CITY OF SAN DIEGO VOUCHER SHEET

Species: Ophelina sp. SD 1 Authority: [fide Rowe, 1995] Common Synonyms:

This may be synonymous with Ophelina breviata (Ehlers, 1913)-see comments

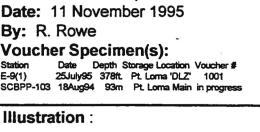
Characters (used in lab to confirm ID):

- 1. Ventral groove present along entire body
- 2. Branchiae present beginning on setiger 2 and continuing to setiger 27 (some may be missing)
- 3. 32 total setigers

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- 4. No lateral eyespots
- 5. Proboscis fringed (similar to figure of *O.pallida* in Hartman, 1969)
- 6. Large 'nuchal organs' just anterior to first setae
- Anal tube approximately as long as last 5 setigers, opens terminally with approximately 8 evenly spaced short and two 3X longer (ventral) cirri (Longer cirrus broken off in one specimen)
- 8. All setae are long thin capillaries, approximately 10 per fascicle, some notosetae much longer on posterior setigers

Full Description :



Dorsum

Taxa: Annelida: Opheliidae



Anal tube- Ophelina sp. SD 1 Lateral view

(Original drawing)

(from Hartman, 1969 as Ammotrypane aulogaster)

Related Species (include character differences):

- O. acuminata- Has open anal scoop, opening consists of a ventral slit lined with short cirri, proboscis is smooth
- O. pallida- Has no anal tube-like structure
- O. breviata- See comments below

Comments: The specimens of *O. sp. SD 1* fit the gross description in Hobson, 1977 and Hobson & Banse, 1981 for *O. breviata* (Ehlers). Pettibone, 1954 page 295 describes *O. breviata* with "proboscis saclike, smooth". A thorough description of *O. breviata* has not been found and specimens need to be compared to *O. sp. SD 1*. Specimens of *O. sp. SD 1* in S. Cal. Bight Pilot Project (Stations 103, 753, & 245) were reported as *Ophelina sp.*

References: Hobson, K.D. 1977. Notes on benthic sedentariate polychaeta from British Columbia and Washington. Syesis 9:135-142.

Hobson, K.D. & K. Banse. 1981. Sedentariate and archiannelid polychaetes of British Columbia and Washington. Can. Bull. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 209:144.

Pettibone, M.H. 1954 Marine polychaete worms from Point Barrow, Alaska with additional records from the north Atlantic and north Pacific. Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. 103(3324):203-356.