### History of the Australian wool industry

Mr Barry White

CEO, International Fibre Centre



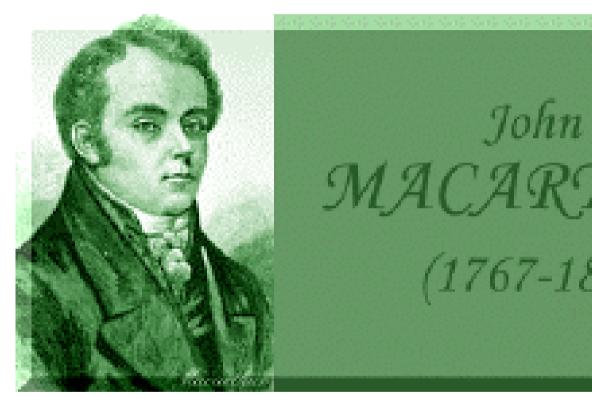












John MACARTHUR (1767-1834)

- First fine-wool Spanish Merinos arrive in 1797 from the Cape of Good Hope.
- Selective breeding starts with John Macarthur and the Rev. Samuel Marsden.
- Governor George King first to recognise the market potential with setting up of a textile mill in Parramatta.
- First auction of Australian wool at Garraway's coffee house in London in 1821 - brought \$2.27 per kilogram.



- In 1814 the Rev. Marsden argued: 'We must have an export or the settlement will never prosper and this (wool) promises to be the first'.
- Half of the total national production of 30 tonnes was used by the Parramatta mill; the balance was exported to England.
- 1820s saw the push of the grazing industry over the Blue Mountains and destruction of Aboriginal hunting grounds.

- Deterioration of English wool quality and import duties on German wool provided a major increase in demand from the Yorkshire mills.
- English government fostered development of fine wool in Australia, imposing a duty of only a 1d per lb compared with 5d per lb for foreign wools, but this advantage was reversed in 1825. German imports into England increased from 7% to 66% of the total and threatened to destroy the Australian industry. Australia concentrated on very fine wool as a consequence.

- Wool auctions began in the 1840s but the bulk was sold on the London market throughout the 19th century.
- In the 1850s the Chirnsides established Werribee Park with 125,000 sheep and 267,000 acres. Thomas Austin introduced the rabbit!

- In 1870 Australia became the world's largest wool producer.
- In 1872 Europe and Australia were linked by cable enabling wool users and traders to deal more directly.
- In 1874 wool was shipped to Japan and in the following year a shipment was sent to Shanghai. The possibility of opening mills in China was considered and a Use More Wool campaign was introduced in 1885 in the face of competition from cotton.

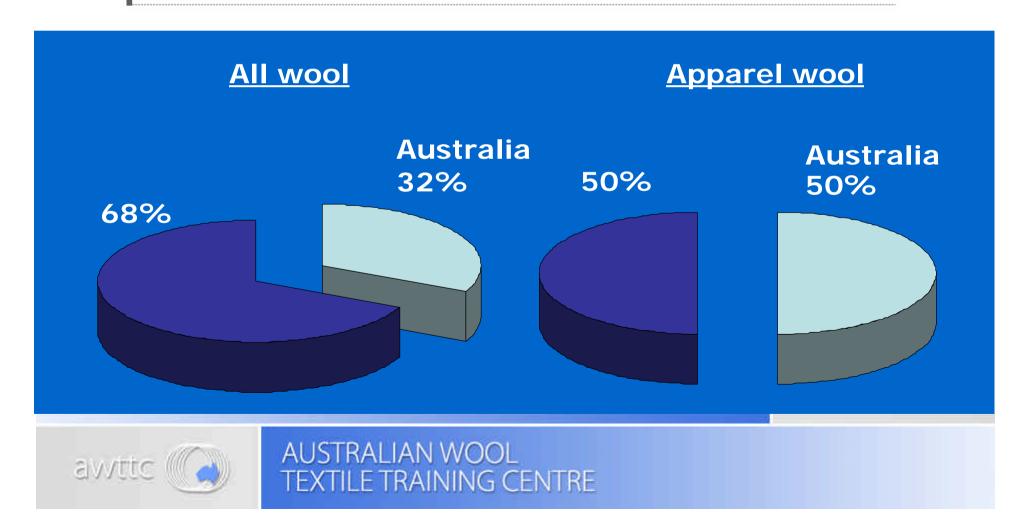
- Shearers' Union formed in 1885 as a forerunner to the Australian Workers Union and the Australian Labor Party.
- Confrontation between shearers and pastoralists.
- By 1925 Britain was the largest buyer with 44%, and Japan and the US each bought around 10%. Other major markets were France, Germany, Italy and Belgium.

- In 1931 Australia, New Zealand and South Africa decided to jointly fund international promotion. It took five years to agree to funding based on a tax of 6d a bale.
- In 1936 the International Wool Secretariat (IWS), representing wool growers in the main exporting countries of Australia, New Zealand, South Africa (and later, Uruguay) was formed.
- The Woolmark was introduced in 1963.
- In 1974 a Reserve Price Scheme (RPS) was introduced to establish a 'floor' for wool prices. (It collapsed in 1991).

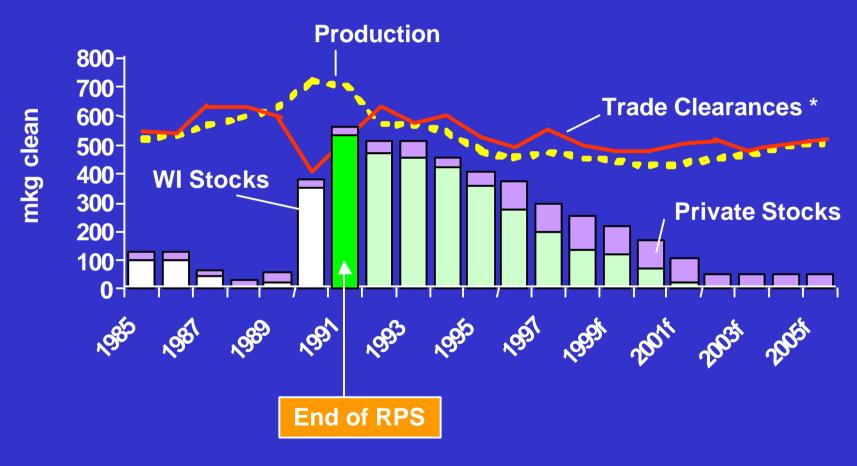


- In early 1970s objective measurement of wool was introduced and sale by sample revolutionised the way wool was sold.
- This development, together with the introduction of container shipping, led to rationalisation of the number of wool selling centres in Australia.
- Arguments about wool promotion continued after the RPS collapse. There have been around 66 major reviews and investigations of wool research and promotion since 1963. The debate continues!

## Australia's share of world wool production

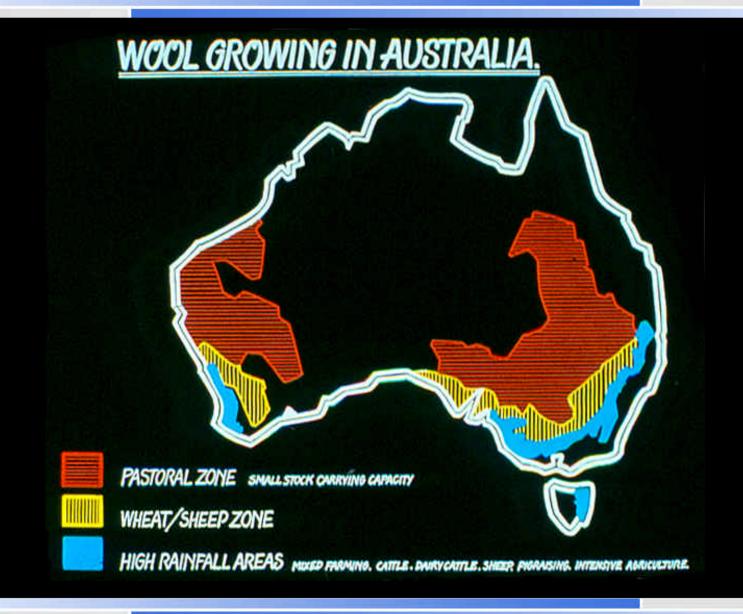


# **Australian Wool Production, Trade Clearances and Stocks**

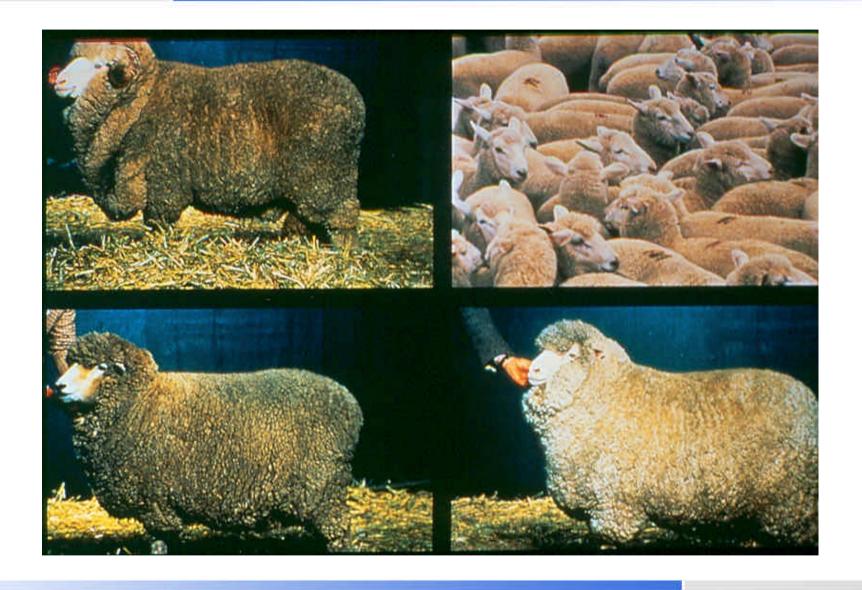


<sup>\*</sup> trade clearances = production + change in stocks

f = production forecast & trade clearance estimate

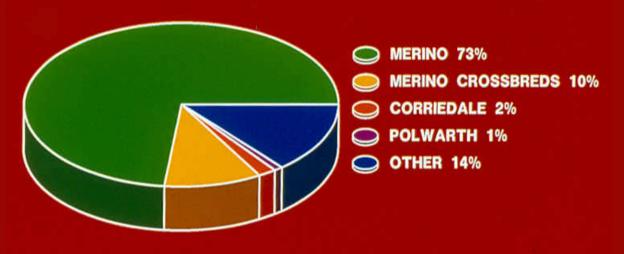






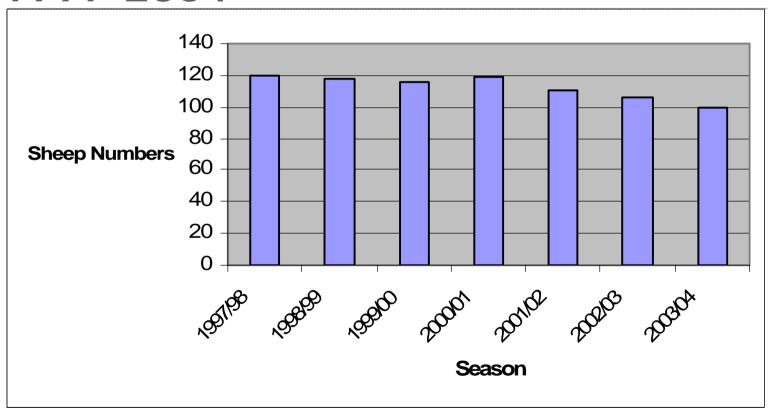


### BREEDS OF SHEEP IN AUSTRALIA

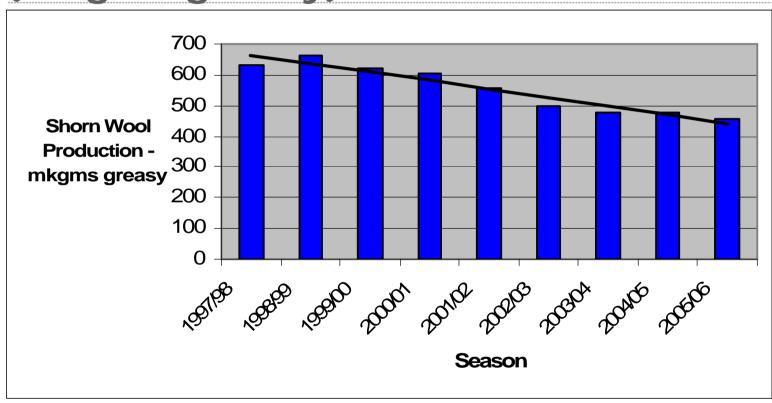


TOTAL NUMBER 1990: 175.2 MILLION SHEEP

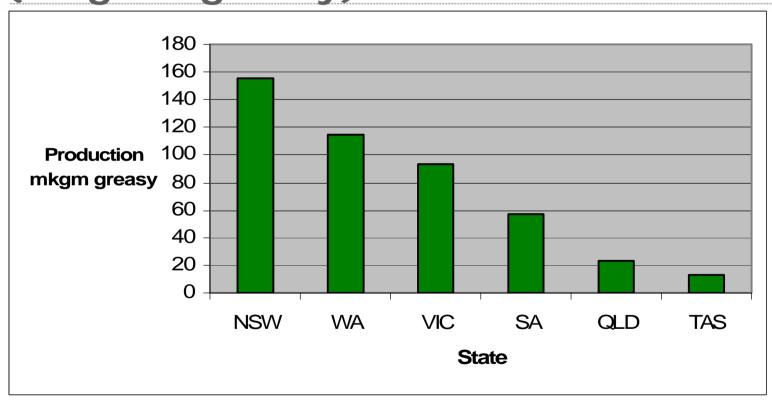
### Australian sheep numbers 1997-2004



# Australian shorn wool production (mkgms greasy) 1997-2006

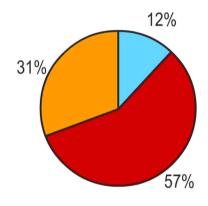


# Shorn wool production by state (mkgms greasy) 2005-06

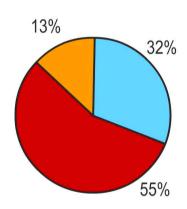


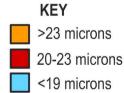
### Micron profile





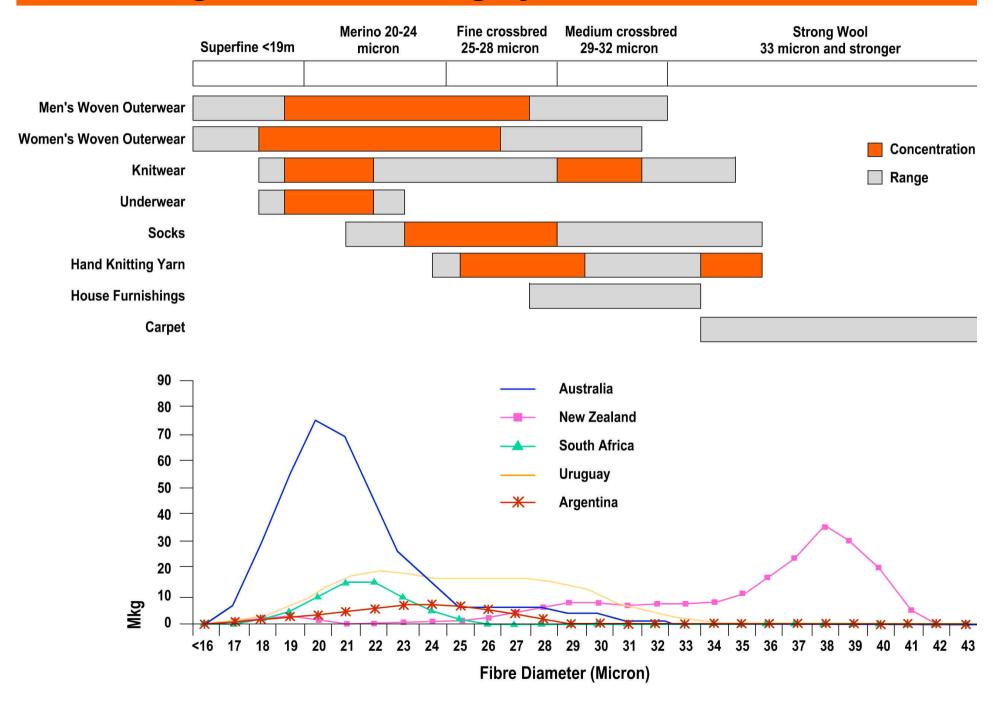
### 2005 - 06



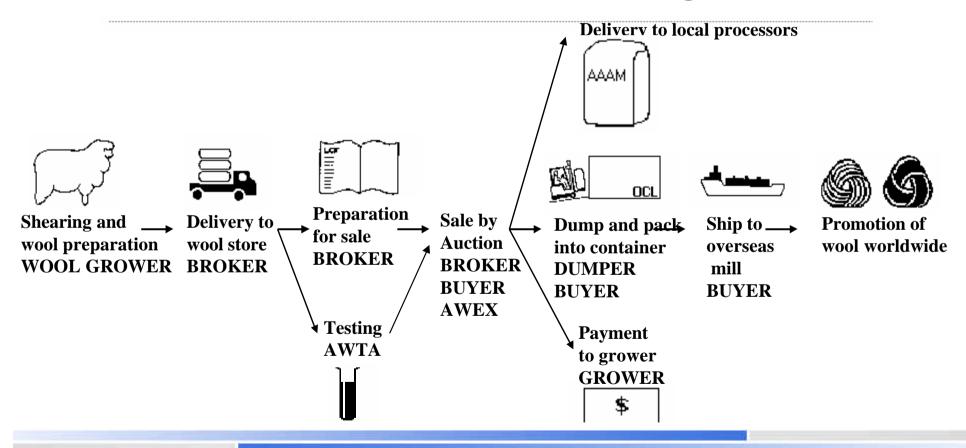




### **Micron Usage vs Product Category**

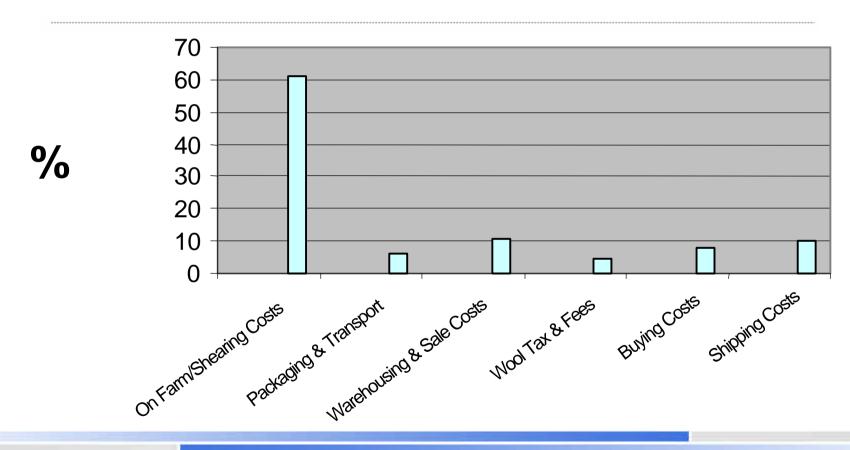


### The Australian wool industry





# Harvesting, marketing and distribution costs for Australian wool 'sheep's back to mill' 2004-5





# Organisations in the Australian wool industry

- WoolProducers
- State-based wool grower representative organisations
- Australian Wool Innovation (AWI)
- Australian Wool Services (AWS) incl. Woolmark
- Australian Wool Industry Secretariat (AWIS) inc.
- Federation of Wool Organisations

# Organisations in the Australian wool industry cont.

- National Council of Wool Selling Brokers (NCWSB)
- Australian Wool Exchange (AWEX)
- Australian Wool Testing Authority (AWTA Ltd)
- CSIRO Textile and Fibre Technology Division
- International Fibre Centre (IFC)