# Eco-Friendly Native Plant of the Month

#### JANUARY 2018

### NC NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY

#### REEDY CREEK NATURE PRESERVE



# Hexastylis arifolia Heartleaf-Ginger

### Find the piggies!

If you are playing plant-hide-andseek with young friends, there is no better plant than Heartleaf-Ginger. The brown flowers are hidden beneath the leaves in spring and often called little piggies or little brown jugs. You will need to peek under the leaves. Seeds are rarely seen and believed to be dispersed by ants. The glossy mottled leaves

stand out from other woodland ground covering plants, and from the leafy mulch and shrubs found in most woodland gardens.

Heartleaf-Ginger is a slow growing and clumping plant that typically grows 6-12 inches tall. Found in dry to moist woodlands, and typically acid soils, Heartleaf-Ginger can withstand drought once established.

> UNC Charlotte BOTANICAL

> > GARDENS

### **Use to Replace Ivy**

*Hexastylis arifolia* can be used as an attractive evergreen woodland perennial. However, because it is relatively slow growing, it is best mixed with other low woodland species such as Christmas Fern, Lady Fern, Green-and-Gold, Atamasco Lily, and spring ephemerals such as Bloodroot and Foam Flower. It looks

# Nestled in the leaf mulch...

SOC

As a woodland plant, Heartleaf-Ginger thrives among leaf litter, providing a multitude of garden eco-benefits:

- Soil holding ability on steep slopes with its deep spreading roots
  Weed control
- Weed control as the evergreen leafy clumps spread
  Spongey material
- Spongey material to soak up rain water against drought
  Habitat for the solution of the solut
- Habitat for small fungus gnats and other tinv animals

Ι

F.

nice under woodland trees and shrubs such as Azaleas, Sourwood, and Mountain Laurel, providing a layered effect that is visually appealing. The deciduous native Wild Ginger *Asarum canadense*, is in a separate genus, but the two are often confused. Wild Ginger is a more vigorous spreader and Heartleaf-Ginger is an evergreen clumper, (but there are spreading forms).

## **Medicinal Uses**

You may have wondered about the common name, "Ginger." According to research early American settlers noticed how Native Americans used the Gingers as flavoring, and also noticed the mild ginger-like smell, hence the name. There is some evidence that these plants have also been used medicinally.

For more Eco and Bird Friendly pages visit: <u>ncwildflower.org</u> <u>ncnpssouthernpiedmont.wordpress.com</u> ©2018 North Carolina Native Plant Society

