

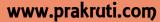
CINNAMOMUM CASSIA



The plant *Cinnamon cassia Blume* is commonly known as Chinese cinnamon. Mostly its bark and leaves are used in medicine. C. cassia is safe when used in small amounts as in foods and medicinal doses. The whole plant is medicinally important in Indian traditional system of medicine, particularly in Ayurveda ^[1].

Phytoconstituents: It contains about 1–2% of volatile oil called cassia oil. The primary constituents of the essential oil are 65–80% cinnamaldehyde and less amount of eugenol. It also contains mucilage, starch and tannins ^[2].

Cinnamaldehyde





Medicinal Uses:

Cinnamon is used as an aromatic spice. Bark is used for its carminative, stomachic, diarrhea and antibacterial properties. Research has focused on different pharmacological activities, such as anti-inflammatory, antioxidant, hepatoprotective activities, of C. cassia Blume [1].

Grades Available: 12% Polyphenols

Specifications:

Botanical/Scientific name	Cinnamomum cassia blum
Identification	UV
Heavy metal	Not more than 20 ppm
Arsenic	Not more than 1 ppm
Lead	Not more than 3 ppm
Microbiological profile	As per JPN Food Regulation

Reference:

- 1. Bansode: "A review on pharmacological activities of *Cinnamomum cassia blume*" International Journal of Green Pharmacy April-June 2012
- 2. Trease GE, Evans WC. Trease & Evans' Pharmacognosy. 13th ed. London: Bailliére Tindall; 1989.

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