-striped tit-babbler | Spilopelia chinensis Mixornis gularis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS113 2 RS113 | | 103.753616 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 945 945 | Bird Bird | Common tailorbird Coppersmith barbet | Orthotomus sutorius Psilopogon haemacephalus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 2 RS113 2 RS113 | | 103.753616 103.753616 | | 103.753978 103.753978 | 945 947 | Bird Bird | Javan myna Long-tailed parakeet | Acridotheres javanicus Psittacula longicauda | Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No Yes | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS113 2 RS113 | | 103.753616 103.753616 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 945 942 | Bird Bird | Malaysian pied fantail Yellow-vented bulbul | Rhipidura javanica Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS114 2 RS115 | 1.422389019 | 103.75359 103.753411 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753978 103.753085 | 950 951 | Bird Bird | Rufous-tailed tailorbird Blue-crowned hanging-parrot | Orthotomus sericeus Loriculus galgulus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Endangered | No Yes | 1 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS115 2 RS115 | | 103.753411 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 | 951 951 | Reptile Bird | Changeable lizard Rock dove | Calotes versicolor Columba livia | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS116 2 RS116 | 1.422307966 1.422307966 | 103.753168 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 | 952 952 | Bird Bird | Brown shrike Laced woodpecker | Lanius cristatus Picus vittatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T 2 T | 2 RS116 2 RS117 2 RS117 | 1.422307966 1.422240995 1.422240995 | 103.753168 103.753154 103.753154 | 8 1.422589 8 1.422589 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 103.753085 | 952 954 954 | Bird Bird Mammal | Lesser coucal Common iora Smooth-coated otter | Centropus bengalensis Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed Critically Endangered | No No Yes | 1 1 | Seen Seen Scat | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS120 2 RS120 | | 103.754324 | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 | 1000 | Butterfly Bird | Chocolate pansy Collared kingfisher | Lutrogale perspicillata Junonia hedonia ida Todiramphus chloris | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS120 2 RS120 2 RS120 | 1.423155041 | | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 103.754396 | 1000 1000 1000 | Butterfly Butterfly | Pale mottle Three spot grass yellow | Logania marmorata damis Eurema blanda snelleni | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 6947 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 2 RS120 1 RS121 | 1.423155041 1.423218995 | 103.754324 103.75433 | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754233 | 1002 1002 | Bird Butterfly | White-bellied sea eagle Bush brown sp. | Haliaeetus leucogaster Mycalesis sp. | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No No | 1 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS121 1 RS121 | 1.423218995 1.423218995 | 103.75433 103.75433 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 1002 1002 | Bird Butterfly | Common iora Grass yellow sp. | Aegithina tiphia Eurema sp. | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS122 1 RS123 | 1.423270963 1.423314968 | 103.754346 103.75436 | | 103.754233 103.754233 | 1003 1004 | Butterfly Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Anderson's grass yellow | Eurema sp. Eurema andersonii andersonii | Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS123 1 RS124 | 1.423314968 1.423336007 | 103.754338 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 1004 1005 | Bird Bird | Banded woodpecker Black-naped oriole | Chrysophlegma miniaceum Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS124 1 RS124 | 1.423336007 1.423336007 | 103.754338 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 1005 1006 | Butterfly Butterfly | Burmese bush brown Grass yellow sp. | Mycalesis perseoides perseoides Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Data Deficient #N/A | No #N/A | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | 6950 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS124 1 RS125 1 RS126 | 1.423336007 1.423474979 1.423512027 | | | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 1005 1007 1007 | Odonate Butterfly Butterfly | White-barred duskhawk Common grass yellow | Tholymis tillarga Eurema hecabe contubernalis | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Least Concern Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS126 1 RS127 | 1.423512027 1.423512027 1.423559971 | 103.754246 103.754173 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 1007 | Butterfly Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Painted jezebel Burmese bush brown | Eurema sp. Delias hyparete metarete Mycalesis perseoides perseoides | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Data Deficient | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 6952 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS127 | | 103.754173 103.754116 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 1008 1009 | Butterfly Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A #N/A | #N/A #N/A | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted Targeted | 0002 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS129 1 RS129 | 1.423725011 1.423725011 | | | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1010 1010 | Bird Butterfly | Ashy minivet Burmese bush brown | Pericrocotus divaricatus Mycalesis perseoides perseoides | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Data Deficient | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | 6953 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS129 1 RS129 | 1.423725011 1.423725011 | 103.754076 103.754076 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1010 1010 | Bird Butterfly | Collared kingfisher Tawny palmfly | Todiramphus chloris Elymnias panthera panthera | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS130 1 RS130 | 1.423868006 1.423868006 | 103.753926 103.753926 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1012 1011 | Butterfly Bird | Common dartlet Javan myna | Oriens gola pseudolus Acridotheres javanicus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | 6955 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS130 1 RS130 | 1.42000000 | 103.753926 103.753926 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1012 1011 | Bird Odonate | Long-tailed parakeet White-barred duskhawk | Psittacula longicauda Tholymis tillarga | Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | Yes No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS131 1 RS131 1 RS131 | 1.423922991 | 103.753814 103.753814 103.753814 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 1013 1013 1013 | Bird Bird Bird | Black-naped oriole Javan myna Lineated barbet | Oriolus chinensis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS131 1 RS131 | 1.423922991 | 103.753814 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 | 1013 | Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon | Psilopogon lineatus Treron vernans Tholomia tillagga | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS132 | | 103.753731 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 | 1013 1016 1016 | Odonate Bird | White-barred duskhawk Asian glossy starling Blue-crowned hanging-parret | Tholymis tillarga Aplonis panayensis Loriculus galgulus | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Not Assessed Endangered | No No Yes | 6 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS132 1 RS132 | 1.423963979 | 103.753731 103.753731 | | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1014 1015 | Butterfly Odonate | Grass yellow sp. Grenadier | Eurema sp. Agrionoptera insignis | Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A Least Concern | #N/A No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS132 1 RS132 | 1.423963979 1.423963979 | 103.753731 103.753731 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1014 1014 | Bird Bird | Laced woodpecker Swiftlet sp. | Picus vittatus Aerodramus sp. | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 8 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS132 1 RS133 | 1.423963979 1.424033968 | 103.753731 103.75364 | | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1014 1019 | Bird Bird | White-bellied sea eagle Blue-throated bee-eater | Haliaeetus leucogaster Merops viridis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | 6956 | Flew out from nest |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS133 1 RS133 | 1.424033968 | | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1017 1017 | Butterfly Reptile | Common caerulean Painted bronzeback | Jamides celeno aelianus Dendrelaphis pictus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | 6959 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS133 1 RS133 | 1.424033968 | | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1019 1019 | Bird Bird | Pied triller Pink-necked green pigeon | Lalage nigra Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 1 | 1 RS134 1 RS134 1 RS134 | | 103.753607 103.753607 103.753607 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 1022 1024 1020 | Bird Butterfly Butterfly | Black-naped oriole Common caerulean Gram blue | Oriolus chinensis Jamides celeno aelianus Fuchnysons cheius cheius | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 6962 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS134 1 RS134 1 RS134 | 1.424120972 | 103.753607 103.753607 103.753607 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 1020 1022 1020 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Short banded sailor Three spot grass yellow | Euchrysops cnejus cnejus Phaedyma columella singa Eurema blanda snelleni | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 3302 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS135 | 1.424217029 | 103.753599 103.753599 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1025 1025 | Butterfly Odonate | Chocolate pansy Common parasol | Junonia hedonia ida Neurothemis fluctuans | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS135 1 RS135 | 1.424217029 1.424217029 | 103.753599 103.753599 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1025 1025 | Odonate Bird | Common redbolt Olive-backed sunbird | Rhodothemis rufa Cinnyris jugularis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS135 1 RS135 | 1.424217029 | 103.753599 103.753599 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1025 1025 | Butterfly Bird | Short banded sailor Yellow-vented bulbul | Phaedyma columella singa Pycnonotus goiavier | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS136 | | 103.753579 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1026 1026 | Butterfly Bird | Common dartlet Lineated barbet | Oriens gola pseudolus Psilopogon lineatus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | 6964 | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS136 1 RS136 | 1.424215017 | 103.753579 103.753579 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 1027 1026 | Bird Odonate | Pied triller Scarlet skimmer | Lalage nigra Orthetrum testaceum | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS136 1 RS136 1 RS137 | 1.424215017 | 103.753579 103.753579 103.753585 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 1026 1026 1028 | Bird Odonate Bird | Spotted dove White-barred duskhawk Common jora | Spilopelia chinensis Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS137 1 RS137 1 RS137 | 1.424288023 | 103.753585 103.753585 103.753585 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 1028 1028 1028 | Butterfly Butterfly | Pygmy grass blue Short banded sailor | Aegithina tiphia Zizula hylax pygmaea Phaedyma columella singa | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 2 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 1 1 | 1 RS137 1 RS137 | | 103.753585 103.753585 103.753615 | 6 1.4239017 5 1.42471984 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753638 | 1028 1028 1029 | Butterfly Butterfly | Three spot grass yellow Bush brown sp. | Eurema blanda snelleni Mycalesis sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS138 1 RS139 | 1.424348038 | | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 1029 1029 1030 | Butterfly Bird | Grass yellow sp. Asian glossy starling | Eurema sp. Aplonis panayensis | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS139 1 RS140 | 1.424429007 1.424518023 | 103.753626 103.753637 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 1030 1030 | Bird Bird | Black-naped oriole Collared kingfisher | Oriolus chinensis Todiramphus chloris | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS140 1 RS141 | 1.424518023 1.424648026 | 103.753637 103.753659 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 1030 1031 | Butterfly Odonate | Common sailor Yellow-barred flutterer | Neptis hylas papaja Rhyothemis phyllis | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS141 1 RS142 | 1.424648026 1.424863022 | 103.753659 103.753628 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 1031 1033 | Bird Bird | Zebra dove Banded bay cuckoo | Geopelia striata Cacomantis sonneratii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS142 1 RS142 | 1.424863022 1.424863022 | 103.753628 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 1035 1035 | Bird Bird | Blue-trowned hanging-parrot Blue-throated bee-eater | Loriculus galgulus Merops viridis | Least Concern Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS142 1 RS142 | 1.424863022 | | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 1035 1033 1034 | Butterfly Bird Bird | Grass yellow sp. Sunda pygmy woodpecker | Eurema sp. Yungipicus moluccensis | Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS142 1 RS143 1 RS143 | | 103.753628 103.753564 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 | 1036 | Butterfly | Swinhoe's white-eye Common grass yellow | Zosterops simplex Eurema hecabe contubernalis | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | 1 RS143 1 RS144 1 RS144 | 1.425260995 | 103.753564 103.753545 103.753545 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753638 103.753396 103.753396 | 1036 1037 1037 | Bird Bird Bird | Lineated barbet Common iora Olive-backed sunbird | Psilopogon lineatus Aegithina tiphia Cinnyris jugularis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS145 1 RS145 | 1.425516978 | 103.753459 103.753459 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 1037 1039 1040 | Bird Butterfly | Common iora Grass yellow sp. | Aegithina tiphia Eurema sp. | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T | 1 RS145 | 1.425516978 | 103.753459 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 1039 1039 | Butterfly Mammal | Malayan eggfly Plantain squirrel | Hypolimnas anomala anomala Callosciurus notatus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 | 2 T 2 T | 1 RS145 | 1.425516978 1.425516978 | 103.753459 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 | 1039 | Bird | Yellow-vented bulbul | Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 | Heard | Targeted | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | |
|---|------------|----------------|-------------------------|---|--|---|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|------------------|---------------|--|--|-------------------|
| Date 25 Feb 2021 | Cycle 2 | Route T1 | Waypoint RS146 | | Longitude 103.753411 | | SP_long 103.753396 | Time (24h) 1040 | Taxon Odonate | Common Name Common parasol | Scientific name Neurothemis fluctuans | Global Status Least Concern | Local Status Least Concern | Threatened No | Quantity 1 | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Survey Seen | method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. Remarks |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS147 RS147 RS147 | 1.425639018 1.425639018 1.425639018 | 103.75338 103.75338 103.75338 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 1041 1042 1041 | Odonate Odonate Bird | White-barred duskhawk White-barred duskhawk Zebra dove | Tholymis tillarga Tholymis tillarga Coopelia stricts | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | No No No | 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 T1 | RS148 RS149 | 1.425741026 1.425692998 | 103.753216 103.753121 | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 1043 1043 | Bird Bird | Straw-headed bulbul Asian glossy starling | Geopelia striata Pycnonotus zeylanicus Aplonis panayensis | Critically Endangered Least Concern | Endangered Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 | RS149 RS149 | 1.425692998 1.425692998 | 103.753121 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 1044 1043 | Bird Bird | Black-naped oriole Brown-throated sunbird | Oriolus chinensis Anthreptes malacensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS149 RS150 RS150 | 1.425791988 1.425791988 | 103.753121 103.752958 103.752958 | | 103.753396 103.752952 103.752952 | 1044 1045 1045 | Butterfly Butterfly Reptile | Grass yellow sp. Painted jezebel Sumatran flying dragon | Eurema sp. Delias hyparete metarete Draco sumatranus | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS150 RS151 | 1.425791988 1.425935989 | 103.752958 103.752936 | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 1046 1047 | Butterfly Bird | Tailless line blue Rufous-tailed tailorbird | Prosotas dubiosa lumpura Orthotomus sericeus | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS152 RS152 RS153 | 1.425962979 1.425962979 | 103.752909 103.752909 103.752974 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 1048 1048 1049 | Butterfly Bird Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Yellow-vented bulbul Tailless line blue | Eurema sp. Pycnonotus goiavier Prosotas dubiosa lumpura | Not Assessed Least Concern Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A No | 1 1 4 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS154 RS155 | 1.426028023 | | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 1049 1050 | Bird Bird | Javan myna Asian glossy starling | Acridotheres javanicus Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS156 RS156 | 1.42620597 1.42620597 | 103.752876 103.752876 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 1050 1050 | Bird Odonate | Blue-throated bee-eater White-barred duskhawk | Merops viridis Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS157 RS157 RS157 | 1.426298004 1.426298004 1.426298004 | 103.752883 103.752883 103.752883 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 1051 1052 1051 | Bird Butterfly Bird | Brown-throated sunbird Bush brown sp. Olive-backed sunbird | Anthreptes malacensis Mycalesis sp. Cinnyris jugularis | Least Concern Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed #N/A Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 T1 | RS157 RS158 | 1.426298004 1.426395988 | 103.752883 103.752672 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 1051 1053 | Bird Bird | Pied triller Asian glossy starling | Lalage nigra Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS159 RS159 RS159 | 1.426413003 1.426413003 1.426413003 | 103.752643 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 103.752952 | 1053 1054 1053 | Butterfly Bird Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. Olive-backed sunbird Tailless line blue | Eurema sp. Cinnyris jugularis Prosotas dubiosa lumpura | Not Assessed Least Concern Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed Not Assessed | #N/A No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS159 RS159 | 1.426413003 1.426413003 | 103.752643 | 3 1.42611181 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 1053 1054 | Odonate Bird | White-barred duskhawk Yellow-vented bulbul | Tholymis tillarga Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 T1 | RS160 RS160 | | 103.752628 103.752628 103.752631 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 1056 1056 | Bird Butterfly | Collared kingfisher Painted jezebel | Todiramphus chloris Delias hyparete metarete | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T1 T1 | RS161 RS162 RS163 | 1.427037036 1.42709001 1.427177014 | 103.75262 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 103.752594 | 1057 1057 1058 | Bird Butterfly Butterfly | Common iora #N/A Painted jezebel | Aegithina tiphia Hypolimnas bolina Delias hyparete metarete | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 T1 | RS163 RS163 | | 103.752543 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 1058 1058 | Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Spotted dove | Treron vernans Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T1 T1 T1 | RS164 RS165 RS166 | | 103.752598 103.752574 103.752637 | 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 103.752679 | 1059 1102 1103 | Butterfly Butterfly Butterfly | Malayan eggfly Two spotted line blue Striped albatross | Hypolimnas anomala anomala Nacaduba biocellata Appias libythea olferna | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 4 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 T1 | RS167 RS167 | 1.427699961 1.427699961 | 103.752642 103.752642 | 1 1.427763 1 1.427763 | 103.752679 103.752679 | 1104 1106 | Butterfly Odonate | Common grass yellow Scarlet basker | Eurema hecabe contubernalis Urothemis signata | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T1 T2 T2 | RS167 RS33 RS34 | 1.427699961 1.428685002 | 103.752642 103.755703 103.755666 | | 103.752679 103.75574 | 1104 1701 1702 | Odonate Odonate | Scarlet skimmer Common scarlet | Orthetrum testaceum Crocothemis servilia | Least Concern | Least Concern | No No | 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | 6970 |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS35 RS35 | 1.428605961 1.428605961 | 103.755656 | | 103.75574 103.75574 103.75574 | 1702 1703 1703 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | Variable wisp Trumpet tail Variable wisp | Agriocnemis femina Acisoma panorpoides Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS36 RS36 | 1.428556005 | 103.755613 103.755613 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 103.75574 | 1705 1705 | Odonate Odonate | Blue dasher Common scarlet | Brachydiplax chalybea Crocothemis servilia | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS36 RS37 RS38 | 1.428556005 1.42853396 1.428470006 | 103.755613 103.755582 103.755573 | 17 1.4287837 17 1.4287837 16 1.42822099 | 103.75574 103.75574 103.755424 | 1705 1706 1706 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | Trumpet tail Variable wisp Variable wisp | Acisoma panorpoides Agriocnemis femina Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS39 RS40 | 1.428422984 | 103.755554 103.755547 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 1707 1708 | Odonate Odonate | Common bluetail White-barred duskhawk | Ischnura senegalensis Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS41 RS41 RS41 | 1.428329023 | 103.755481 103.755481 103.755481 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 103.755424 | 1709 1711 1709 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | Blue dasher Blue dasher White-barred duskhawk | Brachydiplax chalybea Brachydiplax chalybea Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS41 RS42 | 1.428329023 1.428329023 1.428225003 | 103.755481 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 103.755424 | 1710 1711 | Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk Blue dasher | Tholymis tillarga Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 4 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS42 RS42 | 1.428225003 1.428225003 | 103.755359 103.755359 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 1711 1711 | Odonate Odonate | Trumpet tail Variable wisp | Acisoma panorpoides Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS43 RS43 RS44 | 1.428171024 1.428171024 1.427987963 | | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 103.755424 | 1712 1712 1715 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | Blue dasher Ornate coraltail Blue dasher | Brachydiplax chalybea Ceriagrion cerinorubellum Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS44 RS45 | 1.42781496 | 103.755248 103.755191 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755424 103.755014 | 1715 1716 | Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk Blue dasher | Tholymis tillarga Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 2 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS45 RS46 RS47 | 1.42781496 1.427672971 1.427633995 | 103.755191 103.755057 103.755063 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 1716 1718 1719 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | Variable wisp Blue dasher Blue dasher | Agriocnemis femina Brachydiplax chalybea Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS47 RS48 | 1.427633995 1.42754104 | 103.755063 103.755025 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 1719 1720 | Odonate Odonate | Scarlet grenadier Variable wisp | Lathrecista asiatica Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS48 RS49 | 1.42754104 1.427334007 | 100.10101 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 1720 1721 | Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk Blue dasher | Tholymis tillarga Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS49 RS50 RS51 | | 103.75494 103.754895 103.754855 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 1722 1722 1723 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk Yellow-barred flutterer Common parasol | Tholymis tillarga Rhyothemis phyllis Neurothemis fluctuans | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS51 RS51 | 1.427058997 | 103.754855 103.754855 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 1724 1723 | Odonate Odonate | Grenadier Yellow-barred flutterer | Agrionoptera insignis Rhyothemis phyllis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS52 RS53 RS53 | 1.42689798 1.426806031 1.426806031 | 103.754811 103.754794 103.754794 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 103.754763 | 1725 1726 1726 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | Grenadier Blue dasher Grenadier | Agrionoptera insignis Brachydiplax chalybea Agrionoptera insignis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS54 RS54 | 1.426433958 1.426433958 | 103.754701 103.754701 | 14 1.42656309 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 | 1729 1729 | Odonate Odonate | Grenadier Yellow-barred flutterer | Agrionoptera insignis Rhyothemis phyllis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS55 RS56 RS57 | 1.426215023 1.425677994 | | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754763 103.754614 103.754539 | 1730 1732 1733 | Odonate Odonate | Grenadier Yellow-barred flutterer | Agrionoptera insignis Rhyothemis phyllis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | | RS58 RS59 | 1.424876014 | 103.754588 103.754524 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | 1734 1735 | Odonate Odonate Odonate | White-barred duskhawk White-barred duskhawk Yellow-barred flutterer | Tholymis tillarga Tholymis tillarga Rhyothemis phyllis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 24 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS60 RS60 | 1.423844034 | | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 1737 1737 | Odonate Odonate | Grenadier Scarlet skimmer | Agrionoptera insignis Orthetrum testaceum | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 24 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS61 RS66 RS66 | 1.422559004 1.429076018 1.429076018 | 103.753509 103.755682 103.755682 | | 103.753085 103.75574 103.75574 | 1805 813 812 | Odonate Bird Reptile | Common scarlet Black-naped oriole Changeable lizard | Crocothemis servilia Oriolus chinensis Calotes versicolor | Least Concern Least Concern Not Assessed | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 3 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS66 RS66 | 1.429076018 1.429076018 | 103.755682 103.755682 | 17 1.4287837 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 103.75574 | 813 812 | Bird Reptile | Collared kingfisher Garden supple skink | Todiramphus chloris Lygosoma bowringii | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS66 RS66 | | 103.755682 103.755682 103.755682 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 103.75574 103.75574 | 812 812 812 | Bird Bird Bird | Javan myna Pink-necked green pigeon Spotted dove | Acridotheres javanicus Treron vernans Spilopelia chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS67 RS67 | 1.42864502 1.42864502 | 103.755583 103.755583 | 17 1.4287837 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 103.75574 | 814 814 | Bird Bird | Brown-throated sunbird Common iora | Anthreptes malacensis Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS67 RS67 RS67 | 1.42864502 1.42864502 1.42864502 | 103.755583 103.755583 103.755583 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 103.75574 103.75574 | 814 814 814 | Mammal Bird Bird | Plantain squirrel Yellow bittern Yellowwented bulbul | Callosciurus notatus Ixobrychus sinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS68 RS68 | 1.428462965 1.428462965 | 103.755578 103.755578 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 814 814 | Bird Bird Bird | Yellow-vented bulbul Asian brown flycatcher Asian glossy starling | Pycnonotus goiavier Muscicapa dauurica Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS68 RS69 | 1.428174041 | 103.755578 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 815 823 | Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Ashy minivet | Treron vernans Pericrocotus divaricatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS69 RS69 | | 103.755311 103.755311 103.755311 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 103.755424 | 820 815 822 | Bird Bird Mammal | Bittern sp. Olive-backed sunbird Plantain squirrel | Ixobrychus sp. Cinnyris jugularis Callosciurus notatus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS69 RS70 | 1.428174041 1.428119978 | 103.755311 103.755301 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 820 823 | Bird Bird | Spotted dove Javan myna | Spilopelia chinensis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | | RS70 RS70 RS70 | 1.428119978 1.428119978 1.428119978 | | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 103.755424 | 823 823 823 | Bird Bird Bird | Javan myna Red-breasted parakeet Swiftlet sp. | Acridotheres javanicus Psittacula alexandri Aerodramus sp. | Least Concern Near Threatened Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 2 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS71 RS72 | 1.42798 1.42792996 | 103.755147 103.755157 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 824 828 | Mammal Bird | Plantain squirrel Black-naped oriole | Callosciurus notatus Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | | RS72 RS72 | 1.42792996 | 103.755157 103.755157 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 828 828 | Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Yellow-vented bulbul | Treron vernans Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS73 RS73 RS74 | 1.427759975 1.427759975 1.427660985 | 103.755123 103.755123 103.755097 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 829 829 830 | Bird Bird Bird | Pied triller White-breasted waterhen Asian glossy starling | Lalage nigra Amaurornis phoenicurus Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 2 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS74 RS75 | 1.427660985 1.427513966 | 103.755097 103.755026 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 830 831 | Bird Amphibian | Spotted dove Guenther's frog | Spilopelia chinensis Sylvirana guentheri | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | T2 T2 T2 | RS75 RS76 RS76 | 1.427513966 1.42742998 1.42742998 | | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 831 834 834 | Bird Bird Bird | Pink-necked green pigeon Laced woodpecker Tiger shrike | Treron vernans Picus vittatus Lanius tigrinus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 6933 |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | | | RS76 RS77 | 1.42742998 1.427273992 | 103.754978 103.75492 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 834 835 | Bird Bird | Yellow-vented bulbul Common flameback | Lanius tigrinus Pycnonotus goiavier Dinopium javanense | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS77 RS77 RS77 | 1.427273992 1.427273992 | 103.75492 103.75492 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 835 835 | Bird Bird | Common iora Pink-necked green pigeon | Aegithina tiphia Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | | 1.427273992 1.427273992 1.427259995 | 103.75492 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 835 835 837 | Bird Bird Bird | Spotted dove Yellow-vented bulbul Parakeet sp. | Spilopelia chinensis Pycnonotus goiavier Psittacula sp. | Least Concern Least Concern #N/A | Not Assessed Not Assessed #N/A | No No #N/A | 1 1 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | |
| | | | | | | · | - | | | | | | | | | ' | • | 1 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | | |
|---|---------|----------------|----------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|--|------|--|--|--|---|--------------------|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Date 25 Feb 2021 | Cycle 2 | Route T2 | Waypoint RS78 | | Longitude 103.754909 | | SP_long 103.755014 | | | Common Name Pied triller | Scientific name Lalage nigra | Global Status Least Concern | Local Status Not Assessed | Threatened No | Quantity 1 | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Survey Seen | method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. | Remarks |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS78 RS78 RS79 | 1.427259995 1.427259995 1.427168967 | | | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | | | Yellow-vented bulbul Zebra dove Plantain squirrel | Pycnonotus goiavier Geopelia striata Callosciurus notatus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS80 RS81 | 1.426940979 1.426682984 | 103.75483 103.754745 | 14 1.42656309 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 | 839 Bird 840 Bird | V | White-bellied sea eagle Ashy minivet | Haliaeetus leucogaster Pericrocotus divaricatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS81 RS81 RS81 | 1.426682984 1.426682984 1.426682984 | | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 103.754763 | 841 Bird 840 Bird 840 Bird | | Asian glossy starling House crow Javan munia | Aplonis panayensis Corvus splendens Lonchura leucogastroides | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 11 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS81 RS81 | 1.426682984 1.426682984 | 103.754745 103.754745 | 14 1.42656309 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 | 840 Bird 842 Bird | | Javan myna Red-breasted parakeet | Acridotheres javanicus Psittacula alexandri | Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 3 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS82 RS83 RS84 | 1.426549042 1.426443011 1.426278977 | 103.754749 103.754707 103.754668 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 103.754763 | 842 Bird 843 Bird 844 Bird | W | nk-necked green pigeon /hite-throated kingfisher Asian glossy starling | Treron vernans Halcyon smyrnensis Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 3 1 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS84 RS84 | 1.426278977 1.426278977 | 103.754668 103.754668 | 14 1.42656309 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 | 844 Bird 844 Bird | | Javan myna Long-tailed parakeet | Acridotheres javanicus Psittacula longicauda | Least Concern Vulnerable | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No Yes | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS84 RS84 RS84 | | 103.754668 103.754668 103.754668 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 103.754763 | 844 Bird | | Oriental dollarbird nk-necked green pigeon | Cinnyris jugularis Eurystomus orientalis Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS84 RS85 | 1.426278977 1.426011007 | 103.754668 103.754629 | 14 1.42656309 13 1.42567869 | 103.754763 103.754614 | 843 Bird 848 Bird | | Yellow-vented bulbul Asian glossy starling | Pycnonotus goiavier Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS85 RS85 RS85 | 1.420011001 | 103.754629 103.754629 103.754629 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 103.754614 | 846 Bird 847 Bird 849 Bird | | Lineated barbet Long-tailed parakeet Long-tailed parakeet | Psilopogon lineatus Psittacula longicauda Cinnyris jugularis | Least Concern Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No Yes No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 6934 | Nesting |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS85 RS85 | 1.426011007 1.426011007 | 103.754629 103.754629 | 13 1.42567869 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 | 847 Bird 849 Bird | | Pied triller Yellow-vented bulbul | Lalage nigra Pycnonotus goiavier | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS86 RS87 RS87 | 1.425746977 1.425546985 1.425546985 | 103.754585 103.754606 103.754606 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 103.754614 | 850 Bird 851 Bird 851 Bird | | Zebra dove Black-naped oriole Javan myna | Geopelia striata Oriolus chinensis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS87 RS87 | 1.425546985 1.425546985 | 103.754606 103.754606 | 13 1.42567869 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 | 851 Bird 851 Bird | Pi | Oriental dollarbird nk-necked green pigeon | Eurystomus orientalis Treron vernans | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS87 RS87 RS88 | 1.425546985 1.425546985 1.425450006 | 103.754606 103.754606 103.75457 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 103.754614 | 851 Bird 851 Bird 852 Reptile | F | Red-breasted parakeet Yellow-vented bulbul Changeable lizard | Psittacula alexandri Pycnonotus goiavier Calotes versicolor | Near Threatened Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS89 RS90 | 1.42543802 1.425334001 | 103.754579 | 13 1.42567869 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 | 853 Reptile 856 Bird | | piny-tailed house gecko Asian glossy starling | Hemidactylus frenatus Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | Behind CT |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS90 RS90 RS91 | 1.425334001 1.425334001 | 103.754589 103.754589 103.754588 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 103.754539 | 856 Bird | | Brahminy kite Javan myna Red-breasted parakeet | Haliastur indus Acridotheres javanicus Psittacula alexandri | Least Concern Least Concern Near Threatened | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS91 RS91 | 1.425124034 1.425124034 1.425124034 | | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 | | | Red-breasted parakeet Swiftlet sp. | Psittacula alexandri Aerodramus sp. | Near Threatened Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 15 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS92 RS92 RS92 | 1.425062008 1.425062008 1.425062008 | 103.75456 103.75456 103.75456 | 12 1.42478368 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | 858 Bird 858 Bird | | Banded woodpecker Common iora Yellow-vented bulbul | Chrysophlegma miniaceum Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS93 RS93 | 1.424899986 | 103.754549 103.754549 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | | C | Black-naped oriole Changeable hawk-eagle | Pycnonotus goiavier Oriolus chinensis Nisaetus cirrhatus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Endangered | No No Yes | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS93 RS93 | 1.424899986 | 103.754549 103.754549 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 | | | Javan myna Lineated barbet | Acridotheres javanicus Psilopogon lineatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS93 RS94 RS95 | 1.424899986 1.424814994 1.424613995 | 103.754549 103.754549 103.754527 | | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | 859 Bird 901 Bird 902 Bird | | Asian glossy starling Black-naped oriole | Microptemus brachyurus Aplonis panayensis Oriolus chinensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 3 2 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 | T2 T2 | RS96 RS96 | 1.424088031 1.424088031 | 103.754488 103.754488 | | 103.754456 103.754456 | 906 Bird 906 Bird | | Black-naped oriole Javan myna | Oriolus chinensis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 2 | T2 T2 T2 | RS96 RS96 RS97 | 1.424088031 1.424088031 1.423888039 | 103.754488 103.754488 103.754402 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 103.754456 | 906 Bird 906 Bird 907 Bird | | Rufous woodpecker Yellow-vented bulbul Asian glossy starling | Micropternus brachyurus Pycnonotus goiavier Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 2 2 6 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 25 Feb 2021 25 Feb 2021 | 2 2 | T2 T2 | RS98 RS99 | 1.423447989 | 103.754426 103.754757 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 908 Bird | Y | ellow-rumped flycatcher Ashy minivet | Ficedula zanthopygia Pericrocotus divaricatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1008 XT1009 XT1009 | 1.42495296 1.426797984 1.426797984 | 103.754575 103.754753 103.754753 | | 103.754539 103.754763 103.754763 | 1853 Odonate 1859 Odonate 1859 Odonate | 1 | Vhite-barred duskhawk Grenadier Scarlet grenadier | Tholymis tillarga Agrionoptera insignis Lathrecista asiatica | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1010 XT1010 | 1.427557971 1.427557971 | 103.755024 103.755024 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 1903 Odonate 1903 Odonate | | Blue dasher Variable wisp | Brachydiplax chalybea Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1010 XT1011 XT1011 | 1.427959967 | 103.755024 103.755264 103.755264 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755014 103.755424 103.755424 | 1903 Odonate 1905 Odonate 1905 Odonate | | Vhite-barred duskhawk Variable wisp Vhite-barred duskhawk | Tholymis tillarga Agriocnemis femina Tholymis tillarga | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | No No No | 1 3 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1012 XT1013 | 1.428229026 1.428377973 | 103.755462 103.755503 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 1907 Odonate 1910 Odonate | V | Vhite-barred duskhawk Blue dasher | Tholymis tillarga Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 3 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1013 XT1038 XT1038 | 1.428377973 1.422537966 1.422537966 | 103.755503 103.75385 103.75385 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.755424 103.753978 103.753978 | 1910 Odonate 914 Bird 914 Bird | · v | Vhite-barred duskhawk Common hill myna Crimson sunbird | Tholymis tillarga Gracula religiosa Aethopyga siparaja | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 6 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 | XT1038 XT1039 | 1.422537966 1.422724966 | 103.75385 103.753662 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 914 Bird 918 Mammal | | Lineated barbet Eurasian wild boar | Psilopogon lineatus Sus scrofa | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1040 XT1041 XT1041 | | 103.753172 103.753108 103.753108 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 103.753085 | 926 Reptile 928 Bird 928 Bird | | Changeable lizard Black-naped oriole Black-naped oriole | Calotes versicolor Oriolus chinensis Oriolus chinensis | Not Assessed Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1041 XT1041 | 1.422276031 1.422276031 | 103.753108 | 8 1.422589 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 | 928 Bird 928 Bird | Е | Blue-throated bee-eater Common iora | Merops viridis Aegithina tiphia | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1041 XT1041 XT1041 | 1.422276031 1.422276031 1.422276031 | 103.753108 103.753108 103.753108 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 103.753085 | 928 Bird 928 Bird 928 Bird | | Olive-backed sunbird Oriental magpie-robin Swiftlet sp. | Cinnyris jugularis Copsychus saularis Aerodramus sp. | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Endangered Not Assessed | No Yes No | 1 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1041 XT1042 | 1.422276031 | 103.753108 103.753394 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 103.753085 103.753085 | 928 Bird 930 Bird | | Yellow-vented bulbul Blue-throated bee-eater | Pycnonotus goiavier Merops viridis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | - | | | 1.422336968 1.422336968 | 103.753394 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 | | | Common hill myna Javan myna | Gracula religiosa Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 2 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T2 | XT1042 XT1042 XT1043 | 1.422336968 | 103.753394 103.753394 103.753547 | 8 1.422589 | 103.753085 103.753085 103.753978 | 930 Bird | Blue | Laced woodpecker Lesser coucal e-crowned hanging-parrot | Picus vittatus Centropus bengalensis Loriculus galgulus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Endangered | No No Yes | 1 1 | Heard Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1043 XT1043 | 1.422376027 1.422376027 | 103.753547 103.753547 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 933 Bird 933 Bird | Sca | Long-tailed parakeet arlet-backed flowerpecker | Psittacula longicauda Dicaeum cruentatum | Vulnerable Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Yes No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB183 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1044 XT1045 XT1045 | 1.422493039 1.422523968 1.422523968 | 103.754377 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 936 Reptile | | #N/A Changeable lizard Common blue skimmer | Unidentified Hesperiidae Calotes versicolor Orthetrum glaucum | #N/A Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB183 HB184-186 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 T2 | XT1045 XT1045 | 1.422523968 1.422523968 | 103.754377 103.754377 | 9 1.42249714 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 936 Bird 936 Butterfly | | Common iora Grass yellow sp. | Aegithina tiphia Eurema sp. | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 2 10 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1045 XT1046 XT1046 | 1.422523968 1.423029983 1.423029983 | | 10 1.42299324 | 103.753978 103.754396 103.754396 | 939 Bird | | Rufous woodpecker Black-naped oriole Javan myna | Microptemus brachyurus Oriolus chinensis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 2 | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 T2 | XT1046 XT1047 | 1.423029983 1.423106007 | 103.754381 103.754399 | 10 1.42299324 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 | 939 Bird 940 Butterfly | | Yellow-vented bulbul Burmese bush brown | Pycnonotus goiavier Mycalesis perseoides perseoides | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Data Deficient | No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB188 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1047 XT1047 XT1047 | 1.423106007 1.423106007 1.423106007 | | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 103.754396 | 940 Butterfly | | Grass yellow sp. Grass yellow sp. Oriental dollarbird | Eurema sp. Eurema sp. Eurystomus orientalis | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | #N/A #N/A Not Assessed | #N/A #N/A No | 1 3 1 | Seen Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HB189 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T1 | XT1047 XT1048 | 1.423106007 1.423244979 | 103.754399 103.754383 | 10 1.42299324 7 1.4233353 | 103.754396 103.754233 | 940 Reptile 943 Bird | | Striped bronzeback Asian glossy starling | Dendrelaphis caudolineatus Aplonis panayensis | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 3 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | HB187 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T1 T1 T1 | XT1048 XT1048 XT1048 | 1.423244979 | 103.754383 103.754383 103.754383 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 943 Butterfly | | Collared kingfisher Grass yellow sp. #N/A | Todiramphus chloris Eurema sp. Unidentified Hesperiidae | Least Concern Not Assessed #N/A | Not Assessed #N/A #N/A | No #N/A #N/A | 1 5 | Heard Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T1 T1 | XT1049 XT1049 | 1.423557959 1.423557959 | 103.754396 103.754396 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 944 Butterfly 944 Butterfly | | #N/A Common palmfly Grass yellow sp. | Elymnias hypermnestra agina Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Not Assessed | Not Assessed #N/A | No #N/A | 1 8 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T1 T1 T2 | XT1049 XT1049 XT1050 | 1.423557959 1.423557959 1.423977977 | | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754456 | 944 Butterfly 944 Bird 946 Butterfly | | Grass yellow sp. Lineated barbet Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. Psilopogon lineatus Eurema sp. | Not Assessed Least Concern Not Assessed | #N/A Not Assessed #N/A | #N/A No #N/A | 1 1 4 | Seen Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 T2 | XT1050 XT1051 | 1.423977977 1.424247036 | 103.754425 103.754484 | 11 1.42388932 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 946 Odonate 950 Bird | | Grenadier Ashy minivet | Agrionoptera insignis Pericrocotus divaricatus | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Not Assessed | No No | 1 2 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | | T2 T2 | XT1051 XT1051 | 1.424247036 1.424247036 | 103.754484 103.754484 | 11 1.42388932 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 950 Odonate 950 Amphibia | n | Ornate coraltail #N/A Full etop swift | Ceriagrion cerinorubellum Unidentified Anura | Least Concern #N/A | Least Concern #N/A | No #N/A | 5 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | HB193 | Too small to ID |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1052 XT1052 XT1052 | | 103.75444 103.75444 103.75444 | 12 1.42478368 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | 953 Butterfly | | Full stop swift Grass yellow sp. Scarlet grenadier | Caltoris cormasa Eurema sp. Lathrecista asiatica | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed #N/A Least Concern | No #N/A No | 7 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | HD 193 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 T2 | XT1053 XT1053 | 1.424519029 1.424519029 | 103.754461 103.754461 | 12 1.42478368 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 | 955 Bird 955 Butterfly | | Asian glossy starling Chestnut bob | Aplonis panayensis Iambrix salsala salsala | Least Concern Not Assessed | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1053 XT1053 XT1053 | 1.424519029 1.424519029 1.424519029 | 103.754461 103.754461 103.754461 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | 955 Odonate | | Collared kingfisher Grenadier Javan myna | Todiramphus chloris Agrionoptera insignis Acridotheres javanicus | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern Not Assessed | No No No | 1 1 | Heard Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 T2 | XT1053 XT1053 | 1.424519029 1.424519029 | 103.754461 103.754461 | 12 1.42478368 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 | 955 Bird 955 Odonate | | Lineated barbet Ornate coraltail | Psilopogon lineatus Ceriagrion cerinorubellum | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 | Heard Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 1 | T2 T2 T2 | XT1054 XT1054 XT1054 | 1.424703011 1.424703011 1.424703011 | 103.754485 103.754485 103.754485 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754539 | 958 Butterfly | | Chestnut bob Grass yellow sp. nk-necked green pigeon | lambrix salsala salsala Eurema sp. Treron vernans | Not Assessed Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed #N/A Not Assessed | No #N/A No | 1 2 1 | Seen Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 1 | T2 T2 | XT1054 XT1055 | 1.424703011 1.425008029 | 103.754485 103.754465 | 12 1.42478368 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 | 958 Butterfly 1000 Bird | E | Tawny palmfly Blue-throated bee-eater | Elymnias panthera panthera Merops viridis | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | 1 1 | Seen Heard | Targeted Targeted | | |
| 8 Feb 2021 8 Feb 2021 | 1 | T2 T2 | XT1055 XT1055 | 1.425008029 1.425008029 | 103.754465 103.754465 | | 103.754539 103.754539 | | | Chestnut bob Vhite-barred duskhawk | lambrix salsala salsala Tholymis tillarga | Not Assessed Least Concern | Not Assessed Least Concern | No No | 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | | |

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| ## 8 Pro 2011 1 72 X 11064 14779999 10 Yell 1 1 14744962 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | d d |
| ## Fire 2021 1 72 XT1064 1,277,29998 10,74911 15 1,477,4962 10,77914 15 1,477,4962 10,77914 15 1,477,4962 10,77914 15 1,477,4962 10,77914 15 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 10,77914 1,477,4962 1,47 | d HB206 d HB209-212 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 1 72 XT 1056 1 42729999 103.74611 15 1 4274269 103.75014 1027 Obrouble Sprow.higher depicts of the common state o | d HB208 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 72 XT1056 14,27254980 103,756914 15 14,2724482 103,756914 1032 Oboste Blue dasher Bestlyrights chipbee Least Concern No 6 Seen Targeted He Part | d HB207 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 172 XT1065 14,27518995 103,759115 15 142742402 103,759114 1032 Odorsate Common parasol Neuroffment Refusions Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted Neuroffment Refusions No 1 Seen Targeted No 1 S | d d |
| Sept 2021 1 72 | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1065 1.42754896 103.756914 1032 Odonate White-barred dushaws Tholymis tillarge Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HE214 103.8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.42764483 103.756937 15 1.4274442 103.755914 1038 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydjaks chalybea Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HE214 103.8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.42764483 103.756937 15 1.4274442 103.755914 1038 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydjaks chalybea Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HE215 103.8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.42764483 103.756937 15 1.4274442 103.755914 1038 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydjaks chalybea Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HE215 103.8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.42764483 103.756937 15 1.4274442 103.756914 1038 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydjaks chalybea Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HE215 103.756914 103.8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.42764483 103.756937 15 1.4274442 103.756914 1038 Odonate Common parasol Neurothems flucturas Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted Neurothems flucturas Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted No 3 Seen Targe | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.427674983 103.755037 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1038 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydiplats chapbes Least Concern No 8 Seen Targeted | d d HB214 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.427674983 103.755037 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1038 Butterly Grass yellow sp. Eurema sp. Not Assessed #NIA #NIA 2 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.427674983 103.755037 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1038 Bird Olive-backed subrid Cirryris jugularis Least Concern Not Assessed No 2 Head Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1.427674983 103.755037 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1038 Odonate White-barred duskhawk Tholymis tillarga Least Concern No 2 Head Targeted 1 T2 XT1067 1.42764983 103.755037 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1038 Odonate Felovabened killer Rhydridinic kening killers Least Concern Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted 1 T2 XT1068 1.427726028 103.755014 1039 | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1067 1427F4983 103.755037 15 142742462 103.755014 1038 Odonate White-barred duskhawk Thoynthemis phylifs Least Concern No 1 1 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1038 Odonate Yellow-barred flutterer Rhypthemis phylifs Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1038 Odonate Yellow-barred flutterer Rhypthemis phylifs Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Seen Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbot Rhodorine phylifs Least Concern No 4 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbot Rhodorine phylifs Least Concern No 4 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbot Rhodorine phylifs after the phylifs and the phylifs Least Concern No 4 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbot Rhodorine phylifs after the phylifs after the phylifs Least Concern No 4 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbot Rhodorine phylifs after the phylifs Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbot Rhodorine phylifs after the phylifs after the phylifs Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 103.755014 1039 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 103.755014 103.755014 1039 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 103.755014 10 | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1098 1.427726028 103.755018 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1039 Odonate Common redbolt Rhootolemis rule Least Concern No 1 1 Seen Targeted Sept. 1 T2 XT1098 1.427726028 103.755018 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1039 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern Least Concern No 1 1 Seen Targeted Sept. 1 T2 XT1098 1.427726028 103.755018 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1039 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 1 1 Seen Targeted Sept. 1 T2 XT1099 1.427865 103.755113 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1042 Bird Aslty milwise Priorizonal diversalities Not | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1068 1.427726926 103.755018 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1039 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern Least Concern No 1 1 Seen Targeted No 2 Seen Targeted No 2 Seen Targeted No 2 Seen Targeted No 2 Seen No 2 Seen Targeted No 2 Seen No 3 S | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1069 1.427865 103.755113 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1042 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydiplax chalybea Least Concern Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted Seb 2021 1 T2 XT1069 1.427865 103.755113 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1042 Bird Brown-throaded subir of Common iona Analysis in the Common | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1069 1.427865 103.755113 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1042 Bird Common iora Aegithina tiphia Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 Heard Targeted | d |
| | d d HB217 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1069 1.427865 103.755113 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1042 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Euremas sp. Not Assessed #N/A #N/A 8 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1069 1.427865 103.755113 15 1.42742462 103.755014 1042 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Euremas sp. Not Assessed Mode and the special speci | |
| 1 12 X1 100 1342 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10 | |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.75524 1048 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydiplax chalybea Least Concern Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.75524 1048 Odonate Blue percher Diplacodes trivialis Least Concern Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HB221 | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1048 Bird Common iora Aegithina tiphia Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 Heard Targeted | d . |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1048 Odonate Common redbolt Rhodothemis rula Least Concern Least Concern No 2 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1048 Butterfly Grey pansy Junonia atities at the Seen Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed No 4 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1048 Butterfly Grey pansy Junonia atities at the Seen Not Assessed Not Assessed No 5 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1048 Butterfly Grey pansy Junonia atities at the Seen Not Assessed No 5 Seen Targeted | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1070 1.428125007 103.755273 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1048 Odonate Yellow-barred flutterer Rhyothemis phyllis Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1071 1.428338997 103.755392 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1055 Odonate Blue dasher Brachydiplax chalybea Least Concern Least Concern No 11 Seen Targeted | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1071 1.428338997 103.755392 16 1.42822099 103.755392 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1055 Butterfly Grey pansy Junonia attites attites Not Assessed Not Assessed No 5 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1071 1.428338997 103.755392 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1055 Odonate Scarlet skimmer Orthetrum testaceum Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HB224 | d HB224 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1071 1.428338997 103.755392 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1055 Odonate Sultan Camacinia gigantea Least Concern Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HB223 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1071 1.428338997 103.755392 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1055 Odonate Variable wisp Agricone in familiar Market | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans Least Concern No 5 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Eurema sp. Not Assessed #N/A #N/A 1 Seen Targeted | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Amphibian Guenther's frog Sylviranguentheri Least Concern Not Assessed No 2 Heard Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755424 1057 Odonate Trumpet tall Acksoma pamopode's Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755424 1057 Odonate Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755424 1057 Odonate Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755424 1057 Odonate Targeted S Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755424 1057 Odonate Ta | d d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1072 1.428330028 103.755399 16 1.42822099 103.755424 1057 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 3 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Blue percher Diplacodes trivials Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755558 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Reptile Changeable lizard Calotes versicolar Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Reptile Changeable lizard Calotes versicolor Not Assessed Not 1 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Common parasol Neurothemis fluctuans 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1 | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.42854 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Butterfly Gram blue Euchrysops cnejus cnejus Not Assessed No 2 Seen Targeted HB226 | d HB226 |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.42854 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75554 110 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Eurema sp. Not Assessed #N/A #N/A 1 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.42854 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Eurema sp. Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted | d d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Butterfly Lesser grass blue Zizina dis lampa Not Assessed Not 1 Seen Targeted Seb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.428584 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Butterfly Peacock pansy Junonia almana javana Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.42854 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 32 Seen Targeted 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.42854 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Variable wisp Agriconemis femina Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted HB225 | d |
| 8 Feb 2021 1 T2 XT1073 1.42854 103.755563 17 1.4287837 103.75574 1100 Odonate Variegated green skimmer Orthetrum sabina Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT107 1.4222398 103.753145 8 1.422589 103.753085 935 Mammal Smooth-coated otter Lutrogale perspicillata Vulnerable Critically Endangered Yes 8 Seen Targeted | d d |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1208 1.422465965 103.753989 9 1.42249714 103.753978 942 Butterfly Common sailor Neptis hylas papagia Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7294 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1208 1.422465965 103.753998 9 1.42249714 103.753978 942 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Eurema sp. Not Assessed #N/A #N/A 1 Seen Targeted CT7294 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1208 1.422465965 103.753998 9 1.42249714 103.753978 942 Butterfly Grass yellow sp. Eurema sp. Not Assessed #N/A #N/A 1 Seen Targeted CT7302 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422469008 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.42246908 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT120 | d |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.422459714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark brand bush brown Mycaless interies macromalayana Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7302 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark brand bush brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.422459008 103.754202 9 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted CT7303 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Assessed No 1 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1209 1.42249714 103.753978 944 Butterfly Dark grass brown Orschiena medius cinerea Not Asse | d CT7303 |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1210 1.422502007 103.754269 9 1.42249714 103.753978 945 Butterfly Chestrut bob lambrix salsala alsala Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1211 1.422499996 103.754312 9 1.42249714 103.753978 946 Butterfly Short banded sailor Phaedyma columella singa Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted | d d |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1212 1.422569596 1 03.754357 9 1.42249714 103.753978 947 Odonate Ornate coraltail Cerigino centrouvellum Least Concern No 1 Seen Targeted 1 0 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1213 1.422669596 1 03.754355 1 0 1.42269594 103.754395 950 Butterfly Grass yellows p. Euroma p. Not Assessed ## Not Assessed | d |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1214 1.422798978 103.754372 10 1.42299324 103.754396 951 Butterfly Cheshrut bob lambrix salsala salsala Not Assessed Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted Not Assessed Not As | d |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T2 XT1215 1.42282985 103.754436 10 1.42289324 103.754396 952 Butterfly Contiguous swift Polytremis lubricans Indicans Indica | d CT7307.7308 |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T1 XT1217 1423215978 103.754384 7 1.4233555 103.754233 954 Butlerfly Common morm Papilio polytes romulus Not Assessed Not | d d |
| 10 Mar 2021 2 T1 XT1218 1.423409013 103.754374 7 1.4233353 103.754233 956 Butterfly Chestrut bob lambrix salsala Not Assessed No 1 Seen Targeted No 1 | d |

| The content of the | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------|--|---|--|
| Section Sect | Date 10 Mar 2021 | Cycle 2 | Route Waypoint T2 XT1219 | Latitude 1.423597019 | Longitude 103.754388 | | SP_long 103.754456 | | Taxon Butterfly | | | | | Threatened #N/A | Quantity 2 | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Sur | vey method (targeted/incidental) Targeted | Photo no. Remarks |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1219 T2 XT1220 | 1.423959034 | 103.754438 | 11 1.42388932 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 959 1001 | Butterfly | Common dartlet | Oriens gola pseudolus | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 1 | Seen | Targeted | CT7310 |
| Column C | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1221 | 1.424160032 | 103.754447 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 | 1004 | Odonate | Grenadier | Agrionoptera insignis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| Column C | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1221 | 1.424160032 | 103.754447 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 | 1004 | Butterfly | Three spot grass yellow | Eurema blanda snelleni | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 2 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1222 | 1.424393971 | 103.754509 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 | 1008 | Odonate | Grenadier | Agrionoptera insignis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 7 3 | Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1223 | 1.424689014 | 103.754521 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 | 1010 | Butterfly | Chocolate pansy | Junonia hedonia ida | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 2 | T2 XT1223 | 1.424689014 | 103.754521 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 | 1010 | Butterfly | Common palmfly | Elymnias hypermnestra agina | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1225 | 1.425551008 | 103.754557 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 | 1017 | Butterfly | Spine-tufted skimmer Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. | Not Assessed | #N/A | #N/A | 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1226 | 1.425713031 | 103.754593 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 | 1021 | Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. | Not Assessed | #N/A | #N/A | 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The content of the | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1226 | 1.425713031 | 103.754593 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 | 1021 | Odonate | Scarlet skimmer | Orthetrum testaceum | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| Column C | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1227 | 1.426428007 | 103.754651 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 | 1023 | Butterfly | Chestnut bob | lambrix salsala salsala | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 1 | Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1228 | 1.426436976 | 103.754649 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 | 1025 | Odonate | Common redbolt | Rhodothemis rufa | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 1 2 | Seen | Targeted | CT7313 |
| Column C | 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | | 1.42652004 | 103.754683 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 | 1027 | Odonate Butterfly | Common parasol Grass yellow sp. | Neurothemis fluctuans Eurema sp. | Least Concern Not Assessed | Least Concern #N/A | No #N/A | 1 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1229 | 1.42652004 | 103.754683 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 | 1027 | Butterfly | Tailless line blue | Prosotas dubiosa lumpura | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 2 | T2 XT1230 | 1.426846012 | 103.754753 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 | 1030 | Odonate | Grenadier | Agrionoptera insignis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1230 | 1.426846012 | 103.754753 | 14 1.42656309 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 | 1030 | Odonate Odonate | Scarlet grenadier Spine-tufted skimmer | Lathrecista asiatica Orthetrum chrysis | Least Concern Least Concern | Least Concern Least Concern | No No | 1 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1231 | 1.427051034 | 103.754822 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1033 | Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. | Not Assessed | #N/A | #N/A | 3 | Seen | Targeted | CT7321 |
| Company Comp | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1231 | 1.427051034 | 103.754822 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1033 | Butterfly | Grey pansy | Junonia atlites atlites | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 4 | Seen | Targeted | |
| Column C | 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1232 T2 XT1232 | 1.427369965 1.427369965 | 103.754882 103.754882 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 1039 1039 | Odonate Butterfly | Common parasol | Neurothemis fluctuans | Least Concern Not Assessed | Least Concern Nationally Extinct (Rediscovered) | No No | 1 1 | Seen Seen | Targeted | CT7324 |
| The color of the | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1232 | 1.427369965 | 103.754882 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1039 | Odonate | Spine-tufted skimmer | Orthetrum chrysis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 10 | Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1233 | 1.427540034 | 103.754983 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1044 | Odonate | Common parasol | Neurothemis fluctuans | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The color The | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1233 T2 XT1233 | 1.427540034 | 103.754983 103.754983 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1044 | Odonate | | Orthetrum chrysis | Least Concern | | | 1 1 | | Targeted | |
| April 1985 Apr | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1234 | 1.427523019 | 103.75499 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1050 | Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. | Not Assessed | #N/A | #N/A | 5 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The Section 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1234 | 1.427523019 | 103.75499 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1050 | Odonate | Spine-tufted skimmer | Orthetrum chrysis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1234 T2 XT1234 | 1.427523019 | 103.75499 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1050 | Odonate | Variable wisp | Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 3 3 | Seen | Targeted | CT7327 |
| The column | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1235 | 1.427700967 | 103.755031 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 | 1055 | Butterfly | Grass yellow sp. | Eurema sp. | Not Assessed | #N/A | #N/A | 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1236 | 1.427989975 | 103.755141 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1057 | Odonate | Blue dasher | Brachydiplax chalybea | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 6 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The Color | 10 Mar 2021 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1236 T2 XT1236 | 1.427989975 1.427989975 | 103.755141 103.755141 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 1057 | Odonate Butterfly | Common scarlet Grey pansy | Crocothemis servilia Junonia atlites atlites | Least Concern Not Assessed | Least Concern Not Assessed | No No | 2 | Seen Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1237 | 1.428043032 | 103.755189 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1100 | Odonate | Common parasol | Neurothemis fluctuans | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1237 | 1.428043032 | 103.755189 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1100 | Butterfly | Grey pansy | Junonia atlites atlites | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1237 | 1.428043032 | 103.755189 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1100 | Odonate | Variegated green skimmer Yellow-barred flutterer | Orthetrum sabina Rhyothemis phyllis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 3 | Seen | Targeted | |
| The Content of the | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1238 | 1.428214023 | 103.755351 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1109 | Odonate | Common redbolt | Rhodothemis rufa | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 20 4 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 2 | T2 XT1238 | 1.428214023 | 103.755351 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1109 | Butterfly | Grey pansy | Junonia atlites atlites | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 4 4 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1239 | 1.428453997 | 103.755498 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1111 | Odonate | Common scarlet | Crocothemis servilia | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 6 2 | Seen | Targeted | |
| 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 2 | T2 XT1240 | 1.428490961 | 103.755568 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1112 | Butterfly | Ancyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Not Assessed | Vulnerable | Yes | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | CT7349 |
| Color | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 2 | T2 XT1240 | 1.428490961 | 103.755568 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 1112 | Odonate | Common bluetail | Ischnura senegalensis | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 3 | Seen | Targeted | 011040 |
| Column C | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1240 | 1.428490961 | 103.755568 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1112 | Butterfly | Lesser grass blue | Zizina otis lampa | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | 3 | Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| Output Control Contr | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1240 | 1.428490961 | 103.755568 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1112 | Odonate | Variable wisp | Agriocnemis femina | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 30 | Seen | Targeted | |
| Section Control Cont | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1241 | 1.428453997 | 103.755498 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 1111 | Odonate | Common redbolt | Rhodothemis rufa | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted | |
| United 17 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1241 | 1.428644015 | 103.755667 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 1121 | Butterfly | Peacock pansy | Delias hyparete metarete Junonia almana javana | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | 1 1 | Seen | Targeted Targeted | |
| 10 Aug 2021 2 7 X7100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 10 Mar 2021 | | T2 XT1241 | 1.428644015 | 103.755667 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 1121 | Butterfly | Striped albatross | Appias libythea olferna | Not Assessed | Not Assessed | No | | Seen | Targeted | |
| Garden Company Compa | 10 Mar 2021 | 2 | T2 XT1241 | 1.428644015 | 103.755667 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 1121 | Odonate | Variegated green skimmer | Orthetrum sabina | Least Concern | Least Concern | No | | Seen | Targeted | |
| Marco 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428814167 1.428615013 | 103.7557317 103.7556425 | 17 1.4287837 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 103.75574 | 19:57:43 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_195743.wav |
| 15 May 2021 2 | 16 Mar 2021 | | - | 1.428548461 | 103.7555954 | 17 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 19:58:01 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_195801.wav |
| To No. 2021 2 1 1.480000000 107,554222 10 1.0220090 107,754222 10 1.0220090 107,754222 10 1.0220090 107,754223 10 1.0220090 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | - | 1.428428683 1.428300608 | 103.7555011 103.7554225 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 19:58:16 19:58:34 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_195816.wav 20210316_195834.wav |
| 16 May 2021 2 | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.42822165 | 103.7553348 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 19:58:50 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_195850.wav |
| 15 May 2021 2 - 1.425220921 10.75523066 6 1.42522099 10.7552542 15.55220 Marriard (But) Ministrate empirise as with the control of the c | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428220812 | 103.7553266 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 19:59:05 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_195905.wav |
| 16 Nat 2021 2 - 1.420200003 10.3765304 16 1.42020009 10.3765424 19.99.35 Mammal (Bit) Ministered myotis Myotis murcols Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 196955 wary Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200066 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316, 200061 ware Least Concern Not Assessed No - He | 16 Mar 2021 | | - | 1.428220812 | 103.7553266 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 19:59:20 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_195920.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428210922 103.7553351 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.00 6 Mammal (Bay) Ministered myotis Myotis muricola Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 199590 ww | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428226093 1.428226093 | 103.7553304 103.7553304 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 19:59:35 19:59:35 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_195935.wav 20210316_195935.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1,428200922 103,7553519 16 1,42820099 103,755424 20,000.6 Mammal (Bat) Asiate lesser yellow house but Scotophilus kuhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021016 200006 www | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428210922 | 103.7553351 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 19:59:50 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_195950.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428210922 | 103.7553351 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 20:00:06 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_200006.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428208814 103.7553205 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.00.51 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200015 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.42820891 103.7553205 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200017 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553205 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200017 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553205 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200017 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.22 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 20012 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.22 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 20012 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.37 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200137 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.37 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200137 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428161979 103.7553389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.37 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200137 wav 16 Marra 2021 2 - 1.428161979 103.7553381 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.00.152 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kurhii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428206228 1.428206228 | 103.7553199 103.7553199 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 20:00:21 20:00:36 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200021.wav 20210316_200036.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428206814 103.7553205 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:07 Mamma (Bat) Miskered myotis Myotis muricola Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 202/1036 20017-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428206814 103.7553205 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:07 Mamma (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Asiatic lesser y | 16 Mar 2021 | | - | 1.428206814 | 103.7553205 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 20:00:51 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_200051.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428161417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:22 Mammal (Bat) Whiskered myotis Myotis muricole Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200122-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428161417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:22 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200137-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428161417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:37 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200137-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428161417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:37 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200137-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428159792 103.7553389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:52 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200152-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428159792 103.7553381 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:52 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200152-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 103.7553381 16 1.4282099 103.755424 20.02.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200207-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 103.7553381 16 1.4282099 103.755424 20.02.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200207-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 103.7553381 16 1.4282099 103.755424 20.02.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200207-way 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 103.7553381 16 1.4282099 103.755424 20.02.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus Ashibit Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021036 200207-way | 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428206814 1.428206814 | 103.7553205 103.7553205 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 20:01:07 20:01:07 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_200107.wav 20210316_200107.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428181417 103.7553214 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:37 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316_200137.wav 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428159792 107.57553389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:52 Mammal (Bat) Whitsered myols but Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021016_200152.wav 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428159792 107.57553389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01:52 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021016_200152.wav 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 107.57553381 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.02:07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021016_200152.wav 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 107.57553381 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.02:07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021016_200207.wav 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 107.57553381 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.02:07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021016_200207.wav | 16 Mar 2021 | 2 | - | 1.428181417 | 103.7553214 | 16 1.42822099 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 20:01:22 20:01:22 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200122.wav 20210316_200122.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428159792 103.7553389 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.01.52 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhiii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200215 wav 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 10.75553381 16 1.42822099 103.755424 20.02.07 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhiii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210316 200207.wav | 16 Mar 2021 | | - | 1.428181417 | 103.7553214 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 20:01:37 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200137.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 2 - 1.428114111 103,7553381 16 1.42822099 103,755424 20.02.15 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Taroeted 20210316 200215, way | 16 Mar 2021 | | - | 1.428159792 | 103.7553389 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 20:01:52 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210316_200152.wav |
| TO MINITED LEAST CONCEPT TO THE ACCUSATE TO THE ACCUSATION TO THE | | 2 | - | 1.428114111 | 103.7553381 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 20:02:15 | | | | | | | - | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|------------------|----------|--|--|---|
| Date 16 Mar 2021 | Cycle Route Waypoint Latitude 2 - 1.428028448 | Longitude 103.755239 | Sampling Pt SP_Lat 16 1.42822099 | SP_long 103.755424 | Time (24h) 20:02:37 | Taxon Mammal (Bat) | Common Name Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scientific name Scotophilus kuhlii | Global Status Least Concern | Local Status Not Assessed | Threatened No | Quantity | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Survi | ey method (targeted/incidental Targeted |) Photo no. Remarks 20210316_200237.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.428028448 2 - 1.428006655 | 103.755239 103.7552041 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 20:02:43 20:02:54 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200243.wav 20210316_200254.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7552041 103.7552041 103.7552066 | | 103.755424 103.755424 103.755424 | 20:03:06 20:03:06 20:03:21 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316 200306.wav 20210316 200306.wav 20210316 200321.way |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.427977737 | 103.7552066 103.7552066 | 16 1.42822099 | 103.755424 103.755424 | 20:03:36 20:03:36 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Javan pipistrelle Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Pipistrellus javanicus Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200336.wav 20210316_200336.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.427809345 | 103.7551538 103.755104 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755424 103.755014 | 20:03:51 20:03:59 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200351.wav 20210316_200359.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.427809345 2 - 1.427809345 2 - 1.427809345 | 103.755104 103.755104 103.755104 | | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 20:03:59 20:04:10 20:04:10 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200359.wav 20210316_200410.wav 20210316_200410.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.427749079 2 - 1.427606503 | 103.755055 103.7550178 | 15 1.42742462 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 20:04:25 20:04:40 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200425.wav 20210316_200440.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.427399637 | 103.7550178 103.7549245 103.7549245 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 103.755014 | 20:04:55 20:05:13 20:05:25 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200455.wav 20210316_200513.wav 20210316_200525.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7548491 | 15 1.42742462 | 103.755014 103.755014 | 20:05:40 20:05:50 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200525.wav 20210316_200550.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.426596902 | 103.7547194 103.7546995 103.7546995 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 | 20:06:42 20:06:59 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316 200642.wav 20210316 200659.wav 20210316 200659.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.426596902 2 - 1.426596902 2 - 1.426393306 | 103.7546995 | 14 1.42656309 | 103.754763 103.754763 103.754763 | 20:06:59 20:07:15 20:07:30 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_200059.wav 20210316_200715.wav 20210316_200730.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425491832 2 - 1.425440451 | | 13 1.42567869 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 | 20:10:28 20:10:59 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_201028.wav 20210316_201059.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425440451 2 - 1.425444139 2 - 1.425470542 | 103.7546024 103.7545793 103.7546147 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 103.754614 | 20:11:14 20:11:29 20:12:12 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_201114.wav 20210316_201129.wav 20210316_201212.way |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425470542 | 103.7546147 103.7546147 | 13 1.42567869 | 103.754614 103.754614 | 20:12:28 20:12:35 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_201228_wav 20210316_201228_wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425497616 2 - 1.42509738 | 103.7546291 103.754532 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754614 103.754539 | 20:12:48 20:13:47 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_201248.wav 20210316_201347.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424428253 | 103.7544764 103.7544625 103.7544142 | 12 1.42478368 | 103.754539 103.754539 103.754456 | 20:15:02 20:15:14 20:16:53 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_201502.wav 20210316_201514.wav 20210316_201653.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.422981871 2 - 1.422856646 | 103.7543543 103.7543512 | 10 1.42299324 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 | 20:19:27 20:19:47 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_201927.wav 20210316_201947.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.422504103 2 - 1.422504103 2 - 1.422485663 | 103.7543185 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 20:20:22 20:20:37 20:20:55 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_202022_wav 20210316_202037_wav 20210316_202055_way |
| 10.11 0001 | 2 - 1.422485663 2 - 1.42248122 2 - 1.422393462 | 103.7541997 | 9 1.42249714 | | 20:20:55 20:21:44 20:26:40 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_202144.wav 20210316_202144.wav 20210316_202640.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.422417182 2 - 1.422444256 | 103.7539146 103.7540589 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 20:27:01 20:27:13 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_202701.wav 20210316_202713.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.422535283 | 103.7542612 103.754289 103.7542712 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 20:28:03 20:28:27 20:28:38 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_202803.wav 20210316_202827.wav 20210316_202838.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7542712 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 20:28:54 20:29:14 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_202854.wav 20210316_202854.wav 20210316_202914.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.422757823 2 - 1.422877265 | 103.7543118 | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 | 20:29:32 20:29:47 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_202932.wav 20210316_202947.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7543118 103.7543947 103.7543609 | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754396 103.754233 | 20:29:55 20:30:42 20:31:07 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316 202955.wav 20210316_203042.wav 20210316 203107.way |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.423353357 2 - 1.423354363 | 103.7542973 103.7542116 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 20:31:22 20:31:41 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_203122.wav 20210316_203141.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7541332 103.7539996 103.7539526 | | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 20:32:07 20:33:22 20:33:38 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_203207.wav 20210316_203322.wav 20210316_203338.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.423310308 2 - 1.423350926 2 - 1.423334163 | 103.7539497 103.753814 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 20:34:01 20:39:20 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_203398.wav 20210316_203401.wav 20210316_203920.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.423346316 2 - 1.423420329 | 103.7537953 103.7542315 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 20:40:00 20:43:25 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_204000.wav 20210316_204325.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.423966158 | 103.7542219 103.7536951 103.7536877 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.754233 103.753747 103.753747 | 20:43:41 20:48:47 20:49:02 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316 204341.wav 20210316 204847.wav 20210316 204902.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424073027 2 - 1.424127845 | | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 20:49:38 20:50:08 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_204938.wav 20210316_205008.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7536623 103.7536163 103.7535855 | | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 20:50:21 20:50:36 20:50:48 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205021.wav 20210316_205036.wav 20210316_205048.way |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.42418962 2 - 1.42418962 | 103.7536044 103.7536044 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 20:51:01 20:51:07 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205101.wav 20210316_205107.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424239157 | 103.7536126 103.7536126 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 20:51:22 20:51:22 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205122.wav 20210316_205122.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7536126 103.7535736 103.7535736 | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 20:51:32 20:51:57 20:52:12 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205132.wav 20210316_205157.wav 20210316_205212.way |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | | 103.7535917 103.7536005 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:52:31 20:52:46 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205231.wav 20210316_205246.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424319874 | 103.7536005 103.7536005 103.7536005 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:52:46 20:52:52 20:52:52 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205246.wav 20210316_205252.wav 20210316_205252.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424360108 2 - 1.424360108 | 103.7536263 103.7536263 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:53:00 20:53:00 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205300.wav 20210316_205300.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424360108 | 103.7536263 103.7536263 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:53:09 20:53:09 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205309.wav 20210316_205309.wav 20210316_205317.way |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424364634 | 103.7536223 103.7536223 103.75361 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:53:17 20:53:28 20:53:46 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205317.WaV 20210316_205328.waV 20210316_205346.waV |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.42453596 2 - 1.424566386 | 103.7536424 103.7536576 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:54:33 20:54:42 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205433.wav 20210316_205442.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424566386 | 103.7536576 103.7536576 103.7536576 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:54:47 20:54:57 20:54:57 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316 205447.wav 20210316_205457.wav 20210316 205457.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424683398 2 - 1.424683398 | 103.7536871 103.7536871 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:55:05 20:55:11 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205505.wav 20210316_205511.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.42472514 | 103.7536871 103.7536579 103.7536579 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:55:15 20:55:20 20:55:30 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205515.wav 20210316_205520.wav 20210316_205530.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424853466 2 - 1.424995875 | 103.7536 103.7536052 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:55:50 20:56:15 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205530.wav 20210316_205550.wav 20210316_205615.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424995875 2 - 1.424995875 | 103.7536052 103.7536052 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:56:15 20:56:21 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205615.wav 20210316_205621.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425080197 | 103.7536052 103.7535813 103.7535813 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:56:29 20:56:51 20:56:51 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205629.wav 20210316_205651.wav 20210316_205651.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425080197 | 103.7535813 103.7535813 103.7536168 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:57:02 20:57:17 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205702.wav 20210316_205702.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425070306 2 - 1.425070306 | 103.753594 103.753594 103.753594 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:57:31 20:57:31 20:57:38 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205731.wav 20210316_205731.wav 20210316_205738.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425070306 | 103.753594 103.753594 103.753594 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:57:38 20:57:38 20:57:46 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316 205738.wav 20210316 205738.wav 20210316 205746.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425070306 2 - 1.42520383 | 103.753594 103.753546 | 5 1.42471984 4 1.42553646 | 103.753638 103.753396 | 20:57:46 20:58:12 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_205746.wav 20210316_205812.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424857406 | 103.7535188 103.7530877 103.7530861 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753396 103.753638 103.753638 | 20:58:39 21:06:16 21:06:30 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316 205839.wav 20210316_210616.wav 20210316_210630.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424839888 2 - 1.424858663 | 103.7530861 103.7531835 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:06:30 21:06:42 21:07:10 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_210642.wav 20210316_210642.wav 20210316_210710.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424893029 2 - 1.424893029 | 103.7532139 103.7532139 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:07:38 21:07:50 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_210738.wav 20210316_210750.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.424987242 | 103.7530787 103.7530767 103.753018 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:08:19 21:11:50 21:14:47 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210316_210819.wav 20210316_211150.wav 20210316_21147.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 | 2 - 1.425134093 2 - 1.425014483 | 103.7530981 103.7530688 | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:21:40 21:25:40 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316_212140.wav 20210316_212540.wav |
| 16 Mar 2021 16 Mar 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 2 - 1.426619953 | 103.7530445 103.7526463 103.7526648 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.753638 103.752594 103.752594 | 21:26:07 21:41:42 21:00:37 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210316 212607.wav 20210316 214142.wav 20210204 210037.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7526671 | 2 1.42687225 | 103.752594 103.752594 | 21:00:53 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_210057.wav 20210204_210053.wav |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observation type | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|------------------|----------|---|---|---|
| Date 4 Feb 2021 | Cycle Route Waypoint Latitude 1 - 1.426829332 | Longitude 103.752665 | Sampling Pt SP_Lat 2 1.42687225 | SP_long 103.752594 | Time (24h) 21:01:13 | Taxon Mammal (Bat) | Common Name Whiskered myotis | Scientific name Myotis muricola | Global Status Least Concern | Local Status Not Assessed | Threatened No | Quantity | (seen/heard/caught/scat/other signs) Survey | y method (targeted/incidental Targeted | Photo no. Remarks 20210204_210113.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.426829332 1 - 1.426663538 | 103.752665 103.7526555 | | 103.752594 103.752594 | 21:01:25 21:06:09 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_210125.wav 20210204_210609.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7526604 103.7527522 103.7527522 | | 103.752594 103.752952 103.752952 | 21:06:32 21:10:45 21:10:45 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204 210632.wav 20210204 211045.wav 20210204 211045.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.426430773 | 103.7527522 103.7529932 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 21:10:57 21:14:57 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_211057.wav 20210204_211457.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.426094575 | 103.7529686 103.7529686 | 3 1.42611181 | 103.752952 103.752952 | 21:15:05 21:15:21 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_211505.wav 20210204_211521.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.43008 1 - 1.426069848 1 - 1.426069848 | 103.75379 103.7529907 103.7529907 | | 103.75574 103.752952 103.752952 | 21:15:32 21:15:37 21:15:43 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_211532.wav 20210204_211537.wav 20210204_211543.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425690232 1 - 1.42576064 | | | 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:21:40 21:25:00 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Pouch-bearing bat | Myotis muricola Saccolaimus saccolaimus | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_21210-9-way 20210204_21210-way 20210204_212500.way |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.42576064 | 103.7533153 103.7533153 103.753425 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:25:00 21:25:00 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_212500.wav 20210204_212500.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7535385 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:26:37 21:27:27 21:27:34 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_212637.wav 20210204_212727.wav 20210204_212734.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425410612 1 - 1.425410612 | 103.7535399 103.7535399 | 4 1.42553646 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:27:39 21:27:45 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_212739.wav 20210204_212745.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425328804 | 103.7535591 103.7535591 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:28:02 21:28:02 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_212802.wav 20210204_212802.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425297204 | 103.7535591 103.7535575 103.7535623 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:28:14 21:28:23 21:28:44 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204 212814.wav 20210204_212823.wav 20210204 212844.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425234005 | | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 | 21:28:58 21:29:18 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_212858.wav 20210204_212918.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425190168 | 103.7535897 103.7536057 103.7536045 | 4 1.42553646 | 103.753396 103.753396 103.753638 | 21:29:18 21:30:08 21:30:40 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_212918.wav 20210204_213008.wav 20210204_213004.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425151359 | 103.7536045 103.7536045 103.7536045 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:30:55 21:30:55 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213055.wav 20210204_213055.wav 20210204_213055.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425121855 | 103.7536132 103.7536241 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:31:10 21:31:25 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213110.wav 20210204_213125.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425071228 | 103.7536241 103.7536222 103.7536222 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:31:25 21:31:40 21:31:40 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213125.wav 20210204_213140.wav 20210204_213140.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.425071228 | 103.7536222 103.7536496 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:31:55 21:32:10 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213155.wav 20210204_213210.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424903255 1 - 1.424854388 | 103.7536641 103.7536798 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:32:25 21:32:46 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213225.wav 20210204_213246.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424819184 | 103.7536893 103.7536893 103.7536969 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:33:01 21:33:07 21:33:18 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213301.wav 20210204_213307.wav 20210204_213307.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424713153 | 103.7537272 103.7537091 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:33:47 21:33:52 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213347.wav 20210204_213352.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424665293 | | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:33:57 21:34:18 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213357.wav 20210204_213418.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424651043 1 - 1.424659174 1 - 1.424654312 | 103.7537008 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:34:54 21:35:24 21:35:44 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213454.wav 20210204_213524.wav 20210204_213544.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424643835 | 103.7537068 103.7536997 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:36:06 21:36:20 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213606.wav 20210204_213620.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7536997 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:36:25 21:36:25 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213625.wav 20210204_213625.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7537246 103.7537361 103.75371 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:36:42 21:36:56 21:37:34 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204 213642.wav 20210204 213656.wav 20210204 213734.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424477203 1 - 1.42445717 | 103.75371 103.7536908 | 5 1.42471984 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:37:34 21:37:49 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213734.wav 20210204_213749.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424378129 | 103.7536908 103.7536771 103.7536771 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:37:56 21:38:09 21:38:14 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213756.wav 20210204_213809.wav 20210204_213814.way |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424323479 | 103.7536593 103.7536593 | 5 1.42471984 | 103.753638 103.753638 | 21:38:22 21:38:34 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213814.wav 20210204_213822.wav 20210204_213834.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424258016 | 103.7536415 103.7536415 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 21:39:03 21:39:09 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213903.wav 20210204_213909.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424258016 1 - 1.424213089 1 - 1.424197918 | | 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.753747 | 21:39:18 21:39:31 21:39:52 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_213918.wav 20210204_213931.wav 20210204_213952.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424197918 | 103.7536425 103.7536399 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 | 21:40:09 21:40:30 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214009.wav 20210204_214030.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.43008 1 - 1.424058024 | 103.75368 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.75574 103.753747 103.753747 | 21:41:27 21:41:27 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214127.wav 20210204_214127.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423791312 | 103.7539519 103.754063 103.7541223 | 6 1.4239017 | 103.753747 103.753747 103.754233 | 21:44:19 21:45:15 21:45:46 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214419.wav 20210204_214515.wav 20210204_214546.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423678743 1 - 1.42360867 | 103.7541223 103.7541315 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:45:57 21:46:02 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214557.wav 20210204_214602.wav |
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| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423469447 1 - 1.423469447 | 103.7542494 103.7542494 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:47:10 21:47:13 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214710.wav 20210204_214713.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423420412 | 103.7542626 103.7542626 103.7542771 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:47:38 21:47:49 21:48:10 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214738.wav 20210204_214749.wav 20210204_214819.way |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423360063 1 - 1.423360063 | 103.7543268 103.7543268 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:48:10 21:48:25 21:48:29 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214810.wav 20210204_214825.wav 20210204_214829.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423311029 | 103.7543268 103.7543978 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:48:29 21:48:47 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214829.wav 20210204_214847.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.42326585 | 103.7544251 103.7544251 103.7544207 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:49:05 21:49:18 21:49:31 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_214905.wav 20210204_214918.wav 20210204_214931.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423216648 1 - 1.423242381 | 103.7543776 103.7544049 | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:50:29 21:50:34 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215029.wav 20210204_215034.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423208853 | | 7 1.4233353 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 | 21:50:43 21:51:08 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215043.wav 20210204_215108.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423208853 | 103.7543989 103.7543989 103.7543647 | 7 1.4233353 | 103.754233 103.754233 103.754396 | 21:51:14 21:51:14 21:52:30 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215114.wav 20210204_215114.wav 20210204_21530.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.42273494 1 - 1.422640141 | 103.7543049 103.7543 | 10 1.42299324 9 1.42249714 | 103.754396 103.753978 | 21:52:56 21:53:03 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215256.wav 20210204_215303.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7543 103.7543186 103.7543186 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 21:53:13 21:53:20 21:53:20 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215313.wav 20210204_215320.wav 20210204_215320.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7543186 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 21:53:20 21:53:37 21:53:51 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215320.wav 20210204_215337.wav 20210204_215331.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.422478203 1 - 1.422494631 | 103.7542347 103.7542419 | 9 1.42249714 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 | 21:55:03 21:56:39 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_215503.wav 20210204_215639.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.422631508 | 103.7542527 103.7539321 103.7539284 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 21:57:15 22:03:12 22:05:51 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204 215715.wav 20210204 220312.wav 20210204 22051.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.422762517 | 103.7539264 103.7536432 103.7531559 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753085 | 22:18:57 22:23:32 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_22051.WaV 20210204_221857.waV 20210204_222332.waV |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.422203025 1 - 1.422458924 | 103.7531368 103.7541648 | 8 1.422589 9 1.42249714 | 103.753085 103.753978 | 22:23:44 22:28:08 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_222344.wav 20210204_222808.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.422475437 | 103.7541648 103.7542581 103.7543486 | 9 1.42249714 | 103.753978 103.753978 103.753978 | 22:28:08 22:28:23 22:29:19 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_222808.wav 20210204_222823.wav 20210204_222919.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.422943147 | 103.7543486 103.7543807 103.7543819 | 10 1.42299324 | 103.754396 103.754233 | 22:30:33 22:31:42 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_Z22913.WaV 20210204_223033.waV 20210204_223142.waV |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.423433991 1 - 1.423641276 | 103.754377 103.7543668 | 7 1.4233353 11 1.42388932 | 103.754233 103.754456 | 22:34:50 22:35:40 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_223450.wav 20210204_223540.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424120469 | 103.7543668 103.7543592 103.7544315 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 103.754456 | 22:35:50 22:38:01 22:38:47 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whickered myotis | Scotophilus kuhlii Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No No | - | Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted | 20210204_223550.wav 20210204_223801.wav 20210204_223847.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 4 Feb 2021 | 1 - 1.424190709 1 - 1.424147459 | 103.7544315 103.7545348 | 11 1.42388932 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 103.754456 | 22:38:47 22:38:47 22:39:59 | Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola Scotophilus kuhlii Myotis muricola | Least Concern Least Concern Least Concern | Not Assessed Not Assessed Not Assessed | No No | - | Heard Heard Heard | Targeted Targeted Targeted | 20210204_223847.wav 20210204_223847.wav 20210204_223959.wav |
| 4 Feb 2021 | | 103.7545336 | 11 1.42388932 | 103.754456 | 22:40:09 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard | Targeted | 20210204_224009.wav |

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| 4 Feb 2021 1 1 - 1.4299791471 1037951877 16 1.42922099 103795424 22:95.05 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols Myols nursical Least Concern No. 1 - 1.42907916 103795185 16 1.42922099 103795424 22:95.27 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols Myols nursical Least Concern No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 103795424 22:95.27 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols Myols nursical Least Concern No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 103795424 22:95.27 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols Myols nursical Least Concern No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 103795424 22:95.27 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols Myols nursical Least Concern No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 10379542 22:95.27 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols Myols nursical Least Concern No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.4292209 10379542 22:05.22 Marmaria (Bal) Whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 10379542 22:05.22 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 10379542 22:05.22 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 10379542 22:05.22 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379518 16 1.42922099 10379542 22:05.25 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907918 10379542 22:05.25 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907919 10379542 22:05.25 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907919 10379542 22:05.25 Marmaria (Bal) Assistation whitesared myols No. 1 - 1.42907919 10379542 22:05.25 Marmaria (Bal) No. 1 - 1.42907919 10379542 22: | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.439000201 10 75/91695 16 1.42820090 103.75/91692 22:56.24 Mammal [Bat] Whitestend myols Myele murcola Least Concern No. 1 - Heard Targeted 20/21004 22:57/2 war 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.409173791 103.75/9206 16 1.42820090 103.75/9242 25:52.7 war 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.409173791 103.75/9206 16 1.42820090 103.75/9242 25:52.7 war 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.409173791 103.75/9206 103.75/9242 25:52.7 war 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.409173791 103.75/9206 103.75/9242 25:52.7 war 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.409173791 103.75/9240 103.75/9242 25:92.9 Mammal [Bat] Whitestend myols Myele murcola Least Concern No. 1 - Heard Targeted 20/21004 22/2002 war 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.40917391 103.75/9248 1 - 10.40917391 10 | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.4280997184 (197950315 16 1.4282099 (19755424 22-97.27 Marmoni (Ba) Whishered myrols Myrols murcols Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 22950. Who - 1.4282090 (19755424 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | No | - | | | | |
| 4 Fig. 2021 1 - 1.428214031 1037582565 10 1.42822090 103756424 22 500 4 Mammal [Bat] Whiskeered myols Myols murcols Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021004, 250054 wave 1.42822091 103756424 22 500 4 Mammal [Bat] Whiskeered myols Myols murcols Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021004, 250054 wave 1.42822091 103756424 22 500 52 Mammal [Bat] Assistance 1.46822091 1037 | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | No | | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.42825905 30 37554921 1 6 1.4282099 103 756424 23032 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 756424 23032 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 756424 23032 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 756424 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 756424 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 756424 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 756424 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 75642 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 75642 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.4282099 103 75642 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23033 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23043 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23043 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23041 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23041 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23041 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23041 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23041 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23041 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 75642 23042 Mammal (Bal) Authorised Eleast profit house but 1.428209 103 756 | | - 142 | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1,428338818 103 7554281 16 1 1,4282099 103 755442 23.03.27 Mammal (dat) A Assist Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kinlii Lesst Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210034 230337 way 1 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1,42834491 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1 1,4282099 103 755442 25 1 1,4282099 103 | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | No | - | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8336818 | 103.7554281 | 16 | | | | | Asiatic lesser vellow house bat | | | Not Assessed | No | | | | | |
| Feb 2021 1 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8336818 | 103.7554281 | 16 | 1,42822099 | 103.755424 | 23:03:37 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser vellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | | | | 30337.wav | |
| Feb 2021 1 | | - 1.42 | 8343439 | | 16 | 1.42822099 | | | | | | | Not Assessed | No | - | | | | |
| ## Feb 2021 1 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8343439 | 103.7554242 | 16 | | | | | | | | Not Assessed | No | - | | | | |
| Feb 2021 1 | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | No | - | | | | |
| Feb 2021 1 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8378057 | 103.7554533 | 16 | 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 23:04:13 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard Tard | geted 20210204 | 30413.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.428445196 103.755485 16 1.42822099 103.755424 23.04.34 Mammal (Bit) Whistered myotis Mode and the process of | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1,42844599 103,755485 16 1,4282099 103,755442 23,04.51 Mammar (Bat) Whiskered myols Mo - Heard Targeted 2021/024, 23044.way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1,428480567 103,7555125 16 14,2822099 103,755424 23,04.51 Mammar (Bat) Miskered myols Mo - Heard Targeted 2021/024, 23044.way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1,428480567 103,7555125 16 14,2822099 103,755424 23,05.00 Mammar (Bat) Whiskered myols More for myols Mor | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8445196 | 103.755485 | 16 | 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 23:04:34 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard Targ | geted 20210204 | 30434.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428480567 103.7555125 16 142822099 103.755424 23.0451 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230500 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428400567 103.7555125 16 142822099 103.755424 23.05.00 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230500 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 142860567 103.7555125 16 142822099 103.755424 23.05.00 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230500 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 142865587 103.755542 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.12 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230500 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 142865587 103.755542 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.12 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230512 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428655878 103.755542 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.12 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230512 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428655578 103.755547 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230517 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 142864518 103.755545 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230532 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428656689 103.75555831 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.47 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230532 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428656689 103.7555681 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.47 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230532 way 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1428656698 103.7555681 17 14287837 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8445196 | 103.755485 | 16 | 1.42822099 | 103.755424 | 23:04:34 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | Myotis muricola | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | | | 30434.wav | |
| Feb 2021 1 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8480567 | | 16 | | | | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | | | | |
| Feb 2021 1 | | - 1.42 | 8480567 | | 16 | | | | | | | | Not Assessed | | | | | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.428525578 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.7555472 23.05:17 Mammal (Bat) Mylsternoviols Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 2305:17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 2305:17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 2305:17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 2305:17 <td< td=""><td>4 Feb 2021 1</td><td>- 1.42</td><td>8480567</td><td>103.7555125</td><td>16</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Asiatic lesser yellow house bat</td><td></td><td></td><td>Not Assessed</td><td>No</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8480567 | 103.7555125 | 16 | | | | | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | | | Not Assessed | No | | | | | |
| Feb 2021 1 - 1.42852578 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.05.12 Mammal (Bat) Whiskered myotis Myotis muricola Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230512 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.428525578 103.7555472 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.05.17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230517 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.05.17 Mammal (Bat) Whiskered myotis Myotis muricola Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230517 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287637 103.75574 23.05.17 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230517 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.428596996 103.755545 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.05.22 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230532 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.42869698 103.7556301 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230532 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230602 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230602 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230602 wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiatc Lesser yellow house bat Scotphilus kuhili | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8525578 | 103.7555472 | 17 | 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 23:05:12 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | | | 30512.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.42852578 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.37555472 17 1.4287837 10.375574 23.05:17 Mammal (Bat) Mysikerwingsis | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8525578 | 103.7555472 | 17 | 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 23:05:12 | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | | | | 30512.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 142852578 103.7555472 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.17 Mammal (Bat) Whiskered myolis Myolis muricola Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230517.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 142854521 103.755545 17 14287837 103.75574 23.05.32 Mammal (Bat) Asiato Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230547.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 14287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiato Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230547.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1428658689 103.7558301 17 14287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiato Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230547.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 1428658689 103.7555801 17 14287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiato Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230542.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 142863312 103.7555617 17 14287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) Asiato Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230542.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 142863312 103.755501 17 14287837 103.75574 23.06.17 Mammal (Bat) Asiato Lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204_230517.wav A Feb 2021 1 - 142863132 103.75501 103.755 | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8525578 | 103.7555472 | 17 | 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | | | Not Assessed | No | | | | 30517.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.42854521 103.755545 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.05.32 Mammal (Bat) A slatic (lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 230532 wav 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.428659898 103.755631 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.05.47 Mammal (Bat) A slatic (lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210024 230602 wav 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.428659898 103.7556301 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) A slatic (lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230602 wav 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06:02 Mammal (Bat) A slatic (lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Ta | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8525578 | 103.7555472 | 17 | | 103.75574 | | Mammal (Bat) | Whiskered myotis | | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | | | 30517.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.428659689 103.7556301 17 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.02 Mammal (Bat) A slatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230602.wav 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.17 Mammal (Bat) A slatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230617.wav 5 Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.17 Mammal (Bat) A slatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230617.wav 5 Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.17 Mammal (Bat) A slatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230617.wav 5 Feb 2021 1 - 1.4287837 103.75574 23.06.17 Mammal (Bat) A slatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 20210204 230617.wav 5 Feb 20210204 230617 | | | | | 17 | | | | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | | Not Assessed | No | - | | geted 20210204_ | | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.42893132 103.7556617 17 1.4287837 103.755617 17 1.4287837 103.75564 23.06:17 Mammal (Bat) A siatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhlii Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021024_230617.wav 22 Jan 2021 - XT966 1.427623015 103.75503 948 Bird Black bittern Ixabrychus flavicollis Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 Seen Incidental | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8595986 | 103.7555831 | 17 | 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 23:05:47 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard Targ | geted 20210204 | 30547.wav | |
| 4 Feb 2021 1 - 1.428693132 103.7556617 17 1.4287837 103.755617 23.06.17 Mammal (Bat) A siatic lesser yellow house bat Scotophilus kuhili Least Concern Not Assessed No - Heard Targeted 2021024_230617.wav 2 Jan 2021 - XT956 1.427623015 103.75503 948 Bird Black bittern kxobrychus flavicollis Least Concern Not Assessed No 1 Seen Incidental | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8659689 | 103.7556301 | 17 | 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 23:06:02 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | Scotophilus kuhlii | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | Heard Targ | geted 20210204_ | 30602.wav | |
| | 4 Feb 2021 1 | - 1.42 | 8693132 | 103.7556617 | 17 | 1.4287837 | 103.75574 | 23:06:17 | Mammal (Bat) | Asiatic lesser yellow house bat | | Least Concern | Not Assessed | No | - | | | 30617.wav | - |
| 7 Jan 2021 XT948 1.424029022 103.753763 1200 Reptile Malayan box terrapin <i>Cuora amboinensis</i> Vulnerable; CITES protected (Appendix II) Not Assessed Yes 1 Seen Incidental | | | | | - | - | - | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| | 7 Jan 2021 - | - XT948 1.42 | 4029022 | 103.753763 | - | - | - | 1200 | Reptile | Malayan box terrapin | Cuora amboinensis | Vulnerable; CITES protected (Appendix II) | Not Assessed | Yes | 1 | Seen Incid | dental | - | |

APPENDIX F

Impact Assessment for Habitats and Fauna



| Phase | Habitat | Impact type | Sensitivity (S) | Impact intensity (I) | Consequence (C = S × I) | Likelihood (L) | Impact significance (C × L) | Mitigation measures | Residual impact intensity | Residual consequence | Residual likelihood | Residual impact significa |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Loss of vegetation | Medium | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | Retention of areas of high conservation value | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | Kranii Cross | Habitat degradation | Medium | High | High | Less likely | Minor | Infill planting | High | High | Less likely | Minor |
| | Kranji Cross | | | | | | | Monitoring of habitat quality | | | | |
| | | Changes in species composition | Medium | High | High | Possible | Moderate | Infill planting | High | High | Less likely | Minor |
| | | Loss of vegetation | High | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | Retention of areas of high conservation value | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | Habitat degradation | High | Negligible | Very low | Less likely | Negligible | Retention of buffer zone | Negligible | Very low | Less likely | Negligible |
| | Mangrove | | | | | | | Ensure hydrology unaffected | | | | |
| | ividiigiove | | | | | | | Monitoring of habitat quality | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Ensure integrity of ECM | | | | |
| | | Changes in species composition | High | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | Loss of vegetation | High | High | High | Almost certain | Major | Retention of buffer zone | High | High | Almost certain | Major |
| | Exotic-dominated woodland | Habitat degradation | High | High | High | Less likely | Minor | Infill planting | High | High | Less likely | Minor |
| | | Changes in species composition | High | High | High | Likely | Major | Infill planting | High | High | Less likely | Minor |
| | | Loss of vegetation | Medium | High | High | Almost certain | Major | Retention of buffer zone | High | High | Almost certain | Major |
| nstruction | Herbaceous and Scrubland Vegetation | Habitat degradation | Medium | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor | Infill planting | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| iisti uction | | Changes in species composition | Medium | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor | Infill planting | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| | | Loss of vegetation | High | High | High | Almost certain | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value; diversion of plans for the | High | High | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | | | | | | | trapezoidal drain, vehicle flyover and watermain to avoid the unlined | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | earth drain | | | | |
| | | Habitat degradation | High | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor | Retention of buffer zone | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| | Unlined earth drain | | | | | | | Ensure hydrology unaffected | | | | |
| | onnica carar aran | | | | | | | Monitoring of habitat quality | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Monitoring of aquatic faunal community | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Ensure integrity of ECM | | | | |
| | | Changes in species composition | High | Medium | Medium | Possible | Moderate | Infill planting; diversion of plans for the trapezoidal drain, vehicle flyover | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| | | | | | | | | and watermain to avoid the unlined earth drain | | | | |
| | | Loss of vegetation | Low | High | Low | Almost certain | Moderate | Retention of areas of high conservation value | High | Low | Almost certain | Moderate |
| | Ponds | Habitat degradation | Low | Medium | Very low | Less likely | Negligible | Monitoring of habitat quality | Medium | Very low | Less likely | Negligible |
| | Tonus | | | | | | | Ensure integrity of ECM | | | | |
| | | Changes in species composition | Low | Medium | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | | Medium | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | Kranji Cross | Habitat degradation | Medium | High | High | Unlikely | Negligible | Judicious maintenance | High | High | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | many cross | Changes in species composition | Medium | Medium | Medium | Possible | Moderate | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| | Mangrove | Habitat degradation | High | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | High | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | Exotic-dominated woodland | Habitat degradation | High | Medium | Medium | Unlikely | Negligible | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Medium | Unlikely | Negligible |
| erational | | Changes in species composition | High | Medium | Medium | Possible | Moderate | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| | Herbaceous and Scrubland Vegetation | Habitat degradation | Medium | Medium | Medium | Unlikely | Negligible | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Medium | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Medium | Medium | Medium | Possible | Moderate | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Medium | Less likely | Minor |
| | Unlined earth drain | Habitat degradation | High | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | Judicious maintenance | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | High | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | Judicious maintenance | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | Ponds | Habitat degradation | Low | Medium | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Very low | Unlikely | Negligible |
| | | Changes in species composition | Low | Medium | Very low | Possible | Minor | Judicious maintenance | Medium | Very low | Possible | Minor |



| | xon Con | ommon Name | Scientific Name | Impact Type | Sensitivity (S) | Impact | Consequence (C = | Likelihood (L) | Impact significance | C × Mitigation measures | Residual impact intensity | Residual consequence | Residual likelihood | Residual impact |
|--|---|--|--|--|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Construction Rep | ntile Asia | ian softshell turtle | Amyda cartilaginea | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Low | S × I) | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| | | | Amyda cartilaginea | Injury or mortality | підп | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Road calming measures; reduce vehicle speed | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | | | Amyda cartilaginea | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major |
| | | | Amyda cartilaginea | Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| construction nep | | ian softshell turtle alayan box terrapin | Amyda cartilaginea Cuora amboinensis | Human presence Loss of/ reduction in | High | High Low | High Low | Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Moderate Minor | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Low | High Low | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional | Minor Minor |
| | | alayan box terrapin | Cuora amboinensis | Injury or mortality | | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Road calming measures; reduce vehicle speed | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | | alayan box terrapin | Cuora amboinensis | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major |
| | | alayan box terrapin | Cuora amboinensis | Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| | | alayan box terrapin ommon Malayan racer | Cuora amboinensis Coelognathus flavolineatus | Human presence Loss of/ reduction in | High | High High | High High | Possible/Occasional Almost | Moderate Major | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High High | High High | Less likely/Rare Likely/Regular | Minor Major |
| | | ommon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Injury or mortality | riigii | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Pre-felling fauna inspection | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | | ommon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Major |
| Construction Rep | ptile Com | mmon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| | | ommon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Human presence | re-t- | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Construction Bird | | nangeable hawk-eagle nangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | High | High Low | Likely/Regular Unlikely/Remote | Major |
| Construction Bird Construction Bird | | | Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | nangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Human presence | | Medium | Medium | Almost | Major | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird | | · | Ardea cinerea | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Ardea cinerea Ardea cinerea | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible |
| Construction Bird | u die | | Ardea cinerea Ardea cinerea | Light disturbances | | Negligible Low | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Negligible Low | Very low Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Ardea cinerea | Human presence | | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | entire agricing it ragice works are essential | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | d Purp | | Ardea purpurea | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Ardea purpurea | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Ardea purpurea | Loss of ecological | | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if wight works are accepted | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Construction Bird | | | Ardea purpurea Ardea purpurea | Light disturbances Human presence | + | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Low Medium | Unlikely/Remote Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Nycticorax nycticorax | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | - | Nycticorax nycticorax | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | d Blac | ack-crowned night heron | Nycticorax nycticorax | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Construction Bird | | ack-crowned night heron | Nycticorax nycticorax | Light disturbances | + | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Construction Bird | | ack-crowned night heron riental magpie-robin | Nycticorax nycticorax Copsychus saularis | Human presence Loss of/ reduction in | High | High Medium | High Medium | Possible/Occasional Almost | Moderate Major | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High Medium | High Medium | Less likely/Rare Likely/Regular | Minor Moderate |
| Construction Bird | | riental magpie-robin | Copsychus saularis | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Construction Bird | | | Copsychus saularis | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Almost | Moderate | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird | | iental magpie-robin | Copsychus saularis | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Copsychus saularis | Human presence | co. t | Low | Low | Almost | Moderate | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird | | ed junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Medium | Medium | Almost | Major Minor | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird Construction Bird | | | Gallus gallus Gallus gallus | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional Almost | Moderate | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare Likely/Regular | Minor Moderate |
| Construction Bird | | ed junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird | d Red | ed junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Human presence | | Negligible | Very low | Almost | Minor | | Negligible | Very low | Almost certain/continuous | Minor |
| Construction Bird | | | Loriculus galgulus | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major |
| Construction Bird | | ue-crowned hanging-parrot | Loriculus galgulus | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Construction Bird Construction Bird | | ue-crowned hanging-parrot ue-crowned hanging-parrot | Loriculus galgulus Loriculus galgulus | Loss of ecological Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional Unlikely/Remote | Minor Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional Unlikely/Remote | Minor Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Loriculus galgulus | Human presence | | Low | Low | Almost | Moderate | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird | d Long | ng-tailed parakeet | Psittacula longicauda | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Low | Low | Almost | Moderate | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird | | | Psittacula longicauda | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Construction Bird Construction Bird | | | Psittacula longicauda | Loss of ecological Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional Unlikely/Remote | Minor | Limit lighting if night works are assential | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote Unlikely/Remote | Negligible Negligible |
| Construction Bird | | | Psittacula longicauda | Human presence | | | | | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | | | | Negligible Minor |
| Construction Bird | | | PSITTACUIA IONAICAUAA | | | | Very low | Almost | Minor | | Negligible | Very low | Almost certain/continuous | |
| Construction Bird | 'd Stra | raw-headed bulbul | Psittacula longicauda Pycnonotus zeylanicus | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Negligible High | Very low High | Almost | Minor Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Negligible High | Very low High | Almost certain/continuous Likely/Regular | Major |
| | d Stra | raw-headed bulbul | Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus | Loss of/ reduction in Injury or mortality | High | High High | High High | Almost Possible/Occasional | Major Moderate | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | | High High | Likely/Regular Less likely/Rare | Major Minor |
| Construction Bird | d Stra | raw-headed bulbul raw-headed bulbul | Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus | Loss of/ reduction in Injury or mortality Loss of ecological | High | High | High | Almost Possible/Occasional Almost | Major Moderate Major | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High High High | Likely/Regular Less likely/Rare Likely/Regular | Major Minor Major |
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| Construction Bird | d Stra d Stra d Stra d Stra d Stra d Red | raw-headed bulbul raw-headed bulbul raw-headed bulbul raw-headed bulbul rd-legged crake | Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus Pycnonotus zeylanicus | Loss of/ reduction in Injury or mortality Loss of ecological Light disturbances Human presence | | High High High Low High | High High High Low High | Almost Possible/Occasional Almost Unlikely/Remote Almost | Major Moderate Major Negligible Major | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season Retention of areas of high conservation value and Limit lighting if night works are essential Conduct monthly targeted surveys | High High Low High | High High High | Likely/Regular Less likely/Rare Likely/Regular Unlikely/Remote Likely/Regular | Major Minor Major Negligible Major |
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| Construction Bird Chi Construction Bird Ori | ninese egret ninese egret ninese egret | · · | | High | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | High | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Chi Construction Bird Chi Construction Bird Chi Construction Bird Ori | hinese egret hinese egret | | Injury or mortality | 6 | _ | Low | Unlikely/Remote | | Execute wildlife response plan | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Chi Construction Bird Chi Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori | ninese egret | Egretta eulophotes | Loss of ecological | | | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Execute wildlife response plan | Negligible | Very low | | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Ori | | Egretta eulophotes | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Oriconstruction Construction Bird Oriconstruction Construction Bird Oriconstruction | ninese egret | Egretta eulophotes | Human presence | | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Medium | Medium | | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori | | Anthracoceros albirostris | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Low | Low | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | | Moderate |
| Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori Construction Bird Ori | riental pied hornbill | Anthracoceros albirostris | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Construction Bird Ori | | Anthracoceros albirostris | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | riental pied hornbill | Anthracoceros albirostris | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| 'onetruction Died | riental pied hornbill | Anthracoceros albirostris | Human presence | | Negligible | Very low | Almost | Minor | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| Construction Bird Rec | ed-wattled lapwing | Vanellus indicus | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Low | Low | Almost | Moderate | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird Rec | ed-wattled lapwing | Vanellus indicus | Injury or mortality | | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | ed-wattled lapwing | Vanellus indicus | Loss of ecological | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | <u> </u> | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | ed-wattled lapwing | Vanellus indicus | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | ed-wattled lapwing | Vanellus indicus | Human presence | | High | High | Almost | | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | High | High | | Major |
| | | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Medium | Medium | Almost | | | Medium | Medium | | Moderate |
| | - | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Injury or mortality | Ŭ | | Low | Possible/Occasional | - | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | | low | ,, , | Minor |
| | | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Loss of ecological | | | Low | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | | Moderate |
| | | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Light disturbances | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | low | low | | Negligible |
| | | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Human presence | | | Low | Almost | | | Low | low | | Moderate |
| | | Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus | Loss of/ reduction in | High | | Medium | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Medium | Medium | | Moderate |
| | olet cuckoo | Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus | Injury or mortality | 6 | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | | Minor |
| | | | Loss of ecological | | low | Low | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low | Low | | Moderate |
| | olet cuckoo | Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus | Light disturbances | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | | | | | Low | Low | Almost | | | Low | Low | | |
| | olet cuckoo ttle tern | Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus Sternula albifrans | Human presence | High | LOW | LOW | Unlikely/Remote | | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Low | LOW | | Moderate Negligible |
| | | Sternula albifrons | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Low | Low | | Negligible | Accepted with a character of the control of the con | LOW | Low | | Negligible |
| | ttle tern | Sternula albifrons | Injury or mortality | | LOW | LOW | Possible/Occasional | Minor | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | LOW | LOW | | Minor |
| | ttle tern | Sternula albifrons | Loss of ecological | ļ | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | and the later of t | Negligible | Very low | | Negligible |
| | | Sternula albifrons | Light disturbances | | LOW | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | LOW | | Negligible |
| | ttle tern | Sternula albifrons | Human presence | 112-6 | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | | Rostratula benghalensis | Loss of/ reduction in | High | _ | High | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | High | High | | Negligible |
| | | Rostratula benghalensis | Injury or mortality | | | Low | Possible/Occasional | | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | | Minor |
| Construction Bird Gre | reater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Gre | reater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | Light disturbances | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Gre | reater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | Human presence | | | Medium | Almost | Major | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Bird Buf | | Ketupa ketupu | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Medium | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Medium | Medium | | Negligible |
| Construction Bird Buf | uffy fish owl | Ketupa ketupu | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | 1 | Minor |
| Construction Bird Buf | uffy fish owl | Ketupa ketupu | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| | | Ketupa ketupu | Light disturbances | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | | Ketupa ketupu | Human presence | | | Medium | Almost | | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | | Medium | | Moderate |
| | | Strix seloputo | Loss of/ reduction in | | | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Medium | Medium | | Negligible |
| | ootted wood owl | Strix seloputo | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | low | Low | | Minor |
| | ootted wood owl | Strix seloputo | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Avoid site clearance during peak bird breeding season | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | potted wood owl | | | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | | Limit lighting if night works are assential | Low | Low | | |
| | | Strix seloputo | Light disturbances | | | Medium | Almost | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | | Medium | | Negligible |
| | | Strix seloputo | Human presence | Himb | | | | | | | | | Moderate |
| | | Catopyrops ancyra | Loss of/ reduction in | nigii | | High | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | | Major |
| | ncyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Injury or mortality | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | ncyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Loss of ecological | | | High | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | | Major |
| | | Catopyrops ancyra | Light disturbances | | | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Negligible | Very low | | Negligible |
| | ncyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Human presence | | | Low | Almost | | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | | Low | | Moderate |
| Construction Butterfly For | ormosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major |
| Construction Butterfly For | ormosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Butterfly For | ormosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major |
| Construction Butterfly For | ormosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Light disturbances | | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| Construction Butterfly For | ormosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Human presence | | Low | Low | Almost | Moderate | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate |
| Construction Butterfly Ber | engal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Loss of/ reduction in | High | High | High | Almost | Major | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major |
| Construction Butterfly Ber | engal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Injury or mortality | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| | | Pelopidas agna agna | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | High | High | | Major |
| Construction Butterfly Ber | | Pelopidas agna agna | Light disturbances | | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Negligible | Very low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible |
| | engal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Human presence | | Low | Low | Almost | | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | la. | Low | 1:1 1 /p 1 | Moderate |
| | | Lutrogale perspicillata | Loss of/ reduction in | High | Low | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | mooth-coated otter | Lutrogale perspicillata | Injury or mortality | 6 | | High | Unlikely/Remote | | Passive wildlife shepherding | High | High | ,, | Negligible |
| | | Lutrogale perspicillata | Loss of ecological | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | r assive wilding strepherumg | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | | Lutroquie perspicillata | | | | | Unlikely/Remote | | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Medium | | Negligible |
| | | | Light disturbances | 1 | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | come agricing it riight works are essettlidi | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | | Lutroqale perspicillata Manis javanica | Human presence | High | | Low High | Unlikely/Remote Almost | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Low High | Low High | | Major |
| | | Manis javanica | Loss of/ reduction in | High | | | | | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | | | | |
| | | Manis javanica | Injury or mortality | | | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Passive wildlife shepherding | High | High | | Minor |
| | | Manis javanica | Loss of ecological | ļ | | High | Almost | | Phase construction of trapezoidal drain | High | High | | Major |
| | | Manis javanica | Light disturbances | | | High | Unlikely/Remote | | | High | High | | Negligible |
| | | Manis javanica | Human presence | 112-6 | | High | Almost | Major | Restrict personnel access to areas of high conservation | | High | | Major |
| | - | Macaca fascicularis | Loss of/ reduction in | High | | Medium | Possible/Occasional | | | Medium | Medium | | Minor |
| | | Macaca fascicularis | Injury or mortality | | | High | Possible/Occasional | | Road calming measures; reduce vehicle speed | High | High | | Negligible |
| | | Macaca fascicularis | Loss of ecological | | | | Possible/Occasional | Minor | | Low | Low | | Minor |
| | | Macaca fascicularis | Light disturbances | | | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Medium | | Negligible |
| | | Macaca fascicularis | Human presence | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | urasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Loss of/ reduction in | High | | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Retention of areas of high conservation value and | Medium | Medium | ,, | Minor |
| | urasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Injury or mortality | | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Road calming measures; reduce vehicle speed | High | High | | Negligible |
| | | Sus scrofa | Loss of ecological | | | Medium | Possible/Occasional | | | Medium | Medium | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | | Sus scrofa | Light disturbances | | | Medium | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | Limit lighting if night works are essential | Medium | Medium | | Negligible |
| | | Sus scrofa | Human presence | | | Low | Unlikely/Remote | Negligible | | Low | Low | | Negligible |
| | | Amyda cartilaginea | Injury or mortality | High | | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | , , | Minor |
| Operational Reptile Asi | sian softshell turtle | Amyda cartilaginea | Loss of ecological | | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | High | High | | Minor |
| | sian softshell turtle | Amyda cartilaginea | Light disturbances | | | | Likely/Regular | Major | Artificial light management | High | | | Moderate |
| | | Amyda cartilaginea | Human presence | | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | High | High | | Moderate |
| Operational Reptile Ma | | Cuora amboinensis | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | lalayan box terrapin | Cuora amboinensis | Loss of ecological | | | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Operational Reptile Ma | | Cuora amboinensis | Light disturbances | | | High | Likely/Regular | | Artificial light management | High | High | | Moderate |
| | lalayan box terrapin | Cuora amboinensis | Human presence | | | | Likely/Regular | Major | | High | High | | Moderate |
| Operational Reptile Ma | | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Injury or mortality | High | | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | | Minor |
| Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Ma | , | Coelognathus flavolineatus | Loss of ecological | | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | High | High | , , | Minor |
| OperationalReptileMaOperationalReptileMaOperationalReptileCor | | Coelognathus flavolineatus Coelognathus flavolineatus | Light disturbances | | | | Likely/Regular | | Artificial light management | High | High | | Moderate |
| Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Cor Operational Reptile Cor | | | Human presence | | | High | Likely/Regular Likely/Regular | Major | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | High | High | | Moderate |
| Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Cor Operational Reptile Cor Operational Reptile Cor | ommon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus | | + | | | | | | High | High | | |
| Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Cor | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus | | | mpH | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Bird-friendly buildings | ILIKII | ICIDALI | | |
| Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Cor | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer | Coelognathus flavolineatus Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality | High | 6 | - | | | | 0 | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Departional Reptile Ma Departional Reptile Ma Departional Reptile Cor | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer hangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality | High | | _ | | | Establish wildlife response plan | | | | |
| Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Ma Operational Reptile Cor Operational Bird Cha Operational Bird Cha | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer nangeable hawk-eagle nangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological | High | Low | | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Decrational Reptile Ma Decrational Reptile Ma Decrational Reptile Cor Decrational Bird Cha Decrational Bird Cha Decrational Bird Cha Decrational Bird Cha | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer nangeable hawk-eagle nangeable hawk-eagle nangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological Light disturbances | High | Low Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Artificial light management | Low Medium | Low Medium | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional | Minor Moderate |
| Decrational Reptile Ma Decrational Reptile Ma Decrational Reptile Cor Decrational Bird Cha | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer hangeable hawk-eagle hangeable hawk-eagle hangeable hawk-eagle hangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological | High | Low Medium Medium | Medium Medium | Likely/Regular Likely/Regular | Moderate Moderate | Artificial light management Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | Low Medium Medium | Low Medium Medium | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Minor Moderate Moderate |
| Decrational Reptile Ma Decrational Reptile Ma Decrational Reptile Cor Decrational Bird Cha | ommon Malayan racer ommon Malayan racer hangeable hawk-eagle hangeable hawk-eagle hangeable hawk-eagle hangeable hawk-eagle | Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus Nisaetus cirrhatus | Injury or mortality Loss of ecological Light disturbances | High | Low Medium Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate Moderate | Artificial light management | Low Medium | Low Medium | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Minor Moderate |



| March Marc | Phase ' | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific Name | Impact Type | Sensitivity (S) | Impact intensity (I) | Consequence (C = S × I) | Likelihood (L) | Impact significance (C L) | × Mitigation measures | Residual impact intensity | Residual consequence | Residual likelihood | Residual impact significance |
|--|-------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| State | | | | | | | | Medium | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Color Colo | | | | | | High | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Company Comp | · | | | | | High | | _ | | | | _ | 0 | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Company Comp | | | | | | | | | | | Artificial light management | | | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional | Minor Moderate |
| | - p | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Second Column Proceedings | Operational | Bird | | | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Colored Color | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Company Comp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Part | | | | | | High | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate Minor |
| Company | | | | | | nigri | | | | | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Less likely/Rare | |
| March Marc | | | | | | | 2011 | 2011 | | | Artificial light management | LOW | | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional | Minor Moderate |
| Second Part Second Sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Company Comp | | | | | | High | | | | | Bird-friendly buildings | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Marchelle Marc | Operational | Bird | Red junglefowl | Gallus gallus | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Company Comp | Operational | Bird | | | | | Medium | Medium | | Moderate | Artificial light management | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Company Comp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| Part | Operational | Bird | Blue-crowned hanging-parrot | Loriculus galgulus | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| The Content of the | | | | | | | Low | Low | | | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Processor Proc | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Company | | | | | | High | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate Minor |
| Control Cont | · | | | | | riigii | I I I | I I I | | | | I and I | i iigii | Less likely/Rare | |
| Second S | | | | | | + | LOW | LOW Medium | | | Artificial light management | LOW Medium | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor Moderate |
| Second Second Second Standard Second Sta | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Second Column | | | | | | High | | | | | Bird-friendly buildings | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | Operational | Bird | Straw-headed bulbul | Pvcnonotus zevlanicus | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | Establish whulle response plan | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Common | | | | | | | | | | | Artificial light management | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Company Comp | Operational | Bird | Straw-headed bulbul | Pycnonotus zeylanicus | Human presence | | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Procession | Operational | Bird | Red-legged crake | Rallina fasciata | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Section Sect | Operational | Bird | Red-legged crake | Rallina fasciata | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Section Part Company Section | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Section Sect | | | | | | High | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Less likely/Rare | Moderate Minor |
| Processor Proc | | | | , , | | півіі | | | <u> </u> | | Establish whome response plan | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| March Processing Process Security | | | | | | | | | | | Artificial light management | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Secretary Secr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Secretorial Bid Misselfind as asset (and) Selection becomes (mirr) ability interesting and processed and the window of the control of the con | Operational | Bird | White-bellied sea eagle (nest) | Haliaeetus leucogaster (nest) | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Section Processing Proces | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Contraction Bird Contract performs Accepted through Bird Bir | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Contention Content probability Content | | | | | | High | | | | | Bird-friendly buildings | | | Less likely/Rare | Moderate Minor |
| Description | Operational | Bird | Crested goshawk | Accipiter trivirgatus | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | Establish whulle response plan | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Communication Sect Communication Section Secti | | | Crested goshawk | | Light disturbances | | | | | Moderate | Artificial light management | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Sentimon (in a comprised file single in reference orbityments) Lest distributed in some common common (in a comprised file single in reference orbityments) Lest distributed in some common common (in a comprised file single in reference orbityments) Lest distributed in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common (in a comprised file single in some common common common common common (in a comprised file single in some common | | | | | | 111-1- | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Searcharded Brief Contractated Brief | | | · | | | High | | T- | | | Establish Wildlife response plan | | | Less likely/Rare Less likely/Rare | Minor Minor |
| Goesteron Brid Grey-based filth capie in read of consequency value in former business in read of consequency value in fight in fight in flight in | | | | | | | | 2011 | | | Artificial light management | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Gerestional Pot Cested seprent easile Splomin chericis Los of ecological Los Over Less libely/Fare Monor Anticol Special Register Control Cont | | | | | | | | | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Geset and Geset designer stage Split in schedule Split disturbances Medium | Operational | Bird | Crested serpent eagle | Spilornis cheela | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Department Dep | | | | | | | | Low | | | | Low | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Operational Seri Blue-sered kingfaher Action meintaling (hyly or mortality High High High High Popublic/Dicasional Moderate Blue-sered kingfaher (high Popublic/Dicasional Moderate Establish widling response plan (high Popublic/Dicasional | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Correstional Part de Bau-earred kingfahrer Afredo menintation (sos of exclosional print de Bau-earred kingfahrer Afredo menintation (sos of exclosional print de Bau-earred kingfahrer Afredo menintation (sos of exclosional print de Bau-earred kingfahrer Afredo menintation (sos of exclosional print de Bau-earred kingfahrer Afredo menintation (south and prints) (south and pr | | | | | | High | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Less likely/Rare | Moderate Minor |
| Operational Bird Blue-eared kingfisher Alecdo meninting Aleman (fisher Alecdo meninting Aleman (fisher Aleedo meninting Aleman (fisher Aleedo meninting Aleman (fisher Aleman (fisher Aleedo meninting Aleman (fisher | | | | _ | | , ng. 1 | _ | | · | | | | | | |
| Gerational Bird Blue-based singfabre Alexing memorithe High High High High Possible/Cocasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High High High Possible/Cocasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High High High High Possible/Cocasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High High High High High Possible/Cocasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High Hi | | | | | | + | | LOW Medium | | | Artificial light management | LOW Medium | | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional | Minor Moderate |
| Operational Bird Nudsy kingfisher Holsyon commanda Injury or mortality High High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less like Concentrational Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less like Concentrational Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Moderate Artificial light management Medium | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Dezerational Bird Buddy kingfisher folioyon coronnanda Loss of exological Low Low Loss likely/Rarc Minor Moderate Artificial light management Medium M | | | | | | High | | | | | Bird-friendly buildings | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Operational Bird Ruddy kingfisher Hollyon coronanda Light disturbances Medium Medium Operational Bird Ruddy kingfisher Hollyon coronanda Human presence High High High Possible Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less like Conservation High High Less like Regular Moderate Sird-friendly buildings High High Less like Conservational Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less like Less likely/Regular Moderate Sird-friendly buildings Less likely/Regular Moderate Sird-friendly buildings Less likely/Regular Moderate Less likely/Regular Less likely/Regular Moderate Less likely/Regular Less likely/Regular Moderate Less likely/Regu | Operational | Bird | Ruddy kingfisher | Halcyon coromanda | Loss of ecological | 1 | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | and the second points of the s | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Questional Bird Chinese egret Egreta culophotes Injury or mortality Righ High High Possible / Consolinal Righ High High Righ Righ High Righ | Operational | Bird | Ruddy kingfisher | | | | | | Likely/Regular | Moderate | | 2011 | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Operational Bird Chinese egret Egrette gulophotes Loss of ecological Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Rarear Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Medium Destible District Report Egrette gulophotes Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Limit human activities in areas of conservation value Medium Medium Destible District Programment and the process of the programment of t | | | | Halcyon coromanda | | High | | | Likely/Regular | Major | | | High | Possible/Occasional Less likely/Rare | Moderate Minor |
| Operational Bird Chinese egret Foretta eulophotes Lithic Islumbanese Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Attificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Injury or mortality High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Stabilish wildlife response plan Low Low Less likely/Rare Minor Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Lithic Regular Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Lithic Regular Medium Possible Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Lithic Regular Medium Possible Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Lithic Regular Medium Possible Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Human presence Negligible Very low Likely/Regular Minor Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Human presence Negligible Very low Likely/Regular Minor Operational Bird Oriental pile hornbill Anthracoccess albirostris Human presence Negligible Very low Likely/Regular Minor Operational Bird Red-wattled lapwing Vanellus indicus Loss (Low Low Low Low Low Less (likely/Rare Minor Low Low Low Low Low Low Less (likely/Rare Minor Low Low Low Low Low Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Red-wattled lapwing Vanellus indicus Light distributances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Low Low Low Low Likely/Regular Moderate Lithic Regular Moderate Lithic Regular Moderate Lithic Regular Moderate Lithic Regular | | | | | | | | | ļ | | Establish wildlife response plan | | | | |
| Operational Bird Chinese egret Earette eulophotes Human presence Medium | | | | | | _ | | | | | A 200 1 10 10 | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Operational Bird Oriental pied hornbill Anthracoceros albirostris Injury or mortality High High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Establish wildlifer esponse plan Low Low Low Less likely/Rare Minor Low Low Less likely/Rare Minor Anthracoceros albirostris Lisht disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Medium Medium Likely/Regular Minor Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Medium Likely/Regular Minor Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Medium Medium Medium Medium Medium Likely/Regular Minor Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Moderate Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Moderate Moderate Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Moderate Moderat | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Possible/Occasional | Moderate Moderate |
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| Operational Bird Oriental pied hornbill Anthracoceros albirostris Human presence Negligible Very low Likely/IRegular Minor Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High High Less like Upon Less likely (Injury or mortality High High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less likely (Injury or mortality High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less likely (Injury or mortality High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Loss of ecological Low Less likely/IRegular Minor Artificial light management Low Low Less likely/IRegular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible (Operational Bird Red-wattled lapwing Vanellus indicus Human presence High High High Dossible (Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Injury or mortality High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High High Less likely/IRegular Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Establish wildlife response plan Low Low Less likely/IRegular Moderate Directional Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/IRegular Moderate Artificial light management Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Directional Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/IRegular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Directional Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Human presence High High High High High High High High | Operational | Bird | Oriental pied hornbill | Anthracoceros albirostris | Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Artificial light management | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Operational Bird Red-wattled lapwing Vanellus indicus Loss of ecological Low Low Less likely/Rare Minor Medium Ukely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Red-wattled lapwing Vanellus indicus Human presence High High High Possible/Occasional Bird Red-wattled lapwing Vanellus indicus Human presence High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings Establish wildlife response plan Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Loss of ecological Low Low Less likely/Rare Minor Medium Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances High High Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Human presence High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High Medium Possible Operational Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High Possible Operational Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Human presence High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High Possible Operational Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Human presence High High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High Likely/Regular Major | | | | | | 1 | | | Likely/Regular | Minor | 8: 16: 11.1.11 | | | Likely/Regular | Minor |
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| Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Loss of ecological Low Low Less likely/Rare Minor Artificial light management Low Low Less likely/Rare Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Human presence High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High Possible/Occasional Operational Bird Violet cuckoo Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus Injury or mortality High High High High High High High Less likely/Regular Operational Bird Violet cuckoo Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus Injury or mortality High High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friend activities in areas of conservation value High High Less likely/Regular Wolera | | | | | | High | | | | | Bird-friendly buildings | | | Possible/Occasional Less likely/Rare | Moderate Minor |
| Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Light disturbances Medium Medium Likely/Regular Moderate Artificial light management Medium Medium Possible Operational Bird Rusty-breasted cuckoo Cacomantis sepulcralis Human presence High High Likely/Regular Major Limit human activities in areas of conservation value High High Possible Operational Bird Violet cuckoo Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus Injury or mortality High High High Moderate Moderate Bird-friendly oblidings High High Less lik Less lik Establish wildlife response plan Establish wildlife response plan High | Operational | Bird | Rusty-breasted cuckoo | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Loss of ecological | <u> </u> | Low | Low | | Minor | Establish wildlife response plan | Low | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| Operational Bird Violet cuckoo Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus Injury or mortality High High Possible/Occasional Moderate Bird-friendly buildings High High Less lik | Operational | Bird | Rusty-breasted cuckoo | Cacomantis sepulcralis | Light disturbances | | Medium | | Likely/Regular | Moderate | | | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| Establish wildlife response plan | | | | | | High | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional Less likely/Rare | Moderate Minor |
| TO DE LEGIO TOTAL DE LA TRIDICE COCUMO TOTAL SOCIOLOS AND TOTAL DE LEGIONAL DE LA TOM | · | | | | | | | | | | | | | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | | | | | | 1 | 2011 | 2011 | | | Artificial light management | 2011 | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |



| ase | Taxon | Common Name | Scientific Name | Impact Type | Sensitivity (S) | Impact intensity (I) | Consequence (C = S × I) | Likelihood (L) | Impact significance (C × L) | Mitigation measures | Residual impact intensity | Residual consequence | Residual likelihood | Residual impac |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| erational | Bird | Little tern | Sternula albifrons | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Bird-friendly buildings Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| erational | Direct. | Little tern | Channella alleifeana | | | low | 1 | 1 lili-li /D | Minor | Establish whome response plan | 1 | 1 | 1 lill-/P | Minor |
| rational | Bird | Little tern | Sternula albifrons Sternula albifrons | Loss of ecological Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Less likely/Rare Likely/Regular | Moderate | Artificial light management | Low | Medium | Less likely/Rare Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Bird | Little tern | Sternula albifrons | Human presence | | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| rational | Bird | Greater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Bird-friendly buildings | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | ыи | Greater painteu-snipe | Rostratula bengnalensis | Injury or mortality | півп | nigii | riigii | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | nigii | nigii | Less likely/kare | WIIIIOI |
| ational | Bird | Greater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Bird | Greater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | Light disturbances | | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major | Artificial light management | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Bird | Greater painted-snipe | Rostratula benghalensis | Human presence | | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Bird | Buffy fish owl | Ketupa ketupu | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Bird-friendly buildings Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Dival | Buffy fish owl | Ketupa ketupu | Loss of ecological | | Laur | Low | Less likely/Dere | Minor | Establish whome response plan | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Bird | | | | | Low High | High | Less likely/Rare | | A . k : 61 - 1 - 1 11 - h A | LOW | High | | |
| tional | Bird | Buffy fish owl | Ketupa ketupu | Light disturbances | | | 111511 | Likely/Regular | Major | Artificial light management | High | | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Bird | Buffy fish owl | Ketupa ketupu | Human presence | 10-6 | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Bird | Spotted wood owl | Strix seloputo | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Bird-friendly buildings Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Bird | Spotted wood owl | Strix seloputo | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | Establish Whalle response plan | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Bird | Spotted wood owl | Strix seloputo | Light disturbances | | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major | Artificial light management | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Bird | Spotted wood owl | Strix seloputo | Human presence | | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Butterfly | Ancyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Injury or mortality | High | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit use of pesticides within agricultural areas and | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor |
| ational | Butterny | Alicyla blue | ситоругорз инсуги | injury or mortality | i iigii | LOW | LOW | Likely/Negulai | Woderate | prevent spillover into natural areas | LOW | LOW | r ossible/ occasional | |
| ational | Butterfly | Ancyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Loss of ecological | | Negligible | Very low | Less likely/Rare | Negligible | | Negligible | Very low | Less likely/Rare | Negligible |
| ational | Butterfly | Ancyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Light disturbances | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | Artificial light management | Negligible | Very low | Possible/Occasional | Minor |
| ational | Butterfly | Ancyra blue | Catopyrops ancyra | Human presence | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| ational | Butterfly | Formosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Injury or mortality | High | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit use of pesticides within agricultural areas and prevent spillover into natural areas | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor |
| ational | Butterfly | Formosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Loss of ecological | | Negligible | Very low | Less likely/Rare | Negligible | prevent spinover into natarararareas | Negligible | Very low | Less likely/Rare | Negligible |
| rational | Butterfly | Formosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Light disturbances | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | Artificial light management | Negligible | Very low | Possible/Occasional | Minor |
| ational | Butterfly | Formosan swift | Borbo cinnara | Human presence | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | Artificial light management | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| ational | Butterfly | Bengal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Injury or mortality | High | Low | Low | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Limit use of pesticides within agricultural areas and | Low | Low | Possible/Occasional | Minor |
| | | | | | | | | | | prevent spillover into natural areas | | | | |
| rational | Butterfly | Bengal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Loss of ecological | | Negligible | Very low | Less likely/Rare | Negligible | | Negligible | Very low | Less likely/Rare | Negligible |
| ational | Butterfly | Bengal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Light disturbances | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | Artificial light management | Negligible | Very low | Possible/Occasional | Minor |
| ational | Butterfly | Bengal swift | Pelopidas agna agna | Human presence | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Smooth-coated otter | Lutrogale perspicillata | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Smooth-coated otter | Lutrogale perspicillata | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Smooth-coated otter | Lutrogale perspicillata | Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Artificial light management | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Mammal | Smooth-coated otter | Lutrogale perspicillata | Human presence | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Sunda pangolin | Manis javanica | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Sunda pangolin | Manis javanica | Loss of ecological | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor | | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Sunda pangolin | Manis javanica | Light disturbances | | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major | Artificial light management | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Mammal | Sunda pangolin | Manis javanica | Human presence | | High | High | Likely/Regular | Major | Limit human activities in areas of conservation value | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Mammal | Long-tailed macaque | Macaca fascicularis | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Building designs to prevent human-wildlife conflict Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Long-tailed macaque | Macaca fascicularis | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor | Establish whome response plan | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Long-tailed macaque | Macaca fascicularis | Light disturbances | - | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Artificial light management | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |
| ational | Mammal | Long-tailed macaque | | | _ | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor | Artificial fight Management | Negligible | Very low | Likely/Regular | Minor |
| ational | Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Macaca fascicularis Sus scrofa | Injury or mortality | High | High | High | Possible/Occasional | Moderate | Building designs to prevent human-wildlife conflict Establish wildlife response plan | High | High | Less likely/Rare | Minor |
| | NA | Eurasian wild boar | Successfa | Loss of ecological | | Low | Low | Localikoly/Para | Minor | Locabilon winding response plan | Low | Low | Localikoly/Paro | Minor |
| ational | | | Sus scrofa | ILUSS OF ECOLOGICAL | 1 | Low | Low | Less likely/Rare | TOTTIEVE | | Low | LOW | Less likely/Rare | ΙνιιτιοΓ |
| erational erational | Mammal Mammal | Eurasian wild boar | Sus scrofa | Light disturbances | | Medium | Medium | Likely/Regular | Moderate | Artificial light management | Medium | Medium | Possible/Occasional | Moderate |



APPENDIX G

Design Phase Guidelines



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Bird-friendly buildings | Bird-building collisions occur when birds fail to perceive glass as a barrier due to reflection of sky, trees, or flyway on the glass surface, resulting in bird-building collisions. Mitigation measures will aim to increase the visibility of glass surfaces, regardless of building typology, in order to reduce the number of incidences of bird-building collisions. | Design phase | Increase visibility of glass surfaces (including mirrored and non-mirrored reflective glass, and transparent glass) Incorporate features that increase the visibility of glass or dampen reflections to reduce the appearance of clear passage to sky or vegetation. Break up reflections on glass façade by installing a decorative cladding. Use decals or patterns can be used to increase the visibility of the glass. Avoid interior or exterior vegetation near windows as birds may confuse this with exterior vegetation and | Features to increase the visibility of glass surfaces include: Applying film coating (e.g., CollidEscape; http://www.collidescape.org) to glass surfaces. Installing angled glass or designing fenestration patterns on the building. Installing interior or exterior shades, grilles, sunshades, screens, blinds and/or netting over glass surfaces. Applying visible visual markers, such as decals or patterns, to glass surfaces to increase the visibility of glass: A pattern density of 10 cm by 10 cm or less; Visual markers to be at least 5 mm in diameter; Visual markers should be high contrast; and Visual markers should be placed on exterior surfaces as it is the most effective for deterring bird collisions. |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | | | | fly towards them. Especially for façades facing natural vegetation, shades or netting should be installed near the glass to prevent birds from crashing into it. Buildings should not have courtyards or corridors that are enclosed by glass as these may confuse birds to fly through. Where balconies are planned, increase the visibility of glass & dampen reflections to reduce the appearance of clear passage to sky or vegetation. Balconies to have a width-to-height ratio of 1 to block sunrays. | Fenestration patterns on a building. Image source: mccoymart.com Angled glass façade. Image source: wfmmedia.com Exterior shades on a building. Visible visual markers. Figure 63: Examples of features to increase the visibility of glass surfaces |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | Use louvres to provide shade without extending balcony width. Use railings made of metal or other opaque materials. | Louvres and railings on a balcony. Image source: keathongglass.com Figure 64: Example of louvres and railings to be used for balconies |
| 2 | Artificial light management | Ecological light pollution affects foraging, reproduction, migration, and communication of wildlife. Mitigation measures will aim to: Reduce lighting in areas of high conservation value | Design phase | Reduce lighting in areas of high conservation value Ensure that there is no lighting within areas of high conservation value. Where possible, establish a lighting buffer zone to screen areas of high conservation value from light spillage from | Zone A Conserved zone Lighting buffer zone Lighting buffer zone Lighting buffer zone Lighting buffer zone Development edge or transition zone Habitat may include watercourses, woodund and hedgerows etc. Absence of afficial filturinance limits to be imposed. Stirct filturinance limits to be imposed. Stirct glaurinance limits to be imposed. Light management This zone may be subject to sensitive legistry design to advise targets in adjoined zones. Lowest illuminance limits. |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| | | Use lighting appropriate to the objectives | | the development; if a lighting buffer zone is not possible, minimise illuminance in the transition zone between the areas of high conservation value and urban areas. Permanent artificial lightings should be directed away from the areas of high conservation value. | |
| | | | | Use lighting appropriate to the objectives Optimise the placement of lights to minimize light spill, i.e., the light that falls outside of the area intended to be lit. Light only the object or area intended and keep lights close to the ground, directed and | Figure 66: Example of lighting for walkways |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | shielded to avoid light spill. Use adaptive light controls, such as smart controlled LED lights, to manage light timing, intensity and colour. The use of lights should be minimized during hours just before dawn and after dusk when crepuscular and nocturnal animals are the most active. Applicable to both indoor and outdoor lighting. Optimise the placement of lights to minimize light spill, i.e., the light that falls outside of the | Unacceptable / Discouraged Places to design to produce give on single services Places to design to the service of the servic |
| | | | | area intended to be lit. Light only the object or area intended and keep lights close to the | Have non-reflective, dark-coloured surfaces around the development. Light reflected from highly polished, shiny or light-coloured surfaces such as white painted infrastructure, polished marble or white sand can contribute to sky glow. In |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | | ground, directed and shielded to avoid light. Existing lights can be modified by installing a shield. Ensure the luminaire is mounted horizontally (no upward tilt) relative to the ground and not at an angle, or mounted on a building so that the structure prevents the light shining above the horizontal plane, for example recess a light into an overhanging roof eave. Use luminaires with an upward light ratio of 0%. When determining angle | considering surface reflectance, the need to view the surface should be taken into consideration as darker surfaces will require more light to be visible. Use lights with reduced or filtered blue, violet and ultraviolet wavelengths, as most wildlife is sensitive to short wavelength (blue/violet) light Lights with little or no short wavelength (400–500 nm) violet or blue light should be used to avoid unintended effects; and Consideration should be given to the spectral characteristics (spectral power distribution curve) of the lighting to ensure short wavelength (400–500 nm) light is minimised. Warm colour temperature light sources to be employed preferably at <2,700 Kelvin (K). Use lights that filter out wavelengths in the UV range, as humans are not able to perceive them, but wildlife such as bats are able to perceive and be affected by them. |



| No. Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | | of the mounting, consideration should be given to the reflective properties of the receiving environment. | |
| | | | If an unshielded fitting is to be used, consideration should be given to the direction of the light and the need for some form of permanent physical opaque barrier that will provide the shielding requirement. This can be a cover or part of a building. Care should be taken to also shield adjacent surfaces, if they are lightly coloured, to | |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | | | | reflected light from adding to sky glow. Reduce the height of light units to keep light as close to the ground as possible and reduce the volume of illuminated space. This allows nocturnal fauna, such as bats, to fly over the light units in the dark area above the light. Configure the location, orientation and height of structures to minimize light spill on key habitats and features. Buildings, walls and | |
| | | | | hardscapes may be sited and designed to block light spill | |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | | | from reaching habitats. | |
| | | | | Taller buildings may be best located towards the centre of the site or sufficiently set back from key habitats to minimise light spill. Streetlights can be located so that the rear shields are adjacent to habitats thereby directing light into the task area where needed. | |
| | | | | Screening of light spills or light trespass through soft landscaping and installation of walls, fences and bunding. Fencing can also be overplanted with climbers to soften its | |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | appearance and provide a vegetated feature for fauna. While newly planted vegetation (trees, shrubs and scrub) is unlikely to adequately contribute to light attenuation on key habitats for a number of years until it is well established, it should never be relied on as the sole means of attenuating light spill. Use wildlife-friendly light properties or features. | |
| 3 | Human- wildlife conflict management | Human-wildlife conflicts (HWC) occur when there are negative interactions between humans and wildlife (e.g., injury to humans due to wildlife). | Design phase | Reduce wildlife access to anthropogenic food sources Situate food and beverage establishments in the development on the lower floors indoors | Reduce wildlife access to anthropogenic food sources |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| | | HWC may be exacerbated when anthropogenic food sources (e.g., waste) are easily accessible, as they attract wildlife into proximity with humans, and increase the likelihood of negative interactions. | | Ensure proper waste management via: For all bins situated outdoors, use wildlife-proof bins Enclose waste management centres | Figure 68: Example of wildlife-proof bins |
| | | Mitigation measures will aim to: Reduce wildlife access to anthropogenic food sources. Restrict wildlife access into buildings. Increase awareness on human-wildlife conflict. | | Restrict wildlife access into buildings Where possible, maintain a 6 m buffer between trees and building façade to prevent wildlife access into buildings If facilities require perimeter fencing, oneway trap doors facing the natural vegetation are recommended to be included to allow for fauna to exit the facility safely | Figure 69: Example of one-way trap door |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | | | Design controlled openings into buildings to ensure wildlife do not enter buildings | |
| | | | | Structural elements on ground floors (e.g., pillars) to be smooth, and to be >75 cm (larger than arm span of long-tailed macaques) to prevent fauna from climbing these features Between ground floors and upper floors, to include a cantilever of at least 75 cm to prevent climbing and scaling fauna (primarily targeted at long-tailed macaques) from accessing upper levels | |
| | | | | Increase awareness on human-wildlife conflict | |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | Educate tenants and members of public against food provisioning to wildlife using educational signages | DO NOT FEED THE MONKEYS If alters their natural behaviour and makes them aggressive to humans Offenders will be Prosecuted Figure 70: Example of educational signboard |
| 4 | Road calming measures | Traffic-related wildlife mortality can occur when roadway users are unaware that wildlife are using roadways as well. Mitigation measures will aim to increase the awareness of roadway users of wildlife. | Design phase | Limit the maximum speed within the development and install road-calming measures (e.g., speed bumps) within the development to reduce chances of collision Install wildlife crossing signages reminding | Figure 71: Example of speed bumps |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| | | | | drivers to look out for wildlife | Figure 72: Example of wildlife crossing signage |
| 5 | Dual usage of space (skyrise greenery) | Spaces allocated for human usage can also benefit wildlife if they are designed using ecological concepts. One example of this is by incorporating skyrise greenery into the building design. Measures recommended will aim to allows both humans and wildlife to utilise the space whilst minimizing conflict. | Design phase | Incorporate biodiversity attracting plants no more than 50 m from the ground Include naturalised ponds with gentle edges to allow fauna to interact with the water Zoning skyrise greenery, by allocating a "human zone" situated away from the "biodiversity zone" to limit disturbance | |



| No. | Mitigation Objective | Overarching Principle | Timing of Mitigation Measures | Mitigation Measure | General Best Practices |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | | | | caused by human activities Optimise exposure of roof gardens, as exposed greenery attract more biodiversity Having larger planted areas to attract more biodiversity Judicious maintenance of greenery by including naturalised wildflower zones where maintenance is kept infrequent and light Incorporate a more diverse planting palette and vegetation structure, to attract more biodiversity; the planting palette should include bird nectar and fruit plants, butterfly nectar and host plants. | Figure 73: Example of skyline greenery at Khoo Teck Puat Hospital (Source: WorldArchitectureNews.com) |



APPENDIX H

Mitigation Measures Beyond Project Scope



Recommendation by Consultants

Description

Developer's Reason/s for Not Implementing

Vehicle flyover with retaining walls structures possibly over Sungei Pang Sua Given the sensitivity of the unlined earth drain and its buffer zones, the vehicle flyover should consider swapping its current retaining wall structures to columns for support instead (**Figure G-2**). These columns should be designed such that there will be no construction works within 10 m from the water edge (**Figure G-1**) and should span the width of the unlined earth drain and Sungei Pang Sua.

These recommendations are out of JTC's current Project scope and boundary. Recommendation is subject to discussion by the developer with the relevant agencies.

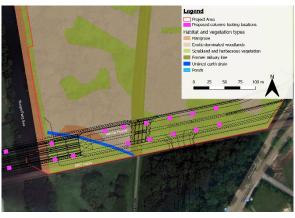


Figure G-1. Proposed columns footing locations to support vehicle flyover



Figure G-2. Example for usage of columns to support vehicle flyover (Seletar Expressway) to avoid unlined earth drain at Springleaf

| Recommendation by Consultants | Description | Developer's Reason/s for Not Implementing |
|---|--|---|
| Linear park along the edge of Sungei Pang Sua | The linear park is planned to be a 15m-wide park right next to the mangrove along Sungei Pang Sua. The linear park will invite high human activity as well as the need for artificial lighting which has negative impacts on the nocturnal and crepuscular fauna utilizing the mangrove. It is recommended that the public usage of the park be limited to daylight hours to minimise disturbance to fauna utilising the site. Where necessary, artificial light management strategies outlined in can also be adopted during the design of the linear park. | These recommendations are out of JTC's current Project scope and boundary. Recommendation is subject to discussion by the developer with the relevant agencies. |

APPENDIX I

Wildlife Incident Form



Wildlife Incident Form

| Date (YYYY/MM/DD): | Time: | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Description of Location: | GPS Coordinates: | | | | | | |
| Wildlife Observed: | Condition of Animal (e.g., alive, injured, dead, etc.): | | | | | | |
| | Animal Activity (e.g., moving, trapped, etc.): | | | | | | |
| Photographs Taken (Yes or No): | | | | | | | |
| Describe Incident (e.g., activities being cainvolved): | Describe Incident (e.g., activities being carried out; what animal was doing; personnel involved): | | | | | | |
| Actions Taken: | | | | | | | |
| Reported by: | Reported to: | | | | | | |
| Contact #: | Contact #: | | | | | | |
| Remarks & Photos: | | | | | | | |

APPENDIX J

Native Planting Palette



| chum speciosum a longiloba aquatica a angustifolia a angustiloba teris evecta elliptica a graminifolia fum longissimum fum nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa cpa longifolia (Continum longisolia) | Common Common | Herb Herb |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|
| a longiloba aquatica a angustifolia a angustiloba teris evecta elliptica a graminifolia fum longissimum fum nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa rpa longifolia | Common | Herb |
| aquatica (Canangustifolia (Canangustiloba (Can | | |
| a angustifolia c angustiloba teris evecta elliptica c a graminifolia fum longissimum fum nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa c pa longifolia c angustiloba c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c | | Herb |
| a angustiloba teris evecta elliptica a graminifolia fum longissimum fum nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa rpa longifolia (Control of the control | Critically endangered | Herb |
| teris evecta elliptica el graminifolia fum longissimum fum nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa rpa longifolia | Common | Tree |
| elliptica a graminifolia ium longissimum ium nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa rpa longifolia E | Common | Tree |
| tum longissimum tum nidus tonia asiatica tonia racemosa tpa longifolia Caraminifolia | Vulnerable | Herb |
| tum longissimum (tum nidus (tonia asiatica (tonia racemosa (rpa longifolia (E | Endangered | Tree |
| tonia asiatica tonia racemosa rpa longifolia C | Common | Herb |
| tonia asiatica Continua de Continua racemosa Continua de Continua | Common | Epiphyte |
| tonia racemosa C rpa longifolia E | Common | Epiphyte |
| rpa longifolia E | Critically endangered | Tree |
| , • | Critically endangered | Tree |
| yllum inophyllum (| Endangered | Shrub |
| | Critically endangered | Tree |
| brachiata E | Endangered | Tree |
| a mitis C | Common | Tree |
| neca lappacea (| Critically endangered | Herb |
| a odollam \ | Vulnerable | Tree |
| repens | Critically endangered | Climber |
| nthus sumatranus | Vulnerable | Tree |
| endrum laevifolium (| Common | Tree |
| speciosus (| Common | Herb |
| vlum cochinchinense E | Endangered | Tree |
| vlum formosum E | Endangered | Tree |
| a latebrosa \ | Vulnerable | Tree |
| etra ramiflora (| Critically endangered | Tree |
| nyllum fragrans (| Common | Tree |
| a denticulata (| Common | Epiphyte |
| suffruticosa | Common | Shrub |
| ros buxifolia \ | Vulnerable | Tree |
| ndrone spathacea (| Critically endangered | Tree |
| arpus mastersii (| Common | Tree |
| stulosa (| Common | 1166 |



| Scientific name | National Conservation Status | Habit |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------|
| Garcinia hombroniana | Endangered | Tree |
| Gnetum gnemon | Critically endangered | Tree |
| Horsfieldia irya | Critically endangered | Tree |
| llex cymosa | Common | Tree |
| Ipomoea pes-caprae | Common | Climber |
| Ixora congesta | Common | Shrub |
| Leea indica | Common | Tree |
| Mallotus paniculatus | Common | Tree |
| Maranthes corymbosa | Endangered | Tree |
| Melastoma malabathricum | Common | Shrub |
| Memecylon caeruleum | Critically endangered | Tree |
| Memecylon pauciflorum | Extinct | Tree |
| Morinda citrifolia | | Tree |
| Palaquium obovatum | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Parkia speciosa | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Peltophorum pterocarpum | Critically endangered | Tree |
| Pouteria obovata | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Rapanea porteriana | Vulnerable | Shrub |
| Sandoricum koetjape | Endangered | Tree |
| Spathoglottis plicata | Common | Herb |
| Sterculia cordata | Critically endangered | Tree |
| Sterculia parvifolia | Critically endangered | Tree |
| Sterculia rubiginosa | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Streblus elongatus | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Suregada multiflora | Critically endangered | Shrub |
| Syzygium glaucum | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Syzygium myrtifolium | Extinct | Tree |
| Syzygium polyanthum | Vulnerable | Tree |
| Tarenna odorata | Critically endangered | Shrub |
| Tristaniopsis obovata | Critically endangered | Tree |
| Tristaniopsis whiteana | Endangered | Tree |
| Tristellateia australasiae | Endangered | Climber |



APPENDIX K

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